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Issued in Washington, DC, on October 6, 2005.

Edith V. Parish,

Acting Manager, Airspace and Rules.

[FR Doc. 05-20627 Filed 10-13-05; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 71

[Docket No. FAA-2005-21874; Airspace
Docket No. 05-ACE-28]

Modification of Class E Airspace; Dodge City Regional Airport, KS; Correction

AGENCY: Federal Aviation
Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Direct final rule; request for
comments; correction.

SUMMARY: This action corrects an error
in the legal description of a direct final
rule, request for comments that was
published in the **Federal Register** on
Friday, July 29, 2005 (70 FR 43744).

DATES: This direct final rule is effective
on 0901 UTC, October 27, 2005.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Brenda Mumper, Air Traffic Division,
Airspace Branch, ACE-520A, DOT
Regional Headquarters Building, Federal
Aviation Administration, 901 Locust,
Kansas City, MO 64106; telephone:
(816) 329-2524.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

History

Federal Register Document 2005-
21874 published on Friday, July 29,
2005 (70 FR 43744), modified Class E
Airspace at Dodge City, KS. The latitude
and longitude used in the airport
reference point was incorrect. This
action corrects that error.

■ Accordingly, pursuant to the authority
delegated to me, the errors for Class E
Airspace, Dodge City, KS as published
in the **Federal Register** Friday, July 29,
2005 (70 FR 43744), (FR Doc. 2005-
21874), are corrected as follows:

§ 71.1 [Corrected]

■ On page 43745, Column 2, change the
latitude and longitude of Dodge City
Regional Airport, KS to (Lat. 37°45'48"
N., long 99°57'56" W.) for ACE KS E2
and ACE KS E5.

Issued in Kansas City, MO, on September
28, 2005.

Elizabeth S. Wallis,

*Acting Area Director, Western Flight Services
Operations.*

[FR Doc. 05-20628 Filed 10-13-05; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 71

[Docket No. FAA-2002-13994; Airspace
Docket No. 02-AAL-10]

RIN 2120-AA66

Establishment of Colored Federal Airways; AK

AGENCY: Federal Aviation
Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This action establishes two
colored Federal airways, Amber-5 (A-5)
and Blue 1 (B-1), in Alaska. This action
adds to the instrument flight rules (IFR)
airway and route structure in Alaska.
The FAA is taking this action to
enhance safety and the management of
aircraft operations in Alaska.

EFFECTIVE DATE: 0901 UTC, December
22, 2005.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ken
McElroy, Airspace and Rules, Office of
System Operations Airspace and AIM,
Federal Aviation Administration, 800
Independence Avenue, SW.,
Washington, DC 20591; telephone: (202)
267-8783.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

History

On January 30, 2003, the FAA
published in the **Federal Register** a
notice of proposed rulemaking to
establish Colored Federal Airways (68
FR 4741). Interested parties were invited
to participate in this rulemaking effort
by submitting written comments on the
proposal. No comments were received.
With the exception of editorial changes,
this amendment is the same as that
proposed in the notice.

Colored Federal airways are
published in paragraph 6009 of FAA
Order 7400.9N dated September 1, 2005,
and effective September 15, 2005, which
is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR
71.1. The colored Federal airways listed
in this document would be published
subsequently in the order.

The Rule

This action amends Title 14 Code of
Federal Regulations (14 CFR) part 71 by

establishing two colored Federal
airways, A-5 and B-1, in Alaska.
Presently there are several uncharted
non-regulatory routes that use the same
routing as the new colored Federal
airways. These uncharted non-
regulatory routes are used daily by
commercial and general aviation
aircraft. However, the air traffic control
(ATC) management of aircraft
operations is limited on these routes.
The FAA is converting these uncharted
non-regulatory routes to the colored
Federal airways. This action adds to the
IFR airway and route structure in
Alaska.

Additionally, adoption of these
Federal airways: (1) Provide pilots with
minimum en route altitudes and
minimum obstruction clearance
altitudes information; (2) establishes
controlled airspace thus eliminating
some of the commercial IFR operations
in uncontrolled airspace; and (3)
improves the management of air traffic
operations and thereby enhances safety.

The FAA has determined that this
regulation only involves an established
body of technical regulations for which
frequent and routine amendments are
necessary to keep them operationally
current. Therefore, this proposed
regulation: (1) Is not a "significant
regulatory action" under Executive
Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant
rule" under Department of
Transportation (DOT) Regulatory
Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034;
February 26, 1979); and (3) does not
warrant preparation of a regulatory
evaluation as the anticipated impact is
so minimal. Since this is a routine
matter that will only affect air traffic
procedures and air navigation, it is
certified that this rule, when
promulgated, will not have a significant
economic impact on a substantial
number of small entities under the
criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference,
Navigation (air).

Adoption of the Amendment

■ In consideration of the foregoing, the
Federal Aviation Administration
amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, B, C, D, AND CLASS E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIR TRAFFIC SERVICE ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 71
continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40103, 40113,
40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959-
1963 Comp., p.389.

§ 71.1 [Amended]

■ 2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of the FAA Order 7400.9N, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated September 1, 2005, and effective September 15, 2005, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 6009(c)—Amber Federal Airways.

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A-5 [New]

From Ambler, AK, NDB to Evansville, AK, NDB.

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Paragraph 6009(d)—Blue Federal Airways.

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B-1 [New]

From Woody Island, AK, NDB to Iliamna, AK, NDB.

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Issued in Washington, DC, on October 6, 2005.

Edith V. Parish,

Acting Manager, Airspace and Rules.

[FR Doc. 05-20630 Filed 10-13-05; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY**Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau****27 CFR Part 9**

[T.D. TTB-34; Re: Notice No. 37]

RIN 1513-AA95

Establishment of the Dos Rios Viticultural Area (2004R-0173P)

AGENCY: Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau, Treasury.

ACTION: Final rule; Treasury decision.

SUMMARY: This Treasury decision establishes the Dos Rios viticultural area in Mendocino County, California. The proposed 15,500-acre viticultural area is 150 miles north of San Francisco, California. We designate viticultural areas to allow vintners to better describe the origin of their wines and to allow consumers to better identify wines they may purchase.

EFFECTIVE DATE: November 14, 2005.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Nancy Sutton, Regulations and Rulings Division, Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau, 925 Lakeville St., No. 158, Petaluma, California 94952; telephone (415) 271-1254.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background on Viticultural Areas*TTB Authority*

Section 105(e) of the Federal Alcohol Administration Act (the FAA Act, 27 U.S.C. 201 *et seq.*) requires that alcohol beverage labels provide the consumer with adequate information regarding a product's identity and prohibits the use of misleading information on such labels. The FAA Act also authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to issue regulations to carry out its provisions. The Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau (TTB) administers these regulations.

Part 4 of the TTB regulations (27 CFR part 4) allows the establishment of definitive viticultural areas and the use of their names as appellations of origin on wine labels and in wine advertisements. Part 9 of the TTB regulations (27 CFR part 9) contains the list of approved viticultural areas.

Definition

Section 4.25(e)(1)(i) of the TTB regulations (27 CFR 4.25(e)(1)(i)) defines a viticultural area for American wine as a delimited grape-growing region distinguishable by geographical features, the boundaries of which have been recognized and defined in part 9 of the regulations. These designations allow vintners and consumers to attribute a given quality, reputation, or other characteristic of a wine made from grapes grown in an area to its geographic origin. The establishment of viticultural areas allows vintners to describe more accurately the origin of their wines to consumers and helps consumers to identify wines they may purchase. Establishment of a viticultural area is neither an approval nor an endorsement by TTB of the wine produced in that area.

Requirements

Section 4.25(e)(2) of the TTB regulations outlines the procedure for proposing an American viticultural area and provides that any interested party may petition TTB to establish a grape-growing region as a viticultural area. Section 9.3(b) of the TTB regulations requires the petition to include—

- Evidence that the proposed viticultural area is locally and/or nationally known by the name specified in the petition;
- Historical or current evidence that supports setting the boundary of the proposed viticultural area as the petition specifies;
- Evidence relating to the geographical features, such as climate, soils, elevation, and physical features,

that distinguish the proposed viticultural area from surrounding areas;

- A description of the specific boundary of the proposed viticultural area, based on features found on United States Geological Survey (USGS) maps; and
- A copy of the appropriate USGS map(s) with the proposed viticultural area's boundary prominently marked.

Dos Rios Petition and Rulemaking*General Background*

TTB received a petition from Ralph Jens Carter of Sonoma, California, proposing the establishment of a new viticultural area to be called "Dos Rios" in northern Mendocino County, California. Located at the confluence of the Eel River and the Middle Fork of the Eel River, the proposed 15,500-acre Dos Rios viticultural area is approximately 40 miles north of Ukiah, 25 miles east of the Pacific Ocean, and 5 miles north of the northern boundary of the established North Coast viticultural area (27 CFR 9.30). The proposed Dos Rios viticultural area encompasses portions of the canyons containing the two rivers. Currently, six acres of commercial vineyards are planted within the proposed area, with the potential for additional plantings.

Below, we summarize the evidence presented in the Dos Rios viticultural area petition.

Name Evidence

"Dos Rios" is Spanish for "two rivers," according to the Harper Collins Spanish College Dictionary, Fourth Edition, published in 2002. The USGS Dos Rios Quadrangle map shows the small village of Dos Rios at the confluence of the Middle Fork of the Eel River and the main channel of the Eel River. The November 2002 California State Automobile Association map and the 2003 California Compass Map show Dos Rios village along State Highway 162 east of Laytonville, California.

The local GTE telephone directory lists Dos Rios and includes its 95429 zip code. The local Vin DeTevis winery letterhead indicates its location on Covelo Road in Dos Rios. A 1982 photograph from the book entitled "The Northwestern Pacific Railroad and Its Successors," by Wesley Fox (Fox Publications, Arvada, Colorado), shows, according to its caption, a southbound freight train "rolling along the rocky edges of the Eel River, south of Dos Rios."

Boundary Evidence

The proposed Dos Rios viticultural area encompasses the confluence of the