

Dated: August 26, 2005.

Scott Gottlieb,

Deputy Commissioner for Policy.

[FR Doc. 05-17470 Filed 9-1-05; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160-01-S

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

Proposed Collection: Comment Request; Extension of OMB No. 0925-0417/exp. 08/31/05, Responsibility of Applicants for Promoting Objectivity in Research for Which Public Health Service Funding Is Sought and Responsible Prospective Contractors—42 CFR Part 50, Subpart F

Summary: In compliance with the requirement of Section 3507(a)(1)(D) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Office of the Director (OD), Office of Extramural Research (OER), the National Institutes of Health (NIH) has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) a request for review and approval of the information collection listed below. Proposed information collection was previously published in the **Federal Register** on May 12, 2005, Volume 70, No. 91, page 25095 and allowed 60 days for public comment. No public comments were received. The purpose of this notice is to allow an additional 30 days for public comment. The National Institutes of Health may not conduct or sponsor, and the respondent is not required to respond to, an information collection that has been extended, revised, or implemented on or after October 1, 1995, unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

Proposed Collection: Title: Responsibility of Applicants for Promoting Objectivity in Research for Which Public Health Service Funding Is Sought and Responsible Prospective Contractors—42 CFR Part 50, Subpart F; *Type of Information Collection Request:* Extension, OMB 0925-0417, Expiration Date 8/31/05. *Need and Use of Information Collection:* This is a request for OMB approval for the information collection and recordkeeping requirements contained in the final rule 42 CFR Part 50 Subpart F and Responsible Contractors: 45 CFR Part 94. *Frequency of response:* On occasion. *Affected Public:* Individuals or households; business or other for-profit; not-for-profit institutions; and State, Local or Tribal Government. *Type of Respondents:* Any public or private entity or organization. The annual

reporting burden is as follows:

Estimated Number of Respondents: 42,800; *Estimated Number of Responses per Respondent:* 1.60; *Average Burden Hours Per Response:* 3.40; and *Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours Request:* 232,000.

Request for Comments: Written comments and/or suggestions from the public and affected agencies are invited on one or more of the following points: (1) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the function of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Direct Comments to OMB: Written comments and/or suggestions regarding the item(s) contained in this notice, especially regarding the estimated public burden and associated response time should be directed to the Office of Management and Budget, Office of Regulatory Affairs, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503, Attention: Desk Officer for NIR. To request more information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of the data collection plans and instruments, contact Ms. Diane Dean, Division of Grants Policy, Office of Policy for Extramural Research Administration, NIH, Rockledge 1 Building, Room 3525, 6705 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892-7974, or call non-toll-free number 301-435-0930, or E-mail your request, including your address to: hahnm@od.nih.gov.

Comments Due Date: Comments regarding this information collection are best assured of having their full effect if received within 30 days of the date of this publication.

Dated: August 25, 2005.

Charles Mackay,

Chief, Project Clearance Branch, OPERA, OER, National Institutes of Health.

[FR Doc. 05-17458 Filed 9-1-05; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

Government-Owned Inventions; Availability for Licensing: Selected Technologies From the NIH Cancer Therapeutics Portfolio

AGENCY: National Institutes of Health, Public Health Service, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The inventions listed below are owned by an agency of the U.S. Government and are available for licensing in the U.S. in accordance with 35 U.S.C. 207 to achieve expeditious commercialization of results of federally-funded research and development. Foreign patent applications are filed on selected inventions to extend market coverage for companies and may also be available for licensing.

ADDRESSES: Licensing information and copies of the U.S. patent applications listed below may be obtained by contacting George G. Pipia, Ph.D., Technology Licensing Specialist, Office of Technology Transfer, National Institutes of Health, 6011 Executive Boulevard, Suite 325, Rockville, Maryland 20852; telephone: 301/435-5560; fax: 301/402-0220; e-mail: [pipia@mail.nih.gov](mailto:pipiag@mail.nih.gov). A signed Confidential Disclosure Agreement will be required to receive copies of the patent applications.

Antitumor Macrocyclic Lactones

Michael R. Boyd (NCI).

U.S. Patent No. 6,353,019 issued 05 Mar 2002 (HHS Reference No. E-244-1997/0-US-07) and related foreign patent applications.

Vacuolar-Type (H+)-ATPase-Inhibiting Compounds and Uses Thereof

Michael R. Boyd (NCI).

U.S. Patent Application No. 09/914,708 filed 31 Aug 2001 (HHS Reference No. E-244-1997/3-US-06) and related foreign patent applications.

This technology covers a broad composition of matter which includes the salicylhalamides, lobatamides, and numerous other structurally related small molecules which have been shown to inhibit mammalian vacuolar ATPase at low nanomolar concentrations. The compounds are also potent inhibitors of cancer cell growth, with particular specificity for melanoma, osteosarcoma and selected lung, colon and CNS tumor cell lines. Experimental tumor and pharmacokinetic studies are underway