and other areas at the Mine. Mill Creek was diverted around the waste but water has flowed and continues to flow, over and through waste areas, tailings and process ponds, causing acid mine drainage, and chronic releases of hazardous substances and contaminants to Mill Creek. Additionally, catastrophic failures of impoundments in the Mill Creek channel have caused acute releases of hazardous substances and contaminants to Mill Creek.

In August 2000, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) proposed to add the Rio Tinto Mine Site (Site) to the National Priorities List. The State of Nevada did not concur with this recommendation. EPA recommended that the Nevada Division of Environmental Protection (NDEP) enter into negotiations with the RTWG and the Shoshone-Paiute Tribes of Duck Valley (Tribes) regarding proper remediation at the Site with input by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and the U.S. Forest Service. These negotiations resulted in an Administrative Order on Consent (AOC) between the NDEP and the RTWG. The AOC includes a scope of work outlining the remedial decision process. Also, a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between the NDEP, Tribes, and EPA is in place. Through the AOC process, the RTWG is continuing to conduct investigative and assessment activities at the Site in order to study remedial alternatives.

The Rio Tinto Mine Trustee Council Natural Resource Trustees (Trustees) are representatives of federal, state, and tribal government entities with trust authority over natural resources potentially injured by releases of hazardous substances from the Rio Tinto Mine. The Trustees have the authority to obtain damages from potentially responsible parties for past, present, and future injuries to natural resources caused by releases of hazardous substances at the facility. Such natural resources include, but are not limited to, ground water, surface water, sediment, fish, amphibian and other aquatic biota, floodplain soils, riparian vegetation, and wildlife in and around the Mill Creek drainage and the Owyhee River drainage. The assessment area includes the area surrounding and downstream from the Rio Tinto Mine in Elko County; the Humboldt National Forest, and the Duck Valley Indian Reservation.

Authority

This notice is published in accordance with the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.) and is in the exercise of authority delegated to the Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs under Part 209, Departmental Manual, Chapter 8.1.


Michael D. Olson,
Acting Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary—
Indian Affairs.

[FR Doc. 05–9622 Filed 5–13–05; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4310–W7–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
Bureau of Land Management

[WT–920–1310–01; WYW138423]

Notice of Proposed Reinstatement of Terminated Oil and Gas Lease

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of proposed reinstatement of terminated oil and gas lease.

SUMMARY: Under the provisions of 30 U.S.C. 188(d) and (e), and 43 CFR 3108.2–3(a) and (b)(1), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) received a petition for reinstatement of oil and gas lease WYW138423 for lands in Converse County, Wyoming. The petition was filed on time and was accompanied by all the rentals due since the date the lease terminated under the law.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Bureau of Land Management, Pamela J. Lewis, Chief, Fluid Minerals Adjudication, at (307) 775–6176.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The lessee has agreed to the amended lease terms for rentals and royalties at rates of $10.00 per acre or fraction thereof, per year and 16½% percent, respectively. The lessee has paid the required $500 administrative fee and $166 to reimburse the Department for the cost of this Federal Register notice. The lessee has met all the requirements for reinstatement of the lease as set out in Section 31(d) and (e) of the Mineral Lands Leasing Act of 1920 (30 U.S.C. 188), and the Bureau of Land Management is proposing to reinstate lease WYW138423 effective March 1, 2004, under the original terms and conditions of the lease and the increased rental and royalty rates cited above. BLM has not issued a valid lease affecting the lands.

Pamela J. Lewis,
Chief, Fluid Minerals Adjudication.

[FR Doc. 05–9691 Filed 5–13–05; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4310–22–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
Bureau of Land Management

[MTM 037720 and MTM 41231]

Public Land Order No. 7635; Partial Revocation of Executive Order Dated April 19, 1912, and Public Land Order No. 2459; Montana

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Public land order.
SUMMARY: This order partially revokes an Executive Order and a Public Land Order insofar as they affect 2.2 acres of National Forest System land withdrawn for the Bureau of Land Management’s Power Site Reserve No. 184 and the Forest Service’s Hebgen Cabin Tract. This order also opens the land to exchange.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The U.S. Forest Service and Bureau of Land Management have determined that the withdrawals are no longer needed on the described land, which currently is described as a parcel within lot 5 of T. 11 S., R. 3 E., but when surveyed will read:

Gallatin National Forest
Principal Meridian, Montana
T. 11 S., R. 3 E., Sec. 15, lot 7.
The area described contains 2.2 acres in Gallatin County.


Dated: April 29, 2005.

Rebecca W. Watson,
Assistant Secretary—Land and Minerals Management.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
Bureau of Land Management

President’s Order No. 75850; Withdrawal of Public Land for the Pahreah Wildland Fire Station; Nevada

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Public Land Order.

SUMMARY: This order withdraws 15 acres of public land from surface entry and mining for a period of 20 years, to protect the Bureau of Land Management’s Pahreah Wildland Fire Station.

DATES: Effective Date: May 16, 2005.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dennis J. Samuelson, BLM Nevada State Office, P.O. Box 12000, Reno, Nevada 89520, 775–861–6532.

Order

By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of the Interior by Section 204 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43 U.S.C. 1714 (2000), it is ordered as follows:

1. Subject to valid existing rights, the following described public land is hereby withdrawn from settlement, sale, location, or entry under the general land laws, including the United States mining laws (30 U.S.C. Ch. 2 (2000)), but not from leasing under the mineral leasing laws, for a period of 20 years, for the Bureau of Land Management to protect a wildland fire station facility:

Mount Diablo Meridian
T. 21 S., R. 54 E., Sec. 2. W1⁄4SW1⁄4 of lot 3 and SE1⁄4 of lot 4.
The area described contains 15 acres in Clark County.

2. The withdrawal made by this order does not alter the applicability of those public land laws governing the use of the land under lease, license, or permit, or governing the disposal of their mineral or vegetative resources other than under the mining laws.

3. This withdrawal will expire 20 years from the effective date of this order unless, as a result of a review conducted before the expiration date pursuant to Section 204(f) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43 U.S.C. 1714(f) (2000), the Secretary determines that the withdrawal shall be extended.

Authority: 43 U.S.C. 1714(a); 43 CFR 2310.3–3(b)(1).

Dated: April 29, 2005.

Rebecca W. Watson,
Assistant Secretary—Land and Minerals Management.

[FR Doc. 05–0687 Filed 5–13–05; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4310–11–P