

TABLE 2.—MATERIAL INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Service document	Revision level	Date
Bombardier CRJ 700 Regional Jet Service Bulletin 670BA-28-008	Revision C	January 23, 2003.
CRJ 700/900 Regional Jet (Bombardier) Alert Service Bulletin 670BA-28-025, excluding Appendix A.	Revision A	December 15, 2003.
CRJ Regional Jet (Bombardier) Temporary Revision RJ 700/52-2 to Bombardier CL-600-2C10 Airplane Flight Manual, Document CSP B-012.	Original	December 19, 2003.
CRJ Regional Jet (Bombardier) Temporary Revision RJ 900/10-1 to Bombardier CL-600-2D24 Airplane Flight Manual, Document CSP C-012.	Original	December 19, 2003.

The Director of the Federal Register has previously approved the incorporation by reference of these documents as of April 15, 2004 (69 FR 16780, March 31, 2004). You can get copies of the documents from Bombardier, Inc., Canadair, Aerospace Group, P.O. Box 6087, Station Centre-ville, Montreal, Quebec H3C 3G9, Canada. You can review copies at the Docket Management Facility, U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street, SW., room PL-401, Nassif Building, Washington, DC; or at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call (202) 741-6030, or go to: http://www.archives.gov/federal_register/code_of_federal_regulations/ibr_locations.html.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on August 25, 2004.

Ali Bahrami,

Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 04-20014 Filed 9-1-04; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 71

[Docket No. FAA-2004-18465; Airspace Docket No. 04-ASO-8]

Amendment of Class E Airspace; Somerset, KY

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This action amends Class E5 airspace at Somerset, KY. As a result of an evaluation, it has been determined a modification should be made to the Somerset, KY, Class E5 airspace area to contain the Nondirectional Radio Beacon (NDB) Runway 5, Standard Instrument Approach Procedure (SIAP) to Somerset—Pulaski County—J.T. Wilson Field Airport, Somerset, KY. Additional controlled airspace extending upward from 700 feet Above Ground Level (AGL) is needed to contain the SIAP.

DATES: 0901 UTC, November 25, 2004.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Walter R. Cochran, Manager, Airspace Branch, Air Traffic Division, Federal Aviation Administration, P.O. Box 20636, Atlanta, Georgia 30320; telephone (404) 305-5627.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

History

On July 8, 2004, the FAA proposed to amend part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) by amending Class E5 airspace at Somerset, KY, (69 FR 41215). This action provides adequate Class E5 airspace for IFR operations at Somerset—Pulaski County—J.T. Wilson Field Airport, Somerset, KY. Designations for Class E are published in FAA Order 7400.9L, dated September 2, 2003, and effective September 16, 2003, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR part 71.1. The Class E designations listed in this document will be published subsequently in the Order.

Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking proceeding by submitting written comments on the proposal to the FAA. No comments objecting to the proposal were received.

The Rule

This amendment to part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) amends Class E5 airspace at Somerset, KY.

The FAA has determined that this proposed regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore, (1) is not a “significant regulatory action” under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a “significant rule” under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a Regulatory Evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule, when promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact on a

substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (Air).

Adoption of the Amendment

■ In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, CLASS B, CLASS C, CLASS D, AND CLASS E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIRWAYS; ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g); 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959-1963 Comp., p. 389.

§ 71.1 [Amended]

■ 2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9L, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated September 2, 2003, and effective September 16, 2003, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 6005 Class E Airspace Areas Extending Upward from 700 feet or More Above the Surface of the Earth

* * * * *

ASO KY E5 Somerset, KY [Revised]

Somerset—Pulaski County—J.T. Wilson Field Airport, KY

(Lat. 37°03'12" N, long. 84°36'57" W)

Cumberland River NDB

(Lat. 36°59'46" N, long. 84°40'53" W)

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within an 8.6-mile radius of the Somerset—Pulaski County—J.T. Wilson Field Airport and within 4 miles northwest and 8 miles southeast of the 223° bearing from the Cumberland River NDB extending from the 8.6-mile radius to 16 miles southwest of the NDB.

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Issued in College Park, Georgia, August 20, 2004.

Jeffrey U. Vincent,

Acting Manager, Air Traffic Division,
Southern Region.

[FR Doc. 04-20062 Filed 9-1-04; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

21 CFR Part 20

[Docket No. 2004N-0214]

Public Information Regulations

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Direct final rule.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is amending its public information regulations to implement more comprehensively the exemptions contained in the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA). This action incorporates exemptions one, two, and three of FOIA into FDA's public information regulations. Exemption one applies to information that is classified in the interest of national defense or foreign policy. Exemption two applies to records that are related solely to an agency's internal personnel rules and practices. Exemption three incorporates the various nondisclosure provisions that are contained in other Federal statutes. Elsewhere in this issue of the **Federal Register**, FDA is publishing a companion proposed rule, under the agency's usual procedure for notice-and-comment rulemaking, to provide a procedural framework to finalize the rule in the event the agency receives any significant adverse comments and withdraws this direct final rule.

DATES: The rule is effective January 17, 2005. Submit written or electronic comments by November 16, 2004. If FDA receives no significant adverse comments by the specified comment period, the agency will publish a document in the **Federal Register** confirming the effective date of this direct final rule. If the agency receives any significant adverse comments during the specified comment period, FDA intends to withdraw this direct final rule before its effective date by publication of a document in the **Federal Register**.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by [Docket No. 2004N-0214], by any of the following methods:

Federal eRulemaking Portal: <http://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

Agency Web site: <http://www.fda.gov/dockets/ecomments>. Follow the instructions for submitting comments on the agency Web site.

E-mail: fdadockets@oc.fda.gov. Include [Docket No. 2004N-0214] in the subject line of your e-mail message.

FAX: 301-827-6870.

Mail/Hand delivery/Courier [For paper, disk, or CD-ROM submissions]: Division of Dockets Management, 5630 Fishers Lane, rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.

Instructions: All submissions received must include the agency name and Docket No. 2004N-0214 for this rulemaking. All comments received will be posted without change to <http://www.fda.gov/dockets/ecomments>, including any personal information provided. For detailed instructions on submitting comments and additional information on the rulemaking process, see the "Comments" heading of the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section of this document.

Docket: For access to the docket to read background documents or comments received, go to <http://www.fda.gov/dockets/ecomments> and/or the Division of Dockets Management, 5630 Fishers Lane, rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Betty B. Dorsey, Division of Freedom of Information (HFI-35), Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857, 301-827-6567.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

FDA is amending its public information regulations to incorporate exemptions one, two, and three of the FOIA (5 U.S.C. 552). FOIA provides that all Federal agency records shall be made available to the public upon request, except to the extent those records are protected from public disclosure by one of nine exemptions (5 U.S.C. 552(b)) or one of three special law enforcement record exclusions (5 U.S.C. 552(c)). FDA originally issued its public information regulations implementing FOIA in 1974. As noted at the time, FDA's 1974 regulations explicitly addressed four of the nine FOIA exemptions that were then perceived to be of particular importance to the agency, those relating to trade secrets, internal memoranda, personal privacy, and investigatory files (39 FR 44602, December 24, 1974). FDA now finds it necessary to address exemption one (5 U.S.C. 552(b)(1)), given the President's designation of the

Secretary of Health and Human Services to classify information under Executive Order 12958 (66 FR 64347, December 12, 2001). Because exemption two (5 U.S.C. 552(b)(2)) applies to, among other types of records, internal matters whose disclosure would risk circumvention of a legal requirement, this exemption is of fundamental importance to homeland security in light of recent terrorism events and heightened security awareness. In addition, FDA now finds that exemption three (5 U.S.C. 552(b)(3)), which incorporates the various nondisclosure provisions that are contained in other Federal statutes, is becoming increasingly important to the agency. As such, FDA is amending, by direct final rule, subpart D of its public information regulations in 21 CFR part 20 to incorporate these three exemptions.

II. Direct Final Rulemaking

FDA has determined that the subject of this rulemaking is suitable for a direct final rule. This direct final rule amends the agency's public information regulations by incorporation of exemptions one, two, and three of FOIA, which have become increasingly relevant to FDA and its records. Because these exemptions are already contained in FOIA, this action should be noncontroversial, and the agency does not anticipate receiving any significant adverse comments on this rule.

If FDA does not receive significant adverse comments during the specified comment period, the agency will publish a document in the **Federal Register** confirming the effective date of this direct final rule (see **DATES**). A significant adverse comment is one that explains why the rule would be inappropriate, including challenges to the rule's underlying premise or approach, or why it would be ineffective or unacceptable without a change. A comment recommending a rule change in addition to this rule will not be considered a significant adverse comment unless the comment states why this rule would be ineffective without the additional change. If timely significant adverse comments are received, the agency will publish a document of significant adverse comment in the **Federal Register** withdrawing this direct final rule.

Elsewhere in this issue of the **Federal Register**, FDA is publishing a companion proposed rule, identical to the direct final rule, that provides a procedural framework within which the proposed rule may be finalized in the event the direct final rule is withdrawn because of significant adverse comment. The comment period for the direct final