

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic comments:

- Use the Commission's Internet comment form (<http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>); or
- Send an e-mail to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File Number SR-CBOE-2004-27 on the subject line.

Paper comments:

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Jonathan G. Katz, Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 450 Fifth Street, NW., Washington, DC 20549-0609.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR-CBOE-2004-27. This file number should be included on the subject line if e-mail is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's Internet Web site (<http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for inspection and copying in the Commission's Public Reference Section, 450 Fifth Street, NW., Washington, DC 20549-0609. Copies of such filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the CBOE. All comments received will be posted without change; the Commission does not edit personal identifying information from submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File Number SR-CBOE-2004-27 and should be submitted on or before June 7, 2004.

For the Commission, by the Division of Market Regulation, pursuant to delegated authority.¹⁰

Jill M. Peterson,

Assistant Secretary.

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¹⁰ 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-49670; File No. SR-NASD-2004-068]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; Notice of Filing and Order Granting Accelerated Approval of a Proposed Rule Change and Amendment No. 1 Thereto by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Relating to the Listing and Trading of Accelerated Return Notes Linked to the Nikkei 225 Index

May 7, 2004.

Pursuant to section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act"),¹ and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,² notice is hereby given that on April 22, 2004, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. ("NASD"), through its subsidiary, The Nasdaq Stock Market, Inc. ("Nasdaq"), filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC" or "Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I and II below, which Items have been prepared by Nasdaq. Nasdaq filed Amendment No. 1 to the proposed rule change on May 7, 2004.³ The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change, as amended, from interested persons and is approving the proposal on an accelerated basis.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

Nasdaq proposes to list and trade Accelerated Return Notes Linked to the Nikkei 225® Index ("Notes") issued by Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc. ("Merrill Lynch"). This proposed rule change pertains to the Notes described and due as indicated in Merrill Lynch's Prospectus Supplements dated February 26, 2004 and April 28, 2004.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, Nasdaq included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

³ See letter from Alex Kogan, Associate General Counsel, Nasdaq, to Katherine A. England, Assistant Director, Division of Market Regulation ("Division"), Commission, dated May 7, 2004 ("Amendment No. 1"). In Amendment No. 1, Nasdaq provided certain details about the Nikkei 225 Index.

may be examined at the places specified in Item III below. Nasdaq has prepared summaries, set forth in Sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and the Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

Nasdaq proposes to list and trade notes, the return on which is based upon the Nikkei 225 Index ("Index").

Under NASD Rule 4420(f), Nasdaq may approve for listing and trading securities which cannot be readily categorized under traditional listing guidelines.⁴ Nasdaq proposes to list for trading notes based on the Index under NASD Rule 4420(f). The Notes, which will be registered under section 12 of the Act, will initially be subject to Nasdaq's listing criteria for other securities under NASD Rule 4420(f). Specifically, under NASD Rule 4420(f)(1):

(A) The issuer shall have assets in excess of \$100 million and stockholders' equity of at least \$10 million.⁵ In the case of an issuer which is unable to satisfy the income criteria set forth in paragraph (a)(1), Nasdaq generally will require the issuer to have the following: (i) Assets in excess of \$200 million and stockholders' equity of at least \$10 million; or (ii) assets in excess of \$100 million and stockholders' equity of at least \$20 million;

(B) There must be a minimum of 400 holders of the security, provided, however, that if the instrument is traded in \$1,000 denominations, there must be a minimum of 100 holders;

(C) For equity securities designated pursuant to this paragraph, there must be a minimum public distribution of 1,000,000 trading units;

(D) The aggregate market value/principal amount of the security will be at least \$4 million.

In addition, Merrill Lynch satisfies the listed marketplace requirement set forth in NASD Rule 4420(f)(2).⁶ Lastly, pursuant to NASD Rule 4420(f)(3), prior to the commencement of trading of the Notes, Nasdaq will distribute a circular

⁴ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 32988 (September 29, 1993), 58 FR 52124 (October 6, 1993).

⁵ Merrill Lynch satisfies this listing criterion.

⁶ NASD Rule 4420(f)(2) requires issuers of securities designated pursuant to this paragraph to be listed on The Nasdaq National Market or the New York Stock Exchange, Inc. ("NYSE") or be an affiliate of a company listed on The Nasdaq National Market or the NYSE; provided, however, that the provisions of NASD Rule 4450 will be applied to sovereign issuers of "other" securities on a case-by-case basis.

to members providing guidance regarding compliance responsibilities and requirements, including suitability recommendations, and highlighting the special risks and characteristics of the Notes. In particular, Nasdaq will advise members recommending a transaction in the Notes to have reasonable grounds for believing that the recommendation is suitable for such customer upon the basis of the facts, if any, disclosed by such customer as to his other security holdings and as to his financial situation and needs. In addition, prior to the execution of a transaction in the Notes that has been recommended to a non-institutional customer, a member shall make reasonable efforts to obtain information concerning: (1) The customer's financial status; (2) the customer's tax status; (3) the customer's investment objectives; and (4) such other information used or considered to be reasonable by such member in making recommendations to the customer.

The Notes will be subject to Nasdaq's continued listing criterion for other securities pursuant to NASD Rule 4450(c). Under this criterion, the aggregate market value or principal amount of publicly-held units must be at least \$1 million. The Notes also must have at least two registered and active

market makers as required by NASD Rule 4310(c)(1). Nasdaq will also consider prohibiting the continued listing of the Notes if Merrill Lynch is not able to meet its obligations on the Notes.

The Notes are a series of senior non-convertible debt securities that will be issued by Merrill Lynch and will not be secured by collateral. The Notes will have a term of not less than one, nor more than four, years. The Notes will be issued in denominations of whole units ("Unit"), with each Unit representing a single Note. The original public offering price will be \$10 per Unit. The Notes will not pay interest and are not subject to redemption by Merrill Lynch or at the option of any beneficial owner before maturity in 2005. The Notes will mature on June 16, 2005.

At maturity, if the value of the Index has increased, a beneficial owner will be entitled to receive a payment on the Notes based on triple the amount of that percentage increase, not to exceed a maximum payment per Unit (the "Capped Value") of \$11.80. Thus, the Notes provide investors the opportunity to obtain upside leveraged returns based on the Index subject to a cap that is expected to represent an appreciation of 18% over the original public offering price of the Notes. Unlike ordinary debt

securities, the Notes do not guarantee any return of principal at maturity. However, the Notes are not leveraged on the downside; rather, the value of the Notes declines on a one-to-one basis with the Index. Therefore, if the value of the Index has declined at maturity, a beneficial owner will receive less, and possibly significantly less, than the original public offering price of \$10 per Unit.

The payment that a beneficial owner will be entitled to receive (the "Redemption Amount") depends entirely on the relation of the average of the values of the Index at the close of the market on five business days shortly before the maturity of the Notes (the "Ending Value") and the closing value of the Index on the date the Notes are priced for initial sale to the public (the "Starting Value").

If the Ending Value is less than or equal to the Starting Value, the Redemption Amount per Unit will equal:

$$\$10 \times \left(\frac{\text{Ending Value}}{\text{Starting Value}} \right)$$

If the Ending Value is greater than the Starting Value, the Redemption Amount per Unit will equal:

$$\$10 + \left(\$30 \times \left(\frac{\text{Ending Value} - \text{Starting Value}}{\text{Starting Value}} \right) \right)$$

provided, however, the Redemption Amount cannot exceed the Capped Value.

The Notes are cash-settled in U.S. dollars and do not give the holder any right to receive a portfolio security, dividend payments, or any other ownership right or interest in the portfolio or index of securities comprising the Index. The Notes are designed for investors who want to participate or gain exposure to the Index, subject to a cap, and who are willing to forego market interest payments on the Notes during such term. The Commission has previously approved the listing of other securities the performance of which has been linked to or based on, the Index.⁷

⁷ See Securities Exchange Act Release Nos. 38940 (August 15, 1997), 62 FR 44735 (August 22, 1997) (approving the listing and trading of Market Index Target-Term Securities the return on which is based on changes in the value of a portfolio of 11 foreign indexes, including the Nikkei 225 Index); and 27565 (December 22, 1989), 55 FR 376 (January 4, 1990) (approving listing of Index Warrants based on the Nikkei Stock Average and noting the existence of a Memorandum of Understanding between the

The Index is a stock index calculated, published and disseminated by Nihon Keizai Shimbun, Inc. ("NKS"). The Notes are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by NKS. NKS is a recognized service with business information in Japan and publishes a large business daily, The Nihon Keizai Shimbun, and for other financial newspapers. NKS is not affiliated with a securities broker or dealer.

The Index measures the composite price performance of selected Japanese stocks. The Index is currently based on 225 Underlying Stocks trading on the Tokyo Stock Exchange ("TSE") and represents a broad cross-section of Japanese industry. All 225 of the stocks underlying the Index are stocks listed in the First Section of the TSE. Stocks listed in the First Section are among the most actively traded stocks on the TSE.

The Index is a modified, price-weighted index. Each stock's weight in the Index is based on its price per share

Commission and the Japanese Ministry of Finance for surveillance purposes).

rather than the total market capitalization of the issuer. NKS calculates the Index by multiplying the per share price of each Underlying Stock by the corresponding weighting factor for that Underlying Stock (a "Weight Factor"), calculating the sum of all these products and dividing that sum by a divisor. The divisor, initially set on May 16, 1949 at 225, was 23.156 as of April 30, 2004, and is subject to periodic adjustments as set forth below. Each Weight Factor is computed by dividing ¥50 by the par value of the relevant Underlying Stock, so that the share price of each Underlying Stock when multiplied by its Weight Factor corresponds to a share price based on a uniform par value of ¥50. Each Weight Factor represents the number of shares of the related Underlying Stock which are included in one trading unit of the Index. The stock prices used in the calculation of the Index are those reported by a primary market for the Underlying Stocks, which is currently the TSE. The level of the Index is calculated once per minute during TSE

trading hours. The value of the Index is readily accessible by U.S. investors at the following Web sites: <http://www.nni.nikkei.co.jp> and <http://www.bloomberg.com>. As noted below, because of the time difference between Tokyo and New York, the closing level of the Index on a trading day will generally be available in the United States by the opening of business on the same calendar day.

In order to maintain continuity in the level of the Index in the event of certain changes due to non-market factors affecting the Underlying Stocks, such as the addition or deletion of stocks, substitution of stocks, stock dividends, stock splits or distributions of assets to stockholders, the divisor used in calculating the Index is adjusted in a manner designed to prevent any instantaneous change or discontinuity in the level of the Index. The divisor remains at the new value until a further adjustment is necessary as the result of another change. As a result of each change affecting any Underlying Stock, the divisor is adjusted in such a way that the sum of all share prices immediately after the change multiplied by the applicable Weight Factor and divided by the new divisor, *i.e.*, the level of the Index immediately after the change, will equal the level of the Index immediately prior to the change.⁸

As of April 30, 2004, the average daily trading volume for a single Index component was approximately 4.8 million shares.⁹ As of the same date, the market capitalization of the components ranged from 14.4 trillion yen to 33.7 billion yen. These figures correspond

⁸ Underlying Stocks may be deleted or added by NKS. However, to maintain continuity in the Index, the policy of NKS is generally not to alter the composition of the Underlying Stocks except when an Underlying Stock is deleted in accordance with the following criteria. Any stock becoming ineligible for listing in the First Section of the TSE due to any of the following reasons will be deleted from the Underlying Stocks: bankruptcy of the issuer; merger of the issuer into, or acquisition of the issuer by, another company; delisting of the stock or transfer of the stock to the "Seiri-Post" because of excess debt of the issuer or because of any other reason; or transfer of the stock to the Second Section of the TSE. Upon deletion of a stock from the Index, NKS will select, in accordance with certain criteria established by it, a replacement for the deleted Underlying Stock. In an exceptional case, a newly listed stock in the First Section of the TSE that is recognized by NKS to be representative of a market may be added to the Underlying Stocks. As a result, an existing Underlying Stock with low trading volume and not representative of a market will be deleted.

⁹ This figure represents the average number of shares traded for the past 30 trading days. It is calculated by taking the sum of the volumes of the individual Index components for the past 30 trading days and dividing it by 30.

approximately to 130 billion U.S. dollars and 305 million U.S. dollars.

The Index is composed of 225 securities and is broad-based. The highest-weighted stock in the Index has the weight of 3.35%; all other components have lower weights. The top five stocks in the Index have the cumulative weight of approximately 14.3%.

NKS is under no obligation to continue the calculation and dissemination of the Index. In the event the calculation and dissemination of the Index is discontinued, Nasdaq will contact Commission staff and consider prohibiting the continued listing of the Notes.¹⁰

Since the Notes will be deemed equity securities for the purpose of NASD Rule 4420(f), the NASD and Nasdaq's existing equity trading rules will apply to the Notes. First, pursuant to NASD Rule 2310 and NASD IM-2310-2, members must have reasonable grounds for believing that a recommendation to a customer regarding the purchase, sale, or exchange of any security is suitable for such customer upon the basis of the facts, if any, disclosed by such customer as to his other security holdings and as to his financial situation and needs.¹¹ In

¹⁰ The TSE is one of the world's largest securities exchanges in terms of market capitalization. Trading hours are currently from 9 a.m. to 11 a.m. and from 12:30 p.m. to 3 p.m., Tokyo time, Monday through Friday. Due to the time zone difference, on any normal trading day the TSE will close prior to the opening of business in New York City on the same calendar day. Therefore, the closing level of the Index on a trading day will generally be available in the United States by the opening of business on the same calendar day.

The TSE has adopted certain measures, including daily price floors and ceilings on individual stocks, intended to prevent any extreme short-term price fluctuations resulting from order imbalances. In general, any stock listed on the TSE cannot be traded at a price lower than the applicable price floor or higher than the applicable price ceiling. These price floors and ceilings are expressed in absolute Japanese yen, rather than percentage limits based on the closing price of the stock on the previous trading day. In addition, when there is a major order imbalance in a listed stock, the TSE posts a "special bid quote" or a "special asked quote" for that stock at a specified higher or lower price level than the stock's last sale price in order to solicit counter-orders and balance supply and demand for the stock. Prospective investors should also be aware that the TSE may suspend the trading of individual stocks in certain limited and extraordinary circumstances, including, for example, unusual trading activity in that stock. As a result, changes in the Index may be limited by price limitations or special quotes, or by suspension of trading, on individual stocks which comprise the Index, and these limitations may, in turn, adversely affect the value of the Notes.

¹¹ NASD Rule 2310(b) requires members to make reasonable efforts to obtain information concerning a customer's financial status, a customer's tax status, the customer's investment objectives, and such other information used or considered to be reasonable by such member or registered representative in making recommendations to the customer.

addition, as previously described, Nasdaq will distribute a circular to members providing guidance regarding compliance responsibilities and requirements, including suitability recommendations, and highlighting the special risks and characteristics of the Notes. Furthermore, the Notes will be subject to the equity margin rules. Lastly, the regular equity trading hours of 9:30 a.m. to 4 p.m. will apply to transactions in the Notes.

Nasdaq represents that NASD's surveillance procedures are adequate to properly monitor the trading of the Notes. Specifically, NASD will rely on its current surveillance procedures governing equity securities and will include additional monitoring on key pricing dates.

If manipulative activity or other types of trading activity that raise regulatory concerns are suspected and involve Index component stocks, the NASD will rely on the Intermarket Surveillance Group ("ISG") Agreement to obtain the needed information from the TSE. This Agreement obligates the NASD and the TSE to compile and transmit market surveillance information and resolve in good faith any disagreements regarding requests for information or responses thereto. Also, if it ever became necessary (for example, if, hypothetically, the TSE withdrew from the ISG), NASD would seek the Commission's assistance pursuant to memoranda of understanding or similar inter-governmental agreements or arrangements that may exist between the Commission and the Japanese securities regulators.¹²

Merrill Lynch will deliver a prospectus in connection with the initial purchase of the Notes. The procedure for the delivery of a prospectus will be the same as Merrill Lynch's current procedure involving primary offerings.

2. Statutory Basis

Nasdaq believes that the proposed rule change, as amended, is consistent with the provisions of section 15A of the Act,¹³ in general, and with section 15A(b)(6) of the Act,¹⁴ in particular, in that the proposal is designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and, in general, to protect investors and

¹² Telephone conversation between Alex Kogan, Associate General Counsel, Nasdaq, and Florence Harmon, Senior Special Counsel, Division, Commission, dated May 7, 2004.

¹³ 15 U.S.C. 78o-3.

¹⁴ 15 U.S.C. 78o-3(b)(6).

the public interest. Specifically, the proposed rule change will provide investors with another investment vehicle based on the Index.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

Nasdaq does not believe that the proposed rule change, as amended, will result in any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act, as amended.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants or Others

Written comments were neither solicited nor received.

III. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change, as amended, is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic comments:

- Use the Commission's Internet comment form (<http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>); or
- Send an e-mail to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File No. SR-NASD-2004-68 on the subject line.

Paper comments:

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Jonathan G. Katz, Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 450 Fifth Street, NW., Washington, DC 20549-0609. All submissions should refer to File No. SR-NASD-2004-068. This file number should be included on the subject line if e-mail is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's Internet Web site (<http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for inspection and copying in the Commission's Public Reference Section, 450 Fifth Street, NW., Washington, DC 20549. Copies of such filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal

office of Nasdaq. All comments received will be posted without change; the Commission does not edit personal identifying information from submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File No. SR-NASD-2004-068 and should be submitted on or before June 7, 2004.

IV. Commission's Findings and Order Granting Accelerated Approval of Proposed Rule Change

Nasdaq has asked the Commission to approve the proposal on an accelerated basis to accommodate the timetable for listing the Notes. The Commission notes that it has previously approved the listing of securities the performance of which have been linked to or based on, the Index.¹⁵ The Commission has also previously approved the listing of securities with a structure similar to that of the Notes.¹⁶

After careful consideration, the Commission finds that the proposed rule change, as amended, is consistent with the requirements of the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder,¹⁷ applicable to a national securities association, and, in particular, with the requirements of section 15A(b)(6) of the Act,¹⁸ in that it is designed to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market, and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest.¹⁹ The Commission believes that the Notes will provide investors with a means to participate in any percentage increase in the Index that exists at the maturity of the Notes,

¹⁵ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 34-38940 (August 15, 1997), 62 FR 44735 (August 22, 1997) (approving the listing and trading of Market Index Target-Term Securities the return on which is based on changes in the value of a portfolio of 11 foreign indexes, including the Nikkei 335 Index).

¹⁶ See Securities Exchange Act Release Nos. 47464 (March 7, 2003), 68 FR 12116 (March 13, 2003) (approving the listing and trading of Market Recovery Notes Linked to the S&P 500 Index); 47009 (December 16, 2002), 67 FR 78540 (December 24, 2002) (approving the listing and trading of Market Recovery Notes linked to the Nasdaq-100 Index); and 46883 (November 21, 2002), 67 FR 71216 (November 29, 2002) (approving the listing and trading of Market Recovery Notes linked to the Dow Jones Industrial Average).

¹⁷ The Commission findings in this approval order are prospective only from the date of this order. Prior to this approval order, Nasdaq began trading the Notes described in Merrill Lynch's Prospectus Supplement dated February 26, 2004. The Commission is concerned that Nasdaq failed to seek approval for the listing and trading of this product until after it began trading on Nasdaq.

¹⁸ 15 U.S.C. 78o-3(b)(6).

¹⁹ In approving this rule, the Commission notes that it has considered the proposed rule's impact on efficiency, competition, and capital formation. 15 U.S.C. 78c(f).

subject to the Capped Value. Specifically, as described more fully above, if the value of the Nikkei 225 Index has increased, a beneficial owner will be entitled to receive at maturity a payment on the Notes based on triple the amount of any percentage increase in the Index, not to exceed the Capped Value.

The Commission notes that the Notes are non-principal protected instruments, but are not leveraged on the downside. The Notes are debt instruments, the price of which will be derived from and based upon the value of the Nikkei 225 Index. The Notes do not have a minimum principal amount that will be repaid at maturity, and the payments of the Notes prior to or at maturity may be less than the original issue price of the Notes. Accordingly, the level of risk involved in the purchase or sale of the Notes is similar to the risk involved in the purchase or sale of traditional common stock. Because the final rate of return of the Notes is derivatively priced, based on the performance of the 225 common stocks underlying the Nikkei 225 Index, and because the Notes are instruments that do not guarantee a return of principal, there are several issues regarding the trading of this type of product. However, for the reasons discussed below, the Commission believes that Nasdaq's proposal adequately addresses the concerns raised by this type of product.

The Commission notes that the protections of NASD Rule 4420(f) were designed to address the concerns attendant to the trading hybrid securities like the Notes. In particular, by imposing the hybrid listing standards, suitability, disclosure, and compliance requirements noted above, the Commission believes that Nasdaq has addressed adequately the potential problems that could arise from the hybrid nature of the Notes. The Commission notes that Nasdaq will distribute a circular to its membership calling attention to the specific risks associated with the Notes. The Commission also notes that Merrill Lynch will deliver a prospectus in connection with the initial sales of the Notes. In addition, the Commission notes that Nasdaq will incorporate and rely upon its existing surveillance procedures governing equities, which have been deemed adequate under the Act.

In approving the product, the Commission recognizes that the Index is a stock index calculated, published and disseminated by NKS, which measures the composite price performance of selected Japanese stocks. The Index is currently based on 225 common stocks

traded on the TSE and represents a broad cross-section of Japanese industry. All 225 underlying stocks are listed in the First Section of the TSE and are, therefore, among the most actively traded stocks on the TSE. The Nikkei is a modified, price-weighted index, which means a component stock's weight in the Nikkei is based on its price per share rather than total market capitalization of the issuer.

As stated above, NKS is under no obligation to continue the calculation and dissemination of the Index. In the event the calculation and dissemination of the Index is discontinued, Nasdaq represents that it will contact Commission staff and consider prohibiting the continued listing of the Notes. The Commission notes that the changes in the composition of the Nikkei 225 Index as made solely by NKS. The changes to these common stocks tend to be made infrequently with most substitutions the result of mergers and other extraordinary corporate actions. As of April 30, 2004, the average daily trading volume for a single Index component was approximately 4.8 million shares.²⁰ As of the same date, the market capitalization of the components ranged from 14.4 trillion yen to 33.7 billion yen. These figures correspond approximately to 130 billion U.S. dollars and 305 million U.S. dollars. The highest-weighted stock in the Index has the weight of 3.35%; all other components have lower weights. The top five stocks in the Index have the cumulative weight of approximately 14.3%. Given the compositions of the stocks underlying the Nikkei 225 Index, the Commission believes that the listing and trading of the Notes that are linked to the Nikkei 225 Index should not unduly impact the market for the underlying securities comprising the Nikkei 225 Index or raise manipulative concerns. As discussed more fully above, the underlying stocks comprising the Nikkei 225 Index are well-capitalized, highly liquid stocks.

In light of the fact that the Nikkei is a foreign index, the Commission believes adequate surveillance sharing agreements between the NASD and the TSE is a necessary prerequisite to deter

and detect potential manipulations or other improper or illegal trading involving the Notes. While many of the issuers of the underlying securities comprising the Nikkei 225 are not subject to reporting requirements under the Act, Nasdaq represents that an adequate surveillance sharing agreement exists through the ISG between the NASD and the TSE to deter and detect potential manipulations or other improper trading in the underlying components. Therefore, Nasdaq's surveillance procedures will serve to deter as well as detect any potential manipulation. This agreement obligates the NASD and TSE to compile and transmit market surveillance information and resolve in good faith any disagreements regarding requests for information. Accordingly, the Commission believes that the surveillance sharing Agreement through ISG is adequate for the NASD to surveil the components of the Nikkei 225 for potential manipulation or other trading abuses between the markets with respect to the trading of the Notes based on the Nikkei 225.

Furthermore, the Commission notes that the Notes are depending upon the individual credit of the issuer, Merrill Lynch. To some extent this credit risk is minimized by the NASD's listing standards in NASD Rule 4420(f), which provide the only issuers satisfying substantial asset and equity requirements may issue securities such as the Notes. In addition, the NASD's hybrid listing standards further require that the Notes have a market value of at least \$4 million. In any event, financial information regarding Merrill Lynch, in addition to the information on the 225 common stocks comprising the Nikkei 225 Index, will be publicly available.²¹

The Commission also has a systemic concern, however, that a broker-dealer such as Merrill Lynch, or a subsidiary providing a hedge for the issuer will incur position exposure. However, as the Commission has concluded in previous approval orders for other hybrid instruments issued by broker-dealers,²² the Commission believes that

²¹ See <http://www.nni.nikkei.co.jp> and <http://www.bloomberg.com>.

²² See, e.g., Securities Exchange Act Release Nos. 44913 (October 9, 2001), 66 FR 52469 (October 15, 2001) (order approving the listing and trading of notes whose return is based on the performance of the Nasdaq-100 Index) (File No. SR-NASD-2001-73); 44483 (June 27, 2001), 66 FR 35677 (July 6, 2001) (order approving the listing and trading of

this concern is minimal given the size of the Notes issuance in relation to the net worth of Merrill Lynch.

Finally, the Commission notes that the value of the Nikkei 225 Index will be disseminated at least once every minute throughout the trading day. Because the Nikkei 225 Index contains foreign securities and is composed of highly liquid and well capitalized securities, the Commission believes that providing access to the value of the Index at least once every minute throughout the trading day is sufficient and will provide benefits to investors in the product.

The Commission finds good cause for approving the proposed rule change, as amended, prior to the thirtieth day after the date of publication of notice of filing thereof in the **Federal Register**. The Commission believes that the Notes will provide investors with an additional investment choice and that accelerated approval of the proposal will allow investors to begin trading the Notes promptly. In addition, the Commission notes that it has previously approved the listing and trading of other derivative securities based on the Index and securities with a structure similar to that of the Notes.²³ Accordingly, the Commission believes that there is good cause, consistent with sections 15A(b)(6) and 19(b)(2) of the Act,²⁴ to approve the proposal, on an accelerated basis.

V. Conclusion

It is therefore ordered, pursuant to section 19(b)(2) of the Act,²⁵ that the proposed rule change, as amended (SR-NASD-2004-068) is hereby approved on an accelerated basis.

For the Commission, by the Division of Market Regulation, pursuant to delegated authority.²⁶

Jill M. Peterson,

Assistant Secretary.

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notes whose return is based on a portfolio of 20 securities selected from the Amex Institutional Index) (File No. SR-Amex-2001-40); and 37744 (September 27, 1996), 61 FR 52480 (October 7, 1996) (order approving the listing and trading of notes whose return is based on a weighted portfolio of healthcare/biotechnology industry securities) (File No. SR-Amex-96-27).

²³ See *supra* notes 15 and 16.

²⁴ 15 U.S.C. 78o-3(b)(6) and 78s(b)(2).

²⁵ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(2).

²⁶ 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

²⁰ This figure represents the average number of shares traded for the past 30 trading days. It is calculated by taking the sum of the volumes of the individual index components for the past 30 trading days and dividing it by 30.