

Pursuant to the Agreement, Sociedad will pay \$42,136.00 to NOAA and \$6,479.00 to DOI, as reimbursement for the Settling Agencies' damage assessment costs. In addition, Sociedad will pay \$100,000 to fund the performance of two restoration projects.

The Department of Justice will receive for a period of thirty (30) days from the date of this publication comments relating to the proposed Settlement Agreement. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General, Environment and Natural Resources Division, P.O. Box 7611, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20044-7611, and should refer to the Settlement Agreement among NOAA, DOI, and Sociedad Naviera Ultragas Ltda, D.J. Ref. 90-5-1-07462.

The proposed Settlement Agreement may be examined at the Office of NOAA, Office of General Counsel, One Blackburn Drive, Suite 205, Gloucester, MA 01930. During the public comment period, the proposed Settlement Agreement may also be examined on the following Department of Justice Web site, <http://www.usdoj.gov/enrd/open.html>. A copy of the proposed Settlement Agreement may be obtained by mail from the Consent Decree Library, P.O. Box 7611, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20044-7611 or by faxing or e-mailing a request to Tonia Fleetwood ([tonia.fleetwood@usdoj.gov](mailto:tonia.fleetwood@usdoj.gov)), fax no. (202) 514-0097, telephone confirmation number (202) 514-1547. If requesting a copy of the proposed Settlement Agreement please so note and enclose a check in the amount of \$3.25 (25 cents per page reproduction cost) payable to the U.S. Treasury.

**Ronald Gluck,**

*Assistant Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division.*

[FR Doc. 04-5419 Filed 3-10-04; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4410-15-M**

## DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

### Antitrust Division

#### Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993—Portland Cement Association

Notice is hereby given that, on February 10, 2004, pursuant to Section 6(a), of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. 4301 *et seq.* ("the Act"), Portland Cement Association ("PCA") has filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney

General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing a change in its membership status. The notifications were filed for the purpose of extending the Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances. Specifically, Keystone Cement Company, Exton, PA has been added as a Member. Dixon-Marquette has been acquired by CEMEX, a Member, and is no longer listed. Florida Rock Industries, Jacksonville, FL is no longer a Member. GCC Dacotah and GCC Rio Grande, El Paso, TX have changed their names to GCC of America, Inc. Lone Star Industries and RC Cement Co., Bethlehem, PA have changed their names to Buzzi Unicem USA Inc. North Texas Cement Company, Houston, TX has changed its name to Ash Grove Texas, L.P. The Affiliate Members, California Cement Promotion Council, Citrus Heights, CA and Cement and Concrete Pavement Council of Texas, Euless, TX have changed their names, respectively, to California Nevada Cement Production Council and Cement Council of Texas.

No other changes have been made in either the membership or planned activity of the group research project. Membership in this group research project remains open, and PCA intends to file additional written notification disclosing all changes in membership.

On January 7, 1985, PCA filed its original notification pursuant to Section 6(a) or the Act. The Department of Justice published a notice in the **Federal Register** pursuant to section 6(b) of the Act on February 5, 1985 (50 FR 5015).

The last notification was filed with the Department on September 26, 2003. A notice was published in the **Federal Register** pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on October 22, 2003 (68 FR 60416).

**Dorothy B. Fountain,**

*Deputy Director of Operations, Antitrust Division.*

[FR Doc. 04-5456 Filed 3-10-04; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4410-11-M**

## DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

### Antitrust Division

#### Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993—Video-Enhanced Residential ADSL Broadband Technology

Notice is hereby given that, on February 17, 2004, pursuant to Section 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. 4301 *et seq.* ("the Act"),

Video-Enhanced Residential ADSL Broadband Technology has filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing (1) the identities of the parties and (2) the nature and objectives of the venture. The notifications were filed for the purpose of invoking the Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances. Pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act, the identities of the parties are Sarnoff Corporation, Princeton, NJ; SBC Technology Resources, Inc., Austin, TX; Alcatel USA, Plano, TX; and Thomson, Inc., Princeton, NJ. The nature and objectives of the venture are to accelerate adoption of ADSL by creating technology that will allow telecom operators to deploy a broad range of video services (in addition to data) with functionality that will make these services a strong competitor to cable and satellite offerings. Cable and satellite presently offer viewers a selection of over 100 channels, including live events. The new ADSL services will offer subscribers a similar selection. The revenue from these entertainment services will help defray the cost of ADSL deployment and make other services economically viable on an incremental basis.

**Dorothy B. Fountain,**

*Deputy Director of Operations, Antitrust Division.*

[FR Doc. 04-5455 Filed 3-10-04; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4410-11-M**

## DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

### Drug Enforcement Administration

#### Importer of Controlled Substances; Notice of Registration

By Notice dated November 14, 2003 and published in the **Federal Register** on December 2, 2003, (68 FR 67473), Abbott Laboratories, 1776 North Centennial Drive, McPherson, Kansas 67460-1247, made application by renewal to the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) to be registered as an importer of Remifentanyl (9739), a basic class of controlled substance listed in Schedule II.

The firm plans to import the remifentanyl to manufacture a controlled substance for distribution to its customers.

No comments or objections have been received. DEA has considered the factors in Title 21, United States Code, section 823(a) and determined that the registration of Abbott Laboratories to import the listed controlled substance is

consistent with the public interest and with United States obligations under international treaties, conventions, or protocols in effect on May 1, 1971, at this time. DEA has investigated Abbott Laboratories on a regular basis to ensure that the company's continued registration is consistent with the public interest. This investigation included inspection and testing of the company's physical security systems, verification of the company's compliance with state and local laws, and a review of the company's background and history. Therefore, pursuant to section 1008(a) of the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act and in accordance with Title 21, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1301.34, the above firm is granted registration as an importer of the basic class of controlled substance listed above.

Dated: March 3, 2004.

**William J. Walker,**

*Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration.*

[FR Doc. 04-5472 Filed 3-10-04; 8:45 am]

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## DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

### Drug Enforcement Administration

#### ANM Wholesale; Denial of Application

On February 28, 2003, the Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), issued an Order to Show Cause to ANM Wholesale (ANM) proposing to deny its application executed on January 9, 2001, for DEA Certificate of Registration as a distributor of list I chemicals. The Order to Show Cause alleged that granting the application of ANM would be inconsistent with the public interest as that term is used in 21 U.S.C. 823(h) and 824(a). The Order to Show Cause also notified ANM that should no request for a hearing be filed within 30 days, its hearing right would be deemed waived.

According to the DEA investigative file, the Order to Show Cause was sent by certified mail to ANM at its proposed registered location in Tampa, Florida and was received on March 15, 2003. DEA has not received a request for hearing or any other reply from ANM or anyone purporting to represent the company in this matter.

Therefore, the Acting Deputy Administrator of DEA, finding that (1) thirty days having passed since the delivery of the Order to Show Cause to the applicant's last known address, and (2) no request for a hearing having been

received, concludes that ANM has waived its hearing right. *See* *Aqui Enterprises*, 67 FR 12576 (2002). After considering relevant material from the investigative file in this matter, the Acting Deputy Administrator now enters her final order without a hearing pursuant to 21 CFR 1309.53(c) and (d) and 1316.67 (2003). The Acting Deputy Administrator finds as follows:

List I chemicals are those that may be used in the manufacture of a controlled substance in violation of the Controlled Substances Act. 21 U.S.C. 802(34); 21 CFR 1310.02(a). Pseudoephedrine and ephedrine are list I chemicals commonly used to illegally manufacture methamphetamine, a Schedule II controlled substance.

Phenylpropanolamine, also a list I chemical, is presently a legitimately manufactured and distributed product used to provide relief of the symptoms resulting from irritation of the sinus, nasal and upper respiratory tract tissues, and is also used for weight control. Phenylpropanolamine is also a precursor chemical used in the illicit manufacture of methamphetamine and amphetamine. Methamphetamine is an extremely potent central nervous system stimulant, and its abuse is an ongoing public health concern in the United States.

The Acting Deputy Administrator's review of the investigative file reveals that in or around early 2001, an application dated January 9, 2001, was received by DEA on behalf of ANM located in Tampa, Florida. The application was submitted on behalf of ANM by its owner, Mohamed A. Fawaz (Mr. Fawaz). ANM sought DEA registration as a distributor of the list I chemicals ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, and phenylpropanolamine. There is no evidence in the investigative file that ANM has sought to modify its pending application in any respect.

Following receipt of the above application, on April 25, 2001, DEA diversion investigators conducted an on-site pre-registration inspection at ANM's proposed registered location. The location requested by ANM for DEA registration was Mr. Fawaz's residence. Mr. Fawaz informed DEA investigators that since 2000, ANM's primary business was selling cigars, cigarettes and over-the-counter items to gas stations located throughout Hillsborough and Polk counties in Florida. These items were sold out of Mr. Fawaz's residence. During the inspection, investigators advised Mr. Fawaz of regulatory requirements and problems surrounding the diversion of list I chemicals. The investigators also reviewed security, recordkeeping and

distribution procedures with Mr. Fawaz, and provided him with appropriate materials regarding DEA requirements for handlers of listed chemicals.

With regard to its anticipated sale of listed chemical products, Mr. Fawaz estimated that ANM's annual sales involving list I chemicals would be approximately 1% of the firm's total sales. Mr. Fawaz stated that ANM's customers were primarily located within a thirty mile area of Tampa, and he then provided DEA investigators with a list of twenty-seven customers who purchased cigars, cigarettes and over-the-counter items from ANM. The customer list was comprised primarily of gas stations and convenience stores. According to the investigative file, Mr. Fawaz further disclosed that he had no prior experience in the sale or marketing of over-the-counter medications that contain list I chemicals, and he was unfamiliar with the milligram strengths of the listed chemical products that he planned to sell.

A DEA investigator then inquired with the State of Florida, Planning and Growth Management/Permit and Zoning Department (the Zoning Department) for Hillsborough County to determine whether Mr. Fawaz's operation of a business at a residential location was in compliance with state zoning requirements. DEA was informed by a representative of the Zoning Department that Mr. Fawaz's residence was located in a "Residential Area Only Zone" and not in a "Commercial Zone Area" of Hillsborough County. Therefore, ANM was not in compliance with the zoning laws for Hillsborough County.

After receiving the above information, a DEA investigator advised Mr. Fawaz of the need to obtain zoning authorization for his business. DEA subsequently learned that Mr. Fawaz contacted the Zoning Department where he disclosed his plan to keep list I chemical products stored in his vehicle at an undisclosed location. The Zoning Department then informed Mr. Fawaz that he could apply for a rezoning permit for his place of residence; however Mr. Fawaz declined to submit the application.

DEA subsequently informed Mr. Fawaz that based on the latter's expressed plan to store listed chemical products in an automobile, it was unlikely that ANM's application for registration would be approved, since storage of such products in this manner would not be in compliance with DEA security and controlled premise requirements. Mr. Fawaz was further reminded of the Florida zoning requirements for his business. Mr. Fawaz then informed DEA investigators that he declined the opportunity to