circumvention of the orders as a result of the repackaging operation discussed above.

Certification Option

Pagani certified that the U.S. repackaging operation, which began in the third quarter of 1997, was terminated for long cuts in 1999. With regard to short cuts, Pagani submitted a certification from the U.S. repacker stating that short cuts of pasta from Pagani were last invoiced on February 8, 2000. Thus, Pagani asserts that the repackaging operations have ceased.

As discussed in the *Notice of Preliminary Determinations*, Pagani requested that the Department implement a certification scheme, whereby each of Pagani's unaffiliated U.S. customers would certify that it would resell all pasta purchased from Pagani in the packaging in which the pasta was delivered to the U.S. customer, and would not repack any pasta from packages greater than five pounds into packages of five pounds or less. According to Pagani, this scheme would enable the Department to exclude from the scope of the antidumping and countervailing duty orders bulk pasta that was not destined for repackaging after importation, *e.g.*, bulk pasta shipped directly to institutional or food service users.

For these final determinations, we determine to adopt the certification scheme proposed by Pagani. According to that scheme, Pagani and each of Pagani's unaffiliated customers who purchase bulk pasta would certify that the customer would not repackage any bulk pasta into packages of five pounds or less.

Suspension of Liquidation

We have made affirmative final determinations that Pagani's activities for the repacking of bulk pasta into packages of five pounds or less for sale in the United States constitute circumvention. The merchandise subject to suspension of liquidation is pasta in packages of greater than five pounds as defined in the *Scope of the Anti-Circumvention Inquiry* section of this notice, unaccompanied by the appropriate certification.

In accordance with section 773(d) of the Act, the Department normally would direct the U.S. Bureau of Customs and Border Protection (BCBP) to suspend liquidation and to require a cash deposit of estimated duties, at the applicable rate, on all unliquidated entries of bulk pasta from Italy produced by Pagani, not accompanied by appropriate certification, that were entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after April 27, 2000, the date of initiation of this anti-circumvention inquiry. However, due to cessation of Pagani's circumvention activity, the Department will not instruct BCBP to require such certification until such time as petitioner or other interested parties provide to the Department a reasonable basis to believe or suspect that the order is being again circumvented. If such information is provided, we will require certification only for the product(s) for which evidence is provided that such products are being used in the circumvention of the order. Normally we will require only the importer of record to certify to the end-use of the imported merchandise. If it later proves necessary for adequate implementation, we may also require Pagani to provide such certification on invoices accompanying shipments to the United States. *See Notice of Final Determinations of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Certain Large Diameter Carbon and Alloy Seamless Standard, Line and Pressure Pipe from Japan; and Certain Small Diameter Carbon and Alloy Seamless Standard, Line and Pressure Pipe from Japan and the Republic of South Africa*, 65 FR 25907 (May 4, 2000).

These affirmative final circumvention determinations are in accordance with section 781(a) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.225.

Dated: September 12, 2003.

Joseph A. Spetrini,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 03–23961 Filed 9–18–03; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-570–853]

Notice of Amended Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review: Bulk Aspirin from the People's Republic of China

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of Amended Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review.

EFFECTIVE DATE: September 19, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Julie Santoboni or Blanche Ziv, Office 1, AD/CVD Enforcement, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington DC 20230; telephone (202) 482–4194 or (202) 482–4207, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Scope of Review

The product covered by this review is bulk acetylsalicylic acid, commonly referred to as bulk aspirin, whether or not in pharmaceutical or compound form, not put up in dosage form (tablet, capsule, powders or similar form for direct human consumption). Bulk aspirin may be imported in two forms, as pure ortho-acetylsalicylic acid or as mixed ortho-acetylsalicylic acid. Pure ortho-acetylsalicylic acid can be either in crystal form or granulated into a fine powder (pharmaceutical form). This product has the chemical formula $C_9H_8O_4$. It is defined by the official monograph of the United States Pharmacopoeia (''USP'') 23. It is classified under the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (''HTSUS'') subheading 2918.22.1000.

Mixed ortho-acetylsalicylic acid consists of ortho-acetylsalicylic acid combined with other inactive substances such as starch, lactose, cellulose, or coloring materials and/or other active substances. The presence of other active substances must be in concentrations less than that specified for particular nonprescription drug combinations of bulk aspirin and active substances as published in the *Handbook of Nonprescription Drugs*, eighth edition, American Pharmaceutical Association. This product is classified under HTSUS subheading 3003.90.0000. Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the merchandise under investigation is dispositive.

Amended Final Results

On August 7, 2003, the Department of Commerce (''the Department'') determined that bulk aspirin from the People's Republic of China (''PRC'') is not being sold in the United States at less than fair value, as provided in section 751(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (''the Act''). *See Bulk Aspirin from the People's Republic of China; Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review*, 68 FR 48337 (August 13, 2003) (''Final Results''). On August 18, 2003, Rhodia, Inc. (''petitioner''), timely filed ministerial error allegations pursuant to 19 CFR 351.224(c)(2).[1] The respondents

[1] On September 10, 2003, the Department received the ministerial error allegation with

in this review, Jilin Henghe Pharmaceutical Company Ltd. (''Jilin'') and Shandong Xinhua Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (''Shandong'') did not file ministerial error allegations or comment on the petitioner's allegations.

The petitioner contends that the Department failed to apply the calculated credit rate to Shandong's U.S. sales and incorrectly calculated the credit period. In the calculation of the surrogate value for acetic acid for Jilin and Shandong, the petitioner contends that the Department incorrectly deducted taxes from the already tax-exclusive domestic price of acetic acid sold on the Mumbai Market.

In accordance with section 735(e) of the Act, we have determined that ministerial errors were made in our final results margin calculations. Specifically we find that the incorrect calculation of Shandong's credit expense and that the incorrect calculation of the domestic price of acetic acid constitute clerical errors. For a detailed discussion of all of the ministerial error allegations and the Department's analysis, see Memorandum to Susan Kuhbach, ''Antidumping Duty Administrative Review of Bulk Aspirin from the People's Republic of China; Allegations of Ministerial Errors'' dated September 12, 2003 which is on file in the Central Records Unit, room B-099 of the main Department building.

In accordance with 19 C.F.R. 351.224(e), we are amending the final results of the antidumping duty administrative review of bulk aspirin from the PRC to correct these ministerial errors. However, the amended weighted-average margins are identical to the weighted-average margins in the final results (see Final Results). The weighted-average dumping margins for Jilin and Shandong are listed below:

Producer//Manfacturer/Exporter	Original Weighted-average margin percentage	Amended Results Weighted-average margin percentage
Jilin Henghe Pharmaceutical Company Ltd.	0.00	0.00
Shandong Xinhua Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.	0.00	0.00

Cash Deposit Rates

The following deposit rates will be effective upon publication of these final results for all shipments of bulk aspirin from the PRC entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of this notice, as provided for by section 751(a)(1) of the Act: (1) for Shandong and Jilin, which have separate rates, no antidumping duty deposit will be required; (2) for a company previously found to be entitled to a separate rate and for which no review was requested, the cash deposit rate will be the rate established in the most recent review of that company; (3) for all other PRC exporters the cash deposit rate will be 144.02 percent, the PRC-wide rate established in the less than fair value investigation; and (4) for non-PRC exporters of subject merchandise from the PRC, the cash deposit rate will be the rate applicable to the PRC supplier of that exporter. These deposit rates shall remain in effect until publication of the final results of the next administrative review.

These cash deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until publication of the final results of the next administrative review.

Assessment Rates

The Department will issue appropriate assessment instructions directly to the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection within 15 days of publication of these amended final results of review.

We are issuing and publishing this determination and notice in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 771(i)(1) of the Act.

Dated: September 12, 2003.

Joseph A. Spetrini,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 03–23962 Filed 9–18–03; 8:45 am]

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amended bracketing of business proprietary information from Rhodia.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–122–838]

Certain Softwood Lumber Products from Canada: Notice of Final Results of Antidumping Duty Changed Circumstances Review

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of final results of antidumping duty changed circumstances review.

SUMMARY: The Department has determined that entries of certain softwood lumber products produced and exported by Monterra Lumber Mills Limited (Monterra) shall be subject to the ''All Others'' cash deposit rate of 8.43 percent as of the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**.

EFFECTIVE DATE: September 19, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Keith Nickerson or Constance Handley, at (202) 482–3813 or (202) 482–0631, respectively; Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Background

As a result of the antidumping duty order issued following the completion of the less-than-fair-value investigation of certain softwood lumber products from Canada, imports of softwood lumber from Monterra, a subsidiary of respondent company Weyerhaeuser Company Limited (Weyerhaeuser), became subject to a cash deposit rate of 12.39 percent (*See Notice of Amended Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value and Antidumping Order: Certain Softwood Lumber Products from Canada,* 67 FR 36068 (May 22, 2002)). On February 4, 2003, Monterra notified the Department that effective December 23, 2002, Weyerhaeuser sold its interest in Monterra to 1554545 Ontario, Inc. (1554545 Ontario), a wholly owned subsidiary of Tercamm Corp., a privately owned Canadian investment company. As a result, Monterra requested that the Department conduct a changed circumstances review in order to conclude that, effective December 23, 2002, it should be subject to the ''All Others'' cash deposit rate of 8.43 percent, rather than Weyerhaeuser's 12.39 percent rate. On March 27, 2003, the Department published a notice of initiation of a changed circumstances review to determine whether entries naming Monterra as manufacturer and exporter