

exported during the twelve-month period which began on January 1, 2003, and extends through December 31, 2003.

Effective on July 28, 2003, you are directed to adjust the limits for the following categories, as provided for under the Uruguay Round Agreement on Textiles and Clothing:

Category	Adjusted twelve-month limit <sup>1</sup>
315 .....	39,084,116 square meters.
443 .....	151,374 numbers.

<sup>1</sup> The limits have not been adjusted to account for any imports exported after December 31, 2002.

The Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements has determined that these actions fall within the foreign affairs exception to the rulemaking provisions of 5 U.S.C. 553(a)(1).

Sincerely,  
James C. Leonard III,  
*Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.*  
[FR Doc.03-19064 Filed 7-25-03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DR-S

**COMMITTEE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TEXTILE AGREEMENTS**

**Adjustment of Import Limits for Certain Cotton and Man-Made Fiber Textile Products Produced or Manufactured in Oman**

July 22, 2003.

**AGENCY:** Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements (CITA).

**ACTION:** Issuing a directive to the Commissioner, Bureau of Customs and Border Protection adjusting limits.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** July 29, 2003.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Roy Unger, International Trade Specialist, Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482-4212. For information on the quota status of these limits, refer to the Quota Status Reports posted on the bulletin boards of each Customs port, call (202)

927-5850, or refer to the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection Web site at <http://www.customs.gov>. For information on embargoes and quota re-openings, refer to the Office of Textiles and Apparel Web site at <http://otexa.ita.doc.gov>.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**Authority:** Section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854); Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended.

The current limits for certain categories are being adjusted for swing and special shift.

A description of the textile and apparel categories in terms of HTS numbers is available in the CORRELATION: Textile and Apparel Categories with the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (see **Federal Register** notice 68 FR 1599, published on January 13, 2003). Also see 67 FR 68572, published on November 12, 2002.

James C. Leonard III,  
*Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.*

**Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements**

July 22, 2003.

Commissioner,  
*Bureau of Customs and Border Protection, Washington, DC 20229.*

Dear Commissioner: This directive amends, but does not cancel, the directive issued to you on November 1, 2002, by the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements. That directive concerns imports of certain cotton and man-made fiber textile products, produced or manufactured in Oman and exported during the twelve-month period beginning on January 1, 2003 and extending through December 31, 2003.

Effective on July 29, 2003, you are directed to adjust the current limits for the following categories, as provided for under the Uruguay Round Agreement on Textiles and Clothing:

Category	Adjusted twelve-month limit <sup>1</sup>
335/635 .....	367,981 dozen.

Category	Adjusted twelve-month limit <sup>1</sup>
338/339 .....	922,140 dozen.
341/641 .....	267,966 dozen.
347/348 .....	1,536,223 dozen.
647/648 .....	445,061 dozen.

<sup>1</sup> The limits have not been adjusted to account for any imports exported after December 31, 2002.

The Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements has determined that these actions fall within the foreign affairs exception of the rulemaking provisions of 5 U.S.C. 553(a)(1).

Sincerely,  
James C. Leonard III,  
*Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.*  
[FR Doc. 03-19063 Filed 7-25-03; 8:45 am]

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**DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE**

**Office of the Secretary**

[Transmittal No. 03-10]

**36(b)(1) Arms Sales Notification**

**AGENCY:** Department of Defense, Defense Security Cooperation Agency.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of Defense is publishing the unclassified text of a section 36(b)(1) arms sales notification. This is published to fulfill the requirements of section 155 of Public Law 104-164 dated 21 July 1996.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Ms. J. Hurd, DSCA/COMPT/RM, (703) 604-6575.

The following is a copy of a letter to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, Transmittal 03-10 with attached transmittal, policy justification, and Sensitivity of Technology.

Dated: July 21, 2003.

Patricia L. Toppings,  
*Alternate OSD Federal Register Liaison Officer, Department of Defense.*

BILLING CODE 5001-08-M



## DEFENSE SECURITY COOPERATION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, DC 20301-2800

17 JUL 2003  
In reply refer to:  
I-03/002455

The Honorable J. Dennis Hastert  
Speaker of the House of  
Representatives  
Washington, D.C. 20515-6501

Dear Mr. Speaker:

Pursuant to the reporting requirements of Section 36(b)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act (AECA), as amended, we are forwarding herewith Transmittal No. 03-10, concerning the Department of the Air Force's proposed Letter(s) of Offer and Acceptance (LOA) to Egypt for defense articles and services estimated to cost \$60 million. Soon after this letter is delivered to your office, we plan to notify the news media.

Sincerely,

  
Richard J. Millies  
Deputy Director

**Attachments**

Same ltr to: House Committee on International Relations  
Senate Committee on Foreign Relations  
House Committee on Armed Services  
Senate Committee on Armed Services  
House Committee on Appropriations  
Senate Committee on Appropriations

## Transmittal No. 03-10

**Notice of Proposed Issuance of Letter of Offer  
Pursuant to Section 36(b)(1)  
of the Arms Export Control Act, as amended**

- (i) **Prospective Purchaser:** Egypt
- (ii) **Total Estimated Value:**
- |                          |                     |
|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Major Defense Equipment* | \$ 0 million        |
| Other                    | <u>\$60 million</u> |
| <b>TOTAL</b>             | <b>\$60 million</b> |
- (iii) **Description and Quantity or Quantities of Articles or Services under Consideration for Purchase:** two C-130H-based roll-on/roll-off airborne Electronic Intelligence (ELINT) systems with the following major subsystems: two airborne signal detection and processing centers which can be mounted on C-130H aircraft; ground analysis center; ground mobile tactical center; and base workshop repair station. This proposed sale will also include related modification kits, support/test equipment, spare/repair parts, publications, technical data, U.S. Government and contractor technical services, and other related elements of logistics support.
- (iv) **Military Department:** Air Force (QES)
- (v) **Prior Related Cases, if any:** none
- (vi) **Sales Commission, Fee, etc., Paid, Offered, or Agreed to be Paid:** none
- (vii) **Sensitivity of Technology Contained in the Defense Article or Defense Services Proposed to be Sold:** See Annex attached
- (viii) **Date Report Delivered to Congress:** 17 JUL 2003

\* as defined in Section 47(6) of the Arms Export Control Act.

POLICY JUSTIFICATION

Egypt – C-130H Based Roll-on/roll-off ELINT Systems

The Government of Egypt has requested a possible sale of two C-130H-based roll-on/roll-off airborne Electronic Intelligence (ELINT) systems with the following major subsystems: two airborne signal detection and processing centers which can be mounted on C-130H aircraft; ground analysis center; ground mobile tactical center; and base workshop repair station. This proposed sale will also include related modification kits, support/test equipment, spare/repair parts, publications, technical data, U.S. Government and contractor technical services, and other related elements of logistics support. The estimated cost is \$60 million.

This proposed sale will contribute to the foreign policy and national security of the United States by helping to improve the security of a friendly country which has been and continues to be an important force for political stability and economic progress in the Middle East.

The ELINT systems will be integrated on existing C-130H aircraft and will provide the Egyptian Air Force (EAF) an important ability to build, maintain, and update threat radar data. The EAF should have no problem operating and maintaining this retrofit capability.

The proposed sale of this equipment and support will not affect the basic military balance in the region.

The principal contractors will be: Lockheed Martin ISR Systems of Englewood, Colorado; Plano Microwave Incorporated of Plano, Texas; and Mission Research Corporation of Santa Barbara of California. There are no offset agreements proposed in connection with this potential sale.

This program will include semi-annual management reviews for one-week intervals with 10 each U.S. Government and contractor representatives. In addition, annually, there will be 10 each U.S. Government and contractor representatives to participate in program management and technical reviews.

There will be no adverse impact on U.S. defense readiness as a result of this proposed sale.

## Transmittal No. 03-10

**Notice of Proposed Issuance of Letter of Offer  
Pursuant to Section 36(b)(1)  
of the Arms Export Control Act**

**Annex  
Item No. vii**

(vii) **Sensitivity of Technology:**

1. The C-130H-based roll-on/roll-off ELINT system contains sensitive technology. This is a radio signal monitoring system based on the USAF Senior Scout system and provides the ability to collect threat radar data.

2. If a technologically advanced adversary were to obtain knowledge of the specific hardware in this proposed sale, the information could be used to develop countermeasures which might reduce weapon system effectiveness or be used in the development of a system with similar or advanced capabilities.

3. A determination has been made that Egypt can provide substantially the same degree of protection for the sensitive technology being released as the U.S. Government. This sale is necessary in furtherance of the U.S. foreign policy and national security objectives outlined in the Policy Justification.