

mailing applications well in advance, when using all mail services, to ensure that the applications are received on or before the deadline time and date.

Applications hand carried by applicants, applicant couriers, or other representatives of the applicant or by overnight/express mail couriers shall be considered as meeting an announced deadline if they are received on or before the deadline date, between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. at: OCS Operations Center, 1815 North Fort Myer Drive, Suite 300, Arlington, Virginia 22209 and labeled: Application for Compassion Capital Fund Coalition Program. Applicants are cautioned that express/overnight mail services may not always deliver as agreed.

ACF cannot accommodate transmission of applications by fax or through other electronic media. Therefore, applications transmitted to ACF or the OCS Operations Center electronically will not be accepted regardless of date or time of submission and time of receipt.

*Late applications.* Applications that do not meet the criteria above are considered late applications. ACF shall notify each late applicant that its application will not be considered in the current competition.

*Extension of deadlines.* ACF may extend an application deadline for applicants affected by acts of God such as floods and hurricanes, when there is widespread disruption of the mail service, or for other disruptions of services, such as a prolonged blackout, that affect the public at large. A determination to waive or extend deadline requirements rest with ACF's Chief Grants Management Officer.

*E. Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Public Law 104-23)*

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104-13 the Department is required to submit to OMB for review and approval any reporting and record keeping requirements in regulations including program announcements. All information collections within this program announcement are approved under the following current valid OMB control numbers 0348-0043, 0348-0044, 034800040, 0348-0046, 0925-0418 and 0970-0139.

Public reporting burden for this collection is estimated to average 10 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining the data needed and reviewing the collection of information.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information

unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

**Wade F. Horn,**

*Assistant Secretary for Children and Families.*

[FR Doc. 03-17412 Filed 7-9-03; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4184-01-P**

**DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES**

**Food and Drug Administration**

[Docket No. 2003N-0269]

**Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed Collection; Comment Request; Infectious Disease Issues in Xenotransplantation**

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing an opportunity for public comment on the proposed collection of certain information by the agency. Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (the PRA), Federal agencies are required to publish notice in the **Federal Register** concerning each proposed collection of information, including each proposed extension of an existing collection of information, and to allow 60 days for public comment in response to the notice. This notice solicits comments on the collection of information contained in the Public Health Service (PHS) guideline entitled "PHS Guideline on Infectious Disease Issues in Xenotransplantation" dated January 19, 2001.

**DATES:** Submit written or electronic comments on the collection of information by September 8, 2003.

**ADDRESSES:** Submit electronic comments on the collection of information to <http://www.fda.gov/dockets/ecomments>. Submit written comments on the collection of information to the Division of Dockets Management (HFA-305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852. All comments should be identified with the docket number found in brackets in the heading of this document.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** JonnaLynn P. Capezzuto, Office of Management Programs (HFA-250), Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857, 301-827-4659.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Under the PRA (44 U.S.C. 3501-3520), Federal agencies must obtain approval from the

Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for each collection of information they conduct or sponsor. "Collection of information" is defined in 44 U.S.C. 3502(3) and 5 CFR 1320.3(c) and includes agency requests or requirements that members of the public submit reports, keep records, or provide information to a third party. Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the PRA (44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)) requires Federal agencies to provide a 60-day notice in the **Federal Register** concerning each proposed collection of information, including each proposed extension of an existing collection of information, before submitting the collection to OMB for approval. To comply with this requirement, FDA is publishing notice of the proposed collection of information set forth in this document.

With respect to the following collection of information, FDA invites comments on: (1) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of FDA's functions, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) the accuracy of FDA's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques when appropriate, and other forms of information technology.

**Infectious Disease Issues in Xenotransplantation (OMB Control Number 0910-0456)—Extension**

The statutory authority to collect this information is provided under sections 351 and 361 of the PHS Act (42 U.S.C. 262 and 264) and the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act that apply to drugs (21 U.S.C. 301 *et seq.*). The PHS guideline recommends procedures to diminish the risk of transmission of infectious agents to the xenotransplantation product recipient and the general public. The PHS guideline is intended to address public health issues raised by xenotransplantation, through identification of general principles of prevention and control of infectious diseases associated with xenotransplantation that may pose a hazard to the public health. The collection of information described in this guideline is intended to provide general guidance to sponsors in: (1) The development of xenotransplantation clinical protocols, (2) the preparation of submissions to FDA, and (3) the

conduct of xenotransplantation clinical trials. Also, the collection of information will help ensure that the sponsor maintains important information in a cross-referenced system that links the relevant records of the xenotransplantation product recipient, xenotransplantation product, source animal(s), animal procurement center, and significant nosocomial exposures. The PHS guideline describes an occupational health service program for the protection of health care workers involved in xenotransplantation procedures, caring for xenotransplantation product recipients, and performing associated laboratory testing. The guideline also describes public health needs for: (1) A national xenotransplantation database, which is currently under development by the PHS; (2) a central PHS biologic specimen archive, also under consideration; and (3) the Secretary's Advisory Committee on Xenotransplantation, which was developed and has been implemented by the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS). These public health programs and the PHS guideline are intended to protect the public health and to help ensure the safety of using xenotransplantation products in humans by preventing the introduction, transmission, and spread of infectious diseases associated with xenotransplantation.

The PHS guideline also recommends that certain specimens and records be maintained for 50 years beyond the date of the xenotransplantation. These include: (1) Records linking each xenotransplantation product recipient with relevant health records of the source animal, herd or colony, and the specific organ, tissue, or cell type included in or used in the manufacture of the product (3.2.7.1); (2) aliquots of serum samples from randomly selected animal and specific disease investigations (3.4.3.1); (3) source animal biological specimens designated for PHS use (3.7.1); animal health records (3.7.2), including necropsy results (3.6.4); and (4) recipients' biological specimens (4.1.2).

The retention period is intended to assist health care practitioners and officials in surveillance and in tracking the source of an infection, disease, or illness that might emerge in the recipient, the source animal, or the animal herd or colony after a xenotransplantation.

The recommendation for maintaining records for 50 years is based on clinical experience with several human viruses that have presented problems in human to human transplantation and are

therefore thought to share certain characteristics with viruses that may pose potential risks in xenotransplantation. These characteristics include long latency periods and the ability to establish persistent infections. Several also share the possibility of transmission among individuals through intimate contact with human body fluids. Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and Human T-lymphotropic virus are human retroviruses. Retroviruses contain ribonucleic acid that is reverse-transcribed into deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) using an enzyme provided by the virus and the human cell machinery. That viral DNA can then be integrated into the human cellular DNA. Both viruses establish persistent infections and have long latency periods before the onset of disease, 10 years and 40 to 60 years, respectively. The human hepatitis viruses are not retroviruses, but several share with HIV the characteristic that they can be transmitted through body fluids, can establish persistent infections, and have long latency periods, e.g., approximately 30 years for Hepatitis C.

In addition, the PHS guideline recommends that a record system be developed that allows easy, accurate, and rapid linkage of information among the specimen archive, the recipient's medical records, and the records of the source animal for 50 years. The development of such a record system is a one-time burden. Such a system is intended to cross-reference and locate relevant records of recipients, products, source animals, animal procurement centers, and nosocomial exposures.

Respondents to this collection of information are the sponsors of clinical studies of investigational xenotransplantation products under investigational new drug applications (INDs) and xenotransplantation product procurement centers, referred to as source animal facilities. Currently, there are 12 respondents who are sponsors of INDs that include protocols for xenotransplantation in humans. Other respondents for this collection of information are 18 source animal facilities which provide source xenotransplantation product material to sponsors for use in human xenotransplantation procedures. These 18 source animal facilities keep medical records of the herds/colonies as well as the medical records of the individual source animal(s). The total annual reporting and recordkeeping burden is estimated to be approximately 156 hours. The burden estimates are based on FDA's records of xenotransplantation-related INDs and

estimates of time required to complete the various reporting and recordkeeping tasks described in the guideline. FDA does not expect the level of clinical studies using xenotransplantation to increase significantly in the next few years.

FDA is requesting an extension of OMB approval for the following reporting and recordkeeping recommendations in the PHS guideline:

TABLE 1.—REPORTING RECOMMENDATIONS

| PHS Guideline Section | Description  |
|-----------------------|--|
| 3.2.7.2               | Notify sponsor or FDA of new archive site when the source animal facility or sponsor ceases operations.  |
| 3.4                   | Standard operating procedures (SOPs) of source animal facility should be available to review bodies.   |
| 3.5.1                 | Include increased infectious risk in informed consent if source animal quarantine period of 3 weeks is shortened.  |
| 3.5.4                 | Sponsor to make linked records described in section 3.2.7 available for review.  |
| 3.5.5                 | Source animal facility to notify clinical center when infectious agent is identified in source animal or herd after xenotransplantation product procurement. |

TABLE 2.—RECORDKEEPING RECOMMENDATIONS

| PHS Guideline Section | Description   |
|-----------------------|---|
| 3.2.7                 | Establish records linking each xenotransplantation product recipient with relevant records.   |
| 4.3                   | Sponsor to maintain cross-referenced system that links all relevant records (recipient, product, source animal, animal procurement center, and nosocomial exposures). |
| 3.4.2                 | Document results of monitoring program used to detect introduction of infectious agents which may not be apparent clinically.   |

| TABLE 2.—RECORDKEEPING RECOMMENDATIONS—Continued |  | TABLE 2.—RECORDKEEPING RECOMMENDATIONS—Continued |  | TABLE 2.—RECORDKEEPING RECOMMENDATIONS—Continued |   |
|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| PHS Guideline Section                            | Description  | PHS Guideline Section                            | Description  | PHS Guideline Section                            | Description   |
| 3.4.3.2  | Document full necropsy investigations including evaluation for infectious etiologies.  | 3.5.4  | Add summary of individual source animal record to permanent medical record of the xenotransplantation product recipient. | 4.2.3.3 and 4.3.2                                | Keep a log of health care workers' significant nosocomial exposure(s).  |
| 3.5.1  | Justify shortening a source animal's quarantine period of 3 weeks prior to xenotransplantation product procurement.                        | 3.6.4  | Document complete necropsy results on source animals (50-year record retention).   | 4.3.1  | Document each xenotransplant procedure.   |
| 3.5.2  | Document absence of infectious agent in xenotransplantation product if its presence elsewhere in source animal does not preclude using it. | 3.7  | Link xenotransplantation product recipients to individual source animal records and archived biologic specimens.         | 5.2  | Document location and nature of archived PHS specimens in health care records of xenotransplantation product recipient and source animal. |
|  |  | 4.2.3.2  | Record base-line sera of xenotransplantation health care workers and specific nosocomial exposure.                       |  |   |

FDA estimates the burden for this collection of information as follows:

TABLE 3.—ESTIMATED ANNUAL REPORTING BURDEN<sup>1</sup>

| PHS Guideline Section | No. of Respondents | Annual Frequency per Response | Total Annual Responses | Hours per Response | Total Hours |
|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| 3.2.7.2 <sup>2</sup>  | 18                 | 0                             | 0                      | 0.5                | 0           |
| 3.2.7.2 <sup>2</sup>  | 2                  | 1                             | 2                      | 0.5                | 1.0         |
| 3.4 <sup>3</sup>      | 12                 | 0.33                          | 4                      | 0.08               | 0.32        |
| 3.5.1 <sup>4</sup>    | 12                 | 0.08                          | (0-1) 1                | 0.25               | 0.25        |
| 3.5.4 <sup>5</sup>    | 12                 | 1                             | 12                     | 0.5                | 6.0         |
| 3.5.5 <sup>4</sup>    | 18                 | 0.06                          | (0-1) 1                | 0.2                | 0.2         |
| Total                 |                    |                               |                        |                    | 7.77        |

<sup>1</sup>There are no capital costs or operating and maintenance costs associated with this collection of information.

<sup>2</sup>No animal facility and 2 sponsors have ceased operations in the last 3 years.

<sup>3</sup>FDA's records indicate that an average of 4 INDs are expected to be submitted per year.

<sup>4</sup>Has not occurred in the past 3 years and is expected to continue to be a rare occurrence.

<sup>5</sup>Based on 36 patients treated over a 3 year period, the average number of xenotransplantation product recipients per year is estimated to be 12.

TABLE 4.—ESTIMATED ANNUAL RECORDKEEPING BURDEN<sup>1</sup>

| PHS Guideline Section | No. of Recordkeepers | Annual Frequency per Recordkeeping | Total Annual Records | Hours per Recordkeeper | Total Hours |
|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| 3.2.7 <sup>2</sup>    | 1                    | 1                                  | 1                    | 16                     | 16.0        |
| 4.3 <sup>3</sup>      | 12                   | 1                                  | 12                   | 0.83                   | 9.96        |
| 3.4.2 <sup>4</sup>    | 12                   | 11                                 | 132                  | 0.25                   | 33.0        |
| 3.4.3.2 <sup>5</sup>  | 18                   | 4                                  | 72                   | 0.3                    | 21.6        |
| 3.5.1 <sup>6</sup>    | 12                   | 0.08                               | (0-1) 1              | 0.5                    | 0.5         |
| 3.5.2 <sup>6</sup>    | 12                   | 0.08                               | (0-1) 1              | 0.25                   | 0.25        |
| 3.5.4                 | 12                   | 1                                  | 12                   | 0.17                   | 2.04        |
| 3.6.4 <sup>7</sup>    | 12                   | 2                                  | 24                   | 0.25                   | 6.0         |

TABLE 4.—ESTIMATED ANNUAL RECORDKEEPING BURDEN<sup>1</sup>—Continued

| PHS Guideline Section          | No. of Recordkeepers | Annual Frequency per Recordkeeping | Total Annual Records | Hours per Recordkeeper | Total Hours |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| 3.7 <sup>7</sup>               | 18                   | 1.33                               | 24                   | 0.08                   | 1.92        |
| 4.2.3.2 <sup>8</sup>           | 12                   | 25                                 | 300                  | 0.17                   | 51.0        |
| 4.2.3.2 <sup>6</sup>           | 12                   | 0.08                               | (0-1) 1              | 0.17                   | 0.17        |
| 4.2.3.3 and 4.3.2 <sup>6</sup> | 12                   | 0.08                               | (0-1) 1              | 0.17                   | 0.17        |
| 4.3.1                          | 12                   | 1                                  | 12                   | 0.25                   | 3.0         |
| 5.2 <sup>9</sup>               | 12                   | 3                                  | 36                   | 0.08                   | 2.88        |
| Total                          |                      |                                    |                      |                        | 148.49      |

<sup>1</sup>There are no capital costs or operating and maintenance costs associated with this collection of information.

<sup>2</sup>A one-time burden for new respondents to set up a recordkeeping system linking all relevant records. FDA estimates 1 new sponsor annually.

<sup>3</sup>FDA estimates there is minimal recordkeeping burden associated with maintaining the record system.

<sup>4</sup>Monitoring for sentinel animals (subset representative of herd) plus all source animals. There are approximately 6 sentinel animals per herd x 1 herd per facility x 18 facilities = 108 sentinel animals. There are approximately 24 source animals per year (see footnote 7 of this table); 108 + 24 = 132 monitoring records to document.

<sup>5</sup>Necropsy for animal deaths of unknown cause estimated to be approximately 4 per herd per year x 1 herd per facility x 18 facilities = 72.

<sup>6</sup>Has not occurred in the past 3 years and is expected to continue to be a rare occurrence.

<sup>7</sup>On average 2 source animals are used for preparing xenotransplantation product material for one recipient. The average number of source animals is 2 source animals per recipient x 12 recipients annually = 24 source animals per year. (See footnote 5 of table 3 of this document.)

<sup>8</sup>FDA estimates there are approximately 12 clinical centers doing xenotransplantation procedures x approximately 25 health care workers involved per center = 300 health care workers.

<sup>9</sup>Twenty-four source animal records + 12 recipient records = 36 total records.

Because of the potential risk for cross-species transmission of pathogenic persistent virus, the guideline recommends that health records be retained for 50 years. Since these records are medical records, the retention of such records for up to 50 years is not information subject to the PRA (5 CFR 1320.3(h)(5)). Also, because of the limited number of clinical studies with small patient populations, the number of records is expected to be insignificant at this time.

Information collections in this guideline not included in tables 1 through 4 can be found under existing regulations and approved under the

OMB control numbers as follows: (1) "Current Good Manufacturing Practice for Finished Pharmaceuticals," 21 CFR 211.1 through 211.208, approved under OMB control number 0910-0139; (2) "Investigational New Drug Application," 21 CFR 312.1 through 312.160, approved under OMB control number 0910-0014; and (3) information included in a license application, 21 CFR 601.2, approved under OMB control number 0910-0338. (Although it is possible that a xenotransplantation product may not be regulated as a biological product (e.g., it may be regulated as a medical device), FDA believes, based on its knowledge and

experience with xenotransplantation, that any xenotransplantation product subject to FDA regulation within the next 3 years will most likely be regulated as a biological product.) However, FDA recognized that some of the information collections go beyond approved collections; assessments for these burdens are included in tables 1 through 4.

In table 5 of this document, FDA identifies those collection of information activities that are already encompassed by existing regulations or are consistent with voluntary standards which reflect industry's usual and customary business practice.

TABLE 5.—COLLECTION OF INFORMATION REQUIRED BY CURRENT REGULATIONS AND STANDARDS

| 21 CFR Section  | Description of Collection of Information Activity  | 21 CFR Section (unless otherwise stated)  |
|-----------------|--|---|
| 2.2.1           | Document off-site collaborations   | 312.52  |
| 2.5             | Sponsor ensure counseling patient + family + contacts  | 312.62(c)   |
| 3.1.1 and 3.1.6 | Document well-characterized health history and lineage of source animals   | 312.23(a)(7)(a) and 211.84  |
| 3.1.8           | Registration with and import permit from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention  | 42 CFR 71.53  |
| 3.2.2           | Document collaboration with accredited microbiology labs   | 312.52  |
| 3.2.3           | Procedures to ensure the humane care of animals  | 9 CFR parts 1, 2, and 3 and PHS Policy <sup>1</sup>                                 |
| 3.2.4           | Procedures consistent for accreditation by the Association for Assessment and Accreditation of Laboratory Animal Care International (AAALAC International) and consistent with the National Research Council's (NRC) Guide | AAALAC International Rules of Accreditation <sup>2</sup> and NRC Guide <sup>3</sup> |

TABLE 5.—COLLECTION OF INFORMATION REQUIRED BY CURRENT REGULATIONS AND STANDARDS—Continued

| 21 CFR Section        | Description of Collection of Information Activity   | 21 CFR Section (unless otherwise stated)            |
|-----------------------|---|---|
| 3.2.5, 3.4, and 3.4.1 | Herd health maintenance and surveillance to be documented, available, and in accordance with documented procedures; record standard veterinary care   | 211.100 and 211.122                                 |
| 3.2.6                 | Animal facility SOPs  | PHS Policy <sup>1</sup>                             |
| 3.3.3                 | Validate assay methods  | 211.160(a)  |
| 3.6.1                 | Procurement and processing of xenografts using documented aseptic conditions  | 211.100 and 211.122                                 |
| 3.6.2                 | Develop, implement, and enforce SOPs for procurement and screening processes  | 211.84(d) and 211.122(c)                            |
| 3.6.4                 | Communicate to FDA animal necropsy findings pertinent to health of recipient  | 312.32(c)   |
| 3.7.1                 | PHS specimens to be linked to health records; provide to FDA justification for types of tissues, cells, and plasma, and quantities of plasma and leukocytes collected                                 | 312.23(a)(6)  |
| 4.1.1                 | Surveillance of xenotransplant recipient; sponsor ensures documentation of surveillance program life-long (justify >2 yrs.); investigator case histories (2 yrs. after investigation is discontinued) | 312.23(a)(6)(iii)(f) and (g), and 312.62(b) and (c) |
| 4.1.2                 | Sponsor to justify amount and type of reserve samples   | 211.122   |
| 4.1.2.2               | System for prompt retrieval of PHS specimens and linkage to medical records (recipient and source animal)   | 312.57(a)   |
| 4.1.2.3               | Notify FDA of a clinical episode potentially representing a xenogeneic infection  | 312.32  |
| 4.2.2.1               | Document collaborations (transfer of obligation)  | 312.52  |
| 4.2.3.1               | Develop educational materials (sponsor provides investigators with information needed to conduct investigation properly)  | 312.50  |
| 4.3                   | Sponsor to keep records of receipt, shipment, and disposition of investigative drug; investigator to keep records of case histories   | 312.57 and 312.62(b)                                |

<sup>1</sup>The "Public Health Service Policy on Humane Care and Use of Laboratory Animals" (<http://www.grants.nih.gov/grants/olaw/references/phspol.htm>). (FDA has verified the Web site address, but is not responsible for subsequent changes to the Web site after this document publishes in the *Federal Register*.)

<sup>2</sup>AAALAC International Rules of Accreditation (<http://www.aaalac.org>). (FDA has verified the Web site address, but is not responsible for subsequent changes to the Web site after this document publishes in the *Federal Register*.)

<sup>3</sup>The NRC's "Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals" (1996).

Dated: July 2, 2003.

Jeffrey Shuren,

Assistant Commissioner for Policy.

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BILLING CODE 4160-01-S

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. 2003N-0295]

#### Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed Collection; Comment Request; Establishing and Maintaining a List of U.S. Dairy Product Manufacturers/Processors With Interest in Exporting to Chile

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing an opportunity for public comment on the proposed collection of certain

information by the agency. Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (the PRA), Federal agencies are required to publish notice in the **Federal Register** concerning each proposed collection of information including each proposed extension of an existing collection of information, and to allow 60 days for public comment in response to the notice. This notice solicits comments on the procedures being implemented by FDA to assist U.S. dairy product manufacturers and processors that wish to export dairy products to Chile. In the **Federal Register** of May 21, 2003 (68 FR 27821), FDA published a notice announcing the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) approval of this collection of information (OMB control number 0910-0509). Since this was an emergency approval that expires on