

Instrument Approach Procedures, effective at 0901 UTC on the dates specified, as follows:

PART 97—STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 97 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40103, 40106, 40113, 40114, 40120, 44502, 44514, 44701, 44719, 44721–44722.

■ 2. Part 97 is amended to read as follows:

§ 97.23, § 97.25, § 97.27, § 97.29, § 97.31, § 97.33, § 97.35 [Amended]

By amending: § 97.23 VOR, VOR/DME, FOR or TACAN, and VOR/DME or

TACAN; § 97.25 LOC, LOC/DME, LDA, LDA/DME, SDF, SDF/DME; § 97.29 ILS, ILS/DME, ISMLS, MLS/DME, MLS/RNAV; § 97.31 RADAR SIAPs; § 97.33 RNAV SIAPs; and § 97.35 COPTER SIAPs, Identified as follows:

Effective Upon Publication

FDC Date	State	City	Airport	FDC No.	Subject
05/19/03	NM	Truth or Consequences.	Truth or Consequences Muni ...	3/3778	GPS Rwy 31, Orig–A.
06/04/03	TX	Houston	George Bush Intercontinental Arpt/Houston.	3/4292	RNAV (GPS) Rwy 26, Orig–C.
06/05/03	NM	Albuquerque	Double Eagle II	3/4353	ILS Rwy 22, Amdt 2A.
06/06/03	AK	Kenai	Kenai Muni	3/4374	ILS Rwy 19,R, Amdt 1.
06/06/03	NC	Fayetteville	Fayetteville Regional/Grannis Field.	3/4377	LOC BC Rwy 22, Amdt 6.
06/06/03	LA	New Orleans	Louis Armstrong New Orleans Intl.	3/4436	ILS Rwy 1, Amdt 16B.
06/09/03	GA	Americus	Souther Field	3/4421	NDB Rwy 23, Amdt 3.
06/09/03	GA	Americus	Souther Field	3/4422	LOC Rwy 23, Amdt 3.
06/09/03	NE	Norfolk	Karl Stefan Memorial	3/4486	RNAV (GPS) Rwy 13, Orig.
				(REPLACES 3/4263)	
06/10/03	LA	New Iberia	Acadiana Regional	3/4543	VOR/DME Rwy 34, Amdt 1B.
06/11/03	DC	Washington	Washington Dulles Intl	3/4539	VOR/DME or TACAN Rwy 12, Amdt 8A.
06/11/03	DC	Washington	Washington Dulles Intl	3/4540	NDR Rwy 1R, Amdt 17.
06/12/03	NM	Belen	Alexander Muni	3/4604	VOR/DME–A, Amdt 1.
06/12/03	LA	Marksville	Marksville Muni	3/4625	NDB Rwy 4, Amdt 1A.
06/16/03	IN	Indianapolis	Indianapolis Intl	3/4652	Radar–1, Amdt 31.
06/16/03	NC	Greensboro	Piedmont Triad Intl	3/4656	RNAV (GPS) Rwy 5, Orig.
06/16/03	NC	Greensboro	Piedmont Triad Intl	3/4657	RNAV (GPS) Rwy 14, Orig.
06/17/03	CA	Blythe	Blythe	3/4732	VOR/DME–A, Orig.
06/18/03	SC	Myrtle Beach	Myrtle Beach Intl	3/4724	ILS Rwy 18, Amdt 1D.
06/18/03	SC	Myrtle Beach	Myrtle Beach Intl	3/4725	RNAV (GPS) Rwy 18, Amdt 1A.
06/18/03	SC	Myrtle Beach	Myrtle Beach Intl	3/4726	Radar–1, Amdt 1A.

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FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

16 CFR Part 305

Rule Concerning Disclosures Regarding Energy Consumption and Water Use of Certain Home Appliances and Other Products Required Under the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (“Appliance Labeling Rule”)

AGENCY: Federal Trade Commission

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Federal Trade Commission (Commission) announces that the current ranges of comparability required by the Appliance Labeling Rule (Rule) for room air conditioners, storage-type water heaters, gas-fired instantaneous water heaters, heat pump water heaters, furnaces, boilers, and pool heaters will remain in effect until further notice.

EFFECTIVE DATE: September 25, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Hampton Newsome, Attorney, Division

of Enforcement, Federal Trade Commission, Washington, DC 20580 (202–326–2889).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Rule was issued by the Commission in 1979, 44 FR 66466 (Nov. 19, 1979), in response to a directive in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act of 1975.¹ The Rule covers several categories of major household appliances and other consumer products including water heaters (this category includes storage-type water heaters, gas-fired instantaneous water heaters, and heat pump water heaters), room air conditioners, furnaces (this category includes boilers), and central air conditioners (this category includes heat pumps).

The Rule requires manufacturers of all covered appliances and pool heaters to disclose specific energy consumption or efficiency information (derived from the DOE test procedures) at the point of sale

¹ 42 U.S.C. 6294. The statute also requires the Department of Energy (DOE) to develop test procedures that measure how much energy the appliances use, and to determine the representative average cost a consumer pays for the different types of energy available.

in the form of an “EnergyGuide” label and in catalogs. It also requires manufacturers of furnaces, central air conditioners, and heat pumps either to provide fact sheets showing additional cost information, or to be listed in an industry directory showing the cost information for their products. The Rule requires manufacturers to include, on labels and fact sheets, an energy consumption or efficiency figure and a “range of comparability.” This range shows the highest and lowest energy consumption or efficiencies for all comparable appliance models so consumers can compare the energy consumption or efficiency of other models (perhaps competing brands) similar to the labeled model. The Rule also requires manufacturers to include, on labels for some products, a secondary energy usage disclosure in the form of an estimated annual operating cost based on a specified DOE national average cost for the fuel the appliance uses.

Section 305.8(b) of the Rule requires manufacturers, after filing an initial report, to report certain information annually to the Commission by

specified dates for each product type.² These reports, which are to assist the Commission in preparing the ranges of comparability, contain the estimated annual energy consumption or energy efficiency ratings for the appliances derived from tests performed pursuant to the DOE test procedures. Because manufacturers regularly add new models to their lines, improve existing models, and drop others, the data base from which the ranges of comparability are calculated is constantly changing. To keep the required information consistent with these changes, under section 305.10 of the Rule, the Commission will publish new ranges if an analysis of the new information indicates that the upper or lower limits of the ranges have changed by more than 15%. Otherwise, the Commission will publish a statement that the prior ranges remain in effect for the next year.

Analysis of 2003 Data Submissions

Manufacturers have submitted data for room air conditioners, water heaters (including storage-type, gas-fired instantaneous, and heat pump water heaters), furnaces, boilers, and pool heaters. The ranges of comparability for these products have not changed significantly enough to warrant a change to the current ranges. Therefore, the current ranges for these products will remain in effect until further notice.

This means that manufacturers of storage-type water heaters, furnaces, and boilers must continue to use the ranges that were published on September 23, 1994 (59 FR 48796). These manufacturers must continue to base the disclosures of estimated annual operating cost required at the bottom of EnergyGuides for these products on the 1994 Representative Average Unit Costs of Energy for electricity (8.41 cents per kilo Watt-hour), natural gas (60.4 cents per therm), propane (98 cents per gallon), and/or heating oil (\$1.05 per gallon) that were published by DOE on December 29, 1993 (58 FR 68901), and by the Commission on February 8, 1994 (59 FR 5699).

Manufacturers of gas-fired instantaneous water heaters must continue to use the ranges of comparability that were published on December 20, 1999 (64 FR 71019). They must continue to base the disclosures of estimated annual operating cost required at the bottom of EnergyGuides for these products on the 1999 Representative Average Unit Costs of

Energy for natural gas (68.8 cents per therm) and propane (77 cents per gallon) that were published by DOE on January 5, 1999 (64 FR 487) and by the Commission on February 17, 1999 (64 FR 7783).

Manufacturers of heat pump water heaters must continue to use the ranges that were published on June 24, 2002 (67 FR 42478). Manufacturers of heat pump water heaters must continue to base the disclosures of estimated annual operating cost required at the bottom of EnergyGuides for these products on the 2002 Representative Average Unit Costs of Energy for electricity (8.28 cents per kilo Watt-hour) that were published by DOE on April 24, 2002 (67 FR 20104), and by the Commission on June 7, 2002 (67 FR 39269). Manufacturers of pool heaters must continue to use the ranges that were published on August 21, 1995 (60 FR 43367).

Manufacturers of room air conditioners must continue to use the corrected ranges for room air conditioners that were published on November 13, 1995 (60 FR 56945, at 56949). Manufacturers of room air conditioners must continue to base the disclosures of estimated annual operating cost required at the bottom of EnergyGuides for these products on the 1995 Representative Average Unit Costs of Energy for electricity (8.67 cents per kilo Watt-hour), natural gas (63 cents per therm), propane (98.5 cents per gallon), and/or heating oil (\$1.008 per gallon) that were published by DOE on January 5, 1995 (60 FR 1773), and by the Commission on February 17, 1995 (60 FR 9295).

For up-to-date tables showing current range and cost information for all covered appliances, see the Commission's Appliance Labeling Rule Web page at <http://www.ftc.gov/appliances>.

List of Subjects in 16 CFR Part 305

Advertising, Energy conservation, Household appliances, Labeling, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

■ The authority citation for Part 305 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 6294.

By direction of the Commission.

Donald S. Clark,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 03-16301 Filed 6-26-03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6750-01-M

CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION

16 CFR Part 1502

Confirmation of Effective Date of Rules Declaring Metal-Cored Candlewicks Containing Lead and Candles With Such Wicks To Be Hazardous Substances and Banning Them

AGENCY: Consumer Product Safety Commission.

ACTION: Final rule; confirmation of effective date.

SUMMARY: In the **Federal Register** of April 18, 2003, 68 FR 19142-8, the Consumer Product Safety Commission (the Commission) published final regulations declaring that metal-cored candlewicks containing more than 0.06 percent lead by weight in the metal and candles with such wicks are hazardous substances and banning such wicks and candles with such wicks. No objections were filed and no hearing was requested on the final regulations during the thirty day period commencing on the day after their publication in the **Federal Register**. Therefore, the Commission confirms that the final regulations become effective on October 15, 2003.

DATES: The final regulations at 68 FR 19142-8, April 18, 2003, become effective on October 15, 2003.

ADDRESSES: Copies of the final regulations declaring that metal-cored candlewicks containing more than 0.06 percent lead by weight in the metal and candles with such wicks are hazardous substances and banning such wicks and candles with such wicks are available for inspection at the Commission's Public Reading Room, Room 419, 4330 East-West Highway, Bethesda, Maryland. The regulations are also available on the CPSC Web site at www.cpsc.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For further information on the final regulations declaring that metal-cored candlewicks containing more than 0.06 percent lead by weight in the metal and candles with such wicks are hazardous substances and banning such wicks and candles with such wicks, contact Geri Smith, Office of Compliance, Consumer Product Safety Commission, Washington, DC 20207; telephone (301) 504-7529; e-mail gsmith@cpsc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Procedures established by section 701(e) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 371(e), govern the Commission action to issue the final regulations declaring that metal-cored candlewicks containing more than 0.06

² Reports for room air conditioners, heat pump water heaters, storage-type water heaters, gas-fired instantaneous water heaters, furnaces, boilers, and pool heaters are due May 1.