

research learns about the research, makes an educated decision about participating, and is provided with additional information on a continuing basis, as needed, so as to remain adequately informed throughout participation in the study.

Examination of the available medical literature provides little information on the extent to which persons who may consider participating in FDA regulated clinical research understand clinical research or the informed consent process. We (FDA) propose to perform a survey, the goal of which is to gain information about the general public's perceptions and knowledge about clinical research and informed consent. To accomplish this goal, a sample of the general public will be asked to answer a questionnaire in a mall-intercept survey.

Seven hundred and fifty adult males and females (over the age of 18) who

come from varied socioeconomic, ethnic, and educational backgrounds will be recruited for participation. A sample of nine subjects will be interviewed in a 30-minute pretest that will be used to help refine the questionnaire as needed, based on feedback from the pretest participants. Thereafter, the remaining subjects will participate in 15-minute interviews conducted at appropriate facilities in three geographically distributed shopping malls in the United States: Northeast, Midwest, and West.

Individuals who appear to be age appropriate will be approached by recruiters in public areas of the shopping malls. The recruiters will be clearly identified with name badges or other identification showing their affiliation with the study contractor. The recruiter will briefly explain the purpose of the study and ask the

individuals if they are interested in participating in the interview. Those who agree to participate will be interviewed.

The survey questionnaire that will be used is available for review upon request.

Results of the proposed research will be used to help design a plan to educate U.S. consumers about clinical research, human subject protection, and the role of the informed consent process in clinical trials. It is expected that future consumer education programs will enhance protection for future research subjects by making subjects better informed about the clinical research process, their rights in clinical research, and the importance of the informed consent process to their protection.

FDA estimates the burden of this collection of information as follows:

TABLE 1.—ESTIMATED ANNUAL REPORTING BURDEN¹

No. of Respondents	Annual Frequency per Response	Total Annual Responses	Hours per Response	Total Hours
9 (pre-test)	1	9	0.5	4.5
741 (consumer survey)	1	741	0.25	185.25
Total				189.75

¹There are no capital costs or operating and maintenance costs associated with this collection of information.

Dated: May 30, 2003.

Jeffrey Shuren,

Assistant Commissioner for Policy.

[FR Doc. 03-14216 Filed 6-4-03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160-01-S

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

Request for Notification From Industry Organizations Interested in Participating in Selection Process for Nonvoting Industry Representatives on Public Advisory Committees and Request for Nominations for Nonvoting Industry Representatives on Public Advisory Committees

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is requesting that any industry organizations interested in participating in the selection of nonvoting industry representatives to serve on its public advisory committees for the Center for Drug Evaluation and Research (CDER) notify FDA in writing. FDA is also requesting nominations for

nonvoting industry representatives to serve on CDER's public advisory committees. A nominee may either be self-nominated or nominated by an organization to serve as a nonvoting industry representative. Nominations will be accepted for current vacancies effective with this notice.

DATES: Any industry organization interested in participating in the selection of an appropriate nonvoting member to represent industry interests must send a letter stating that interest to the FDA by July 7, 2003 for vacancies listed in this notice. Concurrently, nomination materials for prospective candidates should be sent to FDA by July 7, 2003.

ADDRESSES: All letters of interest and nominations should be submitted in writing to Igor Cerny (*see FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT*).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Igor Cerny, Advisors and Consultants Staff (HFD-21), Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857, 301-827-7001.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 120 of the FDA Modernization Act of 1997 (FDAMA) (21 U.S.C. 355) requires that newly formed FDA advisory committees include representatives from the drug manufacturing industries.

Although not required for existing committees, to keep within the spirit of FDAMA, the agency intends to add nonvoting industry representatives to all CDER advisory committees identified in the following paragraphs.

I. CDER Advisory Committees

1. Advisory Committee for Pharmaceutical Science

Advises on scientific and technical issues concerning the safety and effectiveness of human generic drug products for use in the treatment of a broad spectrum of human diseases.

2. Advisory Committee for Reproductive Health Drugs

Reviews and evaluates available data concerning the safety and effectiveness of marketed and investigational human drug products for use in obstetrics, gynecology, and contraception.

3. Anesthetic and Life Support Drugs Advisory Committee

Reviews and evaluates available data concerning the safety and effectiveness of marketed and investigational human drug products for use in anesthesiology and surgery.

4. *Anti-Infective Drugs Advisory Committee*

Reviews and evaluates available data concerning the safety and effectiveness of marketed and investigational human drug products for use in the treatment of infectious diseases and disorders.

5. *Anti-Viral Drugs Advisory Committee*

Reviews and evaluates available data concerning the safety and effectiveness of marketed and investigational human drug products for use in the treatment of acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS), HIV-related illnesses, and other viral, fungal, and mycobacterial infections.

6. *Arthritis Advisory Committee*

Reviews and evaluates available data concerning the safety and effectiveness of marketed and investigational human drug products for use in the treatment of arthritis, rheumatism, and related diseases.

7. *Cardiovascular and Renal Drugs Advisory Committee*

Reviews and evaluates available data concerning the safety and effectiveness of marketed and investigational human drug products for use in the treatment of cardiovascular and renal disorders.

8. *Dermatologic and Ophthalmic Drugs Advisory Committee*

Reviews and evaluates available data concerning the safety and effectiveness of marketed and investigational human drug products for use in the practice of dermatologic and ophthalmic disorders.

9. *Drug Safety and Risk Management Advisory Committee (formerly Drug Abuse Advisory Committee)*

Advises the Commissioner of Food and Drugs regarding the scientific and medical evaluation of all information gathered by the Department of Health and Human Services and the Department of Justice with the regard to safety, efficacy, and abuse potential, risk management, risk communication and quantitative evaluation of spontaneous reports, and recommends actions to be taken by the Food and Drug Administration with regard to marketing, investigation and control of such drugs or other substances.

10. *Endocrinologic and Metabolic Drugs Advisory Committee*

Reviews and evaluates available data concerning the safety and effectiveness of marketed and investigational human drug products for use in the treatment of endocrine and metabolic disorders.

11. *Gastrointestinal Drugs Advisory Committee*

Reviews and evaluates available data concerning the safety and effectiveness of marketed and investigational human drug products for use in the treatment of gastrointestinal disorders.

12. *Nonprescription Drugs Advisory Committee*

Reviews and evaluates available data concerning the safety and effectiveness of the over-the-counter (nonprescription) human drug products for use in the treatment of a broad spectrum of human symptoms and diseases.

13. *Oncologic Drugs Advisory Committee*

Reviews and evaluates available data concerning the safety and effectiveness of marketed and investigational human drug products for the use in the treatment of cancer.

14. *Peripheral and Central Nervous System Drugs Advisory Committee*

Reviews and evaluates available data concerning the safety and effectiveness of marketed and investigational human drug products for use in the treatment of neurologic disease.

15. *Psychopharmacologic Drug Advisory Committee*

Reviews and evaluates available data concerning the safety and effectiveness of marketed and investigational human drug products for use in the practice of psychiatry and related fields.

16. *Pulmonary-Allergy Drugs Advisory Committee*

Reviews and evaluates available data concerning the safety and effectiveness of marketed and investigational human drug products for use in the treatment of pulmonary disease and diseases with allergic and/or immunologic mechanisms.

II. Selection Procedure

Any industry organization interested in participating in the selection of an appropriate nonvoting member to represent industry interests should send a letter stating that interest to the FDA contact (*see FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT*) within 30 days of publication of this document. Within the subsequent 15 days, FDA will send a letter to each organization that has expressed an interest, attaching a complete list of all such organizations; and a list of all nominees along with their current resumes. The letter will also state that it is the responsibility of the interested organizations to confer

with one another and to select a candidate, within 60 days after the receipt of the FDA letter, to serve as the nonvoting member to represent industry interests for a particular committee. The interested organizations are not bound by the list of nominees in selecting a candidate. However, if no individual is selected within 60 days, the Commissioner of Food and Drugs will select the nonvoting member to represent industry interests.

III. Application Procedure

Individuals may self nominate and/or an organization may nominate one or more individuals to serve as a nonvoting industry representative. A current curriculum vitae and the name of the committee of interest should be sent to the FDA contact person. FDA will forward all nominations to the organizations expressing interest in participating in the selection process for that committee. (Persons who nominate themselves as nonvoting industry representatives will not participate in the selection process.)

FDA has a special interest in ensuring that women, minority groups, individuals with physical disabilities, and small businesses are adequately represented on its advisory committees, and therefore, encourages nominations for appropriately qualified candidates from these groups. Specifically, in this document, nominations for nonvoting representatives of industry interests are encouraged from drug manufacturing industry.

This notice is issued under the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. app. 2) and 21 CFR part 14, relating to advisory committees.

Dated: May 29, 2003.

Peter J. Pitts,

Associate Commissioner for External Relations.

[FR Doc. 03-14215 Filed 6-4-03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160-01-S

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

Request for Nominations for Nonvoting Representatives of Industry Interests on Public Advisory Panels or Committees

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is requesting nominations for nonvoting industry