

List of Subjects for 40 CFR Part 63

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Air pollution control, Hazardous substances, Intergovernmental relations, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: March 3, 2003.

Robert Brenner,

Acting Assistant Administrator for Air and Radiation.

For the reasons set out in the preamble, title 40, chapter I, part 63, subpart XXXX of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

PART 63—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 63 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401, *et seq.*

Subpart XXXX—[Amended]

2. Section 63.5994(c)(4) is amended by revising the term HAP_k to read as follows:

§ 63.5994 How do I conduct tests and procedures for tire production affected sources?

* * * * *

(c) * * *

(4) * * *

HAP_k = mass percent, expressed as a decimal, of all HAP in cement and solvent k, as purchased, for cements and solvents used in the month in processes that are routed to a control device during non-control operating days, which are defined as days when either the control system is not operating within the operating range established during the performance test or when monitoring data are not collected.

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3. Section 63.6015 is amended by revising the definition of *Cements and solvents* to read as follows:

§ 63.6015 What definitions apply to this subpart?

* * * * *

Cements and solvents means the collection of all organic chemicals, mixtures of chemicals, and compounds used in the production of rubber tires, including cements, solvents, and mixtures used as process aids. Cements and solvents include, but are not limited to, tread end cements, undertread cements, bead cements, tire building cements and solvents, green tire spray, blemish repair paints, side wall protective paints, marking inks, materials used to clean process equipment, and slab dip mixtures.

Cements and solvents do not include coatings or process aids used in tire cord production, puncture sealant application, rubber processing, or materials used to construct, repair, or maintain process equipment, or chemicals and compounds that are not used in the tire production process such as materials used in routine janitorial or facility grounds maintenance, office supplies (e.g., dry-erase markers, correction fluid), architectural paint, or any substance to the extent it is used for personal, family, or household purposes, or is present in the same form and concentration as a product packaged for distribution to and use by the general public.

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[FR Doc. 03-5713 Filed 3-11-03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION**47 CFR Part 0**

[DA 03-445]

Commission Organization

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This document amends the Commission's rules to reflect the name change of the Commission's Office of Plans and Policy.

DATES: Effective February 7, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mary Beth Richards, 202-418-1514.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This action was taken by order of the Managing Director on authority delegated by the Commission. The order (DA 03-445) was released on March 5, 2003, and the full text of the order is available for public inspection on-line at <http://www.fcc.gov> or in the Reference Center of the Federal Communications Commission, 445 12th Street, SW., Washington, D.C. 20554. To more accurately reflect the expanded emphasis by the Commission's Office of Plans and Policy on strategic planning, the Office's name has been changed to the Office of Strategic Planning and Policy Analysis. Since this name change pertains to agency organization, procedure, and practice, the notice and comment provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act contained in 5 U.S.C. 553(b) are not applicable.

Federal Communications Commission.

Andrew S. Fishel,

Managing Director.

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, the Federal Communications Commission amends 47 CFR part 0 as follows:

PART 0—COMMISSION ORGANIZATION

1. The authority citation for part 0 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 5, 48 Stat. 1068, as amended; 47 U.S.C. 155, 225, unless otherwise noted.

§§ 0.5, 0.21, 0.31, and 0.271 [Amended]

2. In part 0 remove the words "Office of Plans and Policy" and add, in their place, the words "Office of Strategic Planning and Policy Analysis" in the following places:

- a. Center heading before §§ 0.21 and 0.271;
- b. Section 0.5(a)(4);
- c. Section 0.21 introductory text;
- d. Section 0.31(g); and
- e. Section 0.271(a).

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NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION**48 CFR Part 1825**

RIN 2700-AC33

Trade Agreements Act—Exception for U.S.-Made End Products

AGENCY: National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This final rule adopts without change the proposed rule published in the *Federal Register* (67 FR 68551) on November 12, 2002. This final rule amends the NASA FAR Supplement (NFS) to implement the determination of the Assistant Administrator for Procurement that, for procurements subject to the Trade Agreements Act, it would be inconsistent with the public interest to apply the Buy American Act for U.S.-made end products that are substantially transformed in the United States.

EFFECTIVE DATE: March 12, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Patrick Flynn, Code HK, (202) 358-0460; e-mail: pflynn@hq.nasa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

A. Background

On September 13, 2002, the Assistant Administrator for Procurement

determined that, for procurements subject to the Trade Agreements Act, it would be inconsistent with the public interest to apply the Buy American Act to U.S.-made end products that are substantially transformed in the United States. The September 13, 2002, determination is consistent with Federal Acquisition Regulation policy and the Department of Defense policy with regard to the treatment of U.S.-made end products. This final rule implements the September 13, 2002, determination. This final rule will simplify evaluation of offers in acquisitions subject to the Trade Agreements Act, because it will no longer be necessary to determine if a U.S.-made end product is also a domestic end product, *i.e.*, the cost of domestic components exceeds the cost of all components by more than 50 percent.

NASA published a proposed rule in the **Federal Register** (67 FR 68551) on November 12, 2002. Public comments were received from one industry association. Comments received were supportive of the change. This final rule adopts the proposed rule without change.

This final rule is not subject to Office of Management and Budget review under Executive Order 12866, dated September 30, 1993.

B. Regulatory Flexibility Act

NASA certifies that this final rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small business entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601, *et seq.*) because NASA has few acquisitions subject to the Trade Agreements Act in which small businesses proposing domestic end products have received a percent price evaluation preference over offers of U.S.-made end products for which the cost of foreign components exceeds the cost of domestic components by 50 percent or more.

C. Paperwork Reduction Act

The Paperwork Reduction Act does not apply because the changes do not impose any new recordkeeping or information collection requirements which require the approval of the Office of Management and Budget under 44 U.S.C. 3501, *et seq.* This final rule eliminates the requirement for offerors to track and document the origin of components of U.S.-made end products in acquisitions subject to the Trade Agreements Act in order to comply with the FAR.

List of Subjects in 48 CFR Part 1825

Government procurement.

Tom Luedtke,

Assistant Administrator for Procurement.

Accordingly, 48 CFR part 1825 is amended as follows:

1. The authority citation for 48 CFR Part 1825 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 2473(c)(1).

PART 1825—FOREIGN ACQUISITION

1825.103 [Amended]

2. Amend section 1825.103 by adding paragraph (a)(iii) to read as follows:

1825.103 Exceptions.

(a) * * *

(iii) The Assistant Administrator for Procurement has determined that for procurements subject to the Trade Agreements Act, it would be inconsistent with the public interest to apply the Buy American Act to U.S.-made end products that are substantially transformed in the United States.

3. Amend section 1825.1101 by adding paragraph (c)(1) to read as follows:

1825.1101 Acquisition of supplies.

(c)(1) NASA has determined that the restrictions of the Buy American Act are not applicable to U.S.-made end products.

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[FR Doc. 03-5907 Filed 3-11-03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7510-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Research and Special Programs Administration

49 CFR Parts 107, 190, 191, 192, 193, 195, 198 and 199

RIN 2137-AD43

Revisions; Definition of Administrator

AGENCY: Research and Special Programs Administration (RSPA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: In this final rule, RSPA modifies or adds the definition of Administrator in several sections of the Code of Federal Regulations. RSPA has determined that there is a need to change or add the definition of Administrator for clarification purposes and for consistency between the RSPA regulations.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This rule is effective March 12, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Astrid Lopez-Goldberg, Attorney, Research and Special Programs Administration, Office of Chief Counsel, Room 8407, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Washington, DC 20590. Telephone: (202)366-4400, Fax: (202)366-7041, e-mail: *astrid.lopez-goldberg@rspa.dot.gov*.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: After a review of the RSPA regulations, RSPA has determined that there is a need to change or add the definition of Administrator for clarification purposes and for consistency between the RSPA regulations.

Regulatory Analyses and Notices

A. Executive Order 12866 and DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures

This final rule is not considered a significant regulatory action under section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 and, therefore, was not subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget. This rule is not significant according to the Regulatory Policies and Procedures of the Department of Transportation (44 FR 11034). Because of the minimal economic impact of this rule, preparation of a regulatory impact analysis or a regulatory evaluation is not warranted.

B. Executive Order 12612

This regulation would not have substantial direct effect on states, on the relationship between the Federal Government and the states, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of Government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612 (52 FR 41685; October 30, 1987), RSPA has determined that this regulation would not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant preparation of a federalism assessment.

C. Executive Order 13084

Because this regulation would not significantly or uniquely affect the communities of the Indian tribal governments, the funding and consultation requirements of this Executive Order do not apply.

D. Regulatory Flexibility Act

RSPA certifies, under section 605 of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C.), that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

E. Paperwork Reduction Act

There are no new information collection requirements in this final rule.