

section 203(a)(1) of the IEEPA. The Export Administration Act authorizes the President to control exports of U.S. goods and technology to all foreign destinations, as necessary for the purposes of national security, foreign policy and short supply. The International Emergency Economic Powers Act authorizes the President to take actions to deal with any unusual and extraordinary threat, which has its source in whole or substantial part outside of the United States, to the national security, foreign policy, or economy of the United States. This policy has since been implemented and updated in the Export Administration Regulations (EAR) (see December 30, 1996 (61 FR 68572); September 22, 1998 (63 FR 50516); December 31, 1998 (63 FR 72156); January 14, 2000 (65 FR 2492); October 19, 2000 (65 FR 62600), and June 6, 2002 (67 FR 38855)). As described in these regulations, the U.S. encryption export control policy rests on three principles: review of encryption products prior to sale, streamlined post-export reporting, and license review of certain exports of strong encryption to foreign government end-users. Consistent with these principles, national security requires that information be collected from the public as described both in this collection and in collection 0694-0088. The regulations developed by the Bureau of Industry and Security in consultation with other Federal agencies, implements the U.S. encryption export policy last revised in regulations published on June 6, 2002. This notice updates and revises the paperwork burden on the public imposed by these regulations.

*Affected Public:* Individuals, businesses or other for-profit institutions.

*Respondent's Obligation:* Mandatory.

*OMB Desk Officer:* David Rostker.

Copies of the above information collection proposal can be obtained by calling or writing Diana Hynek, 202-482-0266, Office of the Chief Information Officer, Department of Commerce, Room 6625, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington DC 20230.

Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to David Rostker, OMB Desk Officer, Room 10202, New Executive Office Building, Washington, DC 20230.

Dated: January 30, 2003.

**Madeleine Clayton,**

*Management Analyst, Office of the Chief Information Officer.*

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## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### International Trade Administration

[A-570-846]

#### Notice of Amended Preliminary Results of the Seventh New Shipper Review: Brake Rotors from the People's Republic of China

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of Amended Preliminary Results of the Seventh New Shipper Review.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** February 5, 2003.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Terre Keaton or Brian Smith, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-1280 or (202) 482-1766, respectively.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

#### Amended Preliminary Results

We are amending the preliminary results of the seventh new shipper review of the antidumping duty order on brake rotors from the People's Republic of China ("PRC") to reflect a revision to the cash deposit requirements for the two companies subject to this review.

#### Case History

On January 8, 2003, the Department published the preliminary results of the seventh new shipper review of brake rotors from the PRC (68 FR 1031) ("preliminary results").<sup>1</sup> In the preliminary results, we failed to state accurately the cash deposit requirements for Zibo Golden Harvest Machinery Limited Company ("Golden Harvest") and Shanxi Fengkun Metallurgical Ltd. Co. ("Shanxi

Fengkun"), the two respondents in the seventh new shipper review, as explained further below.

#### Amendment of Preliminary Results

We are amending the preliminary results of the seventh new shipper review of brake rotors from the PRC to reflect a revision to the cash deposit requirements for new shippers in accordance with our recent practice. See *Final Results of the Antidumping Duty New Shipper Review in Fresh Garlic From the People's Republic of China*, 67 FR 72139 (December 4, 2002); *Final Results of Antidumping Duty New Shipper Review in Certain Forged Stainless Steel Flanges From India*, 68 FR 351 (January 3, 2003); and *Final Results of the Antidumping Duty New Shipper Review in Certain In-Shell Raw Pistachios From Iran*, 68 FR 353 (January 3, 2003). Specifically, bonding will no longer be permitted to fulfill security requirements for shipments from Golden Harvest or Shanxi Fengkun of brake rotors from the PRC entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of the final results of the new shipper review. Furthermore, the following cash deposit requirements will be effective upon publication of the final results of the new shipper review for all shipments from Golden Harvest or Shanxi Fengkun of subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date: (1) for subject merchandise manufactured and exported by Golden Harvest, and for subject merchandise manufactured and exported by Shanxi Fengkun, no cash deposit will be required; (2) for subject merchandise exported by either Golden Harvest or Shanxi Fengkun but not manufactured by them the cash deposit will be the PRC countrywide rate (*i.e.*, 43.32 percent). All other cash deposit requirements noted in the preliminary results remain unchanged. We are issuing and publishing these amended preliminary results and this notice in accordance with section 751(a)(2)(B) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended.

Dated: January 29, 2003.

**Bernard T. Carreau,**

*Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.*

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<sup>1</sup> The preliminary results for the seventh new shipper review of the antidumping duty order on brake rotors from the PRC were issued concurrently with those of the fifth administrative review of the order.