

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding a new airworthiness directive to read as follows:

2002-22-51 MD Helicopters, Inc.:

Amendment 39-12975. Docket No. 2002-SW-50-AD.

Applicability: MD-900 helicopters, serial numbers 900-00008 through 900-00110, with a main rotor support static mast (mast), part number 900F2401021-101, installed, certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each helicopter identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been otherwise modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For helicopters that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (d) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required before further flight, unless accomplished previously.

To detect cracks and pitting in the mast that could result in failure of the mast, separation of the main rotor, and subsequent loss of control of the helicopter, accomplish the following:

(a) Remove the main rotor drive shaft.

Note 2: MD Helicopters, Inc. Service Bulletin No. SB900-089R1, dated October 22, 2002, pertains to the subject of this AD and has a Figure 1 depicting the inspection areas of the mast.

(b) Remove 1 inch of primer from the top inside diameter of the mast. During paint removal, wipe the area clean. Do not scrub or flush the area. Do not allow paint stripper to run down the inside or outside surfaces of the mast below the work area or enter into the transmission. Inspect the top 1 inch of the inside diameter of the mast for a crack or pitting using a bright light and a 10x or higher magnifying glass. If you find any crack or pitting, remove the mast from service.

(c) Remove the main rotor hub assembly. Clean the threads of the mast thoroughly with solvent. Inspect the mast threads for a crack using a bright light and a 20x or higher

magnifying glass. Pay particular attention to the thread root area. If you see a flaw in the thread area and cannot determine if it is a crack, perform a magnetic particle inspection (wet fluorescent) per ASTM E 1444-01 using an electromagnetic yoke or coil. If you find any crack or pitting, remove the mast from service.

(d) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office, FAA. Operators shall submit their requests through an FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may concur or comment and then send it to the Manager, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office.

Note 3: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office.

(e) Special flight permits will not be issued.

(f) This amendment becomes effective on December 26, 2002, to all persons except those persons to whom it was made immediately effective by Emergency AD 2002-22-51, issued October 23, 2002, which contained the requirements of this amendment.

Issued in Fort Worth, Texas, on November 25, 2002.

Eric Bries,

Acting Manager, Rotorcraft Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 02-31176 Filed 12-10-02; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**Federal Aviation Administration****14 CFR Part 39**

[Docket No. 99-NE-35-AD; Amendment 39-12953; AD 2002-23-09]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; MT-Propeller Entwicklung GMBH Models MTV-9-B-C and MTV-3-B-C Propellers; Correction

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Final rule; correction.

SUMMARY: This document makes a correction to Airworthiness Directive (AD) 2002-23-09 applicable to MT-Propeller Entwicklung GMBH Models MTV-9-B-C and MTV-3-B-C propellers that was published in the **Federal Register** on November 25, 2002 (67 FR 70532). The AD number listed in the amendatory language of the regulatory information is incorrect. This document corrects that number. In all other respects, the original document remains the same.

EFFECTIVE DATE: December 30, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Wayne E. Gaulzetti, Aerospace Engineer, Boston Aircraft Certification Office, FAA, Engine and Propeller Directorate, 12 New England Executive Park, Burlington, MA 01803-5299; telephone (781) 238-7156, fax (781) 238-7199.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A final rule AD, FR Doc. 02-29354 applicable to MT-Propeller Entwicklung GMBH Models MTV-9-B-C and MTV-3-B-C propellers that was published in the **Federal Register** on November 25, 2002 (67 FR 70532). The following correction is needed:

§ 39.13 [Corrected]

On page 70532, in the third column, in the Amendatory Language, in the fifth paragraph, remove the AD number "2002-2-23-09" and add in its place "2002-23-09".

Issued in Burlington, MA, on December 4, 2002.

Francis A. Favara,

Assistant Manager, Engine and Propeller Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 02-31174 Filed 12-10-02; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**Federal Aviation Administration****14 CFR Part 39**

[Docket No. 2002-NE-13-AD; Amendment 39-12946; AD 2002-23-02]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; General Electric Company CF34-8C1 Turbofan Engines, Correction

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Final rule; correction.

SUMMARY: This document makes a correction to Airworthiness Directive (AD) 2002-23-09 applicable to General Electric Company CF34-8C1 turbofan engines that was published in the **Federal Register** on November 20, 2002 (67 FR 70004). Table 801 was incorrectly numbered in three locations in the AD. This document corrects that number. In all other respects, the original document remains the same.

EFFECTIVE DATE: December 26, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Keith Mead, Aerospace Engineer, Engine Certification Office, FAA, Engine and Propeller Directorate, 12 New England Executive Park, Burlington, MA

01803-5299; telephone (781) 238-7744; fax (781) 238-7199.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A final rule AD, FR Doc, 02-29355 applicable to General Electric Company CF34-8C1 turbofan engines was published in the **Federal Register** on November 20, 2002 (67 FR 70004). The following correction is needed:

§ 39.13 [Corrected]

On page 70005, in the first column, in the Comments Section, in the fourth paragraph, in the eighth and again in the thirteenth lines, "Table 805" is corrected to read "Table 801". Also on page 70005, in the third column in the ninth paragraph, "Table 805" is corrected to read "Table 801".

Dated: Issued in Burlington, MA, on December 4, 2002.

Francis A. Favara,

Assistant Manager, Engine and Propeller Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 02-31173 Filed 12-10-02; 8:45 am]

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BROADCASTING BOARD OF GOVERNORS

22 CFR Part 507

Sunshine Act Meetings

AGENCY: The Broadcasting Board of Governors.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This regulation establishes rules for implementing open meetings under the Sunshine Act for the Broadcasting Board of Governors (BBG or Agency).

EFFECTIVE DATE: December 11, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Carol M. Booker, Legal Counsel, at (202) 401-3736.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Public Law 103-236, the United States Broadcasting Act of 1994, created the BBG within the United States Information Agency (USIA). By law, the bipartisan board consisted of nine members—eight members who were appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and the USIA Director.

On October 21, 1998, President Clinton signed Pub. L. 105-277, the Omnibus Consolidated Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act for Fiscal Year 1999. Contained as Division G of this legislation was the Foreign Affairs Reform and Restructuring Act of 1998, which reorganized the foreign affairs agencies of the U.S. Government. Under this reorganization, the

Broadcasting Board of Governors became an independent Federal entity on October 1, 1999. Under the reorganization of the foreign affairs agencies, the responsibilities of the Board remained intact, and the membership of the Board remained the same, except that the USIA Director was replaced by the Secretary of State.

The BBG has responsibility for oversight of all United States sponsored, non-military broadcasting to foreign countries. The BBG oversees the operations of the International Broadcasting Bureau (IBB), which includes the worldwide broadcasting services of the Voice of America (VOA), WORLDNET, the Office of Cuba Broadcasting (OCB), Engineering and Technical Operations. The BBG also oversees two grantee organizations, Radio Free Europe/Radio Liberty (RFE/RL) and Radio Free Asia (RFA). The Board members also serve as the members of the Board of Directors of both RFE/RL and RFA.

The Board's authorities include, among others:

- To review and evaluate the mission and operation of, and assess the quality, effectiveness, and professional integrity of, all such activities within the broad foreign policy objectives of the United States;
- To make and supervise grants for broadcasting and related activities of RFE/RL and RFA;
- To review, evaluate and determine, at least annually, the addition or deletion of language services; and
- To allocate funds appropriated for international broadcasting activities among the various elements of the IBB and grantees, subject to reprogramming notification.

In total, the BBG broadcasting entities transmit more than 2,000 hours of weekly programming in 61 languages to more than 100 million weekly listeners worldwide.

The Sunshine Act (5 U.S.C. 552b) is a Federal Law that requires meetings of Federal Agencies to remain public and in most cases the time, place and subject matter of the meeting should be announced prior to its occurrence.

In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 605(b), the BBG certifies that the rules do not have a significant adverse economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. This rule is not considered significant regulatory action within the meaning of section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866, nor does this rule have Federalism implications warranting the preparation of a Federalism Assessment in accordance with Executive Order 12612.

Dated: December 3, 2002.

Carol M. Booker,

Legal Counsel, Broadcasting Board of Governors.

List of Subjects in 22 CFR Part 507

Sunshine Act.

Accordingly, for the reasons set out in the preamble, 22 CFR Part 507 is added to read as follows:

PART 507—RULES FOR IMPLEMENTING OPEN MEETINGS UNDER THE SUNSHINE ACT FOR THE BROADCASTING BOARD OF GOVERNORS

Sec.

- 507.1 General policies.
- 507.2 Definitions.
- 507.3 Requirement for open meetings.
- 507.4 Grounds on which meetings may be closed.
- 507.5 Procedures for announcing meetings.
- 507.6 Procedures for closing meetings.
- 507.7 Reconsideration of opening or closing a meeting.
- 507.8 Recording keeping of closed meetings.

Authority: Pub. L. 93-129, 87 Stat. 956, 5 U.S.C. 552b.

§ 507.1 General policies.

The Broadcasting Board of Governors will provide the public with the fullest practical information regarding its decision making process while protecting the rights of individuals and its abilities to carry out its responsibilities.

§ 507.2 Definitions.

The following definitions apply:

(a) The term agency includes any establishment in the executive branch of the government headed by a collegial body composed of two or more individual members, a majority of whom are appointed to such position by the President with the advice and consent of the Senate, and any subdivision thereof authorized to act on behalf of the agency. The Broadcasting Board of Governors is a government agency headed by a nine-member board, eight of whom are appointed by the President with the advice and consent of the Senate, and the ninth being the Secretary of State. Therefore, the Broadcasting Board of Governors is an "agency" under these terms.

(b) The term meeting means the deliberation of this Board where such deliberations determine or result in the joint conduct or disposition of official Board business.

(c) The term member means an individual who belongs to the Board who has been appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate or is the Secretary of State.