commercial vendor or any mailing(s) made from commercial lists.

(b) Allocation. The portion of the costs of such activities allocable to Federal candidates is paid from contributions subject to the limitations and prohibitions of the Act. But see 11 CFR 100.24, 104.17(a), and part 300, subpart B for exempt activities that also constitute Federal election activity.

(c) Contributions designated for Federal candidates. Such payment is not made from contributions designated to be spent on behalf of a particular candidate or candidates for Federal office. For the purposes of this paragraph, a contribution shall not be considered a designated contribution if the party committee disbursing the funds makes the final decision regarding which candidate(s) shall receive the benefit of such disbursement.

(d) References to House or Senate candidates. For purposes of this section, if such activities include references to any candidate(s) for the House or Senate, the costs of such activities that are allocable to that candidate(s) shall be an expenditure on behalf of such candidate(s) unless the mention of such candidate(s) is merely incidental to the overall activity.

(e) Phone banks. For purposes of this section, payment of the costs incurred in the use of phone banks in connection with voter registration and get-out-the-vote activities is not an expenditure when such phone banks are operated by volunteer workers. The use of paid professionals to design the phone bank system, develop calling instructions and train supervisors is permissible. The payment of the costs of such professional services is not an expenditure but shall be reported as a disbursement in accordance with 11 CFR 104.3 if made by a political committee.

(f) Reporting of payments for voter registration and get-out-the-vote activities. If made by a political committee, such payments for voter registration and get-out-the-vote activities shall be reported by that committee as disbursements, in accordance with 11 CFR 104.3 but such payments need not be allocated to specific candidates in committee reports except as provided in paragraph (d) of this section.

(g) Exemption not applicable to donations by a national committee of a political party to a State or local party committee for voter registration and get-out-the-vote activities. Payments made from funds donated by a national committee of a political party to a State or local party committee for voter registration and get-out-the-vote activities shall not qualify under this exemption. Rather, such funds shall be subject to the limitations of 2 U.S.C. 441a(d) and 11 CFR 110.7.

§100.150 Ballot access fees.

Amounts transferred by a party committee to another party committee or payments made to the appropriate State official of fees collected from candidates or their authorized committees as a condition of ballot access are not expenditures.

§100.151 Recounts.

A purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of value made with respect to a recount of the results of a Federal election, or an election contest concerning a Federal election, is not an expenditure except that the prohibitions of 11 CFR 110.4(a) and part 114 apply.

§100.152 Fundraising costs for Presidential candidates.

(a) Costs incurred in connection with the solicitation of contributions. Any costs incurred by a candidate or his or her authorized committee(s) in connection with the solicitation of contributions are not expenditures if incurred by a candidate who has been certified to receive Presidential Primary Matching Fund Payments, or by a candidate who has been certified to receive general election public financing under 26 U.S.C. 9004 and who is soliciting contributions in accordance with 26 U.S.C. 9003(b)(2) or 9003(c)(2) to the extent that the aggregate of such costs does not exceed 20 percent of the expenditure limitation applicable to the candidate. These costs shall, however, be reported as disbursements pursuant to 11 CFR part 104.

(b) Definition of in connection with the solicitation of contributions. For a candidate who has been certified to receive general election public financing under 26 U.S.C. 9004 and who is soliciting contributions in accordance with 26 U.S.C. 9003(b)(2) or 9003(c)(2), in connection with the solicitation of contributions means any cost reasonably related to fundraising activity, including the costs of printing and postage, the production of and space or air time for, advertisements used for fundraising, and the costs of meals, beverages, and other costs associated with a fundraising reception or dinner.

(c) Limitation on costs that may be exempted. For a candidate who has been certified to receive Presidential Primary Matching Fund Payments, the costs that may be exempted as fundraising expenses under this section shall not exceed 20% of the overall expenditure limitation under 11 CFR 9035.1, and shall equal the total of:

(1) All amounts excluded from the state expenditure limitations for exempt fundraising activities under 11 CFR 110.8(c)(2), plus

(2) An amount of costs that would otherwise be chargeable to the overall expenditure limitation but that are not chargeable to any state expenditure limitation, such as salary and travel expenses. See 11 CFR 106.2.

§100.153 Routine living expenses.

Payments by a candidate from his or her personal funds, as defined at 11 CFR 110.10(b), for the candidate’s routine living expenses that would have been incurred without candidacy, including the cost of food and residence, are not expenditures. Payments for such expenses by a member of the candidate’s family as defined in 11 CFR 113.1(g)(7), are not expenditures if the payments are made from an account jointly held with the candidate, or if the expenses were paid by the family member before the candidate became a candidate.

§100.154 Candidate debates.

Funds used to defray costs incurred in staging candidate debates in accordance with the provisions of 11 CFR 110.13 and 114.4(f) are not expenditures.

Dated: July 26, 2002.

David M. Mason,
Chairman, Federal Election Commission.

[FR Doc. 02–19339 Filed 8–2–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6715–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

21 CFR Part 520

Oral Dosage Form New Animal Drugs; Ivermectin Liquid

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Final rule; technical amendment.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is amending the animal drug regulations to reflect approval of an abbreviated new animal drug application (ANADA) filed by First Priority, Inc. The ANADA provides for oral use of an ivermectin solution in sheep for the treatment and control of various internal parasites.

DATES: This rule is effective August 5, 2002.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Lonnie W. Luther, Center for Veterinary Medicine, 7500 Standish Pl.,
Rockville, MD 20855, 301–827–0209, e-
mail: lluther@cvm.fda.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: First
Priority, Inc., 1585 Todd Farm Dr.,
Elgin, IL 60123, filed ANADA 200–327
for PRIVERMECTIN (ivermectin) Drench
for Sheep. The application provides for
oral use of a 0.08 percent ivermectin
solution in sheep for the treatment and
control of various internal parasites.
First Priority’s PRIVERMECTIN Drench
for Sheep is approved as a generic copy
of Merial Limited’s IVOMEC Drench for
Sheep, approved under NADA 131–392.
ANADA 200–327 is approved as of May
15, 2002, and the regulations are
amended in §520.1195 (21 CFR
520.1195) to reflect the approval. The
basis of approval is discussed in the
freedom of information summary.
Section 520.1195 is also being amended
to correctly describe the concentration
of the product and to incorporate 21
CFR 520.1194 in a current format.

In accordance with the freedom of
information provisions of 21 CFR part
20 and 514.11(e)(2)(ii), a summary of
safety and effectiveness data and
information submitted to support
approval of this application may be seen
in the Dockets Management Branch
(HFA–305), Food and Drug
Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, rm.
1061, Rockville, MD 20852, between 9
a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through
Friday.

The agency has determined under 21
CFR 25.33(a)(1) that this action is of a
type that does not individually or
cumulatively have a significant effect
on the human environment. Therefore,
neither an environmental assessment
nor an environmental impact statement
is required.

This rule does not meet the definition
of “rule” in 5 U.S.C. 801(3)(A) because it
is a rule of “particular applicability.”
Therefore, it is not subject to
congressional review requirements in 5

List of Subjects in 21 CFR Part 520

Animal drugs.

Therefore, under the Federal Food,
Drug, and Cosmetic Act and under
authority delegated to the Commissioner
of Food and Drugs and redelegated to
the Center for Veterinary Medicine, 21
CFR part 520 is amended as follows:

PART 520—ORAL DOSAGE FORM
NEW ANIMAL DRUGS

1. The authority citation for 21 CFR
part 520 continues to read as follows:


§520.1194 [Removed]
2. Section 520.1194 Ivermectin drench
is removed.
3. Section 520.1195 is revised to read as
follows:

§520.1195 Ivermectin liquid.
(a) Specifications—(1) Each milliliter
(mL) contains 10 milligrams (mg)
ivermectin.
(2) Each mL of micellar solution
contains 0.8 mg ivermectin.
(b) Sponsors. See sponsor numbers in
§510.600(c) of this chapter.
(1) Nos. 050604, 051259, 058829, and
059130 for use of product described in
paragraph (a)(1) of this section as in
paragraph (e)(1) of this section.
(2) Nos. 050604 and 058829 for use of
product described in paragraph (a)(2)
of this section as in paragraph (e)(2) of
this section.
(c) Related tolerances. See §556.344
of this chapter.
(d) Special considerations. See
§500.25 of this chapter.
(e) Conditions of use—(1) Horses—(i)
Amount. 200 micrograms (mcg) per
kilogram (kg) of body weight as a single
dose by stomach tube or as an oral
drench.
(ii) Indications for use. For the
control of various internal parasites
(Strongylus equinus (adult), S. vulgaris
(adult and arterial larval stages), S.
endentatus (adult and migrating tissue
stages), Triodontophorus spp. (adult);
small strongyles, including those
resistant to some benzimidazole class
compounds (Cyathostomum spp. (adult
and fourth-stage larvae), Cylicocyculus
spp., Cylicodontophorus spp.,
Cylicostephanus spp.); pinworms
(Oxyuris equi (adult and fourth-stage
larvae)); ascarids (Parascaris equorum
(adult and third- and fourth-stage
larvae)); hairworms (Trichostrongylus
axei(adult)); large-mouth stomach
worms (Haemonchus contortus (adult));
stomach bots (Gastrophilus spp. (oral
and gastric stages)); lungworms
(Dicyophalpin raafeldti (adult and
fourth-stage larvae)); intestinal
threadworms (Strongyloides westeri
(adult)); summer sores caused by
Habronema and Draschia spp.
cutaneous third-stage larvae; and
dermatitis caused by neck threadworm
microfilarias (Onchocerca spp.).
(iii) Limitations. Do not use in horses
intended for food purposes. Federal law
restricts this drug to use by or on the
order of a licensed veterinarian.
(2) Sheep—(i) Amount. 200 mcg/kg (3
mL/26 pounds) of body weight as a
single dose oral drench.
(ii) Indications for use. For treatment
and control of the adult and fourth-stage
larvae of gastrointestinal roundworms
(Haemonchus contortus, H. placei
(adults only), Ostertagia circumcincta,
Trichostrongylus axei, T. colubriformis,
Cooperia oncophora (adults only), C.
curticei, Oesophagostomum
columnbianum, O. venulosum(adults
only), Nematodirus battus, N. spathiger,
S. papillosus (adults only), Chabertia
ovina (adult only), Trichuris ovis (adults
only)); lungworms (D. filaria); and all
larval stages of the nasal bot Oestrus
ovis.
(iii) Limitations. For use in sheep
only. Do not use in other animal species
as severe adverse reactions, including
fatalities in dogs, may result. Do not
treat sheep within 11 days of slaughter.

Dated: July 17, 2002.
Stephen F. Sundlof,
Director, Center for Veterinary Medicine.

[FR Doc. 02–19729 Filed 8–2–02; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Forest Service

36 CFR Part 242

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

50 CFR Part 100

Subsistence Management Regulations
for Public Lands in Alaska, Subpart D;
Seasonal Adjustments—Copper River,
Afognak Bay, Southeastern Alaska
Rivers

AGENCIES: Forest Service, USDA; Fish
and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Seasonal adjustments.

SUMMARY: This provides notice of the
Federal Subsistence Board’s in-season
management actions to protect sockeye
salmon escapement in Afognak Lake
and in the Copper River, while still
providing for a subsistence harvest
opportunity. It also suspends the coho
harvest regulations for three rivers in
Southeastern Alaska where there are
legal uncertainties and a possible
conflict with an international treaty.
The fishing schedules and closures will
provide an exception to the Subsistence
Management Regulations for Public
Lands in Alaska, published in the
Federal Register on February 7, 2002.
Those regulations established seasons,
harvest limits, methods, and means
relating to the taking of fish and