

FIFRA SAP are limited to approximately 5 minutes unless prior arrangements have been made. In addition, the speaker should bring to the meeting 30 copies of the oral comments and presentation slides for distribution to FIFRA SAP at the meeting.

2. *Written comments.* Although submission of written comments are accepted until the date of the meeting (unless otherwise stated), the Agency encourages that written comments be submitted no later than noon, eastern standard time, August 14, 2002, to provide the FIFRA SAP the time necessary to consider and review the written comments. There is no limit on the extent of written comments for consideration by the FIFRA SAP. Persons wishing to submit written comments at the meeting should contact the DFO listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** and submit 30 copies.

3. *Seating at the meeting.* Seating at the meeting will be on a first-come basis. Individuals requiring special accommodations at this meeting, including wheelchair access, should contact the DFO at least 5 business days prior to the meeting using the information under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** so that appropriate arrangements can be made.

4. *Submission of requests and written comments—*a. *By mail.* Submit your request or written comments to: Public Information and Records Integrity Branch (PIRIB), Information Resources and Services Division (7502C), Office of Pesticide Programs (OPP), Environmental Protection Agency, Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460.

b. *In person or by courier.* Deliver your request or written comments to: Public Information and Records Integrity Branch (PIRIB), Information Resources and Services Division (7502C), Office of Pesticide Programs (OPP), Environmental Protection Agency, Rm. 119, Crystal Mall #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA. The PIRIB is open from 8:30 a.m. to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The PIRIB telephone number is (703) 305-5805.

c. *Electronically.* You may submit your request or written comments electronically by e-mail to: opp-docket@epa.gov. Do not submit any information electronically that you consider to be CBI. Use WordPerfect 6.1/8.0/9.0 or ASCII file format and avoid the use of special characters and any form of encryption. Be sure to identify by docket ID number OPP-2002-0147. You may also file a request

online at many Federal Depository Libraries.

II. Background

A. Purpose of the Meeting

The FIFRA SAP will meet to consider and review the proposed methodology for conducting a probabilistic children's exposure and dose assessment to wood preservatives from treated playsets and residential decks using EPA's SHEDS model. The FIFRA SAP will be asked to discuss the appropriateness of the model algorithms, the selection of model input distributions for non-chemical specific parameters (e.g., activity-related factors, exposure factors), and the statistical methods used to quantify variability and uncertainty of model inputs and outputs. To assist the FIFRA SAP in their evaluation of the SHEDS model, each FIFRA SAP member will be provided CD(s) containing a technical manual, SHEDS software, user manual, and annotated code. The FIFRA SAP will also be provided with a case study for a hypothetical low-exposure chemical and a hypothetical high-exposure chemical that will demonstrate the model interface, algorithms, inputs, and outputs.

B. The FIFRA SAP Meeting Minutes

The FIFRA SAP will prepare meeting minutes summarizing its recommendations to the Agency in approximately 60 days. The meeting minutes will be posted on the FIFRA SAP web site or may be obtained by contacting the Public Information and Records Integrity Branch at the address or telephone number listed in Unit I. of the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**.

List of Subjects

Environmental protection, Pesticides, probabilistic assessment children exposures.

Dated: July 24, 2002.

Sherell A. Sterling,

Acting Director, Office of Science Coordination and Policy.

[FR Doc. 02-19229 Filed 7-30-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-S

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[OPP-2002-0156; FRL-7188-5]

Butylate Tolerances are Considered to be Reassessed by EPA

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces that EPA is considering as reassessed all tolerances for residues of the herbicide butylate. The Agency has determined that no common mechanism exists among butylate and the thiocarbamates. Therefore, the Agency is not amending its previous notice which constituted EPA's report on the Food Quality Protection Act (FQPA) of 1996 tolerance reassessment progress and interim risk management decision for butylate. By itself, butylate poses no risk concerns within the limits of the existing tolerances, which will remain in effect at 0.1 part per million (ppm) for all registered commodities; however, the Agency intends to revise the commodity definitions in accordance with current Agency administrative practice. By law, EPA is required by August 2002 to reassess 66% of the tolerances in existence on August 2, 1996, or about 6,400 tolerances. The regulatory actions in this document pertain to the reassessment of seven tolerances which are counted among tolerance/exemption reassessments made toward the August 2002 review deadline.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: By mail: Joseph Nevola, Special Review and Reregistration Division (7508C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460; telephone number: (703) 308-8037; e-mail address: nevola.joseph@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. General Information

A. Does this Action Apply to Me?

This action is directed to the public in general. This action may, however, be of interest to persons who are or may be required to conduct testing of chemical substances under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) or the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA); environmental, human health, and agricultural advocates; pesticides users; and members of the public interested in the use of pesticides. Since other entities may also be interested, the Agency has not attempted to describe all the specific entities that may be affected by this action. If you have any questions regarding the applicability of this action to a particular entity, consult the person listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**.

B. How Can I Get Additional Information, Including Copies of This Document and Other Related Documents?

1. *Electronically.* You may obtain electronic copies of this document, and certain other related documents that might be available electronically, from the EPA Internet Home Page at <http://www.epa.gov/>. To access this document, on the Home Page select "Laws and Regulations," "Regulations and Proposed Rules," and then look up the entry for this document under the "Federal Register—Environmental Documents." You can also go directly to the **Federal Register** listings at <http://www.epa.gov/fedrgstr/>.

To access the butylate TRED (Report on FQPA Tolerance Reassessment Progress and Interim Risk Management Decision) and butylate TRED support documents electronically, go directly to <http://www.epa.gov/pesticides/reregistration/butylate/>. You can also go to the EPA Office of Pesticide Programs website for Tolerance Reassessment and Reregistration, at <http://www.epa.gov/pesticides/reregistration/status.htm> for additional information on butylate.

2. *In person.* The Agency has established an official record for this action under docket ID number OPP-2002-0156. The official record consists of the documents specifically referenced in this action, and other information related to this action, including any information claimed as Confidential Business Information (CBI). This official record includes the documents that are physically located in the docket, as well as the documents that are referenced in those documents. The public version of the official record does not include any information claimed as CBI. The public version of the official record is available for inspection in the Public Information and Records Integrity Branch (PIRIB), Rm. 119, Crystal Mall #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA, from 8:30 a.m. to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The PIRIB telephone number is (703) 305-5805.

II. Background

A. What Action is the Agency Taking?

This notice announces to the general public that EPA has determined that seven tolerances for residues of butylate are considered to be reassessed. EPA evaluated existing pesticide tolerances under the FQPA of 1996. The butylate tolerances included in this notice have been found to meet the FQPA safety standard.

On September 11, 2001 (66 FR 47219) (FRL-6796-3), EPA published a notice in the **Federal Register**, entitled

"Butylate; Notice of Pesticide Report on FQPA Tolerance Reassessment Progress and Interim Risk Management Decision." That notice constituted the Agency's report on the FQPA tolerance reassessment progress and interim risk management decision for butylate. At that time, the Agency had not made a full reassessment because the cumulative risk from thiocarbamates, such as butylate, had not been evaluated. The September 11, 2001, notice provided a 30-day comment period and invited public comment for consideration. No comments were received by the Agency. Since then, the Agency has made a determination on whether two subgroups of the pesticides, thiocarbamates and dithiocarbamates, belong to a larger group of chemicals known as carbamates and share a common mechanism of toxicity. The Agency considered whether they cause a common effect that is attributable to a common mechanism. A total of four common effects were considered, including acetylcholinesterase inhibition. The Agency, guided by several relevant science policies, summarized its position on December 19, 2001, with respect to the grouping of the thiocarbamate pesticides based on a common mechanism of toxicity and the results of a screening level cumulative risk assessment. That December memorandum is entitled "Thiocarbamates: A Determination of the Existence of a Common Mechanism of Toxicity and a Screening Level Cumulative Food Risk Assessment." In that memorandum, EPA announced its determinations that:

1. Some thiocarbamates (EPTC, molinate, pebulate, and cycloate) share a common mechanism of toxicity for acetylcholinesterase inhibition.

2. There is insufficient evidence for grouping the thiocarbamate pesticides based on a common mechanism for toxicity for effects other than acetylcholinesterase inhibition.

Although, structural and metabolic similarities exist among the thiocarbamates and there is evidence that the thiocarbamates may produce a common effect (neuropathology), this evidence is insufficient to warrant a determination of common mechanism.

Also, EPA conducted a preliminary screening level cumulative food risk assessment for thiocarbamates which incorporated very conservative assumptions; i.e., assumptions which overstate significantly the actual level of potential risk. While a common mechanism of toxicity could not be established for neuropathology, the effect was selected as the endpoint for

use in a screening level cumulative risk assessment to assure that risks would not be underestimated. In part, the Agency concluded that given the high dose required to provide evidence of neuropathological potential and the questionable significance of the solitary finding in a single study conducted with butylate, it is unlikely that butylate would contribute to any cumulative dietary risk that might result from dietary exposure to two or more thiocarbamates. Because the "No Observed Adverse Effect Level" (NOAEL) for neuropathological effects of butylate is substantially higher (120-times greater) than the NOAEL used to establish a reference dose (RfD) for butylate, and because neuropathology was observed at a limit dose (2,000 milligrams/kilograms/day (mg/kg/day)), it is unlikely that butylate would contribute to potential cumulative risks of the thiocarbamates.

EPA placed the December 19, 2001 memorandum, entitled "A Common Mechanism of Toxicity Determination for Thiocarbamate Pesticides." in a docket with its attachments. Also, the memorandum is available on the Agency's website at <http://www.epa.gov/pesticides/cumulative/thiocar.htm>. EPA notified its stakeholders of its determination using the Pesticide Program Update Messaging System and announced the availability of these documents to the media. Further, EPA invited the public to submit comments on these determinations during a 60-day period, until February 22, 2002. No significant comments were received regarding butylate during the provided 60-day period. Therefore, chronic cumulative dietary risks for butylate are not of concern to the Agency, and all tolerances for butylate in 40 CFR 180.232 for corn, field, grain; corn, pop, grain; corn, sweet (kernels, plus cob with husk removed); corn, field, stover; corn, field, forage; corn, pop, forage; and corn, sweet, forage are now considered fully reassessed according to FQPA because aggregate risks were previously assessed (66 FR 47219) and cumulative risk does not apply. These commodity tolerances are each maintained at 0.1 ppm.

In addition, to conform to current Agency practice, EPA will revise specific commodity tolerance definitions in 40 CFR 180.232, according to its prior notice of September 11, 2001 (66 FR 47219), in a future action that will be published in the **Federal Register**.

B. What is the Agency's Authority for Taking this Action?

The legal authority for tolerance reassessment falls under FFDCA, as amended in 1996. Section 408(q) of FFDCA directs that "the Administrator shall review tolerances and exemptions for pesticide chemical residues in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of the FQPA of 1996, as expeditiously as practicable, assuring that—66 percent of such tolerances and exemptions are reviewed within 6 years (i.e., by August 3, 2002), of the date of enactment of such Act (i.e., on August 3, 1996), and—shall determine whether the tolerance or exemption meets the requirements of sections 408(b)(2) or (c)(2) and shall, by the deadline for the review of the tolerance or exemption, issue a regulation under section 408 (d)(4) or (e)(1) to modify or revoke the tolerance or exemption if the tolerance or exemption does not meet such requirements." Under section 408 of the FFDCA, a tolerance may only be maintained if EPA determines that the tolerance is safe based on a number of factors, including an assessment of the aggregate exposure to the pesticide and an assessment of the cumulative effects of such pesticide and other substances that have a common mechanism of toxicity. In section 408(b)(2) of the FFDCA, "the term 'safe,' with respect to a tolerance for a pesticide chemical residue, means that the Administrator has determined that there is a reasonable certainty that no harm will result from aggregate exposure to the pesticide chemical residue, including all anticipated dietary exposures and all other exposures for which there is reliable information."

List of Subjects

Environmental protection. Chemicals, Pesticides and pests, thiocarbamate(s).

Dated: July 19, 2002.

Lois Ann Rossi,

Director, Special Review and Reregistration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

[FR Doc. 02-19105 Filed 7-30-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-S

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-7252-5]

Proposed Administrative Settlement Under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act; Glen Dale TCE Site

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Notice; request for public comment.

SUMMARY: In accordance with section 122(i)(1) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. 9622(i)(1), notice is hereby given of a proposed administrative settlement concerning the Glen Dale TCE Site, Glen Dale, Marshall County, West Virginia. The administrative settlement was signed by the Regional Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Region III, on July 22, 2002, and is subject to review by the public pursuant to this document.

The Environmental Protection Agency is proposing to enter into a settlement pursuant to section 122(h) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, as amended (CERCLA), 42 U.S.C. 9622(h). The proposed settlement resolves EPA's claim for past response costs under section 107 of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. 9607 against Rembar LLC for response costs incurred at the Glen Dale TCE Superfund Site, Glen Dale, Marshall County, West Virginia. The proposed settlement requires Rembar LLC to pay \$15,000 to the EPA Hazardous Substance Fund.

Rembar LLC, as the Settling Party, has executed binding certifications of its consent to participate in this settlement. Rembar LLC, has agreed to pay \$15,000 subject to the contingency that EPA may elect not to complete the settlement based on matters brought to its attention during the public comment period established by this notice.

For thirty (30) days following the date of publication of this notice, EPA will receive written comments relating to the proposed settlement. EPA will consider all comments received and may withdraw or withhold consent to the proposed settlement if such comments disclose facts or considerations which indicate that the proposed settlement is inappropriate, improper, or inadequate. EPA's response to any written comments received will be available for public inspection at the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region III, 1650 Arch Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103.

DATES: Comments must be submitted on or before August 30, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be addressed to the Docket Clerk, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region III, 1650 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, 19103, and should reference the Glen Dale TCE Site, Glen Dale, West Virginia, U.S. EPA Docket No. CERCLA 03-2002-0192-DC. The proposed settlement agreement is available for public inspection at the United States Environmental Protection

Agency, Region III, 1650 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, 19103. A copy of the proposed settlement agreement can be obtained from Joan Johnson, Acting Regional Docket Clerk (3RC00), United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region III, 1650 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, 19103, telephone number (215) 814-2651.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Suzanne M. Parent, Senior Assistant Regional Counsel, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Regional Counsel (3RC44), 1650 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, 19103, telephone number (215) 814-2630.

Dated: July 22, 2002.

Donald S. Welsh,

Regional Administrator, U.S. EPA, Region III.

[FR Doc. 02-19321 Filed 7-30-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY

Meeting of the President's Council of Advisors on Science and Technology

ACTION: Emergency notice of public advisory committee meeting.

SUMMARY: This notice sets forth the schedule and summary agenda for a meeting of the President's Council of Advisors on Science and Technology (PCAST), and describes the functions of the Council. Notice of this meeting is required under the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA).

Dates and Place: August 5, 2002, at 1 pm. This meeting will take place via a telephone conference call. In light of the short notice of this meeting, OSTP will undertake to make this meeting available to the public through the following call-in number: 1-800-260-0712, access code: 647402. Any interested member of the public may call this number and listen to the meeting. To ensure the agency secures an appropriate number of lines, however, such persons are asked to register with OSTP by calling Cynthia Chase at (202) 456-6010 by 4 pm on Friday, August 2, 2002.

Type of Meeting: Open.

Proposed Schedule and Agenda: The President's Council of Advisors on Science and Technology (PCAST) is tentatively scheduled to meet in open session on Monday, August 5, 2002, at approximately 1 pm, to discuss (and, pending the discussion, approve) a draft report to the President on maximizing the contribution of science and