

Figure 9

For McDonnell Douglas Model MD-10-10F, MD-10-30F, MD-11, and MD-11F Airplanes:

Insert the information in this figure into the "Emergency Procedures" section of the FAA-approved Airplane Flight Manual.

"CABIN ALTITUDE WARNING OR CABIN ALTITUDE

If the cabin altitude warning horn sounds:

Memory Item

Oxygen Masks.....ON/100%/EMERGENCY

Outflow Valve..... Verify Closed"

The rest of the steps under this heading in the AFM are unchanged.

BILLING CODE 4910-13-C

Alternative Methods of Compliance

(b) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA; or the Manager, Los Angeles ACO, FAA; as applicable. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Operations Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Seattle ACO, or Los Angeles ACO, as applicable.

Note: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Seattle ACO or the Los Angeles ACO, as applicable.

Special Flight Permits

(c) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to

a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on June 14, 2002.

Ali Bahrami,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 02-15661 Filed 6-25-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

21 CFR Parts 201, 211, and 601

[Docket No. 02N-0204]

Bar Code Label Requirements for Human Drug Products; Notice of Public Meeting; Correction

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice of public meeting; correction.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is correcting a document that appeared in the Federal Register of June 18, 2002 (67 FR 41360). The document announced a public meeting to solicit comments for the development of a regulation on bar code labeling for human drug products, including biologic products. The

document published with two date errors in the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section. This document corrects those errors.

DATES: The public meeting will be held on July 26, 2002, from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Registration to attend the meeting must be received by July 12, 2002. Submit written or electronic comments for consideration during the meeting by July 12, 2002.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held at the Natcher Auditorium, Bldg. 45, National Institutes of Health (NIH), Bethesda, MD. Parking will be limited and there may be delays entering the NIH campus due to increased security. We recommend arriving by Metro if possible. NIH is accessible from the Metro's red line at the Medical Center/NIH stop.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Doris Tucker, Office of Policy, Planning, and Legislation (HF-27), Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857, 301-827-7010.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In FR Doc. 02-15208 appearing on page 41360 in the **Federal Register** of Tuesday, June 18, 2002, the following corrections are made:

1. On page 41360 in the second column, in the eighth and ninth lines, the Internet site is corrected to read: <http://www.fda.gov/oc/meetings/barcodemtg.html>.

2. On page 41361 in the first column, under **II. Scope of Discussion**, in the first sentence the date "June 13, 2002," is corrected to read: "July 26, 2002,".

3. On page 41361 in the third column, under **IV. Transcripts**, in the last sentence the date "June 28, 2002," is corrected to read: "August 16, 2002,".

Dated: June 18, 2002.

Margaret M. Dotzel,

Associate Commissioner for Policy.

[FR Doc. 02-16049 Filed 6-25-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160-01-S

NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION

36 CFR Part 1228

RIN 3095-AB03

Expanding Transfer Options for Electronic Records

AGENCY: National Archives and Records Administration (NARA).

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: This proposed rule will amend the regulations for the transfer of permanent records to NARA by

permitting two additional electronic records transfer methods, File Transfer Protocol (FTP) and Digital Linear Tape IV (DLTtape IV). NARA is introducing these transfer methods to reduce the media and shipping costs of electronic records transferred from Government agencies, improve record and file integrity, and expand the options for transfer methods. This rule will affect Government agencies transferring permanent electronic records to the National Archives of the United States.

DATES: Comments are due by August 26, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Comments must be sent to Regulation Comment Desk (NPOL), Room 4100, Policy and Communications Staff, National Archives and Records Administration, 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, MD 20740-6001. They may be faxed to 301-837-0319. You may also comment via the Internet to comments@nara.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jennifer Davis Heaps at telephone number 301-837-1801, or fax number 301-837-0319.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: NARA currently accepts magnetic tape and compact-disk, read only memory (CD-ROM) as transfer media for records scheduled for permanent retention in the National Archives of the United States. DLTtape IV is a kind of magnetic tape cartridge. NARA has only used media-based transfer methods in the past, but has been testing other methods as well as additional media. With this rule, NARA proposes the addition of FTP transfer methods and DLT transfer media.

FTP is a media-less transfer method that can be used to transfer electronic records. FTP operates by using special software located at the sending and receiving sites. This software, in combination with a telecommunications network, provides the means for transferring electronic records. The agency may send any documentation in electronic format to NARA via FTP as part of the transfer of the electronic records or through any other acceptable method of transfer as specified in 36 CFR 1228.270.

DLTtape IV cartridge tape is a high-density magnetic cartridge tape that can store up to 40 gigabytes of information on each cartridge. DLTtape IV tapes are used by selected tape drive units produced by several companies. DLTtape IV preparation will follow existing cartridge tape specifications.

Paragraphs (a) and (b) in § 1228.270 have been rewritten for clarity and consistency with the new information in paragraph (c) of the same section.

Although this proposed rule does not address the format of electronic records described in paragraph (d), NARA is exploring the acceptance of formats other than ASCII and EBCDIC as part of its E-Government initiative. Any proposed changes in this area will be addressed in a separate rulemaking.

Please submit Internet comments within the body of your email message or as an attachment. Please also include "Attn: 3095-AB03" and your name and return address in your Internet message. If you do not receive a confirmation from the system that we have received your Internet message, contact the Regulation Comment Desk at 301-837-1801.

This proposed rule is a significant regulatory action for the purposes of Executive Order 12866 and has been reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget. As required by the Regulatory Flexibility Act, I certify that this rule will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities because it applies only to Federal agencies.

This regulation does not have any federalism implications.

List of Subjects in 36 CFR Part 1228

Archives and records.

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, NARA proposes to amend part 1228 of title 36, Code of Federal Regulations, as follows:

PART 1228—DISPOSITION OF FEDERAL RECORDS

1. The authority citation for part 1228 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 44 U.S.C. chs. 21, 29, and 33.

2. Amend § 1228.270 by revising paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) to read as follows:

§ 1228.270 Electronic records.

(a) *Timing of transfers.* Each agency is responsible for the integrity of the permanent records it transfers on physical media to the National Archives of the United States. For records transferred by a media-less method, NARA works with the agency to ensure integrity of the records during the transfer process. To ensure that permanent electronic records are preserved, each Federal agency must transfer electronic records to NARA promptly in accordance with the agency's records disposition schedule. Furthermore, if the agency cannot provide proper care and handling of the media (see part 1234 of this chapter), or if the media are becoming obsolete and the agency cannot migrate the records to