

Lead, from milepost 0.00 near the San Pablo Wye to milepost 1.01, including all industry tracks, the San Pablo Wye, and San Pablo house track (1.5 miles); (2) UP and applicant to interchange freight cars, locomotives, cabooses and other equipment adjacent to the UP main line at the Stege Wye on interchange trackage from milepost 7.5 to milepost 10.7 (3.2 miles); (3) UP to permit applicant to operate freight rail service on subsidiary trackage adjacent to the UP main line from milepost 10.7 near the Stege Wye to milepost 13.74 near the San Pablo Wye (3.04 miles); (4) UP and applicant to agree upon rail car switching or interchange charges for various types of freight cargo shipments originated or terminated by UP or applicant; (5) UP to assign its rights under certain agreements related to the leased premises to applicant and to allow applicant to assume the obligations of UP under such agreements; and (6) BNSF and applicant to interchange equipment at the 23rd Street yard and to deliver equipment to locations along the Seaver Industrial Lead using joint track leased to applicant by BNSF and UP, operating rights on BNSF-owned track, and on track leased by BNSF to applicant.

The notice is filed under 49 CFR 1150.41. If the notice contains false or misleading information, the exemption is void *ab initio*. Petitions to revoke the exemption under 49 U.S.C. 10502(d) may be filed at any time. The filing of a petition to revoke will not automatically stay the transaction.

An original and 10 copies of all pleadings, referring to STB Finance Docket No. 34189, must be filed with the Surface Transportation Board, Case Control Unit, 1925 K Street, NW., Washington, DC 20423-0001. In addition, a copy of each pleading must be served on Ronald C. Peterson, Esq., Hanson, Bridgett, Marcus, Vlahos & Rudy, LLP, 333 Market Street, Suite 2300, San Francisco, CA 94105-2173.

Board decisions and notices are available on our Web site at [www.stb.dot.gov](http://www.stb.dot.gov)."

Decided: April 18, 2002.

By the Board, David M. Koonschnick, Director, Office of Proceedings.

**Vernon A. Williams,**  
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 02-10029 Filed 4-25-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4915-00-P

## DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

### Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

April 19, 2002.

The Department of the Treasury has submitted the following public information collection requirement(s) to OMB for review and clearance under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104-13. Copies of the submission(s) may be obtained by calling the Treasury Bureau Clearance Officer listed. Comments regarding this information collection should be addressed to the OMB reviewer listed and to the Treasury Department Clearance Officer, Department of the Treasury, Room 2110, 1425 New York Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20220.

**DATES:** Written comments should be received on or before May 28, 2002, to be assured of consideration.

### Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (BATF)

*OMB Number:* 1512-0129.

*Form Number:* ATF F 4473 (5300.9)

Part I.

*Type of Review:* Extension.

*Title:* Firearms Transaction Record, Part I, Over-The-Counter.

*Description:* The form is used to determine the eligibility (under the Gun Control Act) of a person to receive a firearm from a Federal firearms licensee. It is also used to establish the identity of the buyer. The form is also used in law enforcement investigations/inspection to trace firearms.

*Respondents:* Individuals or households, Business or other for-profit.

*Estimated Number of Recordkeepers:* 10,225,000.

*Estimated Burden Hours Per*

*Recordkeeper:* 20 minutes.

*Frequency of Response:* On occasion.

*Estimated Total Recordkeeping Burden:* 3,408,333 hours.

*OMB Number:* 1512-0144.

*Form Number:* ATF F 2736 (5100.12) and ATF F 2737 (5100.67).

*Type of Review:* Extension.

*Title:* Specific and Continuing Transportation Bond-Distilled Spirits and/or Wines Withdrawn for Transportation to Manufacturing Bonded Warehouse—Class Six.

*Description:* ATF F 2736 (5100.12) and ATF F 2737 (5100.67) are specific bonds which protect the tax liability on distilled spirits and wine while in transit from one type of bonded facility to another. They identify the shipment, the parties, the date and the amount of bond coverage.

*Respondents:* Business or other for-profit.

*Estimated Number of Respondents:* 1.  
*Estimated Burden Hours Per*

*Respondent:* 1 hour.

*Frequency of Response:* On occasion.

*Estimated Total Reporting Burden:* 1

hour.

*Clearance Officer:* Jacqueline White, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, Room 3200, 650 Massachusetts Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20226. (202) 927-8930.

*OMB Reviewer:* Alexander T. Hunt, Office of Management and Budget, Room 10202, New Executive Office Building, Washington, DC 20503. (202) 395-7860.

**Lois K. Holland,**

*Departmental Reports Management Officer.*

[FR Doc. 02-10250 Filed 4-25-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4810-31-P

## DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

### Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms

[Notice No. 943]

### Commerce in Explosives; List of Explosive Materials

Pursuant to the provisions of section 841(d) of title 18, United States Code (U.S.C.), and 27 CFR 55.23, the Director, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, must publish and revise at least annually in the **Federal Register** a list of explosives determined to be within the coverage of 18 U.S.C. chapter 40, Importation, Manufacture, Distribution, and Storage of Explosive Materials. This chapter covers not only explosives, but also blasting agents and detonators, all of which are defined as explosive materials in section 841(c) of title 18, U.S.C. Accordingly, the following is the 2002 List of Explosive Materials subject to regulation under 18 U.S.C. chapter 40. It includes both the list of explosives (including detonators) required to be published in the **Federal Register** and blasting agents.

The list is intended to include any and all mixtures containing any of the materials on the list. Materials constituting blasting agents are marked by an asterisk. While the list is comprehensive, it is not all inclusive. The fact that an explosive material may not be on the list does not mean that it is not within the coverage of the law if it otherwise meets the statutory definitions in section 841 of title 18, U.S.C. Explosive materials are listed alphabetically by their common names followed, where applicable, by chemical names and synonyms in brackets.

In the 2002 List of Explosive Materials, ATF has added five terms to

the list of explosives, has further defined two explosive materials, and has made amendments to two explosive materials to more accurately reference these materials.

The five additions to the list are as follows:

1. Azide explosives
2. HMTD

[hexamethylenetriperoxidediazine]

3. Nitrate explosive mixtures
4. Picrate explosives
5. TATP [triacetonetriperoxide]

We have added these explosive materials to the List because their primary or common purpose is to function by explosion. ATF has encountered the criminal use of some of these materials in improvised devices. "Nitrate explosive mixtures" is intended to be an all-encompassing term, including all forms of sodium, potassium, barium, calcium, and strontium nitrate explosive mixtures.

The two explosive materials that we have further defined by including their chemical names are listed as follows:

1. DIPAM [dipicramide; diaminohexanitrobiphenyl]
2. EDNA [ethylenedinitramine]

The two amendments to previously listed explosive materials are as follows:

1. "Nitrates of soda explosive mixtures" has been deleted and replaced with "Sodium nitrate explosive mixtures" to reflect current terminology.

2. PBX was previously defined as "RDX and plasticizer." We are changing the definition to reflect that PBX is an acronym for "plastic bonded explosive."

This revised list supersedes the List of Explosive Materials dated September 14, 1999 (Notice No. 880, 64 FR 49840; correction notice of September 28, 1999, 64 FR 52378) and will be effective on April 26, 2002.

### List of Explosive Materials

#### A

Acetylides of heavy metals.  
Aluminum containing polymeric propellant.  
Aluminum ophorite explosive.  
Amatex.  
Amatol.  
Ammonal.  
Ammonium nitrate explosive mixtures (cap sensitive).  
\*Ammonium nitrate explosive mixtures (non-cap sensitive).  
Ammonium perchlorate composite propellant.  
Ammonium perchlorate explosive mixtures.  
Ammonium picrate [picrate of ammonia, Explosive D].  
Ammonium salt lattice with isomorphously substituted inorganic salts.

\*ANFO [ammonium nitrate-fuel oil].  
Aromatic nitro-compound explosive mixtures.  
Azide explosives.

#### B

Baranol.  
Baratol.  
BEAF [1, 2-bis (2, 2-difluoro-2-nitroacetoxyethane)].  
Black powder.  
Black powder based explosive mixtures.  
\*Blasting agents, nitro-carbo-nitrates, including non-cap sensitive slurry and water gel explosives.  
Blasting caps.  
Blasting gelatin.  
Blasting powder.  
BTNEC [bis (trinitroethyl) carbonate].  
BTNEN [bis (trinitroethyl) nitramine].  
BTTN [1,2,4 butanetriol trinitrate].  
Bulk salutes.  
Butyl tetryl.

#### C

Calcium nitrate explosive mixture.  
Cellulose hexanitrate explosive mixture.  
Chlorate explosive mixtures.  
Composition A and variations.  
Composition B and variations.  
Composition C and variations.  
Copper acetylide.  
Cyanuric triazide.  
Cyclonite [RDX].  
Cyclotetramethylenetetranitramine [HMX].  
Cyclotol.  
Cyclotrimethylenetrinitramine [RDX].

#### D

DATB [diaminotrinitrobenzene].  
DDNP [diazodinitrophenol].  
DEGDN [diethyleneglycol dinitrate].  
Detonating cord.  
Detonators.  
Dimethylol dimethyl methane dinitrate composition.  
Dinitroethyleneurea.  
Dinitroglycerine [glycerol dinitrate].  
Dinitrophenol.  
Dinitrophenolates.  
Dinitrophenyl hydrazine.  
Dinitroresorcinol.  
Dinitrotoluene-sodium nitrate explosive mixtures.  
DIPAM [dipicramide; diaminohexanitrobiphenyl].  
Dipicryl sulfone.  
Dipicrylamine.  
Display fireworks.  
DNPA [2,2-dinitropropyl acrylate].  
DNPD [dinitropentano nitrile].  
Dynamite.

#### E

EDDN [ethylene diamine dinitrate].  
EDNA [ethylenedinitramine].  
Ednatol.  
EDNP [ethyl 4,4-dinitropentanoate].

EGDN [ethylene glycol dinitrate].  
Erythritol tetranitrate explosives.  
Esters of nitro-substituted alcohols.  
Ethyl-tetryl.  
Explosive conitrates.  
Explosive gelatins.  
Explosive liquids.  
Explosive mixtures containing oxygen-releasing inorganic salts and hydrocarbons.  
Explosive mixtures containing oxygen-releasing inorganic salts and nitro bodies.  
Explosive mixtures containing oxygen-releasing inorganic salts and water insoluble fuels.  
Explosive mixtures containing oxygen-releasing inorganic salts and water soluble fuels.  
Explosive mixtures containing sensitized nitromethane.  
Explosive mixtures containing tetranitromethane (nitroform).  
Explosive nitro compounds of aromatic hydrocarbons.  
Explosive organic nitrate mixtures.  
Explosive powders.

#### F

Flash powder.  
Fulminate of mercury.  
Fulminate of silver.  
Fulminating gold.  
Fulminating mercury.  
Fulminating platinum.  
Fulminating silver.

#### G

Gelatinized nitrocellulose.  
Gem-dinitro aliphatic explosive mixtures.  
Guanyl nitrosamino guanyl tetrazene.  
Guanyl nitrosamino guanylidene hydrazine.  
Guncotton.

#### H

Heavy metal azides.  
Hexanite.  
Hexanitrodiphenylamine.  
Hexanitrostilbene.  
Hexogen [RDX].  
Hexogene or octogene and a nitrated N-methylaniline.  
Hexolites.  
HMTD  
[hexamethylenetriperoxidediazine].  
HMX [cyclo-1,3,5,7-tetramethylene 2,4,6,8-tetranitramine; Octogen].  
Hydrazinium nitrate/hydrazine/aluminum explosive system.  
Hydrazoic acid.

#### I

Igniter cord.  
Igniters.  
Initiating tube systems.

#### K

KDNBF [potassium dinitrobenzofuroxane].

