

| | Period to be reviewed |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Suspension Agreements | |
| None. | |

¹ If one of the above named companies does not qualify for a separate rate, all other exporters of certain cased pencils from the People's Republic of China who have not qualified for a separate rate are deemed to be covered by this review as part of the single PRC entity of which the named exporters are a part.

During any administrative review covering all or part of a period falling between the first and second or third and fourth anniversary of the publication of an antidumping duty order under section 351.211 or a determination under section 351.218(f)(4) to continue an order or suspended investigation (after sunset review), the Secretary, if requested by a domestic interested party within 30 days of the date of publication of the notice of initiation of the review, will determine whether antidumping duties have been absorbed by an exporter or producer subject to the review if the subject merchandise is sold in the United States through an importer that is affiliated with such exporter or producer. The request must include the name(s) of the exporter or producer for which the inquiry is requested.

Interested parties must submit applications for disclosure under administrative protective orders in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305.

These initiations and this notice are in accordance with section 751(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1675(a)), and 19 CFR 351.221(c)(1)(i).

Dated: January 22, 2002.

Holly A. Kuga,

*Senior Office Director, Group II, Office 4,
Import Administration.*

[FR Doc. 02-2139 Filed 1-28-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-M

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-201-820]

Preliminary Results of Five-Year Sunset Review of Suspended Antidumping Duty Investigation: Fresh Tomatoes From Mexico

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of preliminary results of full sunset review: fresh tomatoes from Mexico.

SUMMARY: On October 1, 2001, the Department of Commerce ("the Department") initiated a five-year

("sunset") review of the suspended antidumping duty investigation on fresh tomatoes from Mexico (66 FR49926) pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("the Act"). On the basis of notice of intent to participate filed on behalf of domestic interested parties, and substantive comments filed on behalf of the domestic and respondent interested parties, the Department is conducting a full (240-day) sunset review of this suspended antidumping duty investigation. As a result of this review, the Department preliminarily finds that termination of the suspended antidumping duty investigation on fresh tomatoes from Mexico would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping at the levels indicated in the Preliminary Results of Review section of this notice.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 29, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

James P. Maeder or Martha V. Douthitt, Office of Policy for Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-3330 or (202) 482-5050, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Statute and Regulations

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("the Act"), are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Act by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act. In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department regulations are to 19 CFR part 351 (2001). Guidance on methodological or analytical issues relevant to the Department's conduct of sunset reviews is set forth in the Department Policy Bulletin 98:3 Policies Regarding the Conduct of Five-year ("Sunset") Reviews of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Orders; Policy Bulletin, 63 FR 18871 (April 16, 1998) (Sunset Policy Bulletin).

Scope of Review

The products covered by the sunset review of the suspension agreement on fresh tomatoes from Mexico include all

fresh or chilled tomatoes (fresh tomatoes) except for cocktail tomatoes and those tomatoes which are for processing. For purposes of this review, cocktail tomatoes are greenhouse-grown tomatoes, generally larger than cherry tomatoes and smaller than roma or common round tomatoes, and are harvested and packaged on-the-vine for retail sale. For purposes of this review, processing is defined to include preserving by any commercial process, such as canning, dehydrating, drying or the addition of chemical substances, or converting the tomato product into juices, sauces or purees. Further, imports of fresh tomatoes for processing are accompanied by an "Importer's Exempt Commodity Form" (FV-6) (within the meaning of 7 CFR section 980.501(a)(2) and 980.212(i)). Fresh tomatoes that are imported for cutting up, not further processed (e.g., tomatoes used in the preparation of fresh salsa or salad bars), and not accompanied by an FV-6 form are covered by the scope of this review. All commercially grown tomatoes sold in the United States, both for the fresh market and for processing, are classified as *Lycopersicon esculentum*. Important commercial varieties of fresh tomatoes include common round, cherry, plum, and pear tomatoes, all of which, with the exception of cocktail tomatoes, are covered by this review. Tomatoes imported from Mexico covered by this review are classified under the following subheadings of the Harmonized Tariff Schedules of the United States (HTS), according to the season of importation: 0702.00.20, 0702.00.40, 0702.00.60, and 9906.07.01 through 9906.07.09. Although the HTS numbers are provided for convenience and customs purposes, our written description of the scope of this proceeding is dispositive.

History of Suspension Agreement

On April 18, 1996, the Department initiated an antidumping duty investigation under section 732 of the Tariff Act of 1930 ("the Act") on fresh tomatoes from Mexico. *See Initiation of Antidumping Duty Investigation: Fresh Tomatoes From Mexico*, 61 FR 18377 (April 25, 1996). On October 28, 1996, the Department preliminarily

determined that imports of fresh tomatoes from Mexico were being sold in the United States at less than fair value. In the preliminary determination of the investigation, the Department calculated weighted-average dumping margins of 4.16 percent for San Vincente Camalu ("Camalu"), 11.89 percent for Ernesto Fernando Echavarria Salazar Grupo Solidario ("Echavarria"), 26.97 percent for Arturo Lomeli Villalobos S.A. de C. V. ("Lomeli"), 188.45 percent for Eco Cultivos, S.A. de C.V. ("Eco-Cultivos"), 10.26 percent for Ranchos Los Pinos S. de R.L. de C.V. ("RLP"), 28.30 percent for Administradora Horticola Del Tamazula ("Tamazula"), 11.95 percent for Agricola Yory ("Yory"), and 17.56 percent for "all other" Mexican producers and exporters of the subject merchandise. On that same day, the Department and the signatory producers/exporters of fresh tomatoes from Mexico signed the final suspension agreement (the "Agreement") and which was published in the **Federal Register** concurrently. *Notice of Preliminary Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value and Postponement of Final Determination* (61 FR 56618) and *Suspension of Antidumping Investigation on Fresh Tomatoes from Mexico* (63 FR 43674). On August 14, 1998, the Department published the only amendment to the Agreement. *See Amendment to the Suspension Agreement on Fresh Tomatoes from Mexico*, 63 FR 43674 (April 14, 1998). The Agreement remains in effect for all producers and exporters of fresh tomatoes from Mexico who are signatories of the agreement.

Background

On October 1, 2001, the Department initiated a sunset review of the suspended antidumping duty investigation on fresh tomatoes from Mexico, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act. *See Notice of Initiation of Five-Year (Sunset) Review*, 66 FR 49926 (October 1, 2001). On October 16, 2001, the Department received Notice of Intent to Participate on behalf of the Florida Commissioner of Agriculture, the Florida Tomato Growers Exchange ("FTGE"), the Florida Tomato Exchange ("FTE"), the California Fresh Tomato Growers Exchange ("CFTGE"), the Florida Fruit and Vegetable Association ("FFVA"), the South Carolina Tomato Association ("SCTA"), the Gadsden County Tomato Growers Association ("GCTGA"), the Quincy Tomato Growers Exchange ("QTGE"), and Eurofresh (collectively, "domestic interested parties"), within the applicable deadline specified in section

351.218(d)(1)(i) of the *Sunset Regulations*. *See* Letters of Domestic Interested Parties, Notice of Intent to Participate—Sunset Review of the Suspension Agreement on Fresh Tomatoes from Mexico, October 16, 2001. Domestic interested parties claimed interested-party status under sections 771(9)(E), 771(9)(F), and 771(9)(C) of the Act. *See* Domestic Interested Party's Notice of Intent to Participate, October 16, 2001, at 2–4. In addition, domestic interested parties assert that they are not related to a foreign producer/exporter and are not importers, or related to importers, of the subject merchandise. *Id.* 5–7. On October 31, 2001, the Department received a complete substantive response from the domestic interested parties within the 30-day deadline specified in the *Sunset Regulations* under section 351.218(d)(3)(i). On October 31, 2001, the Department received a complete substantive response to the notice of initiation in the five-year sunset review from respondent interested parties: Confederacion de Asociaciones de Agricolas del Estado de Sinaloa and the Confederation Nacional de Productores de Hortalizas (collectively "CAADES"). CAADES asserts that it participated fully in the original investigation and works closely with its members as well as with additional members who elected to submit voluntary responses. *See* CAADES, substantive response at 3. In addition, CAADES states that it worked closely with the Department to negotiate the suspension agreement and has met on a regular basis with the Department to discuss implementing, monitoring, and improving the agreement. *Id.* CAADES claimed interested-party status under section 771(9)(A) of the Act as a Mexican confederation, the majority of whose members grow and/or export tomatoes. On November 5, 2001, CAADES requested an extension of the deadline for filing rebuttal to the substantive responses. On that same day, the Department extended the deadline until November 7, 2001, for all participants eligible to file rebuttal comments.

In a sunset review, the Department normally will conclude that there is adequate response to conduct a full sunset review where respondent interested parties account for more than 50 percent, by volume, of total exports of subject merchandise to the United States. *See*, 19 CFR 351.218(e)(1)(ii)(A) (63 FR 13516 (March 20, 1998)). After examining CAADES's total exports of the subject merchandise, on November 20, 2001, the Department determined

that CAADES accounted for more than 50 percent total production of the domestic like product. *See* November 20, 2001, Letter from Jeffrey A. May, Director, Office of Policy, Import Administration, to Lynn Featherstone, Director, Office of Investigations, International Trade Commission. Because the response of CAADES constituted an adequate response to the notice of initiation, the Department is conducting a full (240-day) sunset review in accordance with section 751(c)(3)(B) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.218(e)(1)(i) and will issue final results of review not later than May 29, 2002.

Analysis of Comments Received

All issues raised by parties to this sunset review are addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum ("Decision Memorandum") from Jeffrey A. May, Director, Office of Policy, Import Administration, to Faryar Shirzad, Assistant Secretary for Import Administration, dated January 22, 2002, which is adopted by this notice. The issues discussed in the Decision Memorandum include the likelihood of continuation or recurrence of dumping and the magnitude of the margins likely to prevail were the Agreement terminated. Parties may find a complete discussion of all issues raised in this review and the corresponding recommendations in this public memorandum which is on file in the Central Records Unit, room B-099, of the main Commerce building. In addition, a complete version of the Decision Memorandum may be accessed directly on the Web at <http://ia.ita.doc.gov/frn>, under the heading "January 2002." The paper copy and electronic version of the Decision Memorandum are identical in content.

Preliminary Results of Review

We preliminarily determine that termination of the suspended antidumping duty investigation on fresh tomatoes from Mexico would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping at the following percentage weighted-average margins:

| Manufacturer/exporters | Weighted-average margin percentage |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Camalu | 4.16 |
| Echavarria | 11.89 |
| Lomeli | 26.97 |
| Eco-Cultivos | 188.45 |
| RLP | 10.26 |
| Tamazula | 28.30 |
| Yory | 11.95 |
| All Others | 17.56 |

Any interested party may request a hearing within 30 days of publication of this notice in accordance with 19 CFR 351.310(c). Interested parties may submit case briefs no later than March 11, 2002, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.309(c)(1)(i). Rebuttal briefs, which must be limited to issues raised in the case briefs, may be filed no later than March 15, 2002. Any hearing, if requested, will be held on March 18, 2002, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.310(d). The Department will issue a notice of final results of this sunset review, which will include the results of its analysis of issues raised in any such, no later than May 29, 2002.

This sunset review and notice are in accordance with sections 751(c), 752, and 777(i)(1) of the Act.

Dated: January 22, 2002.

Faryar Shirzad,

Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Institute of Standards and Technology

Government-Owned Inventions Available for Licensing

AGENCY: National Institute of Standards and Technology, Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of Government-owned inventions available for licensing.

SUMMARY: The invention listed below is jointly owned in by the U.S. Government, as represented by the Department of Commerce and Harvard University. The Department of Commerce's interest in the invention is available for exclusive or non-exclusive licensing in accordance with 35 U.S.C. 207 and 37 CFR part 404 to achieve expeditious commercialization of results of federally funded research and development.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Technical and licensing information on this invention may be obtained by writing to: National Institute of Standards and Technology, Office of Technology Partnerships, Building 820, Room 213, Gaithersburg, MD 20899; Fax 301-869-2751. Any request for information should include the NIST Docket number and title for the relevant invention as indicated below.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The invention available for licensing is:

NIST Docket Number: 95-040CIP

Title: Characterization of Individual Polymer Molecules Based on Monomer-Interface Interactions

Abstract: A method for sequencing a nucleic acid polymer by (1) providing two separate, adjacent pools of a medium and an interface between the two pools, the interface having a channel so dimensioned as to allow sequential monomer-by-monomer passage from one pool to other pool of only one nucleic acid polymer at a time; (2) placing the nucleic acid polymer to be sequenced in one of the two pools; and (3) taking measurements as each of the nucleotide monomers of the nucleic acid polymer passes through the channel so as to sequence the nucleic acid polymer.

Dated: January 22, 2002.

Karen H. Brown,

Deputy Director.

[FR Doc. 02-2074 Filed 1-28-02; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[I.D. 011402C]

Marine Mammals; File No. 1018-1655-00

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Issuance of permit.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that Luciana Moller, Ph.D., Department of Ecology and Evolutionary Biology, Yale University, New Haven, Connecticut 06520 has been issued a permit to import tissue samples taken from bottlenose dolphins (*Tursiops aduncus*) in Australia for purposes of scientific research.

ADDRESSES: The permit and related documents are available for review upon written request or by appointment in the following office(s):

Permits, Conservation and Education Division, Office of Protected Resources, NMFS, 1315 East-West Highway, Room 13705, Silver Spring, MD 20910; phone (301) 713-2289; fax (301) 713-0376;

Northeast Region, NMFS, One Blackburn Drive, Gloucester, MA 01930-2298; phone (978) 281-9200; fax (978) 281-9371.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Amy Sloan or Lynne Barre (301) 713-2289.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On November 14, 2001, notice was

published in the **Federal Register** (66 FR 57041) that a request for a scientific research permit to import skin and blubber biopsy samples taken from bottlenose dolphins (*Tursiops aduncus*) in Australia had been submitted by the above-named individual. The requested permit has been issued under the authority of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1361 *et seq.*), and the Regulations Governing the Taking and Importing of Marine Mammals (50 CFR part 216).

Dated: January 23, 2002.

Ann D. Terbush,

Chief, Permits, Conservation and Education Division, Office of Protected Resources, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 02-2137 Filed 1-28-02; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Telecommunications and Information Administration

[Docket No. 000410097-2017-04]

Public Telecommunications Facilities Program: Notice of Funds Available

AGENCY: National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA), Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of availability of funds.

SUMMARY: On November 20, 2001, the National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA) announced the Notice of Closing Date and Solicitation of Applications for the Public Telecommunications Facilities Program (PTFP) At the time the *Notice of Closing Date and Solicitation of Applications* appeared in the **Federal Register**, PTFP had not been appropriated funds through the fiscal year. NTIA is publishing this *Notice of Availability of Funds* to announce the funds available for fiscal year 2002 PTFP grants.

ADDRESSES: To obtain an application package, submit completed applications, or send any other correspondence, write to: NTIA/PTFP, Room H-4625, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: William Cooperman, Director, Public Broadcasting Division, telephone: (202) 482-5802; fax: (202) 482-2156.

Materials needed to complete an application can be obtained electronically via PTFP's Web site at <http://www.ntia.doc.gov/ptfp>.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: