

this AD or if a crack is found, replace the blade with an airworthy blade before further flight. For Zone B, if a crack, wrinkling, or a blister is found, replace the blade with an airworthy blade before further flight.

(d) Within 10 hours TIS, and thereafter at intervals not to exceed 100 hours TIS or 200 cycles, whichever occurs first, measure the blade-to-air duct clearance. If the clearance is less than 3 mm, replace the blade with an airworthy blade before further flight.

(e) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Regulations Group, Rotorcraft Directorate FAA. Operators shall submit their requests through an FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may concur or comment or then send it to the Manager, Regulations Group.

**Note 3:** Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Regulations Group.

(f) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with 14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199 to operate the helicopter to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

(g) This amendment becomes effective on November 7, 2001.

**Note 4:** The subject of this AD is addressed in Direction Generale De L'Aviation Civile AD's 88-152-010(A)R5 and 88-153-023(A)R5, both dated December 30, 1998.

Issued in Fort Worth, Texas, on September 25, 2001.

**David A. Downey,**

*Manager, Rotorcraft Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.*

[FR Doc. 01-24624 Filed 10-2-01; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4910-13-U**

## DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

### Federal Aviation Administration

#### 14 CFR Part 73

[Airspace Docket No. 99-ANM-15]

RIN 2120-AA66

#### Establishment and Revision of Restricted Areas, ID

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

**ACTION:** Final rule; correction.

**SUMMARY:** This action corrects a final rule published in the **Federal Register** on July 2, 2001 (66 FR 34808). In that rule, the legal description of Restricted Area 3204A (R-3204A) contained an inadvertent error in a coordinate. This action corrects that error.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** October 3, 2001.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Ken McElroy, Airspace and Rules Division, ATA-400, Office of Air Traffic Airspace

Management, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591; telephone: (202) 267-8783.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** On July 2, 2001, Airspace Docket No. 99-ANM-15 (66 FR 34808) was published in the **Federal Register** establishing R-3204A Juniper Buttes, ID. The legal description of R-3204A contained an inadvertent error in a coordinate. This action corrects that error.

#### Correction to Final Rule

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me, the legal description for R-3204A Juniper Buttes, ID, as published in the **Federal Register** July 2, 2001, (65 FR 34808), and incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 73, is corrected as follows:

#### § 73.32 [Corrected]

On page 34809, correct the legal description of R-3204A to read as follows:

\* \* \* \* \*

#### R-3204A Juniper Buttes, ID [New]

*Boundaries:* Beginning at lat. 42°20'00"N., long. 115°22'30"W.; at lat. 42°20'00"N., long. 115°18'00"W.; at lat. 42°19'00"N., long. 115°17'00"W.; at lat. 42°16'35"N., long. 115°17'00"W.; at lat. 42°16'35"N., long. 115°22'30"W.; to point of beginning.

\* \* \* \* \*

Issued in Washington, DC, on September 27, 2001.

**Reginald C. Matthews,**

*Manager, Airspace and Rules Division.*

[FR Doc. 01-24728 Filed 10-2-01; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4910-13-M**

## NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS BOARD

### 29 CFR Part 102

#### Revisions of Freedom of Information Act Regulations and Implementation of Electronic Freedom of Information Act Amendments of 1996

**AGENCY:** National Labor Relations Board.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The National Labor Relations Board is amending its regulations under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) governing the public disclosure of information to reflect changes in FOIA as a result of the enactment of the Electronic Freedom of Information Act Amendments of 1996 (E-FOIA). Among other things, this rule implements expedited FOIA processing procedures; implements the processing deadlines

and appeal rights created by E-FOIA; and describes the expanded range of records available to the public through the NLRB's Public Reading Room and the NLRB's Internet World Wide Web page.

**DATES:** Effective: October 3, 2001.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** John J. Toner, Executive Secretary, (202) 273-1936.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This document describes revisions by the National Labor Relations Board of its regulations under the Freedom of Information Act which include new provisions to implement the Electronic Freedom of Information Act Amendments of 1996 (Pub. L. 104-231). New provisions implementing the amendments are found at § 102.117 (a)(2) (electronic reading rooms), 102.117(c)(2)(i) and (ii) (timing of responses and expedited processing), 102.117(c)(2)(iii) (deletion marking and volume estimation), and 102.117(c)(2)(vi) (unusual circumstances). For specific sections and subsections of the regulations implementing the Electronic Freedom of Information Act Amendments of 1996, the following dates apply: 102.117(a)(2)—electronic reading rooms—November 1, 1997; 102.117(c)(2)(ii) and (c)(2)(vi)—processing requests with expedited treatment, and under unusual circumstances—October 2, 1997; and 102.117(c)(2)(iii)—volume estimation—October 2, 1997.

#### Regulatory Flexibility Act

The National Labor Relations Board, in accordance with the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 606(b)), has reviewed these regulations and by approving them certifies that they will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. Under the Freedom of Information Act, agencies may recover only the direct costs of searching for, reviewing, and duplicating the records processed for requesters. Thus, fees assessed by the Agency are nominal. Further, the "small entities" that make FOIA requests, as compared with individual requesters and other requesters, are relatively few in number.

#### Executive Order 12866

The regulatory review provisions of Executive Order 12866 do not apply to independent regulatory agencies. However, because the Office of Management and Budget has determined that this rule is a "significant regulatory action" under