

VEHICLES MANUFACTURED FOR OTHER THAN THE CANADIAN MARKET—Continued

Manufacturer	VSP	VSA	VCP	Model type	Model year
Suzuki MC	275			GSXR 750	1986–1998
Suzuki MC	227			GSXR1100	1986–1997
Toyota	308			Avalon	1995–1998
Toyota		63		Camry	1987–1988
Toyota	39			Camry	1989
Toyota		64		Celica	1987–1988
Toyota		65		Corolla	1987–1988
Toyota	320			Land Cruiser	1978–1980
Toyota	252			Land Cruiser	1981–1988
Toyota	101			Land Cruiser	1989
Toyota	218			Land Cruiser	1990–1996
Toyota	324			MR2	1990–1991
Toyota	326			Previa	1991–1992
Toyota	302			Previa	1993–1997
Toyota	328			RAV4	1996
Toyota	200			Van	1987–1988
Triumph MC	311			Thunderbird	1995–1999
Volkswagen	237			Beetle Convertible	1977–1979
Volkswagen	237			Beetle Sedan	1977
Volkswagen	306			Eurovan	1993–1994
Volkswagen	159			Golf	1987
Volkswagen	80			Golf	1988
Volkswagen	92			Golf	1993
Volkswagen	73			Golf Rally	1988
Volkswagen	149			GTI (Canadian)	1991
Volkswagen	274			Jetta	1994–1996
Volkswagen	148			Passat 4 door Sedan	1992
Volkswagen		42		Scirocco	1986
Volkswagen	284			Transporter	1988–1989
Volkswagen	251			Transporter	1990
Volvo	43			262C	1981
Volvo	87			740 Sedan	1988
Volvo	286			850 Turbo	1995–1998
Volvo	95			940 GL	1993
Volvo	132			945 GL	1994
Volvo	176			960 Sedan & Wagon	1994
Volvo	335			S70	1998–2000
Yamaha MC	113			FJ1200	1991
Yamaha MC	360			R1	2000
Yamaha MC	171			RD–350	1983
Yamaha MC	301			Virago	1990–1998

Issued on: September 14, 2001.

Kenneth N. Weinstein,
Associate Administrator for Safety Assurance.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 660

[Docket No. 001226367–0367–01; I.D. 090701C]

Fisheries off West Coast States and in the Western Pacific; Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery; Pacific Whiting Allocation

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and

Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Reapportionment of surplus Pacific whiting allocation; announcement of the reopening dates for the primary season for the shore-based sector; request for comments.

SUMMARY: NMFS has determined that the Indian tribal fishery will be unable to harvest 10,000 metric tons (mt) of their 2001 Pacific whiting (whiting) allocation. NMFS therefore, announces the reapportionment of surplus whiting from the tribal allocation to the catcher/processor, mothership, and shore-based sectors. This action is intended to provide for the full harvest of whiting available to the 2001 fishery.

DATES: Effective noon, local time (l.t.) September 17, 2001, unless modified, superseded, or rescinded, until the effective date of the 2002 annual specifications and management measures, which will be published in

the **Federal Register**. Comments will be accepted through October 5, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments to Donna Acting Administrator, Northwest Region (Regional Administrator), NMFS, 7600 Sand Point Way NE., Seattle, WA 98115–0070; or Rod McInnis, Acting Regional Administrator, Southwest Region, NMFS, 501 West Ocean Blvd., Suite 4200, Long Beach, CA 90802–4213.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Becky Renko, 206–526–6110.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This action is authorized by regulations implementing the Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery Management Plan (FMP), which governs the groundfish fishery off Washington, Oregon, and California. On January 11, 2001 (66 FR 2338), the levels of allowable biological catch (ABC), the optimum yield (OY) the tribal allocation, and the commercial OY (the OY minus the tribal allocation)

for U.S. harvests of whiting were announced in the **Federal Register**. For 2001 the whiting ABC and OY are 190,400 mt (mt), the tribal whiting allocation is 27,500 mt, and the commercial OY is 162,900 mt.

Regulations at 50 CFR 660.323(a)(4) divide the commercial OY into separate allocations for the non-tribal catcher/processor, mothership, and shore-based sectors of the whiting fishery. The catcher/processor sector is composed of vessels that harvest and process whiting. The mothership sector is composed of motherships and catcher vessels that harvest whiting for delivery to motherships. Motherships are vessels that process, but do not harvest, whiting. The shoreside sector is composed of vessels that harvest whiting for delivery to shoreside processors. Each sector receives a portion of the commercial OY, with the catcher/processors getting 34 percent (55,386 mt), motherships getting 24 percent (39,096 mt), and the shore-based sector getting 42 percent (68,418 mt).

On August 31, 2001, NMFS received notification from the tribal fishery participants indicating that 10,000 mts of the tribal allocation was not expected to be harvested before the end of the fishing year. As a result, NMFS announces the reapportionment of the 10,000 mt surplus whiting from the tribal allocation to the catcher/processor, mothership, and shore-based sectors. Regulations at 50 CFR 660.323(a)(3)(iv) provide for the reapportionment of allocation that the Regional Administrator determines will not be used by the end of the fishing year. Such reapportionments are to be disbursed in the same proportion as each sector's allotted portion of the commercial OY. Therefore, in addition to the allocations announced on January 11, 2001, the catcher/processors get an additional 3,400 mt (34 percent), the motherships get an additional 2,400 mt (24 percent), and the shore-based sector get an additional 4,200 mt (42 percent). The total allocation for 2001 by sector is: catcher/processor 58,786 mt, motherships 41,496 mt, and shore-based 72,618 mt.

NMFS announced the end of the 2001 primary season for the shore-based Pacific whiting fishery at noon local time (l.t.) August 21, 2001, because the allocation was projected to be reached at that time. To provide the shore-based participants access to the reapportioned whiting, this document announces the resumption of the primary season for the shore-based whiting fishery at noon l.t., Monday, September 17, 2001.

NMFS Action

This action announces the reapportionment of 10,000 mt of surplus whiting from the Indian tribal fishery to the catcher/processor, mothership, and shore-based sectors of the non-tribal whiting fishery. The revised tribal allocation for 2001 will be 17,500 mt. The commercial allocations for 2001 by sector are: catcher/processor 58,786 mt, motherships 41,496 mt, and shore-based 72,618 mt.

Effective noon l.t., Monday, September 17, 2001, the 2001 primary season for the shore-based sector of the whiting fishery resumes. If a vessel fishes shoreward of the 100 fm (183 m) contour in the Eureka area (43° - 40°30' N. lat.) at any time during a fishing trip, a 10,000-lb (4,536 kg) trip limit applies, as announced in the annual management measures at paragraph IV, B (3)(c)(ii).

Classification

These actions are authorized by the FMP and regulations at 50 CFR part 660 subpart G, which governs the harvest of groundfish in the U.S. exclusive economic zone off the coasts of Washington, Oregon, and California. The determination to take these actions is based on the most recent fishery data and recent notification from the tribal representatives. Because of the need for immediate action, NMFS has determined that providing an opportunity for prior notice and comment would be impractical and contrary to public interest. Delay of this action could push the whiting season into inclement autumn weather. Because the shore-based and mothership sectors are composed of smaller catcher vessels, the agency believes that the risk of pushing the season into inclement weather constitutes good cause to waive the 30-day delay in effectiveness. In addition, the shore-based processors need an immediate reallocation if they are to keep their workers employed. These actions are taken under the authority of 50 CFR 660.323(a)(2), and are exempt from review under Executive Order 12866.

The determination to take this action is based on the most recent data available. The aggregate data upon which the determination is based are available for public inspection at the Office of the Regional Administrator (see **ADDRESSES**) during business hours. This action is taken under the authority of 50 CFR 660.323(a)(4)(iii)(A).

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.*

Dated: September 14, 2001.

Bruce C. Morehead,

Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 679

[Docket No. 010112013-1168-06; I.D. 011101B]

RIN 0648-A082

Fisheries of the Exclusive Economic Zone Off Alaska; Steller Sea Lion Protection Measures and 2001 Harvest Specifications and Associated Management Measures for the Groundfish Fisheries off Alaska; Correction

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Emergency interim rule; correction.

SUMMARY: This document corrects the July 17, 2001, emergency interim rule and its August 22, 2001, correction by correcting Steller sea lion protection areas for the Pacific cod directed fishery, to clarify closure areas to Tables 22, 23, and 24 to part 679 and by correcting the corresponding regulatory text to be consistent with the changes to the tables.

DATES: Effective September 18, 2001, through December 31, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Melanie Brown, NMFS, 907-586-7228 or e-mail at melanie.brown@noaa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The emergency interim rule published July 17, 2001 (66 FR 37167), and corrected August 22, 2001 (66 FR 44073), implements Steller sea lion protection measures and announces final 2001 harvest specifications for the groundfish fisheries of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Area and the Gulf of Alaska. As published and corrected, the final regulations contain errors.

In Table 22, in column 8, the column heading was incomplete in the August 22, 2001, **Federal Register** correction. This correction includes the additional language regarding vessels less than 60 ft (18.3 m). Footnote 7 to Table 22 is corrected to clarify the no fishing zones.

Tables 22 and 23 have footnotes added to Sutwik Island and Kodiak/