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Contents

Federal Register

Vol. 66, No. 167

Tuesday, August 28, 2001

Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality
NOTICES
Agency information collection activities:
Proposed collection; comment request, 45313–45314
Submission for OMB review; comment request, 45314–45315

Agricultural Marketing Service
PROPOSED RULES
Hass avacado promotion, research, and information order:
Referendum procedures, 45188

Agriculture Department
See Agricultural Marketing Service
See Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service
See Commodity Credit Corporation
See Rural Utilities Service

Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service
RULES
Plant-related quarantine, foreign:
Fruits and vegetables, 45151–45161

Antitrust Division
NOTICES
Competitive impact statements and proposed consent judgments:
Premdor Inc. et al., 45326–45339
National cooperative research notifications:
Test and Diagnostics Consortium, Inc., 45339–45340

Army Department
See Engineers Corps
NOTICES
Agency information collection activities:
Proposed collection; comment request, 45286–45287
Meetings:
Armament Retooling and Manufacturing Support Executive Advisory Committee, 45287

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
NOTICES
Agency information collection activities:
Proposed collection; comment request, 45315–45316

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
RULES
Medicare:
Reasonable charge methodology replacement by fee schedules for parental and enteral nutrients, equipment, and supplies, 45173–45177
NOTICES
Agency information collection activities:
Proposed collection; comment request, 45316–45317

Commerce Department
See Economic Analysis Bureau
See Foreign-Trade Zones Board
See International Trade Administration
See National Institute of Standards and Technology
See National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

Commodity Credit Corporation
NOTICES
Grants and cooperative agreements; availability, etc.:
Crop Loss Disaster Assistance Program, 45276–45277

Commodity Futures Trading Commission
PROPOSED RULES
Commodity Exchange Act:
Commodity interest transactions; intermediaries; amendments, 45221–45235

Copyright Office, Library of Congress
PROPOSED RULES
Copyright office and procedures:
Compulsory license for making and distributing phonorecords, including digital phonorecord deliveries, 45241–45245

Customs Service
PROPOSED RULES
Administrative rulings, 45235–45236

Defense Department
See Army Department
See Engineers Corps
See Navy Department
RULES
Civilian health and medical program of uniformed services (CHAMPUS):
TRICARE program—
Professional services in low-access locations; payments, 45171–45173
Military justice:
Legal assistance matters; military testamentary instruments, powers of attorney, and advance medical directives, 45169–45171
NOTICES
Meetings:
Dependents' Education Advisory Council, 45285
President's Information Technology Advisory Committee, 45285–45286

Drug Enforcement Administration
NOTICES
Applications, hearings, determinations, etc.:
Cedarburg Pharmaceuticals, LLC, 45340

Economic Analysis Bureau
PROPOSED RULES
International services surveys:
BE-20; benchmark survey of selected services transactions with unaffiliated foreign persons, 45219–45221

Education Department
NOTICES
Agency information collection activities:
Submission for OMB review; comment request, 45295

Energy Department
See Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Office

NOTICES
Grants and cooperative agreements; availability, etc.:
Stewardship Science Academic Alliances Program, 45295–45296

Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Office
PROPOSED RULES
Consumer products; energy conservation program:
Energy conservation standards—
Central air conditioners and heat pumps; correction, 45189–45190
Consumer products and commercial and industrial equipment; energy conservation program; meeting, 45188–45189

Engineers Corps
NOTICES
Environmental statements; availability, etc.:
Missouri River Master Water Control Manual; review and update, 45287–45288
Environmental statements; notice of intent:
Las Americas Transshipment Port Complex, PR, 45288–45290
Miami Harbor, Dade County, FL; navigation improvements, 45290–45291
Palm Beach, FL; Phipps Ocean Park Beach Restoration Project, 45291–45292
Phoenix, AZ; Rio Salado Oeste Feasibility Study, 45292

Environmental Protection Agency
PROPOSED RULES
Air pollution control:
State operating permits programs—
Alabama, 45253–45256
Solid wastes:
Products containing recovered materials; comprehensive procurement guideline, 45256–45274
NOTICES
Grants and cooperative agreements; availability, etc.:
Environmental Education Program, 45539–45550
Meetings:
Scientific Counselors Board, 45296–45297
Reports and guidance documents; availability, etc.:
Recovered Materials Advisory (RMAN IV), 45297–45306
Superfund; response and remedial actions, proposed settlements, etc.:
Antifreeze, Inc., Site, LA, 45306
Ewan Property Site, NJ, 45306–45307
Toxic and hazardous substances control:
New chemicals—
Receipt and status information, 45307–45310

Federal Aviation Administration
RULES
Class E airspace, 45162
PROPOSED RULES
Airworthiness directives:
Airbus, 45192–45194
Boeing, 45194–45196
McDonnell Douglas, 45190–45192
Short Brothers, 45196–45198
Class E airspace, 45198–45201
NOTICES
High density airports; takeoff and landing slots, slot exemption lottery, and slot allocation procedures:
International slots for summer 2002 scheduling season; submission deadline, 45358–45359

Federal Communications Commission
RULES
Television broadcasting:
Cable televsion systems—
Multichannel video and cable television service; 1998 biennial review; effective date, 45177
NOTICES
Meetings:
North American Numbering Council, 45310
Telecommunications relay services; Technology Expo and Public Forum, 45310–45312

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation
NOTICES
Agency information collection activities:
Submission for OMB review; comment request, 45312–45313

Federal Emergency Management Agency
NOTICES
Meetings:
Public Assistance Program Advisory Committee, 45313
National Flood Insurance Program:
Flood map changes, 45393–45513

Federal Highway Administration
NOTICES
Federal and federally-assisted programs; uniform relocation and real property acquisition; fixed payments for moving expenses; residential moves, 45359–45361

Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration
NOTICES
Agency information collection activities:
Submission for OMB review; comment request, 45361–45362

Federal Transit Administration
PROPOSED RULES
Clean Fuels Formula Grant Program, 45551–45561

Fish and Wildlife Service
PROPOSED RULES
Migratory bird hunting:
Seasons, limits, and shooting hours; establishment, etc., 45515–45537
Migratory bird permits:
Mallards; release of captive-reared birds, 45274–45275
NOTICES
Agency information collection activities:
Submission for OMB review; comment request, 45320–45322
Endangered and threatened species permit applications, 45322
Meetings:
Aquatic Nuisance Species Task Force, 45322–45323

Food and Drug Administration
RULES
Animal drugs, feeds, and related products:
Oxytetracycline, 45167
NOTICES
Reports and guidance documents; availability, etc.:
Clinical investigator eligibility to continue to receive investigational products; presiding officer reports and commissioner decisions, 45317–45318
Fish and Fishery Products Hazards and Controls (Third Edition), 45318–45319

Veterinary Medicinal Products, International Cooperation on Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for Registration—
Veterinary drug residues in human food; safety evaluation studies; carcinogenicity testing, 45319–45320

Foreign-Trade Zones Board
NOTICES
Applications, hearings, determinations, etc.:
California, 45278

Health and Human Services Department
See Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality
See Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
See Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
See Food and Drug Administration

Interior Department
See Fish and Wildlife Service
See Land Management Bureau
See Minerals Management Service

International Trade Administration
NOTICES
Antidumping:
Oil country tubular goods from—
Korea, 45278–45279
Stainless steel plate and sheet and strip in coils from—
Korea, 45279–45283

International Trade Commission
NOTICES
Import investigations:
Steel products; correction, 45324–45325

Justice Department
See Antitrust Division
See Drug Enforcement Administration
NOTICES
Committees; establishment, renewal, termination, etc.:
FBI Security Programs Review Commission, 45325
Meetings:
FBI Security Programs Review Commission, 45325
Pollution control; consent judgments:
American Scrap Co., 45325
CVS Corp. et al., 45325–45326

Labor Department
See Mine Safety and Health Administration
See Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration

Land Management Bureau
NOTICES
Agency information collection activities:
Submission for OMB review; comment request, 45323–45324

Library of Congress
See Copyright Office, Library of Congress

Minerals Management Service
PROPOSED RULES
Outer Continental Shelf; oil, gas, and sulphur operations:
Pipeline modifications and repairs; safety measures and procedures, 45236–45241

Mine Safety and Health Administration
RULES
Education and training:
Hazard communication (HazCom); effective date delay, 45167–45169

National Institute of Standards and Technology
NOTICES
Committees; establishment, renewal, termination, etc.:
Manufacturing Extension Partnership National Advisory Board, 45284

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
RULES
Fishery conservation and management:
Northeastern United States fisheries—
Summer flounder, scup, black sea bass, squid, Atlantic mackerel, butterfish, and bluefish; correction, 45187
NOTICES
Meetings:
International Commission for Conservation of Atlantic Tunas, U.S. Section Advisory Committee, 45284
Mid-Atlantic Fishery Management Council, 45284–45285
New England Fishery Management Council, 45285

Navy Department
NOTICES
Inventions, Government-owned; availability for licensing, 45292–45293
Meetings:
Naval Academy, Board of Visitors, 45293
Senior Executive Service:
Performance Review Boards; membership, 45293–45295

Nuclear Regulatory Commission
NOTICES
Meetings; Sunshine Act, 45344

Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration
NOTICES
Employee benefit plans; prohibited transaction exemptions:
Walston & High, P.A., et al., 45340–45343

Postal Service
PROPOSED RULES
Domestic Mail Manual:
Automation rate and presorted rate flats; co-packaging, 45245–45253

Presidio Trust
NOTICES
Meetings; correction, 45344

Public Health Service
See Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality
See Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
See Food and Drug Administration

Research and Special Programs Administration
RULES
Hazardous materials:
Editorial corrections and clarifications, 45177–45187, 45375–45392

Rural Utilities Service
NOTICES
Agency information collection activities:
Proposed collection; comment request, 45277–45278

Secret Service
NOTICES
Privacy Act:
Systems of records, 45362–45372

Securities and Exchange Commission
NOTICES
Investment Company Act of 1940:
Shares substitution applications—
Janus Aspen Series et al., 45344–45346
Meetings; Sunshine Act, 45346
Self-regulatory organizations; proposed rule changes:
National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., 45347–45351
Options Clearing Corp., 45351–45356

Social Security Administration
RULES
Social security benefits:
Federal old age, survivors, and disability insurance—
Medical-vocational guidelines; clarification, 45162–45167

Transportation Department
See Federal Aviation Administration
See Federal Highway Administration
See Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration
See Federal Transit Administration
See Research and Special Programs Administration
PROPOSED RULES
Aviation economic regulations:
Air carrier traffic and capacity data by nonstop segment and on-flight market; reporting requirements, 45201–45219
NOTICES
Aviation proceedings:
Certificates of public convenience and necessity and foreign air carrier permits; weekly applications, 45357
Hearings, etc.—
Tourjets Airline Corp., 45357

Senior Executive Service:
Performance Review Boards; membership, 45357–45358

Treasury Department
See Customs Service
See Secret Service
NOTICES
Agency information collection activities:
Submission for OMB review; comment request, 45362

Veterans Affairs Department
NOTICES
Agency information collection activities:
Proposed collection; comment request, 45372–45373

Separate Parts In This Issue

Part II
Department of Transportation, Research and Special Programs Administration, 45375–45392

Part III
Federal Emergency Management Agency, 45393–45513

Part IV
Department of Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 45515–45537

Part V
Environmental Protection Agency, 45539–45550

Part VI
Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration, 45551–45561

Reader Aids
Consult the Reader Aids section at the end of this issue for phone numbers, online resources, finding aids, reminders, and notice of recently enacted public laws.

CFR PARTS AFFECTED IN THIS ISSUE

A cumulative list of the parts affected this month can be found in the Reader Aids section at the end of this issue.

7 CFR
300.....45151
319.....45151
Proposed Rules:
1219.....45188

10 CFR
Proposed Rules:
430 (2 documents).....45188, 45189

14 CFR
71.....45162
Proposed Rules:
39 (4 documents).....45190, 45192, 45194, 45196
71 (3 documents).....45198, 45199, 45200
217.....45201
241.....45201
291.....45201
298.....45201

15 CFR
Proposed Rules:
801.....45219

17 CFR
Proposed Rules:
1.....45221
3.....45221
4.....45221
140.....45221
155.....45221

19 CFR
Proposed Rules:
177.....45235

20 CFR
404.....45162

21 CFR
558.....45167

30 CFR
42.....45167
47.....45167
56.....45167
57.....45167
77.....45167
Proposed Rules:
250.....45236

32 CFR
153.....45169
199.....45171

37 CFR
Proposed Rules:
201.....45241

39 CFR
Proposed Rules:
111.....45245

40 CFR
Proposed Rules:
70.....45253
247.....45256

42 CFR
414.....45173

47 CFR
76.....45177

49 CFR
107 (2 documents).....45177, 45376
110.....45376
130.....45376
171 (2 documents).....45177, 45376
172 (2 documents).....45177, 45376
173 (2 documents).....45177, 45376
174.....45376
175 (2 documents).....45177, 45376
176 (2 documents).....45177, 45376
177 (2 documents).....45177, 45376
178 (2 documents).....45177, 45376
179 (2 documents).....45177, 45376
180 (2 documents).....45177, 45376
Proposed Rules:
624.....44552

50 CFR
648.....45187
Proposed Rules:
20.....45516
21.....45274

Rules and Regulations

Federal Register
Vol. 66, No. 167
Tuesday, August 28, 2001

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains regulatory documents having general applicability and legal effect, most of which are keyed to and codified in the Code of Federal Regulations, which is published under 50 titles pursuant to 44 U.S.C. 1510.

The Code of Federal Regulations is sold by the Superintendent of Documents. Prices of new books are listed in the first FEDERAL REGISTER issue of each week.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

7 CFR Parts 300 and 319

[Docket No. 00–006–2]

Importation of Fruits and Vegetables

AGENCY: Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, USDA.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: We are amending the fruits and vegetables regulations to list a number of fruits and vegetables from certain parts of the world as eligible, under specified conditions, for importation into the United States. All of the fruits and vegetables, as a condition of entry, will be inspected and subject to disinfection at the port of first arrival as may be required by a U.S. Department of Agriculture inspector. In addition, some of the fruits and vegetables will be required to be treated or meet other special conditions. This action will provide the United States with additional kinds and sources of fruits and vegetables while continuing to provide protection against the introduction of injurious plant pests by imported fruits and vegetables.

We are also recognizing the Department of Petén in Guatemala and all Districts in Belize as areas free of the Mediterranean fruit fly. This action will relieve import restrictions while continuing to prevent the introduction of plant pests into the United States.

DATES: This regulation is effective August 28, 2001. The incorporation by reference of the material described in the rule is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of August 28, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Donna L. West, Import Specialist, Phytosanitary Issues Management Team, PPQ, APHIS, 4700 River Road Unit 140, Riverdale, MD 20737–1236; (301) 734–6799.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The regulations in 7 CFR 319.56 through 319.56–8 (referred to below as the regulations) prohibit or restrict the importation of fruits and vegetables into the United States from certain parts of the world to prevent the introduction and dissemination of fruit flies and other injurious plant pests that are new to or not widely distributed within the United States.

On August 21, 2000, we published in the **Federal Register** (65 FR 50655–50666, Docket No. 00–0061–1) a proposal to amend the regulations to list a number of fruits and vegetables from certain parts of the world as eligible, under specified conditions, for importation into the United States. In the proposal, we also proposed to declare Los Cabos and La Paz, Baja California Sur, Mexico, as fruit fly-free areas, and to declare Belize and the Department of Petén, Guatemala, as areas free of the Mediterranean fruit fly (Medfly). We proposed these actions at the request of various importers and foreign ministries of agriculture, and after conducting pest risk analyses [1] that indicated these actions could be taken without significant risk of introducing plant pests into the United States.

Since the publication of the proposed rule, the Government of Mexico has reported infestations of the West Indian fruit fly (*Anastrepha obliqua*) in both the Los Cabos and La Paz areas of the State of Baja California Sur, Mexico. We are therefore, withdrawing our proposal to list those areas as fruit fly-free areas under the regulations in § 319.56–2(h).

Also, on March 14, 2001, a single female Medfly was found in a Jackson trap in the village of Placencia in the Stann Creek District of Belize. Since March 14, the Belize Agriculture Health Authority (BAHA) has increased trapping around the area where the Medfly was detected. Further, BAHA has removed available Medfly host material (including guavas and cashews) from trees in Placencia. No additional Medflies have been trapped to date. Based on the lack of further detections, BAHA and APHIS believe that there is not a reproducing Medfly population in the Placencia area. Therefore, we are making no changes to our proposal to list all of Belize as Medfly-free under the regulations in § 319.56–2(j).

We solicited comments concerning our proposal for 60 days ending October 20, 2000. We received 82 comments by that date. They were from producers, exporters, researchers, and representatives of State and foreign governments. Seventy-five commenters generally supported the rule. Seven commenters expressed concerns about some aspect of the proposed rule. Their concerns are discussed below by topic.

Papaya Systems Approach

We proposed to amend the regulations in § 319.56–2w (referred to below as the papaya systems approach) by adding several areas in Central America to the list of locations eligible to export papayas to the United States in accordance with the papaya systems approach.

Comment: The listing of areas in proposed § 319.56–2w(a) is meaningless in terms of mitigating pest risk because there are large populations of Medfly in those areas.

Response: We did not intend for that list of areas to serve as a mitigating measure against the introduction of Medfly or other pests. Rather, the list of areas in § 319.56–2w(a) is necessary to identify those areas that are eligible to export papayas to the United States under the papaya systems approach.

Comment: Fully green papayas have been reported to harbor Medfly. Therefore, APHIS must provide data that demonstrate otherwise.

Response: Research conducted by officials in Brazil, Costa Rica, and Hawaii regarding the susceptibility of papaya at various stages of ripeness to infestation with fruit flies was critically reviewed by U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) personnel and found to be satisfactory. The research demonstrates that less than one-half ripe papayas (shell surface no more than one-quarter yellow, surrounded by light green) are not a host for Medfly or South American fruit fly. Further, field and cage tests conducted in Costa Rica and Brazil demonstrate that fully ripe

[1] Information on these pest risk analyses and any other pest risk analysis referred to in this document may be obtained by writing to the person listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** or by calling the Plant Protection and Quarantine (PPQ) fax vault at 301–734–3560.

papayas are not a preferred host of Medfly or South American fruit fly.

In field tests in Costa Rica, papayas were purposely left on trees so that all stages of ripeness were represented at all times, and fields growing papayas for survey were not treated with pesticides. Approximately 100,000 papayas were examined over the course of 3 years. No *Anastrepha* spp. fruit flies were found in any of the papayas, even in almost fully ripe fruits, and no Medflies were found in papayas that were less than three-quarters ripe. In those 100,000 papayas, only 6 Medfly larvae were found in fruit that was three-quarters ripe or more. Those six larvae, plus trap catches in the areas where research was conducted in Costa Rica, indicate that Medflies were present in the area, but that Medflies do not prefer papayas, especially papayas that are less than one-half ripe.

In forced tests in Costa Rica, no Medfly or *Anastrepha* spp. larvae were found in papayas that were green to quarter-ripe, and only one larva was found in a half-ripe papaya.

Further, in a study conducted in Brazil, more than 100,000 papayas of all ripeness degrees, green to fully ripe (entirely yellow), were collected in commercial groves in Espirito Santo. Under these natural conditions, none of the papayas, not even fully ripe papayas, contained fruit fly larvae. Under forced conditions (e.g., cage tests, where Medfly and South American fruit fly are confined in cages with ripening papayas), Medfly and South American fruit fly only attacked fully ripe papayas. Therefore, we are confident that papayas that are less than one-half ripe present a negligible risk of introducing Medfly or South American fruit fly into the United States.

Comment: Trap catches of 7 or more Medflies per trap per week indicate the presence of a sizable Medfly population, and trap catches of 14 Medflies per week are well beyond acceptable levels to continue harvesting fruits for export. Control measures must be initiated at much lower levels.

Response: As stated above, research shows that papayas that are less than one-half ripe are not a host of Medfly. The trapping requirements of the systems approach guard against ''high infestation pressure'' in production fields, and each farm's weekly average of Medfly captures per trap will be individually calculated. In the systems approach, there are specific requirements for the placement, types, and monitoring of fruit fly traps in papaya production fields. Specifically, we require that beginning at least 1 year before harvest begins and continuing through the completion of harvest, fruit fly traps must be maintained in the field where the papayas are grown. The traps must be placed at a rate of one trap per hectare and must be checked for fruit flies at least once weekly by plant health officials of the national plant protection organization. Fifty percent of the traps must be of the McPhail type, and 50 percent of the traps must be of the Jackson type.

The systems approach identifies trapping thresholds that will trigger action if the Medfly population in a papaya production area is too large. Specifically, in order to monitor the Medfly levels in commercial papaya production areas, we require that if the average Jackson trap catch is greater than seven Medflies per trap per week, measures, which may include Malathion bait sprays or other chemical sprays, must be taken to control the Medfly population in the production area. If the average Jackson trap catch exceeds 14 Medflies per trap per week, importations of papayas from that production area will be halted until the rate of capture drops to an average of 7 or fewer Medflies per trap per week.

These thresholds for Medfly trapping help detect increasing populations of these fruit flies in growing areas and help ensure that these fruit flies are not associated with imports of papayas.

Comment: The proposed papaya program in Guatemala should be run as a preclearance program, and APHIS should be present to supervise treatments of papayas.

Response: APHIS operates preclearance programs when they are determined necessary to mitigate pest risks identified by a pest risk assessment. In the case of papayas imported from Guatemala, APHIS has determined that it need not supervise firms authorized to export papayas to the United States under the systems approach because Guatemala has the infrastructure and expertise necessary to run the program in accordance with APHIS' regulations. However, APHIS personnel make periodic, often unannounced, inspections of papaya production and processing areas that are eligible to export papayas under the systems approach. The intent of these inspections is to ensure that growers and processors are operating in compliance with all applicable APHIS regulations.

Comment: Persons producing and shipping papayas under the systems approach have a built-in incentive to ''cheat'' on the hot water treatment since such treatment may hurt the fruits' shelf life.

Response: We agree that treatment may have an adverse effect on the quality of papayas. However, each individual measure required under the regulations is not intended to act as a stand-alone treatment for Medfly, South American fruit fly, or any other pest. The measures are overlapping, redundant safeguards that collectively form a systems approach to the importation of papayas from Brazil, Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, and Panama. Therefore, we believe the systems approach protects against the risks resulting from an occasional inadequately treated shipment of papayas. This is to say that, even in the event that a shipment of papayas is not treated properly, we believe that the other mitigating measures employed by the systems approach will be adequate to protect against the shipment being infested with fruit flies. The requirement that all shipments of papayas imported under the systems approach must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate issued by the national plant protection organization of the region of origin that states that the papayas were grown, packed, and shipped in accordance with the systems approach regulations provides assurance that papayas were treated in accordance with APHIS requirements.

Further, as a precautionary measure, in order to ensure that growers who export papayas to the United States under the systems approach are treating fruits properly, APHIS monitors the treatment of papayas through examination of fruit at the port of arrival in the United States. To date, these efforts have proven effective, as there have been no reported interceptions of fruit fly-infested papayas imported under the systems approach from Costa Rica or Brazil.

Comment: Other safeguards are more effective in preventing insect infestation in papaya than hot water treatment. APHIS should consider requiring the use of a fruit washing system and intensified checking of fruits during selection and packaging. Such requirements would likely be more effective in ensuring papayas' freedom from fruit flies. Hot water treatment is costly, has minimal benefits in the context of the program, and should be made an optional safeguard.

Response: As described above, each individual measure required under the systems approach is not intended to act as a stand-alone treatment for Medfly, South American fruit fly, or any other pest. However, we believe that the required hot water is an essential part of the systems approach, and is necessary

to minimize the pest risk associated with the importation of papayas under the systems approach. Specifically, the hot water treatment is particularly useful in mitigating the pest risk that could result if fruit flies lay eggs in papayas immediately before harvest. Further, any consideration of alternative safeguards to be used in the systems approach would have to be based on risk assessment, and would need to be the subject of another rulemaking action.

Comment: APHIS should amend the systems approach to allow riper fruit to be eligible for export.

Response: As stated above, research has shown that papayas in any stage of ripeness are not a preferred host for Medfly or South American fruit fly, and papayas that are less than one-half ripe are not a host for Medfly or South American fruit fly. Given that papayas that are more than one-half ripe could be hosts (albeit not preferred hosts) for fruit flies, we will continue to prohibit the importation under the systems approach of papayas that are not less than one-half ripe.

Comment: APHIS should include additional areas in Guatemala as eligible to export papayas to the United States under the systems approach.

Response: Persons who wish to have areas added to the list of areas eligible to export papayas to the United States under the systems approach must submit a formal request to the APHIS representative for their region, and should be prepared to provide APHIS with at least 1 year's worth of fruit fly trapping data for the area to be considered. We are not making any changes in response to this comment because any additions to the list of areas eligible to export papayas under the systems approach regulations must go through notice and comment rulemaking under the requirements of the Administrative Procedure Act.

Comment: APHIS should include the Tainung variety of papaya as a fruit eligible for importation into the United States under the papaya systems approach.

Response: Again, we are not making any changes in response to this comment because any additions to the list of fruits eligible for importation into the United States must go through notice and comment rulemaking. Persons or regions wishing to export commodities to the United States may submit all available data on the commodity, including pest risk assessments, to the person listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.**

Fruit Fly-free Areas

Comment: It is likely impossible to know that Belize and the Department of Petén, Guatemala, are free of Medflies, and that all of Baja California Sur, Mexico, is free of fruit flies due to the physical impossibility of surveying the entire areas. Trapping cannot definitely prove that an area is fruit fly-free, but only that populations are below certain detectable levels.

Response: The national plant protection organizations of Belize, Guatemala, and Mexico conduct fruit fly trapping surveys throughout the fruit-fly free areas. Traps are located in close proximity to all areas where fruit fly host material is located, including commercial growing areas that produce fruit fly host material for export to the United States and backyards that contain fruit fly hosts.

We agree that trapping results cannot definitely prove with absolute certainty that a given area is fruit fly-free, even if no fruit flies are trapped within the area. However, trapping is the preferred method used to by most countries to determine if there are fruit fly populations present in a given area.

As stated earlier in this document, since the publication of the proposed rule, there have been several trap catches of the West Indian fruit fly (*Anastrepha obliqua*) in the municipalities of Los Cabos and La Paz, Baja California Sur, in Mexico. Given the recent detections in those areas, we are withdrawing our proposal to declare Los Cabos and La Paz as municipalities in Baja California Sur, Mexico, that are fruit fly-free under the regulations in § 319.56–2(h).

Comment: Since the areas in Mexico, Belize, and Guatemala proposed to be designated as fruit fly-free areas in §§ 319.56–2(h) and (j) are adjacent to areas with large fruit fly populations, the regulations should include detailed requirements for quarantine protection, continuous monitoring, and provisions for removing listed areas if the requirements are not met.

Response: In accordance with the regulations in § 319.56–2(f), before an area can be listed as fruit fly-free, the Administrator of APHIS must determine that:

- Within the past 12 months, the plant protection service of the country of origin has established the absence of infestations of fruit flies in the definite area or district based on surveys performed in accordance with requirements approved by the Administrator as adequate to detect such infestations;
- The country of origin has adopted and is enforcing requirements to prevent the introduction of fruit flies into the definite area or district of the country of origin that are deemed by the Administrator to be at least equivalent to those requirements imposed under APHIS' regulations to prevent the introduction into the United States and interstate spread of fruit flies; and
- The plant protection service of the country of origin has submitted to the Administrator written detailed procedures for the conduct of surveys and the enforcement of the requirements in § 319.56–2 to prevent the introduction of fruit flies.

In accordance with these requirements, vehicles entering fruit fly-free areas in Mexico, Belize, or Guatemala are stopped and inspected for fruit fly host material. Any fruit fly host material that is brought into free areas must be treated for fruit flies. Further, the governments of Mexico, Belize, and Guatemala conduct trapping surveys in and around fruit fly-free areas to monitor for the presence of fruit fly or Medfly populations in those areas. APHIS closely monitors the trapping data to verify that these areas do not contain active fruit fly populations.

Comment: APHIS is recognizing Belize as free of Medfly, yet Belize did not have to follow the same procedure and provide as much information as Guatemala did. Why?

Response: Belize provided APHIS with the same kinds of trapping data and descriptions of pest-control infrastructure as Guatemala did and was subject to the same approval process as Guatemala. Copies of the documentation submitted by each country can be obtained by contacting the person listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.**

Comment: Chile is not Medfly-free. An active infestation is present in Santiago.

Response: Since the publication of the proposed rule, the national plant protection organization of Chile has reported the presence of Medfly in the Provinces of Arica, Iquique, and Parinacota. In response to these reports, we will soon be publishing an interim rule to remove those provinces from the list of Medfly-free areas in Chile.

Comment: Why are papayas from Belize and the Department of Petén, Guatemala, not allowed into Hawaii if they are allowed into the rest of the United States without treatment for Medfly?

Response: The papaya fruit fly, which is a pest of quarantine significance for Hawaii, is known to exist in Belize and Guatemala. Given that Hawaii is the United States' largest producer of papaya, we prohibit the entry into

Hawaii of papayas from regions where the papaya fruit fly is known to exist to protect against the introduction of the papaya fruit fly into that State.

Mangoes From Mexico

Comment: Mangoes from Mexico are not always treated properly, and interceptions of live larvae have occurred at border ports. These interceptions cast doubt on the effectiveness of the mango preclearance program.

Response: In response to recent fruit fly interceptions in treated mangoes from Mexico, APHIS has conducted a review of the mango preclearance program in Mexico. APHIS also requested that the Agricultural Research Service (ARS) review the authorized hot water treatment for mangoes imported from Mexico and to determine whether post-treatment hydrocooling of the mangoes compromised the efficacy of the treatment. The authorized treatment did not specifically require or forbid the use of hydrocooling, and hydrocooling has been employed in Mexico in an effort to preserve the appearance and taste of treated mangoes.

An ARS report completed in February 2001 states that hydrocooling immediately after hot water treatment does indeed compromise treatment efficacy. The report also states that treatment efficacy can be maintained by requiring cooling of fruits in air for 30 minutes after the completion of hot water treatment, after which the fruit could be hydrocooled. Based on the ARS report, we are planning to publish a proposed rule that would amend the existing hot water treatment schedule for mangoes from certain areas, including Mexico. Copies of the ARS report are available by contacting the person listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**.

In addition to the review of the treatment for mangoes, APHIS also evaluated additional facets of the mango production process that we had not previously monitored. In our evaluation, we found additional factors that may have contributed to the infestations of mangoes offered for entry into the United States, including inadequate trapping surveys, improper fruit selection, and deficiencies in fruit-cutting examinations conducted prior to the treatment of mangoes at various production and processing areas in Mexico. In response to these issues, APHIS will be monitoring these activities throughout Mexico to ensure against further introductions of fruit flies into the United States.

Comment: APHIS should not transfer oversight of the existing mango preclearance program to Mexico, given the recent interceptions of fruit flies in mangoes from Mexico, especially since APHIS supervised the treatment of those mangoes. Given the number of interceptions, the program should have been shut down.

Response: As stated above, we believe the recent fruit fly interceptions at the border were attributable to the use of hydrocooling immediately after the authorized hot water treatment and problems with other pretreatment pest management issues—not with APHIS' or others' oversight of the treatment. With the revised treatment protocol described above in place, and with the additional monitoring of production and processing described above, we believe there is no reason to expect any further fruit fly interceptions in treated mangoes from Mexico, regardless of who supervises the treatments. Therefore, we are making no changes in response to this comment.

Comment: Given the change of the mango program in Mexico from a preclearance program to a national certification program, is APHIS prepared to apply the equivalency principle to other countries with similar programs?

Response: Yes, APHIS will consider requests that would result in the transfer of an existing preclearance program to the national plant protection organization of a particular country. For each such request, we would publish a proposed rule in the **Federal Register** and solicit public comment on the proposed transfer of certification authority. We would propose such actions only after determining that the national plant protection organization of the exporting region has the infrastructure and expertise necessary to conduct the export program in accordance with APHIS' regulations. Further, APHIS would still monitor such operations, and would make periodic inspections of treatment facilities to ensure compliance with APHIS' regulations.

Comment: Has APHIS studied the correlation between live fruit fly finds and the presence of full-time APHIS inspectors at each treatment facility and/or APHIS inspectors covering a number of facilities? Were these studies considered in developing the proposed rule?

Response: APHIS has not conducted such a study, nor was such a study considered in the development of the proposed rule. However, in any case when APHIS allows a foreign plant protection agency to certify treatments required by APHIS, such a decision is typically based on a combination of prior experience working with the plant protection organization of the affected country and risk. In short, APHIS maintains a presence in exporting regions only if APHIS' presence is necessary to ensure that commodities to be exported to the United States are free of quarantine pests and diseases.

Carambola From Mexico

Comment: APHIS should supervise cold treatment of carambolas from Mexico and should specify in the regulations the exact level of APHIS supervision that will be required. There is a built-in incentive for Mexico to ''cheat'' on cold-treatment of carambolas. Cold treatment for 11 days or more causes significant damage to carambolas, and damage worsens as temperature is lowered and duration increased.

Response: APHIS will monitor the treatment of carambolas from Mexico to ensure that the treatments are performed in accordance with the PPQ Treatment Manual. An APHIS representative will typically be present when treatment begins and when treatment ends, and will review the temperature readings recorded during the treatment that are required to be kept by the treatment facility in accordance with the PPQ Treatment Manual.

Further, treatment facilities that treat carambolas under the regulations are required to be certified by, and must operate under a compliance agreement with, APHIS. Shipments of carambolas that are treated at facilities that do not meet the requirements will be refused entry into the United States.

Comment: Increased imports of carambolas from Mexico would hurt U.S. carambola producers.

Response: In our initial regulatory flexibility analysis for our August 21, 2000, proposed rule, we stated that there were no data available regarding production of carambolas in the United States, and Mexico's Center for Agricultural Statistics does not believe that there are any commercial carambola production areas in Mexico. Based on the lack of available data, we stated that imports of carambola from Mexico would be unlikely to have any measurable economic effect on U.S. producers or consumers. However, since the proposed rule was published, we have gathered additional information related to domestic carambola production. The information is discussed below in our final regulatory flexibility analysis.

Inspection of Fruits and Vegetables

Comment: In the proposed rule, APHIS states that pest risk analyses

indicate potential pests of passion fruit, kiwi, carambola, and lettuce that are not ''treated for'' would be readily detectable by an inspector. There are two problems with this statement:

1. Representatives from APHIS have publicly stated that many pests are extremely difficult to detect in a high-volume setting such as a port of entry.

2. APHIS examines only a tiny volume of products imported into the United States.

Response: The fruits cited by the commenter would be allowed to enter the United States from certain countries if treated in accordance with the PPQ Treatment Manual for certain pests.

In conducting a risk assessment for each of these fruits, APHIS identified the pests of concern that could be associated with each particular imported commodity. APHIS then considered the damage each pest could cause and the likelihood of each pest being introduced into the United States via the imported commodity and assigned each pest a risk level of high, medium, or low. APHIS then determined what, if any, mitigating measures (e.g., treatments) are available to address the risks presented by the identified pests of concern. APHIS does not typically require additional mitigation measures other than inspection at the port of arrival for pests that are identified as low risk according to risk assessment.

The commenter is correct that APHIS inspects only a portion of imported products. However, APHIS does inspect at least a small portion of every documented shipment of plant products that is imported into the United States, and randomly selects fruits and vegetables from each shipment for inspection.

Eggplant and Watermelon From Spain

Comment: Eggplant and watermelon should be packaged in pest-proof containers when being moved from commercial growing locations.

Response: APHIS requires that certain commodities from certain areas to be packaged in pest-proof containers prior to movement from production areas in the region of origin to ensure that the commodities are not vulnerable to pest infestation during transit from the production area to the United States. However, APHIS does not believe that such controls are necessary to protect eggplant and watermelon from Spain. These commodities are not hosts to pests of quarantine significance in the United States.

Peppers From New Zealand

Comment: Peppers can be host to serious plant pests, including *Helicoverpa armigera* Hubner and *Spodoptera litura* Fabricus. The risk of introducing these pests is too great to allow the importation of peppers from New Zealand.

Response: As stated in our proposed rule, in order to protect against the introduction of *H. armigera* and *S. litura,* we are requiring that the peppers be grown in insect-proof greenhouses approved by the New Zealand Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry (MAF). We are requiring the greenhouses to be equipped with double self-closing doors and that any vents or openings in the greenhouses (other than the double closing doors) be covered with 0.6 mm screening in order to prevent the entry of pests into the greenhouse. We are also requiring that these greenhouses be examined periodically by MAF to ensure that the screens are intact.

In order to verify that these conditions are being met in New Zealand, we are requiring peppers from New Zealand to be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate of inspection stating that the peppers were grown in greenhouses in accordance with the above conditions.

We believe that these conditions, as well as all other applicable requirements in § 319.56–6, will be adequate to prevent the introduction of plant pests into the United States with peppers imported from New Zealand.

Miscellaneous Comments

Comment: ''Cuke-asaurus''™ horned fruit from Chile should be added to the list of fruits that are eligible, under specified conditions, for importation into the United States.

Response: As noted previously, any additions to the list of fruits eligible for importation into the United States must be the subject of notice and comment rulemaking. Persons or regions wishing to export commodities to the United State may submit all available data on the commodity, including pest risk assessments, to the person listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.**

Comment: The proposed rule contains a mistake: Mangoes should not be included in the list of fruits eligible for importation without treatment for fruit fly (if from fruit fly-free areas).

Response: In our proposed rule, we specifically proposed to add mangoes to the list of fruits that may be imported from areas listed in § 319.56–2(h) without treatment for fruit flies, since no species of fruit fly known to attack mango exists in any of the areas listed in § 319.56–2(h). Mangoes from the areas listed in § 319.56–2(h) do not present a risk of fruit fly introduction.

Therefore, for the reasons given in the proposed rule and in this document, we are adopting the proposed rule as a final rule, with the changes discussed in this document.

Effective Date

This is a substantive rule that relieves restrictions and, pursuant to the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 553, may be made effective less than 30 days after publication in the **Federal Register**.

This rule relieves restrictions on the importation of certain fruits and vegetables from certain countries while continuing to protect against the introduction of plant pests into the United States. Immediate implementation of this rule is necessary to provide relief to those persons who are adversely affected by restrictions we no longer find warranted. Making this rule effective immediately will allow interested producers, importers, shippers, and others to benefit immediately from the relieved restrictions. Therefore, the Administrator of the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service has determined that this rule should be effective upon publication in the **Federal Register**.

Executive Order 12866 and Regulatory Flexibility Act

This rule has been reviewed under Executive Order 12866. The rule has been determined to be not significant for the purposes of Executive Order 12866 and, therefore, has not been reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget.

In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 604, we have performed a final regulatory flexibility analysis, which is set out below, regarding the economic effects of this rule on small entities.

This final rule amends the fruits and vegetables regulations to list a number of fruits and vegetables from certain parts of the world as eligible, under specified conditions, for importation into the United States. All of the fruits and vegetables, as a condition of entry, will be inspected and subject to such disinfection at the port of first arrival as may be required by a USDA inspector. In addition, some of the fruits and vegetables will be required to meet other special conditions. This action will provide the United States with additional kinds and sources of fruits and vegetables while continuing to provide protection against the introduction and dissemination of injurious plant pests by imported fruits and vegetables. This final rule will also recognize the Department of Petén,

Guatemala, and all Districts in Belize as areas free of the Mediterranean fruit fly.

We have used all available data to estimate the potential economic effects of allowing these fruits and vegetables to be imported into the United States. However, some of the data we believe would be helpful in making this determination have not been available. Specifically, data are not available on: (1) The quantity of specific fruits and vegetables produced domestically; (2) the quantity of potential imports; and (3) the degree to which imported fruits and vegetables will displace existing imported or domestic products. In our proposed rule, we invited commenters to provide such data. However, we did not receive any comments providing the kinds of data we requested. We did, however, receive one comment related to our analysis of the effects of importing carambolas from Mexico. That comment is discussed earlier in this document under the heading *Carambola from Mexico.* We have updated our analysis related to carambola from Mexico (see below).

Effects on Small Entities

Data on the number and size of U.S. producers of the various commodities that may be imported into the United States under this final rule are not available. However, since most fruit and vegetable farms are small by Small Business Administration (SBA) standards, it is likely that the majority of U.S. farms producing the commodities examined below are small entities. The potential economic effects of this final rule are discussed below by commodity and country of origin.

Oregano and Marjoram From Argentina

There are no data available regarding production of oregano and marjoram in the United States. Argentina claims to produce approximately 800 tons of oregano per year, but only exports 20 to 60 tons of that amount. It is likely that some of those exports could be diverted to the United States. However, it is unlikely that Argentina will increase its production of oregano, so any exports to the United States will likely be minimal and will not have any significant economic effect on U.S. producers, whether small or large, or on consumers. Data on production of marjoram by Argentina are not available. We are, therefore, unable to determine the effect this final rule will have on U.S. producers or consumers of marjoram.

Cole and Mustard Crops (Brassica species) From Costa Rica and Honduras

The United States produced 1.37 million tons of *Brassica* spp. in 1997 and exported 46,212 tons and imported 40,604 tons in 1999. Any imports of *Brassica* spp. from Costa Rica that could result from this final rule are likely to be only a small fraction of domestic production and have a negligible economic effect on domestic producers and consumers. Honduras produced 259 tons of cole crops in 1998 and exported 171 tons to other Central American countries. Honduras could potentially expand production and export up to 330 tons to the United States if there is sufficient market demand. However, potential imports from Honduras are equal to only 0.024 percent of domestic production and represent 0.8 percent of current imports and thus will not have a measurable effect on either U.S. consumers or producers.

Marjoram From Peru

There are no data available regarding production of marjoram in the United States or Peru. We are, therefore, unable to determine the effect this final rule will have on U.S. producers or consumers of marjoram.

Eggplant From Spain

The United States produced 36,900 tons of eggplant in 1997 and, in 1999, exported over 12,000 tons and imported 35,669 tons. Imports of eggplant from Spain resulting from this final rule could total 1,000 tons per year, equaling 2.7 percent of U.S. production in 1997 and representing 2.8 percent of U.S. imports in 1999. Therefore, imports of eggplant from Spain are unlikely to have a significant economic effect on U.S. consumers or producers.

Lettuce From Spain

The United States produced 3.4 million tons of lettuce in 1997, and, in 1999, exported over 196,000 tons and imported only 14,000 tons. The peak lettuce growing season in Spain roughly corresponds to U.S. production seasons. Imports of lettuce from Spain that could result from implementation of this final rule could total 2,500 tons, representing a 17 percent increase in imports (equal to 0.07 percent of U.S. production in 1997). Therefore, imports of lettuce from Spain that could result from this final rule are unlikely to have a significant economic effect on U.S. consumers or producers.

Watermelon From Spain

The United States produced 2.03 million tons of watermelon in 1997 and imported 240,302 tons of watermelon in 1999. The amount projected to be imported from Spain represents only 1.04 percent of U.S. imports in 1999 and equals 0.12 percent of U.S. production in 1997. Therefore, it is unlikely that imports of watermelon from Spain will have a significant economic effect on domestic producers or consumers.

Kiwi From Argentina and Spain

The United States produced 39,400 tons of kiwi in 1997 and, in 1999, imported over 49,000 tons while exporting 14,792 tons. Data on potential kiwi imports from Argentina are not available. Data on potential kiwi imports from Spain are also not available, but the amount is expected to be small and should not have a significant economic effect on U.S. consumers or producers.

Passion Fruit From Chile

There are no data available regarding production of passion fruit by the United States or Chile. We are, therefore, unable to determine the effect this final rule will have on U.S. producers or consumers of passion fruit.

Carambola From Mexico

Carambola is grown in both Florida and Hawaii. Florida has approximately 10 producers, with a total of 250 acres of carambola. One firm accounts for approximately half of the total acres. Most of the other firms would meet SBA guidelines for small agricultural businesses (less than $750,000 in yearly receipts).

September through February is the major picking time for carambola. However, trees are productive throughout the year. April through June is the slowest season for picking. Trees can start producing in as little as 13 months under ideal conditions, and within 3 years under normal circumstances. Trees must be sheltered from the wind, and erecting and maintaining windbreaks is a major expense in carambola production. Production costs range from $1,500 per acre to a more typical cost of $2,700 per acre.

An acre of carambola trees can produce 30,000 to 40,000 pounds of fruit. The average packout, or amount of fruit that is suitable for the commercial market, is approximately 60 percent of the total production. With proper handling, the fruit can be stored up to 30 days. Prices for carambola have fluctuated from a low of 16 cents per pound up to $1.50 per pound. Forty-five cents per pound is a typical price. In 1995 to 1996, the estimated annual value of Florida carambola production was $17 million.

Hawaii had 25 producers in 1999 with a total of 20 acres of carambola. The total value of sales was $66,000. All of Hawaii's producers would likely meet SBA guidelines for small agricultural businesses. The table below provides details about Hawaii's carambola production.

Carambola (Starfruit)	Farms	Planted acres	Harvested acres	Total trees	Bearing trees	Farm price (per pound)	Value of sales
1997	35	25	20	2100	1900	$0.46	$41,400
1998	25	25	25	1900	1900	0.97	36,000
1999	25	20	15	1800	1700	$0.66	$63,000

Any projections of possible imports from Mexico are merely speculation at this point. It is not believed that there currently is any commercial production of carambola in Mexico. However, because carambola can come into production quickly, whether or not there is current commercial production in Mexico does not alter the potential economic effect of the rule. Carambola imports will directly compete with domestic production and domestic producers may lose market share. Domestic consumers will benefit if imports increase the availability of fruit and if increased competition results in lower prices.

The costs associated with increased imports will be borne by a small group of domestic producers, while the more diffuse group of consumers will enjoy the benefits. Because the costs are concentrated among a small group, they are more apparent. Benefits enjoyed by consumers, while real, will likely be too small to be measured or even noticed.

Papaya From Belize, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, and Panama

The United States produced 20,500 tons of papaya in 1997 and, in 1999, imported over 73,000 tons and exported 6,533 tons. The top exporters of papaya to the United States were Mexico with 61,619 tons, Belize with 4,188 tons, Jamaica with 2,094 tons, the Dominican Republic with 1,212 tons, and Costa Rica with 771 tons.

We estimate papaya imports of 330 tons from El Salvador, 660 tons from Guatemala, and up to 840 tons from Panama as a result of this final rule. These volumes of imports are insignificant when compared to domestic production and other papaya imports. Imports of papaya from El Salvador will equal 1.6 percent of U.S. domestic production and less than one-half of 1 percent of U.S. papaya imports. Imports of papaya from Guatemala will equal 3.2 percent of U.S. domestic production and less than 1 percent of U.S. papaya imports. Imports of papaya from Panama will equal 4 percent of domestic production and 1.1 percent of U.S. papaya imports. However, most papaya varieties now grown in Panama are not suitable for export, since they are large, with soft skin. Only four growers are currently planting Solo variety of papayas of exportable quality, and of those, only one is prepared to export fruit at this time.

Honduras currently produces 184 tons of papaya and exports 129 tons, but estimates that it could produce and export up to 2,200 tons of papayas (75 percent fresh, 25 percent processed) to the United States if a market for the papayas exists. To export such a volume of papayas to the United States, Honduras will have to increase production by almost 12 times the current level. It is unlikely that such export levels will be realized in the foreseeable future, and even if Honduras could export 2,200 tons of papayas to the United States, that amount represents only 3 percent of current papaya imports.

Data on potential imports of papayas from Nicaragua are not available.

Prior to this final rule, certain areas in Belize were already recognized as free of Medfly. Producers in those areas have been able to export papayas to the United States without treatment for Medfly. This final rule adds the remainder of Belize, except Stann Creek, as well as the Department of Petén, Guatemala, to the list of areas recognized as free of Medfly, thereby eliminating treatment requirements for papaya imported into the United States from those Medfly-free areas in Belize and Guatemala. However, it is unlikely that this final rule will have a significant effect on the volume of papayas currently exported by Belize or the potential exports by Guatemala that are described above.

U.S. consumers could benefit from potentially lower prices for papayas that could result from adoption of this rule.

Mangoes From Mexico

Prior to the effective date of this rule, mangoes from all areas in Mexico were required to be treated for fruit flies prior to importation into the United States. This final rule provides for mangoes from specified fruit fly-free areas in Mexico to be imported into the United States without treatment for fruit flies.

Mexico exported 13,800 tons of mangoes to the United States in 1998 and 11,800 tons in 1999. These exports accounted for 78 and 44 percent of U.S. mango imports for 1998 and 1999, respectively. It is unlikely that removing treatment requirements for mangoes imported from areas listed in § 319.56–2(h) as fruit fly-free areas will measurably reduce the costs of exporting mangoes to the United States or the cost of mangoes in the United States.

Peppers From Israel

In 1999, Israel shipped 15.7 tons of peppers to the United States, accounting for only 0.046 percent of peppers imported by the United States in that year. Allowing peppers to be shipped through ports other than Tel Aviv is not expected to result in an increase in the volume of peppers exported by Israel and, therefore, should not have any measurable economic effect on U.S. producers or consumers.

Ya Pears From China

The United States produced 970,000 and 1,021,000 tons of pears in 1998 and 1999, respectively. The United States is a net exporter of pears, as shown in the following table.

	1999	2000
Imports (tons)	89,785	93,631
Exports (tons)	142,738	165,641

In 2000, most of the pears imported into the United States came from Argentina (52 percent), Chile (26.5 percent), New Zealand (5.6 percent), and China (5.6 percent). The main importers of U.S. pears are Mexico (50 percent) and Canada (28 percent), with the remaining quantities distributed among approximately 50 other destinations. According to the 1997 Census of Agriculture, there were approximately 4,897 farms producing pears in the United States in 1997, about 98 percent of which are considered small entities according to SBA guidelines.

When this rule is adopted, China expects to export a total of 1,250 to 1,850 tons of Ya pears to the United States from Hebei and Shadong Provinces. (Imports from Hebei province are already allowed under § 319.56–2ee.)

The proportion of China's exports of pears to the United States that were Ya pears is unknown. However, since Ya pears are a unique variety of pear produced only in China, Ya pears would not compete with domestically grown pears.

Peppers From New Zealand

The United States produced 838,650 tons of peppers in 1997. New Zealand exported 1,600 tons of peppers for the year ending June 1999—a 28 percent increase over the previous year. The United States is potentially a major market for this commodity from New Zealand. However, the volume of any imports of peppers from New Zealand will be negligible in comparison to the amount of U.S. production and will have an insignificant economic effect on domestic producers and consumers, since New Zealand's exports of 1,600 tons represent less than 0.2 percent of U.S. production.

This rule contains various recordkeeping requirements, which were described in our proposed rule, and which have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget (see ''**Paperwork Reduction Act''** below).

Executive Order 12988

This final rule allows certain fruits and vegetables to be imported into the United States from certain parts of the world. State and local laws and regulations regarding the importation of fruits and vegetables will be preempted while the fruit is in foreign commerce. Fresh fruits and vegetables are generally imported for immediate distribution and sale to the consuming public, and remain in foreign commerce until sold to the ultimate consumer. The question of when foreign commerce ceases in other cases must be addressed on a case-by-case basis. No retroactive effect will be given to this rule, and this rule will not require administrative proceedings before parties may file suit in court challenging this rule.

Paperwork Reduction Act

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), the information collection or recordkeeping requirements included in this rule have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under OMB control number 0579–0158.

List of Subjects

7 CFR Part 300

Incorporation by reference, Plant diseases and pests, Quarantine.

7 CFR Part 319

Bees, Coffee, Cotton, Fruits, Honey, Imports, Nursery Stock, Plant diseases and pests, Quarantine, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Rice, Vegetables.

Accordingly, we are amending 7 CFR parts 300 and 319 as follows:

PART 300—INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

1. The authority citation for part 300 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 7701–7772; 7 CFR 2.22, 2.80, and 371.3.

2. In § 300.1, paragraph (a), the introductory text is revised to read as follows:

§ 300.1 Materials incorporated by reference.

(a) *Plant Protection and Quarantine Treatment Manual.* In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51, the Director of the Office of the Federal Register has approved, for incorporation by reference in 7 CFR chapter III, the Plant Protection and Quarantine Treatment Manual, which was reprinted November 30, 1992, and all revisions through May 2000; and Treatments T101–n–2 and T102–b, and Table 5–2–5, revised July 2001.

* * * * *

PART 319—FOREIGN QUARANTINE NOTICES

3. The authority citation for part 319 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 166, 450, 7711–7714, 7718, 7731, 7732, and 7751–7754; 21 U.S.C. 136 and 136a; 7 CFR 2.22, 2.80, and 371.3.

4. In § 319.56–2, paragraphs (h) and (j) are revised to read as follows.

§ 319.56–2 Restrictions on entry of fruits and vegetables.

* * * * *

(h) The Administrator has determined that the following areas in Mexico meet the criteria of paragraph (e) and (f) of this section with regard to the plant pests *Ceratitis capitata*, *Anastrepha ludens*, *A. serpentina*, *A. obliqua*, and *A. fraterculus:* Comondú, Loreto, and Mulegé; in the State of Baja California Sur; the municipalities of Bachiniva, Casas Grandes, Cuahutemoc, Guerrero, Namiquipa, and Nuevo Casas Grandes in the State of Chihuahua; and the municipalities of Altar, Atil, Bacum, Benito Juarez, Caborca, Cajeme, Carbo, Empalme, Etchojoa, Guaymas, Hermosillo, Huatabampo, Navojoa, Pitiquito, Plutarco Elias Calles, Puerto Penasco, San Luis Rio Colorado, San Miguel, and San Ignacio Rio Muerto in the State of Sonora. Fruits and vegetables otherwise eligible for importation under this subpart may be imported from these areas without treatment for the pests named in this paragraph.

* * * * *

(j) The Administrator has determined that all Districts in Belize, all Provinces in Chile, and the Department of Petén in Guatemala meet the criteria of paragraphs (e) and (f) of this section with regard to the insect pest Mediterranean fruit fly (Medfly) (*Ceratitis capitata* [Wiedemann]). Fruits and vegetables otherwise eligible for importation under this subpart may be imported from these areas without treatment for Medfly.

* * * * *

5. In § 319.56–2t, the table is amended as follows:

a. Under Argentina, by revising the entry for ''Artichoke, globe''.

b. Under Belize, by revising the entry for ''Papaya''.

c. Under Mexico, by placing the entry for ''Arugula'' in alphabetical order.

d. By adding, in alphabetical order, entries for marjoram and oregano from Argentina; cole and mustard crops from Costa Rica; papaya from Guatemala; cole and mustard crops from Honduras; apple, apricot, grapefruit, mango, orange, peach, persimmon, pomegranate, and tangerine from Mexico; marjoram from Peru; and eggplant and watermelon from Spain.

§ 319.56–2t Administrative instructions: conditions governing the entry of certain fruits and vegetables.

* * * * *

Country/locality	Common name	Botanical name	Plant part(s)
Argentina	Artichoke, globe	*Cynara scolymus*	Immature flower head.

Country/locality	Common name	Botanical name	Plant part(s)
* * *	*	*	* * *
	Marjoram	*Origanum* spp	Above ground parts.
	Oregano	*Origanum* spp	Above ground parts.
* * *	*	*	* * *
Belize			
* * *	*	*	* * *
	Papaya	*Carica papaya*	Fruit (from Medfly-free areas—see § 319.56–2(j). Fruit must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate issued by the national plant protection organization of Belize stating that the fruit originated in a Medfly-free area listed in § 319.56–2(j).) Papayas are prohibited entry into Hawaii due to papaya fruit fly. Cartons in which fruit is packed must be stamped ''Not for importation into or distribution within HI.''
* * *	*	*	* * *
Costa Rica			
* * *	*	*	* * *
	Cole and mustard crops, including cabbages, broccoli, cauliflower, turnips, mustards, and related varieties.	*Brassica* spp	Whole plant of edible varieties only.
* * *	*	*	* * *
Guatemala			
* * *	*	*	* * *
	Papaya	*Carica papaya*	Fruit (from Medfly-free areas—see § 319.56–2(j). Fruit must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate issued by the national plant protection organization of Guatemala stating that the fruit originated in a Medfly-free area listed in § 319.56–2(j).) Papayas are prohibited entry into Hawaii due to papaya fruit fly. Cartons in which fruit is packed must be stamped ''Not for importation into or distribution within HI.''
* * *	*	*	* * *
Honduras			
* * *	*	*	* * *
	Cole and mustard crops, including cabbages, broccoli, cauliflower, turnips, mustards, and related varieties.	*Brassica* spp	Whole plant of edible varieties only.
* * *	*	*	* * *
Mexico			
* * *	*	*	* * *
	Apple	*Malus domestica*	Fruit (from fruit fly-free areas—see § 319.56–2(h). Fruit must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate issued by the national plant protection organization of Mexico stating: ''These regulated articles originated in an area free from pests as designated in 7 CFR 319.56–2(h).'')
	Apricot	*Prunus armeniaca*	Fruit (from fruit fly-free areas—see § 319.56–2(h). Fruit must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate issued by national plant protection organization of Mexico stating: ''These regulated articles originated in an area free from pests as designated in 7 CFR 319.56–2(h).'')

Country/locality	Common name	Botanical name	Plant part(s)
* * *	*	*	* * *
	Grapefruit	*Citrus paradisi*	Fruit (from fruit fly-free areas—see § 319.56–2(h). Fruit must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate issued by the national plant protection organization of Mexico stating: ''These regulated articles originated in an area free from pests as designated in 7 CFR 319.56–2(h).'')
* * *	*	*	* * *
	Mango	*Mangifera indica*	Fruit (from fruit fly-free areas—see § 319.56–2(h). Fruit must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate issued by the national plant protection organization of Mexico stating: ''These regulated articles originated in an area free from pests as designated in 7 CFR 319.56–2(h).'')
	Orange	*Citrus sinensis*	Fruit (from fruit fly-free areas—see § 319.56–2(h). Fruit must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate issued by the national plant protection organization of Mexico stating: ''These regulated articles originated in an area free from pests as designated in 7 CFR 319.56–2(h).'')
	Peach	*Prunus persica*	Fruit (from fruit fly-free areas—see § 319.56–2(h). Fruit must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate issued by the national plant protection organization of Mexico stating: ''These regulated articles originated in an area free from pests as designated in 7 CFR 319.56–2(h).'')
	Persimmon	*Diospyros* spp	Fruit (from fruit fly-free areas—see § 319.56–2(h). Fruit must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate issued by the national plant protection organization of Mexico stating: ''These regulated articles originated in an area free from pests as designated in 7 CFR 319.56–2(h).'')
* * *	*	*	* * *
	Pomegranate	*Punica granatum*	Fruit (from fruit fly-free areas—see § 319.56–2(h). Fruit must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate issued by the national plant protection organization of Mexico stating: ''These regulated articles originated in an area free from pests as designated in 7 CFR 319.56–2(h).'')
* * *	*	*	* * *
	Tangerine	*Citrus reticulata*	Fruit (from fruit fly-free areas—see § 319.56–2(h). Fruit must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate issued by the national plant protection organization of Mexico stating: ''These regulated articles originated in an area free from pests as designated in 7 CFR 319.56–2(h).'')
* * *	*	*	* * *
Peru			
* * *	*	*	* * *
	Marjoram	*Origanum* spp	Above ground parts.
* * *	*	*	* * *
Spain	Eggplant	*Solanum melongena*	Fruit, commercial shipments only.
* * *	*	*	* * *
	Watermelon	*Citrullus vulgaris*	Fruit, commercial shipments only.
* * *	*	*	* * *

6. In § 319.56–2u, paragraph (b)(7) is revised to read as follows and paragraph (b)(8) is removed:

§ 319.56–2u Conditions governing the entry of lettuce and peppers from Israel.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(7) The peppers must be packed in insect-proof containers prior to movement from approved insect-proof screenhouses in the Arava Valley.

7. Section 319.56–2w is amended by revising the heading, the introductory text, and paragraph (a) to read as follows:

§ 319.56–2w Administrative instruction; conditions governing the entry of papayas from Central America and Brazil.

The Solo type of papaya may be imported into the continental United States, Alaska, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands only under the following conditions:

(a) The papayas were grown and packed for shipment to the United States in one of the following locations:

(1) Brazil: State of Espirito Santo.

(2) Costa Rica: Provinces of Guanacaste, Puntarenas, San Jose.

(3) El Salvador: Departments of La Libertad, La Paz, and San Vicente.

(4) Guatemala: Departments of Escuintla, Retalhuleu, Santa Rosa, and Suchitepéquez.

(5) Honduras: Departments of Comayagua, Cortés, and Santa Bárbara.

(6) Nicaragua: Departments of Carazo, Granada, Managua, Masaya, and Rivas.

(7) Panama: Provinces of Coclé, Herrera, and Los Santos; Districts of Aleanje, David, and Dolega in the Province of Chiriquí; and all areas in the Province of Panama that are west of the Panama Canal.

* * * * *

8. In § 319.56–2x, paragraph (a), the table is amended as follows:

a. By revising the entry for Belize.

b. By adding, in alphabetical order, entries for kiwi from Argentina, passion fruit from Chile, and carambola from Mexico.

c. Under Mexico, by revising the entry for ''Mango''.

d. By adding a new entry for Spain.

§ 319.56–2x Administrative instructions; conditions governing the entry of certain fruits and vegetables for which treatment is required.

* * * * *

Country/locality	Common name	Botanical name	Plant part(s)
Argentina			
* *	*	*	* * *
	Kiwi	*Actinidia deliciosa*	Fruit.
Belize	Papaya	*Carica papaya*	Fruit. (Treatment for Mediterranean fruit fly (Medfly) not required if fruit is grown in a Medfly-free area (see § 319.56–2(j)).)
* *	*	*	* * *
Chile			
* *	*	*	* * *
	Passion fruit	*Passiflora* spp	Fruit.
* *	*	*	* * *
Mexico			
* *	*	*	* * *
	Carambola	*Averrhoa carambola*	Fruit.
	Mango	*Mangifera indica*	Fruit. (Must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate issued by the national plant protection organization of Mexico stating: ''These mangoes were treated in accordance with the Plant Protection and Quarantine Treatment Manual,'' unless fruit was grown in a fruit fly-free area listed in § 319.56–2(h).)
* *	*	*	* * *
Spain	Kiwi	*Actinidia deliciosa*	Fruit.
	Lettuce	*Lactuca* spp	Above ground parts, commercial shipments only.
* *	*	*	* * *

* * * * *

§ 319.56–2ee [Amended]

9. In § 319.56–2ee, paragraph (a)(1) is amended by removing the words ''Hebei Province'' and inserting in their place the words ''the Hebei or Shadong Provinces''.

10. A new § 319.56–2hh is added to read as follows:

§ 319.56–2hh Conditions governing the entry of peppers from New Zealand.

Peppers from New Zealand may be imported into the United States only under the following conditions:

(a) The peppers must be grown in New Zealand in insect-proof greenhouses approved by the New Zealand Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry (MAF).

(b) The greenhouses must be equipped with double self-closing doors, and any vents or openings in the greenhouses (other than the double closing doors) must be covered with 0.6 mm screening in order to prevent the entry of pests into the greenhouse.

(c) The greenhouses must be examined periodically by MAF to ensure that the screens are intact.

(d) Each shipment of peppers must be accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate of inspection issued by MAF bearing the following declaration: ''These peppers were grown in greenhouses in accordance with the conditions in § 319.56–2hh.''

Done in Washington, DC, this 22nd day of August 2001.

Bobby R. Acord,

Acting Administrator, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service.

[FR Doc. 01–21641 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410–34–U

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 01–AER–08FR]

Modification of Class E Airspace; Pittsburgh, PA

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This action modifies the Class E airspace area at the Pittsburgh International Airport, Pittsburgh, PA by deleting a portion of the designated airspace area. Closure of the Pittsburgh Metro Airport makes this action necessary. This area will be depicted on aeronautical charts for pilot reference.

EFFECTIVE DATE: 0901 UTC, September 6, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Francis T. Jordan, Jr., Airspace Specialist, Airspace Branch, AEA–520–F.A.A. Eastern Region, 1 Aviation Plaza, Jamaica, NY 11434–4809; telephone: (718) 553–4521.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

History

On May 4, 2001, the FAA proposed to amend Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR Part 71) by modifying the Class E airspace at Pittsburgh International Airport, PA (66 FR 22489).

Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking proceeding by submitting written comments on the proposal to the FAA. No comments to the proposal were received. The rule is adopted as proposed.

The coordinates for this airspace docket are based on North American Datum 83. Class E airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet above the surface of the earth are published in paragraph 6005 of FAA Order 7400.9H, dated September 1, 2000 and effective September 16, 2000, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The Class E airspace designation listed in this document will be published in the Order.

The Rule

This amendment to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR Part 71) modifies the Class E airspace area at Pittsburgh, PA by deleting a portion of the Class E airspace area extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface of the earth.

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. Therefore, this regulation—(1) is not a ''significant regulatory action'' under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a ''significant rule'' under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); (3) does not warrant preparation of a Regulatory Evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal.

Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation it is certified that this rule will not have significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

Adoption of the Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

PART 71—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for 14 CFR Part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; EO 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p 389.

§ 71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9H, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated September 1, 2000, and effective September 16, 2000, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 6005 Class E airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface of the earth.

* * * * *

AEA PA E5, Pittsburgh, PA [REVISED]

Greater Pittsburgh International Airport, Pittsburgh, PA
(Lat. 40°29′29″N., long. 80°13′57″W.)
Allegheny County Airport, PA
(Lat. 40°21′16″N., long. 79°55′48″W.)
STARG OM
(Lat. 40°29′15″N., long 80°22′14″W.)

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 7.9 mile radius of Greater Pittsburgh International Airport and within 3.1 miles each side of the Greater Pittsburgh Runway 10R localizer course extending from the 7.9-mile radius to 5.7 miles west of the STARG OM and within a 6.6-mile radius of Allegheny County Airport.

* * * * *

Issued in Jamaica, New York on August 13, 2001.

Richard J. Ducharme,

Acting Assistant Manager, Air Traffic Division, Eastern Region.

[FR Doc. 01–21612 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

20 CFR Part 404

RIN: 0960–AE42

Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance; Determining Disability and Blindness; Revision to Medical-Vocational Guidelines

AGENCY: Social Security Administration.

ACTION: Final rules.

SUMMARY: We are clarifying section 201.00(h) of the medical-vocational guidelines in appendix 2 of subpart P of regulations part 404. This section provides guidance for evaluating disability in individuals under age 50 who have a severe impairment(s) that does not meet or equal in severity the criteria of any listed impairment in appendix 1 of subpart P, but who have a residual functional capacity for no more than the full range of sedentary work and cannot do any past relevant work. The revisions only clarify the current rules.

DATES: These rules will be effective September 27, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Georgia E. Myers, Regulations Officer, Social Security Administration, 6401 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, MD 21235–6401, 1–410–965–3632, or TTY 1–800–966–5609. For information on eligibility or filing for benefits, call our national toll-free number, 1–800–772–1213, or TTY 1–800–325–0778.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Social Security Act (the Act) provides, in title II, for the payment of disability benefits to workers insured under the Act. Title II also provides, under certain circumstances, child's insurance benefits for persons who become disabled before age 22 and widow's and widower's insurance benefits based on disability for widows, widowers, and surviving divorced spouses of insured individuals. In addition, the Act provides, in title XVI, for supplemental security income (SSI) payments to persons who are disabled and have limited income and resources.

For adults under both the title II and title XVI programs, including persons claiming child's insurance benefits based on disability under title II,

''disability'' is defined in the Act as the ''inability to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months.'' Sections 223(d) and 1614(a) of the Act also state that the individual ''shall be determined to be under a disability only if his physical or mental impairment or impairments are of such severity that he is not only unable to do his previous work but cannot, considering his age, education, and work experience, engage in any other kind of substantial gainful work which exists in the national economy, regardless of whether such work exists in the immediate area in which he lives, or whether a specific job vacancy exists for him, or whether he would be hired if he applied for work.''

Based upon this statutory definition, our longstanding regulations at §§ 404.1520 and 416.920 provide for a five-step sequential evaluation process to determine whether an individual is disabled under the Act, which is as follows:

1. Is the individual engaging in substantial gainful activity? If the individual is working and the work is substantial gainful activity, we find that he or she is not disabled. Otherwise, we proceed to step 2 of the sequence.

2. Does the individual have an impairment or combination of impairments that is severe? If the individual does not have an impairment or combination of impairments that is severe, we find that he or she is not disabled. If the individual has an impairment or combination of impairments that is severe, we proceed to step 3 of the sequence.

3. Does the individual's severe impairment(s) meet or equal in severity the criteria of an impairment listed in appendix 1 of subpart P of part 404? If so, and if the duration requirement is met, we find that he or she is disabled. If not, we proceed to step 4 of the sequence.

4. Does the individual's severe impairment(s) prevent him or her from doing his or her past relevant work, considering his or her residual functional capacity? If not, we find that he or she is not disabled. If so, we proceed to step 5 of the sequence.

5. Does the individual's impairment(s) prevent him or her from performing other work that exists in the national economy, considering his or her residual functional capacity, age, education, and work experience? If so, and if the duration requirement is met, we find that he or she is disabled. If not, we find that he or she is not disabled.

As discussed in § 404.1569, at step 5 of the sequential evaluation process we provide medical-vocational rules in appendix 2 of subpart P of part 404. (By reference, § 416.969 of the regulations provides that appendix 2 is also applicable to adults claiming SSI payments based on disability.) These rules take administrative notice of the existence of numerous unskilled occupations at exertional levels defined in the regulations, such as ''sedentary,'' ''light,'' and ''medium,'' and, based upon a consideration of the individual's residual functional capacity, age, education, and work experience, either direct a decision or are used as a framework for making a decision at step 5.

The revisions we are making clarify one paragraph in appendix 2, section 201.00(h), which discusses the evaluation of the claims of ''younger individuals'' (i.e., individuals who have not attained age 50) who have a residual functional capacity limited to the full range of sedentary work administratively noticed by the rules in table No. 1 of appendix 2 or who can perform some sedentary work but not the full range of such work.

There is no exertional category below ''sedentary.'' Thus, there is no category for ''less than sedentary work.'' Individuals who cannot do any sedentary work are disabled under our rules. These final rules address individuals who are able to do some of the sedentary occupations of which we take administrative notice, but who cannot do substantially all of the occupations within the range.

Summary of Changes

For clarity, we refer below to the changes in this **Federal Register** document as current rules and to the rules that will be changed by these current rules as the ''prior'' rules. However, it must be remembered that these final rules do not go into effect until 30 days after the date of this publication. Therefore, the ''prior'' rules will still be in effect for another 30 days.

We are making some structural changes from the proposed rules for clarity and to make the final rules easier to use. In the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) that was published on September 23, 1997, (62 FR 49636) we proposed to maintain section 201.00(h) as a single paragraph, as in the prior rules. Under that structure, the paragraph in the proposed rule contained 10 sentences. Several of these sentences included multiple clauses. We believe that this structure would have made the rules difficult to use, and would have made citation to the rules difficult. Therefore, in these final rules, we have divided proposed section 201.00(h) into four subparagraphs, designated as section 201.00(h)(1) through 201.00(h)(4). By this change in structure, we are not making any substantive changes from the proposed rules.

Final section 201.00(h)(1) contains the first three sentences of prior section 201.00(h). We are changing the second sentence of section 201.00(h) in appendix 2, which provided that for individuals who are age 45–49, ''age is a less positive factor'' than for individuals who are younger than age 45. The final rule more clearly explains that, for individuals who are age 45–49, ''age is a less advantageous factor for making an adjustment to other work than for those who are age 18–44.'' This clarifies what we have meant by the phrase ''a less positive factor'' and is consistent with our longstanding rule that, at step 5 of the sequential evaluation process, the issue is whether the individual is able to make an adjustment to work other than any past relevant work considering his or her residual functional capacity, age, education, and work experience.

We restructured the words in the third sentence of section 201.00(h)(1) to make the sentence easier to read and to make it easier to cite to the four numbered clauses in the sentence. In clause (iii) of this sentence (clause (3) of the third sentence of prior section 201.00(h)), we are changing the phrases ''relevant past work'' and ''vocationally relevant past work,'' to ''past relevant work'' to clarify our intended meaning and for consistency in our terminology. We are also clarifying in section 201.00(h)(1)(iv) (clause (4) of the third sentence of prior section 201.00(h)) that the term ''illiterate'' means that the individual is unable to read or write in English. This makes clearer our original intent that the fourth clause describes individuals who are either 1) unable to communicate in English or 2) able to speak and understand English but are unable to read or write in English. SSA intends to examine the use of the term ''illiterate'' throughout its regulations, and when appropriate, will clarify that it means the inability to read and write in English.

Final section 201.00(h)(2) contains the fourth sentence of prior section 201.00(h). Because the sentence was very long, we decided to break it up into two sentences in these final rules. We are also revising the language of final section 201.00(h)(2) to be consistent with the foregoing revisions in final

section 201.00(h)(1). We are revising the statement ''age is a more positive factor for those who are under age 45'' to ''[f]or individuals who are under age 45, age is a more advantageous factor for making an adjustment to other work'' to correspond to the changes in the second sentence of final section 201.00(h)(1). Likewise, we are clarifying that ''illiterate'' means illiterate in English, as in the changes to the third sentence of prior section 201.00(h) (the third sentence of final section 201.00(h)(1)).

Final section 201.00(h)(3) contains the fifth sentence of prior section 201.00(h) and the proposed rules, and the sixth and seventh sentences from the proposed rules. In response to public comments which we discuss in detail below, we revised section 201.00(h)(3) to clarify our intent.

Final section 201.00(h)(3) explains that a decision of ''disabled'' may be appropriate for some individuals under age 45, and individuals age 45–49 for whom rule 201.17 does not direct a decision of ''disabled,'' who do not have the ability to perform a full range of sedentary work. As in the proposed rules, the final rules have expanded this discussion to include individuals age 45–49; the prior provision (the fifth sentence of prior section 201.00(h)) addressed only individuals who were under age 45. In a minor editorial change, we changed the word ''and'' in the parenthetical statement that adds reference to individuals age 45–49 to the word ''or.''

Final section 201.00(h)(3) further provides that whether an individual will be able to make an adjustment to other work requires an adjudicative assessment of the factors such as the type and extent of the individual's limitations or restrictions and the extent of the erosion of the occupational base. Under such an assessment, a finding that an individual is limited to less than the full range of sedentary work does not necessarily equate with a finding of either ''disabled'' or ''not disabled.'' Some younger individuals who are unable to perform the full range of sedentary work will be able to make an adjustment to other work and some will not. We require an individualized determination considering each individual's remaining occupational base, age, education, and work experience.

Final section 201.00(h)(4) includes the eighth, ninth, and tenth sentences from the proposed rules. As in the proposed rules, we added new language in final section 201.00(h)(4) to further explain the impact of a maximum sustained capability for no more than the full range of sedentary work on an individual's ability to do other work. The intent is to make clear that such capacity reflects very serious functional limitations and must be appropriately documented by the evidence in the record. As we will further explain below, in response to public comments that indicated that we seemed to be setting a higher evidentiary standard for individuals who are limited to less than the full range of sedentary work than for individuals with greater residual functional capacities, we revised the second sentence of final section 201.00(h)(4) (the ninth sentence of the proposed rules) by adding the phrase, ''as with any case.'' It was not our intent to set a higher standard in this provision.

We are also deleting, without replacement, the two case examples that were in prior section 201.00(h). The intent of those examples was to reinforce a concept already reflected in this paragraph; i.e., that, using the rules as a framework for decisionmaking, a conclusion of ''disabled'' may be, but is not necessarily, warranted for younger individuals who do not have the residual functional capacity to do a full range of sedentary work.

We are deleting the examples because they are no longer needed and our adjudicative experience has shown that they can be unclear and have been misinterpreted. For example, we have received questions about whether example 2 applied only to cases involving mental impairments or whether it could apply to other types of impairments. Although our intent had always been that the case examples were applicable to all types of impairments, their removal will avoid possible confusion and help ensure consistency in decisionmaking. We explain our reasons further in the **Public Comments** section, below.

Finally, we made a number of minor editorial changes to improve the consistency of terminology in appendix 2. We do not intend these changes to have a substantive effect on the meaning of the rules.

Public Comments

We published these regulatory provisions in the **Federal Register** as an NPRM on September 23, 1997 (62 FR 49636). We provided the public with a 60-day comment period. The comment period closed on November 24, 1997. We received 18 comment letters in response to this notice from people with disabilities, attorneys, and legal services organizations that represent the interests of disabled persons.

Because many comments were detailed, we have condensed, summarized, or paraphrased them below. We have, however, tried to summarize each commenter's views accurately and to respond to all of the significant issues raised by the commenters that are within the scope of these rules.

There was one comment that was outside the scope of the proposed rules that we do not address below. The commenter questioned the validity of the sedentary occupational base. We addressed the issue raised by the commenter in a **Federal Register** notice, ''Disability Benefit Programs; Status of the Rules for Considering Vocational Factors in Evaluating Social Security and Supplemental Security Income Claims Based on Disability (the Medical-Vocational Rules)'' (57 FR 43005, September 17, 1992). We again addressed the issue in 1996, when we provided updated information in footnote 5 of Social Security Ruling (SSR) 96–9p (61 FR 34480).

Comment: One commenter suggested editorial changes in the third sentence of proposed section 201.00(h) (the third sentence of final section 201.00(h)(1)). The commenter suggested that we replace the phrase ''for such individuals'' with ''for individuals age 45 to 49,'' and remove the word ''who'' from clause (3) to make the structure of the clause clearer.

Response: We agree with the commenter and have incorporated the suggested changes into the final rules. As we noted in the summary of the changes, we also made other revisions in the third sentence of final section 201.00(h)(1) for clarity and to make citation to the provision easier.

Comment: Four commenters thought that the intent of the proposed rules was to change our rules, not to clarify them. The commenters believed that the language would discourage a finding of ''disabled'' in younger individuals with a maximum sustained capability for less than a full range of sedentary work. They indicated that the language of the proposed rules for finding an individual disabled was not as clear as the language of the rules for finding an individual not disabled.

Two commenters said that we were attempting to ''rush'' these regulations through without having the new Commissioner carefully review them. Another indicated that we were trying to ''get away with'' this regulation because of a political climate that was sympathetic to our alleged desire to find individuals ''not disabled.'' Another commenter said that the new rules were an attempt to lower the number of claims approved at the hearing level.

Two commenters opposed adoption of the proposed rules. One did so without stating a reason. The other said we were being ''unfair and inhumane,'' and that the proposal provided a means to deny people Social Security Disability Insurance benefits.

Response: We have made revisions in the final rules to address the concerns raised by some of these commenters.

We are not changing the substance of our rules, only clarifying them. This clarification of our rules is part of our Process Unification effort, an important Social Security Administration Disability Redesign initiative in which we have been engaged since 1996. The improvements in these final rules will help to ensure that the disability program is administered uniformly and equitably.

This clarification of the rules is not related to any ''political climate,'' as one commenter asserted. These final rules have been under development for almost 3 years, and have not been rushed. The commenter who thought we were being ''unfair and inhumane'' did not tell us why, but that is certainly not our intent. The revisions are intended only to clarify our rules and to ensure that all adjudicators at all levels of the administrative review process understand and apply our rules consistently.

However, in response to these and other comments, we have revised the final rules to more clearly reflect our intent, to show that a residual functional capacity for less than the full range of sedentary work does not, in itself, mean that an individual is disabled or not disabled. The final rules do not direct the outcome of the assessment, but remind adjudicators that some younger individuals who have a residual functional capacity for less than the full range of sedentary work are disabled and some are not, and that it is necessary to make an individualized assessment of the remaining occupational base. We revised the first sentence in final section 201.00(h)(3) (the fifth sentence in the prior rules) to shorten it and to state more clearly and straightforwardly that it may be appropriate to find a younger individual disabled if the individual is unable to perform the full range of sedentary work. We deleted the phrase, ''who do not meet all of the criteria of a specific rule,'' from the sentence in the prior rules because it was unclear and unnecessary. We then added language to explain in general terms the kinds of factors we want adjudicators to consider when they decide whether a younger individual who is limited to less than the full range of sedentary work is disabled. The language also provides some explanation about what we mean by ''erosion of the occupational base.''

The final rules also retain the sentence from the proposed rules that reminds adjudicators that we require them to make individualized assessments considering all the relevant facts.

Comment: One commenter thought that the concept of ''erosion of the occupational base'' was unclear. Another commenter indicated that the reference to the ''occupational base'' in the context of the proposed rules should be replaced with ''residual functional capacity.''

Response: We partially adopted the first comment. We define and discuss the term ''occupational base'' in a number of SSRs. We first addressed the term in SSR 83–10, ''Titles II and XVI: Determining Capability To Do Other Work—The Medical-Vocational Rules of Appendix 2'' (Social Security Rulings, Cumulative Edition, 1983, p. 174) and most recently in SSR 96–9p. In our SSRs, we explain that ''occupational base'' generally means the approximate number of occupations that an individual has the residual functional capacity to perform, considering all exertional and nonexertional limitations and restrictions. We also provide considerably more detail in these SSRs on what the term means, how to determine whether there has been ''erosion'' of the occupational base, and how to determine the extent of any erosion. We do not believe that it would be appropriate to incorporate that much detail into these final rules.

However, we agree with the commenter that it would be helpful to include some more information in our regulations about what we intend when we refer to erosion of the occupational base for individuals who are unable to do the full range of sedentary work. Therefore, we have added language that provides some additional explanation about the issue. A new sentence explains briefly what we mean by the extent of the erosion of the occupational base; i.e., ''the impact of the [individual's] limitations or restrictions on the number of sedentary unskilled occupations or the total number of jobs to which the individual may be able to adjust, considering his or her age, education, and work experience, including any transferable skills or education providing for direct entry into skilled work.'' Of course, our adjudicators will continue to refer to SSRs 83–10 and 96–9p, and other appropriate SSRs, for more detailed guidance.

We did not adopt the second comment because ''residual functional capacity'' and ''occupational base'' are not synonymous and serve different purposes in the application of the medical-vocational rules. We have already explained what we mean by ''occupational base.'' In §§ 404.1545 and 416.945 of our regulations, and in our SSRs, such as SSR 96–9p, we explain that residual functional capacity is what an individual can still do despite his or her limitations. Residual functional capacity is an administrative assessment of the extent to which an individual's medically determinable impairment(s) including any symptoms, such as pain, may cause physical or mental limitations or restrictions that may affect his or her capacity to do work-related physical or mental activities. These terms reflect two different concepts and are not interchangeable.

Comment: One commenter referred to a statement we had made in responding to a comment on the original notice of proposed rulemaking for the medical-vocational guidelines on March 7, 1978 (43 FR 9284). This language indicated that a residual functional capacity for less than the full range of sedentary work would represent a fairly restrictive range of work, and that a finding of disabled would be generally expected in such cases. The commenter recommended that we use that language.

Response: We did not adopt the comment. Neither the comment nor our response in the 1978 preamble focused on younger individuals, as these final rules do. Rather, they addressed all individuals without regard to age. For our general claimant population with a residual functional capacity for less than the full range of sedentary work, the great majority will be found disabled based either on medical factors alone (i.e., under the listings) or on the impact of a seriously restricted residual functional capacity in combination with vocational factors. The current rules, on the other hand, address only a small portion of that group of individuals for whom young age may be an advantageous vocational factor.

Comment: Several commenters referred to the last two sentences of the proposed rules, which stated that,

> * * * a finding that an individual is limited to less than the full range of sedentary work will be based on a careful consideration of the evidence of an individual's medical impairment(s) and the limitations and restrictions attributable thereto. Such evidence must support the finding that an individual's residual functional capacity is limited to less than the full range of sedentary work.

They believed that our intent was to impose a more exacting standard of review of the medical evidence to support a finding that the residual functional capacity is for less than a full range of sedentary work than for other exertional levels. These commenters indicated that the same standard of review should apply to support findings at all levels of exertion.

Response: We adopted the comments. Although it was not our intent, we agree that the language of the proposed rules could have been misinterpreted in the manner the commenters contended and have clarified it in response to the comments. We changed the second sentence of final section 201.00(h)(4) (the ninth sentence in the proposed rules) by adding the phrase ''as with any case'' after the word ''Therefore'' to make clear that the same standard of review of the evidence is required for all claims decided at step 5 of the sequential evaluation process, irrespective of the residual functional capacity level. We believe these changes will make clear that the same standard of review of the evidence is required for all claims evaluated at step 5.

Comment: Many of the commenters opposed the deletion of case examples 1 and 2 from the rules. A number of the commenters who thought that our intent was to change our rules, not just to clarify them, cited deletion of the examples as an example of what they meant. They believed that eliminating the examples would encourage decisionmakers to find individuals with a residual functional capacity for less than the full range of sedentary work ''not disabled.'' The commenters believed that the examples provided guidance on how to apply the complicated concept of less than a full range of sedentary work.

Several of these commenters expressed skepticism about our position that the examples were unclear and had the potential for causing confusion and inconsistency in decisionmaking. The commenters also indicated that removal of the examples would eliminate the only authority to find disabled an individual who is unable to perform the full range of sedentary work. One commenter believed that, until there is consistency of adjudication at all levels, examples are necessary. Another commenter believed that elimination of the examples would increase administrative costs because a vocational expert would be necessary in all situations in which the residual functional capacity is for less than the full range of sedentary work.

Response: We did not adopt the comments. The examples were originally intended to illustrate the proper application of a new procedure for determining disability when the original rules were published over 20 years ago. However, experience has shown that the examples, especially example 2, have been misinterpreted and applied as if they were rigid principles that are controlling of case outcomes.

For individuals who are able to do some of the sedentary occupations of which we take administrative notice, but who cannot do substantially all of these occupations, adjudicators must consider the unique characteristics of the physical and mental limitations described in the residual functional capacity assessment of each case. Rather than serving as illustrations of proper application of the rules, the examples have led to overly broad generalizations in this most difficult area of adjudication, and we believe have undermined our longstanding requirement for individualized determinations.

In considering these comments, we did consider whether we could modify the examples and retain them in some form. However, we concluded that the concepts that the examples were intended to explain are better described in SSRs, particularly SSR 96–9p, which are binding on all of our adjudicators. We issued SSR 96–9p as part of our Process Unification initiative to explain in detail disability evaluation when an individual has a residual functional capacity for less than a full range of sedentary work. We believe that, as with that SSR, the revisions we are making in these final rules will further help our adjudicators and the public to understand our intent and provide more uniform and equitable decisions.

We do not agree that deleting the examples will increase administrative costs. These final rules do not change our rules and instructions governing the use of vocational experts or for using the rules in appendix 2 as a framework for decisionmaking. A vocational expert will not be needed in every case involving a residual functional capacity for less than a full range of sedentary work. For example, many such individuals may still be found disabled using the rules in appendix 2 as a framework, as set out in these final rules and in SSR 96–9p.

Regulatory Procedures

Executive Order 12866

We have consulted with the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and determined that these rules meet the criteria for a significant regulatory action under Executive Order 12866. Thus, they were subject to OMB review. There are no program or administrative costs or savings associated with these final rules. Therefore, no assessment of costs and benefits is required. We have determined that these final rules meet the plain language requirement of Executive Order 12866 and the President's memorandum of June 1, 1998 (63 FR 31885).

Regulatory Flexibility Act

We certify that these regulations will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities because they affect only individuals. Therefore, a regulatory flexibility analysis, as provided in the Regulatory Flexibility Act, as amended, is not required.

Paperwork Reduction Act

These regulations impose no new reporting or recordkeeping requirements subject to OMB clearance.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Nos. 96.001, Social Security-Disability Insurance; 96.002, Social Security-Retirement Insurance; 96.004, Social Security-Survivors Insurance; 96.006, Supplemental Security Income.)

List of Subjects in 20 CFR Part 404

Administrative practice and procedure, Blind, Disability benefits, Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Social Security.

Dated: May 7, 2001.

Larry G. Massanari,

Acting Commissioner of Social Security.

For the reasons set out in the preamble, subpart P of part 404 of 20 CFR Chapter III is amended as set forth below:

PART 404—FEDERAL OLD-AGE, SURVIVORS AND DISABILITY INSURANCE (1950–)

Subpart P—[Amended]

1. The authority citation for subpart P of part 404 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 202, 205(a), (b), and (d)–(h), 216(i), 221(a) and (i), 222(c), 223, 225, and 702(a)(5) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 402, 405(a), (b), and (d)–(h), 416(i), 421(a) and (i), 422(c), 423, 425, and 902(a)(5)); sec. 211(b), Pub. L. 104–193, 110 Stat. 2105, 2189.

2. Section 201.00(h), appendix 2, subpart P, is revised to read as follows:

Appendix 2 to Subpart P of Part 404—Medical-Vocational Guidelines

§ 201.00 Maximum sustained work capability limited to sedentary work as a result of severe medically determinable impairment(s).

* * * * *

(h)(1) The term *younger individual* is used to denote an individual age 18 through 49. For individuals who are age 45–49, age is a less advantageous factor for making an adjustment to other work than for those who are age 18–44. Accordingly, a finding of ''disabled'' is warranted for individuals age 45–49 who:

(i) Are restricted to sedentary work,

(ii) Are unskilled or have no transferable skills,

(iii) Have no past relevant work or can no longer perform past relevant work, and

(iv) Are unable to communicate in English, or are able to speak and understand English but are unable to read or write in English.

(2) For individuals who are under age 45, age is a more advantageous factor for making an adjustment to other work. It is usually not a significant factor in limiting such individuals' ability to make an adjustment to other work, including an adjustment to unskilled sedentary work, even when the individuals are unable to communicate in English or are illiterate in English.

(3) Nevertheless, a decision of ''disabled'' may be appropriate for some individuals under age 45 (or individuals age 45–49 for whom rule 201.17 does not direct a decision of disabled) who do not have the ability to perform a full range of sedentary work. However, the inability to perform a full range of sedentary work does not necessarily equate with a finding of ''disabled.'' Whether an individual will be able to make an adjustment to other work requires an adjudicative assessment of factors such as the type and extent of the individual's limitations or restrictions and the extent of the erosion of the occupational base. It requires an individualized determination that considers the impact of the limitations or restrictions on the number of sedentary, unskilled occupations or the total number of jobs to which the individual may be able to adjust, considering his or her age, education and work experience, including any transferable skills or education providing for direct entry into skilled work.

(4) ''Sedentary work'' represents a significantly restricted range of work, and individuals with a maximum sustained work capability limited to sedentary work have very serious functional limitations. Therefore, as with any case, a finding that an individual is limited to less than the full range of sedentary work will be based on careful consideration of the evidence of the individual's medical impairment(s) and the limitations and restrictions attributable to it. Such evidence must support the finding that the individual's residual functional capacity is limited to less than the full range of sedentary work.

* * * * *

[FR Doc. 01–21623 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4191–02–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

21 CFR Part 558

New Animal Drugs for Use in Animal Feeds; Nequinate; Oxytetracycline; Technical Amendment

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Final rule; technical amendment.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is amending the animal drug regulations that reflect approval of two new animal drug applications (NADAs) for combination drug Type C feeds containing nequinate. In a notice published in the **Federal Register** of February 28, 1978 (43 FR 8182), FDA withdrew approval of these NADAs. This action is being taken to improve the accuracy of the regulations.

DATES: This rule is effective August 28, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: George K. Haibel, Center for Veterinary Medicine (HFV–6), Food and Drug Administration, 7519 Standish Pl., Rockville, MD 20855, 301–827–4567, e-mail: ghaibel@cvm.fda.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In the **Federal Register** of February 28, 1978 (43 FR 8182), the agency published a notice that it was withdrawing approval of NADA 42–919 for combination use of nequinate and roxarsone, and NADA 48–205 for combination use of nequinate and oxytetracycline, both in chicken feed. These actions were requested by the sponsor, Ayerst Laboratories, because the products were no longer manufactured or marketed. However, a final rule published in the same issue of the **Federal Register** (43 FR 8134) did not amend all applicable portions of the regulations. At this time, the agency is amending the animal drug regulations in 21 CFR 558.365 and 558.450 to remove portions reflecting approval of these NADA's.

Publication of this document constitutes final action on these changes under the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 553). Notice and public procedure are unnecessary because FDA is merely making nonsubstantive changes.

This rule does not meet the definition of ''rule'' in 5 U.S.C. 804(3)(A) because it is a rule of ''particular applicability.'' Therefore, it is not subject to the congressional review requirements in 5 U.S.C. 801–808.

List of Subjects in 21 CFR Part 558

Animal drugs, Animal feeds.

Therefore, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and under authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs and redelegated to the Center for Veterinary Medicine, 21 CFR part 558 is amended as follows:

PART 558—NEW ANIMAL DRUGS FOR USE IN ANIMAL FEEDS

1. The authority citation for 21 CFR part 558 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 360b, 371.

§ 558.365 [Amended]

2. Section 558.365 *Nequinate* is amended by removing paragraphs (d)(1)(ii) and (d)(1)(iii), and by redesignating paragraphs (d)(1)(i)(*a*) and (d)(1)(i)(*b*) as paragraphs (d)(1)(ii) and (d)(1)(iii).

§ 558.450 [Amended]

3. Section 558.450 *Oxytetracycline* is amended in table 1 in paragraphs (d)(1)(iv) and (d)(1)(vi) by removing the entries for ''Nequinate 18.16 g/ton (0.002%)''.

Dated: August 20, 2001.

Stephen F. Sundlof,

Director, Center for Veterinary Medicine.

[FR Doc. 01–21658 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160–01–S

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Mine Safety and Health Administration

30 CFR Parts 42, 47, 56, 57, and 77

RIN 1219–AA47

Hazard Communication

AGENCY: Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA), Labor.

ACTION: Interim final rule; delay of effective date; re-opening of record; notice of public hearings; close of record.

SUMMARY: MSHA is delaying the effective date, re-opening the record, and holding additional public hearings on the interim final rule for hazard communication (HazCom). We are re-opening the record on our interim final rule to provide interested persons an additional opportunity to comment on any issue relevant to the rulemaking. Several commenters expressed concern that they had not had sufficient time to fully analyze the interim final rule and to develop and submit meaningful comments. This action also will assure that operators have sufficient time to

determine what is necessary for compliance.

DATES: The effective date of the interim final rule published on October 3, 2000 (65 FR 59048) is delayed from October 3, 2001 until June 30, 2002.

Comment Deadline and Close of Record: October 17, 2001.

Public Hearings: September 25, 27, October 2, 4, 10, 2001.

ADDRESSES: You may use mail, electronic mail, or facsimile to send your comments to MSHA.

Electronic mail (e-mail): *comments@msha.gov.*

Facsimile (FAX): MSHA, Office of Standards, Regulations, and Variances, 703–235–5551.

Mail: David L. Meyer, Director, Office of Standards, Regulations, and Variances; MSHA, 4015 Wilson Boulevard, Room 631; Arlington, VA 22203–1984.

Hearings: See **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION.**

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: David L. Meyer, Director, Office of Standards, Regulations, and Variances, MSHA, 4015 Wilson Boulevard, Arlington, VA 22203–1984. Mr. Meyer can be reached at *meyer-david@msha.gov* (e-mail), 703–235–1910 (voice), or 703–235–5551 (fax). The interim final rule is on our website at *www.msha.gov/hazcom/hazcom.htm.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Information for Public Hearings.

If you wish to make an oral presentation for the record, we encourage you to contact Ms. Yvonne Quinn at the address or phone number above at least 5 days before the hearing date to inform us of your intent to speak and the length of your presentation. Attendees also may make same-day requests to speak.

All public hearings will begin at 9:00 a.m. and continue until all those who had requested in advance to speak have had an opportunity to do so. Any remaining time will be made available for those making same-day requests.

The public hearings will be held as follows:

September 25—Pittsburgh, PA

Hyatt Regency Pittsburgh International Airport, 1111 Airport Boulevard, Pittsburgh, PA, Phone: 724–899–6072

September 27—Beckley, WV

National Mine Health and Safety Academy, 1301 Airport Road, Beaver, WV, Phone: 304–256–3400

October 2—Dallas, TX

Wilson World Hotel and Suites, 4600 West Airport Freeway, Irving, TX, Phone: 972–513–0800

October 2—Salt Lake City, UT

Comfort Suites Airport, 171 North 2100 West, Salt Lake City, UT, Phone: 801–715–8688

October 4—Birmingham, AL

Radisson Hotel, 808 20th Street South, Birmingham, AL, Phone: 205–933–9000

October 4—Reno, NV

Best Western Airport Plaza Hotel & Conference Center, 1981 Terminal Way, Reno, NV, Phone: 775–348–6370

October 10—Evansville, IN

Days Inn Airport, 5701 Highway 41 North, Evansville, IN, Phone: 812–464–1010

II. Background

MSHA published the HazCom interim final rule on October 3, 2000 (65 FR 59048), with an effective date of October 3, 2001. The HazCom interim final rule has been challenged by a number of mine operators and trade associations [U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia, Nos. 00–1507, 01–1068 (consolidated)]. The United Mine Workers of America and the United Steelworkers of America have intervened in the litigation. We are asking the court to hold the briefing schedule in abeyance pending the outcome of this reopening of the rulemaking record. We hope that the issues in the litigation can either be narrowed or rendered moot by this delay of the effective date and reopening of the record.

In its October 3, 2000 notice, MSHA gave commenters until November 17, 2000, to submit comments on the interim final rule, on their experience under the Occupational Safety and Health Administration's Hazard Communication Standard, and on any changes in the mining industry since the publication of the proposed rule. On December 7, 2000, we notified all commenters and other interested persons of our decision to hold a public hearing in Washington, DC on December 14, 2000. The public notice of the hearing appeared in the **Federal Register** on December 11, 2000 (65 FR 77292).

MSHA received 22 written comments on the interim final rule and heard testimony from six persons at the public hearing. Commenters objected to what they considered to be an inadequate comment period and an inadequate notice of the hearing. These commenters stated that they did not have sufficient time to fully analyze the impact of the interim final rule which affected their ability to develop and submit meaningful comments. They also stated that many operators were unable to testify at the hearing because they did not have enough time to prepare testimony and make plans to attend the hearing. Although MSHA believes that the comment period and the notice of the public hearing were legally sufficient, we are providing further opportunity for public comment on the interim final rule.

Members of the mining community have also stated that, because this is the first time MSHA promulgated an interim final rule, there is some confusion about their compliance obligations. The National Mining Association and the National Stone, Sand and Gravel Association have asked for a delay in the effective date of the interim final rule until we respond to their previous comments on it.

A delay in the effective date would provide MSHA with an opportunity to—

- Receive any new information that is available from the mining community;
- Promulgate a final rule that would respond to the concerns and comments of the mining community;
- Inform the industry and train inspectors about the final rule requirements to achieve the best possible compliance;
- Prepare training materials and compliance aids, such as model HazCom programs, particularly for small mines; and
- Help industry incorporate HazCom's final rule requirements into their existing health and safety programs.

Between now and October 3, 2001 (the interim final rule's effective date), there is not enough time to re-open the record, hold hearings, promulgate a final rule, and give industry time to comply.

Accordingly, MSHA finds that good cause exists to delay the effective date of the interim final rule to June 30, 2002, without notice and comment. MSHA believes that, under the circumstances described, notice and comment on the delay would be impracticable and contrary to the public interest. Opening the record on the interim final rule for additional public hearings and comment will enhance the Agency's ability to promulgate a final rule that reflects the fullest consideration of the mining community's concerns and promotes the public interest.

Dated: August 23, 2001.

Dave D. Lauriski,

Assistant Secretary of Labor for Mine Safety and Health.

[FR Doc. 01–21784 Filed 8–24–01; 2:56 pm]

BILLING CODE 4510–43–P

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Office of the Secretary

32 CFR Part 153

Legal Assistance Matters

AGENCY: Department of Defense.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This part establishes a uniform approach for the execution of military testamentary instruments (including wills), powers of attorney, and advance medical directives. It seeks public comment on specific aspects of the activity.

DATES: This rule is effective June 12, 2001. Comments must be received by October 29, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and recommendations should be sent to the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel & Readiness, Program Integration, Legal Policy, ATTN: Lt. Col. Patrick Lindemann, 4000 Defense Pentagon, Washington, DC 20301–4000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lt. Col. K. Kinlin, (703) 697–3387.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Executive Order 12866, ''Regulatory Planning and Review''

It has been determined that 32 CFR part 153 is not a significant regulatory action. The rule does not:

(1) Have an annual effect to the economy of $100 million or more or adversely affect in a material way the economy; a section of the economy; productivity; competition; jobs; the environment; public health or safety; or State, local, or tribal governments or communities;

(2) Create a serious inconsistency or otherwise interfere with an action taken or planned by another Agency;

(3) Materially alter the budgetary impact of entitlements, grants, user fees, or loan programs, or the rights and obligations of recipients thereof; or

(4) Raise novel legal or policy issues arising out of legal mandates, the President's priorities, or the principles set forth in this Executive Order.

Public Law 96–354, ''Regulatory Flexibility Act'' (5 U.S.C. 601)

It has been certified that this rule is not subject to the ''Regulatory Flexibility Act'' (5 U.S.C. 601) because it would not, if promulgated, have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. This rule is being published to give notice to state attorneys and paralegals of 10 U.S.C. § 1044d. The Directive establishes a uniform approach for the execution of military testamentary instruments. Military testamentary instruments have the same legal effect as a testamentary instrument prepared and executed in accordance with the laws of the State in which it is presented for probate. Thus, it is exempt from any requirement of form, formality, or recording before probate that is provided for testamentary instruments under the laws of a State.

Public Law 96–511, ''Paperwork Reduction Act'' (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35)

It has been certified that this part does not impose any reporting or record keeping requirements under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

Section 202, Public Law 104–4, ''Unfunded Mandates Reform Act''

It has been certified that this rules does not involve a Federal mandate that may result in the expenditure by State, local and tribal governments, in the aggregate, or by the private sector, of $100 million or more and that such rulemaking will not significantly or uniquely affect small governments.

Executive Order 13132, ''Federalism''

It has been certified that this for does not have federalism implications. The rule does not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the National Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

List of Subjects in 32 CFR Part 153

Military law, Military personnel.

Accordingly, 32 CFR part 153 is added to subchapter D to read as follows:

PART 153—LEGAL ASSISTANCE MATTERS

Sec.

153.1 Purpose.
153.2 Applicability.
153.3 Definitions.
153.4 Policy.
153.5 Responsibilities.
Appendix A to part 153—Military Testamentary Preamble
Appendix B to part 153—Military Testamentary Instrument Self-Proving Affidavit
Appendix C to part 153—Military Power of Attorney Preamble
Appendix D to part 153—Military Advance Medical Directive Preamble

Authority: 10 U.S.C. 301.

§ 153.1 Purpose.

This part implements 10 U.S.C. 301 for persons eligible for military legal assistance by establishing a uniform approach for the execution of military testamentary instruments.

§ 153.2 Applicability.

This part applies to the Office of the Secretary of Defense, the Military Departments, the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Combatant Commands, the Office of the Inspector General of the Department of Defense, the Defense Agencies, the DoD Field Activities, and all other organizational entities within the Department of Defense (hereafter referred to collectively as ''the DoD Components''). The term ''Military Services,'' as used herein, refers to the Army, the Navy, the Air Force, and the Marine Corps, and the Coast Guard when it is operating as a service in the Department of the Navy.

§ 153.3 Definitions.

Estate planning. The continuing process of arranging for the use, conservation, and transfer of one's property and wealth during life and upon death. The process produces a plan that may include some or all of these: A testator/testatrix will, military testamentary instrument, a trust, life insurance, an advance medical directive, a healthcare power of attorney, designation of anatomical gifts, and other dispositive documents.

Military advance medical directive. A written document, prepared in accordance with this Part, which explains one's wishes about medical treatment if one becomes incompetent or unable to communicate, or which governs the withholding or withdrawal of life-sustaining treatment from the maker of the document in the event of an incurable or irreversible condition that will cause death within a relatively short period of time, and when the maker is no longer able/competent to make decisions regarding his/her medical treatment.

Military legal assistance counsel. A judge advocate, as defined in 10 U.S.C. 801(13) or a civilian attorney serving as a legal assistance officer, under the provisions of 10 U.S.C. 1044.

Military power of attorney. A written instrument prepared in accordance with this part, whereby one person, as principal, appoints another as his/her agent and confers authority to perform certain specified acts, kinds of acts or

full authority to act on behalf of the principal.

Military testamentary instrument. An instrument that is prepared with testamentary intent in accordance with this part and that:

(a) Is executed in accordance with this part (§ 153.4 (b)) by (or on behalf of) a person, as a testator/testatrix, who is eligible for military legal assistance.

(b) Makes a disposition of property of the testator/testatrix, and takes effect upon the death of the testator/testatrix. It has the same legal effect as a testamentary instrument prepared and executed in accordance with the laws of the State in which it is presented for probate. However, it is exempt from any requirement of form, formality, or recording before probate that is provided for testamentary instruments under the laws of a State.

Testator/Testatrix. A person who makes a will or military testamentary instrument disposing of his or her property at death.

Will. A written instrument prepared consistent with State law for a testator/testatrix to dispose of the testator/testatrix property upon the testator/testatrix death. A will is often the principal document in an individual's estate plan.

§ 153.4 Policy.

It is DoD policy that:

(a) *General.* (1) Although not every person needs a will or military testamentary instrument, all military personnel shall consider the advisability of making either. Whether a will or military testamentary instrument is necessary or desirable, and its form and execution, depend on the individual's desires, circumstances and the intestate succession laws of the appropriate State. Ultimately, those eligible for legal assistance must decide for themselves whether to prepare any estate planning document(s).

(2) The Military Departments, within the limits of available resources and expertise, shall inform and educate persons eligible for legal assistance on estate planning generally, and the advisability of preparing a will or military testamentary instrument. It is especially important that military personnel be educated with respect to these matters before mobilization, deployment, or similar actions.

(3) All commanding officers shall urge military personnel to seek legal counsel regarding an estate plan well before mobilization, deployment, or similar activities. However, any testamentary instrument, to be legally effective, must be the free and voluntary act of the person making it.

(b) *Military testamentary instrument.* A military testamentary instrument shall:

(1) Be executed by the testator/testatrix (or, if the testator/testatrix is unable to execute the instrument personally, executed in the presence of, by the direction of, and on behalf of the testator/testatrix).

(2) Be executed in the presence of a military legal assistance counsel acting as presiding attorney.

(3) Be executed in the presence of at least two disinterested witnesses (in addition to the presiding attorney), each of whom attests to witnessing the testator/testatrix execution of the instrument by signing it.

(4) Include a statement or preamble in form and content, substantially as outlined at appendix A to this part.

(5) Include (or have attached to it), a self-proving affidavit, in a form and content, substantially as outlined at appendix B to this part

(c) *Military power of attorney.* 10 U.S.C. 1044b requires recognition of powers of attorney prepared for persons eligible for legal assistance. If prepared, such documents will include a statement or preamble in form and content, substantially as outlined at appendix C to this part.

(d) *Military advance medical directive.* Section 1044c of 10 U.S.C. requires recognition of military advance medical directives prepared for persons eligible for legal assistance. If prepared, such documents will include a statement or preamble in form and content, substantially as outlined at enclosure 4.

(e) *Reserve component members.* Subject to the availability of legal staff resources, the Secretaries of the Military Departments may provide legal assistance in connection with their personal civil legal affairs to members of Reserve components and their dependents, following release from active duty under a call or order to active duty for more than 30 days issued under a mobilization authority (as determined by the Secretary of Defense). Eligibility for such legal assistance shall be for a period of time that begins on the date of the release and is not less than twice the length of the period served on active duty under that call or order to active duty.

§ 153.5 Responsibilities.

(a) The Under Secretary of Defense (Personnel and Readiness) shall manage implementation of this part.

(b) The Secretaries of the Military Departments shall insure compliance with this part and establish policies and procedures to implement this part.

Appendix A to Part 153—Military Testamentary Preamble

This is a MILITARY TESTAMENTARY INSTRUMENT prepared pursuant to section 1044d of title 10, United States Code, and executed by a person authorized to receive legal assistance from the Military Services. Federal law exempts this document from any requirement of form, formality, or recording that is provided for testamentary instruments under the laws of a State, the District of Columbia, or a commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United States. Federal law specifies that this document shall receive the same legal effect as a testamentary instrument prepared and executed in accordance with the laws of the State in which it is presented for probate. It shall remain valid unless and until the testator revokes it.

Appendix B to Part 153—Military Testamentary Instrument Self-Proving Affidavit

Affidavit with the Armed Forces at__ _____

We, the testator/testatrix and the witnesses, whose names are signed to the attached or foregoing instrument, being first duly sworn, do hereby declare to the undersigned authority that in the presence of a military legal assistance counsel and the witnesses the testator/testatrix signed and executed the instrument as the testator/testatrix military testamentary instrument and that [he][she] had signed willingly (or willingly directed another to sign for [him][her], and that [he][she] executed it as [his][her] free and voluntary act for the purposes therein expressed. It is further declared that each of the witnesses, in the presence and hearing of the testator/testatrix and a military legal assistance counsel, signed the military testamentary instrument as witness and that to the best of [his][her] knowledge the testator/testatrix was at that time eighteen years of age or older or emancipated, of sound mind, and under no constraint or undue influence.

_____

Testator/Testatrix

_____

Print Name

_____

Witness Signature

_____

Print Name

_____

Witness Signature

_____

Print Name

Subscribed, sworn to and acknowledged before me by the testator/testatrix, and subscribed and sworn to before me by the witnesses, this date _____.

(Signed)

_____

_____

(Official Capacity of Person Administering the Oath)

Appendix C to Part 153—Military Power of Attorney Preamble

This is a military Power of Attorney prepared pursuant to section 1044b of title 10, United States Code, and executed by a person authorized to receive legal assistance from the Military Service. Federal law exempts this power of attorney from any requirement of form, substance, formality, or recording that is prescribed for powers of attorney by the laws of a State, the District of Columbia, or a commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United States. Federal law specifies that this power of attorney shall be given the same legal effect as a power of attorney prepared and executed in accordance with the laws of the jurisdiction where it is presented.

Appendix D to Part 153—Military Advance Medical Directive

This is a military advance medical directive prepared pursuant to section 1044c of title 10, United States Code. It was prepared by an attorney authorized to provide legal assistance for an individual eligible to receive legal assistance under section 1044 of title 10, United States Code. Federal law exempts this advance medical directive from any requirement of form, substance, formality, or recording that is provided for advance medical directives under the laws of a State. Federal law specifies that this advance medical directive shall be given the same legal effect as an advance medical directive prepared and executed in accordance with the laws of the State concerned.

Dated: August 22, 2001.

L.M. Bynum,

Alternate OSD Federal Register Liaison Officer, Department of Defense.

[FR Doc. 01–21635 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 5001–08–U

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Office of the Secretary

32 CFR Part 199

[RIN 0720–AA58]

TRICARE; Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services (CHAMPUS); Payments for Professional Services in Low-Access Locations

AGENCY: Office of the Secretary, DOD.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This final rule implements 10 U.S.C. 1097b(a), as added by section 716 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2000 which allows higher provider reimbursement rates than normally allowable, with certain limitations, when necessary to ensure an adequate TRICARE Prime network of qualified providers. This final rule also implements 10 U.S.c. 1079(h)(5), as added by section 747 of the Floyd D. Spence National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001, to remedy circumstances in which TRICARE beneficiaries face very severe limitations on access to needed health care services.

EFFECTIVE DATE: September 27, 2001.

ADDRESSES: TRICARE Management Activity (TMA), Program Operations Directorate, 5111 Leesburg Pike, Suite 810, Falls Church, VA 22041–3206.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Mike Talisnik, Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense (Health Affairs)/ TRICARE Management Activity, telephone (703) 681–0064 or Mr. Stan Regensberg, telephone (303) 676–3742.

Questions regarding payment of specific claims under the CHAMPUS allowable charge method should be addressed to the appropriate TRICARE/ CHAMPUS contractor.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background on TRICARE and CHAMPUS Payments to Providers

The relationship of DoD payment levels to Medicare's for institutional and professional health care services is central to the ongoing success of TRICARE. Payment levels have significant effects on DoD's ability to implement managed care programs, to assure beneficiary access to the full spectrum of health services, and to do this in a cost-effective manner.

Legislative initiatives have linked DoD's payment rates for health care to Medicare, beginning in the early 1980s, with the initial focus on institutional services. Similar initiatives in the late 1980s linked DoD's payment levels for professional services to Medicare.

A key principle of DoD's efforts in the linkage of reimbursement rates to Medicare has been the protection of access to services. In a 1996 report to Congress, it was found that 86 percent of the time providers accepted the TRICARE payment limits called CMACs (CHAMPUS Maximum Allowable Charges) as payment in full. Most recently, that percentage has increased to over 94 percent acceptance. However, the very high rate of acceptance overall may hide the access problems in certain localities.

When the CMAC payment approach was implemented in 1992, national payment levels were adjusted to reflect local economic conditions in over 200 localities, the same as those used by Medicare. Since that time, the number of localities has been reduced to fewer than 100, with the introduction of more and more statewide payment localities.

In 1999, DoD undertook revisions to one statewide locality, Alaska, in recognition of the differences in acceptability of TRICARE payments in Anchorage compared to the rest of the state. Overall, CMAC's are accepted as full payment over 90 percent of the time in Alaska; however, the vast majority of services are provided in Anchorage, so that severe access problems elsewhere in the state are hidden. In an effort to increase acceptability of TRICARE payment rates outside of Anchorage, DoD created a new locality, including all of Alaska except Anchorage. While this action addressed one locality, DoD's current regulatory authority may not be sufficient in some other localities. Accordingly, this final rule provides for the mechanism to increase access to health care providers for TRICARE beneficiaries where access to health care services is severely impaired or where there is an inadequate number of qualified network providers.

II. Overview of the Rule

This final rule would add a new § 199.14(h)(1)(iv)(D) authorizing the establishing of higher payment rates for specific services than would otherwise be allowable, if it is determined that access to health care services is severely impaired. Payment rates could be established through addition of a percentage factor to an otherwise applicable payment amount, or by calculating a prevailing charge, or by using another governmental payment rate. Higher payment rates could be applied to all similar services performed in a locality, or a new locality could be defined for application of the higher payment rates.

Other factors in determining the authority to establish a higher payment shall be based on the number of providers in a locality, the number of providers who are TRICARE participating providers, the number of eligible beneficiaries in the locality, and the availability of Military Treatment Facility providers.

The final rule would also add a new § 199.14(h)(1)(iv)(E) allowing the reimbursement of higher payment rates for health care services for services that would otherwise be allowable, if it is determined necessary to ensure adequate Preferred Provider networks. The amount of reimbursement for health care services would be limited to the lesser of: (1) An amount equal to the local fee for service charge in the area where the service is provided; or (2) 115 percent of the otherwise allowable TRICARE rate for the service. The higher rate will be authorized only if all reasonable efforts have been exhausted

in attempting to create an adequate network and that it is cost-effective and appropriate to pay the higher rate to ensure an appropriate mix of primary care and specialists in the network.

We have also added to the final rule a new definition of ''Director'' to clear up any confusion associated with continued use in the CHAMPUS/TRICARE regulation to ''Director, OCHAMPUS.'' The TRICARE Management Activity (TMA) has replaced the old Office of CHAMPUS, and the Director of TMA exercises the authorities previously exercised by the Director, OCHAMPUS.

III. Review of Comments

The proposed rule was published in the **Federal Register** on May 30, 2000 (65 FR 34423). We received one comment from a managed care support contractor who felt that rate adjustments should be available in rural and/or medically under-served areas that are non TRICARE Prime areas.

Response: The Department recognizes the need to ensure that access to health care is protected in areas that are medically underserved or in rural areas where there are few providers available. This final rule establishes new mechanisms to identify and address locations where access to care is severely impaired.

IV. Rulemaking Procedures

Section 801 of title 5, United States Code, and Executive Order 12866 requires certain regulatory assessments and procedures for any major rule or significant regulatory action, defined as one which would result in an annual effect on the economy of $100 million or more, or have other substantial impacts.

The Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA) requires that each Federal agency prepare, and make available for public comment, a regulatory flexibility analysis when the agency issues a regulation which would have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities.

This is not a major rule under 5 U.S.C. 801. It is a significant regulatory action but not economically significant under E. O. 12866, and it would not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. In addition, the final rule will not impose additional information collection requirements on the public under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. Chapter 55).

This rule is being issued as a final rule.

List of Subjects in 32 CFR Part 199

Claims, Fraud, Health care, Health insurance, Individuals with disabilities, Military personnel.

Accordingly, 32 CFR part 199 is amended as follows:

PART 199—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 199 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301; 10 U.S.C. chapter 55.

2. Section 199.2 is amended by revising the definition of ''Director, OCHAMPUS'' and adding the definition of ''Director'' in alphabetical order to read as follows:

§ 199.2 Definitions.

* * * * *

Director. The Director of the TRICARE Management Activity or Director, Office of CHAMPUS. Any references to the Director, Office of CHAMPUS, or OCHAMPUS, shall mean the Director, TRICARE Management Activity. Any reference to Director shall also include any person designated by the Director to carry out a particular authority. In addition, any authority of the Director may be exercised by the Assistant Secretary of Defense (Health Affairs).

* * * * *

3. Section 199.14 is amended by adding new paragraphs (h)(1)(iv)(D) and (E) to read as follows:

§ 199.14 Provider reimforcement methods.

* * * * *

(h) * * *

(1) * * *

(iv) * * *

(D) *Special locality-based exception to applicable CMACs to assure adequate beneficiary access to care.* In addition to the authority to waive reductions under paragraph (h)(1)(iv)(C) of this section, the Director may authorize establishment of higher payment rates for specific services than would otherwise be allowable, under paragraph (h)(1) of this section, if the Director determines that available evidence shows that access to health care services is severely impaired. For this purpose, such evidence may include consideration of the number of providers in the locality who provide the affected services, the number of providers who are CHAMPUS participating providers, the number of CHAMPUS beneficiaries in the locality, the availability of military providers in the location or nearby, and any other factors the Director determines relevant.

(1) Procedure. Providers or beneficiaries in a locality may submit to the Director, a petition, together with appropriate documentation regarding relevant factors, for a determination that adequate access to health care services is severely impaired. The Director, will consider and respond to all petitions. A decision to authorize a higher payment amount is subject to review and determination or modification by the Director at any time if circumstances change so that adequate access to health care services would no longer be severely impaired. A decision by the Director, to authorize, not authorize, terminate, or modify authorization of higher payment amounts is not subject to the appeal and hearing procedures of § 199.10 of the part.

(2) Establishing the higher payment rate(s). When the Director, determines that beneficiary access to health care services in a locality is severely impaired, the Director may establish the higher payment rate(s) as he or she deems appropriate and cost-effective through one of the following methodologies to assure adequate access:

(i) A percent factor may be added to the otherwise applicable payment amount allowable under paragraph (h)(1) of this section;

(ii) A prevailing charge may be calculated, by applying the prevailing charge methodology of paragraph (h)(1)(ii) of this section to a specific locality (which need not be the same as the localities used for purposes of paragraph (h)(1)(iv)(A) of this section; or another government payment rate may be adopted, for example, an applicable state Medicaid rate).

(3) Application of higher payment rates. Higher payment rates defined under paragraph (h)(1)(iv)(D) of this section may be applied to all similar services performed in a locality, or, if circumstances warrant, a new locality may be defined for application of the higher payments. Establishment of a new locality may be undertaken where access impairment is localized and not pervasive across the existing locality. Generally, establishment of a new, more specific locality will occur when the area is remote so that geographical characteristics and other factors significantly impair transportation through normal means to health care services routinely available within the existing locality.

(E) Special locality-based exception to applicable CMACs to ensure an adequate TRICARE Prime preferred network. The Director, may authorize reimbursements to health care providers participating in a TRICARE preferred provider network under § 199.17(p) of this part at rates higher than would

otherwise be allowable under paragraph (h)(1) of this section, if the Director, determines that application of the higher rates is necessary to ensure the availability of an adequate number and mix of qualified health care providers in a network in a specific locality. This authority may only be used to ensure adequate networks in those localities designated by the Director, as requiring TRICAR preferred provider networks, not in localities in which preferred provider networks have been suggested or established but are not determined by the Director to be necessary. Appropriate evidence for determining that higher rates are necessary may include consideration of the number of available primary care and specialist providers in the network locality, availability (including reassignment) of military providers in the location or nearby, the appropriate mix of primary care and specialists needed to satisfy demand and meet appropriate patient access standards (appointment/waiting time, travel distance, etc.), the efforts that have been made to create an adequate network, other cost-effective alternatives, and other relevant factors. The Director, may establish procedures by which exceptions to applicable CMACs are requested and approved or denied under paragraph (h)(1)(iv)(E) of this section. A decision by the Director, to authorize or deny an exception is not subject to the appeal and hearing procedures of § 199.10. When the Director, determines that it is necessary and cost-effective to approve a higher rate or rates in order to ensure the availability of an adequate number of qualified health care providers in a network in a specific locality, the higher rate may not exceed the lesser of the following:

(1) The amount equal to the local fee for service charge for the service in the service area in which the service is provided as determined by the Director, based on one or more of the following payment rates:

(i) Usual, customary, and reasonable;

(ii) The Health Care Financing Administration's Resource Based Relative Value Scale;

(iii) Negotiated fee schedules;

(iv) Global fees; or

(v) Sliding scale individual fee allowances.

(2) The amount equal to 115 percent of the otherwise allowable charge under paragraph (h)(1) of the section for the service.

* * * * *

Dated: August 22, 2001.

L.M. Bynum,

Alternate Federal Register Notice Liaison Officer, Department of Defense.

[FR Doc. 01–21634 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 5001–08–M

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

42 CFR Part 414

[CMS–1010–F]

RIN 0938–AK66

Medicare Program; Replacement of Reasonable Charge Methodology by Fee Schedules for Parenteral and Enteral Nutrients, Equipment, and Supplies

AGENCY: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), HHS.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This final rule implements fee schedules for payment of parenteral and enteral nutrition (PEN) items and services furnished under the prosthetic device benefit, defined in section 1861(s)(8) of the Social Security Act. The authority for establishing these fee schedules is provided by the Balanced Budget Act of 1997, which amended the Social Security Act at section 1842(s). Section 1842(s) of the Social Security Act specifies that statewide or other areawide fee schedules may be implemented for the following items and services still subject to the reasonable charge payment methodology: medical supplies; home dialysis supplies and equipment; therapeutic shoes; parenteral and enteral nutrients, equipment, and supplies; electromyogram devices; salivation devices; blood products; and transfusion medicine. This final rule describes changes made to the proposed fee schedule payment methodology for these items and services and provides that the fee schedules for PEN items and services are effective for all covered items and services furnished on or after January 1, 2002. Fee schedules will not be implemented for electromyogram devices and salivation devices at this time since these items are not covered by Medicare. In addition, fee schedules will not be implemented for medical supplies, home dialysis supplies and equipment, therapeutic shoes, blood products, and transfusion medicine at this time since the data required to establish these fee schedules are inadequate.

DATES: These final regulations are effective January 1, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Joel Kaiser, (410) 786–4499.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: *Copies:* To order copies of the **Federal Register** containing this document, send your request to: New Orders, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250–7954. Specify the date of the issue requested and enclose a check or money order payable to the Superintendent of Documents, or enclose your Visa or Master Card number and expiration date. Credit card orders can also be placed by calling the order desk at (202) 512–1800 or by faxing to (202) 512–2250. The cost for each copy is $9. As an alternative, you can view and photocopy the **Federal Register** document at most libraries designated as Federal Depository Libraries and at many other public and academic libraries throughout the country that receive the **Federal Register**.

This **Federal Register** document is also available from the **Federal Register** online database through GPO Access, a service of the U.S. Government Printing Office. The Website address is http://www.access.gpo.gov/nara/index.html.

I. Background

The provisions of sections 1833 and 1842 of the Social Security Act (the Act) set forth the general payment authority for most physician and other medical and health services furnished under Part B of the Medicare program. Section 1842(s) of the Act, added by section 4315 of the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 (BBA), (Pub. L. 105–33) provides authority for implementing statewide or other areawide fee schedules to be used for payment of the following items and services that are paid on a reasonable charge basis when covered:

- Medical supplies.
- Home dialysis supplies and equipment.
- Therapeutic shoes.
- Parenteral and enteral nutrients, equipment, and supplies.
- Electromyogram devices.
- Salivation devices.
- Blood products.
- Transfusion medicine.

Section 1842(s)(1) of the Act provides that if fee schedules are established for any of the covered items and services listed above, the fee schedules are to be updated on an annual basis by the percentage increase in the consumer price index for all urban consumers (CPI–U) for the 12-month period ending

with June of the preceding year. The fee schedules for PEN items and services, however, may not be updated before the year 2003. Finally, section 4315(d) of the BBA requires that the first year's fee schedules be set so that they are budget-neutral (that is, total payments for the initial year of the fee schedules for particular services must be approximately equal to the estimated payments that would have been made for those services under the reasonable charge payment methodology).

We published a proposed rule on July 27, 1999 (64 FR 40534) that described the methods proposed for computing fee schedules for the covered items and services listed above. The proposed rule stated that the fee schedules would apply to items and services furnished on or after January 1, 1999 and would be calculated using base reasonable charges updated by an update factor as mandated by the BBA. The proposed rule provided that statewide fee schedule amounts would be calculated for all items and services except PEN items and services, which would have nationwide fee schedule amounts. In accordance with section 4551(b) of the BBA, the nationwide fee schedule amounts for PEN items and services would be equal to the lesser of: (1) The 1995 reasonable charges; or (2) the 1998 reasonable charges, increased by the inflation adjustment factor that would have otherwise been used in calculating the 1999 inflation-indexed charges (in effect, the 1999 reasonable charges). The proposed rule also called for national fee schedule ceiling and floor limits for medical supplies, electromyogram devices, salivation devices, blood products, and transfusion medicine furnished within the continental United States.

Medicare currently does not cover electromyogram devices or salivation devices; therefore, we do not plan to establish fee schedules for these items at this time. Also, fee schedules will not be established at this time for medical supplies, home dialysis supplies and equipment, therapeutic shoes, blood products, and transfusion medicine. The data needed to establish these fee schedule amounts so that they meet the budget-neutrality requirement of section 4315(d) of the BBA are currently not available. We are establishing fee schedules only for PEN items and services in this final rule. In the event that it becomes possible to establish budget-neutral fee schedules in the future for the other items and services addressed in the proposed rule, we will establish these fee schedules in one or more separate final rules.

II. Summary of Public Comments and Responses

We received comments from five groups representing the industry, two individual suppliers, and one member of the Congress who wrote on behalf of a constituent hospital. We have summarized the comments pertaining to the fee schedules for PEN items and services and present them below along with our responses. We have not included the comments pertaining to those items and services for which we have decided not to implement fee schedules at this time.

Effective Date for Implementation of Fee Schedules

Comment: Several commenters suggested that the fee schedules should not be implemented retroactively based on an effective date of January 1, 1999. One commenter suggested that the fee schedules be implemented no sooner than 60 days after the date of the final rule.

Response: We did not intend to apply this rule retroactively, and are changing the effective date from that proposed in the NPRM to January 1, 2002 to take into account the publication date of the final rule. The fee schedules for PEN items and services will apply to items and services furnished on or after January 1, 2002.

List of Health Care Financing Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) Codes Subject to the Fee Schedules

Comment: One commenter asked which HCPCS codes would be subject to the fee schedules.

Response: The list of HCPCS codes subject to the fee schedules established by this final rule will change as codes are added to and deleted from the HCPCS. The following is the list of HCPCS codes currently subject to the fee schedules established by this final rule:

PEN ITEMS AND SERVICES

B4034	Enteral Feeding Supply Kit; Syringe, per day
B4035	Enteral Feeding Supply Kit; Pump Fed, per day
B4036	Enteral Feeding Supply Kit; Gravity Fed, per day
B4081	Nasogastric Tubing with Stylet
B4082	Nasogastric Tubing without Stylet
B4083	Stomach Tube—Levine Type
B4084	Gastrostomy/Jejunostomy Tubing
B4085	Gastrostomy Tube, Silicone with sliding ring, each
B4150	Enteral Formulae; Category I; semi-synthetic intact Protein/Protein Isolates, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit
B4151	Enteral Formulae; category I; Natural Intact Protein/Protein Isolates, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit
B4152	Enteral Formulae; Category II; Intact Protein/Protein Isolates (calorically dense), administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit
B4153	Enteral Formulae; Category III; Hydrolized Protein/Amino Acids, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit
B4154	Enteral Formulae; Category IV; Definde Formula for Special Metabolic Need, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit
B4155	Enteral Formulae; Category V; Modular Components, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit
B4156	Enteral Formulae; Category VI; Standardized Nutrients, administered through an enteral feeding tube, 100 calories = 1 unit
B4164	Parenteral Nutrition Solution: Carbohydrates (Dextrose), 50% or less (500 ML = 1 unit)—Homemix
B4168	Parenteral Nutrition Solution; Amino Acid, 3.5%, (500 ML = 1 unit)—Homemix
B4176	Parenteral Nutrition Solution; Amino Acid, 7% through 8.5%, (500 ML = 1 unit)—Homemix
B4178	Parenteral Nutrition Solution; Amino Acid, greater than 8.5% (500 ML = 1 unit)—Homemix
B4180	Parenteral Nutrition Solution; Carbohydrates (Dextrose), greater than 50% (500 ML = 1 unit)—Homemix
B4184	Parenteral Nutrition Solution; Lipids, 10% with Administration Set (500 ML = 1 unit)
B4186	Parenteral Nutrition Solution, Lipids, 20% with Administration Set (500 ML = 1 unit)
B4189	Parenteral Nutrition Solution; Compounded Amino Acid and Carbohydrates with Electrolytes, Trace Elements, and Vitamins, including preparation, any strength, 10 to 51 grams of protein—Premix

PEN ITEMS AND SERVICES—Continued

B4193	Parenteral Nutrition Solution; Compounded Amino Acid and Carbohydrates with Electrolytes, Trace Elements, and Vitamins, including preparation, any strength, 52 to 73 grams of protein—Premix
B4197	Parenteral Nutrition Solution; Compounded Amino Acid and Carbohydrates with Electrolytes, Trace Elements and Vitamins, including preparation, any strength, 74 to 100 grams of protein—Premix
B4199	Parenteral Nutrition Solution; Compounded Amino Acid and Carbohydrates with Electrolytes, Trace Elements and Vitamins, including preparation, any strength, over 100 grams of protein—Premix
B4216	Parenteral Nutrition; Additives (Vitamins, Trace Elements, Heparin, Electrolytes) Homemix per day
B4220	Parenteral Nutrition Supply Kit; Premix, per day
B4222	Parenteral Nutrition Supply Kit; Home Mix, per day
B4224	Parenteral Nutrition Administration Kit, per day
B5000	Parenteral Nutrition Solution: Compounded Amino Acid and Carbohydrates with Electrolytes, Trace Elements, and Vitamins, including preparation, any strength, Renal—Amirosyn RF, Nephramine, Renamine—Premix
B5100	Parenteral Nutrition Solution: Compounded Amino Acid and Carbohydrates with Electrolytes, Trace Elements, and Vitamins, including preparation, any strength, Hepatic—Freamine HBC, Hepatamine—Premix
B9000	Enteral Nutrition Infusion Pump—without alarm
B9002	Enteral Nutrition Infusion Pump—with alarm
B9004	Parenteral Nutrition Infusion Pump, portable
B9006	Parenteral Nutrition Infusion Pump, stationary
E0776XA	IV pole

Calculating Fee Schedule Amounts for Items and Services Where Reasonable Charge Data Is Unavailable

Comment: One commenter questioned how fee schedule amounts were going to be established for items and services for which reasonable charge data were unavailable during the data base period.

Response: The compilation of aggregate reasonable charge data for PEN items and services is 100 percent complete.

Payment for Professional Services Associated With Furnishing PEN Items and Services

Comment: Several commenters stated that we ignored the recommendation of the Congress that appeared in the conference agreement on the BBA to ''* * * examine carefully the appropriateness of including the costs of professional services * * *'' when establishing the fee schedule amounts for PEN items and services.

Response: The Medicare payment to a supplier who furnishes PEN nutrients, equipment, and supplies to a Medicare beneficiary includes payment for providing all services that are medically necessary to furnish the PEN nutrients, equipment, and supplies. The Medicare payment for these services was predicated on the assumption that suppliers included in their charges all medically necessary services directly related to furnishing PEN nutrients, equipment, and supplies. Payment for services of a physician that are related to furnishing PEN, such as the initial evaluation of the patient leading to the prescription for PEN, are paid for separately under the Medicare fee schedule for physicians' services. However, the reasonable charges for PEN items and services included payment for services such as the supplier's assessment of the patient, patient education, and general care provided by registered nurses, and dispensing of nutrition supplies by licensed pharmacists that are part of the overall services furnished by the supplier. Therefore, payment for all medically necessary services directly associated with providing PEN nutrients, equipment, and supplies has always been included in the payment amounts developed under the reasonable charge payment methodology, a methodology that uses suppliers' charges to calculate payment amounts. Because the fee schedule amounts for PEN items and services established by this final rule are based on the payment amounts that were developed under the reasonable charge methodology, payment for any necessary professional services provided by a supplier as part of furnishing PEN nutrients, equipment, and supplies to Medicare beneficiaries is included in the fee schedule amounts.

Moreover, it is important to note that the statute requires that the fee schedule amounts established by this final rule must be budget-neutral. Additional payment for professional services provided by suppliers furnishing PEN nutrients, equipment, and supplies, would duplicate payment already included in the fee schedule rate and payments for all other PEN items and services would have to be reduced to maintain budget-neutrality. The total payment for PEN items and services would therefore remain the same.

Lump Sum Payment for PEN Items and Services

Comment: One commenter requested clarification regarding the provision in the proposed rule that payment for PEN items and services is to be made on a lump sum basis.

Response: The term ''lump sum'' generally refers to a one-time payment for the purchase of an item. Since payment for certain PEN items and services is made on a rental basis rather than a purchase basis, the use of the term ''lump sum'' in relation to payment for these rental PEN items is erroneous. Therefore, we have revised the rule to reflect that the term ''lump sum'' only applies to purchase transactions.

III. Provisions of the Final Regulations

The provisions of this final rule are the same as the provisions of the July 27, 1999, proposed rule except as noted below. The following changes have been made:

- Fee schedules will only be implemented for PEN items and services. Fee schedules will not be implemented at this time for electromyogram devices, salivation devices, medical supplies, home dialysis supplies and equipment, therapeutic shoes, blood products, and transfusion medicine.
- The initial year that the fee schedules will be in effect will be calendar year 2002 rather than calendar year 1999.
- For PEN items and services, the fee schedule amounts will be based on the reasonable charges that would have been used in determining payment for these items and services in 2002.
- The section regarding payment for PEN items and services has been revised to reflect that payment for these items and services will be on either a rental basis for the equipment or in a lump sum amount for the purchase of the nutrient or supply.

The 2002 fee schedule amounts for all HCPCS codes for PEN items and services are listed below. Section 4551(b) of the BBA specifies that the reasonable charges for PEN items and services for 2002 may not exceed the reasonable charges for these items and services from 1995. Therefore, the fee schedule amounts for PEN items and services, other than codes B4176 and

B4222, are based on the reasonable charges for the items or services during 1995. We have determined that the reasonable charges for codes B4176 and B4222 for 2002 will be less than the reasonable charges from 1995. Therefore, the fee schedule amounts for codes B4176 and B4222 will be based on the amounts that would have been used in calculating the reasonable charges for 2002. A modifier (MOD), if applicable, identifies the service as either: purchase of new equipment (NU); purchase of used equipment (UE); or rental of equipment (RR).

2002 FEE SCHEDULE—PEN ITEMS AND SERVICES

HCPCS/MOD	Fee
B4034	$5.60
B4035	10.67
B4036	7.31
B4081	19.78
B4082	14.73
B4083	2.25
B4084	16.52
B4085	37.48
B4150	0.61
B4151	1.43
B4152	0.51
B4153	1.74
B4154	1.12
B4155	0.87
B4156	1.24
B4164	15.08
B4168	21.96
B4176	40.99
B4178	51.04
B4180	21.61
B4184	70.86
B4186	94.48
B4189	157.66
B4193	203.73
B4197	248.02
B4199	283.42
B4216	6.85
B4220	7.10
B4222	8.44
B4224	22.19
B5000	10.54
B5100	4.12
B9000NU	1,121.97
B9000RR	103.10
B9000UE	841.47
B9002NU	1,121.97
B9002RR	108.66
B9002UE	841.47
B9004NU	2,238.01
B9004RR	354.30
B9004UE	1,678.51
B9006NU	2,238.01
B9006RR	354.30
B9006UE	1,678.51
E0776NU	93.30
E0776RR	23.62
E0776UE	29.15

IV. Collection of Information Requirements

This document does not impose information collection and recordkeeping requirements. Consequently, it need not be reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget under the authority of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et. seq.*)

V. Regulatory Impact Statement

We have examined the impact of this final rule as required by Executive Order (EO) 12866, the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act (UMRA) (Pub. L. 104–4), the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA) of 1995 (Pub. L. 96–354), and the Federalism Executive Order (EO) 13132. Executive Order 12866 directs agencies to assess all costs and benefits of available regulatory alternatives and, if regulation is necessary, to select regulatory approaches that maximize net benefits (including potential economic, environmental, public health and safety effects, distributive impacts, and equity). A regulatory impact analysis must be prepared for major rules with economically significant effects ($100 million or more annually). This rule will not result in a change in expenditures of $100 million or more annually, and is therefore not a major rule as defined in Title 5, United States Code, section 804(2) and is not an economically significant rule under Executive Order 12866.

The RFA requires agencies to analyze options for regulatory relief of small businesses. For purposes of the RFA, small entities include small businesses, non-profit organizations and government agencies. Most hospitals and most other providers and suppliers are small entities, either by non-profit status or by having revenues of $5 million to $25 million annually. Individuals and states are not included in the definition of a small entity. Based on data from the Small Business Administration (SBA), we estimate that 98 percent of suppliers of the items and services affected by this rule would be defined as small entities for purposes of the RFA. Due to the fact that the statewide fee schedule amounts will be calculated using the average of the payment amounts made in each State under the reasonable charge payment methodology, we expect that the overall impact of this rule on small businesses will be minimal.

In addition, section 1102(b) of the Act requires us to prepare a regulatory impact analysis if a rule may have a significant impact on the operations of a substantial number of small rural hospitals. This analysis must conform to the provisions of section 604 of the RFA. For purposes of section 1102(b) of the Act, we define a small rural hospital as a hospital that is located outside of a Metropolitan Statistical Area and has fewer than 100 beds.

In the proposed rule we certified that this rule would not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities and on small rural hospitals. Since we did not receive any comment on our initial regulatory impact statements, we are conforming our initial determination and certifying that this rule will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities including small rural hospitals.

Section 202 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 also requires that agencies assess anticipated costs and benefits before issuing any rule that may result in an expenditure in any year by State, local, or tribal governments, in the aggregate, or by the private sector, of $110 million. This rule would not have an effect on the governments mentioned, and private sector costs would be less than the $110 million threshold.

In accordance with the provisions of Executive Order 12866, this regulation was reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget.

We have reviewed this proposed rule under the threshold criteria of Executive Order 13132, Federalism. We have determined that it does not significantly affect the rights, roles, and responsibilities of State or local governments.

42 CFR part 414 is amended as set forth below:

PART 414—PAYMENT FOR PART B MEDICAL AND OTHER HEALTH SERVICES

1. The authority citation for part 414 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 1102, 1871, and 1881(b)(1) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1302, 1395hh, and 1395rr(b)(1)).

2. A new subpart is added to read as follows:

Subpart C—Fee Schedules for Parenteral and Enteral Nutrition (PEN) Nutrients, Equipment and Supplies

§ 414.100 Purpose.

This subpart implements fee schedules for PEN items and services as authorized by section 1842(s) of the Act.

§ 414.102 General payment rules.

(a) General rule. For items and services furnished on or after January 1, 2002, Medicare pays for the items and services as described in paragraph (b) of this section on the basis of 80 percent of the lesser of——

(1) The actual charge for the item or service; or

(2) The fee schedule amount for the item or service, as determined in accordance with §§ 414.104.

(b) Payment classification. (1) HCFA or the carrier determines fee schedules for Parenteral and enteral nutrition (PEN) nutrients, equipment, and supplies, as specified in § 414.104.

(2) HCFA designates the specific items and services in each category through program instructions.

(c) Updating the fee schedule amounts. For each year subsequent to 2002, the fee schedule amounts of the preceding year are updated by the percentage increase in the CPI–U for the 12-month period ending with June of the preceding year.

§ 414.104 PEN Items and Services.

(a) Payment Rules. Payment for PEN items and services is made in a lump sum for nutrients and supplies that are purchased and on a monthly basis for equipment that is rented.

(b) Fee schedule amount. The fee schedule amount for payment for an item or service furnished in 2002 is the lesser of—

(i) The reasonable charge from 1995; or

(ii) The reasonable charge that would have been used in determining payment for 2002.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Programs No. 93.774, Medicare-Supplementary Medical Insurance Program)

Dated: August 1, 2001.

Thomas A. Scully,

Administrator, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services.

Dated: August 8, 2001.

Tommy G. Thompson,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 01–21657 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4120–01–P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

47 CFR Part 76

[CS Docket No. 98–132; FCC 99–12]

1998 Biennial Review—Multichannel Video and Cable Television Service

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Final rule; announcement of effective date.

SUMMARY: This document announces the effective date of the rules published on September 5, 2000. Those rules amended the Commission's cable television rules pertaining to the public file, notice and recordkeeping requirements. These rules contained information collection requirements that required the approval of the Office of Management and Budget (''OMB'') before they could become effective. These rule sections have been approved by OMB and become effective on August 28, 2001.

DATES: Sections 76.1622, 76.1713, and 76.1800 published at 65 FR 53610 (September 5, 2000) are effective on August 28, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sonia Greenaway of the Consumer Protection and Competition Division, Cable Services Bureau at (202) 418–7200 TTY (202) 418–7172.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A summary of the public file, notice, and recordkeeping requirements set forth in Part 76 of the Commission's cable television rules in CS Docket No. 98–132, *1998 Biennial Regulatory Review—Streamlining of Cable Television Services Part 76 Public File and Notice Requirements*, Report and Order (FCC 99–12, 14 FCC Rcd 4653 (1999)) was published in the **Federal Register** at 65 FR 53610 (Sept. 5, 2000). The rules revised and streamlined the public file and notice requirements, and reduced the regulatory burden faced by cable operators. Sections 76.1622, 76.1713, and 76.1800 contained information collection requirements that required approval from OMB before they could become effective. OMB approved the information collection requirements on June 7, 2001. See OMB No. 3060–0981. Accordingly, §§ 76.1622, 76.1713, and 76.1800 become effective on August 28, 2001. This document constitutes publication of the effective date of those sections.

List of Subjects in 47 CFR Part 76

Multichannel video and cable television service.

Federal Communications Commission.

Magalie Roman Salas,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 01–21626 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Research and Special Programs Administration

49 CFR Parts 107, 171, 172, 173, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180

[Docket No. RSPA–01–10374 (HM–189S)]

RIN 2137–AD60

Hazardous Materials Regulations: Editorial Corrections and Clarifications

AGENCY: Research and Special Programs Administration (RSPA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This final rule corrects editorial errors, makes minor regulatory changes, and, in response to requests for clarification, improves the clarity of certain provisions in the Hazardous Materials Regulations (HMR). The intended effect of this rule is to enhance the accuracy and reduce misunderstandings of the HMR. The amendments contained in this rule are minor editorial changes and do not impose new requirements.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 1, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Michael G. Stevens, Office of Hazardous Materials Standards, (202) 366–8553, Research and Special Programs Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Washington, DC 20590–0001.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

RSPA (we) annually reviews the HMR to identify and correct errors. Inaccuracies corrected in this final rule include typographical and printing errors, incorrect references to other rules and regulations in the CFR, inconsistent use of terminology, and misstatements of certain regulatory requirements. In response to inquiries RSPA received concerning the clarity of particular requirements specified in the HMR, certain other changes are made to reduce uncertainties.

Because these amendments do not impose new requirements, notice and public procedure are unnecessary. In addition, making these amendments effective without the customary 30-day delay following publication will allow the changes to appear in the next revision of 49 CFR.

The following is a section-by-section summary of the amendments made under this final rule. It does not discuss all minor editorial corrections (*e.g.,* typographical, capitalization and punctuation errors), changes to legal authority citations and certain other

minor adjustments to enhance the clarity of the HMR.

Section-by-Section Review

Part 107

Appendix A to Subpart D. The table in section II, Guidelines for Civil Penalties, is revised to correct typographical errors and column alignment for certain entries. No changes are made to baseline assessment dollar amounts for penalties. Also, we are adding paragraph designations to the corrected entries to facilitate our making revisions to the table in the future. Paragraph designations will be added to other entries as they are revised.

Part 171

Section 171.8. The definition of ''NPT'' is revised to remove an outdated CFR reference. The definition ''Occupationally exposed hazmat employee'' is removed. This term was exclusive to the Radiation Protection Program which was withdrawn in a previous rulemaking. In the definitions of ''P.s.i.'', ''P.s.i.g.'', and ''P.s.i.a.'', the punctuated acronyms are removed for consistency with the changes made in a previous rulemaking (RSPA Docket No. 01–9567 (HM–189R)) that replaced these acronyms with their non-punctuated versions, i.e., ''Psi'', ''Psia'', ''Psig'', throughout the HMR.

Section 171.15. In paragraph (b), the word ''Department'' is replaced with the wording ''National Response Center'' to reflect the correct name of the organization that receives incident notifications.

Part 172

Section 172.101. Table 1 of Appendix A to § 172.101 is revised to correct a typographical error and the subscript font in the molecular formula of three entries.

Section 172.102. Special provision 44 is revised to remove an outdated CFR reference and to correct the section reference for the testing of flammable solids. Special provision B13 is revised to remove outdated CFR references for certain cargo tank specifications.

Section 172.203. Paragraph (k) is revised to correct typographic case. Paragraph (o)(3) is revised to correct the CFR reference for samples of new self-reactive and organic peroxide materials.

Section 172.301. Paragraphs (a)(3) and (b) are revised to correct grammatical and punctuation errors.

Section 172.512. The entire heading for paragraph (b) is italicized.

Section 172.514. The entire heading for paragraph (c) is italicized.

Section 172.604. Two new shipping names adopted in a previous rulemaking (RSPA Docket No. 98–4185 (HM–215C); 64 FR 10742; March 5, 1999) are added to the list of materials excepted from emergency response telephone number requirements.

Part 173

Section 173.2a. In paragraph (b), Note 1 following the hazard precedence table is revised to refer readers to § 173.127 for the test criteria and Packing Group assignment for liquids in Division 5.1.

Section 173.4. Paragraph (a)(6) introductory text is revised to remove reference to an obsolete note. In addition, in the note to paragraph (a)(6), the heading is revised to correct typographic case.

Section 173.28. Paragraph (b)(7)(iv)(C) is revised to correct typographic case.

Section 173.33. Paragraph (c)(1)(iii) is revised to correct a punctuation error.

Section 173.34. In paragraph (d)(6), the spelling of the word ''pyroforic'' is revised for consistency with the spelling used in the § 172.101 Hazardous Materials Table. In addition, in paragraph (e)(13) table, the superscript is corrected in certain entries.

Section 173.50. In the paragraph (b)(6) heading, ''Division 6.1'' is italicized.

Section 173.59. The definition of ''Cases, cartridge, empty with primer'' is revised to clarify that the primer is the only explosive component in the article.

Section 173.62. Paragraph (a) is revised to correct a CFR reference cite. In addition, in the Table of Packing Methods, packaging instruction ''137'' is revised to correct the format of the column alignment.

Section 173.133. In paragraph (a)(2)(i), note 2 of the table is revised to correct the CFR reference for annotating inhalation hazards on shipping papers.

Section 173.166. In paragraph (a), the term ''seat-belt pre-tensioner'' is italicized.

Section 173.181. Paragraph (a)(2) is revised to correct a CFR reference.

Section 173.194. Paragraph (b)(1) is revised to correct a printing error.

Section 173.249. The introductory text and paragraph (a) are revised to correct typographic case and a printing error, respectively.

Section 173.301. Paragraph (d)(3) is revised to correct the typographic case for ''difluoroethylene''.

Section 173.315. Paragraph (l)(6) is revised for minor clarification.

Section 173.319. Paragraph (d)(2) table is revised to correct a CFR reference.

Section 173.403. Two definitions are revised to correct a punctuation error and to remove the italicizing from a word.

Sections 173.433 and 173.435. In these sections, 11 entries are revised to correct miscellaneous typographical errors.

Section 173.469. In paragraph (c)(1)(v), the formula is corrected by adding a degree symbol. In paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2), the title of an International Organization for Standardization (ISO) publication that is currently incorporated by reference in § 171.7 is corrected.

Part 175

Section 175.30. Paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2) are revised to correct punctuation errors.

Sections 175.31, 175.75, 175.90. These sections are revised to correct grammatical and punctuation errors.

Part 176

Section 176.2. The definition ''Commandant'' is revised to correct the title and office symbol for the Coast Guard office that is responsible for handling the approval function.

Sections 176.30, 176.63, 176.74. These sections are revised to correct miscellaneous typographical and punctuation errors.

Section 176.76. Paragraph (d) is revised to remove an obsolete CFR reference. Paragraph (f)(2) is revised to correct the typographic case for two general hazardous material terms.

Section 176.80. The section heading is revised by replacing the word ''Application'' with ''Applicability'' for consistency with the section headings used in the other modal parts of the HMR.

Section 176.83. Three paragraphs in this section are revised to correct miscellaneous punctuation and printing errors.

Section 176.84. Paragraphs (a), (c)(1), (c)(2), and (c)(3) are revised to correct typographic case. In addition, paragraph (c)(3) is revised to correct a typographical error.

Sections 176.88, 176.95, 176.112. The section heading is revised by replacing the word ''Application'' with ''Applicability'' for consistency with the section headings used in the other modal parts of the HMR.

Sections 176.133, 176.136, 176.137, 176.194. These sections are revised to correct miscellaneous typographical and punctuation errors.

Section 176.210. A minor editorial revision is made for clarification.

Section 176.340. This section is revised to correct the title and office symbol for the Coast Guard office that is responsible for handling the approval function.]

Section 176.415. Paragraph (c)(4) is revised to correct a typographical error.

Part 177

Section 177.840. Paragraph (e) is revised to correct a punctuation and grammatical error.

Section 177.848. Paragraph (g)(3)(iv) is revised for minor clarification.

Part 178

Section 178.35. Paragraph (f)(1)(iv) is revised to correct the typographic case for wording used in the example.

Sections 178.36, 178.38, 178.39, 178.44. These sections are revised to correct identical typographical errors.

Sections 178.45, 178.50, 178.51. These sections are revised to correct miscellaneous typographical and printing errors.

Section 178.318–3. This section is revised to correct an outdated CFR reference.

Section 178.813. Paragraphs (a) and (d) are editorially revised to reverse the sequence for clarity.

Section 178.814. Paragraph (a) is editorially revised to reverse the sequence for clarity.

Part 179

Section 179.2. The definition ''NPT'' is revised to correct a typographical error.

Section 179.100. The introductory text is revised to correct a typographical error.

Section 179.100–7. In paragraph (b) table, a note reference number is corrected in the column 2 heading that was inadvertently not changed when Note 6 was redesignated Note 4 in a previous rulemaking.

Sections 179.100–14 and 179.100–18. These sections are revised to correct typographic case and punctuation errors.

Section 179.101. The section heading shown as ''§ 179.100'' is corrected to read ''§ 179.101''.

Section 179.101–1. Note 6 of the table is revised to correct a typographical error.

Section 179.102–4. Paragraph (a) is revised to correct a CFR reference that was inadvertently not changed in a previous rulemaking that redesignated other paragraphs in this section.

Section 179.103.5. Paragraph (b)(4) is revised to correct a printing error.

Section 179.200–1. This section is revised to remove an obsolete CFR reference.

Section 179.200–7. In paragraph (c) table, a note reference number is corrected in the column 2 heading that was overlooked when Notes 4 and 5 were removed and Note 6 was redesignated as Note 4 in a previous rulemaking. Paragraph (h) is revised to correct typographic case.

Sections 179.200–9, 179.200–11, 179.200–14, 179.201–3, 179.201–4, 179.201–6. These sections are revised to correct miscellaneous typographic, printing, and punctuation errors.

Section 179.220–7. The paragraph (c) table is revised to remove Notes 4 and 5 and redesignate Note 6 as Note 4. In addition, the heading of column 2 is revised to redesignate Note 6 as Note 4. A previous rulemaking removed the ASTM specification that corresponded to Notes 4 and 5.

Sections 179.300–6, 179.400–4, 179.400–17, 179.500–3, 179.500–7, 179.500–18. These sections are revised to correct miscellaneous typographic, printing, and punctuation errors.

Part 180

Section 180.352. Paragraph (b)(1) is editorially revised to reverse the sequence for clarity.

Sections 180.415, 180.511, 180.519. These sections are revised to make minor editorial corrections for clarity.

Regulatory Analyses and Notices

A. Executive Order 12866 and DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures

This final rule is not considered a significant regulatory action under section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 and, therefore, was not subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget. This rule is not significant according to the Regulatory Policies and Procedures of the Department of Transportation (44 FR 11034). Because of the minimal economic impact of this rule, preparation of a regulatory impact analysis or a regulatory evaluation is not warranted.

B. Executive Order 13132

This final rule has been analyzed in accordance with the principles and criteria in Executive Order 13132 (''Federalism''). Federal hazardous material transportation law, (49 U.S.C. 5101–5127) contains express preemption provisions at 49 U.S.C. 5125.

RSPA is not aware of any State, local, or Indian tribe requirements that would be preempted by correcting editorial errors and making minor regulatory changes. This final rule does not have sufficient federalism impacts to warrant the preparation of a federalism assessment.

C. Executive Order 13084

This rule has been analyzed in accordance with the principles and criteria contained in Executive Order 13084 (''Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments''). Because this rule would not significantly or uniquely affect the communities of the Indian tribal governments, the funding and consultation requirements of this Executive Order do not apply.

D. Regulatory Flexibility Act

I certify that this final rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. This rule makes minor editorial changes which will not impose any new requirements on persons subject to the HMR; thus, there are no direct or indirect adverse economic impacts for small units of government, businesses or other organizations.

E. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995

This rule does not impose unfunded mandates under the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995. It does not result in costs of $100 million or more to either State, local, or tribal governments, in the aggregate, or to the private sector, and is the least burdensome alternative that achieves the objective of the rule.

F. Paperwork Reduction Act

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no person is required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. There are no new information collection requirements in this final rule.

G. Regulation Identifier Number (RIN)

A regulation identifier number (RIN) is assigned to each regulatory action listed in the Unified Agenda of Federal Regulations. The Regulatory Information Service Center publishes the Unified Agenda in April and October of each year. The RIN number contained in the heading of this document can be used to cross-reference this action with the Unified Agenda.

List of Subjects

49 CFR Part 107

Administrative practice and procedure, Hazardous materials transportation, Packaging and containers, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

49 CFR Part 171

Exports, Hazardous materials transportation, Hazardous waste, Imports, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

49 CFR Part 172

Education, Hazardous materials transportation, Hazardous waste, Labeling, Markings, Packaging and

containers, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

49 CFR Part 173

Hazardous materials transportation, Packaging and containers, Radioactive materials, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Uranium.

49 CFR Part 175

Air carriers, Hazardous materials transportation, Radioactive materials, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

49 CFR Part 176

Hazardous materials transportation, Maritime carriers, Radioactive materials, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

49 CFR Part 177

Hazardous materials transportation, Motor carriers, Radioactive materials, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

49 CFR Part 178

Hazardous materials transportation, Motor vehicle safety, Packaging and containers, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

49 CFR Part 179

Hazardous materials transportation, Railroad safety, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

49 CFR Part 180

Hazardous materials transportation, Motor carriers, Motor vehicle safety, Packaging and containers, Railroad safety, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

In consideration of the foregoing, 49 CFR Chapter I is amended as follows:

PART 107—HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PROGRAM PROCEDURES

1. The authority for part 107 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 5101–5127, 44701; Sec. 212–213, Pub. L. 104–121, 110 Stat. 857; 49 CFR 1.45, 1.53.

2. In Part 107, in Appendix A to Subpart D, in the table in section II, the following entries are revised and designated to read as follows:

Appendix A To Subpart D of Part 107—Guidelines for Civil Penalties

* * * * *

II. List of Frequently Cited Violations

Violation description	Section or cite	Baseline assessment
* * * *	* *	*
PART 172—REQUIREMENTS		
* * * *	* *	*
Emergency Response Information Requirements (§ 172.600–172.604):		
1. Providing or listing incorrect emergency response information with or on a shipping paper.	172.602.	
a. No significant difference in response		$800.
b. Significant difference in response		$3,000 to $6,000.
2. Failure to include an emergency response telephone number on a shipping paper.	172.604	$2,600.
3. Failure to have the emergency response telephone number monitored while a hazardous material is in transportation or listing multiple telephone numbers (without specifying the times for each) that are not monitored 24 hours a day.	172.604	$1,300.
4. Listing an unauthorized emergency response telephone number on a shipping paper.	172.604	$2,600 to $4,200.
5. Listing an incorrect or non-working emergency response telephone number on a shipping paper.	172.604	$1,300.
6. Failure to provide required technical information when the listed emergency response telephone number is contacted.	172.604	$1,300.
* * * *	* *	*
PART 173—REQUIREMENTS		
* * * *	* *	*
Reconditioner Requirements (§ 173.28):		
1. Representing, marking, or certifying a drum as a reconditioned UN standard packaging, when the drum did not meet a UN standard.	173.28(c), (d)	$6,000 to $10,800.
2. Marking an incorrect registration number on a reconditioned packaging.	173.28(b)(2)(ii).	
a. Incorrect number		$800.
b. Use of another reconditioner's number		$7,200.
3. Failure to properly conduct alternate leakage test	173.28(b)(2)(i).	
a. Improper test		$2,000.
b. No test at all		$4,000.
4. Representing, marking, or certifying a drum as altered from one standard to another, when the drum had not actually been altered.	173.28(d)	$500.
* * * *	* *	*
Offeror Requirements (Class 7—Radioactive Materials):		
1. Offering a DOT specification 7A packaging without maintaining complete documentation of tests and an engineering evaluation or comparative data.	173.415(a), 173.461.	
a. Tests and evaluation not performed		$8,400.
b. Complete records not maintained		$2,000 to $5,000.
2. Offering a Type B packaging without holding a valid NRC approval certificate.	173.471(a).	

Violation description	Section or cite	Baseline assessment
a. Never having obtained one		$2,500.
b. Holding an expired certificate		$1,000.
3. Offering a limited quantity of radioactive materials without marking the inner (or single) packaging ''Radioactive''.	173.421(a)(4)	$5,000 and up.
4. Offering low specific activity (LSA) radioactive materials consigned as exclusive use without providing instructions for maintenance of exclusive use shipment controls.	173.427(a)(6)	$800.
5. Offering a package that exceeds the permitted limits for surface radiation or transport index.	173.441	$10,000 and up.
6. Offering a package without determining the level of removable external contamination, or that exceeds the limit for removable external contamination.	173.443	$5,000 and up.
7. Storing packages of radioactive material in a group with a total transport index more than 50.	173.447(a)	$5,000 and up.
8. Offering special form radioactive materials without maintaining a complete safety analysis or Certificate of Competent Authority.	173.476(a), (b)	$2,500.
* * * *	* *	*
PART 178—REQUIREMENTS		
Third-Party Packaging Certifiers (General):		
1. Issuing a certification that directs the packaging manufacturer to improperly mark a packaging (e.g., steel drum to be marked UN 4G).	171.2(e), 178.2(b), 178.3(a), 178.503(a).	$500 per item.
Manufacturers (General):		
1. Failure to insure a packaging certified as meeting the UN standard is capable of passing the required performance testing.	178.601(b).	
a. Packing Group I (includes Section 172.504 table 1 materials)		$10,800.
b. Packing Group II		$8,400.
c. Packing Group III		$6,000.
2. Certifying a packaging as meeting a UN standard when design qualification testing was not performed.	178.601(d).	
a. Packing Group I (includes Section 172.504 table 1 materials)		$10,800.
b. Packing Group II		$8,400.
c. Packing Group III		$6,000.
3. Failure to conduct periodic retesting on UN standard packaging (depending on length of time and Packing Group).	178.601(e)	$2,000 to $10,800.
4. Failure to properly conduct testing for UN standard packaging (e.g., testing with less weight than marked on packaging; drop testing from lesser height than required; failing to condition fiberboard boxes before design test).		
a. Design qualification testing	178.601(d)	$2,000 to $10,800.
b. Periodic retesting	178.601(e)	$500 to $10,800.
5. Marking, or causing the marking of, a packaging with the symbol of a manufacturer or packaging certifier other than the company that actually manufactured or certified the packaging.	178.2(b), 178.3(a), 178.503(a)(8).	$7,200.
6. Failure to maintain testing records	178.601(l).	
a. Design qualification testing		$1,000 to $5,000.
b. Periodic retesting		$500 to $2,000.
7. Improper marking of UN certification	178.503	$500 per item.
8. Manufacturing DOT specification packaging after October 1, 1994 that is not marked as meeting a UN performance standard.	171.14.	
a. If packaging does meet DOT specification		$3,000.
b. If packaging does not meet DOT specification		$6,000 to $10,800.
Manufacturing Requirements—Drums:		
1. Failure to properly conduct production leakproofness test.		
a. Improper testing	178.604(b)(1)	$2,000.
b. No testing performed	173.28	$2,000 to $10,800.
Manufacturing Requirements—Cylinders:		
1. Manufacturing, representing, marking, certifying, or selling a DOT high-pressure cylinder that was not inspected and verified by an approved independent inspection agency.	Various	$7,500 to $15,000.
2. Failure to have a registration number or failure to mark the registration number on the cylinder.	Various	$800.
3. Marking another company's number on a cylinder	Various	$7,200.
4. Failure to mark the date of manufacture or lot number on a DOT–39 cylinder.	178.65	$3,000.
5. Failure to have a chemical analysis performed in the US for a material manufactured outside the US/failure to obtain a chemical analysis from the foreign manufacturer.	Various	$5,000.
6. Failure to meet wall thickness requirements.	Various	$7,500 to $15,000.
7. Failure to heat treat cylinders prior to testing	Various	$5,000 to $15,000.
8. Failure to conduct a complete visual internal examination	Various	$2,500 to 6,200.
9. Failure to conduct a hydrostatic test, or conducting a hydrostatic test with inaccurate test equipment.	Various	$2,500 to 6,200.

Violation description	Section or cite	Baseline assessment
10. Failure to conduct a flattening test	Various	$7,500 to $15,000.
11. Failure to conduct a burst test on a DOT–39 cylinder	178.65(f)(2)	$5,000 to $15,000.
12. Failure to have inspections and verifications performed by an inspector.	Various	$7,500 to $15,000.
13. Failure to maintain required inspector's reports	Various.	
a. No reports at all		$5,000.
b. Incomplete or inaccurate reports		$1,000 to $4,000.
* * * *	* *	*

PART 171—GENERAL INFORMATION, REGULATIONS, AND DEFINITIONS

3. The authority citation for part 171 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 5101–5127; 49 CFR 1.53.

§ 171.8 [Amended]

4. In § 171.8, make the following changes:

a. In the definition ''NPT'', the wording ''See § 171.7(d)(12)'' is removed and ''See § 171.7'' is added in its place.

b. The definition ''Occupationally exposed hazmat employee'' is removed.

c. In the definition of ''*P.s.i.* or *Psi*'', the wording ''*P.s.i.* or *Psi*'' is removed and the word ''Psi'' is added in its place.

d. In the definition of ''*P.s.i.a.* or *psia*'', the wording ''*P.s.i.a.* or *psia*'' is removed and the word ''*Psia*'' is added in its place.

e. In the definition of ''*P.s.i.g.* or *psig*'', the wording ''*P.s.i.g.* or *psig*'' is removed and the word ''*Psig*'' is added in its place.

§ 171.11 [Amended]

5. In § 171.11, in paragraph (d)(13), the wording ''requirements of §§ 172.203(1)'' is removed and the wording ''requirements of §§ 172.203(l)'' is added in its place.

§ 171.15 [Amended]

6. In § 171.15, in paragraph (b) introductory text, in the third sentence, the word ''Department'' is removed and the wording ''National Response Center'' is added in its place.

PART 172—HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE, SPECIAL PROVISIONS, HAZARDOUS MATERIALS COMMUNICATIONS, EMERGENCY RESPONSE INFORMATION, AND TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

7. The authority citation for part 172 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 5101–5127; 49 CFR 1.53.

8. In Appendix A to § 172.101, in Table 1 to Appendix A, in column 1, make the following changes:

a. The term ''p-Phenylenedimine'' is removed and ''p-Phenylenediamine'' is added in its place.

b. The term ''Vanadium oxide V205'' is removed and ''Vanadium oxide V_2O_5'' is added in its place.

c. The term ''Zinc cyanide Zn(CN)2'' is removed and ''Zinc cyanide $Zn(CN)_2$'' is added in its place.

d. The term ''Zinc phosphide Zn3P2'' is removed and ''Zinc phosphide Zn_3P_2'' is added in its place.

9. In § 172.102, in paragraph (c)(1), Special provision 44, and in paragraph (c)(3), paragraph a. in Special provision B13, are revised to read as follows:

§ 172.102 Special provisions.

* * * * *

(c) * * *

(1) * * *

Code/Special Provisions

* * * * *

44 The formulation must be prepared so that it remains homogenous and does not separate during transport. Formulations with low nitrocellulose contents and neither showing dangerous properties when tested for their ability to detonate, deflagrate or explode when heated under defined confinement by the appropriate test methods and criteria in the UN Recommendations, Tests and Criteria, nor classed as a Division 4.1 (flammable solid) when tested in accordance with the procedures specified in § 173.124 of this subchapter (chips, if necessary, crushed and sieved to a particle size of less than 1.25 mm) are not subject to the requirements of this subchapter.

* * * * *

(3) * * *

Code/Special Provisions

* * * * *

B13 * * *

a. Packagings equivalent to MC 306 cargo tanks are excepted from the certification, venting, and emergency flow requirements of the MC 306 specification.

* * * * *

§ 172.203 [Amended]

10. In § 172.203, make the following changes:

a. In paragraph (k) introductory text, in the first sentence, the word ''table'' is removed and the word ''Table'' is added in its place.

b. In paragraph (k) introductory text, in the last sentence, the word ''Column'' is removed and the word ''column'' is added in its place.

c. In paragraph (o)(3), the wording ''(see § 173.224(c)(4) of this subchapter) or Division 5.2 (organic peroxide) material (see § 173.225(c)(4) of this subchapter)'' is removed and the wording ''(see § 173.224(c)(3) of this subchapter) or Division 5.2 (organic peroxide) material (see § 173.225(c)(2) of this subchapter)'' is added in its place.

§ 172.301 [Amended]

11. In § 172.301, make the following changes:

a. In paragraph (a)(3) introductory text, the wording ''specified in the §§ 172.332 or 172.336,'' is removed and the wording ''specified in § 172.332 or § 172.336,'' is added in its place.

b. In paragraph (b) heading, the word ''*Technica1*'' is removed and the word ''*Technical*'' is added in its place.

§ 172.512 [Amended]

12. In § 172.512, in paragraph (b) heading, the wording ''(640 cubic feet)'' is removed and the wording ''*(640 cubic feet)*'' is added in its place.

13–14. In § 172.604, in paragraph (c)(2), two shipping names are added in the appropriate alphabetical sequence to read as follows:

§ 172.604 Emergency response telephone number.

* * * * *

(c) * * *

(2) * * *

Vehicle, flammable gas powered
Vehicle, flammable liquid powered

* * * * *

PART 173—SHIPPERS—GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR SHIPMENTS AND PACKAGINGS

15. The authority citation for part 173 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 5101–5127, 44701; 49 CFR 1.45, 1.53.

16. In § 173.2a, note [1] following paragraph (b) table is revised to read as follows:

§ 173.2a Classification of a material having more than one hazard.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

PRECEDENCE OF HAZARD TABLE

[Hazard class and packing group]

*	*	*	*	*

[1] See § 173.127.

* * * * *

§ 173.4 [Amended]

17. In § 173.4, in paragraph (a)(6), remove the Note to Paragraph (A)(6) following the introductory text.

§ 173.28 [Amended]

18. In § 173.28, in paragraph (b)(7)(iv)(C), the word ''another'' is removed and the word ''Another'' is added in its place.

§ 173.33 [Amended]

19. In § 173.33, in paragraph (c)(1)(iii), the wording ''at 115°F. must'' is removed and the wording ''at 115°F must'' is added in its place.

§ 173.34 [Amended]

20. In § 173.34, make the following changes:

a. In paragraph (d)(6), the word ''pyroforic'' is removed and the word ''pyrophoric'' is added in its place.

b. In paragraph (e)(13) table, in the fifth entry, the wording ''ICC–26–240,1'' is removed and the wording ''ICC–26–240 [1],'' is added in its place.

c. In paragraph (e)(13) table, in the sixth entry, the wording ''ICC–26–2401, ICC–26–3001'' is removed and the wording ''ICC–26–240 [1], ICC–26–300 [1]'' is added in its place.

§ 173.50 [Amended]

21. In § 173.50, in paragraph (b)(6), the wording ''Division 1.6 [2]'' is removed and the wording ''*Division 1.6* [2]'' is added in its place.

§ 173.59 [Amended]

22. In § 173.59, make the following changes:

a. In the definition *Cases, cartridge, empty with primer,* the wording ''in which only the explosive component is the primer'' is removed and the wording ''in which the only explosive component is the primer'' is added in its place.

b. In the definition *Detonator assemblies, non-electric, for blasting,* in the last sentence, the wording ''Detonators, nonelectric'' is removed and the wording ''Detonators, *non-electric*'' is added in its place.

23. In § 173.62, paragraph (a) is revised, in paragraph (c), in the Table of Packing Methods, packing instruction 137 is revised to read as follows:

§ 173.62 Specific packaging requirements for explosives.

(a) Except as provided in § 173.7 of this subchapter, when the § 172.101 Table specifies that an explosive must be packaged in accordance with this section, only packagings which conform to the provisions of paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section or § 173.7(e) of this subchapter and the applicable requirements in §§ 173.60 and 173.61 may be used unless otherwise approved by the Associate Administrator.

* * * * *

(c) * * *

TABLE OF PACKING METHODS

Packing instruction	Inner packagings	Intermediate packagings	Outer packagings
* * *	*	* *	*
137 PARTICULAR PACKING REQUIREMENTS OR EXCEPTIONS For UN 0059, 0439, 0440 and 0441, when the shaped charges are packed singly, the conical cavity must face downwards and the package marked ''THIS SIDE UP''. When the shaped charges are packed in pairs, the conical cavities must face inwards to minimize the jetting effect in the event of accidental initiation.	Bags ..... plastics ..... Boxes fiberboard ..... Tubes fiberboard ..... metal ..... plastics ..... Dividing partitions in the outer packagings	Not necessary	Boxes. steel (4A). aluminum (4B). wood, natural, ordinary (4C1). wood, natural, sift proof walls (4C2). plywood (4D). reconstituted wood (4F). fiberboard (4G).
* * *	*	* *	*

§ 173.133 [Amended]

24. In § 173.133, in paragraph (a)(2)(i), in note 2 at the end of the table, the reference ''172.203(m)(3)'' is removed and the reference ''172.203(m)(2)'' is added in its place.

§ 173.166 [Amended]

25. In § 173.166, in paragraph (a), in the last sentence, the wording ''seat-belt pre-tensioner'' is removed and the italicized wording ''*seat-belt pre-tensioner*'' is added in its place.

§ 173.181 [Amended]

26. In § 173.181, in paragraph (a)(2), in the parenthetical at the end of the paragraph, the wording ''(See §§ 173.34(d)(7) and 177.838(h) of this subchapter.)'' is removed and the wording ''(See §§ 173.34(d)(6) and 177.838(h) of this subchapter.)'' is added in its place.

§ 173.194 [Amended]

27. In § 173.194, in paragraph (b)(1), in the second sentence, the wording ''130 mm'' is removed and the wording ''0.30 mm'' is added in its place.

§ 173.249 [Amended]

28. In § 173.249, make the following changes:

a. In the introductory text, the last word ''table'' is removed and the word ''Table'' is added in its place.

b. In paragraph (a), the specification ''105A–300W'' is removed and the specification ''105A300W'' is added in its place.

§ 173.301 [Amended]

29. In § 173.301, in paragraph (d)(3), in the first sentence, the word ''Difluoroethylene'' is removed and the word ''difluoroethylene'' is added in its place.

§ 173.315 [Amended]

30. In § 173.315, in paragraph (l)(6), the wording ''by representative'' is removed and the wording ''by a representative'' is added in its place.

§ 173.319 [Amended]

31. In § 173.319, in paragraph (d)(2), in the Pressure Control Valve or Relief Valve Setting Table, in the first column, in the last entry, the wording ''(see § 180.507(a)(3) of this subchapter)'' is removed and the wording ''(see § 180.507(b)(3) of this subchapter)'' is added in its place.

§ 173.403 [Amended]

32. In § 173.403, make the following changes:

a. In the definition of ''*Maximum normal operating pressure*'', add a period to the end of the sentence.

b. In the definition of ''*Normal form Class 7 (radioactive) material means*'', the word ''*means*'' is removed and the word ''means'' is added in its place.

§ 173.433 [Amended]

33. In § 173.433, in paragraph (b), the expression ''A_1'' is removed and the expression ''A_1'' is added in its place.

§ 173.435 [Amended]

34. In § 173.435, in the table, make the following changes:

a. For the entry ''Am-242m'', in the sixth column, the expression ''$5.4.1 \times 10^{-3}$'' is removed and the expression ''5.41×10^{-3}'' is added in its place.

b. For the entry ''Pa-231'', in the fifth column, the expression ''6×10^{-5}'' is removed and the expression ''6×10^{-5}'' is added in its place.

c. For the entry ''Si-32'', in the fourth column, the entry ''10800'' is removed and the entry ''1080'' is added in its place.

d. For the entry ''Sm-147'', in the seventh column, the expression ''8.510^{-10}'' is removed and the expression ''8.5×10^{-10}'' is added in its place.

e. For the entry ''Sm-147'', in the last column, the expression ''$2.3;10^{-8}$'' is removed and the expression ''2.3×10^{-8}'' is added in its place.

f. For the entry ''Sm-151'', in the seventh column, the expression ''9.710^{-1}'' is removed and the expression ''9.7×10^{-1}'' is added in its place.

g. For the entry ''Sn-126'', in the seventh column, the expression ''1.010–^{3}'' is removed and the expression ''1.0×10^{-3}'' is added in its place.

h. For the entry ''Sn-126'', in the last column, the expression ''2.810^{-2}'' is removed and the expression ''2.8×10^{-2}'' is added in its place.

i. For the entry ''Tb-157'', in the seventh column, the expression ''5.610^{-1}'' is removed and the expression ''5.6×10^{-1}'' is added in its place.

j. For the entry ''Tb-158'', in the seventh column, the expression ''5.610^{1}'' is removed and the expression ''5.6×10^{-1}'' is added in its place.

§ 173.469 [Amended]

35. In § 173.469, the following changes are made:

a. In paragraph (c)(1)(v), the expression ''50 °C ± 5 (122 °F ± 9°)'' is removed and the expression ''50 °C ± 5° (122 °F ± 9°)'' is added in its place.

b. In paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2), the wording ''ISO 2919–1980(e), 'Sealed Radioactive Sources Classification' '' is removed and the wording ''ISO 2919, ''Sealed Radioactive Sources-Classification'' (see § 171.7 of this subchapter)'' is added in its place each time it appears.

PART 175—CARRIAGE BY AIRCRAFT

36. The authority citation for part 175 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 5101–5127; 49 CFR 1.53.

37. In § 175.30, paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2) are revised to read as follows:

§ 175.30 Accepting and inspecting shipments.

* * * * *

(d) * * *

(1) An ORM–D material packed in a freight container and offered for transportation by one consignor; or

(2) Dry ice (carbon dioxide, solid).

* * * * *

§ 175.31 [Amended]

38. In § 175.31, in paragraph (b)(1), the word ''Package'' is removed and the word ''Packages'' is added in its place.

§ 175.75 [Amended]

39. In § 175.75, in paragraph (a)(1), at the end of the sentence, the colon is removed and a semicolon is added in its place.

§ 175.90 [Amended]

40. In § 175.90, in paragraph (d)(2), the word ''safety'' is removed and the word ''safely'' is added in its place.

PART 176—CARRIAGE BY VESSEL

41. The authority citation for part 176 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 5101–5127; 49 CFR 1.53.

42. In § 176.2, the definition ''Commandant (G–MTH)'' is removed and the following definition is added in the appropriate alphabetical sequence to read as follows:

§ 176.2 Definitions.

* * * * *

Commandant (G–MSO), USCG means the Chief, Office of Operating and Environmental Standards, United States Coast Guard, Washington DC 20593–0001.

* * * * *

§ 176.30 [Amended]

43. In § 176.30, in paragraph (a)(5) introductory text, the semicolon is removed and a colon is added in its place.

§ 176.63 [Amended]

44. In § 173.63, in paragraph (b), in the second sentence, add a comma between the words ''hatch'' and ''companionway''.

§ 176.74 [Amended]

45. In § 176.74, in paragraph (c), the parenthetical ''(except Class 9 (miscellaneous hazardous) materials material)'' is removed and the parenthetical ''(except Class 9 (miscellaneous hazardous material) materials'' is added in its place.

§ 176.76 [Amended]

46. In § 176.76, make the following changes:

a. In paragraph (d), the parenthetical ''(See § 176.79.)'' is removed.

b. In paragraph (f)(2), in the first sentence, the wording ''Flammable liquids or gases, Combustible'' is removed and the wording ''flammable liquids or gases, combustible'' is added in its place.

47. In § 176.80, revise the section heading to read as follows:

§ 176.80 Applicability.

* * * * *

§ 176.83 [Amended]

48. In § 176.83, make the following changes:

a. In paragraphs (a)(6), (a)(7) introductory text, and (b) introductory text, the wording ''§ 172.101 table'' is removed and the wording ''§ 172.101 Table'' is added in its place.

b. In paragraph (c)(2)(iii), the wording ''(i.e., in different compartments accepted'' is removed and the wording ''(i.e., in different compartments) is acceptable'' is added in its place.

c. In paragraph (c)(2)(iv), in the last sentence, the wording ''stowed ''on deck, and'' is removed and the wording

''stowed ''on deck'', and'' is added in its place.

§ 176.84 [Amended]

49. In § 176.84, make the following changes:

a. In paragraph (a), the wording ''§ 172.101 table'' is removed and the wording ''§ 172.101 Table'' is added in its place.

b. In paragraph (c)(2), in the text preceding the table, the wording ''§ 172.101 table'' is removed and the wording ''§ 172.101 Table'' is added in its place.

50. In § 176.88, the section heading is revised to read as follows:

§ 176.88 Applicability.

* * * * *

51. In § 176.95, the section heading is revised to read as follows:

§ 176.95 Applicability.

* * * * *

52. In § 176.112, the section heading is revised to read as follows:

§ 176.112 Applicability.

* * * * *

§ 176.133 [Amended]

53. In § 176.133, the period between the parenthetical ''(8.2 feet)'' and the word ''whatever'' is removed and a comma is added in its place.

§ 176.136 [Amended]

54. In § 176.136 make the following changes:

a. In paragraph (b), in the first sentence, the comma between the words ''living'' and ''accommodation'' is removed.

b. In paragraph (c), in the last sentence, the word ''pening'' is removed and the word ''opening'' is added in its place.

§ 176.137 [Amended]

55. In § 176.137, in paragraph (c), the comma is removed between the expression ''3.1 m^3'' and the parenthetical ''(110 cubic feet)''.

§ 176.194 [Amended]

56. In § 176.194, in paragraph (f), in the last sentence, the period between the words ''deck'' and ''a'' is removed and a comma is added in its place.

§ 176.210 [Amended]

57. In § 176.210, the wording ''radiant heat which, including the direct rays of the sun by'' is removed and the wording ''radiant heat, including the direct rays of the sun, by'' is added in its place.

§ 176.340 [Amended]

58. In § 176.340, in paragraph (c), the wording ''Commandant, USCG (G–MSO)'' is removed and the wording ''Commandant (G–MSO), USCG'' is added in its place.

§ 176.415 [Amended]

59. In § 176.415, in paragraph (c)(4), in the last sentence, the word ''spice'' is removed and the word ''splice'' is added in its place.

PART 177—CARRIAGE BY PUBLIC HIGHWAY

60. The authority citation for part 177 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 5101–5127; 49 CFR 1.53.

§ 177.840 [Amended]

61. In § 177.840, in paragraph (e), make the following changes:

a. A colon is added immediately following the word ''equipped''.

b. The word ''and'' is added immediately following the semicolon at the end of paragraph (e)(1).

§ 177.848 [Amended]

62. In § 177.848, in paragraph (g)(3)(iv), the wording ''means § 177.835(g)'' is removed and the wording ''means 'see § 177.835(g)' '' is added in its place.

PART 178—SPECIFICATIONS FOR PACKAGINGS

63. The authority citation for part 178 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 5101–5127; 49 CFR 1.53.

§ 178.35 [Amended]

64. In § 178.35, in paragraph (f)(1)(iv), in the expressions following the introductory text, the wording ''xy = symbol of manufacturer'' is removed and the wording ''XY = symbol of manufacturer'' is added in its place.

§ 178.36 [Amended]

65. In § 178.36, in paragraph (j), in the first sentence, the wording ''out or each'' is removed and the wording ''out of each'' is added in its place.

§ 178.38 [Amended]

66. In § 178.38, in paragraph (j), in the first sentence, the wording ''out or each'' is removed and the wording ''out of each'' is added in its place.

§ 178.39 [Amended]

67. In § 178.39, in paragraph (j), in the first sentence, the wording ''out or each'' is removed and the wording ''out of each'' is added in its place.

§ 178.44 [Amended]

68. In § 178.44, in paragraph (l), in the first sentence, the wording ''out or each'' is removed and the wording ''out of each'' is added in its place.

§ 178.45 [Amended]

69. In § 178.45, in paragraph (j)(4), in the first sentence, the wording ''10 mm &times'' is removed and the wording ''10 mm times'' is added in its place.

§ 178.50 [Amended]

70. In § 178.50, in paragraph (d) introductory text, in the fourth sentence, the wording ''18 inch long'' is removed and the wording ''18 inches long'' is added in its place.

§ 178.51 [Amended]

71. In § 178.51, in paragraph (g)(1), in the first sentence, the wording ''table I'' is removed and the wording ''table 1'' is added in its place.

§ 178.318–3 [Amended]

72. In § 178.318–3, the wording ''prescribed in § 173.24 of this subchapter'' is removed and the wording ''prescribed in § 178.2(b)'' is added in its place.

§ 178.813 [Amended]

73. In § 178.813, make the following changes:

a. In paragraph (a), the wording ''intended to contain liquids or intended to contain solids that are loaded or discharged under pressure'' is removed and the wording ''intended to contain solids that are loaded or discharged under pressure or intended to contain liquids'' is added in its place.

b. In paragraph (d), the wording ''intended to contain liquids or intended to contain solids that are loaded or discharged under pressure'' is removed and the wording ''intended to contain solids that are loaded or discharged under pressure or intended to contain liquids'' is added in its place.

§ 178.814 [Amended]

74. In § 178.814, in paragraph (a), the wording ''intended to contain liquids or intended to contain solids loaded or discharged under pressure'' is removed and the wording ''intended to contain solids that are loaded or discharged under pressure or intended to contain liquids'' is added in its place.

PART 179—SPECIFICATIONS FOR TANK CARS

75. The authority citation for part 179 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 5101–5127; 49 CFR 1.53.

§ 179.2 [Amended]

76. In § 179.2, in the definition of ''*NPT*'', the word ''Tape'' is removed and the word ''Taper'' is added in its place.

§ 179.100 [Amended]

77. In § 179.100 heading, the word ''specification'' is removed and the word ''specifications'' is added in its place.

§ 179.100–7 [Amended]

78. In § 179.100–7, in paragraph (b) table, in column 2 heading, the wording ''welded condition [3 6]'' is removed and the wording ''welded condition [3 4]'' is added in its place.

§ 179.100–14 [Amended]

79. In § 179.100–14, in paragraph (a) introductory text, in the last sentence, the period following the word ''requirements'' is removed and a colon is added in its place.

§ 179.100–18 [Amended]

80. In § 179.100–18, in paragraph (c), in the last sentence, the word ''specifications for Tank Cars, appendix W'' is removed and the wording ''Specifications for Tank Cars, appendix W (See § 171.7 of this subchapter)'' is added in its place.

§ 179.101 [Amended]

81. The second § 179.100, which immediately follows § 179.100–20, is redesignated as ''§ 179.101''.

§ 179.101–1 [Amended]

82. In § 179.101 table, in note 6, the title ''AAR specifications for tank cars, Appendix E, E4.01'' is removed and the title ''AAR Specifications for Tank Cars, appendix E, E4.01 (See § 171.7 of this subchapter)'' is added in its place.

§ 179.102–4 [Amended]

83. In § 179.102–4, in paragraph (a) introductory text, the wording ''paragraph (b)(2) of this section'' is removed and the wording ''paragraph (a)(2) of this section'' is added in its place.

§ 179.103–5 [Amended]

84. In § 179.103–5, in paragraph (b)(4), in the third sentence, the measurement ''15inches'' is removed and the measurement ''15 inches'' is added in its place.

§ 179.200–1 [Amended]

85. In § 179.200–1 heading, the wording ''requirements of §§ 179.200, 179.201, and when applicable § 179.202'' is removed and the wording ''requirements of §§ 179.200 and 179.201'' is added in its place.

§ 179.200–7 [Amended]

86. In § 179.200–7, make the following changes:

a. In paragraph (c) table, in column 2 heading, the wording ''welded condition [3 6]'' is removed and the wording ''welded condition [3 4]'' is added in its place.

b. In paragraph (h), in the last sentence, the word ''Specification'' is removed and the word ''Specifications'' is added in its place, and the wording ''(See § 171.7 of this subchapter)'' is added after the wording ''M4.05''.

§ 179.200–9 [Amended]

87. In § 179.200–9, make the following changes:

a. In paragraph (a), in the first sentence, the section ''§ 179.2011–1'' is removed and the section ''§ 179.201–1'' is added in its place.

b. In paragraph (b), in the first sentence, the word ''construction'' is removed and the word ''constructing'' is added in its place.

§ 179.200–11 [Amended]

88. In § 179.200–11, the reference ''§ 179.201.1'' is removed and the reference § 179.201–1'' is added in its place.

§ 179.200–14 [Amended]

89. In § 179.200–14, make the following changes:

a. In paragraph (c), in the third sentence, the word ''Specification'' is removed and the word ''Specifications'' is added in its place.

b. In paragraph (c), in the last sentence, the measurement ''1-inch'' is removed and the measurement ''1 inch'' is added in its place.

c. In paragraph (e)(2), in the first sentence, the wording ''diameter of the dome shall'' is removed and the wording ''diameter of the dome shell'' is added in its place.

§ 179.201–3 [Amended]

90. In § 179.201–3, in paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2), the degree symbol ''°'' is added immediately following the number ''45'' each time it appears.

§ 179.201–4 [Amended]

91. In § 179.201–4, the word ''specification'' is removed and the word ''Specification'' is added in its place.

§ 179.201–6 [Amended]

92. In § 179.201–6, in paragraph (d), the wording ''DOT 103ANW'' is removed and the wording ''DOT–103ANW'' is added in its place.

§ 179.220–7 [Amended]

93. In § 179.220.7, in paragraph (c) table, make the following changes:

a. In column 2 heading, the wording ''welded condition [3 6]'' is removed and the wording ''welded condition [3 4]'' is added in its place.

b. Notes [4] and [5] are removed.

c. Note [6] is redesignated as Note [4].

§ 179.300–6 [Amended]

94. In § 179.300–6, in paragraph (a), in the definitions following the formula, in ''*S*'', the wording ''as prescribed § 179.300–7'' is removed and the wording ''as prescribed in § 179.300–7'' is added in its place.

§ 179.400–4 [Amended]

95. In § 179.400–4, in the definitions following the formula in paragraph (a)(5), make the following changes:

a. In definition ''90'', a semicolon is added following the period.

b. In definition ''t_s'', a semicolon is added following the period.

§ 179.400–17 [Amended]

96. In § 179.400–17, in paragraph (a)(1), a period is added at the end of the last sentence following the word ''jacketed''.

§ 179.500–3 [Amended]

97. In § 179.500–3, in paragraph (d), the wording ''at 130 F'' is removed and the wording ''at 130 °F'' is added in its place.

PART 180—CONTINUING QUALIFICATION AND MAINTENANCE OF PACKAGINGS

98. The authority citation for part 180 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 5101–5127; 49 CFR 1.53.

§ 180.352 [Amended]

99. In § 180.352, in paragraph (b)(1), the wording ''intended to contain liquids or solids that are loaded or discharged under pressure'' is removed and the wording ''intended to contain solids that are loaded or discharged

under pressure or intended to contain liquids'' is added in its place.

§ 180.415 [Amended]

100. In § 180.415, in paragraph (b), in the last sentence, the wording ''cargo received'' is removed and the wording ''cargo tank received'' is added in its place.

§ 180.511 [Amended]

101. In § 180.511, in paragraph (e), the wording ''the lining or conforms'' is removed and the wording ''the lining or coating conforms'' is added in its place.

§ 180.519 [Amended]

102. In § 180.519, in paragraph (b)(1), in the second sentence, the word ''far'' is removed and the word ''for'' is added in its place.

Issued in Washington, DC, on August 15, 2001, under authority delegated in 49 CFR part 1.

Stacey L. Gerard,

Acting Deputy Administrator.

[FR Doc. 01–21003 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–60–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 648

[Docket No. 010710173–1183–02; I.D. 070901C]

RIN 0648–AO54

Fisheries of the Northeastern United States; Summer Flounder, Scup, Black Sea Bass, *Loligo* Squid, *Illex* Squid, Atlantic Mackerel, Butterfish, and Bluefish Fisheries; Framework Adjustment 1; Correction

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Final rule; correction.

SUMMARY: The final rule to implement Framework Adjustment 1 for the summer flounder, scup, black sea bass, *Loligo* squid, *Illex* squid, Atlantic mackerel, butterfish, and bluefish fisheries published on Friday, August 10, 2001, contained errors in the preamble, amendatory instructions, and designation of a revised paragraph. This document corrects the errors.

DATES: Effective August 10, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: William D. Chappell, Fishery Management Specialist, 301–713–2341 or e-mail at William.Chappell@noaa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The final rule to implement Framework Adjustment 1 for the summer flounder, scup, black sea bass, *Loligo* squid, *Illex* squid, Atlantic mackerel, butterfish, and bluefish fisheries was published on August 10, 2001 (66 FR 42156). In that rule, the regulatory indentifier number (RIN) was incorrect, the DATES section did not indicate that the date was the effective date of the regulation, amendatory instruction 4 did not clearly indicate that only the introductory text of § 648.100(d) was revised, and amendatory instruction 5 and the regulatory text incorrectly revised § 648.120, paragraph (b)(4) instead of the correct paragraph (b)(6).

Correction

Accordingly, the publication on August 10, 2001, of Framework Adjustment 1 for the summer flounder, scup, black sea bass, *Loligo* squid, *Illex* squid, Atlantic mackerel, butterfish, and bluefish fisheries (I.D. 070901C), which appeared in the final regulations, and was the subject of document FR Doc. 01-20113, is corrected as follows:

On page 42156, third column, the RIN is corrected to read as follows:

RIN 0648-AO54

On page 42157, first column, the **DATES** section is corrected to read as follows:

DATES: Effective August 10, 2001.

On page 42160, third column, amendatory instruction 4 is corrected to read as follows:

§ 648.100 [Corrected]

4. In § 648.100, paragraphs (a), (b), and the introductory text of (d) are revised, and paragraph (f) is added to read as follows:

On page 42161, second and third columns, amendatory instruction 5 and the text to paragraph (b)(6) are corrected to read as follows:

§ 648.120 [Corrected]

5. In § 648.120, paragraphs (a), (b) introductory text, (b)(1), (b)(6), and (c) are revised, and paragraph (e) is added to read as follows:

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(6) Recreational possession limit set from a range of 0 to 50 scup to achieve the specified exploitation rate, set after the reduction for research quota.

* * * * *

Authority: 16 U.S. C. 1801 *et seq.*

Dated: August 21, 2001.

William T. Hogarth

Acting Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 01–21600 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–22–S

Proposed Rules

Federal Register
Vol. 66, No. 167
Tuesday, August 28, 2001

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains notices to the public of the proposed issuance of rules and regulations. The purpose of these notices is to give interested persons an opportunity to participate in the rule making prior to the adoption of the final rules.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Agricultural Marketing Service

7 CFR Part 1219

[Docket Nos. FV–01–705 EXT and FV–01–706 EXT]

Subpart A—Hass Avocado Promotion, Research, and Information Order and Subpart B—Referendum Procedures; Extension of Comment Periods

AGENCY: Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA.

ACTION: Extension of the comment periods.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the 45-day comment periods on the proposed Hass Avocado Promotion, Research, and Information Order and referendum procedures for the program are being extended for an additional 15 days.

DATES: Comments must be received by September 12, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Interested persons are invited to submit written comments concerning this proposed rule to the Docket Clerk, Research and Promotion Branch, Fruit and Vegetable Programs, Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA, Stop 0244, Room 2535 South Building, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20250–0244. Comments should be submitted in triplicate and will be made available for public inspection at the above address during regular business hours. Comments may also be submitted electronically to: malinda.farmer@usda.gov. All comments should reference the docket number and the date and page number of this issue of the **Federal Register**. A copy of this rule may be found at: www.ams.usda.gov/fv/rpdocketlist.htm. Pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA), send comments regarding the accuracy of the burden estimate, ways to minimize the burden, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology, or any other aspect of this collection of information to the above address. Comments concerning the information collection under the PRA should also be sent to the Desk Officer for Agriculture, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Julie A. Morin, Research and Promotion Branch, Fruit and Vegetable Programs, AMS, USDA, Stop 0244, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW., Room 2535 South Building, Washington, DC 20250–0244; telephone (202) 720–9915 or fax (202) 205–2800.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On July 13, 2001, a proposed rule containing proposals for the Hass Avocado Promotion, Research, and Information Order (Order) (66 FR 36870) and a proposed rule containing referendum procedures for the program (66 FR 36886) were published in the **Federal Register**.

Under the proposed Order, producers and importers would pay an assessment to the proposed Hass Avocado Board (Board). Assessments collected under the program, at the initial rate of 2.5 cents a pound, are expected to generate $10 million annually. The Board would use the assessments collected to conduct a promotion, research, and information program to maintain, develop, and expand markets for Hass avocados in the United States. The proposed referendum procedures would be used for a referendum to determine whether producers and importers favor implementation of the Order. The comment periods on both proposed rules end on August 27, 2001.

Requests that additional time be provided for interested persons to comment were received from Ambassador James Bolger of New Zealand on August 3, 2001; Ambassador Andres Bianchi of Chile on August 8, 2001; Senators Joseph R. Biden, Jr., and Thomas R. Carper and Congressman Michael N. Castle on August 8, 2001; Senator Richard G. Lugar on August 15, 2001, and Congressmen Rob Andrews and Robert Menendez on August 15, 2001. The New Zealand Ambassador requested the extension due to the complexity of the rule. The other parties requested the extension due to the complexity of the rule and the recent Supreme Court decision on the mushroom program (*United States et al.* v. *United Foods, Inc.;* 533 U.S.___(2001); 69 U.S.L.W. 4543, June 25, 2001).

After reviewing the situation, the Department is extending the comment periods for 15 additional days. This will provide interested persons a total of 60 days to review the proposed rules, perform a more complete analysis, and submit any written comments.

This delay should not substantially add to the time required to complete this rulemaking action. Accordingly, comments will be accepted until September 12, 2001. This notice is issued under the Hass Avocado Promotion, Research, and Consumer Information Act, (7 U.S.C. 7801–7813), enacted on October 23, 2000.

Dated: August 23, 2001.

Robert C. Keeney,

Acting Administrator, Agricultural Marketing Service.

[FR Doc. 01–21742 Filed 8–24–01; 9:36 am]

BILLING CODE 3410–02–P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy

10 CFR Part 430

Energy Conservation Program for Consumer Products and Commercial and Industrial Equipment

AGENCY: Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, Department of Energy.

ACTION: Notice of public meeting.

SUMMARY: The Department of Energy (DOE or Department) will hold an informal public meeting to discuss the priorities of the existing program and any possible expansion of the scope of the program to include additional consumer products and commercial and industrial equipment. The Department is interested in receiving suggestions on the criteria it should use to reach decisions on these issues and on the factors, data and analysis methods that might be used by DOE in its decision making process.

DATES: The public meeting will be held on Tuesday, September 11, 2001, from 9 a.m. to noon. Written comments should be submitted by October 11, 2001.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held at the U.S. Department of Energy, Forrestal Building, Room 1E–245, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20585. (Please note that foreign nationals visiting DOE Headquarters are subject to advance security screening procedures. If you are a foreign national and wish to participate in the meeting, please inform DOE of this fact as soon as possible by contacting Ms. Brenda Edwards-Jones at (202) 586–2945 so that the necessary procedures can be completed.)

A list identifying the proposed priority for standards rulemakings that are currently mandated by statute and a list of possible new products that have been identified by various stakeholders were placed on the DOE website at: *http://www.eren.doe.gov/buildings/codes_standards/index.htm.*

Written comments are welcome, especially following the meeting. Please submit written comments to: Ms. Brenda Edwards-Jones, U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, Energy Conservation Program for Consumer Products, EE–41, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20585–0121. Telephone: (202) 586–2945; Telefax: (202) 586–4617. You should label comments both on the envelope and on the documents and submit them for DOE receipt by October 11, 2001. Please submit one signed copy and a computer diskette (WordPerfect 8) or 10 copies (no telefacsimiles). The Department will also accept electronically-mailed comments, e-mailed to *Brenda.Edwards-Jones@ee.doe.gov,* but you must supplement such comments with a signed hard copy.

Copies of the agenda and attendees of the public meeting, the public comments received, the list of current rulemakings and possible new products, and this notice may be read at the Freedom of Information Reading Room, U.S. Department of Energy, Forrestal Building, Room 1E–190, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20585, (202) 586–3142, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Michael Raymond, U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, EE–41, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20585–0121, (202) 586–9611, email: *michael.raymond@ee.doe.gov* pertaining to priority setting for current rulemakings, and Bryan Berringer, U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, EE–41, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20585–0121, (202) 586–0371, email: *bryan.berringer@ee.doe.gov* pertaining to possible new products, or Francine Pinto, U.S. Department of Energy, Office of General Counsel, GC–72, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20585–0103, (202) 586–7432, email: *francine.pinto@hq.doe.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On May 2001, the National Energy Policy Development Group (NEPD Group) reported a National Energy Policy to the President. One of the recommendations called for the President to direct the Secretary of Energy to take steps to improve the energy efficiency of appliances. The recommendation included supporting the existing appliance standards program, setting higher standards where technologically feasible and economically justified, and expanding the scope of the program to include additional consumer products and commercial and industrial equipment.

The main focus of the meeting will be to discuss the process that DOE should use in setting priorities for the existing program and any possible expansion of the scope of the program to include additional products and equipment. The Department is interested in receiving comments on its proposed priorities for current standards rulemakings and suggestions on the criteria it should use to reach decisions on the possible expansion of the program. The Department is also interested in receiving comments on the factors, data and analysis methods that might be used by DOE in its decision making process. Additional products and equipment could be addressed through voluntary programs, consumer education, legislation and/or regulation. Indeed, there are bills being drafted and introduced in the Congress which would direct DOE to address additional products and equipment. Thus, the timing of this meeting would allow DOE to do some early planning in anticipation of a number of possible new activities.

Today's notice, the subject lists of current rulemakings and possible new products and equipment, and the planned meeting mark the next steps in seeking stakeholder input into the rulemaking process. The lists can be found on the following web-site: *http://www.eren.doe.gov/buildings/codes_standards/index.htm.*

The meeting will be conducted in an informal, conference style. There shall be no discussion of proprietary information, costs or prices, market shares, or other commercial matters regulated by the U.S. antitrust laws.

After the meeting and expiration of the period for submitting written statements, the Department will begin consideration of the comments received.

If you would like to participate in the meeting, receive meeting materials, or be added to the DOE mailing list to receive future notices and information regarding the energy conservation program for consumer products and commercial and industrial equipment, please contact Ms. Brenda Edwards-Jones at (202) 586–2945.

Issued in Washington, DC, on August 22, 2001.

David K. Garman,

Assistant Secretary for Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy.

[FR Doc. 01–21667 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy

10 CFR Part 430

[Docket Number EE–RM/STD–98–440]

RIN: 1904–AA77

Energy Conservation Program for Consumer Products: Central Air Conditioners and Heat Pumps Energy Conservation Standards; Correction

AGENCY: Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, Department of Energy.

ACTION: Supplemental proposed rule; correction.

SUMMARY: This document corrects the preamble to a proposed rule published in the **Federal Register** of July 25, 2001, regarding Energy Conservation Program for Consumer Products: Central Air Conditioners and Heat Pumps Energy Conservation Standards. This correction revises the cumulative change in industry net present value, the cumulative regulatory burden on industry, and the estimated number of gas-fired power plants not needed as a result of the proposed standard.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Michael E. McCabe, (202) 586–0854, e-mail: michael.e.mccabe@ee.doe.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Correction

In proposed rule document FR Doc. 01–18429, appearing on page 38822, in the issue of Wednesday, July 25, 2001, the following corrections are made:

(1) On page 38831 in the second column, third line, the first complete sentence is corrected to the following: ''In 2020, the proposed standards would avoid the construction of three 400 megawatt coal-fired plants and twenty-four 400 megawatt gas-fired plants.''

(2) On page 38834 in the second column, in the first paragraph of Section V.B.2.a, the sixth sentence is corrected to the following: ''Revising the standard for air conditioner and heat pump efficiency would contribute up to an additional $303 million, bringing the total cumulative regulatory burden to as high as $782 million.''

(3) On page 38835, in Table 4, in the row with the heading ''Industry Impacts (million $): Cumulative Change in Industry NPV'' and under the columns with the headings: ''Trial std 1; Trial std 2; Trial std 3; and Trial std 4;'' replace the numerical values with: ''(30); (159); (171); and (303)'', respectively.

(4) On page 38835, in Table 4, in the row with the heading ''Industry Impacts (million $): Cumulative Regulatory Burden on Industry'' and under the columns with the headings: ''Trial std 1; Trial std 2; Trial std 3; and Trial std 4;'' replace the numerical values with: ''(>509); (>638); (>650); and (>782)'', respectively.

(5) On page 38836 in the second column, in the third paragraph, the last sentence is corrected to the following: ''Furthermore, the cumulative impact of all new Federal and State regulations would exceed $782 million.''

(6) On page 38837 in the second column, in the first paragraph, the last sentence is corrected to the following: ''Furthermore, the cumulative impact of all new Federal and State regulations would exceed $650 million.''

(7) On page 38838 in the first column, in the second paragraph, the last sentence is corrected to the following: ''Furthermore, the cumulative impact of all new Federal and State regulations would exceed $638 million.''

(8) On page 38841 in the second column, line seven, the last sentence is corrected to the following: ''This would be the equivalent of three 400 megawatt coal-fired plants and twenty-four 400 megawatt gas-fired plants.''

Issued in Washington, DC, on August 22, 2001.

David K. Garman,

Assistant Secretary, Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy.

[FR Doc. 01–21665 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2000–NM–196–AD]

RIN 2120–AA64

Airworthiness Directives; McDonnell Douglas Model MD–90–30 Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

SUMMARY: This document proposes the adoption of a new airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to certain McDonnell Douglas Model MD–90–30 series airplanes. This proposal would require an inspection of the wiring in the left-hand tunnel area of the forward cargo compartment for evidence of chafing, and repair, if necessary. This action is necessary to prevent such chafing, which could result in subsequent shorting to structure, and consequent smoke and possible fire in the airplane. This action is intended to address the identified unsafe condition.

DATES: Comments must be received by October 12, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2000–NM–196–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056. Comments may be inspected at this location between 9:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. Comments may be submitted via fax to (425) 227–1232. Comments may also be sent via the Internet using the following address: *9-anm-nprmcomment@faa.gov.* Comments sent via fax or the Internet must contain ''Docket No. 2000–NM–196–AD'' in the subject line and need not be submitted in triplicate. Comments sent via the Internet as attached electronic files must be formatted in Microsoft Word 97 for Windows or ASCII text.

The service information referenced in the proposed rule may be obtained from Boeing Commercial Aircraft Group, Long Beach Division, 3855 Lakewood Boulevard, Long Beach, California 90846, Attention: Data and Service Management, Dept. C1–L5A (D800–0024). This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the FAA, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office, 3960 Paramount Boulevard, Lakewood, California.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: George Y. Mabuni, Aerospace Engineer, Systems and Equipment Branch, ANM–130L, FAA, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office, 3960 Paramount Boulevard, Lakewood, California 90712–4137; telephone (562) 627–5341; fax (562) 627–5210.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications shall identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this action may be changed in light of the comments received.

Submit comments using the following format:

- Organize comments issue-by-issue. For example, discuss a request to change the compliance time and a request to change the service bulletin reference as two separate issues.
- For each issue, state what specific change to the proposed AD is being requested.
- Include justification (e.g., reasons or data) for each request.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the proposed rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report summarizing each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this proposal will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this action must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: ''Comments to Docket Number 2000–NM–196–AD.'' The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

Availability of NPRMs

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM by submitting a request to the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2000–NM–196–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056.

Discussion

The FAA has received reports indicating that two operators reported two instances of wire chafing and subsequent shorting to structure in the left-hand tunnel area of the forward cargo compartment. In one instance, cabin pressure control circuit breakers tripped. A short time later, smoke was observed coming from the left side of the airplane. Investigation revealed that excess wire length and improper wire routing resulted in the wire chafing. Such chafing, if not corrected, could result in subsequent shorting to structure, and consequent smoke and possible fire in the airplane.

Explanation of Relevant Service Information

The FAA has reviewed and approved McDonnell Douglas Alert Service Bulletin MD90–24A003, Revision 01, dated January 11, 2000, which describes procedures for a one-time general visual inspection of the wiring in the left-hand tunnel area of the forward cargo compartment for evidence of chafing, and repair of any damaged wiring. The alert service bulletin also describes procedures for coiling and stowing any excess wire in the forward cargo compartment, left side, between stations Y=237.000 and Y=256.000. Accomplishment of the actions specified in the service bulletin is intended to adequately address the identified unsafe condition.

Explanation of Requirements of Proposed Rule

Since an unsafe condition has been identified that is likely to exist or develop on other products of this same type design, the proposed AD would require accomplishment of the actions specified in the service bulletin described previously. The actions would be required to be accomplished in accordance with the alert service bulletin described previously.

Cost Impact

There are approximately 12 Model MD–90–30 series airplanes of the affected design in the worldwide fleet. The FAA estimates that 10 airplanes of U.S. registry would be affected by this proposed AD, that it would take approximately 3 work hours per airplane to accomplish the proposed actions, and that the average labor rate is $60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the proposed AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be $1,800, or $180 per airplane.

The cost impact figure discussed above is based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the proposed requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this proposed AD were not adopted. The cost impact figures discussed in AD rulemaking actions represent only the time necessary to perform the specific actions actually required by the AD. These figures typically do not include incidental costs, such as the time required to gain access and close up, planning time, or time necessitated by other administrative actions.

Regulatory Impact

The regulations proposed herein would not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, it is determined that this proposal would not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this proposed regulation (1) is not a ''significant regulatory action'' under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a ''significant rule'' under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) if promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A copy of the draft regulatory evaluation prepared for this action is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption **ADDRESSES**.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

McDonnell Douglas: Docket 2000–NM–196–AD.

Applicability: Model MD–90–30 series airplanes, certificated in any category; as identified in McDonnell Douglas Alert Service Bulletin MD90–24A003, Revision 01, dated January 11, 2000.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (b) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent chafing of the wiring in the left-hand tunnel area of the forward cargo compartment, which could result in subsequent shorting to structure, and consequent smoke and possible fire in the airplane, accomplish the following:

Inspection and Repair

(a) Within one year after the effective date of this AD, accomplish paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this AD per McDonnell Douglas Alert Service Bulletin MD90–24A003, Revision 01, dated January 11, 2000.

(1) Do a one-time general visual inspection of the wiring in the left-hand tunnel area of the forward cargo compartment for evidence of chafing. Prior to further flight, repair any damaged wiring.

(2) Coil and stow any excess wire in the forward cargo compartment, left side, between stations Y=237.000 and Y=256.000.

Note 2: For the purposes of this AD, a general visual inspection is defined as ''A visual examination of an interior or exterior area, installation, or assembly to detect obvious damage, failure, or irregularity. This level of inspection is made under normally available lighting conditions such as daylight, hangar lighting, flashlight, or droplight, and may require removal or opening of access panels or doors. Stands, ladders, or platforms may be required to gain proximity to the area being checked.''

Note 3: Accomplishment of the actions required by this AD per McDonnell Douglas Service Bulletin MD90–24–003, dated October 27, 1995, prior to the effective date of this AD, is considered acceptable for compliance with the requirements of this AD.

Alternative Methods of Compliance

(b) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Los Angeles ACO.

Note 4: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Los Angeles ACO.

Special Flight Permit

(c) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on August 21, 2001.

Ali Bahrami,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 01–21633 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2000–NM–247–AD]

RIN 2120–AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Airbus Model A300 B2 and B4 Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

SUMMARY: This document proposes the adoption of a new airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to all Airbus Model A300 B2 and B4 series airplanes. This proposal would require identifying the types and areas of repairs on the airplane between frame 10 and frame 80, and follow-on actions for certain repairs. This action is necessary to detect and correct fatigue cracking of certain repairs of the fuselage between frame 10 and frame 80, which could result in reduced structural integrity of the airplane. This action is intended to address the identified unsafe condition.

DATES: Comments must be received by September 27, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2000–NM–247–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056. Comments may be inspected at this location between 9 a.m. and 3 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. Comments may be submitted via fax to (425) 227–1232. Comments may also be sent via the Internet using the following address: *9-anm-nprmcomment@faa.gov.* Comments sent via fax or the Internet must contain ''Docket No. 2000–NM–247–AD'' in the subject line and need not be submitted in triplicate. Comments sent via the Internet as attached electronic files must be formatted in Microsoft Word 97 for Windows or ASCII text.

The service information referenced in the proposed rule may be obtained from Airbus Industrie, 1 Rond Point Maurice Bellonte, 31707 Blagnac Cedex, France. This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Tim Backman, Aerospace Engineer, International Branch, ANM–116, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056; telephone (425) 227–2797; fax (425) 227–1149.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications shall identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this action may be changed in light of the comments received.

Submit comments using the following format:

- Organize comments issue-by-issue. For example, discuss a request to change the compliance time and a request to change the service bulletin reference as two separate issues.
- For each issue, state what specific change to the proposed AD is being requested.
- Include justification (e.g., reasons or data) for each request.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the proposed rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report summarizing each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this proposal will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this action must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: ''Comments to Docket Number 2000–NM–247–AD.'' The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

Availability of NPRMs

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM by submitting a request to the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–114, Attention: Rules Docket 2000–NM–247–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056.

Discussion

The Direction Générale de l'Aviation Civile (DGAC), which is the airworthiness authority for France, notified the FAA that an unsafe condition may exist on all Airbus Model A300 B2 and B4 series airplanes. The DGAC advises that certain repairs and areas of repairs of the skin between frame 10 and frame 80 require inspection. These repairs, which had been done in accordance with a version of Structural Repair Manual (SRM) 53–10–10 earlier than Revision 55, may not meet the specifications of Revisions 55 and subsequent of that SRM. An inspection program has been developed in order to meet the structural fatigue and damage tolerance requirements of Amendment 45 of part 25 of the Federal Aviation Regulations.

Fatigue cracking of certain repairs of the fuselage between frame 10 and frame 80, if not detected and corrected, could result in reduced structural integrity of the airplane.

Explanation of Relevant Service Information

Airbus has issued Service Bulletin A300–53–0313, Revision 01, dated April 27, 1999. The service bulletin describes procedures for identifying the types and areas of repairs on the airplane between frame 10 and frame 80, and follow-on actions for certain repairs. The follow-on actions include repetitive inspections of specified areas to detect cracking, or replacement of the repair, if necessary. Such replacement would eliminate the need for the repetitive inspections. These actions are intended to adequately address the unsafe condition. The DGAC classified this service bulletin as mandatory and issued French airworthiness directive 2000–261–312(B), dated June 28, 2000, to ensure the continued airworthiness of these airplanes in France.

FAA's Conclusions

These airplane models are manufactured in France and are type-certificated for operation in the United States under the provisions of section

21.29 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.29) and the applicable bilateral airworthiness agreement. Pursuant to this bilateral airworthiness agreement, the DGAC has kept us informed of the situation described above. We have examined the findings of the DGAC, reviewed all available information, and determined that AD action is necessary for products of this type design that are certificated for operation in the United States.

Explanation of Requirements of Proposed Rule

Since an unsafe condition has been identified that is likely to exist or develop on other airplanes of the same type design registered in the United States, the proposed AD would require accomplishment of the actions specified in the service bulletin described previously, except as discussed below.

Differences Between the Proposed AD and the Service Bulletin

Operators should note that, unlike the procedures described in Airbus Service Bulletin A300–53–0313, this proposed AD would not permit further flight if cracks are detected in specific areas identified in the service bulletin. The FAA has determined that, because of the safety implications and consequences associated with such cracking, any area specified in the service bulletin that is found to be cracked must be repaired prior to further flight.

Operators also should note that, although the service bulletin specifies that the manufacturer may be contacted for disposition of certain repair conditions, this proposal would require the repair of those conditions to be accomplished in accordance with a method approved by either the FAA, or the DGAC (or its delegated agent). In light of the type of repair that would be required to address the identified unsafe condition, and in consonance with existing bilateral airworthiness agreements, the FAA has determined that, for this proposed AD, a repair approved by either the FAA or the DGAC would be acceptable for compliance with this proposed AD.

Explanation of Compliance Times

On April 19, 2000, the FAA issued amendments 91–264, 121–275, 125–33, and 129–28, which add new sections 91.410, 121.370, 125.248, and 129.32 (''Repair Assessment for Pressurized Fuselages'') to 14 CFR part 25 of the Federal Aviation Regulations. The final rule, which was published in the **Federal Register** on April 25, 2000 (65 FR 24108), requires operators of certain transport category airplanes to incorporate repair assessment guidelines for the fuselage pressure boundary into their FAA-approved maintenance or inspection program.

The final rule specifies that certain airplanes cannot be operated beyond a certain flight-cycle implementation time unless operator specifications are issued to reference repair assessment guidelines for the fuselage pressure boundary (fuselage skin, door skin, and bulkhead webs) and those guidelines are incorporated into the operator's maintenance program. The final rule also specifies that these repair assessment guidelines must be approved by the FAA's Aircraft Certification Office or the office of the Transport Airplane Directorate having cognizance over the type certificate for the affected airplane.

For Airbus Model A300 B2 and B4 series airplanes, the implementation times specified in the final rule are as follows:

Airplane model	Implementation times
A300 B2	36,000 total flight cycles.
A300 B4–100 and B4–2C.	30,000 total flight cycles (above the window line); 36,000 total flight cycles (below the window line).
A300 B2–200	25,500 total flight cycles (above the window line); 36,000 total flight cycles (below the window line).

The service bulletin described previously recommends that certain repairs must be inspected for fatigue damage before the implementation times specified in the regulation described above. The initial implementation time recommended in the service bulletin and specified in French airworthiness directive 2000–261–312(B) is before accumulating 10,000 total flights or within 2,500 flights, whichever occurs later. An interval of 2,500 flights is specified for repetitive inspections of specified areas and corrective actions. The service bulletin was issued in response to a finding of a specific repair for which fatigue and damage tolerance is a concern. This specific repair involves a skin doubler with an average rivet spacing greater than or equal to 30 mm in the outer rivet row. The repair is located in the upper part of the fuselage in the pressurized shell.

Since the compliance time described above, as specified in the French airworthiness directive, for identification of this particular repair is earlier than the implementation times specified in the repair assessment guidelines, the FAA finds that issuance of this proposed AD is necessary to require the specified actions at the earlier time.

Cost Impact

The FAA estimates that 13 airplanes of U.S. registry would be affected by this proposed AD, that it would take approximately 2 work hours per airplane to accomplish the proposed actions, and that the average labor rate is $60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the proposed AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be $1,560, or $120 per airplane.

The cost impact figure discussed above is based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the proposed requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted. The cost impact figures discussed in AD rulemaking actions represent only the time necessary to perform the specific actions actually required by the AD. These figures typically do not include incidental costs, such as the time required to gain access and close up, planning time, or time necessitated by other administrative actions.

Regulatory Impact

The regulations proposed herein would not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, it is determined that this proposal would not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this proposed regulation (1) is not a ''significant regulatory action'' under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a ''significant rule'' under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) if promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A copy of the draft regulatory evaluation prepared for this action is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption **ADDRESSES.**

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

Airbus Industrie: Docket 2000–NM–247–AD.

Applicability: All Model B2 and B4 series airplanes, certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (d) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To detect and correct fatigue cracking of certain repairs of the fuselage between frame 10 and frame 80, which could result in reduced structural integrity of the airplane, accomplish the following:

Identification of Repairs

(a) Before 10,000 total landings, or before 2,500 landings after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs later: Identify the types and areas of repairs on the airplane between frame 10 and frame 80, as specified in Airbus Service Bulletin A300–53–0313, Revision 01, dated April 27, 1999. Do the actions per the Accomplishment Instructions of the service bulletin. If none of the repairs specified in the service bulletin are found, no additional action is needed under this AD.

Follow-On Actions

(b) If, during the inspection, any repair is found that meets the criteria specified in Airbus Service Bulletin A300–53–0313, Revision 01, dated April 27, 1999: Do either an eddy current or ultrasonic inspection, depending on the type of repair found, to detect cracking of the applicable area identified in Flow Chart 1, Figure 1, Sheet 1, of the service bulletin. Do the inspection at the time and in the manner specified in the service bulletin. Based on the results of the inspection, take the actions shown in the following table:

TABLE 1.—FOLLOW-ON ACTIONS

If the following is found:	Then—	Per this schedule:
(1) No cracking	Repeat the inspection	At least every 2,500 landings.
(2) Any cracking	Replace the repair per a method approved by either the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, or the Direction Générale de l'Aviation Civile (DGAC) (or its delegated agent).	Before further flight.

Terminating Action

(c) Replacement of a repair that is specified in Airbus Service Bulletin A300–53–0313, Revision 01, dated April 27, 1999, per a method approved by either the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116, or the DGAC (or its delegated agent), terminates the requirements of this AD.

Alternative Methods of Compliance

(d) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the International Branch, ANM–116.

Special Flight Permits

(e) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

Note 3: The subject of this AD is addressed in French airworthiness directive 2000–261–312(B), dated June 28, 2000.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on August 21, 2001.

Ali Bahrami,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 01–21632 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2000–NM–343–AD]

RIN 2120–AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Boeing Model 737–100, –200, –200C, –300, –400, and –500 Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

SUMMARY: This document proposes the adoption of a new airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to certain Boeing Model 737–100, –200, –200C, –300, –400, and –500 series airplanes. This proposal would require inspection of landing gear parts and/or their records to see that parts have serial numbers and that each part's number of flight cycles has been tracked; assignment of serial numbers and flight cycle use numbers if necessary; and removal of individual landing gear components from service when they reach their life limit. This action is necessary to prevent failure of landing gear parts, which could lead to landing gear collapse. This action is intended to address the identified unsafe condition.

DATES: Comments must be received by October 12, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2000–NM–343–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056. Comments may be inspected at this location between 9 a.m. and 3 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. Comments may be submitted via fax to (425) 227–1232. Comments may also be sent via the Internet using the following address: *9-anm-*

nprmcomment@faa.gov. Comments sent via fax or the Internet must contain ''Docket No. 2000–NM–343–AD'' in the subject line and need not be submitted in triplicate. Comments sent via the Internet as attached electronic files must be formatted in Microsoft Word 97 for Windows or ASCII text.

The service information referenced in the proposed rule may be obtained from Boeing Commercial Airplane Group, P.O. Box 3707, Seattle, Washington 98124–2207. This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: James Blilie, Aerospace Engineer, Airframe Branch, ANM–120S, FAA, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056; telephone (425) 227–2131; fax (425) 227–1181.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications shall identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this action may be changed in light of the comments received.

Submit comments using the following format:

- Organize comments issue-by-issue. For example, discuss a request to change the compliance time and a request to change the service bulletin reference as two separate issues.
- For each issue, state what specific change to the proposed AD is being requested.
- Include justification (e.g., reasons or data) for each request.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the proposed rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report summarizing each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this proposal will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this action must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: ''Comments to Docket Number 2000–NM–343–AD.'' The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

Availability of NPRMs

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM by submitting a request to the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2000–NM–343–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056.

Discussion

The FAA has received reports that a check by the manufacturer of the list of Model 737 series airplane main and nose landing gear life-limited parts revealed that some life-limited parts were not included on the list. Those life-limited parts have now been added to the 737 Main Landing Gear and Nose Landing Gear Components Interchangeability Lists (drawings). Failure to remove ''safe life'' parts at their life limit could result in failure of landing gear parts, which could lead to landing gear collapse.

Explanation of Relevant Service Information

The FAA has reviewed and approved Boeing Service Bulletin 737–32–1322, dated September 30, 1999, which describes procedures for examining records and/or landing gear parts to verify that parts identified in this service bulletin have serial numbers on them; for assigning and marking serial numbers on parts if necessary; for examining records to find out if flight cycles for the landing gear parts identified in this service bulletin have been tracked; for assigning a number of flight cycles to parts for tracking purposes, if necessary; and for removing landing gear parts from service when they reach their life limit. Accomplishment of the actions specified in the service bulletin is intended to adequately address the identified unsafe condition.

Boeing Service Bulletin 737–32–1322, dated September 30, 1999, refers to Boeing Drawing 65C73761—737 Main Landing Gear Components Interchangeability List, and Boeing Drawing 65C73762—737 Nose Landing Gear Components Interchangeability List, as additional sources of service information for accomplishment of the removal of landing gear parts from service when they reach their life limit.

Explanation of Requirements of Proposed Rule

Since an unsafe condition has been identified that is likely to exist or develop on other products of this same type design, the proposed AD would require accomplishment of the actions specified in the service bulletin described previously, except as discussed below.

Differences Between Proposed Rule and Service Bulletin

Operators should note that, although the service bulletin recommends that the serial numbers assigned to parts must be different for each part, it does not define a process to ensure that duplicate serial numbers will not be issued. This proposal would require that the serialization of those parts' numbers be accomplished per a method approved by the FAA.

Cost Impact

There are approximately 3,132 airplanes of the affected design in the worldwide fleet. The FAA estimates that 1,099 airplanes of U.S. registry would be affected by this proposed AD, that it would take approximately 1 work hour per airplane to accomplish the proposed actions, and that the average labor rate is $60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the proposed AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be $65,940, or $60 per airplane.

The cost impact figure discussed above is based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the proposed requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this proposed AD were not adopted. The cost impact figures discussed in AD rulemaking actions represent only the time necessary to perform the specific actions actually required by the AD. These figures typically do not include incidental costs, such as planning time, or time necessitated by other administrative actions.

Regulatory Impact

The regulations proposed herein would not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, it is determined that this proposal would not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this proposed regulation (1) is not a ''significant regulatory action'' under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a ''significant rule'' under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) if promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative,

on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A copy of the draft regulatory evaluation prepared for this action is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption **ADDRESSES.**

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

Boeing: Docket 2000–NM–343–AD.

Applicability: Model 737–100, –200, –200C, –300, –400, and –500 series airplanes, certificated in any category, line numbers 1 through 3132, inclusive.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (g) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent failure of landing gear parts, which could lead to landing gear collapse, accomplish the following:

Inspection of Parts and/or Records

(a) During the next gear overhaul, or within 10 years from the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs later, examine records and/or landing gear parts in accordance with Boeing Service Bulletin 737–32–1322, dated September 30, 1999, to determine whether parts have serial numbers and whether the number of flight cycles for each part has been tracked. If landing gear parts have serial numbers in accordance with Boeing Service Bulletin 737–32–1322, dated September 30, 1999, and the number of flight cycles has been tracked, no further action is necessary for paragraphs (a), (b), or (c) of this AD.

Assignment of Serial Numbers and Flight Cycles

(b) If any part examined as mandated in paragraph (a) of this AD does not have serial numbers, during the next gear overhaul, or within 10 years from the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs later, assign serial numbers to those parts using a method approved by the Manager, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA, and mark them on the parts in accordance with Boeing Service Bulletin 737–32–1322, dated September 30, 1999.

(c) If flight cycles for any part examined as mandated in paragraph (a) of this AD have not been tracked, during the next gear overhaul, or within 10 years from the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs later, assign a number of lifetime flight cycles to that part in accordance with Part 2. B. of the Accomplishment Instructions of Boeing Service Bulletin 737–32–1322, dated September 30, 1999.

Removal from Service at Life Limit

(d) When any landing gear part has reached its life limit number of flight cycles, as described in Part 2. B. of the Accomplishment Instructions of Boeing Service Bulletin 737–32–1322, dated September 30, 1999, remove that part from service.

Spare Parts

(e) As of the effective date of this AD, no person shall install on any airplane a landing gear part unless it has been assigned a serial number and a lifetime flight cycle number in accordance with the requirements of this AD.

(f) As of the effective date of this AD, no person shall install on any airplane a landing gear part that has reached its life limit of flight cycles, in accordance with Boeing Service Bulletin 737–32–1322, dated September 30, 1999.

Alternative Methods of Compliance

(g) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Seattle ACO. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Seattle ACO.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Seattle ACO.

Special Flight Permits

(h) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on August 21, 2001.

Ali Bahrami,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 01–21631 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2001–NM–113–AD]

RIN 2120–AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Short Brothers Model SD3 Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

SUMMARY: This document proposes the adoption of a new airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to certain Short Brothers Model SD3 series airplanes. This proposal would require repetitive tests (checks) of the power lever movement of the fuel control unit (FCU) lever to ensure the lever is contacting the maximum stop, adjustment of the FCU rigging, if necessary; and an engine ground run for correct gas generator rotational speed. This proposal also would require a static reduced power check on each engine to ensure correct operation of the reserve takeoff power (RTOP) system; and follow-on actions, if necessary. This action is necessary to prevent failure of the engines to reach adequate RTOP boost during takeoff, which could result in reduced controllability of the airplane. This action is intended to address the identified unsafe condition.

DATES: Comments must be received by September 27, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2001–NM–

113–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056. Comments may be inspected at this location between 9:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. Comments may be submitted via fax to (425) 227–1232. Comments may also be sent via the Internet using the following address: *9-anm-nprmcomment@faa.gov.* Comments sent via fax or the Internet must contain ''Docket No. 2001–NM–113–AD'' in the subject line and need not be submitted in triplicate. Comments sent via the Internet as attached electronic files must be formatted in Microsoft Word 97 for Windows or ASCII text.

The service information referenced in the proposed rule may be obtained from Short Brothers, Airworthiness & Engineering Quality, P.O. Box 241, Airport Road, Belfast BT3 9DZ, Northern Ireland. This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Todd Thompson, Aerospace Engineer, International Branch, ANM–116, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056; telephone (425) 227–1175; fax (425) 227–1149.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications shall identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this action may be changed in light of the comments received.

Submit comments using the following format:

- Organize comments issue-by-issue. For example, discuss a request to change the compliance time and a request to change the service bulletin reference as two separate issues.
- For each issue, state what specific change to the proposed AD is being requested.
- Include justification (e.g., reasons or data) for each request.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the proposed rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report summarizing each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this proposal will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this action must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: ''Comments to Docket Number 2001–NM–113–AD.'' The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

Availability of NPRMs

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM by submitting a request to the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2001–NM–113–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056.

Discussion

The Civil Aviation Authority (CAA), which is the airworthiness authority for the United Kingdom, notified the FAA that an unsafe condition may exist on certain Short Brothers Model SD3 series airplanes. The CAA advises that during Certificate of Airworthiness Renewal Flight Tests on these airplanes, the engines failed to reach the Reserve Takeoff Power (RTOP) boost specified in the Airplane Flight Manual. The cause of this failure is unknown; however, a contributing factor could be reduced fuel flow to the engines. If the engines fail to reach adequate RTOP boost during takeoff, the flightcrew may experience problems maintaining control of the airplane in flight.

Explanation of Relevant Service Information

The manufacturer has issued Shorts Service Bulletins SD3 SHERPA–71–2, SD360 SHERPA–71–2, SD360–71–19, and SD330–71–24; all dated February 5, 2001. The service bulletins describe procedures for repetitive tests (checks) of the power lever movement of the fuel control unit (FCU) lever to ensure the lever is contacting the maximum stop, adjustment of the FCU rigging, if necessary, and an engine ground run to ensure correct gas generator rotational speed is achieved. The service bulletins also describe procedures for a static reduced power check on each engine to ensure correct operation of the reserve takeoff power (RTOP) system; and follow-on actions if the system fails to provide adequate boost. These actions include, but are not limited to, the following:

- A functional check of the RTOP solenoid,
- Replacement of any defective RTOP solenoid with a new solenoid,
- Adjustment of the RTOP system,
- Adjustment to the torque of the FCU Ng servo valve,
- Test for leakage or restrictions of the FCU pnuematic system, and/or
- Overhaul of the FCU.

Additionally, Shorts Service Bulletin SD330–71–24 describes procedures for repetitive tests (checks) of the FCU to ensure correct rigging, and adjustment, if necessary.

Accomplishment of the actions specified in the service bulletins is intended to adequately address the identified unsafe condition.

The CAA classified these service bulletins as mandatory and issued British airworthiness directives 002–02–2001, 003–02–2001, 004–02–2001, and 005–02–2001 in order to assure the continued airworthiness of these airplanes in the United Kingdom.

FAA's Conclusions

These airplane models are manufactured in the United Kingdom and are type certificated for operation in the United States under the provisions of section 21.29 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.29) and the applicable bilateral airworthiness agreement. Pursuant to this bilateral airworthiness agreement, the CAA has kept the FAA informed of the situation described above. The FAA has examined the findings of the CAA, reviewed all available information, and determined that AD action is necessary for products of this type design that are certificated for operation in the United States.

Explanation of Requirements of Proposed Rule

Since an unsafe condition has been identified that is likely to exist or develop on other airplanes of the same type design registered in the United States, the proposed AD would require accomplishment of the actions specified in the service bulletins described previously.

Cost Impact

The FAA estimates that 46 airplanes of U.S. registry would be affected by this proposed AD, that it would take approximately 3 work hours per airplane to accomplish the proposed tests (checks), and that the average labor rate is $60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the proposed AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be $8,280, or $180 per airplane.

The cost impact figure discussed above is based on assumptions that no

operator has yet accomplished any of the proposed requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted. The cost impact figures discussed in AD rulemaking actions represent only the time necessary to perform the specific actions actually required by the AD. These figures typically do not include incidental costs, such as the time required to gain access and close up, planning time, or time necessitated by other administrative actions.

Regulatory Impact

The regulations proposed herein would not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, it is determined that this proposal would not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this proposed regulation (1) is not a ''significant regulatory action'' under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a ''significant rule'' under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) if promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A copy of the draft regulatory evaluation prepared for this action is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption **ADDRESSES.**

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

Short Brothers PLC: Docket 2001–NM–113–AD.

Applicability: All Model SD3–SHERPA, SD3–60, and SD3–60 SHERPA series airplanes; and Model SD3–30 series airplanes having PT6A–45R series engines; certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (b) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent failure of the engines to reach adequate reserve takeoff power (RTOP) boost during takeoff, which could result in reduced controllability of the airplane, accomplish the following:

Repetitive Inspections/Corrective Action

(a) Within 100 flight cycles or 90 days after the effective date of this AD, whichever comes later: Do a test (check) of the power lever movement of the fuel control unit (FCU) lever to ensure the lever is contacting the maximum stop, and adjustment of the FCU rigging if the lever is not contacting the stop; an engine ground run for correct gas generator rotational speed, and a static reduced power check on each engine to ensure correct operation of the RTOP system; per Shorts Service Bulletin SD3 SHERPA–71–2, SD360 SHERPA–71–2, SD360–71–19, or SD330–71–24; all dated February 5, 2001; as applicable. Before further flight, do any follow-on actions necessary (includes a functional check of the RTOP solenoid, replacement of any defective RTOP solenoid with a new solenoid, adjustment of the RTOP system if system fails to provide adequate boost, adjustment to the torque of the FCU Ng servo valve, test for leakage or restrictions of the FCU pneumatic system, or overhaul of the FCU), per the applicable service bulletin. Repeat the tests (checks) after that at intervals not to exceed 90 days.

Alternative Methods of Compliance

(b) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116, Transport Airplane Directorate, FAA. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the International Branch, ANM–116.

Special Flight Permits

(c) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

Note 3: The subject of this AD is addressed in British airworthiness directives 002–02–2001, 003–02–2001, 004–02–2001, and 005–02–2001.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on August 21, 2001.

Ali Bahrami,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 01–21630 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 01–AEA–22]

Proposed Amendment to Class E Airspace; Easton Memorial Hospital Heliport, Easton, MD

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: This action proposes to establish Class E airspace at Easton, MD. The development of a Standard Instrument Approach Procedure (SIAP) based on the Global Positioning System (GPS) Helicopter Point in Space approach at Easton Memorial Hospital Heliport, Easton, MD has made this proposal necessary. Sufficient controlled airspace extending upward from 700 feet Above Ground Level (AGL) is needed to contain aircraft executing an instrument approach. The area would be depicted on aeronautical charts for pilot reference.

DATE: Comments must be received on or before September 27, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Send comments on the proposal in triplicate to: Manager, Airspace Branch, AEA–520, Docket No. 01–AEA–22, Eastern Region, 1 Aviation Plaza, Jamaica, NY 11434–4809.

The official docket may be examined in the Office of the Regional Counsel, AEA–7, F.A.A. Eastern Region, 1 Aviation Plaza, Jamaica, NY 11434–4809. An informal docket may be examined during normal business hours in the Airspace Branch, AEA–520, F.A.A. Eastern Region, 1 Aviation Plaza, Jamaica, NY 11434–4809.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Francis T. Jordan, Jr., Airspace 11434–4809; telephone: (718) 553–4521.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

Interested parties are invited to participate in this proposed rulemaking by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Comments that provide the factual basis supporting the views and suggestions presented are particularly helpful in developing reasoned regulatory decisions on the proposal. Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy-related aspects of the proposal. Communications should identify the airspace docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address listed above. Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments on this action must submit with those comments a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: ''Comments to Airspace Docket No. 01–AEA–22.'' The postcard will be date/time stamped and returned to the commenters. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments will be considered for taking action on the proposed rule. The proposal contained in this action may be changed in light of comments received. All comments submitted will be available for examination in the Rules Docket both before and after the closing date for comments. A report summarizing each substantive public contact with the FAA personnel concerned with this rulemaking will be filed in the docket.

Availability of NPRMs

Any person may obtain a copy of this Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) by submitting a request to the Office of the Regional Counsel, AEA–7, F.A.A. Eastern Region, 1 Aviation Plaza, Jamaica, NY, 11434–4809. Communications must identify the docket number of this NPRM. Persons interested in being placed on a mailing list for future NPRMs should also request a copy of Advisory Circular No. 11–2A, which describes the application procedure.

The Proposal

The FAA is considering an amendment to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR Part 71) to establish Class E airspace area at Easton Memorial Hospital Heliport. Class E airspace designations for airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet AGL are published in Paragraph 6005 of FAA Order 7400.9H, dated September 1, 2000, and effective September 16, 2000, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The Class E airspace designation listed in this document would be published subsequently in the Order.

The Rule

The FAA has determined that this proposed regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally curernt. Therefore, this proposed regulation—(1) is not a ''significant regulatory action'' under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a ''significant rule'' under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979) and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that would only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this proposed rule would not have significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

The Proposed Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend 14 CFR Part 71 as follows:

PART 71—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for CFR Part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; EO 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

§ 71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9H, Airspace Designations and Reporting Point, dated September 1, 2000, and effective September 16, 2000, is proposed to be amended as follows:

Paragraph 6005 Class E airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface of the earth.

* * * * *

AEA MD E5, Easton, MD [NEW]

Easton Memorial Hospital Heliport,
(Lat 38°46′08″ N.; long 76°04′22″ W.)
Point in Space Coordinates
(Lat 38°46′18″ N.; long 76°06′10″ W.)

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 6 mile radius of the point in space for the SIAP to the Easton Memorial Hospital Heliport, Easton, MD.

* * * * *

Dated: Issued in Jamaica, New York on August 13, 2001.

Richard J. Ducharme,

Acting Assistant Manager, Air Traffic Division, Eastern Region.

[FR Doc. 01–21611 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 71]

[Airspace Docket No. 01–AEA–23

Proposed Amendment to Class E Airspace; Peninsula Regional Medical Center Heliport, White Marsh, MD

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: This action proposed to establish Class E airspace at White Marsh, MD. The development of an Area Navigation (RNAV), Standard Instrument Approach Procedure (SIAP) Helicopter Point in Space approach at Peninsula Regional Medical Center Heliport, White Marsh, MD has made this proposal necessary. Sufficient controlled airspace extending upward from 700 feet Above Ground Level (AGL) is needed to contain aircraft executing an instrument approach. The area would be depicted on aeronautical charts for pilot reference.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before September 27, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Send comments on the proposal in triplicate to: Manager, Airspace Branch, AEA–520, Docket No. 01–AEA–23, Eastern Region, 1 Aviation Plaza, Jamaica NY 11434–4809.

The official docket may be examined in the Office of the Regional Counsel, AEA–7, F.A.A. Eastern Region, 1 Aviation Plaza, Jamaica NY 11434–4809. An informal docket may also be examined during normal business hours in the Airspace Branch, AEA–520, F.A.A. Eastern Region, 1 Aviation Plaza, Jamaica NY 11434–4809.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Francis T. Jordan, Jr., Airspace specialist, Airspace Branch, AEA–520, Eastern Region, 1 Aviation Plaza, Jamaica NY 11434–4809; telephone: (718—553–4521.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

Interested parties are invited to participate in this proposed rulemaking by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Comments that provide the factual basis supporting the views and suggestions presented are particularly helpful in developing reasoned regulatory decisions on the proposal. Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental and energy-related aspects of the proposal. Communications should identify the airspace docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address listed above. Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments on this action must submit with those comments a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: ''Comments to Airspace Docket No. 01–AEA–23''. The postcard will be date/time stamped and returned to the commenter. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposal contained in their action may be changed in light of comments received. All comments submitted will be available for examination in the Rules Docket both before and after the closing date for comments. A report summarizing each substantive public contact with the FAA personnel concerned with this rulemaking will be filed in the docket.

Availability of NPRMs

Any person may obtain a copy of this Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) by submitting a request to the Office of the Regional Counsel, AEA–7, F.A.A. Eastern Region, 1 Aviation Plaza, Jamaica NY 11434–4809. Communications must identify the docket number of this NPRM. Persons interested in being placed on a mailing list for future NPRMs should also request a copy of Advisory Circular No. 11–2A which describes the application procedure.

The Proposal

The FAA is considering an amendment to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR Part 71) to establish Class E airspace area at Peninsula Regional Medical Center Heliport. Class E airspace designations for airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet AGL are published in Paragraphs 6005 of FAA Order 7400.9H, dated September 1, 2000, and effective September 16, 2000, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The Class E airspace designation listed in this document would be published subsequently in the Order.

The Rule

The FAA has determined that this proposed regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. Therefore, this proposed regulation—(1) is not a ''significant regulatory action'' under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a ''significant rule'' under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979) and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that would only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this proposed rule would not have significant economic impact on a substantial impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criter of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (aid).

The Proposed Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration proposed to amend 14 CFR Part 71 as follows:

PART 71—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for 14 CFR Part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; EO 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

§ 71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9H, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated September 1, 2000, and effective September 16, 2000, is proposed to be amended as follows:

Paragraph 6005 Class E airspace extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface of the earth.

* * * * *

AEA MD E5, White Marsh, MD [NEW]

Peninsula Regional Medical Center Heliport,
(lat 38°21′26″ N.; long 75°35′34″ W.)
Point in Space Coordinates
(lat 38°19′22″ N.; long 75°33′24″ W.)
That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 6 mile radius of the point in space for the SIAP to the Peninsula Regional Medical Center Heliport, White March, MD.

* * * * *

Issued in Jamaica, New York on August 13, 2001.

Richard J. Ducharme,

Acting Assistant Manager, Air Traffic Division, Eastern Region.

[FR Doc. 01–21610 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 01–AEA–21]

Proposed Amendment to Class E Airspace; St. Mary's Hospital Heliport, Leonardtown, MD

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: This action proposes to establish Class E airspace at Leonardtown, MD. The development of a Standard Instrument Approach Procedure (SIAP) based on the Global Positioning System (GPS) Helicopter Point in Space approach at St. Mary's Hospital Heliport, Leonardtown, MD has made this proposal necessary. Sufficient controlled airspace extending upward from 700 feet Above Ground Level (AGL) is needed to contain aircraft executing an instrument approach. The area would be depicted on aeronautical charts for pilot reference.

DATES: Comments must be revised on or before September 27, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Send comments on the proposal in triplicate to: Manager, Airspace Branch, AEA–520, Docket No. 01–AEA–21, Eastern Region, 1 Aviation Plaza, Jamaica, NY 11434–4809.

The official docket may be examined in the Office of the Regional Counsel, AEA–7, F.A.A. Eastern Region, 1 Aviation Plaza, Jamaica, NY 11434–4809. An informal docket may also be examined during normal business hours in the Airspace Branch, AEA–520, F.A.A. Eastern Region, 1 Aviation Plaza, Jamaica, NY 11434–4809.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Francis T. Jordan, Jr., Airspace Specialist, Airspace Branch, AEA–520 Eastern Region, 1 Aviation Plaza, Jamaica, NY 11434–4809; telephone: (718) 553–4521.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

Interested parties are invited to participate in this proposed rulemaking by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Comments that provide the factual basis supporting the views and suggestions presented are particularly helpful in developing reasoned regulatory decisions on the proposal. Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy-related aspects of the proposal. Communications should identify the airspace docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address listed above. Comments wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments on this action must submit with those comments a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: ''Comments to Airspace Docket No. 01–AEA–21''. The postcard will be date/time stamped and returned to the commenter. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposal contained in this action may be changed in light of comments received. All comments submitted will be available for examination in the Rules Docket both before and after the closing date for comments. A report summarizing each substantive public contact with the FAA personnel concerned with this rulemaking will be filed in the docket.

Availability of NPRMs

Any person may obtain a copy of this Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) by submitting a request to the Office of the Regional Counsel, AEA–7, F.A.A. Eastern Region, 1 Aviation Plaza, Jamaica, NY, 11434–4809. Communications must identify the docket number of this NPRM. Persons interested in being placed on a mailing list for future NPRMs should also request a copy of Advisory Circular No. 11–2A, which describes the application procedure.

The Proposal

The FAA is considering an amendment to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR Part 71) to establish Class E airspace area at St. Mary's Hospital Heliport. Class E airspace designations for airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet AGL are published in Paragraph 6005 of FAA Order 7400.9H, dated September 1, 2000, and effective September 16, 2000, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The Class E airspace designation listed in this document would be published subsequently in the Order.

The Rule

The FAA has determined that this proposed regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. Therefore, this proposed regulation—(1) is not a ''significant regulatory action'' under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a ''significant and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that would only effect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this proposal rule would not have significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

The Proposed Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend 14 CFR Part 71 as follows:

PART 71—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for 14 CFR Part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; EO 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

§ 71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9H, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated September 1, 2000, and effective September 16, 2000, is proposed to be amended as follows:

Paragraph 6005 Class E airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface of the earth.

* * * * *

AEA MD E5, Leonardtown, MD [NEW]

St. Mary's Hosptial Heliport,
(Lat 38°18′04″ N.; long 76°38′12″ W.)
Point in Space Coordinates
(Lat 38°19′32″ N.; long 76°40′27″ W.)
That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 6 mile radius of the point in space for the SIAP to the St. Mary's Hospital Heliport, Leonardtown, MD.

* * * * *

Dated: Issued in Jamaica, New York on August 13, 2001.

Richard J. Ducharme,

Acting Assistant Manager, Air Traffic Division, Eastern Region.

[FR Doc. 01–21609 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410–13–M

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Office of the Secretary

14 CFR Parts 217, 241, 291 and 298

[Docket No. OST 98–4043]

RIN 2139–AA08

Air Carrier Traffic and Capacity Data by Nonstop Segment and On-Flight Market

AGENCY: Office of Secretary, DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: The Department of Transportation is considering modifying the T–100/T–100(f) Traffic Reporting System. Joint-service operations would be reported by the operating carrier. Small certificated, commuter, and all-cargo air carriers would report their air traffic activity under the T–100 Traffic Reporting System instead of Form 298–C Schedules A–1, E–1, and T–1; and Form 291–A. The current T–100 Reporting System would be modified to require U.S. carriers to report the detailed market and segment information for all their military, domestic all-cargo, and domestic charter flights. The Form 41 Supplemental T–1, T–2, and T–3 schedules would be eliminated. Foreign air carriers would be required to report on the T–100(f) all flights to/from the United States thus, eliminating the small aircraft reporting exclusion. The Department would require U.S. carriers to submit total aircraft hours for each reported aircraft type, fuel consumed by aircraft type and aircraft days assigned to service. Currently, there is a lack of market and segment data for domestic all-cargo, domestic charter and small aircraft operations. The proposed changes are designed to fill the data gaps for these rapidly growing segments in the air transportation industry.

DATES: Comment Deadline: November 26, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Submit written, signed comments to the docket that appears in the heading of this document to the Docket Clerk, U.S. DOT Dockets, Room PL–401, 400 Seventh Street SW., Washington DC 20590–0001. All comments received will be available for examination at the above address from

9 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal Holidays. Those wishing notification of acceptance of their comments must include a self addressed stamped envelop or postcard.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Bernard Stankus or Clay Moritz, Office of Airline Information, K–25, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street, SW, Washington, DC, 20590–0001, (202) 366–4387 or 366–4385, respectively. They may also be contacted by e-mail at clay.moritz@bts.gov or bernard.stankus@bts.gov or by fax at (202) 366–3383.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Electronic Access

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1. Background

This notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) is part of a joint effort by the Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS) and the Office of the Secretary (OST) to conduct a broad-based review of the requirements for aviation data and to modernize the way BTS collects, processes, and disseminates aviation data. As a first step in this review, BTS and OST's Office of the Assistant Secretary for Aviation and International Affairs jointly issued an advance notice of proposed rulemaking (ANPRM) (July 15, 1998, 63 FR 28128). The Department solicited comments on the nature, scope, source, and means for collecting, processing, and distributing airline information. The ANPRM covered the Bureau's major data systems, including those providing traffic, fare, and financial data. The Department invited comments about whether existing aviation data collections should be amended, supplemented, or replaced; whether selected forms and reports should be retained, modified, or eliminated; whether aviation data should be filed electronically; and how the aviation data systems should be re-engineered to enhance efficiency and reduce costs for both the Department and airline industry. The Department has subsequently been conducting additional outreach and research activities to further assess data requirements and how the data reporting and processing systems can be improved.

The ANPRM and subsequent outreach and program analysis has taken a very broad approach, examining not only the types of traffic, fare, and financial information that should be collected, but also the sources of the data and how the data should be collected and processed. The BTS believes it will be more practical and manageable to proceed with this rulemaking to correct immediate deficiencies addressing a distinct aspect of the overall review.

This proposed rule deals with the types of market and segment data BTS should collect and from what sources. BTS believes this is an appropriate topic because the changes being proposed will meet several of the Department's immediate needs. Support for these changes has also been expressed by several commenters.

In response to the ANPRM, approximately 45 comments were received from various U.S. and foreign air carriers, airport operators, trade associations, labor organizations, and airline consultants. Many suggestions were made on how to improve aviation data by collecting more relevant data, and by using advanced information technologies. Specifically, the commenters identified immediate needs to collect market and segment data on domestic charter and all-cargo services from all U.S. air carriers, and market and segment data from foreign air carriers for operations conducted with small aircraft. Currently, large certificated air carriers do not provide either market or segment data for domestic charter and domestic all-cargo services. Small certificated and commuter air carriers report their traffic statistics under the less sophisticated Form 298–C reporting system. Part 291 all-cargo carriers do not report market or segment data. Foreign carriers do not report operations with small aircraft (60 seats or less or 18,000 pounds of payload capacity or less).

In the current Schedule T–100 reporting system, large U.S. certificated carriers report detailed nonstop segment and on-flight market data for scheduled domestic passenger/cargo service; international scheduled passenger/cargo service, international scheduled all-cargo service; and international charter service for passengers and/or cargo. Detailed data for military service and domestic charter service and domestic all-cargo services are not reported in the nonstop segment and on-flight market records.

The detailed nonstop segment data that are currently reported includes the following items:

Carrier, carrier entity code
Reporting period date
Origin airport code
Destination airport code
Service class code
Aircraft type code
Revenue passengers transported
  Transported freight
  Transported mail
Available capacity payload
Available seats, total
Revenue aircraft departures performed
Revenue aircraft departures scheduled
Revenue aircraft hours (airborne)
Aircraft hours (ramp-to-ramp)
Total aircraft hours (airborne)

The detailed on-flight market data that are currently reported include the following items:

Carrier, carrier entity code
Reporting period date
Origin airport code
Destination airport code
Service class code
Revenue passengers enplaned
  Enplaned freight
  Enplaned mail

If the Department collected detailed nonstop segment and on-flight market data for all types of flight operations, the Department would be able to calculate from the segment and market records the following data items for all reporting air carriers:

Revenue passenger-miles
Revenue cargo tons enplaned
Revenue tons transported
Revenue ton-miles
Revenue ton-miles passenger
Revenue ton-miles freight
Revenue ton-miles mail
Available ton-miles
Available seat-miles
Revenue aircraft miles flown
Revenue aircraft miles scheduled
Inter-airport distance

2. Joint-Service Operations To Be Reported by Operating Carrier

American Airlines, Airport Council International-North American (ACI–NA), Port of Portland; Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority; John F. Brown Company, Unisys; and the Allied Pilots Association recommended that carriers identify the marketing partner for joint-service operations. Comments from Air New Zealand, Britannia, Lufthansa, and Qantas indicated that foreign air carriers do not use data reported to the US Department of

Transportation, and they object to any change that would increase the reporting burden of foreign air carriers.

The Department proposes that joint-service operations would be reported by the operating carrier. This is a change from the current practice that requires the carrier taking the economic risk for the operation to report the operation. This reporting system served the industry well in the past. Most joint-service arrangements were short-term wet-lease or substitution-of-service operations. A wet-lease operation is where one air carrier leases an aircraft with flight crew to another air carrier. The proliferation of various types of joint-service arrangements has, however, created confusion concerning the interpretation of which carrier is taking the economic risk. For example, there are at least three different types of code-share arrangements between major carriers and commuter air carriers: (1) An arrangement where the major carrier pays the commuter carrier based on block-hours flown; (2) the traditional arrangement where the major carrier pays the commuter carrier for each passenger or cargo unit transported; and (3) an arrangement that reflects some combination of the previous two arrangements. In example (1), the major carrier is taking the economic risk. In example (2), the commuter air carrier is taking the economic risk. In example (3), there is a joint risk between the commuter and the major air carrier. Although these three arrangements appear the same to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), the traveling public, and aviation analysts, they are reported differently. BTS would have to have knowledge of the underlying economic agreement to understand which air carrier should report the traffic and operating statistics. Moreover, there is not a consensus among the Federal Government, the carriers, and aviation analysts as to which carrier should report. The FAA and National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) prefer reporting by the operating air carrier. NTSB needs exposure data from operating carriers. Exposure data are the rate of incidents, accidents, or deaths per departure, aircraft hours, or revenue passenger-miles for the various operating segments of the airline industry. These statistics assist NTSB in identifying problem areas and performing trend analyses. The FAA needs the departure and aircraft hours from the operating carrier for assigning safety inspectors.

While BTS recognizes that there is a burden placed on carriers in implementing a reporting change, it is also aware of the increasing diversity in the makeup of code-share agreements within the air transportation industry. Code-sharing has become more widespread in both interstate and foreign air transportation. Congress has urged the DOT to analyze more thoroughly the effects of international code-sharing on air transportation in general and U.S. air carriers in particular. The reporting changes proposed by this rulemaking would produce more consistent data on international and domestic code-share flights. In the United States, regional carrier service is growing as major carriers are handing over more service to their code-share partners. The level of service to small communities can be affected by code-sharing. This creates a need for DOT to monitor the impact of code sharing on the affected communities. Because of these factors, the Department, the FAA and NTSB require data on the air carriers actually operating the aircraft under joint-service agreements.

This need for international and purely domestic code-share data, coupled with the fact many international passengers interline on domestic code-share flights, adds an urgency to the Department's need to collect information on the operating carriers for both international and domestic operations. The new reporting scheme would simplify data analysis on both an industry-wide and individual air carrier basis.

The Department agrees with the comments that stated the data would have increased utility if both the operating and marketing carriers were identified in the Schedule T–100 reports. However, the Department believes that the added reporting burden, especially to small certificated and commuter air carriers, outweighs the data analysis benefits of dual carrier reporting. The lack of marketing carrier data in the T–100 data base is mitigated by the fact knowledgeable analysts can use T–100 data in conjunction with passenger origin-destination survey data to identify marketing carriers over various routes.

3. Reporting of Domestic All-Cargo, Domestic Charter, and Military Operations

There was strong support among the comments submitted to expand T–100 reporting of detailed nonstop segment and on-flight market to include the reporting of domestic charter and all-cargo operations. The following parties recommended that U.S. carriers report segment and market data for either domestic all-cargo or charter operations:

Airlines

American Airlines
Continental Airlines
Delta Air Lines
Northwest Airlines
United Parcel Service
US Airways

Airport Operators

ACI–NA
Los Angeles World Airports
Norfolk Airport Authority
Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority
Oakland International Airport
The Port Authority of New York & New Jersey
Port of Portland
Wayne County and Detroit Metropolitan Wayne County Airport

Government Agencies

United States Postal Service

Aviation Consulting Groups

Air Cargo Management Group
Back Information Services
Data Base Products
John F. Brown Company
R.W. Mann & Company
Unisys

BTS is proposing that the T–100 Reporting System be amended to require carriers to report nonstop segment and on-flight market information for domestic all-cargo, domestic charter, and domestic and international military operations. Historically, these data have not been reported in detail. Instead, the air carriers were required to submit, by geographic entity, supplemental Form 41 Schedules T–1, T–2, and T–3 for domestic all-cargo, domestic charter, and domestic and international military operations. The supplemental Schedule T–2 also contains some data elements for the carrier's overall or system operation.

BTS believes that the proposal to report nonstop segment and on-flight market data in detail for all domestic all-cargo, domestic charter, and domestic and international military operations will not significantly increase carrier reporting burden. In most instances, reporting burden would actually decrease because the supplemental Schedules T–1, T–2, and T–3 would be eliminated. The Department would be able to eliminate the supplemental schedules because it would be able to calculate most of the data elements currently reported on the supplemental schedules from the proposed air carriers' more detailed T–100 reports. BTS, however, would still require air carriers to report three data elements: Total aircraft hours by aircraft

type (revenue aircraft hours plus nonrevenue aircraft hours), aircraft days assigned to service—carrier routes by aircraft type, and aircraft fuels issued (gallons) by aircraft type. These three data items cannot be calculated by the Department from the proposed detailed Schedule T–100 reports. BTS proposes that the carriers include these data elements on the quarterly Form 41 Schedule P–2, Notes to BTS Form 41. Within the past year, several carriers have requested on their own and received waivers to submit detailed Schedule T–100 reports for all their revenue flights, thus negating the need for the supplemental schedules. These carriers have stated it is easier for them to submit all reports in detail rather than reporting some flights in detail and tracking specific statistics from the other flights. Accounting for each flight in the same manner should simplify the reporting requirements.

Listed below are the data elements of Schedules T–1, T–2, and T–3, which the Department is proposing to eliminate. Schedule T–1 is a monthly summarization of the following service classes and data elements:

Service Class Classifications

K—Scheduled Services (F+G)

F—Scheduled Passenger/Cargo

G—Scheduled All-Cargo

V—Nonscheduled Services (L+N+P+R)

L—Nonscheduled Civilian Passenger/Cargo

P—Nonscheduled Civilian Cargo

N—Nonscheduled Military Passenger/Cargo

R—Nonscheduled Military Cargo

Z—All Services (V,K)

Elements	Service class
Air Carrier.	
Operating Entity.	
Report Date (Month ended).	
Service Class Code	G, L, N, P, R
Aircraft Type Code	N,R
Revenue Passengers Enplaned	L, N
Revenue Passenger-Miles	L,N
Revenue Ton-Miles	G, L, N, P, R
Revenue Ton-Miles-Passenger	L, N
Revenue Ton-Miles-Freight	G, L, N, P, R
Revenue Ton-Miles Mail	G, L, P
Available Ton-Miles	G, L, N, P, R
Available Seat-Miles	L, N
Revenue Aircraft-Miles Flown	G, L, N, P, R
Revenue Aircraft-Miles Scheduled	G
Revenue Aircraft-Departures	G, L, N, P, R
Revenue Aircraft-Hours (airborne)	G, L, N, P, R
Revenue Aircraft-Hours (ramp-to-ramp)	G, L, N, P, R
Schedule T–2 is a quarterly summarization of the following data elements:	
Air Carrier.	
Operating Entity.	
Report Date (Quarter ended).	
Aircraft Type Code	G, Z
Revenue Passenger-Miles	Z
Revenue Ton-Miles	G, Z
Revenue Ton-Miles-Freight	Z
Revenue Ton-Miles-Mail	Z
Available Ton-Miles	G, Z
Available Seat-Miles	Z
Revenue Aircraft-Miles Flown	G, Z
Revenue Aircraft Departures Performed	V, G, Z
Revenue Aircraft-Hours (airborne)	Z
Revenue Aircraft-Hours (ramp-to-ramp)	Z
Total Aircraft Hours (airborne)	Z
Aircraft Days Assigned to Service-Carrier's Equipment	Z
Aircraft Days Assigned to Service-Carrier's Route's	Z
Supplemental Schedule T–3 collects airport activity statistics, which include the following items:	
Air Carrier.	
Operating Entity.	
Report Date (Quarter ended).	
Aircraft Type Code	G, V
Airport Code Revenue Passengers Enplaned	G, V V
Revenue Cargo Tons Enplaned Freight	G, V
Revenue Cargo Tons Enplaned Mail	G, V
Revenue Departures Performed By Aircraft Type	G, V
Revenue Aircraft Departures—Scheduled By Aircraft Type	G

BTS would be able to calculate, using the detailed T–100 nonstop segment and on-flight market records, almost all the data elements that are reported on Schedules T–1, T–2, and T–3. By proposing to collect the data elements of total aircraft hours (revenue aircraft hours plus nonrevenue aircraft hours), aircraft days assigned to service—carrier routes, and aircraft fuels issued (gallons) by aircraft type to the quarterly Form 41 Schedule P–2, BTS would collect all the remaining data items that are currently reported on Schedules T–1, T–2, and T–3. Overall, this should result in a decrease in total U.S. air carrier reporting burden.

For the first time, the Department, the airlines, airports, travelers, and shippers would have traffic flow data for domestic all-cargo and charter operations. Currently, carriers report only enplanement data and operational statistical data for these operations. Because of this, you cannot determine the destination for domestic all-cargo and charter traffic. With the additional data, the FAA and airports would have access to traffic flow information that can be used to enhance the accuracy and reliability of traffic forecasting, asset management, and infrastructre planning.

4. Collecting Traffic Data From Foreign Air Carriers for Small Aircraft Operations

The following parties suggested that BTS collect data from foreign air carrier services operated with regional jets or small aircraft:

Airlines

American Airlines
Continental Airlines
Delta Air Lines
Northwest Airlines
United Parcel Service
US Airways

Airport Operators

Airport Council International–North American (ACI–NA)
The City of Austin
The City of Chicago
Los Angeles World Airports
Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority
Norfolk Airport Authority
Oakland International Airport
The Port Authority of New York & New Jersey
Port of Portland
Wayne County and Detroit Metropolitan Wayne County Airport

Government Agencies

International Trade Administration, Tourism Industries
United States Department of Commerce
United States Postal Service

Aviation Consulting Firms

Back Information Services
Data Base Products
John F. Brown Company
Roberts, Roach and Associates
R.W. Mann & Company
Unisys

Labor Organizations

Allied Pilots Association
Air Line Pilots Association International (ALPA)

Aircraft Manufacturers

Saab

While there were no specific objections raised by the submitted comments against foreign air carriers being required to report small aircraft operations, Air New Zealand, Britannia, Lufthansa, and Qantas all made general comments that the Department should not take any action to increase reporting burden on foreign air carriers. It should be noted that these four carriers do not operate small aircraft to the United States and thus would not be effected by the proposed change in reporting.

Given the proliferation of regional jet aircraft in trans-border Canada service, the current intense level of competition in the marketplace, the maturity of the industry, and the advances in information technology, the absence of data for this segment of the air transportation industry accounts for a significant adverse gap in the Department's ability to perform industry analyses. To close this gap, the Department is proposing to eliminate the provision that allows foreign air carriers to exclude segment and market data for aircraft operations conducted wholly with small aircraft. Currently, foreign air carriers are required to report only operations conducted with large aircraft, which are defined as aircraft with over 60 seats or over 18,000 pounds of payload capacity.

Foreign air carriers have increasingly replaced large aircraft with regional jet aircraft for many trans-border operations. Regional jets now account for a significant number of trans-border enplanements. Regional jets have also replaced large aircraft on some longer haul routes, such as Ottawa-Washington. When regional jets are substituted for large jet aircraft, operations that were once included on Schedule T–100(f) now go unreported further widening the data gap. As the use of the regional jet becomes even more prevalent, the absence of data will increase the volume of market traffic-flow information that is either incomplete or nonexistent.

Air Canada may conduct the highest number of small aircraft operations to the United States. The carrier has communicated to the Department that it is cumbersome to identify and then exclude statistics for small aircraft in their T–100(f) submissions.

The Federal Aviation Administration uses enplanement data for U.S. airports to distribute the annual Airport Improvement Program (AIP) entitlement funds to eligible primary airports. U.S. airports receiving significant service from foreign air carriers operating small aircraft could be receiving less than their fair share of AIP entitlement funds. Collecting Schedule T–100(f) data for small aircraft operations will enable the FAA to more fairly distribute these funds.

The growth of international marketing alliances has created a vital need for more accurate information in the international arena. Virtually all airports use Schedules T–100 and T–100(f) data for ongoing marketing initiatives, traffic forecasting, assessing infrastructure needs, and analyzing competition. Gaps in these data systems could undermine an airport's ability to effectively perform these functions.

5. Small Certificated and Commuter Air Carriers Traffic Reporting

Comments proposing that small certificated and commuter air carriers be placed under the T–100 Reporting System were received from the following parties:

Airlines

American Airlines
Continental Airlines
Delta Air Lines
Northwest Airlines
United Air Lines
United Parcel Service
US Airways

Airport Operators

ACI–NA
The City of Austin
The City of Chicago
Los Angeles World Airports
Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority
Norfolk Airport Authority
Oakland International Airport
The Port Authority of New York & New Jersey
Port of Portland
Wayne County and Detroit Metropolitan Wayne County Airport

Government Agencies

United States Postal Service
United States Department of Defense

Aviation Consulting Firms

Back Information Services
Data Base Products
John F. Brown Company
Roberts, Roach & Associates
R.W. Mann & Company
Unisys

Labor Organizations

ALPA
Allied Pilots Association

Associations

Regional Airline Association

While not specifically supporting T–100 reporting, the Department of Defense strongly recommended that small certificated and commuter air

carriers report traffic statistics on a monthly basis.

The Regional Airline Association stated that it believes the current traffic reporting regulations for small certificated and commuter air carriers are out of step with the current operating environment for regional airlines. Form 298–C traffic reporting causes the under-reporting of passenger enplanements.

Because small certificated and commuter air carriers currently report only the points where passengers enter and exit their systems, meaningful enplanement and traffic flow data are lost. For instance, Comair has a hub-and-spoke system with the hub being Cincinnati. There were years when Comair would transport hundreds of thousands of passengers from outlying spoke cities through Cincinnati to other outlying spoke cities. The Form 298–C Schedule T–1 report would correctly show zero enplanements at Cincinnati for these spoke-to-spoke operations, even though the passengers changed flights at Cincinnati. The FAA was unable to use the ''official'' BTS passenger enplanements at Cincinnati for distributing AIP funds. Cincinnati is not the only airport where enplanements are undercounted. All airports, where small certificated and commuter air carriers have established hub operations, have been adversely affected by undercounted passenger enplanements. Undercounting passenger enplanements at hub airports also makes it difficult for airports to assess their infrastructure needs, and for the FAA and the airports to audit the Passenger Facility Charges that should be remitted to the airports. The non-reporting of intermediate points also makes it difficult to analyze traffic flows and forecast traffic trends.

Small certificated and commuter air carriers now submit Form 298–C Report of Financial and Operating Statistics. Form 298–C is comprised of the following five schedules:

- A–1 Report of Flight and Traffic Statistics in Scheduled Passengers Operations.
- E–1 Report of Nonscheduled Passenger Enplanements by Small Certificated Air Carriers.
- F–1 Report of Financial Data.
- F–2 Report of Aircraft Operating Expenses and Related Statistics.
- T–1 Report of Revenue Traffic by On-Line Origin and Destination.

Small certificated air carriers submit all five schedules. Commuter air carriers submit Schedules A–1, F–1, and T–1. Small certificated air carriers are carriers certificated under 49 U.S.C. § 41102 that operate ''small aircraft'' with 60 seats or less or 18,000 pounds of payload capacity or less. Commuter air carriers are air taxis that operate at least five round trips a week in scheduled passenger service on at least one route between two or more points using small aircraft.

The Department proposes to eliminate the Form 298–C, Schedules A–1, E–1 and T–1. The nine data elements of Schedule A–1 are:

1. Aircraft Hours Flown
2. Aircraft Miles Flown
3. Available Seat-Miles
4. Revenue Passenger-Miles
5. Available Ton-Miles
6. Revenue Ton-Miles
7. Number of Scheduled Passenger Departures
8. Number of Scheduled Passenger Departures Completed
9. Number of Departures Performed

Schedule E–1 is the source for nonscheduled passenger enplanements by airport. There is no information concerning the destination airport.

Schedule T–1 is the source for an air carrier's on-line origin and destination of its passengers. On-line origin is the airport where a passenger enters a carrier's system. On-line destination is the airport where a passenger exits that carrier's system. Intermediate points or connecting points are not reported under this system.

The Department proposes to replace Form 298–C traffic reporting with T–100 reporting. Under this proposal, the Department would provide small certificated and commuter air carriers with software for T–100 reporting. While carriers would not be required to use the BTS software, they would be required to submit the data in an electronic format that would enable BTS to download the data submission into its data base.

There are a number of advantages that would result from moving small certificated and commuter air carriers to the T–100 system. The proposed reporting changes would result in: (1) A unified traffic reporting system; (2) small certificated and commuter air carriers would report traffic movements for intermediate points; (3) the FAA would have the airport enplanement data it needs for distributing AIP funds, auditing the collection of Passenger Facilities Charges, and forecasting future traffic trends and movements; and (4) airports would have data for analyzing traffic flows and infrastructure needs.

On the downside, on-line origin-destination passenger data would not be available from small certificated and commuter air carriers. Schedule T–100 is designed to track aircraft movements. We would have information on where a passenger got on and off a particular flight rather than where the passenger got on and off a particular carrier's route network. The Passenger Origin-Destination Survey (Survey) compliments the T–100 System by tracking individual passenger itineraries. Form 298–C Schedule T–1 tracks where passengers enter and exit a carrier's route system. Under the proposed reporting, on-line origin-destination data would be lost when a passenger changes flights within a small certificated or a commuter air carriers' route networks. Small certificated and commuter air carriers do not submit Survey data; therefore, origin-destination data would only be available from those passengers that interline onto a carrier that is required to submit Survey data.

Outweighing this downside is the fact that a unified data base of all U.S. air carriers' traffic would be available for the first time. This would simplify traffic data research and analysis. The BTS publications Air Carrier Traffic Statistics Monthly and the annual Airport Activity Statistics of Certificated Air Carriers could easily be expanded to include traffic from small certificated and commuter air carriers. The lack of a combined traffic data base has historically inhibited traffic analyses. This is especially true at the nation's largest airports where small certificated and commuter air carriers provide important feed traffic to the nation's major air carriers.

6. Domestic All-Cargo Carriers To Report Schedule T–100

Another gap in the Department's aviation data base is in the segment of operations conducted by domestic all-cargo carriers that operate under 49 U.S.C 41103. Currently, these carriers submit the annual Form 291–A, Statement of Operations and Statistics Summary for Section 41103 Operators, which has the following data elements:

1. Total Operating Revenues
2. Transport Revenues—Cargo
3. Transport Revenues—Mail
4. Transport-Related Revenues
5. Total Operating Expenses
6. Operating Profit or Loss
7. Net Income
8. Total Revenue Ton-Miles
9. Revenue Ton-Miles Cargo
10. Revenue Ton-Miles Mail
11. Revenue Tons Enplaned
12. Available Ton-Miles
13. Aircraft Miles Flown
14. Aircraft Departures Performed

Section 41103 carriers report no market, segment, or enplanement data

by airport. Thus, the Department, the airline industry, airports, and academia have no traffic flow data. This lack of data makes it impossible to analyze traffic flows, conduct traffic forecasts, and make informed decisions regarding asset management and investment. Currently, ABX Air, Inc. d/b/a Airborne Express is the only carrier filing Form 291–A. For the year ended December 31, 2000, ABX reported revenues of over $1,125,000,000 and 392,684 revenue tons of cargo enplaned. If ABX were a large certificated air carrier that files Form 41 financial and traffic data, it would be classified as a major air carrier. The 392,684 revenue tons of cargo enplaned would be allocated to the various affected U.S. airports, which would then be able to access the data necessary to facilitate decisions pertaining to infrastructure investments, planning, operations, management, and policy development. In order to obtain this critical information, the Department proposes to collect Schedule T–100 from all-cargo carriers certificated under 49 USC 41103. At the same time, Form 291–A would be revised to eliminate the following data elements: total revenue ton-miles, revenue ton-miles cargo, revenue ton-miles mail, revenue tons enplaned, available ton-miles, aircraft miles flown, and aircraft departures performed.

The Department also proposes to require domestic all-cargo carriers to report the monthly Schedule P–12(a) Fuel Consumption by Type of Service and Entity. The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has identified fuel consumption by domestic all-cargo carriers as a major data gap in its analysis of aviation fuel usage. The collection of Schedule P–12(a) is needed to improve the accuracy of governmental analyses of fuel consumption.

7. Standardized Formats for Electronic Submissions

The Department has encouraged carriers to use advanced information technologies to submit their reports to BTS. To avoid a multitude of file formats that could lead to inefficiencies in processing, this NPRM proposes to adopt a standard length of fields for submission of personal computer (PC) generated reports. The field descriptions and field lengths will be identical to the fields currently prescribed for magnetic tape/cartridge submissions. Submitters would separate fields by using commas or tabs (comma delimited ASCII or tab delimited ASCII format). The Department would accept alternative formats after prior approval of the Bureau of Transportation Statistics Assistant Director—Airline Information.

8. Reporting by Air Taxis of On-Demand Air Charters

The National Air Transportation Association (NATA) stated that there is a definite lack of data on the on-demand air charter industry. The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) requested that the Department collect airborne hours, departures, enplanements, and revenue passenger-miles for such operations. The Department agrees with NATA and NTSB that there is a need for data from on-demand operators; however, the Department believes Schedule T–100 is not the appropriate vehicle for collecting this type of information. The Office of Airline Information would not, on a monthly basis, be able to properly edit and process detailed traffic reports from thousands of on-demand operators. Rather, the Department believes there should be a separate rulemaking to address the issue of collecting data from on-demand air taxis.

9. Reporting Schedule T–100 Data by Flight Number

American Airlines commented that the utility of Schedule T–100 data would increase if the data were reported by flight number. While the Department agrees with American, the Department is prohibited by 49 U.S.C. 329(b)(1) from collecting passenger data by flight number. If this law is changed in the future, the Department could revisit this issue.

10. Citizenship Data

There was no unanimity amongst parties on the issue of collecting citizenship data. Airport operators (ACI–NA, Los Angeles, Norfolk, Oakland, Portland and Wayne County), aviation consulting firms (J. F. Brown, Roberts & Roach, R.W. Mann, Unisys), American Airlines, Saab, and the Allied Pilots were all in favor of collecting citizenship data. Opposed to collecting and reporting citizenship data were Air New Zealand, Britannia, Continental, Lufthansa, Northwest, Qantas, United, and the City of Chicago. Delta and US Airways took a neutral position. Both carriers acknowledged that citizenship data are useful information, although US Airways stated that the data were not a critical need for air carriers. Both Delta and US Airways recommended a cost/benefit analysis before proceeding with a rule requiring submission of the data. The other carriers opposed to the submission of citizenship data were concerned with the cost burdens associated with a data base, which they believe would be of limited or no value to the reporting air carriers.

BTS agrees with US Airways' assessment that citizenship data are nice to have but not critical to the Department's needs. Some citizenship data are already collected by other Federal Agencies. Given the strong opposition by some carriers and the costs associated with the collection of citizenship data, BTS is proposing not to collect citizenship data at this time.

11. Cost/Benefit Analysis

Costs

A regulatory evaluation was placed in the Docket OST 98–4043. We welcome comments on the evaluation.

The costs of this proposed rule are the expenses incurred in making the necessary changes to air carrier information gathering systems. These include: (1) The expense for small certificated, commuter, and all-cargo air carriers to report their air traffic activity under the T–100 Traffic Reporting System; (2) the expense to modify U.S. carriers' reporting systems to provide the detailed market and segment information for all their military, domestic all-cargo, and domestic charter flights; (3) the expense to all-cargo air carriers to report monthly traffic and fuel consumption data; and (4) the expense to foreign air carriers to include small aircraft operations to/from the United States in their monthly submissions.

BTS believes the costs mentioned above are minor costs because all the information requested should be readily available to the affected air carriers. Mitigating the cost of compliance to the air carriers is the fact the Department will supply the carriers with T–100 reporting software that carriers may use at their discretion. We request carriers to supply detailed estimates of their projected costs.

Benefits

U.S. carriers would be relieved of the burden of submitting the supplemental Schedules T–1, T–2, and T–3. Small certificated and commuter air carriers would be relieved of the burden of reporting Form 298–C Schedules A–1 and T–1. Small certificated air carriers would be relieved of the burden of reporting Form 298–C Schedule E–1.

The Department, other federal agencies, state and local governments, the airline industry, academia, and the public would benefit from the collection of improved aviation data such as: (1) Detailed segment and market data for domestic all-cargo operations, (2) enplanement statistics for intermediate

points served by small certificated and commuter air carriers, (3) detailed segment and market data for small aircraft services operated by foreign air carriers, and (4) fuel consumption data collected from domestic all-cargo carriers.

Rulemaking Analyses and Notices

12. Executive Order 12866 and DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures

This proposed rule is not considered a significant regulatory action under section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 and, therefore, is not subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget.

This rule is not considered significant under the regulatory policies and procedures of the Department of Transportation (44 FR 11034). The rule will not result in any unfunded mandate to state, local or tribal governments in the aggregate, or to the private sector, of $100 million or more in any one year. The purpose of the rule is to improve the accuracy and utility of reported traffic data. This objective is achieved by amending 14 CFR 217, 241, 291 and 298 to require market and segment data for all operations and the collection of traffic statistics from operating air carriers.

13. Executive Order 12612

This proposed rule has been analyzed in accordance with the principles and criteria contained in Executive Order 12612 (''Federalism'') and the BTS has determined the rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

14. Initial Regulatory Flexibility Act Analysis

I certify this proposed rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. The Department has classified air carriers operating aircraft with 60 seats or less, or 18,000 pounds or less of payload capacity as small entities. Approximately 90 small air carriers would be impacted by this proposal.

Although the proposed rule amends the reporting requirements for small air carriers, any increase in reporting burden should be minimal. To reduce the impact on small businesses, the Bureau of Transportation Statistics will supply all affected carriers with software to facilitate their reporting of the required traffic data; and the Form 298–C traffic schedules will be eliminated. The Department recognizes that most changes in reporting formats generally cause an initial increase in reporting burden due to a need to familiarize staff with a revised reporting system. After carrier staff become proficient with the new software, carrier reporting burden may be less under the T–100 System than if carriers continued to file Form 298–C traffic reports.

The Regional Airline Association (RAA), which represents small airline companies, has commented that the current traffic reporting system for small operators is both inappropriate and inconsistent. We believe that this proposal addresses RAA's concerns. The Department welcomes RAA's comments, along with those of small operators, on the proposal.

15. National Environmental Protection Act

The Bureau of Transportation Statistics has analyzed the proposed amendments for the purpose of the National Environmental Protection Act. The proposed amendments will not have any impact on the quality of human environment.

16. Initial Paperwork Reduction Act Analysis

The reporting and recordkeeping requirements associated with this proposed rule are being sent to the Office of Management and Budget in accordance with 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35 under OMB No: 2138–0040. *Administration:* Bureau of Transportation Statistics; *Title:* Report of Traffic and Capacity Statistics—The T–100 System; *Need for Information:* Statistical information on airline passenger movements; *Proposed Use of Information:* Balance of benefits analyses for international agreements, assignment of passenger enplanements to proper airport and monitoring adequacy of air service to small communities; *Frequency:* Monthly; *Burden Estimate:* 25,000 annual hours; *Average Annual Burden Hours per Respondent After Reprogramming Is Completed*—70. For further information contact: The Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Room 10235, New Executive Office Building, Washington, D.C. 20503, Attention Desk Office for the Department of Transportation or Bernie Stankus at the address listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.**

17. Regulation Identifier Number

A regulation identifier number (RIN) is assigned to each regulatory action listed in the Unified Agenda of Federal Regulations. The Regulatory Information Service Center publishes the Unified Agenda in April and October of each year. The RIN number 2139–AA08 contained in the heading of this document can be used to cross reference this action with the Unified Agenda.

List of Subjects

14 CFR Part 217

Air carriers, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

14 CFR Part 241

Air carriers, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Uniform System of Accounts.

14 CFR Part 291

Administrative practice and procedure, Air carriers, Freight, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

14 CFR Part 298

Air taxis, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Notice of Proposed Rulemaking

Accordingly, the Bureau of Transportation Statistics, under delegated authority pursuant to 49 CFR part 1, proposes to amend chapter H of 14 CFR, as follows:

PART 217—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for Part 217 would continue to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 329 and chapters 41301, 41310, 41708.

2. Section 217.1 would be amended by removing the definitions for *Large Aircraft* and *Small Aircraft,* and by adding the following definitions in alphabetical order.

§ 217.1 Definitions.

* * * * *

Reporting carrier for T–100(f) purposes means the air carrier in operational control of the flight, i.e., the carrier that uses its flight crews under its own operating authority.

* * * * *

Wet-Lease Agreement means an agreement under which one carrier leases an aircraft with flight crew to another air carrier.

3. Section § 217.2 would be revised to read as follows:

§ 217.2 Applicability.

This part applies to foreign air carriers that are authorized by the Department to provide civilian passenger and/or cargo service to or from the United States, whether performed pursuant to a permit or exemption authority.

4. Appendix to § 217.10 would be amended as follows:

a. Revise paragraph (a)(2);

b. Revise paragraph (f)(1)(i);

c. Revise paragraph (g)(1)(ii); and

d. Revise paragraph (i)(2).

The revisions read as follows:

Appendix to Section 217.10 of 14 CFR Part 217—Instructions to Foreign Air Carriers for Reporting Traffic Data on Form 41 Schedule T–100(F)

(a) * * *

(2) *Applicability.* Each foreign air carrier holding a § 41302 permit or exemption authority shall file Schedule T–100(f).

* * * * *

(f) * * *

(1) * * *

(i) Reporting medium. ADP data submission must be on IBM compatible disks. Carriers using mainframe or minicomputers shall download (transcribe) to the required IBM compatible disk. Carriers wishing to use a different ADP procedure or e-mail must obtain written approval to do so from the BTS Assistant Director—Airline Information under the waiver provisions in 217.9. Request for approval to use alternative methods must disclose the proposed data transmission methodology.

* * * * *

(g) * * *

(1) * * *

(ii) Line A–2 Report date. This is the year and month to which the data are applicable. For example, 200009 indicates the year 2000, and the month of September.

* * * * *

(i) * * *

(2) Joint-service operations shall be reported on BTS Form 41 Schedules T–100 and T–100(f) by the air carrier in operational control of the flight, i.e., the air carrier that uses its flight crew to perform the operation. If there are questions about reporting a joint-service operation, contact the BTS Assistant Director—Airline Information at the address in paragraph (a)(3) of this appendix.

* * * * *

5. Section 217.11 would be amended by revising paragraph (a) to read as follows:

§ 217.11 Reporting Compliance.

(a) Failure to file reports required by this part will subject an air carrier to civil and criminal penalties prescribed in Title 49 United States Code Section 46301.

* * * * *

PART 241—[AMENDED]

6. The authority citation for part 241 would be revised to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 329 and chapters 41101 and 41708.

7. Part 241, Section 03 would be amended by adding in alphabetical order the following definitions to read as follows:

Section 03 Definitions for Purposes of This System of Accounts and Reports

Reporting carrier for T–100 purposes means the air carrier in operational control of the flight, i.e., the carrier that uses its flight crews under its own FAA operating authority.

* * * * *

Wet-Lease Agreement means an agreement under which one carrier leases an aircraft with flight crew to another air carrier.

8. Part 241, Section 19–1 would be amended by revising paragraphs (a) and (c) to read as follows:

Section 19 * * *

Section 19–1 Applicability

(a) *United States air carrier.* Each large certificated U.S. air carrier shall file with the Department, on a monthly basis, Form 41 Schedule T–100 ''U.S. Air Carrier Traffic and Capacity Data By Nonstop Segment and On-flight Market,'' and summary data as prescribed in this section and in sections 22 and 25 of this part.

* * * * *

(c) Each U.S. air carrier shall use magnetic computer tape or IBM compatible disk for transmitting the prescribed data to the Department. Upon good cause shown, OAI may approve the request of a U.S. air carrier, under section 1–2 of this part, to use hardcopy data input forms or submit data via e-mail.

* * * * *

9. Part 241, Section 19–3 would be amended by removing and reserving paragraph (b).

10. Part 241, Section 19–5 would be amended by revising paragraph (b) to read as follows:

Section 19–5 Air Transport Traffic and Capacity Elements

* * * * *

Code	Description	Segment	Market
	Carrier, carrier entity code	S	M
	Reporting period date	S	M
	Origin airport code	S	M
	Destination airport code	S	M
	Service class code	S	M
	Aircraft type code	S	
110	Revenue passengers enplaned		M
130	Revenue passengers transported	S	
140	Revenue passenger-miles		Computed by BTS
210	Revenue cargo tons enplaned		Computed by BTS
217	Enplaned freight		M
219	Enplaned mail		M
230	Revenue tons transported		Computed by BTS
237	Transported freight	S	
239	Transported mail	S	
240	Revenue ton-miles		Computed by BTS
241	Revenue ton-miles passenger		Computed by BTS
247	Revenue ton-miles freight		Computed by BTS
249	Revenue ton-miles mail		Computed by BTS
270	Available capacity payload	S	

Code	Description	Segment	Market
280	Available ton-miles		Computed by BTS
310	Available seats, total	S	
320	Available seat-miles		Computed by BTS
410	Revenue aircraft miles flown		Computed by BTS
430	Revenue aircraft miles scheduled		Computed by BTS
501	Inter-airport distance		Computed by BTS
510	Revenue aircraft departures performed	S	
520	Revenue aircraft departures scheduled	S	
610	Revenue aircraft hours (airborne)	S	
630	Aircraft hours (ramp-to-ramp)	S	
650	Total aircraft hours (airborne)	S	

* * * * *

11. In Part 241, Section 22:

a. The ''List of Schedules in BTS Form 41 Report'' would be amended by removing Schedules ''T–1'', ''T–2'', and ''T–3'' and by revising ''(1)'' to read ''x'' for Schedule ''P–2'' in column I of Applicability by carrier group.

b. The chart of DUE DATES OF SCHEDULES IN BTS FORM 41 REPORT would be amended by removing Schedules ''T–1'', ''T–2'', and ''T–3'', wherever they appear.

12. In Part 241, Section 24, ''Schedule P–2—Notes to BTS Form 41 Report'' would be amended by revising paragraph (a) and adding paragraph (f) to read as follows:

Section 24 Profit and Loss Elements

Schedule P–2—Notes to BTS Form 41 Report

(a) This schedule shall be filed quarterly by all Group I, II, and III air carriers.

* * * * *

(f) Each air carrier shall submit, by aircraft type, the total number of aircraft hours operated (revenue and nonrevenue), the total amount of aircraft fuels issued (U.S. gallons), and the number of aircraft days assigned to service-carrier's routes.

* * * * *

13. Part 241, Section 25 would be amended as follows:

a. By revising paragraph (b); and

b. By removing the subsections, ''Schedule T–1 U.S. Air Carrier Traffic and Capacity Summary-By Service Class'', ''Schedule T–2 U.S. Air Carrier Traffic and Capacity Statistics-By Aircraft Type'', and ''Schedule T–3 U.S. Air Carrier Airport Activity Statistics'';

c. In subsection ''Schedule T–100 U.S. Air Carrier Traffic and Capacity Data By Nonstop Segment and On-Flight Market'', paragraph (a) would be revised and paragraph (d) would be added.

The revisions and additions read as follows:

Section 25 Traffic and Capacity Elements

* * * * *

(b) Carriers submitting Schedule T–100 shall use magnetic computer tape or IBM compatible disk for transmitting the prescribed data to the Department. Upon good cause shown, OAI may approve the request of a U.S. air carrier, under section 1–2 of this part, to use hardcopy data input forms or submit data via e-mail.

* * * * *

Schedule T–100 U.S. Air Carrier Traffic and Capacity Data by Nonstop Segment and On-Flight Market

(a) Schedule T–100 collects detailed on-flight market and nonstop segment data on all revenue flights flown by U.S. certificated air carriers. This schedule is filed monthly. Separate data shall be reported for each operating entity (Latin America, Atlantic, Pacific; International, or Domestic) of the air carrier in the five digit entity code prescribed under section 19–5(c) of this part.

* * * * *

(d) Joint-service operations. The air carrier in operational control of the aircraft (the carrier that uses its flight crews under its own FAA operating authority) must report joint-service operations.

14. The appendix to Section 241.25 of CFR Part 241, would be revised to read as follows:

Appendix to § 241.25 of CFR Part 241 Instructions to U.S. Air Carriers for Reporting Traffic and Capacity Data on Form 41 Schedule T–100

(a) Applicability. Each large U.S. air carrier that holds a 49 U.S.C. 41102 certificate must file the monthly Schedule T–100.

(b) Schedules, frequency, and entity: Schedule T–100 collects summarized flight stage data by reporting entity for scheduled and nonscheduled passenger, and cargo operations. The term entity refers to the geographic location designator prescribed by the Department in § 241.19–5(c)(2). Thus, domestic entity operations are distinguished from international entity operations.

(c) Format of reports:

(1) Automatic Data Processing (ADP) magnetic tape. Refer to paragraph (f) of this appendix for instructions pertaining to mainframe and minicomputer reporting. The Department will issue ''Accounting and Reporting Directives'' to make necessary technical changes to these T–100 instructions, where no policy issues are involved that would require a new rulemaking, or where only a few air carriers are affected.

(2) Microcomputer diskette.

(i) Optional specification. If an air carrier desires to use its personal computers (PC's), rather than mainframe or minicomputers to prepare its data submissions, the following specifications for filing data on diskette media apply:

(ii) Reporting medium. Microcomputer ADP data submission of T–100 information must be on IBM compatible disks. Carriers wishing to use a different ADP procedure must obtain written approval to do so from the BTS Assistant Director—Airline Information. Requests for approval to use alternate methods must disclose the proposed data transmission methodology. Refer to paragraph (k) of this appendix for microcomputer record layouts.

(iii) Microcomputer file characteristics. The files will be created in ASCII delimited format, sometimes called Data Interchange Format (DIF). This form of recording data provides for variable length fields (data elements) which, in the case of alphabetic data, are enclosed by quotation marks (‘') and separated by a comma (,) and numeric data elements that are recorded without editing symbols are also separated by a comma (,). The data are identified by its juxtaposition within a given record. Therefore, each record must contain the exact number of data elements, all of which must be juxtapositionally correct. Personal computer software including most spreadsheets, data base management programs, and BASIC are capable of producing files in this format.

(d) Filing date for reports. The reports must be received at BTS within 30 days following the end of each reporting period.

(e) Address for filing: Data Administration Division, K–25, Room 4125, Office of Airline Information, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street SW., Washington, DC 20590–0001.

(f) ADP format for magnetic tape: Magnetic tape specifications. IBM compatible 9-track

EBCDIC recording. Recording density of 6250 or 1600 bpi. The order of recorded information is:

(1) Volume label.
(2) Header label.
(3) Data records.
(4) Trailer label.

(g) External tape label information.

(1) Carrier name.
(2) Report date.
(3) File identification.
(4) Carrier address for return of tape reel.

(h) Standards. It is the policy of the Department to be consistent with the American National Standards Institute and the Federal Standards activity in all data processing and telecommunications matters. It is our intention that all specifications in this application are in compliance with standards promulgated by these organizations.

(i) Volume, header, and trailer label formats: Use standard IBM label formats. The file identifier field of the header labels should be ''T–100.SYSTEM''.

(j) Magnetic tape record layouts for T–100.

(1) Nonstop segment record layout:

Field No.	Positions	Mode	Description
1	1	1A	Record type code (S = nonstop segment).
2	2–6	5A/N	Carrier entity code.
3	7–12	6N	Report date (YYYYMM).
4	13–15	3A	Origin airport code.
5	16–18	3A	Destination airport code.
6	19	1A	Service class code (F, G, L, N, P or R).
7	20–23	4N	Aircraft type code.
8	24–28	5N	Revenue departures performed (F, G, L, N, P, R510).
9	29–38	10N	Available capacity payload (lbs) (F, G, L, N, P, R270).
10	39–45	7N	Available seats (F, L, N310).
11	46–52	7N	Passengers transported (F, L, N130).
12	53–62	10N	Rev freight transported (F, G, L, N, P, R237) (in lbs).
13	63–72	10N	Revenue mail transported (F, G, L, N, P, R239) (in lbs).
14	73–77	5N	Revenue aircraft departures scheduled (F, G520).
15	78–87	10N	Rev hrs, ramp-to-ramp (F, G, L, N, P, R630) (in minutes).
16	88–97	10N	Rev hrs, airborne (F, G, L, N, P, R610)(in minutes).

(2) On-flight market record layout:

Field No.	Positions	Mode	Description
1	1	1A	Record type: M = on-flight market record.
2	2–6	5A/N	Carrier entity code.
3	7–12	4N	Report date (YYYYMM).
4	13–15	3A	Origin airport code.
5	16–18	3A	Destination airport code.
6	19	1A	Service class code (F, G, L, N, P or R).
7	20–26	7N	Total passengers in market (F, L, N110).
8	27–36	10N	Rev freight in market (F, G, L, N, P, R217) (in lbs).
9	37–46	10N	Revenue mail in market (F, G, L, N, P, R219) (in lbs).

(k) Record layouts for microcomputer diskettes. The record layouts for diskettes are generally identical to those shown for magnetic tape, with the exception that delimiters (quotation marks and commas) are used to separate fields. It is necessary that the order of fields be maintained in all records.

(1) File characteristics. The files will be created in ASCII delimited format, sometimes called Data Interchange Format (DIF). This form of recording data provides for variable length fields (data elements) which, in the case of alphabetic data, are enclosed by quotation marks (‘‘) and separated by a comma (,) and numeric data elements that are recorded without editing symbols are also separated by a comma (,). The data are identified by their juxtaposition within a given record. Therefore, it is critical that each record contain the exact number of data elements, all of which must be juxtapositionally correct. PC software including most spreadsheets, data base management programs, and BASIC produce minidisks files in this format.

(2) File naming conventions for diskettes. For microcomputer reports, each record type should be contained in a separate DOS file on the same physical diskette. The following DOS naming conventions should be followed:

Record type S = SEGMENT.DAT
Record type M = MARKET.DAT

(l) Discussion of reporting concept. Schedule T–100 collects summarized flight stage data and on-flight market data. All traffic statistics shall be compiled in terms of each revenue flight stage as actually performed. The detail T–100 data shall be maintained in such a manner as to permit monthly summarization and organization into two basic groupings. The first grouping, the nonstop segment information, is to be summarized by equipment type, within class of service, within pair-of-points, without regard to individual flight number. The second grouping requires that the enplanement/deplanement information be broken out into separate units called on-flight market records, which shall be summarized by class of service, within pair-of-points, without regard for equipment type or flight number.

(m) Joint Service: Joint-service operations. The Department may authorize joint-service operations between two direct air carriers. Examples of these joint service-operations are: blocked-space agreements; part-charter agreements; code-sharing agreements; wet-lease agreements, and other similar arrangements.

(1) Joint-service operations are reported by the carrier in operational control of the flight, i.e., the carrier that uses its flight crews under its own FAA operating authority. The traffic moving under these agreements is reported on Schedule T–100 the same way as any other traffic on the aircraft.

(2) If there are questions about reporting a joint-service operation, contact the BTS Assistant Director—Airline Information (fax no. 202 366–3383, telephone no. 202 366–4373). Joint-service operations are reported in Schedule T–100 within the following guidelines:

(3) Operational control. The air carrier in operational control of the aircraft (the carrier that uses its flight crews under its own FAA operating authority) must report joint-service operations.

(n) Glossary of data elements. § 241.19–5 and § 241.03.

PART 291—[AMENDED]

15. The authority citation for Part 291 would be revised to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 329 and chapters 41102, 41103 and 41708.

16. Section 291.2 would be amended by adding the following definitions in alphabetical order to read as follows:

§ 291.2 Definitions.

* * * * *

Reporting carrier for Schedule T–100 purposes means the air carrier in operational control of the aircraft, i.e., the carrier that uses its flight crews under its own FAA operating authority.

* * * * *

Wet-Lease Agreement means an agreement under which one carrier leases an aircraft with flight crew to another air carrier.

17. Section 291.42 would be amended by revising the section heading and paragraph (a) to read as follows:

§ 291.42 Section 41103 financial and traffic reporting.

(a) General instructions. Carriers operating under section 41103 certificates that are not subject to part 241 of this chapter shall file Form 291–A, Statement of Operations for Section 41103 operations, Schedule T–100, U.S. Air Carrier Traffic and Capacity Data by Nonstop Segment and On-Flight Market, and Schedule P–12(a), Fuel Consumption by Type of Service and Entity with the Department's Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS).

(1) A single copy of the BTS Form 291–A report shall be filed annually with the Office of Airline Information (OAI) for the year ended December 31, to be received on or before February 10. A single copy of the monthly BTS Schedule P–12(a) is due at OAI within 20 days after the end of each month. An electronic filing of the monthly Schedule T–100 is due at OAI within 30 days after the end of each month. Due dates falling on a Saturday, Sunday or national holiday will become effective on the first following working day.

(2) Reports required by this section shall be filed at the Office Airline Information, K–25, Room 4125, U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Washington, DC 20590–0001.

* * * * *

18. A new § 291.43 would be added to subpart E to read as follows:

§ 291.43 Statement of Operations for Section 41103 Operations.

Form 291–A contains the following data elements:

(a) Total operating revenue, categorized as follows:

(1) Transport revenues from the carriage of property in scheduled and nonscheduled service;

(2) Transport revenue from the carriage of mail in scheduled and nonscheduled service; and

(3) Transport-related revenues;

(b) Total operating expenses;

(c) Operating profit or loss, computed by subtracting the total operating expenses from the total operating revenues; and

(d) Net income, computed by subtracting the total operating and nonoperating expenses, including interest expenses and income taxes, from the total operating and nonoperating revenues.

19. A new § 291.44 would be added to subpart E to read as follows:

§ 291.44 BTS Schedule P–12(a), Fuel Consumption by Type of Service and Entity.

(a) For the purposes of Schedule P–12(a), type of service shall be either scheduled service or nonscheduled service as those terms are defined in § 291.45(c)(2) and (3).

(b) For the purpose of Schedule P–12(a), scheduled service shall be reported separately for:

(1) Intra-Alaskan operations;

(2) Domestic operations, which shall include all operations within and between the 50 States of the United States (except Intra-Alaska), the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the United States Virgin Islands, or a U.S. territory or possession to a place in any State of the United States.

(c) For the purpose of Schedule P–12(a), nonscheduled service shall be reported separately for domestic operations and international operations as defined in paragraph (b) of this section, except that domestic and international Military Air Command (MAC) operations shall be reported on separate lines.

(d) The cost data reported on each line shall represent the average cost of fuel, as determined at the station level, consumed in that entity.

(e) The cost of fuel shall include shrinkage but exclude:

(i) ''Throughput'' and ''in to plane'' fees, i.e., service charges or gallonage levies assessed by or against the fuel vendor or concessionaire and passed on to the carrier in a separately identifiable form; and

(ii) Nonrefundable Federal and State excise taxes. However, ''through-put'' and ''in to plane'' charges that cannot be identified or segregated from the cost of fuel shall remain a part of the cost of fuel as reported on this schedule.

(f) Each air carrier shall maintain records for each station showing the computation of fuel inventories and consumption for each fuel type. The periodic average cost method shall be used in computing fuel inventories and consumption. Under this method, an average unit cost for each fuel type shall be computed by dividing the total cost of fuel available (Beginning Inventory plus Purchases) by the total gallons available. The resulting unit cost shall then be used to determine the ending inventory and the total consumption costs to be reported on this schedule.

(g) Where amounts reported for a specific entity include other than Jet A fuel, a footnote shall be added indicating the number of gallons and applicable costs of such other fuel included in amounts reported for that entity.

(h) Where any adjustment(s) recorded on the books of the carrier results in a material distortion of the current month's schedule, carriers shall file a revised Schedule P–12(a) for the month(s) affected.

20. A new § 291.45 would be added to subpart E to read as follows:

§ 291.45 BTS Schedule T–100, U.S. Air Carrier Traffic and Capacity Data by Nonstop Segment and On-Flight Market.

(a) Each section 41103 all-cargo air carrier shall file Schedule T–100, U.S. Air Carrier Traffic and Capacity Data by Nonstop Segment and On-Flight Market.

(b) Schedule T–100 shall be filed monthly.

(1) Schedule T–100 collects summarized flight stage data and on-flight market data for revenue flights. All traffic statistics shall be compiled in terms of each flight stage as actually performed. The detail T–100 data shall be maintained in such a manner as to permit monthly summarization and organization into two basic groupings. First, the nonstop segment information which is to be summarized by equipment type, within class of service, within pair-of-points, without regard to individual flight number. The second grouping requires that the enplanement/deplanement information be broken out into separate units called on-flight market records, which shall be summarized by class of service, within pair-of-points, without regard for equipment type or flight number.

(2) Joint-service operations. The Department may authorize joint-service operations between two direct air carriers. Examples of these joint-service operations are: blocked-space agreements; part-charter agreements; code-sharing agreements; wet-lease agreements; and similar arrangements.

(i) Joint-service operations are reported by the carrier in operational control of the flight, i.e., the carrier that uses its flight crews under its own FAA

operating authority. The traffic moving under these agreements is reported on Schedule T–100 the same way as any other traffic on the aircraft.

(ii) If there are questions about reporting a joint-service operation, contact the BTS Assistant Director—Airline Information (fax no. 202 366–3383, telephone no. 202 366–4373). Joint-service operations are reported in Schedule T–100 within the following guidelines:

(iii) Operational control. The air carrier in operational control of the aircraft (the carrier that uses its flight crews under its own FAA operating authority) must report joint services.

(c) Service classes. (1) The statistical classifications are designed to reflect the operating characteristics attributable to each distinctive type of service offered. The combination of scheduled and nonscheduled operations with passenger, all-cargo, and military services are placed into service classes as follows:

Code	Type of service
F	Scheduled Passenger/Cargo.
G	Scheduled All-Cargo.
L	Nonscheduled Civilian Passenger/Cargo.
N	Nonscheduled Military Passenger/Cargo.
P	Nonscheduled Civilian Cargo.
R	Nonscheduled Military Cargo.

(2) Scheduled services include traffic and capacity elements applicable to air transportation provided pursuant to published schedules and extra sections of scheduled flights. Scheduled Passenger/Cargo (Service Class F) is a composite of first class, coach, and mixed passenger/cargo service.

(3) Nonscheduled services include all traffic and capacity elements applicable to the performance of nonscheduled aircraft charters, and other air transportation services not constituting an integral part of services performed pursuant to published flight schedules.

(d) Air transport traffic and capacity elements.

(1) Within each of the service classifications, carriers shall report air transport traffic and capacity elements. The reported elements with a BTS numeric code are in the following chart. The elements are reported on segment or market records as follows:

Code	Description	Segment	Market
	Carrier, carrier entity code	S	M
	Reporting period date	S	M
	Origin airport code	S	M
	Destination airport code	S	M
	Service class code	S	M
	Aircraft type code	S	
110	Revenue passengers enplaned		M
130	Revenue passengers transported	S	
140	Revenue passenger-miles		Computed by BTS
210	Revenue cargo tons enplaned		Computed by BTS
217	Enplaned freight		M
219	Enplaned mail		M
230	Revenue tons transported		Computed by BTS
237	Transported freight	S	
239	Transported mail	S	
240	Revenue ton-miles		Computed by BTS
241	Revenue ton-miles passenger		Computed by BTS
247	Revenue ton-miles freight		Computed by BTS
249	Revenue ton-miles mail		Computed by BTS
270	Available capacity payload	S	
280	Available ton-miles		Computed by BTS
310	Available seats, total	S	
320	Available seat-miles		Computed by BTS
410	Revenue aircraft miles flown		Computed by BTS
430	Revenue aircraft miles scheduled		Computed by BTS
501	Inter-airport distance		Computed by BTS
510	Revenue aircraft departures performed	S	
520	Revenue aircraft departures scheduled	S	
610	Revenue aircraft hours (airborne)	S	
630	Aircraft hours (ramp-to-ramp)	S	
650	Total aircraft hours (airborne)	S	

(2) [Reserved]

(e) The reported elements are further described as follows:

(1) Reporting period date. The year and month to which the reported data are applicable.

(2) Carrier, Carrier entity code. Each air carrier shall report its name and entity code (a five digit code assigned by

BTS that identifies both the carrier and its entity) for its particular operations. The Office of Airline Information (OAI) will assign or confirm codes upon request; OAI's address is OAI, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, DOT Room 4125, K–25, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Washington, DC 20590–0001.

(3) Service class code. The service class codes are prescribed in § 298.61(c) of this chapter. In general, classes are divided into two broad categories, either scheduled or nonscheduled, where scheduled = F + G and nonscheduled = L + N + P + R.

(4) Record type code. This code indicates whether the data pertain to non-stop segment (record type S) or on-flight market (record type M).

(5) Aircraft type code. This code represents the aircraft types, as described in the BTS' Accounting and Reporting Directives.

(6) Origin, Destination airport code(s). These codes represent the industry designators. An industry source of these industry designator codes is the Official Airline Guide (OAG). OAI assigns codes, upon request, if not listed in the OAG.

(7) 110 Revenue passengers enplaned. The total number of revenue passengers enplaned at the origin point of a flight, boarding the flight for the first time; an unduplicated count of passengers in a market. Under the T–100 system of reporting, these enplaned passengers are the sum of the passengers in the individual on-flight markets. In the domestic entity, report only the total revenue passengers enplaned in item 110. Nonscheduled revenue passengers enplaned are reported in item 110.

(8) 130 Revenue passengers transported. The total number of revenue passengers transported over a single flight stage, including those already on the aircraft from a previous flight stage. In the domestic entity, report only the total revenue passengers transported in item 130. Nonscheduled revenue passengers transported are reported in item 130.

(9) 140 Revenue passenger-miles. Computed by multiplying the inter-airport distance of each flight stage by the number of passengers transported on that flight stage.

(10) 210 Revenue cargo tons enplaned. The total number of cargo tons enplaned. This data element is a sum of the individual on-flight market figures for each of the following categories: 217 Freight and 219 Mail. This element represents an unduplicated count of the revenue traffic in a market.

(11) 230 Revenue tons transported. The number of tons of revenue traffic transported. This element is the sum of the following elements: 231 Passengers transported-total, 237 Freight, and 239 Mail.

(12) 240 Revenue ton-miles—total. Ton-miles are computed by multiplying the revenue aircraft miles flown (410) on each flight stage by the number of tons transported on that stage. This element is the sum of 241 through 249.

(13) 241 Revenue ton-miles—passenger. Equals the number of passengers times 200, times inter-airport distance, divided by 2000. A standard weight of 200 pounds per passenger, including baggage, is used for all operations and service classes.

(14) 247 Revenue ton-miles—freight. Equals the volume of freight in whole tons times the inter-airport distance.

(15) 249 Revenue ton-miles—mail. Equals the volume of mail in whole tons times the inter-airport distance.

(16) 270 Available capacity-payload. The available capacity is collected in pounds. This figure shall reflect the payload or total available capacity for passengers, mail and freight applicable to the aircraft with which each flight stage is performed.

(17) 280 Available ton-miles. The aircraft miles flown on each flight stage multiplied by the available capacity on the aircraft in tons.

(18) 310 Available seats. The number of seats available for sale. This figure reflects the actual number of seats available, excluding those blocked for safety or operational reasons. In the domestic entity, report the total available seats in item 130. Nonscheduled available seats are reported in item 130.

(19) 320 Available seat-miles. The aircraft miles flown on each flight stage multiplied by the seat capacity available for sale.

(20) 410 Revenue aircraft miles flown. Revenue aircraft miles flown are computed based on the airport pairs between which service is actually performed; miles are generated from the data for scheduled aircraft departures (Code 520) times the inter-airport distances (Code 501).

(21) 430 Revenue aircraft miles scheduled. The number of revenue aircraft miles scheduled. All such data shall be maintained in conformity with the airport pairs between which service is scheduled, whether or not in accordance with actual performance.

(22) 501 Inter-airport distance. The great circle distance, in official statute miles as prescribed in part 247 of this chapter, between airports served by each flight stage. Official inter-airport mileage may be obtained from the Office of Airline Information.

(23) 510 Revenue aircraft departures performed. The number of revenue aircraft departures performed.

(24) 520 Revenue aircraft departures scheduled. The number of revenue aircraft departures scheduled, whether or not actually performed.

(25) 610 Revenue aircraft hours (airborne). The elapsed time, computed from the moment the aircraft leaves the ground until its next landing.

(26) 630 Aircraft hours (ramp-to-ramp). The elapsed time, computed from the moment the aircraft first moves under its own power from the boarding ramp at one airport to the time it comes to rest at the ramp for the next point of landing. This data element is also referred to as ''block'' and ''block-to-block'' aircraft hours.

(27) 650 Total aircraft hours (airborne). The elapsed time, computed from the moment the aircraft leaves the ground until it touches down at the next landing. This includes flight training, testing, and ferry flights.

(f) Public availability of Schedule T–100 data. Detailed domestic on-flight market and nonstop segment data in Schedule T–100 shall be publicly available after processing. Domestic data are defined as data from air transportation operations from a place in any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands, or a U.S. territory or possession to a place in any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands, or a U.S. territory or possession.

21. A new appendix to § 291.45 would be added to read as follows:

APPENDIX to § 291.45—Instructions to U.S. Air Carriers for Reporting Traffic and Capacity Data on Schedule T–100

(a) Format of reports:

(1) Automatic Data Processing (ADP) magnetic tape. Refer to paragraph (d) of this appendix for instructions pertaining to mainframe and minicomputer reporting. The Department will issue ''Accounting and Reporting Directives'' to make necessary technical changes to these T–100 instructions, where no policy issues are involved that would require a new rulemaking, or where only a few air carriers are affected.

(2) Microcomputer diskette.

(i) Optional specification. If an air carrier desires to use its personal computers (PC's), rather than mainframe or minicomputers to prepare its data submissions, the following specifications for filing data on diskette media apply.

(ii) Reporting medium. Microcomputer ADP data submission of T–100 information must be on IBM compatible disks. Carriers wishing to use a different ADP procedure

must obtain written approval to do so from the BTS Assistant Director—Airline Information. Requests for approval to use alternate methods must disclose the proposed data transmission methodology. Refer to paragraph (i) of this appendix for microcomputer record layouts.

(iii) Microcomputer file characteristics. The files will be created in ASCII delimited format, sometimes called Data Interchange Format (DIF). This form of recording data provides for variable length fields (data elements) which, in the case of alphabetic data, are enclosed by quotation marks (‘‘’’) and separated by a comma (,) and numeric data elements that are recorded without editing symbols are also separated by a comma (,). The data are identified by their juxtaposition within a given record. Therefore, each record must contain the exact number of data elements, all of which must be juxtapositionally correct. Personal computer software including most spreadsheets, data base management programs, and BASIC are capable of producing files in this format.

(b) Filing date for reports. The reports must be received at BTS within 30 days following the end of each reporting period.

(c) Address for filing: Data Administration Division, K–25, Room 4125, Office of Airline Information, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street SW., Washington, DC 20590–0001.

(d) ADP format for magnetic tape: Magnetic tape specifications. IBM compatible 9-track EBCDIC recording. Recording density of 6250 or 1600 bpi. The order of recorded information is:

(1) Volume label.
(2) Header label.
(3) Data records.
(4) Trailer label.

(e) External tape label information.
(1) Carrier name.
(2) Report date.
(3) File identification.
(4) Carrier address for return of tape reel.

(f) Standards. It is the policy of the Department to be consistent with the American National Standards Institute and the Federal Standards activity in all data processing and telecommunications matters. It is our intention that all specifications in this application are in compliance with standards promulgated by these organizations.

(g) Volume, header, and trailer label formats: Use standard IBM label formats. The file identifier field of the header labels should be ‘‘T–100.SYSTEM’’.

(h) Magnetic tape record layouts for T–100.

(1) Nonstop segment record layout:

Field No.	Positions	Mode	Description
1	1	1A	Record type code (S = nonstop segment).
2	2–6	5A/N	Carrier entity code.
3	7–12	6N	Report date (YYYYMM).
4	13–15	3A	Origin airport code.
5	16–18	3A	Destination airport code.
6	19	1A	Service class code (F, G, L, N, P or R).
7	20–23	4N	Aircraft type code.
8	24–28	5N	Revenue departures performed (F, G, L, N, P, R510).
9	29–38	10N	Available capacity payload (lbs) (F, G, L, N, P, R270).
10	39–45	7N	Available seats (F, L, N310).
11	46–52	7N	Passengers transported (F, L, N130).
12	53–62	10N	Rev freight transported (F, G, L, N, P, R237) (in lbs).
13	63–72	10N	Revenue mail transported (F, G, L, N, P, R239) (in lbs).
14	73–77	5N	Revenue aircraft departures scheduled (F, G520).
15	78–87	10N	Rev hrs, ramp-to-ramp (F, G, L, N, P, R630) (in minutes).
16	88–97	10N	Rev hrs, airborne (F, G, L, N, P, R610) (in minutes).

(2) On-flight market record layout:

Field No.	Positions	Mode	Description
1	1	1A	Record type: M = on-flight market record.
2	2–6	5A/N	Carrier entity code.
3	7–12	4N	Report date (YYYYMM).
4	13–15	3A	Origin airport code.
5	16–18	3A	estination airport code.
6	19	1A	Service class code (F, G, L, N, P or R).
7	20–26	7N	Total passengers in market (F, L, N110).
8	37–36	10N	Revenue freight in market (F, G, L, N, P, R217) (in lbs).
9	37–46	10N	Revenue mail in market (F, G, L, N, P, R219) (in lbs).

(i) Record layouts for microcomputer diskettes. The record layouts for diskette are generally identical to those shown for magnetic tape, with the exception that delimiters (quotation marks and commas) are used to separate fields. It is necessary that the order of fields be maintained in all records.

(1) File characteristics. The files will be created in ASCII delimited format, sometimes called Data Interchange Format (DIF). This form of recording data provides for variable length fields (data elements) which, in the case of alphabetic data, are enclosed by quotation marks (‘‘’’) and separated by a comma (,) and numeric data elements that are recorded without editing symbols are also separated by a comma (,). The data are identified by their juxtaposition within a given record. Therefore, it is critical that each record contain the exact number of data elements, all of which must be juxtapositionally correct. PC software including most spreadsheets, data base management programs, and BASIC produce minidisk files in this format.

(2) File naming conventions for diskettes. For microcomputer reports, each record type should be contained in a separate DOS file on the same physical diskette. The following DOS naming conventions should be followed:

Record type S = SEGMENT.DAT
Record type M = MARKET.DAT

PART 298—[AMENDED]

22. The authority citation for Part 298 would be revised to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 329 and chapters 41101 and 41708.

23. Section 298.2 would be amended by removing paragraph (m), by removing the alphabetic paragraph designations and placing the definitions in alphabetic order, and by adding the following new definitions in alphabetical order to read as follows:

§ 298.2 Definitions.

* * * * *

Reporting carrier for Schedule T–100 purposes means the air carrier in operational control of the flight, i.e., the carrier that uses its flight crews under its own FAA operating authority.

* * * * *

Wet-Lease Agreement means an agreement under which one carrier leases an aircraft with flight crew to another air carrier.

24. Section 298.60 would be amended by revising paragraphs (a) and (b) to read as follows:

§ 298.60 General reporting instructions.

(a) Each commuter air carrier and each small certificated air carrier shall file with the Department's Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS) the applicable schedules of BTS Form 298-C, Report of Financial and Operating Statistics for Small Aircraft Operators and Schedule T–100, U.S. Air Carrier Traffic and Capacity Data by Nonstop Segment and On-Flight Market as required by this section.

(b) A single copy of the BTS Form 298-C report shall be filed quarterly with the Office of Airline Information (OAI) for the periods ended March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31 of each year to be received on or before May 10, August 10, November 10, and February 10, respectively. An electronic filing of the monthly Schedule T–100 is due at OAI within 30 days after the end of each month. Due dates falling on a Saturday, Sunday or national holiday will become effective on the first following working day.

* * * * *

25. Section 298.61 would be revised to read as follows:

§ 298.61 Reporting of traffic statistics.

(a) Each commuter air carrier and small certificated air carrier shall file Schedule T–100, U.S. Air Carrier Traffic and Capacity Data by Nonstop Segment and On-Flight Market.

(b) Schedule T–100 shall be filed monthly as set forth in § 298.60.

(1) Schedule T–100 collects summarized flight stage data and on-flight market data from revenue flights. All traffic statistics shall be compiled in terms of each flight stage as actually performed. The detail T–100 data shall be maintained in such a manner as to permit monthly summarization and organization into two basic groupings. The first grouping, the nonstop segment information, is to be summarized by equipment type, within class of service, within pair-of-points, without regard to individual flight number. The second grouping requires that the enplanement/deplanement information be broken out into separate units called on-flight market records, which shall be summarized by class of service, within pair-of-points, without regard for equipment type or flight number.

(2) *Joint-service operations.* The Department may authorize joint service operations between two direct air carriers. Examples of these joint-service operations are: blocked-space agreements; part-charter agreements; code-sharing agreements; wet-lease agreements, and similar arrangements.

(i) Joint-service operations are reported by the carrier in operational control of the flight, i.e., the carrier that uses its flight crews under its own FAA operating authority. The traffic moving under these agreements is reported on Schedule T–100 the same way as any other traffic on the aircraft.

(ii) If there are questions about reporting a joint-service operation, contact the BTS Assistant Director—Airline Information (fax no. 202 366–3383, telephone no. 202 366–4373). Joint-service operations are reported in Schedule T–100 within the following guidelines:

(iii) *Operational control.* The air carrier in operational control of the aircraft (the carrier that uses its flight crews under its own FAA operating authority) must report joint-service operations.

(c) *Service classes.* (1) The statistical classifications are designed to reflect the operating characteristics attributable to each distinctive type of service offered. The combination of scheduled and nonscheduled operations with passenger, all-cargo and military services are placed into service classes as follows:

Code	Type of service
F	Scheduled Passenger/Cargo
G	Scheduled All-Cargo
L	Nonscheduled Civilian Passenger/Cargo
N	Nonscheduled Military Passenger/Cargo
P	Nonscheduled Civilian Cargo
R	Nonscheduled Military Cargo

(2) Scheduled services include traffic and capacity elements applicable to air transportation provided pursuant to published schedules and extra sections of scheduled flights. Scheduled Passenger/Cargo (Service Class F) is a composite of first class, coach, and mixed passenger/cargo service.

(3) Nonscheduled services include all traffic and capacity elements applicable to the performance of nonscheduled aircraft charters, and other air transportation services not constituting an integral part of services performed pursuant to published flight schedules.

(d) *Air transport traffic and capacity elements.* (1) Within each of the service classifications, carriers shall report air transport traffic and capacity elements. The reported elements with a BTS numeric code are in the following chart. The elements are reported on segment or market records as follows:

Code	Description	Segment	Market
	Carrier, carrier entity code	S	M
	Reporting period date	S	M
	Origin airport code	S	M
	Destination airport code	S	M
	Service class code	S	M
	Aircraft type code	S	
110	Revenue passengers enplaned		M
130	Revenue passengers transported	S	
140	Revenue passenger-miles		Computed by BTS
210	Revenue cargo tons enplaned		Computed by BTS
217	Enplaned freight		M
219	Enplaned mail		M
230	Revenue tons transported		Computed by BTS
237	Transported freight	S	
239	Transported mail	S	

Code	Description	Segment	Market
240	Revenue ton-miles		Computed by BTS
241	Revenue ton-miles passenger		Computed by BTS
247	Revenue ton-miles freight		Computed by BTS
249	Revenue ton-miles mail		Computed by BTS
270	Available capacity payload	S	
280	Available ton-miles		Computed by BTS
310	Available seats, total	S	
320	Available seat-miles		Computed by BTS
410	Revenue aircraft miles flown		Computed by BTS
430	Revenue aircraft miles scheduled		Computed by BTS
501	Inter-airport distance		Computed by BTS
510	Revenue aircraft departures performed	S	
520	Revenue aircraft departures scheduled	S	
610	Revenue aircraft hours (airborne)	S	
630	Aircraft hours (ramp-to-ramp)	S	
650	Total aircraft hours (airborne)	S	

(2) [Reserved]

(e) The reported elements are further described as follows:

(1) Reporting period date. The year and month to which the reported data are applicable.

(2) Carrier, Carrier entity code. Each air carrier shall report its name and entity code (a five digit code assigned by BTS that identifies both the carrier and its entity) for its particular operations. The Office of Airline Information (OAI) will assign or confirm codes upon request; OAI's address is Office of Airline Information, BTS, DOT Room 4125, K–25, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Washington, DC 20590–0001.

(3) Service class code. The service class codes are prescribed in section 298.61(c). In general, classes are divided into two broad categories, either scheduled or nonscheduled, where scheduled = F + G and nonscheduled = L + N + P + R.

(4) Record type code. This code indicates whether the data pertain to non-stop segment (record type S) or on-flight market (record type M).

(5) Aircraft type code. This code represents the aircraft types, as described in the BTS' Accounting and Reporting Directives.

(6) Origin, Destination airport code(s). These codes represent the industry designators. An industry source of these industry designator codes is the Official Airline Guide (OAG). OAI assigns codes upon request if not listed in the OAG.

(7) 110 Revenue passengers enplaned. The total number of revenue passengers enplaned at the origin point of a flight, boarding the flight for the first time; an unduplicated count of passengers in a market. Under the T–100 system of reporting, these enplaned passengers are the sum of the passengers in the individual on-flight markets. In the domestic entity, report only the total revenue passengers enplaned in item 110. Nonscheduled revenue passengers enplaned are reported in item 110.

(8) 130 Revenue passengers transported. The total number of revenue passengers transported over a single flight stage, including those already on the aircraft from a previous flight stage. In the domestic entity, report only the total revenue passengers transported in item 130. Non-scheduled revenue passengers transported are reported in item 130.

(9) 140 Revenue passenger-miles. Computed by multiplying the inter-airport distance of each flight stage by the number of passengers transported on that flight stage.

(10) 210 Revenue cargo tons enplaned. The total number of cargo tons enplaned. This data element is a sum of the individual on-flight market figures for each of the following categories: 217 Freight and 219 Mail. This element represents an unduplicated count of the revenue traffic in a market.

(11) 230 Revenue tons transported. The number of tons of revenue traffic transported. This element is the sum of the following elements: 231 Passengers transported—total, 237 Freight, and 239 Mail.

(12) 240 Revenue ton-miles—total. Ton-miles are computed by multiplying the revenue aircraft miles flown (410) on each flight stage by the number of tons transported on that stage. This element is the sum of 241 through 249.

(13) 241 Revenue ton-miles—passenger. Equals the number of passengers times 200, times inter-airport distance, divided by 2000. A standard weight of 200 pounds per passenger, including baggage, is used for all operations and service classes.

(14) 247 Revenue ton-miles—freight. Equals the volume of freight in whole tons times the inter-airport distance.

(15) 249 Revenue ton-miles—mail. Equals the volume of mail in whole tons times the inter-airport distance.

(16) 270 Available capacity-payload. The available capacity is collected in pounds. This figure shall reflect the payload or total available capacity for passengers, mail, and freight applicable to the aircraft with which each flight stage is performed.

(17) 280 Available ton-miles. The aircraft miles flown on each flight stage multiplied by the available capacity on the aircraft in tons.

(18) 310 Available seats. The number of seats available for sale. This figure reflects the actual number of seats available, excluding those blocked for safety or operational reasons. In the domestic entity, report the total available seats in item 130. Nonscheduled available seats are reported in item 130.

(19) 320 Available seat-miles. The aircraft miles flown on each flight stage multiplied by the seat capacity available for sale.

(20) 410 Revenue aircraft miles flown. Revenue aircraft miles flown are

computed based on the airport pairs between which service is actually performed; miles are generated from the data for scheduled aircraft departures (Code 520) times the inter-airport distances (Code 501).

(21) 430 Revenue aircraft miles scheduled. The number of revenue aircraft miles scheduled. All such data shall be maintained in conformity with the airport pairs between which service is scheduled, whether or not in accordance with actual performance.

(22) 501 Inter-airport distance. The great circle distance, in official statute miles as prescribed in part 247 of this chapter, between airports served by each flight stage. Official inter-airport mileage may be obtained from the Office of Airline Information.

(23) 510 Revenue aircraft departures performed. The number of revenue aircraft departures performed.

(24) 520 Revenue aircraft departures scheduled. The number of revenue aircraft departures scheduled, whether or not actually performed.

(25) 610 Revenue aircraft hours (airborne). The elapsed time, computed from the moment the aircraft leaves the ground until its next landing.

(26) 630 Aircraft hours (ramp-to-ramp). The elapsed time, computed from the moment the aircraft first moves under its own power from the boarding ramp at one airport to the time it comes to rest at the ramp for the next point of landing. This data element is also referred to as ''block'' and ''block-to-block'' aircraft hours.

(27) 650 Total aircraft hours (airborne). The elapsed time, computed from the moment the aircraft leaves the ground until it touches down at the next landing. This includes flight training, testing, and ferry flights.

(f) Public availability of Schedule T–100 data. Detailed domestic on-flight market and nonstop segment data in Schedule T–100 shall be publicly available after processing. Domestic data are defined as data from air transportation operations from a place in any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands, or a U.S. territory or possession to a place in any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands, or a U.S. territory or possession.

Appendix to § 298.61—Instructions to U.S. Air Carriers for Reporting Traffic and Capacity Data on Schedule T–100

(a) Format of reports:

(1) Automatic Data Processing (ADP) magnetic tape. Refer to paragraph (f) of this appendix for instructions pertaining to mainframe and minicomputer reporting. The Department will issue ''Accounting and Reporting Directives'' to make necessary technical changes to these T–100 instructions, where no policy issues are involved that would require a new rulemaking, or where only a few air carriers are affected.

(2) Microcomputer diskette.

(i) Optional specification. If an air carrier desires to use its personal computers (PC's), rather than mainframe or minicomputers to prepare its data submissions, the following specifications for filing data on diskette media apply.

(ii) Reporting medium. Microcomputer ADP data submission of T–100 information must be on IBM compatible disks. Carriers wishing to use a different ADP procedure must obtain written approval to do so from the BTS Assistant Director—Airline Information. Requests for approval to use alternate methods must disclose the proposed data transmission methodology. Refer to paragraph (k) of this appendix for microcomputer record layouts.

(iii) Microcomputer file characteristics. The files will be created in ASCII delimited format, sometimes called Data Interchange Format (DIF). This form of recording data provides for variable length fields (data elements) which, in the case of alphabetic data, are enclosed by quotation marks ('') and separated by a comma (,) and numeric data elements that are recorded without editing symbols are also separated by a comma (,). The data are identified by their juxtaposition within a given record. Therefore, each record must contain the exact number of data elements, all of which must be juxtapositionally correct. Personal computer software including most spreadsheets, data base management programs, and BASIC are capable of producing files in this format.

(b) [Reserved]

(c) [Reserved]

(d) Filing date for reports. The reports must be received at BTS within 30 days following the end of each reporting period.

(e) Address for filing: Data Administration Division, K–25, Room 4125, Office of Airline Information, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street S.W., Washington, DC 20590–0001.

(f) ADP format for magnetic tape: Magnetic tape specifications. IBM compatible 9-track EBCDIC recording. Recording density of 6250 or 1600 bpi. The order of recorded information is:

(1) Volume label.

(2) Header label.

(3) Data records.

(4) Trailer label.

(g) External tape label information.

(1) Carrier name.

(2) Report date.

(3) File identification.

(4) Carrier address for return of tape reel.

(h) Standards. It is the policy of the Department to be consistent with the American National Standards Institute and the Federal Standards activity in all data processing and telecommunications matters. It is our intention that all specifications in this application are in compliance with standards promulgated by these organizations.

(i) Volume, header, and trailer label formats: Use standard IBM label formats. The file identifier field of the header labels should be ''T–100.SYSTEM''

(j) Magnetic tape record layouts for T–100.

(1) Nonstop segment record layout:

Field No.	Positions	Mode	Description
1	1	1A	Record type code (S = nonstop segment).
2	2–6	5A/N	Carrier entity code.
3	7–12	6N	Report date (YYYYMM).
4	13–15	3A	Origin airport code.
5	16–18	3A	Destination airport code.
6	19	1A	Service class code (F, G, L, N, P or R).
7	20–23	4N	Aircraft type code.
8	24–28	5N	Revenue departures performed (F, G, L, N, P, R510).
9	29–38	10N	Available capacity payload (lbs) (F, G, L, N, P, R270).
10	39–45	7N	Available seats (F, L, N310).
11	46–52	7N	Passengers transported (F, L, N130).
12	53–62	10N	Rev freight transported (F, G, L, N, P, R237) (in lbs).
13	63–72	10N	Revenue mail transported (F, G, L, N, P, R239) (in lbs).
14	73–77	5N	Revenue aircraft departures scheduled (F, G520).
15	78–87	10N	Rev hrs, ramp-to-ramp (F, G, L, N, P, R630) (in minutes).
16	88–97	10N	Rev hrs, airborne (F, G, L, N, P, R610) (in minutes).

(2) On-flight market record layout:

Field No.	Positions	Mode	Description
1	1	1A	Record type: M = on-flight market record.
2	2–6	5A/N	Carrier entity code.
3	7–12	4N	Report date (YYYYMM).
4	13–15	3A	Origin airport code.
5	16–18	3A	Destination airport code.
6	19	1A	Service class code (F, G, L, N, P or R).
7	20–26	7N	Total passengers in market (F, L, N110).
8	27–36	10N	Rev freight in market (F, G, L, N, P, R217) (in lbs).
9	37–46	10N	Revenue mail in market (F, G, L, N, P, R219) (in lbs).

(k) Record layouts for microcomputer diskettes. The record layouts for diskette are generally identical to those shown for magnetic tape, with the exception that delimiters (quotation marks and commas) are used to separate fields. It is necessary that the order of fields be maintained in all records.

(1) File characteristics. The files will be created in ASCII delimited format, sometimes called Data Interchange Format (DIF). This form of recording data provides for variable length fields (data elements) which, in the case of alphabetic data, are enclosed by quotation marks (‘‘) and separated by a comma (,) and numeric data elements that are recorded without editing symbols are also separated by a comma (,). The data are identified by their juxtaposition within a given record. Therefore, it is critical that each record contain the exact number of data elements, all of which must be juxtapositionally correct. PC software including most spreadsheets, data base management programs, and BASIC produce minidisks files in this format.

(2) File naming conventions for diskettes. For microcomputer reports, each record type should be contained in a separate DOS file on the same physical diskette. The following DOS naming conventions should be followed:

Record type S = SEGMENT.DAT
Record type M = MARKET.DAT

§ 298.64 [Removed]

26. Section 298.64 would be removed.

Issued in Washington, DC, on August 6, 2001.

Ashish Sen,

Director, Bureau of Transportation Statistics.

[FR Doc. 01–21457 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–62–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Bureau of Economic Analysis

15 CFR Part 801

[Docket No. 010724189–1189–01]

RIN 0691–AA41

International Services Surveys: BE–20, Benchmark Survey of Selected Services Transactions With Unaffiliated Foreign Persons

AGENCY: Bureau of Economic Analysis, Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: This document sets forth proposed rules to amend the reporting requirements for the BE–20, Benchmark Survey of Selected Services Transactions with Unaffiliated Foreign Persons.

The BE–20 survey is conducted by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA), U.S. Department of Commerce, under the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act. The data are needed to support U.S. trade policy initiatives; compile the U.S. international transactions, national income and product, and input-output accounts; assess U.S. competitiveness in international trade in services; and improve the ability of U.S. businesses to identify and evaluate market opportunities.

BEA proposes to raise the exemption level for the BE–20 survey to $1 million in covered sales or purchases transactions from $500,000 on the previous (1996) survey. Raising the exemption level will reduce respondent burden, particularly for small companies.

The proposed rule also: creates new categories for other trade-related services, auxiliary insurance services, and waste treatment and depollution services; adds coverage of transcription services to ‘‘other’’ private services; and amends several other service categories. These proposed changes will close some statistical gaps in the coverage of cross-border services transactions and bring the survey into better compliance with international standards for compilation of statistics on trade in services.

DATES: Comments on these proposed rules will receive consideration if submitted in writing on or before October 29, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Mail comments to the Office of the Chief, International Investment Division (BE–50), Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington DC 20230, or hand deliver them to room M–100, 1441 L Street, NW., Washington, DC 20005. Comments will be available for public inspection in room 7005, 1441 L Street, NW., between 8:30 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: R. David Belli, Chief, International Investment Division (BE–50), Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230; phone (202) 606–9800.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: These proposed rules amend 15 CFR part 801 by revising Section 801.10 to set forth revised reporting requirements for the BE–20, Benchmark Survey of Selected Services Transactions with Unaffiliated Foreign Persons. The survey is conducted by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA), U.S. Department of Commerce, under the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act (P.L. 94–472, 90 Stat. 2059, 22 U.S.C. 3101–3108, as amended). Section 3103(a) of the Act provides that ‘‘The President shall, to the extent he deems necessary and feasible—* * *(1) conduct a regular data collection program to secure current information * * * related to international investment and trade in services * * *’’. In Section 3 of Executive Order 11961, as amended by Executive Order 12518, the President delegated the authority under the Act as concerns international trade in services to the Secretary of Commerce, who has redelegated it to BEA.

The BE–20 is a benchmark survey of selected services transactions with

unaffiliated foreign persons. The data are needed to support U.S. trade policy initiatives; compile the U.S. international transactions, national income and product, and input-output accounts; assess U.S. competitiveness in international trade in services; and improve the ability of U.S. businesses to identify and evaluate market opportunities.

Under the proposed rule, reporting in the BE–20 benchmark survey would be required from all U.S. persons whose covered services transactions (either sales or purchases) were in excess $1 million with unaffiliated foreign persons during the reporting year. The proposed exemption level is an increase from the current level of $500,000. The increase is intended to reduce respondent burden, particularly for small companies, but will not make the published results any less comprehensive. Respondents that fall below the proposed $1 million dollar exemption level account for a small share of transactions and will, nonetheless, be required to indicate their total receipts and payments for all services covered by the survey combined in claiming exemption, and to list the primary service provided. BEA will allocate these small amounts by country and by type of service, based on the distribution of reported transactions, for inclusion in the published totals. Thus, the estimates will cover the universe of transactions.

Executive Order 12866

These proposed rules have been determined to be not significant for purposes of E.O. 12866.

Executive Order 13132

These proposed rules do not contain policies with Federalism implications sufficient to warrant preparation of a Federalism assessment under E.O. 13132.

Paperwork Reduction Act

These proposed rules contain a collection of information requirement subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act. A request for review of the forms has been submitted to the Office of Management and Budget under section 3507 of the Paperwork Reduction Act.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person is required to respond to, nor shall a person be subject to a penalty for failure to comply with, a collection of information subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act unless that collection displays a currently valid OMB Control Number.

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to vary from less than four hours to 500 hours, with an overall average burden of 12 hours. This includes time for reviewing the instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

Comments are requested concerning: (a) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the burden estimate; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on the respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Comments should be addressed to: Director, Bureau of Economic Analysis (BE–1), U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230; and to the Office of Management and Budget, O.I.R.A., Paperwork Reduction Project 0608–0058, Washington, DC 20503 (Attention PRA Desk Officer for BEA).

Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Chief Counsel for Regulation, Department of Commerce, has certified to the Chief Counsel for Advocacy, Small Business Administration, under the provisions of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 605(b)), that this proposed rulemaking, if adopted, will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

While the survey does not collect data on total sales or other measures of the overall size of businesses that respond to the survey, historically the respondent universe has been comprised mainly of major U.S. corporations. With the proposed increase in the exemption level for the survey from $500,000 to $1 million in covered receipts or payments, even fewer small businesses can be expected to be subject to reporting than in the past. Of those smaller businesses that must report, most will tend to have specialized operations and activities and thus will be likely to report only one type of service transaction, often limited to transactions with a single partner country; therefore, the burden on them can be expected to be small.

List of Subjects in 15 CFR Part 801

Economic statistic, Balance of payments, Foreign trade, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: July 19, 2001.

J. Steven Landefeld,

Director, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, BEA proposes to amend 15 CFR part 801, as follows:

PART 801—SURVEY OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE IN SERVICES BETWEEN U.S. AND FOREIGN PERSONS

1. The authority citation for 15 CFR Part 801 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301, 15 U.S.C. 4908, 22 U.S.C. 3101–3108, and E.O. 11961 (3 CFR, 1977 Comp., p. 860 as amended by E.O. 12013 (3 CFR, 1977 Comp., p. 147), E.O. 12318 (3 CFR, 1981 Comp., p. 173), and E.O. 12518 (3 CFR, 1985 Comp., p. 348).

2. Section 801.10 is revised to read as follows:

§ 801.10 Rules and Regulations for the BE–20, Benchmark Survey of Selected Services Transactions With Unaffiliated Foreign Persons.

The BE–20, Benchmark Survey of Selected Services Transactions with Unaffiliated Foreign Persons, will be conducted covering companies' 2001 fiscal year and every fifth year thereafter. All legal authorities, provisions, definitions, and requirements contained in §§ 801.1 through 801.9(a) are applicable to this survey. Additional rules and regulations for the BE–20 survey are given in this section. More detailed instructions and descriptions of the individual types of services covered are given on the report from itself.

(a) The BE–20 survey consists of two parts and seven schedules. Part I requests information needed to determine whether a report is required and which schedules apply. Part II requests information about the reporting entity. Each of the seven schedules covers one or more types of services and is to be completed only if the U.S. Reporter has transactions of the type(s) covered by the particular schedule.

(b) Who must report. (1) Mandatory reporting. A BE–20 report is required from each person who had transactions (either sales or purchases) in excess of $1 million with unaffiliated foreign persons in any of the services listed in paragraph (c) of this section during its fiscal year covered by the survey.

(i) The determination of whether a U.S. person is subject to this mandatory reporting requirement may be judgmental, that is, based on the judgment of knowledgeable persons in a company who can identify reportable

transactions on a recall basis, with a reasonable degree of certainty, without conducting a detailed records search. Because the $1 million threshold applies separately to sales and purchases, the mandatory reporting requirement may apply only to sales, only to purchases, or to both sales and purchases.

(ii) Reporters who file pursuant to this mandatory reporting requirement must complete Parts I and II of Form BE–20 and all applicable schedules. The total amounts of transactions applicable to a particular schedule are to be entered in the appropriate column(s) on line 1 of the schedule. In addition, except for sales of merchanting services, these amounts must be distributed below line 1 to the country(ies) involved in the transactions). For sales of merchanting services, the data by individual foreign country are not required to be reported, although these data may be reported voluntarily.

(iii) Application of the $1 million exemption level to each covered service is indicated on the schedule for that particular service. It should be noted that an item other than sales or purchases may be used as the measure of a given service for purposes of determining whether the threshold for mandatory reporting of the service is exceeded.

(2) Voluntary reporting. If, during the fiscal year covered, the U.S. person's total transaction (either sales or purchases) in any of the types of services listed in paragraph (c) of this section are $1 million or less, the U.S. person is requested to provide an estimate of the total for the each type of service.

(i) Provision of this information is voluntary. The estimates may be judgmental, that is, based on recall, without conducting a detailed manual records search. Because the $1 million threshold applies separately to sales and purchases, the voluntary reporting option may apply only to sales, only to purchases, or to both sales and purchases.

(ii) The amounts of transactions reportable on a particular schedule are to be entered in the appropriate column(s) in the voluntary reporting section of the schedule; they are not required to be disaggregated by country. Reporters filing voluntary information only should also complete Parts I and II of the form.

(3) Any U.S. person that receives the BE–20 survey form from BEA, but is not reporting data in either the mandatory or voluntary section of the form, must nevertheless complete and return the Exemption Claim included with the form to BEA. This requirement is necessary to ensure compliance with reporting requirements and efficient administration of the Act by eliminating unnecessary followup contact.

(c) Covered types of services. Only the services listed in this paragraph are covered by the BE–20 survey. Other services, such as transportation and reinsurance, are not covered. Covered services are Agricultural services; research, development, and testing services; management, consulting, and public relations service; management of health care facilities; accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services; legal services; educational and training services; mailing, reproduction, and commercial art; employment agencies and temporary help supply services; industrial engineering services; industrial-type maintenance, installation, alteration, and training services; performing arts, sports, and other live performances, presentations, and events; sale and purchase of rights to natural resources, and lease bonus payments; use or lease of rights to natural resources, excluding lease bonus payments; disbursements to fund news-gathering costs of broadcasters; disbursements to fund news-gathering costs of print media; disbursements to fund production costs of motion pictures; disbursements to fund production costs of broadcast program material other than news; disbursements to maintain government tourism and business promotion offices; disbursements for sales promotion and representation; disbursements to participate in foreign trade shows (purchases only); premiums paid on purchases of primary insurance; losses recovered on purchases of primary insurance; construction services (purchases only); engineering, architectural, and surveying services (purchases only); mining services (purchases only); merchanting services (sales only); financial services (purchases only, by companies or parts of companies that are not financial services providers); advertising services; computer and data processing services; data base and other information services; telecommunications services; operational leasing services; other trade-related services; auxiliary insurance services; waste treatment and depollution services; and ''other'' private services. ''Other'' private services covers transactions in the following types of services: Language translation services, salvage services, security services, collection services, satellite photography and remote sensing/satellite imagery services, transport (includes satellite launches, transport of goods and people for scientific experiments, and space passenger transport), and transcription services.

[FR Doc. 01–21646 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3510–06–M

COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION

17 CFR Parts 1, 3, 4, 140 and 155

RIN 3038–AB56

Rules Relating to Intermediaries of Commodity Interest Transactions

AGENCY: Commodity Futures Trading Commission.

ACTION: Proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: Following the enactment of the Commodity Futures Modernization Act of 2000 (CFMA) and the resulting revisions to the Commodity Exchange Act (CEA or Act), the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC or Commission) is proposing rules relating to intermediation of commodity futures and commodity options (commodity interest) transactions. These proposed new rules and rule amendments would provide greater flexibility in several areas, and address, among other things, the definition of the term ''principal,'' certified financial reports, ethics training, disclosure, account opening procedures, trading standards, reporting requirements, and offsetting positions. The Commission would also make additional changes to allow a registrant to notify the Commission when a new natural person is added as a principal promptly after the change occurs.

The proposed rules are consistent with the mandate of the CFMA to streamline regulation of entities registered under the Act. Most of the proposed new rules and rule amendments were part of the Commission's final rules relating to intermediaries that were adopted in December 2000, and subsequently withdrawn following the CFMA's enactment in order to determine their consistency with the CFMA (December Release). Upon reviewing the proposed rules in light of the CFMA, as described in greater detail below, the Commission has determined that the rules proposed herein are consistent with the CFMA. The Commission encourages interested persons to read the December Release and the proposals published in June 2000 for a discussion of the background and purpose of each of the rules and

rule amendments that is not described in detail in this **Federal Register** release.

DATES: Comments must be received by September 12, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Comments on the proposed rules should be sent to Jean A. Webb, Secretary, Commodity Futures Trading Commission, Three Lafayette Centre, 1155 21st Street, NW., Washington, DC 20581. Comments may be sent by facsimile transmission to (202) 418–5521, or by e-mail to *secretary@cftc.gov*. Reference should be made to ''Proposed Rules Concerning Intermediaries.''

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lawrence B. Patent, Associate Chief Counsel, or Michael A. Piracci, Attorney-Advisor, Division of Trading and Markets, Commodity Futures Trading Commission, Three Lafayette Centre, 1155 21st Street, NW, Washington, DC 20581. Telephone: (202) 418–5450.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Table of Contents

I. Background
II. Proposed Rules
A. Registration
1. Definition of the Term ''Principal''
2. Application Procedures for IBs and FCMs
3. Special Procedures Available to Firms Subject to Securities or Banking Regulation
B. Fitness and Supervision
C. Financial Requirements
1. Trading by Non-Institutional Customers on DTFs
2. Segregation of Funds
3. Investment of Customer Funds
D. Risk Disclosure and Account Statements
E. Trading Standards
F. Recordkeeping
1. Customer Account Statements
2. Close-Out of Offsetting Positions
III. Section 4(c) Findings
IV. Cost-Benefit Analysis
V. Related Matters
A. Regulatory Flexibility Act
B. Paperwork Reduction Act

I. Background

Section 2 of the CFMA sets forth the purposes of the CFMA, which include streamlining and eliminating unnecessary regulation for the commodity futures exchanges and other entities regulated under the Act. Section 125 of the CFMA directs the Commission to complete a study of its rules, regulations and interpretations governing the conduct of persons registered under the Act by December 21, 2001. The proposed rules are designed to be an initial step in fulfilling the mandates of section 2 and section 125.

Most of the proposed new rules and rule amendments were part of the Commission's final rules relating to intermediaries that were adopted in December 2000, and subsequently withdrawn following the CFMA's enactment in order to determine their consistency with the CFMA (December Release).[1] Upon reviewing the proposed rules in light of the CFMA, as described in greater detail below, the Commission has determined that the rules proposed herein are consistent with the CFMA. The Commission encourages interested persons to read the December Release and the proposals published in June 2000 for a discussion of the background and purpose of each of the rules and rule amendments that is not described in detail in this **Federal Register** release.

As further discussed below, certain rules have been modified to conform to specific provisions of the CFMA. Thus, for example, section 111 of the CFMA permits a registered derivatives transaction execution facility (DTF) to allow by rule certain persons who are regulated by other federal financial regulatory agencies to act as intermediaries thereon in limited instances without first registering with the Commission. Accordingly, the Commission will not repropose the ''passporting'' registration procedure for certain otherwise regulated entities as previously contemplated.[2] The Commission may revisit this issue in the context of the study mandated by section 125 of the CFMA, which requires a review of the Act and Commission rules thereunder pertaining to registrants.

The proposals discussed in this release are applicable generally to intermediaries transacting business on behalf of customers on designated contract markets and registered DTFs. To the extent that an existing rule is not addressed in this release, the Commission intends that the rule continues to apply to intermediaries transacting business on behalf of customers on designated contract markets and registered DTFs pending completion of the study mandated by Section 125, regardless of whether the contract market or DTF itself, or its operators, have been exempted from applicable provisions of the rule.[3] Thus, for example, under Rule 1.35, intermediaries would still be required to keep full and complete records, together with pertinent data and memoranda, of all transactions relating to their business of dealing in commodity interests,[4] notwithstanding the fact that the contract market or DTF on which the intermediaries transacted business would be exempt from the provisions of the rule that relate specifically to the exchange. When an intermediary transacts business on an exempt board of trade,[5] these transactions are generally subject only to the Commission's antifraud and antimanipulation authority to the extent applicable. Similarly, where a DTF permits trading only on a principal-to-principal basis, CFTC rules related only to intermediaries will not generally be applicable to such a market structure.[6]

Certain of the Commission's proposed rule amendments, such as those concerning ethics training and the definition of the term ''principal,'' would affect all registered firms. The other new proposed rules and rule amendments would affect mainly FCMs and IBs, and are not applicable to commodity pool operators (CPOs) and commodity trading advisors (CTAs). The Commission intends to consider further rulemaking proposals at a subsequent date that will focus more directly upon Part 4 of the Commission's rules, which governs the operations and activities of CPOs and CTAs.

As examples of its ongoing reform efforts with regard to such persons, the Commission has adopted changes that simplify the regulatory framework for CPOs and CTAs dealing with certain highly accredited pool participants or clients, or ''qualified eligible persons,''

[1] *See* Rules Relating to Intermediaries of Commodity Interest Transactions, 65 FR 39008 (June 22, 2000) (proposed rules); ''Rules Relating to Intermediaries of Commodity Interest Transactions,'' 65 FR 77993 (Dec. 13, 2000) (final rules); 65 FR 82272 (Dec. 28, 2000) (final rules; partial withdrawal).

[2] In addition, Section 252(b)(2) of the CFMA adds a new section 4f(a)(2) to the Act to permit ''notice'' registration as a futures commission merchant (FCM) or an introducing broker (IB) by securities brokers or dealers that will limit their futures-related activities to security futures products. *See also* ''Notice Registration as a Futures Commission Merchant or Introducing Broker for Certain Securities Brokers or Dealers,'' 66 FR 27476 (May 17, 2001) (proposed rules); 66 FR 43080 (Aug. 17, 2001) (final rules).

[3] *See* 66 FR at 14263, 14264 (stating in the proposed rulemaking to implement the new statutory framework that contract markets and DTFs, respectively, would be exempt from all Commission regulations applicable to a trading facility that are not reserved in the relevant Part). Unless otherwise noted, Commission rules referred to herein are found at 17 CFR Ch. I (2001).

[4] These required records include order tickets, a daily transaction record, a record of transactions by customer account, a financial ledger record and documentation concerning exchanges of futures for physicals.

[5] While the Act as amended provides that exempt commercial markets be restricted to transactions entered on a principal-to-principal basis (Section 2(h)(3)(A) of the Act), exempt boards of trade are not so restricted (Section 5d of the Act).

[6] A more complete description of the various new market structures can be found in ''A New Regulatory Framework for Trading Facilities, Intermediaries and Clearing Organizations,'' 66 FR at 14264–66 (Mar. 9, 2001) (proposed rules).

and made this relief under CFTC Rule 4.7 available to more CPOs and CTAs by adding more persons to the definition of a ''qualified eligible person.'' [7] The Commission has also adopted Rule 4.14(a)(9) to create an additional exemption from registration for CTAs that provide standardized advice by means of media such as newsletters, Internet web sites, and non-customized computer software.[8] Further, the Commission amended Part 30 of its rules by adding Rule 30.12 to allow CTAs with total assets under management exceeding $50 million to place, directly with unregistered foreign futures and options brokers, orders for foreign futures or foreign options contracts for customers that do not otherwise qualify as ''eligible swap participants.''[9] In adopting Rule 30.12, the Commission incorporated industry requests to focus on the financial sophistication of the person managing the assets, rather than on the sophistication of the individual client advised by the CTA.[10] In addition, the CFTC adopted rule amendments to permit CPOs to deliver to prospective participants a summary ''profile'' document containing only key information about a pool prior to providing them with the pool's complete disclosure document.[11]

II. The Proposed Rules

A. Registration

1. Definition of the Term ''Principal''

Under Commission staff's prior interpretation of the definition of the term ''principal'' in Rules 3.1(a)(1) and 4.10(e)(1),[12] all officers of a registrant were treated as principals and required to register as such.[13] In response to changes in management structures over the last 20 years and requests from registrants that certain employees, such as some vice presidents, not be considered principals because they do not exercise a controlling influence over the registrant or any of its activities subject to Commission regulation, the Commission is proposing to amend Rules 3.1(a)(1) and 4.10(e)(1) by defining as principals persons within a given organizational structure who hold specific offices.[14] A registrant would, therefore, no longer be required to treat every officer as a principal, but only those who meet the criteria of the rule as revised.[15] The proposed amendment to the definition of principal thus reduces the number of officers that will be considered principals, while ensuring that appropriate personnel, *e.g.*, those that exercise, or are in a position to exercise a controlling influence over the registrant or any of its activities subject to Commission regulation, remain listed as such.

The principal definition would also include an individual who directly or indirectly, through agreement, holding company, nominee, trust or otherwise: (1) Is the owner of ten percent or more of any class of a firm's securities; (2) is entitled to vote ten percent or more of any class of a firm's voting securities; (3) has the power to sell or direct the sale of ten percent or more of any class of a firm's voting securities; (4) has contributed ten percent or more of a firm's capital; or (5) is entitled to receive ten percent or more of a firm's profits. Further, the principal definition would include an entity that is the direct owner of ten percent or more of any class of a firm's securities or that has directly contributed ten percent or more of a firm's capital. These proposed amendments would permit the deletion of Rule 3.10(a)(2)(ii), which has proved somewhat unwieldy in practice.[16]

The Commission is also proposing conforming changes to Rules 4.24(f)(1)(v), 4.25(a)(8)(ii)(A) and 4.25(c)(2)(i)(B), applicable to CPOs, and 4.34(f)(1)(ii) and 4.35(a)(7)(ii)(A), applicable to CTAs, as incorporated by reference in amended Rule 4.10(e)(1). Accordingly, CPOs and CTAs would only be required to provide business backgrounds and proprietary trading results for those principals who participate in making trading or operational decisions, or supervise persons so engaged, and not for all officers.

Finally, in response to industry suggestions, the Commission is proposing to delete Rule 3.32, which specifies certain events or changes within a firm's management structure that require the firm to file a new registration form. In its place, a new paragraph (a)(2) would be added to Rule 3.31 to require the registrant to file a Form 8–R on behalf of each new natural person principal who was not listed on the registrant's Form 7–R promptly after the change occurs. Proposed Rule 3.31(a)(2) was drafted to closely parallel Rule 3.10(a)(2)(i),[17] and provides that, if the change that renders the application for registration deficient or inaccurate results from the addition of a new principal without a current Form 8–R on file with the National Futures Association (NFA), a Form 8–R for that principal must accompany the Form 3–R amending the registrant's application for registration.[18]

2. Application Procedures for IBs and FCMs

The Commission is proposing that applicants for registration as IBs who raise their own capital to satisfy minimum financial requirements would be permitted to file an unaudited financial report indicating satisfaction of the minimum requirements, rather

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[7] *See* 65 FR 47848 (Aug. 4, 2000).

[8] *See* 65 FR 12938 (Mar. 10, 2000).

[9] *See* 65 FR 47275 (Aug. 2, 2000).

[10] *Id.* at 47277.

[11] 65 FR 58648 (Oct. 2, 2000).

[12] Rule 3.1(a) defines ''principal'' for purposes of the Commission's Part 3 rules, which govern registration. Rule 4.10(e) defines ''principal'' for purposes of the Commission's Part 4 rules, which apply to the activities of CPOs and CTAs.

[13] This interpretation was consistent with the language of the second proviso to Section 8a(2) of the Act, which states that a principal shall mean a general partner of a partnership, any officer, director or beneficial owner of at least ten percent of the voting shares of a corporation, ''and any other person that the Commission by rule, regulation, or order determines has the power, directly or indirectly, through agreement or otherwise, to exercise a controlling influence over the activities of [firms] which are subject to regulation by the Commission.''

[14] Thus, the principal definition would include, if the entity is organized as a sole proprietorship, the proprietor; if a partnership, any general partner (including individuals and entities, such as corporations); if a corporation, any director, the president, chief executive officer, chief operating officer, chief financial officer, and any person in charge of a principal business unit, division or function subject to regulation by the Commission; and, if a limited liability company or limited liability partnership, any director, the president, chief executive officer, chief operating officer, chief financial officer, the manager, managing member or those members vested with management authority for the entity, and any person in charge of a principal business unit, division or function subject to regulation by the Commission. *See* proposed Rule 3.1(a)(1).

The reference in the proposed amendment to the ''principal'' definition to ''any person in charge of a principal business unit subject to regulation by the Commission'' would not include departments such as human resources or administration.

[15] As proposed, the ''principal'' definition will continue to include all directors of a corporate registrant. In addition, the definition will include the general provision that defines as a principal any person occupying a similar status as or performing similar functions to those persons specifically listed, having the power, directly or indirectly, through agreement or otherwise, to exercise a controlling influence over a firm's activities that are subject to regulation by the Commission. What constitutes ''a controlling influence'' will generally be left for determination on a case-by-case basis; however, such influence would be ascribed to, among others, those persons who have policymaking or managerial authority over the activities of an applicant or registrant that are subject to Commission regulation.

[16] The proposed amendments would also result in the redesignation of Rule 3.10(a)(2)(i) as Rule 3.10(a)(2).

[17] As noted in the preceding footnote, this provision is proposed to be redesignated as Rule 3.10(a)(2).

[18] An additional conforming amendment is proposed to Rule 3.21(c) that would reflect the deletion of Rule 3.32, and the addition of new paragraph (a)(2) to Rule 3.31.

than be required to provide certified financial statements with their registration application.[19] A firm taking advantage of the new procedure would be subject to an on-site review within six months of registration by the firm's DSRO or, at the DSRO's discretion, a conference between appropriate staff of the firm and the DSRO at the DSRO's offices.[20] This alternative procedure is modeled on similar procedures in the securities industry.[21]

With respect to the six-month review that must be conducted should an IB choose not to file a certified financial statement with its registration application, the Commission believes that the six-month time period for the review of IBs should begin from the date the applicant is registered. The Commission has held consistently that once a registrant becomes registered in a certain capacity, the registrant is immediately assumed to be engaging in the activities permitted by such registration.[22] However, the Commission notes that the DSRO would be able to conduct the review telephonically where the DSRO does not have reason to question the IB's capital. In addition, an applicant that does not wish to be subject to the six-month review could continue to follow the existing rules and file a certified financial statement with its application.

The Commission notes that the December Release contained a similar provision for FCM applicants. NFA commented that ''[t]here is a significant difference in the role of FCMs and IBs in terms of safety of customer funds. The one-time filing requirement for FCMs is not unduly burdensome, especially in light of the potential exposure if the initial financial statement is incorrect.'' [23] Upon further consideration in light of the comment filed by NFA opposing the elimination of the certified financial report for an FCM applicant, the Commission has determined not to repropose the rule change for FCM applicants.

3. Special Procedures Available to Firms Subject to Securities or Banking Regulation

The December Release contained a ''passporting'' registration process for certain otherwise federally regulated FCMs or IBs who conduct business on futures exchanges solely for institutional customers.[24] The CFMA includes a passporting provision that is broader than the CFTC's proposal in certain respects and narrower in others. The CFMA provision allows entities subject to regulation by an appropriate financial regulator to act as intermediaries on a DTF subject to the DTF's election, provided that the entity meets certain conditions. Specifically, section 111(e) of the CFMA authorizes a DTF to allow by rule a broker-dealer, depository institution, or institution of the Farm Credit System to act as an intermediary in transactions executed on the facility for any customer of the broker-dealer, depository institution or Farm Credit institution, provided that the firm is in good standing with its appropriate regulator. These passporting intermediaries would not be required to register with the Commission as an FCM or IB (or even to file a notice registration) or to become a member of a registered futures association, unless they carry or hold customer accounts or funds for transactions on the DTF for more than one business day.[25] In light of the CFMA provisions, the Commission will not be separately reproposing its earlier passporting proposal, or the related amendments to Rules 1.17(a)(2) or 1.52(m).[26] As noted above, however, the Commission recently adopted rules that would permit securities brokers or dealers who limit their futures-related activities to security futures products to register as FCMs or IBs upon the submission of notice to the Commission.[27]

The Commission is separately considering updating and making more flexible its minimum net capital requirements for FCMs by adopting risk-based net capital requirements.

B. Fitness and Supervision

An essential component of maintaining fitness is continuing education concerning obligations under the Act and rules thereunder. In order to provide flexibility and ease compliance for all registrants, the Commission is proposing to delete Rule 3.34 and instead to implement Congressional intent regarding ethics training through a Statement of Acceptable Practices. Rule 3.34 currently specifies frequency and duration of ethics training, the suggested curriculum, qualifications of instructors, and the necessary proof of attendance at such classes. In proposing to replace the rule with a Statement of Acceptable Practices that would leave the format, frequency, and providers of ethics training up to the registrants themselves, the Commission believes that greater flexibility regarding ethics training and proficiency testing could be afforded to registrants than is now permitted under Rule 3.34. For registrants seeking guidance as to the maintenance of proper ethics training procedures, the Statement of Acceptable

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[19] *See* Proposed Rule 1.10(a)(2)(ii)(A)(*3*). However, those IB applicants who do not raise their own capital would continue to be required to file a guarantee agreement entered into with an FCM with their registration application. IBs and FCMs should refer to Commission Rules 1.10(j) and 1.57(a)(1) concerning the procedures applicable to guarantee agreements. *See also First American Discount Corp. v. CFTC,* 222 F.3d 1008 (D.C. Cir. Aug. 18, 2000).

Filing of financial statements or guarantee agreements would be unnecessary for any FCM or IB registered in accordance with Proposed Rule 3.10(a)(3), which applies to those securities brokers or dealers registering as FCMs or IBs because their only futures-related activities involve security futures products. *See* 66 FR 27476.

[20] Although the proposed rule would not require IBs to file a certified financial statement with their application for registration, this does not preclude any SRO from imposing this requirement before accepting an IB for membership.

[21] Certain technical amendments are also proposed to be made to paragraph (j)(8), which addresses guaranteed IBs' compliance with the financial reporting requirements in the event that their guarantee agreement has been terminated. Such IBs will be deemed to have satisfied the Commission's minimum financial requirements if they enter into another guarantee agreement or file a certified 1–FR–IB statement.

[22] *See, e.g., In re Premex,* [1982–1984 Transfer Binder] Comm. Fut. L. Rep. (CCH) ¶ 21,992 (Feb. 1, 1984), *aff'd in relevant part, rev'd in part,* 785 F.2d 1403 (9th Cir. 1986).

[23] NFA Comment Letter at 4 (Aug. 7, 2000), which can be found on the Commission's website at *http://www.cftc.gov/files/foia/comment00/foicf0022c024.pdf.*

[24] The term ''institutional customer'' is defined in proposed Rule 1.3(g) as an ''eligible contract participant'' within the meaning of section 1a(12) of the Act as amended, and generally refers to a non-retail customer.

[25] These firms and their salespersons would remain subject to antifraud provisions of the Act and rules thereunder, however.

[26] In the December Release, the Commission would have extended its passporting provision to allow broker-dealers and firms regulated by appropriate banking regulators to conduct transactions for institutional customers on designated contract markets and recognized futures exchanges in addition to DTFs. In light of the provisions contained in the CFMA, however, a broker-dealer, depository institution or Farm Credit institution seeking to act as an intermediary on a designated contract market will be required to register as an FCM or IB and become a member of a registered futures association, even if the firm carries or holds accounts or funds for less than one business day.

Section 5a of the Act as amended further directs the Commission, in coordination with the SEC, the Secretary of the Treasury, and Federal banking regulatory agencies, to adopt rules and take any other appropriate action to facilitate the implementation of the passporting procedure by these otherwise federally regulated entities.

[27] *See* note 2 *supra; see also* ''Exemption for Certain Brokers or Dealers from Provisions of the Commodity Exchange Act and CFTC Regulations,'' 66 FR __ (Aug. 17, 2001) (adopting new rule to govern the granting of orders exempting notice-registered broker-dealers from provisions of the Act and Commission regulations where the Commission determines that the exemption is necessary or appropriate in the public interest and consistent with the protection of investors).

Practices would serve as a ''safe harbor.'' [28]

Although the Commission notes the possibility that eliminating Rule 3.34 may lead firms to place an inadequate priority on ethics training, the Commission does not believe that the replacement of the rule with a Statement of Acceptable Practices would diminish a registrant's obligations to remain fit and to adequately supervise the handling of customer accounts. Instead, the Commission hopes that the Statement of Acceptable Practices, which would allow registrants to adopt ethics training programs that are better tailored to their individual needs, will help to imbue firms with a culture of ethics that is ongoing rather than episodic. The Commission believes that the essence of the ethics training or continuing education requirement is to remain current as to the legal requirements applicable to a person's role in the futures industry, which a registrant ignores at his or her peril.

The Commission is also proposing to publish its recent ''guidance letters'' issued to NFA concerning the treatment of SRO disciplinary actions in assessing the fitness of floor brokers (FBs) and floor traders (FTs). The guidance letters were issued to provide greater clarity in interpreting the ''other good cause'' ground for statutory disqualification from registration under section 8a(3)(M) of the Act. These letters would be added to the end of Appendix A to Part 3 as they relate to the issue of ''other good cause,'' which is discussed at the end of Appendix A.

C. Financial Requirements

1. Trading by Non-Institutional Customers on DTFs

Although access to DTFs is generally limited to institutional customers,[29] under certain conditions a DTF may permit non-institutional customers to enter into transactions thereon. To address the higher degree of risk associated with the lower regulatory protections offered to DTF participants, such non-institutional customer business may be transacted through a registered FCM that (1) is a clearing member of a derivatives clearing organization, and (2) has a minimum net capital of at least $20 million.[30] Such an FCM is considered to be more capable of properly handling these transactions and the associated risk. In order to provide guidance to non-institutional customers trading through a highly-capitalized FCM, NFA will issue a Statement of Acceptable Practices regarding additional disclosures to be made to such customers trading on DTFs and on related issues involving price dissemination.

In the December Release, the Commission had determined to add a new Rule 4.32 that would also permit non-institutional customers to trade on a DTF through certain registered CTAs. The Commission is again proposing to adopt this rule to permit registered CTAs to enter trades on or subject to the rules of a DTF on behalf of a non-institutional customer, provided that the CTA: (1) Directs the client's commodity interest account; [31] (2) directs accounts containing total assets of not less than $25 million at the time the trade is entered; and (3) discloses to the client that it may enter trades on a DTF on the client's behalf. Paragraph (b) of Rule 4.32 further requires that the client's commodity interest account be carried by a registered FCM. However, an FCM who receives orders on behalf of a non-institutional customer from a CTA acting in accordance with Rule 4.32 need not maintain $20 million in minimum adjusted net capital. *See* Rule 1.17(a)(1)(ii)(B).

As with a highly-capitalized FCM, a CTA meeting this asset test, in its capacity as a professional asset manager, would have the appropriate financial sophistication to handle the risk associated with trading for non-institutional customers on a DTF.[32] Additionally, focusing on the financial sophistication of the person managing the assets, rather than on the sophistication of the individual client advised by the CTA, is consistent with the approach taken by the Commission in adopting Rule 30.12.[33]

2. Segregation of Funds

The June 2000 Release raised two sets of questions seeking comments about whether, and under what circumstances, the Commission should permit (1) customers to opt out of segregation, and (2) FCMs to maintain, in the same customer segregated account, various instruments, such as over-the-counter (OTC) derivatives, equity securities, and other cash market positions, as well as the funds used for the purpose of securing or margining such products and positions.[34]

With respect to the opt-out issue, most parties commenting on the issue urged the Commission to consider thoroughly the potential implications with respect to the bankruptcy rules, *e.g.,* priority of distribution, before proceeding on the issue. Consequently, in the Adopting Release the Commission determined to continue to study the issue and defer action in this area.[35] Under Section 5a(f) of the Act, as amended by the CFMA, however, the Commission was required to adopt rules within 180 days after the date of enactment of the CFMA to permit a registered DTF to authorize an FCM to offer its customers that are eligible contract participants the right not to have their funds that are carried by the FCM for purposes of trading on the registered DTF, separately accounted for and segregated. Accordingly, on April 19, 2001, the Commission adopted new rules that, effective June 19, 2001, allow FCMs to offer eligible contract participants to opt out of segregation.[36] The Commission also amended existing rules concerning, among other things, the bankruptcy treatment of a customer that opts out of segregation.

3. Investment of Customer Funds

The Commission did not withdraw its final rules and rule amendments concerning the investment of customer funds, and those rules and rule amendments became effective on December 28, 2000. To facilitate the implementation of Rule 1.25 and its related amendments, new paragraph (a)(7) to Rule 140.91 is proposed to be added to delegate to the Director of the Division of Trading and Markets any functions reserved to the Commission in Rule 1.25 regarding permitted investments for customer funds. The Commission also wishes to note that it has determined not to rescind Division of Trading and Markets Financial and Segregation Interpretation No. 9 (Interp.

[28] For instance, under the Statement of Acceptable Practices, registrants may engage in ethics training programs sponsored by the registrants themselves, their DSROs, trade associations or others. The format of such training, whether by personal or recorded instruction, or by circulation of written materials such as legal cases, interpretative letters or advisories, would also be left to the discretion of registrants and DSROs. It would also be permissible to require training on whatever periodic basis the registrants and DSROs deem appropriate. Thus, the Commission would not specify any particular programs or procedures that must be followed.

[29] *See* new Part 37 of the Commission rules, 66 FR 42256 at 42271 (Aug. 10, 2001).

[30] Section 5a of the Act, 7 U.S.C. 7a, as amended by Pub. L. No. 106–554, 114 Stat. 2763.

[31] The term ''direct'' as defined in Rule 4.10(f), refers to, in the context of trading commodity interest accounts, ''agreements whereby a person is authorized to cause transactions to be effected for a client's commodity interest account without the client's specific authorization.''

[32] *See* Section 1a(12)(C) of the Act.

[33] *See* 65 FR at 47277.

[34] 65 FR at 39014.

[35] *See* 65 FR at 78001.

[36] 66 FR 20740 (April 25, 2001).

9).[37] The Commission had previously indicated that it would do so in light of the fact that amendments to Rule 1.25 would now permit investment of customer funds in money market mutual funds (MMMFs).[38] Because Interp. 9 addresses the use of money market deposit accounts rather than MMMFs, however, the Commission has decided not to rescind Interp. 9.

D. Risk Disclosure and Account Statements

The disclosure of risks by intermediaries is an important customer protection. Over the years, however, certain persons have suggested that customers would be better protected by receiving risk disclosures more attuned to their relative level of sophistication and to the particular instruments they trade. Other commenters have suggested that disclosure obligations could be simplified and streamlined.

In keeping with these observations, the Commission proposes that non-institutional customers continue to receive the risk disclosures regarding futures and options trading that are currently required. Thus, intermediaries will continue to be required to obtain prior acknowledgement of their customers' receipt of the basic risk disclosure statements relating to futures and options in accordance with Rules 1.55 and 33.7. For institutional customers, as provided in proposed Rule 1.55(f), there would continue to be no general disclosure requirements.[39] The Commission also may consider issuing a Statement of Acceptable Practices on disclosure to institutional customers, with industry input, at a later date. As noted above, the Commission also anticipates that NFA will develop appropriate disclosure for qualifying FCMs to provide to retail customers permitted to trade on DTFs.

The Commission recognizes that there are certain areas of the account opening process that may be streamlined. Accordingly, in proposed amendments to Rules 1.55(d)(1) and (2), the Commission would permit certain required disclosures, such as those concerning consent to (1) allow electronic transmission of statements under proposed new Rule 1.33(g),[40] or (2) transfer funds out of segregated accounts to another account (such as a money market account), to be included in a customer agreement and acknowledged through a ''single signature,'' rather than the multiple signatures that are currently required.[41] The single signature could be made electronically as provided for in recently-adopted Rules 1.3(tt) and 1.4.[42]

E. Trading Standards

The Commission is proposing that Rules 155.1, 155.3 and 155.4, which collectively require FCMs and IBs to establish and to maintain supervisory procedures to assure that neither they nor any affiliated persons use their knowledge of customer orders to the customer's disadvantage, would continue to apply to intermediation of trades on contract markets, with certain conforming changes to reflect the recent statutory changes to the Act. These requirements would be extended to trading by non-institutional customers on DTFs under proposed Rule 155.6(a). These rules over the years have helped the Commission deter such practices as ''front-running,'' ''trading ahead,'' ''bucketing,'' and improper disclosure of customer orders. However, for intermediation of trades by institutional customers at DTFs, the Commission is proposing a new Rule 155.6(b), which sets forth a general standard of practice in this area. The Commission believes that this overall approach with respect to trading standards strikes a reasonable balance in preserving rules that have worked successfully over the years in curbing abusive trading practices, while relaxing certain of the specific provisions of the existing rules in connection with the trading on DTFs by more sophisticated customers.

Although proposed new Rule 155.6 is intended to proscribe the same trade practice abuses as Rules 155.1, 155.3 and 155.4 the Commission encourages specific suggestions regarding how these rules might be streamlined.[43] The Commission also will consider the development of a Statement of Acceptable Practices to be issued at a later date, with the consultation of DTFs, regarding appropriate procedures that should be employed in order to ensure compliance with the general standard.[44]

F. Recordkeeping

1. Customer Account Statements

In keeping with changes in technology and commercial practices, the Commission is proposing to codify its previous Advisory relating to the electronic transmission of account statements in a new Rule 1.33(g).[45] Thus, an FCM would be permitted, with customer consent, to deliver required confirmation, purchase-and-sale, and monthly account statements electronically in lieu of mailing a paper copy. FCMs would need only to retain the daily confirmation statement as of the end of the trading session, provided that it reflects all trades made during that session. Before transmitting any statement electronically to a customer, however, the FCM would be required to make certain disclosures regarding the practice, including: (1) The electronic medium or source through which statements would be delivered, (2) the duration, whether indefinite or not, of the period during which consent would be effective, (3) any charges for such service, (4) the information that would be delivered electronically, and (5) a statement that consent to electronic delivery may be revoked at any time. For non-institutional customers, the FCM would be required to obtain the customer's signed consent acknowledging the disclosures, prior to the transmission of any statement by means of electronic media. The acknowledgement could be made through a single signature in accordance with Rule 1.55 as discussed above. Institutional customers would not need to provide written consent, and the Commission recommends that FCMs confirm procedures relating to electronic transmission of statements to institutional customers as described in the above-referenced Advisory. Any statement required to be furnished to a person other than a customer in accordance with paragraph (d) of Rule

[37] Comm. Fut. L. Rep. (CCH) ¶ 7119 (Nov. 23, 1983).

[38] *See* 65 FR at 78001 n.53.

[39] In contrast to the December Release, which did not restrict the type of governmental entities that would be considered to be institutional customers, the Act as amended imposes certain limitations on the governmental entities that will be considered to be eligible contract participants. *Compare* 65 FR at 78035 *with* section 1a(12)(A)(vii) of the Act as amended.

[40] *See infra.*

[41] Contemporaneously with opening an account, an FCM may obtain the acknowledgment of receipt and understanding of the risk disclosure statement, along with margin funds and any other required account opening documents, from the customer. However, the FCM remains responsible for ensuring that the risk disclosure document is furnished to the customer in such a way that the customer can review and understand the document before committing funds to the FCM.

[42] 65 FR 12466 (Mar. 9, 2000).

[43] The Commission recently proposed to prohibit dual trading in security futures products on designated contract markets and registered DTFs, as required by Section 251(c) of the CFMA, which amended Section 4j of the Act. *See* 66 FR 36218 (July 11, 2001).

[44] Because the DTF is a new institution, and it is not known how such an institution would choose to operate (*e.g.,* a DTF may choose to sponsor trading in a traditional open-outcry pit trading system, in a purely automated, electronic trading format, or in a combination of the two formats), the Commission is not at this time issuing a Statement of Acceptable Practices in this area.

[45] 65 FR at 39017; *see also* 62 FR 31507 (June 10, 1997).

1.33 would also be permitted to be furnished by electronic media.

2. Close-Out of Offsetting Positions

The Commission also proposes to revise Rule 1.46 to allow customers or account controllers to instruct the FCM (in writing or orally) if they wish to deviate from the current default rule that the FCM close out offsetting positions on a first-in, first-out basis, looking across all accounts it carries for the same customer.[46] CPOs and CTAs would be required to disclose, under proposed amendments to Rules 4.24(h)(2) and 4.34(h), respectively, if they instruct an FCM to deviate from the default rule for closing out offsetting positions.[47]

In order to implement this revision of Rule 1.46, the Commission proposes to amend the rule by inserting, after the words ''omnibus accounts'' in paragraph (a), the phrase ''or where the customer or account controller has instructed otherwise.'' Rule 1.46 also would be amended by revising paragraph (e) to correspond to proposed new Rule 1.33(g) (the substance of the current paragraph (e) of Rule 1.46 would be deleted because it relates back to paragraph (d)(6), which is being removed and reserved) to read: ''The statements required by paragraph (a) of this section may be furnished to the customer or the person described in § 1.33(d) by means of electronic transmission, in accordance with § 1.33(g).''

III. Section 4(c) Findings

Certain of the rules and rule amendments discussed herein are being proposed under section 4(c) of the Act, which grants the Commission broad exemptive authority. Section 4(c) of the Act provides that, in order to promote responsible economic or financial innovation and fair competition, the Commission may, by rule, regulation or order, exempt any class of agreements, contracts or transactions, including any person or class of persons offering, entering into, rendering advice or rendering other services with respect to the agreement, contract, or transaction, from any of the provisions of the Act (except certain provisions governing a group or index of securities and security futures products). As relevant here, when granting an exemption pursuant to section 4(c), the Commission must find that the exemption would be consistent with the public interest.

As explained above, the proposed rules and rule amendments would provide greater flexibility for intermediaries and their customers in several areas. Specifically, the Commission is proposing rule amendments concerning the definition of the term ''principal'' that are narrower than the language of the second proviso of Section 8a(2) of the Act. These amendments recognize the evolution of management structures by reducing the number of officers that will be considered principals, while ensuring that appropriate personnel that perform significant roles within the firm remain listed as such. The Commission believes that, in light of the conditions and safeguards provided for under the rules and rule amendments, the exemptive relief will have no adverse effect on any of the regulatory or self-regulatory responsibilities imposed by the Act. Moreover, the Commission believes that the additional flexibility for intermediaries and their customers provided for by the rules and rule amendments proposed herein would be consistent with the public interest. The Commission invites public comment on this finding.

IV. Cost-Benefit Analysis

Section 15 of the Act, as amended by section 119 of the CFMA, requires the Commission to consider the costs and benefits of its action before issuing a new regulation under the Act. By its terms, section 15 as amended does not require the Commission to quantify the costs and benefits of a new regulation or to determine whether the benefits of the proposed regulation outweigh its costs. Rather, section 15 simply requires the Commission to ''consider the costs and benefits'' of its action.

The amended section 15 further specifies that costs and benefits shall be evaluated in light of five broad areas of market and public concern: protection of market participants and the public; efficiency, competitiveness, and financial integrity of futures markets; price discovery; sound risk management practices; and other public interest considerations. Accordingly, the Commission could in its discretion give greater weight to any one of the five enumerated areas and could in its discretion determine that, notwithstanding its costs, a particular rule was necessary or appropriate to protect the public interest or to effectuate any of the provisions or to accomplish any of the purposes of the Act.

The proposed rulemaking constitutes a package of related rule provisions affecting market intermediaries. The proposed rules and rule amendments are intended to provide greater flexibility for intermediaries and their customers in their methods of doing business. The Commission is considering the costs and benefits of these rules in light of the specific provisions of section 15 of the Act:

1. *Protection of market participants and the public.* In general, the proposed rules would be expected to cost little in terms of diminishing the protection of market participants and the public.

2. *Efficiency and competition.* The proposed rules are expected to benefit competition and market efficiency broadly by providing increased flexibility for intermediaries. For instance, the Commission is proposing new rule amendments concerning the definition of the term ''principal'' that recognize the evolution of management structures by reducing the number of officers that will be considered principals, while ensuring that personnel that exercise or are in a position to exercise a controlling influence over the activities of the registrant will remain listed as such. In addition, FCMs will be permitted to obtain several consents from consumers with a single signature. The rules do not impose a cost on market efficiency or competition.

3. *Financial integrity of futures markets and price discovery.* The proposed rules should have no effect, from the standpoint of imposing costs or creating benefits, on the financial integrity or price discovery function of the futures and options markets or on the risk management practices of FCMs, CTAs, CPOs or IBs.

4. *Sound risk management practices.* The Commission has previously adopted amendments to its rules regarding the investment of customer funds that were originally part of the December Release. These amendments expanded the list of permissible investments in which FCMs and clearing organizations are permitted to invest cash segregated for the benefit of commodity customers, thereby enhancing the yield available to FCMs, clearing organizations and their customers, and contained specific risk-limiting features intended to minimize credit risk, market risk, and liquidity risk.

5. *Other public interest considerations.* The Commission's rules

[46] An FCM must take into consideration positions in separate accounts of the same customer that it is carrying in applying Rule 1.46. *See* 57 FR 55082, 55083 n.2 (Nov. 24, 1992), *citing* U.S. Department of Agriculture, Commodity Exchange Authority Administrative Determination No. 134 (May 25, 1948).

[47] Generally, responsibility for transmitting instructions regarding offset would lie with the registrant directing trading. Thus, where a pool's trading is directed by a CTA, it would be the CTA who would be responsible for transmitting offset instructions, not the CPO.

implementing the new regulatory structure would open up new markets for the benefit of market participants and the public, thus making available more customized products for risk management purposes. The proposed new rules and rule amendments contained herein would establish appropriate safeguards for those customers seeking to trade on the new DTF and security futures product markets.

After considering these factors, the Commission has determined to propose the revisions to its rules discussed above. The Commission invites public comment on its application of the new cost-benefit provision. Commenters also are invited to submit any data that they may have quantifying the costs and benefits of the proposed rules with their comment letters.

V. Related Matters

A. Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA), 5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.* (1994 & Supp. II 1996), requires federal agencies, in proposing rules, to consider the impact of those rules on small businesses. The rules proposed herein would affect FCMs, IBs, CPOs, CTAs, FBs, FTs, leverage transaction merchants (LTMs) and agricultural trade option merchants (ATOMs), as well as principals thereof. The Commission has previously established certain definitions of ''small entities'' to be used by the Commission in evaluating the impact of its rules on small entities in accordance with the RFA.[48] The Commission has previously determined that registered FCMs, CPOs, LTMs and ATOMs are not small entities for the purpose of the RFA.[49] With respect to IBs, CTAs, FBs and FTs, the Commission has stated that it is appropriate to evaluate within the context of a particular rule proposal whether some or all of the affected entities should be considered small entities and, if so, to analyze the economic impact on them of any rule. In this regard, the rules being proposed herein would not require any registrant to change its current method of doing business. For many registrants, the proposed revisions should decrease the number of persons within the registrant's organization who would be considered principals under the CFTC's rules. Further, the proposed revisions should reduce, rather than increase, the regulatory requirements that apply to registrants and applicants for registration, regardless of size. Accordingly, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 605(b), the Acting Chairman, on behalf of the Commission, certifies that the proposed amendments will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. The Commission invites the public to comment on this finding.

B. Paperwork Reduction Act

This proposed rulemaking contains information collection requirements. As required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, 44 U.S.C. § 3507(d), the Commission has submitted a copy of these proposed amendments to its rules to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for its review.

Collection of Information

Rules Relating to the Operations and Activities of Commodity Pool Operators and Commodity Trading Advisors and to Monthly Reporting by Futures Commission Merchants, OMB Control Number 3038–0005.

Rules Pertaining to Contract Markets and Their Members, OMB Control Number 3038–0022.

Regulations and Forms Pertaining to the Financial Integrity of the Marketplace, OMB Control Number 3038–0024.

The proposed amendments would not affect the paperwork burdens associated with the above collections of information, which have previously been approved by OMB in connection with the Commission's previous submission of the proposed rules.

Rules, Regulations and Forms for Domestic and Foreign Futures and Options Relating to Registration with the Commission, OMB Control Number 3038–0023.

The proposed rules will reduce the collection of information burden previously approved by OMB by 2 hours because of the elimination of Rule 3.32:

Estimated number of respondents (after proposed amendment): 0.

Annual responses by each respondent: 0.

Estimated average hours per response: 0.

Annual reporting burden: 0 hours.

The annual reporting burden of 7,337 hours represents a reduction of 2 hours as a result of the proposed new rules.

Copies of the information collection submission to OMB are available from the CFTC Clearance Officer, 1155 21st Street, NW., Washington, DC 20581, (202) 418–5160.

Persons wishing to comment on the information collection requirements that would be required by these proposed rules should contact the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Room 10235, New Executive Office Building, Washington, DC 20503, Attn: Desk Officer for the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.

The Commission considers comments by the public on this proposed collection of information in—

- Evaluating whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information will have a practical use;
- Evaluating the accuracy of the Commission's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
- Enhancing the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and
- Minimizing the burden of the collection of the information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, *e.g.,* permitting electronic submissions of responses.

OMB is required to make a decision concerning the collection of information contained in these proposed regulations between 30 and 60 days after publication of this document in the **Federal Register**. Therefore, a comment to OMB is best assured of having its full effect if OMB receives it within 30 days of publication. This does not affect the deadline for the public to comment to the Commission on the proposed regulations.

Copies of the information collection submission to OMB are available from the CFTC Clearance Officer, 1155 21st Street, NW., Washington, DC 20581 (202) 418–5160.

Lists of Subjects

17 CFR Part 1

Brokers, Commodity futures, Consumer protection, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

17 CFR Part 3

Administrative practice and procedure, Brokers, Commodity futures, Principals, Registration, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

17 CFR Part 4

Advertising, Commodity futures, Commodity pool operators, Commodity trading advisors, Consumer protection, Disclosure, Principals, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

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[48] 47 FR 18618–21 (Apr. 30, 1982).

[49] *Id.* at 18619–20 (discussing FCMs and CPOs); 54 FR 19556, 19557 (May 8, 1989) (discussing LTMs); and 63 FR 18821, 18830 (Apr. 16, 1998) (discussing ATOMs).

17 CFR Part 140

Authority delegations (Government agencies), Conflict of interests, Organization and functions (Government agencies).

17 CFR Part 155

Brokers, Commodity futures, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Commission hereby proposes to amend Chapter I of Title 17 of the Code of Federal Regulations as follows:

PART 1—GENERAL REGULATIONS UNDER THE COMMODITY EXCHANGE ACT

1. The authority citation for Part 1 is revised to read as follows:

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 1a, 2, 5, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 6d, 6e, 6f, 6g, 6h, 6i, 6j, 6k, 6l, 6m, 6n, 6o, 6p, 7, 7a, 7b, 8, 9, 12, 12a, 12c, 13a, 13a-1, 16, 16a, 19, 21, 23, and 24, as amended by Appendix E of Pub. L. No. 106–554, 114 Stat. 2763 (2000).

2. Section 1.3 is amended by adding new paragraph (g) to read as follows:

§ 1.3 Definitions.

* * * * *

(g) *Institutional customer.* This term has the same meaning as ''eligible contract participant'' as defined in section 1a(12) of the Act.

* * * * *

3. Section 1.10 is amended by revising paragraphs (a)(2) and (j)(8) to read as follows:

§ 1.10 Financial reports of futures commission merchants and introducing brokers.

(a) * * *

(2)(i)(A) Except as provided in paragraphs (a)(3) and (h) of this section, each person who files an application for registration as a futures commission merchant and who is not so registered at the time of such filing, must, concurrently with the filing of such application file either:

(*1*) A Form 1–FR–FCM certified by an independent public accountant in accordance with § 1.16 as of a date not more than 45 days prior to the date on which such report is filed; or

(*2*) A Form 1–FR–FCM as of a date not more than 17 business days prior to the date on which such report is filed and a Form 1–FR–FCM certified by an independent public accountant in accordance with § 1.16 as of a date not more than one year prior to the date on which such report is filed.

(B) Each such person must include with such financial report a statement describing the source of his current assets and representing that his capital has been contributed for the purpose of operating his business and will continue to be used for such purpose.

(ii)(A) Except as provided in paragraphs (a)(3) and (h) of this section, each person who files an application for registration as an introducing broker and who is not so registered at the time of such filing, must, concurrently with the filing of such application file either:

(*1*) A Form 1–FR–IB certified by an independent public accountant in accordance with § 1.16 as of a date not more than 45 days prior to the date on which such report is filed;

(*2*) A Form 1–FR–IB as of a date not more than 17 business days prior to the date on which such report is filed and a Form 1–FR–IB certified by an independent public accountant in accordance with § 1.16 as of a date not more than one year prior to the date on which such report is filed;

(*3*) A Form 1–FR–IB as of a date not more than 17 business days prior to the date on which such report is filed, *Provided, however,* that such applicant shall be subject to a review by the applicant's designated self-regulatory organization within six months of registration; or

(*4*) A guarantee agreement.

(B) Each person filing in accordance with paragraphs (a)(2)(ii)(A) (*1*), (*2*) or (*3*) of this section must include with such financial report a statement describing the source of his current assets and representing that his capital has been contributed for the purpose of operating his business and will continue to be used for such purpose.

* * * * *

(j) * * *

(8)(i)(A) An introducing broker which is a party to a guarantee agreement which has been terminated in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (j)(5) of this section, or which is due to expire in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (j)(4)(ii) of this section, must cease doing business as an introducing broker on or before the effective date of such termination or expiration unless, on or before 10 days prior to the effective date of such termination or expiration or such other period of time as the Commission or the designated self-regulatory organization may allow for good cause shown, the introducing broker files with its designated self-regulatory organization either a new guarantee agreement effective as of the day following the date of termination of the existing agreement, or, in the case of a guarantee agreement which is due to expire in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (j)(4)(ii) of this section, a new guarantee agreement effective on or before such expiration, or either:

(*1*) A Form 1–FR–IB certified by an independent public accountant in accordance with § 1.16 as of a date not more than 45 days prior to the date on which the report is filed; or

(*2*) A Form 1–FR–IB as of a date not more than 17 business days prior to the date on which the report is filed and a Form 1–FR–IB certified by an independent public accountant in accordance with § 1.16 as of a date not more than one year prior to the date on which the report is filed.

(B) Each person filing a Form 1–FR–IB in accordance with this section must include with the financial report a statement describing the source of his current assets and representing that his capital has been contributed for the purpose of operating his business and will continue to be used for such purpose.

(ii)(A) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (j)(8)(i) of this section or of § 1.17(a), an introducing broker that is a party to a guarantee agreement that has been terminated in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (j)(5)(ii) of this section shall not be deemed to be in violation of the minimum adjusted net capital requirement of § 1.17(a)(1)(ii) or (a)(2) for 30 days following such termination. Such an introducing broker must cease doing business as an introducing broker on or after the effective date of such termination, and may not resume doing business as an introducing broker unless and until it files a new agreement or either:

(*1*) A Form 1–FR–IB certified by an independent public accountant in accordance with § 1.16 of this part as of a date not more than 45 days prior to the date on which the report is filed; or

(*2*) A Form 1–FR–IB as of a date not more than 17 business days prior to the date on which the report is filed and a Form 1–FR–IB certified by an independent public accountant in accordance with § 1.16 as of a date not more than one year prior to the date on which the report is filed.

(B) Each person filing a Form 1–FR–IB in accordance with this section must include with the financial report a statement describing the source of his current assets and representing that his capital has been contributed for the purpose of operating his business and will continue to be used for such purpose.

* * * * *

4. Section 1.17 is amended by redesignating paragraph (a)(1)(ii) as

(a)(1)(iii) and by adding new paragraph (a)(1)(ii) to read as follows:

§ 1.17 Minimum financial requirements for futures commission merchants and introducing brokers.

(a) * * *

(1) * * *

(ii) Each person registered as a futures commission merchant engaged in soliciting or accepting orders and customer funds related thereto for the purchase or sale of any commodity for future delivery or any commodity option on or subject to the rules of a registered derivatives transaction execution facility from any customer who does not qualify as an ''institutional customer'' as defined in § 1.3(g) must:

(A) Be a clearing member of a derivatives clearing organization and maintain net capital in the amount of the greater of $20,000,000 or the amounts otherwise specified in paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section; or

(B) Receive orders on behalf of the customer from a commodity trading advisor acting in accordance with § 4.32 of this chapter.

* * * * *

5. Section 1.33 is amended by adding a new paragraph (g) to read as follows:

§ 1.33 Monthly and confirmation statements.

* * * * *

(g) *Electronic transmission of statements.* (1) The statements required by this section, and by § 1.46, may be furnished to any customer by means of electronic media if the customer so requests, *provided, however*, that a futures commission merchant must, prior to the transmission of any statement by means of electronic media, disclose the electronic medium or source through which statements will be delivered, the duration, whether indefinite or not, of the period during which consent will be effective, any charges for such service, the information that will be delivered by such means, and that consent to electronic delivery may be revoked at any time.

(2) In the case of a customer who does not qualify as an ''institutional customer'' as defined in § 1.3(g), a futures commission merchant must obtain the customer's signed consent acknowledging disclosure of the information set forth in paragraph (g)(1) of this section prior to the transmission of any statement by means of electronic media.

(3) Any statement required to be furnished to a person other than a customer in accordance with paragraph (d) of this section may be furnished by electronic media.

(4) A futures commission merchant who furnishes statements to any customer by means of electronic media must retain a daily confirmation statement for such customer as of the end of the trading session, reflecting all transactions made during that session for the customer, in accordance with § 1.31.

* * * * *

6. Section 1.46 is amended as follows:

a. By revising paragraph (a) introductory text,

b. By removing and reserving paragraphs (d)(4) through (d)(7),

c. By removing paragraph (d)(9) and

d. By revising paragraph (e) to read as follows:

§ 1.46 Application and closing out of offsetting long and short positions.

(a) *Application of purchases and sales.* Except with respect to purchases or sales which are for omnibus accounts, or where the customer has instructed otherwise, any futures commission merchant who, on or subject to the rules of a designated contract market or registered derivatives transaction execution facility:

* * * * *

(e) The statements required by paragraph (a) of this section may be furnished to the customer or the person described in § 1.33(d) by means of electronic transmission, in accordance with § 1.33(g).

* * * * *

7. Section 1.55 is amended by revising paragraphs (d) and (f) to read as follows:

§ 1.55 Distribution of ''Risk Disclosure Statement'' by futures commission merchants and introducing brokers.

* * * * *

(d) Any futures commission merchant, or in the case of an introduced account any introducing broker, may open a commodity futures account for a customer without obtaining the separate acknowledgments of disclosure and elections required by this section and by § 1.33(g), and by §§ 33.7 and 190.06 of this chapter, provided that:

(1) Prior to the opening of such account, the futures commission merchant or introducing broker obtains an acknowledgment from the customer, which may consist of a single signature at the end of the futures commission merchant's or introducing broker's customer account agreement, or on a separate page, of the disclosure statements and elections specified in this section and § 1.33(g), and in §§ 33.7 and 190.06 of this chapter, and which may include authorization for the transfer of funds from a segregated customer account to another account of such customer, as listed directly above the signature line, provided the customer has acknowledged by check or other indication next to a description of each specified disclosure statement or election that the customer has received and understood such disclosure statement or made such election;

(2) The acknowledgment referred to in paragraph (d)(1) of this section must be accompanied by and executed contemporaneously with delivery of the disclosures and elective provisions required by this section and § 1.33(g), and by §§ 33.7 and 190.06 of this chapter.

* * * * *

(f) A futures commission merchant or, in the case of an introduced account an introducing broker, may open a commodity futures account for an ''institutional customer'' as defined in § 1.3(g) without furnishing such institutional customer the disclosure statements or obtaining the acknowledgements required under paragraph (a) of this section, §§ 1.33(g) and 1.65(a)(3), and §§ 30.6(a), 33.7(a) and 190.10(c) of this chapter.

* * * * *

PART 3—REGISTRATION

8. The authority citation for Part 3 is revised to read as follows:

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 522, 522b; 7 U.S.C. 1a, 2, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 6d, 6e, 6f, 6g, 6h, 6i, 6k, 6m, 6n, 6o, 6p, 8, 9, 9a, 12, 12a, 13b, 13c, 16a, 18, 19, 21, 23.

9. Section 3.1 is amended by revising paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) to read as follows:

§ 3.1 Definitions.

(a) * * *

(1) If the entity is organized as a sole proprietorship, the proprietor; if a partnership, any general partner; if a corporation, any director, the president, chief executive officer, chief operating officer, chief financial officer, and any person in charge of a principal business unit, division or function subject to regulation by the Commission; if a limited liability company or limited liability partnership, any director, the president, chief executive officer, chief operating officer, chief financial officer, the manager, managing member or those members vested with the management authority for the entity, and any person in charge of a principal business unit, division or function subject to regulation by the Commission; and, in addition, any person occupying a similar status or performing similar functions, having the power, directly or indirectly, through agreement or

otherwise, to exercise a controlling influence over the entity's activities that are subject to regulation by the Commission;

(2)(i) Any individual who directly or indirectly, through agreement, holding company, nominee, trust or otherwise, is the owner of ten percent or more of the outstanding shares of any class of stock, is entitled to vote or has the power to sell or direct the sale of ten percent or more of any class of voting securities, or is entitled to receive ten percent or more of the profits; or

(ii) Any person other than an individual that is the direct owner of ten percent or more of any class of securities; or

* * * * *

§ 3.10 [Amended]

10. Section 3.10 is amended by removing paragraph (a)(2)(ii) and by redesignating paragraph (a)(2)(i) as paragraph (a)(2).

11. Section 3.21 is amended by revising paragraph (c) introductory text to read as follows:

§ 3.21 Exemption from fingerprinting requirement in certain cases.

* * * * *

(c) *Outside directors.* Any futures commission merchant, introducing broker, commodity trading advisor, commodity pool operator or leverage transaction merchant that has a principal who is a director but is not also an officer or employee of the firm may, in lieu of submitting a fingerprint card in accordance with the provisions of §§ 3.10(a)(2) and 3.31(a)(2), file a ''Notice Pursuant to Rule 3.21(c)'' with the National Futures Association. Such notice shall state, if true, that such outside director:

* * * * *

12. Section 3.31 is amended by redesignating paragraph (a) as paragraph (a)(1), and by adding new paragraph (a)(2) to read as follows:

§ 3.31 Deficiencies, inaccuracies, and changes, to be reported.

(a)(1) * * *

(2) Where the deficiency or inaccuracy is created by the addition of a new principal not listed on the registrant's application for registration (or amendment of such application prior to the granting of registration), each Form 3-R filed in accordance with the requirements of paragraph (a)(1) of this section must be accompanied by a Form 8-R, completed in accordance with the instructions thereto and executed by each natural person who is a principal of the registrant and who was not listed on the registrant's initial application for registration or any amendment thereto. The Form 8-R for each such principal must be accompanied by the fingerprints of that principal on a fingerprint card provided by the National Futures Association for that purpose, unless such principal is a director who qualifies for the exemption from the fingerprint requirement pursuant to § 3.21(c). The provisions of this paragraph do not apply to any principal who has a current Form 8-R on file with the Commission or the National Futures Association.

* * * * *

§ 3.32 [Removed]

13. Section 3.32 is removed.

§ 3.34 [Removed]

14. Section 3.34 is removed.

15. Appendix A to Part 3 is amended by adding to the end thereto the following:

Appendix A to Part 3—Interpretative Statement With Respect to Section 8a(2)(C) and (E) and Section 8a(3)(J) and (M) of the Commodity Exchange Act

* * * * *

The Commission has further addressed ''other good cause'' under section 8a(3)(M) of the Act in issuing guidance letters on assessing the fitness of floor brokers, floor traders or applicants in either category:

First Guidance Letter

December 4, 1997.

Robert K. Wilmouth, President,
National Futures Association, 200 West Madison Street, Chicago, IL 60606–3447

Re: Adverse Registration Actions With Respect to Floor Brokers, Floor Traders and Applicants for Registration in Either Category

Dear Mr. Wilmouth:

As you know, the Commission on June 26, 1997, approved for publication in the **Federal Register** a Notice and Order concerning adverse registration actions by the National Futures Association (''NFA'') with respect to registered floor brokers (''FBs''), registered floor traders (''FTs'') and applicants for registration in either category. 62 FR 36050 (July 3, 1997). The Notice and Order authorized NFA to grant or to maintain, either with or without conditions or restrictions, FB or FT registration where NFA previously would have forwarded the case to the Commission for review of disciplinary history. The Commission has worked with its staff to determine which of the pending matters could efficiently be returned to NFA for handling, and such matters have been forwarded to NFA. The Commission will continue to accept or to act upon requests for exemption, and the Commission staff will consider requests for ''no-action'' opinions with respect to applicable registration requirements.

By this correspondence, the Commission is issuing guidance that provides NFA further direction on how it expects NFA to exercise its delegated power, based upon the experience of the Commission and the staff with the registration review process during the past three years. This guidance will help ensure that NFA exercises its delegated power in a manner consistent with Commission precedent.

In exercising its delegated authority, NFA, of course, needs to apply all of the provisions of Sections 8a(2) and (3) of the Commodity Exchange Act (''Act'').[1] In that regard, NFA should consider the matters in which the Commission has taken action in the past and endeavor to seek similar registration restrictions, conditions, suspensions, denials, or revocations under similar circumstances.

One of the areas in which NFA appears to have had the most uncertainty is with regard to previous self-regulatory organization (''SRO'') disciplinary actions. Commission Rule 1.63[2] provides clear guidelines for determining whether a person's history of ''disciplinary offenses'' should preclude service on SRO governing boards or committees.[3] In determining whether to grant or to maintain, either with or without conditions or restrictions, FB or FT registration, NFA should, as an initial matter, apply the Rule 1.63(a)(6) criteria to those registered FBs, registered FTs and applicants for registration in either category. However, NFA should be acting based upon any such offenses that occurred within the previous five years, rather than the three years provided for in Rule 1.63(c). NFA should consider disciplinary actions taken by an SRO as that term is defined in Section 3(a)(26) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 no differently from disciplinary actions taken by an SRO in the futures industry as

[1] 7 U.S.C. 12a(2) and (3) (1994). The letter is intended to supplement, not to supersede, other guidance provided in the past to NFA. In this regard, the NFA should continue to follow other guidance provided by the Commission or its staff.

[2] Commission rules referred to herein are found at 17 CFR Ch. I.

[3] Rule 1.63(c) provides that a person is ineligible from serving on an SRO's disciplinary committees, arbitration panels, oversight panels or governing board if, as provided in Rule 1.63(b), the person, inter alia: (1) within the past three years has been found by a final decision of an SRO, an administrative law judge, a court of competent jurisdiction or the Commission to have committed a disciplinary offense; or (2) within the past three years has entered into a settlement agreement in which any of the findings or, in the absence of such findings, any of the acts charged included a disciplinary offense.

Rule 1.63(a)(6) provides that a ''disciplinary offense'' includes: (i) any violation of the rules of an SRO except those rules related to (A) decorum or attire, (B) financial requirements, or (C) reporting or record-keeping unless resulting in fines aggregating more than $5,000 within any calendar year; (ii) any rule violation described in subparagraphs (A) through (C) above that involves fraud, deceit or conversion or results in a suspension or expulsion; (iii) any violation of the Act or the regulations promulgated thereunder; or (iv) any failure to exercise supervisory responsibility with respect to an act described in paragraphs (i) through (iii) above when such failure is itself a violation of either the rules of an SRO, the Act or the regulations promulgated thereunder.

defined in Rule 1.3(ee).[4] Application of the Rule 1.63 criteria, as modified, to these matters will aid NFA in making registration determinations that are reasonably consonant with Commission views.[5] NFA should focus on the nature of the underlying conduct rather than the sanction imposed by an SRO. Thus, if a disciplinary action would not come within the coverage of Rule 1.63 but for the imposition of a short suspension of trading privileges (such as for a matter involving fighting, use of profane language or minor recordkeeping violations), NFA could exercise discretion, as has the Commission, not to institute a statutory disqualification case. On the other hand, conduct that falls clearly within the terms of Rule 1.63, such as violations of rules involving potential harm to customers of the exchange, should not be exempt from review simply because the exchange imposed a relatively minor sanction.

The Commission has treated the registration process and the SRO disciplinary process as separate matters involving separate considerations. The fact that the Commission has not pursued its own enforcement case in a particular situation does not necessarily mean that the Commission considers the situation to be a minor matter for which no registration sanctions are appropriate. Further, the Commission believes that it and NFA, entities with industry-wide perspective and responsibilities, are the appropriate bodies, rather than any individual exchange, to decide issues relating to registration status, which can affect a person's ability to function in the industry well beyond the jurisdiction of a particular exchange. Thus, NFA's role is in no way related to review of exchange sanctions for particular conduct, but rather it is the entirely separate task of determining whether an FB's or FT's conduct should impact his or her registration.

NFA also should look to Commission precedent in selecting conditions or restrictions to be imposed, such as a dual trading ban where a person has been involved in disciplinary offenses involving customer abuse. Where conditions or restrictions are imposed, or agreed upon, NFA also should follow Commission precedent, under which such conditions or restrictions generally have been imposed for a two-year period.

The Commission has required sponsorship for conditioned FBs and FTs when their disciplinary offenses have involved noncompetitive trading and fraud irrespective of the level of sanctions imposed by an SRO. Indeed, but for a sponsorship requirement there would be no one routinely watching and responsible for the activities of these registrants. Absent sponsorship, such FBs and FTs would only be subject to routine Commission and exchange surveillance. The Commission's rules are premised upon the judgment that requiring FTs and FBs to have sponsors to ensure their compliance with conditions is both appropriate and useful. See Rule 3.60(b)(2)(i).

A question has arisen whether, if NFA is required to prove up the underlying facts of an SRO disciplinary action, the exchanges can provide information on exchange disciplinary proceedings directly to NFA. Although Section 8c(a)(2) of the Act states that an exchange shall not disclose the evidence for a disciplinary action except to the person disciplined and to the Commission, Section 8a(10) of the Act allows the Commission to authorize any person to perform any portion of the registration functions under the Act, notwithstanding any other provision of law. The effective discharge of the delegated registration function requires NFA to have access to the exchange evidence. Thus, the Commission believes that Section 8a(10) may reasonably be interpreted to allow the disclosure of information from exchange disciplinary proceedings directly to NFA despite the provisions of Section 8c(a)(2).

Nothing in the Notice and Order affects the Commission's authority to review the granting of a registration application by NFA in the performance of Commission registration functions, including review of the sufficiency of conditions or restrictions imposed by NFA, to review the determination by NFA not to take action to affect an existing registration, or to take its own action to address a statutory disqualification. Moreover, the Commission Order contemplates that to allow for appropriate Commission oversight of NFA's exercise of this delegated authority, NFA will provide for the Commission's review quarterly schedules of all applicants cleared for registration and all registrants whose registrations are maintained without adverse action by NFA's Registration, Compliance, Legal Committee despite potential statutory disqualifications.

The Commission will continue to monitor NFA activities through periodic rule enforcement reviews, and NFA remains subject to the present requirement that it monitor compliance with the conditions and restrictions imposed on conditioned and restricted registrants.

Sincerely,

Jean A. Webb,

Secretary of the Commission.

Second Guidance Letter

April 13, 2000.

Robert K. Wilmouth, President
National Futures Association, 200 West Madison Street, Chicago, IL 60606–3447

Re: Use of Exchange Disciplinary Actions as ''Other Good Cause'' to Affect Floor Broker/Floor Trader Registration

Dear Mr. Wilmouth:

I. Introduction and Background

In July 1997, the Commission issued a Notice and Order authorizing the National Futures Association (''NFA'') to grant or to maintain, either with or without conditions or restrictions, floor broker (''FB'') or floor trader (''FT'') registration where NFA previously would have forwarded the case to the Commission for review of disciplinary history.[1] By letter dated December 4, 1997 (''Guidance Letter''), the Commission provided further direction on how the Commission expected NFA to exercise its delegated power and to ensure that NFA exercised its delegated power in a manner consistent with Commission precedent.

The Commission has determined to revise the Guidance Letter. Specifically, the Commission is revising the portion of the Guidance Letter that addresses the use of exchange disciplinary actions as ''other good cause'' to affect FB and FT registrations. The Commission has made this determination following its own reconsideration of the issue and at the urging of industry members.[2]

The Guidance Letter pointed out that, in exercising its delegated authority, NFA must apply all of the provisions of Sections 8a(2) and (3) of the Commodity Exchange Act (''Act'').[3] In particular, Section 8a(3)(M) of the Act authorizes the Commission to refuse to register or to register conditionally any person if it is found, after opportunity for hearing, that there is other good cause for statutory disqualification from registration beyond the specifically listed grounds in Sections 8a(2) and 8a(3) of the Act. The Commission held in *In the Matter of Clark* that statutory disqualification under the ''other good cause'' provision of Section 8a(3)(M) may arise on the basis of, among other things, a pattern of exchange disciplinary actions alleging serious rule violations that result in significant sanctions, and that it is immaterial whether the sanctions imposed resulted from a fully-adjudicated disciplinary action or an action that was taken following a settlement.[4]

The Guidance Letter recommended the application of the provisions of Commission

[4] Thus, for example, a disciplinary action taken by the Chicago Board Options Exchange or the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. should be considered in a manner similar to a disciplinary action of the Chicago Board of Trade or NFA.

[5] In reviewing these matters, the NFA should bear in mind recent Commission precedent which allows for reliance on settled disciplinary proceedings in some circumstances. *See In the Matter of Michael J. Clark,* [1996–1998 Transfer Binder] Comm. Fut. L. Rep. (CCH) ¶ 27,032 (Apr. 22, 1997) (''other good cause'' under Section 8a(3)(M) of the Act exists based upon a pattern of exchange disciplinary actions resulting in significant sanctions for serious rule violations—whether settlements or adjudications), *aff'd sub nom., Clark v. Commodity Futures Trading Commission,* No. 97–4228 (2d Cir. June 4, 1999) (unpublished).

[1] Registration Actions by National Futures Association With Respect to Floor Brokers, Floor Traders and Applicants for Registration in Either Category, 62 FR 36050 (July 3, 1997).

[2] *See* letters submitted by James Bowe, former president of the New York Board of Trade (''NYBOT''), dated October 13, 1999, Christopher Bowen, general counsel of the New York Mercantile Exchange (''NYMEX''), dated October 18, 1999, and the Joint Compliance Committee (''JCC''), dated February 2, 2000. The JCC consists of senior compliance officials from all domestic futures exchanges and the NFA (*i.e.,* the domestic self-regulatory organizations (''SROs'')). In addition, staff from the Contract Markets Section of the Commission's Division of Trading and Markets attend the JCC meetings as observers. The JCC was established to aid in the development of improved compliance systems through joint efforts and information-sharing among the SROs. Commission staff have also discussed this issue with SRO staff.

[3] 7 U.S.C. 12a(2) and (3) (1994).

[4] *In the Matter of Clark,* [1996–1998 Transfer Binder] Comm. Fut. L. Rep. (CCH) ¶ 27,032 (Apr. 22, 1997), *aff'd sub nom., Clark v. Commodity Futures Trading Commission,* No. 97–4228 (2d Cir. June 4, 1999) (unpublished).

Rule 1.63[5] as criteria to aid in assessing the impact of an FB or FT applicant's or registrant's previous disciplinary history on the person's fitness to be registered, with the exception that NFA should be acting based on disciplinary history from the previous five years, rather than the three years provided for in Rule 1.63.[6] The Guidance Letter also noted that NFA should consider disciplinary actions taken not only by futures industry SROs but also those taken by SROs as defined in Section 3(a)(26) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (''1934 Act''), including settled disciplinary actions.

II. REVISED GUIDANCE

As stated above, the Commission has determined to revise the Guidance Letter. From this point forward, NFA should cease using Rule 1.63 as the basis to evaluate the impact of an FB or FT applicant's or registrant's disciplinary history on his or her fitness to be registered. Instead, as *Clark* stated, when reviewing disciplinary history to assess the fitness to be registered of an FB, FT, or applicant in either category, a pattern of exchange disciplinary actions alleging serious rule violations that result in significant sanctions will trigger the ''other good cause'' provision of Section 8a(3)(M). The ''pattern'' should consist of at least two final exchange disciplinary actions, whether settled or adjudicated.

NFA also should consider initiating proceedings to affect the registration of the FB or FT, even if there is only a single exchange action against the FB or FT, if the exchange action was based on allegations of particularly egregious misconduct or involved numerous instances of misconduct occurring over a long period of time. If, however, a proceeding is initiated based on a single exchange action that was disposed of by settlement, NFA may have to prove up the underlying misconduct. Furthermore, traditional principles of collateral estoppel apply to adjudicated actions, whether they are being considered individually or as part of a pattern.[7]

As provided by the Guidance Letter, ''exchange disciplinary actions'' would continue to include disciplinary actions taken by both futures industry SROs and SROs as defined in Section 3(a)(26) of the 1934 Exchange Act. Furthermore, NFA should review an applicant's or registrant's disciplinary history for the past five years.[8] At least one of the actions forming the pattern, however, must have become final after *Clark* was decided by the Commission on April 22, 1997. Finally, ''serious rule violations'' consist of, or are substantially related to, charges of fraud, customer abuse, other illicit trading practices, or the obstruction of an exchange investigation.

Congress, the courts and the Commission have indicated the importance of considering an applicant's history of exchange disciplinary actions in assessing that person's fitness to register.[9] Furthermore, NFA's review of exchange disciplinary actions within the context of the registration process should not simply mirror the disciplinary actions undertaken by the exchanges. The two processes are separate matters that involve separate considerations. As part of their ongoing self-regulatory obligations, exchanges must take disciplinary action[10] and such disciplinary matters necessarily focus on the specific misconduct that forms the allegation. In a statutory disqualification action, however, NFA must determine whether the disciplinary history of an FB, FT or applicant over the preceding five years should impact his or her registration. Additionally, NFA possesses industry-wide perspective and responsibilities. As such, NFA, rather than an individual exchange, should decide registration status issues, since those issues affect an individual's status within the industry as a whole, well beyond the jurisdiction of a particular exchange.

The Commission also wants to clarify to the fullest extent possible that its power to delegate the authority to deny or condition the registration of an FB, FT, or an applicant for registration in either category permits exchanges to disclose to NFA all evidence underlying exchange disciplinary actions, notwithstanding the language of Section 8c(a)(2) of the Act.[11] The Commission's power to delegate stems from Section 8a(10) of the Act, which permits delegation of registration functions, including statutory disqualification actions, to any person in accordance with rules adopted by such person and submitted to the Commission for approval or for review under Section 17(j) of the Act, ''notwithstanding any other provision of law.'' Certainly, Section 8c(a)(2) qualifies as ''any other provision of law.'' Furthermore, the effective discharge of the delegated function requires NFA to have access to the exchange evidence. Thus, the exercise of the delegated authority pursuant to Section 8a(10) permits the exchanges to disclose all evidence underlying disciplinary actions to NFA.[12]

This letter supersedes the Guidance Letter to the extent discussed above. In all other aspects, the Guidance Letter and other guidance provided by the Commission or its staff remain in effect. Therefore, NFA should continue to follow Commission precedent when selecting conditions or restrictions to be imposed. For example, NFA should impose a dual trading ban where customer abuse is involved and any conditions or restrictions imposed should be for a two-year period. Furthermore, NFA should require sponsorship for conditioned FBs or FTs when their disciplinary offenses involve noncompetitive trading and fraud.

Nothing in the Notice and Order or this letter affects the Commission's authority to review the granting of a registration application by NFA in the performance of Commission registration functions, including review of the sufficiency of conditions or restrictions imposed by NFA, to review the determination by NFA not to take action to affect an existing registration, or to take its own action to address a statutory disqualification. Moreover, the Commission Order contemplates that to allow for appropriate Commission oversight of NFA's exercise of this delegated authority, NFA will provide for the Commission's review quarterly schedules of all applicants cleared for registration and all registrants whose registrations are maintained without adverse action by NFA's Registration, Compliance, Legal Committee despite potential statutory disqualifications.

The Commission will continue to monitor NFA activities through periodic rule enforcement reviews, and NFA remains subject to the present requirement that it monitor compliance with the conditions and restrictions imposed on conditioned and restricted registrants.

Sincerely,

Jean A. Webb,

Secretary of the Commission.

16. Part 3 is amended by adding Appendix B to read as follows:

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[5] Commission rules referred to in this letter are found at 17 CFR Ch. 1.

[6] Rule 1.63 provides, among other things, that a person is ineligible from serving on SRO disciplinary committees, arbitration panels, oversight panels or governing boards if that person, *inter alia,* entered into a settlement agreement within the past three years in which any of the findings or, in the absence of such findings, any of the acts charged included a disciplinary offense.

Rule 1.63(a)(6) defines a ''disciplinary offense'' to include:

(i) any violation of the rules of an SRO except those rules related to (A) decorum or attire, (B) financial requirements, or (C) reporting or record-keeping unless resulting in fines aggregating more than $5,000 within any calendar year; (ii) any rule violation described in subparagraphs (A) through (C) above that involves fraud, deceit or conversion or results in a suspension or expulsion; (iii) any violation of the Act or the regulations promulgated thereunder; or (iv) any failure to exercise supervisory responsibility with respect to an act described in paragraphs (i) through (iii) above when such failure is itself a violation of either the rules of an SRO, the Act or the regulations promulgated thereunder.

[7] *Clark* at 44,929.

[8] The Commission generally looked at a five-year period of disciplinary history. On occasion, however, the Commission examined a longer period of an applicant's or registrant's disciplinary history. For example, the Commission revoked the registration of one FB on the basis of exchange disciplinary cases that extended back six years, *see Clark,* 2 Comm. Fut. L. Rep. (CCH) ¶ 27,032, and denied an application for registration as an FT on the basis of exchange disciplinary cases that extended back seven years, *see In the Matter of Castellano,* [1987–1990 Transfer Binder] Comm. Fut. L. Rep. (CCH) ¶ 24,360 (Nov. 23, 1988), *summarily aff'd* (May 29, 1990), *reh. denied* [1990–1992 Transfer Binder] Comm. Fut. L. Rep. ¶ 24,870 (June 26, 1990), *aff'd sub nom. Castellano v. CFTC,* Docket No. 90–2298 (7th Cir. Nov. 20, 1991).

[9] Letter dated July 14, 1995, from Mary L. Schapiro to R. Patrick Thompson, President, New York Mercantile Exchange (unpublished). *See also Castellano, supra* note 8.

[10] *See* Rule 1.51(a)(7).

[11] Section 8c(a)(2) states, in relevant part, that ''[A]n exchange * * * shall not disclose the evidence therefor, except to the person who is suspended, expelled, disciplined, or denied access, and to the Commission.''

[12] Of course, the Commission could request records from the exchange and forward them to NFA. The Commission believes that this is an unnecessary administrative process and that NFA should obtain the records it needs to carry out the delegated function of conducting disciplinary history reviews directly from the exchanges. In this context and pursuant to Commission orders authorizing NFA to institute adverse registration actions, NFA should be viewed as standing in the shoes of the Commission.

Appendix B to Part 3—Statement of Acceptable Practices With Respect to Ethics Training

(a) The provisions of Section 4p(b) of the Act (7 U.S.C. 6p(b) (1994)) set forth requirements regarding training of registrants as to their responsibilities to the public. This section requires the Commission to issue regulations requiring new registrants to attend ethics training sessions within six months of registration, and all registrants to attend such training on a periodic basis. The awareness and maintenance of professional ethical standards are essential elements of a registrant's fitness. Further, the use of ethics training programs is relevant to a registrant's maintenance of adequate supervision, a requirement under Rule 166.3.

(b)(1) The Commission recognizes that technology has provided new, faster means of sharing and distributing information. In view of the foregoing, the Commission has chosen to allow registrants to develop their own ethics training programs. Nevertheless, futures industry professionals may want guidance as to the role of ethics training. Registrants may wish to consider what ethics training should be retained, its format, and how it might best be implemented. Therefore, the Commission finds it appropriate to issue this Statement of Acceptable Practices regarding appropriate training for registrants, as interpretative guidance for intermediaries on fitness and supervision. Commission registrants may look to this Statement of Acceptable Practices as a ''safe harbor'' concerning acceptable procedures in this area.

(2) The Commission believes that section 4p(b) of the Act reflects an intent by Congress that industry professionals be aware, and remain abreast, of their continuing obligations to the public under the Act and the regulations thereunder. The text of the Act provides guidance as to the nature of these responsibilities. As expressed in section 4p(b) of the Act, personnel in the industry have an obligation to the public to observe the Act, the rules of the Commission, the rules of any appropriate self-regulatory organizations or contract markets (which would also include registered derivatives transaction execution facilities), or other applicable federal or state laws or regulations. Further, section 4p(b) acknowledges that registrants have an obligation to the public to observe ''just and equitable principles of trade.''

(3) Additionally, section 4p(b) reflects Congress' intent that registrants and their personnel retain an up-to-date knowledge of these requirements. The Act requires that registrants receive training on a periodic basis. Thus, it is the intent of Congress that Commission registrants remain current with regard to the ethical ramifications of new technology, commercial practices, regulations, or other changes.

(c) The Commission believes that training should be focused to some extent on a person's registration category, although there will obviously be certain principles and issues common to all registrants and certain general subjects that should be taught. Topics to be addressed include:

(1) An explanation of the applicable laws and regulations, and the rules of self-regulatory organizations or contract markets and registered derivatives transaction execution facilities;

(2) The registrant's obligation to the public to observe just and equitable principles of trade;

(3) How to act honestly and fairly and with due skill, care and diligence in the best interests of customers and the integrity of the market;

(4) How to establish effective supervisory systems and internal controls;

(5) Obtaining and assessing the financial situation and investment experience of customers;

(6) Disclosure of material information to customers; and

(7) Avoidance, proper disclosure and handling of conflicts of interest.

(d) An acceptable ethics training program would apply to all of a firm's associated persons and its principals to the extent they are required to register as associated persons. Additionally, personnel of firms that rely on their registration with other regulators, such as the Securities and Exchange Commission, should be provided with ethics training to the extent the Act and the Commission's regulations apply to their business.

(e) As to the providers of such training, the Commission believes that classes sponsored by independent persons, firms, or industry associations would be acceptable. It would also be permissible to conduct in-house training programs. Further, registrants should ascertain the credentials of any ethics training providers they retain. Thus, persons who provide ethics training should be required to provide proof of satisfactory completion of the proficiency testing requirements applicable to the registrant and evidence of three years of relevant industry or pedagogical experience in the field. This industry experience might include the practice of law in the fields of futures or securities, or employment as a trader or risk manager at a brokerage or end-user firm. Likewise, the Commission believes that registrants should employ as ethics training providers only those persons they reasonably believe in good faith are not subject to any investigations or to bars to registration or to service on a self-regulatory organization governing board or disciplinary panel.

(f)(1) With regard to the frequency and duration of ethics training, it is permissible for a firm to require training on whatever periodic basis and duration the registrant (and relevant self-regulatory organizations) deems appropriate. It may even be appropriate not to require any such specific requirements as, for example, where ethics training could be termed ongoing. For instance, a small entity, sole proprietorship, or even a small section in an otherwise large firm, might satisfy its obligation to remain current with regard to ethics obligations by distribution of periodicals, legal cases, or advisories. Use of the latest information technology, such as Internet websites, can be useful in this regard. In such a context, there would be no structured classes, but the goal should be a continuous awareness of changing industry standards. A corporate culture to maintain high ethical standards should be established on a continuing basis.

(2) On the other hand, larger firms which transact business with a larger segment of the public may wish to implement a training program that requires periodic classwork. In such a situation, the Commission believes it appropriate for registrants to maintain such records as evidence of attendance and of the materials used for training. In the case of a floor broker or floor trader, the applicable contract market or registered derivatives transaction execution facility should maintain such evidence on behalf of its member. This evidence of ethics training could be offered to demonstrate fitness and overall compliance during audits by self-regulatory organizations, and during reviews of contract market or registered derivatives transaction execution facility operations.

(g) The methodology of such training may also be flexible. Recent innovations in information technology have made possible new, fast, and cost-efficient ways for registrants to maintain their awareness of events and changes in the commodity interest markets. In this regard, the Commission recognizes that the needs of a firm will vary according to its size, personnel, and activities. No format of classes will be required. Rather, such training could be in the form of formal class lectures, video presentation, Internet transmission, or by simple distribution of written materials. These options should provide sufficiently flexible means for adherence to Congressional intent in this area.

(h) Finally, it should be noted that self-regulatory organizations and industry associations will have a significant role in this area. Such organizations may have separate ethics and proficiency standards, including ethics training and testing programs, for their own members.

PART 4—COMMODITY POOL OPERATORS AND COMMODITY TRADING ADVISORS

17. The authority citation for Part 4 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 1a, 2, 6b, 6c, 6l, 6m, 6n, 6o, 12a, and 23.

18. Section 4.10 is amended by revising paragraph (e)(1) to read as follows:

§ 4.10 Definitions.

* * * * *

(e)(1) *Principal*, when referring to a person that is a principal of a particular entity, shall have the same meaning as the term ''principal'' under § 3.1(a) of this chapter.

* * * * *

19. Section 4.24 is amended by revising paragraphs (f)(1)(v) and (h)(2) to read as follows:

§ 4.24 General disclosures required.

* * * * *

(f) * * *

(1) * * *

(v) Each principal of the persons referred to in this paragraph (f)(1) who participates in making trading or operational decisions for the pool or who supervises persons so engaged.

* * * * *

(h) * * *

(2) A description of the trading and investment programs and policies that will be followed by the offered pool, including the method chosen by the pool operator concerning how futures commission merchants carrying the pool's accounts shall treat offsetting positions pursuant to § 1.46 of this chapter, if the method is other than to close out all offsetting positions or to close out offsetting positions on other than a first-in, first-out basis, and any material restrictions or limitations on trading required by the pool's organizational documents or otherwise. This description must include, if applicable, an explanation of the systems used to select commodity trading advisors, investee pools and types of investment activity to which pool assets will be committed;

* * * * *

20. Section 4.32 is added to read as follows:

§ 4.32 Trading on a Registered Derivatives Transaction Execution Facility for Non-Institutional Customers.

(a) A registered commodity trading advisor may enter trades on or subject to the rules of a registered derivatives transaction execution facility on behalf of a client who does not qualify as an ''institutional customer'' as defined in § 1.3(g) of this chapter, provided that the trading advisor:

(1) Directs the client's commodity interest account;

(2) Directs accounts containing total assets of not less than $25,000,000 at the time the trade is entered; and

(3) Discloses to the client that the trading advisor may enter trades on or subject to the rules of a registered derivatives transaction execution facility on the client's behalf.

(b) The commodity interest account of a client described in paragraph (a) of this section must be carried by a registered futures commission merchant.

21. Section 4.34 is amended by revising paragraphs (f)(1)(ii) and (h) to read as follows:

§ 4.34 General disclosures required.

* * * * *

(f) * * *

(1) * * *

(ii) Each principal of the trading advisor who participates in making trading or operational decisions for the trading advisor or supervises persons so engaged.

* * * * *

(h) *Trading program.* A description of the trading program, which must include the method chosen by the commodity trading advisor concerning how futures commission merchants carrying accounts it manages shall treat offsetting positions pursuant to § 1.46 of this chapter, if the method is other than to close out all offsetting positions or to close out offsetting positions on other than a first-in, first-out basis, and the types of commodity interests and other interests the commodity trading advisor intends to trade, with a description of any restrictions or limitations on such trading established by the trading advisor or otherwise.

* * * * *

PART 140—ORGANIZATION, FUNCTIONS AND PROCEDURES OF THE COMMISSION

22. The authority citation for Part 140 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 2, 12a.

23. Section 140.91 is amended by adding paragraph (a)(7) to read as follows:

§ 140.91 Delegation of authority to the Director of the Division of Trading and Markets.

(a) * * *

(7) All functions reserved to the Commission in § 1.25 of this chapter.

* * * * *

PART 155—TRADING STANDARDS

24. The authority citation for Part 155 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 6b, 6c, 6g, 6j and 12a unless otherwise noted.

25. Section 155.6 is added to read as follows:

§ 155.6 Trading standards for the transaction of business on registered derivatives transaction execution facilities.

(a) A futures commission merchant, or affiliated person thereof, transacting business on behalf of a customer who does not qualify as an ''institutional customer'' as defined in § 1.3(g) on a registered derivatives transaction execution facility shall comply with the provisions of § 155.3.

(b) No futures commission merchant, introducing broker or affiliated person thereof shall misuse knowledge of any institutional customer's order for execution on a registered derivatives transaction execution facility.

Issued in Washington, D.C. on August 20, 2001 by the Commission.

Catherine D. Dixon,

Assistant Secretary of the Commission.

[FR Doc. 01–21451 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6351–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

United States Customs Service

19 CFR PART 177

RIN 1515–AC56

Administrative Rulings

AGENCY: U.S. Customs Service, Department of the Treasury.

ACTION: Proposed rule; extension of comment period.

SUMMARY: On July 17, 2001, Customs published in the **Federal Register** a notice of proposed rulemaking that set forth proposed amendments to those provisions of the Customs Regulations that concern the issuance of administrative rulings and related written determinations and decisions on prospective and current transactions arising under the Customs and related laws. This document extends for an additional 30 days the period of time within which interested members of the public may submit comments on the proposed amendments.

DATES: Comments on the proposed amendments must be received on or before October 17, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Written comments (preferably in triplicate) may be addressed to the Regulations Branch, Office of Regulations and Rulings, U.S. Customs Service, 1300 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20229. Comments submitted may be inspected at the Regulations Branch, Office of Regulations and Rulings, U.S. Customs Service 1300 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., 3rd Floor, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John Elkins, Textiles Branch, Office of Regulations and Rulings (202–927–2380).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On July 17, 2001, Customs published in the **Federal Register** (66 FR 37370) a notice of proposed rulemaking that set forth proposed amendments to Part 177 of the Customs Regulations (19 CFR Part 177). Part 177 contains, among other things, general provisions regarding the issuance of binding administrative rulings and related written determinations and decisions on

prospective and current transactions arising under the Customs and related laws. The document solicited public comments on the proposed amendments and specified September 17, 2001, as the closing date for the submission of comments. On July 30, 2001, Customs published in the **Federal Register** (66 FR 39293) a correction document regarding the proposal.

Customs has received a letter from an international trade association requesting a 60-day extension of the public comment period. The letter explained that an extension was necessary because of the difficulty in collecting the views of the association's extensive membership during the summer vacation season regarding a matter that is of critical importance for the international trade community.

Customs believes that the request for a 60-day extension of the comment period must be balanced against the need to move forward with this important regulatory project. Accordingly, while Customs is sympathetic with the arguments made in support of an extension of the comment period, Customs believes that a 30-day extension would be more appropriate and would still afford sufficient additional time for the submission of comments by all interested parties. After the close of the extended comment period, Customs will review the comments submitted and will determine whether those comments raise issues that are of sufficient magnitude as to warrant reopening the comment period, publishing revised proposed amendments and/or instituting another appropriate public procedure prior to taking final action on this matter.

Accordingly, the public comment period is extended 30 days, to October 17, 2001.

Dated: August 22, 2001.

Douglas M. Browning,

Acting Assistant Commissioner, Office of Regulations and Rulings.

[FR Doc. 01–21659 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4820–02–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Minerals Management Service

30 CFR Part 250

RIN 1010–AC75

Oil and Gas and Sulphur Operations in the Outer Continental Shelf—Safety Measures and Procedures for Pipeline Modifications and Repairs

AGENCY: Minerals Management Service (MMS), Interior.

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: The proposed rule pertains to any pipeline modification or repair that involves cutting into a pipeline or opening a pipeline at a flange. It requires that all lessees, lease operators, and pipeline right-of-way holders submit in writing the measures they plan to take and the procedures they plan to follow to ensure the safety of offshore workers and to prevent pollution before beginning any repair. Eventually, all pipeline valves leak internally, and this poses a potential safety problem to offshore workers during pipeline modifications or repairs, because hydrocarbons and pressure differentials in pipelines can pose a significant hazard of fire and explosion.

DATES: MMS will consider all comments we receive by October 29, 2001. We will begin reviewing comments then and may not fully consider comments we receive after October 29, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Mail or hand-carry comments to the Department of the Interior; Minerals Management Service; Mail Stop 4020; 381 Elden Street; Herndon, Virginia 20170–4817; Attention: Rules Processing Team (RPT). If you wish to e-mail comments, the RPT's e-mail address is: *rules.comments@mms.gov.* Reference 1010–AC75 Safety Measures in your e-mail subject line. Include your name and return address in your e-mail message and mark your message for return receipt.

Mail or hand-carry comments with respect to the information collection burden of the proposed rule to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs; Office of Management and Budget; Attention: Desk Officer for the Department of the Interior (OMB control number 1010–NEW); 725 17th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20503.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Carl W. Anderson, Operations Analysis Branch, at (703) 787–1608 or e-mail at carl.anderson@mms.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

MMS is authorized to issue and enforce rules to promote safe operations, environmental protection, and resource conservation on the Outer Continental Shelf (OCS). (The OCS Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1331 *et seq.*) defines the OCS.) Under this authority, MMS regulates pipeline transportation of mineral production and rights-of-way for pipelines and associated facilities. MMS approves all OCS pipeline applications, regardless of whether a pipeline is built and operated under DOI or Department of Transportation (DOT) regulatory requirements. MMS also has sole authority to grant rights-of-way for OCS pipelines.

Cutting into or opening an existing pipeline for purposes of modifying or repairing it are among the most hazardous operations involving offshore oil and gas production and transportation. The pipeline first must be properly purged of significant collections of hydrocarbons, hydrogen sulfide (H_2S), and pressure. Moreover, measures must be taken to ensure that no gases or volatile fluids seep into the area that is to be repaired from areas in the pipeline that are under higher pressure.

For example, a gas ''bubble'' in a pipeline on the seabed under 400 feet of water may be fairly confined by the pressure exerted by hydrocarbons or water in the pipeline at that depth. If, however, that relatively limited bubble is allowed to circulate to a surface opening and work area where the pressure is decreased to ''one atmosphere,'' the bubble may quickly expand into a gas cloud that could drive additional gas or liquid hydrocarbons into the area and either asphyxiate or burn platform workers. Such an occurrence resulted in seven fatalities and the loss of the entire production platform at South Pass 60, Platform B, in March 1989. MMS's investigation report for this accident concluded that two contributing causes to the accident were ''the absence of detailed and coordinated planning for the project,'' and ''the absence of oversight over contractor activities.''

Other multiple fatalities have occurred offshore when workers attempted either to cut into a pipeline or open a pig trap when they believed that combustible hydrocarbons or high pressure had been eliminated from the system. Such accidents occurred at Galveston Block 189, Platform A in May 1970 (nine fatalities), and Main Pass 41, Platform B, in August 1995 (two fatalities).

In the Main Pass Block 41 accident, two workers died when they attempted to blow down a 16-inch pipeline through its pig trap. They were instantly killed when they erroneously opened the pig trap door while it was under 1,000 pounds of pressure. Three years earlier, the senior worker had received a commendation in his performance appraisal for substantially reducing the time it takes to blow down a pipeline by using a pig trap. In the subsequent accident investigation hearing conducted by MMS, company workers said it was ''abnormal'' to blow down a pipeline using a pig trap, and the company Operations Supervisor said that it was an unacceptable method for blowing down a pipeline. Although the pipeline blow-down operation had been discussed at the daily morning meeting, there had been no agreed-upon or written procedure for conducting the operation.

During late 2000, a diver was killed during a subsea pipeline repair because of negative pressure conditions in the pipeline engendered by attempts to de-pressurize the pipeline before repairs. Under sea-bottom conditions, the negative pressures created vacuum-like conditions in the pipeline relative to the outside environment. This accident emphasized that negative-pressure conditions in a pipeline can be as deadly as over-pressure conditions.

Internal Valve Leakage in Pipelines

Early in 1998, the American Petroleum Institute (API) requested that MMS incorporate by reference into its regulations, at 30 CFR 250.198, Supplements 1 and 2 to API Specification 6D (API Spec 6D), ''Specification for Pipeline Valves (Gate, Plug, Ball, and Check Valves),'' Twenty-first Edition, March 31, 1994 . MMS regulations had incorporated API Spec 6D, but not its supplements.

The API Subcommittee on Valves and Wellhead Equipment issued Supplements 1 and 2 to API Spec 6D on December 1, 1996, and December 1, 1997, respectively. (Supplement 2 actually fully incorporates and expands upon Supplement 1.) For metal-to-metal seated valves, the Supplements changed from a ''no visible leakage'' standard to ''allowable internal leakage rates'' according to valve size. Prior to API's issuing the supplements, API Spec 6D allowed no visible leakage from any valves.

Valve leakage within pipelines poses a special safety concern. Once a pipeline system is purged of all contents and its valves closed, there is a danger that the system may become re-pressurized if the valves leak. Since all pipeline systems eventually are either cut into or opened at a flange for repair or modification purposes, internal valve leakage can have deadly consequences for unsuspecting workers. Also, acceptance of ''allowable leakage rates'' means that out-of-service pipelines isolated by block valves are never completely shut down.

MMS rejected Supplements 1 and 2 as documents incorporated by reference by issuing Notice to Lessees and Operators on the Outer Continental Shelf (NTL) No. 98–16N in October 1998. MMS needed more time to discuss the issues with API and to consider the ramifications of the ''allowable internal leakage'' standard for the OCS regulatory program. MMS reasoned:

''It may well be that the ''no visible leakage'' standard contained in the 21st and previous editions of API Spec 6D is an unreasonably high standard for metal-to-metal seats. Metal-to-metal seats are non-deforming compared to non-metal-to-metal seats; therefore, it may be reasonable to expect that some leakage would occur between facing metal surfaces. Nevertheless, there appears to be no data or agreed-upon formula for predicting an acceptable leakage rate.''

MMS made a concerted attempt with API to research this issue and held further discussions with industry. In February 1999, MMS proposed a research project on leakage rates to API. They surveyed their members on their perceptions of the ''allowable leakage rates'' and willingness to participate in the research project. Only 25 of 250 potential respondents replied. Their answers indicated that few valve suppliers believe that the ''no visible leakage'' standard is realistic, other than for special-purpose, non-off-the-shelf (i.e., expensive) valves. Support for new research was very limited.

Industry representatives maintained that there are little formal data on leakage rates. They explained, however, that most correspondence on this subject focuses on leakage rates contained in International Standards Organization Standard 5208, Rate D. These rates are incorporated into Supplements 1 and 2. The API Spec 6D workgroup generally agreed that these leakage rates are reasonable and in line with their experience.

Participants in the API Spec 6D workgroup almost unanimously agree that all pipeline valves leak significantly after they have been in service for a short time due to operational residue and abrasion. This indicates that initial leakage rates for new valves are usually irrelevant by the time a pipeline is in need of repair or placed out-of-service. Therefore, measures in addition to ''closed valves'' are needed to protect workers and to ensure ''isolated pipelines'' during pipeline repairs.

MMS's pipeline staff conferred on these issues in November 1999 and decided that rejecting the new allowable internal leakage rates would be unrealistic in light of what MMS had learned from its discussions with industry. Moreover, the maintenance of an unrealistic ''no visible leakage'' standard would not address the real regulatory dilemma that regardless of initial internal leakage rates, eventually all pipeline valves will leak internally.

Therefore, the MMS workgroup recommended canceling NTL 98–16N and adopting Supplement 2 as a document incorporated by reference. On May 1, 2000, MMS issued a technical amendment to its regulations adopting Supplement 2 to API Spec 6D as a document incorporated by reference. As of May 31, 2000, NTL No. 98–16N was cancelled.

The MMS workgroup further reasoned that since internal leakage occurs in pipeline valves regardless of initial leakage rates, MMS must address this concern in its inspection and maintenance procedures. Therefore, the MMS workgroup also recommended the amendments to subpart J that are the subject of this proposed rulemaking.

The Purpose of This Rule

The proposed rule would require that all lessees, lease operators, and pipeline right-of-way holders consider and submit in writing the measures they plan to take and the procedures they plan to follow to ensure the safety of company or contract workers and to prevent pollution during pipeline modifications or repairs. These written measures and procedures would be required before beginning any pipeline modification or repair that involves cutting into a pipeline or opening a pipeline at a flange. Accidents involving pipeline modifications and repairs have the potential for fire or explosion resulting in fatalities, heavy equipment damage, and spills. This rulemaking is necessary to ensure the degree of safety necessary to protect pipeline workers and prevent pollution. The rule would amend 30 CFR Part 250, Subpart J—Pipelines and Pipeline Rights-of-Way by:

- Revising Section (§) 250.1000, paragraph (b);
- Adding a new definition to § 250.1001;
- Redesignating current paragraph (c) under § 250.1007 as paragraph (d);
- Adding a new paragraph (c) to § 250.1007;

• Revising § 250.1008, paragraph (e); and

• Revising § 250.1014.

If we can never be sure that a valve is holding its seal, then we have to assume that an ''isolated'' pipeline segment contains pressure, H_2S, combustibles, or a combination of these conditions. Under some conditions, the segment could contain negative or vacuum pressure, which is also hazardous. We have to pay much closer attention to the work procedures and practices to prepare for modification or repair work on a pipeline. Accordingly, we have developed the following procedures that lessees, lease operators, and pipeline right-of-way holders would be required to implement to improve safety before and during pipeline modifications and repairs that would involve either cutting into a pipeline or opening the pipeline at a flange. In planning for any modifications or repairs for an existing pipeline segment, all lessees, lease operators, and pipeline right-of-way holders would be required to:

(1) Consider the operating history of the pipeline segment to be modified or repaired, including past modifications or repairs and operating conditions peculiar to that segment;

(2) Employ all reasonable measures to ensure that pressure in the pipeline segment is equal to the external pressure (internally, there should be neither over-pressure nor negative pressure relative to external pressure), and that they purge all combustibles from the segment immediately before conducting any work;

(3) Develop procedures, first, to inform all facility workers (both company and contract workers) in advance concerning the nature of any upcoming modification or repair, and then to alert all facility workers immediately before any attempts to de-pressurize a pipeline and immediately before cutting into or opening any pipeline to perform the modification or repair;

(4) Ensure that they maintain onsite supervision during the entire modification or repair; and

(5) Provide procedures and safeguards to ensure that the segment remains isolated during the entire modification or repair so that facility workers (both company and contract) are not endangered by pressure differentials, H_2S, or combustibles.

We originally intended to write a requirement for out-of-service pipelines in this proposed rulemaking, but decided against it. However, we are proposing a definition for out-of-service pipelines, since subpart J currently does not have a criterion for declaring a pipeline out of service.

Procedural Matters

Public Comment

Our practice is to make comments, including names and home addresses of respondents, available for public review during regular business hours. Individual respondents may request that we withhold their home address from the rulemaking record, which we will honor to the extent allowable by law. There may be circumstances in which we would withhold from the rulemaking record a respondent's identity, as allowable by law. If you wish us to withhold your name and/or address, you must state this prominently at the beginning of your comment. However, we will not consider anonymous comments. We will make all submissions from organizations or businesses, and from individuals identifying themselves as representatives or officials of organizations or businesses, available for public inspection in their entirety.

Regulatory Planning and Review (Executive Order 12866)

This is not a significant rule under Executive Order 12866 and does not require review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB).

a. The proposed rule will not have an annual effect on the economy of $100 million or more or adversely affect in a material way the economy, a sector of the economy, productivity, competition, jobs, the environment, public health or safety, or State, local, or tribal governments or communities. The proposed rule will not create an adverse effect upon the ability of the United States offshore oil and gas industry to compete in the world marketplace, nor will the proposal adversely affect investment or employment factors locally. The economic effects of the rule would not be significant. They would add about $400 to the cost of each pipeline modification or repair. This is not a large cost compared to the overall cost of a modification or repair, and it may reduce significantly the possibility of a fatal or environmentally damaging accident during the course of a repair. Direct costs to industry for the entire proposed rule total $80,000 annually. This is based on the approximately 25 applications we receive annually for pipeline modifications in both the Gulf of Mexico and Pacific OCS Regions. We also receive notifications of about 175 pipeline repairs annually for both Regions. All modifications and repairs add up to a total of 200 written procedures at an average cost of $400 each (200 procedures × $400 per procedure = $80,000). This also constitutes the entire annual Paperwork Reduction Act burden costs for the proposed rule. The proposed rule will have a minor and perhaps indeterminate economic effect on the offshore oil and gas and transmission pipeline industries.

b. This rule will not create inconsistencies with other agencies' actions. This rule does not change the relationships of the OCS oil and gas leasing program with other agencies' actions. These relationships are all encompassed in agreements and memoranda of understanding that will not change with this proposed rule. This rulemaking is being coordinated with the Office of Pipeline Safety under the DOT, according to the 1996 Memorandum of Understanding on OCS pipelines between the DOI and DOT.

c. This rule will not affect entitlements, grants, loan programs, or the rights and obligations of their recipients. It is strictly a planning requirement to prevent accidents and environmental pollution on the OCS.

d. This rule will not raise novel legal or policy issues. There is a precedent for actions of this type under regulations dealing with the OCS Lands Act and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990.

Regulatory Flexibility (RF) Act

DOI has determined that this rule will not have a significant economic effect on a substantial number of small entities. While this rule will affect a substantial number of small entities, the economic effects of the rule will not be significant.

The regulated community for this proposal consists of about 160 oil and gas producers and 88 pipeline companies. Of these operators, 80 producers and 18 pipeline companies are considered to be ''small.'' Of the small producers to be affected by the proposed rule, almost all are represented by the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code 211111 (crude petroleum and natural gas extraction). The small pipeline companies are represented primarily by NAICS codes 486110 (crude petroleum pipelines) and 486210 (natural gas transmission pipelines).

DOI's analysis of the economic impacts indicates that direct costs to both large and small companies for the entire rule total approximately $80,000 annually. The proposed rule will have a minor and perhaps indeterminate economic effect on any of the production or transportation pipeline operators on the OCS, regardless of

company size. This is because in the overwhelming majority of cases, operators choose to perform pipeline repairs or modifications on their own initiative, not because of an MMS safety inspection. The proposed rule would add relatively little to the cost of a pipeline repair. Thus, there would not be a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities under the RF Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*). The proposed rule would not cause the business practices of any of these companies to change.

Your comments are important. The Small Business and Agriculture Regulatory Enforcement Ombudsman and 10 Regional Fairness boards were established to receive comments from small businesses about Federal agency enforcement actions. The Ombudsman will annually evaluate the enforcement activities and rate each agency's responsiveness to small business. If you wish to comment on the enforcement actions of MMS, call toll-free (888) 734–3247.

Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use (Executive Order 13211)

This rule is not a significant rule and is not subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Order 12866. The rule does not have a significant effect on energy supply, distribution, or use because in the overwhelming majority of cases, operators choose to perform pipeline repairs or modifications on their own initiative, not because of an MMS safety inspection. The proposed rule would add about $400 to the cost of each pipeline modification or repair. This is not a large cost compared to the overall cost of a modification or repair, and it may reduce significantly the possibility of a fatal or environmentally damaging accident during the course of a repair. MMS' analysis of the economic impacts indicates that direct costs to both large and small companies for the entire rule total approximately $80,000 annually. All modifications and repairs add up to a total of 200 written procedures at an average cost of $400 each (200 procedures × $400 per procedure = $80,000). This will not significantly affect domestic energy supply, distribution, or use.

Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act (SBREFA)

This rule is not a major rule under 5 U.S.C. 804(2), the SBREFA. The proposed rule would add about $400 to the cost of each pipeline modification or repair, but this is not a large cost compared to the overall cost of a modification or repair. Moreover, it may reduce significantly the possibility of a fatal or environmentally damaging accident during the course of a repair. Such an accident could be economically disastrous for a small entity. Thus, the proposed rule will have a minor and perhaps indeterminate economic effect on the small offshore oil and gas operators and transmission pipeline companies. Based on our economic analysis:

a. This rule does not have an annual effect on the economy of $100 million or more. As indicated in our cost analysis, direct costs to industry for the entire proposed rule total approximately $80,000 annually. The proposed rule will have a minor economic effect on the offshore oil and gas and transmission pipeline industries.

b. This rule will not cause a major increase in costs or prices for consumers, individual industries, Federal, State, or local government agencies, or geographic regions.

c. This rule does not have significant adverse effects on competition, employment, investment, productivity, innovation, or the ability of United States-based enterprises to compete with foreign-based enterprises.

Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995

The proposed rule requires information collection, and an information collection request (form OMB 83–I) has been submitted to OMB for review and approval under section 3507(d) of the PRA. The title of this collection of information is ''Proposed Rulemaking—30 CFR 250, Subpart J, Safety Measures and Procedures for Pipeline Modifications and Repairs.'' Respondents include approximately 160 oil and gas producers and 88 pipeline companies. The frequency of reporting is on occasion. The information collection does not include questions of a sensitive nature or require proprietary information.

This proposed rule requires reporting of the following information and estimated burden hours to protect the marine, coastal, and human environment to ensure safety and compliance with the OCS Lands Act:

In § 250.1007, new paragraph (c), each lessee, lessee's operator, or pipeline right-of-way holder would be required, for any pipeline modification or repair that involves either cutting into a pipeline or opening a pipeline at a flange, to provide to the MMS Regional Supervisor a written work plan with their application to do the work that addresses the specific measures they plan to take and the procedures they plan to follow to ensure the safety of offshore personnel and to prevent pollution. We estimate that about 200 such work plans would be submitted each year, with an estimated burden of 4 hours per work plan, for a total annual burden of 800 hours.

The total public reporting burden for this information collection requirement is estimated to be 800 annual burden hours. This includes the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, and gathering the data. The proposed rule requires no recordkeeping burdens. At $100 per hour, the annual paperwork burden would be $80,000.

The requirement to respond is mandatory. The requirement is ''performance-based'' in that the operator determines the safest and most environmentally sound method to perform a pipeline modification or repair. MMS uses the information to ensure that the operator has taken the time to think through the work procedure so that it is performed in a safe and environmentally sound way.

All OCS lessees, lease operators, and pipeline rights-of-way holders under MMS jurisdiction are already subject to the regulatory and paperwork requirements in 30 CFR 250, subpart J, on Pipelines and Pipeline Rights-of-Way. The information collection requirements in this subpart are approved by OMB under OMB control number 1010–0050. The proposed rule revises several sections that require information collection currently approved under 1010–0050. However, the revisions only restate current requirements and do not affect the currently approved burdens.

As part of our continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burdens, MMS invites the public and other Federal agencies to comment on any aspect of the reporting burden in the proposed rule. You may submit your comments directly to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, OMB. Please send a copy of your comments to MMS so that we can summarize all written comments and address them in the final rule preamble. Refer to the **ADDRESSES** section for mailing instructions.

The PRA provides that an agency may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. Until OMB approves the collection of information and assigns a control number, you are not required to respond. OMB is required to make its decision on the information collection aspects of this proposed rule between 30 to 60 days after publication in the **Federal Register**. Therefore, a comment to OMB is best assured of having its full

effect if OMB receives it by September 27, 2001. This does not affect the deadline for the public to comment to MMS on the proposed regulations.

a. We specifically solicit comments on the following questions:

(1) Is the proposed collection of information necessary for MMS to properly perform its functions, and will it be useful?

(2) Are the estimates of the burden hours of the proposed collection reasonable?

(3) Do you have any suggestions that would enhance the quality, clarity, or usefulness of the information to be collected?

(4) Is there a way to minimize the information collection burden on those who are to respond, including the use of appropriate automated electronic, mechanical, or other forms of information technology?

b. In addition, the PRA requires agencies to estimate the total annual reporting and recordkeeping ''non-hour'' cost burden resulting from the collection of information. We have not identified any and solicit your comments on this item. For reporting and recordkeeping only, your response should split the cost estimate into two components: (1) The total capital and startup cost component, and (2) annual operation, maintenance, and purchase of services component. Your estimates should consider the costs to generate, maintain, and disclose or provide the information. You should describe the methods you use to estimate major cost factors, including system and technology acquisition, expected useful life of capital equipment, discount rate(s), and the period over which you incur costs. Generally, your estimates should not include equipment or services purchased: before October 1, 1995; to comply with requirements not associated with the information collection; for reasons other than to provide information or keep records for the Government; or as part of customary and usual business or private practice.

Federalism (Executive Order 13132)

According to Executive Order 13132, the rule does not have significant Federalism effects. The proposed rule does not change the role or responsibilities of Federal, State, and local governmental entities. The rule does not relate to the structure and role of States and will not have direct, substantive, or significant effects on States.

Takings (Executive Order 12630)

DOI certifies that this rule does not represent a governmental action capable of interference with constitutionally protected property rights.

Civil Justice Reform (Executive Order 12988)

DOI has certified to OMB that this regulation meets the applicable civil justice reform standards provided in sections 3(a) and 3(b)(2) of Executive Order 12988.

Unfunded Mandates Reform Act (UMRA) of 1995

This rule does not contain any unfunded mandates to State, local, or tribal governments, nor would it impose significant regulatory costs on the private sector. Anticipated costs to the private sector will be far below the $100 million threshold for any year that was established by UMRA.

National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) of 1969

We have analyzed this rule according to the criteria of NEPA and 516 Departmental Manual 6, Appendix 10.4C, ''issuance and/or modification of regulations.'' We completed a Categorical Exclusion Review (CER) for this action on April 25, 2000, and concluded: ''The proposed rulemaking does not represent an exception to the established criteria for categorical exclusion, and its impacts are limited to administrative, economic, or technological effects. Therefore, preparation of an environmental document will not be required, and further documentation of this CER is not required.''

Clarity of This Regulation

Executive Order 12866 requires each agency to write regulations that are easy to understand. We invite your comments on how to make this proposed rule easier to understand, including answers to questions such as the following:

(1) Are the requirements in the rule clearly stated?

(2) Does the rule contain technical language or jargon that interfere with its clarity?

(3) Does the format of the rule (grouping and order of sections, use of headings, paragraphing, etc.) aid or reduce its clarity?

(4) Is the description of the rule in the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section of this preamble helpful in understanding the rule? What else can we do to make the rule easier to understand?

Send a copy of any comments that concern how we could make this rule easier to understand to: Office of Regulatory Affairs, Department of the Interior, Room 7229, 1849 C Street, NW., Washington, DC 20240. You may also e-mail the comments to this address: Exsec@ios.doi.gov

List of Subjects in 30 CFR Part 250

Continental shelf, Environmental impact statements, Environmental protection, Government contracts, Investigations, Mineral royalties, Oil and gas development and production, Oil and gas exploration, Oil and gas reserves, Penalties, Pipelines, Public lands—mineral resources, Public lands—rights-of-way, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Sulphur development and production, Sulphur exploration, Surety bonds.

Dated: August 16, 2001.

J. Steven Griles,

Acting Assistant Secretary, Land and Minerals Management.

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the Minerals Management Service (MMS) proposes to amend 30 CFR part 250 as follows:

PART 250—OIL AND GAS AND SULPHUR OPERATIONS IN THE OUTER CONTINENTAL SHELF

1. The authority citation for part 250 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 43 U.S.C. 1331, *et seq.*

2. In § 250.1000, the following changes are made:

(A) Revise the title and paragraph (b) of the section to read as set forth below;

(B) Paragraphs (c) through (e) are redesignated as paragraphs (d) through (f);

(C) New paragraph (c) is added as set forth below.

§ 250.1000 What are the general requirements for pipelines and pipeline rights-of-way?

* * * * *

(b) You—the lessee, lease operator, or pipeline right-of-way holder—must submit and obtain the Regional Supervisor's approval for an application before you may conduct any of the following operations:

(1) Install a pipeline;

(2) Modify a pipeline;

(3) Cut into a pipeline or open a pipeline at a flange for purposes of modifying or repairing a pipeline; or

(4) Decommission a pipeline.

(c) For right-of-way pipelines (see § 250.1001, Definitions) you must submit the applications required by paragraph (b) of this section and the requests required by this paragraph. You must obtain the Regional Supervisor's approval for each request. You must submit:

(1) A request for a pipeline right-of-way grant before you install a right-of-way pipeline;

(2) A request to modify an existing pipeline right-of-way grant before you conduct any operations that are not covered by the grant as approved; and

(3) A request to relinquish an existing pipeline right-of-way grant before you decommission a right-of-way pipeline.

* * * * *

3. In § 250.1001, a definition of the term ''out-of-service pipeline'' is added in alphabetical order as follows:

§ 250.1001 Definitions.

* * * * *

Out-of-service pipelines are those pipelines that have not been used to transport oil, natural gas, sulfur, or produced water for more than 30 consecutive days.

* * * * *

4. In § 250.1007, paragraph (c) is redesignated as paragraph (d); and a new paragraph (c) is added to read as follows:

§ 250.1007 What to include in applications.

* * * * *

(c) If you submit an application for a pipeline modification or repair that involves cutting into a pipeline or opening a pipeline at a flange, you must include a written work plan with your application. Your written work plan must include a description of the specific measures you intend to take and the procedures you plan to follow to ensure the safety of offshore workers and to prevent pollution during the modification or repair. If you intend to repair a pipeline by installing a full encirclement mechanical clamp on the pipeline and do not intend to either cut into or open the pipeline at a flange, you do not have to submit a written work plan with your application. In writing a work plan, you must:

(1) Consider the operating history of the pipeline segment you plan to modify or repair, including past modifications or repairs and operating conditions peculiar to the pipeline segment;

(2) Develop all reasonable measures to ensure that pressure in the pipeline segment is equal to the external pressure (internally, there should be neither over-pressure nor negative pressure relative to external pressure);

(3) Develop all reasonable measures to ensure that you purge all combustibles and hydrogen sulfide (H_2S) from the pipeline segment immediately before you conduct any work;

(4) Develop procedures to inform all facility workers (both company and contract) in advance concerning significant aspects of the modification or repair;

(5) Develop procedures to alert all facility workers immediately before you attempt to de-pressurize the pipeline and immediately before you cut into or open the pipeline to perform the modification or repair;

(6) Maintain onsite supervision during the entire modification or repair; and

(7) Develop procedures and safeguards to ensure that the pipeline segment remains isolated during the entire modification or repair so that facility workers (both company and contract) are not endangered by pressure differentials, H_2S, or combustibles.

* * * * *

5. In § 250.1008, paragraph (e) is revised to read as follows:

§ 250.1008 Reports.

* * * * *

(e) You must notify the Regional Supervisor within 24 hours after you decide that a pipeline repair is necessary, or immediately in cases of a pipeline failure. All such notifications must be made before you start the repair work. You must also submit a confirmation report of the repair of any pipeline or pipeline component to the Regional Supervisor within 30 days after you complete the work. Your confirmation report must include the following:

(1) Description of the repair;

(2) X–Y coordinates of the pipeline repair;

(3) Confirmation of the damage to or failure of the pipeline as originally reported;

(4) Confirmation that the repair was completed as approved by the Regional Supervisor; and

(5) Results of the hydrostatic pressure test.

* * * * *

6. Section 250.1014 is revised to read as follows:

§ 250.1014 Relinquishment of a right-of-way grant.

You may surrender a right-of-way grant or a portion thereof by filing three copies of a written relinquishment with the Regional Supervisor. Your relinquishment must contain those items required by § 250.1007(d) of this subpart. Your relinquishment will take effect on the date you file it, provided that you have fulfilled all your obligations for outstanding debts, fees, or fines and the requirements in § 250.1009(c)(9) of this subpart.

[FR Doc. 01–21601 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–MR–P

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

Copyright Office

37 CFR Part 201

[Docket No. RM 2001–6]

Compulsory License for Making and Distributing Phonorecords, Including Digital Phonorecord Deliveries

AGENCY: Copyright Office, Library of Congress.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: The Copyright Office of the Library of Congress is seeking comment on proposed amendments to the regulations governing the content and service of certain notices on the copyright owner of a musical work. The notice is served or filed by a person who intends to use the work to make and distribute phonorecords, including by means of digital phonorecord deliveries, under a compulsory license.

DATES: Comments are due no later than September 27, 2001.

ADDRESSES: An original and ten copies of any comment shall be delivered to: Office of the General Counsel, Copyright Office, James Madison Building, Room LM–403, First and Independence Avenue, SE, Washington, DC; or mailed to: Copyright Arbitration Royalty Panel (CARP), P.O. Box 70977, Southwest Station, Washington, DC 20024–0977.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: David O. Carson, General Counsel, or Tanya M. Sandros, Senior Attorney, Copyright Arbitration Royalty Panel, P.O. Box 70977, Southwest Station, Washington, DC 20024–0977. Telephone: (202) 707–8380. Telefax: (202) 252–3423.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Section 115 of the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C., provides that ''[w]hen phonorecords of a nondramatic musical work have been distributed to the public in the United States under the authority of the copyright owner, any other person * * * may, by complying with the provisions of this section, obtain a compulsory license to make and distribute phonorecords of the work.'' 17 U.S.C. 115(a)(1). The compulsory license set forth in section 115 permits the use of a nondramatic musical work without the consent of the copyright owner if certain conditions are met and royalties are paid. It does not, however, allow for the reproduction and distribution of a sound recording. These are the exclusive rights of the copyright owner of the sound recording and must

be cleared through a separate transaction.

On November 1, 1995, Congress enacted the Digital Performance Right in Sound Recordings Act of 1995 (''DPRA''), Public Law 104–39 (1995). Among other things, this law clarified that the compulsory license for making and distributing phonorecords includes the distribution of a phonorecord of a nondramatic musical work by means of a digital phonorecord delivery (''DPD''). *See* 17 U.S.C. 115(c)(3)(A). A digital phonorecord delivery is

> each individual delivery of a phonorecord by digital transmission of a sound recording which results in a specifically identifiable reproduction by or for any transmission recipient of a phonorecord of that sound recording, regardless of whether the digital transmission is also a public performance of the sound recording or any nondramatic musical work embodied therein.

17 U.S.C. 115(d). However, the right to make and distribute the sound recording embodied in the DPD is not covered under the section 115 license. Therefore, the law clarifies that the making of a DPD constitutes an act of infringement under section 501 unless: (1) The copyright owner of the sound recording authorizes the making of the DPD, and (2) the owner of the copyright in sound recording or the entity making the digital phonorecord delivery has obtained a compulsory license under section 115 or has otherwise been authorized to distribute, by means of a digital phonorecord delivery, each musical work embodied in the sound recording. *See* 17 U.S.C. 115(c)(3)(H).

In addition, the person intending to use the section 115 license must provide notice to the copyright owner of a musical work of his or her intent to use the copyright owner's work under the statutory license. Pursuant to section 115(b), the Register of Copyrights has issued regulations prescribing the form, content, and manner of service of the Notice of Intention to obtain the license. Final regulations governing the content and service of the notice were adopted on November 28, 1980. 45 FR 79038 (November 28, 1980). These rules were amended to accommodate the making and distribution of phonorecords by means of a digital phonorecord delivery. *See* 64 FR 41286 (July 30, 1999).

The current rules, however, make it difficult for new digital music services such as PressPlay and MusicNet, who intend to develop libraries of music with hundreds of thousands of titles and to offer these recordings to their subscribers for a fee, to use the compulsory license. *See* Brad King, *Writers Song Sung Blue,* Wired (July 25, 2001) *http://www.wired.com/news/print/0,1294,45510,00.html.* For instance, under the current rules, a music service has to serve a separate notice on the copyright owner for each work it intends to use even when the intent is to use multiple works owned by the same copyright owner. This requires useless duplication of certain information that could be readily included in a single notice. For this reason and others discussed herein, the Copyright Office is proposing amendments to its regulations in the following areas to improve the efficiencies associated with the service and filing of a Notice of Intention to use the section 115 license.[1]

1. Service. Section 115(b)(1) requires the compulsory licensee to serve the required Notice of Intention on the copyright owner. Under the current regulations, the notice must be sent by certified mail or registered mail to the copyright owner identified in the registration records or other public records of the Copyright Office at the last address listed for such owner. However, these records may not accurately reflect current information concerning the name and/or the address of the copyright owner of the work. Thus, the Office is proposing to amend its rules in two ways.

The first proposed change gives the potential licensee an option to refrain from searching or relying on the Copyright Office's records to determine the identity and/or address of the copyright owner and, instead, to serve the copyright owner at his or her current address when the person seeking the license knows the identity and the current address of the copyright owner of the reproduction and distribution rights. This alternative method of service will benefit those potential licensees who know the identity of the copyright owner and wish to avoid the time and expense associated with searching the registration and other public records in the Copyright Office, but it is not risk-free. In the event the person or entity seeking to obtain the license chooses this option and mistakenly sends the notice to a person or entity who is not the actual copyright owner or to an incorrect address, this person bears all risk associated with the misdirected filing, including the likelihood that the compulsory license will not cover any activity taken by this person or entity under a mistaken assumption that the notice was properly served. Moreover, the proposed change does not, nor can it, alter the statutory requirement that notice be served on the copyright owner ''before or within thirty days after making, and before distributing any phonorecords of the work.'' 17 U.S.C. 115(b)(1). If the actual copyright owner or the copyright owner's lawful agent has not been served within that time frame, digital phonorecord deliveries of the work identified in the notice cannot fall within the scope of the compulsory license. *See* 17 U.S.C. 115(b)(2).

Second, the Office is proposing amendments which would allow service of a Notice of Intention upon either the copyright owner or upon an agent authorized by the copyright owner to receive such notices. If a potential licensee chooses to serve a duly authorized agent of the copyright owner for purposes of complying with the notice requirements of this license, the agent must be specifically authorized to grant or administer the particular rights that are being licensed. In other words, an agent authorized to grant or administer the mechanical rights but not the DPD rights may accept notice on behalf of the copyright owner only from a licensee that intends to make and distribute physical phonorecords. Notice for the making of DPDs under the section 115 license would have to be served on a second agent who is authorized to grant or administer the DPD rights or, alternatively, on the copyright owner in accordance with the regulations governing proper notice.

The Office is also proposing similar changes to the rules governing the service and filing of the statements of account for the limited purpose of allowing service upon a duly authorized agent of the copyright owner. These changes are being proposed merely to harmonize the service requirements in § 201.19 with the proposed amendments to § 201.18. No further changes to § 201.19 are being considered at this time.

Of course, there is no requirement that a copyright owner authorize an agent to grant or administer rights subject to the section 115 compulsory license. Moreover, a person or entity who serves someone whom he or she believes to be an authorized agent bears the risk that he or she has not correctly identified the copyright owner's agent.

2. Multiple Works. Another way to increase the efficiencies associated with the filing of Notices of Intention is to allow the listing of multiple works on a single notice in the case where the works are owned by the same copyright owner. For this reason, the Office is proposing to amend its rules to

[1] This rulemaking does not, nor is it meant to, address the issues raised in an earlier Notice of Inquiry, concerning incidental DPDs, temporary copies, limited downloads, and on-demand streams. *See* 66 FR 14099 (March 9, 2001). Those issues will be addressed in a future **Federal Register** notice.

eliminate the requirement that a separate Notice of Intention be served or filed for each nondramatic musical work embodied, or intended to be embodied, in phonorecords made under the compulsory license. *See* 37 CFR 201.18(a)(2). The new rules will allow a licensee to list multiple titles on a single composite Notice of Intention so long as there is a common copyright owner for each work, who shall be so identified in the Notice itself, and the licensee pays the $12 filing fee for each title. The filing fee will cover the administrative costs associated with separately processing the information for each title in the notice. The proposed change should result in efficiencies for both the copyright owner and the licensee because it will eliminate the need to send multiple notices to the same copyright owner in cases where much of the information in the notices (i.e., the information required by 37 CFR 201.18(c)(1)((i)–(iv)) would be identical.

3. Content. The Copyright Office is proposing to amend its rules to require the identification of the copyright owner. This information will be particularly useful in those instances where the notice is sent to a duly authorized agent who may be receiving notices on behalf of multiple copyright owners.

The Office is also proposing to add a requirement that, in the case where a person plans to file the Notice of Intention with the Copyright Office pursuant to § 201.18(e)(1), the notice include an affirmative statement that the registration records or other public records of the Copyright Office have been searched and that the name and address of the copyright owner is not listed in these records.[2] This requirement will serve as a reminder to the potential licensee that he or she has an obligation to search the public records of the Copyright Office before filing the required notice with this Office.

4. Signature. The Office is further amending its rule to allow a duly authorized agent of the intended licensee to sign the notice of intention. An agent who signs on behalf of the licensee must be specifically authorized to execute the Notice of Intention on behalf of the licensee. A concise statement of authorization to that effect must be included in the Notice of Intention.

[2] Section 201.18(e)(1) provides that if the registration records or other public records of the Copyright Office do not identify the name and address of the copyright owner of a particular work, a Notice of Intention with respect to that work may be filed with the Copyright Office.

5. Harmless errors. The statute requires that a person or entity who intends to use the compulsory license give notice to the copyright owner of the nondramatic musical work before or within thirty days after making, and before distributing any phonorecords of the work. The rules outline specific elements that are to be included in each notice. This information helps the copyright owner identify which of his or her works are being used under the license. Errors may occur in the preparation of these notices. However, potential licensees should not be denied the use of the license if such errors do not affect the legal sufficiency of the notice. For this reason, the Office is proposing to add a new section to clarify that such errors will be considered harmless and will not affect the validity of the notice. The Office does not anticipate that it will have any role in resolving disputes about whether an error in a notice is harmless. Such disputes will have to be adjudicated in the courts.

6. Fee for filing Notices of Intention. 37 CFR 201.18(e)(3) provides, in pertinent part, that when a Notice of Intention is filed with the Office because the copyright owner is no longer at the last address indicated in the Copyright Office's records or has refused to accept delivery, no filing fee will be required. The Office proposes to amend § 201.18(e)(3) to remove this provision. The fee charged for the filing of a Notice of Intention, like most other Copyright Office fees, is based upon full recovery of the Office's costs in performing the service. *See* Fees and Registration of Claims to Copyright, 64 FR 29518 (June 1, 1999). The cost to the Office of processing the filing of a Notice of Intention is the same whether the copyright owner is not identified in the records of the Office or the copyright owner is no longer located at the address shown in the records of the Office or has refused to accept delivery. The Office believes that the filing fee should be charged in both cases.

7. Certificate of Filing. 37 CFR 201.18(e)(1) provides, in pertinent part, that ''[u]pon request and payment of the fee specified in § 201.3(e), a Certificate of Filing [of a Notice of Intention] will be provided to the sender.'' This Certificate of Filing is in addition to a written acknowledgment of receipt and filing that the Office routinely provides to a person who files a Notice of Intention.

Currently, the Certificate of Filing states the date the Notice of Intention was filed, the name and address of the person or entity intending to obtain the compulsory license, and the title of the nondramatic musical work named in the Notice of Intention. However, under the proposed amendments to § 201.18, Notices of Intention may list multiple titles. Hypothetically, a Notice of Intention could list the titles of hundreds or even thousands of works, if the works have a common copyright owner. The current Certificate of Filing is ill-suited for such Notices of Intention.

Moreover, there is some question whether the Certificate of Filing serves any purpose, given that the Office routinely provides a written acknowledgment of receipt and filing. If a person wishes to obtain official certification of the filing of a Notice of Intention, perhaps a more appropriate means of certification would be for the Office to provide a certified copy of the Notice of Intention pursuant to the existing regulations governing certified copies of Copyright Office records. *See* 37 CFR 201.2(d).

Accordingly, the Office proposes to delete the provision in § 201.18(e)(1) that provides for a Certificate of Filing.

Comments on the proposed changes shall be filed with the Copyright Office no later than 30 days after publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**.

List of Subjects in 37 CFR Part 201

Copyright.

Proposed Regulation

In consideration of the foregoing, the Copyright Office proposes amending part 201 of 37 CFR as follows:

PART 201—GENERAL PROVISIONS

1. The authority citation for part 201 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 17 U.S.C. 702.

2. Section 201.18 is amended as follows:

a. by revising paragraph (a)(1);

b. by revising paragraph (a)(2);

c. by revising paragraph (a)(3);

d. by redesignating paragraph (a)(4) as paragraph (a)(5);

e. by adding a new paragraph (a)(4);

f. by revising paragaph (c)(1)(ii);

g. by revising paragraph (c)(1)(v);

h. by removing paragraphs (c)(1)(vi) through (c)(1)(x);

i. by adding a new paragraph (c)(1)(vi);

j. by revising paragraph (d);

k. by revising paragraph (e); and

l. by adding a new paragraph (f).

The revisions and additions to § 201.18 read as follows:

§ 201.18 Notice of intention to obtain a compulsory license for making and distributing phonorecords of nondramatic musical works.

(a) *General.* (1) A ''Notice of Intention'' is a notice identified in section 115(b) of title 17 of the United States Code, and required by that section to be served on a copyright owner or, in certain cases, to be filed in the Copyright Office, before or within thirty days after making, and before distributing any phonorecords of the work, in order to obtain a compulsory license to make and distribute phonorecords of nondramatic musical works.

(2) A Notice of Intention shall be served or filed for nondramatic musical works embodied, or intended to be embodied, in phonorecords made under the compulsory license. A Notice of Intention may designate any number of nondramatic musical works, provided that the copyright owner of each designated work or, in the case of any work having more than one copyright owner, any one of the copyright owners is the same and that the information required under paragraphs (c)(1)(i)–(iv) of this section does not vary for any musical work listed on the Notice of Intention. For purposes of this section, a notice which lists multiple works shall be considered a composite filing of multiple notices and fees shall be paid accordingly if filed in the Copyright Office under paragraph (e) of this section.

(3) For the purposes of this section, the term copyright owner, in the case of any work having more than one copyright owner, means any one of the co-owners.

(4) For the purposes of this section, service of a Notice of Intention on a copyright owner shall include service of the Notice on either the copyright owner or a duly authorized agent of the copyright owner, provided that the agent is authorized to grant or administer the particular rights that are being licensed. In the case where the work has more than one copyright owner, the service of the Notice on any one of the co-owners of the nondramatic musical work or upon a duly authorized agent of one of the co-owners shall be sufficient with respect to all co-owners.

* * * * *

(c) *Content.*

(1) * * *

(ii) The telephone number, the full address, including a specific number and street name or rural route, of the place of business, and an e-mail address, if available, of the person or entity intending to obtain the compulsory license. A post office box or similar designation will not be sufficient for this purpose except where it is the only address that can be used in that geographic location.

* * * * *

(v) For each nondramatic musical work embodied or intended to be embodied in phonorecords made under the compulsory license:

(A) The title of the nondramatic musical work;

(B) The name of the author or authors, if known;

(C) A copyright owner of the work, if known;

(D) The types of all phonorecord configurations already made (if any) and expected to be made under the compulsory license (for example: Single disk, long-playing disk, cassette, cartridge, reel-to-reel, a digital phonorecord delivery, or a combination of them);

(E) The expected date of initial distribution of phonorecords already made (if any) or expected to be made under the compulsory license;

(F) The name of the principal recording artist or group actually engaged or expected to be engaged in rendering the performances fixed on phonorecords already made (if any) or expected to be made under the compulsory license;

(G) The catalog number or numbers, and label name or names, used or expected to be used on phonorecords already made (if any) or expected to be made under the compulsory license; and

(H) In the case of phonorecords already made (if any) under the compulsory license, the date or dates of such manufacture.

(vi) In the case where the notice will be filed with the Copyright Office pursuant to paragraph (e)(1) of this section, an affirmative statement that with respect to the nondramatic musical work named in the Notice of Intention, the registration records or other public records of the Copyright Office have been searched and do not identify the name and address of the copyright owner of such work.

* * * * *

(d) *Signature.* The Notice shall be signed by the person or entity intending to obtain the compulsory license or by a duly authorized agent of such person or entity.

(1) If the person or entity intending to obtain the compulsory license is a corporation, the signature shall be that of a duly authorized officer or agent of the corporation.

(2) If the person or entity intending to obtain the compulsory license is a partnership, the signature shall be that of a partner or of a duly authorized agent of the partnership.

(3) If the Notice is signed by a duly authorized agent for the person or entity intending to obtain the compulsory license, the agent must be specifically authorized to execute the Notice of Intention on behalf of the licensee and the Notice must include a concise statement of authorization to that effect.

(e) *Filing and service.*

(1) If, with respect to the nondramatic musical works named in the Notice of Intention, the registration records or other public records of the Copyright Office do not identify the copyright owner of such work and include an address for such owner, the Notice may be filed in the Copyright Office. Notices of Intention submitted for filing shall be accompanied by the fee specified in § 201.3(e). A separate fee shall be assessed for each title listed in the Notice. Notices of Intention will be filed by being placed in the appropriate public records of the Licensing Division of the Copyright Office. The date of filing will be the date when the Notice and fee are both received in the Copyright Office. An acknowledgment of receipt and filing will be provided to the sender.

(2) If the registration records or other public records of the Copyright Office identify the copyright owner of the nondramatic musical works named in the Notice of Intention and include an address for such owner, the Notice may be served on such owner by certified mail or by registered mail sent to the last address for such owner shown by the records of the Office. It shall not be necessary to file a copy of the Notice in the Copyright Office in this case.

(3) If the Notice is sent by certified or registered mail to the last address for the copyright owner shown by the records of the Copyright Office and is returned to the sender because the copyright owner is no longer located at the address or has refused to accept delivery, the original Notice as sent shall be filed in the Copyright Office. Notices of Intention submitted for filing under this paragraph (e)(3) shall be submitted to the Licensing Division of the Copyright Office, and shall be accompanied by a brief statement that the Notice was sent to the last address for the copyright owner shown by the records of the Copyright Office but was returned, and by appropriate evidence that it was sent by certified or registered mail to that address. In these cases, the Copyright Office will specially mark its records to consider the date the original Notice was mailed, as shown by the evidence mentioned above, as the date

of filing. An acknowledgement of receipt and filing will be provided to the sender.

(4) Alternatively, if the person or entity intending to obtain the compulsory license knows the name and address of the lawful copyright owner of the nondramatic musical work, the Notice of Intention may be served on this person or entity by sending the Notice via certified or registered mail to the address of the copyright owner identified in the Notice. For purposes of section 115(b)(1) of title 17 of the United States Code, the notice will not be considered properly served if the notice is mistakenly sent to a person or entity who is not the lawful copyright owner or duly authorized agent, or to an incorrect address.

(f) *Harmless errors.* Harmless errors in a notice that do not materially affect the adequacy of the information required to serve the purposes of section 115(b)(1) of title 17 of the United States Code, shall not render the notice invalid.

3. Section 201.19 is amended as follows:

a. by revising paragraph (a)(3);

b. by redesignating paragraphs (a)(4) through (11) as paragraph (a)(5) through (a)(12); and

c. by adding a new paragraph (a)(4).

The revisions and additions to § 201.19 read as follows:

§ 201.19 Royalties and statements of account under compulsory license for making and distributing phonorecords of nondramatic musical works.

(a) * * *

(3) For the purposes of this section, the term copyright owner, in the case of any work having more than one copyright owner means any one of the co-owners.

(4) For the purposes of this section, the service of a Statement of Account on a copyright owner under paragraph (e)(7) or (f)(7) of this section shall include service of the Statement of Account on an agent of the copyright owner who is duly authorized to grant or administer the particular rights being licensed. In the case where the work has more than one copyright owner, the service of the Statement of Account on one co-owner or upon a duly authorized agent of one of the co-owners shall be sufficient with respect to all co-owners.

* * * * *

Dated: August 21, 2001.

Marybeth Peters,

Register of Copyrights.

[FR Doc. 01–21561 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 1410–31–P

POSTAL SERVICE

39 CFR Part 111

Domestic Mail Manual Changes To Allow Co-Packaging of Automation Rate and Presorted Rate Flats

AGENCY: Postal Service.

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: This proposed rule provides a new preparation option that will allow mailers to place flat-size automation rate First-Class Mail, Periodicals, or Standard Mail together in packages with corresponding flat-size Presorted rate First-Class Mail, Periodicals, or Standard Mail. This new option will be called ''co-packaging.''

DATES: Comments must be received on or before September 27, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Send written comments to the Manager, Mail Preparation and Standards, U.S. Postal Service, 1735 North Lynn Street, Room 3025, Arlington VA 22209–6038. Written comments may be submitted via fax to 703–292–4058. Copies of all written comments will be available for inspection and photocopying between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, in Room 3025 at the above address.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jane Stefaniak, 703–292–3548; or Cheryl Beller, 202–268–5166.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On January 7, 2001, the Postal Service adopted new preparation standards in Domestic Mail Manual (DMM) M910 that required mailers of Periodicals nonletters, and permitted mailers of First-Class Mail and Standard Mail flats, to co-sack (Periodicals and Standard Mail) or co-tray (First-Class Mail) packages of automation rate mail with packages of Presorted rate mail. Under a separately published rule dated May 24, 2001 (66 FR 28659), the Postal Service will require co-traying for First-Class Mail flats and co-sacking for Standard Mail flats effective September 1, 2001.

At this time, the Postal Service is proposing to add a further preparation option, to be named co-packaging, that will allow the combining of flat-sized automation rate pieces and flat-sized Presorted rate pieces within the same package. Most of the same operational justifications for allowing packages of automation rate and Presorted rate flats to be combined in the same container (co-sacking and co-traying) also support allowing these flats to be combined within the same package (co-packaging). Currently, automation rate flats (ZIP+4 or delivery point barcoded) and Presorted rate flats (no barcode required) are usually processed within the same operation.

The Postal Service's prior need for segregating barcoded and nonbarcoded pieces no longer exists due to advances that include an optical character reader (OCR) on the flat sorting machine (FSM) 881 and the OCR/image lift capabilities of the new automated flat sorting machine (AFSM) 100. Beginning in 2002, the Postal Service plans to retrofit FSM 1000s with OCR capabilities. Therefore, continuing to require the separate preparation of automation rate and Presorted rate pieces results in more packages, which reduces the average depth of sort. This causes additional workhours for the Postal Service associated with sorting, opening, and prepping flats for processing.

As part of this notice, the Postal Service is proposing to allow co-packaging of flat-size automation rate pieces and Presorted rate pieces within a mailing job only if all Presorted rate pieces bear a 5-digit barcode. When mailers produce both automation rate and Presorted rate pieces, a vast majority of the pieces usually fall within the automation rate category for a mailing job. Pieces falling into the Presorted rate category are often the result of an unsuccessful address match. This generally results from either an incomplete address (e.g., no directional) or a new address that has yet to appear in the address database used by the mailer.

Requiring a 5-digit barcode on co-packaged Presorted rate pieces will serve two purposes. First, it will allow the Postal Service to differentiate between those Presorted rate pieces that a mailer attempted unsuccessfully to barcode to the ZIP+4 or delivery point level and those Presorted rate pieces on which an attempt was never made. The latter are much more likely to be matched by the Postal Service's address database; consequently, the 5-digit barcode would be useful from a quality control perspective. Second, the 5-digit barcode can be used by the Postal Service to sort the pieces in primary processing operations (5-digit sort). Postal statistics show that barcoded flats sort at a higher rate than nonbarcoded flats in primary processing operations, even when the sorting equipment has barcode reader and OCR capabilities, because the barcode can help the FSM locate the address block. As information, pieces without a 5-digit barcode must continue to be prepared as separate mailings, but they could be co-trayed or co-sacked under M910.

Under this proposal, the current minimum volume requirements for automation rate and Presorted rate mailings would continue to apply separately for First-Class Mail and Standard Mail (e.g., a minimum volume of 500 automation rate and 500 Presorted rate First-Class Mail pieces would be required). The total of all automation rate and Presorted rate pieces could be used to jointly meet package and container minimums. Mailers would be permitted to co-package Presorted rate pieces containing a 5-digit barcode with automation rate pieces containing a ZIP+4 or delivery point barcode for the same presort destination. However, the Postal Service is proposing that when more than one physical package is prepared for a ''logical'' presort destination, mailers combine Presorted rate pieces and automation rate pieces in no more than one physical package (see proposed DMM M950.1.1g, M950.2.1h, and M950.3.1h). (Note: A ''logical'' presort destination represents the total number of pieces that are eligible for a specific presort level based on the required sortation, but which might not necessarily be contained in a single container, such as a package, sack, or pallet due to the applicable preparation requirements.) As an example, if nine Presorted rate Periodicals pieces (each containing a 5-digit barcode) are sorted to the same 3-digit ZIP Code destination as 19 automation rate pieces (each containing a ZIP+4 barcode), the following physical packages might be prepared: one package containing eight Presorted rate pieces; one package containing one Presorted rate piece and seven automation rate pieces; and one package containing 12 automation rate pieces.

The proposal to limit the co-packaging of automation rate and Presorted rate pieces to one physical package for each ''logical'' presort destination is needed to assist the Postal Service during mail verification and acceptance processes. The Postal Service is seeking comments from mailers and presort software developers regarding the ability of software to sequence mailpieces for a package presort destination in such a manner that all of the automation rate pieces are grouped together and all of the Presorted rate pieces are grouped together, resulting in only one physical package that contains both automation rate and Presorted rate pieces.

For Periodicals, if a Presorted rate mailing includes firm packages, these packages must be accompanied by (but must be physically separate from) the automation rate and/or other Presorted rate pieces to the same presort destination to satisfy a six-piece package requirement when applicable for rate eligibility, regardless of the number of copies in the firm package.

For Periodicals or Standard Mail mailings that are co-packaged and prepared under the optional preparation methods for merged pallets in DMM M930 or M940, new standards are proposed to allow a portion of a logical package to be placed on a merged pallet under the 5 percent limit. Comments are also requested from software developers concerning the proposed method for determining how to select mail to be placed on merged pallets.

Documentation generated by Presort Accuracy, Validation, and Evaluation (PAVE)-certified software or standardized documentation (DMM P012) would be required for mailings prepared under this option. The documentation is required to indicate the total number of automation rate and Presorted rate pieces contained in each package. The proposed date that mailers may begin to use this preparation option is March 31, 2002. The Postal Service is considering mandatory use beginning on January 1, 2003, and is seeking comments regarding the required use of co-packaging. These dates should allow presort software vendors enough time to update, test, and distribute software to their clients. It also should afford the Postal Service sufficient time to develop PAVE certification criteria for this proposal and conduct PAVE certification testing. The Postal Service invites interested parties to comment on any or all parts of this proposed rule.

Although exempt from the notice and comment requirements of the Administrative Procedures Act (5 U.S.C. 553(b), (c)) regarding proposed rulemaking by 39 U.S.C. 410(a), the Postal Service invites comments on the following proposed revisions of the DMM, incorporated by reference into the Code of Federal Regulations (see 39 CFR part 111).

List of Subjects in 39 CFR Part 111

Postal Service.

PART 111—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for 39 CFR part 111 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 552(a); 39 U.S.C. 101, 401, 403, 404, 414, 3001–3011, 3201–3219, 3403–3406, 3621, 3626, 5001.

2. Amend the following sections of the Domestic Mail Manual (DMM) as set forth below:

M MAIL PREPARATION AND SORTATION

M000 General Preparation Standards

M010 Mailpieces

M011 Basic Standards

1.0 TERMS AND CONDITIONS

* * * * *

1.3 Preparation Instructions

For purposes of preparing mail:

* * * * *

[Insert new 1.3ad and ae, as follows:]

ad. A ''logical'' presort destination represents the total number of pieces that are eligible for a specific presort level based on the required sortation, but which might not be contained in a single package or in a single container (i.e., sack, pallet) due to applicable preparation requirements or the size of the individual pieces. For example, there may be 42 mailpieces for ZIP Code 43112 forming a Standard Mail ''logical'' 5-digit package, and they are prepared in three physical 5-digit packages because of the applicable weight and height restrictions on packages. For pallets, 2,800 pounds of mail may be destined to an SCF destination, and these would form the ''logical'' SCF pallet, but the mail is placed on two physical SCF pallets, each weighing 1,400 pounds, because of the 2,200 pound maximum pallet weight requirement.

ae. Co-packaging is an alternate preparation option available under M900 for First-Class Mail, Periodicals, and Standard Mail that allows the combining of flat-size automation rate and Presorted rate pieces within the same package under a single minimum package size requirement. Pieces may not be combined in more than one physical package for each logical presort destination.

1.4 Mailing

Mailings are defined as:

* * * * *

[Revise 1.4b, d, and e by adding references to the advanced preparation options for flat-sized mail in M910, M920, M930, M940, and M950 as follows (the remainder of 1.4 is unchanged):]

b. First-Class Mail. Except as provided by standard, the types of First-Class Mail listed below may not be part of the same mailing despite being in the same processing category. See M910 and M950 for advanced preparation options for flat-size mail. * * *

* * * * *

d. Periodicals. Mail qualifying for the In-County rates may be part of a mailing

that includes pieces eligible for the Outside County rates. Mail at carrier route rates, nonautomation Presorted rates, and automation rates must each be sorted as separate mailings. However, each of these mailings may be reported on the same postage statement if the pieces are for the same publication and edition. See M041, M045, M210, and M220 for copalletized, combined, and mixed rate mailings. See M910, M920, M930, M940, and 950 for advanced preparation options for nonletter-size mail.

e. Standard Mail. Except as provided in E620.1.2 and M900, the types of Standard Mail listed below may not be part of the same mailing. See M041, M045, M610, and M620 for copalletized, combined, and mixed rate mailings. See M910, M920, M930, M940, and M950 for advanced preparation options for flat-size mail. * * *

* * * * *

M040 Pallets

* * * * *

M045 Palletized Mailings

* * * * *

2.0 PACKAGES ON PALLETS

* * * * *

[Revise 2.2 by adding a sentence at the end to refer to the co-packaging option for Periodicals nonletters and Standard Mail flats, as follows (the remainder of 2.2 is unchanged):]

2.2 Basic Packaging Standards

* * * If palletized mailing jobs of nonletter-size Periodicals or palletized mailing jobs of flat-size Standard Mail contain both automation rate and Presorted rate pieces, the automation rate and Presorted rate pieces may be co-packaged under the standards in M950.

* * * * *

M100 First-Class Mail (Nonautomation)

* * * * *

M130 Presorted First-Class Mail

1.0 BASIC STANDARDS

* * * * *

[Revise the title of 1.6 and add a new sentence at the end to refer to the co-packaging option in M950, as follows (the remainder of 1.6 is unchanged):]

1.6 Co-Traying and Co-Packaging With Automation Rate Mail

* * * Flat-size Presorted rate pieces may be co-packaged with flat-size automation rate pieces under the standards in M950.

* * * * *

M200 Periodicals (Nonautomation)

M210 Presorted Rates

1.0 BASIC STANDARDS

* * * * *

[Revise the title and text of 1.2a and b to refer to the new co-packaging option in M950, as follows (the remainder of 1.2 is unchanged):]

1.2 Additional Standards for Nonletter-Size Sacked Mailing Jobs Containing More Than One Mailing

The following standards apply:

a. Mailings prepared in sacks that are part of a mailing job that includes a carrier route mailing, an automation rate mailing, and a presorted rate mailing must be prepared under one of the following options: (1) the carrier route mailing must be prepared under E230 and M220 and the automation rate and Presorted rate mailing must be prepared under M910; or (2) all three mailings in the mailing job must be prepared under M920. Presorted rate pieces may be co-packaged with automation rate pieces under the standards in M950.

b. Mailings prepared in sacks that are part of a mailing job that includes an automation rate mailing under E240 and a Presorted rate mailing under E220 must be prepared under the co-sacking standards in M910. Presorted rate pieces may be co-packaged with automation rate pieces under the standards in M950.

* * * * *

[Revise 1.6 to show that merging is optional and to refer to the co-packaging option in M950, as follows:]

1.6 Merged Containerization of Nonletter-Size Carrier Route, Automation Rate, and Presorted Rate Mail

Under the optional preparation method in M920, Presorted rate firm and 5-digit packages prepared under 1.0 and under 2.2a and b must be co-sacked with firm and carrier route packages prepared under M220 and with automation rate 5-digit packages prepared under M820 in merged 5-digit and 5-digit scheme sacks. Under the optional preparation methods in M920, M930, or M940, Presorted rate firm and 5-digit packages prepared under 1.0 and under 2.2a and b must be copalletized with firm and carrier route packages prepared under M220 and with automation rate 5-digit packages prepared under M820 on merged 5-digit and 5-digit scheme pallets. See 1.2a for information on when preparation under M920 may be required. Presorted rate pieces may be co-packaged with automation rate pieces under M950.

* * * * *

M220 Carrier Route Rates

1.0 BASIC INFORMATION

* * * * *

[Revise 1.6 to show that merging is optional and to refer to the co-packaging option in M950, as follows:]

1.6 Merged Containerization of Nonletter-Size Carrier Route, Automation Rate, and Presorted Rate Mail

Under the optional preparation method in M920, firm and carrier route packages prepared under 1.0 and 2.4 must be co-sacked with Presorted rate 5-digit packages prepared under M210 and with automation rate 5-digit packages prepared under M820 in merged 5-digit and 5-digit scheme sacks. For sacked mailing jobs that contain an automation rate and a Presorted rate mailing as well as a carrier route mailing, the automation rate and the Presorted rate mailings must be prepared under M910 (see M210) and the carrier route mailing must be prepared under M220, unless the mailings are prepared under M920. Under the optional preparation methods in M920, M930, or M940, firm and carrier route packages prepared under 1.0 and 2.4 must be copalletized with Presorted rate 5-digit packages prepared under M210 and with automation rate 5-digit packages prepared under M820 on merged 5-digit and 5-digit scheme pallets. Presorted rate pieces may be co-packaged with automation rate pieces under M950.

* * * * *

M600 Standard Mail (Nonautomation)

M610 Presorted Standard Mail

1.0 BASIC STANDARDS

* * * * *

[Revise the title of 1.5 and add a new sentence at the end to refer to the co-packaging option in M950, as follows (the remainder of 1.5 is unchanged):]

1.5 Co-Traying and Co-Packaging With Automation Rate Mail

* * * Flat-size Presorted rate pieces may be co-packaged with flat-size automation rate pieces under the standards in M950.

[Revise the title and text of 1.6 to refer to the new co-packaging option in M950, as follows:]

1.6 Merged Containerization of Flat-Size Carrier Route, Automation Rate, and Presorted Rate Mail

When the conditions and preparation standards in M920 are met, Presorted rate 5-digit packages prepared under 4.3a may be co-sacked with carrier route rate packages prepared under M620 and with automation rate 5-digit packages prepared under M820 in merged 5-digit and 5-digit scheme sacks. When the conditions and preparation standards in M920, M930, or M940 are met, Presorted rate 5-digit packages prepared under 4.3a may be copalletized with carrier route rate packages prepared under M620 and with automation rate 5-digit packages prepared under M820 on merged 5-digit and 5-digit scheme pallets. Presorted rate pieces may be co-packaged with automation rate pieces under M950.

* * * * *

M620 Enhanced Carrier Route Standard Mail

1.0 BASIC STANDARDS

* * * * *

[Revise the title and text of 1.6 to refer to the co-packaging option in M950, as follows:]

1.6 Merged Containerization of Flat-Size Carrier Route, Automation Rate, and Presorted Rate Mail

When the conditions and preparation standards in M920 are met, carrier route rate packages prepared under 2.0 may be co-sacked with Presorted rate 5-digit packages prepared under M610 and with automation rate 5-digit packages prepared under M820 in merged 5-digit and 5-digit scheme sacks. When the conditions and preparation standards in M920, M930, or M940 are met, carrier route rate packages prepared under 2.0 may be copalletized with Presorted rate 5-digit packages prepared under M610 and with automation rate 5-digit packages prepared under M820 on merged 5-digit and 5-digit scheme pallets. Presorted rate pieces may be co-packaged with automation rate pieces under M950.

* * * * *

M800 All Automation Mail

* * * * *

M820 Flat-Size Mail

1.0 BASIC STANDARDS

* * * * *

[Revise the title of 1.9 and add a new sentence at the end to refer to the co-packaging option in M950, as follows (the remainder of 1.9 is unchanged):]

1.9 Co-Traying, Co-sacking and Co-Packaging With Presorted Rate Mail

* * * Automation rate pieces may be co-packaged with Presorted rate pieces under the standards in M950.

[Revise the title and text of 1.10 to be consistent with M210.1.6 and M610.1.6 to refer to the options for merged containerization and co-packaging, as follows:]

1.10 Merged Containerization of Flat-size Carrier Route, Automation Rate, and Presorted Rate Mail

Under the optional preparation methods in M920, 5-digit packages of Periodicals or Standard Mail automation rate flats must be co-sacked with 5-digit packages of Periodicals Presorted rate nonletters or Standard Mail Presorted rate flats prepared under M210 or M610, as applicable, and with packages of Periodicals carrier route nonletters or Standard Mail carrier route flats in merged 5-digit and 5-digit scheme sacks. Under the optional preparation methods in M920, M930, or M940, 5-digit packages of Periodicals or Standard Mail automation rate flats must be copalletized with 5-digit packages of Periodicals Presorted rate nonletters or Standard Mail Presorted rate flats prepared under M210 or M610, as applicable, and with packages of Periodicals carrier route nonletters or Standard Mail carrier route flats on merged 5-digit and 5-digit scheme pallets. Presorted rate nonletter-size Periodicals pieces or Presorted rate flat-size Standard Mail pieces may be co-packaged with flat-size automation rate pieces under M950.

* * * * *

M900 Advanced Preparation Options for Flats

M910 Co-Traying and Co-Sacking Packages of Automation and Presorted Mailings

1.0 FIRST-CLASS MAIL

1.1 Basic Standards

[Revise 1.1c, d, and g by changing the reference to tray preparation standards from ''1.3'' to ''1.4'' (the remainder of 1.1 is unchanged).]

* * * * *

[Revise 1.2 to refer to the co-packaging option in 1.3, as follows:]

1.2 Package Preparation

Except for mail prepared under the co-packaging option in 1.3, the automation rate mailing must be packaged and labeled under M820 and the Presorted rate mailing must be packaged and labeled under M130.

[Renumber current 1.3 as 1.4 and insert new 1.3, as follows:]

1.3 Optional Co-Packaging Preparation

As an option to the basic packaging requirements in 1.2, a mailer may choose to co-package (see M011) automation rate and Presorted rate flat-size pieces, subject to the conditions in M950.

[Revise the first sentence of the renumbered 1.4 to refer to the co-packaging option in 1.3, as follows (the remainder of 1.4 is unchanged):]

1.4 Tray Preparation and Labeling

Presorted rate and automation rate packages prepared under 1.2 or 1.3 must be presorted together into trays (co-trayed) in the sequence listed below.

* * *

* * * * *

2.0 PERIODICALS

2.1 Basic Standards

[Revise 2.1c, d, and f by changing the reference to sack preparation standards from ''2.4'' to ''2.5'' (the remainder of 2.1 is unchanged).]

* * * * *

[Revise 2.2 to refer to the co-packaging option in 2.3, as follows:]

2.2 Package Preparation

Except for mail prepared under the co-packaging option in 2.3, the automation rate mailing must be packaged and labeled under M820 (all package levels) and the Presorted rate mailing must be packaged and labeled under M210 (excluding carrier route level).

[Renumber current 2.3 and 2.4 as 2.4 and 2.5, respectively, and insert new 2.3 as follows:]

2.3 Optional Co-Packaging Preparation

As an option to the basic packaging requirements in 2.2, a mailer may choose to co-package (see M011) automation rate and Presorted rate nonletter-size pieces, subject to the conditions in M950.

[Revise the renumbered 2.4 by adding references to packages prepared under the co-packaging option in 2.3, as follows:]

2.4 Low-Volume Packages in Sacks or on Pallets

Periodicals 5-digit and 3-digit packages prepared under M210 and M820 or under 2.3 may contain fewer than six pieces when the publisher determines that such preparation improves service. These low-volume

packages may be placed in 5-digit, 3-digit, and SCF sacks or on 5-digit, 3-digit, or SCF pallets. Presorted rate pieces in such low-volume packages must be claimed at the applicable basic Presorted rate. Automation rate pieces in such low-volume packages must be claimed at the applicable basic automation rate.

[Revise the first sentence of the renumbered 2.5 to refer to the co-packaging option in 2.3, as follows (the remainder of 2.5 is unchanged):]

2.5 Sack Preparation and Labeling

Presorted rate and automation rate packages prepared under 2.2 and 2.4 must be presorted together in sacks (co-sacked) in the sequence listed below.
* * *

3.0 STANDARD MAIL

3.1 Basic Standards

[Revise 3.1c, d, and g by changing the references to sack preparation standards from ''3.3 and 3.4'' to ''3.4 and 3.5'' (the remainder of 3.1 is unchanged).]
* * * * *

[Revise 3.2 to refer to the co-packaging option in 3.3, as follows:]

3.2 Package Preparation

Except for mail prepared under the co-packaging option in 3.3, the automation rate mailing must be packaged and labeled under M820 and the Presorted rate mailing must be packaged and labeled under M610. Loose packing under M610 is not permitted.

[Renumber current 3.3 and 3.4 as 3.4 and 3.5, respectively, and insert new 3.3, as follows:]

3.3 Optional Co-Packaging Preparation

As an option to the basic packaging requirements in 3.2, a mailer may choose to co-package (see M011) automation rate and Presorted rate flat-size pieces, subject to the conditions in M950.
* * * * *

M920 Merged Containerization of Packages Using the City State Product

[Revise the summary in M920 to refer to the co-packaging option in M950, as follows:]

Summary: M920 describes the eligibility and preparation requirements for co-sacking or copalletizing 5-digit automation rate packages, 5-digit Presorted packages, including automation and Presorted rate pieces co-packaged under M950, and carrier route packages of Periodicals nonletter-size mailings and Standard Mail flat-size mailings in merged 5-digit and 5-digit scheme containers using the City State Product.

[Revise the heading of 1.0, as follows:]

1.0 PERIODICALS

[Revise the first sentence in 1.1 to refer to the co-packaging option in M950, as follows:]

1.1 Basic Standards

Carrier route packages in a carrier route rate mailing may be placed in the same sack or on the same pallet (in a merged 5-digit or 5-digit scheme sack or pallet) as 5-digit packages from an automation rate mailing and 5-digit packages from a Presorted rate mailing, including automation and Presorted rate pieces co-packaged as permitted in M950, under the following conditions:
* * * * *

[Revise the first sentence in 1.1e to refer to the co-packaging option in M950, as follows (the remainder of 1.1e is unchanged):]

e. Carrier route packages must be co-sacked or copalletized with automation rate 5-digit packages and Presorted rate 5-digit packages, including automation and Presorted rate pieces co-packaged under M950, only for those 5-digit ZIP Codes that have an ''A'' or ''C'' indicator in the Carrier Route Indicators field in the City State Product showing they are eligible for co-sacking or copalletization.
* * *
* * * * *

1.2 Package Preparation

Packages must be prepared as follows:

[Revise 1.2a to refer to the co-packaging option in M950, as follows:]

a. Sacked Mailings. The carrier route mailing must be packaged and labeled under M220. Except when prepared under the co-packaging option in M950, the automation rate mailing must be packaged and labeled under M820 and the Presorted rate mailing must be packaged and labeled under M210.
* * * * *

1.3 Low-Volume Packages in Sacks or on Pallets

[Revise 1.3 to refer to the co-packaging option by adding ''or M950'' after the reference to M820 in the first sentence (the remainder of 1.3 is unchanged).]
* * * * *

2.0 STANDARD MAIL

[Revise the first sentence in 2.1 to refer to the co-packaging option in M950, as follows:]

2.1 Basic Standards

Carrier route packages of flat-size pieces in a carrier route rate mailing may be placed in the same sack or on the same pallet (a merged 5-digit or 5-digit scheme sack or pallet) as 5-digit packages from an automation rate mailing and 5-digit packages from a Presorted rate mailing, including automation and Presorted rate pieces co-packaged as permitted in M950, under the following conditions:
* * * * *

[Revise the first sentence in 2.1e to refer to the co-packaging option in M950, as follows (the remainder of 2.1e is unchanged):]

e. Carrier route rate packages must be co-sacked or copalletized with automation rate 5-digit packages and Presorted rate 5-digit packages, including automation and Presorted rate pieces co-packaged under M950, only for those 5-digit ZIP Codes with an ''A'' or ''C'' indicator in the Carrier Route Indicators field in the City State Product indicating they are eligible for such co-sacking or copalletization. * * *
* * * * *

2.2 Package Preparation

Packages must be prepared as follows:

[Revise 2.2a to refer to the co-packaging option in M95, as follows:]

a. Sacked Mailings. The carrier route mailing must be packaged and labeled under M620. Except when prepared under the co-packaging option in M950, the automation rate mailing must be packaged and labeled under M820 and the Presorted rate mailing must be packaged and labeled under M610.
* * * * *

M930 Merged Palletization of Packages Using a 5% Threshold

[Revise the summary in M930 to refer to the co-packaging option in M950, as follows:]

Summary: M930 describes the eligibility and preparation requirements for copalletizing 5-digit automation rate packages; 5-digit Presorted rate packages, including automation and Presorted rate pieces co-packaged under M950; and carrier route rate packages of Periodicals nonletter-size mailings and Standard Mail flat-size mailings in merged 5-digit and 5-digit scheme pallets using only the 5% threshold (not the City State Product).

[Revise the heading of 1.0, as follows:]

1.0 PERIODICALS

[Revise the heading and first sentence of 1.1 to refer to the co-packaging option in M950, as follows:]

1.1 Basic Standards

5-digit packages from an automation rate mailing and 5-digit packages from a Presorted rate mailing, including automation and Presorted rate pieces co-packaged under M950, may be placed on the same pallet (a merged 5-digit or 5-digit scheme pallet) as carrier route rate packages from a carrier route mailing under the following conditions:

* * * * *

[Revise the first sentence of 1.1d to refer to the co-packaging option in M950, as follows (the remainder of 1.1d is unchanged):]

d. Automation rate 5-digit packages and Presorted rate 5-digit packages, including automation rate and Presorted rate pieces co-packaged under M950, must be copalletized with carrier route rate packages only when the pieces in the 5-digit packages do not exceed the 5% limit described in 1.4.* * *

* * * * *

1.3 Low-Volume Packages on Pallets

[Revise 1.3 to refer to the co-packaging option by adding ''or M950'' after the reference to M820 in the first sentence (the remainder of 1.3 is unchanged).]

* * * * *

[Revise the first sentence of 1.4, as follows:]

1.4 5% Threshold Standard

5-digit packages and carrier route packages may be placed on the same merged 5-digit or 5-digit scheme pallet under 1.5 if all of the following conditions are met:

* * * * *

[Revise 1.4c by replacing the first sentence with the following new sentence; then delete the last four sentences beginning with the word ''Example'' (the remainder of 1.4c is unchanged):]

c. Except when packages are prepared under the co-packaging option in M950, all mail in a logical 5-digit package must be able to be placed on the logical pallet using the 5% limit.* * *

[Insert the following clause at the beginning of 1.4d (the remainder of 1.4d is unchanged):]

d. Except for packages prepared under the co-packaging option in M950,* * *

[Insert new 1.4e to permit mailers using the co-packaging option in M950 to place a portion of a ''logical'' 5-digit package on a merged 5-digit scheme or merged 5-digit pallet with carrier route mail; renumber current 1.4e and f as 1.4f and g, respectively; and change the references in renumbered 1.4f and g from ''1.4a through 1.4d'' to ''1.4a through 1.4e,'' as follows:]

e. For mailing jobs prepared using the co-packaging option in M950, if the total number of pieces prepared in a logical 5-digit package (containing automation rate and Presorted rate pieces) exceeds the 5% limit for a 5-digit ZIP Code in 1.4a, a mailer may, for each 5-digit ZIP Code, choose to place a portion of the pieces prepared in the logical 5-digit package on a merged 5-digit or 5-digit scheme pallet using one of the options below. Regardless of the option selected, a minimum of six pieces must be prepared in 5-digit package(s) placed on the merged pallet and a minimum of six remaining pieces prepared in 5-digit package(s) not placed on the merged pallet, with the total number of pieces not exceeding the 5% limit. The options are:

(1) Place either all automation rate pieces or all Presorted rate pieces for the 5-digit ZIP Code on the merged pallet.

(2) Place a portion of either the automation rate pieces or the Presorted rate pieces for the 5-digit ZIP Code on the merged pallet.

(3) Place either all the automation rate pieces plus a portion of the Presorted rate pieces or all the Presorted rate pieces plus a portion of the automation rate pieces for the 5-digit ZIP Code on the merged pallet.

* * * * *

2.0 STANDARD MAIL

[Revise the first sentence in 2.1 to refer to the co-packaging option in M950, as follows:]

2.1 Basic Standards

5-digit packages from an automation rate mailing and 5-digit packages from a Presorted rate mailing, including automation rate and Presorted rate pieces co-packaged under M950, may be placed on the same pallet (a merged 5-digit or 5-digit scheme pallet) as carrier route rate packages from a carrier route rate mailing under the following conditions:

* * * * *

[Revise the first sentence in 2.1d to refer to the co-packaging option in M950, as follows (the remainder of 2.1d is unchanged):]

d. Automation rate 5-digit packages and Presorted rate 5-digit packages, including automation and Presorted rate pieces co-packaged under M950, must be copalletized with carrier route packages only when the pieces in the 5-digit packages do not exceed the 5% limit in 2.3 .* * *

* * * * *

[Revise the first sentence of 2.3, as follows:]

2.3 5% Threshold Standard

5-digit packages and carrier route packages may be placed on the same merged 5-digit pallet under 2.4 or on the same merged 5-digit or 5-digit scheme pallet under 2.5 if all of the following conditions are met:

* * * * *

[Revise the first sentence in 2.3c as follows; then delete the last four sentences beginning with the word ''Example'' (the remainder of 2.3c is unchanged):]

c. Except when packages are prepared under the co-packaging option in M950, all mail in a logical 5-digit package must be able to be placed on the logical pallet using the 5% limit. * * *

[Revise 2.3d by inserting the following clause at the beginning (the remainder of 2.3d is unchanged):]

d. Except for packages prepared under the co-packaging option in M950, * * *

[Insert new 2.3e to permit mailers using the co-packaging option in M950 to place a portion of a logical 5-digit package on a merged 5-digit scheme or merged 5-digit pallet with carrier route mail, as follows:]

e. For mailing jobs prepared using the co-packaging option in M950, if the total number of pieces prepared in a logical 5-digit package (containing automation rate and Presorted rate pieces) exceeds the 5% limit for a 5-digit ZIP Code in 2.3a, a mailer may, for each 5-digit ZIP Code, choose to place a portion of the pieces prepared in the logical 5-digit package on a merged 5-digit or 5-digit scheme pallet using one of the options below. Regardless of the option selected, a minimum of 10 pieces must be prepared in 5-digit package(s) placed on the merged pallet and a minimum of 10 remaining pieces prepared in 5-digit package(s) not placed on the merged pallet, with the total number of pieces not exceeding the 5% limit. The options are:

(1) Place either all automation rate pieces or all Presorted rate pieces for the 5-digit ZIP Code on the merged pallet.

(2) Place a portion of either the automation rate pieces or the Presorted rate pieces for the 5-digit ZIP Code on the merged pallet.

(3) Place either all the automation rate pieces plus a portion of the Presorted rate pieces or all the Presorted rate pieces plus a portion of the automation rate pieces for the 5-digit ZIP Code on the merged pallet.

* * * * *

M940 Merged Palletization of Packages Using the City State Product and a 5% Threshold

[Revise the summary in M940 to refer to the co-packaging option in M950 and 3.3, as follows:]

Summary: M940 describes the eligibility and preparation requirements for copalletizing 5-digit automation rate packages; 5-digit Presorted rate packages, including automation rate and Presorted rate pieces co-packaged under M950; and carrier route packages of Periodicals nonletter-size mailings and Standard Mail flat-size mailings in merged 5-digit scheme and merged 5-digit pallets using both the City State Product and a 5% threshold, as applicable.

[Revise the title of 1.0, as follows:]

1.0 PERIODICALS

[Revise the first sentence of 1.1 to refer to the co-packaging option in M950, as follows:]

1.1 Basic Standards

5-digit packages from an automation rate mailing and 5-digit packages from a Presorted rate mailing, including automation rate and Presorted rate pieces co-packaged under M950, may be placed on the same pallet (a merged 5-digit or 5-digit scheme pallet) as carrier route packages from a carrier route rate mailing under the following conditions:

* * * * *

[Revise the first sentence in 1.1e to refer to the co-packaging option in M950, as follows (the remainder of 1.1e is unchanged):]

e. Automation rate 5-digit packages and Presorted rate 5-digit packages, including automation rate and Presorted rate pieces co-packaged under M950, must be copalletized with carrier route packages on merged 5-digit and 5-digit scheme pallets as follows:

* * * * *

1.3 Low-Volume Packages on Pallets

[Revise 1.3 to refer to the co-packaging option by adding ''or M950'' after the reference to M820 in the first sentence (the remainder of 1.3 is unchanged).]

* * * * *

[Revise the first sentence of 1.4, as follows:]

1.4 5% Threshold Standard

5-digit packages and carrier route packages for 5-digit ZIP Codes with a ''B'' or ''D'' indicator in the City State Product may be placed on the same merged 5-digit or 5-digit scheme pallet under 1.5 if all of the following conditions are met:

* * * * *

[Revise the first sentence of 1.4c, as follows, then delete the last four sentences beginning with the word ''Example'' (the remainder of 1.4c is unchanged):]

c. Except when packages are prepared under the co-packaging option in M950, all mail in a logical 5-digit package for a 5-digit ZIP Code with a ''B'' or ''D'' indicator must be able to be placed on the logical pallet under the 5% limit. * * *

[Insert the following clause at the beginning of 1.4d (the remainder of 1.4d is unchanged):]

d. Except for packages prepared under the co-packaging option in M950, * * *

[Insert new 1.4e to permit mailers using the co-packaging option in M950 to place a portion of a logical 5-digit package on a merged 5-digit scheme or merged 5-digit pallet with carrier route mail; renumber current 1.4e and f as 1.4f and g, respectively; and change the references in renumbered 1.4f and g from ''1.4a through 1.4d'' to ''1.4a through 1.4e,'' as follows:]

e. For mailing jobs prepared using the co-packaging option in M950, if the total number of pieces prepared in a logical 5-digit package (containing automation rate and Presorted rate pieces) exceeds the 5% limit for a 5-digit ZIP Code in 1.4a, a mailer may, for each 5-digit ZIP Code, choose to place a portion of the pieces prepared in the logical 5-digit package on a merged 5-digit or 5-digit scheme pallet using one of the options below. Regardless of the option selected, a minimum of six pieces must be prepared in 5-digit package(s) placed on the merged pallet and a minimum of six remaining pieces prepared in 5-digit package(s) not placed on the merged pallet, with the total number of pieces not exceeding the 5% limit. The options are:

(1) Place either all automation rate pieces or all Presorted rate pieces for the 5-digit ZIP Code on the merged pallet.

(2) Place a portion of either the automation rate pieces or the Presorted rate pieces for the 5-digit ZIP Code on the merged pallet.

(3) Place either all the automation rate pieces plus a portion of the Presorted rate mail or all the Presorted rate pieces plus a portion of the automation rate pieces for the 5-digit ZIP Code on the merged pallet.

* * * * *

2.0 STANDARD MAIL

[Revise the first sentence in 2.1 to refer to the co-packaging option in M950, as follows:]

2.1 Basic Standards

5-digit packages from an automation rate mailing and 5-digit packages from a Presorted rate mailing, including automation and Presorted rate pieces co-packaged under M950, may be placed on the same pallet (a merged 5-digit or 5-digit scheme pallet) as carrier route packages from a carrier route rate mailing under the following conditions:

* * * * *

[Revise the first sentence of 2.1e to refer to the co-packaging option in M950, as follows (the remainder of 2.1e is unchanged):]

e. Automation rate 5-digit packages and Presorted rate 5-digit packages, including automation rate and Presorted rate pieces co-packaged under M950, must be copalletized with carrier route packages on merged 5-digit scheme and merged 5-digit pallets as follows:

* * * * *

[Revise the first sentence of 2.3, as follows:]

2.3 Threshold Standard

5-digit packages and carrier route packages for 5-digit ZIP Codes with a ''B'' or ''D'' indicator in the City State Product may be placed on the same merged 5-digit pallet under 2.4 or on the same merged 5-digit or 5-digit scheme pallet under 2.5 if all of the following conditions are met:

* * * * *

[Revise the first sentence of 2.3c, as follows (the remainder of 2.3c is unchanged):]

c. Except when packages are prepared under the co-packaging option in M950, all mail in a logical 5-digit package must be able to be placed on the logical pallet using the 5% limit.* * *

[Insert the following clause at the beginning of 2.3d (the remainder of 2.3d is unchanged):]

d. Except for packages prepared under the co-packaging option in M950,* * *

[Insert new 2.3e to permit mailers using the co-packaging option in M950 to place a portion of a logical 5-digit package on a merged 5-digit scheme or merged 5-digit pallet with carrier route mail, as follows:]

e. For mailing jobs prepared using the co-packaging option in M950, if the total number of pieces prepared in a logical 5-digit package (containing automation rate and Presorted rate pieces) exceeds the 5% limit for a 5-digit ZIP Code in 2.3a, a mailer may, for each 5-digit ZIP Code, choose to place a portion of the pieces prepared in the logical 5-digit package on a merged 5-digit or 5-digit scheme pallet using one of the options below. Regardless of the option selected, a minimum of 10 pieces must be

prepared in 5-digit package(s) placed on the merged pallet and a minimum of 10 remaining pieces prepared in 5-digit package(s) not placed on the merged pallet, with the total number of pieces not exceeding the 5% limit. The options are:

(1)Place either all automation rate pieces or all Presorted rate pieces for the 5-digit ZIP Code on the merged pallet.

(2)Place a portion of either the automation rate pieces or the Presorted rate pieces for the 5-digit ZIP Code on the merged pallet.

(3)Place either all the automation rate pieces plus a portion of the Presorted rate pieces or all the Presorted rate pieces plus a portion of the automation rate pieces for the 5-digit ZIP Code on the merged pallet.

* * * * *

[Add new section M950 to provide requirements for co-packaging of automation rate and Presorted rate First-Class Mail, Periodicals, and Standard Mail, to read as follows:]

M950 Co-Packaging Automation Rate and Presorted Rate Pieces Summary

M950 describes the eligibility and preparation requirements for co-packaging flat-size automation rate and Presorted rate First-Class Mail, nonletter-size automation and Presorted rate Periodicals, and flat-size automation rate and Presorted rate Standard Mail.

1.0 FIRST-CLASS MAIL

1.1 Basic Standards

As an option to the basic packaging requirements in M910, a mailer may choose to co-package (see M011) automation rate and Presorted rate pieces, subject to the following conditions:

a. The pieces in the automation rate mailing and the Presorted rate mailing must be part of the same mailing job and must be reported on the appropriate postage statement(s).

b. The pieces in the mailing job must be flat size and meet any other size and mailpiece design requirements applicable to the rate category for which they are prepared.

c. The basic standards in M910 must be met.

d. A minimum of 500 automation rate pieces and 500 Presorted rate pieces are required. The total number of automation rate and Presorted rate pieces must be used to meet the minimum volume requirements for packages and containers to a presort destination.

e. Presorted rate pieces must contain a 5-digit barcode and be co-packaged with automation rate pieces for the same presort destination. If this optional preparation method is used, all automation rate and Presorted rate pieces in the same mailing job and reported on the same postage statement must be co-packaged.

f. Within a package, all pieces must meet the FSM 881 requirements or all pieces must meet the FSM 1000 requirements described in C820.

g. Mailers must sort automation rate pieces and Presorted rate pieces for each presort destination so that only one physical package for each logical presort destination (see M011) includes both automation rate pieces (containing a ZIP+4 or delivery point barcode) and Presorted rate pieces (containing a 5-digit barcode).

1.2 Package Preparation

Package size, preparation sequence, and labeling:

a. 5-digit: required (10-piece minimum, fewer not permitted); red Label D or optional endorsement line (OEL).

b. 3-digit: required (10-piece minimum, fewer not permitted); green Label 3 or OEL.

c. ADC: required (10-piece minimum, fewer not permitted); pink Label A or OEL.

d. Mixed ADC: required (no minimum); tan Label MXD or OEL.

2.0 PERIODICALS

2.1 Basic Standards

As an option to the basic packaging requirements in M210 and M820, a mailer may choose to co-package (see M011) automation rate and Presorted rate pieces, subject to the following conditions:

a. The pieces in the automation rate mailing and the Presorted rate mailing must be part of the same mailing job and must be reported on the appropriate postage statement(s).

b. The pieces in the mailing job must be nonletter-size and meet any other size and mailpiece design requirements applicable to the rate category for which they are prepared.

c. Mailings prepared in sacks must meet the basic standards in M910 or M920.

d. Mailings prepared on pallets must meet the basic standards in M045, M920, M930, or M940.

e. The total number of automation rate and Presorted rate pieces must be used to meet the minimum volume requirements for packages and containers.

f. Presorted rate pieces must contain a 5-digit barcode and be co-packaged with automation rate pieces for the same presort destination. If this optional preparation method is used, all automation rate and Presorted rate pieces in the same mailing job and reported on the same postage statement must be co-packaged.

g. Within a package, all pieces must meet the FSM 881 requirements or all pieces must meet the FSM 1000 requirements described in C820.

h. Mailers must sort Presorted rate pieces and automation rate pieces for each presort destination so that only one physical package for each logical presort destination (see M011) includes both automation rate pieces (containing a ZIP+4 or delivery point barcode) and Presorted rate pieces (containing a 5-digit barcode).

2.2 Package Preparation

Package size, preparation sequence, and labeling:

a. Firm: optional (for Presorted rate pieces only under M210.1.4) (two-piece minimum); blue Label.

b. 5-digit: required (six-piece minimum, fewer not permitted except under 2.3); red Label D or optional endorsement line (OEL).

c. 3-digit: required (six-piece minimum, fewer not permitted except under 2.3); green Label 3 or OEL.

d. ADC: required (six-piece minimum, fewer not permitted); pink Label A or OEL.

e. Mixed ADC: required (no minimum); tan Label MXD or OEL.

2.3 Low-Volume Packages in Sacks or on Pallets

Periodicals 5-digit and 3-digit packages prepared under 2.2 may contain fewer than six pieces when the publisher determines that such preparation improves service. These low-volume packages may be placed in merged 5-digit scheme, merged 5-digit, 5-digit, 3-digit, and SCF sacks or on merged 5-digit scheme, merged 5-digit, 5-digit, 3-digit, or SCF pallets. Presorted rate pieces in such low-volume packages must be claimed at the applicable basic Presorted rate.

Automation rate pieces in such low-volume packages must be claimed at the applicable basic automation rate.

3.0 STANDARD MAIL

3.1 Basic Standards

As an option to the basic packaging requirements in M610 and M820, a mailer may choose to co-package (see M011) automation rate and Presorted rate pieces, subject to the following conditions:

a. The pieces in the automation rate mailing and the Presorted rate mailing

must be part of the same mailing job and must be reported on the appropriate postage statement(s).

b. The pieces in the mailing job must be flat size and meet any other size and mailpiece design requirements applicable to the rate category for which they are prepared.

c. Mailings prepared in sacks must meet the basic standards in M910 or M920.

d. Mailings prepared on pallets must meet the basic standards in M045, M920, M930, or M940.

e. A minimum of 200 pieces or 50 pounds of automation rate pieces are required; the Presorted rate mailing may meet the residual volume requirements in E620. The total number of automation rate and Presorted rate pieces must be used to meet the minimum volume requirements for packages and containers.

f. Presorted rate pieces must contain a 5-digit barcode and be co-packaged with automation rate pieces for the same presort destination. If this optional preparation method is used, all automation rate and Presorted rate pieces in the same mailing job and reported on the same postage statement must be co-packaged.

g. Within a package, all pieces must meet the FSM 881 requirements or all pieces must meet the FSM 1000 requirements described in C820.

h. Mailers must sort Presorted rate pieces and automation rate pieces for each presort destination so that only one physical package for each logical presort destination (see M011) includes both Presorted rate pieces (containing a 5-digit barcode) and automation rate pieces (containing a ZIP+4 or delivery point barcode).

3.2 Package Preparation

Package size, preparation sequence, and labeling:

a. 5-digit: required (10-piece minimum, fewer not permitted); red Label D or optional endorsement line (OEL).

b. 3-digit: required (10-piece minimum, fewer not permitted); green Label 3 or OEL.

c. ADC: required (six-piece minimum, fewer not permitted); pink Label A or OEL.

d. Mixed ADC: required (no minimum); tan Label MXD or OEL.

* * * * *

An appropriate amendment to 39 CFR 111 to reflect these changes will be published if the proposal is adopted.

Stanley F. Mires,

Chief Counsel, Legislative.

[FR Doc. 01–21714 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 70

[AL–T5–2001–01; FRL–7045–4]

Clean Air Act Proposed Full Approval of Operating Permit Programs; Alabama, City of Huntsville, and Jefferson County

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Proposed full approval.

SUMMARY: EPA proposes to fully approve the operating permit programs of the Alabama Department of Environmental Management, the City of Huntsville's Division of Natural Resources, and the Jefferson County Department of Health. These programs were submitted in response to the directive in the 1990 Clean Air Act (CAA) Amendments that permitting authorities develop, and submit to EPA, programs for issuing operating permits to all major stationary sources and to certain other sources within the permitting authorities' jurisdiction. On November 15, 1995, EPA granted interim approval to the Alabama, Huntsville, and Jefferson County title V operating permit programs (60 FR 57346). These agencies have revised their programs to satisfy the conditions of the interim approval and this action proposes approval of those revisions and other program changes made since the interim approval was granted.

DATES: Comments on the program revisions discussed in this proposed action must be received in writing by EPA on or before September 27, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Written comments on the program revisions discussed in this action should be addressed to Ms. Kim Pierce, Regional Title V Program Manager, Air & Radiation Technology Branch, EPA, 61 Forsyth Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303–8960. Copies of the Alabama, Huntsville, and Jefferson County submittals and other supporting documentation used in developing the proposed full approval are available for inspection during normal business hours at EPA, Air & Radiation Technology Branch, 61 Forsyth Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303–8960.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kim Pierce, EPA Region 4, at (404) 562–9124 or *pierce.kim@epa.gov/.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This section provides additional information by addressing the following questions:

What is the operating permit program?
What is being addressed in this document?
What are the program changes that EPA proposes to approve?
What is involved in this proposed action?

What Is the Operating Permit Program?

Title V of the CAA Amendments of 1990 required all state and local permitting authorities to develop operating permit programs that met certain federal criteria. In implementing the title V operating permit programs, the permitting authorities require certain sources of air pollution to obtain permits that contain all applicable requirements under the CAA. The focus of the operating permit program is to improve enforcement by issuing each source a permit that consolidates all of the applicable CAA requirements into a federally enforceable document. By consolidating all of the applicable requirements for a facility, the source, the public, and the permitting authorities can more easily determine what CAA requirements apply and how compliance with those requirements is determined.

Sources required to obtain an operating permit under the title V program include: ''major'' sources of air pollution and certain other sources specified in the CAA or in EPA's implementing regulations. For example, all sources regulated under the acid rain program, regardless of size, must obtain operating permits. Examples of major sources include those that have the potential to emit 100 tons per year or more of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), carbon monoxide, lead, sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxides (NO_X), or particulate matter (PM_{10}); those that emit 10 tons per year of any single hazardous air pollutant (specifically listed under the CAA); or those that emit 25 tons per year or more of a combination of hazardous air pollutants (HAPs). In areas that are not meeting the National Ambient Air Quality Standards for ozone, carbon monoxide, or particulate matter, major sources are defined by the gravity of the nonattainment classification. For example, in ozone nonattainment areas classified as ''serious,'' major sources include those with the potential of emitting 50 tons per year or more of VOCs or NO_X.

What Is Being Addressed in This Document?

Where a title V operating permit program substantially, but not fully, met the criteria outlined in the implementing regulations codified at 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) part 70, EPA granted interim approval contingent on the state revising its program to correct the deficiencies. Because the Alabama, Huntsville, and Jefferson County programs substantially, but not fully, met the requirements of part 70, EPA granted interim approval in a rulemaking (60 FR 57346) published on November 15, 1995. The interim approval notice described the conditions that had to be met in order for the Alabama, Huntsville, and Jefferson County programs to receive full approval. Alabama submitted five revisions to its interimly approved operating permit program; these revisions were dated July 19, 1996, April 9, 1997, August 4, 1999, January 10, 2000, and May 11, 2001. Huntsville, which adopts the State's rules, submitted five revisions to its interimly approved program; these revisions were dated March 21, 1997, July 21, 1999, December 4, 2000, February 22, 2001, and April 9, 2001. Jefferson County, which also adopts the State's rules, submitted five revisions to its interimly approved program; these revisions were dated February 5, 1998, September 20, 1999, August 8, 2000, March 30, 2001, and May 18, 2001. This document describes changes that have been made to the Alabama, Huntsville, and Jefferson County operating permit programs since interim approval was granted.

What Are the Program Changes That EPA Proposes To Approve?

As stipulated in the interim approval notice, full approval of the Alabama, Huntsville, and Jefferson County title V operating permit programs was made contingent upon the following rule changes:

(1) Amend Alabama's statute to provide for adequate criminal fines consistent with 40 CFR 70.11(a)(3)(ii) and (iii). The State amended Section 22–28–22, Code of Alabama 1975, to prescribe adequate criminal fines and the amendment was signed into law on May 17, 1996. The amendment was submitted to EPA on July 19, 1996, and Alabama submitted a supplemental Attorney General's Statement certifying that State law provides enforcement authority consistent with 40 CFR 70.11 to EPA on May 11, 2001. Huntsville incorporated the criminal penalties specified by Alabama Act 96–516 into local law and submitted the amendment to EPA on March 21, 1997. On April 9, 2001, Huntsville submitted a legal opinion by the City Attorney certifying that its criminal penalty authority was consistent with 40 CFR 70.11. On May 18, 2001, Jefferson County submitted a Local Counsel's Amended Opinion certifying that State law allows the County to assess criminal penalties consistent with 40 CFR 70.11. EPA has determined that the Alabama, Huntsville, and Jefferson County submittals adequately address the enforcement authority deficiency.

(2) Eliminate Alabama's Rule 335–3–16-.04(9)(b) (and the corresponding local rules) which exempted certain permit applications from the completeness certification requirement in 40 CFR 70.5(a)(2). Alabama deleted the regulation and submitted the state-effective rule change to EPA on May 11, 2001. Huntsville deleted its corresponding rule, Paragraph 3.9.4(b), and submitted the local-effective rule change to EPA on April 9, 2001. Jefferson County deleted its corresponding rule, Paragraph 18.4.9(b), and submitted the local-effective rule change to EPA on May 18, 2001.

(3) Revise Rule 335–3–16-.01(o) (and the corresponding local rules) to require EPA review and approval of any revisions to the State's insignificant activity list. Alabama revised the regulation accordingly and submitted the state-effective rule change to EPA on May 11, 2001. Huntsville made identical revisions to its corresponding rule, Paragraph 3.1.1(q), and submitted the local-effective rule change to EPA on April 9, 2001. Jefferson County revised its corresponding rule, Paragraph 18.1.1(o), accordingly and submitted the local-effective rule change to EPA on May 18, 2001.

(4) Revise the Alabama rules (and the corresponding local rules) to ensure that insignificant emissions units with applicable requirements are not exempted from permitting or major source applicability determinations even if listed on the approved list of insignificant activities. Alabama responded by revising the definition of ''Insignificant Activity'' in Rule 335–3–16-.01(o) to ensure that activities subject to applicable requirements are not classified as insignificant. The State also revised Rule 335–3–16-.04(8)(c)9.(i) to remove the exemption from permitting requirements for insignificant activities. The state-effective rule changes were submitted to EPA on May 11, 2001. Huntsville made identical revisions to its corresponding rules, Paragraph 3.1.1(q) and Subparagraph 3.9.3(c)(9)(i), and submitted the local-effective rule changes to EPA on April 9, 2001. Jefferson County also revised its corresponding rules, Paragraph 18.1.1(o) and Subparagraph 18.4.8(c)(9)(i), accordingly and submitted the local-effective rule changes to EPA on May 18, 2001.

(5) Revise the Alabama rules (and the corresponding local rules) to provide for permit terms and conditions that allow the trading of emissions increases and decreases in accordance with 40 CFR 70.4(b)(12)(iii), 70.5(c)(7), and 70.6(a)(10). The State responded by adding Rule 335–3–16-.05(m), which provides for permit terms and conditions authorizing the trading of emissions increases and decreases in a permitted facility, and submitted the state-effective rule change to EPA on May 11, 2001. Huntsville incorporated the State's rule by adding Paragraph 3.9.5(u) and submitted the local-effective rule change to EPA on April 9, 2001. Jefferson County incorporated the State's rule in its new Section 18.5.14 and submitted the local-effective rule change to EPA on May 18, 2001.

(6) Revise Rule 335–3–16-.13(1)(a)7. (and the corresponding local rules) to specifically list the types of changes that are eligible for processing as administrative permit amendments or remove the provision allowing for Director's discretion when determining the types of changes that are eligible for processing as administrative permit amendments. Alabama responded by revising Rule 335–3–16-.13(1)(a)7. to require EPA approval of the types of permit changes that are eligible for processing as administrative amendments, and the state-effective rule change was submitted to EPA on May 11, 2001. Huntsville incorporated the State's rule change in its corresponding rule, Subparagraph 3.9.11(a)(1)(vii), and submitted the local-effective rule change to EPA on April 9, 2001. Jefferson County incorporated the State's rule change in its corresponding rule, Subparagraph 18.13.1(a)(7), and submitted the local-effective rule change to EPA on May 18, 2001.

(7) Correct the citation in Rule 335–3–16-.13(1)(a)6. (and the corresponding local rules) in order to provide for EPA and affected states review of administrative permit amendments, as specified in 40 CFR 70.7(d)(1)(v). Alabama responded by correcting the citation to reference Rule 335–3–16-.15 ''Permit Review by EPA, Affected States and the Public'' and submitted the state-effective rule change to EPA on January 10, 2000. Huntsville corrected the citation in its corresponding rule, Section 3.9.11, to reference Section 3.9.13 ''Permit Review by EPA, Affected

States and the Public'' and submitted the local-effective rule change to EPA on April 9, 2001. Jefferson County corrected the citation in its corresponding rule, Subparagraph 18.13.1(a)(6), to reference Part 18.15 ''Permit Review by EPA, Affected States and Public'' and submitted the local-effective rule change to EPA on May 18, 2001.

(8) Revise Rule 335–3–16-.11(1) (and the corresponding local rules) to address EPA's concerns regarding the Director's ability to exempt emissions exceedances on a case-by-case basis. Alabama responded by adding the following language to Rule 335–3–16-.11(1): ''For emission limits established by federal rules (e.g., NSPS, NESHAP, and MACT), exemptions may be granted only where provisions for such exemptions are contained in the applicable rule or its general provisions.'' The state-effective rule change was submitted to EPA on January 10, 2000. Huntsville incorporated the State's language in its corresponding rule, Paragraph 3.3.8(a), and submitted the local-effective rule change to EPA on April 9, 2001. Jefferson County incorporated the State's language in its corresponding rule, Paragraph 18.11.1, and submitted the local-effective rule change to EPA on August 8, 2000.

(9) Revise Rule 335–3–16-.11(2)(c) (and the corresponding local rules) to allow for EPA and citizen participation in the emergency determination process. In response, Alabama removed language in Rule 335–3–16-.11(2)(c) that allowed only the Director to be the determiner of when an emergency has occurred and submitted the state-effective rule change to EPA on January 10, 2000. Huntsville incorporated the State's rule change in its corresponding rule, Subparagraph 3.3.8(b)(3), and submitted the local-effective rule change to EPA on April 9, 2001. Jefferson County incorporated the State's rule change in its corresponding rule, Subparagraph 18.11.2(c), and submitted the local-effective rule change to EPA on May 18, 2001.

(10) Revise Rule 335–3–16-.11 (and the corresponding local rules) to clarify that an emergency constitutes an affirmative defense in accordance with 40 CFR 70.6(g)(2). Alabama responded by adding Rule 335–3–16-.11(2)(e), which states that an emergency constitutes an affirmative defense, and submitted the state-effective rule change to EPA on May 11, 2001. Huntsville incorporated the State's rule by adding Subparagraph 3.3.8(b)(5) and submitted the local-effective rule change to EPA on April 9, 2001. Jefferson County incorporated the State's rule by adding Paragraph 18.11.2(e) and submitted the local-effective rule change to EPA on August 8, 2000.

The other programmatic changes made by Alabama, Huntsville, and Jefferson County since interim approval was granted involve the mechanisms for determining annual title V fee amounts. The State's title V operating permit program received interim approval based on use of the ''presumptive minimum'' fee amount described in 40 CFR 70.9(b)(2)(i). However, Alabama's use of this fee amount resulted in the collection of more revenue than was needed to fund the program. On April 9, 1997, Alabama notified EPA of a revision to Rule 335–1–7-.04 that reduced the fee amounts assessed in 1995 through 1999 to offset the excess fees collected in 1991 through 1993. The State has continued to adjust its fees annually so that total revenue balances projected costs. Alabama submitted a fee program update on August 4, 1999, demonstrating that its title V program was being adequately funded.

Huntsville's title V program received interim approval based on use of the part 70 ''presumptive minimum'' fee amount and the assessment of permit application fees. However, the Alabama Legislature passed legislation during its 2000 session prohibiting the local agencies from charging higher emission fees or permit application fees than those charged by the State. On December 4, 2000, Huntsville submitted local-effective rule changes to Part 3.6 ''Permit Application Fees'' and Part 3.7 ''Major Source Operating Permit Annual Emissions Fees'' that gave precedence to the fee structure established under State law. Huntsville submitted a fee program update on July 21, 1999, demonstrating that its title V program was being adequately funded. As a result of the fee restriction imposed in 2000, Huntsville submitted another fee program update on February 22, 2001, demonstrating that its title V program continues to be adequately funded.

Jefferson County's title V program also received interim approval based on use of the part 70 ''presumptive minimum'' fee amount, but collection of this amount resulted in revenue surpluses in FY96 and FY97. On February 5, 1998, the County submitted a financial report showing the surpluses and informed EPA that it had reduced its fees. Jefferson County submitted a formal fee program update on September 20, 1999, demonstrating that its title V program was being adequately funded. And, in response to EPA's concerns about the potential impact of the statutory fee cap imposed on local agencies by the Alabama Legislature, Jefferson County submitted another fee program update on March 30, 2001, indicating that its title V program was still adequately funded.

What is Involved in This Proposed Action?

Since Alabama, Huntsville, and Jefferson County have fulfilled the conditions of the interim approval granted on November 15, 1995, EPA proposes full approval of their title V operating permit programs and the fee program changes described above. The regulations in Alabama's federally approved title V program include Chapter 335–1–7 ''Air Division Operating Permit Fees'' and Chapter 335–1–7 ''Major Source Operating Permits.'' The regulations in Huntsville's federally approved title V program include Parts 3.1 ''General Provisions,'' 3.6 ''Permit Application Fees,'' 3.7 ''Major Source Operating Permit Annual Emissions Fees,'' and 3.9 ''Major Source Operating Permits.'' The regulations in Jefferson County's federally approved title V program include Chapter 16 ''Operating Permit Fees'' and Chapter 18 ''Operating Permit Regulations for Major Sources.''

Administrative Requirements

A. Request for Public Comments

EPA requests comments on the program revisions discussed in this proposed action. Copies of the Alabama, Huntsville, and Jefferson County submittals and other supporting documentation used in developing the proposed full approval are contained in the EPA docket file numbered AL–2001–01 that is maintained at the EPA Region 4 office. The docket is an organized and complete file of all the information submitted to, or otherwise considered by, EPA in the development of this proposed full approval. The primary purposes of the docket are: (1) To allow interested parties a means to identify and locate documents so that they can effectively participate in the approval process, and (2) to serve as the record in case of judicial review. The docket files are available for public inspection at the location listed under the **ADDRESSES** section of this document. EPA will consider any comments received in writing by September 27, 2001.

B. Executive Order 12866

The Office of Management and Budget has exempted this regulatory action from Executive Order 12866, entitled ''Regulatory Planning and Review.''

C. Executive Order 13045

Protection of Children from Environmental Health Risks and Safety

Risks (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997) applies to any rule that: (1) Is determined to be ''economically significant'' as defined under Executive Order 12866, and (2) concerns an environmental health or safety risk that EPA has reason to believe may have a disproportionate effect on children. If the regulatory action meets both criteria, the Agency must evaluate the environmental health or safety effects of the planned rule on children, and explain why the planned regulation is preferable to other potentially effective and reasonably feasible alternatives considered by the Agency.

This rule is not subject to Executive Order 13045 because it is not an economically significant regulatory action as defined in Executive Order 12866, and it does not involve decisions intended to mitigate environmental health or safety risks.

D. Executive Order 13132

This rule does not have Federalism implications because it will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government, as specified in Executive Order 13132, ''Federalism'' (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999). This rule merely approves existing requirements under state law, and does not alter the relationship or the distribution of power and responsibilities between the state and the federal government established in the CAA.

E. Executive Order 13175

This rule does not have tribal implications because it will not have a substantial direct effect on one or more Indian tribes, on the relationship between the federal government and Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the federal government and Indian tribes, as specified by Executive Order 13175, ''Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments'' (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000).

F. Executive Order 13211

This rule is not subject to Executive Order 13211, ''Actions Concerning Regulations That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use'' (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001), because it is not a significantly regulatory action under Executive Order 12866.

G. Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Regulatory Flexibility Act generally requires an agency to conduct a regulatory flexibility analysis of any rule subject to notice and comment rulemaking requirements unless the agency certifies that the rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. Small entities include small businesses, small not-for-profit enterprises, and small governmental jurisdictions.

This rule will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities because operating permit program approvals under section 502 of the CAA do not create any new requirements but simply approve requirements that the state is already imposing. Therefore, because this approval does not create any new requirements, I certify that this action will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

H. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act

Under sections 202 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995, EPA must prepare a budgetary impact statement to accompany any proposed or final rule that includes a federal mandate that may result in estimated costs to state, local, or tribal governments in the aggregate, or to the private sector, of $100 million or more. Under section 205, EPA must select the most cost-effective and least burdensome alternative that achieves the objectives of the rule and is consistent with statutory requirements. Section 203 requires EPA to establish a plan for informing and advising any small governments that may be significantly or uniquely impacted by the rule.

EPA has determined that the approval action proposed does not include a federal mandate that may result in estimated costs of $100 million or more to either state, local, or tribal governments in the aggregate, or to the private sector. This federal action approves pre-existing requirements under state or local law, and imposes no new requirements. Accordingly, no additional costs to state, local, or tribal governments, or to the private sector, result from this action.

I. National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act

Section 12 of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act (NTTAA) of 1995 requires federal agencies to evaluate existing technical standards when developing a new regulation. To comply with NTTAA, EPA must consider and use ''voluntary consensus standards'' (VCS) if available and applicable when developing programs and policies unless doing so would be inconsistent with applicable law or otherwise impractical.

In reviewing operating permit programs, EPA's role is to approve state choices, provided that they meet the criteria of the CAA and EPA's regulations codified at 40 CFR part 70. In this context, in the absence of a prior existing requirement for the state to use VCS, EPA has no authority to disapprove an operating permit program for failure to use VCS. It would thus be inconsistent with applicable law for EPA, when it reviews an operating permit program, to use VCS in place of an operating permit program that otherwise satisfies the provisions of the CAA. Thus, the requirements of section 12(d) of NTTAA do not apply.

J. Paperwork Reduction Act

This action will not impose any collection of information subject to the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act, 44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*, other than those previously approved and assigned OMB control number 2060–0243. For additional information concerning these requirements, see 40 CFR part 70. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 70

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Air pollution control, Intergovernmental relations, Operating permits, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401–7671q.

Dated: August 17, 2001.

A. Stanley Meiburg,

Acting Regional Administrator, Region 4.

[FR Doc. 01–21707 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 247

[SWH–FRL–7043–9]

RIN 2050–AE23

Comprehensive Guideline for Procurement of Products Containing Recovered Materials

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA or the Agency) is proposing an amendment to the May 1, 1995, Comprehensive Procurement

Guideline (CPG). EPA is proposing to designate the following 11 new items that are or can be made with recovered materials: Bike racks; blasting grit; cement and concrete containing cenospheres; cement and concrete containing silica fume; modular threshold ramps; nonpressure pipe; nylon carpet and nylon carpet backing; office furniture; rebuilt vehicular parts; roofing materials; and tires. Today's document also proposes to revise EPA's previous designations for polyester carpet and railroad grade crossing surfaces.

The CPG implements the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and Executive Order 13101, which require EPA to designate items that are or can be made with recovered materials and to recommend practices that procuring agencies can use to procure designated items. Once EPA designates an item, any procuring agency that uses appropriated federal funds to procure that item must purchase the item containing the highest percentage of recovered materials practicable. Today's proposed action will use government purchasing power to stimulate the use of these materials in the manufacture of new products, thereby fostering markets for materials recovered from solid waste.

DATES: EPA will accept public comments on this proposed rule until October 29, 2001.

ADDRESSES: To comment on this proposal, please send an original and two copies of comments to: RCRA Information Center (5305W), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Ariel Rios Building, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20460. Please place the docket number F–2001–CP4P–FFFFF on your comments.

If any information is confidential, it should be identified as such. An original and two copies of Confidential Business Information (CBI) must be submitted under separate cover to: Document Control Officer (5305W), Office of Solid Waste, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Ariel Rios Building, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20460.

Documents related to today's proposal are available for viewing at the RCRA Information Center (RIC), located at: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1235 Jefferson Davis Highway, Ground Floor, Crystal Gateway One, Arlington, VA 22202. The RIC is open from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. Monday through Friday, except for federal holidays. The public must make an appointment to review docket materials. Call (703) 603–9230 for appointments. Copies cost $.15 per page.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For general information contact the RCRA Call Center at (800) 424–9346 or TDD (800) 553–7672 (hearing impaired). In the Washington, DC metropolitan area, call (703) 412–9810 or TDD (703) 412–3323. For technical information on individual item designations, contact Terry Grist at (703) 308–7257.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Regulated Entities

This action may potentially affect those ''procuring agencies''—a term defined in RCRA section 1004(17)—that purchase the following: Bike racks, blasting grit, cement and concrete containing cenospheres, cement and concrete containing silica fume, modular threshold ramps, nonpressure pipe, nylon carpet and nylon carpet backing, office furniture, rebuilt vehicular parts, roofing materials, and tires. For purposes of RCRA section 6002, procuring agencies include the following: (1) Any federal agency; (2) any state or local agencies using appropriated federal funds for a procurement; or (3) any contractors with these agencies (with respect to work performed under the contract). The requirements of section 6002 apply to such procuring agencies only when procuring designated items where the price of the item exceeds $10,000 or the quantity of the item purchased in the previous year exceeded $10,000. Potential regulated entities for this rule are shown in Table 1.

TABLE 1.—ENTITIES POTENTIALLY SUBJECT TO SECTION 6002 REQUIREMENTS TRIGGERED BY CPG AMENDMENTS

Category	Examples of regulated entities
Federal Government	Federal departments or agencies that procure $10,000 or more worth of a designated item in a given year.
State Government	A state agency that uses appropriated federal funds to procure $10,000 or more worth of a designated item in a given year.
Local Government	A local agency that uses appropriated federal funds to procure $10,000 or more worth of a designated item in a given year.
Contractor	A contractor working on a project funded by appropriated federal funds that purchases $10,000 or more worth of a designated item in a given year.

This table is not intended to be exhaustive, but rather provides a guide for readers regarding entities likely to be affected by this action. This table lists the types of entities of which EPA is now aware that could potentially be subject to regulatory requirements triggered by this action. To determine whether your procurement practices are affected by this action, you should carefully examine the applicability criteria in 40 CFR 247.2. If you have questions regarding the applicability of this action to a particular entity, consult the individuals listed in the preceding **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section.

Preamble Outline

I. What is the statutory authority for this proposed amendment?
II. What is the background for this action?
A. What criteria does EPA use for selecting items for designation?
B. How can I comment on EPA's proposed rule?
C. Where can I find additional information on this proposed rule?
III. What are the definitions of terms used in today's proposed rule?
IV. Vehicular Products
A. Rebuilt Vehicular Parts 3
1. Background
2. Rationale for Designation
B. Tires
1. Background
2. Rationale for Designation
V. Construction Products
A. Cement and Concrete Containing Cenospheres
1. Background
2. Rationale for Designation
B. Cement and Concrete Containing Silica Fume from Silicon and Ferrosilicon Metal Production
1. Background
2. Rationale for Designation
C. Modular Threshold Ramps
1. Background
2. Rationale for Designation
D. Nonpressure Pipe

1. Background
2. Rationale for Designation
E. Nylon Carpet and Nylon Carpet Backing
1. Background
2. Rationale for Designation
F. Roofing Materials
1. Background
2. Rationale for Designation
G. Polyester Carpet (Revision)
1. Background
2. Revised Designation
H. Railroad Grade Crossing Surfaces (Revision)
1. Background
2. Revised Designation
VI. Nonpaper Office Products
A. Office Furniture
1. Background
2. Rationale for Designation
VII. Miscellaneous Products
A. Bike Racks
1. Background
2. Rationale for Designation
B. Blasting Grit
1. Background
2. Rationale for Designation
VIII. Where can agencies get information on the availability of EPA-designated items?
IX. Administrative Assessments
A. Executive Order 12866: Regulatory Planning and Review
1. Summary of Costs
2. Product Cost
3. Summary of Benefits
B. Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA), as amended by the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996 (SBREFA), 5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.
C. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 and Consultation with State, Local, and Tribal Governments
D. Executive Order 13132: Federalism
E. Executive Order 13175: Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments
F. Executive Order 13045: Protection of Children from Environmental Risks and Safety Risks
G. National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995
H. Executive Order 13211: Energy Effects
X. Supporting Information and Accessing Internet

I. What Is the Statutory Authority for This Proposed Amendment?

EPA (''the Agency'') is proposing this amendment to the Comprehensive Procurement Guideline under the authority of sections 2002(a) and 6002 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976; 42 U.S.C. 6912(a) and 6962; in compliance with section 502 of Executive Order 13101 (Executive Order), ''Greening the Government Through Waste Prevention, Recycling, and Federal Acquisition'' (63 FR 49643, September 14, 1998).

II. What Is the Background for This Action?

Section 6002(e) of RCRA requires EPA to designate items that are or can be made with recovered materials and to recommend practices to help procuring agencies meet their obligations for procuring items designated under RCRA section 6002. After EPA designates an item, RCRA requires that each procuring agency, when purchasing a designated item, must purchase that item made of the highest percentage of recovered materials practicable.

Executive Order 13101 establishes the procedure EPA must follow when implementing RCRA section 6002(e). Section 502 of the Executive Order directs EPA to issue a Comprehensive Procurement Guideline (CPG) that designates items that are or can be made with recovered materials. Concurrent with the CPG, EPA must publish recommended procurement practices for purchasing designated items, including recovered material content ranges, in a related Recovered Materials Advisory Notice (RMAN). The Executive Order also directs EPA to update the CPG every 2 years and to issue RMANs periodically to reflect changing market conditions.

The original CPG (CPG I) was published on May 1, 1995 (60 FR 21370). It established eight product categories, designated 19 new items, and consolidated five earlier item designations. At the same time, EPA published the first RMAN (RMAN I) (60 FR 21386). On November 13, 1997, EPA published CPG II (62 FR 60962), which designated an additional 12 items. At the same time, EPA published an RMAN II (62 FR 60975). Paper Products RMANs were issued on May 29, 1996 (61 FR 26985) and June 8, 1998 (63 FR 31214). On January 19, 2000, EPA published CPG III (65 FR 3070), which designated an additional 18 items. At the same time, EPA published an RMAN III (65 FR 3082).

Today, in CPG IV, EPA is proposing to designate the following 11 additional items:

Vehicular Products
- Rebuilt vehicular parts
- Tires

Construction Products
- Cement and concrete containing cenospheres
- Cement and concrete containing silica fume
- Modular threshold ramps
- Nonpressure pipe
- Nylon carpet and nylon carpet backing
- Roofing materials

Non-Paper Office Products
- Office furniture

Miscellaneous Products
- Bike racks
- Blasting grit

Also today in CPG IV, EPA is proposing to revise the previous designations for polyester carpet and railroad grade crossing surfaces.

A. What Criteria Does EPA Use for Selecting Items for Designation?

While not limiting consideration to these criteria, RCRA section 6002(e) requires EPA to consider the following when determining which items it will designate:

(1) Availability of the item;

(2) Potential impact of the procurement of the item by procuring agencies on the solid waste stream;

(3) Economic and technological feasibility of producing the item; and

(4) Other uses for the recovered materials used to produce the item.

EPA consulted with federal procurement and requirement officials to identify other criteria to consider when selecting items for designation. Based on these discussions, the Agency concluded that EPA should also factor the limitations set forth in RCRA section 6002(c) into its selection decisions. This provision requires each procuring agency that procures an item designated by EPA to procure the item composed of the highest percentage of recovered materials practicable, while maintaining a satisfactory level of competition. A procuring agency, however, may decide not to procure an EPA-designated item containing recovered materials if it determines: (1) The item is not available within a reasonable period of time, (2) the item fails to meet the performance standards set forth in the Agency's specification, or (3) the item is available only at an unreasonable price.

EPA recognized that the above criteria limit the conditions under which procuring agencies must purchase EPA-designated items with recovered materials content, and, thereby, could limit the potential impact of an individual item designation. (The limitations of RCRA section 6002(c) also effectively describe the circumstances in which a designated item is ''available'' for purposes of the statute.) For these reasons, EPA is also taking into account the limitations cited in RCRA section 6002(c) in its selection of items for designation in today's proposed CPG IV. Thus, the Agency developed the following criteria for use in selecting items for designation: use of materials found in solid waste, economic and technological feasibility and performance, impact of government procurement, availability and competition, and other uses for recovered materials. These criteria are discussed in detail in Section II of the document entitled, ''Background

Document for Proposed CPG IV and Draft RMAN IV.'' A copy of this document is included in the RCRA public docket for this rule.

EPA has adopted two approaches in its designation of items that are made with recovered materials. For some items, such as paper and paper products, the Agency designates broad categories of items and provides information in the related RMAN as to their appropriate applications or uses. For other items, such as plastic trash bags, EPA designates specific items, and, in some instances, includes in the designation the specific types of recovered materials or applications to which the designation applies. The Agency explained these approaches to designating items in the preamble to CPG I (60 FR 21373, May 1, 1995).

EPA sometimes had information on the availability of a particular item made with a specific recovered material (e.g., plastic), but no information on the availability of the item made from a different recovered material or any indication that it is possible to make the item with a different recovered material. In these instances, EPA concluded that it was appropriate to include the specific material in the item designation in order to provide vital information to procuring agencies as they seek to fulfill their obligations to purchase designated items composed of the highest percentage of recovered materials practicable. This information enables the agencies to focus their efforts on products that are currently available for purchase, reducing their administrative burden. EPA also included information in the proposed CPG, as well as in the draft RMAN that accompanied the proposed CPG, that advised procuring agencies that EPA is not recommending the purchase of an item made from one particular material over a similar item made from another material. For example, EPA included the following statement in the preamble discussion for plastic desktop accessories (59 FR 18879, April 20, 1994): ''This designation does not preclude a procuring agency from purchasing desktop accessories manufactured from another material, such as wood. It simply requires that a procuring agency, when purchasing plastic desktop accessories, purchase these accessories made with recovered materials. * * *''

The Agency has learned that some procuring agencies may erroneously believe that the designation of a broad category of items in a CPG requires them (1) to procure all items included in such category with recovered materials content and (2) to establish an affirmative procurement program for the entire category of items, even where specific items within the category may not meet current performance standards. This is clearly not required under RCRA as implemented through the CPGs and RMANs. RCRA section 6002 does not require a procuring agency to purchase items with recovered materials content that are not available or that do not meet a procuring agency's specifications or reasonable performance standards for the contemplated use. Further, section 6002 does not require a procuring agency to purchase such items if the item with recovered materials content is only available at an unreasonable price or the purchase of such item is inconsistent with maintaining a reasonable level of competition. However, EPA stresses that, when procuring any product for which a recovered materials alternative is available that meets the procuring agency's performance needs, the procuring agency should seek to purchase the product made with the highest percentage of recovered materials practicable.

The items proposed for designation today have all been evaluated with respect to EPA's criteria. Details of these evaluations are discussed in the ''Background Document for Proposed CPG IV and RMAN IV. Sections IV–VII of this preamble provide a summary of EPA's rationale for designating these items.

EPA acknowledges that there are other federal procurement programs that encourage agencies to consider other environmental attributes in addition to recovered materials content. In particular, EPA's Environmentally Preferable Purchasing (EPP) Program supports the consideration of life cycle costs and benefits when making purchasing decisions to determine which products and services would have the most significant environmental impacts. Therefore, EPA encourages agencies to consider other environmental impacts of products, as appropriate, when procuring items designated in the CPG. When purchasing carpets, for example, agencies might want to take into account the volatile organic compounds (VOC) content of the carpet, because a lower VOC content can help improve indoor air quality, which is especially important for sensitive individuals. In addition, the use of some sealants and adhesives used for carpet installations may further contribute to increased VOCs. Similarly, some fiberboard products used in office furniture may contain urea-formaldehyde as a binding agent. Formaldehyde is classified by EPA as a possible human carcinogen. Alternative binders may be available for use during the manufacturing process. EPA is not suggesting that the use of these, or any other materials in products, presents an undue risk. We are merely suggesting that, all other things being equal, agencies may wish to procure the designated item that provides the best overall environmental performance while still meeting all applicable specifications and performance requirements.

For additional information on other environmental purchasing initiatives, agencies are encouraged to visit the following Web sites: *www.epa.gov/oppt/epp, www.epa.gov/energystar, www.eren.doe.gov/femp.*

B. How Can I Comment on EPA's Proposed Rule?

EPA requests comments and information throughout this preamble. In general, the Agency is requesting comments on: (1) the items selected for designation and (2) the accuracy of the information presented in the discussions of the basis of the item designations. Requests for specific comments and information are included in the narrative discussions for each of the designated items, which follow in Sections IV through VII.

EPA also is requesting comments on the draft RMAN IV published in the notice section of today's **Federal Register**. It recommends recovered materials content levels and procurement methods for each of the items EPA is proposing to designate today.

C. Where Can I Find Additional Information on This Proposed Rule?

For additional background information, including information on RCRA requirements, Executive Order directives, and the criteria and methodology for selecting the proposed designated items, please consult ''Background Document for Proposed CPG IV and Draft RMAN IV.'' Information on obtaining this background document is provided in Section X, Supporting Information and Accessing Internet.

III. What Are the Definitions of Terms EPA Used in Today's Proposed Rule?

Today, in § 247.3, EPA is proposing to add terms and definitions for the following new items: Bike racks; blasting grit; cement and concrete containing cenospheres; cement and concrete containing silica fume; modular threshold ramps; nonpressure pipe; nylon carpet and nylon carpet backing; office furniture; rebuilt vehicular parts; and roofing materials. In addition, EPA is also including a definition for polyester carpet because it inadvertently failed to do so in CPG I. These definitions are based on industry definitions, including ASTM or other standard specifications, or represent

descriptions of the scope of items being designated. EPA specifically requests comments on each of these definitions.

For several items being proposed for designation, EPA recommends two-part recovered materials content levels in the draft RMAN IV—a postconsumer recovered content component and a total recovered materials component. In these instances, EPA found that both types of materials were being used to manufacture a product. Recommending only postconsumer content levels would fail to acknowledge the contribution to the reduction in solid waste made by the use by one manufacturer of another manufacturers' byproducts as feedstock.

Because the item designations in today's action use the terms ''postconsumer materials'' and ''recovered materials,'' the definitions for these terms are repeated here as a reference for the convenience of the reader. These definitions can be found in 40 CFR 247.3. The Agency is not proposing to change these definitions and will not consider any comments submitted on these terms.

Postconsumer materials means a material or finished product that has served its intended end use and has been diverted or recovered from waste destined for disposal, having completed its life as a consumer item. Postconsumer material is part of the broader category of recovered materials.

Recovered materials means waste materials and byproducts that have been recovered or diverted from solid waste, but such term does not include those materials and byproducts generated from, and commonly reused within an original manufacturing process.

IV. Vehicular Products

A. Rebuilt Vehicular Parts

The information obtained by EPA demonstrates that rebuilt vehicular parts are commercially available. Today, in § 247.11(d), EPA proposes to designate rebuilt vehicular parts as an item whose procurement will carry out the objectives of section 6002 of RCRA.

A final designation would require that a procuring agency, when purchasing vehicular parts, purchase rebuilt parts when they meet applicable specifications and performance requirements. This designation would apply to rebuilt vehicular parts used in passenger vehicles as well as medium- and heavy-duty equipment (*e.g.,* trucks, cranes, off-road vehicles, military vehicles).

1. Background

Rebuilt vehicular parts are vehicle parts that have been remanufactured, reusing parts in their original form. For an automotive product to be considered remanufactured or rebuilt under the Federal Trade Commission (FTC) guides, it must be dismantled; all internal and external parts must be cleaned and made free of rust and corrosion; all impaired, defective, or substantially worn parts must be restored to sound condition or replaced with new or rebuilt parts; and all necessary operations must be performed to put the remanufactured product in sound working condition. (''Guides for the Rebuilt, Reconditioned and Other Used Automotive Parts Industry,'' Federal Trade Commission, 16 CFR Part 20).

2. Rationale for Designation

EPA has concluded that rebuilt vehicular parts meet the statutory criteria for selecting items for designation.

a. *Use of materials in solid waste.* EPA identified five remanufacturers of parts that use between 60 and 95 percent postconsumer materials (i.e., viable components from the used part). One company remanufactures clutches for farm tractors and passenger automobiles with 80 to 85 percent postconsumer materials. Another company rewinds stators and rotors for alternators, and armatures for starters and generators using 60 and 80 percent postconsumer material, respectively. Another company that rebuilds alternators, starters, and generators for cars and trucks uses 80 to 85 percent postconsumer materials. One company remanufactures power and air brakes for passenger, medium-duty, and heavy-duty tractor trailer trucks with 90 to 95 percent postconsumer materials. Still another company remanufactures rack and pinion steering and constant velocity axle units with 85 to 90 percent postconsumer materials. In addition, all automobile manufacturers supply rebuilt parts to their dealerships.

b. *Technically proven uses.* According to the Automotive Parts Rebuilders Association (APRA), rebuilt parts have been routinely used by the general public for more than 50 years. In fact, when a vehicle manufacturer exhausts its supply of new parts for a vehicle, used parts are rebuilt by the original manufacturer itself.

Rebuilt parts are not just cleaned, visually inspected, and resold with little to no repair work done. These parts undergo an extensive remanufacturing and testing process. Rebuilt parts must meet the same industry specifications for performance as new parts. According to APRA, rebuilt parts are comparable in quality to new parts and can be of even better quality than new parts when items are upgraded during the rebuilding process.

c. *Impact of government procurement.* Vehicles are kept for about 3 to 6 years by most government agencies. Some agencies, however, say that vehicles are not usually kept long enough to need many replacement parts. According to APRA, heavy-duty equipment is generally kept longer and is usually almost totally rebuilt.

EPA found that the majority of replacement vehicular parts purchased by the Forest Service are rebuilt parts (for all types of vehicles). Engines for medium- and heavy-duty equipment are always rebuilt. The U.S. Air Force has a written policy stating its preference for rebuilt parts, and the majority of parts for all of their vehicle types are rebuilt.

Many federal agencies use local commercial facilities for maintenance and repair of government-owned or leased vehicles. Many of these agencies simply request the least expensive parts, which usually are rebuilt parts.

During 1999, bills were introduced in California, New York, Connecticut, Missouri, and Texas that would make procurement of remanufactured products by those state governments easier and prevent procurement by them of products that have restrictions on being remanufactured. Bills were ultimately passed and made law in California, Connecticut, and Texas.

B. Tires

The information obtained by EPA demonstrates that tires containing recovered materials are commercially available. Retread tires were one of five original items EPA designated in the late 1980's. EPA included these earlier designations with new designations in CPG I (60 FR 21370). Sec. 403(b) of EO 13149, ''Greening the Government through Federal Fleet and Transportation Efficiency,'' encourages agencies to purchase tires containing 5 to 10 percent recovered rubber.

Today, in § 247.11(b), EPA proposes to revise the designation for tires to include tires containing recovered materials as an item whose procurement will carry out the objectives of section 6002 of RCRA. A final designation would require that a procuring agency, when purchasing tires, either procure retread tires and retreading services or purchase tires containing recovered rubber when they meet applicable specifications and performance requirements. The previous designation for retread tires and services is not changed by today's proposal; the Agency is merely reformatting the designation to differentiate between retread tires and services and tires containing recovered materials.

1. Background

Tires are used on almost all types of vehicles, are available in different sizes, and are designed for specific applications. An average passenger tire weighing about 20 pounds would consist of 10 pounds of elastomers, which are a combination of both synthetic and natural rubber; 5 pounds of carbon black; 3 pounds of fibers such as steel and nylon; and 2 pounds of 40 different kinds of chemicals, waxes, oils, pigments, and binding agents.

2. Rationale for Designation

EPA has concluded that tires containing recovered materials meet the statutory criteria for selecting items for designation.

a. *Use of materials in solid waste.* EPA identified at least five manufacturers that incorporate some percentage of crumb rubber into some of their tire lines. The percentages ranged from .5 to 6 percent. At least one manufacturer is looking into incorporating up to 10 percent recovered material into one of its lines of tires.

Ground or ''crumb rubber'' is the primary material used in recovered material content tires. Crumb rubber is derived from scrap tires that have been shredded into fine pieces of rubber. According to one crumb rubber manufacturer, U.S. tire manufacturers use approximately 110,000 tons of crumb rubber each year. The company speculated that if U.S. tire manufacturers were to use 10 percent recovered materials content in their tires, demand for crumb rubber would increase to 356,400 tons per year.

In 1998, 273 million scrap tires were generated in the United States. Of these, between 12 to 14 million were used to manufacture crumb rubber for use in tires and other products. One crumb rubber manufacturer speculates that if the current annual U.S. crumb rubber consumption rate of 110,000 tons remains consistent, there is no foreseeable shortage of raw materials to produce this product.

b. *Technically proven uses.* Some tire manufacturers expressed concern that the use of recovered rubber could have an adverse affect on tire performance and durability, especially in high-performance tires. Many companies, however, are successfully incorporating some percentage of recovered rubber into their tires without sacrificing performance or durability.

c. *Impact of government procurement.* Vehicular tires are purchased by all levels of government. The U.S. General Services Administration (GSA) currently has 161,000 vehicles that it leases to different government agencies. Most repair work, including tire replacements, are procured on the open market or through a list of 50,000 vendors on contract to GSA. According to the Office of the Federal Environmental Executive, in fiscal year 1997 federal agencies spent $84,050,300 on tires. Assuming an average unit cost of $80 per tire, EPA estimates that federal agencies purchased more than 1,000,000 tires during fiscal year 1997.

V. Construction Products

A. Cement and Concrete Containing Cenospheres

The information obtained by EPA demonstrates that cement and concrete containing cenospheres are commercially available. EPA previously designated cement and concrete containing fly ash and ground granulated blast furnace slag (GGBF) in CPG I. Today, in § 247.12(c), EPA proposes to revise the cement and concrete designation to include cement and concrete containing cenospheres as an item whose procurement will carry out the objectives of section 6002 of RCRA.

1. Background

Cenospheres are very small (10–350 microns), inert, lightweight, hollow, ''glass'' spheres composed of silica and alumina and filled with air or other gases. They are a naturally-occurring component of fly ash, the largest byproduct of coal-fired power plants. Cenospheres are recovered and marketed throughout the world as an aggregate (or ''filler'') material in a wide variety of products. Unlike some aggregates that compete with cenospheres for certain applications, cenospheres are not manufactured; they are recovered only from fly ash.

Concrete containing cenospheres is a high performance concrete used in many construction applications including, but not limited to, specialty cements, mortars, grouts, and stucco. It can be used in construction of roads, bridges, buildings, docks, and dams.

2. Rationale for Designation

EPA has concluded that cement and concrete containing cenospheres meets the statutory criteria for selecting items for designation.

a. *Use of materials in solid waste.* The percentage of cenospheres used in concrete varies depending on the application and desired performance characteristics of the concrete, but according to sources in the industry, the typical content of cenospheres in concrete ranges from 10 percent to 15 percent by weight. Concrete containing cenospheres also often contains fly ash and vice versa, which further increases the recovered materials content percentage of the concrete.

According to data provided by the American Coal Ash Association (ACAA), between 630,000 and 3,150,000 tons of cenospheres were generated in 1998 by metal producers in the United States and 25,000 to 45,000 tons were reclaimed. The total amount of cenospheres reused will be higher because of the cenospheres content of fly ash, which is used as an additive in concrete as well. Cenospheres that are not reused are landfilled with the fly ash from which they are derived. According to ACAA, cenospheres are an inert material that does not leach hazardous pollutants in landfills or during storage. It is estimated that 70 to 80 percent of all cenospheres produced are landfilled.

Assuming a conservative cenosphere production rate of 1 million tons per year, the calculated volume of solid waste this represents is 83 million cubic feet of solid waste based on an average bulk density of 24 pounds per cubic foot. Based on the average U.S. reclamation volume of 35,000 tons annually, this represents a volume reduction of approximately 2.9 million cubic feet per year.

b. *Technically proven uses.* Cenospheres can be added to traditional concrete mixtures to increase strength and decrease shrinkage and weight. According to a cenosphere supplier, concrete containing cenospheres has increased thermal stability and better overall endurance as compared to traditional concrete. Cenospheres are used as fillers or extenders in place of traditional fillers such as manufactured glass spheres, calcium carbonate, clays, talc, and other various silicas. Cenospheres can be used in concrete in conjunction with other recovered materials such as fly ash and silica fume, or by itself. Cenospheres are 75 percent lighter than other minerals currently used as fillers and 30 percent lighter than most resins.

EPA identified the following national specification which can be used by procuring agencies to buy concrete containing cenospheres of a standard quality: ASTM C–618, which covers concrete additives.

c. *Impact of government procurement.* Many government agencies at the federal, state, and local levels purchase cement and concrete for construction-related projects. One vendor indicated that the Tennessee Department of Transportation has used cement containing cenospheres for vertical

overhead patching. This same contact indicated that most procuring agencies would not be aware that cement with cenospheres was being utilized for a particular project because the product is not typically advertised as such. According to one large cenosphere supplier, cenospheres are available throughout the United States and are available worldwide. They have been used in Europe in numerous applications for several decades. In fact, one contact indicated that some suppliers are importing cenospheres from Australia for sale in the United States because Australia's recovery infrastructure is more mature. EPA identified seven domestic suppliers of cenospheres, four of which are major suppliers of this item.

B. Cement and Concrete Containing Silica Fume From Silicon and Ferrosilicon Metal Production

The information obtained by EPA demonstrates that cement and concrete containing silica fume are commercially available. EPA previously designated cement and concrete containing fly ash and ground granulated blast furnace slag (GGBF) in CPG I. Today, in § 247.12(c), EPA proposes to revise the cement and concrete designation to include cement and concrete containing silica fume from silicon and ferrosilicon metal production as an item whose procurement will carry out the objectives of section 6002 of RCRA.

1. Background

Silica fume is a waste material recovered from alloyed metal production—it is the solid waste collected on filters of electric arc furnace stacks. According to the Silica Fume Coalition (SFC), silica fume is a very fine, dust-like material composed primarily of silicon dioxide, the basic component of most rocks and sand. The glassy, spherical particles, approximately 1 micrometer in diameter, are a byproduct resulting from the reduction of high-purity quartz with coal or coke and wood chips in an electric arc furnace (EAF) during the production of silicon metal or ferrosilicon alloys. For comparison purposes, a grain of sand is about 1,000 times larger than a silica fume particle. Although silica content and particle size of fumes will vary according to the source of the fume, the use of silica fume in concrete has been standardized in specifications published by the American Society for Testing Materials (ASTM), the American Concrete Institute (ACI), the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), and several state departments of transportation (DOTs). Hydrogen gas is released from concrete mixtures containing silica fume with a silicon metal production greater than 2 percent, which can result in a potential hazard. ASTM standards require that silica fume used in concrete be derived from only silicon or ferrosilicon metal production, which yields silica fume having a silicon metal content less than 2 percent, thus eliminating these hazards. Based on this information, EPA has concluded that any designation should be limited to silica fume from silicon and ferrosilicon metal production.

Concrete containing silica fume is a high-performance concrete (HPC) used in construction and maintenance projects including, but not limited to, roads, bridges, buildings, docks, and dams. As defined by ACI, HPC is concrete that meets special requirements not achievable through the use of conventional materials and construction practices. Concrete containing silica fume is sold premixed in bags, similar to concrete with other additives.

2. Rationale for Designation

EPA has concluded that cement and concrete containing silica fume meets the statutory criteria for selecting items for designation.

a. *Use of materials in solid waste.* The percentage of silica fume used in HPC varies depending on the application and desired performance characteristics of the concrete, but according to numerous sources in the concrete industry, the typical content of silica fume in concrete ranges from 5 percent to 20 percent on a dry weight basis. HPC containing silica fume also often contains fly ash, which further increases the recovered materials content percentage of the concrete.

According to SFC, approximately 115,000 tons of silica fume were generated in 1999 by metal producers in the United States and approximately 67,200 tons were reused. SFC estimates, however, that due to increased generation of silica fume, reuse will need to increase 93 percent by the year 2000 to eliminate the need to dispose of silica fume. Other than its use in concrete, no other beneficial uses of silica fume are known. Silica fume that is not reused is either landfilled or stored for future reuse. Silica fume is an inert material and does not leach hazardous pollutants in landfills or during storage.

According to SFC, the United States uses more than 500 million tons of concrete a year, which is more than 2 tons for every person in the United States. Using silica fume in only a small percentage of concrete production could greatly reduce the need to dispose of silica fume.

b. *Technically proven uses.* Silica fume can be added to traditional concrete mixtures, which are composed of cement, aggregate, and water. It increases strength, microstructure density, and electrical resistivity; decreases fluid permeability; and improves the overall endurance of the concrete. As a concrete additive, it is used to replace some of the cement added to concrete. Silica fume is not a cementitious agent. It is categorized as an admixture, an aggregate, a filler, a pozzolanic additive, and other synonymous terms in specifications for its use in concrete. Silica fume can also be used in concrete in conjunction with other recovered materials, including fly ash and GGBF slag.

EPA identified the following national specifications and guidelines, which can be used by procuring agencies to buy HPC containing silica fume of a standard quality: ASTM C1240, AASHTO M840, and ACI 234R–96. ACI 234R–96 describes the properties of silica fume; how silica fume interacts with cement; the effects of silica fume on the properties of fresh and cured concrete; typical applications of silica fume concrete; recommendations on proportions, specifications, and handling of silica fume in the field. Silica fume has been used in HPC primarily to enhance strength and endurance properties, not because it is a recovered material.

Silica fume enhances HPC properties because its small particle size fills the microscopic holes in cement, which increases density and strength. The density of silica fume concrete makes it an appropriate material for bridges, parking decks, docks, and dams because of its strength and its impermeability. Concrete containing silica fume significantly reduces the potential damage from freeze and thaw cycles because it is too dense for water to permeate below the surface of the concrete. According to a contact with the New York Department of Transportation (NYDOT), HPC with silica fume and coal fly ash is used on all NYDOT bridge and deck construction projects as well any other structures that are subjected to salts or chlorides (i.e., deicing salts or salt spray from seawater). The contact indicated that the low permeability of the concrete slows the ingress of salt to internal reinforcements, thus delaying corrosion.

Silicosis is a potentially debilitating lung disorder that results from the inhalation of crystalline silica. While

the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) has not established specific exposure limits for silica fume, OSHA has established a permissible exposure limit for all inert or nuisance dusts, which includes silica fume, of 5 mg/m^3 based on an 8-hour time weighted average (TWA) (29 CFR 1910.1000, Table Z–3). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), however, has established a threshold limit value for silica fume of 2 mg/m^3 based on an 8-hour TWA. ACGIH's threshold limit values are established so that ''nearly all workers may be repeatedly exposed day after day without adverse health effects.'' Unlike OSHA's permissible exposure limits, ACGIH's threshold limit values are not legal standards; however, they are used by some companies to establish their own permissible limits.

To reduce the potential risks associated with silica fume particles, suppliers typically slurry with water or compact silica fume to reduce workers' potential exposure to the dust.

c. *Impact of government procurement.* Silica fume is available worldwide. It is packaged dry in bags and pressurized cubes, or as a slurry with chemical stabilizers to prevent freezing. There are seven major producers and 10 major suppliers. Distributors are available in all 50 states.

The following state DOTs are known to have used concrete containing silica fume: New York, Ohio, Washington, South Carolina, Pennsylvania, Indiana, and Virginia. A contact with the New York DOT indicated that most states have used concrete containing silica fume at one point or another and that many probably use it routinely.

According to SFC, of the 580,000 bridges in the U.S., approximately 1,900 bridges were built or repaired using concrete containing silica fume by 1999.

C. Modular Threshold Ramps

The information obtained by EPA demonstrates that modular threshold ramps containing recovered materials are commercially available. Today, in § 247.12(k) EPA is proposing to designate modular threshold ramps containing recovered content steel, aluminum, or rubber as an item whose procurement will carry out the objectives of section 6002 of RCRA. A final designation would not preclude a procuring agency from purchasing modular threshold ramps made from another material. It simply requires that a procuring agency, when purchasing steel, aluminum, or rubber modular threshold ramps, purchase these items made with recovered materials when they meet applicable specifications and performance requirements.

1. Background

Threshold ramps are used to modify door thresholds and other small rises to remove barriers that changes in level landing create, particularly with regards to access by people with disabilities. Threshold ramps can be either custom-made and permanent, or can be constructed from modular sections which can be purchased separately. For reasons explained below, EPA's proposed designation is limited to modular threshold ramps, which usually contain recovered metal or rubber.

A change of level landing greater than ½ inch, such as at a door threshold, creates a barrier to access by individuals with disabilities. As a result, products have been developed to retrofit door thresholds. These products are also used to improve access by people with disabilities to outdoor recreation areas, in compliance with the Architectural Barriers Act (ABA) of 1968, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards (UFAS) and the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) of 1990. These standards also apply to state and local governments and private facilities of public accommodation.

When the change of level landing is greater than 6 inches and where a modular ramp is not suitable, concrete, asphalt, wood, or metal are typically used to create a transition that effectively removes the barrier. A modular rubber ramp for a transition greater than 6 inches becomes very heavy and prohibitively expensive to ship. EPA's proposed designation covers modular threshold ramps only, rather than threshold ramps in general. EPA is limiting the scope of this designation to modular ramps because they are standard items that can be purchased as end products. Custom-built, permanent threshold ramps are not covered under the scope of this designation.

2. Rationale for Designation

EPA has concluded that modular threshold ramps containing recovered materials meet the statutory criteria for selecting items for designation.

a. Use of materials in solid waste. Rubber modular threshold ramps can be manufactured with up to 100 percent postconsumer recovered materials. Metal ramps are manufactured from aluminum, steel, copper, or copper alloy (brass) containing recovered materials. Aluminum ramps can be composed of up to 40 percent secondary aluminum billet. Secondary aluminum billet contains 35 to 40 percent scrap aluminum, with the balance consisting of primary aluminum (ingot) and alloying ingredients. The end product would contain about 15 percent recovered total material. Steel ramps are made from either or a combination of steel made from the Basic Oxygen Furnace (BOF) and Electric Arc Furnace (EAF). A contact at the Steel Recycling Institute, therefore, indicated that steel threshold ramps can contain between 25 and 85 percent recovered content including 16 to 67 percent postconsumer material. However, EPA has concluded that since steel ramps can be made from either type of steel, it is possible to make ramps with up to 100 percent total recovered materials if EAF steel is used.

Since concrete and asphalt threshold ramps require construction, they are not included with the modular threshold ramps under consideration for designation. However, since EPA has already designated cement and concrete containing certain recovered materials, procuring agencies should consider requiring cement and concrete used for constructing threshold ramps to contain these recovered materials.

b. Technically proven uses. EPA is aware of two producers that use postconsumer recovered rubber and three that use recovered aluminum in threshold ramps. The use of recovered steel and copper in threshold ramps is also technically feasible.

Recycled rubber threshold ramps meeting the ADA and UFAS standards have been available since 1996 and are similar in performance and cost to synthetic rubber ramps. According to a contact with a school district in Florida, the recycled rubber ramp provides a greater static coefficient of friction rating, and is therefore more slip-resistant. The rubber threshold ramps can be used anywhere where there is a change of level landing requiring a ramp of 1:12 slope. The ramps are not limited to door thresholds. Therefore, this product has applicability along any access route, indoors or outdoors.

A limitation to the recycled rubber ramp is that it is only suitable for heights up to 6 inches. At this height the ramp becomes very heavy and expensive to ship. (The standard modular ramp weighs 16 to 18 pounds). For changes in level landing greater than 6 inches, modifications generally require re-pouring concrete or using permanent, custom-built rather than modular ramps.

For many years, aluminum, steel, and copper ramps have been used to provide access for people with disabilities and to eliminate barriers at door thresholds

and other changes of level landing. Aluminum threshold ramps generally involve assembling locking pieces and end flanges onsite with a minimum of nine cement anchors installed to fasten the product to the substrata. Aluminum ramps may have a more slippery cross-traffic surface than rubber threshold ramps, and therefore generally require a nonslip treatment that can wear and must be refurbished over time.

c. Impact of government procurement. EPA contacted six manufacturers of modular threshold ramps. Four of these companies manufacture rubber threshold ramps, and two use postconsumer recovered rubber; the other two use virgin (synthetic) rubber. Most have a network of distributors, but one company only sells its rubber threshold ramp to one specific customer.

Three of these suppliers also manufacture aluminum ramps that can contain recovered materials when secondary billet is less expensive than primary billet.

Although exempt from ADA requirements, the federal government is using the 1992 ADA guidelines with regards to accessibility by people with disabilities because they are more current than the much older UFAS. Hence, all government agencies potentially purchase modular threshold ramps. Manufacturers of modular threshold ramps are selling some products to the federal government. Three manufacturers indicated that their distributors have made sales to federal facilities, and, while EPA was not able to quantify purchases of these items, the Agency has concluded that they are purchased in substantial quantities that support the proposed designation of these items.

D. Nonpressure Pipe

The information obtained by EPA demonstrates that nonpressure pipe made with recovered materials is commercially available. Today, in § 247.14(l), EPA proposes to designate nonpressure pipe containing recovered steel, plastic, or concrete as an item whose procurement will carry out the objectives of section 6002 of RCRA.

A final designation would not preclude a procuring agency from purchasing nonpressure pipe made from other materials. It simply requires that a procuring agency, when purchasing steel, plastic, or concrete nonpressure pipe, purchase the item containing recovered materials when they meet applicable specifications and performance requirements.

1. Background

Nonpressure pipe is used throughout the United States as drainage pipe and conduit in construction, communications, municipal, industrial, agricultural, and mining applications. Drainage pipe is used in water distribution systems for surface and subsurface applications (*e.g.,* building foundations, highway construction, and general land drainage) to collect and convey water by gravity flow. It also is used in drain, waste, and vent (DWV) applications where it functions similarly to drainage pipe. In DWV applications, it is used primarily in residential construction and other building projects. It is used in sanitary and storm sewer applications and as conduit and ducts to house electrical and communications wires.

2. Rationale for Designation

EPA has concluded that nonpressure pipe containing recovered materials meets the statutory criteria for selecting items for designation. EPA's designation would be limited to nonpressure pipe used for noncritical applications such as agricultural drainage, drain, waste and vent (DWV), building and construction duct and pipe, road and highway ducts and drainage, and electrical and communications conduit.

a. Use of materials in solid waste. The principal recovered materials investigated by EPA in its research on pipe were plastics (HDPE and PVC), steel, aluminum, and coal fly ash used in cement and concrete. EPA is also aware that cement and concrete containing ground granulated blast furnace slag (GGBF), cenospheres, and silica fume can also be used to make nonpressure pipe.

A 1996 report by the Reason Foundation indicated that because the pipe industry uses minimal amounts of recycled resin in its manufacturing, the industry could potentially absorb additional quantities. Reason estimated that as much as 130,000 additional tons of recovered PVC and 120,000 additional tons of recovered HDPE could be used in the manufacture of pipe.

b. Technically proven uses. Pipe containing recovered material has been used throughout the country for many years. Manufacturers of postconsumer-content plastic pipe report their products are used primarily for agricultural drainage and other applications where specifications do not preclude recovered materials. Several organizations have developed specifications related to pipe. These are referenced in the ''Background Document for Proposed CPG IV and Draft RMAN IV,'' located in the RCRA Docket.

Several contacts expressed concern about some technical performance issues that could present purchasing barriers, particularly with plastic pipe. EPA addresses these concerns in the ''Background Document for Proposed CPG IV and Draft RMAN IV,'' located in the RCRA Docket.

c. Impact of government procurement. Nonpressure pipe is purchased by federal, state, and local government agencies that engage in new construction or renovation projects. EPA was not able to quantify purchases of these items, but EPA has determined that nonpressure pipe is purchased in quantities sufficient enough to support the proposed designations of these items. In most cases, architects, engineers, and contractors are engaged for ''turn-key'' projects that include all design specifications and construction details. With the advent of performance-based contracting, agencies are leaving all details of the design and material specifications to the contractor.

E. Nylon Carpet and Nylon Carpet Backing

The information obtained by EPA demonstrates that nylon carpet and nylon carpet backing made with recovered materials are commercially available. Today, EPA proposes to revise § 247.12(d), to include nylon carpet and nylon carpet backing containing recovered materials as items whose procurement will carry out the objectives of section 6002 of RCRA.

A final designation would not preclude a procuring agency from purchasing carpet or carpet with backing made from other materials. In the case of nylon carpet, the designation simply requires that a procuring agency, when purchasing nylon carpet, purchase this carpet containing recovered materials in the nylon face fiber and/or in the nylon carpet backing when they meet applicable specifications and performance requirements.

When researching nylon carpet backing, EPA identified two companies that use in-house scrap from their own virgin manufacturing practices to make polypropylene (PP) backing. However, EPA is not aware of any company using recovered material as defined in this proposed rule. Therefore, EPA is requesting comments and information on the use of recovered materials in PP carpet backing.

1. Background

Carpet backing is a layer of woven or nonwoven material used to hold carpet fibers in place and provide structural support. The majority of office floors in the United States are covered with nylon-based broadloom carpet, and nylon-based carpet represents 90 to 95 percent of all carpet, the remaining being polypropylene, acrylic, or polyester-based. Typically, with broadloom, or ''roll'' carpet, carpet fibers are inserted into a layer of woven material and glued into place. This layer of woven material, the primary backing, is most often made of polypropylene (PP). Another layer of woven material, the secondary backing, is then applied to the primary backing to provide stability. The secondary backing is also usually made from PP but can also be made of jute. Broadloom carpet is purchased and installed as one large piece that is cut and fitted for a particular office environment.

Carpet tile was introduced to the marketplace about 40 years ago as an alternative to broadloom. In the past 10 years, the popularity of carpet tile has increased and now represents approximately 10 percent of total U.S. commercial carpet dollars in sales, estimated to be $2.8 billion. In the government, carpet tile represents approximately 30 percent of total carpet purchased, estimated to be 3.2 million yards per year at a cost of approximately $57 million.

Carpet tiles are manufactured first as broadloom carpet, but a third layer of polyvinyl chloride (PVC), polyurethane, or other hardback material is applied to the secondary backing for enhanced durability. The carpet is then usually cut into 18 by 18-inch squares. Carpet tiles are used in modular flooring systems, such as office settings, and can offer more flexibility than broadloom carpet. Individual carpet tiles can be replaced when they become worn.

2. Rationale for Designation

EPA has concluded that nylon carpet and nylon carpet backing containing recovered materials meets the statutory criteria for selecting items for designation.

a. Use of materials in solid waste. Today's global carpet industry produces more than 4 billion pounds (2 million tons) of replacement carpet yearly. It is estimated that 5 billion pounds (2.5 million tons) of carpet are disposed of in landfills each year. Of this amount, approximately 1 billion pounds (500,000 tons) is type 6 nylon face yarn, that which is most commonly recovered.

According to information obtained from one carpet company, carpet tiles with recovered content backing weigh approximately 8.4 pounds per square yard. Approximately 22.4 percent of a carpet tile by weight contains recovered material. About 2 pounds of recovered material, therefore, are used in each square yard of its carpet tiles. If a government agency purchased 1,000 square yards of the carpet tiles with recovered content backing, approximately 2,000 pounds (1 ton) of material would be diverted from the waste stream.

In the past, when the carpet was removed, it was largely discarded in landfills. However, many nylon fiber and carpet companies have initiated collection programs to divert used carpet from landfills and use it to make new products. Several manufacturers are producing nylon carpet with up to 100 percent recovered material. The recovered material is usually a combination of postconsumer and postindustrial material, but at least one company has produced caprolactam, the main product of recovery, using 100 percent postconsumer material.

Several companies are manufacturing PVC carpet backing containing recovered materials, with the ratio of postconsumer to postindustrial material dependent on market availability. One company indicated that its recovered content nylon carpet backing is made from 100 percent recovered material, including more than 35 percent postconsumer carpets and less than 65 percent postindustrial material from the carpet-making and automobile manufacturing industries.

Another company is the sole provider of the only carpet renewing program currently on the market. The company super-cleans, retextures, restyles, and recolors modular carpet tiles to look like new. The process creates a product that essentially contains 100 percent postconsumer material.

One company EPA contacted no longer manufactures carpet fiber but does make a polypropylene carpet backing. The company uses a small amount (1 to 2 percent) of postindustrial in-house manufacturing scrap in its backings, but the contact added that they are essentially virgin products.

Another company also has recently started using a small amount (1 percent) of postindustrial manufacturing scrap in its polypropylene backings. The company intends to increase the recovered material content to 5 to 10 percent in the future, possibly including some postconsumer carpet backing material.

b. Technically proven uses. EPA's research indicates that nylon carpet and nylon carpet backing made with recovered materials content is of similar quality to nylon carpet and backing made from virgin materials content.

Most of the companies contacted have collection programs in place for recovering used carpet and other recovered material.

According to a contact at one company, recovered content PVC carpet backing performs as well as virgin PVC backing.

c. Impact of government procurement. Carpet with recovered content is widely available in the marketplace. The Agency determined that many carpet distributors offer nylon carpeting with recovered material content.

As mentioned previously, the popularity of carpet tile has increased and now represents approximately 10 percent of total U.S. commercial carpet dollars in sales, estimated to be $2.8 billion. In the government, carpet tile represents approximately 30 percent of total carpet purchased, estimated to be 3.2 million yards per year at a cost of approximately $57 million.

According to contacts at two companies, several carpets manufactured from their recovered material content yarn systems are available through GSA's schedule. Another company's nylon is the major component in numerous carpet styles offered by carpet mills, dealers, and retailers that are listed in the Floor Coverings section of the Federal Supply Schedule (72 I–A). In addition to other government facilities, the government currently purchases nylon carpeting with recovered material content for military housing.

City, county, state, and federal government agencies currently purchase recovered content carpets, either as part of new building construction or retrofit projects.

F. Roofing Materials

The information obtained by EPA demonstrates that roofing materials containing recovered materials are commercially available. Today, in § 247.12(m), EPA proposes to designate roofing materials made from recovered content steel, aluminum, fiber, rubber, plastic or plastic composites, and cement as items whose procurement will carry out the objectives of section 6002 of RCRA. A final designation would not preclude a procuring agency from purchasing roofing materials manufactured from another material. It simply requires that a procuring agency, when purchasing steel, aluminum, fiber, rubber, plastic or plastic composite, or

cement roofing materials, purchase these items made with recovered materials when these items meet applicable specifications and performance requirements.

1. Background

A building's roof system and its finished roofing materials are the primary means of shielding a structure's interior from the natural elements. According to the Roofing Industry Educational Institute, approximately 30 variables determine the type of roof to use on a building. Variables include the roof structure and decking, its slope, appearance, the weight the structure must support, local building and fire codes, the roofing materials already on the building, and the area's climate and wind zone. For example, while a sloping shingle roof easily sheds water, a flat roof must depend on a continuous waterproof membrane to contain the water while it drains and/or evaporates.

Consequently, roofing systems fall into two general categories: (1) High-sloped or ''pitched'' roofs and (2) low-sloped or flat roofs. Residential structures normally have pitched roofs, although parts (such as garages or some additions) can be low-sloped. Commercial roofs are generally low-sloped. Roofs are generally referred to as ''residential'' or ''commercial,'' but these terms can refer either to the slope of the roof or the use of the building.

2. Rationale for Designation

EPA has concluded that roofing materials containing recovered materials meet the statutory criteria for selecting items for designation.

a. Use of materials in solid waste. Steel containing recovered and postconsumer material content is used in roof decking, shingles, and panels. According to the Steel Recycling Institute, depending on whether the steel is produced by the basic oxygen furnace or electric arc furnace method, the steel used in roofing materials could contain 25 to 100 percent recovered steel, including 16 to 67 percent postconsumer steel. Fiber used in matting (tar paper, underlayment, felt), roll roofing, and organic asphalt shingles normally has some recovered and postconsumer materials content derived from old corrugated containers, old newspapers, mixed office waste, wood chips from used pallets, or recovered used dry felt. A fiber base can also be used in concrete shingles. EPA contacted four manufacturers of organic shingles that each use between 66 and 100 percent postconsumer corrugated containers, kraft paper, mixed paper, and other recovered paper.

Large fiberglass shingle manufacturers contacted by EPA indicated that they do not manufacture the shingles with recovered content material. Likewise, EPA found that asphalt used in matting, roll roofing, shingles, coatings, modified bitumen, and built-up roofing usually does not contain recovered or postconsumer materials. Aluminum shingles and panels can and are being made with recovered and postconsumer materials. One manufacturer uses up to 20 percent postconsumer material from curbside collection programs. Another manufacturer makes 95 percent postconsumer aluminum shingles. Rubber single-plies, shingles, and ''rubberized'' modified bitumen (styrene-butadiene-styrene, known as SBS) can contain some recovered and postconsumer materials, including old tires. One manufacturer of rubber shingles uses 100 percent postconsumer (old) tires. EPA is aware of one other manufacturer that claims to use at least 50 percent postconsumer rubber in its shingles. Plastic single-plies, shingles, and plasticized modified bitumen (atactic polypropylene, known as APP) can contain various types of recovered and postconsumer plastics. One contact was unable to provide a percentage of recovered material content of its plastic. Another manufacturer EPA contacted makes plastic shingles and shakes from 100 percent postconsumer plastic. Wood shakes can contain recovered materials from old pallets, pallet scraps, sawmill waste, and manufacturing waste. EPA contacted one manufacturer that incorporates the company's manufacturing waste into wood shakes and shingles. Another manufacturer makes roofing shingles from 100 percent recovered wood and PVC plastic. Cement-based shingles can include recovered materials. One manufacturer uses 4 percent postconsumer newsprint fibers and 14 percent recovered silica fume in their fiber base concrete shingles, which are made with portland cement.

b. Technically proven uses. Durability is critical in roofing because a failure can mean serious damage, not just to the roofing itself, but to the building and its contents as well. EPA found no performance issues relating to the use of recovered materials in roofing products.

Roofing systems and their components are subject to an array of standards, tests, and codes pertaining to performance and other characteristics. EPA found no building codes or standards that prohibit the use of recovered materials in roofing products.

c. Impact of government procurement. The federal government procures a vast amount of roofing materials annually, although statistics are not kept on this information. The Department of Commerce's ''Commerce Business Daily'' has on online, searchable database, however, and EPA was able to find numerous active and archived notices for construction and renovation projects by federal agencies that involve, among other things, roofing, While most of the information available is for re-roofing projects, it goes without saying that all new building construction projects would include roofing.

Several manufacturers indicated that they sell to federal, state, or local government entities, but did not provide names of specific agencies, contact names, or the amount sold.

G. Polyester Carpet (Revision)

1. Background

On May 1, 1995, EPA issued a final designation for polyester carpet containing recovered materials in CPG I (60 FR 21370). This designation was codified at 40 CFR 247.12(d). Since EPA issued this designation, we have received a number of inquiries from procuring agencies and industry representatives expressing some confusion over the polyester carpet designation, when agencies are ''required'' to buy recycled-content polyester carpeting, and what applications are included in the designation.

The final CPG I designated ''carpet made from polyester fiber for use in low- and medium-wear applications.'' In the background document for the final CPG I, EPA cited the Carpet and Rug Institute's (CRI) guidelines for selecting the quality of carpeting in light-, medium-, and heavy-wear applications. At the time, CRI suggested the following general carpet applications: *light-wear* for bedrooms, dressing rooms, and some dining rooms in private homes; *moderate-wear* for living and dining rooms in private homes, motel and hotel bedrooms, and private offices; *heavy-wear* for commercial-type installations in office buildings, public rooms, motel and hotel lobbies, stairways, and stores; and *severe-wear* for corridors, and other wheeled traffic areas. EPA recommended ''that procuring agencies follow these general guidelines in determining applications that may be suitable for the use of polyester carpet containing recovered materials.'' EPA also recommended ''the use of polyester carpet containing recovered materials for light- and moderate (medium)-wear applications,'' consistent with the types of uses in the CRI guidelines. The CPG

limited the designation to these types of applications.

CRI recently issued new carpet-use classifications which provide a listing of the types of end-use applications recommended for carpet and reclassifies the applications into three new categories: moderate-, heavy-, and severe-wear applications. Most of the applications cited by EPA in the initial polyester designation referred to private homes which, under the new CRI list, would be included in the category of ''single family housing.'' CRI's classifications includes both moderate- and heavy-use applications under the single family housing category. Therefore, EPA proposes to revise the polyester carpet designation to reference the new CRI classifications and specify that the designation be limited to moderate- and heavy-wear applications such as those found in single-family housing units, private offices, and similar applications. EPA requests comments on this proposed revision to the designation for polyester carpet.

EPA notes that some agencies have developed their own specifications for end-use applications. It is not EPA's intent to suggest that these specifications be changed or to recommend the use of polyester carpet where it may not be suitable. EPA's designation of polyester carpet, in effect, applies to those cases where procuring agencies have determined that polyester carpet has suitable characteristics to meet the agencies' particular applications. Where it is determined that polyester carpet is not suitable for a particular application, the agency is not required to purchase this type of carpet. However, where it is determined that polyester carpet is suitable, procuring agencies should purchase this carpet containing recovered materials.

2. Revised Designation

Today, in 40 CFR 247.12(d), EPA proposes to amend the designation for polyester carpet to specify that the designation is limited to moderate- and heavy-wear applications such as those found in single-family housing units, private offices, and similar applications.

H. Railroad Grade Crossings Surfaces (Revision)

1. Background

On January 19, 2000, EPA designated railroad grade crossing surfaces made from cement and concrete containing coal fly ash, recovered rubber, or recovered steel (65 FR 3070). This designation was codified at 40 CFR 247.12 (j). EPA recently received information from two companies, one that manufactures railroad grade crossings made from recovered wood, and another that manufactures railroad grade crossings from a composite plastic material. The information from these companies has been included in the RCRA docket for this proposed rule. One company recovers wood from old railroad ties and uses this material to make new railroad ties and railroad grade crossing surfaces. The wood used to make these products is made from old railroad ties combined with a proprietary plastic binder made from postconsumer plastic. The company claims that the end products contain 90–97% postconsumer materials content. The proposed inclusion of wood railroad grade crossing surfaces in EPA's designation would also include composite wood materials. The other company makes a composite crossing from 100% recovered materials, including auto shredder residue and postconsumer plastic. The company claims that the end product contains 85–95% postconsumer material. EPA requests comments on the inclusion of recovered wood and plastic as materials to be added to the previous designation of railroad grade crossing surfaces containing recovered content cement, rubber, or steel.

2. Revised Designation

Today, in 40 CFR 247.12(j), EPA proposes to amend the existing designation for railroad grade crossing surfaces to include railroad grade crossing surfaces containing recovered wood or composite wood materials and composite plastic materials. EPA has concluded that railroad grade crossing surfaces containing recovered wood and plastic meet the statutory criteria for selecting items for designation, as previously discussed in CPG III (63 FR 45558, August 26, 1998).

VI. Nonpaper Office Products

A. Office Furniture

The information obtained by EPA demonstrates that office furniture made with recovered materials is commercially available. Today, in § 247.16(l), EPA proposes to designate office furniture containing recovered steel, aluminum, wood, agricultural fiber, and plastic as items whose procurement will carry out the objectives of section 6002 of RCRA. A final designation would not preclude a procuring agency from purchasing office furniture manufactured from other materials. It simply requires that a procuring agency, when purchasing steel, aluminum, wood, agricultural fiber, or plastic office furniture, purchase these items made with recovered materials when these items meet applicable specifications and performance requirements.

1. Background

Office furniture includes seating, desks, storage units, file cabinets, tables, and systems furniture (or ''cubicles'') used in virtually all federal offices.

Most office furniture is made of wood, including particleboard and medium-density fiberboard (MDF), or steel. Some companies are making particleboard from recovered agricultural fiber such as straw, kenaf, jute, and soybean hulls. Other materials in office furniture manufacturing include polyethylene terephthalate (PET) in fabrics; plastic, which is integrated in components such as laminated work surfaces and arm rests; and aluminum.

Most companies in the furniture industry do not manufacture and assemble furniture from raw materials. Rather, companies specialize in one aspect of manufacturing and work together. Suppliers, or ''base manufacturers,'' for example, take raw materials, such as plastic, aluminum, wood, agricultural fiber, or steel, and convert them into components (e.g., table tops, rubber edging, metal frames). Furniture manufacturers then purchase the components from suppliers and assemble them to make furniture products. In some instances, however, manufacturers fabricate their own wood and metal components.

In researching office furniture, EPA found that products fall into one of the following categories: new office furniture; reused furniture; refurbished furniture; and remanufactured furniture. For definitions of these categories, refer to the ''Background Document for Proposed CPG IV and Draft RMAN IV,'' located in the RCRA Docket.

2. Rationale for Designation

EPA has concluded that office furniture containing recovered materials meets the statutory criteria for selecting items for designation.

a. *Use of materials in solid waste.* Reused office furniture tends to have the highest postconsumer content because the product is not significantly altered. Refurbished office furniture contains almost as much postconsumer content as reused office furniture, although it usually has virgin materials added due to necessary touch-ups. Remanufactured office furniture tends to contain less postconsumer content than reused or refurbished furniture, but generally conserves the greatest value in the product.

EPA found that new furniture contains varying amounts (from 0 to 98 percent) of recovered materials. Refurbished and remanufactured office furniture typically contains 25 to 75 percent postconsumer materials depending on the condition of the core being refurbished or remanufactured. According to a government consultant with 20 years experience as a federal government sales representative, remanufactured office furniture can contain as much as 60 to 80 percent postconsumer content.

According to Office Furniture Recyclers Forum (OFRF), approximately 3 million tons of office furniture are discarded in landfills each year. Remanufacturing and refurbishing can divert some of this furniture away from landfills by returning it to offices. In fact, remanufacturing just 40 typical work stations diverts one tractor-trailer load of furniture from a landfill. Also, reusing one pound of material through remanufacturing saves five to nine pounds of original materials.

Using recovered materials in manufacturing and remanufacturing also diverts waste from landfills. According to OFRF, when a company manufacturers or remanufacturers one typical work station with fabric made from recovered materials, for example, it uses 240 recovered PET soda bottles. So, if an agency were to purchase 1,000 remanufactured work stations, it would divert 240,000 soda bottles from landfills.

One company estimates it has diverted approximately 48.4 million pounds of workstation materials from landfills since opening for business in 1989.

b. *Technically proven uses.* According to one vendor, furniture made with recovered materials content, remanufactured furniture, and refurbished furniture all perform as well as furniture manufactured with virgin materials. Remanufacturing and refurbishing restores worn office furniture to a condition comparable to new furniture in quality and reliability. In general, upholstery made with recovered PET looks, cuts, and upholsters the same as fabric made with virgin resins.

Office partitions covered with postconsumer content fabric are stain-proof and fabric rated, which means they comply with Boston, New York, and California fire codes (the most stringent state fire codes in the country). Office partitions made from postconsumer content fabric are similar in durability to those made from fabrics with virgin materials.

In many cases, there are advantages to using remanufactured or refurbished furniture. For example, furniture is usually available for delivery on much quicker time frame. In the case of one company, the refinishing can be done on the premises due to the absence of toxic chemicals. As a result, there is very little moving of furniture required and minimal downtime for the client.

c. *Impact of government procurement.* OFRF estimates that the federal government purchased $396.3 million in office furniture in 1996. According to another contact, however, the federal government spent approximately $562 million on office furniture in 1996. According to the Coalition for Government Procurement, over the past 5 years, federal government agencies purchased over $1.9 billion of office furniture including metal filing cabinets, seating, systems furniture and pedestals, office tables (excluding executive type), and executive offices. According to one contact, most federal purchases are made through GSA schedules and some are made via open market contractors.

GSA operates programs to reuse, refurbish, and donate used furniture. Additionally, GSA's National Furniture Center works with agencies interested in incorporating environmental considerations into its selection process. The 1999 GSA consolidated schedule, which is valid for 5 years, includes furniture items in Solicitation No. 3FNO–M1–990001–B, Schedule 71, Part 1. This schedule includes remanufactured furniture as Special Item Number (SIN) 711–92.

UNICOR's Federal Prison Industries, Inc., is a mandatory source provider to the government for office furniture and many other items. According to UNICOR, the government purchases over 15 percent of its furniture from them, which equates to 40 percent of UNICOR's furniture sales. In 1997, UNICOR's office furniture sales to the federal government totaled $80 million.

VII. Miscellaneous Products

A. Bike Racks

The information obtained by EPA demonstrates that bike racks containing recovered materials are commercially available. Today, in § 247.17(h), EPA proposes to designate bike racks containing recovered steel and plastic as an item whose procurement will carry out the objectives of section 6002 of RCRA. A final designation would not preclude a procuring agency from purchasing bike racks manufactured from another material. It simply requires that a procuring agency, when purchasing steel or plastic bike racks, purchase them containing recovered material when they meet applicable specifications and performance requirements. When researching bike racks, EPA obtained information about those manufactured from recovered steel and plastic, but requests comments on other recovered materials such as wood or aluminum that can be or are being used to manufacture bike racks. In addition, although all of the manufacturers of plastic bike racks that EPA contacted use recovered HDPE, EPA sees no technical reason why plastic bike racks could not be made from another type of plastic resin or composite. Therefore, EPA requests comments on whether other types of recovered plastic resins are used in the manufacture of plastic bike racks. In addition, EPA requests comments on whether other recovered materials are used to manufacture bike racks.

1. Background

Bike racks provide a method for cyclists to secure their bicycles safely. Commonly found in public areas and outside office buildings, bike racks can be designed to hold 1 to 50 bicycles and can range from $100 to $1,000 each, depending on type. They can be free standing units, anchored by bolts or cement, or embedded into the ground.

2. Rationale for Designation

EPA has concluded that bike racks containing recovered materials meet the statutory criteria for selecting items for designation.

a. *Use of materials in solid waste.* According to the Steel Recycling Institute, the steel used in bike racks is most likely made using the basic oxygen furnace (BOF) process and would, therefore, contain 25 to 30 percent recovered material including 16 percent postconsumer material.

EPA identified four manufacturers that use 100 percent HDPE plastic lumber to manufacture their bike racks. EPA's research noted that most of these plastic lumber manufacturers use 100 percent postconsumer HDPE for their products.

b. Technically proven uses. Most contacts reported that steel bike racks are very durable and virtually maintenance-free. According to a facilities employee at a university, however, although most steel bike racks are marketed as ''maintenance-free,'' some of them tend to rust. Furthermore, for painted steel bike racks, contact with bikes and bike locks makes them vulnerable to scratches. Applications of paint are sometimes required to maintain their appearance. According to

one manufacturer, plastic lumber bike racks are just as secure as steel bike racks. Furthermore, plastic lumber bike racks do not tend to rust or scratch as easily as steel bike racks.

According to the government agencies EPA contacted that use steel bike racks, there are no specifications or requirements that would preclude the purchase of bike racks with recovered materials.

c. Impact of government procurement. According to the four county governments EPA contacted, purchases for equipment such as bike racks are usually not tracked, but EPA assumes all counties and schools purchase bike racks. EPA also is convinced that all federal agencies purchase bike racks. EPA was not able to quantify purchases of this item but has concluded that they are purchased in quantities sufficient enough to support the proposed designation.

B. Blasting Grit

The information obtained by EPA demonstrates that several types of blasting grit are available containing recovered materials. Today, in § 247.17(i), EPA proposes to designate blasting grit (a type of industrial abrasive) containing recovered steel, coal combustion byproducts (boiler slag and bottom ash), metal slags, glass, plastic, or walnut shells as items whose procurement will carry out the objectives of section 6002 of RCRA. A final designation would not preclude a procuring agency from purchasing blasting grit manufactured from another material. It simply requires that a procuring agency, when purchasing blasting grit containing steel, coal combustion byproducts, metal slags, glass, plastic, or walnut shells, purchase these items made with recovered materials when these items meet applicable specifications and performance requirements. EPA identified only one type of recovered organic material (walnut shells) being used in blasting grit and requests comments on whether other types of organic materials are being used in blasting grit.

1. Background

Blasting grit is a loose form of industrial abrasive that is used to shape, cut, sharpen, or finish a variety of surfaces and materials and to clean engines, prime and clean surfaces, and for corrosion control. It comes in a variety of grades (particle size) dictated by the materials being ground and the finish that is required.

Generally, industrial abrasives can be fashioned for use on metals, ceramics, carbides, composites, glass, and plastics. They can be made from a variety of materials, both virgin (including metal, minerals, and silicon) and recovered (including aluminum oxide, coal and metal slag, glass, plastic, and organic materials such as walnut shells). Industrial abrasives are used in many industries, including construction, automotive, and landscaping.

There are several specific types of industrial abrasives. Bonded abrasives are abrasive materials that have been mixed and hardened with polymer or phenol formaldehyde resins or other types of fixing agents. They are also sometimes affixed to a substrate (most commonly aluminum oxide). Coated abrasives are commonly known as sandpaper, sandpaper discs, and sanding belts, although the term is used somewhat loosely and is occasionally used to include some types of bonded abrasives as well.

Abrasives are also commonly sold in raw or unbonded form for such purposes as blasting grit. These materials are sometimes used with water to help remove contaminants from the substrate, to wet the abrasive, and to reduce dispersion of fine particles (dust). Often containing recovered materials, unbonded abrasives can be made from steel, coal and metal slag, glass, plastic and natural materials such as walnut shells. Superabrasives are abrasives made from only the strongest materials or minerals such as garnet or even diamond. These are highly specialized and expensive products and are used for heavy duty jobs such as compacted rust removal.

2. Rationale for Designation

EPA has concluded that blasting grit containing recovered materials meets the statutory criteria for selecting items for designation.

a. Use of materials in solid waste. EPA's research suggests that the use of recovered materials in blasting grit is already diverting millions of tons of solid waste from the waste stream. For example, according to the American Coal Ash Association, electric utilities produced 2.9 million tons of boiler slag in 1998. Of this amount, 2.1 million tons were re-used as blasting grit and roofing granules.

In addition, the use of postconsumer recovered glass in the manufacture of blasting abrasives has the potential to significantly boost demand for recovered glass. One company that manufactures blasting abrasives from recovered glass, for example, has developed a glass processing system capable of handling 5,000 to 10,000 tons of recovered glass per year. In addition to recovered steel, coal and metal slag, and glass, EPA is aware that blasting grit can be manufactured from other materials that otherwise would be disposed of as part of the municipal solid waste stream, such as plastic and walnut shells.

b. Technically proven uses. EPA identified potential issues associated with the use of some recovered materials in blasting grit and is requesting comments on whether it should proceed with the designation. In particular, there is some evidence that documents dangerously high levels of heavy metals in abrasives containing coal and mineral slag materials that may present risks to workers. For example, a study by NIOSH entitled ''Evaluation of Substitute Materials for Silica Sand in Abrasive Blasting'' reveals high concentrations of heavy metals present in airborne dust from blasting with copper, nickel, and coal slags, as well as several other mineral abrasives.

EPA regulations do not, however, restrict the use of materials of these types or require their management under the RCRA hazardous waste management system. Thus, recently, in EPA's final rule on the Regulatory Determination on Wastes from the Combustion of Fossil Fuels (40 CFR Part 261), issued May 22, 2000, the Agency chose to retain the exemption for fossil fuel combustion wastes from the hazardous waste management system under RCRA section 3001(b)(3)(C). In addition, EPA stated in the final rule that it did not wish to place any unnecessary barriers on the beneficial use of fossil fuel combustion wastes for applications that conserve natural resources and reduce disposal costs. Therefore, EPA is proposing to include blasting grit containing slag materials in this designation but recommends that workers using these types of abrasives exercise OSHA or other required standard practices designed to protect worker health and safety.

Regarding technical feasibility and performance, abrasive blasting grit made from postconsumer recovered glass can be used in most conventional blasting equipment. A variety of industry standards pertain to industrial abrasives, and all blasting grit products containing recovered materials meet these standards. Reference to industry standards can be found in the ''Background Document for Proposed CPG IV and Draft RMAN IV,'' which is located in the RCRA Docket.

c. Impact of government procurement. Federal, state, and local governments purchase large amounts of blasting grit products, but EPA was unable to obtain figures on actual amounts purchased. A

recent search of the ''Commerce Business Daily's'' online database turned up six active awards for contracts for the purchase of industrial abrasives (all military agencies). In addition, a search of the Defense Logistics Agency's Federal Logistics Information System's database (http://www.dlis.dla.mil/online.htm) identified 62 types of abrasive products currently being purchased by the armed services alone. Judging by this information, it is apparent that the federal government in particular procures a vast amount of industrial abrasives, including blasting grit, either directly, or through contracts.

VIII. Where Can Agencies Get More Information on the Availability of EPA-Designated Items?

EPA has identified a number of manufacturers and vendors of the items proposed for designation in today's rule. Once the item designations in today's proposal become final, a list of these companies will be placed in the RCRA docket for this action and will be posted on EPA's Web site. These lists will be updated periodically as new sources are identified and product information changes. Procuring agencies should contact the manufacturers and vendors directly to discuss their specific needs and to obtain detailed information on the availability and price of recycled products meeting those needs.

Other information is available from GSA, DLA, state and local recycling offices, private corporations, and trade associations. In addition, a new Web site has recently been developed that lists all EPA designated items and manufacturers, suppliers, and vendors of these items. The Web site address is <www.greenorder.com>. Refer to Appendix II of the document, ''Background Document for Proposed CPG IV and Draft RMAN IV,'' located in the RCRA public docket, for more detailed information on these sources of information.

IX. Administrative Assessments

A. Executive Order 12866: Regulatory Planning and Review

Executive Order 12866 requires agencies to determine whether a regulatory action is ''significant.'' The Order defines a ''significant'' regulatory action as one that is likely to result in a proposed rule that may: (1) have an annual effect on the economy of $100 million or more or adversely affect, in a material way, the economy, a sector of the economy, productivity, competition, jobs, the environment, public health or safety, or state, local, or tribal governments or communities; (2) create serious inconsistency or otherwise interfere with an action taken or planned by another agency; (3) materially alter the budgetary impact of entitlements, grants, user fees, or loan programs or the rights and obligations of recipients; or (4) raise novel legal or policy issues arising out of legal mandates, the President's priorities, or the principles set forth in the Executive Order.

It has been determined that this rule is not a ''significant regulatory action'' under the terms of Executive Order 12866 and is therefore not subject to OMB review. EPA estimates that the costs associated with today's proposed rule is well below the $100 million threshold. EPA has prepared an Economic Impact Analysis (EIA) to evaluate the potential impact of today's action. The results of the EIA are discussed below. More information on the estimated economic impact of today's proposed rule is included in the Economic Impact Analysis for this proposed rule. A copy of this document is in the RCRA public docket.

1. Summary of Costs

As shown in Table 2 below, EPA estimates that the annualized costs of today's proposed rule will range from $6.5 to $12.8 million, with costs being spread across all procuring agencies (i.e., federal agencies, state and local agencies that use appropriated federal funds to procure designated items, and government contractors). These costs are annualized over a 10-year period at a three percent discount rate. Because there is considerable uncertainty regarding several of the parameters that influence the costs, EPA conducted sensitivity analyses to identify the range of potential costs of today's proposed rule. Thus, high-end and low-end estimates are presented along with the best estimate. The primary parameter affecting the range of cost estimates is the number of products each procuring agency is assumed to procure each year. Details of the costs associated with today's proposed rule are provided in the Economic Impact Analysis for this proposed rule.

TABLE 2.—SUMMARY OF ANNUALIZED COSTS OF PROPOSED CPG IV AMENDMENTS TO ALL PROCESSING AGENCIES

Procuring agency	Total annualized costs ($1000)	Best estimate total annualized costs ($1000)
Federal Agencies	$8,822—$4,411	$8,822
States	$1,085—$542	$1,085
Local Governments	$2,762—$1,556	$2,159
Contractors	$101—$34	$68
Total	$12,770—$6,543	$12,134

As a result of today's proposed rule, procuring agencies will be required to take certain actions pursuant to RCRA section 6002, including rule review and implementation; estimation, certification, and verification of designated item procurement; and for federal agencies, reporting and recordkeeping. The costs shown in Table 2 represent the estimated annualized costs associated with these activities. Table 2 also includes estimates for federal agencies that will incur costs for specification revisions and affirmative procurement program modification. More details of the costs associated with today's proposed rule are included in the Economic Impact Analysis.

There may be both positive and negative impacts to individual businesses, including small businesses. EPA anticipates that today's proposed rule will provide additional opportunities for recycling businesses to begin supplying recovered materials to manufacturers and products made from recovered materials to procuring agencies. In addition, other businesses, including small businesses, that do not directly contract with procuring agencies may be affected positively by the increased demand for recovered materials. These include businesses involved in materials recovery programs and materials recycling. Municipalities

that run recycling programs are also expected to benefit from increased demand for certain materials collected in recycling programs.

EPA is unable to determine the number of businesses, including small businesses, that may be adversely impacted by today's proposed rule. If a business currently supplies products to a procuring agency and those products are made only out of virgin materials, the amendments to the CPG may reduce that company's ability to compete for future contracts. However, the amendments to the CPG will not affect existing purchase orders, nor will it preclude businesses from adapting their product lines to meet new specifications or solicitation requirements for products containing recovered materials. Thus, many businesses, including small businesses, that market to procuring agencies have the option to adapt their product lines to meet specifications.

2. Product Cost

Another potential cost of today's action is the possible price differential between an item made with recovered materials and an equivalent item manufactured using virgin materials. The relative prices of recycled content products compared to prices of comparable virgin products vary. In many cases, recycled content products are less expensive than similar virgin products. In other cases, virgin products have lower prices than recycled content products. Many factors can affect the price of various products. For example, temporary fluctuations in the overall economy can create oversupplies of virgin products, leading to a decrease in prices for these items. Under RCRA section 6002(c), procuring agencies are not required to purchase a product containing recovered materials if it is only available at an unreasonable price. However, the decision to pay more or less for such a product is left up to the procuring agency.

3. Summary of Benefits

EPA anticipates that today's proposed rule will result in increased opportunities for recycling and waste prevention. Waste prevention can reduce the nation's reliance on natural resources by reducing the amount of materials used in making products. Using less raw materials results in a commensurate reduction in energy use and a reduction in the generation and release of air and water pollutants associated with manufacturing. Additionally, waste prevention leads to a reduction in the environmental impacts of mining, harvesting, and other extraction processes.

Recycling can effect the more efficient use of natural resources. For many products, the use of recovered materials in manufacturing can result in significantly lower energy and material input costs than when virgin raw materials are used; reduce the generation and release of air and water pollutants often associated with manufacturing; and reduce the environmental impacts of mining, harvesting, and other extraction of natural resources. For example, according to information published by the Steel Recycling Institute, recycling one ton of steel saves nearly 11 million Btus of energy; 2,500 lbs. of ore; 1,400 lbs. of coal; and 120 lbs. of limestone. Recycling can also reduce greenhouse gas emissions associated with manufacturing new products. When compared to landfilling, recycling one ton of high density polyethylene, low density polyethylene, or polyethylene terephthalate plastic can reduce greenhouse gas emissions by up to 0.64 metric tons of carbon equivalent (MTCE). In addition to conserving non-renewable resources and reducing the environmental impacts associated with resource extraction and processing, recycling can also divert large amounts of materials from landfills, conserving increasingly valuable space for the management of materials that truly require disposal.

By purchasing products made from recovered materials, government agencies can increase opportunities for all of these benefits. On a national and regional level, today's proposed rule can result in expanding and strengthening markets for materials diverted or recovered through public and private collection programs. Also, since many state and local governments, as well as private companies, reference EPA guidelines when purchasing designated items, this rule can result in increased purchase of recycled products, locally, regionally, and nationally and provide opportunities for businesses involved in recycling activities.

B. Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA), as Amended by the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Act of 1996 (SBREFA), 5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.

The RFA generally requires an agency to prepare a regulatory flexibility analysis of any rule subject to notice and comment rulemaking requirements under the Administrative Procedure Act or any other statute unless the agency certifies that the rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. Small entities include small businesses, small organizations, and small governmental jurisdictions.

For purposes of assessing the impacts on small entities of today's rule, small entity is defined as: (1) a small business as defined by RFA default definitions for small business (based on Small Business Administration size standards); (2) a small governmental jurisdiction that is a government of a city, county, town, school district, or special district with a population of less than 50,000; or (3) a small organization that is any not-for-profit enterprise that is independently owned and operated and is not dominant in its field.

EPA evaluated the potential costs of its proposed designations to determine whether its actions would have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. In the case of small entities that are small governmental jurisdictions, EPA has concluded that the proposal, if promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact. EPA concluded that no small government with a population of less than 50,000 is likely to incur costs associated with the designation of the 11 items because it is improbable that such jurisdictions will purchase more than $10,000 of any designated item. Consequently, RCRA section 6002 would not apply to their purchases of designated items. Moreover, there is no evidence that complying with the requirements of RCRA section 6002 would impose significant additional costs on the small governmental entity to comply in the event that a small governmental jurisdiction purchased more than $10,000 worth of a designated item. This is the case because in many instances, items with recovered materials content may be less expensive than items produced from virgin material.

Furthermore, EPA similarly concluded that the economic impact on small entities that are small businesses would not be significant. Any costs to small businesses that are ''procuring agencies'' (and subject to RCRA section 6002) are likely to be insubstantial. RCRA section 6002 applies to a contractor with a federal agency (or a state or local agency that is a procuring agency under section 6002) when the contractor is purchasing a designated item, is using federal money to do so, and exceeds the $10,000 threshold. There is an exception for purchases that are ''incidental to'' the purposes of the contract, i.e., not the direct result of the funds disbursement. For example, a courier service contractor is not required to purchase re-refined oil and retread tires for its fleets because purchases of these items are incidental

to the purpose of the contract. Therefore, as a practical matter, there would be very limited circumstances when a contractor's status as a ''procuring agency'' for section 6002 purposes would impose additional costs on the contractor. Thus, for example, if a state or federal agency is contracting with a supplier to obtain a designated item, then the cost of the designated item (any associated costs of meeting section 6002 requirements) to the supplier presumably will be fully recovered in the contract price. Any costs to small businesses that are ''procuring agencies'' (and subject to section 6002) are likely to be insubstantial. Even if a small business is required to purchase other items with recovered materials content, such items may be less expensive than items with virgin content.

After considering the economic impacts of today's proposed rule on small entities, EPA certifies that this action will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

This rule, therefore, does not require a regulatory flexibility analysis. The basis for EPA's conclusions that today's proposed rule, if adopted, will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities is described in greater detail in the EIA for the proposed rule.

While not a factor relevant to determining whether the proposed rule will have a significant impact for RFA purposes, EPA has concluded that the effect of today's proposed rule would be to provide positive opportunities to businesses engaged in recycling and the manufacture of recycled products. Purchase and use of recycled products by procuring agencies increase demand for these products and result in private sector development of new technologies, creating business and employment opportunities that enhance local, regional, and national economies. Technological innovation associated with the use of recovered materials can translate into economic growth and increased industry competitiveness worldwide, thereby, creating opportunities for small entities.

C. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 and Consultation With State, Local, and Tribal Governments

Title II of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (UMRA), Pub. L. 104–4, establishes requirements for federal agencies to assess the effects of their regulatory actions on state, local, and tribal governments and the private sector. Under section 202, EPA generally must prepare a written statement, including cost-benefit analysis, for proposed and final rules with federal mandates that may result in estimated costs to state, local, or tribal governments in the aggregate, or to the private sector, of $100 million or more in any one year. When such a statement is required for EPA rules, under section 205 of the Act, EPA must identify and consider alternatives, including the least costly, most cost-effective, or least burdensome alternative that achieves the objectives of the rule. EPA must select that alternative, unless the Administrator explains in the final rule why it was not selected or it is inconsistent with law. Before EPA establishes regulatory requirements that may significantly or uniquely affect small governments, including tribal governments, it must develop under section 203 of the Act a small government agency plan. The plan must provide for notifying potentially affected small governments, giving them meaningful and timely input in the development of EPA regulatory proposals with significant federal intergovernmental mandates, and informing, educating, and advising them on compliance with the regulatory requirements.

EPA has determined that today's proposed rule does not include a federal mandate that may result in estimated annualized costs of $100 million or more to either state or local or tribal governments in the aggregate, or to the private sector. To the extent enforceable duties arise as a result of this proposed rule on state and local governments, they are exempt from inclusion as federal intergovernmental mandates if such duties are conditions of federal assistance. Even if they are not conditions of federal assistance, such enforceable duties do not result in a significant regulatory action being imposed upon state and local governments since the estimated aggregate cost of compliance for them are not expected to exceed, at the maximum, $3.8 million annually. The cost of enforceable duties that may arise as a result of today's proposed rule on the private sector are estimated not to exceed $101,000 annually. Thus, the proposed rule is not subject to the written statement requirement in sections 202 and 205 of the Act.

The designated items included in the proposed CPG IV may give rise to additional obligations under section 6002(I) (requiring procuring agencies to adopt affirmative procurement programs and to amend their specifications) for state and local governments. As noted above, the expense associated with any additional costs is not expected to exceed, at the maximum, $3.8 million annually. In compliance with Executive Order 12875 entitled Enhancing the Intergovernmental Partnership, 58 FR 58093 (October 28, 1993), which requires the involvement of state and local governments in the development of certain federal regulatory actions, EPA conducts a wide outreach effort and actively seeks the input of representatives of state and local governments in the process of developing its guidelines.

When EPA proposes to designate items in a CPG, information about the proposal is distributed to governmental organizations so that they can inform their members about the proposals and solicit their comments. These organizations include the U.S. Conference of Mayors, the National Association of Counties, the National Association of Towns and Townships, the National Association of State Purchasing Officials, and the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials. EPA also provides information to potentially affected entities through relevant recycling, solid waste, environmental, and industry publications. In addition, EPA's regional offices sponsor and participate in regional and state meetings at which information about proposed and final designations of items in a CPG is presented. Finally, EPA has sponsored buy-recycled education and outreach activities by organizations such as the U.S. Conference of Mayors, the Northeast Recycling Council, Environmental Defense, Keep America Beautiful, and the California Local Government Commission, whose target audience includes small governmental entities.

The requirements do not significantly affect small governments, because they are subject to the same requirements as other entities whose duties result from today's rule. As discussed above, the expense associated with any additional costs to state and local governments is not expected to exceed, at the maximum, $3.8 million annually. The requirements do not uniquely affect small governments because they have the same ability to purchase these designated items as other entities whose duties result from today's rule. Additionally, use of designated items affects small governments in the same manner as other such entities. Thus, any applicable requirements of section 203 of the Act have been satisfied.

D. Executive Order 13132: Federalism

Executive Order 13132, entitled ''Federalism'' (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999), requires EPA to develop an

accountable process to ensure ''meaningful and timely input by state and local officials in the development of regulatory policies that have federalism implications.'' ''Policies that have federalism implications'' is defined in the Executive Order to include regulations that have ''substantial direct effects on the states, on the relationship between the national government and the states, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.''

This proposed rule does not have federalism implications. It will not have substantial direct effects on the states, on the relationship between the national government and the states, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government, as specified in Executive Order 13132. The proposed rule will not impose substantial costs on states and localities. A final rule would require procuring agencies to perform certain activities pursuant to RCRA section 6002, including rule review and implementation; estimation, certification, and verification of designated item procurement; and for federal agencies, reporting and record keeping. As noted above, EPA estimates that the total annualized costs of today's proposed rule will range from $6.5—$12.8 million. EPA's estimate reflects the costs of the rule for all procuring agencies (i.e., federal agencies, state and local agencies that use appropriated federal funds to procure designated items, and government contractors), not just states and localities. Thus, the costs to states and localities alone will be even lower and not substantial. Thus, Executive Order 13132 does not apply to this rule.

When EPA proposes to designate items in the CPG, information about the proposal is distributed to governmental organizations so that they can inform their members about the proposals and solicit their comments. These organizations include the U.S. Conference of Mayors, the National Association of Counties, the National Association of Towns and Townships, the National Association of State Purchasing Officials, and the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials. In the spirit of Executive Order 13132, and consistent with EPA policy to promote communications between EPA and state and local governments, EPA specifically solicits comment on this proposed rule from state and local officials.

E. Executive Order 13175: Consultation and Coordination With Indian Tribal Governments

Executive Order 13175, entitled ''Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments'' (65 FR 67249, November 6, 2000), requires EPA to develop an accountable process to ensure ''meaningful and timely input by tribal officials in the development of regulatory policies that have tribal implications.'' ''Policies that have tribal implications'' is defined in the Executive Order to include regulations that have ''substantial direct effects on one or more Indian tribes, on the relationship between the Federal government and the Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal government and Indian tribes.''

Today's proposed rule does not significantly or uniquely affect the communities of Indian tribal governments. The proposed rule does not impose any mandate on tribal governments or impose any duties on these entities. Accordingly, the requirements of section 3(b) of Executive Order 13084 do not apply to this proposal.

F. Executive Order 13045: Protection of Children From Environmental Risks and Safety Risks

Executive Order 13045, entitled ''Protection of Children from Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks'' (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997), applies to any rule that EPA determines is (1) ''economically significant'' as defined under Executive Order 12866, and (2) concerns an environmental health or safety risk that EPA has reason to believe may have a disproportionate effect on children. If the regulatory action meets both criteria, the Agency must evaluate the environmental health or safety effects of the planned rule on children; and explain why the planned regulation is preferable to other potentially effective and reasonably feasible alternatives considered by the Agency.

EPA interprets the E.O. 13045 as encompassing only those regulatory actions that are risk based or health based, such that the analysis required under section 5–501 of the E.O. has the potential to influence the regulation. This proposed rule is not subject to E.O. 13045 because it does not involve decisions regarding environmental health or safety risks.

G. National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995

Section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (''NTTAA''), Pub. L. No. 104–113, Section 12(d) (15 U.S.C. 272 note) directs EPA to use voluntary consensus standards in its regulatory activities unless to do so would be inconsistent with applicable law or otherwise impractical. Voluntary consensus standards are technical standards (e.g., materials specifications, test methods, sampling procedures, business practices) that are developed or adopted by voluntary consensus standard bodies. The NTTAA directs EPA to provide Congress explanations when the Agency decides not to use available and applicable voluntary consensus standards.

This proposed rule does not establish technical standards. Therefore, the Agency has not conducted a search to identify potentially applicable test methods from voluntary consensus standard bodies. As part of this rulemaking effort, EPA has developed guidance for procuring agencies to use in complying with section 6002's obligation to purchase items with recovered materials content to the maximum extent practicable. These recommendations include minimum recovered materials content standards and, as previously noted, are published today in the companion RMAN for the designated items. In developing these recommendations, EPA did consider current voluntary consensus standards on recovered materials content.

H. Executive Order 13211: Energy Effects

This rule is not subject to Executive Order 13211, ''Actions Concerning Regulations That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use'' (66 Fed. reg. 28355 (May 22, 2001)) because it is not a significant regulatory action under Executive Order 12866.

X. Supporting Information and Accessing Internet

The index of supporting materials for today's proposed CPG IV is available in the RCRA Information Center (RIC) and on the Internet. The address and telephone number of the RIC are provided in **ADDRESSES** above. The index and the following supporting materials are available in the RIC and on the Internet:

''Background Document for Proposed CPG IV and Draft RMAN IV,'' EPA530–R–01–006, U.S. EPA, Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response, April 2001

''Economic Impact Analysis for Proposed Comprehensive Procurement Guideline IV,'' EPA530–R–01–008, U.S. EPA, Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response, March 2001.

Copies of the following supporting materials are available for viewing at the RIC only:

''Recovered Materials Product Research for the Comprehensive Procurement Guideline IV,'' Draft Report, August 2000.

To access information electronically go to the CPG Web site at *www.epa.gov/cpg.*

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 247

Environmental protection, Government procurement, Recycling.

Dated: August 21, 2001.

Christine Todd Whitman,

Administrator.

For the reasons discussed in the preamble, EPA proposes to amend 40 CFR part 247 as follows:

PART 247—COMPREHENSIVE PROCUREMENT GUIDELINE FOR PRODUCTS CONTAINING RECOVERED MATERIALS

1. The authority citation for Part 247 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 6912(a) and 6962; E.O. 13101, 58 FR 54911.

2. In § 247.3, the following definitions are added alphabetically:

§ 247.3 Definitions.

* * * * *

Bike racks are free-standing or anchored units that provide a method for cyclists to secure their bicycles safely.

* * * * *

Blasting grit is a type of industrial abrasive used to shape, cut, sharpen, polish, or finish surfaces and materials.

* * * * *

Cenospheres are naturally-occurring waste components of coal fly ash.

* * * * *

Modular threshold ramps are ramps used to modify existing door thresholds and other small rises to remove access barriers created by differentials in landing levels.

Nonpressure pipe is pipe used to drain waste and wastewater, to vent gases, and to channel cable and conduit in various applications.

Nylon carpet is carpet containing nylon fibers inserted into a layer of woven material and glued into place.

Nylon carpet backing is a layer of woven or nonwoven nylon material used to hold carpet fibers in place and provide structural support.

Office furniture is furniture typically used in offices, including seating, desks, storage units, file cabinets, tables, and systems furniture (or ''cubicles'').

* * * * *

Polyester carpet is carpet containing polyester fibers inserted into a layer of woven material and glued into place.

* * * * *

Rebuilt vehicular parts are vehicular parts that have been remanufactured, reusing parts in their original form.

* * * * *

Roofing materials are materials used to construct a protective cover over a structure to shield its interior from the natural elements.

* * * * *

Silica fume is a waste byproduct of alloyed metal production.

* * * * *

3. In § 247.11, revise paragraph (b) and add paragraph (d) to read as follows:

§ 247.11 Vehicular products.

* * * * *

(b) (1) Retread tires, excluding airplane tires.

(2) Tires containing recovered rubber.

* * * * *

(d) Rebuilt vehicular parts.

4. In § 247.12, revise paragraphs (c), (d), and (j) and add paragraphs (k), (l), and (m), to read as follows:

§ 247.12 Construction products.

* * * * *

(c) Cement and concrete, including concrete products such as pipe and block containing:

(1) Coal fly ash.

(2) Ground granulated blast furnace slag (GGBF).

(3) Silica fume from silicon and ferrosilicon metal production.

(4) Cenospheres.

(d)(1) Carpet made from polyester fiber made from recovered materials for use in moderate- and heavy-wear applications such as single-family housing, private offices, and similar wear applications.

(2) Carpet made from nylon fiber facing and/or nylon carpet backing made from recovered materials.

* * * * *

(j) Railroad grade crossing surfaces made from cement and concrete containing fly ash, recovered rubber, recovered steel, recovered wood, or recovered plastic.

(k) Modular threshold ramps containing recovered steel, rubber, or aluminum.

(l) Nonpressure pipe containing recovered steel, plastic, or cement.

(m) Roofing materials containing recovered steel, aluminum, fiber, rubber, plastic or plastic composites, or cement.

5. In § 247.16, add paragraph (l) to read as follows:

§ 247.16 Nonpaper office products.

* * * * *

(l) Office furniture containing recovered steel, aluminum, wood, agricultural fiber, or plastic.

6. In § 247.17, add paragraphs (h) and (i) to read as follows:

§ 247.17 Miscellaneous products.

* * * * *

(h) Bike racks containing recovered steel or plastic.

(i) Blasting grit containing recovered steel, coal and metal slag, glass, plastic, or walnut shells.

[FR Doc. 01–21567 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

50 CFR Part 21

RIN 1018–AI05

Release of Captive-Reared Mallards

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of intent.

SUMMARY: This document announces the intent of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (hereinafter Service or we) to resume review of all aspects of regulations pertaining to the release and harvest of captive-reared mallards. Recently, all four Flyway Councils and the International Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies (IAFWA) urged the Service to resume its review of the potential effects of releasing free-flighted mallards on State-licensed shooting preserves, also known as regulated shooting areas (RSA). The Service has agreed to this request and intends to complete its review of the Federal regulations (50 CFR 21.13) as published in the June 1993 Notice of Intent (58 FR 31247).

DATES: You must submit comments pertaining to regulations governing the release of captive-reared mallards by September 27, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Send your comments to the Chief, Division of Migratory Bird Management, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior, room 634-Arlington Square, 1849 C Street, NW, Washington, DC 20240. All comments received, including names and addresses, will become part of the public record. You may inspect comments during normal business hours in room 634, Arlington Square Building, 4401 N. Fairfax Drive, Arlington, Virginia.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jerome R. Serie, Atlantic Flyway Representative, Division of Migratory Bird Management, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, at 301/497–5851.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On June 1, 1993, we published in the **Federal Register** (58 FR 31247) a notice of intent to review all aspects of regulations pertaining to the release and harvest of captive-reared mallards and provided the public with background information. These regulations, stated in § 21.13 of title 50 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), allow captive-reared mallards, provided they are properly marked prior to 6 weeks of age by removal of the right hind toe, banding with a seamless metal band, pinioning, or tattooing, to be possessed and disposed of in any number, at any time, by any person, without a permit. Further, this regulation stipulates that such birds may be killed by shooting only in accordance with all applicable hunting regulations governing the take of mallard ducks from the wild, with the exception provided; that such birds may be killed by shooting, in any number, at any time, within the confines of any premises operated as a shooting preserve under State license, permit, or authorization.

In the past, we have not opposed the shooting of captive-reared mallards on shooting preserves to supplement hunting opportunities for the public when precautions were taken to control the distribution of these birds. However, since 1985, this regulation has become more broadly interpreted and some shooting preserves actively release captive-reared mallards in large numbers in free-ranging situations on their premises. Often these properties are in areas frequented by wild ducks. Because both classes of mallards (captive-reared and wild) are indistinguishable until in the hand, regulatory conflicts arise from allowing free-ranging, captive-reared birds to be taken without bag limits during closed seasons for wild ducks. Similarly, regulations involving live decoys and baiting (50 CFR 20.21) become relevant, which necessitates a discretionary interpretation by enforcement personnel in the field.

Uncontrolled releases of thousands of free-flighted captive-reared mallards into areas inhabited by wild ducks pose a potential threat of disease transmission between captive-reared and wild birds. Highly infectious diseases, such as duck plague and avian cholera, are capable of causing large-scale losses in wild waterfowl. The influx of large numbers of captive-reared mallards into habitats managed for wild birds renders data-gathering activities by Federal, State, and Flyway waterfowl management programs less effective. There are no reliable methods of distinguishing between these classes in population and harvest surveys. These biases not only influence survey estimates but compromise Flyway harvest management strategies and the promulgation of hunting regulations for wild ducks.

Although the Service initiated its review and solicited input from State wildlife agencies in 1993, this effort was suspended because of provisions attached to the 1994 Congressional Appropriations Bill requesting the Service to withhold promulgation of any new regulations until further studies were completed. Since then, studies conducted by Louisiana State University and the National Wildlife Health Center have been completed, and results are available for consideration in this review (copies are available from the address indicated under the caption **ADDRESSES**). A primary focus of our review will be to assess the potential effects of these captive-reared mallard releases and harvest on the status and management of wild migratory waterfowl.

Public Comment Invited

Existing regulations, contained in § 21.13, lack specific criteria governing the release and control of captive-reared mallards on licensed shooting preserves and are thus subject to broad interpretation. As a result, numerous conflicts with established regulations governing the take of wild mallards and prohibiting the use of live decoys and baiting have occurred. In addition, aspects involving ownership and control are unclear when flighted, captive-reared birds are allowed to range freely over a wide area. Risks of disease transmission among wild ducks and confounding of data-gathering efforts by wildlife agencies for management of wild ducks are of concern.

The Service believes several options are available to alleviate potential conflicts and resolve management problems associated with captive-reared mallard release programs without adversely affecting the opportunities and operations on shooting preserves. Many of these options would require some modification of Federal regulations (50 CFR parts 20 and 21). The Service intends to explore these options and invites public comment on any options that may alleviate this problem. Comments may be sent to the address indicated under the caption **ADDRESSES.**

Authority

Under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (16 U.S.C. 703–712), the Secretary of the Interior has responsibility for setting appropriate regulations for the hunting of migratory birds, with due regard for maintaining such populations in a healthy state and at satisfactory levels. The Fish and Wildlife Act of 1956 (16 U.S.C. 742 a-j) more specifically authorizes collection of such information as is necessary and to take steps as may be required to protect wildlife resources.

Dated: August 8, 2001.

Joseph E. Doddridge,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Fish and Wildlife and Parks.

[FR Doc. 01–21655 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–55–P

Notices

Federal Register
Vol. 66, No. 167
Tuesday, August 28, 2001

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains documents other than rules or proposed rules that are applicable to the public. Notices of hearings and investigations, committee meetings, agency decisions and rulings, delegations of authority, filing of petitions and applications and agency statements of organization and functions are examples of documents appearing in this section.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Commodity Credit Corporation

1998 Crop Loss Disaster Assistance Program

AGENCY: Commodity Credit Corporation, USDA.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) is issuing this notice to inform all interested parties of the revised eligibility requirements for benefits under the 1998 Crop Loss Disaster Assistance Program (CLDAP) multi-year provision. CLDAP was originally authorized by the Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1999 (Public Law 105–277). All interested parties must file applications at the address specified below prior to close of business on September 14, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Rebecca Davis, Compliance Branch, FSA, USDA; Telephone: (202) 720–9882.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Section 1102 of the Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1999 (Public Law 105–277) provided $875 million to provide assistance to producers who incurred multi-year losses due to disasters. Accordingly, the Secretary developed the multi-year Crop Loss Disaster Assistance Program (CLDAP) and promulgated regulations to carry out that program. See 7 CFR part 1477. Under the provisions of the 1998 CLDAP, the Farm Service Agency (FSA) defined multi-year losses as crop losses by a producer in at least 3 of the 5 years from 1994 through 1998. The program benefits under this multi-year option were based on a percentage of the total dollar amount the producer received from the combination of crop insurance indemnities, non-insured crop disaster assistance program (NAP), and the 1994 ad hoc disaster assistance program during that 5-year period.

To expedite the disbursement of assistance, crop insurance indemnity information from the Risk Management Agency was interfaced electronically with FSA program payment records to determine the producers eligible for the multi-year assistance and the amount of such benefit. Both Agencies record monetary benefits issued to producers and policy holders by either a social security or taxpayer ID number. Therefore, when payments and indemnities were credited to the same ID number in at least 3 of the 5 years, the producer was determined eligible.

Some producers may have changed ID numbers when they restructured their businesses, or changed the nature of their operations from an individual to a corporation. FSA tried to the maximum extent practicable to allow for changes in ID numbers that were beyond the producers' control such as changes due to death of an insured, or husbands and wives who may have changed operations and operating numbers. Because of changing ID numbers, some producers with losses in three of the five years may not have been issued benefits under the multi-year CLDAP.

Congress intervened. Section 259 of the Agricultural Risk Protection Act of 2000 (Public Law 106–224), directs the Secretary to restore eligibility by making payments to an individual or entity that was determined otherwise ineligible for the multi-year benefits in the amount equal to what the individual or entity would have received had the individual or entity not changed the legal structure, but reduced by any single year payment already received. Additionally, a producer with interests in multiple farming operations, none of which previously received 1998 CLDAP benefits, may now be eligible for payment based on the producer's interest in such eligible losses experienced by each of the respective farming operations which otherwise would not have been eligible for compensation. Section 259 of the Agricultural Risk Protection Act of 2000 was not originally provided funding to carry out its direction.

Congress revisited the funding issue and in section 315 of the Grain Standards and Warehouse Improvement Act of 2000 (Public Law 106–472) amended section 259 of the Agricultural Risk Protection Act of 2000, to authorize the Secretary to use the funds, facilities, and authorities of the Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC).

Action: The purpose of this notice is to inform affected parties that a producer that was determined otherwise ineligible may now be eligible for 1998 CLDAP benefits under the terms of this revision if the change in operation was from an individual to an entity which included the individual; from an entity to an individual who was included in the entity; or, if an individual had an interest in multiple operations. If a producer previously received CLDAP benefits under the 1998 single-year option, and is now determined eligible under the multi-year option, the producer will receive only the difference if the calculated multi-year benefit is greater. Total CLDAP benefits are subject to the $80,000 limitation per ''person'' as defined in 7 CFR part 1400, and the national payment factor applicable to CLDAP as previously utilized.

Eligible producers include those that: (1) Previously filed an application but did not meet eligibility requirements; (2) now meet the eligibility requirements, but did not previously submit an application; and (3) received a payment for a single-year loss, did not initially qualify for multi-year benefits, but now qualify for multi-year benefits under the revised eligibility requirements. However, this provision does not restore eligibility for additional payments where producers were deemed to be eligible for whatever reason. Producers that are not sure as to their revised eligibility should file an application.

The applicant's share will be: (1) 100 percent share of the insurance indemnity, NAP benefit, or ad hoc disaster assistance received as an individual, when applicable; and (2) his/her direct or indirect share of the same earned through a joint operation or entity that has not previously qualified for a multi-year benefit. Attribution shall be used in the benefit calculation process. For embedded entities, the Agency will attribute shares until the fifth level is reached. Additionally, all eligibility requirements for the 1998

program year, including payment eligibility, conservation compliance and gross revenue compliance provisions, must have been met by each of the joint operations and entities contributing to the qualifying loss calculations.

Applicant's meeting all eligibility requirements for CLDAP will be eligible for benefits not to exceed the $80,000 per ''person'' CLDAP payment limitation and subject to the national payment factor, regardless of the number of different farming operations used to qualify. Each applicant must certify that gross revenue provisions are not exceeded by any of the farming operations used for qualification by applying the procedure applicable to the 1998 CLDAP. If one or more ''persons'' do not meet the gross revenue provisions, the indemnification for that ''person'' cannot be used in computing eligibility. The 1997 tax year will be used in determining eligibility under the gross revenue provision. If the joint operation or entity used for qualification dissolved in a prior year, FSA will use the last tax year available.

Producers will be required to provide proof of crop insurance indemnities, NAP benefits and ad hoc disaster assistance received for each farming operation used in the qualification process. This information must be recorded on Form CCC–540MY, Crop Loss Disaster Assistance Program Application for Multi-Year Benefits, for each respective farming operation and crop year. This information will be used in determining eligibility and calculating the multi-year benefit. Joint operation/entity member share data shall be verified with CCC–502, Farm Operating Plan for Payment Eligibility Review, information on file with the Agency for the respective program year. If the CCC–502 information is not on file for the joint operation/entity member, this information will be required to identify members and shares. Additional documentation may be required to substantiate the certification such as legal documents and agreements, annual reports, corporate minutes, etc.

Individual producers may obtain Form CCC–540MY in person, by mail, by telephone, or by facsimile from any FSA office. In addition, applicants may download a copy of the CCC–540MY through the Internet at *www.sc.egov.usda.gov.*

To apply for benefits, producers must submit: (1) Form CCC–540MY, and include supporting documentation of any crop insurance indemnity, NAP benefits and ad hoc disaster assistance received for each year, entity and joint operation used for qualification; (2) Applicable Form CCC–502, Farm Operating Plan For Payment Eligibility Review, and related information for each year, entity and joint operation used for qualification; (3) Form AD–1026, Highly Erodible Land and Wetland Conservation Compliance, for each entity and joint operation used for qualification; (4) Form CCC–548, Gross Revenue Certification Statement, for each individual and entity used for qualification; (5) copies of all Forms CCC–540, Crop Loss Disaster Assistance Program, and CCC–540A, Notice of Loss/Production Worksheet 1998 Crop Loss Disaster Assistance Program, previously submitted, including any applications submitted for each individual, entity and joint operation used for qualification; and (6) records of 1998 CLDAP benefits previously approved or received, including records for each entity and joint operation used for qualification.

Applications with supporting documentation will be accepted from the date this notice is published through September 14, 2001. The applicant must send all required documents to the following address: USDA/ Farm Service Agency, Room 3643–S, STOP 0517, 1400 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20250–0517. Applicants are requested to designate the program on the envelope as ''Multi-Year Revised Eligibility Determination Request.'' All completed applications must be received at the specified address by the close of business on September 14, 2001. All late and incomplete applications will be returned to the applicants with a denial of program benefits.

For additional information, affected producers should contact the Farm Service Agency Service Center in the county in which they originally or would have applied for benefits under the 1998 CLDAP. Eligibility determinations will be made upon receipt of all of the necessary data.

Signed at Washington, DC, on June 29, 2001.

James R. Little,

Acting Executive Vice President, Commodity Credit Corporation.

[FR Doc. 01–21725 Filed 8–23–01; 4:48 pm]

BILLING CODE 3410–05–P

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Rural Utilities Service

Information Collection Activity; Comment Request

AGENCY: Rural Utilities Service, USDA.

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35, as amended), the Rural Utilities Service (RUS) invites comments on this information collection for which RUS intends to request approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB).

DATES: Comments on this notice must be received by October 29, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: F. Lamont Heppe, Jr., Director, Program Development and Regulatory Analysis, Rural Utilities Service, 1400 Independence Ave., SW., STOP 1522, Room 4036 South Building, Washington, DC 20250–1522. Telephone: (202) 720–9550. FAX: (202) 720–4120.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) regulation (5 CFR 1320) implementing provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–13) requires that interested members of the public and affected agencies have an opportunity to comment on information collection and recordkeeping activities (see 5 CFR 1320.8(d)). This notice identifies an information collection that RUS is submitting to OMB for reinstatement.

Title: Electric Loan Application and Related Reporting Burdens.

OMB Control Number: 0572–0032.

Type of Request: Extension of a currently approved collection, with change.

Abstract: The Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 901 *et seq.*), as amended (RE Act) authorizes and empowers the Administrator of RUS to make and guarantee loans to furnish and improve electric service in rural areas. These loans are amortized over a period of up to 35 years and secured by the borrower's electric assets. In the interest of protecting loan security, monitoring compliance with debt covenants, and ensuring that RUS loan funds are used for purposes authorized by law, RUS requires that borrowers prepare and submit for RUS evaluation, certain studies and reports. Some of these studies and reports are required only once for each loan application; other must be submitted periodically until the loan is completely repaid.

Estimate of Burden: Public reporting for this collection of information is estimated to average 6 hours per response.

Respondents: Business or other for profits; Not-for-profit institutions.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 754.

Estimated Number of Responses per Respondent: 4.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 16,834 hours.

Copies of this information collection can be obtained from Michele Brooks, Program Development and Regulatory Analysis, at (202) 690–1078. FAX: (202) 720–4120.

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the Agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Comments may be sent to: F. Lamont Heppe, Jr., Director, Program Development and Regulatory Analysis, Rural Utilities Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, STOP 1522, 1400 Independence Ave., SW., Washington, DC 20250–1522. FAX: (202) 720–4120.

All responses to this notice will be summarized and included in the request for OMB approval. All comments will also become a matter of public record.

Dated: August 20, 2001.

Blaine D. Stockton,

Acting Administrator, Rural Utilities Service.

[FR Doc. 01–21681 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410–15–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[Docket 9–2001]

Proposed Foreign-Trade Zone Butte County, California; Amendment of Application

Notice is hereby given that the application of the Oroville Economic Development Corporation, a non-profit corporation, to establish a general-purpose foreign-trade zone at sites in southern Butte County, California (Doc. 9–2001, 66 FR 10668, 2/16/01), has been amended to delete Site 4 (9 acres), located in Gridley. The application otherwise remains unchanged.

Dated: August 21, 2001.

Dennis Puccinelli,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 01–21711 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–M

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–580–825]

Oil Country Tubular Goods From the Republic of Korea; Final Results of Changed Circumstances Review

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of final results of changed circumstances antidumping duty administrative review.

SUMMARY: On May 21, 2001, the Department of Commerce published a notice of preliminary results of its antidumping duty changed circumstances review on certain welded stainless steel pipe from Korea (*see Oil Country Tubular Goods from the Republic of Korea: Preliminary Results of Changed Circumstances Review,* 66 FR 27938) (''*Preliminary Results*''). We have now completed the review and determine Hyundai Steel Company to be the successor-in-interest to Hyundai Pipe Company, Ltd.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 28, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mike Strollo or Scott Lindsay, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone (202) 482–5255 and (202) 482–3782, respectively.

Applicable Statute

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the ''Act''), are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Act by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act. In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department of Commerce's (''Department'') regulations are to 19 CFR 351 (2001).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On May 21, 2001, the Department published its preliminary results in the **Federal Register** (*see* ''*Preliminary Results*'') preliminarily finding Hyundai Steel Company (''Hyundai Hysco'') to be the successor-in-interest to Hyundai Pipe Company, Ltd. (''HDP''). No comments were received regarding these findings.

Scope of the Review

The products covered by this order are oil country tubular goods (''OCTG''), hollow steel products of circular cross-section, including only oil well casing and tubing, of iron (other than cast iron) or steel (both carbon and alloy), whether seamless or welded, whether or not conforming to American Petroleum Institute (''API'') or non-API specifications, whether finished or unfinished (including green tubes and limited service OCTG products). This scope does not cover casing or tubing pipe containing 10.5 percent or more of chromium, or drill pipe. The products subject to this order are currently classified in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (''HTSUS'') under item numbers: 7304.29.10.10, 7304.29.10.20, 7304.29.10.30, 7304.29.10.40, 7304.29.10.50, 7304.29.10.60, 7304.29.10.80, 7304.29.20.10, 7304.29.20.20, 7304.29.20.30, 7304.29.20.40, 7304.29.20.50, 7304.29.20.60, 7304.29.20.80, 7304.29.30.10, 7304.29.30.20, 7304.29.30.30, 7304.29.30.40, 7304.29.30.50, 7304.29.30.60, 7304.29.30.80, 7304.29.40.10, 7304.29.40.20, 7304.29.40.30, 7304.29.40.40, 7304.29.40.50, 7304.29.40.60, 7304.29.40.80, 7304.29.50.15, 7304.29.50.30, 7304.29.50.45, 7304.29.50.60, 7304.29.50.75, 7304.29.60.15, 7304.29.60.30, 7304.29.60.45, 7304.29.60.60, 7304.29.60.75, 7305.20.20.00, 7305.20.40.00, 7305.20.60.00, 7305.20.80.00, 7306.20.10.30, 7306.20.10.90, 7306.20.20.00, 7306.20.30.00, 7306.20.40.00, 7306.20.60.10, 7306.20.60.50, 7306.20.80.10, and 7306.20.80.50. Although the HTSUS item numbers are provided for convenience and Customs purposes, the written description remains dispositive of the scope of this review.

Successorship and Final Results of Review

Because we received no comments on the preliminary results, for the reasons stated in the *Preliminary Results* and based on the facts on the record, we find Hyundai Hysco to be the successor-in-interest to HDP for purposes of this antidumping duty order.

Therefore, Hyundai Hysco will be excluded from the antidumping duty order on OCTG from the Republic of Korea and, thus, cash deposits will not

be required on its entries of subject merchandise.

This notice also serves as a final reminder to parties subject to administrative protective orders (APOs) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Failure to timely notify the Department in writing of the return/destruction of APO material is a sanctionable violation.

This determination is issued and published in accordance with sections 751(b)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 353.221(c)(4).

Dated: August 15, 2001.

Bernard T. Carreau,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 01–21712 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–580–831 and A–580–834]

Notice of Amendment of Final Determinations of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Stainless Steel Plate in Coils From the Republic of Korea; and Stainless Steel Sheet and Strip in Coils From the Republic of Korea

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of amendment to final antidumping duty determinations of sales at less than fair value.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce is amending its final determinations in the antidumping duty investigations on stainless steel plate in coils and stainless steel sheet and strip in coils from the Republic of Korea in order to implement the report of the WTO dispute settlement panel addressing these matters. Consistent with section 129 of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act, which governs the Department's actions following WTO panel reports, the Department has revised the calculation of dumping margins in the above cases. We are now amending the final determinations consistent with the revised calculation of dumping margins.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 28, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Carrie Blozy or Rick Johnson, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–0165 or (202) 482–3818, respectively.

The Applicable Statute

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act) by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (URAA). In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department's regulations are references to the provisions codified at 19 CFR Part 351, 62 FR 27296 (May 19, 1997). Finally, citation to ''section 129'' refers to section 129 of the URAA, codified at 19 U.S.C. 3538.

Background

On March 31, and June 8, 1999, the Department of Commerce issued final determinations of sales at less than fair value in the antidumping investigations on stainless steel plate in coils from Korea (*Plate*) and stainless steel sheet and strip in coils from Korea (*Sheet*), respectively.[1] Following affirmative injury determinations issued by the United States International Trade Commission, the Department issued antidumping duty orders on these products on May 21, and July 27, 1999, respectively.[2]

On October 14, 1999, the Government of the Republic of Korea (GOK) requested the establishment of a dispute settlement panel under the auspices of the World Trade Organization (WTO) to examine various aspects of the Department of Commerce's final affirmative determinations of dumping in this cases. At the meetings of the WTO Dispute Settlement Body (DSB) on November 19, 1999, the DSB determined to establish such a panel, and the panel was composed on March 24, 2000.

On December 22, 2000, after full briefing and hearings, the panel issued its report,[3] which was adopted by the DSB on February 1, 2001. On March 1, 2001, the United States announced its intention to implement the recommendations and rulings in these cases. On April 18, 2001, pursuant to section 129(b)(2) of the URAA, the United States Trade Representative requested that the Department of Commerce (Department) issue a determination that would render the Department's determination of dumping in the both the *Sheet* and *Plate* investigations not inconsistent with the findings of the panel. On May 15, 2001, the Department requested comments from interested parties. On May 24 and 31, 2001, the GOK and POSCO, respectively, submitted comments for the Department to consider for purposes of implementation.

On July 5, 2001, the Department issued its *Draft Implementation of WTO Dispute Settlement Proceeding: Antidumping Duties on Stainless Steel Plate in Coils and Stainless Steel Sheet and Strip in Coils from Korea.* The Department invited comment by interested parties in accordance with section 129(d) of the URAA. We received case briefs from POSCO and Petitioners on July 12, 2001. On July 17, 2001, POSCO submitted its rebuttal comments and on July 24, 2001, Petitioners submitted their rebuttal comments. At the request of respondent, a hearing was held on July 25, 2001.

On August 15, 2001, the Department transmitted its revised determinations in these cases to the United States Trade Representative (USTR), pursuant to section 129(b)(2) of the URAA. On August 17, 2001, the USTR informed the Department that it had conducted consultations pursuant to section 129(b)(3) of the URAA, and that the revised determinations bring the United States into conformity with the panel's findings in the dispute. Accordingly, the USTR requested, pursuant to section 129(b)(4) of the URAA, that the Department implement the revised determinations for these investigations. Therefore, we are hereby publishing notice of the implementation of our determination and are amending the final determinations in the antidumping duty investigations on Plate and Sheet from the Republic of Korea.

WTO Panel Findings and Conclusions

In its report, the dispute settlement panel found, *inter alia,* that certain aspects of the methodology used to determine dumping in the *Plate* and *Sheet* investigations were inconsistent with the Antidumping Agreement. Specifically, the panel made the following findings:

1. With respect to the issue of whether the Antidumping Agreement permits a currency conversion for certain sales in

[1] *Notice of Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Stainless Steel Plate in Coils from the Republic of Korea,* 64 Fed. Reg. 15444 (Mar. 31, 1999) (*Plate*); and *Notice of Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Stainless Steel Sheet and Strip in Coils from the Republic of Korea,* 64 FR 30664 (June 8, 1999) (*Sheet*).

[2] *Antidumping Duty Orders: Certain Stainless Steel Plate in Coils From Belgium, Canada, Italy, the Republic of Korea, South Africa, and Taiwan,* 64 Fed. Reg. 27756 (May 21, 1999); and *Notice of Antidumping Duty Order: Stainless Steel Sheet and Strip in Coils From the United Kingdom, Taiwan and South Korea,* 64 FR 40555 (July 27, 1999).

[3] *United States—Anti-Dumping Measures on Stainless Steel Plate In Coils and Stainless Steel Sheet and Strip From Korea,* WT/DS179/R, adopted on 1 February 2001.

the home market (local sales), the panel found that under the facts of the *Sheet* investigation the United States acted inconsistently with Article 2.4.1 of the Antidumping Agreement by performing an unnecessary currency conversion.

The panel found that the evidence in the *Sheet* investigation established that the Korean won amount ultimately paid by the customer was determined by converting the U.S. dollar amount appearing on the invoice into won at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of payment. The panel determined, therefore, that the dollar amount appearing on the sales invoice was controlling, while the won amount appearing on tax and certain shipment invoices and noted in POSCO's accounts played no role in determining the amount the purchaser ultimately would pay. Accordingly, the panel concluded, based upon the evidence in the *Sheet* investigation, that the Department did not have a basis to determine that the sales at issue were made in won.

2. With respect to the issue of whether the Antidumping Agreement permits adjustment to export price and constructed export price for a bad debt expense resulting from a customer's failure to pay for subject merchandise, the panel found that under the facts of the *Sheet* and *Plate* investigations the United States acted inconsistently with its obligations under Article 2.4 of the Antidumping Agreement.

Specifically, the panel found that the extraordinary bad debt expenses in these cases could not reasonably have been anticipated, and thus taken into account by the exporter when determining the price to be charged for the product in different markets or to different customers. Accordingly, the panel concluded that the phrase ''differences in conditions and terms of sale'' of Article 2.4 cannot permissibly be interpreted to encompass the unprecedented failure of a customer to pay for certain sales. Similarly, for sales through the importer, the panel determined that the costs ''incurred between importation and resale'' cannot include costs that were unforeseeable at the time the price was set. Therefore, the panel found that the manner in which the Department measured the bad debt adjustment in these cases was inconsistent with Article 2.4 of the Antidumping Agreement.

3. With respect to multiple averaging periods, the panel found that by using multiple averaging periods under the facts of the *Sheet* and *Plate* investigations the United States acted inconsistently with its obligation under Article 2.4.2 of the Antidumping Agreement to compare a weighted average normal value with a weighted average of all comparable export transactions.

In making its determination, the panel stated that Article 2.4.2 does not prohibit the use of multiple averaging periods. The panel indicated there may be factual circumstances where the use of multiple averaging periods could be appropriate in order to ensure that price comparability is not affected by differences in the timing of sales within the averaging periods in the home and export markets.

However, in the *Plate* and *Sheet* investigations, the panel found that the Department's determination to use two averaging periods rested solely upon the conclusion that the normal value in the latter phase of the investigations, expressed in dollars, differed significantly from the normal value in the earlier phase of the investigations. The panel found that the Department's reliance upon significantly different pricing alone was not a permissible determination of non-comparability. The panel therefore concluded that the use of multiple averaging periods in these investigations was inconsistent with the requirements of Article 2.4.2.

Draft Implementation

Prior to issuance of the Draft Implementation, the GOK and POSCO submitted comments to the Department on the steps necessary to implement the panel's recommendation. The Department issued its Draft Implementation to parties for comment on July 5, 2001. In its Draft Implementation, the Department explained that it implemented the panel's recommendation as follows:

1. With respect to the currency conversion issue, in the *Sheet* investigation, the Department has recalculated the dumping margin, using the dollar denominated price of local sales. Because the sales at issue were determined to be dollar denominated transactions, currency conversions from won into dollars are unnecessary and have not been made for the recalculation of the dumping margin in the *Sheet* investigation.

2. With respect to unpaid U.S. sales, in the *Sheet* and *Plate* investigations, the Department has recalculated the dumping margins by not taking into account the failure of the U.S. customer to make payments for the sales at issue. To do so, the Department has removed the adjustment for bad debt expense from its dumping margin calculation. Instead, the Department has calculated credit expenses pertaining to the sales at issue, and adjusted the margin calculation accordingly.

To determine the credit expenses, the Department measures the time period in which credit is extended to the customer by calculating the time between shipment of the merchandise to the customer and payment by the customer for such merchandise. For the sales at issue, the payment dates are missing. To address the missing payment dates in the credit expense calculation, the Department has used the average payment experience for all U.S. sales as the facts available date for payment of the sales at issue.

3. With respect to the issue of multiple averaging periods, the Department has recalculated the dumping margins in the *Sheet* and *Plate* investigations without dividing the period of each investigation into two periods. In calculating the dumping margin for each investigation, the Department has compared a weighted average normal value with a weighted average of all comparable export transactions, as recommended by the panel.

Comments From Interested Parties on Draft Implementation

Comment 1: Ministerial Errors

Respondent POSCO argues that the draft implementation of the *Sheet* investigation contains a ministerial error that must be corrected by the Department in its final results. Claiming that correction of this error would result in a *de minimis* margin for POSCO, POSCO argues that the Department should immediately rescind the *Sheet* antidumping order on POSCO.

POSCO explains that the alleged error concerns the date of sale used in the Department's computer program for U.S. CEP sales out of inventory. POSCO notes that it made a small number of sales, in U.S. channel two, out of POSAM's U.S. inventory during the period of investigation (POI), which it reported to the Department as CEP sales. POSCO classified the other U.S. channel two sales, which were shipped directly from POSCO's plant to the customer, as export price (EP) sales. For the CEP sales out of inventory, POSCO reported U.S. shipment date, which was the same as POSAM's invoice date, as the date of sale. POSCO states that in the final determination of the *Sheet* investigation, the Department classified all of POSCO's sales through U.S. channel two as CEP sales. Further, POSCO explains that in its computer program in the final determination and draft WTO implementation for *Sheet* the Department used language which

assigned, as the U.S. sale date for all U.S. channel two sales, the earlier of the shipment date from Korea or POSAM's invoice date. Noting that the date of shipment from Korea is always before POSAM's invoice date, POSCO claims that for the CEP sales out of U.S. inventory, the programming language is incorrect. Citing the *Sheet Report on the Verification of U.S. Sales by POSAM* (April 2, 1999), POSCO maintains that the Department verified that these sales were negotiated in the United States and that the final terms of sale were set in the United States by POSAM after the merchandise had arrived in inventory. Consequently, POSCO argues that for the CEP sales out of inventory, the appropriate date of sale is POSAM's invoice date-the sale date reported by POSCO.

POSCO maintains that the Department's error was unintentional and that this error, at the time of the original less-than-fair-value determination, was insignificant to the margin analysis. POSCO reiterates that because correction of this error would result in the rescission of the *Sheet* dumping order on POSCO, the Department must immediately correct the error. Moreover, POSCO argues that correction of this error in the final implementation decision is no different than a correction after court remand, which, POSCO claims, the Department routinely makes. In support of their argument, POSCO cites *AK Steel Corp. et al.* v. *United States*, Consol. Ct. No. 97–05–00865, where the Department agreed with respondent's request to remand the case to allow the Department to correct an inadvertent ministerial error in its margin program and the court remanded the case back to the Department. POSCO holds that it is well established that amendment after remand is appropriate when the original determination contains an error of inadvertence or mistakes, citing *Badger-Powhatan, A Div. Of Figgie Int'l* v. *United States*, 633 F. Supp. 1364, 1368 (CIT 1986); *Bohler-Uddeholm Corp.* v. *United States*, 946 F. Supp. 1003, 1007 (CIT 1996). Moreover, citing *NTN Bearing Corp.* v. *United States*, 74 F.3d 1204, 1208 (Fed. Cir. 1995) citing *Rhone Poulenc, Inc.* v. *United States*, 899 F.2d 1185, 1191 (Fed. Cir 1990), POSCO states that the courts have repeatedly held that, ''[it] is the duty of ITA to determine dumping margins as ''accurately as possible.''' Finally, POSCO argues that failure to correct the alleged error would ''nullify and impair the very benefits that the WTO Panel had intended to protect when it rendered its decision in this case'' (citing United States—Antidumping Measures on Stainless Steel Plate in Coils and Stainless Steel Sheet and Strip in Coils from Korea, WT/DS179/R, at 48.

Petitioners argue that the Department should not correct any ministerial errors at this time. They assert that the Department may not make any changes to the final margin program in the *Sheet* investigation to correct for POSCO's alleged ministerial error because the alleged error is outside the ''terms of reference,'' or scope of review, of the WTO Panel. Specifically, Petitioners argue that none of claims asserted by the GOK in its complaint to the WTO Panel involved the proper date of sales for POSCO's CEP sales out of inventory. Citing the WTO Panel Report at 7, Petitioners maintain that the alleged error—whether correct or not—is therefore outside the WTO Panel's terms of reference.

Additionally, Petitioners maintain that the Department should dismiss POSCO's citation to CIT and Federal Circuit precedent suggesting that the Department may make corrections to ministerial errors after a court remand as inappropriate forum shopping. They state that POSCO and the Korean Government invoked the jurisdiction of the WTO, not U.S. Courts, as the forum for adjudicating the issues raised in its complaint. Thus, they allege that POSCO cannot rely on the U.S. Courts to support its claim for relief where that claim for relief is outside the jurisdiction of the WTO Panel. Moreover, Petitioners suggest that there is an equal amount of authority at the CIT stating that the Department may not correct late-submitted ministerial errors. In support of their argument, Petitioners cite to *Koyo Seiko* v. *United States*, 746 F. Supp. 1108, 1110 (CIT 1990) and *Hyster Co.* v. *United States*, 858 F. Supp. 202 (CIT 1994). Petitioners maintain that this case is analogous to *Torrington Co.* v. *United States*, 1998 CIT Lexis 15, Slip Op. 98–24 at 3, where the court rejected a party's request to correct an alleged ministerial error that was first raised in comments on the Department's draft remand results. Petitioners note that POSCO is raising the alleged ministerial error over two years after the Department's final determinations in these cases and continue that the Court's interest in finality is of critical importance in these cases. Petitioners also claim that under CIT precedent (citing *Zenith Elecs. Corp.* v. *United States*, 699 F. Supp. 296, 298 (CIT 1988)), the Department may not make corrections for ministerial errors without the Court's permission. Petitioners argue that at a minimum, this case could be viewed as requiring parallel treatment at the WTO. Petitioners hold that because POSCO did not notify the Department of its alleged ministerial error in the five-day allotted period, or within the terms of reference of the WTO panel, POSCO is without remedy and may not now seek to have the Department amend its final determination for *Sheet* for the alleged error.

Petitioners also allege a ministerial error in the programs for *Plate* and *Sheet*. Specifically, Petitioners maintain that although it is the Department's standard practice to separately calculate average net prices for CEP and EP sales, in both final determinations the Department calculated a single net price for both CEP and EP sales.

Department's Position: We disagree with POSCO that the alleged ministerial errors are properly the subject of this implementation. This implementation/determination is being conducted under section 129(b)(2) of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act, which authorizes the Department to ''issue a determination in connection with the particular proceeding that would render the administering authority's action described in paragraph (1) not inconsistent with the findings of the panel or the Appellate Body.'' In this regard, we note that the GOK did not allege the errors in question as part of its panel request, and the panel therefore had no basis to make a ruling with respect to them. Nor were the errors alleged by POSCO and Petitioners made in implementing the panel's findings. Thus, the Department believes that this determination should be restricted to those areas of the final determination which were found by the panel to be inconsistent with the Antidumping Agreement.

Moreover, these ministerial error allegations by POSCO and Petitioners were made at an extremely late point in this process. The Department notes that its final margin calculation, which was issued to the parties over two years ago, contained the calculation alleged by POSCO to be a ministerial error concerning the proper date of sale for POSCO's U.S. CEP sales out of inventory, as well as the calculation alleged by Petitioners to be a ministerial error concerning calculation of a single net price for CEP and EP sales. In accordance with the Department's regulations POSCO and Petitioners had until five days after the release of disclosure documents for the Sheet final determination to file a ministerial error allegation on these issues with the Department (19 CFR 351.224(c)(2)). These parties did not do so. We are concerned that consideration of these

allegations at this point in the process would effectively be allowing time for such allegations far exceeding the time granted to other parties in these and other proceedings. That there happens to be a redetermination pursuant to section 129(b)(2) is mere happenstance. In the vast majority of investigations and reviews, there would be no opportunity for parties to raise an issue of ministerial error two years after the fact. We note that in AK Steel, which POSCO cites in support of its case, while the Department did not contest the allegation of error, correction of that error was ultimately undertaken only pursuant to an order from the Court. Moreover, in other cases the court has declined to accept ministerial error allegations made for the first time after extensive litigation. *See Hyster Co.* v. *U.S.*, 858 F.Supp. 202 (CIT 1994). Here, POSCO and Petitioners, having allowed the regulatory remedy to expire, are asking the Department to address allegations of ministerial error *sua sponte* several years after the investigation was completed.[4]

We are also concerned that allowing parties to raise new issues at this point in the process potentially would be unfair, as parties' comments and views on issues, including the Petitioners' views on appealing panel decisions, may have been affected by the allegations, had they been made known earlier. As noted above, section 129(b)(2) determinations have a limited purpose; the fact that the Department happens to be making a determination under that section on issues unrelated to the allegations of error does not provide an excuse for a wholesale review of all issues in the underlying case. We note, however, that correction of these ministerial errors would result in a margin of 2.09 percent, making these allegations largely inconsequential. We note, further, that in the context of the first review, which is currently being conducted, both parties will have an opportunity to fully air all allegations of ministerial error so that any such errors are not reflected in the amount of duties ultimately assessed against POSCO's entries.

Consequently, we have not made corrections to our calculations for either POSCO's or Petitioners' alleged ministerial errors for purposes of this determination.

[4] Even if we did correct ministerial errors such as these, it would be pursuant to a different statutory authority. Therefore, this is not different from entertaining such a claim *sua sponte* two years after the fact.

Comment 2. Treatment of Bad Debt

In their case brief, Petitioners argue that the Department failed to take into account non-payment by a certain U.S. customer. Petitioners maintain that the Department's methodology was wrong and sets a ''terrible'' precedent. Citing the Department's Antidumping Manual, Petitioners claim that proof of payment of a transaction is a critical component to the Department's determination of the legitimacy of a particular transaction. Citing Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Administrative Reviews of Antifriction Bearings (other than tapered roller bearings) and parts thereof from France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Romania, Singapore, Sweden, and the United Kingdom—May 1, 1998 through April 30, 1999 (Comment 26); Notice of Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Large Newspaper Printing Presses and Components Thereof, Whether Assembled or Unassembled, From Japan, 61 FR 38139, 38141 (July 23, 1996); and Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review: Porcelain-on-Steel Cooking Ware from Mexico, 58 FR 43327 (August 16, 1993), Petitioners argue that in many other cases, the Department has considered the differences between nominal invoice prices and actual payment amounts to represent *de facto* discounts to the nominal prices. Maintaining that in this case all parties have recognized that non-payment resulted in a cost, Petitioners declare that the Department must account for the alleged ''involuntary discount'' given by POSCO to the ABC Company for the unpaid sales. To this end, Petitioners suggest that the Department consider the unpaid sales prices as a discount allocated to, and deducted from, the prices for all paid sales made to customer ABC Company.

Petitioners argue that if the Department does not make an adjustment for the unpaid sales in the investigations, then the Department must recognize the bad debt as an SG&A expense in the on-going first administrative reviews of the *Plate* and *Sheet* orders.

POSCO rebuts that the WTO Panel instructed that the unpaid sales cannot be treated as direct selling expenses. POSCO claims that under the Department's regulations, a discount is a direct selling expense. Thus, POSCO argues that under Petitioners' proposed methodology for dealing with the unpaid sales, the unpaid sales would continue to be treated as a direct selling expense. POSCO continues that any methodology which continues to treat the unpaid sales as a direct selling expense would constitute an abrogation of the United States' commitments under the WTO. Citing the Panel Report at 30, POSCO submits that the essence of the Panel Report was that a difference in the conditions and terms of sale ''could not have been anticipated and thus taken into account by the exporter (POSCO) when determining the price to be charged for the product in different markets or to different customers.'' POSCO argues that in this case, unlike the other two cases cited by Petitioners, POSCO did not have knowledge of the financial situation of the customer (citing Panel Report at 30) and therefore had a reasonable expectation of payment from the ABC Company. Moreover, POSCO claims that because the unpaid sales had specified terms of payment, this is further evidence that POSCO expected to be paid. POSCO concludes that the Department's draft implementation did not ignore the unpaid sales, but rather, consistent with its obligations under the WTO, ''acknowledged that, in an investigation, the Department cannot adjust U.S. price for the unanticipated bankruptcy of a U.S. customer.'' Thus, POSCO requests that the Department reject Petitioners' suggested treatment of the unpaid sales as a discount. Moreover, POSCO claims that the Department has no basis for making an adjustment for the bad debt in the ongoing administrative reviews of *Plate* and *Sheet* since, according to POSCO, the Department verified in both cases that POSAM wrote the sales off at the end of 1997. POSCO also notes that the decision of what methodology to apply for the *Plate* and *Sheet* reviews falls outside the scope of the implementation decision.

Department's Position: We disagree with Petitioners' proposed methodology to treat the bad debt as a *de facto* or ''involuntary'' discount. The panel found that the extraordinary bad debt expenses in these cases could not reasonably have been anticipated. Thus, under the panel's view of the facts of this case, no adjustment for the expense incurred by POSAM as a result of nonpayment, either as a discount or as a bad debt expense, would be permissible. Accordingly, we are not making an adjustment to account for the bad debt incurred by POSCO's affiliate, POSAM, for the sales at issue. Normally we account for a respondent's bad debt based on the historical experience of a company, similar to our treatment of warranty expenses. However, in this case we found that POSAM did not have a bad debt account and did not find evidence that POSAM's customers had ever before defaulted on payment.

Therefore, in accordance with the WTO panel report, the Department has not adjusted for the unpaid sales. Moreover, the issue of how to account for bad debt incurred by POSCO during the administrative review period is outside the scope of the implementation decision and not properly before the Department.

Comment 3: Calculation of Credit Period

Petitioners argue that if the Department continues to treat the unpaid sales as paid sales, then the Department should impute a longer credit period. Petitioners note that the Department's methodology in the draft implementation, which was to impute the average credit period for all paid sales to the sales at issue, results in a shorter credit period for the unpaid sales than many of POSCO's sales where the customer actually paid. They maintain that the true credit period for the unpaid sales is infinite, and that, as such, the hypothetical payment date cannot be earlier than a date on which the sales remain actually unpaid.

POSCO maintains that the application of an average credit period as the facts available date of payment for the unpaid sales is appropriate and consistent with the panel's findings. POSCO claims that the Department does not have the authority to extend the credit period for these sales beyond the record in the case, as proposed by Petitioners. Moreover, POSCO argues that application of Petitioners' proposed methodology, which would extend the credit period beyond the terms and conditions of the sale, would result in the very distortion that the Panel found to be inconsistent with the WTO. Thus, POSCO concludes that the Department must continue to use average credit period.

Department's Position: We disagree with Petitioners that the true credit period for these sales is infinite. The Department found in both the *Plate* and *Sheet* investigations that POSAM wrote off the unpaid sales at the end of 1997. Based on this action, POSCO recognized that payment would not be received for this sale. However, consistent with WTO Panel report, we are not taking into account the failure of the U.S. customer to make payments for the sales at issue. Therefore, since POSAM wrote-off the sales within the period of investigation, as non-adverse facts available, we applied a credit period based on the average credit period extended by POSCO to customers for which POSCO expected payment. Use of an average credit period, which is consistent with POSCO's average terms of sale during the POI, most accurately reflects the true price of the merchandise at issue at the time of sale.

Implementation of the Dispute Settlement Panel Report

To implement the Panel's recommendations, the Department has recalculated the dumping margins in the *Sheet* and *Plate* investigations as follows:

1. With respect to the currency conversion issue, in the *Sheet* investigation, the Department has recalculated the dumping margin, using the dollar denominated price of local sales. Because the sales at issue were determined to be dollar denominated transactions, currency conversions from won into dollars are unnecessary and have not been made for the recalculation of the dumping margin in the *Sheet* investigation.

2. With respect to unpaid U.S. sales, in the *Sheet* and *Plate* investigations, the Department has recalculated the dumping margins by not taking into account the failure of the U.S. customer to make payments for the sales at issue. To do so, the Department has removed the adjustment for bad debt expense from its dumping margin calculation. Instead, the Department has calculated credit expenses pertaining to the sales at issue, and adjusted the margin calculation accordingly.

To determine the credit expenses, the Department measures the time period in which credit is extended to the customer by calculating the time between shipment of the merchandise to the customer and payment by the customer for such merchandise. For the sales at issue, the payment dates are missing. Moreover, the Department found that POSAM wrote-off the sales within the period of investigations for *Plate* and *Sheet.* Therefore, to address the missing payment dates in the credit expense calculation, the Department has used the average payment experience for all U.S. sales as the facts available date for payment of the sales at issue.

3. With respect to the issue of multiple averaging periods, the Department has recalculated the dumping margins in the *Sheet* and *Plate* investigations without dividing the period of each investigation into two periods. In calculating the dumping margin for each investigation, the Department has compared a weighted average normal value with a weighted average of all comparable export transactions, as recommended by the panel.

Amended Final Results

As a result of the changes to the calculations, we determine that, for POSCO, a 2.49 percent dumping margin exists in the *Sheet* investigation, and a 6.08 percent dumping margin exists in the *Plate* investigation. The dumping margin for Inchon in the *Sheet* investigation remains zero. The ''All Others'' rate is 2.49 percent in the *Sheet* investigation and 6.08 percent in the *Plate* investigation.

Continuation of Suspension of Liquidation

On or after the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, U.S. customs officers must require, at the same time as importers would normally deposit estimated duties, the cash deposits listed below for the subject merchandise. The ''All Others'' rate applies to all exporters of subject merchandise not specifically listed below. These suspension of liquidation instructions will remain in effect until further notice. The revised final weighted-average margins for Plate in Coils are as follows:

Exporter/ manufacturer	Weighted-average margin percentage
Pohang Iron & Steel Co., Ltd ...	6.08
All others	6.08

The revised final weighted-average margins for Sheet and Strip in Coils are as follows:

Exporter/ Manufacturer	Weighted-average margin percentage
Pohang Iron & Steel Co., Ltd ...	2.49
Inchon Iron & Steel Co., Ltd	0.00
Taihan Electric Wire Co., Ltd ...	58.79
All others	2.49

Since the weighted average margin percentage for Inchon continues to be zero, Inchon continues to be excluded from the antidumping duty order on stainless steel sheet and strip in coils from the Republic of Korea.

These amended final determinations are issued and published in accordance with sections 735(d) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and section 129(c)(2)(A) of the URAA.

Dated: August 22, 2001.

Joseph A. Spetrini,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 01–21710 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)

Manufacturing Extension Partnership National Advisory Board (MEPNAB)

AGENCY: National Institute of Standards and Technology, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Request for nominations of members to serve on the Manufacturing Extension Partnership National Advisory Board.

SUMMARY: NIST invites and requests nomination of individuals for appointment to the Manufacturing Extension Partnership National Advisory Board. NIST will consider nominations received in response to this notice for appointment to the Board, in addition to nominations already received.

DATES: Please submit nominations on or before September 12, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Please submit nominations to Ms. Linda Acierto, National Institute of Standards and Technology, 100 Bureau Drive, Mail Stop 4800, Gaithersburg, MD 20899–4800. Nominations may also be submitted via FAX to 301–963–6556.

Additional information regarding the Board, including its charter and current membership list may be found on its electronic home page at: http://www.mep.nist.gov/index-nist.html.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Linda Acierto, National Institute of Standards and Technology, 100 Bureau Drive, Mail Stop 4800, Gaithersburg, MD 20899–4800; telephone 301–975–5033, fax 301–963–6556; or via email at linda.acierto@nist.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Board will advise the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) on MEP programs, plans, and policies.

The Board will consist of nine individuals appointed by the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) under the advisement of the Director of MEP. Membership on the Board shall be balanced to represent the views and needs of customers, providers, and others involved in industrial extension throughout the United States.

The Board will function solely as an advisory body, in compliance with the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act.

Authority: Federal Advisory Committee Act: 5 U.S.C. App.2 and General Services Administration Rule: 41 CFR Subpart 101–6.10.

Dated: August 22, 2001.

Karen H. Brown,

Acting Director.

[FR Doc. 01–21715 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–13–M

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[I.D. 081701A]

ICCAT Advisory Committee; Public Meetings

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of public meetings.

SUMMARY: The Advisory Committee to the U.S. Section to the International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas (ICCAT), in conjunction with the International Fisheries Division of NMFS, announces the schedule of regional public meetings to be held this fall and a workshop on Atlantic bluefin tuna mixing.

DATES: The meetings are scheduled for September and October, 2001. See **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** for specific dates and times of the meetings

ADDRESSES: The meetings will be held in New York, Louisiana, South Carolina, Massachusetts, and Maryland. See **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** for specific addresses of the meetings.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Rachel Husted at 301–713–2276.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The regional public meetings are scheduled as follows:

Thursday, September 6, 2001, 7 p.m. to 9:30 p.m.– Holiday Inn, 3845 Veterans Memorial Highway, Ronkonkoma, NY;

Monday, September 10, 2001, 7 p.m. to 9:30 p.m. – W New Orleans Hotel, 333 Poydras Street, New Orleans, LA;

Tuesday, September 11, 2001, 7 p.m. to 9:30 p.m.– Marine Research Institute Auditorium, 217 Fort Johnson Road, Charleston, SC;

Wednesday, September 19, 2001, 7 p.m. to 9:30 p.m.– Holiday Inn at Boston Logan Airport, 225 McClellan Highway, Boston, MA.

The following topics may be presented to the public for discussion at the regional meetings:

(1) Background on ICCAT

(2) Information on the Advisory Committee and Commissioners

(3) Status of Highly Migratory Species Managed by ICCAT

(4) Topics for the 2001 ICCAT Annual Meeting

Representatives from the Advisory Committee to the U.S. Section to ICCAT and NMFS will be in attendance at the regional meetings. There will be an opportunity for public comment on each of these international issues. The length of the meetings may be adjusted based on the progress of the discussions.

Tuesday, September 18, from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.– The Advisory Committee will convene for a workshop on Atlantic bluefin tuna mixing. NMFS scientists will provide an update on the results of an intersessional meeting of ICCAT's Standing Committee on Research and Statistics. The Committee's workshop, which is open to the public, will be held at the Holiday Inn Silver Spring, 8777 Georgia Avenue, Silver Spring, MD.

Additionally, the annual fall meeting of the Advisory Committee will be held on October 28–30, 2001, at the Holiday Inn Silver Spring, 8777 Georgia Avenue, Silver Spring, MD. There will be opportunity for public comment on international issues on Sunday October 28, from 1 p.m. – 6 p.m. Domestic issues will not be discussed. An agenda for the annual fall Advisory Committee meeting will be available at a later date.

Special Accommodations

The meeting locations are physically accessible to people with disabilities. Requests for sign language interpretation or other auxiliary aids should be directed to Rachel Husted at (301) 713–2276 at least 5 days prior to the meeting date.

Dated: August 22, 2001.

Bruce C. Morehead,

Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 01–21689 Filed 8–23–01; 4:48 pm]

BILLING CODE 3510–22–S

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[I.D. 082101D]

Mid-Atlantic Fishery Management Council; Public Meeting

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of public meeting.

SUMMARY: The Mid-Atlantic Fishery Management Council's (Council) Dogfish Monitoring Committee will hold a public meeting.

DATES: The meeting will be held on Tuesday, September 11, 2001, from 10 a.m. until 5 p.m.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held at the BWI Airport Marriott Hotel, 1743 West Nursery Road, Baltimore, MD; telephone: 410-859-8300.

Council address: Mid-Atlantic Fishery Management Council, Room 2115, 300 S. New Street, Dover, DE 19904.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Daniel T. Furlong, Executive Director, Mid-Atlantic Fishery Management Council; telephone: 302–674–2331, ext. 19.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The purpose of this meeting is to review updated fisheries and stock assessment information relative to spiny dogfish and to develop 2002–03 quota recommendations. Options regarding a possible amendment to the current fishery management plan may also be addressed.

Although non-emergency issues not contained in this agenda may come before this group for discussion, those issues may not be the subject of formal action during this meeting. Action will be restricted to those issues specifically identified in this notice and any issues arising after publication of this notice that require emergency action under section 305 (c) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act, provided the public has been notified of the Council's intent to take final action to address the emergency.

Special Accommodations

This meeting is physically accessible to people with disabilities. Requests for sign language interpretation or other auxiliary aids should be directed to Joanna Davis at the Council Office (see **ADDRESSES**) at least 5 days prior to the meeting date.

Dated: August 22, 2001.

Richard W. Surdi,

Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 01–21690 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–22–S

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[I.D. 082101B]

New England Fishery Management Council; Public Meetings

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of public meeting.

SUMMARY: The New England Fishery Management Council (Council) is scheduling a public meeting of its Protected Species Committee in September, 2001. Recommendations from the committee will be brought to the full Council for formal consideration and action, if appropriate.

DATES: The meeting will held on September 12, 2001 at 9:30 a.m.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held at the New England Fishery Management Council Office, 50 Water Street, Mill #2, Newburyport, MA 01950; telephone: (978) 465–0492.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Paul J. Howard, Executive Director, New England Fishery Management Council (978) 465–0492.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Protected Species Committee will meet to develop comments on the draft Right Whale Recovery Plan and on elements of the NMFS Biological Opinions on the multispecies, monkfish and dogfish plans.

Although non-emergency issues not contained in this agenda may come before this group for discussion, those issues may not be the subject of formal action during this meeting. Action will be restricted to those issues specifically listed in this notice and any issues arising after publication of this notice that require emergency action under section 305(c) of the Magnuson-Stevens Act, provided the public has been notified of the Council's intent to take final action to address the emergency.

Special Accommodations

This meeting is physically accessible to people with disabilities. Requests for sign language interpretation or other auxiliary aids should be directed to Paul J. Howard (see **ADDRESSES**) at least 5 days prior to the meeting dates.

Dated: August 22, 2001.

Richard W. Surdi,

Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 01–21691 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–22–S

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Office of the Secretary

Meeting of the Advisory Council on Dependents' Education

AGENCY: Department of Defense Education Activity (DoDEA).

ACTION: Open meeting notice.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to the Federal Advisory Committee Act, Appendix 2 of title 5, United States Code, Public Law 92–463, notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Advisory Council on Dependents' Education (ACDE) is scheduled to be held on October 4, 2001, from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. The meeting will be held in the 9th floor conference room at the Department of Defense Education Activity (DODEA) located at 4040 North Fairfax Drive, Arlington, Virginia. The purpose of the ACDE is to recommend to the Director, Department of Defense Education Activity (DoDEA), general policies for the operation of the Department of Defense Dependents Schools (DoDDS); to provide the Director with information about effective educational programs and practices that should be considered by DoDDS; and to perform other tasks as may be required by the Secretary of Defense. The meeting emphases will be on quality high schools, headquarters reorganization, system requirements (e.g., personnel issues, customer service), and the ACDE/North Central Association pilot. For further information contact Ms. Marsha Jacobson, at 703–696–4235, extension 1990.

Dated: August 20, 2001.

L.M. Bynum,

Alternate OSD Federal Register Liaison Officer, DoD.

[FR Doc. 01–21636 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 5001–08–M

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Office of the Secretary

Meeting of the President's Information Technology Advisory Committee (PITAC), Formerly the Presidential Advisory Committee on High Performance Computing and Communications, Information Technology, and the Next Generation Internet

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: This notice sets forth the schedule and summary agenda for the next meeting of the President's Information Technolgy Advisory Committee. The meeting will be open to the public. Notice of this meeting is required under the Federal Advisory Committee Act (Pub. L. 92–463).

DATES: September 25, 2001.

ADDRESSES: National Science Foundation, Room 555. 4121 Wilson Boulevard, Arlington, VA 22230.

Proposed Schedule and Agenda: The President's Information Technology

Advisory Committee will meet in open session on September 25, 2001, approximately 8 a.m.–2:45 p.m. The tentative meeting agenda includes:

1. Updates and reports from the PITAC's panels on national security and individual/personal security;
2. Reports from PITAC's discovery/review subcommittees on scalable information infrastructure, high-end computing, software, and socio-economic and workforce issues.
3. A discussion on e-health; and
4. A discussion on e-government.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: The National Coordination Office for Information Technology Research and Development, formerly the National Coordination Office for Computing, Information, and Communications, provides information about the PITAC on its website at www.itrd.gov and can be reached by phone at 703/292–4873. Public seating for this meeting is limited and is available on first come first served basis.

Dated: August 21, 2001.

L.M. Bynum,

Alternate OSD Federal Register, Liaison Officer, Department of Defense.

[FR Doc. 01–21637 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 5001–08–M

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Army

Proposed Collection; Comment Request

AGENCY: Deputy Chief of Staff for Personnel (DAPE–ZXI–RM), DoD.

ACTION: Notice.

In compliance with Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Department of the Army announces a proposed public information collection and seeks public comment on the provisions thereof. Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed information collection; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the information collection on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

DATES: Consideration will be given to all comments received by October 29, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and recommendations on the proposed information collection should be sent to Department of the Army, Military Traffic Management Command, 200 Stovall Street, Alexandria, Virginia 22332–5000, ATTN: MTPP–HR (Alfredo R. Escobar). Consideration will be given to all comments received within 60 days of the date of publication of this notice.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request more information on this proposed information collection or to obtain a copy of the proposal and associated collection instruments, please write to the above address, or call Department of the Army Reports Clearance Officer at (703) 614–0454.

Title, Associated Form, and OMB Number: Uniform Tender of Rates and/or charges for Domestic Transportation Services (DOD/USCG Sponsored HHG) MTHQ Form 43–R, OMB Control Number 0702–0018.

Needs and uses: DoD approved household goods carriers file voluntary rates to engage in the movement of DoD and USCG sponsored shipments within CONUS. HQMTMC evaluates the rates and awards the traffic to low rate responsible carriers whose rates are responsive and most advantageous to the government. The low rate carrier is offered 50% of the traffic at an installation and carriers that meet this rate share in the remaining 50%.

Affected Public: Business or Other For-Profit.

Annual Burden Hours: 3,160.

Number of Respondents: 1,580.

Responses per Respondent: 1.

Average Burden per Response: 30 minutes.

Frequency: Required to Obtain or Retain Benefits.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The MT–HQ Form 43–R is used by intrastate household goods carriers to file rates semi-annually, 1 May—31 October, and 1 November—30 April. Intrastate household goods carriers are required to submit an original and two copies of each rate tender. The original copy is retained at Headquarters, the second copy is furnished to the General Services Administration, and the third is mailed back to the carriers with the official ''ACCEPTED'' stamp.

Luz D. Ortiz,

Army Federal Register Liaison Officer.

[FR Doc. 01–21693 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3710–08–M

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Army

Proposed Collection; Comment Request

AGENCY: Deputy Chief of Staff for Personnel (DAPE–ZXI–RM), DoD.

ACTION: Notice.

In compliance with Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Department of the Army announces a proposed public information collection and seeks public comment on the provisions thereof. Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility, (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed informationn collection; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the information collection on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

DATES: Consideration will be given to all comments received by October 29, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and recommendations on the proposed information collection should be sent to Department of the Army, Military Traffic Management Command, 200 Stovall Street, Alexandria, Virginia 22332–5000, ATTN: MTIM–ITM (Eunice P. Anderson). Consideration will be given to all comments received within 60 days of the date of publication of this notice.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request more information on this proposed information collection or to obtain a copy of the proposal and associated collection, instruments, please write to the above address, or call Department of the Army Reports Clearance Officer at (703) 614–0454.

Title: Department of Defense Standard Tender of Freight Services, MT Form 364–R, OMB Control Number 0704–0261.

Needs and Uses: The information derived from the DoD tenders on file with MTMC is used by MTMC subordinate commands and DoD shippers to select the best value carrier to transport about 1.1 million surface freight shipments annually. This information is also used to develop about 140,000 procurement rate quotations annually.

Affected Public: Business Or Other For-Profit.

Annual Burden Hours: 5,391.

Number of Respondents: 434.

Responses per Respondent: 13.

Average Burden per Response: 20 minutes.

Frequency: On occasion.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Freight carries furnish information in a uniform format so that the Government can determine the cost of transportation, accessorial, and security services and select the best value carriers for 1.1 million Bill of Lading shipments annually. Additionally, DoD tender rate and other pertinent tender data are noted on the Bill of Lading at the time of shipment. The DoD tender also is the source document for the General Services Administration post-shipment audit of carrier freight bills.

Luz D. Oritz,

Army Federal Register Liaison Officer.

[FR Doc. 01–21694 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3710–-8–M

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Army

ARMS Initiative Implementation; Meeting

AGENCY: Department of the Army, DoD.

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to Public Law 92–463, notice is hereby given of the next meeting of the Armament Retooling and Manufacturing Support (ARMS) Executive Advisory Committee (EAC). The EAC encourages the development of new and innovative methods to optimize the asset value of the Government-Owned, Contractor-Operated ammunition industrial base for peacetime and national emergency requirements, while promoting economical and efficient processes at minimal operating costs, retention of critical skills, community economic benefits, and a potential model for defense conversion. This meeting will be hosted by the U.S. Army, Operations Support Command. The purpose of the meeting is to update the EAC and public on the status of ongoing actions, new items of interest, and suggested future direction/actions. Topics for this meeting will include—Policy on Ownership of Property; ARMS Revenue and Revenue Projects; ARMS Approval Process; and Arsenal Support Program Initiative Update. This meeting is open to the public.

Date of Meeting: October 4–5, 2001.

Place of Meeting: Holiday Inn Rosslyn, 1900 North Fort Myer Drive, Arlington, VA 22209.

Time of Meeting: 8:30 a.m. –5 p.m. on October 4 and 7:30 a.m.–12 p.m. on October 5.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Mike Perez, U.S. Army Operations Support Command, Attn: AMSOS–CCM–E, Rock Island Arsenal, IL 61299, phone (309) 782–3360.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A block of rooms has been reserved at the Holiday Inn Rosslyn for the nights of 2–5 October 2001. The Holiday Inn Rosslyn is located at 1900 North Fort Myer Drive, Arlington, VA 22209, Local Phone (703) 807–2000. Please make your reservations by calling 800–368–3408. Be sure to mention the guest code acronym AMC. Reserve your room prior to September 11th to get the Government Rate of $119.00 a night. Also notify this office of your attendance by notifying Mike Perez, *perezm@osc.army.mil,* 309–782–3360 (DSN 793–3360). To insure adequate arrangements (transportation, conference facilities, etc.) for all attendees, we request your attendance notification with this office by September 14, 2001. Corporate casual is meeting attire.

Luz D. Ortiz,

Army Federal Register Liaison Officer.

[FR Doc. 01–21695 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3710–08–M

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Army, Corps of Engineers

Availability of the Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Missouri River Master Water Control Manual Review and Update

AGENCY: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, DoD.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act and implementing regulations, a Revised Draft Environmental Impact Statement (RDEIS) has been prepared to evaluate the environmental impacts of changes in the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) operation of the Missouri River Mainstem Reservoir System. The Missouri River Master Water Control Manual (Master Manual) specifies the operating criteria for the operation of six Corps dams on the mainstem of the Missouri River. The original Master Manual was published in December 1960. Revisions were made in 1973 and 1975 and a revised Master Manual was published in 1975. The existing Master Manual establishes guidelines for operation of the reservoir system for the multiple project purposes of flood control, hydropower, water supply, water quality, irrigation, navigation, recreation, and fish and wildlife. In addition, the existing Master Manual includes criteria for how reservoir storage is divided and how water is released from the reservoirs during navigation and nonnavigation periods. Each year an Annual Operating Plan is developed using the water control plan outlined in the Master Manual as a guide. During the period 1987–1993, the Missouri River basin experienced a moderate to severe drought. There were numerous lawsuits concerning the Corps operation of the reservoirs. In November 1989, the Corps initiated a Review and Update of the Master Manual and published a Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) in 1994. In response to public comment and requests for additional studies received during the comment period following publication of the DEIS, the Corps has revised that document. The RDEIS analyzes the environmental effects of a set of six alternative operating plans for the Master Manual—the current water control plan (CWCP), a modified conservation plan (MCP), and four alternatives that add various Gavins Point Dam releases to the MCP. These latter four alternatives, referred to as the GP options, address changes in water releases from Gavins Point Dam that the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) recommended in their November 2000 Final Biological Opinion (BiOp) for the Corps operation of three Missouri River basin projects. The USFWS feels these changes in releases, in conjunction with other operational and non-operational measures, are necessary to ensure that the Corps operation of the Mainstem Reservoir System is not likely to jeopardize the continued existence of any listed species or result in the destruction or modification of critical habitat for the listed species.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Questions regarding the RDEIS may be sent to Rosemary Hargrave, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Northwestern Division, 12565 West Center Road, Omaha, Nebraska 68114–3869. Ms. Hargrave can also be contacted by telephone at (402) 697–2527, or email at *rosemary.c.hargrave@usace.army.mil.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Missouri River originates at Three Forks, Montana and travels 2,341 miles to its confluence with the Mississippi

River near St. Louis, Missouri, draining one sixth of the United States. The Mainstem Reservoir System consists of six dams and reservoirs located in Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Nebraska. The System has the capacity to store 73.4 million acre-feet of water, which makes it the largest system of reservoirs in North America. Water flowing down the Missouri River is stored in the six lakes and released as needed for project purposes. The planes of conflict surrounding the revision of the Master Manual are numerous, complex, and contentious. While the basin has made historic progress during the last decade, significant controversy still remains. Much controversy centers on proposed changes in spring and summer releases from Gavins Point Dam for three species provided protection under the Endangered Species Act.

There are 30 federally recognized Native American Tribes in the Missouri River Basin. Thirteen reservations are located on the mainstem of the Missouri River. The Tribes are dependent sovereign nations and also hava a Trust relationship with the Corps. The Corps is currently in government-to-government consultation with five Tribes, and urges all of the basin Tribes to enter into consultation with Corps. The RDEIS specifically identifies impacts to Tribes resulting from changes in the operation of the Mainstem Reservoir System. Tribal participation during the public comment period will be developed in partnership with the Tribes.

A 6-month public comment period will follow release of the RDEIS. Oral, written, and electronic comments will be accepted until February 28, 2002. Prior to this date, the Corps will hold Tribal and public informational workshops and hearings throughout the Missouri River basin and at some Mississippi River locations. Dates and locations of these workshops will be provided in a September newsletter and on the Corps' Northwestern Division web page at *http://www.nwd.usace.army.mil*.

Luz D. Ortiz,

Army Federal Register Liaison Officer.

[FR Doc. 01–21696 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3710–62–M

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Army, Corps of Engineers

Intent To Prepare a Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) for the Las Americas Transshipment Port Complex Being Proposed by the Puerto Rico Infrastructure Financing Authority (AFI, Acronym in Spanish)

AGENCY: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, DoD.

ACTION: Notice of intent.

SUMMARY: AFI is proposing the development of the Las Americas Transshipment Port Complex in Puerto Rico. The proposal includes the development of hubs at one or more sites on the south coast of Puerto Rico, in the Municipalities of Ponce, Peñuelas, and Guayanilla. At the proposed site(s), the proposed terminals would need Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act and Section 404 of the Clean Water Act permits. There is a possibility that permits pursuant to Section 103 of the Marine Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act may be required for at one or more sites.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Edwin E. Muñiz, (787) 729–6905/6944, Chief, Antilles Regulatory Section, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, 400 Fernandez Juncos Avenue, San Juan, Puerto Rico 00901.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In September 1999, the Corps of Engineers published a report titled Preliminary Transshipment Port Assessment for Puerto Rico. This study was performed at the request of the Puerto Rico Ports Authority (PRPA). This report includes a preliminary assessment of alternative sites for a potential new transshipment port to be located in Puerto Rico. The sites considered were locations that have the potential to support deep-draft navigation and associated facilities. A total of thirteen sites were considered. The assessment was based on available information combined with the professional knowledge of the Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville District staff, in the planning of waterway systems and associated port development. The assessment was considered preliminary in nature, and it was not prepared to be used as the sole source of information from which to make a final site selection. Nevertheless, the assessment made a recommendation on the most suitable sites. The assessment also recommended further studies that will help provide the additional detailed information required for making a more informed decision concerning the most appropriate location for a future transshipment site.

AFI is proposing the development of the Las Americas Transshipment Port Complex in Puerto Rico. The proposal includes the development of hubs at one or more sites on the south coast of Puerto Rico, in the Municipalities of Ponce, Peñuelas and Guayanilla. AFI stated that a transshipment port complex would represent a major infrastructure development for all Puerto Rico, especially in the south coast of the island.

In the development of a transshipment port complex, there would be considerable dredge and fill activities in the proposed project area, impacting significant wetlands and other special aquatic sites, and other resources. The proposed action may significantly affect the pattern and type of land use (industrial, commercial, agricultural, recreational, residential) and/or growth and distribution of population, may have significant adverse effects on wetlands, including indirect and cumulative effects, or any major part of a structure or facility constructed or operated under the proposed action may be located in wetlands. Also, the proposed action may significantly affect threatened and endangered species or their habitats identified in the Department of the Interior's list.

Pursuant to Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act structures the Corps of Engineers has regulatory authority over structures and/or work in or affecting navigable waters of the United States. under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, the Corps of Engineers has regulatory authority to permit the discharge of dredged or fill material into wetlands and other waters of the United States. Also, under Section 103 of the Marine Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act, the Corps of Engineers has regulatory authority over the transportation of dredged material for the purpose of dumping it in ocean waters at dumping sites designated under 40 CFR part 228. The guidelines pursuant to section 404(b) of the act require that impacts to the aquatic environment be avoided and minimized to the extent practicable. Permit applications for the transportation of dredged material for the purpose of dumping it in ocean waters will be evaluated to determine whether the proposed dumping will unreasonably degrade or endanger human health, welfare, amenities, or the marine environment, ecological systems or economic potentialities.

In determining whether to issue a permit, the Corps must also comply with other requirements including, but not limited to, the Endangered Species Act, the National Environmental Policy Act, the Coastal Zone Management Act, the Magnunson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act Section 401 of the Clean Water Act, and other applicable Federal laws. Modifying land for new uses also involves zoning, land use planning, water management, and other regulatory/planning requirements at the local, Commonwealth, and Federal level.

Alternatives: AFI has presented three alternatives for the development of a transshipment port in Puerto Rico. These alternatives are as follows:

Alternative 1: Immediate development of a deep draft navigation harbor at the Guayanilla and Ponce Bays to accommodate Post-Panamax vessels at both ports. In the Guayanilla Bay this alternative would entail the construction of a 6,000 feet long pier with support facilities capable of handling as many as four Post-Panamax vessels at Punta Guayanilla Peninsula; the discharge of fill material in approximately 110 acres of navigable waters in the Punta Gotay area, Punta Guayanilla Peninsula, for the development of loading-unloading storage area and other support facilities; the development of a 480 acre parcel owned by Union Carbide in Peñuelas adjoining Punta Guayanilla (where a petrochemical complex previously operated and recently selected by the Environmental Protection Agency for inclusion in the Brownfield RCRA Program) for added value activities (approximately 10 acres of wetlands would be filled for the development of value-added activities); and the development and/or improvement of other infrastructure within the Guayanilla Harbor needed to operate the Port efficiently. In Ponce this alternative would consist in the expansion of the existing piers to a length of about 3,000 feet to allow simultaneous handling of as many as two Post-Panamax vessels; the immediate dredging of the navigation channel and berthing areas to a minimum depth of 45 feet to allow the navigation of Post-Panamax vessels and the disposal of the dredged material at either the EPA designated ocean disposal site and/or uplands; and the development of a 90 acres of land adjacent to the port for value-added activities.

Alternative 2: Immediate development of a deep draft navigation harbor at the Guayanilla to handle Post-Panamax vessels and immediate improvements to the Port of Ponce to handle Panamax-class vessels and eventual dredging (5 to 10 years) of the navigation channel and berthing areas to further allow the Port of Ponce to handle Post-Panamax vessels. In the Guayanilla Bay this alternative would entail the construction of a 6,000 feet long pier with support facilities capable of handling as many as four Post-Panamax vessels at Punta Guayanilla Peninsula; the discharge of fill material in approximately 110 acres of navigable waters in the Punta Gotay area, Punta Guayanilla Peninsula, for the development of loading-unloading storage area and other support facilities; the development of a 480 acre parcel owned by Union Carbide in Peñuelas adjoining Punta Guayanilla (where a petrochemical complex previously operated and recently selected by the Environmental Protection Agency for inclusion in the Brownfield RCRA program) for added value activities (approximately 10 acres of wetlands would be filled for the development of value-added activities); and the development and/or improvement of other infrastructure within the Guayanilla Harbor needed to operate the Port efficiently. In Ponce, this alternative would consist of the expansion of the existing piers to a length of about 3,000 feet to initially allow Panamax-type vessels and eventually Post-Panamax vessels; the development of a 90 acres of land adjacent to the port for value-added activities; and the eventual or long-term dredging (5 to 10 years) of the navigation channel and berthing areas to a minimum depth of 45 feet to allow the navigation of Post-Panamax vessels and the disposal of the dredged material at either the EPA designated ocean disposal site and/or uplands.

Alternative 3: Immediate development of a deep draft navigation harbor at the Guayanilla to handle Post-Panamax vessels and immediate rehabilitation of the Port of Ponce to handle Panamax-class vessels. In the Guayanilla Bay this alternative would entail the construction of a 6,000 feet long pier with support facilities capable of handling as many as four Post-Panamax vessels at Punta Guayanilla Peninsula; the discharge of fill material in approximately 110 acres of navigable waters in the Punta Gotay area, Punta Guayanilla Peninsula, for the development of loading-unloading storage area and other support facilities; the development of a 480 acre parcel owned by Union Carbide in Peñuelas adjoining Punta Guayanilla (where a petrochemical complex previously operated and recently selected by the Environmental Protection Agency for inclusion in the Brownfield RCRA Program) for added value activities (approximately 10 acres of wetlands would be filled for the development of value-added activities); and the development and/or improvement of other infrastructure within the Guayanilla Harbor needed to operate the Port efficiently. In Ponce, this alternative would consist of the expansion of the existing piers to a length of about 3,000 feet to allow of Panamax-type vessels; and the development of a 90 acres of land adjacent to the port for value-added activities.

In addition to the above alternatives, the no action alternative and alternatives identified in the Corps of Engineers Preliminary Transshipment Port Assessment For Puerto Rico would also be considered, as well as any other alternative identified during scoping process.

Issues: The EIS will consider impacts on protected species, health, conservation, economics, aesthetics, general environmental concerns, wetlands (and other aquatic resources), historic properties, fish and wildlife values, flood hazards, floodplain values, land use, navigation, shoreline erosion and accretion, recreation, water supply and conservation, water quality, energy needs, safety, food and fiber production, mineral needs, considerations of property ownership, and, in general, the needs and welfare of the people, and other issues identified through scoping, public involvement, and interagency coordination.

Scoping: On April 4, 2001, AFI conducted a transshipment port complex scoping technical meeting with Federal and state Agencies. Additional scoping meeting(s) will be held by the Corps of Engineers with Federal and State Agencies. At this time, there are no plans for a public scoping meeting. If a public scoping meeting is held by the Corps of Engineers, it will be announced. In addition Federal, state and local agencies, as well as interested private organizations and individuals are strongly encouraged to suggest additional alternatives for consideration and otherwise submit comments on the scope of the DEIS.

Public Involvement: We invite the participation of affected Federal, state, and local agencies, and other interested private organizations and individuals by submitting written comments to the information contact provided in this notice.

Coordination: The proposed action is being coordinated with a number of

Federal, Commonwealth, and local agencies including but not limited to the following: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, National Marine Fisheries Service, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, U.S. Coast Guard, Puerto Rico Department of Natural and Environmental Resources, Puerto Rico Environmental Quality Board, Puerto Rico Planning Board, Puerto Rico State Historic Preservation Officer, and other agencies as identified in scoping, public involvement, and agency coordination.

Other Environmental Review and Consultation: The proposed action would involve evaluation for compliance with guidelines pursuant to Section 404(b) of the Clean Water Act, public interest review, application for Water Quality Certification pursuant to Section 401 of the Clean Water Act, and determination of Coastal Zone Management Act consistency.

DEIS Preparation: We estimate that the DEIS will be available to the public on or about November 15, 2001.

Dated: August 20, 2001.

John R. Hall,

Chief, Regulatory Division.

[FR Doc. 01–21698 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3710–AJ–M

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Army, Corps of Engineers

Intent To Prepare a Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) for a General Reevaluation Study of Navigation Improvements at Miami Harbor, Dade County, FL

AGENCY: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, DoD.

ACTION: Notice of intent.

SUMMARY: The Jacksonville District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers intends to prepare a Draft Environmental Impact Statement for Navigation Improvements at Miami Harbor, Dade County, Florida. The study is a cooperative effort between the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and the Miami-Dade County Seaport Department of the Port of Miami.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Rea Boothby, 904–232–3453, Environmental Branch, Planning Division, P.O. Box 4970, Jacksonville, Florida 32232–0019.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

1. Project Background and Authorization

The initial authorization for a Federal channel providing navigation access to the City of Miami occurred in 1902. Later reports and documents recommended further improvement of the harbor's channels, turning basins, and jetties. A Resolution provided by the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the United States House of Representatives dated October 29, 1997 provided the authorization for the current study.

2. Need or Purpose

Improvements, including channel deepening and widening, are required to accommodate future commercial fleet and to more effectively transit the existing fleet. Those improvements would allow commercial ships to call at the harbor with increased draft and cargo tonnage, resulting in transportation cost savings.

3. Proposed Solution and Forecast Completion Date

Widen and deepen the harbor's container ship channels and turning basins. Extend the Federal channel to the west end of Dodge Island. Construction is forecast to begin around October 2003.

4. Prior EAs or EISs

An EIS was prepared in 1985 to accommodate dredging in the Port of Miami.

5. Alternatives

Alternatives currently under consideration include no action, one nonstructural, and five structural alternatives. Six alternatives identified by the Biscayne Bay Pilots and the Miami-Dade County Seaport Department include:

- The first involves flaring the existing 500-foot wide entrance channel to provide an 800-foot wide entrance at buoy 1. Deepening of the entrance channel along Cut–1 and Cut-2 from an existing depth of 44 feet in one-foot increments to a depth of 52 feet will receive consideration.
- The second alternative will consider adding a turn widener between buoys 13 and 15 and deepening to depths of 50 feet.
- Alternative three involves extending the existing Fisher Island turning basin to the north. A turning notch (1600 feet by 1450 feet) extending approximately 500 feet to the north of the existing channel edge along the West End of Cut-3 would require evaluation. Depths from 43 to 50 feet at one-foot increments below the existing depth of 42 feet will receive consideration in the area of the turning notch.
- Alternative four consists of relocating the main channel (cruise ship channel or Cut-4) about 175 feet to the south between channel miles 2 and 3 over a two or three degree transition to the existing cruise ship turning basin. No dredging is expected for alternative four since existing depths allow for continuation of the authorized depth of 36 feet.
- Alternative five proposes to increase the width of the Lummus Island Cut (Fisherman's Channel) about 100 feet to the south of the existing channel. Deepening would include examination of depths below the existing 42-foot depth at one-foot increments from 43 to 50 feet along the proposed widened channel from Cut-3, Station 0+00 to Cut-3, Station 42+00.
- Alternate six includes deepening of Dodge Island Cut and the proposed 1200-foot turning basin from 32 and 34 feet to 36 feet. It also involves relocating the western end of the Dodge Island Cut to accommodate proposed port expansion.

6. Issues

The EIS will consider impacts on seagrasses (including Johnson Seagrass, a threatened species), mangrove, and hardbottom communities, other protected species, Essential Fish Habitat, shore protection, health and safety, water quality, aesthetics and recreation, fish and wildlife resources, cultural resources, energy conservation, socio-economic resources, and other impacts identified through scoping, public involvement, and interagency coordination.

7. Scoping Process

a. A scoping letter was sent to interested parties on January 6, 2000. In addition, all parties were invited to participate in the scoping process by identifying any additional concerns on issues, studies needed, alternatives, procedures, and other matters related to the scoping process.

b. A local, state, and Federal resource agency scoping meeting occurred on March 13, 2000, to determine the areas of coverage for an environmental baseline resource survey. A meeting followed on November 1, 2000, with those resource agencies to review preliminary results.

c. No public scoping meeting is planned at this time.

8. Public Involvement

We invite the participation of affected Federal, state and local agencies, affected Indian tribes, and other interested private organizations and parties.

9. Coordination

The proposed action is being coordinated with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) and the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, with the FWS under the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act, with the NMFS concerning Essential Fish Habitat and with the State Historic Preservation Officer.

10. Other Environmental Review and Consultation

The proposed action would involve evaluation for compliance with guidelines pursuant to Section 404(b) of the Clean Water Act; application (to the State of Florida) for Water Quality Certification pursuant to Section 401 of the Clean Water Act; certification of state lands, easements, and rights of way; and determination of Coastal Zone Management Act consistency.

11. Agency Role

The Corps and the non-Federal sponsor, the Miami-Dade County Seaport of the Port of Miami, will provide extensive information and assistance on the resources to be impacted, mitigation measures, and alternatives.

12. DEIS Preparation

It is estimated that the DEIS will be available to the public on or about November 2001.

Dated: August 10, 2001.

James C. Duck,

Chief, Planning Division.

[FR Doc. 01–21692 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3710–AJ–M

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Army, Corps of Engineers

Intent To Prepare a Draft Supplement Environmental Impact Statement (SEIS) to the 1996 Final Environmental Impact Statement for Coast of Florida Erosion and Storm Effects Study, Region III, Palm Beach, Broward, and Dade County, FL, To Address an Application for a Department of the Army Permit to Nourish Phipps Beach in Palm Beach County, FL

AGENCY: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, DoD

ACTION: Notice of intent.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act and Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers has regulatory authority to permit the discharge of dredge and fill material into waters of the United States. In compliance with its responsibilities under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) of 1969, the Jacksonville District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers intends to prepare a SEIS as a result of the dredge and fill permit application for the Phipps Ocean Park Beach Restoration project located within the Town of Palm Beach, Palm Beach County, Florida.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Brice McKoy, 561–683–0792, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville District, Regulatory Division, South Permits Branch, 400 North Congress Avenue, Suite 130, West Palm Beach, Florida 33401.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Town of Palm Beach, Florida is seeking a Department of Army permit to construct a 1.9-mile beach restoration project located in the Town of Palm Beach, Florida, between Florida Department of Environmental Protection reference monument R–116 and R–126 in the vicinity of Phipps Ocean Park. Approximately 1.5 million cubic yards of sand would be dredged from two borrow areas located approximately 3,500 feet offshore and approximately 1.5 and 2.6 miles south of the fill area. The beach fill profile consists of a +9 ft. NGVD berm elevation with an average construction berm width varying from 190 to 455 ft, with a projected life of 8 years. The shoreline within the project area contains rock outcrops located at and below the mean low water line. This project is located within project segment ''6'' in Palm Beach County and referred to as the ''South-end Palm Beach Island Segment'' in the Coast of Florida Erosion and Storm Effects Study, which was authorized on 16 July 1984, by Section 104 of the 1985 Appropriations Act (Public Law 98–360). The specific study area for this Draft Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement is approximately 1.9 miles of beach, between Sloans Curve and the Ambassador South II Condominium including Phipps Ocean Park and the Palm Beach Par 3 Golf Club, located within the Town of Palm Beach, Florida, in Sections 11, 14, and 23, Township 44 South, Range 43 East.

Alternatives: Alternatives are being considered in the study and will be addressed in the Draft SEIS. These alternatives include: no action alternatives, non-structural alternatives, revetment, beach fill with periodic nourishment, beach fill with periodic nourishment stabilized by an offshore breakwater or submerged artificial reef, beach nourishment with maintenance material from updrift inlet, beach fill and periodic nourishment stabilized by groins, seawalls, beach fill with periodic nourishment and hurricane surge protection sand dune, beach fill with periodic nourishment and hurricane surge protection—offshore breakwaters or submerged artificial reefs, nearshore berms, beach fill with nearshore berms, stabilization of beaches and dunes by vegetation, feeder beach: beach fill strategically located to nourish downdrift erosion problem areas, relocation of structures, flood proofing of structures, abandon or modify navigation projects, sand tightening of jetties, upgrading on construction of sand transfer plants for renourishment; dune restoration, PEP reef, and various combinations of the above.

Issues: The Draft SEIS will consider impacts on protected species, health, conservation, economics, aesthetics, general environmental concerns, wetlands (and other aquatic resources), historic properties, fish and wildlife value, flood hazards, floodplain values, land use, navigation, recreation, water supply and conservation, water quality, energy needs, safety, food and fiber production, mineral needs, considerations of property ownership, and, in general, the needs and welfare of the people, and other issues identified through scoping, public involvement and interagency coordination.

Scoping: The scoping process will involve Federal, State, county, municipal agencies, and other interested persons and organizations. A scoping letter will be sent to interested Federal, State, county and municipal agencies requesting their comments and concerns. Any persons and organizations wishing to participate in the scoping process should contact the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers at the above address. Significant issues that are anticipated include concern for nearshore and offshore hard bottom communities, fisheries, water quality, threatened and endangered species, and cultural resources.

Public Involvement: We invite the participation of affected federal, state and local agencies, affected Indian tribes, and other private organizations and parties by submitting written comments to the information contact provided in this notice.

Coordination: Coordination with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service has been completed in compliance with Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act. Coordination with the National Marine Fisheries Service will be accomplished in compliance with Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act. Coordination

required by applicable Federal and State laws and policies will be conducted. Since the project will require the discharge of material into waters of the United States, the discharge will comply with the provisions of Section 404 of the Clean Water Act as amended and Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act.

Other Environmental Review and Consultation: The State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection has released a notice of intent to issue, File Number 0165332–001–JC, or the proposed project pursuant to Section 401 of the Clean Water Act.

This proposed action may also require certification of State lands, easements, and rights of way.

Draft SEIS Preparation: It is estimated that the Draft SEIS will be available to the public during October of 2001.

Luz D. Ortiz,

Army Federal Register Liaison Officer.

[FR Doc. 01–21699 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3710–AJ–M

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Army, Corps of Engineers

Intent To Prepare a Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) for the Rio Salado Oeste Feasibility Study, Phoenix, AZ

AGENCY: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, DoD.

ACTION: Notice of intent.

SUMMARY: The Los Angeles District of U.S. Army Corps of Engineers will prepare a DEIS to support the Rio Salado Oeste Feasibility Study, Phoenix, Arizona. The study area is the Salt River (*Rio Salado* in Spanish) between 19th Avenue and 83rd Avenue. This study will investigate feasible alternatives to restore the native riparian ecosystem, to increase passive recreation associated with the ecosystem restoration, and to improve flood control. The DEIS will analyze the potential impacts (beneficial and adverse) on the environment of a range of alternatives, including the recommended plan.

The Los Angeles District and the City of Phoenix will cooperate in conducting this feasibility study.

ADDRESSES: District Engineer, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Los Angeles District, ATTN: CESPL–PD–RQ (R. Farve), P.O. Box 532711, Los Angeles, California 90053–2325.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Rey Favre, Environmental Coordinator, telephone (213)–452–3864, or Ms. Kayla Eckert, Study Manager, telephone (602)–640–2003.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

1. Authorization. This feasibility study is conducted under the authority given in Section 6 of the Flood Control Act of 1938, dated June 28, 1938, and in accordance with House Resolution 2425 (HR 2425), dated May 17, 1994. HR 2425 states, in part: ''* * * the Secretary of Army is requested to review reports of the Chief of Engineers on the State of Arizona * * * in the interest of flood damage reduction, environmental protection and restoration and related purposes.''

2. Background. The feasibility study area is located on the Salt River (*Rio Salado* in Spanish) in Phoenix, Arizona, between 19th Avenue and 83rd Avenue. The Rio Salado Oeste (Salt River—West) study area is just west of the authorized Rio Salado project and just east of the authorized Tres Rios Project. Like the Tres Rios and Rio Salado Projects, the primary purpose of the Rio Salado Oeste Study is environmental restoration. The non-federal sponsor of the feasibility study is the City of Phoenix.

3. Alternatives. The Los Angeles district will investigate and evaluate all reasonable alternatives to provide for the restoration of Sonoran riparian vegetation and associated native wildlife, to improve flood control along the river between 67th and 75th Avenues, and to increase passive recreation and educational opportunities inked to the restoration of the environment. Significant beneficial impacts to the environment are expected from the restoration native riparian habitats in the area.

4. Scoping Process. Participation of all interested Federal, State, and County agencies, groups with environmental interests, and any interested individuals are encouraged. Public involvement will be most beneficial and worthwhile in identifying the scope of pertinent, significant environmental issues to be addressed, identifying and eliminating from detailed study issues that are not significant, offering useful information such as published or unpublished data, providing direct personal experience or knowledge which informs decision making, and recommending suitable mitigation measures to offset potential impacts from the proposed action or alternatives.

A public scoping meeting has been tentatively scheduled for sometime in September 2001. When available, the specific date, time, and location of this meeting will be announced in a mailing to those on the mailing list developed for this project, and announced through local media channels. The purpose of the scoping meeting will be to gather information from the general public or interested organizations about issues and concerns that they would like to see addressed in the DEIS. Comments may be delivered in writing or verbally at the meeting or sent in writing to the Los Angeles District at the address given above. The scoping period will conclude 60 days after publication of this NOI.

5. Availability of the DEIS. The DEIS is expected to be available to the public for review and comment beginning in the summer of 2004.

Luz D. Ortiz,

Army Federal Register Liaison.

[FR Doc. 01–21697 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3710–KF–M

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Navy

Notice of Availability of Invention for Licensing; Government-Owned Inventions

AGENCY: Department of the Navy, DOD.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The inventions listed below are assigned to the United States Government as represented by the Secretary of the Navy and are made available for licensing by the Department of the Navy.

The following patents and patent applications are available for licensing:

U.S. Patent Number 5,972,136: Liquid Propellant.//U.S. Patent Number 6,177,033 B1: Nitration of Organics in Carbon Dioxide.//U.S. Patent Number 6,173,650 B1: MEMS Energetic Actuator with Integrated Safety and Arming System for a Slapper/EFI Detonator.// U.S. Patent Number 6,258,983 B1: Method of Preparing Solid Hydroxylamine Nitrate.//U.S. Patent Number 6,165,295: GAS–Generating Liquid Compositions (PERSOL 1).//U.S. Patent Number 6,219,218 B1: Magnetic Flux Suppression System.//U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 09/907,879: Contact Comparator and Method of Operation.//U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 9/594,810: Lockable Electro-Optical High Voltage Device for Slapper Detonators.//U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 09/620,128: MEMS Vertical to Horizontal Motion Translation Device.//U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 09/697,252: Reduced Burning Rate Incendiary Composition.//U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 09/588,384: Use for Gas Generating Liquid Composition

(PERSOL 1).//U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 09/832,157: Low Vulnerability Airbag Propellant.//

ADDRESSES: Requests for copies of the inventions cited should be directed to Dr. J. Scott Deiter, Head, Technology Transfer Office, Naval Surface Warfare Center, Indian Head Division, Code 05T, 101 Strauss Avenue, Indian Head, MD 20640–5035.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. J. Scott Deiter, Head, Technology Transfer Office, Naval Surface Warfare Center, Indian Head Division, Code 05T, 101 Strauss Avenue, Indian Head, MD 20640–5035, telephone (301) 744–6111.

(Authority: 35 U.S.C. 207; 37 CFR part 404.)

Dated: August 17, 2001.

S.K. Melancon,

Paralegal Specialist, Office of the Judge Advocate General, Alternate Federal Register Liaison Officer.

[FR Doc. 01–21671 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3810–FF–P

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Navy

Notice of Availability of Invention for Licensing; Government-Owned Invention

AGENCY: Department of the Navy, DOD.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The invention listed below is assigned to the United States Government as represented by the Secretary of the Navy and is available for licensing by the Department of the Navy. U.S. Patent No. 6,264,543 entitled ''Meat Tenderization and Sterilization Using Axial Planer Shockwaves.''

ADDRESSES: Requests for copies of the patent cited should be directed to Coastal Systems Station, Dahlgren Division, NSWC, 6703 W. Hwy 98, Code CP20L, Panama City, FL 32407–7001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Harvey A. Gilbert, Counsel, Coastal Systems Station, 6703 W. Hwy 98, Code CP20L, Panama City, FL 32407–7001, telephone (850) 234–4646.

(Authority: 35 U.S.C. 207, 37 CFR part 404)

Dated: August 16, 2001.

S.K. Melancon,

Paralegal Specialist, Office of the Judge Advocate General, Alternate Federal Register Liaison Officer.

[FR Doc. 01–21672 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3810–FF–P

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Navy

Notice of Availability of Invention for Licensing; Government-Owned Invention

AGENCY: Department of the Navy, DOD.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The invention listed below is assigned to the United States Government as represented by the Secretary of the Navy and is available for licensing by the Department of the Navy. U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/898,360 entitled ''Video Converter Board,'' Navy Case No. 83,093.

ADDRESSES: Requests for copies of the patent cited should be directed to the Naval Surface Warfare Center, Crane Division, Code OCF, building 64, 300 Highway 361, Crane, IN 47522–5001 and must include the Navy Case number.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Darrell Boggess, Intellectual Property Office, Naval Surface Warfare Center, Crane Division, Code OCF, Building 64, 300 Highway 361, Crane, IN 47522–5001, telephone (812) 854–1130.

(Authority: 35 U.S.C. 207, 37 CFR part 404)

Dated: August 16, 2001.

S.K. Melancon,

Paralegal Specialist, Office of the Judge Advocate General, Alternate Federal Register Liaison Officer.

[FR Doc. 01–21673 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3810–FF–P

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Navy

Meeting of the Board of Visitors to the U.S. Naval Academy

AGENCY: Department of the Navy, DOD.

ACTION: Notice of partially closed meeting.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Naval Academy Board of Visitors will meet to make such inquiry as the Board shall deem necessary into the state of morale and discipline, the curriculum, instruction, physical equipment, fiscal affairs, and academic methods of the Naval Academy. During this meeting inquiries will relate to the internal personnel rules and practices of the Academy, may involve on-going criminal investigations, and include discussions of personal information the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy. The executive session of this meeting will be closed to the public.

DATES: The meeting will be held on Friday, September 7, 2001, from 9 a.m. to 12 p.m. The closed Executive Session will be held from 11:15 a.m. to 12:00 p.m.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held in Room 385 of the Russell Senate Office Building, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lieutenant Commander Thomas E. Osborn, Executive Secretary to the Board of Visitors, Office of the Superintendent, U.S. Naval Academy, Annapolis, MD 21402–5000, telephone (410) 293–1503.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice of meeting is provided per the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App. 2). The executive session of the meeting will consist of discussions of information which pertain to the conduct of various midshipmen at the Naval Academy and internal Board of Visitors matters. Discussion of such information cannot be adequately segregated from other topics, which precludes opening the executive session of this meeting to the public. In accordance with 5 U.S.C. App. 2, section 10(d), the Secretary of the Navy has determined in writing that the special committee meeting shall be partially closed to the public because they will be concerned with matters as outlined in section 552(b)(2), (5), (6), and (7) of title 5, U.S.C. Due to unavoidable delay in administrative processing, the normal 15 days notice could not be provided.

Dated: August 23, 2001.

T.J. Welsh,

Lieutenant Commander, Judge Advocate General's Corps, U.S. Navy, Federal Register Liaison Officer.

[FR Doc. 01–21828 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3810–FF–U

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Navy

Notice of Performance Review Board Membership

AGENCY: Department of the Navy, DOD.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 4314(c)(4), the Department of the Navy (DON) announces the appointment of members to the DON's numerous Senior Executive Service (SES) Performance Review Boards (PRBs). The purpose of the PRBs is to provide fair and impartial review of the annual SES performance

appraisal prepared by the senior executive's immediate and second level supervisor; to make recommendations to appointing officials regarding acceptance or modification of the performance rating; and to make recommendations for monetary performance awards. Composition of the specific PRBs will be determined on an ad hoc basis from among individuals listed below:

Ackley, V. H. Mr.
Akin, M. G. Mr.
Allen, R. Mr.
Altwegg, D. M. Mr.
Antanitus, D. Radm
Antoine, C. S. Mr.
Aviles, D. M. Hon.
Bailey, W. C. Mr.
Baugh, D. E. Radm
Bauman, D. M. Mr.
Blair, A. K. Ms.
Bonwich, S. M. Mr.
Bowlin, J. Capt
Boyd, W. R. Mr.
Brant, D. L. Mr.
Breedlove, W. J. Dr.
Brown, P. F. Mr.
Cali, R. T. Mr.
Camp, J. R. Mr.
Carpenter, A. W. Ms.
Catrambone, G. P. Mr.
Chenevey, J. Radm
Cieslak, R. C. Mr.
Cipriano, J. R. Mr.
Clark, C. A. Ms.
Cochrane Jr, E. R. Mr.
Cobb, B. Radm
Coffey, T. Dr.
Cohen, J. M. Radm
Cohn, H. Mr.
Cole, D. A. Mr.
Commons, G. L. Ms.
Cook, J. Radm
Cosgriff, K. Radm
Crabtree, T. R. Mr.
Cuddy, J. V. Mr.
Curtis, D. I. Mr.
Davis, J. Radm
Decker, M. H. Mr.
Demarco, R. Dr.
Doherty, L. M. Dr.
Dominguez, M. I. Mr.
Dudley, W. S. Dr.
Durand, S. R. Ms.
Durham, D. L. Dr.
Dwher, D. Radm
Dyer, J. W. Radm
Ehrler, S. M. Mr.
Ellis, W. G. Mr.
Enewold, S. Radm
Engelhardt, B. B. Radm
Essig, T. W. Mr.
Evans, G. L. Ms.
Feigley, J. M. BGen
Filippi, D. M. Ms.
Florip, T. F. Mr.
Flynn, B. P. Ms.
Ford, F. B. Mr.
Franken, D. J. Mr.
Franklin, R. E. Mr.
Glasco, L. M. Mr.
Godwin, G. Rdml
Gottfried, J. M. Ms.
Greenert, J. W. Radm
Haas, R. L. Mr.
Hagedorn, G. D. Mr.
Haines, R. C. Mr.
Hamilton, C. Rdml
Hammond, R. E. Mr.
Handel, T. H. Mr.
Hannah, B. W. Dr.
Hauenstein, W. H. Mr.
Haynes, R. S. Mr.
Hefferon, J. J. Mr.
Henry, M. G. Mr.
Hildebrandt, A. H. Mr.
Hogue, R. D. Mr.
Holaday, D. A. Mr.
Honecker, M. W. Mr.
Hough, M. MajGen
Howard, J. S. Mr.
Howell, D. S. Ms.
Howie, H. K. Mr.
Hubbell, P. C. Mr.
Jenkins, G. H. Radm
Johnston, K. J. Dr.
Kadane, J. Mr.
Kaskin, J. D. Mr.
Keil, J. G. Mr.
Kelly, L. J. Mr.
Kleintop, M. U. Ms.
Knapp, R. Radm
Kolb, R. C. DR.
Krasik, S. A. Ms.
Kreitzer, L. P. Mr.
Lacey, M. E. Mrs.
Laraia, J. R. Mr.
Laux, T. E. Mr.
Leach, R. A. Mr.
Leboeuf, G. G. Mr.
Leggieri, S. R. Ms.
Lehnert, M. R. BGen
Lewis, R. D. Ms.
Lippert, K. W. Radm
Lisiewski, R. S. Mr.
Loftus, J. V. Ms.
Long, L. A. Ms.
Loose, M. K. Radm
Lopata, F. A. Mr.
Lowell, P. M. Mr.
Lynch, J. G. Mr.
Maltbie JR, W. F. Mr.
Mangels, K. H. Mr.
Marquis, S. L. Dr.
Martin, R. J. Mr.
Masciarelli, J. R. Mr.
Mathis, M. Radm
Mattheis, W. G. Mr.
McDonnell, T. E. Mr.
McEleny, J. F. Mr.
McGinn, D. V. Vadm
McKissock, G. S. LtGen
McNair, J. W.
Meadows, L. J. Ms.
Melcher, G. K. Mr.
Merritt, D. L. Mr.
Merritt, M. M. Mr.
Meserole Jr., M. Mr.
Miller, K. E. Mr.
Mohler, M. K. Mr.
Molzahn, W. R. Mr.
Morral, D. Rdml
Moore, S. B. Mr.
Morehouse, B. L. Ms.
Morris, D. A. Mr.
Moy, J. W. Mr.
Murphy, P. M. Mr.
Muth, C. C. Ms.
Nans, C. Col
Navas Jr., W. A. Gen
Neerman, D. W. Mr.
Nehman, J. Mr.
Nemfakos, C. P. Mr.
Newton, L. A. Ms.
Nickell JR, J. R. Mr.
Nyland, W. L. LtGen
O'Driscoll, M. J. Mr.
Olsen, M .A. Ms.
Panek, R. L. Mr.
Parks, G. L. LtGen
Paulk, R. D. Ms.
Payne, T. Mr.
Pennisi, R. A. Mr.
Persons, B. J. Mr.
Phelps, F. A. Mr.
Polzin, J. E. Mr.
Porter, D. E. Mr.
Powers, B. F. Mr.
Prine, R. Mr.
Randall, S. R. Mr.
Raps, S. P. Ms.
Rau, D. Capt
Roark Jr., J. E. Mr.
Robinson, W. M. Mr.
Roberson, E. S. Ms.
Roby, C. J. Ms.
Roderick, B. A. Mr.
Rosenthal, R. J. Mr.
Ryan, P. J. Radm
Ryzewic, W. H. Mr.
Saalfeld, F. Dr.
Sandel, E. A. Ms.
Saul, E. L. Mr.
Savitsky, W. D. Mr.
Schaefer, J. C. Mr.
Schaefer Jr., W. J. Mr.
Schneider, P. A. Mr.
Schubert, D. Capt
Schuster Jr., J. G. Mr.
Sharp, M. Rdml
Shea, R. M. MajGen
Sheck, E. E. Mr.
Shephard, M. R. Ms.
Shoup, F. E. Dr.
Sirmalis, J. E. Dr.
Slocum, W. S. Mr.
Smiley, R. E, Dr.
Somoroff, A. R. Dr.
Spinrad, R. Dr.
Stelloh-Garner, C. Ms.
Storey, R. C. Mr.
Stussie, W. A. Mr.
Tamburrino, P. M. Mr.
Tarrant, N. J. Ms.
Thomas, J. R. BGen

Thomas, R. O. Mr.
Thompson, R. C. Mr.
Throckmorton Jr., E. L. Mr.
Townsend, D. K. Ms.
Trammell, R. K. Mr.
Tullar, E.W. Mr.
Turner, R.F. Mr.
Turnquist, C.J. Mr.
Uhler, D.G. Dr.
Viccione, D.E. Dr.
Waldman, M.B. Mr.
Welch, B.S. Ms.
Wennergren, D.M. Mr.
Weyman, A.S. Mr.
Whiton, H.W. RAdm
Whittemore, A. Ms.
Williams, G.P. Mr.
Wright, J.W. Dr.
Young, C.B. Radm
Young, J.J. Hon.
Yount, G.R. Radm
Zeman, A.R. Dr.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Carmen Arrowood, Office of the Assistant Secretary, Manpower and Reserve Affairs, 1000 Navy Pentagon, Washington, DC 20350–1000, telephone (703) 696–5165.

Dated: August 16, 2001.

S.K. Melancon,

Paralegal Specialist, Office of the Judge Advocate General, Alternate Federal Register Liaison Officer.

[FR Doc. 01–21674 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3810–FF–P

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

AGENCY: Department of Education.

SUMMARY: The Leader, Regulatory Information Management Group, Office of the Chief Information Officer invites comments on the submission for OMB review as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

DATES: Interested persons are invited to submit comments on or before September 27, 2001..

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be addressed to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attention: Karen Lee, Desk Officer, Department of Education, Office of Management and Budget, 725 17th Street, NW., Room 10202, New Executive Office Building, Washington, DC 20503 or should be electronically mailed to the internet address Karen_F._Lee@omb.eop.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 3506 of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35) requires that the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) provide interested Federal agencies and the public an early opportunity to comment on information collection requests. OMB may amend or waive the requirement for public consultation to the extent that public participation in the approval process would defeat the purpose of the information collection, violate State or Federal law, or substantially interfere with any agency's ability to perform its statutory obligations. The Leader, Regulatory Information Management Group, Office of the Chief Information Officer, publishes that notice containing proposed information collection requests prior to submission of these requests to OMB. Each proposed information collection, grouped by office, contains the following: (1) Type of review requested, e.g. new, revision, extension, existing or reinstatement; (2) Title; (3) Summary of the collection; (4) Description of the need for, and proposed use of, the information; (5) Respondents and frequency of collection; and (6) Reporting and/or Recordkeeping burden. OMB invites public comment.

Dated: August 22, 2001.

John Tressler,

Leader, Regulatory Information Management, Office of the Chief Information, Officer.

Office of the Chief Financial Officer

Type of Review: New.
Title: Application for Federal Education Assistance (ED Form 424) Clearance Package.
Frequency: Annually.
Affected Public: State, Local, or Tribal Gov't, SEAs or LEAs; Individuals or household; Not-for-profit institutions.
Reporting and Recordkeeping Hour Burden:
Responses: 17,000.
Burden Hours: 4,250.
Abstract: Need to collect information necessary for the processing of various Department of Education grant program's application packets from State and Local educational agencies and institutions of higher education. Information is used by program offices to determine eligibility and facilitate in the disbursement of program funds.

Requests for copies of the proposed information collection request may be accessed from *http://edicsweb.ed.gov,* or should be addressed to Vivian Reese, Department of Education, 400 Maryland Avenue, SW, Room 4050, Regional Office Building 3, Washington, DC 20202–4651. Requests may also be electronically mailed to the internet address OCIO_RIMG@ed.gov or faxed to 202–708–9346. Please specify the complete title of the information collection when making your request.

Comments regarding burden and/or the collection activity requirements should be directed to Jacqueline Montague at (202) 708–5359 or via her internet address *Jackie.Montague@ed.gov.* Individuals who use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) may call the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at 1–800–877–8339.

[FR Doc. 01–21649 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4000–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

National Nuclear Security Administration; Stewardship Science Academic Alliances Program

AGENCY: National Nuclear Security Administration (NNSA), U. S. Department of Energy (DOE).

ACTION: Notice of intent to solicit applications.

SUMMARY: In continuation of the Inertial Fusion Science in Support of Stockpile Stewardship Grant Program, the DOE announces that it plans to expand this university program and conduct a competitive solicitation for research projects in additional areas of fundamental science relevant to the NNSA stockpile stewardship program. The stockpile stewardship program is based on a leading-edge scientific approach to meeting the challenges of ensuring the safety, reliability, and performance of the nuclear weapon stockpile in the absence of testing. The Stewardship Science Academic Alliances Program is sponsored by the Office of Research, Development and Simulation, in the DOE/NNSA Office of Defense Programs (DP). When issued, Solicitation No. DE–PS03–01SF22349 will invite universities and academic institutions to submit cooperative agreement or research grant applications. The total amount of funding expected to be available for the Fiscal Year 2002 (FY02) program cycle is approximately $10,000,000. Multiple awards are anticipated.

ADDRESSES: The formal solicitation document will be disseminated electronically as Solicitation Number DE–PS03–01SF22349, Stewardship Science Academic Alliances Program, through the Industry Interactive Procurement System (IIPS) located at the following URL: *http://e-center.doe.gov.* IIPS provides the medium for disseminating solicitations, receiving financial assistance applications and evaluating the applications in a paperless

environment. Completed applications are required to be submitted via IIPS. Individuals who have the authority to enter their University or Academic Institution into a financial assistance award and intend to submit proposals/applications via the IIPS system must register and receive confirmation that they are registered prior to being able to submit an application on the IIPSsystem. An IIPS ''User Guide for Contractor'' can be obtained by going to the IIPS Homepage at the following URL: *http://e-center.doe.gov* and then clicking on the ''Help'' button. Questions regarding the operation of IIPS may be e-mailed to the IIPS Help Desk at IIPS *HelpDesk@e-center.doe.gov* or call the help desk at (800) 683–0751.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Bertha Crisp, Contract Specialist, *bertha.crisp@oak.doe.gov*.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The solicitation document will contain all the information relative to this action for prospective applicants. The solicitation is targeted for release in late September 2001. Pre-applications and applications will be subject to scientific peer review against predetermined, published criteria. Consideration will be given to a broad spectrum of proposed university programs, ranging from single-investigator projects to comprehensive Centers of Excellence. Final selection of successful applications will be made by the DOE/NNSA. It is anticipated that multiple Cooperative Agreements and Research Grants will be awarded within the available funding. The stockpile stewardship mission focuses on both an increased fundamental understanding of basic physical phenomena associated with stockpile performance, safety, and reliability, as well as on sustaining a comprehensive set of core science and technology competencies in the NNSA/DP complex. Under the Stewardship Science Academic Alliances Program, the NNSA will consider applications for university-based research in fields of physical sciences that are relevant to stockpile stewardship and which fall within the areas of research supported by the NNSA/DP Office of Research, Development and Simulation. An objective of the Stewardship Science Academic Alliances Program is to complement the current NNSA/DP Accelerated Strategic Computing Initiative (ASCI) Academic Strategic Alliances Program (ASAP) by emphasizing primarily experimental research in the following physical sciences areas:

A.—Properties of Materials under Extreme Conditions and Hydrodynamics: This research area includes the static and dynamic (i.e., shock-compressed) properties of materials under conditions of high-pressure, high-temperature (1–10 eV regime), high-strain and high-strain-rate, and hydrodynamic experiments in low-energy-density physics regimes where materials properties (strength, etc.) dominate.

B.—High-Energy-Density Physics and Fluid Dynamics: This research area includes plasma physics, properties of materials under high-energy-density conditions, inertial fusion, atomic physics, radiation generation, the interaction of radiation with matter, and the physics of turbulence and fluid interfaces.

C.—Low-Energy Nuclear Science: This research area includes experimental and theoretical investigations leading to greater accuracy in the knowledge of cross sections of stable and unstable nuclei and corresponding reaction rates for neutron-, γ- and ion-induced reactions of relevance to the stockpile for both simulation and radiochemistry diagnosis.

Additional topics of interest may be added pending clarification of funding for FY02. All work funded through this program will be unclassified.

Issued in Oakland, CA, on August 21, 2001.

Ernest Rios,

Director, Financial Assistance Center, Oakland Operations Office.

[FR Doc. 01–21666 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6450–01–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL–7044–2]

Office of Research and Development, National Center for Environmental Assessment, Board of Scientific Counselors' Subcommittee Meeting

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to the Federal Advisory Committee Act, Public Law 92–463, as amended (5 U.S.C., App. 2) notification is hereby given that the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Research and Development (ORD), National Center for Environmental Assessment (NCEA), Board of Scientific Counselors Subcommittee (BOSC), will hold a public meeting.

DATES: The meeting will be held on October 10 & 11, 2001. The meeting will begin at 9 am on October 10 and adjourn at approximately 5 pm on October 11. All times noted are Eastern Time.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held at the Charles Glover Building, 808 17th Street, NW., 4th Floor Conference Room, Washington, DC 20006. Seating is limited; therefore, you must notify Joanna Foellmer, Designated Federal Official, Board of Scientific Counselors Subcommittee, to confirm attendance no later than October 4 (address listed below).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Joanna Foellmer at (202) 564–3208.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Board of Scientific Counselors (BOSC) was established to provide objective and independent counsel to the Office of Research and Development (ORD) on the management and operation of ORD's research programs. The primary functions of BOSC are: (1) To evaluate science and engineering research programs, laboratories, and research-management practices of ORD and recommend actions to improve their quality and/or strengthen their relevance to the mission of the EPA; and (2) to evaluate and provide advice concerning the use of peer review within ORD to sustain and enhance the quality of science in EPA.

In September 1997, a programmatic review of ORD's National Center of Environmental Assessment (NCEA) by an Ad Hoc Subcommittee of the BOSC provided an opportunity for NCEA to look at its past, present, and future. As part of the review, the staff and management of NCEA prepared a ''Self-Study Report,'' which was submitted to the BOSC Subcommittee for pre-meeting review. During the meeting, the Subcommittee discussed the Self-Study Report responses with NCEA management and staff. They gathered additional comments from the staff regarding the organization, management, human resources, and their professional relationships with the Agency and with external users of NCEA products. A final report from the BOSC Ad Hoc Subcommittee, dated April 1998, was submitted to NCEA. The final report included the conclusions and recommendations of the Subcommittee based on the input from the meeting, the Self Study Report, and the experience of the Subcommittee.

Since the 1998 report, NCEA has worked to refocus some of its activities and directions in response to the recommendations of the Subcommittee and in the context of the EPA and ORD Strategic Plans. As a next step, standing BOSC Subcommittees have been

developed that will work closely with the individual ORD laboratories and centers. The membership of each of the standing subcommittees have been selected to reflect the missions of each ORD component within the risk assessment paradigm. The upcoming meeting is the first step in this working partnership between the NCEA–BOSC Subcommittee and NCEA management and staff.

NCEA is in process of developing a response to a series of questions that were submitted by the BOSC to help the NCEA–BOSC Subcommittee gauge the progress of the Center since its 1997 review and to evaluate science and planning activities that NCEA has developed to address the priorities and directions included in the EPA and ORD Strategic Plans. The October meeting will include a discussion of the NCEA responses to the questions and opportunities for public comment.

Anyone desiring a draft agenda may fax their request to Joanna Foellmer at Fax Number 202–565–0061. If you would prefer to e-mail your request, the address is: *Foellmer.Joanna@epa.gov.* Any member of the public wishing to make a presentation at the meeting should contact Joanna Foellmer, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Research and Development, National Center for Environmental Assessment, (Mail Code: 8601D), 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20460; or by telephone at (202) 564–3208. In general, each individual making an oral presentation will be limited to a total of three minutes. Requests for oral comments must be in writing (e-mail, fax or mail) and received by Joanna Foellmer no later than noon Eastern Time one week prior to the meeting. E-mail must be in WordPerfect formats suitable for Windows 95/98. The draft report will be available in mid September. Anyone interested in a copy can download the file off the internet. Please contact Joanna Foellmer for the correct internet address.

Dated: August 21, 2001.

Art Payne,

Acting Deputy Director for Management, National Center for Environmental Assessment.

[FR Doc. 01–21706 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[SWH–FRL–7044–1]

Recovered Materials Advisory Notice IV

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Notice of Draft Document for Review.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA or the Agency) today is providing notice of the issuance of a draft Recovered Materials Advisory Notice (RMAN IV). The RMAN provides guidance to procuring agencies for purchasing certain items containing recovered materials. Under section 6002 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, EPA designates items that are or can be made with recovered materials and provides recommendations for the procurement of these items. Elsewhere in today's **Federal Register**, EPA is proposing to designate 11 items under RCRA Section 6002. EPA is proposing to designate the following: bike racks, blasting grit, cement and concrete containing cenospheres, cement and concrete containing silica fume, modular threshold ramps, nonpressure pipe, nylon carpet and nylon carpet backing, office furniture, rebuilt vehicular parts, roofing materials, and tires. Today's draft RMAN IV contains recommended recovered materials content levels for these items.

Today's draft RMAN IV also includes revisions to EPA's previous recommendations for polyester carpet issued in RMAN I (60 FR 21386, May 1, 1995). Previously, EPA designated polyester carpet for use in low- and medium-wear applications and referenced those applications in the RMAN. Since the issuance of EPA's designation and recommendations for polyester carpet, the Carpet and Rug Institute (CRI) has issued new carpet use classifications. Under CRI's new classifications, certain applications that EPA has considered to be low- and medium-wear are now classified as moderate- and heavy-wear applications. Therefore, today's draft RMAN revises the recommendations for polyester carpet to recommend its use in certain moderate- and heavy-wear applications, such as those found in single family housing units, private offices, and similar applications. Today's draft RMAN IV also recommends that when procuring agencies purchase new carpet, they also consider making arrangements to have their old carpet collected and recycled or otherwise reused to make new carpeting.

Today's draft RMAN IV proposes revisions to EPA's previous recommendations for railroad grade crossing surfaces by adding recommended recovered materials content levels for railroad grade crossing surfaces containing recovered wood and plastic. In addition, today's draft RMAN proposes to revise EPA's previous recommendations for consolidated and reprocessed latex paint issued in RMAN II (62 FR 60975, November 13, 1997). In RMAN II, EPA recommended that procuring agencies refer to federal specification TT–P–2846 when purchasing recycled paint. (See Section C–7–Latex Paint.) EPA has recently learned that the General Services Administration (GSA) has cancelled this specification and will replace it with commercial item description (CID) A–A–3185. A copy of this CID will be placed in the RCRA public docket for today's notice when it becomes available. In the final RMAN IV, EPA intends to revise Section C–7 of the RMAN to delete reference to federal specification TT–P–2846 and replace it with reference to CID A–A–3185.

DATES: EPA will accept public comments on the recommendations contained in the draft RMAN IV until October 29, 2001.

ADDRESSES: To comment on this notice, please send an original and two copies of comments to: RCRA Information Center (5305W), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Ariel Rios Building, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20460. Please place the docket number F–2001–CP4P–FFFFF on your comments.

If any information is confidential, it should be identified as such. An original and two copies of Confidential Business Information (CBI) must be submitted under separate cover to: Document Control Officer (5305), Office of Solid Waste, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Ariel Rios Building, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW.,Washington, DC 20460.

Documents related to today's notice are available for viewing at the RCRA Information Center (RIC), located at: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1235 Jefferson Davis Highway, Ground Floor, Crystal Gateway One, Arlington, VA 22202. The RIC is open from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. Monday through Friday, except for federal holidays. The public must make an appointment to review docket materials. Call (703) 603–9230 for appointments. Copies cost $.15 per page.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For general information contact the RCRA Call Center at (800) 424–9346 or TDD (800) 553–7672 (hearing impaired). In the Washington, DC metropolitan area, call (703) 412–9810 or TDD (703) 412–3323. For technical information on individual item recommendations, contact Terry Grist at (703) 308–7257.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. What Is the Statutory Authority for This Proposed Action?

The draft Recovered Materials Advisory Notice (RMAN IV) is issued under the authority of sections 2002(a) and 6002 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (RCRA), as amended; and 42 U.S.C. 6912(a) and 2962. EPA is also issuing RMAN IV to comply with section 502 of Executive Order 13101, ''Greening the Government Through Waste Prevention, Recycling, and Federal Acquisition (63 FR 49643, September 14, 1998).

II. What Is the Background for this Proposed Action?

Section 6002 of RCRA establishes a federal buy-recycled program. RCRA section 6002(e) requires EPA to (1) designate items that are or can be made with recovered materials and (2) prepare guidelines to assist procuring agencies in complying with affirmative procurement requirements set forth in paragraphs (c), (d), and (i) of section 6002. Once EPA has designated items, section 6002 requires that any procuring agency using appropriated federal funds to procure those items must purchase them composed of the highest percentage of recovered materials practicable. For the purposes of RCRA section 6002, procuring agencies include the following: (1) any federal agency; (2) any state or local agencies using appropriated federal funds for a procurement, or (3) any contractors with these agencies (with respect to work performed under the contract). The requirements of RCRA section 6002 apply to such procuring agencies only when procuring designated items where the price of the item exceeds $10,000 or the quantity of the item purchased in the previous year exceeded $10,000.

Executive Order 13101 directs EPA to designate items in a Comprehensive Procurement Guideline (CPG) and publish guidance that contains EPA's recommended recovered content levels for the designated items in the RMANs. The Executive Order further directs EPA to update the CPG every 2 years and the RMANs periodically to reflect changes in market conditions. EPA codifies the CPG designations in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), but because the recommendations are guidance, the RMANs are not codified in the CFR. This process enables EPA to revise its recommendations in response to changes in a product's availability or recovered materials content so as to provide timely assistance to procuring agencies in fulfilling their RCRA section 6002 responsibilities.

The original CPG (CPG I) was published on May 1, 1995 (60 FR 21370). It established eight product categories, designated 19 new items, and consolidated five earlier item designations. At the same time, EPA published the first RMAN (RMAN I) (60 FR 21386). On November 13, 1997, EPA published CPG II (62 FR 60962), which designated an additional 12 items. At the same time, EPA published an RMAN II (62 FR 60975). Paper Products RMANs were issued on May 29, 1996 (61 FR 26985) and June 8, 1998 (63 FR 31214). On January 19, 2000, EPA published CPG III (65 FR 3070), which designated an additional 18 items. At the same time, EPA published an RMAN III (65 FR 3082).

Today, in CPG IV, EPA is proposing to designate the following 11 additional items: bike racks, blasting grit, cement and concrete containing cenospheres, cement and concrete containing silica fume, modular threshold ramps, nonpressure pipe, nylon carpet and nylon carpet backing, office furniture, rebuilt vehicular parts, roofing materials, and tires. Once finalized, today's RMAN will serve as companion guidance to the previous RMANs.

EPA, once again, wants to stress that the recommendations in RMAN IV are just that—recommendations and guidance to procuring agencies in fulfilling their obligations under RCRA section 6002. The designation of an item as one that is or can be produced with recovered materials and the inclusion of recommended content levels for an item in the RMAN does not compel the procurement of an item when the item is not suitable for its intended purpose. RCRA section 6002 is explicit in this regard when it authorizes a procuring agency not to procure a designated item which ''fails to meet the performance standards set forth in the applicable specification or fails to meet the reasonable performance standards of the procuring agencies.'' Section 6002(1)(B), 42 U.S.C. 6962(c)(B).

Thus, for example, in the proposal section of today's **Federal Register**, EPA has proposed to designate bike racks as items that are or can be made with recovered materials. The Agency's research shows that these items can be made with steel or plastic containing recovered materials. If EPA adopts the proposed designation and recommendations for bike racks, however, the mere fact that they are available containing recovered materials does not require the use of steel or plastic bike racks in every circumstance. The choice of appropriate materials may depend on state or local codes. The effect of designation (and RCRA section 6002) is simply to require the purchase of items containing recovered materials when consistent with the purpose for which the item is to be used. Procuring agencies remain free to procure designated items made from other materials where the design specifications call for other materials. However, agencies must affirmatively determine whether items containing recovered materials meet their performance needs.

A. What Is the Methodology for Recommending Recovered Materials Content Levels?

In providing guidance in the RMANs, the Executive Order directs EPA to present ''the range of recovered materials content levels within which the designated recycled items are currently available.'' Based on the information available to the Agency, EPA recommends ranges that encourage manufacturers to incorporate the maximum amount of recovered materials into their products without compromising competition or product performance and availability. EPA recommends that procuring agencies use these ranges, in conjunction with their own research, to establish minimum content standards for use in purchasing the designated items. EPA recommends ranges rather than minimum standards for several reasons:

First, the Executive Order directs EPA to develop ranges, not minimum content standards or specific recovered materials levels.

Second, EPA has only limited information on recovered materials content levels for the new items proposed for designation. It would not be appropriate to establish minimum content standards without more detailed information because the standards may be treated as maximum targets by manufacturers and may stifle innovative approaches for increasing recovered material use. EPA's expectation is that the use of ranges will encourage manufacturers producing at the low end of the recovered materials range to seek ways of increasing their recovered materials usage. Minimum content standards are less likely to encourage such innovation.

Third, many items are purchased locally rather than centrally. As a result, the recovered materials content of the items are likely to vary from region to region depending on local cost and availability of recovered materials. Minimum content standards are unlikely to be effective given the regional variance in recovered materials content because minimum content levels that are appropriate for one region, may be excessively high or low for other regions. A recovered materials content range gives regional procuring agencies the flexibility to establish their own recovered materials content standards and to make them as high as possible, consistent with the statute, given local product availability and market conditions.

EPA reviewed publicly-available information, information obtained from product manufacturers, and information provided by other government agencies regarding the percentages of recovered materials available in the items proposed for designation in CPG IV. Based on this information, EPA established ranges of recovered materials content for the proposed designated items. In some instances, EPA recommends a specific content level (e.g., 100 percent recovered materials), rather than a range, because the item is universally available at that recommended level, the item contains 100 percent recovered materials, or that level is the maximum content currently used in that item.

In establishing the ranges, EPA's objective was to ensure the availability of the item, while challenging manufacturers to increase their use of recovered materials. By recommending ranges, EPA believes that sufficient information will be provided to enable procuring agencies to set appropriate procurement specifications when purchasing the newly designated items.

It is EPA's intention to provide procuring agencies with the best and most current information available to assist them in fulfilling their statutory obligations under RCRA section 6002. To do this, EPA will monitor the progress made by procuring agencies in purchasing designated items with the highest practical recovered materials content levels and will adjust the recommended content ranges as appropriate. EPA anticipates that the recommended ranges will narrow over time as other items become more available, although for technical reasons, many may never be available with 100 percent recovered materials content levels.

Under RCRA section 6002(i), it is each procuring agency's responsibility to establish minimum content standards, while EPA provides recommendations regarding the levels of recovered materials in the designated items. To make it clear that EPA does not establish minimum content standards for other agencies, EPA refers to its recommendations as ''recovered materials content levels,'' consistent with RCRA section 6002(e) and the Executive Order.

More information on EPA's methodology for recommending recovered materials content levels for designated items is contained in ''Background Document for Proposed CPG IV and Draft RMAN IV,'' located in the RCRA public docket for this notice and on EPA's CPG Web site at *www.epa.gov/cpg.*

B. What Are the Definitions of Terms Used in This Proposed Action?

Today's draft RMAN IV contains recommendations on the recovered materials content levels and postconsumer materials content levels at which the designated items are generally available. For several items being proposed for designation, this RMAN recommends two-part content levels—a postconsumer recovered materials content component and a total recovered materials component. In these instances, EPA found that both types of materials were being used to manufacture a product. Recommending only postconsumer content levels would fail to acknowledge the contribution to solid waste management made when manufacturers use, as feedstock, the byproducts of other manufacturing processes that would otherwise be destined for disposal as solid waste. The terms ''recovered materials'' and ''postconsumer materials'' are defined in 40 CFR § 247.3. These definitions are repeated here as a reference for the convenience of the reader. The Agency is not proposing to change these definitions and will not consider any comments submitted on these terms.

Postconsumer materials means a material or finished product that has served its intended end use and has been diverted or recovered from waste destined for disposal, having completed its life as a consumer item. Postconsumer material is part of the broader category of recovered materials.

Recovered materials means waste materials and byproducts which have been recovered or diverted from solid waste, but such term does not include those materials and byproducts generated from, and commonly used within an original manufacturing process.

Definitions for the 11 new items covered in this RMAN IV are included in proposed CPG IV published in the proposed rule section of today's **Federal Register**.

C. What Comments Is EPA Requesting?

EPA requests comments, including additional supporting documentation and information, on the types of recovered materials identified in the item recommendations, the recommended recovered and postconsumer materials content levels, and other recommendations, including specifications, for purchasing the designated items containing recovered materials. EPA requests specific comments and information on the following issues:

(1) Recently, as explained in the preamble to proposed CPG IV, the Carpet and Rug Institute (CRI) issued new carpet-use classifications that provide a listing of the types of end-use applications recommended for carpet and reclassifies the applications into three new categories: moderate-, heavy-, and severe-wear applications. Most of the applications specified by EPA in the initial polyester carpet designation in CPG I referred to private homes that, under the new CRI classifications, would be included in the category of ''single family housing.'' CRI's classifications include both moderate- and heavy-use applications under the single family housing category. Therefore, EPA, as explained in the CPG IV, is proposing to revise the polyester carpet designation to reference the new CRI classifications and specify that the designation be limited to moderate- and heavy-wear applications such as those found in single-family housing units, private offices, and similar applications. EPA is requesting comments on this proposed revision to the designation for polyester carpet. Today's RMAN revises EPA's previous recommendations for polyester carpet and adds recommendations for nylon carpet and nylon carpet backing. The RMAN also recommends that procuring agencies make provisions to recycle old carpet that is being replaced.

(2) Whether any specifications exist or are appropriate for passenger tires containing recovered rubber, wood or plastic railroad grade crossing surfaces, office furniture, bike racks, or blasting grit.

(3) EPA is aware that modular threshold ramps can be made with recovered copper. However, it does not have any information relating to the amount of recovered copper used in these ramps and therefore, has not included ramps containing recovered copper in today's proposed designation. EPA requests information on the use of

recovered copper in the manufacture of modular threshold ramps.

(4) EPA is aware that nonpressure pipe can be made from aluminum that can contain recovered materials, but does not have any information regarding the recovered content percentages. EPA requests information on the amount of recovered aluminum that is being used in aluminum pipe.

(5) EPA's research indicates that wood shakes and shingles, as well as asphalt/plastic composite roofing materials can be made from recovered materials, but it was unable to identify recovered content percentages in these products. The Agency requests comments or information on the use of recovered materials in wood, fiberglass, and asphalt/plastic composite roofing materials.

III. Supporting Information and Accessing Internet

The index of supporting materials for today's draft RMAN IV is available in the RCRA Information Center (RIC) and on EPA's CPG Web site at <www.epa.gov/cpg>. The address and telephone number of the RIC are provided in **ADDRESSES** above. The index and the following supporting materials are available on the Internet:

''Background Document for Proposed CPG IV and Draft RMAN IV,'' U.S. EPA, Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response, EPA530–R–01–006, April 2001.

Copies of the following supporting materials are available for viewing at the RIC only:

''Recovered Materials Product Research for the Comprehensive Procurement Guideline IV,'' Draft Report, August 2000.

To access information electronically, go to EPA's CPG Web site at *www.epa.gov/cpg.*

Dated: August 21, 2001.

Christine Todd Whitman,

Administrator.

Recovered Materials Advisory Notice IV

The following represents EPA's recommendations to procuring agencies for purchasing the items designated by EPA in the Comprehensive Procurement Guideline IV (CPG IV), in compliance with section 6002 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and Executive Order 13101. These recommendations are intended to be used in conjunction with RMAN I (60 FR 21386, May 1, 1995), the Paper Products RMAN (61 FR 26985, May 29, 1996), the Paper Products RMAN II (63 FR 31214, June 8, 1998), RMAN II (62 FR 60975, November 13, 1997), and RMAN III (65 FR 3082, January 19, 2000). Refer to the previous RMANs or the Code of Federal Regulations at 40 CFR Part 247 for definitions, general recommendations for affirmative procurement programs, and recommendations for previously designated items.

Contents

I. General Recommendations
II. Specific Recommendations for Procurement of Designated Items
Part B. Vehicular Products
Section B–2. (Revised) Add—Tires Containing Recovered Rubber.
Section B–4. Rebuilt Vehicular Parts.
Part C. Construction Products
Section C–3. (Revised) Add—Cement and Concrete Containing Cenospheres and Silica Fume from Silicon or Ferrosilicon Metal Production.
Section C–4. (Revised) Add—Nylon Carpet Facing and Nylon Carpet Backing Containing Recovered Materials and Revised Recommendations for Polyester Carpet.
Section C–10. (Revised) Add—Railroad Grade Crossing Surfaces Made From Recovered Wood and Plastic.
Section C–11. Modular Threshold Ramps Containing Recovered Steel, Aluminum, or Rubber.
Section C–12. Nonpressure Pipe Containing Recovered Steel, Plastic, or Concrete.
Section C–14. Roofing Materials Containing Recovered Steel, Aluminum, Fiber, Rubber, Plastic or Plastic Composites, or Cement.
Part G. Nonpaper Office Products
Section G–9. Office Furniture Containing Recovered Steel, Aluminum, Wood, or Plastic.
Part H. Miscellaneous Products
Section H–8. Bike Racks Containing Recovered Steel or Plastic.
Section H–9. Blasting Grit Containing Recovered Steel, Coal and Metal Slag, Glass, Plastic, or Walnut Shells.

I. General Recommendations

General recommendations for definitions, specifications, and affirmative procurement programs can be found in the May 1, 1995 RMAN (60 FR 21386).

II. Specific Recommendations for Procurement of Designated Items

Recommendations for purchasing previously-designated items can be found in RMAN I (May 1, 1995); RMAN II (November 13, 1997); RMAN III (January 19, 2000); and the Paper Products RMANs (May 29, 1996, and June 8, 1998).

Part B—Vehicular Products

Section B–2. (Revised) Add—Tires Containing Recovered Rubber

Note: EPA previously designated retread tires in CPG I and recommended that procuring agencies procure retread tires or retreading services in RMAN I (60 FR 21386, May 1, 1995). EPA has amended the original designation to include tires containing recovered rubber.

Preference Program for Tires Containing Recovered Rubber: EPA recommends that, based on the recovered materials content levels stated below, procuring agencies revise their preference program to establish minimum content standards for use in purchasing passenger tires containing recovered rubber.

- EPA recommends that procuring agencies purchase passenger tires containing 5–10% postconsumer recovered rubber.

Note: EPA's recommendations incorporate the recommended recovered materials content ranges in Sec. 403(b) of Executive Order 13149, ''Greening the Government Through Federal Fleet and Transportation Efficiency'' (April 21, 2000). EPA recognizes that tires containing recovered rubber at levels toward the high end of this range may not be readily available, but encourages procuring agencies to purchase tires with the highest level of recovered rubber possible.

Specifications: EPA did not identify any specifications that would preclude the production or procurement of passenger tires with recovered content.

Section B–4. Rebuilt Vehicular Parts

Note: Based on EPA's research, rebuilt vehicular parts generally contain between 60 and 95% postconsumer material. However, this level of detail might not be readily available from distributors to procurement officials. Therefore, EPA is not recommending a range of recovered content.

Preference Program: EPA recommends that procuring agencies whose vehicles (passenger vehicles as well as medium- and heavy-duty equipment, including trucks, cranes, off-road vehicles, and military vehicles) are serviced by a motor pool or vehicle maintenance facility establish a program for vehicular parts rebuilding and reuse consisting of either recovering a used vehicular part and rebuilding it, replacing it with a rebuilt part, or contracting to have the part replaced with a rebuilt part.

Specifications: To be labeled ''rebuilt'' or ''remanufactured,'' a part must be processed in accordance with the FTC's ''Guides for the Rebuilt, Reconditioned and Other Used Automotive Parts Industry,'' 16 CFR Part 20. Rebuilders must test each part for compliance with FTC specifications and correct defects

as necessary. A copy of the FTC guides have been placed in the RCRA docket for this RMAN.

Part C—Construction Products

Section C–3. (Revised) Add—Cement and Concrete Containing Cenospheres and Silica Fume from Silicon or Ferrosilicon Metal Production

Note: EPA previously designated cement and concrete containing coal fly ash and ground granulated blast furnace slag (GGBF) in CPG I and recommended recovered material content ranges in RMAN I (60 FR 21386, May 1, 1995). EPA has amended the designation to add cenospheres and silica fume from silicon or ferrosilicon metal production as other recovered materials for use as cement and concrete additives.

Preference Program for Cement and Concrete Containing Cenospheres and Silica Fume from Silicon or Ferrosilicon Metal Production: EPA recommends that, based on the recovered materials content levels stated below, procuring agencies revise their preference program to establish minimum content standards for use in purchasing cement and concrete containing cenospheres and silica fume from silicon or ferrosilicon metal production.

• EPA recommends that procuring agencies revise their procurement programs for cement and concrete or for construction projects involving cement and concrete to allow use of cement and concrete containing 10–15% cenospheres (by weight), as appropriate. EPA recommends that procuring agencies specifically include provisions in all construction contracts to allow for the use, as optional or alternate materials, on cement or concrete that contains cenospheres, as appropriate.

• EPA recommends that procuring agencies revise their procurement programs for cement and concrete or for construction projects involving cement and concrete to allow use of cement and concrete containing 5–20% silica fume (by weight), as appropriate. EPA recommends that procuring agencies specifically include provisions in all construction contracts to allow for the use, as optional or alternate materials, on cement or concrete that contains silica fume, as appropriate.

Specifications: EPA recommends that procuring agencies refer to ASTM C–618, which covers concrete additives and enables procuring agencies to buy concrete containing cenospheres of a standard quality.

EPA recommends that procuring agencies refer to the following national specifications and guidelines, which enable procuring agencies to buy high-performance concrete containing silica fume of a standard quality, when purchasing cement and concrete with silica fume: ASTM C1240, AASHTO M840, and ACI 234R–96. ACI 234R–96 describes the properties of silica fume; how silica fume interacts with cement; the effects of silica fume on the properties of fresh and cured concrete; typical applications of silica fume concrete; recommendations on proportions, specifications, and handling of silica fume in the field. A copy of these specifications have been placed in the RCRA public docket for this RMAN.

Section C–4. (Revised) Add—Nylon Carpet Facing and Nylon Carpet Backing Containing Recovered Materials and Recommendations for Polyester Carpet

Note: On May 1, 1995, EPA issued a final designation for polyester carpet containing recovered materials in CPG I (60 FR 21370). EPA has amended the designation to revise the polyester carpet designation to reference the new Carpet and Rug Institute classifications and specify that the designation be limited to moderate- and heavy-wear applications such as those found in single-family housing units, private offices, and similar applications.

Today's RMAN revises EPA's previous recommendations for polyester carpet and adds recommendations for nylon carpet and nylon carpet backing. The RMAN also recommends that procuring agencies make provisions to recycle old carpet that is being replaced.

Preference Program: EPA recommends that, based on the recovered materials content levels shown in Table C–4 (Revised), procuring agencies establish minimum content standards for use in purchasing polyester carpet for moderate- and heavy-wear applications such as those found in single-family housing units, private offices, and similar applications and for nylon carpet with recovered material fiber facing and/or nylon carpet backing. For polyester carpet, this recommendation does not include polyester carpet for severe-wear or commercial-type applications.

For nylon carpet, the recommended recovered materials content levels would also include fiber facing that has been recycled or otherwise renewed through processes that remove, retexture, and recolor the carpeting. EPA also recommends that when procuring agencies purchase new carpeting, they make provisions to have their old carpeting collected, removed, and recycled or otherwise reused to make a new carpet product.

TABLE C–4 (REVISED).—RECOMMENDATIONS FOR POLYESTER CARPET AND RECOMMENDED RECOVERED MATERIALS CONTENT LEVELS FOR NYLON CARPET FACING AND NYLON CARPET BACKING

Product	Material	Postconsumer content (%)	Total recovered materials content (%)
Polyester carpet face fiber	PET	25–100	25–100
Nylon carpet face fiber	Old carpets	1–100	25–100
Nylon carpet backing	Vinyl	35–70	100

Notes: EPA's recommendations do not preclude a procuring agency from purchasing carpet made from other materials such as acrylic or wool. They simply require that procuring agencies, when purchasing nylon carpet, purchase it with recovered materials in either the fiber facing or the backing, or both, when it meets applicable specifications and performance requirements and when purchasing polyester carpet, purchase it with recovered materials in the fiber facing when it meets applicable specifications and performance requirements.

The nylon carpet recommendations would also include ''renewed'' nylon carpet, which is cleaned, retextured, recolored, or otherwise reused to produce a new nylon carpet product.

Specifications: Procuring agencies should refer to the Carpet and Rug Institute's table entitled ''Use Classification by End-Use Application'' for a complete listing of CRI's recommended carpet applications. A copy of this table has been placed in the public docket for this RMAN.

While numerous carpet specifications exist, the members of the carpet industry do not utilize any universal standards. Specifications vary and are

determined based on the particular factors of the installation. The project's designer, architect, general contractor, and/or facility manager typically decide the specifications. Some procuring agencies, such as the Department of the Army and the Department of Housing and Urban Development, have developed their own specifications for end-use carpet applications. These specifications should be readily available to procurement officials in those agencies.

Section C–10. (Revised) Add—Railroad Grade Crossing Surfaces Containing Recovered Wood and Plastic

Note: EPA previously designated railroad grade crossing surfaces containing recovered content concrete, rubber, and steel (65 FR 3070).

Preference Program for Railroad Grade Crossing Surfaces Containing Recovered Wood and Plastic: EPA recommends that, based on the recovered materials content levels shown in Table C–10a (Revised), procuring agencies revise their procurement programs for railroad grade crossing surfaces to allow the use of recovered wood and plastic railroad grade crossing surfaces.

TABLE C–10A (REVISED).—RECOMMENDED RECOVERED MATERIALS CONTENT LEVELS FOR WOOD AND PLASTIC RAILROAD GRADE CROSSING SURFACES

Surface material	Recovered material	Postconsumer content (%)	Total recovered materials content (%)
Wood	Wood or wood composite	90–97	90–97
Plastic	Plastic or plastic composite	85–95	100

Notes: Railroad grade crossing surfaces made from recovered wood may also contain other recovered materials such as plastics. The percentages of these materials contained in the product would also count toward the recovered materials content level of the item.

Railroad grade crossing surfaces made from recovered plastics may also contain other recovered materials such as auto shredder residue, which contains a mix of materials. The percentages of these materials contained in the product would also count toward the recovered materials content level of the item.

Specifications: EPA has not identified any industry specifications or standards for wood or plastic railroad grade crossing surfaces.

Section C–11. Modular Threshold Ramps Containing Recovered Steel, Aluminum, or Rubber

Preference Program: EPA recommends that, based on the recovered materials content levels shown in Table C–11, procuring agencies establish minimum content standards for use in purchasing modular threshold ramps containing recovered materials.

TABLE C–11.—RECOMMENDED RECOVERED MATERIALS CONTENT LEVELS FOR MODULAR THRESHOLD RAMPS CONTAINING RECOVERED STEEL, ALUMINUM, AND RUBBER

Material	Postconsumer content (%)	Total recovered material content (%)
Steel	16–67	25–100
Aluminum	.....	10
Rubber	100	100

Notes: A final designation would not preclude a procuring agency from purchasing threshold ramps made from another material. It simply requires that a procuring agency, when purchasing steel, aluminum, or rubber threshold ramps, purchase these items made with recovered materials when they meet applicable specifications and performance requirements.

The recommended recovered materials content levels for steel in this table reflect the fact that the designated items can be made from steel manufactured in either a Basic Oxygen Furnace (BOF) or an Electric Arc Furnace (EAF). Steel from the BOF process contains 25%–30% total recovered steel, of which, 16% is postconsumer steel. Steel from the EAF process contains a total of 100% recovered steel, of which, 67% is postconsumer steel. In addition, threshold ramps can be made from a combination of BOF and EAF steel which, according to industry sources, would result in a steel with 25%–85% total recovered steel content, of which 16%–67% would be postconsumer steel.

Specifications: Although the federal government is not governed by ADA, the Access Board's ADA standards are more current than the UFAS and are therefore generally used by federal facilities. According to the ''Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities' (28 CFR Part 36), published in the **Federal Register**, July 26, 1991, ground and floor surfaces along accessible routes and in accessible rooms and spaces including floors, walks, ramps, stairs, and curbramps, must be stable, firm, and slip-resistant. The guidelines do not define what is meant by ''stable, firm, and slip-resistant,'' but the Access Board recommends static coefficient of friction values of 0.8 for ramps and 0.6 for accessible routes.

Section C–12. Nonpressure Pipe Containing Recovered Steel, Plastic, or Concrete

Preference Program: EPA recommends that, based on the recovered materials content levels shown in Table C–12a, procuring agencies establish minimum content standards for use in purchasing nonpressure pipe containing recovered materials.

TABLE C–12A.—RECOMMENDED RECOVERED MATERIALS CONTENT LEVELS FOR NONPRESSURE PIPE CONTAINING RECOVERED STEEL, PLASTIC, AND CONCRETE

Material	Postconsumer content (%)	Total recovered materials content (%)
Steel	16	25–30
	67	100
HDPE	100	100
PVC	5–15	25–100
Cement	Refer to cement and concrete recommendations in C–3 of the RMAN.	

Notes: A final designation would not preclude a procuring agency from purchasing nonpressure pipe made from other materials. It simply requires that a procuring agency, when purchasing steel, plastic, or concrete nonpressure pipe, purchase the item containing recovered materials when they meet applicable specifications and performance requirements.

The recommended recovered materials content levels for steel in this table reflect the fact that the designated item can be made from steel manufactured in either a Basic Oxygen Furnace (BOF) or an Electric Arc Furnace (EAF). Steel from the BOF process contains 25%–30% total recovered steel, of which, 16% is postconsumer steel. Steel from the EAF process contains a total of 100% recovered steel, of which, 67% is postconsumer steel.

Specifications: EPA recommends that procuring agencies refer to the following tables C–12b, C–12c, C–12d, and C–12e when purchasing nonpressure pipe containing recovered materials. For additional guidelines see the ''Background Document for Proposed CPG IV and Draft RMAN IV,'' which can be found in the RCRA public docket.

TABLE C–12B.—ASTM PLASTIC PIPE SPECIFICATIONS

F1960, Standard Specification for Co-extruded Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Non-Pressure Plastic Pipe Having Reprocessed Recycled Content.
F1732, Standard Specification for Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Sewer and Drain Pipe Containing Recycled PVC Material.
D1248, Standard Specification for Polyethylene Plastics Molding and Extrusion Materials.
F810, Smooth wall Polyethylene (PE) Pipe for Use in Drainage and Waste Absorption Fields.
F405, Standard Specification for Corrugated Polyethylene (PE) Tubing and Fittings.
F512, Standard Specification for Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Conduit and Fittings for Underground Installation.
F667, Standard Specification for Large Diameter Corrugated Polyethylene Tubing and Fittings.
F949, Standard Specification for Poly(Vinyl Chloride (PVC) Corrugated Sewer Pipe With a Smooth Interior and Fittings.
D2665, Standard Specification for Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Drain, Waste, and Vent Pipe and Fittings.
D3034, Standard Specification for Type PSM Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Sewer Pipe and Fittings.
D2239, Standard Specifications for Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Pipe (SIDR–PR) Based on Controlled Inside Diameter.
D2447, Standard Specification for Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Pipe Schedules 40 and 80, Based on Controlled Outside Diameters.
D2729–96a, Standard Specification for Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Sewer Pipe and Fittings.
D3035, Standard Specification for Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Pipe (DR–PR) Based on Controlled Outside Diameter.
D4976, Standard Specification for Polyethylene Plastic Molding and Extrusion Materials.
D3350, Standard Specification for Polyethylene Plastic Pipe and Fitting Materials.
D4396, Standard Specification for Rigid Poly(Vinyl) (PVC) and Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Compounds for Plastic Pipe and Fittings Used in Nonpressure Applications.
F810, Standard Specification for Smooth wall Polyethylene (PE) Pipe for Use in Drainage and Waste Disposal Absorption Fields.
F405, Standard Specification for Corrugated Polyethylene (PE) Tubing and Fittings.
F1970, Standard Specification for Special Engineered Fittings or Appurtenances for Use in Poly Vinyl (Chloride) (PVC) or Chlorinated Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Systems.

Note: ASTM Committee C13 on Concrete Pipe is responsible for the formulation and review of specifications, test methods and definitions for concrete pipe and develops and reviews practices and guides covering design, installation, testing, economic evaluation, and performance of concrete pipe systems. While the previous ceiling on fly ash content had been set at 25 percent, in 1999, ASTM Committee C13 removed all limitations on fly ash content in pipe.

TABLE C–12C.—ASTM CONCRETE PIPE SPECIFICATIONS

C14–99, Standard Specification for Concrete Sewer, Storm Drain, and Culvert Pipe.
C118–99, Standard Specification for Concrete Pipe for Irrigation or Drainage.
C412–99, Standard Specification for Concrete Drain Tile.
C444–95, Standard Specification for Perforated Concrete Pipe.
C505–99a, Standard Specification for Nonreinforced Concrete Irrigation Pipe With Rubber Gasket Joints.
C654–99, Standard Specification for Porous Concrete Pipe.
C76–99, Standard Specification for Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe.
C506–99, Standard Specification for Reinforced Concrete Arch Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe.
C507–99, Standard Specification for Reinforced Concrete Elliptical Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe.
C478–97, Standard Specification for Precast Reinforced Concrete Manhole Sections.

TABLE C–12D.—ASTM AND AASHTO SPECIFICATIONS FOR STEEL PIPE

Material	Description	AASHTO specifications	ASTM specifications
Zinc Coated Sheets and Coils	Steel base metal* with 610 g/m2 (2 oz/ft2) zinc coating	M–218	A929M

TABLE C–12D.—ASTM AND AASHTO SPECIFICATIONS FOR STEEL PIPE—Continued

Material	Description	AASHTO specifications	ASTM specifications
Polymer Coated Sheets and Coils ...	Polymer coatings applied to sheets* and coils* 9.25 mm (0.010 in.) thickness each side.	M–246	A742M
Fiber Bonded Coated Coils	Steel base metal with zinc coating and fibers pressed into the zinc while molten to form fiber bonded coating.		A885
Aluminum Coated	Steel base metal* coated with 305 g/m2 (1 oz/ft2) of pure aluminum	M–274	A929M
Sewer and Drainage Pipe	Corrugated pipe fabricated from any of the above sheets or coils. Pipe is fabricated by corrugating continuous coils into helical ''from with lockseam or welded seam, or by'' rolling annular corrugated mill sheets and riveting seams:		
	Galvanized corrugated steel pipe	M–36	A760M
	Polymeric pre-coated sewer and drainage pipe	M–245	A762M
	Fiber bonded impregnated corrugated steel pipe		A760M
	Aluminized corrugated steel pipe	M–36	A760M
	Structural plate pipe	M–167	A761M
Asphalt Coated Steel Sewer Pipe ...	Corrugated steel pipe of any of the types shown above with a 1.3 mm (0.0050 in.) high purity asphalt cover.	M–190	A849 A862
Invert Paved Steel Sewer Pipe	Corrugated steel pipe of any one for the types shown above with an asphalt pavement poured in the invert to cover the corrugation by 3.2 mm (1/8 in.).	M–190	A849 A862
Fully Lined Steel	With an internal asphalt lining centrifugally spun in place	M–190	A849 A862
	Corrugated steel pipe with a single thickness of smooth sheet fabricated with helical ribs projected outward.	M–36	A760M
	With an internal concrete lining in place	M–36	A760M
	Corrugated steel pipe with a smooth steel linter integrally formed with the corrugated shell.	M–36	A760M
Cold Applied Bituminous Coatings ..	Fibrated mastic or coat tar base coatings of various viscosities for field or shop coating of corrugated pipe or structural plate.	M–243	A849
Gaskets and Sealants	Standard O-ring gasket		D1056
	Gasket strips, butyl or neoprene		C361

Notes: *Yield point 0230Mpa (33ksi) min.; tensile strength —310Mpa (45 ksi) min.; Elongation (50 mm/2 in.)—20% min.

AASHTO pipe specifications restrict the use of recycled plastic through the reference to ''rework'' material. Specifications referenced by those who commented in 1994 are listed in Table C–12e. AASHTO's specifications are updated annually.

TABLE C–12E.—AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF STATE HIGHWAY AND TRANSPORTATION OFFICIALS PIPE SPECIFICATIONS (1994)

M252–93, Corrugated Polyethylene Drainage Tubing.
M294–93, Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe.
M278, Class PS 46 Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe.
Section 18, Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges.

Section C–14. Roofing Materials Containing Recovered Steel, Aluminum, Fiber, Rubber, Plastic or Plastic Composites, or Cement

Preference Program: EPA recommends that, based on the recovered materials content levels shown in Table C–14, procuring agencies establish minimum content standards for use in purchasing or procuring roofing materials or services. EPA's research indicates that wood shakes and shingles as well as asphalt/plastic composite roofing materials can be made from recovered materials, but we were unable to identify recycled-content percentages in these products.

TABLE C–14.—RECOMMENDED RECOVERED MATERIALS CONTENT LEVELS FOR ROOFING MATERIALS CONTAINING STEEL, ALUMINUM, FIBER, RUBBER, PLASTIC OR PLASTIC COMPOSITES, OR CEMENT

Material	Postconsumer content (%)	Total recovered materials content (%)
Steel	16	25—30
	67	100
Aluminum	20–95	20–95
Fiber (felt)	66–100	100
Rubber	12–100	100
Plastic or Plastic/Rubber Composite	100	100
Wood/Plastic Composite		100
Cement	Refer to cement and concrete recommendations in C–3 of the RMAN.	

Notes: A final designation would not preclude a procuring agency from purchasing roofing materials manufactured from another material. It simply requires that a procuring agency, when purchasing steel, aluminum, fiber, rubber, plastic, wood, or cement roofing materials, purchase these items made with recovered materials when these items meet applicable specifications and performance requirements.

The recommended recovered materials content levels for steel in this table reflect the fact that the designated item can be made from steel manufactured in either a Basic Oxygen Furnace (BOF) or an Electric Arc Furnace (EAF). Steel from the BOF process contains 25%–30% total recovered steel, of which, 16% is postconsumer steel. Steel from the EAF process contains a total of 100% recovered steel, of which, 67% is postconsumer steel.

Specifications: EPA recommends that procuring agencies refer to the 186 standards for roofing products maintained by ASTM's Committee D08 on Roofing, Waterproofing, and Bituminous Materials. The specifications, however, do not discuss use of recovered materials, nor do they preclude the use of recovered materials.

Part G. Nonpaper Office Products

Section G–9. Office Furniture Containing Recovered Steel, Aluminum, Wood, Agricultural Fiber, and Plastic

Preference Program: EPA recommends that, based on the recovered materials content levels shown in Table G–9, procuring agencies establish minimum content standards for use in purchasing office furniture with recovered materials, including remanufactured or refurbished office furniture.

TABLE G–9.—RECOMMENDED RECOVERED MATERIALS CONTENT LEVELS FOR OFFICE FURNITURE

Product	Material	Postconsumer content (%)	Total recovered materials content (%)
Furniture structure	Steel	16	25–30
Furniture structure	Aluminum	.....	75–100
Particleboard/Fiberboard component	Wood composite	1–50	80–100
	Agricultural fiber		100
Fabric	PET	100	100
Plastic furniture component	HDPE	70–75	95
Remanufactured or Refurbished Furniture	Various	25–75	25–75

Notes: A final designation would not preclude a procuring agency from purchasing office furniture manufactured from another material. It simply requires that a procuring agency, when purchasing office furniture made from steel, aluminum, wood, agricultural fiber, or plastic, purchase these items made with recovered materials when these items meet applicable specifications and performance requirements, or procure office furniture that has been remanufactured or refurbished.

The recommended recovered materials content levels for steel in this table reflect the fact that the designated item is generally made from steel manufactured in a Basic Oxygen Furnace (BOF). Steel from the BOF process contains 25%–30% total recovered steel, of which, 16% is postconsumer steel.

Particleboard and fiberboard used in the wood components of office furniture may also contain other recovered cellulosic materials, including, but not limited to, paper, wheat straw, and bagasse. The percentages of these materials contained in the product would also count toward the recovered materials content level of the item.

Specifications: EPA did not identify any standards or specifications that would preclude government agencies from purchasing office furniture with recovered materials content or remanufactured or refurbished office furniture. GSA requires that remanufactured furniture meet the same Underwriters Laboratories, ASTM, and Business and Institutional Furniture Manufacturer's Association standards and fire codes (Boston and California) as new furniture.

Part H. Miscellaneous Products

Section H–8. Bike Racks Containing Recovered Steel or Plastic

Preference Program: EPA recommends that, based on the recovered materials content levels shown in Table H–8, procuring agencies establish minimum content standards for use in purchasing bike racks.

TABLE H–8.—RECOMMENDED RECOVERED MATERIALS CONTENT LEVELS FOR BIKE RACKS

Material	Postconsumer content (%)	Total recovered materials content (%)
Steel	16	25–30
HDPE	100	100

Notes: A final designation would not preclude a procuring agency from purchasing bike racks manufactured from another material. It simply requires that a procuring agency, when purchasing steel or plastic bike racks, purchase them containing recovered materials when they meet applicable specifications and performance requirements.

The recommended recovered materials content levels for steel in this table reflect the fact that the designated item is generally made from steel manufactured in a Basic Oxygen Furnace (BOF). Steel from the BOF process contains 25%–30% total recovered steel, of which, 16% is postconsumer steel.

Specifications: EPA did not identify any industry standards or specifications that would preclude the use of recovered materials in bike racks.

Section H–9. Blasting Grit Containing Recovered Steel, Coal and Metal Slag, Glass, Plastic, and Walnut Shells

Preference Program: EPA recommends that, based on the recovered materials content levels shown in Table H–9, procuring agencies establish minimum content standards for use in purchasing blasting grit containing recovered materials.

TABLE H–3.—RECOMMENDED RECOVERED MATERIALS CONTENT LEVELS FOR BLASTING GRIT

Material	Postconsumer content (%)	Total recovered materials content (%)
Steel	16—67	25—100
Coal Slag	.....	100
Copper and Nickel Slag	.....	100
Glass	100	100
Glass/Plastic	20	100
Walnut Shells	.....	100

Notes: A final designation would not preclude a procuring agency from purchasing blasting grit manufactured from another material. It simply requires that a procuring agency, when purchasing blasting grit made from steel, coal and metal slag, glass, plastic, or walnut shells, purchase this item made with recovered materials when it meets applicable specifications and performance requirements.

The recommended recovered materials content levels for steel in this table reflect the fact that the designated item can contain steel manufactured in either a Basic Oxygen Furnace (BOF) or an Electric Arc Furnace (EAF). Steel from the BOF process contains 25%—30% total recovered steel, of which, 16% is postconsumer steel. Steel from the EAF process contains a total of 100% recovered steel, of which, 67% is postconsumer steel. In addition, blasting grit can be made from a combination of BOF and EAF steel which, according to industry sources, would result in a steel with 25%—85% total recovered steel content, of which 16%—67% would be postconsumer steel.

Specifications: EPA did not find any specifications that would preclude the use of recovered materials in blasting grit. EPA recommends that procuring agencies exercise OSHA or other required standard safety practices when using blasting grit, particularly when using blasting grit containing slag materials.

[FR Doc. 01–21568 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL–7043–8]

Notice of Proposed Administrative Settlement Pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Notice; request for public comment.

SUMMARY: In accordance with section 122(i) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, as amended (''CERCLA''), 42 U.S.C. 9622(i), notice is hereby given of a proposed administrative settlement concerning the Antifreeze, Inc., Superfund Site, with Kenneth Michael Stansbury and Noelie Andree C. Stansbury, husband and wife, (''Settling Parties'') the United States Enviromental Protection Agency (''EPA''), and the United States Department of Justice (''DOJ'').

The settlement requires the Settling Parties to pay a total of $21,000.00 in reimbursement of Past Response Costs, plus an additional sum for interest on the amount calculated from the date set forth in the definition of Past Response Costs in the Settlement Agreement through the date of payment to the Hazardous Substances Superfund.

The settlement includes a covenant not to sue under section 107 of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. 9607.

For thirty (30) days following the date of publication of this notice, the Agency will receive written comments relating to the settlement. The Agency will consider all comments received and may withdraw or withhold its consent to the proposed settlement if comments received disclose facts or considerations which indicate that the settlement is inappropriate, improper, or inadequate. The Agency's response to any comments received will be available for public inspection at 1445 Ross Avenue, Dallas, Texas 75202–2733.

DATES: Comments must be submitted on or before September 27, 2001.

ADDRESSES: The proposed settlement and additional background information relating to the settlement are available for public inspection at 1445 Ross Avenue, Dallas, Texas 75202–2733. A copy of the proposed settlement may be requested from Barbara J. Aldridge (6SF–AC), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 6, 1445 Ross Avenue, Dallas, Texas 75202–2733 at (214) 665–2712. Comments should reference the Antifreeze, Inc. Superfund Site, Abbeville, Vermilion Parish, Louisiana and EPA Docket Number 06–04–01, and should be addressed to Joseph E. Compton III at the address listed below.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Joseph E. Compton III (6RC–S), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1445 Ross Avenue, Dallas, Texas 75202–2733 at (214) 665–8506.

Dated: August 17, 2001.

Jerry Clifford,

Acting Regional Administrator, Region 6.

[FR Doc. 01–21705 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL–7044–5]

Proposed Settlement Under Section 122(h) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response and Liability Act

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Notice of proposed administrative settlement and opportunity for public comment—Ewan Property Superfund Site.

SUMMARY: The United States Environmental Protection Agency (''EPA'') is proposing to enter into an administrative settlement to resolve certain claims under the Comprehensive Environmental Response and Liability Act of 1980, as amended (''CERCLA''). Notification is being published to inform the public of the proposed settlement and of the opportunity to comment. This settlement is intended to resolve the liability of nineteen parties for certain response costs incurred by EPA at the Ewan Property Superfund Site (''the Site'') in Shamong Township, New Jersey.

DATES: Comments must be provided on or before September 27, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be addressed to the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Regional Counsel, 290 Broadway—17th Floor, New York, New York 10007, and should refer to: In the Matter of the Ewan Property Superfund

Site: Administrative Settlement, U.S.E.P.A. Index No. 02–2001–2007.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Regional Counsel, 290 Broadway—17th Floor, New York, New York 10007; Attention: Virginia A. Curry, Esq. (212) 637–3134 or *curry.virginia@epa.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with section 122(h) of CERCLA, notification is hereby given of a proposed administrative settlement with nineteen parties by which these parties, who are currently conducting the work at the Site under an administrative order, will pay future non-oversight response costs incurred by EPA at the Site. These parties paid all EPA's non-oversight costs at an earlier time. The Site is within the jurisdiction of the federal court in the Third Circuit which has ruled that parties are not liable under CERCLA for EPA oversight costs. The settlors will receive a covenant not to sue for claims related to EPA's past or future oversight costs at the Site, even if the law should change. Section 122(h) authorizes EPA to compromise claims with the approval of the Attorney General and the Attorney General has approved this settlement.

Dated: August 20, 2001.

Kathleen C. Callahan,

Acting Deputy Regional Administrator, Region 2.

[FR Doc. 01–21704 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–U

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[OPPTS–51975; FRL–6797–1]

Certain New Chemicals; Receipt and Status Information

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Section 5 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) requires any person who intends to manufacture (defined by statute to include import) a new chemical (i.e., a chemical not on the TSCA Inventory) to notify EPA and comply with the statutory provisions pertaining to the manufacture of new chemicals. Under sections 5(d)(2) and 5(d)(3) of TSCA, EPA is required to publish a notice of receipt of a premanufacture notice (PMN) or an application for a test marketing exemption (TME), and to publish periodic status reports on the chemicals under review and the receipt of notices of commencement to manufacture those chemicals. This status report, which covers the period from July 9, 2001 to July 20, 2001, consists of the PMNs pending or expired, and the notices of commencement to manufacture a new chemical that the Agency has received under TSCA section 5 during this time period. The ''S'' and ''G'' that precede the chemical names denote whether the chemical idenity is specific or generic.

DATES: Comments identified by the docket control number OPPTS–51975 and the specific PMN number, must be received on or before September 27, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be submitted by mail, electronically, or in person. Please follow the detailed instructions for each method as provided in Unit I. of the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION.** To ensure proper receipt by EPA, it is imperative that you identify docket control number OPPTS–51975 and the specific PMN number in the subject line on the first page of your response.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Barbara Cunningham, Director, Office of Program Management and Evaluation, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics (7401), Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460; telephone number: (202) 554–1404; e-mail address: TSCA-Hotline@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. General Information

A. Does this Action Apply to Me?

This action is directed to the public in general. As such, the Agency has not attempted to describe the specific entities that this action may apply to. Although others may be affected, this action applies directly to the submitter of the premanufacture notices addressed in the action. If you have any questions regarding the applicability of this action to a particular entity, consult the person listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.**

B. How Can I Get Additional Information, Including Copies of this Document and Other Related Documents?

1. *Electronically*. You may obtain copies of this document and certain other available documents from the EPA Internet Home Page at http://www.epa.gov/. On the Home Page select ''Laws and Regulations'','' Regulations and Proposed Rules, and then look up the entry for this document under the ''**Federal Register**—-Environmental Documents.'' You can also go directly to the **Federal Register** listings at http://www.epa.gov/fedrgstr/.

2. *In person*. The Agency has established an official record for this action under docket control number OPPTS–51975. The official record consists of the documents specifically referenced in this action, any public comments received during an applicable comment period, and other information related to this action, including any information claimed as confidential business information (CBI). This official record includes the documents that are physically located in the docket, as well as the documents that are referenced in those documents. The public version of the official record does not include any information claimed as CBI. The public version of the official record, which includes printed, paper versions of any electronic comments submitted during an applicable comment period, any test data submitted by the Manufacturer/Importer is available for inspection in the TSCA Nonconfidential Information Center, North East Mall Rm. B– 607, Waterside Mall, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC. The Center is open from noon to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The telephone number of the Center is (202) 260–7099.

C. How and to Whom Do I Submit Comments?

You may submit comments through the mail, in person, or electronically. To ensure proper receipt by EPA, it is imperative that you identify docket control number OPPTS–51975 and the specific PMN number in the subject line on the first page of your response.

1. *By mail*. Submit your comments to: Document Control Office (7407), Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics (OPPT), Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460.

2. *In person or by courier*. Deliver your comments to: OPPT Document Control Office (DCO) in East Tower Rm. G–099, Waterside Mall, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC. The DCO is open from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The telephone number for the DCO is (202) 260–7093.

3. *Electronically*. You may submit your comments electronically by e-mail to: ''oppt.ncic@epa.gov,'' or mail your computer disk to the address identified in this unit. Do not submit any information electronically that you consider to be CBI. Electronic comments must be submitted as an ASCII file avoiding the use of special characters and any form of encryption. Comments and data will also be accepted on

standard disks in WordPerfect 6.1/8.0 or ASCII file format. All comments in electronic form must be identified by docket control number OPPTS–51975 and the specific PMN number. Electronic comments may also be filed online at many Federal Depository Libraries.

D. How Should I Handle CBI that I Want to Submit to the Agency?

Do not submit any information electronically that you consider to be CBI. You may claim information that you submit to EPA in response to this document as CBI by marking any part or all of that information as CBI. Information so marked will not be disclosed except in accordance with procedures set forth in 40 CFR part 2. In addition to one complete version of the comment that includes any information claimed as CBI, a copy of the comment that does not contain the information claimed as CBI must be submitted for inclusion in the public version of the official record. Information not marked confidential will be included in the public version of the official record without prior notice. If you have any questions about CBI or the procedures for claiming CBI, please consult the person listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.**

E. What Should I Consider as I Prepare My Comments for EPA?

You may find the following suggestions helpful for preparing your comments:

1. Explain your views as clearly as possible.
2. Describe any assumptions that you used.
3. Provide copies of any technical information and/or data you used that support your views.
4. If you estimate potential burden or costs, explain how you arrived at the estimate that you provide.
5. Provide specific examples to illustrate your concerns.
6. Offer alternative ways to improve the notice or collection activity.
7. Make sure to submit your comments by the deadline in this document.
8. To ensure proper receipt by EPA, be sure to identify the docket control number assigned to this action in the subject line on the first page of your response. You may also provide the name, date, and **Federal Register** citation.

II. Why is EPA Taking this Action?

Section 5 of TSCA requires any person who intends to manufacture (defined by statute to include import) a new chemical (i.e., a chemical not on the TSCA Inventory to notify EPA and comply with the statutory provisions pertaining to the manufacture of new chemicals. Under sections 5(d)(2) and 5(d)(3) of TSCA, EPA is required to publish a notice of receipt of a PMN or an application for a TME and to publish periodic status reports on the chemicals under review and the receipt of notices of commencement to manufacture those chemicals. This status report, which covers the period from July 9, 2001, to July 20, 2001, consists of the PMNs pending or expired, and the notices of commencement to manufacture a new chemical that the Agency has received under TSCA section 5 during this time period.

III. Receipt and Status Report for PMNs

This status report identifies the PMNs, both pending or expired, and the notices of commencement to manufacture a new chemical that the Agency has received under TSCA section 5 during this time period. If you are interested in information that is not included in the following tables, you may contact EPA as described in Unit II. to access additional non-CBI information that may be available. The ''S'' and ''G'' that precede the chemical names denote whether the chemical idenity is specific or generic.

In table I, EPA provides the following information (to the extent that such information is not claimed as CBI) on the PMNs received by EPA during this period: the EPA case number assigned to the PMN; the date the PMN was received by EPA; the projected end date for EPA's review of the PMN; the submitting manufacturer; the potential uses identified by the manufacturer in the PMN; and the chemical identity.

I. 28 PREMANUFACTURE NOTICES RECEIVED FROM: 07/09/01 TO 07/20/01

Case No.	Received Date	Projected Notice End Date	Manufacturer/Importer	Use	Chemical
P–01–0720	07/06/01	10/04/01	CBI	(G) Polymer textile coating	(G) Acrylic polymer resin
P–01–0721	07/06/01	10/04/01	CBI	(G) Rubber elastomer for tires,wheels,rolls and other specialty urethane applications	(G) Toluene diisocyanate terminated polyether polyol
P–01–0722	07/09/01	10/07/01	CBI	(G) Organic foundry binder	(G) Alkyl polyhydroxy aromatics
P–01–0723	07/10/01	10/08/01	CBI	(G) Used in coatings applied by industrial manufacturers	(G) Aliphatic polyester-polyether urethane
P–01–0724	07/11/01	10/09/01	Shin-ETSU Silicones of America, Inc	(S) Ingredient for rubber compounds	(G) Fluoroalkyl substituted siloxanes and silicones
P–01–0725	07/11/01	10/09/01	Shin-ETSU Silicones of America, Inc	(S) Ingredient for rubber compounds	(S) Propanoyl fluoride, 2,2,2,3-tetrafluoro-2-[1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-2-(heptafluoropropoxy)propoxy]-, polymer with trifluoro(trifluoromethyl)oxirane, reaction products with 3-(ethenyldimethylsilyl)-*n*-methylbenzenamine
P–01–0726	07/11/01	10/09/01	Shin-ETSU Silicones of America, Inc	(S) Additive for fluororubber compounds	(G) Fluoroalkyl substituted siloxanes
P–01–0727	07/09/01	10/07/01	CBI	(G) Resin for coating	(G) Modified acrylic resin
P–01–0728	07/11/01	10/09/01	The C.P. Hall Company	(S) Plasticizer in pvc foam applications	(G) Oligomeric ester, capped with isoalcohols
P–01–0729	07/13/01	10/11/01	Hercules Incorporated	(G) Papermaking chemical	(G) Aminopolyamide wet strength resin

I. 28 PREMANUFACTURE NOTICES RECEIVED FROM: 07/09/01 TO 07/20/01—Continued

Case No.	Received Date	Projected Notice End Date	Manufacturer/Importer	Use	Chemical
P–01–0730	07/13/01	10/11/01	CBI	(G) Additive, open, non-dispersive use	(G) Acrylic acid ester copolymer, polyoxyethylene modified
P–01–0731	07/13/01	10/11/01	CBI	(G) Additive, open, non-dispersive use	(G) Acrylic acid ester copolymer, polyoxyethylene modified
P–01–0732	07/13/01	10/11/01	CBI	(G) Intermediate	(G) Phosphate methacrylate
P–01–0733	07/16/01	10/14/01	CBI	(G) Plastics additive	(G) Alkyl carboxylate salt
P–01–0734	07/16/01	10/14/01	Kuraray America, Inc.	(G) Electric parts and automotive parts	(G) Polyamide
P–01–0735	07/17/01	10/15/01	Hitachi Chemical Co. America, Ltd.	(G) Protective coating	(G) Polyamideimide polymer
P–01–0736	07/19/01	10/17/01	CBI	(G) Emulsifier	(G) Fatty alkylamines, reaction product with sodium chloracetate
P–01–0737	07/20/01	10/18/01	Hercules Incorporated	(G) Precursor used in the production of a papermaking chemical	(G) Aminopolyamide
P–01–0738	07/20/01	10/18/01	CBI	(G) Additive, open, non-dispersive use	(G) Hydroxyalkyl amine, compound with phosphoric acid ester
P–01–0739	07/20/01	10/18/01	CBI	(G) Component of coating with open use	(G) Modified melamine crosslinker
P–01–0740	07/20/01	10/18/01	CBI	(G) Component of coating with open use	(G) Modified melamine crosslinker
P–01–0741	07/20/01	10/18/01	CBI	(G) Component of coating with open use	(G) Modified melamine crosslinker
P–01–0742	07/20/01	10/18/01	CBI	(G) Component of coating with open use	(G) Modified melamine crosslinker
P–01–0743	07/20/01	10/18/01	CBI	(G) Component of coating with open use	(G) Modified melamine crosslinker
P–01–0744	07/20/01	10/18/01	CBI	(G) Component of coating with open use	(G) Modified melamine crosslinker
P–01–0745	07/20/01	10/18/01	CBI	(G) Uv light stabilizer	(G) Methacrylate polymer
P–01–0746	07/20/01	10/18/01	CBI	(G) Hydrophyllic modification polymers	(G) Substituted vinylether, ethoxylated, propoxylated
P–01–0748	07/20/01	10/18/01	Asahi Chemical Industry America, Inc.	(G) A substance for recording systems	(G) Phenol, reaction products with an aromatic amine and an isocyanate

In table II, EPA provides the following information (to the extent that such information is not claimed as CBI) on the Notices of Commencement to manufacture received:

II. 22 NOTICES OF COMMENCEMENT FROM: 07/09/01 TO 07/20/01

Case No.	Received Date	Commencement/ Import Date	Chemical
P–00–0869	07/17/01	07/12/01	(G) Polyurethane
P–00–1104	07/09/01	06/25/01	(G) Block polymer of aromaticdiacid with alkane diamines, polysubstituted cycloalkanes and alkanediols
P–00–1221	07/09/01	06/27/01	(G) Modified vegetable oil
P–01–0004	07/09/01	06/12/01	(G) Block polymer of aromaticdiacid with alkane diamines, polysubstituted cycloalkanes and alkanediols
P–01–0103	07/10/01	06/26/01	(G) Phenolic resin modified rosin resin
P–01–0220	07/11/01	06/20/01	(G) Acrylate polymer
P–01–0228	07/11/01	06/12/01	(G) Acrylate polymer
P–01–0307	07/09/01	06/26/01	(S) Nitric acid, reaction products with cyclododecanol and cyclododecanone, by-products from, high-boiling fraction, compds. with 2-(2-aminoethoxy) ethanol
P–01–0308	07/17/01	06/26/01	(S) Dodecanedioic acid, compd. with 2-(2-aminoethoxy)ethanol
P–01–0310	07/09/01	06/26/01	(S) Decanedioic acid, compd. with 2-(2-aminoethoxy)ethanol
P–01–0317	07/17/01	07/09/01	(G) Silyl derivative
P–01–0372	07/09/01	06/12/01	(G) Polyurethane emulsion
P–01–0400	07/12/01	07/05/01	(G) Acrylic polymer
P–01–0401	07/09/01	06/29/01	(G) Acetoacetate functional acrylic polymer
P–01–0402	07/19/01	07/13/01	(G) Hydroxy functional acrylic polymer
P–01–0429	07/16/01	07/09/01	(G) Modified polyolefin
P–01–0459	07/17/01	07/06/01	(G) Chromate, bis[[[substituted[[[hydroxynaphthalenyl) azo]phenyl]sulfonyl]amino]heterocycle]azo]-(hydroxynitrobenzene sulfonato)], -sodium salt
P–01–0495	07/18/01	07/10/01	(S) Alkanes, $C_{10–15}$-iso-, cyclic and linear
P–01–0506	07/20/01	07/10/01	(G) Tetraalkyltitanate-alkyl alkanatoalkanoate complex
P–95–0474	07/17/01	06/25/01	(G) Amino-functional cyclosiloxanes

II. 22 NOTICES OF COMMENCEMENT FROM: 07/09/01 TO 07/20/01—Continued

Case No.	Received Date	Commencement/ Import Date	Chemical
P–99–0286	07/16/01	06/12/01	(G) Cationic epoxy resin
P–99–0292	07/16/01	06/12/01	(G) Epoxy resin

List of Subjects

Environmental protection, Chemicals, Premanufacturer notices.

Dated: August 8, 2001.

Deborah A. Williams,

Acting Director, Information Management Division, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics.

[FR Doc. 01–21709 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–S

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[CC Docket No. 92–237; DA 01–1970]

Next Meeting of the North American Numbering Council

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Announcement of meeting.

SUMMARY: On August 21, 2001, the Commission released a public notice announcing the September 11–12, 2001 meeting and agenda of the North American Numbering Council (NANC). The intended effect of this action is to make the public aware of the NANC's next meeting and its agenda.

DATES: September 11, 2001, at 8:30 a.m. until 5 p.m. and on September 12, 2001 at 8:30 a.m. until 12 p.m. (if required).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Deborah Blue, Special Assistant to the Designated Federal Officer (DFO) at (202) 418–2320 or *dblue@fcc.gov*. The address is: Network Services Division, Common Carrier Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, The Portals II, 445 12th Street, SW., Suite 6A207, Washington, DC 20554. The fax number is: (202) 418–2345. The TTY number is: (202) 418–0484.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: *Released:* August 21, 2001.

The North American Numbering Council (NANC) has scheduled a meeting to be held Tuesday, September 11, 2001, from 8:30 a.m. until 5 p.m., and on Wednesday, September 12, 2001, from 8:30 a.m., until 12 noon (if required). The meeting will be held at the Federal Communications Commission, Portals II, 445 12th Street, SW, Room TW–C305, Washington, DC.

This meeting is open to members of the general public. The FCC will attempt to accommodate as many participants as possible.

The public may submit written statements to the NANC, which must be received two business days before the meeting. In addition, oral statements at the meeting by parties or entities not represented on the NANC will be permitted to the extent time permits. Such statements will be limited to five minutes in length by any one party or entity, and requests to make an oral statement must be received two business days before the meeting. Requests to make an oral statement or provide written comments to the NANC should be sent to Deborah Blue at the address under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT,** stated above.

Proposed Agenda

1. Announcements and Recent News
   —NANC meeting schedule
2. Approve Minutes
   —Meeting of July 17–18, 2001
3. Report of the North American Numbering Plan Administrator
   —Response to 2000 Performance Appraisal
   —NANP Exhaust Analysis
   —Regular NANPA Report
   —Unavailable Code project status
   —Assessment of August NRUF problems
4. Report of NANPA Oversight Working Group
   —NANPA Contract Technical Requirements
   —Regular NOWG Report
5. Presentation by National Thousands-Block Pooling Administrator
   —Initial projection of pooling rollout schedule
   —Access to details of PA–FCC contract terms
6. Report of NANP Expansion/ Optimization IMG
7. Status of Industry Numbering Committee activities
   —Status of ''orphaned code'' guidelines
8. Report of the Local Number Portability Administration (LNPA) Working Group
   —Wireless Number Portability Operations (WNPO) Subcommittee
9. Report of NAPM LLC
10. Report from NBANC
11. Report of Cost Recovery Working Group
12. Steering Committee
    —Table of NANC Projects
13. Report of Steering Committee
14. Action Items
15. Public Participation (5 minutes each, if any)
16. Other Business

Adjourn (5 PM)

Wednesday, September 12, 2001 (If Required)

17. Complete any unfinished Agenda Items
18. Other Business

Federal Communications Commission.

Diane Griffin Harmon,

Acting Chief, Network Services Division, Common Carrier Bureau.

[FR Doc. 01–21627 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[CC Docket No. 98–67; DA 01–1969]

FCC To Convene a Public Forum and Technology Expo on Telecommunications Relay Services; Ex Parte Comments Invited

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Announcement of meeting.

SUMMARY: This notice invites interested person to a Public Forum and Technology Expo on telecommunications relay services (TRS). The purpose of this Forum and Expo is for TRS administrators, consumers, providers, and Commission staff to share information on, among other things, current state TRS outreach programs, implementation of a nationwide TRS outreach program, and new TRS technologies.

DATES: The Public Forum and Technology Expo on TRS will be held on Wednesday, October 10, 2001 from 9:00 a.m. to 3:30 p.m. in the Commission Meeting Room, Room TW–C305 and adjacent rooms, at 445 12th St., SW., Washington, DC 20554. Ex parte comments are due on or before October 20, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Federal Communications Commission, 445 12th Street, SW., Washington, DC 20554.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For more information about the Forum, please contact Suzanne Perrin at (202) 418–2874 (voice), (202) 418–1085 (TTY), or *sperrin@fcc.gov* (e-mail); or Pat Chew at (202) 418–0514 (voice) or *pchew@fcc.gov* (e-mail). For more information about the Technology Expo or how to exhibit at the Expo, please contact Arlene Alexander at (202) 418–0581 (voice), (202) 418–0183 TTY, or *aalexand@fcc.gov.* This document is available to individuals with disabilities requiring accessible formats (electronic ASCII text, Braille, large print, and audio) by contacting Brian Millin at (202) 418–7426 (voice), (202) 418–7365 (TTY), or by sending an email to *access@fcc.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Forum will offer an opportunity for everyone, including consumers and industry representatives, to exchange ideas with the Commission and TRS administrators and to have their comments become part of the formal public record in CC Docket 98–67. In conjunction with the Forum, the Consumer Information Bureau will hold a Technology Expo to showcase TRS and other accessibility technologies. The Forum agenda is tentatively as follows:

9:00 a.m.–3:30 p.m.—Technology Expo
9:15 a.m.–9:30 a.m.—Opening Remarks
9:30 a.m.–9:45 a.m.—TRS Overview
9:45 a.m.–11:10 a.m.—Panels on TRS Outreach
11:20 a.m.–12:15 p.m.—Panel on TRS Technologies for the 21st Century
12:15 p.m.–1:30 p.m.—Expo Demonstrations (Lunch Break)
1:30 p.m.–3:00 p.m.—Open Microphone
3:00 p.m.–3:30 p.m.—Expo Demonstrations

Interested parties who choose to file *ex parte* comments by paper in accordance with Section 1.1206 of the Commission's rules, 47 CFR 1.1206, should file an original and four (4) copies of their comments with the FCC's Office of the Secretary, 445 12th Street, SW., TW–A325, Washington DC, 20554 and should reference CC Docket No. 98–67. In addition, where filings are made prior to August 28, 2001, one (1) copy of those filings should be sent to our duplicating contractor, International Transcription Service, Inc. (ITS), at 445 12th Street, CY B400, SW., Washington, DC, 20554. Effective August 28, 2001, please use the following address for the duplicating contractor: Qualex International, Portals II, 445 12th Street, SW., Room CY–B402, Washington, DC, 20554. Additionally, two (2) copies should be forwarded to Greg Hlibok, Consumer Information Bureau, FCC, 445 12th Street, SW., Room 6–A236, Washington, DC, 20554. All filings concerning any of the matters referenced in this Public Notice should refer to CC Docket 98–67. You may also file *ex parte* comments using the Commission's Electronic Comment Filing System (ECFS). *Ex parte* comments filed through the ECFS can be sent as an electronic file via the Internet to *http://www.fcc.gov/e-file/ecfs.html.* If using this method, please reference CC Docket No. 98–67 in the Proceeding Block. Generally, only one copy of an electronic submission must be filed. In completing the transmittal screen, commenters should include their full name, Postal Service mailing address, and the applicable docket or rulemaking number. Parties may also submit an electronic *ex parte* comment by Internet e-mail. To get filing instructions for e-mail *ex parte* comments, commentaries should send an e-mail to *ecfs@fcc.gov*, including ''get form [your e-mail address]'' in the body of the message. A sample form and directions will be sent in reply. The full text of this document is available for public inspection and copying during regular business hours at the FCC Reference Information Center, Portals II, 445 12th Street, SW., Room CY–A257, Washington, DC, 20554. After August 28, 2001, this document may also be purchased from the Commission's duplicating contractor, Qualex International, Portals II, 445 12th Street, SW., Room CY–B402, Washington, DC, 20554, telephone 202–863–2893, facsimile 202–863–2898, or via e-mail qualexint@aol.com. Those unable to attend the Forum can watch and listen to it live over the Internet through RealAudio from the FCC web site at: *http://www.fcc.gov/realaudio/* or hear it via telephone, for a fee, from National Narrowcast Network, (202) 966–2211 (voice/TRS) or (202) 966–1770 (fax). The Forum also will be live captioned on the Internet. Individuals can send their views and/or questions during the Forum to: *TRSFORUM@fcc.gov* (e-mail). The e-mails should have the heading, ''*Ex Parte* Comments in CC Docket 98–67.'' If time permits, views and/or questions received during the Forum via this e-mail site will be addressed at the Forum. These views will be included in the record of the TRS proceeding. Any hand-outs that are distributed at this meeting from in-person presenters or Commission presenters will be posted on the Internet at the Consumer Information Bureau web page at *http://www.fcc.gov/cib.* Hand-outs will be made available in alternative formats (computer diskette, large print, audio cassette and Braille) to persons with disabilities by contacting Brian Millin at (202) 418–7426 (voice), (202) 418–7365 (TTY), or *bmillin@fcc.gov* (e-mail).

Synopsis

TRS is required by Title IV of the Americans with Disabilities Act (Section 225 of the Communications Act of 1934). TRS now utilizes a variety of services to facilitate telephone communication between persons with hearing or speech disabilities and persons who use voice telephones. Relay services between TTY and voice users utilize a relay operator, called a Communications Assistant (CA), to read what the TTY user types to a voice telephone user, and to type responses back to the TTY user throughout the duration of a telephone call. Speech-to-speech (STS) relay utilizes CAs trained in understanding certain speech patterns to relay conversations for people with speech disabilities. Video relay services (VRS) utilize CAs skilled in sign language to relay conversations for users of American Sign Language. The Forum will provide an opportunity for a full exchange of ideas on state and nationwide outreach efforts related to TRS. In March 2000, the Commission issued a Report and Order and Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (FNPRM), In the Matter of Telecommunications Relay Services and Speech-to-Speech Services for Individuals with Hearing and Speech Disabilities, CC Docket 98–67, which tentatively concluded that TRS service could be improved with a nationwide awareness campaign that reaches all potential TRS users, including consumers with disabilities, senior citizens who have lost hearing late in life, potential STS users, and the general public. The FNPRM asked for comment about the extent to which a national outreach effort should be supported by the interstate TRS fund and whether the interstate TRS fund administrator should administer the funding for such educational outreach programs. The FNPRM further proposed to amend the mission of the Interstate TRS Advisory Council to include establishing guidelines and a procedure to fund a coordinated national outreach campaign. In August 2000, the Commission also adopted a Second Report and Order in its proceeding on The Use of N11 Codes and Other Abbreviated Dialing Arrangements, CC Docket 92–105, which required common carriers to provide access to all relay services via the 711 dialing code by October 1, 2001. Among other things, that Order directed each common carrier providing telephone voice

transmission services to conduct, not later than October 1, 2001, ongoing education and outreach programs that publicize the availability of 711 access to TRS, in a manner reasonably designed to reach the largest number of consumers possible. To supplement and refresh the record initiated with the March FNPRM, at the Forum we will seek to further identify the guidelines and procedures necessary to fund a coordinated nationwide outreach program. In addition, information will be shared to facilitate ongoing efforts to comply with the August Report and Order mandating 711 outreach. While time constraints limit the number of individuals who may make in-person presentations at the Forum, we encourage all interested individuals to submit written *ex parte* comments, by October 20, 2001, identifying proposed national outreach guidelines and procedures. Written *ex parte* comments will aid us in our decision-making with regard to identifying the best means of achieving nationwide outreach on TRS.

Consumer Information Bureau.

Pamela Gregory,

Chief, Disabilities Rights Office.

[FR Doc. 01–21625 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

Agency Information Collection Activities: Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

AGENCY: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

ACTION: Notice of information collection to be submitted to OMB for review and approval under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

SUMMARY: In accordance with requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), the FDIC hereby gives notice that it plans to submit to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) a request for OMB review and approval of the following information collection systems described below.

1. *Type of Review:* Renewal of a currently approved collection.

Title: Procedures for Monitoring Bank Secrecy Act Compliance.

OMB Number: 3064–0087.

Annual Burden:

Estimated annual number of respondents: 5,600.

Estimated time per response: .5 hours.

Total annual burden hours: 2,800 hours.

Expiration Date of OMB Clearance: September 30, 2001.

Supplementary Information: 12 CFR 326 requires all insured nonmember banks to establish and maintain procedures designed to assure and monitor their compliance with the requirements of the Bank Secrecy Act and the implementing regulations promulgated thereunder by the Department of Treasury at 31 CFR 103.

2. *Type of Review:* Renewal of a currently approved collection.

Title: Application for Waiver of Prohibition on Acceptance of Brokered Deposits by Adequately Capitalized Insured Institutions.

OMB Number: 3064–0099.

Annual Burden:

Estimated annual number of respondents: 25.

Estimated time per response: 6 hours.

Total annual burden hours: 150 hours.

Expiration Date of OMB Clearance: September 30, 2001.

Supplementary Information: Section 29 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act prohibits undercapitalized insured depository institutions from accepting, renewing, or rolling over any brokered deposits. Adequately capitalized institutions may do so with a waiver from the FDIC, while well-capitalized institutions may accept, renew, or roll over brokered deposits without restriction.

3. *Type of Review:* Renewal of a currently approved collection.

Title: Notice of Branch Closure.

OMB Number: 3064–0109.

Annual Burden:

Estimated annual number of respondents: 1,364 (1,314 notice; 50 adoption).

Estimated time per response: 1,314–2 hours; 50–8 hours.

Total annual burden hours: 3,028 hours.

Expiration Date of OMB Clearance: September 30, 2001.

Supplementary Information: Section 42 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act mandates that an institution that proposes to close a branch notify its primary Federal regulator no later than 90 days prior to the closing. Each insured depository institution is required to adopt policies for branch closings.

4. *Type of Review:* Renewal of a currently approved collection.

Title: Real Estate Lending Standards.

OMB Number: 3064–0112.

Annual Burden:

Estimated annual number of respondents: 5,600.

Estimated time per response: 20 hours.

Total annual burden hours: 112,000 hours.

Expiration of OMB Clearance: September 30, 2001.

Supplementary Information: Institutions will use real estate lending policies to guide their lending operations in a manner that is consistent with safe and sound banking practices and appropriate to their size, nature and scope of their operations. These policies should address certain lending considerations, including loan-to-value limits, loan administration policies, portfolio diversification standards, and documentation, approval and reporting requirements.

5. Type of Review: Renewal of a currently approved collection.

Title: Foreign Branching and Investment by Insured State Nonmember Banks.

OMB Number: 3064–0125.

Annual Burden:

Estimated annual number of respondents: 73.

Estimated time per response: varies.

Total annual burden hours: 22,298 hours.

Expiration Date of OMB Clearance: September 30, 2001.

Supplementary Information: Section 18(d)(2) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, requires a nonmember bank to obtain the FDIC's consent to establish or operate a branch in a foreign country and authorizes the FDIC to impose conditions and issue regulations governing foreign branches of nonmember banks. Section 18(l) requires a nonmember bank to obtain the FDIC's consent to acquire and hold, directly or indirectly, stock or other evidences of ownership in any foreign bank or other entity.

OMB Reviewer: Alexander T. Hunt, (202) 395–7860, Office of Management and Budget, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Washington, DC 20503.

FDIC Contact: Tamara R. Manly, (202) 898–7453, Office of the Executive Secretary, Room F–4058, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, 550 17th Street NW., Washington, DC 20429.

Comments: Comments on these collections of information are welcome and should be submitted on or before September 27, 2001 to both the OMB reviewer and the FDIC contact listed above.

Addresses: Information about this submission, including copies of the proposed collections of information, may be obtained by calling or writing the FDIC contact listed above.

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Dated: August 22, 2001.

Robert E. Feldman,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 01–21639 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6714–01–P

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

Open Meeting, Advisory Committee (Expert Panel on Cost Estimating) for the Public Assistance Program

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

ACTION: Notice of open meeting.

SUMMARY: In accordance with section 10(a)(2) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (Public Law 92–463, 5 U.S.C. App.), announcement is made of the following committee meeting:

Name: Advisory Committee (Expert Panel on Cost Estimating) for the Public Assistance Program.

Date of Meeting: September 26–27, 2001.

Place: Loews L'Enfant Plaza Hotel, 480 L'Enfant Plaza, S.W., Monet IV Conference Room, Washington, DC 20042.

Time: September 26: 8 a.m.–5 p.m.; September 27: 8 a.m.–5 p.m.

Proposed Agenda: The Panel will compare and contrast the Cost Estimating Format for Large Projects developed by FEMA with estimating methods used by the American Society of Professional Estimators (ASPE). Discussion will also be held regarding the Panel's official endorsement of a cost estimating methodology and in determining the level of technical expertise and training guidance required for uniformly applying it. The Panel will also consider a proposed update to Engineering and Design Services curves (A and B).

The meeting will be open to the public, with seats available on a first-come, first-served basis. All members of the public interested in attending should contact James D. Duffer, at 202–646–3532.

Minutes of the meeting will be prepared and available for public viewing at the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), Recovery Division, Readiness, Response and Recovery Directorate, 500 C Street, SW, Washington DC 20472 and posted on FEMA's Web Page located at *http://www.fema.gov/r-n-r/pa/process.* Copies of the meeting minutes will be available upon request 90 days after the meeting.

Robert J. Adamcik,

Deputy Assistant Director, Readiness, Response & Recovery Directorate.

[FR Doc. 01–21660 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6718–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

AGENCY: Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the intention of the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) to request the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) to allow the proposed information collection project: 2001–2003 Medical Expenditure Panel Survey—Insurance Component (MEPS–IC). In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act as amended (see in particular 44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)), AHRQ invites the public to comment on this proposed information collection.

DATES: Comments on this notice must be received by October 29, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be submitted to: Cynthia D. McMichael, Reports Clearance Officer, AHRQ, 2101 East Jefferson Street, Suite 500, Rockville, MD 20852–4908.

Copies of the proposed collection plans, data collection instruments, and specific details on the estimated burden can be obtained from the AHRQ Reports Clearance Officer.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Cynthia D. McMichael, AHRQ Reports Clearance Officer, (301) 594–3132.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Proposed Project

2001–2003 Medical Expenditure Panel Survey—Insurance Component (MEPS–IC).

The MEPS–IC, an annual survey of the characteristics of employer-sponsored health insurance, was first conducted by AHRQ in 1997 for the calendar year 1996. The survey has since been conducted annually for calendar years 1997 through 2000. AHRQ proposes to continue this annual survey of establishments for calendar years 2001 through 2003. The survey date for calendar year 2001 will be collected in 2002. Likewise, calendar year 2002 data will be collected in 2003 and calendar year 2003 data in 2004. The survey will collect information from both public and private employers. This survey will be conducted for AHRQ by the Bureau of the Census using a sample comprised of:

1. Employers selected from Census Bureau lists of private sector employers and governments (known as the List Sample), and

2. Employers identified by respondents to the MEPS-Household Component (MEPS–HC) for the same calendar year (known as the Household Sample).

The MEPS–HC is an annual household survey designed to collect information concerning health care expenditures and related data for individuals. The size of the Household sample varies from year to year with the size of the MEPS–HC.

Data to be collected from each employer will include a description of the business (e.g., size, industry) and descriptions of health insurance plans available, plan enrollments, total plan costs and costs to employees.

Data Confidentiality Provisions

The MEPS–IC List Sample data confidentiality is protected under Section 9 of Title 13, United States Code (the U.S. Census Bureau statute) as well as section 924(c) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 299c–3(c)). The MEPS–IC Household Sample data confidentiality is protected under Sections 308(d) and 924(c) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 242m and 42 U.S.C. 299c–3(c)).

Section 308(d) is the confidentiality statute of the National Center for Health Statistics, is applicable because the MEPS–HC sample is derived from respondents of an earlier NCHS survey.

Section 924(c) is the confidentiality statute of AHRQ. All data products listed below must fully comply with the data confidentiality statute under which their raw data was collected.

Data Products

Data will be produced in three forms: (1) Files derived from the Household Sample, which can be linked back to other information from household respondents in the MEPS–HC, will be available to researchers at the AHRQ Research Data Center; (2) files containing employer information from the List Sample will be available for use by researchers at the Census Bureau's Research Data Centers; and (3) a large compendium of tables of estimates, also based on List Sample data, will be produced and made available on the

AHRQ website. These tables will contain descriptive statistics, such as, numbers of establishments offering health insurance, average premiums, average contributions, total enrollments, numbers of self insured establishments and other related statistics for a large number of population subsets defined by firm size, state, industry and establishment characteristics, such as, age, profit/nonprofit status and union/nonunion.

The data are intended to be used for purposes such as:

- Generating national and State estimates of employer health care offerings;
- Producing estimates to support the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services in their production of health care expenditure estimates for the National Health Accounts and the Gross Domestic Product;
- Producing national and State estimates of spending on employer-sponsored health insurance to study the results of national and State health car policies;
- Supplying data for modeling the demand for health insurance; and
- Providing data on health plan choices, costs, and benefits that can be linked back to households' use of health care resources in the MEPS–HC for studies of the consumer health care selection process.

These data provide the basis for researchers to address important questions for employers and policymakers alike.

Method of Collection

The data will be collected using a combination of modes. The Census Bureau's first contact with employers will be made by telephone. This contact will provide information on the availabiliity of health insurance from that employer and essential persons to contact. Based upon this information, Census will mail a questionnaire to the employer. In order to assure high response rates, Census will follow-up with a second mailing at an acceptable interval, followed by a telephone call to collect data from those who have not responded by mail.

As part of this process, for larger respondents with high burdens, such as State employers and very large firms, we will, if needed, perform personal visits and do customized collection, such as, acceptance of data in computerized formats and use of special forms.

ESTIMATED ANNUAL RESPONDENT BURDEN

Survey years	Annual number of respondents	Estimated time per respondent	Estimated total annual burden hours	Estimated annual cost to the Government
2001	33,855	.6	20,307	$8,250,000
2002	35,769	.6	21,663	8,840,000
2003	33,855	.6	20,307	8,810,000

Request for Comments

In accordance with the above cited legislation, comments on the AHRQ information collection proposal are requested with regard to any of the following: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of functions of the Agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the Agency's estimate of the burden (including hours and costs) of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and included in the request for OMB approval of the proposed information collection. All comments will become a matter of public record.

Dated: August 21, 2001.

John M. Eisenberg,

Director.

[FR Doc. 01–21688 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160–90–M

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

AGENCY: Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the intention of the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) to request the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) to allow a proposed information collection project: ''Primary Care Network Survey (PRINS)''. In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act as amended (see in particular 44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)), AHRQ invites the public to comment on this proposed information collection request to allow AHRQ to conduct research in primary care settings.

This proposed information collection was previously published in the Federal Register on June 19, 2001 and allowed 60 days for public comment. No public comments were received. The purpose of this notice is to allow an additional 30 days for public comment.

DATES: Comments on this notice must be received by September 27, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be submitted to: Allison Eydt, Human Resources and Housing Branch, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, OMB, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and included in the request for OMB approval of the proposed information collection. All comments will become a matter of public record.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Cynthia D. McMichael, AHRQ, Reports Clearance Officer, (301) 594–3132.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Primary Care Network Survey (PRINS)

As directed in its reauthorization legislation, AHRQ supports activities designated to improve the capacity of practice-based research networks (PBRNs) to conduct research in primary care settings. A PBRN is a group of ambulatory practices devoted principally to the primary care of patients, affiliated with each other in order to investigate questions related to community-based practice. AHRQ has recently established cooperative agreements with 19 PBRNs who have specifically been asked to conduct

network-defining surveys using a modified version of the 1999–2000 version of the National Ambulatory Medical Care Survey (NAMCS) instrument. We will be dropping a couple of items included in the NAMCS instrument.

Method of Collection

PRINS will provide a range of baseline data on the clinicians enrolled in each network, the services provided, and characteristics of patients receiving those services. Data to be collected include the patients' demographic characteristics and reason(s) for visit, and the providers' diagnosis(es) and diagnostic services, medications and disposition.

These data may be used by the PBRN to define the network's capacity to study specific clinical conditions seen in primary care, establish a denominator for epidemoiological or surveillance studies, and stimulate further research on the use, organization and delivery of primary care. All identifiable data that is collected will be protected in accordance with the AHRQ confidentiality statute, 42 USC 299c–3(c).

The estimated annual hour burden is as follows:

	Number of respondents (clinicians) (1)	Number of forms/ respondent (2)	Avg. burden/ form (in hrs) (3)	Response burden (hrs) = (1)*(2)*(3)* (for rows 1 and 2)
Intake Form	1,000	1	.25	250
Patient Form	1,000	30	.03	900
Total	1,000	31	.037	1.150

To calculate the burden hours, the number of respondents for PRINS is based on a sample of 1,000 clinicians who have agreed to advance to participate. Each clinician fills out an intake form (which requires about 15 minutes).

The same 1,000 then record (on separate forms) information about 30 consecutive patients seen in his/her practice (requiring less than 2 minutes per form to complete). The total cost to the volunteer respondents is estimated to be $150,000 or $150 each.

Request for Comments

Comments are invited on: (a) The necessity of the proposed collections; (b) the accuracy of the Agency's estimate of burden (including hours and cost) of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information upon the respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and included in the request for OMB approval of the proposed information collection. All comments will become a matter of public record.

Copies of these proposed collection plans and instruments can be obtained from the AHRQ Reports Clearance Officer (see above).

Dated: August 21, 2001.

John M. Eisenberg,

Director.

[FR Doc. 01–21687 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160–90–M

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[60 Day–01–57]

Proposed Data Collections Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

In compliance with the requirement of Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 for opportunity for public comment on proposed data collection projects, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) will publish periodic summaries of proposed projects. To request more information on the proposed projects or to obtain a copy of the data collection plans and instruments, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer on (404) 639–7090.

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Send comments to Anne O'Connor, CDC Assistant Reports Clearance Officer, 1600 Clifton Road, MS–D24, Atlanta, GA 30333. Written comments should be received within 60 days of this notice.

Proposed Project: Implementation of Automated Management Information System (MIS) for Tobacco Control Programs—New—National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion (NCCDPHP), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, (CDC). Tobacco use is the single most preventable cause of death and disease in the United States. Most people begin using tobacco in early adolescence. Annually, tobacco use causes more than 430,000 deaths in the nation and costs approximately $50–70 billion in medical expenses alone. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Office on Smoking and Health (OSH) provides funding to health departments of states and territories to develop, implement and evaluate comprehensive Tobacco Control Programs (TCPs) based on CDC guidelines provided in *Best Practices for Comprehensive Tobacco Control Programs-August 1999* (Atlanta, GA, HHS). TCPs are population-based, public health programs that design, implement and evaluate public health prevention and control strategies to reduce disease, disability and death related to tobacco use and to reach those communities most impacted by the burden of tobacco use (e.g., racial/ethnic populations, rural dwellers, and the economically disadvantaged). Support for these programs is a cornerstone of the OSH strategy for reducing the burden of tobacco use throughout the nation. The Office on Smoking and Health is authorized under sections 301 and 317(k) of the Public Health Service Act [42 U.S.C. section 241 and 247b(k)].

Funding recipients are required to submit progress reports that are used by OSH managers and Project Officers (Pos) twice yearly to CDC to identify training

and technical assistance needs; monitor compliance with cooperative agreement requirements; evaluate the progress made in achieving national and program-specific goals; and respond to inquiries regarding program activities and effectiveness. Funding recipients currently have a wide latitude in the content of the information they report with some recipients providing extensive and detailed programmatic information and other recipients providing minimal detail regarding TCP operations. Historically, information has been collected and submitted via hard-copy paper document. The manual reporting system significantly impacts the OSH staff's ability to accomplish its responsibilities resulting from providing TCP funds, particularly with respect to compiling, summarizing and reporting aggregate TCP program information.

The proposed change in data collection methodology is being driven by OSH development of an automated management information system (MIS) to maintain individual TCP information and to normalize the information reported by these programs. The proposed data collection will utilize a more formal, systematic method of collecting information that has historically been requested from individual TCPs and will standardize the content of this information. This will facilitate OSH staff's ability to fulfill its obligations under the cooperative agreements; to monitor, evaluate and compare individual programs; and to assess and report aggregate information regarding the overall effectiveness of OSH National Tobacco Control Program (NTCP). It will also support OSH broader mission of reducing the burden of tobacco use by enabling OSH staff to more effectively identify the strengths and weaknesses of individual TCPs; to identify the strength of national movement toward reaching the goals specified in *Healthy People 2010*; and to disseminate information related to successful public health interventions implemented by these organizations to prevent and control the burden of tobacco use. The OSH anticipates that the state burden of providing hard-copy reports will be reduced with the introduction of the web-based progress reporting system. It is assumed that states will experience a learning curve in using this application, and the reported burden will be reduced once they have familiarized themselves with this system. The total costs to respondents are estimated at $12,219.60.

Respondents	Nunber of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per respondent (in hours)	Total burden (in hours)
States and Washington, DC	51	2	6	612
Totals	51	2	6	612

Dated: August 20, 2001.

Nancy Cheal,

Acting Associate Director for Policy, Planning and Evaluation, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

[FR Doc. 01–21629 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4163–18–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services

[Document Identifier: CMS–R–273]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

AGENCY: Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, HHS.

In compliance with the requirement of section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), Department of Health and Human Services, is publishing the following summary of proposed collections for public comment. Interested persons are invited to send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including any of the following subjects: (1) The necessity and utility of the proposed information collection for the proper performance of the agency's functions; (2) the accuracy of the estimated burden; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology to minimize the information collection burden.

Type of Information Collection Request: Revision of a currently approved collection; *Title of Information Collection:* Site Visit Assessment Tool (previously known as Community Mental Health Center Site Visit Assessment Tool) and Supporting Regulations in 42 CFR 410.2; *Form No.:* CMS–R–0273 (OMB# 0938–0770); *Use:* This information collection tool is essential for CMS to ensure that new and existing Community Mental Health Centers (CMHC) are in compliance with Medicare provider requirements, as well as applicable Federal and State requirements. This revision is requested to implement the collection of information required by the Benefit Improvement and Protection Act of 2000 regarding the CMHC's provision of pre-admission screening to State mental health facilities and to expand the collection tool's use into other program areas as a means to screen applicants, enrollees, and existing providers/suppliers to ensure their legitimacy to participate in the Medicare program.; *Frequency:* Upon initial application or re-enrollment into the Medicare program; *Affected Public:* Business or other for profit, Not for profit institutions, and State, Local, or Tribal Government; *Number of Respondents:* 4,550; *Total Annual Responses:* 4,550; *Total Annual Hours:* 17,400.

To obtain copies of the supporting statement and any related forms for the proposed paperwork collections referenced above, access CMS's Web Site address at http://www.hcfa.gov/regs/prdact95.htm, or E-mail your request, including your address, phone number, OMB number, and CMS document identifier, to Paperwork@hcfa.gov, or call the Reports Clearance Office on (410) 786–1326. Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collections must be mailed within 60 days of this notice directly to the CMS Paperwork Clearance Officer designated at the following address: CMS, Office of Information Services, Security and Standards Group, Division of CMS Enterprise Standards, Attention: Dawn Willinghan, CMS-R–273, Room N2–14–26, 7500 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, Maryland 21244–1850.

Dated: August 21, 2001.

John P. Burke III,

CMS Reports Clearance Officer, CMS Office of Information Services, Security and Standards Group, Division of CMS Enterprise Standards.

[FR Doc. 01–21675 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4120–03–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services

[Document Identifier: CMS–2552–96]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Comment Request

AGENCY: Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, HHS.

In an effort to revise the current Hospital and Health Care Complex Cost Report, we are interested in receiving public comments to help aid in making the necessary revisions to this cost report. Interested persons are invited to send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including any of the following subjects: (1) The necessity and utility of the proposed information collection for the proper performance of the agency's functions; (2) the accuracy of the estimated burden; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology to minimize the information collection burden.

Type of Information Collection Request: Revision of a currently approved collection; *Title of Information Collection:* Hospital and Health Care Complex Cost Report and Supporting Regulations in 42 CFR 413.20 and 413.24; *Form No.:* CMS–2552–96 (OMB 0938–0050); *Use:* Form CMS–2552–96 is the form used by hospitals participating in the Medicare program. This form reports the health care costs used to determine the amount of reimbursable costs for services rendered to Medicare beneficiaries; *Frequency:* Annually; *Affected Public:* Businesses or other for-profit; Not-for-profit institutions; and State, Local or Tribal Government; *Number of Respondents:* 6,038; *Total Annual Responses:* 6,038; *Total Annual Hours:* 4,274,105.

To obtain a copy of the forms and related materials for the proposed paperwork collections referenced above, access CMS's Web Site address at http://www.hcfa.gov/regs/prdact95.htm, or E-mail your request, including your address, phone number, OMB number, and CMS document identifier, to Paperwork@hcfa.gov, or call the Reports Clearance Office on (410) 786–1326. The revised ''Hospital and Health Care Complex Cost Report'' will be available after the close of this solicitation, at which time, we will publish a subsequent 60-day **Federal Register** notice announcing the revisions and canvassing public comment before submitting to OMB. Written comments and recommendations for the solicitation must be mailed within 60 days of this notice directly to the CMS Paperwork Clearance Officer designated at the following address: CMS, Office of Information Services, Security and Standards Group, Division of CMS Enterprise Standards, Attention: Dawn Willinghan, CMS–2552–96, Room N2–14–26, 7500 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, Maryland 21244–1850.

Dated: August 21, 2001.

John P. Burke III,

CMS Reports Clearance Officer, CMS Office of Information Service, Security and Standards Group, Division of CMS Enterprise Standards.

[FR Doc. 01–21676 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4120–03–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services

[Document Identifier: CMS–2088]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

AGENCY: Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, HHS.

In compliance with the requirement of section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), Department of Health and Human Services, is publishing the following summary of proposed collections for public comment. Interested persons are invited to send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including any of the following subjects: (1) The necessity and utility of the proposed information collection for the proper performance of the agency's functions; (2) the accuracy of the estimated burden; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology to minimize the information collection burden.

Type of Information Collection Request: Extension of a currently approved collection; *Title of Information Collection:* Outpatient Rehabilitation Cost Report and Supporting Regulations in 42 CFR 413.20 and 413.24 *Form No.:* CMS–2088; *Use:* This form is used by Outpatient Rehabilitation Facilities to report their health care costs to determine the amount reimbursable for services furnished to Medicare beneficiaries. *Frequency:* Annually; *Affected Public:* Business or other for-profit, Not-for-profit institutions, and State, Local or Tribal Government; *Number of Respondents:* 716; *Total Annual Responses:* 716; *Total Annual Hours:* 71,600.

To obtain copies of the supporting statement and any related forms for the proposed paperwork collections referenced above, access CMS's Web Site address at http://www.hcfa.gov/regs/prdact95.htm, or E-mail your request, including your address, phone number, OMB number, and CMS document identifier, to Paperwork@hcfa.gov, or call the Reports Clearance Office on (410) 786–1326. Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collections must be mailed within 60 days of this notice directly to the CMS Paperwork Clearance Officer designated at the following address: CMS, Office of Information Services, Security and Standards Group, Division of CMS Enterprise Standards, Attention: Dawn Willinghan, CMS–2088, Room N2–14–26, 7500 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, Maryland 21244–1850.

Dated: August 21, 2001.

John P. Burke III,

CMS Reports Clearance Officer, CMS Office of Information Services, Security and Standards Group, Division of CMS Enterprise Standards.

[FR Doc. 01–21677 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4120–03–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. 01N–0348]

Index and Copies of Presiding Officer Reports and Commissioner Decisions on the Eligibility of a Clinical Investigator to Continue to Receive Investigational Products; Availability

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing the availability of the presiding officer summary decisions, presiding officer reports, and the Commissioner of Food and Drugs (the Commissioner) decisions that are issued concerning a regulatory hearing on the proposed disqualification of a clinical investigator from eligibility to continue to receive investigational products for use in clinical investigations. These reports and decisions and an index are available at the FDA Internet site.

ADDRESSES: Copies of an index to presiding officer summary decisions, presiding officer reports, and Commissioner decisions, as well as the reports and decisions themselves, may be obtained from the Freedom of Information Office home page at http://www.fda.gov/foi/clinicaldis.

Copies of the index and reports and decisions are also available at the Dockets Management Branch, Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Nancy E. Pirt, Office of the Ombudsman (HF–7), Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857, 301–827–3390.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: FDA regulates scientific studies, known as clinical investigations, designed to test the safety and effectiveness of investigational human and animal drugs, biological products, and medical devices. The data from these clinical investigations may be used as the basis of applications to FDA for approval to market the investigational products. The clinical investigators who conduct clinical trials must comply with FDA's regulations that govern clinical investigations. FDA may seek to disqualify a clinical investigator if the agency has information indicating that the investigator has repeatedly or deliberately failed to comply with the requirements of the regulations for conducting clinical investigations, or repeatedly or deliberately submitted false data to the FDA or the study's sponsor. If the Commissioner makes this determination, the Commissioner will notify the investigator and the sponsor of any investigation, in which the investigator has been named as a participant, that the investigator is not entitled to receive investigational drugs.

The criteria for disqualification are set forth in FDA's regulations. For clinical investigations involving human drugs and biologic products, the applicable regulation is found at 21 CFR 312.70. For clinical investigations involving medical devices, the applicable regulation is found at 21 CFR 812.119. For clinical investigations involving investigational animal drugs, the applicable regulation is found at 21 CFR 511.1.

The disqualification process is initiated when FDA's Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research, Center for Drug Evaluation and Research, Center for Devices and Radiological Health, or Center for Veterinary Medicine sends the investigator a written notice of the matter complained of, and offers the investigator an opportunity to explain in writing or, at the option of the investigator, at an informal conference. If the Center does not find the investigator's explanation to be acceptable, the agency will send the investigator a notice of opportunity for a hearing. If a regulatory hearing is held, it will be conducted under part 16 (21 CFR part 16). Under part 16, if a clinical investigator requests a hearing, a presiding officer is appointed to hear the case. A request for a hearing may be denied if the Commissioner or his or her delegate determines that there is no genuine and substantial issue of fact to justify a hearing. A written notice of this determination will be given to the parties. In addition, the presiding officer may issue a summary decision on any issue in the hearing if the presiding officer determines that there is no genuine and substantial issue of fact respecting that issue.

After a hearing is conducted, the presiding officer, under § 16.60, prepares a written report of the hearing, including a recommended decision with a statement of the reasons, on the proposed disqualification. The written report will include a recommended decision with a statement of reasons, unless the Commissioner directs otherwise. The presiding officer's report is one component of the administrative record of the hearing. Based on the administrative record, the Commissioner issues a written decision on the question of whether the investigator is entitled to receive investigational products. If the Commissioner finds that the clinical investigator repeatedly or deliberately failed to comply with agency regulations, or repeatedly or deliberately submitted false information to FDA or the sponsor, the investigator may be disqualified from receiving investigational products.

Disqualification hearings are informal, and presiding officer summary decisions, presiding officer reports, and Commissioner decisions are not published in the **Federal Register**; they have been made publicly available to parties that request regulatory hearings on clinical investigator disqualifications. They are also publicly available under the Freedom of Information Act. The purpose of this notice is to announce that an index to, and copies of, presiding officer summary decisions, presiding officer reports, and Commissioner decisions on clinical investigator disqualification matters are now available on FDA's Internet site. These records are also available for public examination in the Dockets Management Branch (address above) between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

Dated: August 21, 2001.

Margaret M. Dotzel,

Associate Commissioner for Policy.

[FR Doc. 01–21663 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160–01–S

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. 93N–0195]

Guidance for Industry: Fish and Fishery Products Hazards and Controls Guidance, Third Edition; Availability

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing the availability of the revised guidance for industry (third edition) entitled ''Fish and Fishery Products Hazards and Controls Guidance'' (the guidance). The guidance supports and complements FDA regulations for the safe and sanitary processing and importing of fish and fishery products using hazard analysis and critical control point (HACCP) methods. The guidance represents the agency's current views on potential hazards in seafood products and how to control them, and it is designed to assist seafood processors in the development of HACCP plans. The guidance is revised about every 2 years to address comments and to reflect our current understanding of seafood hazards and control methods.

DATES: General comments on agency guidance documents are welcome at any time.

ADDRESSES: Submit written comments on the guidance to the Dockets Management Branch (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers

Lane, rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852. Submit electronic comments to http://www.fda.gov/dockets/ecomments. Submit written requests for single copies of the guidance to the Office of Seafood (HFS–415), Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition, Food and Drug Administration, 200 C St. SW., Washington DC 20204. Send one-self adhesive address label to assist that office in processing your requests. See the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section for electronic access to the guidance.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Anthony P. Brunetti, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition (HFS–415), Food and Drug Administration, 200 C St. SW., Washington, DC 20204, 202–418–3150.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

We (FDA) are announcing the availability of the third edition of the ''Fish and Fishery Products Hazards and Controls Guidance'' (the guidance). A summary of the changes incorporated in the third edition are listed in the introduction of the guidance.

Under our HACCP regulations at parts 123 and 1240 (21 CFR parts 123 and 1240) processors and importers of fish and fishery products are required to operate preventive control systems that incorporate the principles of HACCP. Under § 123.6(g), fish and fishery products are adulterated under section 402(a)(4) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 342) if a processor or importer fails to have and implement a HACCP plan when one is necessary, or otherwise fails to meet any of the requirements of the regulations. The primary purpose of the guidance is to help processors and importers of seafood products identify the likelihood that a food safety hazard may occur in their product, and to guide them in the preparation of appropriate HACCP plans for those hazards that are reasonably likely to occur.

We published the first edition of the guidance in September 1996, about 1 year before the seafood HACCP regulations became effective, and issued the second edition in January 1998. The guidance describes current information relating to: (1) Potential hazards associated with the known commercial species of vertebrate and invertebrate seafood; (2) potential hazards associated with certain processing operations; (3) HACCP strategies that may be used to control the potential hazards; and (4) other information related to food safety.

FDA is not seeking public comment before implementing this edition of the guidance because we have determined that it is not feasible or appropriate in accordance with 21 CFR 10.115(g)(2). We revise this guidance relatively frequently to keep it up-to-date. When revising each edition, we consider both any formal comments received on the previous edition and informal feedback obtained from our HACCP inspections. Thus, each edition is effectively a ''draft'' for the next edition and each new addition has the benefit of significant up-to-date public comment.

The guidance represents the agency's current thinking on the potential hazards that are associated with various seafood species and certain processing operations, and how their occurrence can be avoided with HACCP controls when they are reasonably likely to occur, as required under parts 123 and 1240 (pertaining to the safe and sanitary processing of fish and fishery products). It does not create or confer any rights for or on any person and does not operate to bind FDA or the public. An alternative approach may be used if such approach satisfies the requirements of the applicable statute and regulations.

II. Electronic Access

Copies of this guidance for industry are available on the Internet at http://vm.cfsan.fda.gov/~dms/guidance.html.

Dated: August 20, 2001.

Margaret M. Dotzel,

Associate Commissioner for Policy.

[FR Doc. 01–21624 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160–01–S

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. 01D–0357]

International Cooperation on Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for Approval of Veterinary Medicinal Products (VICH); Draft Guidance for Industry on ''Studies to Evaluate the Safety of Residues of Veterinary Drugs in Human Food: Carcinogenicity Testing'' (VICH GL28); Request for Comments; Availability

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing the availability of a draft guidance for industry (#141) entitled ''Studies to Evaluate the Safety of Residues of Veterinary Drugs in Human Food: Carcinogenicity Testing'' (VICH GL28). This draft guidance has been adapted for veterinary use by the International Cooperation on Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for Registration of Veterinary Medicinal Products (VICH) from a guidance regarding pharmaceuticals for human use, which was adopted by the International Conference on Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for Approval of Pharmaceuticals for Human Use (ICH). The objective of this draft VICH guidance document, when final, will be to help ensure that the assessment of carcinogenic potential is appropriate to human exposure through residues of veterinary drugs in food in the European Union, Japan, and the United States.

DATES: Submit written or electronic comments on the draft guidance by September 28, 2001, to ensure their adequate consideration in preparation of the final document. General comments on agency guidance documents are welcome at any time.

ADDRESSES: Submit written requests for single copies of the draft guidance to the Communications Staff (HFV–12), Center for Veterinary Medicine (CVM), Food and Drug Administration, 7500 Standish Pl., Rockville, MD 20855. Send one self-addressed adhesive label to assist that office in processing your requests. See the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section for electronic access to the draft guidance document.

Submit written comments on the draft guidance to the Dockets Management Branch (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852. Submit electronic comments to http://www.fda.gov/dockets/ecomments. Comments should be identified with the full title of the draft guidance and the docket number found in brackets in the heading of this document.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Louis T. Mulligan, Center for Veterinary Medicine (HFV–153), Food and Drug Administration, 7500 Standish Pl., Rockville, MD 20855, 301–827–6984, e-mail: lmulliga@cvm.fda.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

In recent years, many important initiatives have been undertaken by regulatory authorities and industry associations to promote the international harmonization of regulatory requirements. FDA has participated in efforts to enhance harmonization and has expressed its commitment to seek scientifically based harmonized technical procedures for the development of pharmaceutical products. One of the goals of

harmonization is to identify and then reduce differences in technical requirements for drug development among regulatory agencies in different countries.

FDA has actively participated in the ICH for several years to develop harmonized technical requirements for the approval of human pharmaceutical and biological products among the European Union, Japan, and the United States. The VICH is a parallel initiative for veterinary medicinal products. The VICH is concerned with developing harmonized technical requirements for the approval of veterinary medicinal products in the European Union, Japan, and the United States, and includes input from both regulatory and industry representatives.

The VICH Steering Committee is composed of member representatives from the European Commission, European Medicines Evaluation Agency, European Federation of Animal Health; Committee on Veterinary Medicinal Products, FDA, the U.S. Department of Agriculture, the Animal Health Institute, the Japanese Veterinary Pharmaceutical Association, the Japanese Association of Veterinary Biologics, and the Japanese Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries.

Two observers are eligible to participate in the VICH Steering Committee: One representative from the Government of Australia/New Zealand and one representative from the industry in Australia/ New Zealand. The VICH Secretariat, which coordinates the preparation of documentation, is provided by the Confédération Mondiale de L'Industrie de la Santé Animale (COMISA). A COMISA representative also participates in the VICH Steering Committee meetings.

II. Draft Guidance on Carcinogenicity Testing

The VICH Steering Committee held a meeting on June 28, 2001, and agreed that the draft guidance document entitled ''Studies to Evaluate the Safety of Residues of Veterinary Drugs in Human Food: Carcinogenicity Testing'' (VICH GL28) should be made available for public comment. This guidance is one of a series of VICH guidances developed to facilitate the mutual acceptance of safety data necessary for the establishment of acceptable daily intakes for veterinary drug residues in human food by the relevant regulatory authorities. The guidance on the overall strategy for the evaluation of veterinary drug residues in human food (''VICH Guidance on General Testing Approach'') will be made available at a later time.

VICH developed this draft guidance after consideration of the existing ICH guidances for pharmaceuticals for human use entitled ''Final Guideline on the Need for Long-Term Rodent Carcinogenicity Studies of Pharmaceuticals'' and ''Testing for Carcinogenicity of Pharmaceuticals,'' which published in the **Federal Register** of March 1, 1996 (61 FR 8153), and February 23, 1998 (63 FR 8983), respectively. The draft guidance has been adapted for veterinary use by the VICH from the aforementioned guidances regarding pharmaceuticals for human use. VICH also took into account the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development methodological guidances and the current practices for evaluating the safety of veterinary drug residues in human food in the European Union, Japan, the United States, Australia, and New Zealand.

FDA and the VICH Safety Working Group will consider comments about the draft guidance document. Ultimately, FDA intends to adopt the VICH Steering Committee's final guidance and publish it as future guidance. (Information collection is covered under OMB No. 0910–0117. Information collection also could be covered by OMB No. 0910–0032.)

III. Significance of Guidance

This draft document, developed under the VICH process, has been revised to conform to FDA's good guidance practices regulation (21 CFR 10.115). For example, the document has been designated ''guidance'' rather than ''guideline.'' Because guidance documents are not binding, unless specifically supported by statute or regulation, mandatory words such as ''must,'' ''shall,'' and ''will '' in the original VICH documents have been substituted with ''should.'' Similarly, words such as ''require'' or ''requirement'' have been replaced by ''recommendation'' or ''recommended'' as appropriate to the context.

The draft guidance represents the agency's current thinking on carcinogenicity testing for veterinary drug residues in human food. This guidance does not create or confer any rights for or on any person and will not operate to bind FDA or the public. An alternative method may be used as long as it satisfies the requirements of applicable statutes and regulations.

IV. Comments

This draft guidance document is being distributed for comment purposes only and is not intended for implementation at this time. Interested persons may submit written or electronic comments regarding this draft guidance document. Written or electronic comments should be submitted to the Dockets Management Branch (address above). Submit written or electronic comments by September 28, 2001, to ensure adequate consideration in preparation of the final guidance. Two copies of any comments are to be submitted, except that individuals may submit one copy. Comments are to be identified with the docket number found in brackets in the heading of this document. A copy of the draft guidance and received comments are available for public examination in the Dockets Management Branch between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

V. Electronic Access

Electronic comments may be submitted electronically on the Internet at http://www.fda.gov/dockets/ecomments. Once on this Internet site, select ''01D–0357 Studies to Evaluate the Safety of Residues of Veterinary Drugs in Human Food: Carcinogenicity Testing (VICH GL28)'' and follow the directions.

Copies of the draft guidance entitled ''Studies to Evaluate the Safety of Residues of Veterinary Drugs in Human Food: Carcinogenicity Testing'' (VICH GL28) may be obtained on the Internet from the CVM home page at http://www.fda.gov/cvm.

Dated: August 21, 2001.

Margaret M. Dotzel,

Associate Commissioner for Policy.

[FR Doc. 01–21664 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160–01–S

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

Information Collection Submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for Approval Under the Paperwork Reduction Act

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of information collection; request for comments.

SUMMARY: The collection of information listed below has been submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for renewal under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act. Copies of the specific information collection requirements, related forms, and explanatory material may be obtained by contacting the Service Information

Collection Clearance Officer at the address listed below.

DATES: Consideration will be given to all comments received on or before September 27, 2001. OMB has up to 60 days to approve or disapprove information collection but may respond after 30 days. Therefore, to ensure maximum consideration OMB should receive public comments by September 27, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request a copy of the information collection request, explanatory information and related forms, contact Rebecca A. Mullin at (703) 358–2287, or electronically to rmullin@fws.gov.

ADDRESSES: Comments and suggestions on the requirement should be sent directly to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs; Office of Management and Budget; Attention: Interior Desk Officer, Washington, DC 20503; and a copy of the comments should be sent to the Information Collection Clearance Officer, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, ms 224–ARLSQ, 1849 C Street, NW., Washington, DC 20204.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) regulations at 5 CFR 1320, which implement provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–13), require that interested members of the public and affected agencies have an opportunity to comment on information collection and recordkeeping activities (see 5 CFR 1320.8(d)). The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) has submitted a request to OMB to renew its approval of the collection of information for the Migratory Bird Harvest Surveys. The Service is requesting a 3-year term of approval for this information collection activity. A previous 60-day notice on this information collection requirement was published in the April 12, 2001 (66 FR 18973) **Federal Register** inviting public comment. No comments on the previous notice were received as of June 14, 2001. This notice provides an additional 30 days in which to comment on the following information.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The OMB control number for this collection of information is listed in 5 CFR 1320.8(d) and 16 U.S.C. 742d, which is 1018–0015.

The Migratory Bird Treaty Act (16 U.S.C. 703–711) and Fish and Wildlife Act of 1956 (16 U.S.C. 742d) designate the Department of the Interior as the key agency responsible for the wise management of migratory bird populations frequenting the United States and for the setting of hunting regulations that allow appropriate harvests that are within the guidelines that will allow for those populations' well being. These responsibilities dictate the gathering of accurate data on various characteristics of migratory bird harvest of a geographic and temporal nature. Knowledge attained by determining harvests and harvest rates of migratory game birds is used to regulate populations (by promulgating hunting regulations) and to encourage hunting opportunity, especially where crop depredations are chronic and/or lightly harvested populations occur. Based on information from harvest surveys, hunting regulations can be adjusted as needed to optimize harvests at levels that provide a maximum of hunting recreation while keeping populations at desired levels.

This information collection approval request combines three sets of surveys (the Waterfowl Hunter Survey, the Migratory Bird Hunter Survey, and the Parts Collection Survey, OMB Approval Number 1018–0015) and associated forms because they are interrelated and/or dependent upon each other.

The Waterfowl Hunter Survey, which estimates the harvest of ducks and geese, is based on Federal Duck Stamp sales. This survey asks people who purchase Federal Duck Stamps from randomly sampled Post Offices and other stamp vendors to complete and return a postcard (form 3–1823A) with their name and address. Hunters who complete and return the postcard are sent a postcard questionnaire (form 3–2056G) at the end of the hunting season, asking them to report their harvest of ducks and geese. Their responses provide estimates of the average harvest per hunter, which, combined with total Federal Duck Stamp sales, enables the Service to estimate the total harvest of ducks and geese.

The Migratory Bird Hunter Survey is based on the Migratory Bird Harvest Information Program, under which each State annually provides a list of all licensed migratory bird hunters in the State. Randomly selected migratory bird hunters are sent either a waterfowl questionnaire (form 3–2056J), a dove and band-tailed pigeon questionnaire (form 3–2056K), a woodcock questionnaire (form 3–2056L), or a snipe, rail, gallinule, and coot questionnaire (form 3–2056M) and are asked to report their harvest of those species. The resulting estimates of harvest per hunter are combined with the complete list of migratory bird hunters to provide estimates of the total harvest of those species. This survey will replace the Waterfowl Hunter Survey after it has been fully implemented in all States and comparisons of results with Waterfowl Hunter Survey results have been completed.

The Parts Collection Survey estimates the species, sex, and age composition of the harvest, and the geographic and temporal distribution of the harvest. Randomly selected successful hunters who responded to the Waterfowl Hunter Survey or the Migratory Bird Hunter Survey the previous year are asked to complete and return a postcard (forms 3–165A and C) if they are willing to participate in the Parts Collection Survey. Respondents are provided postage-paid envelopes before the hunting season and asked to send in a wing or the tail feathers from each duck, goose, or coot (form 3–165) they harvest, or a wing from each woodcock, band-tailed pigeon, snipe, rail, or gallinule (form 3–165B) they harvest. The wings and tail feathers are used to identify the species, age, and sex of the harvested sample. Respondents are also asked to report on the envelope the date and location (state and county) of harvest for each bird. Results of this survey are combined with harvest estimates from the Waterfowl Hunter Survey and the Migratory Bird Hunter Survey to provide species-specific national harvest estimates.

The combined results of these surveys enable the Service to evaluate the effects of season length, season dates, and bag limits on the harvest of each species, and thus help determine appropriate hunting regulations.

Title: Migratory Bird Harvest Surveys.

Approval Number: 1018–0015.

Service Form Number(s): 3–1823A, 3–2056G, 3–165, 3–165A–C, 3–2056J–M.

Frequency of Collection: Annually.

Description of Respondents: Individuals and households.

Total Annual Burden Hours: The reporting burden is estimated to average 2 minutes per respondent for the Migratory Bird Harvest Information Program, 8 minutes per respondent for the Waterfowl Hunter Survey, 4 minutes per respondent for the Migratory Bird Hunter Survey, and 50 minutes per respondent for the Parts Collection Survey. The Total Annual Burden is 138,917 hours.

Total Annual Responses: About 3,600,000 individuals are expected to participate in the Migratory Bird Harvest Information Program. Recent Service experience indicates that about 20,500 hunters will respond to the Waterfowl Hunter Survey each year, about 11,400 hunters will respond to the

Parts Collection Survey annually, and about 90,000 hunters will respond to the Migratory Bird Hunter Survey annually.

Annual Burden Hours: 138,917.

Pursuant to this renewal, comments are invited on: (1) Whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the collection of information; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and, (4) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents. The information collections in this program will be part of a system of a record covered by the Privacy Act 95 U.S.C. 552(a)).

Dated: June 27, 2001.

Rebecca A. Mullin,

Information Collection Officer, Fish and Wildlife Service.

[FR Doc. 01–21656 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–55–M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

Endangered Species Permit Applications

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service.

ACTION: Notice of receipt of permit applications.

SUMMARY: The following applicants have applied for a scientific research permit to conduct certain activities with endangered species pursuant to section 10(a)(1)(A) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 USC 1531 *et seq.*).

Permit No. TE–036499–0.

Applicant: National Park Service, Golden Gate National Recreation Area, San Francisco, California.

The applicant requests a recovery permit amendment to remove/reduce to possession the Raven's manzanita (*Arctostaphylos hookeri* var. *Ravennii*), Marin dwarf flax (*Hesperolinon congestum*), Presidio clarkia (*Clarkia franciscana*), San Francisco lessingia (*Lessingia germanorum*), and California sea-blite (*Suaeda californica*) in conjunction with native habitat restoration and enhancement, including collection of plants and their propagation, seeding and planting, invasive exotic plant removal and controlled burning, on the Presidio of San Francisco, Golden Gate National Recreation Area, Marin County, CA, for the purpose of enhancing the survival of these species. This permit was previously issued as subpermit GGNRA–2.

Permit No. TE–027427.

Applicant: Jeff Alvarez, Sacramento, California.

The applicant requests a permit to take (capture, mark, radio-tag) Alameda whipsnakes (*Masticophis lateralis euryxanthus*) throughout the species range in conjunction with surveys and ecological research for the purpose of enhancing its survival.

Permit No. TE–045733.

Applicant: Bureau of Land Management, Burns District, Hines, Oregon.

The applicant requests a recovery permit to remove/reduce to possession seeds of the Malheur wire lettuce (*Stephanomeria malheurensis*) throughout the species' range, in conjunction with various recovery activities as outlined in the Recovery Plan, for the purpose of enhancing its survival.

Permit No. TE–045937.

Applicant: Alan Hastings, Ph.D. et al., Dept. of Environmental Studies, University of California at Davis, Davis, California.

The applicant requests a recovery permit to take (harm, harass) salt marsh harvest mouse (*Reithrodontomys raviventris*) and California Clapper Rail (*Rallus longirostris obsoletus*) within the San Francisco estuary, Alameda and San Mateo Counties, California, in conjunction with an ecological study of invasive cordgrass (*Spartina alterniflora x Spartina foliosa* hybrids) in tidal marshes, in order to ascertain how the cordgrass is altering the ecosystem, for the purpose of enhancing their survival.

Permit No. TE–045994.

Applicant: U. S. Geological Service, Biological Resources Division, Western Ecological Research Center, San Diego Field Station, San Diego, California.

The applicant requests a recovery permit to take (conduct surveys, capture, and collect for voucher specimens) up to 20 each of unarmored threespine stickleback (*Gasterosteus aculeatus*), Santa Ana sucker (*Catostomus santaanae*), and Mojave tui chub (*Gila bicolor mojavensis*) and to take (conduct surveys, capture, take tissue samples, and salvage unlimited numbers of dead, sick, or malformed) desert slender salamander (*Batrachoseps aridus*), California red-legged frog (*Rana aurora*), and the California arroyo toad (*Bufo microscaphus californicus*) on Department of Interior lands in Los Angeles, Riverside, and San Bernardino Counties, California, in conjunction with population demographic studies, determining parasites present, and genetic studies, for the purpose of enhancing their survival.

DATES: Written comments on these permit applications must be received within 30 days of the date of publication of this notice.

ADDRESSES: Written data or comments should be submitted to the Chief, Endangered Species, Ecological Services, Fish and Wildlife Service, 911 NE. 11th Avenue, Portland, Oregon 97232–4181; Fax: (503) 231–6243. Please refer to the respective permit number for each application when submitting comments. All comments received, including names and addresses, will become part of the official administrative record and may be made available to the public.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Documents and other information submitted with these applications are available for review, subject to the requirements of the Privacy Act and Freedom of Information Act, by any party who submits a written request for a copy of such documents within 20 days of the date of publication of this notice to the address above; telephone: (503) 231–2063. Please refer to the respective permit number for each application when requesting copies of documents.

Dated: August 17, 2001.

Rowan W. Gould,

Acting Regional Director, Region 1, Portland, Oregon.

[FR Doc. 01–21662 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–55–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

Aquatic Nuisance Species Task Force Western Regional Panel

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of workshop and meeting.

SUMMARY: This notice announces a meeting of the Aquatic Nuisance Species (ANS) Task Force Western Regional Panel and an Invasive Species Screening Process workshop. The meeting topics and workshop agenda are identified in the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION.**

DATES: The Invasive Species Screening Process workshop will be held from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Tuesday, September 25, 2001, and 9 a.m. to noon, Wednesday, September 26, 2001. The

Western Regional Panel will meet from 1 p.m. to 5 p.m., Wednesday, September 26, 2001, and 9 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Thursday, September 27, 2001.

ADDRESSES: The Invasive Species Screening Process workshop and the Western Regional Panel meeting will be held at the New Frontier Hotel, 3120 Las Vegas Boulevard South, Las Vegas, Nevada 89108. Phone 800–634–6966.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Tina Proctor, Aquatic Nuisance Species Coordinator, at 303–236–7862 ext 260 or by e-mail at bettina_proctor@fws.gov; or Sharon Gross, Executive Secretary, Aquatic Nuisance Species Task Force at 703–358–2308 or by e-mail at sharon_gross@fws.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to section 10(a)(2) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App. I), this notice announces a meeting of the Aquatic Nuisance Species Task Force Western Regional Panel and an Invasive Species Screening Process workshop. The Task Force was established by the Nonindigenous Aquatic Nuisance Prevention and Control Act of 1990 (16 U.S.C. 4701–4741). The purpose of the Invasive Species Screening Process workshop is to discuss methods for screening nonindigenous invasive species imported for sale or introduced into natural water bodies. A goal of the workshop is to bring affected parties together to discuss cooperative options to prevent the introduction of invasive species. Topics to be covered during the workshop include shipping industry perspective for the importation of invasive species; perspectives from nursery, pet, and aquaculture industries; Australia's invasive species screening program; Federal screening process under consideration by the National Invasive Species Council and the ANS Task Force; an overview of screening programs in Washington, Oregon, and Hawaii; and a panel discussion on developing an invasive species screening process. The Western Regional Panel will discuss several topics including: status of various projects including facilitation of State Aquatic Nuisance Species Management Plans, development of a rapid response plan, and development of a brochure and display; an update on aquatic nuisance species activities from individual states; a summary of the Invasive Species Screening Process workshop; a review of the new work plan and budget; NISA reauthorization; and updates on West Coast ballast water, 100th Meridian initiative, and Lewis and Clark activities.

Minutes of the meeting will be maintained by the Executive Secretary, Aquatic Nuisance Species Task Force, Suite 810, 4401 North Fairfax Drive, Arlington, Virginia 22203–1622 and will be available for public inspection during regular business hours, Monday through Friday.

Dated: August 15, 2001.

Cathleen I. Short,

Co-Chair, Aquatic Nuisance Species Task Force, Assistant Director—Fisheries and Habitat Conservation.

[FR Doc. 01–21686 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–55–M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

Aquatic Nuisance Species Task Force Ballast Water and Shipping Committee

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: This notice announces a meeting of the Aquatic Nuisance Species Task Force Ballast Water and Shipping Committee. The meeting topics are identified in the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**.

DATES: The Ballast Water and Shipping Committee will meet from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m., Tuesday, September 11, 2001.

ADDRESSES: The Ballast Water and Shipping Committee meeting will be held at the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration complex, SSMC–II, Room 2358, 1325 East West Highway, Silver Spring, Maryland 20910.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: LCDR Mary Pat McKeown, U.S. Coast Guard, Ballast Water and Shipping Committee Chairperson, at 202–267–0500 or by e-mail at mmckeown@comdt.uscg.mil; or Sharon Gross, Executive Secretary, Aquatic Nuisance Species Task Force at 703–358–2308 or by e-mail at *sharon_gross@fws.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to section 10(a)(2) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App. I), this notice announces a meeting of the Aquatic Nuisance Species Task Force Ballast Water and Shipping Committee. The Task Force was established by the Nonindigenous Aquatic Nuisance Prevention and Control Act of 1990 (16 U.S.C. 4701–4741). The Ballast Water and Shipping Committee will meet to finalize the document entitled ''Recommended Ballast Water Research Priorities of the Ballast Water and Shipping Committee of the Aquatic Nuisance Species Task Force.''

Minutes of the meeting will be maintained by the Executive Secretary, Aquatic Nuisance Species Task Force, Suite 810, 4401 North Fairfax Drive, Arlington, Virginia 22203–1622, and the Chairperson of the Ballast Water and Shipping Committee at the Environmental Standards Division, Office of Operations and Environmental Standards, U.S. Coast Guard (G–MSO–4), 2100 Second Street, SW., Room 1309, Washington, DC 20593–0001. Minutes for the meeting will be available at these locations for public inspection during regular business hours, Monday through Friday.

Dated: August 20, 2001.

William E. Knapp,

Co-Chair, Aquatic Nuisance Species Task Force, Acting Assistant Director—Fisheries and Habitat Conservation.

[FR Doc. 01–21685 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–55–M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[WO–310–1310–01–PB–24 1A]

OMB Approval Number 1004–0160; Information Collection Submitted to the Office of Management and Budget Under the Paperwork Reduction Act

The Bureau of Land Management (BLM) has submitted the proposed collection of information listed below to the Office of Management and Budget for approval under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*). On December 22, 2000, the BLM published a notice in the **Federal Register** (65 FR 80904) requesting comments on the collection; a correction to the notice was published January 8, 2001 (66 FR 1375). The comment period ended February 20, 2001. The BLM received no comments from the public in response to that notice. You may obtain copies of the proposed collection of information and related explanatory material by contacting the BLM Information Collection Clearance Officer at the telephone number listed below.

The OMB is required to respond to this request within 60 days but may respond after 30 days. For maximum consideration, your comments and suggestions on the requirement should be made within 30 days directly to the Office of Management and Budget, Interior Department Desk Officer (1004–0160), Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Washington, DC

20503. Please provide a copy of your comments to the BLM Information Collection Clearance Officer (WO–630) 1849 C St., NW, Mail Stop 401 LS, Washington, DC 20240.

Nature of Comments: We specifically request your comments on the following:

1. Whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper functioning of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

2. The accuracy of our estimates of the information collection burden, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions we use;

3. Ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; and

4. Ways to minimize the information collection burden on those who are to respond, including the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Title: Geothermal Leasing Reports (43 CFR 3208).

OMB Approval Number: 1004–0160.

Abstract: BLM needs information on diligent efforts toward utilization of geothermal resources, bona fide efforts to produce geothermal resources, and/or significant expenditures of funds made on geothermal leases to comply with the provisions of the Geothermal Steam Act Amendments of 1988 (P.L. 100–443). BLM uses the information to determine if a geothermal lessee qualifies for lease extensions.

Form Number: N/A.

Frequency: On occasion; annually; every 5 years.

Description of Respondents: Individuals, small businesses, large corporations.

Estimated Completion Time: 2 hours each report.

Annual Responses: 75.

Filing Fee Per Response: 0.

Annual Burden Hours: 150.

Bureau Clearance Officer: Michael Schwartz, (202) 452–5033.

Dated: July 11, 2001.

Michael H. Schwartz,

BLM Information Collection Clearance Officer.

[FR Doc. 01–21647 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–84–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[WO–310–1310–01–PB–24 1A]

OMB Approval Number 1004–0034 Information Collection Submitted to the Office of Management and Budget Under the Paperwork Reduction Act

The Bureau of Land Management (BLM) has submitted the proposed collection of information listed below to the Office of Management and Budget for approval under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*). On December 22, 2000, BLM published a notice in the **Federal Register** (65 FR 8095) requesting comments on the collection. The comment period ended February 20, 2001. BLM received no comments from the public in response to that notice. You may obtain copies of the proposed collection of information and related explanatory material by contacting the BLM Information Collection Clearance Officer at the telephone number listed below.

OMB is required to respond to this request within 60 days but may respond after 30 days. For maximum consideration, your comments and suggestions on the requirement should be made within 30 days directly to the Office of Management and Budget, Interior Department Desk Officer (1004–0034), Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Washington, DC 20503. Please provide a copy of your comments to the BLM Information Collection Clearance Officer (WO–630) 1849 C St., NW, Mail Stop 401 LS, Washington, DC 20240.

Nature of comments: We specifically request your comments on the following:

1. Whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper functioning of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

2. The accuracy of our estimates of the information collection burden, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions we use;

3. Ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; and

4. Ways to minimize the information collection burden on those who are to respond, including the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Title: Oil and Gas Lease Transfers by Assignment of Record Title or Operating Rights (Sublease) (43 CFR 3106, 3135, 3216).

OMB *Approval number:* 1004–0034.

Abstract: Respondents supply information on these forms (3000–3 and 3000–3a) to assign/transfer an interest in an oil and gas or geothermal lease.

Form numbers: 3000–3 and 3000–3a.

Frequency: On occasion.

Description of respondents: Individuals, small businesses, large corporations.

Estimate completion time: 30 minutes each form.

Annual response: 60,000.

Filing fee per response: $50.

Annual burden hours: 30,000.

Bureau clearance officer: Michael Schwartz (202) 452–5033.

Dated: August 3, 2001.

Michael H. Schwartz,

BLM Information Collection Clearance Officer.

[FR Doc. 01–21648 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–84–P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. TA–201–73]

Steel; Correction

AGENCY: International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Correction notice for the subject investigation.

SUMMARY: On August 22, 2001, the Commission published in the **Federal Register** (66 FR 44158) notice of consolidation of an investigation on certain steel imports under section 201 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2251) requested by the Committee on Finance of the United States Senate with the Commission's previously-instituted investigation No. TA–201–73. Accordingly, the Commission gives notice of a needed correction to the above mentioned notice. The wording ''Committee'' mentioned under the summary heading in the second sentence of the second paragraph should be ''Commission.''

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 22, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Vera Libeau (202–205–3176), Office of Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW., Washington, DC 20436. Hearing-impaired persons can obtain information on this matter by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on 202–205–1810. Persons with mobility impairments who will need special assistance in gaining access to the Commission should contact the Office

of the Secretary at 202–205–2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server (http://www.usitc.gov).

The public record for this investigation may be viewed on the Commission's electronic docket (EDIS–ON–LINE) at http://dockets.usitc.gov/eol/public.

By order of the Commission.

Issued: August 22, 2001.

Donna R. Koehnke,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 01–21640 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020–02–P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Establishment of the Commission for the Review of FBI Security Programs

AGENCY: Depart of Justice.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice is published in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act and advises the public that the Attorney General of the United States has established the Commission for the Review of FBI Security Programs. The Commission will provide advice and recommendations on policy and procedural issues as they relate to the security programs of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

ADDRESSES: The Commission meetings will be held at the U.S. Department of Justice, located at 950 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington DC 20530.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: George Ellard, Deputy Chief Investigative Counsel, (202) 616–1327.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act, 5 U.S.C. App., the Attorney General of the United States has established the Commission for the Review of FBI Security Programs. The Commission will provide advice and recommendations on policy and procedural issues as they relate to the security programs of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The Attorney General has determined that establishment of the Commission is in the public interest.

Richard M. Rogers,

Deputy Chief Investigative Counsel, Commission for the Review of FBI Security Programs, Department of Justice.

[FR Doc. 01–21682 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410–23–M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Commission for the Review of FBI Security Programs

ACTION: Notice of closed meeting.

DATES: September 18, 2001.

PLACE: Department of Justice, 950 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20530.

STATUS: This meeting will be closed to the public.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED: The purpose of the Commission for the Review of FBI Security Programs will be to provide advice and recommendations on policy and procedural issues as they relate to the security programs of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The Attorney General of the United States Department of Justice (DOJ) has determined that the meetings of the Commission will be closed to the public in accordance with the United States Code, Title 5, Section 552b, due to the likelihood that sensitive national security information regarding intelligence and counter-intelligence investigative techniques and procedures will be reviewed and discussed in an open forum. The potential release of this information could seriously jeopardize the integrity of our internal security programs; ongoing intelligence and counter-intelligence investigations, and could also endanger the lives and safety of FBI Special Agents, other intelligence community personnel, and individuals supporting our intelligence personnel.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: George Ellard, Deputy Chief Investigative Counsel, (202) 616–1327.

Richard M. Rogers,

Deputy Chief Investigative Counsel, Commission for the Review of FBI Security Programs, Department of Justice.

[FR Doc. 01–21683 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410–23–M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Notice of Lodging of Partial Consent Decree in Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act Cost Recovery Action

In accordance with the Departmental Policy, 28 CFR 50.7, notice is hereby given that a Partial Consent Decree in *United States* v. *American Scrap Company,* Civil Action No. 1:99–CV–2047, was lodged with the United States District Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania on August 17, 2001. This Partial Consent Decree resolves the United States' claims against City Metal Co., Inc., Cousins, Inc., Honeywell International, Inc. and NI West, Inc. (''Settling Defendants'') under Section 107(a) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (''CERCLA''), 42 U.S.C. 9607(a), for response costs incurred at the Jack's Creek/Sitkin Smelting Superfund Site in Mifflin County, Pennsylvania. The Partial Consent Decree requires the Settling Defendants to pay a total of $1,736,977.10 in past response costs.

The Department of Justice will accept written comments on the proposed Partial Consent Decree for thirty (30) days from the date of publication of this notice. Please address comments to the Acting Assistant Attorney General, Environment and Natural Resources Division, Department of Justice, P.O. Box 7611, Ben Franklin Station, Washington, D.C. 20044 and refer to *United States* v. *American Scrap Company,* DOJ # 90–11–2–911/1.

Copies of the proposed Partial Consent Decree may be examined at the Office of the United States Attorney, Middle District of Pennsylvania, 228 Walnut Street, Harrisburg, PA 17108, and at EPA Region III, 1650 Arch Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103–2029. A copy of the proposed Partial Consent Decree may be obtained by mail from the U.S. Department of Justice, Consent Decree Library, P.O. Box 7611, Washington, D.C. 20044–7611. When requesting a copy of the proposed Partial Consent Decree, please enclose a check to cover the twenty-five cents per page reproduction costs payable to the ''Consent Decree Library'' in the amount of $7.50, and reference *United States* v. *American Scrap Company,* DOJ # 90–11–2–911/1.

Robert Brook,

Assistant Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division, Department of Justice.

[FR Doc. 01–21643 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410–15–M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Notice of Lodging of Consent Decree Pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as Amended

Consistent with Department policy, 28 CFR 50.7, 38 FR 19029, and 42 U.S.C. 9622(d), notice is hereby given that on August 15, 2001, a proposed Consent Decree as to Settling Defendants 2, concerning the Somersworth Landfill Site in Somersworth, New Hampshire,

was lodged with the United States District Court for the District of New Hampshire in the action captioned *United States* v. *CVS Corporation, et al.*, D.N.H., Civil No. 01–314–B. The proposed Consent Decree will resolve the claims of the United States, the State of New Hampshire, the City of Somersworth, and the General Electric Company under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (''CERCLA''), 42 U.S.C. 9601, *et seq.,* against (a) Samuel S. Mathews, (b) Facemate PL/GF, Inc., Facemate Corporation, Great Falls Bleachery and Dye Works, a division of Haffenreffer & Co., Inc., Haffenreffer & Co., Inc., Pond Lily Great Falls Company, Haffenreffer (New Hampshire), Inc., Great Falls Bleachery & Dye Works, Pond Lily Company, and Great Northern Industries, Inc. (collectively, the ''Facemate Companies''), (c) CVS Corporation and CVS New York, Inc., (d) Natalie Gardner, as Administratrix of the Estate of Fred Tanzer, and Ethlyne Golub, as an individual and as Executrix of the Estate of Burton Golub, and (e) Ron Currier's Hilltop Chevrolet, Inc., and Ronald A Currier, relating to the Somersworth Landfill Site.

Pursuant to the Consent Decree, these defendants have agreed to reimburse to the United States a total of $197,612 for past and oversight costs incurred and to be incurred by the EPA at the Somersworth Landfill Site and to pay a total of $1,119,796 in contribution to the City of Somersworth and the General Electric Company, the parties that are implementing the remedial design and remedial action at the Site pursuant to a previous Consent Decree entered in *United States* v. *City of Somersworth, et al.,* D.N.H., Civil Action No. 96–46–JD, in 1996.

The Department of Justice will receive for a period of thirty (30) days from the date of publication of this Notice comments relating to the proposed Consent Decree as to Settling Defendants 2. Any comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General of the Environment and Natural Resources Division, U.S. Department of Justice, P.O. Box 7611, Washington, DC 20044–7611, and should reference the following case name and number: *United States* v. *CVS Corporation, et. al.,* Civil Action No. 01–314–B, D.J. # 90–11–3–1311/1. In addition, because the Consent Decree as to Settling Defendants 2 includes covenants not to sue the Settling Defendants 2 under Section 7003 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6973, the United States will provide an opportunity for a public meeting in the affected area, if requested within the thirty (30) day public comment period. *See* 42 U.S.C. § 6973(d).

The proposed Consent Decree as to Settling Defendants 2 may be examined at the Office of the United States Attorney, District of New Hampshire, 55 Pleasant Street, Concord, New Hampshire 03301, c/o Gretchen Witt, Esq., (603) 225–1552, or at the Region One office of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, One Congress St., Boston, MA 02203, c/o Robert Phocas, Esq., (617) 918–1758. A copy of the proposed Consent Decree as to Settling Defendants 2 may also be obtained by mail from the Consent Decree Library, P.O. Box 7611, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20044–7611, c/o Peggy Fenlon-Gore, (202) 514–5245. In requesting a copy, please enclose a check in the amount of $10.00 (25 cents per page reproduction cost) payable to the Consent Decree Library.

Bruce S. Gelber,

Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division.

[FR Doc. 01–21642 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410–15–M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

United States v. Premdor Inc., Premdor U.S. Holdings, Inc., International Paper Company, and Masonite Corporation; Proposed Final Judgment and Competitive Impact Statement

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Antitrust Procedures and Penalties Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 16(b)–(h), that a proposed Final Judgment, Hold Separate Stipulation and Order, and Competitive Impact Statement were filed with the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia in *United States* v. *Premdor Inc., Premdor U.S. Holdings, Inc., International Paper Company, and Masonite Corporation,* Civ. Action No. 1:01CV01696. On August 3, 2001, the United States filed a Complaint alleging that Premdor Inc.'s acquisition of Masonite Corporation and related assets would violate section 7 of the Clayton Act, 15 U.S.C. 18. The proposed Final Judgment, filed the same time as the Complaint, requires defendants to divest Masonite Corporation's doorskin manufacturing facility located in Towanda, Pennsylvania.Copies of the Complaint, proposed Final Judgment, Hold Separate Stipulation and Order, and Competitive Impact Statement are available for inspection at the U.S. Department of Justice, Antitrust Division, 325 Seventh Street, NW., Room 215, Washington, DC 20530 (telephone: 202–514–2481), and at the Clerk's Office of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, Washington, DC.

Public comment is invited within 60 days of the date of this notice. Such comments, and responses thereto, will be published in the **Federal Register** and filed with the Court. Comments should be directed to J. Robert Kramer II, Chief, Litigation II Section, Antitrust Division, U.S. Department of Justice, 1401 H Street, NW., Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20530 (telephone: 202–307–0924).

Mary Jean Moltenbrey,

Director of Civil NonMerger Enforcement.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

United States of America, Plaintiff, v. Premdor Inc., 1600 Britannia Road East, Mississauga, Ontario, Canada L4W 1J2; Premdor U.S. Holdings Inc., One North Dale Mabry Highway, Suite 950, Tampa, Florida 33609; International Paper Company, 400 Atlantic Street, Stamford, Connecticut 06921; and Masonite Corporation, 1 South Wacker Drive, Chicago, Illinois 60606; Defendants.

[Civil No.: 01 1696]

Hold Separate Stipulation and Order

It is hereby stipulated and agreed by and between the undersigned parties, subject to approval and entry by the Court, that:

I. Definitions

As used in this Hold Separate Stipulation and Order:

A. ''Acquirer'' or ''Acquirers'' means the entity or entities to whom the Towanda Facility is divested.

B. ''Premdor'' means defendant Premdor Inc., a Canadian corporation with its headquarters in Mississauga, Ontario, Canada, its successors and assigns, and its subsidiaries, divisions, groups, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and their directors, officers, managers, agents, and employees.

C. ''Premdor U.S.'' means defendant Premdor U.S. Holdings, Inc., a Florida corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of Premdor with its headquarters in Tampa, Florida, its successors and assigns, and its subsidiaries, divisions, groups, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and their directors, officers, managers, agents, and employees.

D. ''IP'' means defendant International Paper Company, a New York corporation with its headquarters in Stamford, Connecticut, its successors and assigns, and its subsidiaries, divisions, groups, affiliates,

partnerships and joint ventures, and their directors, officers, managers, agents, and employees.

E. ''Masonite'' means defendant Masonite Corporation, a Delaware corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of IP with its headquarters in Chicago, Illinois, its successors and assigns, and its subsidiaries, divisions, groups, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and their directors, officers, managers, agents, and employees.

F. ''Doorskin'' means the facing components used in the manufacture of an interior flush door; two doorskins are required for each door—one for the front facing and one for the rear facing of the door.

G. ''Molded Doorskin'' means a hardboard doorskin made from a fibrous mat that has been molded under extreme pressure and at a high temperature into a raised panel design.

H. ''Proprietary Premdor Product'' means any product manufactured by Masonite in which Premodor has an ownership interest and which Masonite has agreed in writing not to sell to anyone other than Premdor.

I. ''Towanda Facility'' means Masonite's Molded Doorskin production facility located in Towanda, Pennsylvania including:

(1) All tangible assets that comprise the Towanda Facility, including research and development activities, all manufacturing equipment, tooling and fixed assets, personal property, inventory, materials, supplies, components, parts, designs and other tangible property or assets used at the Towanda Facility (provided, however, that all manufacturing equipment, tooling and fixed assets, personal property, inventory, materials, supplies, components, parts, designs and other tangible property or assets used exclusively in the production of any Proprietary Premdor Product are excluded from the provisions of this subparagraph); all licenses, permits and authorizations issued by any governmental organization relating to the Towanda Facility; all contracts, teaming arrangements, agreements (including supply agreements), leases, commitments, certifications, and understandings relating to the Towanda Facility (provided, however, that any contracts, teaming arrangements, agreements (including supply agreements), leases, commitments, certifications, and understandings between Masonite and/or IP and Premdor and/or Premdor U.S. are excluded from this subparagraph); all lists, contracts, accounts, and credit records of customers (provided, however, that any contracts, accounts, and credit records relating exclusively to Premdor and/or Premdor U.S. are excluded from this subparagraph); all repair, performance, and Towanda Facility records and all other records relating to the Towanda Facility; and

(2) Any and all intangible assets used in the development, production, servicing and sale of Molded Doorskins at the Towanda Facility, including, but not limited to: (a) Subject to the right of Premdor and Premdor U.S., for 180 days from the date of the consummation of the divestiture pursuant to Section IV or VI of the proposed Final Judgment, to use up any Premdor co-branded packaging or promotional material, exclusive use of the CraftMaster, Canterbury, Carmelle, Carolina, Carrera, Caspian, Castille, Classique, Clermont, Colonist, Harvest, Canyon, Corinth, Coventry, Cremona, Hakuju, Maletero, Mesa, Morning Sun, Natural Trugrain Harvest, and Trugrain Natural brand names and all other intellectual property rights used in connection with the production of Molded Doorskins at the Towanda Facility, including all blueprints and engineering drawings needed for the manufacture of dies used in the Molded Doorskin presses at the Towanda facility; (b) all information, documents and computer records, relating to the production, sales, marketing or distribution of any products sold under any of the brand names identified in section I(2)(a), including all files relating to purchasers (other than Premdor and Premdor U.S.) of Molded Doorskins or doors manufactured with Molded Doorskins; (c) with respect to all other intellectual property rights currently used or currently planned to be used in connection with the production of Molded Doorskins at both the Towanda Facility and other nondivested Molded Doorskin production facilities, a transferable license; (d) all existing licenses and sublicenses relating exclusively to the Towanda Facility; (e) a transferable sublicense, exclusive in the Acquirer(s) of the Towanda Facility, to all other existing license and sublicenses relating to the Towanda Facility; and (f) all research or market evaluations relating exclusively to the Towanda Facility or to customers and copies of all other research market evaluations or information relating to plans for, improvements or updates to, or product line extensions of Masonite's Molded Doorskin business in existence as of the date the Towanda Facility is divested. Intellectual property rights comprise, but are not limited to, patents, licenses and sublicenses, technical information, copyrights, trademarks, trade names, service marks, service names, computer software and related documentation, know-how, trade secrets, drawings, blueprints, designs, design protocols, specifications for parts and devices, safety procedures for the handling of materials and substances, quality assurance and control procedures, design tools and simulation capability, all manuals and technical information provided to employees, customers, supplies, agents, or licensees, and all research data concerning historic and current research and development efforts relating to Masonite's Molded Doorskin business including, but not limited to, designs of experiments and the results of successful and unsuccessful designs and experiments. Intellectual property rights do not include rights to the ''Masonite'' brand name or to any Proprietary Premdor Product.

(3) The Towanda Facility does not include IP corporate documents, intellectual property owned by IP or other materials regularly maintained at IP headquarters that were not part of the Purchase Agreement.

J. ''The North American Molded Products Business'' means Masonite's Molded Doorskin business, including:

(1) Production facilities located in Towanda, Pennsylvania and Laurel Mississippi, and all tangible assets that comprise the Towanda Facility and the Laurel Facility, including research and development activities, all manufacturing equipment, tooling and fixed assets, personal property, inventory, materials, supplies, and components, parts, design and other tangible property or assets used at the Towanda Facility and the Laurel Facility (provided, however, that all manufacturing equipment, tooling and fixed assets, personal property, and inventory, materials, supplies, components, parts, designs and other tangible property or assets used exclusively in the production of any Property Premdor Product are excluded from the provisions of this subparagraph); all licenses, permits and authorizations issued by any governmental organization relating to the Towanda Facility and the Laurel Facility; all contracts, teaming arrangements, agreements (including supply agreements), leases, commitments, certifications, and understandings relating to the Towanda Facility and the Laurel Facility (provided, however, that any contracts, terming arrangements, agreements (including supply agreements), leases, commitments, certifications, and understandings between Masonite and/or IP and Premdor and/or Premdor U.S.

are excluded from this subparagraph); all lists, contracts, accounts, and credit records of customers (provided, however, that any contracts, accounts, and credit records relating exclusively to Premdor and/or Premdor U.S. are excluded from this subparagraph); all repair, performance, and Towanda Facility and Laurel Facility records and all other records relating to the Towanda Facility and the Laurel Facility.

(2) Any and all intangible assets used in the development, production, servicing and sale of Molded Doorskins at the Towanda Facility and the Laurel Facility, including, but not limited to: (a) Subject to the right of Premdor and Premdor U.S., for 180 days from the date of the consummation of the divestiture pursuant to Section IV or VI of the proposed Final Judgment, to use up any Premdor co-branded packaging or promotional material, and CraftMaster, Canterbury, Carmelle, Carolina, Carrera, Caspian, Castille, Clermont, Colonist, Harvest, Canyon, Corinth, Coventry, Cremona, Hakuju, Maletero, Mesa, Morning Sun, Natural, Trugrain Harvest, and Trugrain Natural brand names and all other intellectual property rights used in connection with the production of Molded Doorskin at the Towanda Facility and the Laurel Facility; (b) all existing licenses and sublicenses relating exclusively to the Towanda Facility and the Laurel Facility; and (c) all research, market evaluations or information relating to plans for; improvements or updates to, or product line extensions of Masonite's Molded Doorskin business. Intellectual property rights comprise, but are not limited to, patents, licenses and sublicenses, technical information, copyrights, trademarks, trade names, service marks, service names, computer software and related documentation, know-how, trade secrets, drawings, blueprints, designs, design protocols, specifications for parts and devices, safety procedures for the handling of materials and substances, quality assurance and control procedures, design tools and simulation capability, and manuals and technical information provided to employees, customers, suppliers, agents, or licenses, and all research data concerning historic and current research and development efforts relating to Masonite's Molded Doorskin business including, but not limited to, designs of experiments and the results of successful and unsuccessful designs and experiments. Intellectual property rights to not include rights to any Property Premdor Product; and,

(3) The Illinois Corporate Offices, the Research Center and the Sales and Marketing Offices of Masonite, including all information maintained at these locations, all written and electronic records and files of these locations, and all tangible and intangible property and assets located at them, with the exception of such information, records, files and property that do not concern the production, sale, marketing, or distribution of Molded Doorskin or doors manufactured with Molded Doorskins in North America.

(4) The North American Molded Products Business does not include IP corporate documents, intellectual property owned by IP or other materials regularly maintained at IP headquarters that were not part of the Purchase Agreement.

K. ''Purchase Agreement'' means the Purchase Agreement by and among IP, Premdor and Premdor U.S. dated as of September 30, 2000 and includes all associated schedules and any subsequent modifications to revisions of that agreement.

II. Objectives

The proposed Final Judgment filed in this case is meant to ensure defendants' promote divestiture of the Towanda Facility for the purpose of establishing a viable competitor in the Molded Doorskin business in order to remedy the effects that the United States alleges would otherwise result from Premdor's acquisition of the Masonite business IP. This Hold Separate Stipulation and Order ensures, prior to such divestitures, that the Towanda facility and the North American Molded Products Business remain independent, economically viable, and ongoing business concerns that will remain independent and uninfluenced by Premdor's acquisition of the Masonite business of IP, and that competition is maintained during the pendency of the ordered divestitures.

III. Jurisdiction and Venue

The Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action and over each of the parties hereto, and venue of this action in proper in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia.

IV. Compliance With and Entry of Final Judgment

A. Each defendant, upon signing his Hold Separate Stipulation and Order, thereby stipulates that a Final Judgment in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A may be filed with and entered by the Court, upon the motion of any party or upon the Court's own motion, at any time after compliance with the requirements of the Antitrust Procedures and Penalties Act (15 U.S.C. § 16), and without further notice to any party or other proceedings, provided that the United States has not withdrawn its consent, which it may do at any time before the entry of the proposed Final Judgment by serving notice thereof on defendants and by filing that notice with the Court.

B. Each defendant, upon signing his Hold Separate Stipulation and Order, thereby stipulates that it shall abide by and comply with the applicable provisions of the proposed Final Judgment, pending the Judgment's entry by the Court, or until expiration of time for all appeals of any Court ruling declining entry of the proposed Final Judgment, and shall, from the date of the signing of this Stipulation by the parties, comply with all the applicable terms and provisions of the proposed Final Judgment as though the same were in full force and effect as an order of the Court.

C. Each defendant, upon signing this Hold Separate Stipulation and Order, thereby stipulates that it shall not consummate the transaction sought to be enjoined by the Complaint herein before the Court has signed this Hold Separate Stipulation and Order, and before each defendant has signed this Stipulation.

D. This Stipulation shall apply with equal force and effect to any amended proposed Final Judgment agreed upon in writing by the parties and submitted to the Court.

E. In the event (1) the United States has withdrawn its consent, as provided in Section IV(A) above, or (2) the proposed Final Judgment is not entered pursuant to this Stipulation, the time has expired for all appeals of any Court ruling declining entry of the proposed Final Judgment, and the Court has not otherwise ordered continued compliance with the terms and provisions of the proposed Final Judgment, then the parties are released from all further obligations under this Stipulation, and the making of this Stipulation shall be without prejudice to any party in this or any other proceeding.

F. Defendants represent that the divestitures ordered in the proposed Final Judgment can and will be made, and that defendants will later raise no claim of mistake, hardship or difficulty of compliance as grounds for asking the Court to modify any of the provisions contained therein.

V. Hold Separate Provisions

Until the divestiture required by the proposed Final Judgment has been accomplished, and subject to the provisions of Section VI of this Order:

A. Defendants shall preserve, maintain, and operate the North American Molded Products Business as an independent, ongoing, economically viable competitive business, with management, research, design, development, production, promotions, marketing, sales and operations of such assets held entirely separate, distinct and apart from those of the defendants' other operations. Defendants Premdor and Premdor U.S. shall not coordinate the production, marketing, or terms of sale of any products with those produced by or sold by the North American Molded Products Business, except to the extent necessary to sell Molded Doorskins to Premdor or Premdor U.S. Within twenty (20) days after the entry of the Hold Separate Stipulation and Order, defendants will inform the United States of the steps defendants have taken to comply with this Hold Separate Stipulation and Order.

B. Defendants shall take all steps necessary to ensure that (1) the North American Molded Products Business will be maintained and operated as an independent, ongoing, economically viable and active competitor in the Molded Doorskin industry; (2) the management of the North American Molded Products Business facility will not be influenced by defendants; and (3) the books, records, competitively sensitive sales, marketing and pricing information, and decision-making concerning research, development, marketing, production, distribution or sales of products by or under any of the North American Molded Products Business will be kept separate and apart from the other operations of defendants.

C. Defendants shall use all reasonable efforts to maintain the research, development, sales and revenues of the products produced by or sold by the North American Molded Products Business, and shall maintain at 2001 levels all promotional, advertising, sales, technical assistance, marketing and merchandising support for the Towanda Facility.

D. Defendants shall provide sufficient working capital and lines and sources of credit to continue to maintain the North American Molded Products Business as economically viable and competitive, ongoing business, consistent with the requirements of Section V(A) and (B).

E. Defendants shall take all steps necessary to ensure that the Towanda Facility is fully maintained in operable condition at no less than its current capacity and sales, and shall maintain and adhere to normal repair and maintenance schedules for the Towanda Facility.

F. Defendants shall not, except as stated in the Purchase Agreement or as part of a divestiture approved by the United States in accordance with the terms of the proposed Final Judgment, remove, sell, lease, assign, transfer, pledge or otherwise dispose of any asset of the North American Molded Products Business, subject to the provisions of Section VI of this Order. Except as stated in the Purchase Agreement, defendants shall not remove originals or make copies of any of the information, records, files or property of the North American Molded Products Business, other than the regular course of business, and defendants shall not permit review or disclosure of such information, records, files or property to defendants Premdor or Premdor U.S., provided, however, that Premdor and Premdor U.S. may have access to such information, records, files or property to the extent necessary to comply with the provisions of the Final Judgment and this Order, to obtain and maintain financing to consummate the transactions stated in the Purchase Agreement, and to make any disclosure mandated under the securities laws of the United States or Canada. Premdor and Premdor U.S. shall provide the monitoring trustee, if any, appointed under the proposed Final Judgment timely notice identifying: (1) Which, if any, Premdor or Premdor U.S. employees have been given access to any of the information, records, files or property of the North American Molded Products Business; (2) the information, records, files or property of the North American Molded Products Business to which such employees have been given access; and (3) the reason for such access. In no event shall employees of Premodor and Premdor U.S. with direct responsibility for sales and marketing have access to any of the information, records, files or property of the North American Molded Products Business.

G. Defendants shall maintain, in accordance with sound accounting principles, separate, accurate and complete financial ledgers, books and records that report on a periodic basis, such as the last business day of every month, consistent with past practices, the assets, liabilities, expenses, revenues and income of the North American Molded Products Business.

H. Defendants shall take no action that would jeopardize, delay or implede the sale of the Towanda Facility.

I. Defendants' employees with primary responsibility for the research, design, development, promotion, distribution, sale, and operation of the North American Molded Products Business shall not be transferred or reassigned to other ares within the company except for transfer bids initiated by employees pursuant to defendants' regular, established job posting policy. Defendants shall provide the United States with ten (10) calendar days notice of such transfer.

J. Prior to consummation of their transaction, defendants shall appoint Peter Heist to oversee and to be responsible for defendants' compliance with this section. Peter Heist shall have complete managerial responsibility for the North American Molded Products Business, subject to the provisions of the proposed Final Judgment. In the event such person is unable to perform his duties, defendants shall appoint, subject to the approval of the Untied States, a replacement within ten (10) working days. Should a replacement acceptable to the Untied States not be appointed within this time period, the United States shall appoint a replacement.

K. Defendants shall take no action that would interfere with the ability of any trustee appointed pursuant to the proposed Final Judgment to monitor each defendant's compliance with the terms of the proposed Final Judgment and this Hold Separate Stipulation and Order applicable to it, or to complete the divestitures pursuant to the proposed Final Judgment to an Acquirer or Acquirers acceptable to the United States.

L. This Hold Separate Stipulation and Order shall remain in effect until consummation of the divestitures required by the proposed Final Judgment or until further order of the Court.

VI. Partition Plan

A. Defendants may present to the Department of Justice a plan within twenty-eight (28) days of this Order to partition from the Masonite business the Towanda Facility and any other assets of the North American Molded Products Business that are necessary to create a viable Molded Doorskin business. In the event the Department of Justice rejects the partition plan or in the event that the defendants do not submit a partition plan, defendants are ordered and directed to hold separate the North American Molded Products Business until the divestiture of the Towanda Facility is complete. Acceptance of the partition plan is in the sole discretion of the Department of Justice. If the

Department of Justice approves the partition plan submitted by defendants, Premdor U.S. can take control of the North American Molded Products Business with the exception of the Towanda Facility.

B. Premdor and Pemdor U.S. shall ensure to the satisfaction of the Department of Justice that the operations of the Towanda Facility shall not be disrupted.

Respectfully submitted,

For Plaintiff United States of America
J. Brady Dugar, Esq.,
Virginia Bar No.: 31685, United States Department of Justice, Antitrust Division, Litigation II Section, 1401 H Street, N.W., Suite 300, Washington, D.C. 20530, (202) 616–5125.

For Defendants Premdor, Inc., and Premdor U.S. Holding Inc.
Keith D. Shugarman, Esq.,
D.C. Bar No.: 416534, Goodwin Procter LLP, 1717 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20006, (202) 974–1020.

International Paper Company and Masonite Corporation
James R. Loftis III, Esq.
D.C. Bar No.: 25627
Danielle K. Moskowitz, Esq.,
D.C. Bar No.: 452132, Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher LLP, 1050 Connecticut Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20036–5307, (202) 955–8500

Order

It Is So Ordered by the Court, this _____ day of _____, 2001.

_____
United States District Judge

Final Judgment

Whereas, plaintiff, United States of America, filed its Complaint on August 3, 2001, plaintiff and defendants, Premdor Inc. (''Premdor''), Premdor U.S. Holdings, Inc. (''Premdor U.S.''), International Paper Company (''IP''), and Masonite Corporation (''Masonite''), by their respective attorneys, have consented to the entry of this Final Judgment without trial or adjudication of any issue of fact or law, and without this Final Judgment constituting any evidence against or admission by any party regarding any issued of fact or law;

And Whereas, defendants agree to be bound by the provisions of this Final Judgment pending its approval by the Court;

And Whereas, the essence of this Final Judgment is the prompt and certain divestiture of certain rights or assets by the defendants to assure that competition is not substantially lessened;

And Whereas, plaintiff requires defendants to make certain divestitures for the purpose of remedying the loss of competition alleged in the complaint;

And Whereas, defendants Premdor and Premdor U.S. have represented to the United States that the divestitures required below can and will be made, and defendants IP and Masonite have represented that as of the time of signing the stipulation to the entry of this Final Judgment, the divestiture required below can and will be made, and each defendant agrees that it will later raise no claim of hardship or difficulty as grounds for asking the Court to modify any of the divestiture provisions contained below;

Now Therefore, before any testimony is taken, without trial or adjudication of any issue of fact or law, and upon consent of the parties, it is *Ordered, Adjudged and Decreed*:

I. Jurisdiction

This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of and each of the parties to this action. The Complaint states a claim upon which relief may be granted against defendants under section 7 of the Clayton Act, as amended (15 U.S.C. 18).

II. Definitions

As used in this Final Judgment:

A. ''Acquirer'' or ''Acquirers'' means the entity or entities to whom the Towanda Facility is divested.

B. ''Premdor'' means defendant Premdor Inc., a Canadian corporation with its headquarters in Mississauga, Ontario, Canada, its successors and assigns, and its subsidiaries, divisions, groups, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and their directors, officers, managers, agents, and employees.

C. ''Premdor U.S.'' means defendant Premdor U.S. Holdings, Inc., a Florida corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of Premdor with its headquarters in Tampa, Florida, its successors and assigns, and its subsidiaries, divisions, groups, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and their directors, officers, managers, agents, and employees.

D. ''IP'' means defendant International Paper Company, a New York corporation with its headquarters in Stamford, Connecticut, its successors and assigns, and its subsidiaries, divisions, groups, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and their directors, officers, managers, agents, and employees.

E. ''Masonite'' means defendant Masonite Corporation, a Delaware corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of IP with its headquarters in Chicago, Illinois, its successors and assigns, and its subsidiaries, divisions, groups, affiliates, partnerships and joint ventures, and their directors, officers, managers, agents, and employees.

F. ''Doorskin'' means the facing components used in the manufacture of an interior flush door; two doorskins are required for each door—one for the front facing and one for the rear facing of the door.

G. ''Molded Doorskin'' means a hardboard doorskin made from a fibrous mat that has been molded under extreme pressure and at a high temperature into a raised panel design.

H. ''Proprietary Premdor Product'' means any product manufactured by Masonite in which Premdor has an ownership interest and which Masonite has agreed in writing not to sell to anyone other than Premdor.

I. ''Towanda Facility'' means Masonite's Molded Doorskin production facility located in Towanda, Pennsylvania including:

(l) All tangible assets that comprise the Towanda Facility, including research and development activities, all manufacturing equipment, tooling and fixed assets, personal property, inventory, materials, supplies, components, parts, designs and other tangible property or assets used at the Towanda Facility (provided, however, that all manufacturing equipment, tooling and fixed assets, personal property, inventory, materials, supplies, components, parts, designs and other tangible property or assets used exclusively in the production of any Proprietary Premdor Product are excluded from the provisions of this subparagraph); all licenses, permits and authorizations issued by any governmental organization relating to the Towanda Facility; all contracts, teaming arrangements, agreements (including supply agreements), leases, commitments, certifications, and understandings relating to the Towanda Facility (provided, however, that any contracts, teaming arrangements, agreements (including supply agreements), leases, commitments, certifications, and understandings between Masonite and/or IP and Premdor and/or Premdor U.S. are excluded from this subparagraph); all lists, contracts, accounts, and credit records of customers (provided, however, that any contracts, accounts, and credit records relating exclusively to Premdor and/or Premdor U.S. are excluded from this subparagraph); all repair, performance, and Towanda Facility records and all other records relating to the Towanda Facility; and

(2) Any and all intangible assets used in the development, production, servicing and sale of Molded Doorskins at the Towanda Facility, including, but

not limited to: (a) Subject to the right of Premdor and Premdor U.S. for 180 days from the date of the consummation of the divestiture pursuant to Section IV or VI of this Final Judgment, to use up any Premdor co-branded packaging or promotional material, exclusive use of the CraftMaster, Canterbury, Carmelle, Carolina, Carrera, Caspian, Castille, Classique, Clermont, Colonist, Harvest, Canyon, Corinth, Coventry, Cremona, Hakuju, Maletero, Mesa, Morning Sun, Natural, Trugrain Harvest, and Trugrain Natural brand names and all other intellectual property rights used in connection with the production of Molded Doorskins at the Towanda Facility, including all blueprints and engineering drawings needed for the manufacture of dies used in the Molded Doorskin presses at the Towanda Facility; (b) all information, documents and computer records, relating to the production, sales, marketing or distribution of any products sold under any of the brand names identified in section I(2)(a), including all files relating to purchasers (other than Premdor and Premdor U.S.) of Molded Doorskins or doors manufactured with Molded Doorskins; (c) with respect to all other intellectual property rights currently used or currently planned to be used in connection with the production of Molded Doorskins at both the Towanda Facility and other nondivested Molded Doorskin production facilities, a transferable license; (d) all existing licenses and sublicenses relating exclusively to the Towanda Facility; (e) a transferable sublicense, exclusive in the Acquirer(s) of the Towanda Facility, to all other existing licenses and sublicenses relating to the Towanda Facility; and (f) all research or market evaluations relating exclusively to the Towanda Facility or to customers and copies of all other research, market evaluations or information relating to plans for, improvements or updates to, or product line extensions of Masonite's Molded Doorskin business in existence as of the date the Towanda Facility is divested Intellectual property rights comprise, but are not limited to, patents, licenses and sublicenses, technical information, copyrights, trademarks, trade names, service marks, service names, computer software and related documentation, know-how, trade secrets, drawings, blueprints, designs, design protocols, specifications for parts and devices, safety procedures for the handling of materials and substances, quality assurance and control procedures, design tools and simulation capability, all manuals and technical information provided to employees, customers, suppliers, agents, or licensees, and all research data concerning historic and current research and development efforts relating to Masonite's Molded Doorskin business including, but not limited to, designs of experiments and the results of successful and unsuccessful designs and experiments. Intellectual property rights do not include rights to the ''Masonite'' brand name or to any Proprietary Premdor Product.

(3) The Towanda Facility does not include IP corporate documents, intellectual property owned by IP or other materials regularly maintained at IP headquarters that were not part of the Purchase Agreement.

J. ''The North American Molded Products Business'' means Masonite's Molded Doorskin business, including:

(1) Production facilities located in Towanda. Pennsylvania and Laurel Mississippi, and all tangible assets that comprise the Towanda Facility and the Laurel Facility, including research and development activities, all manufacturing equipment, tooling and fixed assets, personal property, inventory, materials, supplies, components, parts, designs and other tangible property or assets used at the Towanda Facility and the Laurel Facility (provided, however, that all manufacturing equipment, tooling and fixed assets, personal property, inventory, materials, supplies, components, parts, designs and other tangible property or assets used exclusively in the production of any Proprietary Premdor Product are excluded from the provisions of this subparagraph); all licenses, permits and authorizations issued by any governmental organization relating to the Towanda Facility and the Laurel Facility; all contracts, teaming arrangements, agreements (including supply agreements), leases, commitments, certifications, and understandings relating to the Towanda Facility and the Laurel Facility (provided, however, that any contracts, teaming arrangements, agreements (including supply agreements), leases, commitments, certifications, and understandings between Masonite and/or IP and Premdor and/or Premdor U.S. are excluded from this subparagraph); all lists, contracts, accounts, and credit records of customers (provided, however, that any contracts, accounts, and credit records relating exclusively to Premdor and/or Premdor U.S. are excluded from this subparagraph); all repair, performance, and Towanda Facility and Laurel Facility records and all other records relating to the Towanda Facility and the Laurel Facility;

(2) Any and all intangible assets used in the development, production, servicing and sale of Molded Doorskins at the Towanda Facility and the Laurel Facility, including, but not limited to: (a) Subject to the right of Premdor and Premdor U.S., for 180 days from the date of the consummation of the divestiture pursuant to Section IV or VI of this Final Judgment, to use up any Premdor co-branded packaging or promotional material, the CraftMaster, Canterbury, Carmelle, Carolina, Carrera, Caspian, Castille, Classique, Clermont, Colonist, Harvest, Canyon, Corinth, Coventry, Cremona, Hakuju, Maletero, Mesa, Morning Sun, Natural, Trugrain Harvest, and Trugrain Natural brand names and all other intellectual property rights used in connection with the production of Molded Doorskins at the Towanda Facility and the Laurel Facility; (b) all existing licenses and sublicenses relating exclusively to the Towanda Facility and the Laurel Facility; and (c) all research, market evaluations or information relating to plans for, improvements or updates to, or product line extensions of Masonite's Molded Doorskin business. Intellectual property rights comprise, but are not limited to, patents, licenses and sublicenses, technical information, copyrights, trademarks, trade names, service marks, service names, computer software and related documentation, know-how, trade secrets, drawings, blueprints, designs, design protocols, specifications for parts and devices, safety procedures for the handling of materials and substances, quality assurance and control procedures, design tools and simulation capability, all manuals and technical information provided to employees, customers, suppliers, agents, or licensees, and all research data concerning historic and current research and development efforts relating to Masonite's Molded Doorskin business including, but not limited to, designs of experiments and the results of successful and unsuccessful designs and experiments. Intellectual property rights do not include rights to any Proprietary Premdor Product; and,

(3) The Illinois Corporate Offices, the Research Center and the Sales and Marketing Offices of Masonite, including all information maintained at these locations, all written and electronic records and files of these locations, and all tangible and intangible property and assets located at them, with the exception of such information, records, files and property that do not concern the production, sale,

marketing, or distribution of Molded Doorskins or doors manufactured with Molded Doorskins in North America.

(4) The North American Molded Products Business does not include IP corporate documents, intellectual property owned by IP or other materials regularly maintained at IP headquarters that were not part of the Purchase Agreement.

K. ''Purchase Agreement'' means the Purchase Agreement by and among IP, Premdor and Premdor U.S. dated as of September 30, 2000 and includes all associated schedules and any subsequent modifications to or revisions of that agreement.

III. Applicability

A. This Final Judgment applies to Premdor, Premdor U.S., IP, and Masonite, as defined above, and to all other persons in active concert or participation with any of them who receive actual notice of this Final Judgment by personal service or otherwise.

B. Defendants shall require, as a condition of the sale of other disposition of all or substantially all of their assets or of lesser business units that include the Towanda Facility, that the purchaser agrees to be bound by the provisions of this Final Judgment, provided, however, that defendants need not obtain such an agreement from the Acquirer(s).

IV. Divestiture

A. Defendants are ordered and directed within (a) the earlier of (1) *one hundred-fifty (150)* calendar days after the filing of the Compliant in this matter, of (2) *one hundred-twenty (120)* calendar days after the closing of the transaction in the Purchase Agreement, or, if later, (b) five (5) calendar days after the entry of the Final Judgment, to:

(1) Divest the Towanda Facility in manner consistent with this Final Judgment as a viable, ongoing business to Acquirers acceptable to the United States in its sole discretion;

(2) At the option of the Acquirer(s) enter an agreement to supply, for a maximum period of 12 months from the date of the consummation of a divestiture pursuant to Section IV or Section VI of this Final Judgment, at a price not greater than the cost of production, any reasonably necessary number of the dies used by Masonite to produce the full range of Molded Doorskins designs and sizes that Masonite has the ability to produce as of the date of the consummation of a divestiture pursuant to Section IV or Section VI of this Final Judgment.

(3) At the option of the Acquirer(s), enter into and agreement to supply, for as maximum period of 12 months from the date of the consummation of a divestiture pursuant to Section IV or Section VI of this Final Judgment, reasonable levels of transitional and manufacturing start-up support that will enable the Acquirer(s) to produce Molded Doorskins.

B. The United States, in its sole discretion, may extend the time period for the divestiture two additional periods of time, not to exceed thirty (3) calendar days each, and shall notify the Court in such circumstances. Defendants agree to use their best efforts to divest the Towanda Facility as expeditiously as possible.

C. In accomplishing the divestiture ordered by this Final Judgment, defendants promptly shall make known, by usual and customary means, the availability of the Towanda Facility. Defendants shall inform any person making inquiry regarding a possible purchase of the Towanda Facility that it is being divested pursuant to this Final Judgment and provide that person with a copy of this Final Judgment. Defendants shall offer to furnish to all prospective Acquirers, subject to customary confidentiality assurances, all information and documents relating to the Towanda Facility customarily provided in a due diligence process except: (1) such information or documents subject to the attorney-client or work-product privileges, and (2) such information or documents consisting solely of information relating to purchases by Premdor and Premdor U.S. Defendants shall make available such information to the United States at the same time that such information is made available to any other person.

D. Defendants shall provide the Acquirer(s) and the United States information relating to any IP or Masonite personnel involved in the research, design, production, operation, development, marketing, and sale of Molded Doorskins to enable the Acquirer(s) to make offers of employment. Defendants will not interfere with any negotiations by the Acquirer(s) to make offers of employment. Defendants will not interfere with any negotiations by the Acquirer(s) to employ any person whose primary responsibility is the research, design, production, operation, development, marketing or sale of Molded Doorskins. Defendants are prohibited from soliciting or making any offers or counteroffers of employment to any employee of the North American Molded Products Business except with respect to: (1) personnel at or with responsibility for the Laurel Facility; (2) personnel at the West Chicago research and development facility.

E. Defendants, or if the transaction contemplated in the Purchase Agreement has closed, defendant Premdor shall permit prospective Acquirers of the Towanda Facility to have reasonable access to personnel and to make inspections of the physical facilities of the Towanda Facility; access to any and all environmental, zoning, and other permit documents and information; and access to any and all financial, operations, or other documents and information customarily provided as part of a due diligence process (except such information or documents subject to the attorney-client or work-product privileges or consisting solely of information relating to purchases by Premdor and/or Premdor U.S.).

F. Defendants shall warrant to the Acquirer(s) of the Towanda Facility that each asset will be operational on the date of sale.

G. Defendants warrant that they have the authority to convey all intellectual property described in Section II.I under the definition of Towanda Facility free and clear of any encumbrances, contractual commitments or obligations to third parties.

H. Defendants shall not take any action that will impede in any way the permitting, operation, or divestiture of the Towanda Facility.

I. Defendants shall not take any action that will impede or exclude their customers from buying Molded Doorskins produced by the Acquirer(s) of the Towanda Facility for two years from the date of the consummation of the divestiture pursuant to Section IV or VI of this Final Judgment.

J. Defendants shall not take any action that will impede or exclude their customers from selling doors manufactured with Molded Doorskins produced by the Acquirer(s) of the Towanda Facility for two years from the date of the consummation of the divestiture pursuant to Section IV or VI of this Final Judgment.

K. Defendants shall warrant to the Acquirer(s) of the Towanda Facility that there are no material defects in the environmental, zoning or other permits pertaining to the operation of each assets, and that following the sale of the Towanda Facility, defendants will not undertake, directly or indirectly, any challenges to the environmental, zoning or other permits relating to the operation of the Towanda Facility.

L. Unless the United States otherwise consents in writing, the divestiture pursuant to Section IV, or by trustee appointed pursuant to Section VI, of

this Final Judgment, shall include the entire Towanda Facility, and shall be accomplished in such a way as to satisfy the United States, in its sole discretion, that the Towanda Facility can and will be used by the Acquirer(s) as part of a viable, ongoing Molded Doorskin business. The divestiture, whether pursuant to Section IV or Section VI of this Final Judgment.

(1) Shall be made to an Acquirer (or Acquirers) that, in the United Stat's sole judgment, has the intent and capability (including the necessary managerial, operational, technical and financial capability) of competing effectively in the manufacture and sale of Molded Doorskins; and

(2) Shall be accomplished so as to satisfy the United States, in its sole discretion, than none of the terms of any agreement between an Acquirer (or Acquirers) and any of the defendants gives any of the defendants the ability unreasonably to raise the Acquirer's costs, to lower the Acquirer's efficiency, or otherwise to interfere in the ability of the Acquirer(s) to compete effectively.

V. Appointment of Monitoring Trustee

A. Immediately upon the filing of this Final Judgment, the United States may, in its sole discretion, appoint a monitoring trustee, subject to approval by the Court.

B. The trustee shall have the power and authority to monitor defendants' compliance with the terms of this Final Judgment and the Hold Separate Stipulation and Order entered by this Court and shall have such powers as this Court deems appropriate. Subject to Section V(C) of this Final Judgment, the monitoring trustee may hire at the cost and expense of defendant Premdor any consultants, accountants, attorneys, or other persons, who shall be solely accountable to the monitoring trustee, reasonably necessary in the monitoring trustee's judgment.

C. Defendants shall not object to actions taken by the monitoring trustee in fulfillment of the monitoring trustee's responsibilities under any Order of this Court on any ground other than the monitoring trustee's malfeasance. Any such objections by defendants must be conveyed in writing to the United States and the monitoring trustee within ten (10) calendar days after the action taken by the monitoring trustee giving rise to the defendants' objection.

D. The monitoring trustee shall serve at the cost and expense of defendant Premdor, on such terms and conditions as the plaintiff approves. The compensation of the monitoring trustee and any consultants, accountants, attorneys, and other persons retained by the monitoring trustee shall be on reasonable and customary terms commensurate with the individuals experience and responsibilities.

E. The monitoring trustee shall have no responsibility or obligation for the operation of defendants' businesses.

F. Defendants shall use their best efforts to assist the monitoring trustee in monitoring defendants' compliance with their individual obligations under this Final Judgment and under the Hold Separate Stipulation and Order. The monitoring trustee and any consultants, accountants, attorneys, and other persons retained by the monitoring trustee shall have full and complete access to the personnel, books, records, and facilities of the North American Molded Products Business, subject to reasonable protection for trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information or any applicable privileges. Defendants shall take no action to interfere with or to impede the monitoring trustee's accomplishment of its responsibilities.

G. After its appointment, the monitoring trustee shall file monthly reports with the United States and the Court setting forth the defendants' efforts to comply with their individual obligations under this Final Judgment and under the Hold Separate Stipulation and Order. To the extent such reports contain information that the trustee deems confidential, such reports shall not be filed in the public docket of the Court.

H. The monitoring trustee shall serve until the divestiture of the Towanda Facility is finalized pursuant to either Section IV or Section VI of this Final Judgment.

VI. Appointment of a Trustee To Effect the Divestiture

A. If the Towanda Facility has not been divested within the time period specified in Section IV(A), defendants shall notify the United States of that fact in writing. If a monitoring trustee has been appointed under Section V of this Final Judgment, the monitoring trustee shall immediately assume the sole power and authority to effect the divestiture of the Towanda Facility. If a monitoring trustee has not been appointed, upon application of the United States, the Court shall appoint a trustee selected by the United States and approved by the Court to effect the divestiture of the Towanda Facility.

B. Upon the appointment of a trustee and expiration of the time specified in Section IV(A) of this Final Judgment, only the trustee shall have the right to sell the Towanda Facility. The trustee shall have the power and authority to accomplish the divestiture to an Acquirer or Acquirers acceptable to the United States at such price and on such terms as are then obtainable upon reasonable efforts by the trustee, subject to the provisions of Sections IV, VI, and VII of this Final Judgment, and shall have such other powers as this Court deems appropriate. Subject to Section VI(C) of this Final Judgment, the trustee may hire at the cost and expense of defendant Premdor, any investment bankers, attorneys, or other agents, who shall be solely accountable to the trustee, reasonably necessary in the trustee's judgment to assist in the divestiture.

C. Defendants shall not object to a sale by the trustee on any ground other than the trustee's malfeasance. Any such objections by defendants must be conveyed in writing to the United States and the trustee within ten (10) calendar days after the trustee has provided the notice required under Section VII.

D. The trustee shall serve at the cost and expense of defendant Premdor, on such terms and conditions as the plaintiff approves, and shall account for all monies derived from the sale of the assets sold by the trustee and all costs and expenses so incurred. Upon receipt of such monies, the trustee shall place the monies in an interest bearing account. After approval by the Court of the trustee's accounting, including fees for its services and those of any professionals and agents retained by the trustee, all remaining money, including accrued interest, shall be paid to defendants and the trust shall then be terminated. The compensation of the trustee and any professionals and agents retained by the trustee shall be reasonable and based on a fee arrangement providing the trustee with an incentive based on the price and terms of the divestiture and the speed with which it is accomplished, but timeliness is paramount.

E. Defendants shall use their best efforts to assist the trustee in accomplishing the required divestiture. The trustee and any consultants, account's, attorneys, and other persons retained by the trustee shall have full and complete access to the personnel, books, records, and facilities of the business to be divested, and defendants shall develop financial and other information relevant to such business as the trustee may reasonably request, subject to reasonable protection for trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information or any applicable privileges. Provided, however, that the trustee shall not make available to

prospective Acquirers any such information or documents consisting solely of information relating to purchases by Premdor and Premdor U.S. Defendants shall take no action to interfere with or to impede the trustee's accomplishment of its responsibilities.

F. After its appointment, the trustee shall file monthly reports with the United States and the Court setting forth the trustee's efforts to accomplish the divestiture ordered under this Final Judgment. To the extent such reports contain information that the trustee deems confidential, such reports shall not be filed in the public docket of the Court. Such reports shall include the name, address, and telephone number of each person who, during the preceding month, made an offer to acquire, expressed an interest in acquiring, entered into negotiations to acquire, or was contacted or made an inquiry about acquiring, any interest in the Towanda Facility, and shall describe in detail each contact with any such person. The trustee shall maintain fully records of all efforts made to divest the Towanda Facility.

G. If the trustee has not accomplished such divestiture within six months after its becomes responsible for selling the Towanda Facility, the trustee shall promptly file with the Court a report setting forth (1) the trustee's efforts to accomplish the required divestiture, (2) the reasons, in the trustee's judgment, why the required divestiture has not been accomplished, and (3) the trustee's recommendations. To the extent such reports contain information that the trustee deems confidential, such reports shall not be filed in the public docket of the Court. The trustee shall at the same time furnish such report to the plaintiff who shall have the right to make additional recommendations consistent with the purpose of the trust. The Court thereafter shall enter such orders as it shall deem appropriate to carry out the purpose of the Final Judgment, which may, if necessary, include extending the trust and the term of the trustee's appointment by a period requested by the United States.

VII. Notice of Proposed Divestiture

A. Within two (2) business days following execution of a definitive divestiture agreement, defendants or the trustee, whichever is then responsible for effecting the divestiture required herein, shall notify the United States of any proposed divestiture required by Section IV or VI of this Final Judgment. If the trustee is responsible, it shall similarly notify defendants. The notice shall set forth the details of the proposed divestiture and list the name, address, and telephone number of each person not previously identified who offered or expressed an interest in or desire to acquire any ownership interest in the Towanda Facility, together with full details of the same.

B. Within fifteen (15) calendar days of receipt by the United States of such notice, the United States may request from defendants, the proposal Acquirer(s), any other third party, or the trustee if applicable additional information concerning the proposed divestiture, the proposed Acquirer(s), and any other potential Acquirer. Defendants and the trustee shall furnish any additional information requested within fifteen (15) calendar days of the receipt of the request, unless the parties shall otherwise agree.

C. Within thirty (30) calendar days after receipt of the notice or within twenty (20) calendar days after the United States has been provided the additional information requested from defendants, the proposed Acquirer(s), any third party and the trustee, whichever is later, the United States shall provide written notice to defendants and the trustee, if there is one, stating whether or not it objects to the proposed divestiture. If the United States provides written notice that it does not object, the divestiture may be consummated, subject only to defendants limited right to object to the sale under Section VI(C) of this Final Judgment. Absent written notice that the United States does not object to the proposed Acquirer(s) or upon objection by the United States, a divestiture proposed under Section IV or Section VI shall not be consummated. Upon objection by defendants under Section VI(C), a divestiture proposed under Section VI shall not be consummated unless approved by the Court.

VIII. Financing

Defendants shall not finance all or any part of any purchase made pursuant to Section IV or VI of this Final Judgment.

IX. Hold Separate

Until the divestiture required by this Final Judgment has been accomplished, defendants shall take all steps necessary to comply with their individual obligations under the Hold Separate Stipulation and Order entered by this Court. Defendants shall take no action that would jeopardize the divestiture order by this Court.

X. Affidavits

A. Within twenty (20) calendar days of the filing of the Complaint in this matter, and every thirty (30) calendar days thereafter until the divestiture has been completed under Section IV or VI, defendants, or if the transaction contemplated in the Purchase Agreement has closed, defendant Premdor shall deliver to the United States an affidavit as to the fact and manner of its compliance with Section IV or VI of this Final Judgment. Each such affidavit shall include the name, address, and telephone number of each person who, during the preceding thirty days, made an offer to acquire, expressed an interest in acquiring, entered into negotiations to acquire, or was contacted or made an inquiry about acquiring, any interest in the Towanda Facility, and shall describe in detail each contact with any such person during that period. Each such affidavit shall also include a description of the efforts defendants have taken to solicit buyers for the Towanda Facility, and to provide required information to prospective Acquirers, including the limitations, if any, on such information. Assuming the information set forth in the affidavit is true and complete, any objection by the United States to information provided by defendants, including limitation on information, shall be made within fourteen (14) days of receipt of such affidavit.

B. Within twenty (20) calendar days of the filing of the Complaint in this matter, defendants shall deliver to the United States an affidavit that describes in reasonable detail all actions defendants have taken and all steps defendants have implemented on an ongoing basis to comply with Section IX of this Final Judgment. Defendants shall deliver to the United States an affidavit describing any changes to the efforts and actions outlined in defendants' earlier affidavits filed pursuant to this section within fifteen (15) calendar days after the change is implemented.

C. Defendants shall individually keep all records of each of their individual efforts made to preserve and divest the Towanda Facility until one year after such divestiture has been completed.

XI. Compliance Inspection

A. For the purposes of determining or securing compliance with this Final Judgment, or of determining whether the Final Judgment should be modified or vacated, and subject to any legally recognized privilege, from time to time duly authorized representatives of the United States Department of Justice, including consultants and other persons retained by the United States, shall, upon written request of a duly authorized representative of the Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Antitrust Division, and on

reasonable notice to defendants, be permitted.

(1) Access during defendants' office hours to inspect and copy, or at plaintiff's option, to require defendants provide copies of, all books, ledgers, accounts, records and documents in the possession, custody, or control of defendants, relating to any matters contained in this Final Judgment, and

(2) To interview, either informally or on the record, defendants' officers, employees, or agents, who may have their individual counsel present, regarding such matters. The interviews shall be subject to the reasonable convenience of the interviewee and without restraint or interference by defendants.

B. Upon the written request of a duly authorized representative of the Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Antitrust Division, defendants shall submit written reports, under oath if requested, relating to any of the matters contained in this Final Judgment as may be requested.

C. No information or documents obtained by the means provided in this section shall be divulged by the United States to any person other than an authorized representative of the executive branch of the United States, except in the course of legal proceedings to which the United States is a party (including grand jury proceedings), or for the purpose of securing compliance with this Final Judgment, or as otherwise required by law.

D. If at the time information or documents are furnished by defendants to the United States, defendants represent and identify in writing the material in any such information or documents to which a claim of protection may be asserted under Rule 26(c)(7) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, defendants mark each pertinent page of such material. ''Subject to claim of protection under Rule 26(c)(7) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure,'' then the United States shall give defendants ten (10) calendar days notice prior to divulging such material in any legal proceeding (other than a grand jury proceeding).

XII. No Reacquisition

Defendants may not reacquire any part of the Towanda Facility during the term of this Final Judgment.

XIII. Retention of Jurisdiction

This Court retains jurisdiction to enable any party to this Final Judgment to apply to this Court at any time for further orders and directions as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out or construe this Final Judgment, to modify any of its provisions, to enforce compliance, and to punish violations of its provisions.

XIV. Expiration of Final Judgment

Unless this Court grants an extension, this Final Judgment shall expire ten years from the date of its entry.

XV. Public Interest Determination

Entry of this Final Judgment is in the public interest.

Dated:_____, 2001

Court approval subject to procedures of the Antitrust Procedures and Penalties Act, 15 U.S.C. 16

_____

United States District Judge

Competitive Impacts Statement

The United States, pursuant to the Antitrust Procedures and Penalties Act (''APPA''), 15 U.S.C. 16(b)–(h), files this Competitive Impact Statement relating to the proposed Final Judgment submitted for entry in this civil antitrust proceeding.

1. Nature and Purpose of This Proceeding

On August 3, 2001, the United States filed a Compliant alleging that the proposed acquisition of the Masonite business of International Paper Company (''IP'') by Premdor Inc. (''Premdor'') would substantially lessen competition in violation of section 7 of the Clayton Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. 18. The Compliant alleges that Premdor and IP, through its subsidiary Masonite Corporation (''Masonite''), are two of the three largest firms involved in the production of interior molded doors. As alleged in the Complaint, the transaction will substantially lessen competition in the development, manufacture and sale of interior molded doorskins and interior molded doors in the United States, thereby harming consumers. Accordingly, the Complaint seeks among other things: (1) a judgment that the proposed acquisition would violate Section 7 of the Clayton Act; and (2) permanent injunctive relief that would prevent defendants from carrying out the acquisition or otherwise combining their businesses or assets.

At the same time the Complaint was filed, the United States also filed a proposed settlement that would permit Premdor to acquire the Masonite business, provided that Premdor divests its Towanda, Pennsylvania doorskin manufacturing facility, along with intellectual property, research capabilities and other assets needed to be a viable doorskin manufacturer. The settlement consists of proposed Final Judgment and a Hold Separate Stipulation and Order.

The proposed Final Judgment orders defendants to divest the Towanda facility to an acquirer approved by the United States. Defendants must complete the divestiture with 150 calendar days after the filing of the Complaint in this matter, or within 120 calendar days after the closing of Premdor's acquisition of the Masonite business, whichever is earlier. If defendants do not complete the divestiture within the prescribed time, then, under the terms of the proposed Final Judgment, this Court will appoint a trustee to sell the Towanda facility.

The Hold Separate Stipulation and Order and the proposed Final Judgment require defendants to preserve, maintain and continue to operate the North American operations of the Masonite business as an independent, ongoing, economically viable competitive business, with the management, sales and operations held separate from Premdor's other operations. The Hold Separate Stipulation and Order allows the defendants to submit to the United States a plan for partitioning the Towanda facility from the remainder of Masonite's North American operations. If the defendants submit a partition plan that is acceptable to the United States, then, after the transaction closes, Premdor can take control of all of Masonite's North American operations other than the Towanda facility and any other partitioned assets. The partitioned assets must continue to be held separate until they are divested to a suitable acquirer.

The United States and defendants have stipulated that the proposed Final Judgment may be entered after compliance with the APPA. Entry of the proposed Final Judgment would terminate this action, except that this Court would retain jurisdiction to construe, modify or enforce the provisions of the proposed Final Judgment and to punish violations thereof.

II. Description of the Events Giving Rise to the Alleged Violation of the Antitrust Laws

A. The Defendants

1. Premdor

Premdor is a Canadian corporation with its corporate headquarters and principal place of business in Mississauga, Ontario, Canada. Premdor produces interior and exterior doors. Its line of wood doors includes molded, louvered and custom-made commercial and architectural doors. Premdor is the largest manufacturer and merchandises of interior molded doors in the world. It manufactures, merchandises and sells

interior molded doors to distributors, wholesalers, home centers and building-supply dealers across Canada, the United States, Mexico, Europe, Asia and the Middle East. Sale of interior molded doors in the United States accounted for about 23 percent of Premdor's total 2000 sales of approximately $1.29 billion. Premdor also holds a 48.5 percent equity stake in Firbramold, S.A. (''Fibramold''), a Chilean manufacturer of interior molded doorskins. Fibramold is a Chilean closed corporation owned by Premdor, Forestal Terranova S.A., and Citifor (Chile) Holdings Limitada. Premdor is Fibramold's only significant interior molded doorskin customer in the United States.

2. Premdor U.S. Holdings, Inc. (''Premdor U.S.'')

Premdor U.S. a wholly owned subsidiary of Premdor, is a Florida corporation with its corporate headquarters and principal place of business in Tampa, Florida. Premdor U.S. owns Premdor's U.S. facilities involved in the manufacture and sale of doors.

3. IP

IP is a New York corporation with its corporate headquarters and principal place of business in Stamford, Connecticut. Its businesses include printing paper, packaging, distribution, chemical and petroleum products and building materials. IP operates in nearly fifty countries and exports its products to more than 130 nations. In 2000, IP reported net sales of approximately $28.2 billion.

4. Masonite

Masonite, a wholly owned subsidiary of IP, is a Delaware corporation with its corporate headquarters and principal place of business in Chicago, Illinois. Masonite is one of the world's largest manufacturers of fiberboard, which is processed into a variety of products, including molded doorskins. Masonite manufacturers interior molded doorskins in the United States at plants in Laurel, Mississippi and Towanda, Pennsylvania. Masonite sells interior molded doorskins to all of the non-vertically door manufacturers in the United States. In 2000, Masonite reported total sales of approximately $465 million, approximately half of which was generated through sales of interior molded doorskins.

B. The Proposed Acquisition

On or about September 30, 2000, IP, Premdor and Premdor U.S. entered into a purchase agreement whereby Premdor, through Premdor U.S., agreed to purchase IP's Masonite business. Premdor U.S. agreed to purchase 100 percent of the shares of Masonite, International Paper Masonite Holding Company Ltd. and Pintu Acquisition Company, Inc., as well as certain other assets and intellectual property rights. The purchase price for the transaction is approximately $500 million, subject to post-closing adjustments.

C. The Competitive Effects of the Acquisition

1. The Interior Molded Doorskin and Interior Molded Door Markets

As alleged in the Complaint, a doorskin is the component which makes up the front and back of the flush door; two doorskins are required for each flush door. These are several varieties of doorskins—a molded doorskin is formed from a fibrous mat that is molded into a raised panel design in a press under extreme pressure and at high temperatures. Molded doorskins are designed to provide the appearance of solid wood doors at a much lower price. A molded doorskin is the largest input cost of a molded door, comprising up to 70 percent of the cost of manufacturing a molded door. The Complaint alleges that the sale of interior molded doorskin in the United States for use in manufacturing interior molded doors is a relevant product market within the meaning of section 7 of the Clayton Act.

The Complaint also alleges that the sale of interior molded doors in the United States is a relevant product market within the meaning of section 7 of the Clayton Act. Interior molded doors are a type of flush door used primarily in residential construction and remodeling for closets, rooms, and hallways. Other types of flush doors include those made with hardboard and veneered doorskin. Both hardboard and veneered doorskins are flat, unlike a molded doorskin which has a raised panel design. The Complaint alleges that hardboard and veneered doors are not substitutes for molded doors, as they are used in different applications than molded doors. Moreover, changes in price of molded doors have, in the past, had no impact on the demand for hardboard or veneered doors.

2. Anticompetitive Consequences of the Acquisition

The markets for interior molded doorskin (the ''upstream market'') and for interior molded doors (the ''downstream market'') are closely connected—interior molded doorskins are the primary input in the manufacture of interior molded doors. There are only two major competitors in each market, one of which is a vertically integrated firm, not to party to this action (hereinafter the ''non-party firm''), that therefore competes in both markets. Masonite presently is the largest competitor in the interior molded doorskin market and is not vertically integrated into the interior molded door market. Premdor is one of two players in the interior molded doors market and is a small, but significant, participant in the interior molded doorskin market. The proposed transaction, therefore, would combine two competitors in the interior molded doorskin market and result in the combined Premdor/Masonite firm being vertically integrated into both the interior molded doorskin and interior molded door markets. In 2000, Masonite and the non-party firm manufactured the vast majority of all doorskins used to manufacture interior molded doors in the United States. Masonite sell its doorskins to non-vertically integrated door manufacturers, and Premdor is Masonite's largest purchaser of interior molded doorskins. Premdor also participates in the interior molded doorskin market through its joint venture, Fibramold. The non-party firm uses the vast majority of its interior molded doorskin production in the production of its own molded doors; the rest of its interior molded doorskin production is sold to non-vertically integrated door manufacturers. There are also a number of small doorskin manufacturers that sell interior molded doorskins in the United States, however, none of these sells even one percent of the interior molded doorskins sold in the United States.

Premdor is the world's largest producer of interior molded doors. In 2000, Premdor sold over 40 percent of all interior molded doors sold in the United States. Premdor's principal competitor in the downstream interior molded door market is the non-party firm. The approximately nine smaller, non-vertically integrated door manufacturers each sells five percent or less of the interior molded doors sold in the United States. The non-integrated door manufacturers in the United States purchase almost all of their interior molded doorskin from either Masonite or the non-party firm.

But for several impediments to coordination that result from the current structure of the upstream and downstream markets, the markets for interior molded doorskins and interior molded doors sold to U.S. consumers would be more conducive to anticompetitive coordination of output and price by the market participants.

Despite the high concentration and homogeneous products of these markets—characteristics that tend to make coordination possible—the evidence developed in the investigation of the proposed transaction revealed at least four significant factors in the current structure of these markets that make coordination less likely. Based upon the evidence specific to this case, including documents obtained from the defendants, each of these factors would be lessened or eliminated if the proposed transaction were consummated.

The most significant impediment to coordination is Premdor's potential expansion in the interior molded doorskin market. Due to the substantial volume of interior molded doorskins that it uses, Premdor could become a more significant producer by expanding further into the production of doorskins. If Masonite and the non-party firm were to coordinate, their increased doorskin prices would harm Premdor, giving it an incentive to expand significantly its output of doorskins, which would disrupt the coordination between Masonite and the non-party firm.

As the Compliant alleges, In 1998, Premdor purchased a 48.5 percent equity interest in Fibramold. Following that investment, Premdor began using some of its internally produced molded doorskins in the manufacture of interior molded doors sold in the United States. Recognizing Premdor's potential to expand significantly its participation in the U.S. market for doorskin production, Masonite began negotiating lower interior molded doorskin prices for Premdor. In March 1999, Premdor, Masonite and LP signed a strategic Alliance agreement in which Masonite agreed to lower the price of interior molded doorskins sold to Premdor in exchange for Premdor's agreement, *inter alia,* to certain volume commitments. The Strategic Alliance, which has stated term of five years, gives Premdor an incentive in the form of lower prices to refrain from further vertical integration—if either party decides to further vertically integrate, the other party may terminate the agreement on ninety days notice.

After Masonite began lowering its interior molded doorskin prices to Premdor pursuant to the Strategic Alliance, Masonite also began lowering its prices to the other interior molded door manufacturers. Under the current market structure, Masonite has an incentive to keep the other door manufacturers competitive with Premdor to maintain a broader customer base. If Premdor were to acquire Masonite, the price-constraining effect of Premdor's potential expansion in the interior molded doorskin market would be eliminated.

In addition, Masonite acts as a significant competitive constraint in the interior molded door market. Premdor and the non-party firm have an incentive to attempt to coordinate pricing by reducing output. Coordination would reduce the output of interior molded doors, and lead to higher door prices. However, such an output reduction would also reduce the output of interior molded doorskins sold in the United States, harming Masonite. Thus, Masonite would have an incentive to disrupt such coordination through increased sales to the other non-vertically integrated door manufacturers. After the proposed transaction, a vertically integrated Premdor/Masonite combination will not have the same incentive to defeat coordination in the interior molded door market by increasing sales to the non-integrated door manufacturers since the combined company would be competing against those door manufacturers, and would benefit from an increase in the prices of interior molded doors.

The non-party firm acts as a significant competitive constraint in both the upstream and downstream markets. Documentary evidence obtained from the defendants suggests that the non-party firm, as a fully vertically integrated manufacturer, has certain cost advantages over Masonite and Premdor that it has used to lower prices to build market share. This differing cost structure among the dominant firms is an impediment to coordination. The evidence from the defendants suggests that post-acquisition, the cost structures of the two vertically integrated firms would be more closely aligned, decreasing the opportunity for the non-party firm to increase its market share profitably through lower prices, and thus increasing the non-party firm's incentive to coordinate with the combined Premdor/Masonite. In fact, Masonite recognized that the non-party firm's incentive to gain market share by lowering price would diminish if it faced a strong, integrated competitor.

Finally, the asymmetries of information available to the firms about the upstream and downstream markets impede coordination. Masonite specializes in interior molded doorskin production, whereas its most significant competitor, the non-party firm, competes in both the interior molded doorskin and interior molded door markets. The differences in vertical integration between the two firms create information asymmetries that would make it difficult for the firms to monitor and punish deviations from attempted coordination on the terms of sale of interior molded doorskins. For example, since the non-party firm uses internally most of the doorskins it produces, Masonite lacks an ability to observe a market price for the non-party firm's doorskins and the number of doorskins that it produces. Similarly, since Masonite does not sell in the downstream market, it lacks information about the non-party firm's production and pricing in the interior molded door market. Moreover, despite the Strategic Alliance between Premdor and Masonite, there are significant gaps in the information each party has about the market in which the other party participates. The proposed acquisition would eliminate much of the information uncertainty by adding Premdor's downstream market information to Masonite's upstream market information, enhancing the combined firm's ability to detect deviations by the on-party firm on any coordinated price increase

It is unlikely that the non-vertically integrated molded door manufacturers would be able to expand their output to defeat any anticompetitive coordination between the two vertically integrated firms post-acquisition. Each of these manufacturers is dependent on Masonite or the non-party firm for the majority of its molded doorskins. Since molded doorskins represent up to 70 percent of the cost of producing a molded door, post-acquisition the two vertically integrated firms could weaken their downstream rivals by raising their molded doorskin prices.

Entry into the U.S. interior molded doorskin market is unlikely to be timely, likely or sufficient to prevent the exercise of market power that the two dominant, vertically-integrated firms would be able to collectively exercise following the merger. While several foreign interior molded doorskin producers have limited sales in North America, they collectively lack the capacity, quality and reliability to disrupt a coordinated effort to restrict output of interior molded doorskins, and ultimately, doors.

Finally, any merger-specific efficiencies that may be generated by the transaction are outweighed by the likely anticompetitive effects. While vertical integration may allow the combined Premdor/Masonite to lower the cost of producing interior molded doors, Premdor and Masonite can obtain the benefits of vertical integration without also enhancing the likelihood of coordination in the relevant markets by

allowing Premdor to acquire a portion of Masonite. The proposed Final Judgment allows Premdor to acquire Masonite's interior molded doorskin production facilities in Laurel, Mississippi and Carrick-on-Shannon Ireland, giving Premdor sufficient capacity to supply all of its current requirements. However, the proposed Final Judgment also requires the divestiture of Masonite's Towanda Facility, which will create an independent manufacturer of interior molded doorskins that will impede the combined Premdor/Masonite's ability to coordinate with the non-party firm.

III. Explanation of the Proposed Final Judgment

The proposed Final Judgment requires Premdor to divest the Towanda Facility to a purchaser, approved by the United States, that can compete effectively in the interior molded doorskin market, and thereby remedy the anticompetitive effects alleged in the Complaint Specifically, the proposed Final Judgment requires Premdor to divest the assets related to the production of molded doorskins at the Towanda Facility: including the Towanda plant; the exclusive right world-wide to the ''CraftMaster'' name; the exclusive right world-wide to the molded doorskin design names (i.e. Colonist, Classique, etc.); a license to all of the research and development, and other intellectual property related to the manufacture and sale of molded doorskins; the Towanda customer list; and the right to hire Masonite's sales, marketing and distribution employees, as well as the employees of the Towanda Facility and certain other employees. This will allow the purchaser of the Towanda Facility to manufacture and sell all of the designs and sizes of interior molded doorskins that Masonite currently sells in the United States. The proposed Final Judgment also gives the acquirer of the Towanda Facility the option to enter into transitional agreements for up to twelve months for the supply of dies needed to manufacture interior molded doorskins, as well as for services required to run the Towanda Facility.

Defendants must use their best efforts to divest the Towanda Facility as expeditiously as possible. The proposed Final Judgment provides that the Towanda Facility be divested in such a way as to satisfy the United States, in its sole discretion, that the acquirer can and will use the assets as part of a viable, ongoing business.

The proposed Final Judgment allows for the appointment of a trustee to monitor defendants' compliance with the terms of the proposed Final Judgment and the Hold Separate Stipulation and Order. If the defendants are unable to divest the Towanda Facility in the time allowed, the Final Judgment also allows for the appointment of a trustee to effect the divestiture. If a trustee is appointed, the proposed Final Judgment provides that defendants must cooperate fully with the trustee and defendant Premdor must pay all of the trustee's costs and expenses. Any trustee appointed to effect the divestiture will have his or her compensation structured to provide an incentive for the trustee based on the price and terms of the divestiture and the speed with which it is accomplished. After any trustee appointment becomes effective, the trustee will file monthly reports with the United States and this Court setting forth either the defendants' or the trustee's efforts, whichever is applicable, to accomplish the required divestiture.

IV. Remedies Available to Potential Private Litigants

Section 4 of the Clayton Act, 15 U.S.C. 15, provides that any person who has been injured as a result of conduct prohibited by the antitrust laws may bring suit in federal district court to recover three times the damages the person has suffered, as well as the costs of bringing a lawsuit and reasonable attorneys' fees. Entry of the proposed Final Judgment will neither impair nor assist the bringing of any private antitrust damage action. Under the provisions of section 5(a) of the Clayton Act, 15 U.S.C. 16(a), the proposed Final Judgment has no effect as *prima facie* evidence in any subsequent private lawsuit that may be brought against defendants.

V. Procedures Available for Modification of the Proposed Final Judgment

The parties have stipulated that the proposed Final Judgment may be entered by this Court after compliance with the provisions of the APPA, provided that the United States has not withdrawn its consent. The APPA conditions entry of the decree upon this Court's determination that the proposed Final Judgment is in the public interest.

The APPA provides a period of at least sixty (60) days preceding the effective date of the proposed Final Judgment within which any person may submit to the United States written comments regarding the proposed Final Judgment. Any person who wishes to comment should do so within sixty (60) days of the date of publication of this Competitive Impact Statement in the **Federal Register.** The United States will evaluate and respond to the comments. All comments will be given due consideration by the Department of Justice, which remains free to withdraw its consent to the proposed Final Judgment at any time prior to entry. The comments and the response of the United States will be filed with this Court and published in the **Federal Register.** Written comments should be submitted to: J. Robert Kramer II, Chief, Litigation II Section, Antitrust Division, United States Department of Justice, 1401 H Street, N.W., Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20530.

The proposed Final Judgment provides that this Court retains jurisdiction over this action, and the parties may apply to this Court for any order necessary or appropriate for the modification, interpretation, or enforcement of the Final Judgment.

VI. Alternatives to the Proposed Final Judgment

The United States considered, as an alternative to the proposed Final Judgment, a full trial on the merits against defendants. The United States is satisfied, however, that the divestiture of the Towanda Facility, and other relief contained in the proposed Final Judgment will establish, preserve and ensure a viable competitor in the relevant markets identified by the United States. Thus, the United States is convinced that the proposed Final Judgment, once implemented by the Court, will prevent Premdor's acquisition of the Masonite business of IP from having adverse competitive effects.

VII. Standard of Review Under the APPA for Proposed Final Judgment

The APPA requires that proposed consent judgments in antitrust cases brought by the United States be subject to a sixty (60) day comment period, after which the court shall determine whether entry of the proposed Final Judgment is ''in the public interest.'' In making that determination, the court *may* consider—

(1) the competitive impact of such judgment, including termination of alleged violations, provisions for enforcement and modification, duration or relief sought, anticipated effects of alternative remedies actually considered, and any other considerations bearing upon the adequacy of such judgment.

(2) the impact of entry of such judgment upon the public generally and individuals alleging specific injury from the violations set forth in the complaint including consideration of the public benefit, if any, to be derived from a determination of the issues at trial.

15 U.S.C. 16(e) (emphasis added). As the Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia has held, the APPA permits a court to consider, among other things, the relationship between the remedy secured and the specific allegations set forth in the government's complaint, whether the decree is sufficiently clear, whether enforcement mechanisms are sufficient, and whether the decree may positively harm third parties. *See United States* v. *Microsoft Corp.,* 56 F. 3d 1448. 1458–62 (DC Cir. 1995).

In conducting this inquiry, ''the Court is nowhere compelled to go to trail or to engage in extended proceedings which might have the effect of vitiating the benefits of prompt and less costly settlement through the consent decree process.'' [1] Rather,

> absent a showing of corrupt failure of the government to discharge its duty, the Court, in making its public interest finding, should * * * carefully consider the explanations of the government in the competitive impact statement and its responses to comments in order to determine whether those explanations are reasonable under the circumstances.[2]

Accordingly, with respect to the adequacy of the relief secured by the decree, a court may not ''engate in an unrestricted evaluation of what relief would best serve the public.'' *United States* v. *BNS, Inc.,* 858 F.2d 456, 462–63 (9th Cir. 1988), *quoting United States* v. *Bechtel Corp.,* 648 F.2d 660, 666 (9th Cir.), *cert. denied,* 454 U.S. 1083 (1981); *see also Microsoft,* 56 F.3d at 1458. Precedent requires that

> [t]he balancing of competing social and political interests affected by a proposed antitrust consent decree must be left, in the first instance, to the discretion of the Attorney General. The court's role in protecting the public interest is one of insuring that the government has not breached its duty to the public in consenting to the decree. The court is required to determine not whether a particular decree is the one that will best serve society, but whether the settlement is ''*within the reaches of the public interest.*'' More elaborate requirements might undermine the effectiveness of antitrust enforcement by consent decree.[3]

The proposed Final Judgment, therefore, should not be reviewed under a standard of whether it is certain to eliminate every anticompetitive effect of a particular practice or whether it mandates certainty of free competition in the future. Court approval of a final judgment requires a standard more flexible and less strict than the standard required for a finding of liability. A ''proposed decree must be approved even if it falls short of the remedy the court would impose on its own, as long as it falls within the range of acceptability or is within the reaches of public interest.'' [4]

Moreover, the court's role under the APPA is limited to reviewing the remedy in relationship to the violations that the United States alleges in its Complaint, and does not authorize the court to ''construct [its] own hypothetical case and then evaluate the decree against that case.'' *Microsoft,* 56 F.3d at 1459. Since the ''court's authority to review the decree depends entirely on the government's exercising its prosecutorial discretion by bringing a case in the first place.'' it follows that the court ''is only authorized to review the decree itself,'' and not to ''effectively redraft the complaint'' to inquire into other matters that the United States might have but did not pursue.

VIII. Determinative Documents

There are no determinative materials or documents within the meaning of the APPA that were considered by the United States in formulating the proposed Final Judgment.

Dated: August 3, 2001, Washington, DC.

Respectfully submitted,

J. Brady Dugan, Joseph M. Miller, Joan Farragher, Karen Y. Douglas, Paul E. O'Brien, Michael Bodosky,
Attorneys, U.S. Department of Justice, Antitrust Division, Litigation II Section, 1401 H Street, NW., Suite 3000, Washington, D.C. 20530; 202–616–5125.

[1] 119 Cong. Rec. 24,598 (1973). *See United States* v. *Gillette Co.,* 406 F. Supp. 713, 715 (D. Mass. 1975). A ''public interest'' determination can be made properly on the basis of the Competitive Impact Statement and Response to Comments filed pursuant to the APPA. Although the APPA authorizes the use of additional procedures, those procedures are discretionary (15 U.S.C. 16(f)). A court need not invoke any of them unless it believes that the comments have raised significant issues and that further proceedings would aid the court in resolving those issues. *See* H.R. Rep. No. 93–1463, 93rd Cong. 2d Sess. 8–9 (1974), *reprinted in* 1974 U.S.C.C.A.N. 6535, 6538.

[2] *United States* v. *Mid-American Dairymen, Inc.,* 1977–1 Trade Cas. (CCH) ¶ 61,508, at 71,980 (W.D. Mo. 1977), see also *United States* v. *Loew's Inc.,* 783 F. Supp. 211, 214 (S.D.N.Y. 1992); *United States* v, *Columbia Artists Mgmt., Inc.,* 662 F. Supp. 865, 870 (S.D.N.Y. 1987).

[3] *United States* v. *Bechtel Corp.,* 648 F.2d at 666 (citations omitted) (emphasis added); see *United States* v. *BNS, Inc.,* 858 F. 2d at 463, *United States* v. *National Broadcasting Co.,* 449 F. Supp. 1127, 1143 (C.D. Cal. 1978); *United States* v. *Gillette Co.,* 406 F. Supp. at 716. *See also United States* v. *American Cyanamid Co.,* 719 F.2d 558, 565 (2d Cir. 1983), *cert. denied,* 465 U.S. 1101 (1984).

[4] *United States* v. *American Tel. & Tel. Co.,* 552 F. Supp. 131, 151 (D.D.C. 1982) (*quoting Gillette,* 406 F. Supp. at 716), *aff'd sub nom. Maryland* v. *United States,* 460 U.S. 1001 (1983); *United States* v. *Alcan Aluminum, Ltd.,* 605 F. Supp. 619, 622 (W.D. Ky. 1985); *United States* v. *Carrols Dev. Corp.,* 454 F. Supp. 1215, 1222 (N.D.N.Y. 1979).

[FR Doc. 01–21645 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410–11–M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Antitrust Division

Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993—Test and Diagnostics Consortium, Inc.

Notice is hereby given that, on July 23, 2001, pursuant to Section 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. 4301 *et. seq.* (''the Act''), Test and Diagnostics Consortium, Inc. (''TDC'') has filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing changes in its membership status. The notifications were filed for the purpose of extending the Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances. Specifically, AverStar, Inc., Burlington, MA; Boeing, Inc., Seattle, WA; Geotest-Marvin Test Systems, Inc., Santa Ana, CA; Hamilton Software, Inc., Santa Rosa, CA; Honeywell International, Inc., Morristown, NJ; Hughes Space & Communication Company, El Segundo, CA; Instant Knowledge, Inc., Charlottesville, VA; MAC Panel, High Point, NC; Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, NM; Support Systems Associates, Inc., Melbourne, FL; TYX Corporation, Reston, VA; Tern Technology, Inc., Hauppauge, NY; TestMart, Inc., San Bruno, CA; Transportation Technology Center, Inc., Pueblo, CO; and WinSoft, Inc., Santa Ana, CA have been added as parties to this venture.

No other changes have been made in either the membership or planned activity of the group research project. Membership in this group research project remains open, and TDC intends to file additional written notification disclosing all changes in membership.

On November 12, 1999, TDC filed its original notification pursuant to Section 6(a) of the Act. The Department of Justice published a notice in the **Federal Register** pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on June 21, 2000 (65 FR 38579).

The last notification was filed with the Department on March 1, 2000. A notice was published in the **Federal**

Register pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on March 29, 2001 (66 FR17205).

Constance K. Robinson,

Director of Operations, Antitrust Division.

[FR Doc. 01–21644 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410–11–M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Drug Enforcement Administration

Manufacturer of Controlled Substances; Notice of Application

Pursuant to Section 1301.33(a) of Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), this is notice that on February 15, 2001, Cedarburg Phamaceuticals, LLC, 870 Badger Circle, Grafton, Wisconsin 53024, made application by letter to the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) for registration as a bulk manufacturer of tetrahydrocannabinols (7370), a basic class of controlled substance listed in Schedule I.

The firm will manufacture tetrahydrocannabinols for another firm.

Any other such applicant and any person who is presently registered with DEA to manufacture such substance may file comments or objections to the issuance of the proposed registration.

Any such comments or objections may be addressed, in quintuplicate, to the Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration, United States Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20537, Attention: DEA Federal Register Representative (CCR), and must be filed no later than October 29, 2001.

Dated: August 20, 2001.

Laura M. Nagel,

Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration.

[FR Doc. 01–21716 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410–09–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration

Prohibited Transaction Exemption 2001–27; [Exemption Application No. D–10935, et al.]

Grant of Individual Exemptions; The Walston & High, P.A. Profit Sharing Plan (the Plan) et al.

AGENCY: Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration, Labor.

ACTION: Grant of individual exemptions.

SUMMARY: This document contains exemptions issued by the Department of Labor (the Department) from certain of the prohibited transaction restrictions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (the Act) and/or the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the Code).

Notices were published in the **Federal Register** of the pendency before the Department of proposals to grant such exemptions. The notices set forth a summary of facts and representations contained in each application for exemption and referred interested persons to the respective applications for a complete statement of the facts and representations. The applications have been available for public inspection at the Department in Washington, DC. The notices also invited interested persons to submit comments on the requested exemptions to the Department. In addition the notices stated that any interested person might submit a written request that a public hearing be held (where appropriate). The applicants have represented that they have complied with the requirements of the notification to interested persons. No public comments and no requests for a hearing, unless otherwise stated, were received by the Department.

The notices of proposed exemption were issued and the exemptions are being granted solely by the Department because, effective December 31, 1978, section 102 of Reorganization Plan No. 4 of 1978, 5 U.S.C. App. 1 (1996), transferred the authority of the Secretary of the Treasury to issue exemptions of the type proposed to the Secretary of Labor.

Statutory Findings

In accordance with section 408(a) of the Act and/or section 4975(c)(2) of the Code and the procedures set forth in 29 CFR Part 2570, Subpart B (55 FR 32836, 32847, August 10, 1990) and based upon the entire record, the Department makes the following findings:

(a) The exemptions are administratively feasible;

(b) They are in the interests of the plans and their participants and beneficiaries; and

(c) They are protective of the rights of the participants and beneficiaries of the plans.

The Walston & High, P.A. Profit Sharing Plan (the Plan) Located in Wilson, North Carolina

[Prohibited Transaction Exemption No. 2001–27; Application No. D–10935]

Exemption

The restrictions of sections 406(a) and 406(b)(1) and (b)(2) of the Act and the sanctions resulting from the application of section 4975 of the Code, by reason of section 4975(c)(1)(A) through (E) of the Code, shall not apply to the Sale (the Sale) by the Plan to A.J. Walston and Arthur T. High, the trustees of the Plan (the Trustees), of three parcels of improved real property (the Parcels). This exemption is conditioned upon the adherence to the material facts and representations described herein and upon the satisfaction of the following requirements:

(a) The Sale is a one-time transaction for cash;

(b) The Plan does not pay any commissions, costs or other expenses in connection with the Sale; and

(c) The Plan will receive an amount equal to the greater of:

(i) $234,000; or (ii) The current fair market value of the Property, as established by an independent, qualified, appraiser at the time of the Sale.

For a more complete statement of the facts and representations supporting the Department's decision to grant this exemption, refer to the Notice of Proposed Exemption published on June 28, 2001 at 66 FR 34471.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Khalif Ford of the Department, telephone (202) 219–8883 (this is not a toll-free number).

Retirement Plan of Dime Bancorp, Inc. (The Dime Plan); Retirement 401(k) Plan of Dime Bancorp, Inc. (the Dime 401(k) Plan); North American Mortgage Company Retirement and 401(k) Savings Plan (the NAMCO Plan); and Lakeview Savings Bank Employee Stock Ownership Plan (the ESOP; together, the Plans), Located in New York, New York

[Prohibited Transaction Exemption 2001–28; Exemption Application Nos. D–10962 through D–10965]

Exemption

The restrictions of sections 406(a), 406(b)(1) and (b)(2) and 407(a) of the Act and the sanctions resulting from the application of section 4975 of the Code, by reason of section 4975(c)(1)(A) through (E) of the Code, shall not apply, as of December 29, 2000, to: (1) the receipt by the Plans of certain Litigation Tracking Warrants (the Warrants) pursuant to the distribution of Warrants (the Warrant Distribution) by Dime Bancorp, Inc. (Dime) to all of its common stockholders as of December 22, 2000 (the Record Date);[1] (2) the past

[1] In addition to all of Dime's common stockholders as of December 22, 2000 receiving Warrants pursuant to the Warrant Distribution, any person or entity (including the Plans) who bought the common stock of Dime (the Stock) during the

and proposed future holding of the Warrants by the Plans;[2] and (3) the disposition or exercise of the Warrants by the Plans; provided that the following conditions are satisfied:

(A) The Plans' acquisition and holding of the Warrants resulted from an independent act of Dime as a corporate entity, and all holders of Stock, including the Plans, were treated in a like manner with respect to the Warrant Distribution (with the exception of one holder of Stock, who did not receive Warrants);

(B) With respect to Warrants allocated to the Dime 401(k) Plan and the NAMCO Plan, the Warrants were acquired solely for the accounts of participants who had directed investment of all or a portion of their account balances in Stock pursuant to Plan provisions for individually-directed investment of participant accounts;

(C) With respect to Warrants allocated to the Dime Plan and the ESOP, the authority for all decisions regarding the holding, disposition or exercise of the Warrants by such Plans will be exercised by an independent fiduciary acting on behalf of such Plans; and

(D) With respect to Warrants allocated to the Dime 401(k) Plan and the NAMCO Plan, all decisions regarding the holding, disposition or exercise of the Warrants have been, and will continue to be made, in accordance with Plan provisions for individually-directed investment of participant accounts, by the individual Plan participants whose accounts in the Plan received Warrants in connection with the Warrant Distribution, including all determinations regarding the exercise or sale of the Warrants received through the Warrant Distribution,[3] except for those participants who fail to file timely and valid instructions concerning the exercise of the Warrants, with respect to whom the Warrants allocated to their accounts will, to the extent a public trading market for the Warrants exists, be sold.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This exemption is effective as of December 29, 2000.

For a more complete statement of the facts and representations supporting the Department's decision to grant this exemption, refer to the notice of proposed exemption (the Proposal) published on June 28, 2001 at 66 FR 34472.

Written Comments

The Department received two written comments with respect to the Proposal. One comment was submitted by a Dime Plan participant who, after receiving an explanation of the Proposal over the telephone by a representative of the Department, withdrew her objection to the Proposal.

The other comment letter was submitted by the applicants. In that letter, the applicants informed the Department that on June 25, 2001, Dime signed an agreement to merge with WM. After the closing of the Merger, Dime will cease to be a separate corporate entity, and WM will be the surviving corporate entity. After the Merger, the Warrants will therefore be exercisable, following the occurrence of their triggering event, with respect to WM stock rather than Dime Stock, in accordance with the terms of the Warrant Agreement (the Agreement). The Agreement was attached as an exhibit to Dime's Form 8–A Filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission in connection with the distribution of the Warrants. The Agreement also provides for the adjustment of the exercise price of the Warrants in the event of a corporate transaction, such as the Merger.

As a result of the anticipated Merger, the applicants requested that the granted exemption reflect this factual change by adding the information contained in footnote 2. The Department has modified the exemption accordingly.

In addition, the applicants requested some changes in language to clarify the Proposal. With respect to Transaction (1) above, the applicants note that because the effective date of the exemption is December 29, 2000, and the Warrants were first distributed as of that date, there was no ''past receipt by the Plans'' of the Warrants, as indicated in the language of the Proposal, and a reference to ''receipt by the Plans'' would be more accurate. For purposes of clarification, the Department has deleted the word ''past'' as it appeared in this section of the Proposal.

The applicants also wanted to correct a typographical error that appeared in footnote 2 of the Proposal at 66 FR 34472. The last word of the fourth line should read ''bought,'' not ''brought.''

The applicants further noted that all references to ''Dime'' in Paragraph 3 of the Summary of Facts and Representations (the Summary) in the Proposal should actually be to ''Dime Savings'' and not to ''Dime,'' as Dime Savings, not Dime Bancorp, maintains the ongoing Goodwill Litigation discussed therein.

Finally, the applicants pointed out that in the description of the number of participants and amount of assets for the Dime 401(k) Plan in Paragraph 8 of the Summary, the statistics listed reflect the Dime 401(k) Plan prior to its merger with the NAMCO Plan on January 1, 2001. Thus, the Dime 401(k) Plan *had* (not ''has'') prior to the January 1, 2001 merger, approximately 3,000 participants and total assets with a fair market value of approximately $147,955,000, with Dime Stock representing approximately 15% of the fair market value of such assets.

Accordingly, based on the entire record, the Department has determined to grant the exemption as modified herein.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Gary H. Lefkowitz of the Department, telephone (202) 219–8881. (This is not a toll-free number

Gooch Enterprises, Inc. Money Purchase Pension Plan (the Plan), Located in Thomasville, North Carolina

[Prohibited Transaction Exemption 2001–29; Exemption Application No. D–10969]

Exemption

The restrictions of sections 406(a), 406(b)(1) and (b)(2) of the Act and the sanctions resulting from the application of section 4975 of the Code, by reason of section 4975(c)(1)(A) through (E) of the Code, shall not apply to the sale of two tracts of land (the Property) by the Plan to Harold L. Gooch, Jr. and Susan M. Gooch, who are shareholders of the

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period from December 20, 2000 through December 29, 2000 received such Stock with certain accompanying ''due bills'' reflecting the seller's obligation to deliver Warrants to the buyer upon the seller's receipt of such Warrants pursuant to the Warrant Distribution, and therefore also received Warrants in connection with such purchases of Stock. Accordingly, the exemption proposed herein shall also apply to the acquisition, holding, disposition and exercise of Warrants acquired by the Plans in connection with the purchase of Stock with due bills.

[2] On June 25, 2001, Dime signed an agreement to merge (the Merger) with Washington Mutual, Inc. (WM). After the closing of the Merger, Dime will no longer be a separate corporate entity, and the Warrants will convert into warrants to purchase shares of WM common stock in accordance with their terms.

[3] On January 1, 2001, the NAMCO Plan was merged with and into the Dime 401(k) Plan. As a result, for a period of time, there was a temporary administrative freeze period (the Freeze Period) during which former participants of the NAMCO Plan (the Former NAMCO Participants) could not direct the investment of their accounts under the Dime 401(k) Plan, including any Warrants allocated to such accounts. During such Freeze Period, an independent fiduciary had the authority to hold, sell or exercise (to the extent the Warrants were then exercisable) all of the Warrants transferred from the NAMCO Plan and allocated to the accounts of the Former NAMCO Participants under the Dime 401(k) Plan. Once the Freeze Period ceased, the Former NAMCO Participants immediately regained the ability to direct the investment of their accounts under the Dime 401(k) Plan, including any Warrants allocated to such accounts.

Plan sponsor, the trustees of the Plan and, therefore, parties in interest with respect to the Plan; provided that the following conditions are satisfied:

(a) The sale is a one-time cash transaction;

(b) The Plan receives the current fair market value for the Property, as established by an independent qualified appraiser at the time of the sale; and

(c) the Plan pays no commissions or other expenses associated with the sale.

For a more complete statement of the facts and representations supporting the Department's decision to grant this exemption, refer to the notice of proposed exemption published on June 28, 2001 at 66 FR 34483.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ekaterina A. Uzlyan of the Department at (202) 219–8883. (This is not a toll-free number.)

J.P. Morgan Chase & Co. (Morgan Chase) and its Affiliates (collectively, the Applicants), Located in New York, New York

[Prohibited Transaction Exemption 2001–30; Exemption Application No. D–10998]

Exemption

Based on the facts and representations set forth in the application, the Department is granting an exemption under the authority of section 408(a) of the Act and section 4975 (c)(2) of the Code and in accordance with the procedures set forth in 29 CFR Part 2570, Subpart B (55 FR 32836, 32847, August 10, 1990).[4]

Section I. Covered Transactions

The restrictions of section 406(a)(1)(A) through (D) of the Act and the sanctions resulting from the application of section 4975 of the Code, by reason of section 4975(c)(1)(A) through (D) of the Code, shall not apply to: (1) The purchase or sale by employee benefit plans (the Plans), other than Plans sponsored and maintained by the Applicants, of publicly-traded debt securities (the Debt Securities) issued by the Applicants; and (2) the extension of credit by the Plans to the Applicants in connection with the holding of the Debt Securities.

This exemption is subject to the general conditions that are set forth below in Section II.

Section II. General Conditions

(a) The Debt Securities are made available by the Applicants in the ordinary course of their business to Plans as well as to customers which are not Plans.

(b) The decision to invest in the Debt Securities is made by a Plan fiduciary (the Independent Plan Fiduciary) or a participant in a Plan that provides for participant-directed investments (the Plan Participant), which is independent of the Applicants.

(c) The Applicants do not have any discretionary authority or control or provide any investment advice, within the meaning of 29 CFR 2510.3–21(c), with respect to the Plan assets involved in the transactions.

(d) The Plans pay no fees or commissions to the Applicants in connection with the transactions covered by the requested exemption, other than the mark-up for a principal transaction permissible under Part II of Prohibited Transaction Class Exemption (PTCE) 75–1 (40 FR 50845, October 31, 1975).[5]

(e) The Applicants agree to notify Plan investors in the prospectus (the Prospectus) for the Debt Securities that, at the time of acquisition, no more than 15 percent of a Plan's assets should be invested in any of the Debt Securities.

(f) The Debt Securities do not have a duration which exceeds 9 years from the date of issuance.

(g) Prior to a Plan's acquisition of any of the Debt Securities, the Applicants fully disclose, in the Prospectus, to the Independent Plan Fiduciary or Plan Participant, all of the terms and conditions of such Debt Securities, including, but not limited to, the following:

(1) A statement to the effect that the return calculated for the Debt Securities will be denominated in U.S. dollars;

(2) The specified index (the Index) or Indexes on which the rate of return on the Debt Securities is based;

(3) A numerical example, designed to be understood by the average investor, which explains the calculation of the return on the Debt Securities at maturity and reflects, among other things, (i) a hypothetical initial value and closing value of the applicable Index, and (ii) the effect of any adjustment factor on the percentage change in the applicable Index;

(4) The date on which the Debt Securities are issued;

(5) The date on which the Debt Securities will mature and the conditions of such maturity;

(6) The initial date on which the value of the Index is calculated;

(7) Any adjustment factor or other numerical methodology that would affect the rate of return, if applicable;

(8) The ending date on which interest is determined, calculated and paid;

(9) Information relating to the calculation of payments of principal and interest, including a representation to the effect that, at maturity, the beneficial owner of the Debt Securities is entitled to receive the entire principal amount, plus an amount derived directly from the growth in the Index (but in no event less than zero);

(10) All details regarding the methodology for measuring performance;

(11) The terms under which the Debt Securities may be redeemed;

(12) The exchange or market where the Debt Securities are traded or maintained; and

(13) Copies of the proposed and final exemptions relating to the exemptive relief provided herein, upon request.

(h) The terms of a Plan's investment in the Debt Securities are at least as favorable to the Plan as those available to an unrelated non-Plan investor in a comparable arm's length transaction at the time of such acquisition.

(i) In the event the Debt Securities are delisted from any nationally-recognized securities exchange, the Applicants will apply for trading through the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotations System (NASDAQ), which requires that there be independent market-makers establishing a market for such securities in addition to the Applicants. If there are no independent market-makers, the exemption will no longer be considered effective.

(j) The Debt Securities are rated in one of the three highest generic rating categories by at least one nationally-recognized statistical rating service at the time of their acquisition.

(k) The rate of return for the Debt Securities is objectively determined and, following issuance, the Applicants retain no authority to affect the determination of the return for such security, other than in connection with a ''market disruption event'' that is described in the Prospectus for the Debt Securities.

(l) The Debt Securities are based on an Index that is—

(1) Created and maintained [6] by an entity that is unrelated to the Applicants

[4] For purposes of this exemption, references to Title I of the Act, unless otherwise noted herein, refer also to corresponding provisions of the Code.

[5] The Department is providing no opinion herein as to whether any principal transactions involving debt securities would be covered by PTCE 75–1, or whether any particular mark-up by a broker-dealer for such transaction would be permissible under Part II of PTCE 75–1.

[6] For purposes of this exemption, the term ''maintain'' means that all calculations relating to the securities in the Index, as well as the rate of return of the Index, are made by an entity that is unrelated to the Applicants.

and is a standardized and generally-accepted Index of securities; or

(2) Created by the Applicants, but maintained by an entity that is unrelated to the Applicants,

(i) Consists either of standardized and generally-accepted Indexes or an Index comprised of publicly-traded securities that are not issued by the Applicants, are designated in advance and listed in the Prospectus for the Debt Securities (Under either circumstance, the Applicants may not unilaterally modify the composition of the Index, including the methodology comprising the rate of return.),

(ii) Meets the requirements for an Index in Rule 19b–4 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and

(iii) The index value for the Index is publicly-disseminated through an independent pricing service, such as Reuters Group, PLC or Bloomberg L.P., or through a national securities exchange.

(m) The Applicants do not trade in any way intended to affect the value of the Debt Securities through holding or trading in the securities which comprise an Index.

(n) The Applicants maintain, for a period of six years, the records necessary to enable the persons described in paragraph (o) of this section to determine whether the conditions of this exemption have been met, except that—

(1) A prohibited transaction will not be considered to have occurred if, due to circumstances beyond the control of the Applicants, the records are lost or destroyed prior to the end of the six year period; and

(2) No party in interest other than the Applicants shall be subject to the civil penalty that may be assessed under section 502(i) of the Act, or to the taxes imposed by section 4975(a) and (b) of the Code, if the records are not maintained, or are not available for examination as required by paragraph (o) below.

(o)(1) Except as provided in section (o)(2) of this paragraph and notwithstanding any provisions of subsections (a)(2) and (b) of section 504 of the Act, the records referred to in paragraph (n) are unconditionally available at their customary location during normal business hours by:

(A) Any duly authorized employee or representative of the Department, the Internal Revenue Service or the Securities and Exchange Commission;

(B) Any fiduciary of a participating Plan or any duly authorized representative of such fiduciary;

(C) Any contributing employer to any participating Plan or any duly authorized employee representative of such employer; and

(D) Any Plan Participant or beneficiary of any participating Plan, or any duly authorized representative of such Plan Participant or beneficiary.

(o)(2) None of the persons described above in subparagraphs (B)–(D) of paragraph (o)(1) are authorized to examine the trade secrets of the Applicants or commercial or financial information which is privileged or confidential.

For a more complete statement of the facts and representations supporting the Department's decision to grant this exemption, refer to the notice of proposed exemption published on July 10, 2001 at 66 FR 36010.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Gary H. Lefkowitz of the Department, telephone (202) 219–8881. (This is not a toll-free number.)

Wagner, Doxey and Company Money Purchase Plan (the Plan), Located in San Francisco, California

[Prohibited Transaction Exemption 2001–31; Exemption Application No. D–11003]

Exemption

The sanctions resulting from the application of section 4975 of the Code, by reason of section 4975(c)(1)(A) through (E) of the Code, shall not apply to the proposed sale of certain improved real property (the Property) by the individual account of Warren L. Wagner (the Account) in the Plan, to Mr. Wagner, who is a disqualified person with respect to the Plan,[7] provided that the following conditions are satisfied: (a) The sale is a one-time transaction for cash; (b) the Account pays no commissions nor other expenses relating to the sale; (c) the Account receives an amount that is the greater of $750,000, or the fair market value of the Property as of the date of the sale, as determined by a qualified, independent appraiser; (d) within 30 days of publication in the **Federal Register** of the notice granting this exemption, Mr. Wagner reimburses the Account for the fair market rental value of the Property with respect to his past and present use of such Property, including a reasonable rate of interest for the period from the date such amounts were due to the Account to the date of payment; and (e) within 30 days of publication in the **Federal Register** of the notice granting this exemption, Mr. Wagner files Form 5330 with the Internal Revenue Service and pays all applicable excise taxes due by reason of the above prohibited transactions.

For a more complete statement of the facts and representations supporting the Department's decision to grant this exemption, refer to the notice of proposed exemption published on July 10, 2001 at 66 FR 36016.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Karin Weng of the Department, telephone (202) 219–8881. (This is not a toll-free number.)

General Information

The attention of interested persons is directed to the following:

(1) The fact that a transaction is the subject of an exemption under section 408(a) of the Act and/or section 4975(c)(2) of the Code does not relieve a fiduciary or other party in interest or disqualified person from certain other provisions to which the exemption does not apply and the general fiduciary responsibility provisions of section 404 of the Act, which among other things require a fiduciary to discharge his duties respecting the plan solely in the interest of the participants and beneficiaries of the plan and in a prudent fashion in accordance with section 404(a)(1)(B) of the Act; nor does it affect the requirement of section 401(a) of the Code that the plan must operate for the exclusive benefit of the employees of the employer maintaining the plan and their beneficiaries;

(2) These exemptions are supplemental to and not in derogation of, any other provisions of the Act and/or the Code, including statutory or administrative exemptions and transactional rules. Furthermore, the fact that a transaction is subject to an administrative or statutory exemption is not dispositive of whether the transaction is in fact a prohibited transaction; and

(3) The availability of these exemptions is subject to the express condition that the material facts and representations contained in each application accurately describes all material terms of the transaction which is the subject of the exemption.

Signed at Washington, D.C., this 22nd day of August, 2001.

Ivan Strasfeld,

Director of Exemption Determinations, Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration, U.S. Department of Labor.

[FR Doc. 01–21628 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510–29–P

[7] Because Warren L. Wagner and Robert J. Doxey, who are partners, are the only participants in the Plan, the Plan is not within the jurisdiction of Title I of the Act, pursuant to 29 CFR 2510.3–3(b). However, there is jurisdiction under Title II of the Act, pursuant to section 4975 of the Code.

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Sunshine Act Meeting

AGENCY HOLDING THE MEETING: Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

DATES: Weeks of August 27, September 3, 10, 17, 24, October 1, 2001.

PLACE: Commissioners' Conference Room, 11555 Rockville Pike, Rockville, Maryland.

STATUS: Public and Closed.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED:

Week of August 27, 2001

There are no meetings scheduled for the Week of August 27, 2001.

Week of September 3, 2001—Tentative

There are no meetings scheduled for the Week of September 3, 2001.

Week of September 10, 2001—Tentative

There are no meetings scheduled for the Week of September 10, 2001.

Week of September 17, 2001—Tentative

There are no meetings scheduled for the Week of September 17, 2001.

Week of September 24, 2001—Tentative

Friday, September 28, 2001

9:25 a.m.—Affirmation Session (Public Meeting) (if needed)
9:30 a.m.—Briefing on Decommissioning Activities and Status (Public Meeting) (Contact: John Buckley, 301–415–6607)
1:30 p.m.—Briefing on Threat Environment Assessment (Closed—Ex. 1)

Week of October 1, 2001—Tentative

Thursday, October 4, 2001

9:25 a.m.—Affirmation Session (Public Meeting) (if needed)

* The schedule for Commission meetings is subject to change on short notice. To verify the status of meetings call (recording)—(301) 415–1292. Contact person for more information: David Louis Gamberoni (301) 415–1651.

Additional Information

By a vote of 4–0 on August 15, the Commission determined pursuant to U.S.C. 552b(e) and § 9.107(a) of the Commission's rules that ''Affirmation on Final Rule: Interim Storage for Greater than Class C Waste, 10 CFR Parts 30, 70, 72, and 150'' be held on August 22, and on less than one week's notice to the public.

By a vote of 4–0 on August 21 and 22, the Commission determined pursuant to U.S.C. 552b(e) and § 9.107(a) of the Commission's rules that ''Affirmation of Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Entergy Nuclear Indian Point 2, LLC, and Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc.; Decision on Standing and Admissibility of Contentions in License Transfer Proceeding'' be held on August 22, and on less than one week's notice to the public.

The NRC Commission Meeting Schedule can be found on the Internet at: http://www.nrc.gov/SECY/smj/schedule.htm

This notice is distributed by mail to several hundred subscribers; if you no longer wish to receive it, or would like to be added to the distribution, please contact the Office of the Secretary, Washington, DC 20555 (301–415–1969). In addition, distribution of this meeting notice over the Internet system is available. If you are interested in receiving this Commission meeting schedule electronically, please send an electronic message to dkw@nrc.gov.

Dated: August 23, 2001.

David Louis Gamberoni,

Technical Coordinator, Office of the Secretary.

[FR Doc. 01–21831 Filed 8–24–01; 2:05 pm]

BILLING CODE 7590–01–M

PRESIDIO TRUST

Correction to Notice of Public Meeting

AGENCY: The Presidio Trust.

ACTION: Correction to notice of public meeting.

SUMMARY: On August 21, 2001 the Presidio Trust published notice of a public meeting of the Presidio Trust Board of Directors in the **Federal Register** (66 FR 43921) in accordance with both Section 103(c)(6) of the Presidio Trust Act, 16 U.S.C. Section 460bb note, Title I of Pub. L. 104–333, 110 Stat. 4097, and the Presidio Trust's bylaws. The notice incorrectly indicated that members of the public would be provided an opportunity to comment on the *final* Presidio Trust Implementation Plan (PTIP) and Environmental Impact Statement (EIS). This public meeting is the second public hearing regarding the *draft* PTIP and EIS, and members of the public will be provided an opportunity at the meeting to make oral comments for the record on the *draft* PTIP and EIS [italics added for emphasis]. These comments will be considered by the Presidio Trust in preparation of the final PTIP and EIS.

Time: The meeting will be held from 1 p.m. to 4 p.m. on Monday, September 17, 2001.

ADDRESS: The meeting will be held at the Officers' Club, 50 Moraga Avenue, Presidio of San Francisco.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Craig Middleton, Deputy Director for Governmental Affairs, Programs and Administration, the Presidio Trust, 34 Graham Street, P.O. Box 29052, San Francisco, California 94129–0052, Telephone: (415) 561–5300.

Dated: August 21, 2001.

Karen A. Cook,

General Counsel.

[FR Doc. 01–21661 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–4R–P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Rel. No. IC–25119; File No. 812–12512]

Janus Aspen Series, et al.; Notice of Application

August 21, 2001.

AGENCY: Securities and Exchange Commission (''SEC'' of ''Commission'').

ACTION: Notice of application for an order under Section 26(c) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (''Act'') approving the proposed substitution of securities.

Applicants: (1) Janus Aspen Series (''JAS''), (2) Western Reserve Life Assurance Co. of Ohio (''WRL''), (3) WRL Series Annuity Account B (''WRL Separate Account'') (collectively, ''Applicants'').

Summary of Application: Applicants request an order approving the proposed substitution of shares of Flexible Income Portfolio of Janus Aspen Series (''Flexible Income Portfolio'') for the shares of High-Yield Portfolio of Janus Aspen Series (''High-Yield Portfolio'') held by the WRL Series Annuity Account B (''WRL Separate Account'') in connection with variable annuity contracts (the ''Contracts'') issued by Western Reserve Life Assurance Co. of Ohio (''WRL'').

Filing Dates: The application was filed on April 27, 2001, and an amended and restated application was filed on June 22, 2001.

Hearing or Notification of Hearing: An order granting the application will be issued unless the SEC orders a hearing. Interested persons may request a hearing by writing to the SEC's Secretary and serving Applicants with a copy of the request, in person or by mail. Hearing requests should be received by the SEC by 5:30 p.m. on September 24, 2001, and should be accompanied by proof of service on Applicants, in the form of an affidavit

or, for lawyers, a certificate of service. Hearing requests should state the nature of the writer's interest, the reason for the request, and the issues contested. Persons who wish to be notified of a hearing may request notification of a hearing by writing to the Secretary of the SEC.

ADDRESSES: Secretary, SEC, 450 Fifth Street, NW., Washington, DC 20549. Applicants, Bonnie M. Howe, Esq., 100 Fillmore Street, Denver, Colorado 80206–4928.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Patrick Scott, Attorney, or Lorna MacLeod, Branch Chief, Office of Insurance Products, Division of Investment Management, at (202) 942–0670.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The following is a summary of the application. The complete application is available for a fee from the SEC's Public Reference Branch, 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549 (202) 942–8090).

Applicants' Representations

1. JAS, a Delaware business trust, is registered under the Act as an open-end management investment company. JAS currently issues shares in fourteen investment Portfolios, including High-Yield Portfolio. Each portfolio, including High-Yield Portfolio, consists of two classes of shares. Both classes of shares of each portfolio are registered under the Securities Act of 1933 (''1933 Act''). Institutional shares are offered to insurance company separate accounts as investment vehicles for variable life insurance policies and variable annuity contracts, as well as to qualified plans. Service shares are offered to insurance company separate accounts and qualified plans that require a fee from portfolio assets to procure distribution and administrative services to contract owners and plan participants. WRL Separate Account invests in institutional shares of High-Yield Portfolio.

2. Janus Capital Corporation (''Janus Capital'') serves as investment adviser to each portfolio of JAS. The investment objective of High-Yield Portfolio is to seek to obtain high current income. Capital appreciation is a secondary objective when consistent with its primary objective.

3. WRL is a stock life insurance company and is engaged in the business of writing life insurance policies and annuity contracts. WRL is wholly-owned by First AUSA Life Insurance Company, a stock life insurance company which is wholly-owned by AEGON USA, Inc. (''AEGON USA''), which conducts most of its operations through subsidiary companies engaged in the insurance business or in providing non-insurance financial services. All of the stock of AEGON USA is indirectly owned by AEGON N.V. of the Netherlands, the securities of which are publicly trade. AEGON N.V., a holding company, conducts its business through subsidiary companies engaged primarily in the insurance business.

4. WRL Separate Account is a separate account established by WRL to support variable annuity contracts, including Janus Retirement Advantage (''JRA Contract''). The JRA Contract currently permits allocation of purchase payments and transfers of Contracts values among and between 13 sub-accounts corresponding to different portfolios of JAS (excluding High-Yield Portfolio). High-Yield Portfolio is no longer an allocation option under JRA Contract issued after May 1, 2001. WRL Separate Account is registered as a unit investment trust under the Act and interests in the WRL Separate Account are registered as securities under the 1933 Act.

5. Janus Capital states that High-Yield Portfolio has not grown to a size to allow it to operate efficiently. As of March 31, 2001, High-Yield Portfolio had net assets of approximately $1.7 million. Janus Capital believes the prospects of increasing sales and raising assets to a viable level are low. As a result of its limited assets, High-Yield Portfolio has had relatively high expenses as a percentage of net assets. Absent fee waivers and expense reimbursements from Janus Capital, the Portfolio's total expenses for the year ended December 31, 2000 were 10.38%. To maintain the Portfolio's 1.0% expense limit, Janus Capital waived 9.38% in fees and expenses in 2000. Moreover, it is difficult and inefficient for High-Yield Portfolio's portfolio manager to buy and sell small lots of securities for such a small portfolio.

6. At a meeting on March 13, 2001, the Trustees of JAS authorized closing High-Yield Portfolio to new investors, effective May 1, 2001, and authorized the officers of JAS to file an application for a substitution order with the Commission and to take such other actions as may be necessary to liquidate High-Yield Portfolio. Janus Capital contacted WRL and discussed the advisability of liquidating High-Yield Portfolio and the methods by which this could be accomplished. It was agreed that the most efficient method of liquidating High-Yield Portfolio would be to have WRL substitute shares of another fund for those of High-Yield Portfolio currently held by WRL Separate Account.

7. If the requested substitution order is granted, WRL, on behalf of WRL Separate Account, will substitute institutional shares of Flexible Income Portfolio for shares of High-Yield Portfolio. Flexible Income Portfolio is another investment portfolio of JAS. Flexible Income Portfolio's investment objective is to seek to obtain maximum total return, consistent with preservation of capital. It invests primarily in a wide variety of income-producing securities such as corporate bonds and notes, government securities and preferred stock and may own an unlimited amount of high-yield/high risk bonds. As of March 31, 2001, Flexible Income Portfolio had net assets of 287.2 million. The portfolio's total expenses for the year ended December 31, 2001, were .76%, which did not include any fee waiver or expense offset.

8. Applicants state that the JRA Contract gives WRL the right to eliminate or add sub-accounts, combine two or more sub-accounts, or substitute one or more underlying mutual funds or portfolios for others in which one or more sub-accounts are invested. Applicants assert that these contractual provisions also have been disclosed in the prospectuses or statements of additional information relating to the JRA Contract.

9. Applicants state that, as of the effective date of the substitutions, WRL will redeem shares of High-Yield Portfolio for cash. Simultaneously, WRL will use these proceeds to purchase the appropriate number of shares of Flexible Income Portfolio proposed to be substituted. The substitutions will take place at relative net asset values of the portfolios with no change in the amount of any JRA Contract owner's account values or death benefit.

10. Applicants represent that Janus Capital and WRL will pay all expenses and transaction costs of the substitutions, including legal, accounting and other fees and that none of these costs will be borne by JRA Contract owners. Applicants state that affected JRA Contract owners will not incur any fees or charges as a result of the substitutions, nor will the rights or obligations of WRL under the JRA Contract be altered in any way. Applicants also represent that the proposed substitutions will not have any adverse tax consequences to JRA Contract owners and that the proposed substitutions will not cause JRA Contract fees and charges currently being paid by existing JRA Contract owners to be greater after the proposed

substitutions than before the proposed substitutions.

11. Applicants state that the proposed substitutions will not be treated as transfers that may be made by a JRA Contract owner in any period without a transfer charge. Applicants state that WRL will not, with respect to shares substituted, exercise its right that it may have under its JRA Contract to impose additional restrictions on transfers for a period of at least 30 days following the proposed substitutions. Each JRA Contract owner will be allowed one transfer of contract value with respect to shares substituted, for a period of 30 days following the proposed substitution, without that transfer counting toward any limit on free transfers under the JRA Contract.

12. Applicants state that affected JRA Contract owners will be notified of the proposed elimination of High-Yield Portfolio. In addition, Applicants further state that WRL will send affected JRA Contract owners a prospectus supplement which informs them that WRL and other applicants have filed an application for an order allowing WRL to undertake the substitutions described in the application and that affected JRA Contract owners may elect any time prior to the closing date of the substitution to transfer their interest in the sub-account corresponding to High-Yield Portfolio to any other sub-account, without such transfer counting toward any limits on free transfers under a JRA Contract. Applicants also state that with this JRA Contract owners have already received a current prospectus relating to Flexible Income Portfolio (which was included in a combined prospectus with High-Yield Portfolio).

13. Applicants state that once the proposed substitution are completed, a confirmation will be mailed to the JRA Contract owners reflecting the transfer of the JRA Contract values from the sub-accounts investing in High-Yield Portfolio to the sub-accounts investing in the substituted Flexible Income Portfolio. Applicants state that this confirmation will be sent within five days of the completion of the substitution. Applicants also state that, following the proposed substitution, Janus Capital, as the sole remaining shareholder of High-Yield Portfolio, will approve the final liquidation of the High-Yield Portfolio.

Applicants' Legal Analysis:

1. Applicants request that the Commission issue an order pursuant to Section 26(c) of the Act approving the substitution by WRL of shares of Flexible Income Portfolio for shares of High-Yield Portfolio held by WRL Separate Account.

2. Section 26(c) of the Act requires the depositor of a registered unit investment trust holding the securities of a single issuer to receive Commission approval before substituting the securities held by the trust. Section 26(c) also states that the Commission shall issue an order approving such substitution if the evidence established that it is consistent with the protection of investors and the purposes fairly intended by the policy and provisions of the Act.

3. Applicants state that WRL has reserved the right to substitute shares of another open-end management investment company in the JRA Contract and disclosed this reserved right in the prospectuses or statements of additional information for the JRA Contract.

4. Applicants note that, Flexible Income Portfolio is a substantially larger fund that High-Yield Portfolio and that the expense of Flexible Income Portfolio are lower than those of High-Yield Portfolio, even with the current expense limitation in place for High-Yield Portfolio. Applicants state, moreover, that the current expenses limitation for High-Yield Portfolio may be terminated at each annual renewal of High-Yield Portfolio's investment advisory contract, and there is no assurance this arrangement will continue in the future.

5. Applicants also maintain that the Flexible Income Portfolio is an appropriate substitute investment vehicle with regard to JRA Contract owner interests held in High-Yield Portfolio. WRL believes that the investment objectives and policies of Flexible Income Portfolio are sufficiently similar to those of High-Yield Portfolio so as to be appropriate for substitution. Flexible Income Portfolio invests primarily in a wide variety of income-producing securities such as corporate bonds and notes, government securities and preferred stock and may own an unlimited amount of high-yield/high risk bonds. During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000, based upon a weighted monthly average, Flexible Income Portfolio held 16% of its net assets in securities rated BB. WRL believes JRA Contract owners that have allocated values to High-Yield Portfolio will find Flexible Income Portfolio to be an attractive and highly suitable alternative.

6. Applicants maintain that the purposes, terms and conditions of the substitution are consistent with the principles and purposes of Section 26(c) and do not entail any of the abuses that Section 26(c) is designed to prevent. Applicants note that the JRA Contract provides each JRA Contract owner with the right to exercise his or her own judgment and transfer account values into other allocation options. Moreover, the JRA Contract will offer JRA Contract owners the opportunity to transfer amounts out of the sub-account corresponding to High-Yield Portfolio into any of the remaining sub-accounts without cost or other disadvantage.

Conclusion

Applicants submit that, for all of the reasons summarized above, the proposed substitution are consistent with the protection of investors and the purposes fairly intended by the policy and provisions of the Act.

For the Commission, by the Division of Investment Management, pursuant to delegated authority.

Margaret H. McFarland,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 01–21650 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8010–01–M

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Agency Meeting

FEDERAL REGISTER CITATION OF PREVIOUS ANNOUNCEMENT: [to be published].

STATUS: Closed meeting.

PLACE: 450 Fifth Street, NW., Washington, DC.

DATE PREVIOUSLY ANNOUNCED: [to be published].

CHANGE IN THE MEETING: Additional Items.

The following items will be added to the closed meeting scheduled for Thursday, August 30, 2001, at 10 a.m.:

Formal Orders of Investigations

Commissioner Hunt, as duty officer, determined that Commission business required the above change and that no earlier notice thereof was possible.

At times, changes in Commission priorities require alterations in the scheduling of meeting items. For further information and to ascertain what, if any, matters have been added, deleted or postponed, please contact:

The Office of the Secretary (202) 942–7070.

Dated: August 23, 2001.

Jonathan G. Katz,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 01–21860 Filed 8–24–01; 3:59 pm]

BILLING CODE 8010–01–M

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34–44734; File No. SR–NASD–2001–42)

Self-Regulatory Organizations; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of Proposed Rule Change and Amendment No. 1 To Extend the Expiration Date of Nasdaq's Transaction Credit Pilot Program

August 22, 2001.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (''Act''),[1] and Rule 19b–4 thereunder,[2] notice is hereby given that on June 27, 2001, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (''NASD'' or ''Association''), through its subsidiary The Nasdaq Stock Market, Inc. (''Nasdaq''), filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (''Commission'' or ''SEC'') the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by Nasdaq. On August 17, 2001, Nasdaq amended the proposal.[3] Nasdaq filed the proposal pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) of the Act,[4] and Rule 19b–4(f)(2) thereunder,[5] which renders the proposal effective upon filing with the Commission.[6] The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change, as amended, from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

Nasdaq proposes to amend NASD Rule 7010, System Services, to extend Nasdaq's transaction credit pilot program (''Program'') for an additional six months (through September 1, 2001) for Tape A and B reports. No other substantive changes are proposed to the Program at this time. The text of the proposed rule change is available at the Association and at the Commission.

[1] 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

[2] 17 CFR 240.19b–4.

[3] *See* August 16, 2001 letter from Mary Dunbar, Vice President, Nasdaq, to Katherine A. England, Assistant Director, Division of Market Regulation, SEC, and attachments (''Amendment No. 1''). Amendment No. 1 completely replaces and supersedes the original proposal.

[4] 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A).

[5] 17 CFR 240.19b–4(f)(2).

[6] For purposes of calculating the 60-day abrogation period, the Commission considers the abrogation period to have commenced on August 17, 2001, the date that Nasdaq filed Amendment No. 1.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, Nasdaq included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. Nasdaq has prepared summaries, set forth in Sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

Nasdaq proposes to extend the Program[7] for an additional six months (through September 1, 2001) to provide a transaction credit to NASD members that exceed certain levels of trading activity in exchange-listed securities. Nasdaq's InterMarket is a quotation, communication, and execution system that allows NASD members to trade stocks listed on the New York Stock Exchange (''NYSE'') and the American Stock Exchange (''Amex'').[8] The InterMarket competes with regional exchanges like the Chicago Stock Exchange (''CHX'') and the Cincinnati Stock Exchange (''CSE'') for retail order flow in stocks listed on the NYSE and the Amex. The Association collects trade reports from broker-dealers trading these securities in the over-the-counter (''OTC'') market and provides the trade reports to the Consolidated Tape Association (''CTA'') for inclusion in the Consolidated Tape. As a participant in the CTA Plan, the NASD is entitled to a portion of the revenue that the CTA generates by selling this market data information. NASD's share of the revenues is based on trades that it reports on behalf of these broker-dealers in NYSE-listed securities (''Tape A'') and in Amex-listed securities (''Tape B'').

The Program began in 1999.[9] Under the Program, the NASD shares a portion of these tape revenues by providing a transaction credit to NASD members who exceed certain levels of OTC trading activity in NYSE and Amex securities. The Program helps InterMarket makers and investors lower costs associated with trading listed securities. The Program also is an important tool for Nasdaq to compete against other exchanges (particularly the CSE and the CHX) that offer similar programs[10] and thereby maintain market share in listed securities.

The Program works as follows. Nasdaq calculates two separate pools of revenue from which credits can be earned: one representing 40% of the gross revenues received by the NASD from the CTA for providing trade reports in NYSE-listed securities executed in the InterMarket for dissemination by CTA (Tape A), the other representing 40% of the gross revenue received from CTA for reporting Amex trades (Tape B).

Eligibility for transaction credits is based on concurrent quarterly trading activity. For example, an InterMarket participant that enters the market for Tape A or Tape B securities during a particular quarter and prints an average of 500 daily trades of Tape A securities during the time it is in the market, or that averages 500 Tape B prints during such quarter, would be eligible to receive transaction credits based on its trades during that quarter. Only those NASD members that continue to average an appropriate daily execution level are eligible for transaction credits and thus able to receive a pro-rata portion of the appropriate pool.[11] These thresholds permit the NASD to recover appropriate administrative costs related to NASD members that do not exceed the threshold and to provide an incentive to

[7] The transaction credit can be applied to any and all charges imposed by NASD or its non-self-regulatory organization affiliates. Any remaining balance may be paid directly to the member.

[8] Nasdaq's InterMarket formerly was referred to as Nasdaq's Third Market, *See* Securities Exchange Act Release No. 42907 (June 7, 2000), 65 FR 37445 (June 14, 2000) (SR–NASD–00–32).

[9] *See* Securities Exchange Act Release No. 41174 (March 16, 1999), 64 FR 14034 (March 23, 1999) (SR–NASD–99–13). The SEC issued notice of subsequent extensions of the Program. *See* Securities Exchange Act Release Nos. 42095 (November 3, 1999), 64 FR 61680 (November 12, 1999) (SR–NASD–99–59); 42672 (April 12, 2000), 65 FR 21225 (April 20, 2000) (SR–NASD–00–10); 42907 (June 7, 2000), 65 FR 37445 (June 14, 2000) (SR–NASD–00–32); 43831 (January 10, 2001), 66 FR 4882 (January 18, 2001) (SR–NASD–00–72); 44098 (March 23, 2000), 66 FR 17462 (March 30, 2001) (SR–NASD–2001–15).

[10] *See* Securities Exchange Act Release Nos. 38237 (February 4, 1997), 62 FR 6592 (February 12, 1997) (SR–CHX–97–01) and 39395 (December 3, 1997), 62 FR 65113 (December 10, 1997) (SR–CSE–97–12).

[11] As explained in Nasdaq's original pilot filing, the qualification thresholds were selected based on Nasdaq's belief that such members represent clear examples of a member's commitment to operating in the InterMarket and competing for order flow. *See* Securities Exchange Act Release No. 41174 (March 16, 1999), 64 FR 14034 (March 23, 1999) (SR–NASD–99–13). Nasdaq continues to believe that such threshold numbers represent clear examples of a member's commitment to operating in the InterMarket.

NASD members to actively trade in these securities.

The current Program expired on June 30, 2001. Because the Program has helped Nasdaq maintain market share in listed securities. Nasdaq proposes to extend the current Program for an additional six months, through September 1, 2001.

2. Statutory Basis

Nasdaq believes the proposed rule change is consistent with Section 15A(b)(6) of the Act,[12] in that the proposal is designed to promote just and equitable principles of trade and to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a national market system, and, in general to protect investors and the public interest. Nasdaq also believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with Section 15A(b)(5) of the Act[13] in that it provides for the equitable allocation of reasonable dues, fees and other charges among members and issuers and other persons using any facility or system which the Association operates or controls.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

Nasdaq does not believe that the proposed rule change will result in any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act, as amended.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others

Written comments were neither solicited nor received.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

The proposed rule change has become effective pursuant to Section 19(b)(A)(ii) of the Act[14] and subparagraph (f)(2) of Rule 10b–4 thereunder,[15] because it establishes or changes a due, fee, or other charge imposed by the Association. At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission may summarily abrogate such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

[12] 15 U.S.C. 78o–3(b)(6).

[13] 15 U.S.C. 78o–3(b)(5).

[14] 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A)(ii).

[15] 17 CFR 240.196–4(f)(2).

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposal is consistent with the Act. Persons making written submissions should file six copies thereof with the Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 450 Fifth Street, NW., Washington, DC 20549–0609. Copies of the submission, all subsequent, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for inspection and copying in the Commission's Public Reference Room. Copies of such filing will also be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Association. All submissions should refer to the file number SR–NASD–2001–42 and should be submitted by [insert date 21 days from the date of publication].

For the Commission, by the Division of Market Regulations, pursuant to delegated authority.[16]

Margaret H. McFarland,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 01–21651 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8010–01–M

[16] 17 CFR 200.30–3(a)(12).

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34–44732; File No. SR–NASD–2001–44]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; Notice of Filing of Proposed Rule Change by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. to Allow ECN and ATS Participation on the OTC Bulletin Board

August 22, 2001.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (''Act'')[1] and Rule 19b–4[2] thereunder, notice is hereby given that on July 12, 2001, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (''NASD''), through its subsidiary, The Nasdaq Stock Market, Inc. (''Nasdaq''), filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (''Commission'') the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared by Nasdaq. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

[1] 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

[2] 17 CFR 240.19b–4.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

Nasdaq is proposing to add new NASD Rule 6540(b) to the NASD Rule 6500 Series, which governs the operation of the OTC Bulletin Board (''OTCBB''). The purpose of the proposed rule change is to permit alternative trading systems (''ATSs'') and electronic communication systems (''ECNs'') to participate in the OTCBB. The text of the proposed rule change is below. Proposed new language is italicized.

* * * * *

6540. Requirements Applicable to Market Makers

(a) No change.

(b) *An alternative trading system (ATS), as defined in Regulation ATS, Rule 300(a), or electronic communications network (ECN) as defined in SEC Rule 11Ac1–1(a)(8), shall be eligible to participate in the Service, provided however, that such ATS or ECN is an NASD member and otherwise meets the requirements for participation set forth in the OTC Bulletin Board Rules. Where used in the OTC Bulletin Board Rules, the term ''market maker'' shall be construed to include a participating ATS or ECN.*

(c) No change.

* * * * *

II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, Nasdaq included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. Nasdaq has prepared summaries, set forth in Sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

Nasdaq proposed to permit ATSs and ECNs to post quotes and otherwise participate in the OTCBB. The OTCBB is a quotation service that displays quotes, last-sale prices, and volume

information in over-the-counter (''OTC'') securities. OTC securities are equity securities not listed or traded on Nasdaq or a national securities exchange. OTCBB securities include national, regional, and foreign equity issues, warrants, units, American Depositary Receipts, and Direct Participation Programs. Currently, only NASD member firms registered with the NASD as market makers can post quotes for OTC securities on the OTCBB. Nasdaq proposes to broaden participation in the OTCBB by allowing ATSs and ECNs to participate in the OTCBB.

The OTCBB began in 1990 as a pilot program to provide transparency in the OTC equities market.[3] In 1997, the program became permanent.[4] The OTCBB operates pursuant to the NASD Rule 6500 Series. These rules provide, among other things, that all securities quoted on the OTCBB must be sponsored by a participating market maker that registers the security by completing a Form 211, unless an exemption applies. The market maker submits the Form 211 to the NASD OTC Compliance Unit prior to publication of a quote in that security on the OTCBB. Once cleared, Nasdaq Market Data Integrity notifies the market maker that it has been registered in the security and may enter a quote. If the market maker is exempt from Rule 15c2–11 under the Act,[5] the market maker submits a Rule 15c2–11 Exemption Form, which is processed in the same way.

Under proposed Rule 6540(b), an ATS or ECN would be permitted to participate in the OTCBB in the same way that a market maker currently participates. That is, an ATS or ECN that wishes to post a quote in a security on the OTCBB would register the security by completing a Form 211, unless an exemption applies. The ATS or ECN would submit the Form 211 to the NASD OTC Compliance Unit prior to publication of a quote in that security on the OTCBB. Once cleared, Nasdaq Market Data Integrity would notify the ATS or ECN that it has been registered in the security and may enter a quote. If the ATS or ECN is exempt from Rule 15c2–11, the ATS or ECN would submit an alternative form indicating that it is an ATS or ECN and that it is exempt from Rule 15c2–11.

Every OTC security not currently quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board is considered ''ineligible'' until a Form 211 or Rule 15c2–11 Exemption Form is submitted. Under the current rules and proposed NASD Rule 6540(b), once clearance to quote the security is given, the security is granted ''eligible'' status. Thereafter, any other market maker that wishes to quote an ''eligible'' security must also submit a Form 211 or Exemption Form. An alternative method for obtaining approval to quote an ''eligible'' security and is exempt from Rule 15c2–11. During the ''eligible'' period, a frequency-of-quotation test is administered. The test must be satisfied before the security is identified as ''active.'' Once the security is ''active,'' a market maker, ATS, or ECN need not submit a Form 211 or Exemption Form before quoting in the security. To satisfy the test, the security must have been quoted on the OTCBB on at least 12 business days during the preceding 30 calendar days, with not more than four consecutive business days without quotations. Market makers, ATSs, or ECNs would be permitted to register on-line to quote in a security that has satisfied the test. As long as the security remains ''active,'' any market maker, ATS, or ECN would be permitted to quote the security without a Form 211 or Exemption Form submission.

Nasdaq has stated that one ATS has expressed interest in participating in the OTCBB, and Nasdaq believes that there may be additional ATSs or ECNs interested in participating in the Service. Proposed NASD Rule 6540(b) would permit such participation.

2. Statutory Basis

Nasdaq believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with the provisions of Section 15A(b)(6) of the Act.[6] Section 15A(b)(6) requires that the rules of a national securities association, among other things, foster cooperation and coordination with persons engaged in facilitating transactions in securities and are not designed to permit unfair discrimination between customers, issuers, brokers, or dealers. Nasdaq believes that the proposed rule, by enabling ATS and ECN participation in the OTCBB, would broaden participation and increase the transparency and liquidity of the OTCBB.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

Nasdaq does not believe that the proposed rule change would result in any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others

Written comments were neither solicited nor received.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

Within 35 days of the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register** or within such longer period (i) as the Commission may designate up to 90 days of such date if it finds such longer period to be appropriate and publishes its reasons for so finding, or (ii) as to which the Nasdaq consents, the Commission will:

(A) by order approve such proposed rule change; or

(B) institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Persons making written submissions should file six copies thereof with the Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 450 Fifth Street, NW, Washington, DC 20549–0609. Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for inspection and copying in the Commission's Public Reference Room. Copies of such filing will also be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the NASD. All submissions should refer to File No. SR–NASD–2001–44 and should be submitted by September 18, 2001.

[3] *See* Securities Exchange Act Release No. 27975 (May 1, 1990), 55 FR 19123 (May 8, 1990) (approving SR–NASD–88–19); Securities Exchange Act Release No. 27975A (May 30, 1990), 55 FR 23161 (June 6, 1990) (correcting initial approval order).

[4] *See* Securities Exchange Act Release No. 38456 (March 31, 1997), 62 FR 16635 (April 7, 1997) (approving SR–NASD–92–7).

[5] 17 CFR 240.15c2–11.

[6] 15 U.S.C. 78o–3(b)(6).

For the Commission, by the Division of Market Regulation, pursuant to delegated authority.[7]

Margaret H. McFarland,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 01–21668 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8010–01–M

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34–44737; File No. SR–NASD–2001–49]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of Proposed Rule Change and Amendment No. 1 by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. To Extend the Expiration Date of Rules Concerning Bond Mutual Fund Volatility Ratings

August 22, 2001.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (''Act''),[1] and Rule 19b–4 thereunder,[2] notice is hereby given that on August 10, 2001, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (''NASD'' or ''Association''), through its wholly owned subsidiary, NASD Regulation, Inc. (''NASD Regulation''), filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (''Commission'' or ''SEC'') the proposed rule change as described in Items I, II and III below, which Items have been prepared by NASD Regulation. On August 16, 2001, NASD Regulation amended the proposal.[3] NASD Regulation filed the proposal pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) of the Act,[4] and Rule 19b–4(f)(6) thereunder,[5] which renders the proposal effective upon with the Commission. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change, as amended, from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

NASD Regulation proposes to amend Interpretive Material (''IM'') 2210–5 to extend the expiration date of IM–2210–5 and NASD Rule 2210(c)(3) from August 31, 2001 through August 31, 2003.[6] The text of the proposed rule change is below. Proposed new language is in italics. Proposed deletions are in brackets. IM–2210–5. Requirements for the Use of Bond Mutual Fund Volatility Ratings (This rule *and Rule 2210(c)(3)* will expire on August 31, [2001] *2003,* unless extended or permanently approved by the Association at or before such date.)

(a) No change.

(b) No change.

(c) No change.

* * * * *

II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, NASD Regulation included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for its proposal and discussed any comment it received regarding the proposal. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. NASD Regulation has prepared summaries, set forth in Sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

Background and Description of the NASD's Rules on Bond Mutual Fund Volatility Ratings

On February 29, 2000, the SEC approved the adoption of NASD IM–2210–5, which permits members and their associated persons to include bond fund volatility ratings in supplemental sale literature (mutual fund sales material that is accompanied or preceded by a fund prospectus).[7] The SEC also approved at that time, new NASD Rule 2210(c)(3), which sets forth the filing requirements and review procedures applicable to sales literature containing bond mutual fund volatility ratings. Previously, the NASD Regulation staff interpreted NASD rules to prohibit the use of bond fund volatility ratings in sales material.

IM–2210–5 permits the use of bond fund volatility ratings only in supplemental sales literature and only if certain conditions are met:

- The word ''risk'' may not be used to describe the rating.
- The rating must be the most recent available and be current to the most recent calendar quarter ended prior to use.
- The rating must be based exclusively on objective, quantifiable factors.
- The entity issuing the rating must provide detailed disclosure on its rating methodology to investors through a toll-free telephone number, a web site, or both.
- A disclosure statement containing all of the information required by the rule must accompany the rating. The statement must include such information as the name of the entity issuing the rating, the most current rating and the date it was issued, and a description of the rating in narrative form containing certain specified disclosures.

Rule 2210(c)(3) requires members to file bond mutual fund sales literature that includes or incorporates volatility ratings with the Advertising Regulation Department of NASD Regulation (''Department'') at least 10 days prior to use for Department approval. If the Department requests changes to the material, the material must be withheld from publication or circulation until the requested changes have been made or the material has been refiled and approved.

IM–2210–5 and the new Rule 2210(c)(3) were approved on an 18-month trial basis, which trial period expires on August 31, 2001, unless extended or permanently approved by NASD Regulation at or before that date.

Proposed Rule Change to Extend the Expiration Date of IM–2210–5 and to Clarify the Related Expiration Date of NASD Rule 2210(c)(3)

As indicated in the SEC's order approving IM–2210–5 and Rule 2210(c)(3), NASD Regulation requested the 18-month trial period to provide an opportunity to assess whether the rule change had facilitated the dissemination of useful, understandable information to investors, and whether it had prevented the dissemination of inappropriate and misleading information.

As of July 2001, the Department had received only six filings pursuant to

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[7] 17 CFR 200.30–3(a)(12).

[1] 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

[2] 17 CFR 240.19b–4.

[3] *See* August 16, 2001 letter from Patrice M. Gliniecki, Vice President and Deputy General Counsel, NASD Regulation, to Katherine A. England, Assistant Director, Division of Market Regulation, SEC (''Amendment No. 1''). In Amendment No. 1, NASD Regulation (a) clarified that the trial period will be extended through August 31, 2003; (b) clarified that the trial period applies to Rule 2210(c)(3) as well as IM–2210–5; and (c) made technical, non-substantive changes to the proposal.

[4] 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A).

[5] 17 CFR 240.19b–4(f)(6). NASD Regulation provided written notice of its intent to file the proposed rule change, along with a brief description and text of the proposed rule change, on August 1, 2001.

[6] In Securities Exchange Act Release No. 42476 (February 29, 2000), 65 FR 12305 (March 8, 2000), the SEC approved IM–2210–5 and NASD Rule 2210(c)(3) on a trial basis. This proposal clarifies in the language of IM–2210–5 that the trial period applies to Rule 2210(c)(3) as well as IM–2210–5.

[7] *See* Securities Exchange Act Release No. 42476 (February 29, 2000), 65 FR 12305 (March 8, 2000) at 12306.

these provisions. In general, these filings met the requirements of IM–2210–5. However, the staff does not believe that it has received a sufficient number of filings to adequately evaluate the provisions' effectiveness. While there may be a number of reasons for the low number of filings, the staff believes that low investor demand for bond funds coupled with the strong promotion of equity mutual funds during much of the trial period may have contributed to the low level of filings. The staff believes that additional experience with these provisions is necessary to evaluate the effect on the delivery of accurate and useful information to investors concerning bond mutual fund volatility.

Accordingly, NASD Regulation is proposing to extend the expiration date of IM–2210–5 and Rule 2210(c)(3) for an additional two years, until August 31, 2003, to allow more filings to be made. Before this period expires, the staff will evaluate IM–2210–5 and Rule 2210(c)(3) and determine whether to recommend that they be eliminated, modified, or permanently approved as is. Further, NASD Regulation is proposing to amend IM–2210–5 to clarify that upon its expiration, Rule 2210(c)(3) will also expire.

2. Statutory Basis

Nasdaq believes that the proposed extension is consistent with the provisions of Section 15A(b)(6) of the Act,[8] which requires, among other things, that the Association's rules be designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, and, in general to protect investors and the public interest. NASD Regulation believes that extending the expiration date of IM–2210–5 and Rule 2210(c)(3) will provide the additional experience necessary to filly analyze and evaluate the provisions.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

NASD Regulation does not believe that the proposed rule change will result in any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act, as amended.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants or Others

Written comments were neither solicited nor received.

[8] 15 U.S.C. 78o–3(b)(6).

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

Because the foregoing proposed rule change does not:

(i) Significantly affect the protection of investors or the public interest;

(ii) impose any significant burden on competition; and

(iii) become operative for 30 days from the date on which it was filed, or such shorter time as the Commission may designate, it has become effective pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) of the Act[9] and Rule 19b–4(f)(6)[10] thereunder. At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission may summarily abrogate such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

NASD Regulation has asked that the Commission accelerate the operative date. The Commission finds good cause to waive the 30-day operative waiting period, because such designation is consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest. Acceleration of the operative date will ensure that the operation of the Rule will be uninterrupted by the expiration provision currently contained in IM–2210–5. For these reasons, the Commission finds good cause to waive the 30-day operative waiting period.[11]

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposal is consistent with the Act. Persons making written submissions should file six copies thereof with the Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 450 Fifth Street, NW., Washington, DC 20549–0609. Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for inspection and copying in the Commission's Public Reference Room. Copies of such filing will also be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Association. All submissions should refer to file number SR–NASD–2001–49 and should be submitted by September 18, 2001.

For the Commission, by the Division of Market Regulation, pursuant to delegated authority.[12]

Margaret H. McFarland,

Deputy Secretary.

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[9] 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A).

[10] 17 CFR 240.19b–4(f)(6).

[11] For purposes only of accelerating the operative date of this proposal, the Commission has considered the proposed rule's impact on efficiency, competition, and capital formation. 15 U.S.C. 78c(f). The NASD will announce the proposed rule change in a Notice To Members, to be published no later than 30 days after August 10, 2001, the date that NASD Regulation filed the proposed rule change.

[12] 17 CFR 200.30–3(a)(12).

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34–44727; File No. SR–OCC–2001–07]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; The Options Clearing Corporation; Notice of Amendments and Order Granting Accelerated Approval of a Proposed Rule Change Relating to Clearing Security Futures

August 20, 2001.

I. Introduction

On June 29, 2001, The Options Clearing Corporation (''OCC'') filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (''Commission'') proposed rule change SR–OCC–2001–07 pursuant to section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (''Act''),[1] and on July 9,[2] August 13, and 17, 2001, amended the proposed rule change. Notice the proposal was published in the **Federal Register** on August 3, 2001.[3] No comment letters have been received to date. For the reasons discussed below, the Commission is granting accelerated approval of the proposed rule change.

II. Description

A. Introduction

On June 15, 2001, the Commission approved amendments to OCC's By-Laws specifying the types of markets for which OCC would clear security futures and describing the general terms on which it would clear for those markets.[4] This order approves a comprehensive

[1] 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

[2] The purpose of the July 9 Amendment was to correct citations to the Act.

[3] Securities Exchange Act or Release No. 44610, (July 27, 2001), 66 FR 40766.

[4] Securities and Exchange Act Release No. 44434 (June 15, 2001), 66 FR 33283 [SR–OCC–2001–05].

set of rule changes under which OCC will be permitted to clear and settle transactions in security futures.

These rules are intended to be as generic as possible to cover any security futures product that may be developed by the markets clearing through OCC. Nevertheless, it may be necessary in the future for OCC to amend or supplement these rules to accommodate specific products that are developed by the markets.

B. Overview of Security Futures Rules

Amendments to the By-Laws and Rules are in the same general format that has previously been used for new products. The proposed rules will provide for clearance and settlement of nearly the full range of security futures products that can be traded under the Commodity Futures Modernization Act (''CFMA''). These include physically-settled futures on individual stocks as well as cash-settled futures on individual stocks and on narrow-based stock indices. A further rule change would be required in order for OCC to clear options on security futures.

The security futures provided for in this rule filing will have the same basic terms as futures contracts trading in the traditional futures markets under the jurisdiction of the CFTC. A futures contract is entered into at a ''contract price'' agreed upon between the buyer and seller in the futures market. The contract price represents the notional price or value at which the underlying stock or index will be purchased and sold at ''maturity'' of the contract if the contract has not been offset through an earlier closing transaction. The contracts will be marked to the daily closing price of the futures contract through ''variation payments'' that are passed through OCC from the buyer to the seller or vice versa depending upon the direction of the market movement. Intraday variation settlements are also provided for although it is OCC's present intention to effect intraday variation settlements only on an exception basis when market conditions or other factors make such settlements necessary or desirable. A deposit of ''original'' or ''risk'' margin will be required from both purchasers and sellers to cover the maximum anticipated variation payment that would likely be required based on the clearing member's positions. This calculation will be made based upon all of the positions in the particular account of the clearing member using OCC's TIMS system for portfolio margining.

At maturity of the contract, a ''final variation payment'' will be determined based on a ''final settlement price.'' The final settlement price will be the price or level of the underlying security at a specified point or interval in time, which could be either the closing price or a volume-weighted average price on the last day of trading of the futures contract or an opening price on the following day. In the case of cash-settled futures, all rights and obligations under the contract will be satisfied by the final variation payment. In the case of physically-settled security futures, delivery of and payment for the underlying stock will be effected pursuant to the same basic rules currently applicable to settlement of stock option exercises. The price to be paid by the purchaser is referred to as the ''aggregate purchase price'' and is equal to the final settlement price times the number of shares to be delivered. Effectively, delivery occurs at the current market price of the stock, but the net of the variation payments paid and received over the period that the futures contract was held puts the buyer and seller in the economic position of having purchased and sold the security at the original contract price.

Because a security future is both a ''security'' as defined in the Act and a ''contract for sale of a commodity for future delivery'' as defined in the Commodity Exchange Act (''CEA''), security futures are subject to the joint jurisdiction of the Commission and the CFTC. One result of this novel arrangement is that security futures may in certain circumstances be carried by clearing members for their customers in futures ''customer segregated funds'' accounts subject to the CEA and rules thereunder, and in other circumstances they may be carried in securities accounts subject to the Securities Investor Protection Act and Commission Rule 15c3–3 as well as other customer protection rules under the Act. When security futures are carried in segregated funds accounts at the member firm level, OCC has assumed that the CFTC will require that they also be carried in segregated funds accounts at the clearing level. Accordingly, OCC is adding a ''customer segregated funds'' account to the types of accounts that a clearing member is able to carry at OCC.

OCC also is permitting futures clearing organizations (''derivative clearing organizations'' registered as such under the CEA) to carry omnibus accounts at OCC for the purpose of clearing transactions in security futures on behalf of their clearing members that are not clearing members of OCC. A futures clearing organization could establish one such account for clearing its members' proprietary transactions and a second segregated funds account for members' customer transactions.

Set forth below is a more detailed description of specific changes and additions to the By-Laws and Rules. Some changes, however, seemed sufficiently obvious in their purpose and effect so that no further explanation has been provided.

C. Summary of By-Law Changes

1. Definitions

Because the various terms needed to describe security futures are used throughout the By-Laws and Rules, OCC is including all necessary new definitions in Article I of the By-Laws. Necessary terms have been adopted and defined to correspond as closely as possible to the terminology used in the existing futures markets while also being consistent with terminology in OCC's rules. Certain terms were included in SR–OCC–2001–05 and are referred to above. Others are added by this rule change, and various existing definitions are amended so that they apply to security futures as well as options. Most of these definitions are self-explanatory, but a few terms that are of particular significance are described below. Certain defined terms are discussed later in connection with the substantive provisions of the rules where they are used.

The terms ''class'' and ''series'' are amended in order to apply to futures even though such terms are not widely used, if at all, in the futures industry. Such terms are consistent with securities terminology and OCC's existing rules. As in the case of options, the term ''series'' is used to define a set of security futures contracts that are mutually identical and therefore fungible. The term ''series marker'' is used to describe a unique identifier that may be assigned to the particular market on which a series is traded. Because the series marker is considered a term of the security future, the effect of the marker is that contracts of a series bearing that unique series marker are not fungible with contracts traded on another exchange even if those contracts have otherwise identical terms. Whether or not a series of security futures will bear a series marker is a decision to be made by the market that trades the series.

The term ''contracts'' has been made lowercase to reflect a more generic definition. It is now used to refer to any ''cleared security,'' which includes security futures as well as broad-based index futures that are included in cross-margining arrangements. This broad usage is reflected primarily in the

margin rules in Chapter VI of OCC's Rules.

The definitions of ''nominated correspondent'' and ''nominating clearing member'' are being deleted as this particular agency relationship is no longer used. References to these terms are deleted throughout the By-Laws and Rules.

2. Clearing Members Qualifications

The Interpretations and Policies following Article V, Section 1 of the By-Laws are amended to adapt those requirements to clearing members that clear security futures. Because some of those clearing members may be futures commission merchants (''FCMs'') primarily regulated as such and only notice-registered as broker-dealers under Section 15(b)(11)(A) of the Act, it is necessary to provide alternative membership requirements in certain cases. For example, in the area of experience and competence, OCC has proposed to retain some flexibility in this regard by saying that such clearing members must meet ''such other non-discriminatory standards of experience and competence as the Corporation may prescribe.'' In addition, interpretation .06 under Section 1 provides that OCC may give expedited review and may waive certain non-financial criteria where appropriate in order to admit affiliates of existing clearing members for the sole purpose of clearing security futures. Some clearing members do their futures business through affiliates, and OCC believes that it is appropriate to give special consideration to such affiliates to the extent that their affiliation with an existing clearing member provides access to competent and experienced personnel able to assist the affiliate if necessary to enable the affiliate to meet OCC's operational requirements.

3. Accounts for Clearing Security Futures.

OCC is amending Article VI, Section 3 of the By-Laws to provide an additional account, the segregated futures account, for the clearance of transactions of ''futures customers,'' which are defined in Article I to mean persons whose positions are carried by an FCM in a futures account required to be segregated under Section 4d of the CEA. A clearing member might carry customer security futures positions in a futures account rather than a securities account either because it is primarily regulated as a FCM and does not carry securities accounts it is a dual registrant (fully registered both as an FCM and a broker-dealer) and the clearing member, or the clearing members and its customer, choose to carry security futures in a futures account.

The segregated futures account is essentially like a combined market-maker account in that the positions of different futures customers are commingled in it, and OCC's lien extends to all positions, margin, and other assets in the account. OCC can liquidate the account to a single net debt or credit in the event of a clearing member default and can therefore margin it on a net basis as it does a combined market-marker account. Unlike the regular customers' account, which is a securities account, there is no need to hold ''fully paid and excess margin securities'' free of any liens because the customers's futures account at the clearing firm level is not subject to Commission Rule 15c3–3.

4. General Clearance Rules

Provisions of Article VI, Section 3 relating to the ''firm account'' have been modified to provide that it may only be used for transactions of the firm itself and persons who are not customers either for purposes of the CEA and CFTC regulations or for purposes of the securities laws and regulations, principally Rule 15c3–3 and the hypothecation rules.[5] In addition to the foregoing changes, and largely unrelated to security futures, OCC is amending Section 3 to eliminate references to ''specialists,'' which references are rendered unnecessary by changes in the Article I definition of ''market-maker'' to include specialists. In addition, OCC is proposing to eliminate the stock specialist and registered trader accounts because such accounts are no longer used. The definition of a ''market-maker'' has been expanded to include all types of proprietary trading done pursuant to rules that are intended to ensure that such trading serves a market function. This change will allow positions of stock specialists and registered traders to be carried in a market-maker account.

Sections 4 through 9 of Article VI of the By-Laws are amended to make them applicable to security futures and to eliminate certain redundancies and unnecessary material. A new paragraph (4) has been added to Section 10, which relates to the establishment of terms of cleared securities and the opening of new series, in order to provide for security futures. In addition, the provisions setting deadlines for the various markets to notify OCC of the opening of new series in any cleared security have been updated and consolidated in a new paragraph (e), which permits OCC to announce such deadlines from time to time. The advance notice that is actually currently required by OCC is generally much shorter than the deadlines specified in Section 10 as a result of improvements in efficiency that make the longer notice periods unnecessary. Sections 11 through 18 are amended to apply to security futures.

Section 19 of Article VI, which relates to shortages of underlying securities, makes parallel provisions for physically-settled security futures. It is worth noting that in the case of security futures the economic result of the futures contract is primarily realized through the stream of variation payments and that the stock is delivered against current market value at maturity of the future. Accordingly, if a shortage of underlying securities makes delivery impossible or unduly burdensome, OCC may elect simply to terminate delivery and payment obligations and let the final variation payment completely satisfy all rights and obligations under the contract. If, for some reason, the circumstances suggest that the final settlement price should be adjusted in any way to reflect that no delivery will occur, the provisions of amended Section 19 give OCC the authority to do so.

5. New Article XII of the By-Laws

This article sets out some basic provisions for security futures, including both physically-settled and cash-settled security futures. The general rights and obligations of buyers and sellers of security futures, including the obligation to make and the right to receive variation payments, are set forth here.

Section 3 pertains to adjustments of the terms of outstanding security futures in response to certain events affecting the underlying securities that make adjustments necessary or appropriate in the interest of fairness to buyers and sellers. Section 3 sets out detailed adjustment rules for security futures while the detailed provisions for adjustment of narrow-based index futures are set forth in Section 4.

Adjustments to security futures will be necessary from time to time to reflect certain corporate events affecting the underlying stock. Such adjustments will be determined by OCC rather than by an ''adjustment panel'' under the provisions of existing Article VI, Section 11 of the By-Laws. However, the adjustment rules for security futures are substantially parallel to the adjustment rules for stock options, and the adjustment rules for stock options, and the adjustment rules in Section 4 for

[5] 17 CFR 240.8c–1, 15c2–1.

narrow-based index futures are parallel to the adjustment rules for index options. OCC anticipates a policy of coordinating discretionary adjustment determinations for consistency between adjustments of security futures and option contracts on the same underlying stock to the fullest extent practicable.

Futures contracts are ordinarily like European-style options in the sense that there is no opportunity to ''exercise'' or terminate the contract prior to its expiration or maturity date (other than through closing transactions in the market). There are currently no European-style options on individual stocks, and security futures may therefore be adjusted differently than options on the same securities. For example, where a warrant or right is distributed that expires before the maturity date of a security future or expiration date of a stock option, the security future may not be adjusted to reflect that distribution whereas an American-style option on the same security ordinarily would be adjusted.

Where the adjustment rules call for adjustment in the exercise price of an option, the corresponding adjustment rules for futures contracts call for a one-time-only adjustment in the last settlement price established before the adjustment is effective for use in determining the correct daily variation payment for the adjusted contracts. Cash-settled security futures ordinarily will be adjusted in accordance with the same rules as physically-settled security futures and options. Where physically-settled contracts are adjusted by adjusting the underlying to include distributed property, the appropriate adjustment to the cash-settled contract could be different if there is no public market in which the distributed property will be traded for purposes of establishing market values thereafter.

Article XII, Section 5, which anticipates situations in which a market price for an underlying stock or a current value of an underlying index might be unavailable or inaccurate, is essentially parallel to the provisions of Article XVII, Section, 4 which applies to index options. The rule applies not only to narrow-based index futures but also to cash-settled and physically-settled security futures. The reason for this is that security futures, unlike stock options, require a determination of ''final settlement price'' at maturity. Whereas settlement of an exercised stock option is effected by delivery of the stock against the exercise price of the option, settlement at maturity of a security futures involves a final variation payment based on the final settlement price, which is also the price against which the underlying stock is delivered if the future is physically-settled.

Section 6 of Article XII provides that the final settlement price for any security future at maturity is determined by a method approved by the market listing the security future. It could be based on a price or level of the underlying interest at a point in time, such as a closing value or opening value for a stock or index on the maturity date or the following business day, or it could be based on an average of prices, such as the volume-weighted average price for an underlying stock on the maturity date.

D. Rules

1. Financial Requirements for Clearing Members

Financial requirements are substantially the same for all clearing members, whether or not they clear transactions in security futures. However, because OCC will admit clearing members that are merely notice registered as broker-dealers under Section 15(b)(11)(A) of the Act and are primarily regulated as FCMs under the CEA and the rules of the CFTC, OCC financial requirements in Rule 301 that are based on Commission financial requirements are being supplemented to provide appropriate references to corresponding CFTC requirements. It will be OCC's policy as nearly as practicable to provide substantively identical requirements for all clearing members whether their primary regulator is the Commission or the CFTC.

2. Trade Reporting and Matching

Trade reporting and matching will occur for security futures in essentially the same way as for options. Rule 401 sets forth the information required to be specified in matched trade reports. As noted above, such information in the case of security futures may include, if a market so elects, a series marker that prevents contracts traded on that market from being treated as fungible (except for margin and expiration settlement purposes) with otherwise identical futures contracts traded on other markets cleared by OCC. Following the practice in the futures markets, OCC will not require that matched trade information submitted by a market identify each trade as opening or closing. OCC understands that some markets may not have systems capable of making such identifications. If a market elects to submit trade information without identification as whether the transaction is opening or closing, OCC will treat all transactions a opening transactions. Each clearing member must then submit gross position adjustment information at the end of the day to reduce its positions to reflect the actual open interest in accounts carried by the clearing member. Those procedures are consistent with current practice on many futures exchanges.

3. Variation Settlement

Daily variation settlements and final variation settlements will be netted by account with other daily cash settlements and settled in accordance with OCC's usual cash settlement procedures. Chapter V of OCC's rules is being renamed. ''Daily Premium and Futures Variation Settlement.'' The rules in Chapter V are being modified as necessary to include futures variation payments.

4. Margins

Rules 601 and 602 are being amended to include security futures in the calculation of the ''risk margin'' required for each account of a clearing member. The term ''risk margin'' is replacing the term ''additional margin'' for options as well as security futures because OCC believes it is more descriptive. Risk margin, which is sometimes known as ''initial margin'' in the futures markets, is the margin intended to cover one day's anticipated market movement. Security futures (whether physically-settled or cash-settled) will be margined under Rule 601, which is applicable to equity options. Narrow—based futures will be margined under Rule 602, which is applicable to index options and other non-equity options. Because OCC's margin systems already provide for risk-based margining of index futures contracts in cross-margining accounts, accordingly this rule change merely extends the margin rules to cover security futures and makes other minor changes to adapt the rule to security futures. There is no substantive change in the way in which margin will be calculated. Minor changes in other rules in Chapter VI are being made to adapt the rules for security futures.

OCC will not, at least initially, accept escrow deposits of underlying securities to collateralize positions in security futures. OCC has no present plans to include security futures in any cross-margining arrangement or to allow security futures to be pledged under Rule 614.

Because each long and short position in a futures contract represents both an asset and a liability, futures contracts should never be deemed to be ''fully

paid securities'' or ''excess margin securities'' within the meaning of Commission Rule 15c3–3. Therefore, neither long nor short positions in security futures will be required to be ''segregated'' under OCC Rule 611.[6]

5. Delivery of and Payment for Underlying Stock

The provisions of Chapter IX of OCC Rules relating to delivery and settlement in connection with exercises of stock options are being made applicable to physically-settled security futures without substantive change. As in the case of stock option exercises, delivery, and settlement of security futures will ordinarily take place through the National Securities Clearing Corporation (''NSCC''). The only significant difference is that in the case of security futures the stock will settle at the NSCC against the final settlement price, which will be essentially the current Market value of the stock as of the date when the futures contract matures. Because option exercises settle at the exercise price, which can be deep in the money, settlement of option exercises imposes risks on NSCC that have been covered in an elaborate collateral sharing arrangement known as the ''NSCC Accord.'' OCC anticipates that it will have a much simpler agreement with NSCC for stock settlements arising from security futures contracts. Delivery obligations arising from security futures will be netted, but they will not be netted with exercise settlements of option contracts because of the differences in the arrangement with NSCC under which the two types of transactions are settled.

The provisions in Chapter IX relating to stock settlements that cannot be completed through NSCC have been adapted to apply to settlements arising from security futures as well. Similarly, the same basic buy-in and sell-out rules have also been made applicable.

6. Clearing Fund Contributions

Security futures will be covered by the same clearing fund that stands behind all options cleared by OCC. Contributions of individual clearing members to the fund are based on the proportion that their average daily margin requirement bears to the average daily margin requirements of all clearing members, subject to a minimum contribution of $150,000. A special provision is being added to Rule 1001, however, to provide that an affiliate of an existing clearing member that becomes a clearing member of OCC for the purpose of clearing transactions in security futures will not be subject to the $150,000 minimum clearing fund contribution as long as the existing clearing member is in compliance with OCC clearing fund requirements and the affiliate is in compliance with its calculated clearing fund requirement. OCC believes that it would be inappropriate to require an additional $150,000 payment merely because a clearing member chooses, or may be forced because of systems or for other reasons, to clear security futures through an affiliate.

7. Suspension of Clearing Members and Liquidation of Accounts

The provisions of Chapter XI of OCC's rules will apply to clearing members carrying positions in security futures in essentially the same way as they apply to clearing members carrying positions in options. Security futures will be liquidated subject to the same basic rules as options. The proposed changes in the rules are intended to apply as precisely as possible the logic of the existing rules to the liquidation of security futures. This task is complicated by the fact that security futures are quite different from options in ways that have important consequences for the structure of these rules. For example, a security future is both an asset and a liability, and accordingly the ''seller'' of a security future, unlike the writer of an option, may be making rather than receiving a payment. Both short positions and long positions in security futures are treated as ''securities'' under these rules, and hence the proceeds from positions in security futures, whether resulting from a closing transaction or from a variation payment, are treated like premiums received on the closing sale of an option. Since, as noted above, futures in the (securities) customers' account are always ''unsegregated'' (for purposes of Rule 611), there is no need for rules relating to the disposition of ''segregated'' security futures.

OCC is also taking this opportunity to clarify in Rule 1105(d) that, where a charge is appropriately made against a market maker account, it will be made against that account and only any shortfall is to be charged against the Liquidating Settlement Account. This is not a substantive change as the rules and the provisions of the market maker account agreements have always been interpreted in this way.

8. New Chapter XIII

Following past practice for new products, OCC is adding a new chapter to its Rules relating to security futures. Rule 1301 sets forth the method for determining the amount of variation payments, including the final variation payment. It is anticipated that variation settlement will be affected only once each business day and that OCC would respond to unusually large intraday price moves by requiring additional risk margin. However, the proposed rules will give OCC the flexibility to effect an additional, intraday variation settlement if OCC deems such payments to be appropriate in unusual market conditions or to allow OCC to coordinate its actions with those of other clearing organizations.

Rule 1302 provides for delivery of stocks underlying physically-settled security futures that have reached maturity. This is accomplished primarily by cross-reference to the rules in Chapter IX. Rule 1303 provides that ''associate clearinghouses'' may clear transactions in security futures through OCC on an omnibus basis on behalf of their members that are not clearing members of OCC. Associate clearinghouses will be treated like any other clearing member for most purposes under the rules. OCC anticipates that one or more futures clearing organizations will become associate clearinghouses of OCC. The agreements under which these associate clearinghouses will operate have not yet been negotiated. There is precedent for such arrangements, however, in that OCC had such a relationship with the clearinghouse for the European Options Exchange (''EOE'') as a time when OCC-issued options were traded on EOE.[7]

E. Amendments

1. August 13, 2001, Amendment Submission

On August 13, 2001, OCC filed with the Commission several amendments to its proposed rule changes. OCC proposed changes to some definitions and added a new section to its By-Laws in effort to address risks related to clearing ''exchange for physical'' (''EFP'') transactions. OCC is reserving the right to reject such transactions in the event a clearing member that is a party to an EFP trade defaults on its

[6] Rule 611 allows clearing members to comply with Commission Rule 15c3–3 by holding customers' fully paid long option positions free of OCC's lien. (The rule allows clearing members to ''unsegregate'' long positions that are component of customer spreads, which has the effect of pledging those positions of OCC in exchange for reduced margin.)

[7] Securities Exchange Act Release No. 24832 (August 21, 1987), 52 FR 32377. The Commission notes that the order required OCC to file with the Commission under Rule 19b–4 of the Act any new international market agreement. The Commission expects OCC to undertake the same obligation with regard to future operating agreements it makes with any associate clearinghouse.

obligation to meet its initial variation payment on the contract.

A number of provisions are being added to provide for flexibly structured security futures, including a definition of ''flexibly structrued'' in Article I of OCC's By-Laws. The definition of ''index value determinant'' is modified to cover index futures as well as index options and is therefore relocated to Article I of the By-Laws.

OCC added a provision to Article V, Section 1 of the By-Laws stating that a clearing member registered as a broker-dealer under the notice registration provisions of Section 15(b)(11) of the Act may not clear transactions or carry positions in cleared securities other than securities futures.

OCC added an interpretation following Article V, Section 1 to reflect OCC's policy to allow stock clearing members to clear physically settled stock futures and index clearing members to clear cash-settled stock futures and index futures without further conditions if they have such status on the day that OCC commences clearing security futures. OCC believes that this ''grandfathering'' is an appropriate accommodation to such clearing members and that additional requirements are not needed.

OCC amended the new Sectio 3(f) of Article VI, Section 3 of the By-Laws to make explicit that funds and assets held by OCC with respect to the segregated futures account will be held in accordance with applicable provisions of the CEA and regulations of the CFTC thereunder.

At the request of the CFTC, OCC also added an interpretation following Rule 301. The interpretation merely notes applicable requirements under the CEA and does not represent any substantive change.

Rule 401 is being amended to provide that an exchange transaction in security futures may be identified by a security futures market in a report of matched trades as constituting a block trade or an EFP. The purpose of identifying trades in this way is to permit the security futures markets and clearing members to comply with the applicable provisions of the CEA and CFTC regulations and the rules of the security futures markets.

Included within its amendments, OCC filed with the Commission the security futures clearing agreement it proposes to enter into with the Nasdaq LIFFE, LLC (''NLX''). The agreement is functionally similar to the Restated Participant Exchange Agreement entered into between OCC and the exchanges that clear options through OCC, but it omits requirements relating to options registration and disclosure that do not apply to security futures. OCC anticipates that it will enter into substantially similar agreements with other markets for which it clears securities futures transactions and will file these agreements with the Commission when they have been negotiated.

OCC also filed with the Commission a revised form for use by an appointing clearing member that wants to appoint or that has an appointed clearing member to act for it in effecting settlements of underlying securities. OCC also filed a revised form for use by a Canadian clearing member that wants to appoint or that has appointed the Canadian Depository for Securities, Limited to act for it in effecting settlements of underlying securities. These forms have been amended merely to make them applicable to security futures.

2. August 17, 2001, Amendment Submission

On August 17, 2001, OCC filed with the Commission a third amendment to its proposed rule change. The main purpose of this amendment is to allow OCC to treat block trades in the same manner as it does EFP transactions due to the similar risks that both types of transactions present to OCC. Block trades are now referenced in OCC's definition of ''commencement time,'' and OCC will be allowed to reject a block trade in the event a clearing member that is a party to a block trade on its obligation to meet its initial variation payment on the contract. In addition, the amendment corrected certain non-substantive marking errors that were contained in OCC's original filing.

III. Discussion

Section 19(b)(2)(B) of the Act directs the Commission to approve a proposed rule change of a self-regulatory organization if it finds that such proposed rule change is consistent with the requirements of the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder applicable to such organization. For the reasons set forth below, the Commission believes that OCC's proposed rule change is consistent with OCC's obligations under Section 17A(b)(3)(F) which requires that the rules of a clearing agency be designed to promote the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions.[8]

In SR–OCC–2001–05 the Commission approved OCC's proposed rule change amending its By-Laws to allow it to clear and settle security futures effected on any national securities exchange or association registered under Section 6(a) or 15A(a) of the Act or on any ''designated contract market'' that is registered as a national securities exchange under Section 6(g) of the Act. The Commission's order stated that OCC would need to file a complete set of rules for clearing security futures before providing clearance and settlement services for those markets when trading in security futures begins on August 21, 2001. OCC's current proposed rule change is that complete set of rules.

The Commission believes OCC's proposed rule change is consistent with Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Act in that it should facilitate the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of transactions in security futures by providing an efficient and reliable clearing facility with a comprehensive set of rules governing the clearance and settlement of these instruments.

The Commission finds good cause for approving the proposed rule change prior to the thirtieth day after the date of publication of notice of the filing because approval prior to the thirtieth day after the date of publication of the notice of the filing will permit OCC to be ready to clear security futures on August 21, 2001, the date that principal-to-principal trading of security futures can begin under the CFMA. The Commission is approving the proposed rule change prior to the expiration of the comment period in order to permit OCC to be ready to clear security futures on August 21, 2001, the date that principal-to-principal trading of security futures can begin under the CFMA.

IV. Conclusion

On the basis of the foregoing, the Commission finds that the proposed rule change is consistent with the requirements of the Act and in particular Section 17A of the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder.

It Is Therefore Ordered, pursuant to section 19(b)(2) of the Act, that the proposed rule change (File No. SR–OCC–2001–07) be and hereby is approved.

For the Commission by the Division of Market Regulation, pursuant to delegated authority.[9]

Margaret H. McFarland,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 01–21652 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8010–01–M

[8] 15 U.S.C. 78q–1(b)(3)(F).

[9] 17 CFR 200.30–3(a)(12).

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Office of the Secretary

Notice of Applications for Certificates of Public Convenience and Necessity and Foreign Air Carrier Permits Filed Under Subpart B (Formerly Subpart Q) During the Week Ending August 10, 2001.

The following Applications for Certificates of Public Convenience and Necessity and Foreign Air Carrier Permits were filed under Subpart B (formerly Subpart Q) of the Department of Transportation's Procedural Regulations (See 14 CFR 301.201 *et seq.*). The due date for Answers, Conforming Applications, or Motions to Modify Scope are set forth below for each application. Following the Answer period, DOT may process the application by expedited procedures. Such procedures may consist of the adoption of a show-cause order, a tentative order, or in appropriate cases a final order without further proceedings.

Docket Number: OST–2001–10350.
Date Filed: August 6, 2001.
Due Date for Answers, Conforming Applications, or Motion to Modify Scope: August 27, 2001.
Description: Application of Vega Airlines Ltd., pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 41302, *et seq.*, and Subpart B, requesting a foreign air carrier permit authorizing it to engage in charter foreign air transportation of property and mail between a point or points in Bulgaria and a point or points in the United States. Vega Airlines also requests authority to conduct Fifth Freedom cargo charter flights between the United States and points in third countries, to the extent permitted under 14 CFR part 212 and Department policy.

Docket Number: OST–1996–1389.
Date Filed: August 10, 2001.
Due Date for Answers, Conforming Applications, or Motion to Modify Scope: August 31, 2001.
Description: Application of United Air Lines, Inc., pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 41101, 14 CFR part 201, and 14 CFR part 302, Subpart B, requesting renewal of its certificate of public convenience and necessity for Route 603, Segment 6, to engage in scheduled foreign air transportation of persons, property and mail between Washington, DC and Madrid, Barcelona, Malaga, and Palma de Mallorca, Spain, via the intermediate points the Azores and Lisbon, Portugal.

Andrea Jenkins,
Federal Register Liaison.
[FR Doc. 01–21722 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4910–62–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Office of the Secretary

Application of Tourjets Airline Corporation for Certificate Authority

AGENCY: Department of Transportation.
ACTION: Notice of order to show cause (Order 2001–8–20), Dockets OST–2000–7546 and OST–2000–7547.

SUMMARY: The Department of Transportation is directing all interested persons to show cause why it should not issue orders finding Tourjets Airline Corporation fit, willing, and able, and awarding it certificates of public convenience and necessity to engage in interstate and foreign charter air transportation of persons, property and mail.

DATES: Persons wishing to file objections should do so no later than September 5, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Objections and answers to objections should be filed in Dockets OST–2000–7546 and OST–2000–7547 and addressed to the Department of Transportation Dockets (SVC–124, Room PL–401), U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Washington, DC 20590, and should be served upon the parties listed in Attachment A to the order.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Delores King, Air Carrier Fitness Division (X–56, Room 6401), U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Washington, DC 20590, (202) 366–2343.

Dated: August 22, 2001.

Robert S. Goldner,
Special Assistant for Aviation and International Affairs.
[FR Doc. 01–21721 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4910–62–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Office of the Secretary

[Notice 2001–1]

Senior Executive Service Performance Review Boards Membership

AGENCY: Office of the Secretary, (DOT).
ACTION: Notice of Performance Review Board (PRB) appointments.

SUMMARY: DOT publishes the names of the persons selected to serve on the various Departmental PRBs as required by 5 U.S.C. 4314(c)(4).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mari Barr Santangelo, Departmental Director, Office of Human Resource Management, (202) 366–4088.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The persons named below have been selected to serve on one or more Departmental PRBs.

Issued in Washington, D.C., on August 23, 2001.

Melissa J. Allen,
Assistant Secretary for Administration.

Federal Railroad Administration

Jane H. Bachner, Deputy Associate Administrator for Industry and Intermodal Policy, Federal Railroad Administration
Mark Yachmetz, Associate Administrator for Railroad Development, Federal Railroad Administration
Ray Rogers, Associate Administrator for Administration and Finance, Federal Railroad Administration
Rosalind A. Knapp, Deputy General Counsel, Office of the Secretary
Jerry Hawkins, Director, Office of Human Resources, Federal Highway Administration

Federal Transit Administration

Janet L. Sahaj, Deputy Associate Administrator, Office of Program Management, Federal Transit Administration
Rosalind A. Knapp, Deputy General Counsel, Office of the Secretary
Bruce J. Carlton, Associate Administrator for Policy and International Trade, Maritime Administration
Glenda Tate, Assistant Administrator for Human Resource Management, Federal Aviation Administration

Office of Inspector General

Christine Jung, Assistant Inspector General for Investigations, Department of Agriculture
Michael Phelps, Deputy Assistant Inspector General for Auditing, Department of Housing and Urban Development
Judith J. Gordon, Assistant Inspector General for Systems Evaluation, Department of Commerce
Nancy Hendricks, Assistant Inspector General for Audit, Federal Emergency Management Administration
Steven A. McNamara, Assistant Inspector General for Audit, Department of Education
Everett Mosley, Deputy Inspector General, Agency for International Development
Billy Sauls, Assistant Inspector General for Business Protection, U.S. Postal Service
Joseph R. Willever, Deputy Inspector General, Office of Personnel Management

Thomas J. Bondurant, Assistant Inspector General for Investigations, Department of Justice
Allen P. Fallin, Assistant Inspector General for Investigations, Environmental Protection Agency
Elissa Karpf, Deputy Assistant Inspector General for External Audits, Environmental Protection Agency

United States Coast Guard

RADM F. L. Ames, Assistant Commandant for Human Resources, United States Coast Guard
RADM K.J. Eldridge, Assistant Commandant for Governmental and Public Affairs, United States Coast Guard
RADM J.W. Underwood, Director, Office of Intelligence and Security, United States Coast Guard
RADM J.J. Hathaway, Director, Operations and Interagency Support Division, United States Coast Guard
Janet L. Sahaj, Deputy Associate Administrator, Office of Program Management, Federal Transit Administration
Jerry Hawkins, Director, Office of Human Resources, Federal Highway Administration

National Highway Traffic Safety Administration

Edward Brigham, Associate Administrator for Management and Administration, Research and Special Programs Administration
Adele Derby, Associate Administrator for State and Community Services, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration
Stephen Kratzke, Associate Administrator for Safety Performance Standards, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration
Dorrie Aldrich, Associate Administrator for Administration, Federal Transit Administration
Brian McLaughlin, Associate Administrator for Policy and Program Development, Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration
Frederick G. Wright, Jr., Program Manager, Safety, Federal Highway Administration

Federal Highway Administration

King W. Gee, Program Manager, Infrastructure, Federal Highway Administration
Paul L. Gretch, Director, Office of International Aviation, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Aviation and International Affairs, Office of the Secretary
Kenneth N. Weinstein, Associate Administrator for Safety Assurance, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration
George Ostensen, Director of Field Services—Midwest, Federal Highway Administration
Michael J. Vecchietti, Director of Administration, Federal Highway Administration
Jane Bachner, Deputy Associate Administrator for Industry and Intermodal Policy, Federal Railroad Administration

Maritime Administration

Margaret D. Blum, Associate Administrator for Port, Intermodal and Environmental Activities, Maritime Administration
John L. Mann, Jr., Associate Administrator for Administration, Maritime Administration
Jean E. McKeever, Associate Administrator for Shipbuilding, Maritime Administration
Jerry A. Hawkins, Director, Office of Human Resources, Federal Highway Administration
Edward Brigham, Associate Administrator for Management and Administration, Research and Special Programs Administration
Neil R. Eisner, Assistant General Counsel for Regulation and Enforcement, Office of the General Counsel, Office of the Secretary

Office of the Secretary

Transportation Administrative Service Center

Bureau of Transportation Statistics

Michael Dannenhauer, Executive Secretariat, Office of the Secretary
Randall Bennett, Director, Office of Aviation and International Economics, Office of the Secretary
Roberta D. Gabel, Assistant General Counsel for Environmental, Civil Rights, and General Law, Office of the Secretary
Ellen Heup, Director of Program Review, Office of the Secretary
Patricia Prosperi, Principal, TASC Information Services, TASC
Edward L. Thomas, Associate Administrator for Research, Demonstration and Innovation, Federal Transit Administration
Brian McLaughlin, Associate Administrator for Policy and Program Development, Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration

Research and Special Programs Administration

Edward Brigham, Associate Administrator for Management and Administration, Research and Special Programs Administration
Patricia A. Prosperi, Principal, TASC Information Services, TASC
Cynthia J. Burbank, Program Manager, Planning and Environment, Federal Highway Administration
RADM F. L. Ames, Assistant Commandant for Human Resources, United States Coast Guard

Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration

Brian McLaughlin, Associate Administrator for Policy and Program Development, Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration
Susan Binder, Director, Office of Legislation and Strategic Planning, Federal Highway Administration
Thomas W. Herlihy, Assistant General Counsel for Legislation, Office of the General Counsel, Office of the Secretary
Arthur Hamilton, Program Manager, Federal Lands Highway, Federal Highway Administration
William Walsh, Associate Administrator for Plans and Policy, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration

[FR Doc. 01–21717 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4910–62–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

Notice of Submission Deadline for International Slots for the Summer 2002 Scheduling Season

AGENCY: Department of Transportation, FAA.

ACTION: Notice of submission deadline.

SUMMARY: On October 1, 1999, the FAA amended the regulations governing takeoff and landing slots and slot allocation procedures at certain High Density Traffic Airports as a result of the ''Open Transborder'' Agreement between the Government of the United States and the Government of Canada. One element of this final rule established that the deadline for submission of requests for international slots will be published in a Federal Register notice for each scheduling season. The purpose of the amendment is for the FAA deadline for international slot requests to coincide with the International Air Transport Association deadline for submission on international requests. For the Summer 2001 Scheduling Season, the IATA submission deadline is October 14, 2001, which falls on a Sunday. Therefore, the FAA announces in this notice that the deadline for submitting requests for international slots for allocation under 14 CFR 93.217 is October 15, 2001.

DATES: Requests for international slots must be submitted no later than October 15, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Requests may be submitted by mail to Slot Administration Office, AGC–230, Office of the Chief Counsel, 800 Independence Ave., SW., Washington, DC 20591; facsimile: 202–267–7668; ARINC: DCAYAXD; email address: 9-AWA-slotadmin@faa.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lorelei Peter, Airspace and Air Traffic Law Branch, Regulations Division, Office of the Chief Counsel, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591; telephone number: 202–267–3073.

Issued in Washington, DC on August 22, 2001.

David G. Leitch,

Chief Counsel.

[FR Doc. 01–21720 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Highway Administration

Uniform Relocation and Real Property Acquisition for Federal and Federally-Assisted Programs; Fixed Payment for Moving Expenses; Residential Moves

AGENCY: Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The purpose of this notice is to publish changes in the residential moving expense and dislocation allowance schedule for the States and Territories of Alabama, American Samoa, California, Colorado, Florida, Guam, Hawaii, Idaho, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, North Mariana Islands, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, West Virginia, and Wyoming as provided for by Section 202(b) of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970. The Uniform Act applies to all programs or projects undertaken by Federal agencies or with Federal financial assistance that cause the displacement of any person.

DATE: The provisions of this notice are effective September 27, 2001, or on such earlier date as an agency elects to begin operating under this schedule.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ronald E. Fannin, Office of Real Estate Services, (202) 366–2042, email address: *ronald.fannin@fhwa.dot.gov;* or Reid Alsop, Office of the Chief Counsel, (202) 366–2043, Federal Highway Administration, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Washington, DC 20590. Office hours are from 7:45 a.m. to 4:15 p. m., e.t., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Electronic Access

An electronic copy of this document may be downloaded by using a computer, modem and suitable communications software from the Government Printing Office's Electronic Bulletin Board Services at (202) 512–1661. Internet users may reach the Office of the **Federal Register's** home page at: *http://www.nara.gov/fedreg* and the Government Printing Office's database at: *http://www.access.gpo.gov.*

Background

The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquistion Policies Act of 1970, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 4601–4655, established a program, which includes the payment of moving and related expenses, to assist persons who move because of Federal or federally assisted projects. The FHWA is the lead agency for implementing the provisions of the Uniform Act, and has issued government-wide implementing regulations at 49 CFR part 24. The government-wide regulations also apply to other agencies within the U.S. DOT that are covered by the Uniform Act.

The following 17 Federal departments and agencies have, by cross-reference, adopted the government-wide regulations:

Department of Agriculture
Department of Commerce
Department of Defense
Department of Education
Department of Energy
Environmental Protection Agency
Federal Emergency Management Agency
General Services Administration
Department of Health and Human Services
Department of Housing and Urban Development
Department of the Interior
Department of Justice
Department of Labor
Department of Veterans Affairs
National Aeronautics and Space Administration
Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corporation
Tennessee Valley Authority

Section 202(b) of the Uniform Act provides that as an alternative to being paid for actual moving and related expenses, a displaced individual or family may elect payment for moving expenses on the basis of a moving expense schedule established by the head of the lead agency. The government-wide regulations at 49 CFR 24.302 provide that the FHWA will develop, approve, maintain and update this schedule, as appropriate.

The purpose of this notice is to update the schedule published on December 12, 1996 (61 FR 65425). The schedule is being updated to reflect the increased costs associated with moving personal property and is developed from data provided by State highway agencies. This update increases the schedule amounts in the States and Territories of Alabama, American Samoa, California, Colorado, Florida, Guam, Hawaii, Idaho, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, North Mariana Islands, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, West Virginia, and Wyoming. The following exceptions and limitations apply to this schedule:

1. The expense and dislocation allowance provided to a person who is an occupant of a dormitory style room shared by two or more other unrelated persons, and whose residential move is performed by an agency at no cost to the person, is limited to $50.00. (Several States have requested that in such a case the allowance be increased to $100.00. The $50.00 limit cannot be revised or eliminated by this notice because it is established by regulation (49 CFR 24.302). However, we note that State agencies may request a waiver of the $50.00 limit on a case-by-case basis pursuant to 49 CFR 24.7.)

2. An occupant will be paid on an actual cost basis for moving his or her mobile home from the displacement site. In addition, a reasonable payment to the occupant for packing and securing property for the move may be paid at the agency's discretion.

3. An occupant who moves from a mobile home may be paid for the removal of personal property from the mobile home in accordance with the moving and dislocation allowance payment schedule.

The schedule continues to be based on the ''number of rooms of furniture'' owned by a displaced individual or family and was developed from data provided by State highway agencies. In the interest of fairness and accuracy, and to encourage the use of the schedule (and thereby simplify the computation and payment of moving expenses), an

agency should increase the room count for the purpose of applying the schedule if the amount of possessions in a single room or space actually constitutes more than the normal contents of one room of furniture or other personal property. For example, a basement may count as two rooms if the equivalent of two rooms worth of possessions are located in the basement. In addition, an agency may elect to pay for items stored outside the dwelling unit by adding the appropriate number of rooms.

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 4622(b) and 4633(b); 49 CFR 1.48 and 24.302.

Issued on: August 22, 2001.

Vincent F. Schimmoller,

Deputy Executive Director.

UNIFORM RELOCATION ASSISTANCE AND REAL PROPERTY ACQUISITION POLICIES ACT—RESIDENTIAL MOVING EXPENSES AND DISLOCATION ALLOWANCE PAYMENT SCHEDULE

State	Occupant owns furniture (1) and (2)									Occupant does not own furniture (3)	
	Number of rooms of funiture								Each addit'l room		
	1 room	2 rooms	3 rooms	4 rooms	5 rooms	6 rooms	7 rooms	8 rooms		1 room not furn.	Addit'l room
Alabama	400	525	650	775	900	1025	1150	1275	125	300	50
Alaska	525	750	975	1200	1400	1575	1750	1925	150	350	50
American Samoa	282	395	508	621	706	790	875	960	85	226	28
Arizona	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1220	100	300	50
Arkansas	250	350	450	550	625	700	775	850	75	200	25
California	575	750	925	1100	1325	1550	1775	2000	200	375	60
Colorado	400	550	700	850	1000	1150	1300	1450	150	300	50
Connecticut	250	400	550	650	750	850	950	1050	100	225	35
Delaware	250	400	550	650	750	850	950	1050	100	225	35
DC	250	400	550	650	750	850	950	1050	100	225	35
Florida	500	650	825	1000	1150	1300	1450	1600	150	400	75
Georgia	450	650	850	1000	1220	1350	1500	1600	125	250	35
Guam	282	395	508	621	706	790	875	960	85	226	28
Hawaii	550	900	1250	1550	1850	2100	2350	2600	200	300	100
Idaho	400	550	700	850	950	1050	1150	1250	100	300	50
Illinois	400	550	700	800	900	1000	1100	1220	100	325	35
Indiana	250	400	550	650	750	850	950	1050	100	225	35
Iowa	550	700	800	900	1000	1100	1220	1300	125	250	25
Kansas	300	500	700	850	900	1000	1100	1220	150	250	50
Kentucky	450	620	790	960	1130	1300	1470	1640	170	350	50
Louisiana	250	350	450	550	625	700	775	850	75	200	25
Maine	350	450	550	650	725	800	875	950	75	200	25
Maryland	350	500	650	800	925	1050	1175	1300	100	225	35
Massachusetts	250	400	550	650	750	850	950	1050	100	225	35
Michigan	425	625	825	900	1025	1150	1300	1400	200	375	100
Minnesota	400	550	700	850	1000	1150	1300	1400	100	275	50
Mississippi	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	100	300	50
Missouri	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1220	100	300	50
Montana	325	450	575	725	825	900	1000	1100	100	250	35
Nebraska	345	485	620	760	865	965	1070	1175	105	275	35
Nevada	360	540	720	900	1080	1260	1440	1620	180	300	60
New Hampshire	450	600	750	900	1050	1220	1350	1500	150	200	150
New Jersey	350	500	700	850	1000	1150	1250	1400	250	225	35
New Mexico	400	650	880	1040	1220	1360	1520	1680	160	360	55
New York	400	550	700	850	1000	1150	1300	1450	150	300	100
North Carolina	350	500	650	750	850	950	1050	1150	150	250	50
North Dakota	350	500	650	775	900	1025	1100	1225	125	300	45
N. Mariana Is	282	395	508	621	706	790	875	960	85	226	28
Ohio	400	600	800	950	1100	1250	1400	1550	150	250	50
Oklahoma	450	600	750	900	1025	1150	1275	1400	100	300	50
Oregon	350	500	700	900	1075	1250	1425	1600	175	300	50
Pennsylvania	250	400	550	650	750	850	950	1050	100	225	35
Puerto Rico	250	350	450	550	625	700	775	850	75	200	25
Rhode Island	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	100	300	25
South Carolina	550	625	850	1000	1220	1350	1475	1650	150	400	50
South Dakota	350	500	650	800	900	1220	1400	1600	200	300	40
Tennessee	450	600	750	900	1050	1220	1350	1500	150	300	50
Texas	350	500	650	800	950	1050	1150	1250	100	300	50
Utah	250	350	450	550	625	700	775	850	75	200	25
Vermont	350	500	650	800	950	1050	1150	1250	100	300	50
Virgin Islands	250	350	450	550	625	700	775	850	75	200	25
Virginia	300	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	100	225	35
Washington	450	600	750	900	1050	1220	1350	1500	150	300	50
West Virginia	500	650	775	900	1075	1225	1350	1500	150	225	35
Wisconsin	350	500	650	750	850	950	1050	1150	125	325	60
Wyoming	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	100	200	35

Exceptions: See exceptions and limitations Paragraphs 1–3 on page 4.

[FR Doc. 01–21723 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4910–22–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration

[Docket No. FMCSA–2000–8210]

Agency Information Collection Activities Under OMB Review: OMB Control No. 2126–0011 (Commercial Driver Licensing and Test Standards)

AGENCY: Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: The FMCSA announces that the Information Collection Request (ICR) described in this notice is being sent to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval. The FMCSA is requesting OMB's continued approval of the information that is required for Commercial Driver Licensing and Test Standards. The ICR describes the information collection and its expected burden. We are required to send ICRs to OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act. The FMCSA published the required **Federal Register** notice offering a 60-day comment period on this information collection on May 7, 2001 (66 FR 23082). No comments were received during this comment period. However, one comment was received after the docket closed. Because of the tardiness of the comment, an evident misunderstanding of the proper procedure to use for calculation of burden hours, and several remarks addressed to the CDL program in general rather than the information collection burden, FMCSA will respond directly to the submitter rather than discuss the comment in this notice. A copy of FMCSA's response to this comment will be provided to Docket No. FMCSA–2000–8210.

DATES: Please submit comments by August 27, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Send comments to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, 725 Seventeenth Street NW., Washington, DC 20503, *Attention:* DOT Desk Officer. We particularly request your comments on whether the collection of information is necessary for the FMCSA to meet its goal of reducing truck crashes, including whether the information is useful to this goal; the accuracy of the estimate of the burden of the information collection; ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information collected; and ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology. OMB wants to receive comments within 30 days of publication of this notice in order to act on the ICR quickly.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Larry Slade (202) 366–5721, Office of Safety Programs, State Programs Division (MC–ESS), Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration, 400 Seventh Street SW., Washington, DC 20590. Office hours are from 7:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m., e.t., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title: Commercial Driver Licensing and Test Standards.

OMB Approval Number: 2126–0011.

Background: In 1986, Congress enacted the Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act (CMVSA), Public Law 99–570, Title XII, among other things, to establish minimum standards for testing and licensing persons who want to operate a commercial motor vehicle (CMV) by weight or use category, and requiring drivers to have a single commercial driver's license (CDL) and driving history record. Under 49 CFR 383.5, a CMV is defined as a motor vehicle or combination of motor vehicles which: (a) has a gross combination weight rating of 11,794 or more kilograms (kg) (26,001 or more pounds (lbs)) inclusive of a towed unit with a gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR) of more than 4,536 kg (10,000 lbs); (b) has a GVWR of 11,794 kg or more (26,001 or more lbs); (c) is designed to transport 16 or more passengers, including the driver; or (d) is of any size and is used to transport hazardous materials which require the motor vehicle to be placarded under the Hazardous Materials Regulations, 49 CFR part 172, subpart F.

The CMVSA requires a driver to notify both their employer and the licensing official in the driver's State of licensure of all violations of any State or local laws relating to traffic control (except parking violations). A person whose CDL is suspended, revoked, or canceled by a State, or who is disqualified from operating a CMV for any period, also must notify their employer of such actions. A person applying for employment as a CMV driver also must notify prospective employers of their employment history as a CMV driver for the previous ten years.

Under section 31309, Title 49, U.S.C. (49 U.S.C. 31309), the Secretary of Transportation must maintain an information clearinghouse and depository of information about the licensing, identification, and disqualification of CMV operators, in conjunction with 49 U.S.C. 31106. The Secretary must consult with the States in carrying out this section. States must certify that they are in compliance with the CDL program. If a State does not substantially comply with these requirements, the FMCSA may penalize the State until compliance is achieved. The information collected by the States will be used to determine whether the States are in substantial compliance with these requirements.

This request for renewed approval includes additional burdens for recordkeeping requirements under 49 CFR 384.231(d) concerning retention and updating of driver records on the Commercial Driver's License Information System (CDLIS).

Respondents: Motor carriers, CMV drivers, and State governments.

Estimated Total Annual Burden: Total burden hours of 620,802 for all respondents include the following three components:

(1) Notification of convictions: Estimated number of annual responses = 3,333,333 (10 million CDL drivers/3 = 3,333,333). It takes approximately 10 minutes to notify a motor carrier concerning convictions. Each driver averages approximately 1 conviction every 3 years. The notification requirement has an estimated annual burden of 555,556 burden hours. (10 million /3 × 1⁄60 = 555,556 hours);

(2) State compliance and certification: There are 51 responses to this requirement (50 States and the District of Columbia). The compliance and certification requirement has an estimated annual burden of 1,632 hours (51 × 32 hours = 1,632 hours); and

(3) CDLIS Recordkeeping: 50 States and the District of Columbia are required to enter data into CDLIS and to perform record checks before issuing, renewing or upgrading a CDL or allowing a CDL transfer. We estimate that the average amount of time for each CDLIS inquiry is 2 minutes. The total burden hours is 63,614 for these combined activities: 21,522 hours for all States to create a new driver; 7,120 hours for all States to change the State of record; and 34,972 hours for all States to change data.

Authority: The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995; 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35, as amended; and 49 CFR 1.73.

Issued on: August 22, 2001.

Brian M. McLaughlin,

Associate Administrator for Policy and Program Development.

[FR Doc. 01–21719 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–EX–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

August 20, 2001.

The Department of Treasury has submitted the following public information collection requirement(s) to OMB for review and clearance under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104–13. Copies of the submission(s) may be obtained by calling the Treasury Bureau Clearance Officer listed. Comments regarding this information collection should be addressed to the OMB reviewer listed and to the Treasury Department Clearance Officer, Department of the Treasury, Room 2110, 1425 New York Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20220.

DATES: Written comments should be received on or before September 27, 2001 to be assured of consideration.

Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (BATF)

OMB Number: 1512–0202.

Form Number: ATF Form 5110.34.

Type of Review: Extension.

Title: Notice of Change in Status of Plant.

Description: ATF F 5110.34 is necessary to show the use of distilled spirits plant (DSP) premises for other activities or by alternating proprietors. It describes proprietor's use of plant premises and other information to show that the change in plant status is in conformity with law and regulations. It also shows what bond covers the activities of the DSP at a given time.

Respondents: Business or other for-profit.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 100.

Estimated Burden Hours Per Respondent: 1 hour.

Frequency of Response: On occasion.

Estimated Total Reporting Burden: 1,000 hours.

OMB Number: 1512–0209.

Form Number: ATF F 5110.50.

Type of Review: Extension.

Title: Tax Deferral Bond—Distilled Spirits (Puerto Rico).

Description: ATF F 5110.50 is the bond to secure payment of excise taxes on distilled spirits shipped from Puerto Rico to the U.S. on deferral of the tax. The form identifies the principal, the surety, purpose of bond, and allocation of the penal sum among the principal's locations.

Respondents: Business or other for-profit.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 10.

Estimated Burden Hours Per Respondent: 1 hour.

Frequency of Response: On occasion.

Estimated Total Reporting Burden: 10 hours.

OMB Number: 1512–0398.

Form Number: ATF F 2093 (5200.3), ATF F 2098 (5200.16), ATF F 5230.4 and ATF F 5230.5.

Type of Review: Revision.

Title: Application for Permit Under 26 U.S.C. Chapter 52, Manufacturer of Tobacco Products or Proprietor of Export Warehouse (2093); Application for Amended Permit Under 26 U.S.C. 5712, Manufacture of Tobacco Products or Proprietor of Export Warehouse (2098); Application for Permit Under 26 U.S.C. Chapter 52, Importer of Tobacco Products (5230.4); and Application for Amended Permit Under 26 U.S.C. 5712, Importer of Tobacco Products (5230.5).

Description: These forms and any additional supporting documentation are used by tobacco industry members to obtain and amend permits necessary to engage in business as a manufacturer of tobacco products, importer of tobacco products or proprietor of export warehouse. This information collection includes 4 forms. Because this revision only involves changes to ATF F 5230.4 only that form was submitted with this package.

Respondents: Business or other-for-profit.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 630.

Estimated Burden Hours Per Respondent: 2 hours.

Frequency of Response: On occasion.

Estimated Total Reporting Burden: 1,130 hours.

Clearance Officer: Frank Bowers (202) 927–8930, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, Room 3200, 650 Massachusetts Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20226.

OMB Reviewer: Alexander T. Hunt (202) 395–7860, Office of Management and Budget, Room 10202, New Executive Office Building, Washington, DC 20503.

Mary A. Able,

Departmental Reports Management Officer.

[FR Doc. 01–21678 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4810–31–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

United States Secret Service

Privacy Act of 1974, as Amended; System of Records

AGENCY: United States Secret Service, Treasury.

ACTION: Notice of systems of records.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, 5 U.S.C. 552a, the U.S. Secret Service, Treasury, is publishing its Privacy Act systems of records.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a) and the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), Circular No. A–130, the U.S. Secret Service has completed a review of its Privacy Act systems of records notices to identify changes that will more accurately describe these records.

Treasury/USSS .002—Chief Counsel Record System, required minor modifications to the ''Records Source Categories.''

Treasury/USSS .005—Freedom of Information Request System has been incorporated into the Treasury-wide notice entitled ''DO .150—Freedom of Information Act/Privacy Act Request Records.'' The system of records notice was deleted from the Service's inventory of Privacy Act notices on December 3, 1999, at 64 FR 67966.

Other changes throughout the systems notice are editorial in nature and consist principally of changes to the ''System Locations'' and ''System Manager(s) Address.''

Systems Covered by This Notice: This notice covers all systems of records adopted by the U.S. Secret Service up to June 1, 2001.

The systems notices are reprinted in their entirety following the Table of Contents.

Dated: August 16, 2001.

W. Earl Wright, Jr.,

Chief Management and Administrative Programs Officer.

Table of Contents

USSS .001—Administrative Information System
USSS .002—Chief Counsel Record System
USSS .003—Criminal Investigation Information System
USSS .004—Financial Management Information System
USSS .006—Non-Criminal Investigation System
USSS .007—Protection System
USSS .008—Public Affairs Record System
USSS .009—Training Information System

United States Secret Service

Treasury/USSS .001

SYSTEM NAME:

Administrative Information System—Treasury/USSS.

SYSTEM LOCATION:

(a) U.S. Secret Service (Headquarters), 950 H St. NW, Washington, DC 20223. Components of this System are geographically dispersed throughout U.S. Secret Service field offices. (See below, United States Secret Service, Appendix A, listing the addresses of Secret Service offices.) (b) U.S. Secret Service Uniformed Division, 1111 18th St., NW, Washington, DC 20223; (c) Presidential Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, Room 10, Old Executive Office Building, 17th and Pennsylvania Ave., NW, Washington, DC 20502; (d) Vice Presidential Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, Old Executive Office Building, Room 295, Washington, DC 20502; (e) Dignitary Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, 950 H St., NW, Washington, DC 20223; (f) Special Services Division, U.S. Secret Service, Anacostia Naval Annex, Building 411, 245 Murray Drive, Washington, DC 20373; (g) Johnson Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, P.O. Box 927, Stonewall, TX 78671; (h) Ford Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, P.O. Box 955, Rancho Mirage, CA 92270–955; (i) Technical Security Division, U.S. Secret Service, 1709 New York Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20006; (j) Carter Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, P.O. Box 308, Plains, GA 31780; (k) Reagan Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, 2121 Avenue of the Stars, Century City, CA 90067; (l) Bush Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, P.O. Box 79797, Houston, Texas 77279–9797; (m) White House Security Branch, U.S. Secret Service, Old Executive Office Building, Rm. 23, Washington, D.C. 20502.

CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

(a) Individuals who are now or were Secret Service employees; (b) Individuals, contractors, and vendors, etc., who are presently doing or previously did business with the Secret Service; (c) Claimants against the Secret Service under the Federal Tort Claims Act and the Military Personnel and Federal Employees Claims Act.

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

(a) Records containing information on issuance of Secret Service equipment and accountable government property; (b) Records containing procurement negotiations, contracts, agreements, etc., with the Secret Service; (c) Records containing information on past, present, and future administrative correspondence with individuals, contractors, vendors, etc., who have or plan to enter into contractual agreements with the Secret Service; (d) Records on vehicle accidents, injuries, fatalities.

AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

Title 40 and 41 of the U.S. Code, and other rules and regulations where applicable; 5 U.S.C. 301; 44 U.S.C. 3101.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

(1) Disclosure of information to the Department of Treasury, GAO, OMB, GSA, the Department of Justice and other Federal, state, and local government agencies regarding purchases, contracts, and anticipated purchases and contracts of the Secret Service; (2) To provide administrative services for the Secret Service and maintain administrative records as required by law; (3) To use in the adjudication of any claim for or against the Secret Service; (4) Disclosure to individuals, contractors, vendors, etc., for the purpose of inquiries relating to or confirmation of orders and purchases; (5) Disclosure to a student participating in a Secret Service student volunteer program, where such disclosure is necessary to further the efforts of the Secret Service.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

STORAGE:

Records are contained in file jackets and portions of the information are stored electronically at Headquarters.

RETRIEVABILITY:

Records may be retrieved by name and/or number.

SAFEGUARDS:

(1) File jackets and electronic data at Headquarters are located in locked rooms which are secured by alarms and other internal security devices with guards on duty on an around the clock basis. Access is available only to employees responsible for records management and operational employees who have a need for such information, each of whom holds a top secret security clearance; (2) The file jackets in Secret Service field offices are located in locked file cabinets or in locked rooms when Secret Service employees are not on duty. Access to the system is limited to employees of the Secret Service holding top secret security clearances.

RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

The file jackets and electronic data are retained in accordance with mandatory National Archives Records Administration (NARA), General Records Schedules 3, 4, 8, 10, 11, 13, & 23. Disposal is by burning, shredding, and/or electronic deletion.

SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Assistant Director, Office of Administration, U.S. Secret Service, 950 H St., NW, Suite 8250, Washington, DC 20223.

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals who wish to present a request as to whether this system contains records pertaining to them should address inquiries to: Freedom of Information and Privacy Acts Officer, U.S. Secret Service, 950 H St., NW, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20223.

RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Requests for information contained in this system should be addressed to: Freedom of Information and Privacy Acts Officer, U.S. Secret Service, 950 H St., NW, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20223.

CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

See ''Record access procedures'' above.

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

(a) Individuals who are presently or were Secret Service employees; (b) Individuals, corporations, companies, contractors, etc., previously engaged or presently engaged in business with the Secret Service; (c) Claimants.

EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM:

None.

Treasury/USSS .002

SYSTEM NAME:

Chief Counsel Record System—Treasury/USSS.

SYSTEM LOCATION:

Office of Chief Counsel, United States Secret Service, 950 H St., NW, Washington, DC 20223.

CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

(a) Individuals who have filed administrative claims; (b) Individuals involved in litigation against the U.S. Secret Service; (c) Individuals who have filed a petition regarding forfeiture; (d) Employees, former employees or applicants who have filed equal employment opportunity claims against the U.S. Secret Service; (e) Employees or former employees who have appealed disciplinary actions taken against them

by the U.S. Secret Service to the Merit System Protection Board.

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

(a) Copies of administrative claims filed against the Secret Service or employees of the U.S. Secret Service and responses thereto; (b) Any type of legal document, including but not limited to complaints, summaries, affidavits, litigation reports, motions, subpoenas and any other court filing or administrative filing or evidence; (c) Records concerning requests for information regarding the use of reproductions of obligations of the United States including bonds, checks, coins, coupons, currencies (U.S. and foreign), fractional notes, postage stamps (U.S. and foreign), postal money orders, and postmarks.

AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

18 U.S.C. 3056; 28 U.S.C. 2672 (Federal Tort Claims Act); 18 U.S.C. 471–509.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

(1) Administrative claims may be routinely sent to Department of Justice attorneys to assist them in litigation involving the Secret Service; (2) Legal records and litigation reports may be sent to Department of Justice attorneys to assist them in the preparation for litigation; (3) Records indicating a violation or potential violation of law, whether civil, criminal or regulatory in nature, and whether arising by general statute or particular program statute, or by regulation, rule or order issued pursuant thereto, may be referred to the appropriate Federal, state, local or foreign agency charged with the responsibility of investigating or prosecuting such violation or charged with enforcing or implementing the statute, rule, regulation or order issued pursuant thereto; (4) Disclosures to opposing counsel, a court magistrate or administrative tribunal in the course of a legal proceeding, and disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of discovery proceedings for the purpose of, enforcing, or prosecuting, a violation or potential violation of law, whether civil, criminal or regulatory in nature and whether arising by general statute or particular program statute, or by regulation, rule or order issued pursuant thereto; (5) Disclosures to Federal, state or local agencies maintaining civil, criminal or other relevant enforcement information or other pertinent information, such as current licenses, if necessary to obtain information relevant to an agency decision concerning the hiring or retention of an employee, the issuance of a security clearance, the letting of a contract, or the issuance of a license, grant or other benefit; (6) Disclosures to a Federal agency in response to its request, in connection with the hiring or retention of an employee, the issuance of a security clearance, the reporting of an investigation of an employee, the letting of a contract or the issuance of a license, grant, or other benefit by the requesting agency, to the extent that the information is relevant and necessary to the requesting agency's decision on the matter; (7) Disclosure to a student participating in a Secret Service student volunteer program, where such disclosure is necessary to further the efforts of the Secret Service.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

STORAGE:

Records are contained in file jackets.

RETRIEVABILITY:

This System is indexed chronologically for administrative claims and requests for information regarding reproductions. Access to the physical files containing litigation records is by name.

SAFEGUARDS:

The file jackets are secured in a locked room with guards on duty on an around-the-clock basis. Access to the records is available only to employees responsible for record management and operational employees who have a need for such information, each of whom holds a top secret security clearance.

RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

(1) Closed litigation case files are retained for a period of 5 years; (2) Administrative claims, and requests for information are disposed of at varying intervals in accordance with the records retention schedule approved by the National Archives and Records Administration. Any disposal is by shredding and/or burning.

SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Chief Counsel, U.S. Secret Service, 950 H St., NW, Suite 9200, Washington, DC 20223.

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals who wish to present a request as to whether the system contains records pertaining to them should address inquiries to: Freedom of Information and Privacy Acts Officer, U.S. Secret Service, 950 H St., NW, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20223.

RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Requests for information contained in this System should be addressed to: Freedom of Information and Privacy Acts Officer, U.S. Secret Service, 950 H St., NW, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20223.

CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

See ''Record access procedures'' above.

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

(a) Administrative claims are filed by those individuals who believe that they have a claim against the U.S. Secret Service; (b) Individuals who are involved in legal proceedings against the U.S. Secret Service. All litigation reports are initiated by Office of Chief Counsel, U.S. Secret Service. Information may be received from courts, administrative bodies, other federal or state agencies and private parties or entities who have information concerning a legal matter involving the U.S. Secret Service, and (c) Requests for information regarding the use of reproductions from Secret Service field offices, the general public, and from professional organizations; other Federal agencies, and Federal, State and local courts.

EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM:

None.

Treasury/USSS .003

SYSTEM NAME:

Criminal Investigation Information System—Treasury/USSS.

SYSTEM LOCATION:

(a) United States Secret Service, (Headquarters) 950 H St., NW, Washington, DC 20223; (b) Components of this System are geographically dispersed throughout Secret Service field offices. (See United States Secret Service Appendix A listing the addresses of Secret Service field offices.)

CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

(a) Individuals who have been or are currently the subject of a criminal investigation by the U.S. Secret Service in connection with the performance by that agency of its authorized criminal investigative functions; (b) Individuals who are payees, registered owners or endorsers of stolen or lost obligations and other securities of the United States; (c) Individuals who are witnesses, complainants, informants, suspects, defendants, fugitives, released prisoners, correspondents, organized crime figures, and victims of crimes who have been identified by the Secret

Service in the conduct of criminal investigations or by information supplied by other law enforcement agencies, government units, and the general public.

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

(a) Records containing information compiled for the purpose of identifying individual criminal offenders and alleged offenders and consisting only of identifying data and notations of arrest, the nature and disposition of criminal charges, sentencing, confinement, release, and parole or probation status; (b) Records containing information compiled for the purpose of a criminal investigation, including reports of informants and investigators, and associated with an identifiable individual; (c) Records containing reports identifiable with an individual compiled at various stages of the process of enforcement of criminal laws from arrest or indictment through release from supervision; (d) Records containing investigatory material compiled for law enforcement purposes, including but not limited to, handwriting exemplars; laboratory analyses of inks and papers; handwriting analyses; petitions for the remission of forfeitures; notice of non-receipt of Treasury drafts; affidavits of forged endorsements; opinions of the examiner of questioned documents; reports or opinions from the examination of computer evidence; reports or opinions from the examination of altered cellular telephones; certificates by owners of U.S. registered securities concerning forged requests for payments or assignments; applications for relief on account of loss, theft, or destruction of U.S. Savings Bonds or checks; photographic reproductions of obligations and other securities of the United States; contraband items; claims against the United States for the proceeds of government checks and bonds; and reports necessary for the settlement of check and bond claims; names and telephone numbers of persons intercepted by electronic, mechanical, or other device under the provisions of Title 18 U.S.C., Section 2510 et.seq. compiled during the lawful course of a criminal or civil investigation.

AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

18 U.S.C. 3056.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

(1) Disclosure to Federal, state, and local government agencies foreign or domestic, having prosecutive and civil law enforcement functions for use by attorneys, magistrates, and judges, parole or probation authorities and other law enforcement authorities for the purpose of developing a criminal or civil investigation, prosecuting, sentencing, or determining the parole and probation status of criminal offenders or suspected criminal offenders; (2) Disclosure to personnel of other Federal, state and local law enforcement agencies, foreign or domestic, for the purpose of developing information on subjects involved in Secret Service criminal investigations and assisting other law enforcement agencies in the investigation and prosecution of violations of the criminal laws which those agencies are responsible for enforcing; (3) Disclosure to personnel of Federal, state, and local governmental agencies, where such disclosure is considered reasonably necessary for the purpose of furthering Secret Service efforts to investigate the activities of and apprehend criminal offenders and suspected criminal offenders; (4) Disclosure to personnel of Federal, state, and local governmental agencies, foreign and domestic, where there is a showing of reasonable necessity to obtain such information to accomplish a valid law enforcement purpose; (5) Disclosure to employees and officials of financial and commercial business firms and to private individuals of identifying information pertaining to actual or suspected criminal offenders where such disclosure is considered reasonably necessary for the purpose of furthering Secret Service efforts to investigate the activities of and apprehend criminal offenders and suspected criminal offenders; (6) Records maintained in this System indicating a violation or potential violation of law, whether civil, criminal or regulatory in nature, and whether arising by general statute or particular program statute, or by regulation, rule or order issued pursuant thereto, may be disclosed to the appropriate agency, whether Federal, state, local or foreign, charged with the responsibility of investigating or prosecuting such violation or charged with enforcing or implementing the statute, or rule, regulation or order issued pursuant thereto; (7) Disclosures in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate or administrative tribunal and disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of discovery proceedings for the purpose of enforcing, or prosecuting, a violation or potential violation of law, whether civil, criminal or regulatory in nature and whether arising by general statute or particular program statute, or by regulation, rule or order issued pursuant thereto; (8) Disclosures to Federal, state or local agencies maintaining civil, criminal or other pertinent information or enforcement information relevant to an agency decision concerning the hiring or retention of an employee, or the issuance of a license, grant or other benefit; (9) Disclosures to a Federal, state or local agency in response to its request, in connection with the hiring or retention of an employee, the issuance of a security clearance, the reporting of an investigation of an employee, the letting of a contract or the issuance of a license, grant, or other benefit by the requesting agency, to the extent that the information is relevant and necessary to the requesting agency's decision on the matter; (10) Disclosures of information relating to criminal and civil proceedings to the news media in accordance with the guidelines contained in 28 CFR 50.2; (11) Disclosure in connection with the utilization by the Secret Service of the Northern Virginia Regional Identification System for the storage and retrieval of fingerprint information maintained by the Secret Service; (12) Disclosure to a student participating in a Secret Service student volunteer program, where such disclosure is necessary to further the efforts of the Secret Service.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

STORAGE:

All records comprising this system are contained in file jackets, computerized data systems, microfilm and microfiche. Portions of the indices and information contained in the records are maintained in electronic storage media located at Headquarters.

RETRIEVABILITY:

This system is indexed by name, address, vehicle license number, and/or telephone number, and is retrieved through computer search of magnetic media indices both at Headquarters and in the field offices. Additionally, subjects are retrievable from the computerized files by physical description. Access to the physical files containing records is by case number.

SAFEGUARDS:

(1) At Headquarters, the file jackets containing the records are secured by alarms, and other internal security devices, in locked rooms with guards on duty on an around-the-clock basis.

Access to the records is available only to employees responsible for records management and operational employees with a ''need to know,'' each of whom has a top secret security clearance; (2) In field offices the file jackets are located in locked filing cabinets and when Secret Service employees are not on duty, in locked rooms. Access to the system is controlled and limited to employees of the Secret Service holding top secret security clearances.

RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

(1) All Judicial cases, 20 years; (2) Non-judicial criminal investigative cases (except non-judicial check and bond cases), 10 years; (3) Non-judicial check claim and bond forgery cases, 5 years; (4) Administrative files of an investigatory nature, 5 years; (5) All other files and records the disposition of which is not otherwise specified, 5 years; (6) Investigations for other districts, 2 years; (7) Receipts vary with the case file to which they pertain; (8) Investigation Control Forms, varies; (9) Arrest History Forms, Indefinite; (10) Headquarters Criminal Investigative case files, 30 years; indices and microfilm copies are retained for an indefinite period; (11) Consensual and non-consensual interception indices, 10 years or when investigative use no longer exists, whichever is longer; (12) Fingerprint and photograph files, at varying intervals in accordance with record retention schedules approved by the National Archives and Records Administration. Disposal is by burning, shredding, maceration, and pulping, and/or electronic deletion.

SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Assistant Director, Office of Investigations, U.S. Secret Service, 950 H St., NW, Suite 8900, Washington, DC 20223.

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

In accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552a (j) and (k), the Director of the U.S. Secret Service has exempted this System from compliance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552a (e)(4)(G).

RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

In accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552a (j) and (k), the Director of the U.S. Secret Service has exempted this System from compliance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552a (e)(4)(H).

CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

See ''Record access procedures'' above.

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

In accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552a (j) and (k) the Director of the U.S. Secret Service has exempted this System from compliance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552a (e)(4)(I).

EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM:

This system is exempt from 5 U.S.C. 552a (c)(3), (c)(4), (d), (e)(1), (e)(4)(G), (e)(4)(H), and (e)(4)(I), of the Privacy Act pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a (j)(2) and (k)(2). See 31 CFR 1.36.

Treasury/USSS .004

SYSTEM NAME:

Financial Management Information System—Treasury/USSS.

SYSTEM LOCATION:

(a) U.S. Secret Service (Headquarters), 950 H St. NW, Washington, DC 20223. Components of this System are geographically dispersed throughout U.S. Secret Service field offices. (See below, United States Secret Service, Appendix A, listing the addresses of Secret Service offices.) (b) U.S. Secret Service Uniformed Division, 1111 18th St., NW, Washington, DC 20223;(c) Presidential Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, Room 10, Old Executive Office Building, 17th and Pennsylvania Ave., NW, Washington, DC 20502; (d) Vice Presidential Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, Old Executive Office Building, Room 295, Washington, DC 20502; (e) Dignitary Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, 950 H St., NW, Washington, DC 20223; (f) Special Services Division, U.S. Secret Service, Anacostia Naval Annex, Building 411, 245 Murray Drive, Washington, DC 20373; (g) Johnson Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, P.O. Box 927, Stonewall, TX 78671; (h) Ford Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, P.O. Box 955, Rancho Mirage, CA 92270–955; (i) Technical Security Division, U.S. Secret Service, 1709 New York Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20006; (j) Carter Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, P.O. Box 308, Plains, GA 31780. (k) Reagan Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, 2121 Avenue Of the Stars, Century City, CA 90067, (l) Bush Protective Division, U. S. Secret Service P.O. Box 79797, Houston, Texas 77279–9797, (m) White House Security Branch, U.S. Secret Service, Old Executive Office Building, Rm. 23, Washington, DC 20502.

CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

(a) Individuals who are now, or were previously, Secret Service employees; (b) Individuals, contractors, vendors, etc., who are presently doing business with or previously did business with the Secret Service; (c) Individuals who are involved in or were previously involved in tort claims with the Secret Service; (d) Individuals who are now or previously were involved in payments (accounts receivable) with the Secret Service; (e) Individuals who have been recipients of awards.

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

(a) Records containing information compiled for the purpose of pay, travel, property damage, expenses incurred other than travel, and retirement annuities and taxes; (b) Records containing information of accounts receivable and payable, involving Secret Service employees and other persons; (c) Records containing information of tort claims dealing with Secret Service property, concerning payment and accounts receivable; (d) Records containing information on the expenditures, anticipated expenditures, and budget studies of the Secret Service; (e) Time and attendance records.

AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

31 U.S.C. 68, 484, 952, and 1801 through 1806, and 5 U.S.C. 5514, and 21 U.S.C. 2415.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

The routine uses of the records contained in this System are as follows: (1) Disclosure to the Internal Revenue Service, U.S. Treasury, GAO, OPM and other Federal agencies dealing with the payment and collection of monies concerning Secret Service employees; (2) disclosure to the Internal Revenue Service, U.S. Treasury Department, OPM, GAO, and other Federal agencies dealing with the payment, collection and audit of monies concerning persons who have financial dealings with the Secret Service; (3) To establish and maintain a means of gaining statistical information needed to answer inquiries from other Federal, state, and local governments and Congress; (4) To establish a reporting system to Treasury, OMB, GAO, and Congress concerning Secret Service expenditures; (5) To establish a means of payments to contractors and vendors for purchases made by Secret Service; (6) Disclosure to other Federal agencies to effect inter-agency salary offset and to affect inter-agency administrative offset; (7) Disclosures to debt collection agencies for debt collection services; (8) Disclosures of current mailing addresses obtained from the Internal Revenue Service, which have become a part of this system, to consumer reporting agencies to obtain credit reports and to debt collection agencies for collection services; (9) Disclosures to appropriate

Federal, State, or foreign agencies responsible for investigating or prosecution of the violation of, or for enforcing or implementing, a statute, rule, regulation, order or license; (10) Disclosures to a Federal, state, or local agency, maintaining civil, criminal or other relevant enforcement information or other pertinent information, which has requested information relevant to or necessary to the requesting agency's or the bureau's hiring or retention of an employee, or issuance of a security clearance, license, contract, grant, or other benefit; (11) Disclosures to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal in the course of presenting evidence, including disclosures to opposing counsel or witnesses in the course of civil discovery, litigation, settlement negotiations, in response to a subpoena, or in connection with criminal law proceedings; (12) Disclosures to foreign governments in accordance with formal or informal international agreements; (13) Disclosures to a congressional office in response to an inquiry made at the request of the individual to whom the record pertains; (14) Disclosures to the news media in accordance with guidelines contained in 28 CFR 50.2 which relate to an agency's functions relating to civil and criminal proceedings; (15) Disclosure to third parties during the course of an investigation to the extent necessary to obtain information pertinent to the investigation; (16) Disclosure to a student participating in a Secret Service student volunteer program, where such disclosure is necessary to further the efforts of the Secret Service.

DISCLOSURES TO CONSUMER REPORTING AGENCIES:

Disclosures pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(12) may be made from this system to consumer reporting agencies as defined in the Debt Collection of 1982 (31 U.S.C. 3701 (a)(3) or the Fair Credit Reporting Act [15 U.S.C. 1681a(f)].

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

STORAGE:

All records are contained in files, and/or microfiche. The information contained in this System is stored in computers maintained at Headquarters.

RETRIEVABILITY:

This System is indexed by name and/or number at Headquarters and by name only in field offices, resident offices and protective divisions. Access is by name and/or number.

SAFEGUARDS:

(1) The file jackets, and computers are secured by alarms and other internal security devices in locked rooms with guards on duty on a 24-hour basis; (2) Access to the records is available only to employees responsible for records management and operational employees who have a need for such information, each of whom holds a top secret security clearance; (3) The file jackets are located in locked rooms when Secret Service employees are not on duty. Access is limited to employees holding top secret security clearances.

RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

(1) Financial Management Division's automated accounting systems, foreign disbursement file, and paid files are retained for six years and three months; (2) Accounts receivable systems are maintained for six years and three months unless they are not liquidated; (3) Systems for holiday, overtime, and other pay adjustments, enter on duty information, resignations, retirements, reassignments, etc., are disposed of at varying intervals in accordance with records retention schedules approved by the National Archives Record Administration (NARA); (4) Records on personnel are retained in accordance with mandatory National Archives and Records Administration General Records Schedules 2, 5, 6, and 7. Disposal of records is by burning, mulching, shredding, or electronic deletion.

SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Assistant Director, Office of Administration, 950 H St., NW, Suite 8250, Washington, DC 20223.

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals who wish to present a request as to whether this system contains a record pertaining to them should address inquiries to: Freedom of Information and Privacy Acts Officer, U.S. Secret Service, 950 H St., NW, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20223.

RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Request for information contained in this System should be addressed to: Freedom of Information and Privacy Acts Officer, U.S. Secret Service, 950 H St., NW, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20223.

CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

See ''Record access procedures'' above.

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

(a) Individuals who are presently or were previously Secret Service employees; (b) Individuals who are presently or were service contractors or suppliers with the Secret Service; (c) Individuals who are presently or were previously involved in tort claims with the Secret Service; (d) Individuals who are presently or were previously involved in collections and disbursements with the Secret Service; (e) Internal Revenue Service; (f) Surviving spouse of deceased personnel.

EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM:

None.

Treasury/USSS .006

SYSTEM NAME:

Non-Criminal Investigation Information System—Treasury/USSS.

SYSTEM LOCATION:

System location: (a) U.S. Secret Service (Headquarters), 950 H St. NW, Washington, DC 20223. Components of this System are geographically dispersed throughout U.S. Secret Service field offices. (See below, United States Secret Service, Appendix A, listing the addresses of Secret Service offices.) (b) U.S. Secret Service Uniformed Division, 1111 18th St., NW, Washington, DC 20223; (c) Presidential Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, Room 10, Old Executive Office Building, 17th and Pennsylvania Ave., NW, Washington, DC 20502; (d) Vice Presidential Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, Old Executive Office Building, Room 295, Washington, DC 20502; (e) Dignitary Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, 950 H St., NW, Washington, DC 20223; (f) Special Services Division, U.S. Secret Service, Anacostia Naval Annex, Building 411, 245 Murray Drive, Washington, DC 20373; (g) Johnson Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, P.O. Box 927, Stonewall, TX 78671; (h) Ford Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, P.O. Box 955, Rancho Mirage, CA 92270–955; (i) Technical Security Division, U.S. Secret Service, 1709 New York Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20006; (j) Carter Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, P.O. Box 308, Plains, GA 31780. (k) Reagan Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, 2121 Avenue Of the Stars, Century City, CA 90067, (l) Bush Protective Division, U. S. Secret Service P.O. Box 79797, Houston, Texas 77279–9797, (m) White House Security Branch, U.S. Secret Service, Old Executive Office Building, Rm. 23, Washington, DC 20502, (n) WAVES Center, Old Executive Office Building, Rm. 065, Washington, DC 20502.

CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

(a) Individuals who are applicants for employment with the U.S. Secret Service and other bureaus of the Department of the Treasury; (b) Individuals who are employees of the U.S. Secret Service and other bureaus of the Department of the Treasury holding security clearances granting access to classified documents and records; (c) Individuals who have filed administrative claims with the Secret Service and other bureaus of the Department of the Treasury under the Federal Tort Claims Act or who have been involved in automobile accidents or other incidents involving employees of the Secret Service and other bureaus of the Department of the Treasury resulting in tort claims against such individuals; (d) Individuals involved in investigations required in the administration of the Government Losses in Shipment Act, the Gold Reserve Act, and the Silver Purchase Act; (e) Individuals who are employees of the Secret Service and other bureaus of the Department of the Treasury who have been accused of misconduct in the performance of their duties, or who have been the subject of a complaint involving the performance of their official functions; (f) Individuals who are the subject of investigations or supply information to investigative agents conducting special investigations relating to the performance by the Secret Service of its statutory and regulatory functions.

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

(a) Record containing investigatory material compiled solely for the purpose of determining suitability, eligibility, or qualifications for Federal civilian employment or access to classified information; (b) Records containing investigatory material compiled for law enforcement purposes, including but not limited to, reports of investigators relating to claims under the Federal Tort Claims Act, Government Losses in Shipment Act, the Gold Reserve Act and the Silver Purchase Act, and employee misconduct or malfeasance; (c) Records containing reports or statement of investigators, witnesses, complainants, claimants and correspondents associated with identifiable individuals.

AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

18 U.S.C. 3056, Executive Order 10450 and Treasury Order 102–18 (revised March, 1985); and Treasury Order 173–1.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

The routine uses of the records contained in this System are as follows: (1) Disclosure to the Department of Justice and other Federal agencies for administrative, civil, or other legal proceedings to be used by personnel officials, attorneys, administrative law officers, and judges; (2) Disclosure to personnel of other Federal, state and local governmental agencies, foreign and domestic, for the purpose of developing or confirming information on individuals involved in non-criminal investigations conducted by the Secret Service; (3) Disclosure to personnel of private institutions and to private individuals for the purpose of confirming and/or determining suitability, eligibility, or qualifications for Federal civilian employment or access to classified information; and for the purposes of furthering the efforts of the Secret Service to investigate the activities of individuals related to or involved in non-criminal civil and administrative investigations; (4) Disclosure to another agency or to an instrumentality of any governmental jurisdiction within or under the control of the United States for the purpose of determining suitability, eligibility, or qualifications for employment with or access to classified information in such other agency or instrumentality; (5) Records maintained indicating a violation or potential violation of law, whether civil, criminal or regulatory in nature, and whether arising by general statute or particular program statute, or by regulation, rule or order issued pursuant thereto, may be referred to the appropriate agency, whether Federal, state, local or foreign, charged with the responsibility of investigating or prosecuting such violation or charged with enforcing or implementing the statute, or rule, regulation or order issued pursuant thereto; (6) Disclosures in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate or administrative tribunal and disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of discovery proceedings for the purpose of enforcing, or prosecuting, a violation or potential violation of law, whether civil, criminal or regulatory in nature and whether arising by general statute or particular program statute, or by regulation, rule or order issued pursuant thereto; (7) Disclosures to Federal, state or local agencies maintaining civil, criminal or other relevant enforcement information or other pertinent information, such as current licenses, if necessary to obtain information relevant to an agency decision concerning the hiring or retention of an employee, the issuance of a security clearance, the letting of a contract, or the issuance of a license, grant or other benefit, to the extent that the information is relevant and necessary to the requesting agencies' decision on the matter; (8) Disclosures of information relating to civil proceedings to the news media in accordance with the guidelines contained in 28 CFR 50.2; (9) Disclosure to Federal, state, or local government agencies for the purpose of developing a relevant ongoing civil, criminal, or background investigation; (10) Disclosure to a student participating in a Secret Service student volunteer program, where such disclosure is necessary to further the efforts of the Secret Service.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

STORAGE:

Records comprising this system are contained in file jackets, computerized data systems, microfilm, and microfiche. Portions of the information are maintained in on-line computer data files located at Headquarters.

RETRIEVABILITY:

This System is indexed alphabetically by name in Headquarters, Office of Inspection, and in field offices and retrieved through manual search of index cards and/or through computer search of magnetic media. Access to the physical files is by case number obtained from the name indices.

SAFEGUARDS:

(1) The file jackets, indices and magnetic media are secured by alarms and other internal security devices in locked rooms with guards on duty on an around-the-clock basis. Access to the records is available only to employees responsible for record management and operational employees who have a need for such information, each of whom holds a top secret security clearance; (2) The file jackets field offices are located in locked filing cabinets and when employees are not on duty, in locked rooms. Access to the system is limited to employees holding top secret security clearances.

RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

The retention schedule is as follows: (1) All judicial case records are retained for a period of 30 years; (2) Applicant security and background investigation records of Secret Service employees are retained for 20 years after retirement or separation of the employee from Secret Service employment; (3) Applicant

investigation records relating to employees of Bureaus of the Treasury Department other than the Secret Service, are retained for 20 years; (4) All other records, the disposition of which are not otherwise specified, are retained. No destruction authorized. Magnetic media indices are retained for an indefinite period of time. Disposal: Disposal of records is by burning, shredding, maceration, pulping, and electronic deletion.

SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Assistant Directors, Office of Investigation and Office of Inspection, 950 H St., NW, Washington, DC 20223.

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

The Director of the U.S. Secret Service has exempted this System from the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552a (e)(4)(G).

RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

The Director of the U.S. Secret Service has exempted this System from the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552a (e)(4)(H).

CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

See ''Record access procedures'' above.

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

The Director of the U.S. Secret Service has exempted this System from the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552a (e)(4)(I).

EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM:

This system is exempt from 5 U.S.C. 552a (c)(3), (d), (e)(4)(G), (e)(4)(H), (e)(4)(I) and (f) of the Privacy Act pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a (j)(2) and (k)(2). See 31 CFR 1.36.

Treasury/USSS .007

SYSTEM NAME:

Protection Information System—Treasury/USSS.

SYSTEM LOCATION:

(a) U.S. Secret Service (Headquarters), 950 H St. NW, Washington, DC 20223. Components of this System are geographically dispersed throughout U.S. Secret Service field offices. (See below, United States Secret Service, Appendix A, listing the addresses of Secret Service offices.) (b) U.S. Secret Service Uniformed Division, 1111 18th St., NW, Washington, DC 20223;(c) Presidential Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, Room 10, Old Executive Office Building, 17th and Pennsylvania Ave., NW, Washington, DC 20502; (d) Vice Presidential Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, Old Executive Office Building, Room 295, Washington, DC 20502; (e) Dignitary Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, 950 H St., NW, Washington, DC 20223; (f) Special Services Division, U.S. Secret Service, Anacostia Naval Annex, Building 411, 245 Murray Drive, Washington, DC 20373; (g) Johnson Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, P.O. Box 927, Stonewall, TX 78671; (h) Ford Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, P.O. Box 955, Rancho Mirage, CA 92270–955; (i) Technical Security Division, U.S. Secret Service, 1709 New York Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20006; (j) Carter Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, P.O. Box 308, Plains, GA 31780. (k) Reagan Protective Division, U.S. Secret Service, 2121 Avenue Of the Stars, Century City, CA 90067, (l) Bush Protective Division, U. S. Secret Service P.O. Box 79797, Houston, Texas 77279–9797, (m) White House Security Branch, U.S. Secret Service, Old Executive Office Building, Rm. 23, Washington, DC 20502, (n) WAVES Center, Old Executive Office Building, Rm. 065, Washington, DC 20502

CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

(a) Individuals who have been or are currently the subject of a criminal investigation by the U.S. Secret Service or another law enforcement agency for the violation of certain criminal statutes relating to the protection of persons or the security of properties; (b) Individuals who are the subjects of investigative records and reports supplied to the Secret Service by Federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies, foreign or domestic, other non-law enforcement governmental agencies, or private institutions and individuals; (c) Individuals who are the subjects of non-criminal protective and background investigations by the Secret Service and other law enforcement agencies where the evaluation of such individuals, in accordance with criteria established by the Secret Service, indicates a need for such investigations; (d) Individuals who are granted ingress and egress to areas secured by the Secret Service, or to areas in close proximity to persons protected by the Secret Service, including but not limited to invitees, passholders, tradesmen, and law enforcement, maintenance or service personnel; (e) Individuals who have attempted or solicited unauthorized entry into areas secured by the Secret Service; individuals who have sought an audience or contact with persons protected by the Secret Service or who have been involved in incidents or events which relate to the protective functions of the Secret Service; (f) Individuals who are witnesses, protectees, suspects, complainants, informants, defendants, fugitives, released prisoners, and correspondents who have been identified by the Secret Service or from information supplied by other law enforcement agencies, governmental units, private institutions, and members of the general public in connection with the performance by the Secret Service of its authorized protective functions.

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

(a) Records containing information compiled for the purpose of identifying individual criminal offenders and alleged offenders and consisting only of identifying data and notations of arrest, the nature and disposition of criminal charges, sentencing, confinement, release, and parole or probation status; (b) Records containing information compiled for the purpose of a criminal investigation, including reports of informants and investigators, which are associated with an identifiable individual; (c) Records containing reports relative to an individual compiled at various stages of the process of enforcement of certain criminal laws from arrest or indictment through release from supervision; (d) Records containing information supplied by other Federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies, foreign or domestic, other non-law enforcement governmental agencies, private institutions and persons concerning individuals who, because of their activities, personality traits, criminal or mental history, or history of social deviancy, may be of interest to the Secret Service in connection with the performance by that agency of its protective functions; (e) Records containing information compiled for the purpose of identifying and evaluating individuals who may constitute a threat to the safety of persons or security of areas protected by the Secret Service; (f) Records containing information compiled for the purpose of background investigations of individuals, including but not limited to, passholders, tradesmen, maintenance or service personnel who have access to areas secured by or who may be in close proximity to persons protected by the Secret Service.

AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

The protective authority is contained in 18 U.S.C. 3056 and Section 1 of Public Law 90–331, (18 U.S.C. 871; 18 U.S.C. 1751). The protective and security authority of the U.S. Secret Service Uniformed Division is contained in 3 U.S.C. 202.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

The routine uses are as follows: (1) Disclosure to the Department of Justice and other Federal, state, and local governmental agencies having a prosecutive function for the use of attorneys, magistrates, and judges; and parole and probation authorities for the purpose of prosecuting, sentencing, and determining the parole and probation status of criminal offenders or suspected criminal offenders; and for civil and other proceedings involving Secret Service Protective functions; (2) Disclosure to personnel of other Federal, state and local law enforcement agencies, foreign or domestic, for the purpose of developing information on subjects involved in Secret Service protective investigations and evaluations and for the purpose of protective intelligence briefings of personnel of other law enforcement and governmental agencies assisting the U.S. Secret Service in the performance of its protective functions; (3) Disclosure to personnel of Federal, state, and local governmental agencies, foreign or domestic, where such disclosures are considered reasonably necessary for the purpose of furthering Secret Service efforts to investigate the activities of those persons considered to be of protective interest; (4) Disclosure to personnel of Federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies and other governmental agencies, foreign or domestic, where there is a showing of a reasonable need to accomplish a valid enforcement purpose; (5) Disclosure to personnel of private institutions and to private individuals of identifying information pertaining to actual or suspected criminal offenders or other individuals considered to be of protective interest for the purpose of furthering Secret Service efforts to evaluate the danger such individuals pose to persons protected by that agency; (6) Records indicating a violation or potential violation of law, whether civil, criminal, or regulatory in nature, and whether arising by general statute or particular program statute, or by regulation, rule, or order issued pursuant thereto, may be disclosed to the appropriate agency, whether Federal, state, local or foreign, charged with the responsibility of investigating or prosecuting such violation or charged with enforcing or implementing the statute, or rule, regulation, or order issued pursuant thereto; (7) Disclosures in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate or administrative tribunal and disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of discovery proceedings for the purpose of enforcing, or prosecuting, a violation or potential violation of law, whether civil, criminal or regulatory in nature and whether arising by general statute or particular program statute, or by regulation, rule or order issued pursuant thereto; (8) Disclosures and/or responses to Federal, state or local agencies maintaining civil, criminal or other relevant law enforcement information or other pertinent information, such as current licenses, if necessary to obtain information relevant to an agency decision concerning the hiring or retention of an employee, the issuance of a security clearance, the issuance of a contract, grant or other benefit, to the extent that the information is relevant and necessary to the requesting agency's decision on the matter; (9) Disclosures of information relating to criminal and civil proceedings to the news media in accordance with the guidelines contained in 28 CFR 50.2; (10) Disclosure to a student participating in a Secret Service student volunteer program, where such disclosure is necessary to further the efforts of the Secret Service.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

STORAGE:

All records are contained in file jackets, microfilm, or microfiche. Portions of the information contained in the records are maintained in on-line computer data files located at Headquarters and in the Old Executive Office Building.

RETRIEVABILITY:

This System is indexed by case number and other case related data in master and magnetic media indices. Access to the physical files is by case number, both at Headquarters and the field offices.

SAFEGUARDS:

(1) The file jackets and magnetic media are secured in locked rooms secured by alarms and other internal security devices with guards on duty on a twenty four hour basis. Access to the records is available only to employees responsible for record management and operational employees who have a need for such information, each of whom holds a top secret security clearance; (2) The file jackets in field offices are located in locked filing cabinets and in locked and alarmed rooms when employees are not on duty. Access to the system is limited to employees of the Secret Service holding top secret security clearances.

RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

The retention schedule for records is as follows: (1) All judicial case records are retained for a period of 30 years. In cases where periodic checkups are conducted in protective intelligence cases, the retention period is computed from the date of the final check-up. (2) All other protective intelligence case records including protective surveys and non-judicial protective intelligence cases are routinely retained for a period of five years; (3) Disposal of records contained in this System is by burning or shredding.

SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Assistant Director, Office of Protective Research, Assistant Director Protective Operations, U.S. Secret Service, 950 H St., NW, Washington, DC 20223.

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

In accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552a (j) and (k) the Director of the U.S. Secret Service has exempted this System from the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552a(e)(4)(G).

RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

In accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552a (j) and (k) the Director of the U.S. Secret Service has exempted this System from the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552a(e)(4)(H).

CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

See ''Record access procedures'' above.

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

In accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552a (j) and (k) the Director of the U.S. Secret Service has exempted this System from the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552a(e)(4)(I).

EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM:

This system is exempt from 5 U.S.C. 552a (c)(2), (c)(3), (c)(4), (d), (e)(3), (e)(4)(G), (e)(4)(H), (e)(4)(I), (e)(5), (e)(8), (f) and (g) of the Privacy Act pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a (j)(2), (k)(2) and (k)(3). See 31 CFR 1.36.

Treasury/USSS .008

SYSTEM NAME:

Public Affairs Record System—Treasury/USSS.

SYSTEM LOCATION:

U.S. Secret Service, 950 H St., NW, Washington, DC 20223.

CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

(a) Persons who are private citizens who correspond requesting information relating to the Secret Service; (b) Persons who are members of the news

media, authors and publishers requesting information about the Secret Service; (c) Members of Congress who make inquiries with the Secret Service; (d) Persons who are recipients of the Secret Service Honor Award, who have received recognition from or assisted the Secret Service.

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

(a) Records of inquiries received from the general public, the communication media and the press relative to Secret Service activities; (b) Records of awards presented by the Secret Service; (c) Records of Congressional inquiries and correspondence.

AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

18 U.S.C. 3056 and Treasury Department Order Number 173–3, dated October 29, 1965.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

The routine uses are as follows: (1) Disclosures and/or responses to members of Congress and/or the general public. (2) Disclosure to a student participating in a Secret Service student volunteer program, where such disclosure is necessary to further the efforts of the Secret Service.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

STORAGE:

Records comprising this System are maintained in file jackets.

RETRIEVABILTY:

Records are filed alphabetically and chronologically.

SAFEGUARDS:

The records are secured in locked filing cabinets and/or in locked rooms, with guards on duty on a twenty four hour basis. Access is available only to employees responsible for management of the system and operational employees who have a need for such information, each of whom holds a top secret security clearance.

RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

Records in this system are maintained in accordance with mandatory General Services Administration, Records Schedule 14, Items 1–7. Disposal of records is by burning, shredding, and electronic deletion.

SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Assistant Director, Office of Government Liaison and Public Affairs, U.S. Secret Service, 950 H St., NW, Suite 8400, Washington, DC 20223.

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals who wish to present a request as to whether this system contains records pertaining to them should address inquiries to: Freedom of Information and Privacy Acts Officer, U.S. Secret Service, 950 H St., NW, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20223.

RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Requests for information contained in the System should be addressed to: Freedom of Information and Privacy Acts Officer, U.S. Secret Service, 950 H St., NW, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20223.

CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

See ''Record access procedures'' above.

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

(a) The general public, the news media and members of Congress who correspond with the Secret Service; (b) Persons who have received awards or honors from the Secret Service.

EXCEPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM:

None.

Treasury/USSS .009

SYSTEM NAME:

Training Information System—Treasury/USSS.

SYSTEM LOCATION:

James J. Rowley Training Center, Laurel, MD 20708.

CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Individuals who are now or were Secret Service employees and officers of the U.S. Secret Service Uniformed Division.

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Records containing the type and dates of training programs of the U.S. Secret Service employees, officers of the U.S. Secret Service Uniformed Division including course control documents and lesson plans for classes conducted by the Office of Human Resources and Training.

AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

18 U.S.C. 3056.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

Disclosure to a student participating in a Secret Service student volunteer program, where such disclosure is necessary to further the efforts of the Secret Service, otherwise, disclosures are not made outside of the Agency.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

STORAGE:

Records are maintained on cards and in a computer database.

RETRIEVABILITY:

Records are filed alphabetically.

SAFEGUARDS:

Records are secured in locked rooms with alarms when employees are not on duty. Access is available only to employees responsible for management of the records and operational employees who have a need for such information, each of whom holds a top secret security clearance.

RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

Records are currently disposed of at varying intervals in accordance with record retention schedules approved by the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA).

SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Assistant Director, Office of Human Resources and Training, U.S. Secret Service, 950 H St., Suite 8600, NW, Washington, DC 20223.

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals who wish to present a request as to whether this system contains records pertaining to them should address inquiries to: Freedom of Information and Privacy Acts Officer, U.S. Secret Service, 950 H St., NW., Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20223.

RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Requests for information contained in the System should be addressed to: Freedom of Information and Privacy Acts Officer, U.S. Secret Service, 950 H St., NW, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20223.

CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

See ''Record access procedures'' above.

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

(a) Individuals who are now or were Secret Service employees, officers of the U.S. Secret Service Uniformed Division, (b) Individuals from other Federal, state and local law enforcement agencies.

EXCEPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM:

None.

USSS Appendix A

U.S. Secret Service field offices and resident offices:

Great Washington Professional Building, 441 Wolf Ledges Parkway, Akron, OH 44311

Compass Bank Building, 505 Marquette

Street, NW, Suite 1700, Albuquerque, NM 87102
6100 Rockside Woods Blvd., Room 440, Cleveland, OH 44131–2334. Equitable Building, P.O. Box 54407, Atlanta, GA 30308
Ventnor Professional Campus, 6601 Ventnor Ave., Suite 501, Ventnor City, NJ 08406
Federal Office Building, 300 East 8th Street, Suite 972, Austin, TX 78701
100 S. Charles Street, 11th Floor, Baltimore, MD 21201
125 East John W. Carpenter Fwy, Suite #300, Irving, TX 75062
Daniel Bldg., 15 South 20th St., Suite 1125, Birmingham, AL 35233
Thomas P. O'Neill, Jr. Federal Bldg., 10 Causeway Street, Suite 791, Boston, MA 02222–1080
610 Main St., Suite 300, Buffalo, NY 14202
BB&T Square, 300 Summers Start, Suite 910, Charleston, WV 25301
One Fairview Center, 6302 Fairview Rd., Suite 400, Charlotte, NC 28210
Gateway IV Building, 300 Riverside Plaza, Suite 1200 North, Chicago, IL 60606
John Weld Peck Federal Building, 550 Main Street, Room 6118, Cincinnati, OH 45202
6100 Rockside Woods Blvd., Suite 440, Cleveland, OH 44131
Strom Thurmond Federal Bldg., 1835 Assembly Street, Suite 1425, Columbia, SC 29201
500 South Front Street, Suite 800, Columbus, OH 43215
125 East John W. Carpenter, Suite 300, Irving, TX 75062
1660 Lincoln Street, Suite 1430, Denver, CO 80264
Patrick V. McNamara Building, Suite 1000, 477 Michigan Avenue, Detroit, MI 48226
Mesa One Building, 4849 North Mesa, Suite 210, El Paso, TX 79912
330 Ionia Ave., NW, Suite 302, Grand Rapids, MI 49503–2350
301 North Main Street, Greenville, SC 29601
300 Ala Moana Boulevard; Room 6–210, P.O. Box 50046, Honolulu, HI 96850
602 Sawyer St., Suite 500, Houston, TX 77007
Federal Building, 575 N. Pennsylvania Street, Suite 211, Indianapolis, IN 46204
Federal Bldg., 100 West Capitol Street, Suite 840, Jackson, MS 39269
7820 Arlington Expressway, Suite 500, Jacksonville, FL 32211
JFK International Airport, Bldg.#75, Room 246, Jamaica, NY 11430
1150 Grand Avenue, Suite 510, Kansas City, MO 64106
P.O. Box 16027, Federal Station, Las Vegas, NV 89101
111 Center Street, Suite 1700, Little Rock, AR 72201
RoyBal Federal Bldg., 17th Fl., 255 E. Temple Street, Los Angeles, CA 90012
377 Federal Building, 600 Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., Place, Louisville, KY 40202
35 Pinelawn Road, Suite 216E, Melville, NY 11747
5350 Poplar Ave., Suite 204, Memphis, TN 38119
8375 Northwest 53rd Street, Suite 100, Miami, FL 33166
572 Federal Courthouse, 517 E. Wisconsin Ave., Milwaukee, WI 53202
U.S. Courthouse, 300 South 4th Street, Minneapolis, MN 55415
182 Saint Francis Street, Suite 200, Mobile, AL 32501
U.S. Courthouse 658, 801 Broadway Street, Nashville, TN 37203
Headquarters Plaza—West Tower, Suite 700, One Speedwell Ave., Morristown, NJ 07960
P.O. Box 45, New Haven, CT 06501
Hale Boggs Federal Building, 501 Magazine St., Room 807, New Orleans, LA 70130
7 World Trade Center, 9th Fl., New York, NY 10048–1901
Federal Building, Suite 640, 200 Granby Street, Norfolk, VA 23510
Lakepointe Towers, Suite 650, 4013 NW Expressway, Oklahoma City, OK 73116
2707 North 108th Street, Suite 301, Omaha, NE 68164
135 W. Central Blvd., Suite 670, Orlando, FL 32801
7236 Federal Building, 600 Arch Street, Philadelphia, PA 19106–1676
3200 North Central Ave., Suite 1450, Phoenix, AZ 85012
William S. Moorehead Federal Bldg., 1000 Liberty Avenue, Room 1611, Pittsburgh, PA 15222
The Federal Center, 380 Westminster St., Suite 343, Providence, RI 02903
4407 Bland Road, Suite 210, Raleigh, NC 27609
Main St Centre, 600 East Main Street, Suite 1910, Richmond, VA 23219
4371 Latham St., Suite 203, Riverside, CA 92501
501 I Street, Suite 9–5000, Sacramento, CA 95814
301 E Genesee, Suite 200, Saginaw, MI 48607
111 South 10th Street, St. Louis, MO 63102
American Plaza II, 57 West 200 South, Suite 450, Salt Lake City, UT 84101
727 E. Durango Blvd.,Room B410, Federal Building, San Antonio, TX 78206
550 West C St., Suite 660, San Diego, CA 92101
345 Spear St., Suite 530, San Francisco, CA 94105
U.S. Courthouse and Federal Building, 280 South 1st St., Suite 2050, San Jose, CA 95113
200 W. Santa Ana Blvd., Suite 500, Santa Ana, CA 92701
915 Second Ave., Room 806, Seattle, WA 98174
601 W. Riverside Avenue, Suite 1340, Spokane, WA 99201
400 West Monroe, Suite 301, Springfield, IL 62704
501 East Polk St., Room 1101, Tampa, FL 33602
402 East State Street, Trenton, NJ 08608
1050 Connecticut Ave., NW, Suite 1000, Washington, DC 20036
Suite 800, 505 South Flagler Drive, West Palm Beach, FL 33401
140 Grand St., Suite 300, White Plains, NY 10601
920 King Street, Suite 414, Wilmington, DE 19801
American Embassy/USSS—Bangkok Box 64, APO AP 96546
U.S. Embassy—Bogota, Unit 5146, APO AA 34038
American Embassy, Bonn, PSC 117, Box 300, APO AE 09080
U.S. Consulate, Montreal, P.O. Box 847, Champlain, NY 12919–0847
American Embassy/USSS—London, England PSC 801, Box 64, FPO AE 09498–4064
1510 FD Roosevelt Ave., Suite 3B, Guaynabo, PR 00968
United States Consulate General, PSC 59, Milan, APO AE 09624
American Embassy, Nicosia, PSC 815, FPO AE 09836
American Embassy/USSS—Manila, Philippines PSC 500 Box 12 FPO AP 96515
American Embassy/USSS—Paris, PSC 116, Box D306, APO AE 09777–5000
American Embassy/USSS—Rome, Italy PSC 59, Box 62, USSS, APO AE 09624
U.S. Consulate General, PSC 464, Box 25, FPO AP 96521–0006
U.S. Embassy, P.O. Box 5000, Ogdensburg, NY 13669
PCS 120, Box 3000, APO AE 09265
PSC 77 (USSS), APO AE 09721
Department of State, 9300 Pretoria Place, Washington, DC 20521
U.S. Consulate, Vancover, P.O. Box 5002, Point Roberts, WA 98281

[FR Doc. 01–21653 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4810–42–P

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

[OMB Control No. 2900–VHA2]

Proposed Information Collection Activity: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

AGENCY: Veterans Health Administration, Department of Veterans Affairs

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Veterans Health Administration (VHA), Department of Veterans Affairs (VA), is announcing an opportunity for public comment on the proposed collection of certain information by the agency. Under the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995, Federal agencies are required to publish notice in the **Federal Register** concerning each proposed collection of information, including each proposed new collection, and allow 60 days for public comment in response to the notice. This notice solicits comments for information needed to determine the extent to which former reservists experienced physical assault of a sexual nature or battery of a sexual nature while serving on active duty for training.

DATES: Written comments and recommendations on the proposed collection of information should be received on or before October 29, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Submit written comments on the collection of information to Ann

W. Bickoff, Veterans Health Administration (193B1), Department of Veterans Affairs, 810 Vermont Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20420 or e-mail: *ann.bickoff@mail.va.gov.* Please refer to ''OMB Control No. 2900–VHA2'' in any correspondence.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ann W. Bickoff at (202) 273–8310 or FAX (202) 273–9381.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the PRA of 1995 (Public Law 104–13; 44 U.S.C., 3501–3520), Federal agencies must obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for each collection of information they conduct or sponsor. This request for comment is being made pursuant to Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the PRA.

With respect to the following collection of information, VHA invites comments on: (1) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of VHA's functions, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) the accuracy of VHA's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or the use of other forms of information technology.

Title: Survey of Military Sexual Trauma Among the Reserve Components of the Armed Forces, VA Form 10–21052(NR).

OMB Control Number: 2900–VHA2.

Type of Review: New collection.

Abstract: The Veterans Millennium Health Care and Benefits Act mandates that the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, will conduct a study to determine: (1) the extent to which former members of the Reserve Components of the Armed Forces experienced physical assault of a sexual nature or battery of a sexual nature while serving on active duty for training; (2) the extent to which such former members have sought counseling through VA relating to these incidents; and (3) the additional resources that, in the judgment of the Secretary, would be required to meet the projected need of these former members for such counseling.

Affected Public: Individuals and households.

Estimated Annual Burden: 3,375 hours.

Estimated Average Burden Per Respondent: 45 minutes.

Frequency of Response: One time.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 4,500.

Dated: August 15, 2001.

By direction of the Secretary:

Donald L. Neilson,

Director, Information Management Service.

[FR Doc. 01–21679 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8320–01–P

Federal Register

Tuesday,

August 28, 2001

Part II

Department of Transportation

Research and Special Programs Administration

49 CFR Parts 107, 110, et al.

Hazardous Materials Regulations: Minor Editorial Corrections and Clarifications; Final Rule

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Research and Special Programs Administration

49 CFR Parts 107, 110, 130, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179 and 180

[Docket No. RSPA–2001–9567 (HM–189R)]

RIN 2137–AD51

Hazardous Materials Regulations: Minor Editorial Corrections and Clarifications

AGENCY: Research and Special Programs Administration (RSPA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This final rule corrects inconsistencies in terminology and makes minor editorial corrections to improve the clarity of the Hazardous Materials Regulations (HMR). The intended effect of this rule is to enhance the accuracy and reduce misunderstandings of the regulations. The amendments contained in this rule are minor editorial changes and do not impose new requirements.

DATES: *Effective Date:* September 27, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Gigi Corbin, Office of Hazardous Materials Standards, (202) 366–8553, Research and Special Programs Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street, SW., Washington, DC 20590–0001.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Introduction

This final rule corrects inconsistent use of terminology to enhance the clarity of the HMR. Because these amendments do not impose new requirements, notice and public comment procedures are unnecessary.

II. Summary of Regulatory Changes

The following is a summary of the amendments made under this final rule. It does not discuss all minor editorial corrections (for example: typographical, capitalization and punctuation errors) and certain other minor adjustments to enhance the clarity of the HMR.

—The term ''Associate Administrator'' is added in §§ 110.20 and 171.8 to the listing of definitions and abbreviations for uniformity and continuity with the definition that appears in § 107.3. The wording ''Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety'' is revised to read ''Associate Administrator'' wherever it appears in 49 CFR Parts 107 through 180. However, the title ''Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety'' is retained when it appears as part of an address.

—The definition of ''DOT and Department'' in § 179.2 is removed and is added in §§ 107.3 and 171.8. All other references to ''Department of Transportation'' are revised to read ''Department'', except where they appear in an address.

—Obsolete references to Explosive A, Class A, Explosive B, Class B, Explosive C, Class C and blasting agent are removed.

—The term ''frangible disc'' is revised to read ''rupture disc'' for consistency of usage. These terms are synonymous.

—The definition of ''intermediate bulk container'' in § 171.8 is revised to include the acronym ''IBC.'' All other references in the HMR to ''intermediate bulk container'' and ''intermediate bulk containers'' are revised to read ''IBC'' or ''IBCs'' respectively.

—The definition of ''Maximum Allowable Working Pressure or MAWP'' in § 171.8 is removed and the acronym ''MAWP'' is added. All other references to ''maximum allowable working pressure'' are revised to read ''MAWP''.

—RSPA has reviewed the references to units of pressure measurements in the HMR for consistency. The units used are psi (pounds per square inch), psig (pounds per square inch, gauge) and psia (pounds per square inch, absolute). Revisions have been made, where necessary, to designate ''psi'' for units of material stress, ''psig'' for test pressure measurements, and ''psia'' for measurements of vapor pressure. The entry ''Psi'' is removed in § 179.2—Definitions and abbreviations, since the entry already is in § 171.8.

—The term ''UN Recommendations'' is added in § 171.8 to the listing of definitions and abbreviations. References to the ''UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods'' are revised to read ''UN Recommendations''.

—In § 172.102, special provision 27 does not appear in any entry in the § 172.101 Hazardous Materials Table and is removed.

—A typographical error is corrected in § 173.315(n)(1)(v), column (4), by replacing ''paragraph (n)(3)'' with ''paragraph (n)(2)'' the second time it appears.

—In § 175.78, all references to ''ICAO'' (hazard) classes are removed.

—Text indicating units of measure is replaced by the International System of Units (SI) symbol.

III. Rulemaking Analyses and Notices

A. Executive Order 12866 and DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures

This final rule is not considered a significant regulatory action under section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 and, therefore, was not subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget. This rule is not significant according to the Regulatory Policies and Procedures of the Department of Transportation (44 FR 11034). Because of the minimal economic impact of this rule, preparation of a regulatory impact analysis or a regulatory evaluation is not warranted.

B. Executive Order 13132

This final rule has been analyzed in accordance with the principles and criteria in Executive Order 13132 (''Federalism''). This final rule does not propose any regulation that: (1) Has substantial direct effects on the States, the relationship between the national government and the States, or the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government; (2) imposes substantial direct compliance costs on State and local governments; or (3) preempts state law.

RSPA is not aware of any State, local, or Indian tribe requirements that would be preempted by correcting editorial errors and making minor regulatory changes. This final rule does not have sufficient federalism impacts to warrant the preparation of a federalism assessment.

C. Executive Order 13084

This rule has been analyzed in accordance with the principles and criteria contained in Executive Order 13084 (''Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments''). Because this rule would not significantly or uniquely affect the communities of the Indian tribal governments, the funding and consultation requirements of this Executive Order do not apply.

D. Regulatory Flexibility Act

I certify that this final rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. This rule makes minor editorial changes which will not impose any new requirements on persons subject to the HMR; thus, there are no direct or indirect adverse economic impacts for small units of government, businesses or other organizations.

E. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995

This rule does not impose unfunded mandates under the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995. It does not result in costs of $100 million or more to either State, local, or tribal governments, in the aggregate, or to the private sector, and is the least burdensome alternative that achieves the objective of the rule.

F. Paperwork Reduction Act

There are no new information collection requirements in this final rule.

G. Regulation Identifier Number (RIN)

A regulation identifier number (RIN) is assigned to each regulatory action listed in the Unified Agenda of Federal Regulations. The Regulatory Information Service Center publishes the Unified Agenda in April and October of each year. The RIN number contained in the heading of this document can be used to cross-reference this action with the Unified Agenda.

List of Subjects

49 CFR Part 107

Administrative practice and procedure, Hazardous materials transportation, Packaging and containers, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

49 CFR Part 110

Disaster assistance, Education, Emergency preparedness, Grant programs—environmental protection, Grant programs—Indians, Hazardous materials transportation, Hazardous substances, Indians, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

49 CFR Part 130

Oil pollution, Packaging and containers, Response Plans, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Transportation.

49 CFR Part 171

Exports, Hazardous materials transportation, Hazardous waste, Imports, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

49 CFR Part 172

Education, Hazardous materials transportation, Hazardous waste, Labeling, Markings, Packaging and containers, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

49 CFR Part 173

Hazardous materials transportation, Packaging and containers, Radioactive materials, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Uranium.

49 CFR Part 174

Hazardous materials transportation, Radioactive materials, Railroad safety.

49 CFR Part 175

Air carriers, Hazardous materials transportation, Radioactive materials, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

49 CFR Part 176

Hazardous materials transportation, Maritime carriers, Radioactive materials, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

49 CFR Part 177

Hazardous materials transportation, Motor carriers, Radioactive materials, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

49 CFR Part 178

Hazardous materials transportation, Motor vehicle safety, Packaging and containers, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

49 CFR Part 179

Hazardous materials transportation, Railroad safety, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

49 CFR Part 180

Hazardous materials transportation, Motor carriers, Motor vehicle safety, Packaging and containers, Railroad safety, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

In consideration of the foregoing, 49 CFR Chapter I is amended as follows:

PART 107—HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PROGRAM PROCEDURES

1. The authority citation for part 107 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 5101–5127; 44701; Sec. 212–213, Pub. L. 104–121, 110 Stat. 857; 49 CFR 1.45, 1.53.

2. Amend 49 CFR part 107 by removing the wording ''Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety'' and adding the wording ''Associate Administrator'' each place it appears in the following sections:

107.1(a)
107.7(a), (c)
107.305(a), (c), (d)
107.307(a) introductory text, (b)
107.309(a), (b)(1)
107.310(a), (b) introductory text, (c)
107.317(c)
107.335
107.401(b)
107.402(b)(6), (c)
107.403(a), (b), (c)
107.404(a)(3), (b)
107.405(a) introductory text, (b) introductory text

3. Amend § 107.3 by adding a new definition for ''DOT or Department'' in appropriate alphabetical order to read as follows:

§ 107.3 Definitions.

* * * * *

DOT or *Department* means U.S. Department of Transportation.

* * * * *

§ 107.117 [Amended]

4. Amend § 107.117 by making the following changes:

a. In paragraph (d) introductory text, remove the wording ''U.S. Department of Transportation'' and add the word ''Department'' each place it appears.

b. In paragraph (e), remove the wording ''Department of Transportation'' and add the word ''Department'' in its place.

§ 107.127 [Amended]

5. Amend § 107.127, paragraph (a), by removing the wording ''Dockets Unit'' and adding the wording ''RSPA Records Center'' in its place.

§ 107.327 [Amended]

6. Amend § 107.327, the last sentence in paragraph (a)(1) introductory text, by removing the wording ''with Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety'' and adding the wording ''with the Associate Administrator'' in its place.

PART 110—HAZARDOUS MATERIALS PUBLIC SECTOR TRAINING AND PLANNING GRANTS

7. The authority citation for part 110 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 5101–5127; 49 CFR 1.53.

8. Amend 49 CFR part 110 by removing the wording ''Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety'' and adding the wording ''Associate Administrator'' each place it appears in the following sections:

110.40(a)(7), (b)(6)
110.60(a)(4)
110.70(c) introductory text, (d)
110.100
110.110
110.120

9. Amend 110.20 by adding a new definition for ''Associate Administrator'' in appropriate alphabetical order to read as follows:

§ 110.20 Definitions.

* * * * *

Associate Administrator means the Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety, Research and Special Programs Administration.

* * * * *

PART 130—OIL SPILL PREVENTION AND RESPONSE PLANS

10. The authority citation for part 130 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 33 U.S.C. 1321.

§ 130.5 [Amended]

11. Amend § 130.5, the Note following the definition of ''Liquid'', by removing the wording ''Dockets Unit'' and adding the wording ''RSPA Records Center'' in its place.

PART 171—GENERAL INFORMATION, REGULATIONS, AND DEFINITIONS

12. The authority citation for part 171 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 5101–5127; 49 CFR 1.53.

§ 171.1 [Amended]

13. Amend § 171.1, paragraph (a) introductory text, by removing the wording ''of Transportation''.

§ 171.7 [Amended]

14. Amend § 171.7:

a. In paragraph (a)(2)(i), by removing the wording ''Dockets Branch, room 8419'' and adding the wording ''RSPA Records Center, Room 8421'' in its place.

b. In paragraph (a)(3) table, under Association of American Railroads, in the entry for ''AAR Manual of Standards and Recommended Practices, Section C—Part III, Specifications for Tank Cars M–1002, September 1996'' by removing the word ''September'' and adding the word ''January'' in its place.

15. Amend § 171.8 by:

a. Removing the definitions for ''*Intermediate bulk container*'' and ''*Maximum Allowable Working Pressure* or *MAWP*''.

b. Revising the definitions for ''Competent Authority'', ''EX number'', ''Gas'', ''Liquid'', ''Metered delivery service'' and ''UN standard packaging''.

c. Adding new definitions for ''*Associate Administrator*'', ''*DOT* or *Department*'', ''*Intermediate bulk container* or *IBC*'', ''*MAWP*'' and ''*UN Recommendations*'' in appropriate alphabetical order to read as follows:

§ 171.8 Definitions and abbreviations.

* * * * *

Associate Administrator means the Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety, Research and Special Programs Administration.

* * * * *

Competent Authority means a national agency responsible under its national law for the control or regulation of a particular aspect of the transportation of hazardous materials (dangerous goods). The term *Appropriate Authority*, as used in the ICAO Technical Instructions (see § 171.7), has the same meaning as *Competent Authority.* For purposes of this subchapter, the Associate Administrator is the Competent Authority for the United States.

* * * * *

DOT or *Department* means U.S. Department of Transportation.

* * * * *

EX number means a number preceded by the prefix ''EX'', assigned by the Associate Administrator, to an item that has been evaluated under the provisions of § 173.56 of this subchapter.

* * * * *

Gas means a material which has a vapor pressure greater than 300 kPa (43.5 psia) at 50 °C (122 °F) or is completely gaseous at 20 °C (68 °F) at a standard pressure of 101.3 kPa (14.7 psia).

* * * * *

Intermediate bulk container or *IBC* means a rigid or flexible portable packaging, other than a cylinder or portable tank, which is designed for mechanical handling. Standards for IBCs manufactured in the United States are set forth in subparts N and O of part 178 of this subchapter.

* * * * *

Liquid means a material, other than an elevated temperature material, with a melting point or initial melting point of 20 °C (68 °F) or lower at a standard pressure of 101.3 kPa (14.7 psia). A viscous material for which a specific melting point cannot be determined must be subjected to the procedures specified in ASTM D 4359 ''Standard Test Method for Determining Whether a Material is Liquid or Solid'' (see § 171.7).

* * * * *

MAWP means maximum allowable working pressure.

* * * * *

Metered delivery service means a cargo tank unloading operation conducted at a metered flow rate of 378.5 L (100 gallons) per minute or less through an attached delivery hose with a nominal inside diameter of 3.175 cm (1¼ inches) or less.

* * * * *

UN Recommendations means the UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods.

UN standard packaging means a packaging conforming to standards in the UN Recommendations.

* * * * *

§ 171.10 [Amended]

16. Amend § 171.10, the table in paragraph (c)(2), by:

a. Removing the period after the acronym ''TBq.'' in the first entry of the table, in column 3.

b. Removing the acronym ''gr'' and adding the acronym ''g'' in its place in the fourth entry of the table, in columns 2 and 3.

c. Removing the acronym ''l'' and adding the acronym ''L'' in its place in the seventh entry of the table, in columns 2 and 3.

d. Removing the acronym ''ml'' and adding the acronym ''mL'' in its place in the seventh entry of the table, in columns 2 and 3.

e. Removing the acronym ''ml'' and adding the acronym ''mL'' in its place in the abbreviations following the table.

§ 171.14 [Amended]

17. Amend § 171.14, paragraph (c), by removing the wording ''Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety'' and adding the wording ''Associate Administrator'' in its place.

§ 171.20 [Amended]

18. Amend § 171.20, paragraphs (a) and (c), by removing the wording ''Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety'' and adding the wording ''Associate Administrator'' in its place.

§ 171.21 [Amended]

19. Amend § 171.21, paragraphs (a) and (b), by removing the wording ''of Transportation'' each place it appears.

PART 172—HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TABLE, SPECIAL PROVISIONS, HAZARDOUS MATERIALS COMMUNICATIONS, EMERGENCY RESPONSE INFORMATION, AND TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

20. The authority citation for part 172 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 5101–5127; 49 CFR 1.53.

21. Amend 49 CFR part 172 by removing the wording ''Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety'' and adding the wording

''Associate Administrator'' each place it appears in the following sections:

172.101(b)(1), (d)(2), (f), (l)(2)
App. B to 172.101, paragraph 5.
172.102(c)(1) special provisions 26, 29, 53, 55, 60, 105, 118, 121, 125, 129, 131, 133 and 136
172.102(c)(3) special provisions B46, B55, B61, B69, B77 and B81
172.102(c)(5) special provisions N10 and N72
172.102(c)(7)(ii) special provision T42
172.320(d)

22. Amend 49 CFR part 172 by removing the word ''liters'' and adding the acronym ''L'' each place it appears in the following sections:

172.102(c)(1) special provision 36
172.102(c)(2) special provision A14
172.322(d)(1)(i), (d)(2)(i)

23. Amend 49 CFR part 172 by removing the word ''kilograms'' and adding the acronym ''kg'' each place it appears in the following sections:

172.102(c)(2) special provisions A13 and A14
172.310(a)
172.322(d)(2)(ii)

24. Amend 49 CFR part 172 by removing the acronym ''ml'' and adding the acronym ''mL'' each place it appears in the following sections:

172.102 (c)(1) special provisions 40 and 47
172.102(c)(5) special provision N76
172.312(c)(3)

25. Amend 49 CFR part 172 by removing the wording ''safety relief device'' and adding the wording ''reclosing pressure relief device'' each place it appears in the following section:

172.102(c)(3) special provisions B42 and B76

26. Amend § 172.1 by removing the wording ''of Transportation''.

§ 172.101 [Amended]

27. Amend § 172.101, paragraphs (k)(2)(i), (k)(4) and (k)(5), by removing the wording ''three meters'' and adding the wording ''3 m'' each place it appears.

§ 172.102 [Amended]

28. In § 172.102:

a. Amend paragraph (c)(1) by removing special provision 27.

b. Amend paragraph (c)(2), special provision A13, by removing the wording ''50 milliliters'' and adding the wording ''50 mL'' in its place.

c. In paragraph (c)(3):

i. Amend special provisions B11 and B27 by removing the acronym ''psi'' and adding the acronym ''psig'' each place it appears.

ii. Amend special provision B60 by removing the wording ''safety relief device'' and adding the wording ''pressure relief device'' in its place.

iii. Amend special provision B69 by removing the wording ''intermediate bulk containers (FIBCs)'' and adding the acronym ''IBCs'' in its place.

iv. Amend special provision B103 by removing the wording ''intermediate bulk container'' and adding the acronym ''IBC'' in its place.

v. Amend special provisions B100 and B104 by removing the wording ''Intermediate bulk containers'' and adding the acronym ''IBCs'' each place it appears.

vi. Amend special provisions B101, B105, B106, B108 and B109 by removing the wording ''intermediate bulk containers'' and adding the acronym ''IBCs'' each place it appears.

vii. Revise special provisions B45, B47, B57, the second sentence in special provision B49, and the fourth and fifth sentences in special provision 78 to read as follows:

§ 172.102 Special provisions.

* * * * *

(c) * * *

(3) * * *

Code/Special Provisions

* * * * *

B45 Each tank must have a reclosing combination pressure relief device equipped with stainless steel or platinum rupture discs approved by the AAR Tank Car Committee.

* * * * *

B47 Each tank may have a reclosing pressure relief device having a start-to-discharge pressure setting of 310 kPa (45 psig).

* * * * *

B49 * * * Single unit tank car tanks must have a reclosing pressure relief device having a start-to-discharge pressure set at no more than 1551 kPa (225 psig).

* * * * *

B57 Class 115A tank car tanks used to transport chloroprene must be equipped with a non-reclosing pressure relief device of a diameter not less than 305 mm (12 inches) with a maximum rupture disc burst pressure of 310 kPa (45 psig).

* * * * *

B78 * * * If a tank car tank is equipped with a non-reclosing pressure relief device, the rupture disc must be perforated with a 3.2 mm (0.13 inch) diameter hole. If a tank car tank is equipped with a reclosing pressure relief valve, the tank must also be equipped with a vacuum relief valve.

* * * * *

§ 172.203 [Amended]

29. Amend § 172.203, paragraph (d)(7)(ii), by removing the wording ''6 meters'' and adding the wording ''6 m'' in its place.

§ 172.302 [Amended]

30. Amend § 172.302, paragraph (b)(2), by removing the wording ''intermediate bulk containers'' and adding the acronym ''IBCs''.

§ 172.312 [Amended]

31. Amend § 172.312, paragraph (c)(2), by removing the wording ''one liter'' and adding the wording ''1 L'' in its place.

§ 172.322 [Amended]

32. Amend § 172.322, paragraph (d)(1)(ii), by removing the wording ''500 grams'' and adding the wording ''500 g'' in its place.

33. Amend § 172.401 by revising paragraphs (c)(1), (c)(2), (c)(3) and (c)(4) to read as follows:

§ 172.401 Prohibited labeling.

* * * * *

(c) * * *

(1) The UN Recommendations (see § 171.7 of this subchapter);

(2) The IMDG Code (see § 171.7 of this subchapter);

(3) The ICAO Technical Instructions (see § 171.7 of this subchapter);

(4) The TDG Regulations (see § 171.7 of this subchapter).

* * * * *

§ 172.514 [Amended]

34. Amend § 172.514, paragraph (c)(4), by removing the wording ''intermediate bulk container'' and adding the acronym ''IBC''.

§ 172.602 [Amended]

35. Amend § 172.602, paragraph (a)(1), by removing the wording ''as appropriate'' at the end of the paragraph and adding the wording ''as appropriate (see § 171.7 of this subchapter)'' in its place.

PART 173—SHIPPERS—GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR SHIPMENTS AND PACKAGINGS

36. The authority citation for part 173 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 5101–5127, 44701; 49 CFR 1.45, 1.53.

37. Amend 49 CFR part 173 by removing the wording ''Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety'' and adding the wording ''Associate Administrator'' each place it appears in the following sections:

173.2a(c)(4)
173.4(c)
173.21(f)(3) introductory text, (i)
173.22(c)(2)
173.24(e)(3)(iii)
173.28(b)(2)(ii), (b)(7)(iv)(C)

173.34(c)(3), (e)(2)(i), (e)(2)(ii) introductory text, (e)(2)(ii)(A), (e)(2)(ii)(B), (e)(2)(iii), (e)(4)(iii) introductory text, (e)(7)(ii), (e)(8)(i)(C), (i) introductory text, (i)(4)(i), (l) introductory text, (l)(2), (l)(3)
173.51(a), (b)
173.52(a)
173.56(a)(2), (b)(1) introductory text, (b)(4), (c) introductory text, (f), (g), (i), (j) introductory text, (j)(3)
173.58(d), (e)
173.59 Definition of ''Initiation, means of.''
173.62(c)(5)
173.115(a)(2)
173.120(d)
173.124(a)(1)(ii) introductory text, (a)(2)(i)(E), (a)(2)(iii)(D)
173.128(a)(3), (d)(1) introductory text 173.132(d)
173.159(f)
173.166(b)(1), (b)(3)(ii), (c), (d)(1)
173.171(d)
173.185(i)
173.214
173.222(b)(3)
173.224(c)(1), (d)
173.225(b)(4) introductory text, (c)(1)
173.245(a), (b)
173.300a(c), (d), (e), (g), (h), (i)
173.300b(c), (d), (e), (f), (g)
173.300c(a) introductory text, (b)
173.301(j)(1)(i)
173.305(c)(1)
173.306(f)(5)
173.315(i)(12)
173.316(d)
173.318(f)(4)
173.334(d)
173.340(a), (b), (c)(4)
173.411(c)
173.433(b)
173.457(b)(4)
173.471(e)
173.472(f)
173.473(a)(1)
173.476(a), (c) introductory text

38. Amend 49 CFR part 173 by removing the wording ''intermediate bulk container'' and adding the acronym ''IBC'' each place it appears in the following sections:

173.35(a), (c), (d), (f)(1), (f)(2), (g), (h) introductory text, (h)(1) introductory text, (h)(1)(i), (h)(1)(ii), (h)(1)(iii), (h)(1)(iv), (h)(2) introductory text, (j), (k), (l) heading, (l)(1), (l)(2), (l)(3), (l)(4)
173.240(d)(1)(i)
173.241(d)(1)(i)(A), (d)(1)(ii)(A)
173.242(d)(1)(i)(A), (d)(1)(ii)(A)

39. Amend 49 CFR part 173 by removing the wording ''intermediate bulk containers'' and adding the acronym ''IBCs'' each place it appears in the following sections:

173.35(h)(2), (j)
173.224(d)
173.225(b)(8) Notes 7 and 10 to table
173.240(d)(1)(i), (d)(2) introductory text, (d)(2)(i), (d)(2)(ii)
173.241(d)(2) introductory text, (d)(2)(i), (d)(2)(ii), (d)(2)(iii)
173.242(d)(1)(i)(A), (d)(2)(i), (d)(2)(ii), (d)(2)(iii), (d)(2)(iv)
173.243(d)(1), (d)(2)(i), (d)(2)(ii), (d)(2)(iii)

40. Amend 49 CFR part 173 by removing the wording ''Intermediate bulk containers'' and adding the acronym ''IBCs'' each place it appears in the following sections:

173.225(e)(5) heading and introductory text
173.240(d) heading and introductory text
173.241(d) heading, (d)(1) introductory text
173.242(d) heading, (d)(1) introductory text, (d)(2) introductory text
173.143(d) heading, (d)(2) introductory text

41. Amend 49 CFR part 173 by removing the acronym ''psi'' and adding the acronym ''psig'' each place it appears in the following sections:

173.3(c)(1)
173.27(c)(2)(i), (c)(3)(ii)
173.28(b)(2)(i)
173.31(c)(3), (e)(2) introductory text, (f)(1) introductory text, (f)(1)(i)(A)
173.34(d)(1)(ii), (d)(1)(iii), (d)(2), (e) Table and Note 2 to Table, (e)(4)(iii)(A), (e)(4)(v), (e)(10), (e)(12)
173.115(i)
173.159(d)(3)(ii)
173.172(a), (b)
173.181(a)
173.196(f)
173.226(b) introductory text
173.227(b) introductory text
173.301(g)(5)
173.303(b)
173.314(c) Table Notes 7 and 8, (o)
173.319(a)(4)(iii), (c), (e)(1), (e)(2)(i)
173.323(c)(1)
173.335(a)
173.337 introductory text

42. Amend 49 CFR part 173 by removing the acronym ''psi'' and adding the acronym ''psia'' each place it appears in the following sections:

173.24a(b)(4)(i), (b)(4)(ii), (b)(4)(iii)
173.27(c)(2)(ii)(A), (c)(2)(ii)(B), (c)(2)(ii)(C)
173.35(h)(1)(ii), (h)(1)(iii)
173.115(a) introductory text, (a)(1), (a)(2), (c) introductory text, (j)

43. Amend 49 CFR part 173 by removing the wording ''pounds per square inch'' and adding the acronym ''psi'' each place it appears in the following sections:

173.28(b)(4)(ii)
173.306(g)(3)
173.412(f)
173.465(d)(1)(ii)

44. Amend 49 CFR part 173 by removing the word ''liters'' and adding the acronym ''L'' each place it appears in the following sections:

173.8(b), (c)
173.22(a)(3)(i)
173.125(c)(2)(ii)(B), (c)(2)(ii)(C), (d)(1), (d)(2)
173.306(f)(4)(i)
173.309(a)(3)(i)
173.315(k)(2), (n)(1) Table item (iv), (n)(1) Table item (v), (n)(5)(iii)
173.417(b)(1), Table 4 note 2

45. Amend 49 CFR part 173 by removing the word ''liter'' and adding the acronym ''L'' each place it appears in the following sections:

173.124(c)
173.125(d)(3)
173.225(d)(3)
173.306(f)(4)(i), (f)(4)(ii)
173.403, Definition of ''Low Specific Activity (LSA) material'', paragraph (2)(i)
173.453(d)

46. Amend 49 CFR part 173 by removing the wording ''one liter'' and adding the wording ''1 L'' each place it appears in the following sections:

173.306(a)(3)(i), (b)(1) introductory text
173.314(c), Table Note 1.

47. Amend 49 CFR part 173 by removing the word ''kilograms'' and adding the acronym ''kg'' each place it appears in the following sections:

173.417(a)(6)(viii), (b)(2)(i), (b)(2)(ii), Table 5 note 1
173.419(c)
173.465(c)(3), (c)(4), (e)(1)
173.469(b)(2)(i), (b)(3)(iv)

48. Amend 49 CFR part 173 by removing the word ''kilogram'' and adding the acronym ''kg'' each place it appears in the following section:

173.417(b)(2)(ii), Table 5 note 3

49. Amend 49 CFR part 173 by removing the word ''meter'' and adding the acronym ''m'' each place it appears in the following sections:

173.416(f)
173.443(d)(1)
173.459(b) introductory text
173.465(c)(2), (c)(3), (c)(4), (e)(2)
173.469(b)(2)(i), (b)(3)(iv)

50. Amend 49 CFR part 173 by removing the word ''meters'' and adding the acronym ''m'' each place it appears in the following sections:

173.189(d)(4)(iii)
173.315(n)(3) introductory text, (n)(3)(i)

173.427(a)(1)
173.441(b)(3)
173.447(a)
173.466(a)(1), (a)(2)
173.469(b)(1)

51. Amend 49 CFR part 173 by removing the word ''centimeters'' and adding the acronym ''cm'' each place it appears in the following sections:

173.412(b)
173.417(b)(2)(ii), (b)(2), Table 5 note 5
173.465(b), (e)(1)
173.469(b)(2)(ii), (b)(3)(i), (b)(3)(v)

52. Amend 49 CFR part 173 by removing the word ''centimeter'' and adding the acronym ''cm'' each place it appears in the following section:

173.417(b)(2)(ii)

53. Amend 49 CFR part 173 by removing the word ''millimeters'' and adding the acronym ''mm'' each place it appears in the following sections:

173.417(b)(2)(ii), Table 5 note 6
173.469(b)(2)(ii), (b)(3)(v)

54. Amend 49 CFR part 173 by removing the word ''millimeter'' and adding the acronym ''mm'' each place it appears in the following section:

173.417(a)(6)(iv)

55. Amend 49 CFR part 173 by removing the acronym ''ml'' and adding the acronym ''mL'' each place it appears in the following sections:

173.4(a)(1)(i)
173.6(a)(3)
173.115(c)(2)
173.120(c)(3)
173.121(b)(2)(ii)
173.133(b)(1)(i), (b)(1)(ii), (b)(1)(iv) Table, (b)(2)(i)(A), (b)(2)(ii)(A), (b)(2)(iii)(A), (b)(2)(iv)(A), (b)(2)(iv)(B)
173.152(b)(3)(i), (b)(3)(ii), (b)(4)(i)
173.153(c)(2)
173.161(b)
173.194(a), (b)(1), (b)(2)
173.220(b)(1), (b)(4)
173.308(a)(1)
173.309(a)(3)(i)
173 App H, 3. Apparatus (e), 5. Procedure (d)

56. Amend 49 CFR part 173 by removing the wording ''safety relief'' and adding the wording ''pressure relief'' each place it appears in the following sections:

173.314(j), (l), (n), (o)
173.315(i)(2), (i)(3), (i)(5), (i)(6), (i)(7), (i)(8), (i)(9), (i)(11), (i)(13)

57. Amend 49 CFR part 173 by removing the wording ''cargo tank'' and adding the wording ''cargo tank motor vehicle'' each place it appears in the following sections:

173.315(n)(1) introductory text, (n)(2)(ii), (n)(3)(ii), (o)(2), (o)(3)

58. Amend 49 CFR part 173 by removing the wording ''cargo tanks'' and adding the wording ''cargo tank motor vehicles'' each place it appears in the following sections:

173.315(k)(5), (n) heading, (n)(3) heading, (o) heading

§ 173.7 [Amended]

59. Amend § 173.7(c), by removing the wording ''one gram'' and adding the wording ''1 g'' in its place.

§ 173.13 [Amended]

60. Amend § 173.13, paragraph (c)(1)(i), by removing the wording ''1.2 liters'' in the first sentence and adding the wording ''1.2 L'' in its place and by removing the wording ''one liter'' in the last sentence and adding the wording ''1 L'' in its place.

61. Amend § 173.21 by revising paragraph (f)(3)(ii) to read as follows:

§ 173.21 Forbidden materials and packages.

* * * * *

(f) * * *

(3) * * *

(ii) For transportation by vessel, shipments are authorized in accordance with the control-temperature requirements of Section 21 of the General Introduction of the IMDG Code (see § 171.7 of this subchapter).

* * * * *

62. Amend § 173.22 by revising paragraph (a)(2)(iii) to read as follows:

§ 173.22 Shipper's responsibility.

(a) * * *

(2) * * *

(iii) National or international regulations based on the UN Recommendations, as authorized in § 173.24(d)(2);

* * * * *

§ 173.22a [Amended]

63. Amend § 173.22a, paragraph (b), by removing the wording ''Docket Section'' in the last sentence and adding the wording ''RSPA Records Center'' in its place.

64. Amend § 173.24 by revising paragraphs (d)(2) introductory text and (d)(2)(i) to read as follows:

§ 173.24 General requirements for packagings and packages.

* * * * *

(d) * * *

(2) UN standard packagings manufactured outside the United States. A UN standard packaging manufactured outside the United States, in accordance with national or international regulations based on the UN Recommendations (see § 171.7 of this subchapter), may be imported and used and is considered to be an authorized packaging under the provisions of paragraph (c)(1) of this section, subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(i) The packaging fully conforms to applicable provisions in the UN Recommendations and the requirements of this subpart, including reuse provisions;

* * * * *

65. Amend § 173.31 by revising paragraph (b)(2)(ii) to read as follows:

§ 173.31 Use of tank cars.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(2) * * *

(ii) Except for shipments of chloroprene, inhibited, in class DOT 115 tank cars, single-unit tank cars used for materials meeting the definition for Division 6.1 liquid, Packing Group I or II, Class 2 materials, or Class 3 or 4 liquids, must have reclosing pressure relief devices. However, a tank car built before January 1, 1991, and equipped with a non-reclosing pressure relief device may be used to transport a Division 6.1 or Class 4 liquid if the liquid is not poisonous by inhalation. Unless otherwise specifically provided in this subchapter, rupture discs may not have any perforated holes to allow for venting.

* * * * *

§ 173.31 [Amended]

66. Amend § 173.31, paragraph (d)(1)(vi), by removing the wording ''frangible disc in non-closing'' and adding the wording ''rupture disc in non-reclosing'' in its place.

§ 173.35 [Amended]

67. Amend § 173.35, in the heading by removing the wording ''intermediate bulk containers'' and the parentheses around the acronym ''IBCs'', and in paragraph (k) by removing the word ''flashpoint'' and adding the wording ''flash point'' in its place.

68. Amend § 173.61 by revising paragraph (e)(2) to read as follows:

§ 173.61 Mixed packaging requirements.

* * * * *

(e) * * *

(2) Explosives of the same compatibility group or authorized combination of compatibility group but different division number may be packed together, provided that the whole package is treated as though its entire contents were comprised of the lower division number. For example, a

mixed package of Division 1.2 explosives and Division 1.4 explosives, compatibility group D, must be treated as 1.2D explosives. However, when 1.5D explosives are packed together with 1.2D explosives, the whole package must be treated as 1.1D explosives.

* * * * *

§ 173.62 [Amended]

69. Amend § 173.62(c) by removing the wording ''Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety'' in Packing Instruction 101 in the ''Table of Packing Methods'' and in Exception 1, column 1, and adding the wording ''Associate Administrator'' in its place.

70. Amend § 173.115(g), by revising the first sentence to read as follows:

§ 173.115 Class 2, Divisions 2.1, 2.2, and 2.3—Definitions.

* * * * *

(g) *Cryogenic liquid.* A *cryogenic liquid* means a refrigerated liquefied gas having a boiling point colder than −90 °C (−130 °F) at 101.3 kPa (14.7 psia).

* * *

* * * * *

71. Amend § 173.132 by revising paragraph (a)(1)(iii)(B) to read as follows:

§ 173.132 Class 6, Division 6.1—Definitions.

(a) * * *

(1) * * *

(iii) * * *

(B) A material with a saturated vapor concentration in air at 20 °C (68 °F) greater than or equal to one-fifth of the LC_{50} for acute toxicity on inhalation of vapors and with an LC_{50} for acute toxicity on inhalation of vapors of not more than 5000 mL/m^3 ; or

* * * * *

§ 173.150 [Amended]

72. Amend § 173.150, paragraph (d)(2), by removing the wording ''five liters'' and adding the wording ''5 L'' in its place.

§ 173.225 [Amended]

73. Amend § 173.225, paragraph (e)(3)(i)(B), by removing the wording ''self-reclosing pressure'' and adding the wording ''reclosing pressure'' in its place.

74. Amend § 173.240 by revising paragraph (d)(1)(vi) to read as follows:

§ 173.240 Bulk packaging for certain low hazard solid materials.

* * * * *

(d) * * *

(1) * * *

(vi) Wooden: 11C, 11D, or 11F.

* * * * *

75. Amend § 173.242 by revising paragraph (d)(1)(ii)(F) to read as follows:

§ 173.242 Bulk packagings for certain medium hazard liquids and solids, including solids with dual hazards.

* * * * *

(d) * * *

(1) * * *

(ii) * * *

(F) Wooden: 11C, 11D, or 11F.

* * * * *

§ 173.247 [Amended]

76. Amend § 173.247, in paragraph (g)(1)(iii)(C) by removing the word ''nonreclosing'' and adding the word ''non-reclosing'' in its place, and in paragraph (g)(1)(iv), by removing the wording ''frangible discs'' and adding the wording ''rupture discs'' in its place.

§ 173.300a [Amended]

77. Amend § 173.300a, paragraph (a)(2), by removing the wording ''of Transportation''.

§ 173.302 [Amended]

78. Amend § 173.302(c)(3) by:

a. Removing the wording ''S = wall stress, pounds per square inch;'' and adding the wording ''S = wall stress in psi;'' each place it appears.

b. Removing the wording ''P = test pressure, pounds per square inch'' and adding the wording ''P = test pressure in psig'' each place it appears.

79. Amend § 173.304(a)(2) by revising the first sentence in Note 4 to the table to read as follows:

§ 173.304 Charging of cylinders with liquefied compressed gas.

(a) * * *

(2) * * *

Note 4: Special carbon dioxide mining devices containing a heating element and charged with not over 6 pounds of carbon dioxide may be filled to a density of not over 85 percent, provided the cylinder is made of steel with a calculated bursting pressure in excess of 39,000 psi, be fitted with a frangible disc that will operate at not over 57 percent of that pressure, and be able to withstand a drop of 10 feet when striking crosswise on a steel rail while under a pressure of at least 3,000 psig. * * *

* * * * *

80. In § 173.304:

a. Amend paragraph (e)(1) by removing the wording ''pounds per square inch absolute'' and adding the acronym ''psia'' in its place.

b. Amend paragraph (f)(1) by removing the wording ''psi, absolute'' and adding the acronym ''psia'' each place it appears.

§ 173.306 [Amended]

81. Amend § 173.306(b) heading by removing the word ''Exemptions'' and adding the word ''Exceptions'' in its place.

§ 173.314 [Amended]

82. Amend § 173.314(g)(4), by removing the wording ''safety relief device'' and adding the wording ''reclosing pressure relief device'' in its place.

83. Amend § 173.314 by revising the last two sentences in paragraph (l) and the second sentence in paragraph (o) to read as follows:

* * * * *

(l) * * * A threaded solid plug must seal each valve outlet. In addition, a metal cover must protect all valves.

* * * * *

(o) * * * Each tank car must be equipped with one reclosing pressure relief valve having a start-to-discharge pressure not to exceed 75 percent of the tank test pressure and one non-reclosing pressure relief valve having a rupture disc design to burst at a pressure less than the tank test pressure. * * *

§ 173.315 [Amended]

84. In § 173.315:

a. Amend paragraph (i)(10) by removing the wording ''frangible disc devices'' and adding the wording ''non-reclosing pressure relief devices'' in its place.

b. Amend paragraph (i)(13) by removing the word ''tanks'' and adding the word ''tank'' in its place.

c. Amend paragraph (n)(1)(v), column (4) of the chart, by removing the wording ''paragraph (n)(3) or'' and adding the wording ''paragraph (n)(2) or'' in its place.

85. Amend § 173.315 by revising the first sentence of paragraph (i) introductory text and the first sentence of paragraph (i)(4) to read as follows:

§ 173.315 Compressed gases in cargo tanks and portable tanks.

* * * * *

(i) Each tank must be provided with one or more pressure relief devices which, unless otherwise specified in this part, must be of the spring-loaded type. * * *

* * * * *

(4) Each pressure relief valve must be plainly and permanently marked with the pressure in psig at which it is set to discharge, with the actual rate of discharge of the device in cubic feet per minute of the gas or of air at 60 °F and 14.7 psia, and with the manufacturer's

name or trade name and catalog number. * * *

* * * * *

§ 173.319 [Amended]

86. Amend § 173.319, paragraph (e)(4), by removing the wording ''frangible disc'' the first time it appears and adding the wording ''rupture disc'' in its place, and removing the wording ''with a new frangible disc''.

§ 173.323 [Amended]

87. Amend § 173.323, paragraph (i), by removing the wording ''safety relief valve or frangible disc'' in the second sentence and adding the wording ''pressure relief valve or rupture disc'' in its place.

§ 173.403 [Amended]

88. Amend § 173.403 by removing the wording ''1.5 meters'' in the definition for ''Freight container'' and adding the wording ''1.5 m'' in its place, and removing the wording ''one meter'' in the definition for ''Transport index'' and adding the wording ''1 m'' each place it appears.

89. Amend § 173.411 by revising paragraph (b)(4)(ii) to read as follows:

§ 173.411 Industrial packagings.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(4) * * *

(ii) Be capable of withstanding a test pressure of 265 kPa (37.1 psig);

* * * * *

§ 173.425 [Amended]

90. Amend § 173.425, Table 7, by removing the wording ''TBq/liter'' in the first column and adding the wording ''TBq/L'' in its place.

§ 173.453 [Amended]

91. Amend § 173.453, paragraphs (a), (b)(2), (b)(3) and (d), by removing the word ''grams'' and adding the acronym ''g'' each place it appears, and paragraph (e), by removing the wording ''one kilogram'' and adding the wording ''1 kg'' in its place.

92. The authority citation for part 174 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 5101–5127; 49 CFR 1.53.

PART 174—[AMENDED]

93. Amend 49 CFR part 174 by removing the wording ''Class A'' each place it appears in the following sections:

174.16(b)(1), (b)(2), (b)(3)
174.81(e)(5), (g)(3)(iv), (g)(3)(v), (h), (i)
174.83(f)
174.84
174.85(d), Table Note ''Group 1''
174.101(a), (c), (d), (h), (l), (n)
174.102(a), (b)
174.103(a)
174.104 heading, (a), (b) introductory text, (c), (d), (e), (f)
174.105
174.106 heading, (a), (b), (c)
174.110

94. Amend 49 CFR part 174 by removing the wording ''Class C'' each place it appears in the following sections:

174.81(g)(3)(iv), (h)
174.115 heading, (a), (b), (b)(3)

§ 174.63 [Amended]

95. Amend § 174.63, in the heading by removing the wording ''intermediate bulk containers'' and adding the acronym ''IBCs'' in its place and in paragraph (a) by removing the wording ''intermediate bulk container'' and adding the acronym ''IBC'' in its place.

§ 174.81 [Amended]

96. Amend § 174.81, in paragraph (e)(5) by removing the wording ''(blasting agents)'' and in paragraph (i) by removing the wording ''(blasting agent)''.

§ 174.85 [Amended]

97. Amend § 174.85(d), by removing the wording ''Class B and C'' in the note ''Group 2'' following the table.

§ 174.101 [Amended]

98. Amend § 174.101, paragraphs (b) and (o) introductory text, by removing the wording ''Class A or Class B'' each place it appears.

§ 174.112 [Amended]

99. In 174.112:

a. Amend the heading and paragraphs (a), (b), (c) introductory text and (c)(3) by removing the wording ''devices corresponding to Class B'' each place it appears.

b. Amend the heading and paragraphs (a), (b), (c) introductory text and (c)(3) by removing the wording ''(Class B explosive) materials'' each place it appears.

§ 174.700 [Amended]

100. In § 174.700:

a. Amend paragraph (c) by removing the wording ''0.9 meter'' and adding the wording ''0.9 m'' in its place, and by removing the wording ''4.5 meters'' and adding the wording ''4.5 m'' in its place.

b. Amend paragraph (d) by removing the wording ''6 meters'' and adding the wording ''6 m'' in its place.

§ 174.715 [Amended]

101. Amend § 174.715, paragraph (b), by removing the wording ''1 meter'' and adding the wording ''1 m'' in its place in the first sentence, and by removing the wording ''7.6 centimeters'' and adding the wording ''7.6 cm'' in its place in the last sentence.

PART 175—CARRIAGE BY AIRCRAFT

102. The authority citation for part 175 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 5101–5127; 49 CFR 1.53.

PART 175—[AMENDED]

103. Amend 49 CFR part 175 by removing the wording ''Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety'' and adding the wording ''Associate Administrator'' each place it appears in the following sections:

175.10(a)(2), (a)(15)
175.701(c) introductory text

104. Amend 49 CFR part 175 by removing the word ''liters'' and adding the acronym ''L'' each place it appears in the following sections:

175.10(a)(4)(iv), (b)(2)
175.85(i)(3)
175.310 introductory text, (c)(1), (c)(2), (c)(3)
175.320(a) Table

105. Amend 49 CFR part 175 by removing the word ''meters'' and adding the acronym ''m'' each place it appears in the following sections:

175.701(b)(3)
175.702(b)(2)(i)(A), (b)(2)(i)(B)

§ 175.10 [Amended]

106. Amend § 175.10, paragraphs (a)(4)(ii) and (a)(4)(iv), by removing the acronym ''ml'' and adding the acronym ''mL'' in its place.

§ 175.78 [Amended]

107. Amend § 175.78, paragraph (a), by removing the acronym ''ICAO'' each place it appears in Table 1 and in Note 4; and by revising Note 3 to Table 1 to read as follows:

(a) * * *

TABLE 1

*	*	*	*	*

* * * * *

Note 3: For import or export shipment, explosives other than explosives of Division 1.4, Compatibility Group S, that do not belong to the same compatibility group according to the ICAO Technical Instructions

may not be stowed together, except that compatibility groups C, D and E may be stowed together. Explosives of Division 1.4, Compatibility Group S may be stowed with explosives of all compatibility groups with the exception of A and L.

* * * * *

§ 175.85 [Amended]

108. Amend § 175.85, paragraph (c)(1)(iv), by removing the word ''flashpoint'' and adding the wording ''flash point'' in its place.

§ 175.320 [Amended]

109. Amend § 175.320, paragraph (a), by removing the wording ''(Class A)'' and ''(Class C)'' each place it appears in column 2 of the table; and by revising the second entry under ''High explosives'' in column 3 of the table to read as follows:

(a) * * *

Material	Class	Conditions
*	*	* * * * *
High explosives	* * *	* * *
		Ammonium nitrate-fuel oil mixtures. Explosive, blasting, Type A, B, C, D and E (Div. 1.1D or 1.5D) or Agent, blasting, Type B (Div. 1.5D); Substances, explosive, very insensitive, n.o.s., or Substances, EVI, n.o.s. (Div. 1.5D); Articles, explosive, extremely insensitive or Articles, EEI (Div. 1.6N).
*	*	* * * * *

* * * * *

PART 176—CARRIAGE BY VESSEL

110. The authority citation for part 176 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 5101–5127; 49 CFR 1.53.

PART 176—[AMENDED]

111. Amend 49 CFR part 176 by removing the wording ''Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety'' and adding the wording ''Associate Administrator'' each place it appears in the following sections:

176.166(b), Table Footnote ''d''
176.168(d)
176.704(e)(2)

112. Amend 49 CFR part 176 by removing the wording ''Class A'' each place it appears in the following sections:

176.9 introductory text
176.144(c)
176.194(e)

113. Amend 49 CFR part 176 by removing the wording ''Class A and B'' each place it appears in the following sections:

176.4(b) introductory text, (c)
176.99
176.104(h) introductory text, (j) introductory text
176.128(c)
176.192(a)
176.194(c)

114. Amend 49 CFR part 176 by removing the wording ''Class B'' each place it appears in the following sections:

176.144(c)

115. Amend 49 CFR part 176 by removing the wording ''Class C'' each place it appears in the following sections:

176.83(a)(6)
176.112
176.116(e)(3)
176.142(b)(1)
176.145(b)
176.150(a), (b)
176.164(c)
176.166(a)(1)
176.172(c)

116. Amend 49 CFR part 176 by removing the acronym ''psi'' and adding the acronym ''psig'' each place it appears in the following sections:

176.340(b)(7), (b)(8)
176.905(i)(5)

117. Amend 49 CFR part 176 by removing the word ''meters'' and adding the acronym ''m'' each place it appears in the following sections:

176.83(c)(2)(ii), (c)(2)(iii), (c)(2)(iv), (c)(2)(v), (f)(4) Table footnote, (g)(3) Table 176.704(f), Notes b and d to Table III
176.905(a)(5)

118. Amend 49 CFR part 176 by removing the word ''liters'' and add the acronym ''L'' each place it appears in the following sections:

176.84(b), Code 115 in the Table
176.315(a)
176.340(b)(2)
176.905(i)(2)

119. Amend 49 CFR part 176 by removing the wording ''(blasting agents)'' each place it appears in the following sections:

176.99
176.400 heading, (c), (d)
176.410 heading, (a)(1), (c) introductory text
176.415 heading, (b)(5), (c)(1), (c)(5)

120. Amend § 176.30 by revising paragraph (a)(5)(ii) to read as follows:

§ 176.30 Dangerous cargo manifest.

(a) * * *
(5) * * *
(ii) The IMDG Code.
* * * * *

§ 176.36 [Amended]

121. Amend § 176.36, paragraph (b), by removing the wording ''of Transportation''.

§ 176.76 [Amended]

122. Amend § 176.76, in paragraph (h)(5) by removing the wording ''five meters'' and adding the wording ''5 m'' in its place, and in paragraph (i) by removing the word ''flashpoint'' and adding the wording ''flash point'' in its place.

123. Amend § 176.83, paragraphs (b), (f) and (g), by revising the table headings to read as follows:

§ 176.83 Segregation.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

Table 176.83(b).—General Segregation Requirements for Hazardous Materials

[Segregation must also take account of a single secondary hazard label, as required by paragraph (a)(6) of this section.]

* * * * *

(f) * * *

Table 176.83(f).—Segregation of Containers on Board Container Ships

* * * * *

(g) * * *

Table 176.83(g).—Segregation of Transport Units on Board Trailerships and Trainships

* * * * *

§ 176.100 [Amended]

124. Amend § 176.100 by removing the wording ''Classes A and B'' each place it appears.

§ 176.104 [Amended]

125. Amend § 176.104, paragraph (i), by removing the wording ''(Class A and B explosive materials)'' in the first sentence and adding the wording ''(explosive) materials'' in its place.

126. Amend § 176.116, paragraph (e)(2), by revising the second sentence to read as follows:

§ 176.116 General stowage conditions for Class 1 (explosive) materials.

* * * * *

(e) * * *

(2) * * * Division 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, or 1.5 materials may not be stowed within 3 m (10 feet) of this bulkhead; in the decks immediately above or below an accommodation space they must be stowed at least 3 m (10 feet) from the line of this bulkhead projected vertically.

* * * * *

127. Amend § 176.144, paragraph (a), by revising the table heading to read as follows:

§ 176.144 Segregation of Class 1 (explosive) materials.

(a) * * *

Table 176.144(a).—Authorized Mixed Stowage for Explosives

[An ''X'' indicates that explosives in the two different compatibility groups reflected by the location of the ''X'' may not be stowed in the same compartment, portable magazine, or transport unit]

* * * * *

128. Amend § 176.166, paragraph (b), by revising the table heading to read as follows:

§ 176.166 Transport of Class 1 (explosive) materials on passenger vessels.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

Table 176.166(b).—Stowage Arrangements in Passenger Vessels

* * * * *

§ 176.194 [Amended]

129. Amend § 176.194, paragraph (c), by removing the wording ''(Class A explosive)'' and adding ''(explosive)'' in its place and by removing the wording ''Class A or B'' in the last sentence.

§ 176.315 [Amended]

130. Amend § 176.315, paragraph (a), by removing the word ''liter'' and adding the acronym ''L'' each place it appears.

Subpart J—[Amended]

131. Amend Subpart J, the heading, by removing the wording ''(Blasting Agents)''.

§ 176.415 [Amended]

132. Amend § 176.415, paragraph (a)(1), by removing the wording ''(blasting agent)''.

§ 176.700 [Amended]

133. Amend § 176.700, paragraph (c), by removing the wording ''six meters'' and adding the wording ''6 m'' in its place.

§ 176.704 [Amended]

134. Amend § 176.704, in paragraph (b) by removing the wording ''two meters'' and adding the wording ''2 m'' in its place, and in paragraph (d) by removing the wording ''six meters'' and adding the wording ''6 m'' in its place.

§ 176.905 [Amended]

135. Amend § 176.905, paragraphs (i)(1) and (i)(2), by removing the word ''flashpoint'' and adding the wording ''flash point'' each place it appears.

PART 177—CARRIAGE BY PUBLIC HIGHWAY

136. The authority citation for part 177 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 5101–5127; 49 CFR 1.53.

PART 177—[AMENDED]

137. Amend 49 CFR part 177 by removing the wording ''Class A'' each place it appears in the following sections:

177.835(c) introductory text
177.848(e)(5), (g)(3)(v), (h), (i)

138. Amend 49 CFR part 177 by removing the wording ''Class C'' each place it appears in the following sections:

177.848(h)
177.870(d)

139. Amend 49 CFR part 177 by removing the word ''liters'' and adding the acronym ''L'' each place it appears in the following sections:

177.840(h) introductory text, (p)(1), (p)(2) introductory text

140. Amend 49 CFR part 177 by removing the word ''meters'' and adding the acronym ''m'' each place it appears in the following sections:

177.834(i)(3)
177.840(o), (p)(2) introductory text, (q)(1)
177.842(b)(2), (f)

§ 177.835 [Amended]

141. Amend § 177.835, paragraphs (f) and (j), by removing the wording ''Class A or Class B'' each place it appears.

§ 177.840 [Amended]

142. In § 177.840:

a. Amend paragraph (d), in the heading by removing the wording ''cargo tanks'' and adding the wording ''cargo tank motor vehicles'' in its place, and in the first sentence, by removing the wording ''cargo tank'' and adding the wording ''cargo tank motor vehicle'' in its place.

b. Amend paragraph (e) by removing the wording ''cargo tanks'' and adding the wording ''cargo tank motor vehicles'' in its place.

c. Amend paragraph (g) by removing the wording ''cargo tank'' and adding the wording ''cargo tank motor vehicle'' in its place.

d. Amend paragraph (i), in the first sentence by removing the wording ''cargo tank'' and adding the wording ''cargo tank motor vehicle'' in its place and by removing the wording ''tank'' and add the wording ''cargo tank'' in its place, and in the last sentence by removing the word ''tank'' and adding the wording ''cargo tank'' in its place.

e. Amend paragraph (m), the heading, by removing the wording ''Cargo tank'' and adding the wording ''Cargo tank motor vehicle'' in its place.

f. Amend paragraph (r)(2), the last sentence, by removing the wording ''cargo tanks'' and adding the wording ''cargo tank motor vehicles'' in its place.

g. Amend paragraph (t), in the first sentence by removing the wording ''cargo tank'' and adding the wording ''cargo tank motor vehicle'' in its place, and in the last sentence by removing the wording ''cargo tanks'' and adding the wording ''cargo tank motor vehicles'' in its place.

h. Amend paragraph (u), by removing the wording ''cargo tanks'' and adding the wording ''cargo tank motor vehicles'' in its place, and by removing the wording ''cargo tank'' and adding the wording ''cargo tank motor vehicle'' in its place.

§ 177.848 [Amended]

143. Amend § 177.848, paragraph (e)(5), by removing the wording ''(blasting agents)'' and paragraph (i), by removing the wording ''(blasting agent)''.

§ 177.854 [Amended]

144. Amend § 177.854, paragraphs (f)(1) and (g)((2)(iv), by removing the wording ''Class A or B''.

PART 178—SPECIFICATIONS FOR PACKAGINGS

145. The authority citation for part 178 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 5101–5127; 49 CFR 1.53.

146. Amend 49 CFR part 178 by removing the wording ''Associate Administrator for Hazardous Materials Safety'' and adding the wording ''Associate Administrator'' each place it appears in the following sections:

178.3(a)(2), (b)(2)
178.33–9(a)(2)
178.33a–9(a)(2)
178.270–2(c)
178.352–6(a)(3)
178.358–5(b)(5)
178.362–6(b)
178.503(a)(8), (c)(1)(ii)
178.509(b)(1)
178.601(e), (g)(7), (h), (i) introductory text, (i)(2), (k)
178.603(b)
178.604(b)(2)
178.605(b)
178.606(b), (c)(1)
178.608(b)(5)
178.703(a)(1)(vi)
178.801(e)(2) introductory text, (h), (i), (j) introductory text, (j)(2)
178.813(c)

147. Amend 49 CFR part 178 by removing the words ''Intermediate Bulk Container'' and adding ''IBC'' each place it appears in the following sections:

Subpart N heading

148. Amend 49 CFR part 178 by removing the wording ''intermediate bulk container'' and adding the acronym ''IBC'' each place it appears in the following sections:

178.700(c) introductory text
178.702(b)
178.703(a)(1) introductory text, (a)(1)(ii), (a)(1)(v), (a)(2)(i), (a)(2)(ii), (a)(2)(iii), (a)(2)(iv), (b) introductory text, (b)(1) introductory text, (b)(2) introductory text, (b)(3), (b)(4), (b)(5), (b)(6) introductory text, (b)(6)(i), (b)(6)(ii)
178.704 heading, (a), (b), (c), (d) introductory text, (e)
178.705(a) introductory text, (b)(1), (b)(2), (c)(1)(iii) introductory text, (c)(2)(ii)
178.706(a) introductory text, (c)(1), (c)(4)
178.707(a)(1) introductory text, (b) introductory text, (b)(1), (c)(2), (c)(3)(iv), (c)(4) introductory text, (c)(5) introductory text, (c)(5)(i), (c)(5)(ii), (c)(5)(iv)
178.708(b) introductory text, (c)(3), (c)(4) introductory text, (c)(4)(i), (c)(4)(ii)
178.709(a) introductory text, (c)(2) introductory text, (c)(2)(i), (c)(3), (c)(4) introductory text, (c)(4)(i), (c)(4)(ii)
178.710(a) introductory text, (b)(3), (c)(1)
178.801(b), (c)(1), (c)(2), (c)(3), (c)(4), (c)(5), (c)(6), (c)(7) introductory text, (c)(7)(ii), (d), (e)(1), (e)(2)(i), (e)(2)(ii), (f)(1) introductory text, (f)(1)(i), (f)(1)(ii), (f)(2), (g), (h), (i), (j)(2), (k), (l)(1), (l)(2)
178.803 introductory text, Table Notes 4, 5, and 7
178.810(a), (c), (d)(3)(i), (e)
178.811(a), (b), (c), (d)
178.812(a), (b)(1), (b)(2), (c)(1), (c)(2) introductory text, (d)
178.813(a), (b), (c), (d)
178.814(a), (c), (d)(1), (d)(2), (d)(4), (d)(5) introductory text, (d)(5)(i)(A), (d)(5)(ii)(A), (d)(5)(ii)(B), (e)(1), (e)(3)
178.815(a), (b)(1), (b)(2), (c)(3), (c)(4)(i), (c)(4)(ii), (d), (e)(1), (e)(2)
178.816(a), (b), (c)
178.817(b), (c), (d)
178.818(a), (b), (c), (d)
178.819(a), (b)(1), (b)(2), (b)(3), (c)

149. Amend 49 CFR part 178 by removing ''Intermediate bulk container'' and adding ''IBC'' each place it appears in the following sections:

178.702 heading, (a) introductory text, (a)(1), (a)(2)
178.704(f)
178.801(c)(1)

150. Amend 49 CFR part 178 by removing the wording ''intermediate bulk containers'' and adding the acronym ''IBCs'' each place it appears in the following sections:

178.700(a)
178.702(b)
178.703 heading, (a)(1)(i), (a)(1)(iii)(A), (a)(1)(iii)(B), (a)(1)(iii)(C), (a)(1)(vii), (a)(1)(viii)
178.705 heading, (a) introductory text, (b) introductory text, (c) introductory text, (c)(1)(ii), (c)(2) introductory text
178.706 heading, (a) introductory text, (a)(1), (a)(3), (a)(5), (b), (c) introductory text, (c)(3), (c)(4)
178.707 heading, (a)(1) introductory text, (a)(1)(i), (a)(1)(ii), (a)(1)(iii), (a)(1)(iv), (a)(1)(v), (a)(1)(vi), (c) introductory text, (c)(2), (c)(3) introductory text, (c)(3)(iv), (c)(5)(iv)
178.708 heading, (a), (b)(1), (c) introductory text, (c)(1), (c)(2) introductory text, (c)(2)(ii), (c)(4)(iv)
178.709 heading, (a) introductory text, (b) introductory text, (b)(1), (c) introductory text, (c)(1), (c)(2)(iv) , (c)(4)(iv)
178.710 heading, (a) introductory text, (b) introductory text, (b)(1), (c) introductory text, (c)(2), (c)(4), (c)(5), (c)(6), (c)(7)
178.800
178.801(a), (g), (h), (i), (l)(1)
178.802 heading, (a) introductory text, (c)
178.803 heading, Table Notes 1, 2, 3 and 6
178.810(b)(1), (b)(2), (b)(3), (d)(1) introductory text
178.812(a)
178.814(b), (c), (d)(3), (e)(1), (e)(2)
178.815(b)(1), (c)(1), (c)(2), (c)(4) introductory text, (c)(4)(i), (d), (e)(1), (e)(2), (e)(3)
178.816(d) introductory text, (e)
178.817(a), (d)

151. Amend 49 CFR part 178 by removing ''Intermediate Bulk Containers'' in the heading for subpart O and adding ''IBCs'' in its place.

152. Amend 49 CFR part 178 by removing ''Intermediate bulk containers'' and adding ''IBCs'' each place it appears in the following sections:

178.704(a)
178.705(c)(2)(i)

153. Amend 49 CFR part 178 by removing the wording ''pounds per square inch'' and adding the acronym ''psig'' each place it appears in the following sections:

178.36(a)(1), (a)(2), (e)(1), (f), (i)(2), (k)(3)(iii)
178.37(a)(1), (a)(2) introductory text, (e)(1), (i)(2)
178.38(a), (e)(1), (i)(2)
178.39(a), (i)(2)
178.42(a), (f)(1), (f)(2), (f)(3)
178.44(a), (i)(2)
178.47(a), (j)(2)
178.50(a), (i)(2)
178.51(a) introductory text
178.53(a), (h)(2)
178.55(a), (i)(2)
178.56(a), (i)(2)
178.57(a) introductory text
178.58(a), (i)(2)
178.59(a) introductory text, (h)(4)
178.60(a), (j)(4)
178.68(a)
178.270–11(c)(4)

154. Amend 49 CFR part 178 by removing the wording ''pounds per square inch'' and adding the acronym ''psi'' each place it appears in the following sections:

178.37(k)(3)(iii)
178.38(f), (k)(3)(iii)
178.39(k)(3)(iii)
178.44(f)(2), (m)(3)(iii)
178.45(d)(1), (d)(2)(ii)
178.50(f)(1)(i), (f)(1)(ii), (f)(1)(iii), (k)(3)(iii)
178.51(f)(1)(iii), (f)(2), (f)(3), (j)(3)(iii), (k), (l)(3)
178.53(j)(5)(iii)

178.55(f), (k)(3)(iii)
178.56(f)(1)(ii), (f)(2), (j)(3)(iii), (k), (l)(3)
178.57(f)(1), (j)(3)(iii), (k), (l)(3)
178.58(m)(5)(iii)
178.59(j)(3)(iii)
178.60(g)(1) introductory text, (l)(3)(iii), (m), (n)(3)
178.61(f)(3), (j)(3)(iii), (k), (l)(3)
178.68(f)(1)(i), (f)(2), (h)(4) introductory text, (l)(1)
178.705(c)(1)(iii)(A), (c)(1)(iii)(B), (c)(1)(iv)(A), (c)(1)(iv)(B)

155. Amend 49 CFR part 178 by removing the acronym ''psi'' or ''p.s.i.'', as appropriate, and adding the acronym ''psig'' each place it appears in the following sections:

178.38(o) introductory text
178.45(a), (g)(4)
178.46(c)(5)(ii), (g)(2), (g)(3)(i), (g)(3)(ii), (g)(3)(iii)
178.47(f) introductory text
178.57(d)(3)
178.270–10(a), (b)
178.270–11(c)(1)(i), (c)(1)(ii)
178.338–1(f)(1)
178.347–1(c)
178.702(a)(1) Table

156. Amend 49 CFR part 178 by removing the wording ''pounds per square inch gauge'' and adding the acronym ''psig'' each place it appears in the following sections:

178.33–8(a)
178.33a–8(a)
178.61(a)

157. Amend 49 CFR part 178 by removing the wording ''maximum allowable working pressure'' or ''Maximum allowable working pressure'' or ''Maximum Allowable Working Pressure'', as appropriate, and adding the acronym ''MAWP'' each place it appears in the following sections:

178.245–3 Note 1
178.270–4(b)(1), (b)(2), (b)(3)
178.270–12(b), (e)
178.270–13(a)
178.270–14(b)(7), (c)(2)
178.271–1(b)
178.272–1(b)
178.337–1(b) Note 1
178.338–1(a)(1)
178.345–1(f)
178.346–1(b)

158. Amend 49 CFR part 178 by removing the word ''centimeters'' and adding the acronym ''cm'' each place it appears in the following sections:

178.337–8(a)(3), (a)(4)(v), (a)(4)(vi)
178.352–3(a), (b), (c)(1), (c)(2)(i), (c)(2)(ii), (c)(2)(iii), (c)(3)
178.354–3(b), (c) introductory text, (e)
178.356–2(a)(2), (c)
178.356–3(a)
178.358–2(a)(2), (a)(3)
178.360–1(b)
178.360–3(a)
178.362–2(a)(2), (b), (d)(2), (d)(3), (e)(1), (e)(2), (e)(3), (e)(4), (e)(5)
178.362–3(b)
178.364–2(a), (b), (d), (e), (f)
178.364–3

159. Amend 49 CFR part 178 by removing the word ''centimeter'' and adding the acronym ''cm'' each place it appears in the following sections:

178.352–3(a), (c)(1), (c)(3)
178.354–3(a) introductory text
178.358–2(a) introductory text
178.364–2(a)
178.364–3

160. Amend 49 CFR part 178 by removing the word ''millimeter'' and adding the acronym ''mm'' each place it appears in the following sections:

178.352–3(c)(1)
178.362–2(a)(1)

161. Amend 49 CFR part 178 by removing the word ''millimeters'' and adding the acronym ''mm'' each place it appears in the following sections:

178.270–9
178.352–3(b), (c)(1), (c)(2)(i), (c)(2)(ii), (c)(3)
178.354–3(e)
178.358–1(c)
178.360–1(b)

162. Amend 49 CFR part 178 by removing the word ''kilograms'' and adding the acronym ''kg'' each place it appears in the following sections:

178.356–1(b)(1), (b)(2), (b)(3)
178.358–1(b)
178.362–1(b)(1), (b)(2), (b)(3), (b)(4), (b)(5), (b)(6)
178.364–1(b)
178.700(c)(1)

163. Amend 49 CFR part 178 by removing the word ''liters'' and adding the acronym ''L'' each place it appears in the following sections:

178.270–9
178.270–11(a)(2)
178.337–8(a)(4)(i), (a)(4)(ii)
178.352–2(a)
178.352–3(c)(1), (c)(3)
178.354–2(a)
178.354–3(a) introductory text
178.700(c)(1)
178.703(b) introductory text, (b)(1)(i), (b)(2)(i)
178.707(c)(6)

164. Amend 49 CFR part 178 by removing the word ''meters'' and adding the acronym ''m'' each place it appears in the following sections:

178.270–5(d)
178.272–2(b)(1), (b)(2)

165. Amend 49 CFR part 178 by removing the wording ''frangible pressure relief devices'' and adding the wording ''non-reclosing pressure relief devices'' each place it appears in the following sections:

178.705(c)(2)(i)
178.706(c)(4)
178.707(c)(3)(iv)

§ 178.33a–2 [Amended]

166. Amend § 178.33a–2, paragraph (b), by removing the wording ''one liter'' and adding the wording ''1 L'' in its place.

§ 178.36 [Amended]

167. In § 178.36:

a. Amend paragraph (a)(2)(iii), in the definitions following the formula, by removing the wording ''P=hydrostatic test pressure-p.s.i.'' and adding the wording ''P=hydrostatic test pressure-psig'' in its place.

b. Amend paragraph (f), in the definitions following the formula, by removing the wording ''S = wall stress in pounds per square inch'' and adding the wording ''S = wall stress in psi'' in its place, and by removing the wording ''P = minimum test pressure prescribed for water jacket test or 450 pounds per square inch'' and adding the wording ''P = minimum test pressure prescribed for water jacket test or 450 psig'' in its place.

§ 178.37 [Amended]

168. Amend § 178.37:

a. In paragraph (a)(2)(iii), in the definitions following the formula, by removing the wording ''P=hydrostatic test pressure-p.s.i.'' and adding the wording ''P=hydrostatic test pressure-psig'' in its place.

b. By revising paragraphs (f)(2) and (f)(3) and the first sentence in paragraph (f)(1) to read as follows:

§ 178.37 Specification 3AA and 3AAX seamless steel cylinders.

* * * * *

(f) * * *

(1) For cylinders with a service pressure of less than 900 psig, the wall stress may not exceed 24,000 psi. * * *

(2) For cylinders with service pressure of 900 psig or more the minimum wall must be such that the wall stress at the minimum specified test pressure may not exceed 67 percent of the minimum tensile strength of the steel as determined from the physical tests required in paragraphs (k) and (l) of this section and must be not over 70,000 psi.

(3) Calculation must be made by the formula:

$$S=[P(1.3D^2+0.4d^2)]/(D^2-d^2)$$

Where:
S=wall stress in psi;

P=minimum test pressure prescribed for water jacket test or 450 psig whichever is the greater;
D=outside diameter in inches;
d=inside diameter in inches.
* * * * *

§ 178.38 [Amended]

169. Amend § 178.38, paragraph (f), in the definitions following the formula, by removing the wording ''S = wall stress in pounds per square inch'' and adding the wording ''S = wall stress in psi'' in its place and by removing the wording ''P = at least two times service pressure or 450 pounds per square inch,'' and adding the wording ''P = at least two times service pressure or 450 psig,'' in its place.

§ 178.39 [Amended]

170. In § 178.39, amend paragraph (f) by removing the wording ''15,000 pounds per square inch'' and adding the wording ''15,000 psi'' in its place; and, in the definitions following the formula, by removing the wording ''S =wall stress in pounds per square inch'' and adding the wording ''S=wall stress in psi'' and by removing the wording ''P = minimum test pressure prescribed for water jacket test or 450 pounds per square inch'' and adding the wording ''P=minimum test pressure prescribed for water jacket test or 450 psig'' in its place.

§ 178.45 [Amended]

171. Amend § 178.45, paragraph (d)(2)(iii), in the definitions following the formula, by removing the wording ''S=Tensile stress in pounds per square inch'' and adding the wording ''S=Tensile stress in psi'' in its place, and by removing the wording ''P=Hydrostatic test pressure in pounds per square, inch'' and adding the wording ''P=Hydrostatic test pressure-psig'' in its place.

§ 178.46 [Amended]

172. Amend § 178.46, paragraph (d), in the definitions following the formula, by removing the wording ''S=Wall stress in pounds per square inch'' and adding the wording ''S=Wall stress in psi'' in its place, and by removing the wording ''P=Prescribed minimum test pressure in pounds per square inch (see paragraph (g) of this section)'' and adding the wording ''P=Prescribed minimum test pressure in psig (see paragraph (g) of this section)'' in its place.

§ 178.47 [Amended]

173. In § 178.47:

a. Amend paragraph (f)(1), in the definitions following the formula, by removing the wording ''S=Wall stress in pounds per square inch'' and adding the wording ''S=Wall stress in psi'' in its place, and by removing the wording ''P=Test pressure prescribed for water jacket test, i.e., at least two times service pressure, in pounds per square inch'' and adding the wording ''P=Test pressure prescribed for water jacket test, i.e., at least two times service pressure, in psig'' in its place.

b. Amend paragraph (f)(2), in the definitions following the formula, by removing the wording ''S=Wall stress in pounds per square inch'' and adding the wording ''S=Wall stress in psi'' in its place, and by removing the wording ''P=Test pressure prescribed for water jacket test, i.e., at least two times service pressure, in pounds per square inch'' and add the wording ''P=Test pressure prescribed for water jacket test, i.e., at least two times service pressure, in psig'' in its place.

§ 178.50 [Amended]

174. Amend § 178.50, paragraph (f)(2), in the definitions following the formula, by removing the wording ''S=wall stress in pounds per square inch'' and adding the wording ''S=wall stress in psi'' in its place, and by removing the wording ''P=minimum test pressure prescribed for water jacket test or 450 pounds per square inch'' and adding the wording ''P=minimum test pressure prescribed for water jacket test or 450 psig'' in its place.

§ 178.53 [Amended]

175. In § 178.53:

a. Amend paragraph (e), introductory text, by removing the wording ''24,000 pounds per square inch'' in the first sentence and adding the wording ''24,000 psi'' in its place, and by removing the wording ''37,000 pounds per square inch'' and adding the wording ''37,000 psig'' in its place.

b. Amend paragraph (e)(1), in the definitions following the formula, by removing the wording ''S=wall stress in pounds per square inch'' and add the wording ''S=wall stress in psi'' in its place, and by removing the wording ''P=test pressure prescribed for water jacket test, i.e., at least two times service pressure, in pounds per square inch'' and add the wording ''P=test pressure prescribed for water jacket test, i.e., at least two times service pressure, in psig'' in its place.

c. Amend paragraph (e)(2), in the definitions following the formula, by removing the wording ''S=wall stress in pounds per square inch'' and adding the wording ''S=wall stress in psi'' in its place, and by removing the wording ''P=test pressure prescribed for water jacket test, i.e., at least two times service pressure, in pounds per square inch'' and adding the wording ''P=test pressure prescribed for water jacket test, i.e., at least two times service pressure, in psig'' in its place.

§ 178.57 [Amended]

176. Amend § 178.57, paragraph (f)(6), in the definitions following the formula, by removing the wording ''S=wall stress in pounds per square inch'' and adding the wording ''S=wall stress in psi'' in its place, and by removing the wording ''P=minimum test pressure prescribed for pressure test in pounds per square inch'' and adding the wording ''P=minimum test pressure prescribed for pressure test in psig'' in its place.

§ 178.58 [Amended]

177. In § 178.58:

a. Amend paragraph (f)(1), in the definitions following the formula, by removing the wording ''S=wall stress in pounds per square inch'' and adding the wording ''S=wall stress in psi'' in its place, and by removing the wording ''P=test pressure prescribed for water jacket test, i.e., at least two times service pressure, in pounds per square inch'' and adding the wording ''P=test pressure prescribed for water jacket test, i.e., at least two times service pressure, in psig'' in its place.

b. Amend paragraph (f)(2), in the definitions following the formula, by removing the wording ''S=wall stress in pounds per square inch'' and adding the wording ''S=wall stress in psi'' in its place, and by removing the wording ''P=test pressure prescribed for water jacket test, i.e., at least two times service pressure, in pounds per square inch'' and adding the wording ''P=test pressure prescribed for water jacket test, i.e., at least two times service pressure, in psig'' in its place.

§ 178.60 [Amended]

178. Amend § 178.60, paragraph (g)(1)(i), in the definitions following the formula, by removing the wording ''S=wall stress in pounds per square inch'' and adding the wording ''S=wall stress in psi'' in its place, and by removing the wording ''P=750 pounds per square inch (minimum test pressure)'' and adding the wording ''P=750 psig (minimum test pressure)'' in its place.

§ 178.61 [Amended]

179. Amend § 178.61, paragraph (f)(4), in the definitions following the formula, by removing the wording ''S=wall stress, p.s.i.'' and adding the wording ''S=wall stress, psi'' in its place, and by removing the wording ''P=service

pressure, p.s.i.'' and adding the wording ''P=service pressure, psig'' in its place.

§ 178.65 [Amended]

180. Amend § 178.65, paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2), in the definitions following the formula, by removing the wording ''S=Wall stress, in p.s.i.'' and adding the wording ''S=Wall stress, in psi'' in its place, and by removing the wording ''P=Test pressure'' and adding the wording ''P=Test pressure in psig'' in its place.

§ 178.270–2 [Amended]

181. Amend § 178.270–2, paragraph (b), by removing the wording ''maximum allowable working pressure or''.

182. Amend § 178.270–5, by revising paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2) to read as follows:

§ 178.270–5 Minimum thickness of shells and heads.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(1) With a maximum cross-sectional dimension of 1.8 m (5.9 feet) or less, shall be at least 5 mm (0.197 inches) thick; or

(2) With a maximum cross-sectional dimension exceeding 1.8 m (5.9 feet), shall be at least 6.35 mm (0.250 inches) thick.

* * * * *

§ 178.270–11 [Amended]

183. In § 178.270–11:

a. Amend paragraph (a)(2) by removing the wording ''frangible disc'' and adding the wording ''non-reclosing device'' in its place.

b. Amend paragraph (b)(1), introductory text, by removing the wording ''frangible discs'' in the first sentence and adding the wording ''rupture discs'' in its place.

c. Amend paragraph (c)(2) by removing the wording ''frangible disc'' in the first sentence and adding the wording ''rupture disc'' in its place, and by removing the wording ''pressure relief valve used as an emergency'' in the last sentence.

d. Amend paragraph (d)(4) by removing the abbreviation ''sq.'' and adding the word ''square'' each place it appears.

e. Amend paragraph (e)(2)(i) by removing the wording ''frangible discs'' and adding the wording ''rupture discs'' in its place, and paragraph (e)(2)(ii) by removing the wording ''start to discharge'' and adding the wording ''start-to-discharge'' in its place.

f. Amend paragraph (e)(4) by removing the wording ''start to discharge'' and adding the wording ''start-to-discharge'' in its place.

g. By revising paragraph (a)(1) and the first sentence in paragraph (a)(3) to read as follows:

(a) * * *

(1) Each portable tank, or each independent compartment of a portable tank, with a capacity of more than 1893 L (500 gallons), must be provided with a primary spring-loaded pressure relief device and, in addition, may have one or more emergency pressure relief devices that may be a spring-loaded pressure relief valve, a rupture disc or fusible element in parallel with the primary pressure relief device.

* * * * *

(3) If a non-reclosing device is inserted in series with a required pressure relief valve, the space between them must have a suitable tell-tale indicator to permit detection, prior to and during shipment, of disc rupture, pinholing, or leakage which could cause a malfunction of the pressure relief system. * * *

* * * * *

§ 178.345–1 [Amended]

184. Amend § 178.345–1, in paragraph (c), in the definition for ''*Maximum Allowable Working Pressure* or *MAWP*'' by removing the wording ''*Maximum Allowable Working Pressure* or'', and paragraph (k) introductory text, by removing the wording ''Maximum Allowable Working Pressure (MAWP)'' and adding the acronym ''MAWP'' in its place.

§ 178.345–10 [Amended]

185. Amend § 178.345–10, paragraph (b)(3)(ii), by removing the wording ''one liter'' in the first sentence and adding the wording ''1 L'' in its place.

§ 178.345–14 [Amended]

186. Amend § 178.345–14, paragraph (b)(3), by removing the wording ''maximum allowable working pressure (MAWP)'' and adding the acronym ''MAWP'' in its place.

§ 178.346–3 [Amended]

187. Amend § 178.346–3, paragraph (b)(3), by removing the wording ''one liter'' in the first sentence and adding the wording ''1 L'' in its place.

188. Amend § 178.352–2 by revising paragraph (b) to read as follows:

§ 178.352–2 Rated capacity.

* * * * *

(b) The authorized maximum gross weight of the package is 160 kg (350 pounds) for sizes not over 210 L (55 gallons) or 220 kg (480 pounds) for sizes over 210 L (55 gallons) but not over 420 L (110 gallons).

§ 178.352–3 [Amended]

189. Amend § 178.352–3, in the second sentence in paragraph (a) and the last sentence in paragraph (c)(3), by removing the wording ''210L'' and adding the wording ''210 L'' in its place.

190. Amend § 178.356–1, paragraph (c), by revising the fourth and fifth sentence to read as follows:

§ 178.356–1 General requirements.

* * * * *

(c) * * * Each joint between sections must be stepped a minimum of 5 cm (2 inches) and gaps between mating surfaces must not exceed 5 mm (0.2 inch). Gaps between foam surface of top section and liner lid must not exceed 1 cm (0.4 inch) or 5 cm (2 inches) where taper is required for mold stripping. * * *

* * * * *

191. Amend § 178.358–3, by revising paragraph (b)(2), the first sentence in paragraph (b)(3) and paragraph (b)(4) to read as follows:

§ 178.358–3 Modification of Specification 21PF–1 overpacks.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(2) Weigh each packaging element (top and bottom halves) separately to an accuracy of ±2.3 kg (±5 pounds) and record the weights. If this measured weight exceeds the initially measured weight at the time of fabrication by 11.3 kg (25 pounds) (indicating a significant retained water content), the packaging element must be dried.

(3) Place overpack element in drying oven; maintain temperature between 87.8–98.9 °C (190–210 °F) for a minimum of 72 hours. * * *

(4) Drying may be discontinued after 72 hours if the weight of the packaging element does not exceed the initially measured tare weight of that element at the time of fabrication by more than 11.3 kg (25 pounds). If the weight of the packaging element exceeds the initial fabricated weight (indicating a significant remaining water content) by more than 11.3 kg (25 pounds), drying must be continued until the weight differential is not higher than 11.3 kg (25 pounds), or until the rate of weight loss is less than 1.1 kg (2.5 pounds) per day.

* * * * *

192. Revise § 178.364–3 to read as follows:

§ 178.364–3 Closure.

Closure for the protective overpack must be provided by at least 4 mild steel hinges formed from minimum 2.5 cm (1 inch) x 5 mm (3⁄16 inch) bar stock. Hinge pins must be minimum 6 mm (¼ inch)

diameter by 13.3 cm (5¼ inches) long mild steel rod drilled at both ends for cotter pins.

193. Amend § 178.605, by revising paragraphs (d)(2), (d)(3) and (d) concluding text to read as follows:

§ 178.605 Hydrostatic pressure test.

* * * * *

(d) * * *

(2) Not less than 1.75 times the vapor pressure at 50 °C (122 °F) of the material to be transported minus 100 kPa (15 psi) but with a minimum test pressure of 100 kPa (15 psig); or

(3) Not less than 1.5 times the vapor pressure at 55 °C (131 °F) of the material to be transported minus 100 kPa (15 psi), but with a minimum test pressure of 100 kPa (15 psig).

Packagings intended to contain hazardous materials of Packing Group I must be tested to a minimum test pressure of 250 kPa (36 psig).

* * * * *

§ 178.803 [Amended]

194. Amend § 178.803, the table heading, by removing the wording ''Intermediate Bulk Container (IBC)'' and adding the acronym ''IBC'' in its place.

PART 179—SPECIFICATIONS FOR TANK CARS

195. The authority citation for part 179 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 5101–5127; 49 CFR 1.53.

PART 179—[AMENDED]

196. Amend 49 CFR part 179, by removing the acronym ''psi'' or ''p.s.i.'', as appropriate, and adding the acronym ''psig'' each place it appears in the following sections:

179.12(b)
179.16(a)(3)
179.201–1 Table
179.221–1 Table
179.300–16(b)
179.301(a) Table
179.401–1 Table
App. A, paragraph 2.b.

197. Amend 49 CFR part 179 by removing the word ''nonreclosing'' and adding the word ''non-reclosing'' each place it appears in the following sections:

179.15(e) introductory text, (f)(1), (f)(3), (f)(4)

198. Amend 49 CFR part 179 remove the wording ''safety relief'' and add the wording ''pressure relief'' each place it appears in the following sections:

179.102–17(l)
179.200–13 heading
179.220–24 heading
179.300–17(c)
179.500–10(a)
179.500–12(a)

§ 179.2 [Amended]

199. Amend § 179.2, by removing and reserving paragraphs (a)(4) and (a)(9).

§ 179.15 [Amended]

200. Amend § 179.15, paragraph (e)(2), by removing the wording ''start-to-discharge'' in the first sentence each place it appears.

§ 179.18 [Amended]

201. Amend § 179.18, paragraph (c), by removing the wording ''Dockets Unit'' and adding the wording ''RSPA Records Center'' in its place.

§ 179.101–1 [Amended]

202. Amend § 179.101–1, the column headings of the table, by removing the acronym ''psi'' and adding the acronym ''psig'' each place it appears.

§ 179.102–4 [Amended]

203. Amend § 179.102–4, paragraph (i), by removing the wording ''safety relief valve'' and adding the wording ''reclosing pressure relief valve'' in its place.

204. Amend § 179.102–17 by revising paragraph (d) to read as follows:

§ 179.102–17 Hydrogen chloride, refrigerated liquid.

* * * * *

(d) Pressure relief valves must be trimmed with monel or other approved material and equipped with a rupture disc of silver, polytetrafluoroethylene coated monel, or tantalum. Each pressure relief device shall have the space between the rupture disc and the valve vented with a suitable auxiliary valve. The discharge from each pressure relief valve must be directed outside the protective housing.

* * * * *

§ 179.200–6 [Amended]

205. Amend § 179.200–6, paragraphs (a), (b) and (c), in the definitions following the formula, by removing the wording ''P=Minimum required bursting pressure in p.s.i.'' and adding the wording ''P=Minimum required bursting pressure in psig'' each place it appears.

206. Amend § 179.200–14, paragraph (b), by revising the last sentence to read as follows:

§ 179.200–14 Expansion capacity.

* * * * *

(b) * * * The capacity of the dome shall be measured from the inside top of shell of tank to the inside top of dome or bottom of any vent pipe projecting inside of dome, except that when a pressure relief device is applied to side of dome, the effective capacity of the dome shall be measured from top of the pressure relief device opening inside of dome to inside top of shell of tank.

* * * * *

§ 179.201–8 [Amended]

207. Amend § 179.201–8, paragraph (a), by removing the wording ''pounds per square inch'' in the second sentence and adding the acronym ''psig'' in its place.

§ 179.220–6 [Amended]

208. Amend § 179.220–6, paragraphs (a) and (b), in the definitions following the formula, by removing the wording ''P=Minimum required bursting pressure in p.s.i.'' and adding the wording ''P=Minimum required bursting pressure in psig'' each place it appears.

§ 179.300–6 [Amended]

209. In § 179.300–6:

a. In paragraph (a), in the definitions following the formula, remove the wording ''*P*=minimum required bursting pressure in p.s.i.'' and add the wording ''*P*=minimum required bursting pressure in psig'' in its place;

b. In paragraph (b), in the definitions following the formula, remove the wording ''*p*=tank test pressure in p.s.i.'' and add the wording ''*p*=tank test pressure in psig'' in its place.

210. Amend § 179.300–15 by revising the section heading and paragraph (c) to read as follows:

§ 179.300–15 Pressure relief devices.

* * * * *

(c) Pressure relief devices shall be set for start-to-discharge and rupture discs shall burst at a pressure not exceeding that specified in § 179.301.

* * * * *

211. Amend § 179.300–17 by revising the section heading and paragraph (b) to read as follows:

§ 179.300–17 Tests of pressure relief devices.

* * * * *

(b) Rupture discs of non-reclosing pressure relief devices must be tested as prescribed in Appendix A, A5.03 of the AAR Manual of Standards and Recommended Practices, Section C—Part III, Specifications for Tank Cars, Specification M–1002, January 1996 (see § 171.7 of this subchapter).

* * * * *

§ 179.400–8 [Amended]

212. In § 179.400–8:

a. Amend paragraphs (a), (b) and(c), in the definitions following the formula, by removing the wording ''P=minimum required bursting pressure, in psi'' and adding the wording ''P=minimum required bursting pressure in psig'' each place it appears;

b. Amend paragraph (d) by removing the acronym ''psi'' in the last sentence of the text preceding the formula and adding the acronym ''psig'' in its place; and by removing in the definitions following the formula the wording ''P_c = Critical collapsing pressure (37.5 psi minimum), in psi'' and adding the wording ''P_c = Critical collapsing pressure (37.5 psig minimum) in psig'' in its place.

§ 179.400–9 [Amended]

213. Amend § 179.400–9, paragraph (d), in the definitions following the formula, by removing the wording ''P_c = critical collapsing pressure (37.5 psi minimum), in psi'' and adding the wording ''P_c = critical collapsing pressure (37.5 psig minimum) in psig'' in its place.

§ 179.400–20 [Amended]

214. Amend § 179.400–20, paragraph (d), by removing the wording ''frangible disc'' in the last sentence and adding the wording ''rupture disc'' in its place.

§ 179.400–25 [Amended]

215. Amend § 179.400–25, paragraph (a), by removing the wording ''frangible disc'' and adding the wording ''rupture disc'' in its place.

§ 179.500–3 [Amended]

216. Amend § 179.500–3, paragraph (c)(2), by removing the wording ''pounds per square inch'' and adding the acronym ''psig'' in its place.

§ 179.500–4 [Amended]

217. Amend § 179.500–4, paragraph (a), by removing the wording ''pounds per square inch'' in the first sentence and adding the acronym ''psi'' in its place.

§ 179.500–7 [Amended]

218. Amend § 179.500–7, paragraph (b), by removing the wording ''pounds per square inch'' and adding the acronym ''psi'' each place it appears.

§ 179.500–12 [Amended]

219. Amend § 179.500–12, the section heading, by removing the wording ''Safety relief'' and adding the wording ''Pressure relief'' in its place.

220. Amend § 179.500–16 by revising the section heading, the first sentence in paragraph (a) and paragraph (b) to read as follows:

§ 179.500–16 Tests of pressure relief devices.

(a) Pressure relief valves shall be tested by air or gas before being put into service. * * *

(b) For pressure relief devices that incorporate a rupture disc, samples of the discs used shall burst at a pressure not exceeding the marked test pressure of tank and not less than 7/10 of marked test pressure.

221. Amend § 179.500–17 by revising paragraphs (a)(5) and (a)(6) to read as follows:

§ 179.500–17 Marking.

(a) * * *

(5) Date (such as 1–01, for January 2001) of tank test, so placed that dates of subsequent tests may easily be added.

(6) Date (such as 1–01, for January 2001) of latest test of the pressure relief device or of the rupture disc, required only when tank is used for transportation of flammable gases.

* * * * *

§ 179.500–18 [Amended]

222. In § 179.500–18, paragraph (c):

a. Amend the table titled ''RECORD OF CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF STEEL IN TANKS'', in the column headings, by removing the wording ''pounds per square inch'' and adding the acronym ''psi'' each place it appears.

b. Amend the table titled ''RECORD OF HYDROSTATIC TESTS ON TANKS'' by removing the wording ''pounds per square inch'' and adding the acronym ''psig'' in its place.

c. Amend the table titled ''RECORD OF GENERAL DATA ON TANKS'':

i. In column 10, by removing the wording ''pounds per square inch'', and adding the acronym ''psig'' in its place.

ii. In column 11, by removing the wording ''pounds per square inch'' and adding the acronym ''psi'' in its place.

iii. By revising the heading of column 9 to read ''(S) Calculated fiber stress in psi at 7/10 marked test pressure''.

PART 180—CONTINUING QUALIFICATION AND MAINTENANCE OF PACKAGINGS

223. The authority citation for part 180 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 5101–5127; 49 CFR 1.53.

PART 180—[AMENDED]

224. Amend CFR part 180 by removing the wording ''intermediate bulk container'' or ''Intermediate bulk container'', as appropriate, and adding the acronym ''IBC'' each place it appears in the following sections:

180.350
180.351(a), (b)
180.352(a), (b) introductory text, (b)(3)(i), (c)(1), (c)(2)(i) introductory text, (c)(2)(i)(A), (c)(2)(i)(B), (c)(2)(i)(C), (c)(2)(ii) introductory text, (c)(2)(ii)(C), (c)(2)(iii) introductory text, (c)(2)(iii)(B), (f)

225. Amend 49 CFR part 180 by removing the wording ''intermediate bulk containers'' and adding the acronym ''IBCs'' each place it appears in the following sections:

180.351 heading
180.352(b) heading, (b)(3)(ii)

226. Amend 49 CFR part 180 by removing the acronym ''psi'' or ''p.s.i.'', as appropriate, and adding the acronym ''psig'' each place it appears in the following sections:

180.509(j)(2)
180.519(b)(2), (b)(5) Table

227. Amend 49 CFR part 180 by removing the word ''liters'' and adding the acronym ''L'' each please it appears in the following sections:

180.405(m)(2), (m)(3), (n)
180.409(b)

§ 180.352 [Amended]

228. Amend § 180.352, the section heading, by removing the wording ''intermediate bulk containers (IBCs)'' and adding the acronym ''IBCs'' in its place.

§ 180.405 [Amended]

229. Amend § 180.405, paragraph (h)(2), by removing the wording ''one liter'' in the first sentence and adding the wording ''1 L'' in its place.

230. Amend § 180.509 by revising paragraphs (h)(2)(i) and (h)(2)(ii) to read as follows:

§ 180.509 Requirements for inspection and test of specification tank cars.

* * * * *

(h) * * *

(2) * * *

(i) Removing the reclosing pressure relief device from the tank car for inspection; and

(ii) Testing the reclosing pressure relief device with air or another gas to ensure that it conforms to the start-to-discharge pressure for the specification or hazardous material in this subchapter.

* * * * *

§ 180.515 [Amended]

231. Amend § 180.515, paragraph (c), by removing the wording ''safety relief device'' and adding the wording ''reclosing pressure relief device'' in its place.

§ 180.519 [Amended]

232. In § 180.519:

a. Amend paragraph (b)(3), by removing the wording ''start to discharge'' and adding the wording ''start-to-discharge'' in its place.

b. Amend paragraph (b)(4), by removing the wording ''Frangible discs'' and adding the wording ''Rupture discs'' in its place.

c. Amend paragraph (b)(5), column headings for RETEST TABLE 1 by removing the wording ''Safety relief'' and adding the wording ''Pressure relief'' each place it appears, and in Note (a) of the table by removing the wording ''frangible disc'' and adding the wording ''rupture disc'' in its place.

Issued in Washington, DC, on June 27, 2001, under authority delegated in 49 CFR part 1.

Edward A. Brigham,

Acting Deputy Administrator.

[FR Doc. 01–16660 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

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Federal Register

Tuesday,
August 28, 2001

Part III

Federal Emergency Management Agency

Compendium of Flood Map Changes; Notice

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

Compendium of Flood Map Changes

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This Notice provides listings of changes made to National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) maps produced by FEMA effective during the first 6 months of 2001.

DATES: The listings include changes to NFIP maps that became effective January 1, 2001, through June 30, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Michael K. Buckley, P.E., Director, Hazard Mapping Division, Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration, Federal Emergency Management Agency, Washington, DC 20472, (202)646-2756.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with Section 1360(i) of the National Flood Insurance Reform Act of 1994, this Notice is provided to inform interested parties of changes made by FEMA to NFIP maps. The two listings provided show communities affected by map changes made by letter and communities affected by physical map changes. For each Letter of Map Change, the first listing provides the map panel(s) affected, effective (determination) date of the change, case number, and determination type. For each physical map change, the Map Revision listing provides the map panel(s) affected and the effective date of the change. The listing also identifies: (1) those panels on which the Special Flood Hazard Areas have not been changed or have been changed only to incorporate the Letters of Map Change issued before the effective date; and (2) those panels for which a Flood Insurance Rate Map is produced for the first time, resulting only in changes to flood insurance and floodplain management requirements in the affected community. Future notices of changes to NFIP maps will be published approximately every 6 months.

Dated: August 21, 2001.

Robert F. Shea,

Acting Administrator, Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration.

Two listings are provided below. The first listing includes all Letters of Map Change issued by FEMA from January 1 through June 30, 2001. The following types of letters are included in the listing:

Type	Description
01	Letter of Map Revision Based on Fill (218-65)
02	Letter of Map Amendment (218-70)
05	Letter of Map Revision With Base Flood Elevation Changes
06	Letter of Map Revision Without Base Flood Elevation Changes
08	Denial
12	Floodway Revision
17	Letter of Map Revision-inadvertent inclusion in floodway (218-65)
18	Letter of Map Revision-inadvertent inclusion in V zone (218-65)
19	Letter of Map Change Revalidation.

The second listing includes map panels that FEMA physically revised and republished from January 1 through June 30, 2001. For those map panels on which the Special Flood Hazard Areas have not been changed or have been changed only to incorporate Letters of Map Change issued before the effective date, two asterisks(**) are shown to the right of the map panel number. For those map panels for which a Flood Insurance Rate Map is produced for the first time, resulting only in changes to flood insurance and floodplain management requirements in the affected community, three asterisks(***) are shown to the right of the map panel number.

For both listings, a single asterisk is shown to the right of each county name that appears in the ''Community'' column. This asterisk indicates the area covered is the unincorporated areas of that county.

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
01	CT	ASHFORD, TOWN OF	0901650020C	25-APR-2001	01-01-0712A	02
01	CT	BERLIN, TOWN OF	0900220010D	21-MAR-2001	01-01-0328A	02
01	CT	BETHLEHEM, TOWN OF	0901780005A	02-APR-2001	00-01-039P	05
01	CT	BRANFORD, TOWN OF	0900730010C	01-JUN-2001	00-01-025P	05
01	CT	BRANFORD, TOWN OF	0900730006C	31-JAN-2001	01-01-0184A	02
01	CT	BRIDGEPORT, CITY OF	0900020001B	09-MAR-2001	01-01-0384A	02
01	CT	BRISTOL, CITY OF	0900230004B	11-MAY-2001	01-01-0808A	02
01	CT	CLINTON, TOWN OF	0900610005F	07-FEB-2001	01-01-0442A	02
01	CT	CROMWELL, TOWN OF	0901230010E	08-JAN-2001	00-01-017P	05
01	CT	DANBURY, CITY OF	0900040010B	02-MAY-2001	01-01-0120A	02
01	CT	FAIRFIELD, TOWN OF	0900070008C	23-MAY-2001	01-01-0838A	02
01	CT	FARMINGTON, TOWN OF	0900290010C	25-MAY-2001	00-01-1156A	01
01	CT	GOSHEN, TOWN OF	0901770015A	20-JUN-2001	01-01-0890A	02
01	CT	GROTON, TOWN OF	0900970010C	28-FEB-2001	01-01-0532A	02
01	CT	GUILFORD, TOWN OF	0900770010B	10-JAN-2001	01-01-0258A	02
01	CT	GUILFORD, TOWN OF	0900770015B	02-MAR-2001	01-01-0504A	02
01	CT	GUILFORD, TOWN OF	0900770015B	16-MAR-2001	01-01-0610A	02
01	CT	HAMDEN, TOWN OF	0900780010B	20-JUN-2001	01-01-0568A	02
01	CT	LEBANON, TOWN OF	0901550005B	21-FEB-2001	01-01-0300A	02
01	CT	LITCHFIELD, TOWN OF	0900470010B	10-APR-2001	01-01-0668A	02
01	CT	MERIDEN, CITY OF	0900810004C	23-MAR-2001	01-01-0594A	02
01	CT	MERIDEN, CITY OF	0900810005C	25-APR-2001	01-01-0730A	02
01	CT	MERIDEN, CITY OF	0900810005C	25-MAY-2001	01-01-0598A	02
01	CT	MERIDEN, CITY OF	0900810004C	13-JUN-2001	01-01-0866A	02
01	CT	MIDDLETOWN, CITY OF	0900680007C	08-MAR-2001	01-01-0578V	19
01	CT	MILFORD, CITY OF	0900820003D	20-JUN-2001	01-01-0906A	02
01	CT	MONROE, TOWN OF	0900090010B	21-FEB-2001	01-01-0378A	02
01	CT	NORTH CANAAN, TOWN OF	0901490002B	07-MAR-2001	01-01-0270A	02
01	CT	NORTH CANAAN, TOWN OF	0901490002B	11-MAY-2001	01-01-0484A	02
01	CT	OLD SAYBROOK, TOWN OF	0900690004D	14-FEB-2001	01-01-0370A	02
01	CT	OLD SAYBROOK, TOWN OF	0900690002C	07-MAR-2001	01-01-0556A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
01	CT	SHARON, TOWN OF	0900530015B	30-MAR-2001	01-01-0646A	02
01	CT	SOMERS, TOWN OF	0901120006B	06-JUN-2001	01-01-0846A	02
01	CT	SOUTHINGTON, TOWN OF	0900370005D	31-JAN-2001	01-01-0422A	02
01	CT	STAMFORD, CITY OF	0900150009D	23-FEB-2001	01-01-0474A	02
01	CT	STAMFORD, CITY OF	0900150007D	30-MAR-2001	01-01-0622A	02
01	CT	STRATFORD, TOWN OF	0900160003D	02-JAN-2001	01-01-0252A	02
01	CT	STRATFORD, TOWN OF	0900160004D	10-JAN-2001	01-01-0260A	02
01	CT	STRATFORD, TOWN OF	0900160003C	11-APR-2001	01-01-0670A	02
01	CT	STRATFORD, TOWN OF	0900160003D	20-JUN-2001	01-01-0924A	02
01	CT	STRATFORD, TOWN OF	0900160002C	22-JUN-2001	01-01-0958A	02
01	CT	TORRINGTON, CITY OF	0950810004B	15-JUN-2001	01-01-0810A	02
01	CT	WALLINGFORD, TOWN OF	0900900008C	06-APR-2001	01-01-0684A	02
01	CT	WEST HAVEN, CITY OF	0900920004B	10-JAN-2001	01-01-0174A	02
01	CT	WESTPORT, TOWN OF	0900190003C	07-MAR-2001	01-01-0414A	02
01	CT	WESTPORT, TOWN OF	0900190003C	23-MAR-2001	01-01-0592A	02
01	CT	WOODBURY, TOWN OF	0901330001A	02-APR-2001	00-01-039P	05
01	CT	WOODSTOCK, TOWN OF	0901200016B	10-JAN-2001	01-01-0208A	02
01	CT	WOODSTOCK, TOWN OF	0901200015B	06-JUN-2001	01-01-0862A	02
01	MA	AGAWAM, TOWN OF	2501330002A	21-FEB-2001	01-01-0490A	02
01	MA	AGAWAM, TOWN OF	2501330002A	04-MAY-2001	01-01-0678A	02
01	MA	AGAWAM, TOWN OF	2501330002A	20-JUN-2001	01-01-0902A	02
01	MA	AMESBURY, TOWN OF	2500750004C	10-JAN-2001	01-01-0278A	02
01	MA	ATTLEBORO, CITY OF	2500490010C	04-MAY-2001	01-01-0664A	02
01	MA	ATTLEBORO, CITY OF	2500490005C	16-MAY-2001	01-01-0436A	02
01	MA	BEDFORD, TOWN OF	2552090004C	06-JUN-2001	01-01-0856A	02
01	MA	BERKLEY, TOWN OF	2500500002B	14-FEB-2001	01-01-0470A	02
01	MA	BERKLEY, TOWN OF	2500500001B	27-APR-2001	01-01-0574A	02
01	MA	BILLERICA, TOWN OF	2501830005C	16-FEB-2001	00-01-047X	05
01	MA	BILLERICA, TOWN OF	2501830005C	06-JUN-2001	01-01-0706A	02
01	MA	BOURNE, TOWN OF	2552100001E	10-MAY-2001	01-01-021P	05
01	MA	BROCKTON, CITY OF	2502610005C	21-FEB-2001	01-01-0462X	02
01	MA	BROCKTON, CITY OF	2502610005C	28-FEB-2001	01-01-0518A	02
01	MA	CLINTON, TOWN OF	2503000002B	23-MAY-2001	01-01-0676A	02
01	MA	DUNSTABLE, TOWN OF	2501910006B	13-JUN-2001	01-01-0852A	02
01	MA	EASTON, TOWN OF	2500530005C	01-FEB-2001	01-01-003P	06
01	MA	EASTON, TOWN OF	2500530010E	24-JAN-2001	01-01-0050A	02
01	MA	EASTON, TOWN OF	2500530010E	02-FEB-2001	01-01-0366A	02
01	MA	EASTON, TOWN OF	2500530010E	09-MAR-2001	01-01-0530A	02
01	MA	EASTON, TOWN OF	2500530010E	11-APR-2001	01-01-0714A	02
01	MA	EASTON, TOWN OF	2500530010B	01-JUN-2001	01-01-0662A	02
01	MA	EASTON, TOWN OF	2500530005C	06-JUN-2001	01-01-0772A	02
01	MA	FAIRHAVEN, TOWN OF	2500540002C	04-MAY-2001	01-01-0774A	02
01	MA	FALMOUTH, TOWN OF	2552110008G	28-MAR-2001	01-01-0630A	02
01	MA	FALMOUTH, TOWN OF	2552110001G	02-MAY-2001	01-01-0582A	02
01	MA	FRAMINGHAM, TOWN OF	2501930005C	18-APR-2001	01-01-0710A	02
01	MA	FRAMINGHAM, TOWN OF	2501930008C	06-JUN-2001	01-01-0910A	02
01	MA	FRAMINGHAM, TOWN OF	2501930011B	20-JUN-2001	01-01-0778A	02
01	MA	FREETOWN, TOWN OF	2500560005B	16-MAY-2001	01-01-0638A	02
01	MA	HANOVER, TOWN OF	2502660003B	02-MAY-2001	01-01-0756A	02
01	MA	HAVERHILL, CITY OF	2500850010B	31-JAN-2001	01-01-0364A	02
01	MA	HINGHAM, TOWN OF	2502680010B	23-MAY-2001	01-01-0608A	02
01	MA	HOLLAND, TOWN OF	2501410005B	13-JUN-2001	01-01-0584A	02
01	MA	LANCASTER, TOWN OF	2503120008B	06-JUN-2001	01-01-0884A	02
01	MA	LAWRENCE, CITY OF	2500870004B	23-MAY-2001	01-01-0794A	02
01	MA	LOWELL, CITY OF	2502010003D	02-MAR-2001	01-01-0534A	02
01	MA	LYNNFIELD, TOWN OF	2500890005C	02-JAN-2001	01-01-0236A	02
01	MA	MASHPEE, TOWN OF	2500090008F	16-MAR-2001	01-01-0124A	01
01	MA	MATTAPOISETT, TOWN OF	2552140009E	17-JAN-2001	01-01-0296A	02
01	MA	MELROSE , CITY OF	2502060001B	22-JUN-2001	01-01-0522A	02
01	MA	MENDON, TOWN OF	2503160005B	21-FEB-2001	01-01-0170A	02
01	MA	NAHANT, TOWN OF	2500950004B	22-JUN-2001	01-01-0972A	02
01	MA	NANTUCKET, TOWN OF	2502300004D	17-JAN-2001	01-01-0256A	02
01	MA	NORTHAMPTON, CITY OF	2501670001A	02-MAR-2001	01-01-0406A	02
01	MA	NORTON, TOWN OF	2500600002C	18-APR-2001	01-01-0202A	02
01	MA	PITTSFIELD, CITY OF	2500370020C	09-MAR-2001	01-01-0220A	02
01	MA	PLAINVILLE, TOWN OF	2502490003B	11-APR-2001	01-01-0626A	02
01	MA	QUINCY, CITY OF	2552190016B	27-JUN-2001	01-01-0796A	02
01	MA	QUINCY, CITY OF	2502190004C	29-JUN-2001	01-01-1008A	02
01	MA	QUINCY, CITY OF	2552190002C	23-MAY-2001	01-01-0748A	01
01	MA	RANDOLPH, TOWN OF	2502510004D	21-FEB-2001	01-01-0456A	02
01	MA	RAYNHAM, TOWN OF	2500610002B	09-MAR-2001	01-01-0254A	02
01	MA	READING, TOWN OF	2502110001B	22-JUN-2001	01-01-0868A	02
01	MA	REVERE, CITY OF	2502880001B	26-JAN-2001	01-01-0150A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
01	MA	REVERE, CITY OF	2502880001B	27-JUN-2001	01-01-0966A	02
01	MA	REVERE, CITY OF	2502880003B	22-JUN-2001	01-01-0606A	01
01	MA	ROCKLAND, TOWN OF	2502810003B	24-JAN-2001	01-01-0240A	02
01	MA	ROCKLAND, TOWN OF	2502810001B	14-FEB-2001	00-01-1058A	01
01	MA	SALEM, CITY OF	2501020001B	31-JAN-2001	01-01-0342A	02
01	MA	SALEM, CITY OF	2501020002B	13-JUN-2001	01-01-0914A	02
01	MA	SAUGUS, TOWN OF	2501040004B	11-MAY-2001	01-01-0804A	02
01	MA	SCITUATE, TOWN OF	2502820001D	23-MAY-2001	01-01-0466A	02
01	MA	SCITUATE, TOWN OF	2502820002D	13-JUN-2001	01-01-0516A	02
01	MA	STOUGHTON, TOWN OF	2502530001B	27-JUN-2001	01-01-0828A	02
01	MA	SWANSEA, TOWN OF	2552210009C	31-JAN-2001	01-01-0312A	02
01	MA	SWANSEA, TOWN OF	2552210009C	06-JUN-2001	01-01-0746A	02
01	MA	TOPSFIELD, TOWN OF	2501060001D	06-APR-2001	01-01-0650A	02
01	MA	WAREHAM, TOWN OF	2552230007D	24-JAN-2001	01-01-0308A	02
01	MA	WAREHAM, TOWN OF	2552230011D	20-APR-2001	01-01-0506A	01
01	MA	WESTHAMPTON, TOWN OF	2501730009B	02-MAR-2001	01-01-0406D	02
01	MA	WESTWOOD, TOWN OF	2552250005C	21-FEB-2001	01-01-0440A	02
01	MA	WEYMOUTH, TOWN OF	2502570006C	25-APR-2001	01-01-0708A	02
01	MA	WINCHENDON, TOWN OF	2503480010B	25-APR-2001	99-01-031P	05
01	MA	WRENTHAM, TOWN OF	2502580002B	04-MAY-2001	01-01-0476A	02
01	MA	YARMOUTH, TOWN OF	2500150005D	17-JAN-2001	01-01-0284A	02
01	ME	ALNA, TOWN OF	230083	10-JAN-2001	01-01-0234A	02
01	ME	ARROWSIC, TOWN OF	2302080005A	22-JUN-2001	01-01-0954A	02
01	ME	AUBURN, CITY OF	2300010006C	19-JAN-2001	00-01-049P	05
01	ME	AUBURN, CITY OF	2300010008C	14-MAR-2001	01-01-0452A	02
01	ME	BAR HARBOR, TOWN OF	2300640005B	06-JUN-2001	01-01-0842A	18
01	ME	BELFAST, CITY OF	2301290016B	03-JAN-2001	01-01-0186A	18
01	ME	BELGRADE, TOWN OF	2302320010B	25-APR-2001	01-01-0716A	02
01	ME	BELGRADE, TOWN OF	2302320010B	27-APR-2001	01-01-0726A	02
01	ME	BELGRADE, TOWN OF	2302320005B	20-JUN-2001	01-01-0926A	02
01	ME	BETHEL, TOWN OF	2300880005C	10-JAN-2001	01-01-0292A	02
01	ME	BOOTHBAY, TOWN OF	2302120010B	28-MAR-2001	01-01-0348A	02
01	ME	BRIDGTON, TOWN OF	2300410005B	02-FEB-2001	01-01-0326A	02
01	ME	BRISTOL, TOWN OF	2302150015B	16-MAR-2001	01-01-0356A	02
01	ME	BROWNFIELD, TOWN OF	2300890016B	22-JUN-2001	01-01-0998A	02
01	ME	BRUNSWICK, TOWN OF	2300420015B	01-JUN-2001	01-01-0188A	02
01	ME	BUXTON, TOWN OF	2301460010B	28-MAR-2001	01-01-0358A	02
01	ME	CAMDEN, TOWN OF	2300740014B	09-MAR-2001	01-01-005P	05
01	ME	CONCORD, TOWNSHIP OF	230466A	07-FEB-2001	00-01-1028A	02
01	ME	DEER ISLE, TOWN OF	2302800015B	14-FEB-2001	01-01-0408A	02
01	ME	DURHAM, TOWN OF	2300020005B	06-APR-2001	01-01-0640A	02
01	ME	EDMUNDS, TOWNSHIP OF	230471A	27-APR-2001	01-01-0722A	02
01	ME	ENFIELD, TOWN OF	2303840010A	06-JUN-2001	01-01-0898A	02
01	ME	FREEPORT, TOWN OF	2300460014B	15-FEB-2001	01-01-007P	06
01	ME	FREEPORT, TOWN OF	2300460014B	14-MAR-2001	01-01-0286A	02
01	ME	GLENBURN, TOWN OF	2301060005C	06-JUN-2001	01-01-0840A	02
01	ME	GRAY, TOWN OF	2300480005A	14-MAR-2001	01-01-0524A	02
01	ME	GUILFORD, TOWN OF	230117	02-MAY-2001	01-01-0718A	02
01	ME	HANCOCK, TOWN OF	2302840005A	18-MAY-2001	01-01-0844A	02
01	ME	HARMONY, TOWN OF	2303600011B	27-APR-2001	01-01-0704A	02
01	ME	HARPSWELL, TOWN OF	2301690014D	04-APR-2001	01-01-0550A	18
01	ME	HARPSWELL, TOWN OF	2301690005B	04-MAY-2001	01-01-0764A	02
01	ME	HARTLAND, TOWN OF	230361A	27-APR-2001	01-01-0744A	02
01	ME	ISLESBORO, TOWN OF	2302560005C	28-FEB-2001	01-01-0430A	02
01	ME	JACKMAN, TOWN OF	230362B	02-MAY-2001	01-01-0634A	02
01	ME	KENNEBUNKPORT, TOWN OF	2301700007B	13-JUN-2001	01-01-0576A	02
01	ME	LAMOINE, TOWN OF	2302850010A	24-JAN-2001	01-01-0324A	02
01	ME	LAMOINE, TOWN OF	2302850010A	07-FEB-2001	01-01-0376A	02
01	ME	LAMOINE, TOWN OF	2302850010A	25-APR-2001	01-01-0674A	02
01	ME	LAMOINE, TOWN OF	2302850010A	23-MAY-2001	01-01-0818A	02
01	ME	LEBANON, TOWN OF	230193	29-JUN-2001	01-01-1004A	02
01	ME	LIMINGTON, TOWN OF	2301520015C	06-APR-2001	01-01-0396A	02
01	ME	LINCOLN, TOWN OF	2301090020B	19-JAN-2001	01-01-0338A	02
01	ME	MAPLETON, TOWN OF	230025B	11-APR-2001	01-01-0038A	02
01	ME	MARIAVILLE, TOWN OF	230286	18-MAY-2001	01-01-0834A	02
01	ME	MT. VERNON, TOWN OF	230241A	25-APR-2001	01-01-0432A	02
01	ME	NAPLES, TOWN OF	2300500005B	02-MAY-2001	01-01-0682A	01
01	ME	NEWFIELD, TOWN OF	2301960011B	24-JAN-2001	01-01-0380X	02
01	ME	NORRIDGEWOCK, TOWN OF	2301780016C	23-MAR-2001	01-01-0562A	02
01	ME	NORTH BERWICK, TOWN OF	2301970007C	19-JAN-2001	01-01-0314A	02
01	ME	NORWAY, TOWN OF	2300960005B	14-FEB-2001	01-01-0404A	02
01	ME	ORLAND,TOWN OF	230288A	12-JAN-2001	01-01-0302A	02
01	ME	OTISFIELD, TOWN OF	2302030004B	16-MAR-2001	01-01-0402A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
01	ME	OWL'S HEAD, TOWN OF	2300750005B	10-JAN-2001	01-01-0316A	18
01	ME	OWL'S HEAD, TOWN OF	2300750005B	23-MAR-2001	01-01-0566A	18
01	ME	OWL'S HEAD, TOWN OF	2300750005B	23-MAR-2001	01-01-0554A	18
01	ME	OWL'S HEAD, TOWN OF	2300750005B	23-MAR-2001	01-01-0552A	18
01	ME	PALERMO,TOWN OF	230263B	13-JUN-2001	01-01-0728A	02
01	ME	PENOBSCOT, TOWN OF	2302900015A	19-JAN-2001	01-01-0294A	02
01	ME	POLAND, TOWN OF	2300090005D	07-FEB-2001	01-01-0298A	02
01	ME	POLAND, TOWN OF	2300090005D	28-MAR-2001	01-01-0588A	02
01	ME	PORTLAND, CITY OF	2300510007C	21-FEB-2001	01-01-0388A	02
01	ME	PORTLAND, CITY OF	2300510013B	04-MAY-2001	01-01-0624A	02
01	ME	PORTLAND, CITY OF	2300510007C	29-JUN-2001	01-01-1030A	02
01	ME	RANGELEY, TOWN OF	2303520007B	04-APR-2001	01-01-0586A	02
01	ME	RAYMOND, TOWN OF	2302050020B	14-MAR-2001	01-01-0496A	02
01	ME	ROXBURY, TOWN OF	230181A	10-JAN-2001	01-01-0266A	02
01	ME	ROXBURY, TOWN OF	230181A	13-JUN-2001	01-01-0502A	02
01	ME	RUMFORD, TOWN OF	2300990012B	22-JUN-2001	01-01-0960A	02
01	ME	SEBAGO, TOWN OF	2302060018B	06-JUN-2001	01-01-0760A	02
01	ME	SOUTH THOMASTON, TOWN OF	2300780005B	28-FEB-2001	01-01-0468A	02
01	ME	ST. ALBANS, TOWN OF	230369A	21-FEB-2001	01-01-0454A	02
01	ME	ST. ALBANS, TOWN OF	230369A	21-FEB-2001	01-01-0426A	02
01	ME	ST. GEORGE, TOWN OF	2302290010C	23-MAR-2001	01-01-0528A	18
01	ME	ST. GEORGE, TOWN OF	2302290010C	07-MAR-2001	01-01-0494A	02
01	ME	ST. GEORGE, TOWN OF	2302290015C	27-APR-2001	01-01-0666A	02
01	ME	STANDISH, TOWN OF	2302070040B	16-MAR-2001	01-01-0510A	02
01	ME	STARKS, TOWN OF	2303720005C	28-MAR-2001	01-01-0514A	02
01	ME	SURRY, TOWN OF	2302960010B	18-APR-2001	01-01-0410A	18
01	ME	SURRY, TOWN OF	2302960010B	02-FEB-2001	01-01-0386A	02
01	ME	SURRY, TOWN OF	2302960005B	21-FEB-2001	01-01-0412A	02
01	ME	SWANS ISLAND,TOWN OF	230297A	25-MAY-2001	01-01-0860A	02
01	ME	SWANS ISLAND,TOWN OF	230297A	22-JUN-2001	01-01-0978A	02
01	ME	SWANS ISLAND,TOWN OF	230297A	29-JUN-2001	01-01-1006A	02
01	ME	T17 R04 WELS, TOWNSHIP OF	230453A	28-FEB-2001	01-01-0334A	02
01	ME	T17 R04 WELS, TOWNSHIP OF	230453A	25-MAY-2001	01-01-0880A	02
01	ME	TRENTON, TOWN OF	2302990005A	07-FEB-2001	01-01-0372A	18
01	ME	UNION,TOWN OF	2300800015C	04-MAY-2001	01-01-0762A	02
01	ME	VINALHAVEN, TOWN OF	230230A	27-APR-2001	01-01-0768A	02
01	ME	WARREN, TOWN OF	2300810005B	12-JAN-2001	01-01-0320A	02
01	ME	WATERBORO, TOWN OF	2301990004C	24-JAN-2001	01-01-0382A	02
01	ME	WATERBORO, TOWN OF	2301990004C	07-FEB-2001	01-01-0368A	02
01	ME	WATERBORO, TOWN OF	230199 003C	02-MAY-2001	01-01-0736A	02
01	ME	WATERFORD, TOWN OF	2303430015A	14-FEB-2001	01-01-0392A	02
01	ME	WATERVILLE, CITY OF	2300700006C	08-MAY-2001	01-01-0802V	19
01	ME	WINDHAM, TOWN OF	2301890015B	06-APR-2001	01-01-0472A	02
01	ME	YORK, TOWN OF	2301590024B	27-JUN-2001	01-01-0940A	02
01	NH	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3300810010B	09-MAY-2001	01-01-0750A	02
01	NH	BARTLETT, TOWN OF	3300100010C	07-MAR-2001	01-01-0492A	02
01	NH	BARTLETT, TOWN OF	3300100010C	08-JUN-2001	01-01-0658A	02
01	NH	BEDFORD, TOWN OF	3300830005C	25-APR-2001	01-01-0742A	02
01	NH	BOW, TOWN OF	3301070001D	08-JUN-2001	01-01-0886A	02
01	NH	BRENTWOOD, TOWN OF	3301250003C	16-MAR-2001	01-01-0580A	02
01	NH	BRISTOL, TOWN OF	3300470007B	14-MAR-2001	01-01-0538A	02
01	NH	COLEBROOK, TOWN OF	3300310005B	02-MAY-2001	01-01-0734A	02
01	NH	CORNISH, TOWN OF	3301550010B	06-APR-2001	01-01-0268A	02
01	NH	DERRY, TOWN OF	3301280011B	07-MAR-2001	01-01-0458A	02
01	NH	ENFIELD, TOWN OF	3300520005B	23-MAR-2001	01-01-0178A	02
01	NH	ENFIELD, TOWN OF	3300520002B	08-JUN-2001	01-01-0912A	02
01	NH	ENFIELD, TOWN OF	3300520020B	15-JUN-2001	01-01-0892A	02
01	NH	FREMONT, TOWN OF	3301310005C	14-MAR-2001	01-01-0604A	02
01	NH	FREMONT, TOWN OF	3301310005C	16-MAR-2001	01-01-0602A	02
01	NH	FREMONT, TOWN OF	3301310005C	21-MAR-2001	01-01-0620A	02
01	NH	FREMONT, TOWN OF	3301310005C	04-MAY-2001	01-01-0644A	02
01	NH	FREMONT, TOWN OF	3301310005C	04-MAY-2001	01-01-0536A	02
01	NH	FREMONT, TOWN OF	3301310005C	09-MAY-2001	01-01-0782A	02
01	NH	HAMPTON, TOWN OF	3301320008B	28-MAR-2001	01-01-0544A	02
01	NH	KEENE, CITY OF	3300230009C	10-JAN-2001	01-01-0176A	02
01	NH	KEENE, CITY OF	3300230009C	22-JUN-2001	01-01-0872A	02
01	NH	KEENE, CITY OF	3300230008C	02-MAR-2001	01-01-0250A	01
01	NH	KINGSTON, TOWN OF	3302170005C	09-FEB-2001	01-01-0398A	02
01	NH	LITCHFIELD, TOWN OF	3300930010B	26-JAN-2001	01-01-0336A	02
01	NH	MERRIMACK, TOWN OF	3300950005A	23-FEB-2001	01-01-0480A	02
01	NH	MILTON, TOWN OF	3301490003B	09-MAY-2001	01-01-0548A	02
01	NH	NEW DURHAM, TOWN OF	3302270010B	14-MAR-2001	01-01-0488A	02
01	NH	NEWFIELDS, TOWN OF	3302280005B	26-JAN-2001	01-01-0306A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
01	NH	OSSIPEE, TOWN OF	3300160008C	28-MAR-2001	01-01-0486A	02
01	NH	PELHAM, TOWN OF	3301000005B	12-JAN-2001	01-01-0332A	02
01	NH	ROCHESTER, CITY OF	3301500020B	20-APR-2001	01-01-0482A	01
01	NH	RYE, TOWN OF	3301410002B	15-FEB-2001	00-01-007P	05
01	NH	SALEM, TOWN OF	3301420010C	20-JUN-2001	01-01-0942A	02
01	NH	STEWARTSTOWN, TOWN OF	330194A	01-JUN-2001	01-01-0874A	02
01	NH	STRAFFORD, TOWN OF	330196B	05-JAN-2001	01-01-0304A	02
01	NH	STRAFFORD, TOWN OF	330196B	24-JAN-2001	01-01-0374A	02
01	NH	STRAFFORD, TOWN OF	330196B	27-APR-2001	01-01-0766A	02
01	NH	WILMOT, TOWN OF	330124B	14-FEB-2001	01-01-0360A	02
01	RI	BARRINGTON, TOWN OF	44001C0007F	23-MAR-2001	01-01-0560A	02
01	RI	COVENTRY, TOWN OF	4400040007B	22-MAY-2001	01-01-0800V	19
01	RI	COVENTRY, TOWN OF	4400040015A	19-JAN-2001	01-01-0288A	02
01	RI	COVENTRY, TOWN OF	4400040015A	23-MAR-2001	01-01-0596A	02
01	RI	COVENTRY, TOWN OF	440040007B	01-JUN-2001	01-01-0540A	02
01	RI	CRANSTON, CITY OF	4453960009B	16-MAY-2001	01-01-0672A	17
01	RI	CRANSTON, CITY OF	4453960002B	07-JUN-2001	00-01-023P	06
01	RI	CRANSTON, CITY OF	445396 0005	08-JUN-2001	01-01-0814A	02
01	RI	GLOCESTER, TOWN OF	4400340010C	19-JAN-2001	01-01-0246A	02
01	RI	JOHNSTON, TOWN OF	4400180010C	18-APR-2001	01-01-0700A	02
01	RI	NEWPORT, CITY OF	4454030002F	21-MAR-2001	01-01-0614A	02
01	RI	NORTH KINGSTOWN, TOWN OF	4454040004C	23-MAR-2001	01-01-0428A	02
01	RI	NORTH KINGSTOWN, TOWN OF	4454040012B	06-APR-2001	01-01-0642A	02
01	RI	NORTH KINGSTOWN, TOWN OF	4454040012B	06-APR-2001	01-01-0632A	02
01	RI	NORTH KINGSTOWN, TOWN OF	4454040013C	27-APR-2001	01-01-0752A	02
01	RI	NORTH KINGSTOWN, TOWN OF	4454040012B	23-MAY-2001	01-01-0694A	02
01	RI	NORTH PROVIDENCE, TOWN OF	4400200001C	24-JAN-2001	01-01-0238A	02
01	RI	NORTH PROVIDENCE, TOWN OF	4400200001C	16-MAR-2001	01-01-0616A	02
01	RI	NORTH PROVIDENCE, TOWN OF	4400200001C	27-JUN-2001	01-01-0854A	02
01	RI	RICHMOND, TOWN OF	4400310010B	19-JAN-2001	01-01-0168A	02
01	RI	SOUTH KINGSTOWN, TOWN OF	4454070003D	11-APR-2001	01-01-0698A	02
01	RI	WARREN, TOWN OF	44001C0012F	10-JAN-2001	01-01-0200A	02
01	RI	WEST WARWICK, TOWN OF	4400070002B	11-APR-2001	01-01-0680A	02
01	RI	WESTERLY, CITY OF	4454100015D	24-JAN-2001	01-01-0322A	02
01	VT	BERLIN, TOWN OF	5001060008B	16-MAR-2001	01-01-0352A	02
01	VT	CALAIS, TOWN OF	500109B	01-JUN-2001	01-01-0848A	02
01	VT	CAVENDISH, TOWN OF	5001450020B	02-MAY-2001	01-01-0790A	02
01	VT	FAYSTON, TOWN OF	5003260011A	11-APR-2001	01-01-0628A	17
01	VT	GLOVER, TOWN OF	5002510010B	20-JUN-2001	01-01-1002A	02
01	VT	GROTON, TOWN OF	5000260016B	12-JAN-2001	01-01-0346A	17
01	VT	ISLE LA MOTTE, TOWN OF	5002240010B	08-JUN-2001	01-01-0904A	02
01	VT	LOWELL, TOWN OF	550254B	16-MAY-2001	01-01-0832A	02
01	VT	LOWELL, TOWN OF	550254B	29-JUN-2001	01-01-0968A	02
01	VT	LYNDON, TOWN OF	5000280020B	20-JUN-2001	01-01-0992A	02
01	VT	MANCHESTER, TOWN OF	5000150020B	10-JAN-2001	01-01-0330A	02
01	VT	MANCHESTER, TOWN OF	5000150010B	09-MAY-2001	01-01-0806A	02
01	VT	MONTPELIER, CITY OF	5055180002A	23-MAY-2001	01-01-0816A	02
01	VT	MORGAN, TOWN OF	500255	01-JUN-2001	01-01-0878A	02
01	VT	PITTSFORD, TOWN OF	5000980025B	09-MAY-2001	01-01-0812A	02
01	VT	RICHMOND, TOWN OF	5000400008B	27-APR-2001	01-01-0688A	02
01	VT	RICHMOND, TOWN OF	5000400006B	16-MAY-2001	01-01-0836A	02
01	VT	SHREWSBURY, TOWN OF	5001020015B	19-JAN-2001	01-01-0318A	02
01	VT	TROY, TOWN OF	5000890005B	29-JUN-2001	01-01-0928A	02
01	VT	WARREN, TOWN OF	5001210003B	18-APR-2001	01-01-0690A	02
01	VT	WATERBURY, TOWN OF	5001230024B	14-FEB-2001	01-01-0450A	02
01	VT	WATERBURY, TOWN OF	5001230031C	21-MAR-2001	01-01-0512A	02
02	NJ	ALLENDALE, BOROUGH OF	34003C0069G	20-JUN-2001	01-02-0826A	02
02	NJ	BERKELEY HEIGHTS, TOWNSHIP OF	3404590002D	12-JAN-2001	01-02-0224A	02
02	NJ	BERKELEY HEIGHTS, TOWNSHIP OF	340459	02-MAY-2001	01-02-0764A	02
02	NJ	BOONTON, TOWNSHIP OF	3403360010C	09-MAY-2001	01-02-0608A	02
02	NJ	CAMDEN, CITY OF	3401280003B	27-APR-2001	01-02-0526A	01
02	NJ	CHATHAM, TOWNSHIP OF	3405040004B	06-JUN-2001	01-02-0772A	02
02	NJ	CINNAMINSON, TOWNSHIP OF	3400920005B	02-JAN-2001	01-02-0166A	02
02	NJ	COLLINGSWOOD, BOROUGH OF	3401310005B	16-MAY-2001	01-02-0380A	02
02	NJ	EDISON, TOWNSHIP OF	3402610006C	21-MAR-2001	01-02-0044A	02
02	NJ	EVESHAM, TOWNSHIP OF	3400970005C	31-JAN-2001	00-02-1142A	02
02	NJ	EWING, TOWNSHIP OF	3452940003D	20-JUN-2001	01-02-0756A	02
02	NJ	FAIRFIELD, BOROUGH OF	3452950003C	10-JAN-2001	01-02-0122A	02
02	NJ	FAIRFIELD, BOROUGH OF	3452950003C	23-MAY-2001	01-02-0790A	02
02	NJ	HACKENSACK MEADOWLANDS COMMISSION	34003C0262F	04-MAY-2001	01-02-0708A	02
02	NJ	HAMILTON, TOWNSHIP OF	3402460015C	21-FEB-2001	01-02-0302A	02
02	NJ	HAMILTON, TOWNSHIP OF	3402460015C	20-APR-2001	01-02-0502A	02
02	NJ	HAMILTON, TOWNSHIP OF	3402460015C	20-APR-2001	01-02-0216A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
02	NJ	HAMILTON, TOWNSHIP OF	3202460015C	25-APR-2001	01-02-0712A	02
02	NJ	HAMILTON, TOWNSHIP OF	3402460015C	13-JUN-2001	01-02-0958A	02
02	NJ	HARRINGTON PARK, BOROUGH OF	34003C0113F	04-MAY-2001	01-02-0672A	02
02	NJ	HAZLET, TOWNSHIP OF	3402980002B	11-APR-2001	01-02-0064A	02
02	NJ	HILLSBOROUGH, TOWNSHIP OF	3404360010B	27-JUN-2001	01-02-0754A	02
02	NJ	HILLSIDE, TOWNSHIP OF	3403650001B	09-MAY-2001	01-02-0742A	02
02	NJ	HOWELL, TOWNSHIP OF	3403010010B	01-JUN-2001	01-02-0740A	01
02	NJ	LACEY, TOWNSHIP OF	340376A	20-APR-2001	01-02-0760A	02
02	NJ	LITTLE SILVER, BOROUGH OF	3403050002C	09-MAY-2001	01-02-0670A	02
02	NJ	MAHWAH, TOWNSHIP OF	34003C0066F	02-JAN-2001	01-02-0114A	02
02	NJ	MANASQUAN, BOROUGH OF	3453030001C	11-MAY-2001	01-02-0684A	02
02	NJ	MANASQUAN, BOROUGH OF	3453030001C	27-JUN-2001	01-02-0892A	02
02	NJ	MONROE, TOWNSHIP OF	3402690003C	27-APR-2001	01-02-0378A	02
02	NJ	MONTAGUE, TOWNSHIP OF	3405590020B	09-MAR-2001	00-02-0924A	02
02	NJ	MONTVALE, BOROUGH OF	34003C0091F	11-APR-2001	01-02-0338A	02
02	NJ	MORRIS, TOWNSHIP OF	3403500002B	11-MAY-2001	01-02-0758A	02
02	NJ	MOUNTAINSIDE, BOROUGH OF	3404680001A	06-APR-2001	01-02-0058A	02
02	NJ	NEPTUNE, TOWNSHIP OF	3403170003C	11-APR-2001	01-02-0606A	02
02	NJ	NEPTUNE, TOWNSHIP OF	3403170003C	27-JUN-2001	01-02-1020A	02
02	NJ	NUTLEY,TOWN OF	3401910001C	30-MAR-2001	01-02-0150A	02
02	NJ	OAKLAND, BOROUGH OF	34003C0061F	11-MAY-2001	01-02-0698A	02
02	NJ	OAKLAND, BOROUGH OF	34003C0061F	13-JUN-2001	01-02-0988X	02
02	NJ	OAKLAND, BOROUGH OF	34003C0061F	22-JUN-2001	01-02-1050X	02
02	NJ	OLD BRIDGE, TOWN OF	3402650004D	18-MAY-2001	01-02-0532A	02
02	NJ	OLD BRIDGE, TOWN OF	3402650004D	18-MAY-2001	01-02-0534A	02
02	NJ	OLD BRIDGE, TOWN OF	3402650004D	18-MAY-2001	01-02-0414A	02
02	NJ	PALMYRA, BOROUGH OF	3401100001C	21-MAR-2001	01-02-0428A	01
02	NJ	PALMYRA, BOROUGH OF	3401100001C	06-APR-2001	01-02-0450A	01
02	NJ	PALMYRA, BOROUGH OF	3401100001C	20-JUN-2001	01-02-0704A	01
02	NJ	PARAMUS, BOROUGHS OF	34003C0177F	25-APR-2001	01-02-0258A	17
02	NJ	PARAMUS, BOROUGHS OF	34003C0178F	25-APR-2001	01-02-0050A	01
02	NJ	PARSIPPANY-TROY HILLS, TOWNSHIP OF	3403550003B	15-FEB-2001	01-02-0084A	02
02	NJ	PATERSON, CITY OF	3404040001A	18-APR-2001	01-02-0320A	17
02	NJ	PATERSON, CITY OF	3404040001A	08-JUN-2001	01-02-0834A	02
02	NJ	PATERSON, CITY OF	3404040001A	20-JUN-2001	01-02-1026X	02
02	NJ	PAULSBORO, BOROUGH OF	3402100001B	16-FEB-2001	01-02-0392A	02
02	NJ	PEQUANNOCK, TOWNSHIP OF	3453110001C	12-JAN-2001	01-02-0162A	02
02	NJ	PEQUANNOCK, TOWNSHIP OF	3453110003C	12-JAN-2001	01-02-0148A	02
02	NJ	PEQUANNOCK, TOWNSHIP OF	3453110001C	20-APR-2001	01-02-0680A	02
02	NJ	PEQUANNOCK, TOWNSHIP OF	3453110003C	20-APR-2001	01-02-0652A	02
02	NJ	PLUMSTED, TOWNSHIP OF	3403860020B	16-MAY-2001	01-02-0778A	02
02	NJ	POINT PLEASANT BEACH, BOROUGH OF	3403880001D	26-JAN-2001	01-02-0202A	02
02	NJ	POINT PLEASANT BEACH, BOROUGH OF	3403880001D	09-FEB-2001	01-02-0446X	02
02	NJ	POINT PLEASANT BEACH, BOROUGH OF	3403880001D	25-APR-2001	01-02-0562A	02
02	NJ	POINT PLEASANT, BOROUGH OF	3453130001B	18-MAY-2001	01-02-0360A	02
02	NJ	SCOTCH PLAINS, TOWNSHIP OF	3404740005C	16-MAY-2001	01-02-0388A	02
02	NJ	SEASIDE PARK, BOROUGH OF	3453190001D	16-MAY-2001	01-02-0766A	02
02	NJ	SPOTSWOOD, BOROUGH OF	3402820001D	21-FEB-2001	01-02-0410A	02
02	NJ	SPOTSWOOD, BOROUGH OF	3402820001D	11-MAY-2001	01-02-0710A	02
02	NJ	STAFFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	3403930009B	15-JUN-2001	01-02-0648A	02
02	NJ	SUMMIT, CITY OF	3404760001A	11-APR-2001	01-02-0278A	02
02	NJ	UPPER SADDLE RIVER, BOROUGH OF	34003C0078G	04-MAY-2001	01-02-0714A	17
02	NJ	UPPER, TOWNSHIP OF	3401590014C	23-MAY-2001	01-02-0716A	02
02	NJ	VERNON, TOWNSHIP OF	3405610035A	25-APR-2001	01-02-0352A	02
02	NJ	VINELAND, CITY OF	3401760020B	16-MAY-2001	01-02-0274A	02
02	NJ	WARREN, TOWNSHIP OF	3404460002A	27-JUN-2001	01-02-0978A	02
02	NJ	WEST MILFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	3404110009B	18-MAY-2001	01-02-0666A	02
02	NJ	WEST ORANGE, TOWN OF	3401970005B	25-APR-2001	01-02-0422A	02
02	NJ	WESTFIELD, TOWN OF	3404780001B	24-JAN-2001	01-02-0046A	02
02	NJ	WINSLOW, TOWNSHIP OF	3401480013B	13-APR-2001	01-02-0452A	02
02	NY	ALMOND, VILLAGE OF	3600210001B	27-JUN-2001	01-02-0968A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260007E	07-MAR-2001	01-02-0434A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260002E	09-MAR-2001	01-02-0328A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260006E	21-MAR-2001	01-02-0048A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260002E	06-APR-2001	01-02-0674A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260007E	11-APR-2001	01-02-0574A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260007E	11-APR-2001	01-02-0576A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260004D	11-APR-2001	01-02-0602A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260004D	13-APR-2001	01-02-0568A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260004D	13-APR-2001	01-02-0580A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260007E	18-APR-2001	01-02-0584A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260007E	18-APR-2001	01-02-0592A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260004D	18-APR-2001	01-02-0594A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260004D	18-APR-2001	01-02-0596A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260004D	20-APR-2001	01-02-0448A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260007E	20-APR-2001	01-02-0572A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260007E	20-APR-2001	01-02-0586A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260007E	20-APR-2001	01-02-0590A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260007E	25-APR-2001	01-02-0570A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260007E	25-APR-2001	01-02-0578A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260007E	25-APR-2001	01-02-0582A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260007E	25-APR-2001	01-02-0588A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260003E	09-MAY-2001	01-02-0130A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260004D	11-MAY-2001	01-02-0598A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260007E	16-MAY-2001	01-02-0484A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260004D	16-MAY-2001	01-02-0600A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260004D	06-JUN-2001	01-02-0794A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260007A	20-JUN-2001	01-02-0768A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260009E	27-JUN-2001	01-02-0994A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260007E	27-JUN-2001	01-02-0960A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260007E	27-JUN-2001	01-02-0962A	02
02	NY	AMHERST, TOWN OF	3602260007E	12-JAN-2001	01-02-0176A	01
02	NY	BATAVIA, CITY OF	3602790001B	07-MAR-2001	01-02-0462A	02
02	NY	BEEKMAN, TOWN OF	3613330011C	02-MAR-2001	01-02-0112A	02
02	NY	BELLMONT, TOWN OF	361392A	28-FEB-2001	01-02-0212A	02
02	NY	BELLMONT, TOWN OF	361392A	28-FEB-2001	01-02-0214A	02
02	NY	BLOOMING GROVE, TOWN OF	3606080005B	28-FEB-2001	01-02-0332A	02
02	NY	BROOKHAVEN,TOWN OF	36103C0761G	23-MAY-2001	01-02-0900A	02
02	NY	BUFFALO, CITY OF	3602300010C	19-JAN-2001	00-02-1336A	02
02	NY	BUFFALO, CITY OF	3602300010C	19-JAN-2001	00-02-1340A	02
02	NY	BUFFALO, CITY OF	3602300010C	26-JAN-2001	00-02-1338A	02
02	NY	BUFFALO, CITY OF	3602300010B	09-MAR-2001	01-02-0432A	02
02	NY	BUFFALO, CITY OF	3602300010C	20-APR-2001	01-02-0690A	02
02	NY	CAMDEN, TOWN OF	3605230082D	06-JUN-2001	01-02-0906A	02
02	NY	CAMILLUS, TOWN OF	3605700004D	10-JAN-2001	00-02-0798A	02
02	NY	CAMILLUS, TOWN OF	3605700009D	17-JAN-2001	01-02-0088A	02
02	NY	CANADICE, TOWN OF	3612970007B	05-APR-2001	01-02-0622A	02
02	NY	CHAUTAUQUA, TOWN OF	3610710035A	20-APR-2001	01-02-0528A	02
02	NY	CHAUTAUQUA, TOWN OF	3610710013A	30-MAY-2001	01-02-0940A	02
02	NY	CHERRY VALLEY, TOWN OF	361269B	06-JUN-2001	01-02-0260A	02
02	NY	CHESTER, TOWN OF	360609A	30-MAR-2001	01-02-0344A	02
02	NY	CHESTER, VILLAGE OF	3615410001B	04-MAY-2001	01-02-0846A	02
02	NY	CICERO, TOWN OF	3605720005D	17-JAN-2001	01-02-0348A	02
02	NY	CICERO, TOWN OF	3605720006D	31-JAN-2001	01-02-0272A	02
02	NY	CICERO, TOWN OF	3605720003D	28-FEB-2001	01-02-0262A	02
02	NY	CICERO, TOWN OF	3605720008D	14-MAR-2001	01-02-0362A	02
02	NY	CICERO, TOWN OF	3605720009D	18-APR-2001	01-02-0546A	02
02	NY	CICERO, TOWN OF	3605720006D	18-APR-2001	01-02-0530A	02
02	NY	CICERO, TOWN OF	3605720015D	18-MAY-2001	01-02-0738A	02
02	NY	CICERO, TOWN OF	3605720006D	18-MAY-2001	01-02-0724A	02
02	NY	CICERO, TOWN OF	3605720005D	23-MAY-2001	01-02-0824A	02
02	NY	CICERO, TOWN OF	3605720004D	06-JUN-2001	01-02-0832A	02
02	NY	CLARENCE, TOWN OF	3602320011C	31-JAN-2001	01-02-0304A	17
02	NY	CLARENCE, TOWN OF	3602320013C	17-JAN-2001	01-02-0140A	02
02	NY	CLARENCE, TOWN OF	3602320005C	24-JAN-2001	01-02-0326A	02
02	NY	CLARENCE, TOWN OF	3602320005C	24-JAN-2001	01-02-0102A	02
02	NY	CLARENCE, TOWN OF	3602320005C	31-JAN-2001	01-02-0196A	02
02	NY	CLARENCE, TOWN OF	3602320005C	07-FEB-2001	01-02-0306A	02
02	NY	CLARENCE, TOWN OF	3602320010C	07-MAR-2001	01-02-0384A	02
02	NY	CLARENCE, TOWN OF	3602320005C	21-MAR-2001	01-02-0470A	02
02	NY	CLARENCE, TOWN OF	3602320005C	21-MAR-2001	01-02-0466A	02
02	NY	CLARENCE, TOWN OF	3602320005C	21-MAR-2001	01-02-0408A	02
02	NY	CLARENCE, TOWN OF	3602320005C	04-APR-2001	01-02-0610A	02
02	NY	CLARENCE, TOWN OF	3602320011C	06-APR-2001	01-02-0556A	02
02	NY	CLARENCE, TOWN OF	3602320011C	20-APR-2001	01-02-0696A	02
02	NY	CLARENCE, TOWN OF	3602320011C	20-JUN-2001	01-02-0816A	02
02	NY	CLARENCE, TOWN OF	3602320013C	27-JUN-2001	01-02-0970A	02
02	NY	CLARENCE, TOWN OF	3602320013C	30-MAR-2001	00-02-1156A	01
02	NY	CLARENCE, TOWN OF	3602320013C	16-MAY-2001	01-02-0624A	01
02	NY	CLARKSTOWN, TOWN OF	3606790014E	24-JAN-2001	01-02-0250A	02
02	NY	CLARKSTOWN, TOWN OF	3606790004E	07-MAR-2001	01-02-0170A	02
02	NY	CLARKSTOWN, TOWN OF	3606790004E	16-MAR-2001	01-02-0402A	02
02	NY	CLARKSTOWN, TOWN OF	3606790004E	21-MAR-2001	01-02-0354A	02
02	NY	CLARKSTOWN, TOWN OF	3606790004E	11-APR-2001	01-02-0204A	02
02	NY	CLARKSTOWN, TOWN OF	3606790008E	18-APR-2001	01-02-0406A	02
02	NY	CLARKSTOWN, TOWN OF	3606790004E	20-APR-2001	01-02-0280A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
02	NY	CLARKSTOWN, TOWN OF	3606790004E	18-MAY-2001	01-02-0820A	02
02	NY	CLARKSTOWN, TOWN OF	3606790008E	18-MAY-2001	01-02-0802A	02
02	NY	CLARKSTOWN, TOWN OF	3606790008E	18-MAY-2001	01-02-0804A	02
02	NY	CLARKSTOWN, TOWN OF	3606790008E	18-MAY-2001	01-02-0806A	02
02	NY	CLARKSTOWN, TOWN OF	3606790010E	27-JUN-2001	01-02-0676A	02
02	NY	CLARKSTOWN, TOWN OF	3606790014E	04-APR-2001	01-02-0494A	01
02	NY	CLARKSTOWN, TOWN OF	3606790014E	13-JUN-2001	01-02-0928A	01
02	NY	CONKLIN, TOWN OF	3600420005C	19-JAN-2001	00-02-1290A	02
02	NY	CONKLIN, TOWN OF	3600420005C	27-APR-2001	01-02-0464A	02
02	NY	COPAKE, TOWN OF	360174B	20-JUN-2001	01-02-0744A	02
02	NY	CORTLAND, CITY OF	3601780001C	10-JAN-2001	01-02-0190A	02
02	NY	CORTLAND, CITY OF	3601780001C	07-FEB-2001	01-02-0188A	02
02	NY	CORTLANDT, TOWN OF	3609060005B	14-MAR-2001	01-02-0236A	02
02	NY	CORTLANDT, TOWN OF	3609060005B	06-APR-2001	00-02-0960A	02
02	NY	COXSACKIE, VILLAGE OF	3602880001C	17-JAN-2001	01-02-0192A	02
02	NY	DANSVILLE, VILLAGE OF	3603830001A	11-APR-2001	01-02-0198A	02
02	NY	DARIEN, TOWN OF	361140A	02-MAY-2001	01-02-0458A	02
02	NY	DOVER, TOWN OF	3613350008A	02-MAR-2001	01-02-0318A	02
02	NY	DUNKIRK, CITY OF	3601370005B	02-JAN-2001	00-02-1012A	02
02	NY	EAST OTTO, TOWN OF	360067B	06-JUN-2001	01-02-0896A	02
02	NY	EAST ROCKAWAY, VILLAGE OF	36059C0218F	23-MAR-2001	01-02-0620A	02
02	NY	ELLENBURG, TOWN OF	361382A	30-MAR-2001	01-02-0628A	02
02	NY	ERWIN, TOWN OF	3607740015B	18-APR-2001	01-02-0650A	17
02	NY	FORT ANN, TOWN OF	3612310050B	02-MAY-2001	00-02-1262A	02
02	NY	FOWLER, TOWN OF	3606980005B	27-APR-2001	01-02-0314A	02
02	NY	FOWLER, TOWN OF	3606980015B	16-MAY-2001	01-02-0218A	02
02	NY	FRANKFORT, TOWN OF	3603030010D	20-JUN-2001	01-02-0964A	02
02	NY	FRANKFORT, VILLAGE OF	3603040001C	16-MAR-2001	01-02-0252A	02
02	NY	GLENVILLE,TOWN OF	3607380041B	07-MAR-2001	00-02-0950A	02
02	NY	GLENVILLE,TOWN OF	3607380041B	20-APR-2001	01-02-0630A	02
02	NY	GLENVILLE,TOWN OF	3607380041B	23-MAY-2001	01-02-0658X	02
02	NY	GRANVILLE, TOWN OF	361232A	14-FEB-2001	01-02-0096A	02
02	NY	GRANVILLE, TOWN OF	361232A	04-APR-2001	01-02-0552A	02
02	NY	GREECE, TOWN OF	3604170006E	04-APR-2001	01-02-0368A	17
02	NY	GREECE, TOWN OF	3604170004E	02-MAR-2001	01-02-0322A	01
02	NY	GREECE, TOWN OF	3604170004E	25-APR-2001	01-02-0800A	01
02	NY	GREIG, TOWN OF	360365B	19-JAN-2001	00-02-0452A	02
02	NY	GREIG, TOWN OF	360365B	28-MAR-2001	01-02-0520A	02
02	NY	GROVELAND, TOWN OF	3603850005C	11-APR-2001	01-02-0626A	02
02	NY	HENRIETTA, TOWN OF	3604190005E	05-JAN-2001	00-02-1056A	02
02	NY	HENRIETTA, TOWN OF	3604190005E	11-MAY-2001	01-02-0518A	02
02	NY	HORNELLSVILLE, TOWN OF	3607770010B	30-MAR-2001	00-02-0612A	01
02	NY	HORSEHEADS, TOWN OF	3601530005C	09-FEB-2001	01-02-0282A	17
02	NY	HUNTINGTON, TOWN OF	36103C0602G	13-JUN-2001	01-02-0838A	02
02	NY	IRONDEQUOIT, TOWN OF	3604220005B	16-MAR-2001	00-02-1268A	02
02	NY	JAY, TOWN OF	3602650030C	27-JUN-2001	01-02-0910A	02
02	NY	JERUSALEM, TOWN OF	360959C	27-APR-2001	01-02-0786A	02
02	NY	LAGRANGE, TOWN OF	3610110005D	04-APR-2001	01-02-0560A	02
02	NY	LANCASTER, TOWN OF	3602490001C	25-FEB-2001	01-02-0678V	19
02	NY	LANCASTER, TOWN OF	3602490002C	25-FEB-2001	01-02-0678V	19
02	NY	LE ROY, TOWN OF	3602800003B	07-FEB-2001	01-02-0270A	02
02	NY	LE ROY, TOWN OF	3602800002B	21-FEB-2001	00-02-0978A	02
02	NY	LLOYD, TOWN OF	3610120003D	14-MAR-2001	01-02-0126A	02
02	NY	LOCKPORT, TOWN OF	3610130005B	21-FEB-2001	00-02-0832A	02
02	NY	LYME, TOWN OF	3603430050C	16-MAR-2001	01-02-0254A	02
02	NY	MALTA, TOWN OF	36091C0444E	09-MAY-2001	01-02-0734A	02
02	NY	MANCHESTER, VILLAGE OF	3610140001B	02-MAR-2001	00-02-0954A	02
02	NY	MANCHESTER, VILLAGE OF	361014B	16-MAR-2001	00-02-0952A	02
02	NY	MANLIUS, TOWN OF	3605840010D	09-MAR-2001	01-02-0416A	02
02	NY	MANLIUS, VILLAGE OF	3609770005C	14-MAR-2001	01-02-0420A	02
02	NY	MOHAWK, VILLAGE OF	3603140001C	23-FEB-2001	00-02-019P	05
02	NY	MONTGOMERY, TOWN OF	3606230012B	10-JAN-2001	01-02-0172A	02
02	NY	MORAVIA, TOWN OF	360117B	17-JAN-2001	01-02-0174A	02
02	NY	NEW LEBANON, TOWN OF	360176C	06-APR-2001	01-02-0424A	02
02	NY	NEW PALTZ, TOWN OF	3608590005D	10-JAN-2001	01-02-0208A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970082E	21-MAY-2001	01-02-0950V	19
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970124E	21-MAY-2001	01-02-0950V	19
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970125E	21-MAY-2001	01-02-0950V	19
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970126E	21-MAY-2001	01-02-0950V	19
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970129E	21-MAY-2001	01-02-0950V	19
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970130E	21-MAY-2001	01-02-0950V	19
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970131E	21-MAY-2001	01-02-0950V	19
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970134E	21-MAY-2001	01-02-0950V	19

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970136E	21-MAY-2001	01-02-0950V	19
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970137E	21-MAY-2001	01-02-0950V	19
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970138E	21-MAY-2001	01-02-0950V	19
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970139E	21-MAY-2001	01-02-0950V	19
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970144E	21-MAY-2001	01-02-0950V	19
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970145E	21-MAY-2001	01-02-0950V	19
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970146E	21-MAY-2001	01-02-0950V	19
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970148E	21-MAY-2001	01-02-0950V	19
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970149E	21-MAY-2001	01-02-0950V	19
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970150E	21-MAY-2001	01-02-0950V	19
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970114D	02-JAN-2001	01-02-0264A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970125D	02-JAN-2001	01-02-0052A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970104C	05-JAN-2001	00-02-1164A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970081C	09-JAN-2001	00-02-1396A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970092C	09-JAN-2001	00-02-1050A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970082C	10-JAN-2001	01-02-0268A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970081C	10-JAN-2001	01-02-0094A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970082C	17-JAN-2001	01-02-0284A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970115B	19-JAN-2001	01-02-0276A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970092C	24-JAN-2001	01-02-0066A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970140E	24-JAN-2001	00-02-1398A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970126B	31-JAN-2001	01-02-0366X	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970128D	07-FEB-2001	01-02-0350A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970129D	07-FEB-2001	00-02-1356A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970131C	28-FEB-2001	01-02-0330A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970125D	28-FEB-2001	01-02-0312A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970125D	02-MAR-2001	01-02-0404A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970128D	02-MAR-2001	01-02-0376A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970104C	02-MAR-2001	01-02-0364A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970092C	02-MAR-2001	01-02-0356A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970129D	02-MAR-2001	01-02-0310A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970115B	16-MAR-2001	01-02-0472A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970125D	16-MAR-2001	01-02-0468A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970082C	16-MAR-2001	01-02-0440A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970114D	16-MAR-2001	01-02-0426A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970125D	16-MAR-2001	01-02-0382A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970082C	21-MAR-2001	01-02-0474A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970082C	21-MAR-2001	01-02-0476A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970081C	21-MAR-2001	00-02-1412A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970092C	23-MAR-2001	01-02-0604A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	2604970103B	23-MAR-2001	01-02-0612A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970128D	23-MAR-2001	01-02-0396A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970128D	11-APR-2001	01-02-0726A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970128D	11-APR-2001	01-02-0496A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970124D	11-APR-2001	01-02-0442A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970129D	20-APR-2001	01-02-0718A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970094C	20-APR-2001	01-02-0720A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970125D	20-APR-2001	01-02-0478A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970081C	25-APR-2001	01-02-0646A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970125D	04-MAY-2001	01-02-0638A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970125D	09-MAY-2001	01-02-0634A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970140E	14-MAY-2001	01-02-0916A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970140E	16-MAY-2001	01-02-0942A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970125D	18-MAY-2001	01-02-0722A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970130B	18-MAY-2001	01-02-0358A	02
02	NY	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970124D	06-JUN-2001	01-02-0550A	02
02	NY	NEWARK VALLEY, VILLAGE OF	3608360001B	13-JUN-2001	01-02-0920A	02
02	NY	NEWBURGH, TOWN OF	3606270010A	11-APR-2001	01-02-0692A	02
02	NY	NEWSTEAD, TOWN OF	3602510010D	18-APR-2001	01-02-0522A	02
02	NY	NIAGARA FALLS, CITY OF	3605060003C	09-FEB-2001	01-02-0120A	02
02	NY	NIAGARA FALLS, CITY OF	3605060002B	11-APR-2001	01-02-0506A	02
02	NY	NIAGARA FALLS, CITY OF	3605060002B	11-APR-2001	01-02-0266A	02
02	NY	NIAGARA FALLS, CITY OF	3605060003C	18-APR-2001	01-02-0688A	02
02	NY	ONEIDA, CITY OF	3604080004D	24-FEB-2001	01-02-0996V	19
02	NY	ONEIDA, CITY OF	3604080005D	30-MAR-2001	01-02-0558A	02
02	NY	ONEIDA, CITY OF	3604080005D	20-JUN-2001	01-02-0662A	02
02	NY	ORANGETOWN, TOWN OF	3606860002C	30-MAR-2001	01-02-0668A	02
02	NY	OYSTER BAY, TOWN OF	36059C0264F	23-MAY-2001	01-02-0784A	02
02	NY	POUGHKEEPSIE, TOWN OF	3611420005C	04-JUN-2001	01-02-0060A	17
02	NY	POUGHKEEPSIE, TOWN OF	3611420007C	27-JUN-2001	01-02-0516A	02
02	NY	RIVERHEAD, TOWN OF	36103C0479G	28-MAR-2001	01-02-0498A	02
02	NY	RIVERHEAD, TOWN OF	36103C0479G	01-JUN-2001	01-02-0822A	02
02	NY	ROME, CITY OF	3605420020B	20-JUN-2001	01-02-0926A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
02	NY	ROSEBOOM, TOWN OF	361421A	07-MAR-2001	01-02-0072A	02
02	NY	ROTTERDAM, TOWN OF	3607400012B	23-MAY-2001	01-02-0774A	02
02	NY	SALINA, TOWN OF	3605910002A	16-MAR-2001	01-02-0372A	02
02	NY	SARDINIA, TOWN OF	3602560010B	28-FEB-2001	00-02-1408A	02
02	NY	SCIO, TOWN OF	3600340010C	14-MAR-2001	01-02-0308A	02
02	NY	SCIO, TOWN OF	3600340010C	04-APR-2001	01-02-0700X	02
02	NY	SCOTIA, VILLAGE OF	3607420001C	27-JUN-2001	01-02-0810A	02
02	NY	SOUTHAMPTON, TOWN OF	36103C0514G	20-APR-2001	01-02-0460A	02
02	NY	SOUTHAMPTON, TOWN OF	36103C0779G	04-MAY-2001	01-02-0808A	02
02	NY	SOUTHOLD,TOWN OF	36103C0166G	20-JUN-2001	01-02-0840A	02
02	NY	SPRING VALLEY, VILLAGE OF	3653440002C	23-MAY-2001	01-02-0116A	02
02	NY	STONY POINT, TOWN OF	3606930011C	17-JAN-2001	00-02-0666A	02
02	NY	STONY POINT, TOWN OF	3606930011C	09-FEB-2001	00-02-1146A	02
02	NY	STONY POINT, TOWN OF	3606930011C	23-MAR-2001	01-02-0616A	02
02	NY	VALLEY STREAM, VILLAGE OF	36059C0212F	21-MAR-2001	01-02-0418A	02
02	NY	WALES, TOWN OF	3602610004B	07-MAR-2001	01-02-0300A	02
02	NY	WARWICK, TOWN OF	3606360003B	20-JUN-2001	01-02-0912A	02
02	NY	WATERFORD, TOWN OF	36091C0691E	06-APR-2001	01-02-0524A	02
02	NY	WATERFORD, TOWN OF	36091C0691E	18-APR-2001	01-02-0642A	02
02	NY	WATERTOWN, CITY OF	3603540001E	18-MAY-2001	01-02-0286A	02
02	NY	WATERVLIET, CITY OF	3600160001B	19-JAN-2001	00-02-1410A	02
02	NY	WAYNE, TOWN OF	3607850001B	06-JUN-2001	01-02-0798A	02
02	NY	WEBB, TOWN OF	360321A	09-FEB-2001	00-02-1316A	02
02	NY	WEBB, TOWN OF	360321A	16-MAR-2001	01-02-0436A	02
02	NY	WEBB, TOWN OF	360321A	27-JUN-2001	01-02-0770A	02
02	NY	WEEDSPORT, VILLAGE OF	3601320001C	11-APR-2001	01-02-0400A	02
02	NY	WHEATFIELD, TOWN OF	3605130007D	21-MAR-2001	01-02-0444A	02
02	NY	WHEATFIELD, TOWN OF	3605130009B	07-FEB-2001	00-02-1296A	01
02	NY	WHEATLAND, TOWN OF	3604380005B	17-JAN-2001	01-02-0242A	02
02	NY	WILSON, TOWN OF	3605140020C	06-APR-2001	01-02-0564A	02
02	NY	WOLCOTT, TOWN OF	360901C	20-JUN-2001	01-02-0694A	02
02	NY	YORKTOWN, TOWN OF	3609370007C	29-JUN-2001	01-02-0812A	02
02	PR	PUERTO RICO,COMMONWEALTH OF	7200000049C	06-MAR-2001	01-02-011P	06
02	PR	PUERTO RICO,COMMONWEALTH OF	7200000177D	12-JAN-2001	98-02-013P	05
02	PR	PUERTO RICO,COMMONWEALTH OF	7200000021C	21-MAY-2001	99-02-029P	05
02	PR	PUERTO RICO,COMMONWEALTH OF	7200000046D	05-JAN-2001	00-02-0616A	02
02	PR	PUERTO RICO,COMMONWEALTH OF	7200000049C	04-APR-2001	01-02-0454A	02
02	PR	PUERTO RICO,COMMONWEALTH OF	7200000049C	04-APR-2001	01-02-0456A	02
02	PR	PUERTO RICO,COMMONWEALTH OF	7200000174B	04-APR-2001	01-02-0002A	02
02	PR	PUERTO RICO,COMMONWEALTH OF	7200000047E	18-APR-2001	01-02-0656A	02
02	PR	PUERTO RICO,COMMONWEALTH OF	720000047E	23-MAY-2001	01-02-0750A	02
02	PR	PUERTO RICO,COMMONWEALTH OF	7200000056D	06-JUN-2001	01-02-0848A	02
02	PR	PUERTO RICO,COMMONWEALTH OF	720000047E	06-JUN-2001	01-02-0686A	02
02	PR	PUERTO RICO,COMMONWEALTH OF	7200000025D	21-JUN-2001	01-02-0880A	02
02	PR	PUERTO RICO,COMMONWEALTH OF	7200000053D	27-JUN-2001	01-02-0850A	02
02	PR	PUERTO RICO,COMMONWEALTH OF	7200000053D	29-JUN-2001	01-02-0858A	02
02	PR	PUERTO RICO,COMMONWEALTH OF	7200000045E	02-JAN-2001	00-02-1140A	01
02	PR	PUERTO RICO,COMMONWEALTH OF	7200000058D	05-JAN-2001	00-02-1402A	01
02	PR	PUERTO RICO,COMMONWEALTH OF	7200000252C	12-JAN-2001	00-02-0016A	01
02	PR	PUERTO RICO,COMMONWEALTH OF	7200000177D	26-JAN-2001	99-02-018A	01
02	PR	PUERTO RICO,COMMONWEALTH OF	7200000134E	31-JAN-2001	00-02-0350A	01
02	PR	PUERTO RICO,COMMONWEALTH OF	7200000277D	28-FEB-2001	00-02-1270A	01
02	PR	PUERTO RICO,COMMONWEALTH OF	7200000045E	16-MAR-2001	01-02-0430A	01
02	PR	PUERTO RICO,COMMONWEALTH OF	7200000053D	27-JUN-2001	01-02-0856A	01
02	PR	PUERTO RICO,COMMONWEALTH OF	7200000219C	29-JUN-2001	01-02-0854A	01
03	DE	ELSMERE, TOWN OF	10003C0152G	15-MAY-2001	01-03-0846A	02
03	DE	ELSMERE, TOWN OF	10003C0151G	13-JUN-2001	01-03-1180A	02
03	DE	KENT COUNTY *	1000010075B	26-JAN-2001	01-03-0102A	02
03	DE	KENT COUNTY *	1000010075B	02-MAR-2001	01-03-0466A	02
03	DE	KENT COUNTY *	1000010075C	27-APR-2001	01-03-0638A	02
03	DE	KENT COUNTY *	1000010075B	04-MAY-2001	01-03-0718A	02
03	DE	KENT COUNTY *	1000010075B	06-JUN-2001	01-03-1116A	02
03	DE	KENT COUNTY *	1000010075B	06-JUN-2001	01-03-1074A	02
03	DE	NEW CASTLE COUNTY *	10003C0235G	21-MAR-2001	01-03-0050A	02
03	DE	NEW CASTLE COUNTY *	10003C0103G	11-APR-2001	01-03-0722A	02
03	DE	NEW CASTLE COUNTY *	10003C0230G	20-APR-2001	01-03-0812A	02
03	DE	NEW CASTLE COUNTY *	10003C0230G	20-APR-2001	01-03-0810A	02
03	DE	NEW CASTLE COUNTY *	10003C0230G	16-MAY-2001	01-03-0902A	02
03	DE	NEW CASTLE COUNTY *	10003C0310G	16-MAY-2001	01-03-0832A	02
03	DE	NEW CASTLE COUNTY *	10003C0067G	06-JUN-2001	01-03-0946A	02
03	DE	NEW CASTLE COUNTY *	10003C0130G	08-JUN-2001	01-03-1058X	02
03	DE	NEW CASTLE COUNTY *	10003C0040G	08-JUN-2001	01-03-1054A	02
03	DE	NEW CASTLE COUNTY *	1050850151G	13-JUN-2001	01-03-0848A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
03	DE	NEW CASTLE COUNTY *	10003C0140G	22-JUN-2001	01-03-1112A	02
03	DE	NEW CASTLE COUNTY *	10003C0040G	29-JUN-2001	01-03-1064A	02
03	DE	NEW CASTLE COUNTY *	10003C0230G	20-APR-2001	01-03-0814A	01
03	DE	NEW CASTLE COUNTY *	10003C0230G	20-APR-2001	01-03-0628A	01
03	DE	NEW CASTLE, CITY OF	10003C0160G	17-JAN-2001	01-03-0110A	02
03	DE	NEWARK,CITY OF	10003C0110H	09-MAR-2001	01-03-0448A	02
03	DE	SUSSEX COUNTY*	10005C0275F	17-JAN-2001	01-03-0320A	02
03	DE	SUSSEX COUNTY*	10005C0100F	26-JAN-2001	01-03-0318A	02
03	DE	SUSSEX COUNTY*	10005C0400F	18-APR-2001	01-03-0850A	02
03	DE	SUSSEX COUNTY*	10005C0355G	16-MAY-2001	01-03-0798A	02
03	DE	SUSSEX COUNTY*	10005C0485F	16-MAY-2001	01-03-0746A	02
03	DE	SUSSEX COUNTY*	10005C0485F	29-JUN-2001	01-03-1184A	02
03	MD	ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY *	2400080055C	10-JAN-2001	00-03-2024A	02
03	MD	BALTIMORE COUNTY*	2400100245E	20-JUN-2001	01-03-1170A	17
03	MD	BALTIMORE COUNTY*	2400100265B	05-JAN-2001	01-03-0292A	02
03	MD	BALTIMORE COUNTY*	2400100390B	09-FEB-2001	01-03-0256A	02
03	MD	BALTIMORE COUNTY*	2400100390B	09-FEB-2001	01-03-0188A	02
03	MD	BALTIMORE COUNTY*	2400100210B	14-FEB-2001	01-03-0452A	02
03	MD	BALTIMORE COUNTY*	2400100235B	14-FEB-2001	01-03-0328A	02
03	MD	BALTIMORE COUNTY*	2400100555B	25-APR-2001	01-03-0866A	02
03	MD	BALTIMORE COUNTY*	2400100455B	13-JUN-2001	01-03-0768A	02
03	MD	BALTIMORE COUNTY*	2400100440C	20-JUN-2001	01-03-1114A	02
03	MD	CARROLL COUNTY *	2400150025B	25-MAY-2001	01-03-0924A	02
03	MD	CECIL COUNTY *	2400190023A	12-JAN-2001	01-03-0146A	02
03	MD	CHARLES COUNTY *	2400890114B	17-JAN-2001	01-03-0180A	02
03	MD	DORCHESTER COUNTY *	2400260200A	28-MAR-2001	01-03-0508A	02
03	MD	FREDERICK COUNTY *	2400270180A	15-FEB-2001	00-03-1840A	17
03	MD	FREDERICK COUNTY *	2400270180A	31-JAN-2001	00-03-2038A	02
03	MD	FREDERICK COUNTY *	2400270045A	07-MAR-2001	01-03-0624A	02
03	MD	FREDERICK COUNTY *	2400270180A	21-MAR-2001	01-03-0662A	02
03	MD	HARFORD COUNTY *	24025C0232D	17-JAN-2001	01-03-0360A	02
03	MD	HARFORD COUNTY *	24025C0257D	25-MAY-2001	01-03-1066X	01
03	MD	HOWARD COUNTY*	2400440028B	27-APR-2001	01-03-0686A	02
03	MD	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	2400490175C	21-MAR-2001	01-03-0540A	01
03	MD	OXFORD TOWNSHIP OF	2400680001A	20-JUN-2001	01-03-1128A	02
03	MD	PRINCE GEORGES COUNTY *	2452060050C	28-MAR-2001	01-03-0666A	02
03	MD	QUEEN ANNES COUNTY *	2400540053B	21-MAR-2001	01-03-0682A	02
03	MD	QUEEN ANNES COUNTY *	2400540059B	18-APR-2001	01-03-0782A	02
03	MD	SOMERSET COUNTY *	2400610125D	02-MAR-2001	01-03-0458A	02
03	MD	SOMERSET COUNTY *	2400610300A	25-MAY-2001	01-03-0994A	02
03	MD	TALBOT COUNTY *	2400660037A	12-JAN-2001	01-03-0106A	02
03	MD	TALBOT COUNTY *	2400660031A	17-JAN-2001	01-03-0412A	02
03	MD	TALBOT COUNTY *	2400660037A	23-FEB-2001	01-03-0372A	02
03	MD	TALBOT COUNTY *	2400660045A	07-MAR-2001	01-03-0502A	02
03	MD	TALBOT COUNTY *	2400660023A	02-MAY-2001	01-03-0842A	02
03	MD	TALBOT COUNTY *	2400660029A	06-JUN-2001	01-03-1096A	02
03	MD	TALBOT COUNTY *	2400660024A	22-JUN-2001	01-03-1174A	02
03	MD	WICOMICO COUNTY *	2400780037C	26-JAN-2001	01-03-0348A	02
03	MD	WICOMICO COUNTY *	2400780028C	04-MAY-2001	01-03-0794A	02
03	PA	ABINGTON, TOWNSHIP OF	42091C0294E	14-MAR-2001	00-03-093P	05
03	PA	ABINGTON, TOWNSHIP OF	42091C0401E	16-MAR-2001	00-03-143P	05
03	PA	ALSACE, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0369F	22-MAY-2001	01-03-1118V	19
03	PA	BEAR CREEK, TOWNSHIP OF	4211360020B	14-MAR-2001	01-03-0664A	02
03	PA	BENSALEM TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0444F	09-MAY-2001	01-03-0742A	02
03	PA	BERN, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0364E	22-MAY-2001	01-03-1120V	19
03	PA	BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	4224290020B	23-MAY-2001	01-03-0802A	01
03	PA	BETHLEHEM, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0268D	07-APR-2001	01-03-0878V	19
03	PA	BRISTOL, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0462F	07-MAR-2001	01-03-0530A	02
03	PA	BRISTOL, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0444F	04-APR-2001	01-03-0674A	02
03	PA	BROTHERSVALLEY, TOWNSHIP OF	422511A	22-JUN-2001	01-03-0726A	02
03	PA	CAMBRIDGE, TOWNSHIP OF	4215640005C	06-JUN-2001	01-03-0764A	02
03	PA	COAL, TOWNSHIP OF	4219360003B	25-MAY-2001	01-03-0632A	02
03	PA	CONEMAUGH, TOWNSHIP OF	4220470010A	02-MAR-2001	01-03-0324A	02
03	PA	CONEWAGO, TOWNSHIP OF	4212480005B	23-JAN-2001	01-03-0406A	02
03	PA	COOLBOUGH, TOWNSHIP OF	4218860005B	30-MAR-2001	01-03-0276A	02
03	PA	DAMACUS, TOWNSHIP OF	4221630015A	22-JUN-2001	01-03-1164A	02
03	PA	DELMAR, TOWNSHIP OF	4211770005A	22-JUN-2001	01-03-0900A	02
03	PA	EAST ALLEN, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0235D	07-APR-2001	01-03-0876V	19
03	PA	EAST BRANDYWINE, TOWNSHIP OF	42029C0169D	11-APR-2001	01-03-0602A	02
03	PA	EAST BRANDYWINE, TOWNSHIP OF	42029C0167D	29-JUN-2001	01-03-1072A	02
03	PA	EAST COCALICO, TOWNSHIP OF	4205470008C	15-MAR-2001	01-03-033P	06
03	PA	EAST GOSHEN, TOWNSHIP OF	42029C0218D	09-JAN-2001	01-03-0148A	02
03	PA	EAST GOSHEN, TOWNSHIP OF	42029C0356D	16-MAY-2001	01-03-0762A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
03	PA	EAST GOSHEN, TOWNSHIP OF	42029C0218D	27-JUN-2001	01-03-1206A	02
03	PA	EASTTOWN, TOWNSHIP OF	42029C0236D	15-MAY-2001	01-03-101P	06
03	PA	EASTTOWN, TOWNSHIP OF	42029C0236D	10-FEB-2001	01-03-015P	05
03	PA	FERGUSON, TOWNSHIP OF	4202600005D	11-APR-2001	01-03-0370A	02
03	PA	FORKS, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0276D	07-APR-2001	01-03-0872V	19
03	PA	GREENE, TOWNSHIP OF	4216490010C	22-JUN-2001	01-03-1168A	02
03	PA	GREGG, TOWNSHIP OF	4211940025B	21-MAR-2001	01-03-0594A	01
03	PA	HAINES TOWNSHIP OF	4202610005B	20-JUN-2001	01-03-1038A	02
03	PA	HARRIS, TOWNSHIP OF	4202620005B	23-FEB-2001	01-03-0374A	02
03	PA	HEIDELBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	4218090010C	21-MAR-2001	01-03-0534A	02
03	PA	HILLTOWN, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0276F	28-FEB-2001	01-03-0572A	02
03	PA	JEANNETTE, CITY OF	42129C0403D	07-MAR-2001	01-03-0414A	02
03	PA	JOHNSTOWN, CITY OF	4202310010C	12-JAN-2001	01-03-0388A	02
03	PA	JOHNSTOWN, CITY OF	4202310010C	14-FEB-2001	01-03-0552A	02
03	PA	JOHNSTOWN, CITY OF	4202310010C	02-MAY-2001	01-03-0910A	02
03	PA	KENNETT, TOWNSHIP OF	42029C0482D	21-FEB-2001	01-03-0536A	02
03	PA	KENNETT, TOWNSHIP OF	42029C0484D	23-MAY-2001	01-03-1044A	02
03	PA	LANCASTER, CITY OF	4205520005B	05-MAY-2001	01-03-035P	05
03	PA	LANCASTER, CITY OF	4205520005B	22-JUN-2001	01-03-1082A	02
03	PA	LEHIGH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0095D	07-APR-2001	01-03-0880V	19
03	PA	LEHIGH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0115D	07-APR-2001	01-03-0880V	19
03	PA	LEHIGH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0226D	07-APR-2001	01-03-0880V	19
03	PA	LENOX, TOWNSHIP OF	4220860010A	07-MAR-2001	01-03-0322A	02
03	PA	LOWER ALSACE, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0509E	06-JUN-2001	01-03-0834A	02
03	PA	LOWER FREDERICK, TOWNSHIP OF	42091C0112E	22-JUN-2001	01-03-1040A	02
03	PA	LOWER MAKEFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0363F	02-MAR-2001	01-03-0376A	02
03	PA	LOWER MAKEFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0454F	23-MAR-2001	01-03-0712A	02
03	PA	LOWER MAKEFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0344F	04-APR-2001	01-03-0750A	02
03	PA	LOWER MERION, TOWNSHIP OF	42091C0432E	17-JAN-2001	01-03-0258A	02
03	PA	LOWER MOUNT BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0167D	07-APR-2001	01-03-0894V	19
03	PA	LOWER MOUNT BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	4207240015B	24-JAN-2001	01-03-0378A	02
03	PA	LOWER NAZERETH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0255D	07-APR-2001	01-03-0874V	19
03	PA	LYNN, TOWNSHIP OF	4218120015A	07-FEB-2001	01-03-0228A	02
03	PA	MAIDENCREEK, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0367E	20-MAY-2001	01-03-1123V	19
03	PA	MANCHESTER, TOWNSHIP OF	4209310002B	01-JUN-2001	01-03-1146A	02
03	PA	MANHEIM, TOWNSHIP OF	4205560005D	05-MAY-2001	01-03-035P	05
03	PA	MANOR, BOROUGH OF	42129C0382D	09-MAR-2001	01-03-0270A	02
03	PA	MARION, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0460E	22-MAY-2001	01-03-1226V	19
03	PA	MATAMORAS, BOROUGH OF	42103C0352C	05-JAN-2001	01-03-0280A	02
03	PA	MATAMORAS, BOROUGH OF	42103C0352C	12-JAN-2001	01-03-0046	02
03	PA	MATAMORAS, BOROUGH OF	42103C0352C	06-JUN-2001	01-03-1158A	02
03	PA	MILLHEIM, BOROUGH OF	4202650001B	14-MAR-2001	01-03-0614A	02
03	PA	MILLVALE, BOROUGH OF	42003C0351F	28-MAR-2001	01-03-0702A	02
03	PA	MUHLENBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0364E	22-MAY-2001	01-03-1124V	19
03	PA	MUHLENBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0364E	07-MAR-2001	01-03-0616A	02
03	PA	NEW BRITAIN, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0288F	06-APR-2001	01-03-0732A	02
03	PA	NEW FREEDOM, BOROUGH OF	4209320001B	25-MAY-2001	01-03-1084A	02
03	PA	NEW HOPE, BOROUGH OF	42017C0327F	10-MAY-2001	01-03-105P	05
03	PA	NEWRY, BOROUGH OF	4223330001A	09-MAY-2001	01-03-0956A	02
03	PA	NOCKAMIXON, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0068F	18-MAY-2001	01-03-0940A	02
03	PA	NORTH EAST, BOROUGH OF	4213590001B	11-APR-2001	01-03-0862A	02
03	PA	NORTH EAST, BOROUGH OF	4213590001B	18-APR-2001	01-03-0080A	02
03	PA	NORTH LONDONDERRY, TOWNSHIP OF	4205770005B	08-JUN-2001	01-03-1068A	02
03	PA	NORTH UNION, TOWNSHIP OF	4216330008B	09-JAN-2001	01-03-0064A	02
03	PA	NORTHAMPTON, BOROUGH OF	42095C0228D	07-APR-2001	01-03-0978V	19
03	PA	NORTHAMPTON, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0427F	17-JAN-2001	01-03-0294A	02
03	PA	NORTHAMPTON, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0427F	17-JAN-2001	01-03-0136A	02
03	PA	OLEY, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0551E	13-JUN-2001	01-03-0936A	02
03	PA	PALO ALTO, BOROUGH OF	420780B	25-APR-2001	01-03-0698A	01
03	PA	PARADISE, TOWNSHIP OF	4209340020B	31-JAN-2001	01-03-0444A	02
03	PA	PENN, TOWNSHIP OF	4210240005B	20-JUN-2001	01-03-0610A	02
03	PA	PERKASIE, BOROUGH OF	42017C0143F	28-FEB-2001	01-03-0542A	02
03	PA	PERKASIE, BOROUGH OF	42017C0143F	14-MAR-2001	01-03-0380A	02
03	PA	PERKIOMEN, TOWNSHIP OF	42091C0226E	17-MAR-2001	01-03-047P	05
03	PA	PETERS, TOWNSHIP OF	4221520010A	13-APR-2001	01-03-0806A	02
03	PA	PHOENIXVILLE, BOROUGH OF	42029C0093D	21-FEB-2001	01-03-0586A	02
03	PA	PHOENIXVILLE, BOROUGH OF	42029C0093D	09-FEB-2001	01-03-0126A	01
03	PA	PITTSBURGH, CITY OF	42003C0353F	17-JAN-2001	01-03-0160A	02
03	PA	PITTSBURGH, CITY OF	42003C0353F	17-JAN-2001	01-03-0162A	01
03	PA	PLAINS, TOWNSHIP OF	4206210005C	12-JAN-2001	01-03-029P	06
03	PA	PLAINS, TOWNSHIP OF	4206210005C	21-JAN-2001	01-03-029P	06
03	PA	PORTER, TOWNSHIP OF	420656B	14-MAR-2001	01-03-0570A	02
03	PA	POTTSVILLE, CITY OF	4207850001B	23-MAR-2001	99-03-115P	05

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
03	PA	POTTSVILLE, CITY OF	4207850001B	25-APR-2001	01-03-0698D	01
03	PA	QUAKERTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42017C0137F	16-MAY-2001	01-03-0140A	02
03	PA	RADNOR, TOWNSHIP OF	42015C0002D	02-MAR-2001	01-03-0584A	02
03	PA	RADNOR, TOWNSHIP OF	42045C0008D	23-MAY-2001	01-03-0804A	02
03	PA	ROCKEFELLER, CITY OF	421152B	22-JUN-2001	01-03-1076A	02
03	PA	ROCKLAND, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0395E	18-APR-2001	01-03-0728A	02
03	PA	SALFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	42091C0109E	26-JAN-2001	01-03-0460A	17
03	PA	SHESHEQUIN, TOWNSHIP OF	4211020005B	14-FEB-2001	01-03-0368A	02
03	PA	SILVER SPRING, TOWNSHIP OF	4203700020C	18-JUN-2001	01-03-1240A	01
03	PA	SOLEBURY, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0215F	15-JUN-2001	01-03-0854A	17
03	PA	SOMERSET, BOROUGH OF	4208030001C	09-JAN-2001	00-03-2022A	02
03	PA	SOUTH HUNTINGDON, TOWNSHIP OF	42129C0615D	13-JUN-2001	01-03-0882A	02
03	PA	SPRING, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0501E	25-JAN-2001	01-03-027P	05
03	PA	THORNBURY, TOWNSHIP OF	42029C0362D	20-JUN-2001	01-03-0992A	02
03	PA	THORNBURY, TOWNSHIP OF	42029C0362D	22-JUN-2001	01-03-0890A	01
03	PA	TREDYFFRIN, TOWNSHIP OF	42029C0236D	15-MAY-2001	01-03-101P	06
03	PA	TREDYFFRIN, TOWNSHIP OF	42029C0236D	10-FEB-2001	01-03-015P	05
03	PA	TULPEHOCKEN, TOWHSHIP OF	42011C0315E	08-JUN-2001	01-03-0984A	02
03	PA	UPPER MAKEFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0330F	18-JAN-2001	00-03-157P	05
03	PA	UPPER MORELAND, TOWNSHIP OF	42091C0312E	27-APR-2001	01-03-0756A	02
03	PA	UPPER NAZARETH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0145D	07-APR-2001	01-03-0884V	19
03	PA	UPPER OXFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	42029C0435D	17-JAN-2001	01-03-0392A	02
03	PA	UPPER SOUTHAMPTON, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0416F	12-JAN-2001	01-03-0350A	02
03	PA	VALLEY, TOWNSHIP OF	42029C0301D	01-FEB-2001	99-03-195P	05
03	PA	WARMINSTER, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0384F	23-JAN-2001	01-03-0438A	17
03	PA	WARMINSTER, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0401F	15-JUN-2001	01-03-0820A	02
03	PA	WARRIORS MARK, TOWNSHIP OF	4217050010B	15-JUN-2001	01-03-1106A	02
03	PA	WARWICK, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0313F	18-APR-2001	01-03-0642A	02
03	PA	WASHINGTON, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0155D	07-APR-2001	01-03-0886V	19
03	PA	WELLS, TOWNSHIP OF	4211210005B	25-APR-2001	01-03-0672A	02
03	PA	WEST CALN, TOWNSHIP OF	42029C0139D	12-JAN-2001	01-03-0304A	02
03	PA	WEST NEWTON, BOROUGH OF	42129C0584D	25-MAY-2001	01-03-0748A	02
03	PA	WEST PENN, TOWNSHIP OF	4220290010A	12-JAN-2001	00-03-1880A	01
03	PA	WEST PENN, TOWNSHIP OF	4220290015A	25-MAY-2001	01-03-0676A	01
03	PA	WEST VINCENT, TOWNSHIP OF	42029C0088D	21-MAR-2001	01-03-0518A	02
03	PA	WESTFALL, TOWNSHIP OF	42103C0351C	30-MAR-2001	01-03-0598A	02
03	PA	WIND GAP, BOROUGH OF	42095C0132D	07-APR-2001	01-03-0892V	19
03	PA	WYOMISSING, BOROUGH OF	42011C0503E	14-FEB-2001	01-03-0564A	02
03	PA	ZELIENOPLE, BOROUGH OF	4202260001B	16-MAY-2001	01-03-0778A	02
03	VA	ACCOMACK COUNTY *	5100010115B	14-FEB-2001	01-03-0560A	02
03	VA	ALBEMARLE COUNTY *	5100060375B	16-MAY-2001	01-03-0914A	02
03	VA	ARLINGTON COUNTY	5155200017B	18-FEB-2001	00-03-061P	05
03	VA	ARLINGTON COUNTY	5155200002B	22-JUN-2001	01-03-1262A	02
03	VA	AUGUSTA COUNTY *	5100130100B	11-MAY-2001	01-03-069P	05
03	VA	BEDFORD COUNTY *	5100160100A	17-JAN-2001	01-03-0364A	02
03	VA	BOTETOURT COUNTY *	5100180150A	31-JAN-2001	00-03-1950A	01
03	VA	BOTETOURT COUNTY *	5100180150A	02-MAY-2001	01-03-0556A	01
03	VA	BOTETOURT COUNTY *	5100180150A	02-MAY-2001	01-03-0958A	01
03	VA	BOTETOURT COUNTY *	5100180150A	02-MAY-2001	01-03-0960A	01
03	VA	BUCHANAN COUNTY*	51027C0152E	12-JAN-2001	01-03-021X	05
03	VA	CHESAPEAKE, CITY OF	5100340002C	23-FEB-2001	01-03-0400A	02
03	VA	CHESTERFIELD COUNTY *	5100350049B	28-FEB-2001	01-03-0456A	02
03	VA	CLARKE COUNTY *	5100360012A	13-JUN-2001	01-03-1110A	02
03	VA	EMPORIA, CITY OF	5100470002B	07-MAR-2001	01-03-0450A	02
03	VA	FAIRFAX COUNTY *	5155250137D	08-JAN-2001	01-03-0288A	02
03	VA	FAIRFAX COUNTY *	5155250083D	17-JAN-2001	01-03-0316A	02
03	VA	FAIRFAX COUNTY *	5155250125D	31-JAN-2001	01-03-0520A	02
03	VA	FAIRFAX COUNTY *	5155250050D	07-FEB-2001	01-03-0422A	02
03	VA	FAIRFAX COUNTY *	5155250075D	07-FEB-2001	01-03-0186A	02
03	VA	FAIRFAX COUNTY *	5155250025D	27-FEB-2001	01-03-0488A	02
03	VA	FAIRFAX COUNTY *	5155250137D	28-FEB-2001	01-03-0488A	02
03	VA	FAIRFAX COUNTY *	5155250117D	21-MAR-2001	01-03-0734A	02
03	VA	FAIRFAX COUNTY *	5155250150D	28-MAR-2001	01-03-0704A	02
03	VA	FAIRFAX COUNTY *	5155250100D	27-APR-2001	01-03-0784A	02
03	VA	FAIRFAX COUNTY *	5155250100D	27-APR-2001	01-03-0912A	02
03	VA	FAIRFAX COUNTY *	5155250137D	11-MAY-2001	01-03-0772A	02
03	VA	FAIRFAX COUNTY *	5155250150D	16-MAY-2001	01-03-0950A	02
03	VA	FAIRFAX COUNTY *	5155250050D	16-MAY-2001	01-03-0930A	02
03	VA	FAIRFAX COUNTY *	5155250100D	01-JUN-2001	01-03-1148A	02
03	VA	FAIRFAX COUNTY *	5155250050D	01-JUN-2001	01-03-1088A	02
03	VA	FALLS CHURCH, CITY OF	5100540001B	18-FEB-2001	00-03-061P	05
03	VA	FRANKLIN COUNTY *	5100610250A	23-JAN-2001	01-03-0382A	02
03	VA	FRANKLIN COUNTY *	5100610250A	02-FEB-2001	01-03-0446A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
03	VA	FRANKLIN COUNTY *	5100610210A	09-FEB-2001	01-03-0524A	02
03	VA	FRANKLIN COUNTY *	5100610215A	23-MAR-2001	01-03-0696A	02
03	VA	FRANKLIN COUNTY *	5100610100A	04-APR-2001	01-03-0730A	02
03	VA	FRANKLIN COUNTY *	5100610220A	20-APR-2001	01-03-0858A	02
03	VA	FRANKLIN COUNTY *	5100610100A	25-APR-2001	01-03-0826A	02
03	VA	FRANKLIN COUNTY *	5100610215A	27-APR-2001	01-03-0856A	02
03	VA	FRANKLIN COUNTY *	5100610330A	04-MAY-2001	01-03-0980A	02
03	VA	FRANKLIN COUNTY *	5100610210A	18-MAY-2001	01-03-0944A	02
03	VA	FRANKLIN COUNTY *	5100610210A	25-MAY-2001	01-03-1104A	02
03	VA	FRANKLIN COUNTY *	5100610215A	25-MAY-2001	01-03-1094A	02
03	VA	FRANKLIN COUNTY *	5100610215A	25-MAY-2001	01-03-0868A	02
03	VA	FRANKLIN COUNTY *	5100610215A	06-JUN-2001	01-03-1176A	02
03	VA	FRANKLIN COUNTY *	5100310100A	13-JUN-2001	01-03-1178A	02
03	VA	FRANKLIN COUNTY *	5100610210A	13-JUN-2001	01-03-1098A	02
03	VA	FRANKLIN COUNTY *	5100610250A	13-JUN-2001	01-03-0760A	02
03	VA	HANOVER COUNTY *	5102370320A	20-APR-2001	00-03-2048A	02
03	VA	HANOVER COUNTY *	5102370170A	29-JUN-2001	01-03-0496A	02
03	VA	HANOVER COUNTY *	5102370305A	24-JAN-2001	00-03-1932A	01
03	VA	HENRICO COUNTY *	5100770050B	20-FEB-2001	00-03-095P	05
03	VA	HENRICO COUNTY *	5100770025B	21-MAR-2001	01-03-0680A	02
03	VA	HENRICO COUNTY *	5100770050B	18-APR-2001	01-03-0688A	01
03	VA	HENRICO COUNTY *	5100770050B	18-APR-2001	01-03-0860A	01
03	VA	HERNDON, TOWN OF	5100520001B	09-MAR-2001	01-03-0656A	02
03	VA	HERNDON, TOWN OF	5100520001B	09-MAR-2001	01-03-0654A	01
03	VA	HERNDON, TOWN OF	5100520001B	09-MAR-2001	01-03-0566A	01
03	VA	ISLE OF WIGHT COUNTY *	5103030060B	08-JUN-2001	01-03-0948A	02
03	VA	LANCASTER COUNTY*	5100840030A	07-FEB-2001	01-03-0514A	02
03	VA	LOUDOUN COUNTY *	5100900110C	07-FEB-2001	01-03-0386A	02
03	VA	LOUDOUN COUNTY *	5100900110C	04-MAY-2001	01-03-0740A	02
03	VA	LOUDOUN COUNTY *	5100900120C	16-MAY-2001	01-03-0864A	02
03	VA	LOUDOUN COUNTY *	5100900105C	16-MAY-2001	01-03-0852A	02
03	VA	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	5100990050B	09-MAR-2001	01-03-0622A	17
03	VA	MT. CRAWFORD, TOWN OF	5101330095B	05-JAN-2001	01-03-0336A	02
03	VA	NARROWS, TOWN OF	5100680001B	09-MAY-2001	01-03-0954A	02
03	VA	NELSON COUNTY *	5101020100A	10-JAN-2001	00-03-1632A	02
03	VA	NEWPORT NEWS, CITY OF	5101030007A	19-JAN-2001	01-03-0440A	02
03	VA	NEWPORT NEWS, CITY OF	5101030006C	06-APR-2001	01-03-0830A	02
03	VA	NEWPORT NEWS, CITY OF	5101030010C	20-JUN-2001	01-03-1194A	02
03	VA	NORFOLK, CITY OF	5101040005D	30-MAR-2001	01-03-0724A	02
03	VA	NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY *	5101070018B	05-JAN-2001	01-03-0356A	02
03	VA	PRINCE GEORGE COUNTY *	5102040075A	25-APR-2001	01-03-0498A	02
03	VA	PRINCE WILLIAM COUNTY *	51153C0156D	04-APR-2001	00-03-139P	05
03	VA	PRINCE WILLIAM COUNTY *	51153C0116D	27-JUN-2001	01-03-1212A	02
03	VA	PULASKI, TOWN OF	5101260005F	13-JUN-2001	01-03-1150A	02
03	VA	ROANOKE COUNTY *	51161C0044D	16-MAR-2001	01-03-0684A	02
03	VA	ROANOKE COUNTY *	51161C0043D	02-MAY-2001	01-03-0714A	01
03	VA	ROANOKE, CITY OF	51161C0044D	02-MAY-2001	01-03-0574A	17
03	VA	ROANOKE, CITY OF	51161C0044D	16-FEB-2001	01-03-0580A	02
03	VA	ROANOKE, CITY OF	51161C0044D	01-JUN-2001	01-03-1100A	01
03	VA	SHENANDOAH COUNTY *	5101470175B	09-MAY-2001	01-03-0790A	02
03	VA	SMITHFIELD, TOWN OF	5100810005C	16-MAR-2001	01-03-0640A	02
03	VA	SPOTSYLVANIA COUNTY*	5103080175C	21-MAR-2001	01-03-0532A	02
03	VA	TAZEWELL COUNTY *	5101600029B	14-FEB-2001	00-03-0032A	01
03	VA	VINTON, TOWN OF	51161C0046D	02-MAR-2001	01-03-0436A	02
03	VA	VIRGINIA BEACH, CITY OF	5155310038E	17-JAN-2001	01-03-0424A	02
03	VA	VIRGINIA BEACH, CITY OF	5155310026E	24-JAN-2001	01-03-0354A	02
03	VA	VIRGINIA BEACH, CITY OF	5155310005E	14-FEB-2001	01-03-0554A	01
03	VA	VIRGINIA BEACH, CITY OF	5155310005E	04-APR-2001	01-03-0800A	01
03	VA	WARREN COUNTY *	5101660130A	11-MAY-2001	01-03-0744A	02
03	VA	WESTMORELAND COUNTY*	5102500025C	04-APR-2001	01-03-0780A	02
03	VA	YORK COUNTY *	5101820041B	07-MAR-2001	01-03-0612A	08
03	VA	YORK COUNTY *	5101820043B	17-JAN-2001	01-03-0404A	02
03	WV	BOONE COUNTY *	54005C0040B	21-MAR-2001	01-03-0620A	08
03	WV	BOONE COUNTY *	54005C0060C	29-JUN-2001	01-03-0898A	02
03	WV	CHARLESTON, CITY OF	5400730004C	21-MAR-2001	01-03-0558A	02
03	WV	CHARLESTON, CITY OF	5400730003C	30-MAR-2001	01-03-0302A	02
03	WV	CHARLESTON, CITY OF	5400730002C	25-MAY-2001	01-03-0706A	02
03	WV	CHARLESTON, CITY OF	5400730004C	08-JUN-2001	01-03-1092A	02
03	WV	CLAY, COUNTY *	54015C0010B	29-JUN-2001	01-03-1140A	02
03	WV	DUNBAR, CITY OF	5400760001C	26-JAN-2001	01-03-0410A	02
03	WV	DUNBAR, CITY OF	5400760001C	04-MAY-2001	01-03-0510A	02
03	WV	DUNBAR, CITY OF	5400760001C	06-JUN-2001	01-03-0982A	02
03	WV	ELIZABETH, TOWN OF	5402120001B	04-APR-2001	01-03-0578A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
03	WV	JEFFERSON COUNTY *	5400650010B	05-JAN-2001	00-03-1342A	02
03	WV	JEFFERSON COUNTY *	5400650035C	14-MAR-2001	01-03-0548A	02
03	WV	LOGAN COUNTY *	5455360064B	23-FEB-2001	01-03-0568A	02
03	WV	MARION COUNTY*	5400970079C	20-APR-2001	01-03-0224A	02
03	WV	MASON COUNTY *	5401120280A	09-MAR-2001	01-03-0538A	02
03	WV	MINERAL COUNTY *	5401290019A	09-MAY-2001	01-03-0512A	17
03	WV	MONROE COUNTY *	5402780200B	29-JUN-2001	01-03-0974A	02
03	WV	NEW MARTINSVILLE, CITY OF	5402080002B	04-MAY-2001	01-03-0690A	02
03	WV	PUTNAM COUNTY*	5401640090B	04-MAY-2001	01-03-0904A	02
03	WV	RALEIGH COUNTY *	5401690095C	23-JAN-2001	01-03-0442A	02
03	WV	ST. MARY'S, CITY OF	54073C0030B	23-JAN-2001	01-03-0310A	02
03	WV	WAYNE COUNTY*	5402000107B	16-FEB-2001	01-03-0298A	02
03	WV	WAYNE COUNTY*	5402000129B	02-MAR-2001	01-03-0432A	02
03	WV	WAYNE COUNTY*	5402000136B	09-MAR-2001	01-03-0492A	02
03	WV	WAYNE COUNTY*	5402000125B	04-APR-2001	01-03-0296A	02
03	WV	WAYNE COUNTY*	5402000103B	04-MAY-2001	01-03-0844A	02
03	WV	WAYNE COUNTY*	5402000103B	04-MAY-2001	01-03-0332A	02
04	AL	ALABASTER, CITY OF	0101910100B	06-MAR-2001	01-04-0360A	01
04	AL	AUTAUGA COUNTY *	0103140185B	26-MAR-2001	00-04-135P	05
04	AL	AUTAUGA COUNTY *	0103140105B	05-JAN-2001	01-04-0906A	02
04	AL	BIRMINGHAM, CITY OF	01073C0329E	20-JUN-2001	01-04-4536A	02
04	AL	BIRMINGHAM, CITY OF	01073C0338E	29-JUN-2001	01-04-4380A	02
04	AL	CHEROKEE COUNTY*	0102340100B	11-APR-2001	01-04-3134A	02
04	AL	CHEROKEE COUNTY*	0102340125B	02-MAY-2001	01-04-1978A	02
04	AL	COLBERT COUNTY	0103180125B	23-MAR-2001	01-04-2758A	02
04	AL	COLBERT COUNTY	0103180125B	20-APR-2001	01-04-3142A	02
04	AL	CULLMAN COUNTY *	0102470100B	13-APR-2001	01-04-2708A	02
04	AL	DECATUR, CITY OF	01103C0070D	30-MAR-2001	01-04-2592A	02
04	AL	DECATUR, CITY OF	01103C0070D	26-JUN-2001	01-04-4154A	02
04	AL	DECATUR, CITY OF	01103C0070D	30-MAY-2001	01-04-3266A	01
04	AL	DOTHAN, CITY OF	0101040028D	15-JUN-2001	01-04-4010A	02
04	AL	ELMORE COUNTY*	0104060100B	28-FEB-2001	01-04-1522A	02
04	AL	ELMORE COUNTY*	0104060100B	28-FEB-2001	01-04-0954A	02
04	AL	ELMORE COUNTY*	0104060025B	28-FEB-2001	01-04-0816A	02
04	AL	ELMORE COUNTY*	0104060100B	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2434A	02
04	AL	ELMORE COUNTY*	0104060200B	06-JUN-2001	01-04-4020A	02
04	AL	FLORENCE, CITY OF	0101400006C	04-MAY-2001	01-04-2904A	17
04	AL	FORT PAYNE, CITY OF	0100670004A	27-JUN-2001	01-04-2270A	01
04	AL	HOUSTON COUNTY *	0100980350B	14-FEB-2001	01-04-0894A	02
04	AL	HUEYTOWN, CITY OF	01073C0461E	28-FEB-2001	01-04-1656A	02
04	AL	HUNTSVILLE, CITY OF	01089C0211D	09-MAR-2001	01-04-2298A	02
04	AL	JEFFERSON COUNTY *	01073C0492E	30-MAY-2001	01-04-137X	05
04	AL	JEFFERSON COUNTY *	01073C0282E	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1328A	02
04	AL	JEFFERSON COUNTY *	01073C0491E	28-FEB-2001	01-04-1652A	02
04	AL	JEFFERSON COUNTY *	01073C0250E	28-FEB-2001	01-04-1150A	02
04	AL	JEFFERSON COUNTY *	01073C0100E	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2376A	02
04	AL	JEFFERSON COUNTY *	01073C0491E	21-MAR-2001	01-04-1638A	02
04	AL	JEFFERSON COUNTY *	01073C0250E	20-JUN-2001	01-04-3892A	02
04	AL	JEFFERSON COUNTY *	01073C0492E	14-FEB-2001	01-04-1990A	01
04	AL	LAUDERDALE COUNTY *	0103230180C	11-APR-2001	01-04-2812A	02
04	AL	LAUDERDALE COUNTY *	0103230180C	06-JUN-2001	01-04-3856A	02
04	AL	LAUDERDALE COUNTY *	0103230050B	06-JUN-2001	01-04-1998A	02
04	AL	LEE COUNTY *	0102500125C	29-JUN-2001	01-04-4142A	02
04	AL	LIMESTONE COUNTY *	0103070075B	05-JAN-2001	01-04-1416X	02
04	AL	LIMESTONE COUNTY *	0103070100B	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2428A	02
04	AL	MADISON COUNTY *	01089C0211D	17-JAN-2001	01-04-1002A	02
04	AL	MADISON COUNTY *	01089C0211D	24-JAN-2001	01-04-1608A	02
04	AL	MADISON COUNTY *	01089C0211D	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3562A	02
04	AL	MADISON COUNTY *	01089C0025D	01-JUN-2001	01-04-3274A	02
04	AL	MADISON COUNTY *	01089C0025D	06-JUN-2001	01-04-3608A	02
04	AL	MADISON, CITY OF	01089C0284D	07-MAR-2001	01-04-1210A	02
04	AL	MADISON, CITY OF	01089C0284D	04-MAY-2001	01-04-2782A	02
04	AL	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	01101C0135F	06-APR-2001	01-04-2596A	02
04	AL	MONTGOMERY, CITY OF	01101C0070F	22-MAR-2001	01-04-045P	05
04	AL	MONTGOMERY, CITY OF	01101C0135F	16-MAR-2001	01-04-2530A	02
04	AL	MONTGOMERY, CITY OF	01101C0065F	29-JUN-2001	01-04-4194A	02
04	AL	MONTGOMERY, CITY OF	011011C0065	18-MAY-2001	01-04-2108A	01
04	AL	MUSCLE SHOALS, CITY OF	0100470005C	09-MAY-2001	01-04-2710A	02
04	AL	OXFORD, CITY OF	0100230004C	24-JAN-2001	01-04-1540A	02
04	AL	OXFORD, CITY OF	0100230004C	14-MAR-2001	01-04-1660A	02
04	AL	PELHAM, TOWN OF	0101830002B	07-MAR-2001	01-04-2120A	17
04	AL	PELHAM, TOWN OF	0101930004B	04-MAY-2001	01-04-3216A	01
04	AL	PELHAM, TOWN OF	0101930004B	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3484A	01

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
04	AL	PIKE COUNTY*	0102860022A	23-MAR-2001	01-04-2134A	02
04	AL	SHELBY COUNTY*	0101910150B	06-APR-2001	01-04-2566A	02
04	AL	SHELBY COUNTY*	0101910175B	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3330A	02
04	AL	SHELBY COUNTY*	0101910175B	18-MAY-2001	01-04-3852A	02
04	AL	ST. CLAIR COUNTY *	0102900350B	24-JAN-2001	01-04-1326A	02
04	AL	ST. CLAIR COUNTY *	0102900325B	18-MAY-2001	01-04-3658A	02
04	AL	TALLADEGA COUNTY *	0102970050B	29-JUN-2001	01-04-4548A	02
04	AL	TUSCALOOSA COUNTY *	01125C0300E	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2274A	02
04	AL	TUSCALOOSA COUNTY *	01125C0725E	13-JUN-2001	01-04-3246A	02
04	AL	TUSCALOOSA, CITY OF	01125C0545E	30-MAR-2001	01-04-2128A	17
04	AL	TUSCALOOSA, CITY OF	01125C0506E	04-JAN-2001	01-04-1250A	02
04	AL	TUSCALOOSA, CITY OF	01125C0536E	24-JAN-2001	01-04-1440A	02
04	AL	TUSCALOOSA, CITY OF	01125C0700E	09-FEB-2001	01-04-1862A	02
04	AL	TUSCALOOSA, CITY OF	01125C0700E	09-FEB-2001	01-04-1862A	02
04	AL	TUSCALOOSA, CITY OF	01125C0700E	28-FEB-2001	01-04-2028A	02
04	AL	TUSCALOOSA, CITY OF	01125C0517E	13-APR-2001	01-04-2922A	02
04	AL	TUSCALOOSA, CITY OF	01125C0700E	25-APR-2001	01-04-3014A	02
04	AL	TUSCALOOSA, CITY OF	01125C0700E	16-MAY-2001	01-04-2964A	02
04	AL	TUSCALOOSA, CITY OF	01125C0700E	18-MAY-2001	01-04-3894A	02
04	AL	TUSCALOOSA, CITY OF	01125C0700E	25-MAY-2001	01-04-3250A	02
04	AL	WALKER COUNTY *	0103010055B	28-FEB-2001	01-04-1884A	02
04	AL	WETUMPKA, CITY OF	0100700005B	14-FEB-2001	01-04-1890A	02
04	AL	WILSONVILLE, TOWN OF	0104040001B	04-MAY-2001	01-04-3016A	02
04	FL	ALACHUA COUNTY*	1200010400A	26-FEB-2001	01-04-017P	05
04	FL	ALACHUA COUNTY*	1200010259A	24-JAN-2001	01-04-1138A	02
04	FL	ALACHUA COUNTY*	1200010190B	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2296A	02
04	FL	ALACHUA COUNTY*	1200010259A	20-JUN-2001	01-04-3782A	02
04	FL	APOPKA, CITY OF	12095C0110E	31-JAN-2001	01-04-043X	06
04	FL	AUBURNDALE, CITY OF	12105C0330F	05-JAN-2001	01-04-0566A	02
04	FL	AUBURNDALE, CITY OF	12105C0335F	09-MAR-2001	01-04-2482A	02
04	FL	BAY COUNTY*	1200040335D	02-FEB-2001	01-04-1384A	02
04	FL	BAY COUNTY*	1200040370D	21-FEB-2001	01-04-1900A	02
04	FL	BOYNTON BEACH, CITY OF	1201960004C	30-MAY-2001	01-04-4018A	02
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	1250920441F	09-JAN-2001	98-04-2974V	19
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	1250920435E	09-JAN-2001	98-04-2974V	19
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0365E	16-FEB-2001	00-04-277P	06
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0430E	02-JAN-2001	01-04-1164A	02
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0360E	12-JAN-2001	01-04-1346A	02
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0260E	24-JAN-2001	01-04-1454A	02
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0430E	26-JAN-2001	01-04-1510A	02
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0260E	21-FEB-2001	01-04-1942A	02
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0270E	21-FEB-2001	01-04-1640A	02
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0270E	23-FEB-2001	01-04-2006A	02
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0295E	07-MAR-2001	01-04-2384A	02
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0439E	23-MAR-2001	01-04-2598A	02
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0430E	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2736A	02
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0260E	30-MAR-2001	01-04-2464A	02
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0350E	11-APR-2001	01-04-2962A	02
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0360E	13-APR-2001	01-04-3028A	02
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0350E	18-APR-2001	01-04-3164A	02
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0350E	09-MAY-2001	01-04-3264A	02
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0435E	09-MAY-2001	01-04-2986A	02
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0100E	23-MAY-2001	01-04-2896A	02
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0295E	06-JUN-2001	01-04-4072A	02
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0430E	15-JUN-2001	01-04-4084A	02
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0260E	27-JUN-2001	01-04-4458A	02
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0440E	27-JUN-2001	01-04-3336A	02
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0275E	24-JAN-2001	01-04-1446A	01
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0430E	26-JAN-2001	01-04-1620A	01
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0270E	23-FEB-2001	01-04-2136A	01
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0430E	28-FEB-2001	01-04-1798A	01
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0365E	28-FEB-2001	01-04-1096A	01
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0260E	11-APR-2001	01-04-2946A	01
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0365E	13-APR-2001	01-04-1090A	01
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0430E	25-APR-2001	01-04-3100A	01
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0365E	25-APR-2001	01-04-2798A	01
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0607F	02-MAY-2001	01-04-3276A	01
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0290E	04-MAY-2001	01-04-2960A	01
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0100E	09-MAY-2001	01-04-3606A	01
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0430E	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3818A	01
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0430E	08-JUN-2001	01-04-3860A	01
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0365E	20-JUN-2001	01-04-4204A	01
04	FL	BREVARD COUNTY *	12009C0443E	27-JUN-2001	01-04-4480A	01

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
04	FL	BROWARD COUNTY*	12011C0306F	05-JAN-2001	01-04-1252A	02
04	FL	BROWARD COUNTY*	12011C0207G	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1716A	02
04	FL	BROWARD COUNTY*	12011C0120F	18-MAY-2001	01-04-3350A	02
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950035C	04-JAN-2001	01-04-1192A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950035C	04-JAN-2001	01-04-0792A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950030C	05-JAN-2001	01-04-1264A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950020C	12-JAN-2001	01-04-1332A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950045C	19-JAN-2001	01-04-1502A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950020C	09-FEB-2001	01-04-1762A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950030C	21-FEB-2001	01-04-1960A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950030C	21-FEB-2001	01-04-1960A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950035C	28-FEB-2001	01-04-1958A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950040C	16-MAR-2001	01-04-2514A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950030C	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2512A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950030C	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2546A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950020C	06-APR-2001	01-04-2510A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950020C	02-MAY-2001	01-04-3436A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950030C	09-MAY-2001	01-04-3198A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950040C	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3576A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950030C	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3496A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950020C	18-MAY-2001	01-04-3592A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950020C	18-MAY-2001	01-04-3594A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950040C	18-MAY-2001	01-04-3596A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950030C	23-MAY-2001	01-04-3578A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950040C	23-MAY-2001	01-04-3580A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950035C	30-MAY-2001	01-04-3992A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950030C	08-JUN-2001	01-04-3986A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950030C	08-JUN-2001	01-04-3988A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950030C	08-JUN-2001	01-04-3990A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950020C	20-JUN-2001	01-04-3758A	01
04	FL	CAPE CORAL, CITY OF	1250950035C	27-JUN-2001	01-04-3932A	01
04	FL	CHARLOTTE COUNTY *	1200610104E	23-FEB-2001	00-04-379P	06
04	FL	CHARLOTTE COUNTY *	1200610035E	13-APR-2001	00-04-5320A	02
04	FL	CITRUS COUNTY *	1200630270B	19-JAN-2001	01-04-1130A	02
04	FL	CITRUS COUNTY *	1200630270B	21-FEB-2001	01-04-1996A	02
04	FL	CITRUS COUNTY *	1200630270B	02-MAY-2001	01-04-3340A	02
04	FL	CITRUS COUNTY *	1200630175B	09-MAY-2001	01-04-3600A	02
04	FL	CITRUS COUNTY *	1200630260B	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3784A	02
04	FL	CITRUS COUNTY *	1200630115B	25-MAY-2001	01-04-3910A	02
04	FL	CITRUS COUNTY *	1200630210B	13-JUN-2001	01-04-4156A	02
04	FL	CITRUS COUNTY *	1200630270B	13-JUN-2001	01-04-3332A	02
04	FL	CITRUS COUNTY *	1200630260B	04-JAN-2001	01-04-1236A	01
04	FL	CLAY COUNTY *	1200640155D	27-MAR-2001	00-04-331P	05
04	FL	CLAY COUNTY *	1200640155D	11-MAY-2001	01-04-2868A	02
04	FL	CLAY COUNTY *	1200640065D	01-JUN-2001	01-04-3998A	02
04	FL	CLAY COUNTY *	1200640155D	10-JAN-2001	01-04-0056A	01
04	FL	CLAY COUNTY *	1200640135D	20-APR-2001	01-04-2704A	01
04	FL	COCONUT CREEK, CITY OF	12011C0105F	09-MAY-2001	01-04-2732A	01
04	FL	COLLIER COUNTY *	1200670193D	07-MAR-2001	01-04-1976A	02
04	FL	COLLIER COUNTY *	1200670605E	05-JAN-2001	01-04-0246A	01
04	FL	COLLIER COUNTY *	1200670605E	17-JAN-2001	00-04-5826A	01
04	FL	COLLIER COUNTY *	1200670605E	21-FEB-2001	01-04-2102A	01
04	FL	COLLIER COUNTY *	1200670605E	13-JUN-2001	01-04-3938A	01
04	FL	COLLIER COUNTY *	1200670605E	13-JUN-2001	01-04-3940A	01
04	FL	COLLIER COUNTY *	1200670605E	20-JUN-2001	01-04-4532A	01
04	FL	COLLIER COUNTY *	1200670195D	20-JUN-2001	01-04-2330A	01
04	FL	COLUMBIA COUNTY*	1200700175B	26-JAN-2001	01-04-1578A	01
04	FL	CORAL SPRINGS, CITY OF	12011C0115F	12-JAN-2001	01-04-1228A	02
04	FL	CORAL SPRINGS, CITY OF	12011C0115F	16-MAR-2001	01-04-2368A	02
04	FL	CORAL SPRINGS, CITY OF	12011C0095F	20-JUN-2001	01-04-4186A	01
04	FL	DADE COUNTY*	12025C0260J	10-JAN-2001	01-04-1488A	02
04	FL	DADE COUNTY*	12025C0080J	09-FEB-2001	01-04-1788A	02
04	FL	DADE COUNTY*	12025C0080J	09-FEB-2001	01-04-1788A	02
04	FL	DADE COUNTY*	12025C0265J	18-APR-2001	01-04-2950A	02
04	FL	DADE COUNTY*	12025C0160J	10-JAN-2001	01-04-1178A	01
04	FL	DADE COUNTY*	12025C0160J	23-JAN-2001	01-04-1394A	01
04	FL	DADE COUNTY*	12025C0355J	24-JAN-2001	01-04-1042A	01
04	FL	DADE COUNTY*	12025C0075J	21-FEB-2001	01-04-2090A	01
04	FL	DADE COUNTY*	12025C0075J	21-FEB-2001	01-04-2046A	01
04	FL	DADE COUNTY*	12025C0160J	21-FEB-2001	01-04-1962A	01
04	FL	DADE COUNTY*	12025C0160J	21-FEB-2001	01-04-1964A	01
04	FL	DADE COUNTY*	12025C0255J	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2538A	01
04	FL	DADE COUNTY*	12025C0160J	23-MAR-2001	01-04-2572A	01

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
04	FL	DADE COUNTY*	12025C0075J	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2570A	01
04	FL	DADE COUNTY*	12025C0160J	06-JUN-2001	01-04-4110A	01
04	FL	DADE COUNTY*	12025C0075J	08-JUN-2001	01-04-4112A	01
04	FL	DAVIE, CITY OF	12011C0305F	11-APR-2001	01-04-2724A	01
04	FL	DEERFIELD BEACH, CITY OF	12011C0108F	14-FEB-2001	01-04-1360A	02
04	FL	DEERFIELD BEACH, CITY OF	12011C0108F	20-FEB-2001	01-04-0626A	02
04	FL	DEERFIELD BEACH, CITY OF	12011C0108F	02-MAR-2001	01-04-2164A	02
04	FL	DEERFIELD BEACH, CITY OF	12011C0120F	11-MAY-2001	01-04-2706A	02
04	FL	DEERFIELD BEACH, CITY OF	12011C0108F	13-JUN-2001	01-04-2754A	01
04	FL	DELRAY BEACH, CITY OF	1251020001D	17-JAN-2001	01-04-0842A	02
04	FL	DELRAY BEACH, CITY OF	1251020002D	14-MAR-2001	01-04-1436A	02
04	FL	DIXIE COUNTY *	1203360330B	29-JUN-2001	01-04-4484A	02
04	FL	ESCAMBIA COUNTY*	12033C0509F	12-JAN-2001	01-04-1458A	02
04	FL	EUSTIS, CITY OF	1201340005B	25-MAY-2001	01-04-3942A	02
04	FL	FLAGLER COUNTY*	1200850045B	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2766A	02
04	FL	FORT LAUDERDALE, CITY OF	12011C0217F	24-JAN-2001	01-04-0778A	02
04	FL	FORT LAUDERDALE, CITY OF	12011C0207G	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3154A	01
04	FL	GADSDEN COUNTY *	1200910300A	10-JAN-2001	01-04-0644A	02
04	FL	GAINESVILLE, CITY OF	1251070004B	23-FEB-2001	01-04-1670A	02
04	FL	GAINESVILLE, CITY OF	1251070004B	28-FEB-2001	01-04-2268A	02
04	FL	GAINESVILLE, CITY OF	1200010275A	18-APR-2001	01-04-1754A	02
04	FL	GAINESVILLE, CITY OF	1251070005C	06-JUN-2001	01-04-4148A	02
04	FL	GULF BREEZE, CITY OF	1202750011F	05-JAN-2001	01-04-0492A	02
04	FL	GULF COUNTY *	1200980175D	14-FEB-2001	01-04-1278A	18
04	FL	GULF COUNTY *	1200980175D	18-MAY-2001	01-04-3598A	02
04	FL	HERNANDO COUNTY *	1201100300B	02-JAN-2001	01-04-0724A	02
04	FL	HERNANDO COUNTY *	1201100280B	04-JAN-2001	00-04-4084A	02
04	FL	HERNANDO COUNTY *	1201100375B	10-JAN-2001	01-04-0594A	02
04	FL	HERNANDO COUNTY *	1201100280B	21-FEB-2001	01-04-2142A	02
04	FL	HERNANDO COUNTY *	1201100280B	16-MAR-2001	01-04-2600A	02
04	FL	HERNANDO COUNTY *	1201100300B	18-MAY-2001	01-04-3638A	02
04	FL	HERNANDO COUNTY *	1201100300B	13-JUN-2001	01-04-3636A	02
04	FL	HIALEAH, CITY OF	12025C0180J	19-JAN-2001	01-04-0574A	01
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120415C	17-JAN-2001	01-04-1508A	02
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120190D	19-JAN-2001	01-04-0830A	02
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120238C	19-JAN-2001	01-04-0404A	02
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120425C	24-JAN-2001	01-04-1566A	02
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120185F	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1678A	02
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120205D	02-MAR-2001	01-04-2300A	02
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120205D	23-MAR-2001	01-04-2422A	02
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120385E	30-MAR-2001	01-04-2826A	02
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120180F	11-APR-2001	01-04-2968A	02
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120192A	25-APR-2001	01-04-1614A	02
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120190D	02-MAY-2001	01-04-3284A	02
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120185F	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3722A	02
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120195D	18-MAY-2001	01-04-2820A	02
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120387E	01-JUN-2001	01-04-3080A	02
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120205D	06-JUN-2001	01-04-4230A	02
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120185F	06-JUN-2001	01-04-3950A	02
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120385E	06-JUN-2001	01-04-3724A	02
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120185F	13-JUN-2001	01-04-4322A	02
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120380E	17-JAN-2001	01-04-0860A	01
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120180F	24-JAN-2001	01-04-1062A	01
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120045D	02-FEB-2001	01-04-1064A	01
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120160C	02-FEB-2001	01-04-0862A	01
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120160C	07-FEB-2001	01-04-1844A	01
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120380E	14-FEB-2001	01-04-2036A	01
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120205D	23-MAR-2001	01-04-2610A	01
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120415C	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2602A	01
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120530C	28-MAR-2001	01-04-0780A	01
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120210E	28-MAR-2001	00-04-5250A	01
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120205D	04-APR-2001	01-04-1388A	01
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120160C	13-APR-2001	01-04-2852A	01
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120395E	25-APR-2001	01-04-3474A	01
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120520C	09-MAY-2001	01-04-2078A	01
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120395E	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3476A	01
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120185F	23-MAY-2001	01-04-2532A	01
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120387E	25-MAY-2001	01-04-3374A	01
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120530C	30-MAY-2001	01-04-3248A	01
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120415C	06-JUN-2001	01-04-3556A	01
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120389D	13-JUN-2001	01-04-4242A	01
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120205D	13-JUN-2001	01-04-3526A	01
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120180F	20-JUN-2001	01-04-3378A	01

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
04	FL	HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY*	1201120210E	22-JUN-2001	01-04-4558A	01
04	FL	INDIAN RIVER COUNTY *	12061C0165E	13-JUN-2001	01-04-3462A	01
04	FL	INDIAN RIVER SHORES, TOWN OF	12061C0091E	08-MAR-2001	00-04-4912A	01
04	FL	JACKSONVILLE, CITY OF	1200770159E	28-MAR-2001	00-04-303P	05
04	FL	JACKSONVILLE, CITY OF	1200770156E	24-JAN-2001	01-04-1634A	02
04	FL	JACKSONVILLE, CITY OF	1200770243E	30-MAR-2001	01-04-2834A	02
04	FL	JACKSONVILLE, CITY OF	1200770236E	25-APR-2001	01-04-2990A	02
04	FL	JACKSONVILLE, CITY OF	1200770236E	24-JAN-2001	01-04-1552A	01
04	FL	JACKSONVILLE, CITY OF	1200770219E	14-MAR-2001	01-04-1102A	01
04	FL	JACKSONVILLE, CITY OF	1200770236E	20-APR-2001	01-04-2978A	01
04	FL	KISSIMMEE, CITY OF	12097C0065F	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3512V	19
04	FL	KISSIMMEE, CITY OF	12097C0066F	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3512V	19
04	FL	KISSIMMEE, CITY OF	12097C0067F	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3512V	19
04	FL	KISSIMMEE, CITY OF	12097C0055F	07-JUN-2001	01-04-4872V	19
04	FL	KISSIMMEE, CITY OF	12097C0065F	07-JUN-2001	01-04-4872V	19
04	FL	KISSIMMEE, CITY OF	12097C0066F	07-JUN-2001	01-04-4872V	19
04	FL	KISSIMMEE, CITY OF	12097C0067F	07-JUN-2001	01-04-4872V	19
04	FL	LAKE COUNTY *	1204210300B	26-APR-2001	01-04-023P	05
04	FL	LAKE COUNTY *	1204210225B	24-JAN-2001	01-04-1482A	02
04	FL	LAKE COUNTY *	1204210200B	07-FEB-2001	01-04-1142A	02
04	FL	LAKE COUNTY *	1204210125B	28-FEB-2001	01-04-2202A	02
04	FL	LAKE COUNTY *	1204210225B	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2476A	02
04	FL	LAKE COUNTY *	1204210125B	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2396A	02
04	FL	LAKE COUNTY *	1204210225B	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2260A	02
04	FL	LAKE COUNTY *	1204210100B	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2648A	02
04	FL	LAKE COUNTY *	1204210225B	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2606A	02
04	FL	LAKE COUNTY *	1204210050B	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2480A	02
04	FL	LAKE COUNTY *	1204210200B	11-APR-2001	01-04-3058A	02
04	FL	LAKE COUNTY *	1204210225B	18-APR-2001	01-04-2972A	02
04	FL	LAKE COUNTY *	1204210150B	09-MAY-2001	01-04-3200A	02
04	FL	LAKE COUNTY *	1204210150B	11-MAY-2001	01-04-1870A	02
04	FL	LAKE COUNTY *	1204210125B	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3558A	02
04	FL	LAKE COUNTY *	1204210200B	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3364A	02
04	FL	LAKE COUNTY *	1204210100B	16-MAY-2001	01-04-2926A	02
04	FL	LAKE COUNTY *	1204210150B	06-JUN-2001	01-04-4158A	02
04	FL	LAKE COUNTY *	1204210375B	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2522A	01
04	FL	LAKE HAMILTON, TOWN OF	12105C0367F	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3788A	02
04	FL	LAKE MARY, CITY OF	12117C0040E	12-JAN-2001	01-04-1322A	02
04	FL	LAKE MARY, CITY OF	12117C0040E	16-MAY-2001	01-04-2984A	01
04	FL	LAKELAND, CITY OF	12105C0485F	23-FEB-2001	01-04-522P	05
04	FL	LAKELAND, CITY OF	12105C0320F	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3466A	02
04	FL	LAUDERDALE LAKES, CITY OF	12011C0204F	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2276A	02
04	FL	LAUDERDALE LAKES, CITY OF	12011C0204F	09-MAY-2001	01-04-3192A	02
04	FL	LAUDERDALE LAKES, CITY OF	12011C0204F	09-MAY-2001	01-04-3140A	02
04	FL	LAUDERDALE LAKES, CITY OF	12011C0204F	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3280A	02
04	FL	LAUDERDALE LAKES, CITY OF	12011C0204F	13-JUN-2001	01-04-3478A	02
04	FL	LAUDERHILL, CITY OF	12011C0204F	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1628A	02
04	FL	LAUDERHILL, CITY OF	12011C0205F	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3262A	02
04	FL	LEE COUNTY*	1251240510D	04-JAN-2001	01-04-1154A	02
04	FL	LEE COUNTY*	1251240510D	12-JAN-2001	01-04-1560X	02
04	FL	LEE COUNTY*	1251240225C	08-JUN-2001	01-04-3944A	02
04	FL	LEE COUNTY*	1251240510D	05-JAN-2001	01-04-1088A	01
04	FL	LEE COUNTY*	1251240510D	09-FEB-2001	01-04-1916A	01
04	FL	LEE COUNTY*	1251240350B	14-FEB-2001	01-04-1602A	01
04	FL	LEE COUNTY*	1251240510D	09-MAY-2001	01-04-3538A	01
04	FL	LEE COUNTY*	1251240510D	09-MAY-2001	01-04-3540A	01
04	FL	LEE COUNTY*	1251240510D	09-MAY-2001	01-04-3542A	01
04	FL	LEESBURG, CITY OF	1201360002C	04-JAN-2001	00-04-5742A	02
04	FL	LEON COUNTY *	12073C0350D	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1776A	02
04	FL	LEON COUNTY *	12073C0430D	11-APR-2001	01-04-2878A	02
04	FL	LEVY COUNTY *	1201450400D	09-MAR-2001	01-04-2470A	02
04	FL	LYNN HAVEN, CITY OF	1200040335D	27-JUN-2001	01-04-4164A	02
04	FL	MAITLAND, CITY OF	12095C0255E	08-JUN-2001	01-04-4180A	02
04	FL	MANATEE COUNTY *	1201530339B	04-APR-2001	00-04-355P	05
04	FL	MANATEE COUNTY *	1201530365C	02-JAN-2001	01-04-0448A	02
04	FL	MANATEE COUNTY *	1201530365C	01-JUN-2001	01-04-3326A	01
04	FL	MARGATE, CITY OF	12011C0115F	10-JAN-2001	01-04-1194A	02
04	FL	MARGATE, CITY OF	12011C0115F	06-APR-2001	01-04-2516A	02
04	FL	MARGATE, CITY OF	12011C0115F	30-MAY-2001	01-04-3282A	02
04	FL	MARGATE, CITY OF	12011C0115F	01-JUN-2001	01-04-3930A	02
04	FL	MARGATE, CITY OF	12011C0115F	11-APR-2001	01-04-2684A	01
04	FL	MARION COUNTY *	1201600500B	09-MAR-2001	01-04-2062A	02
04	FL	MARION COUNTY *	1201600500B	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3716A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
04	FL	MELBOURNE, CITY OF	12009C0441F	04-APR-2001	01-04-1076A	01
04	FL	MIAMI, CITY OF	12025C0181J	13-APR-2001	01-04-3122A	02
04	FL	MIRAMAR, CITY OF	12011C0295F	18-APR-2001	01-04-2876X	02
04	FL	MIRAMAR, CITY OF	12011C0295F	28-FEB-2001	01-04-1742A	01
04	FL	MIRAMAR, CITY OF	12011C0290F	30-MAY-2001	01-04-3372A	01
04	FL	MIRAMAR, CITY OF	1200480315F	08-JUN-2001	01-04-4052A	01
04	FL	MIRAMAR, CITY OF	12011C0315F	20-JUN-2001	01-04-3528A	01
04	FL	MONROE COUNTY*	12087C1727H	27-FEB-2001	01-04-075P	05
04	FL	MONROE COUNTY*	12087C0844G	07-MAR-2001	01-04-2380A	02
04	FL	MONROE COUNTY*	12087C1129H	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2358A	02
04	FL	NAPLES, CITY OF	1200670393D	16-MAR-2001	01-04-1014A	01
04	FL	NEW PORT RICHEY, CITY OF	1202300189C	30-MAY-2001	01-04-3684A	02
04	FL	NEW PORT RICHEY, CITY OF	1202300189C	09-MAR-2001	01-04-2436A	01
04	FL	NICEVILLE, CITY OF	1203380005B	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2388A	02
04	FL	NORTH PALM BEACH, VILLAGE OF	1201920127B	09-MAR-2001	01-04-2194A	01
04	FL	NORTH PALM BEACH, VILLAGE OF	1201920127B	09-MAR-2001	01-04-2144A	01
04	FL	NORTH PORT, CITY OF	1201790005B	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2366A	01
04	FL	OCOEE, CITY OF	12095C0210E	29-JUN-2001	01-04-4796A	02
04	FL	OKALOOSA COUNTY *	1201730205E	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2786A	02
04	FL	OKALOOSA COUNTY *	1201730205E	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2788A	02
04	FL	OKALOOSA COUNTY *	1201730205E	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2790A	02
04	FL	OKALOOSA COUNTY *	1201730205E	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2792A	02
04	FL	OKALOOSA COUNTY *	1201730205E	29-JUN-2001	01-04-4564A	02
04	FL	OLDSMAR, CITY OF	1202500004B	29-JUN-2001	01-04-4366A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0280E	22-MAY-2001	01-04-223P	06
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0215E	05-JAN-2001	01-04-0956A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0285E	10-JAN-2001	01-04-1174A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0020E	17-JAN-2001	01-04-1600X	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0410E	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1528A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0215E	02-FEB-2001	01-04-1786A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0295E	07-FEB-2001	01-04-1382A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0285E	07-FEB-2001	01-04-0704A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0220E	14-FEB-2001	01-04-1860A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0280E	28-FEB-2001	01-04-2246A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0220E	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2542A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0290E	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2626A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0415E	06-APR-2001	01-04-2912A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0415E	11-APR-2001	01-04-1726A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0580E	20-APR-2001	01-04-2970A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0290E	09-MAY-2001	01-04-3188A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12009C0270E	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3604A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0260E	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3522A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0380E	23-MAY-2001	01-04-3846A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0410E	23-MAY-2001	01-04-3820A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0290E	30-MAY-2001	01-04-4004A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0395E	06-JUN-2001	01-04-4070A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0150E	06-JUN-2001	01-04-2892A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0165E	13-JUN-2001	01-04-4002A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0270E	27-JUN-2001	01-04-4460A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0260E	27-JUN-2001	01-04-3914A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0280E	27-JUN-2001	01-04-3720A	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0290E	29-JUN-2001	01-04-4540X	02
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0395E	05-JAN-2001	00-04-5186A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0295E	10-JAN-2001	01-04-0012A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0290E	12-JAN-2001	01-04-1572A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	1201790500B	19-JAN-2001	01-04-0530A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0295E	26-JAN-2001	01-04-0766A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0290E	02-FEB-2001	01-04-1906A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0405E	07-FEB-2001	01-04-1878A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0435E	21-FEB-2001	01-04-1968A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0295E	07-MAR-2001	01-04-2064A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0290E	23-MAR-2001	01-04-2646A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0465E	30-MAR-2001	01-04-2618A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0295E	30-MAR-2001	01-04-2356A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0295E	04-APR-2001	01-04-2740A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0290E	04-APR-2001	01-04-2150A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0290E	04-APR-2001	01-04-2152A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0420E	25-APR-2001	01-04-3022A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0380E	16-MAY-2001	01-04-2020A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0270E	23-MAY-2001	01-04-3760A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0295E	06-JUN-2001	01-04-3454A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0110E	06-JUN-2001	01-04-2830A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0415E	08-JUN-2001	01-04-4252A	01

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0585E	20-JUN-2001	01-04-4248A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0290E	20-JUN-2001	01-04-4224A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0580E	20-JUN-2001	01-04-4226A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0290E	20-JUN-2001	01-04-1078A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0585E	27-JUN-2001	01-04-4286A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0415E	27-JUN-2001	01-04-4324A	01
04	FL	ORANGE COUNTY *	12095C0420E	29-JUN-2001	01-04-4354A	01
04	FL	ORLANDO, CITY OF	12095C0265E	30-MAR-2001	01-04-2822A	02
04	FL	ORLANDO, CITY OF	12095C0265E	04-MAY-2001	01-04-3346A	02
04	FL	ORLANDO, CITY OF	12095C0270E	15-JUN-2001	01-04-4318A	02
04	FL	ORLANDO, CITY OF	12095C0405E	02-FEB-2001	01-04-1904A	01
04	FL	ORLANDO, CITY OF	12095C0240E	25-APR-2001	01-04-3084A	01
04	FL	ORLANDO, CITY OF	12095C0435E	30-MAY-2001	01-04-3304A	01
04	FL	ORLANDO, CITY OF	12095C0240E	01-JUN-2001	01-04-3862A	01
04	FL	ORMOND BEACH, CITY OF	1251360006D	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2492A	02
04	FL	ORMOND BEACH, CITY OF	1251360006D	20-APR-2001	01-04-2022A	02
04	FL	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	1201890120B	10-JAN-2001	01-04-0652A	02
04	FL	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	1201890120B	17-JAN-2001	01-04-0710A	02
04	FL	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	1201890140B	26-JAN-2001	01-04-1722A	02
04	FL	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	1201890140B	23-FEB-2001	01-04-2104A	02
04	FL	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	1201890120B	02-MAR-2001	01-04-2206A	02
04	FL	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	1201890140B	02-MAR-2001	01-04-2184A	02
04	FL	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	1201890205B	02-MAR-2001	01-04-2186A	02
04	FL	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	1201890140B	02-MAR-2001	01-04-2188A	02
04	FL	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	1201890120B	02-MAR-2001	01-04-2190A	02
04	FL	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0240E	23-MAR-2001	01-04-3822A	02
04	FL	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	1201890140B	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2656A	02
04	FL	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	1201890140B	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2658A	02
04	FL	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	1201890120B	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2662A	02
04	FL	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0400E	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3680A	02
04	FL	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0240E	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3286A	02
04	FL	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0240E	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3288A	02
04	FL	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0240E	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3290A	02
04	FL	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0240E	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3292A	02
04	FL	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0240E	18-MAY-2001	01-04-3824A	02
04	FL	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0225E	23-MAY-2001	01-04-3826A	02
04	FL	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0240E	25-MAY-2001	01-04-3828A	02
04	FL	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0240E	25-MAY-2001	01-04-3830A	02
04	FL	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0240E	25-MAY-2001	01-04-3832A	02
04	FL	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	1201890145B	14-MAR-2001	01-04-1024A	01
04	FL	OVIEDO, CITY OF	12117C0165E	08-JUN-2001	01-04-4166A	17
04	FL	OVIEDO, CITY OF	12117C0170E	11-APR-2001	01-04-2338A	02
04	FL	PALM BEACH COUNTY *	1201920119B	07-MAR-2001	01-04-2114A	02
04	FL	PALM BEACH COUNTY *	1201920200A	27-JUN-2001	01-04-4288A	01
04	FL	PALM SPRINGS, VILLAGE OF	1202230001D	07-FEB-2001	01-04-1864A	02
04	FL	PALM SPRINGS, VILLAGE OF	1202230001D	29-JUN-2001	01-04-4404A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300370D	25-JAN-2001	00-04-2860P	05
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300100B	02-JAN-2001	01-04-0434A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300370D	10-JAN-2001	01-04-1366A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300360D	12-JAN-2001	01-04-1364A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300354D	12-JAN-2001	01-04-0630A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300250E	12-JAN-2001	01-04-0588A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300050C	17-JAN-2001	01-04-1584A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300360D	19-JAN-2001	01-04-0616A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300354D	24-JAN-2001	01-04-1336A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300195D	26-JAN-2001	01-04-1414A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300354D	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1692A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300195D	21-FEB-2001	01-04-1974A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300195D	23-FEB-2001	01-04-2196A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300335C	28-FEB-2001	01-04-2130A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300189C	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2536A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300215D	23-MAR-2001	01-04-2714A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300195D	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2728A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300195D	30-MAR-2001	01-04-2760A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300360D	04-APR-2001	01-04-2712A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300195D	04-APR-2001	01-04-2624A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300195D	04-APR-2001	01-04-2586A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300354D	11-APR-2001	01-04-2816A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300185D	09-MAY-2001	01-04-3532A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300360D	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3660A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300353C	18-MAY-2001	01-04-3844A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300205D	23-MAY-2001	01-04-3794A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300189C	25-MAY-2001	01-04-2924A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300354D	01-JUN-2001	01-04-4068A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300430E	06-JUN-2001	01-04-4174A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300180C	06-JUN-2001	01-04-3996A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300180C	06-JUN-2001	01-04-3348A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300020C	15-JUN-2001	01-04-4196A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300354D	20-JUN-2001	01-04-4474A	02
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300450E	04-JAN-2001	01-04-0022A	01
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300360D	05-JAN-2001	01-04-1012A	01
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300410E	12-JAN-2001	01-04-0024A	01
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300430E	24-JAN-2001	01-04-1422A	01
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300410E	24-JAN-2001	01-04-0744A	01
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300195D	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1748A	01
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300450E	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1770A	01
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300280C	31-JAN-2001	01-04-0746A	01
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300189C	02-FEB-2001	00-04-5444A	01
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300335C	14-MAR-2001	01-04-1622A	01
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300195D	23-MAR-2001	01-04-1970A	01
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300370D	04-APR-2001	01-04-2030A	01
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300410E	06-APR-2001	01-04-1908A	01
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300189C	02-MAY-2001	01-04-3196A	01
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300410E	04-MAY-2001	01-04-3124A	01
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300360D	04-MAY-2001	01-04-3050A	01
04	FL	PASCO COUNTY *	1202300250E	22-JUN-2001	01-04-4766A	01
04	FL	PEMBROKE PINES, CITY OF	12011C0295F	02-FEB-2001	01-04-0340A	02
04	FL	PEMBROKE PINES, CITY OF	12011C0295F	02-FEB-2001	01-04-0340A	02
04	FL	PEMBROKE PINES, CITY OF	12011C0312F	23-MAY-2001	01-04-3190A	01
04	FL	PEMBROKE PINES, CITY OF	12011C0304F	08-JUN-2001	01-04-3376A	01
04	FL	PINELLAS COUNTY *	1251390037C	04-JAN-2001	01-04-1212A	02
04	FL	PINELLAS COUNTY *	1251390036C	12-JAN-2001	00-04-5700A	02
04	FL	PINELLAS COUNTY *	1251390077C	23-MAR-2001	01-04-2526A	02
04	FL	PINELLAS COUNTY *	1251390076C	11-APR-2001	01-04-2860A	02
04	FL	PINELLAS COUNTY *	1251390213C	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3748A	02
04	FL	PINELLAS COUNTY *	1251390037C	05-JAN-2001	01-04-0028A	01
04	FL	PINELLAS COUNTY *	1251390077C	21-MAR-2001	01-04-1070A	01
04	FL	PINELLAS PARK, CITY OF	1251390201C	21-MAR-2001	01-04-1072A	01
04	FL	PINELLAS PARK, CITY OF	1251390201C	25-MAY-2001	01-04-3470A	01
04	FL	POLK COUNTY*	12105C0480F	22-MAR-2001	01-04-175X	05
04	FL	POLK COUNTY*	12105C0320F	29-MAR-2001	01-04-524P	05
04	FL	POLK COUNTY*	12105C0480F	10-JAN-2001	01-04-1514A	02
04	FL	POLK COUNTY*	12105C0345F	10-JAN-2001	01-04-0564A	02
04	FL	POLK COUNTY*	12105C0535F	19-JAN-2001	01-04-1016A	02
04	FL	POLK COUNTY*	12105C0755F	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1704A	02
04	FL	POLK COUNTY*	12105C0425F	02-MAR-2001	01-04-2192A	02
04	FL	POLK COUNTY*	12105C0291F	23-MAR-2001	01-04-2660A	02
04	FL	POLK COUNTY*	12105C0515F	23-MAR-2001	01-04-2362A	02
04	FL	POLK COUNTY*	12105C0359F	30-MAR-2001	01-04-2870A	02
04	FL	POLK COUNTY*	12105C0365F	18-APR-2001	01-04-2974A	02
04	FL	POLK COUNTY*	12105C0760F	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3730A	02
04	FL	POLK COUNTY*	12105C0510F	01-JUN-2001	01-04-3946A	02
04	FL	POLK COUNTY*	12105C0291F	08-JUN-2001	01-04-3970A	02
04	FL	POLK COUNTY*	12105C0320F	13-JUN-2001	01-04-4328A	02
04	FL	POLK COUNTY*	12105C0530F	13-JUN-2001	01-04-3468A	02
04	FL	POLK COUNTY*	12105C0535F	15-JUN-2001	01-04-4360A	02
04	FL	POLK COUNTY*	12105C0490F	27-JUN-2001	01-04-3368A	02
04	FL	POLK COUNTY*	12105C0555F	29-JUN-2001	01-04-3972A	02
04	FL	POLK COUNTY*	12105C0250F	02-MAR-2001	01-04-2222A	01
04	FL	POLK COUNTY*	12105C0275F	02-MAY-2001	01-04-2204A	01
04	FL	POLK COUNTY*	12105C0275F	01-JUN-2001	01-04-4160A	01
04	FL	POLK COUNTY*	12105C0275F	01-JUN-2001	01-04-3754A	01
04	FL	POMPANO BEACH, CITY OF	12011C0120F	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3480A	02
04	FL	PORT ORANGE, CITY OF	1203130010C	17-JAN-2001	01-04-0050A	01
04	FL	PORT ORANGE, CITY OF	1203130005C	23-MAY-2001	01-04-2980A	01
04	FL	PORT ORANGE, CITY OF	1251550408E	15-JUN-2001	01-04-4232X	01
04	FL	PORT RICHEY, CITY OF	1202300187C	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2794A	02
04	FL	PORT ST. LUCIE, CITY OF	12111C0405F	16-MAR-2001	01-04-0622A	02
04	FL	PUTNAM COUNTY *	1202720080A	04-JAN-2001	01-04-1274A	02
04	FL	PUTNAM COUNTY *	1202720250B	30-MAR-2001	01-04-2462A	02
04	FL	ROCKLEDGE, CITY OF	12009C0430E	16-FEB-2001	00-04-277P	06
04	FL	ROCKLEDGE, CITY OF	12009C0350E	24-JAN-2001	01-04-1686A	02
04	FL	ROCKLEDGE, CITY OF	12009C0355E	26-JAN-2001	01-04-1570A	02
04	FL	ROCKLEDGE, CITY OF	12009C0350E	25-APR-2001	01-04-3158A	02
04	FL	ROCKLEDGE, CITY OF	12009C0355E	06-APR-2001	01-04-2698A	01
04	FL	ROCKLEDGE, CITY OF	12009C0365E	13-APR-2001	01-04-3160A	01

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
04	FL	SANFORD, CITY OF	12117C0045E	23-MAR-2001	01-04-1068A	01
04	FL	SANTA ROSA COUNTY *	1202740260B	18-MAY-2001	01-04-3904A	02
04	FL	SANTA ROSA COUNTY *	1202740341C	09-MAY-2001	01-04-3464A	01
04	FL	SARASOTA COUNTY *	1251440331E	02-FEB-2001	01-04-1802X	01
04	FL	SEBASTIAN, CITY OF	12061C0079F	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1118A	01
04	FL	SEMINOLE COUNTY*	12117C0145E	07-MAR-2001	01-04-2342A	17
04	FL	SEMINOLE COUNTY*	12117C0145E	30-MAR-2001	01-04-2776A	17
04	FL	SEMINOLE COUNTY*	12117C0080E	07-FEB-2001	00-04-059P	05
04	FL	SEMINOLE COUNTY*	12117C0170E	23-MAY-2001	01-04-025P	05
04	FL	SEMINOLE COUNTY*	12117C0145E	02-FEB-2001	01-04-1918A	02
04	FL	SEMINOLE COUNTY*	12117C0145E	02-FEB-2001	01-04-1918A	02
04	FL	SEMINOLE COUNTY*	12117C0145E	02-MAR-2001	01-04-2100A	02
04	FL	SEMINOLE COUNTY*	12117C0145E	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2346A	02
04	FL	SEMINOLE COUNTY*	12117C0110E	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2328A	02
04	FL	SEMINOLE COUNTY*	12117C0145E	14-MAR-2001	01-04-1696A	02
04	FL	SEMINOLE COUNTY*	12117C0145E	06-APR-2001	01-04-2862A	02
04	FL	SEMINOLE COUNTY*	12117C0110E	11-APR-2001	01-04-2966A	02
04	FL	SEMINOLE COUNTY*	12117C0145E	09-MAY-2001	01-04-2890A	02
04	FL	SEMINOLE COUNTY*	12117C0145E	11-MAY-2001	01-04-2636A	02
04	FL	SEMINOLE COUNTY*	12117C0145E	18-MAY-2001	01-04-3656A	02
04	FL	SEMINOLE COUNTY*	12117C0020E	29-JUN-2001	01-04-4234A	02
04	FL	SEMINOLE COUNTY*	12117C0165E	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1800X	01
04	FL	SEMINOLE COUNTY*	12117C0110E	21-FEB-2001	01-04-1410A	01
04	FL	SEMINOLE COUNTY*	12117C0165E	15-JUN-2001	01-04-3678A	01
04	FL	SEWALLS POINT, TOWN OF	1201640001E	09-MAY-2001	01-04-3460A	02
04	FL	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	12097C0095F	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3514V	19
04	FL	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	12097C0252F	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3514V	19
04	FL	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	12097C02565F	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3514V	19
04	FL	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	12097C0257F	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3514V	19
04	FL	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	12097C0260F	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3514V	19
04	FL	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	1201910005D	09-FEB-2001	01-04-1888A	02
04	FL	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	1201890135C	06-APR-2001	01-04-2220A	01
04	FL	ST. JOHNS COUNTY *	1251470209D	09-FEB-2001	01-04-1746A	02
04	FL	ST. JOHNS COUNTY *	1251470209D	23-FEB-2001	01-04-2236A	02
04	FL	ST. JOHNS COUNTY *	1251470020D	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2282A	02
04	FL	ST. JOHNS COUNTY *	1251470090D	29-JUN-2001	01-04-4482A	01
04	FL	ST. LUCIE COUNTY *	12111C0089G	15-MAR-2001	01-04-1642A	02
04	FL	ST. PETERSBURG, CITY OF	1251390207C	02-MAY-2001	01-04-3104A	01
04	FL	SUMTER COUNTY *	1202960075B	09-MAR-2001	01-04-2466A	02
04	FL	SUMTER COUNTY *	1202960200B	21-MAR-2001	01-04-1680A	02
04	FL	SUMTER COUNTY *	1202960075B	26-JAN-2001	01-04-1674A	01
04	FL	SUNRISE, CITY OF	12011C0212F	30-MAR-2001	01-04-2576A	02
04	FL	SUNRISE, CITY OF	12011C0205F	25-MAY-2001	01-04-3278X	02
04	FL	TAMARAC, CITY OF	12011C0205F	06-APR-2001	01-04-2700A	02
04	FL	TAMARAC, CITY OF	12011C0185F	16-MAR-2001	01-04-1074A	01
04	FL	TAMARAC, CITY OF	12011C0185F	13-APR-2001	01-04-1080A	01
04	FL	TAMARAC, CITY OF	12011C0185F	27-JUN-2001	01-04-4222A	01
04	FL	TAMPA, CITY OF	1201120210E	14-MAR-2001	01-04-1066A	01
04	FL	TAMPA, CITY OF	1201120095C	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2272A	01
04	FL	TAMPA, CITY OF	1201120210E	01-JUN-2001	01-04-1082A	01
04	FL	TARPON SPRINGS, CITY OF	1202590008B	15-MAR-2001	01-04-1354A	02
04	FL	TARPON SPRINGS, CITY OF	1251390036C	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3178A	01
04	FL	TAVARES, CITY OF	1201380001B	12-JAN-2001	01-04-1220A	02
04	FL	TAVARES, CITY OF	1201380001B	24-JAN-2001	01-04-0640A	02
04	FL	TITUSVILLE, CITY OF	12009C0185F	09-MAY-2001	01-04-3622A	02
04	FL	TITUSVILLE, CITY OF	12009C0180E	06-APR-2001	01-04-2828A	01
04	FL	VOLUSIA COUNTY*	1251550550E	21-FEB-2001	01-04-1792A	02
04	FL	VOLUSIA COUNTY*	1251550425E	11-MAY-2001	01-04-2162A	02
04	FL	VOLUSIA COUNTY*	1251550408E	17-JAN-2001	01-04-1312A	01
04	FL	WAKULLA COUNTY *	1203150250B	26-JAN-2001	01-04-1390A	02
04	FL	WALTON COUNTY *	12131C0737F	12-JAN-2001	01-04-1010A	02
04	FL	WALTON COUNTY *	12131C0543F	17-JAN-2001	01-04-1426A	02
04	FL	WALTON COUNTY *	12131C0543F	28-FEB-2001	01-04-0544A	02
04	FL	WALTON COUNTY *	12131C0358F	25-MAY-2001	01-04-3928A	02
04	FL	WALTON COUNTY *	12131C0554F	06-JUN-2001	01-04-4144A	02
04	FL	WALTON COUNTY *	12131C0543	15-JUN-2001	01-04-2502A	02
04	FL	WALTON COUNTY *	12131C0527F	29-JUN-2001	01-04-4534A	02
04	FL	WELLINGTON, VILLAGE OF	1201920100B	18-APR-2001	01-04-3048A	01
04	FL	WEST PALM BEACH, CITY OF	1201920155B	30-MAY-2001	01-04-3948X	01
04	FL	WINTER GARDEN, CITY OF	12095C0215E	20-JUN-2001	01-04-3850A	02
04	FL	WINTER GARDEN, CITY OF	12095C0215E	02-MAR-2001	01-04-1060A	01
04	FL	WINTER HAVEN, CITY OF	12105C0366F	10-JAN-2001	01-04-1242A	02
04	FL	WINTER PARK, CITY OF	12095C0255E	23-MAY-2001	01-04-3456A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
04	FL	WINTER SPRINGS, CITY OF	12117C0130E	07-FEB-2001	00-04-059P	05
04	FL	WINTER SPRINGS, CITY OF	12117C0145E	13-JUN-2001	01-04-3682A	02
04	FL	WINTER SPRINGS, CITY OF	12117C0135E	09-FEB-2001	01-04-0968A	01
04	FL	ZEPHYRHILLS, CITY OF	1202350005C	14-FEB-2001	01-04-1934A	02
04	GA	ALPHARETTA, CITY OF	13121C0058E	09-JAN-2001	01-04-0170A	02
04	GA	ATHENS, CITY OF	1300400022C	21-MAR-2001	00-04-247P	05
04	GA	ATHENS-CLARKE COUNTY	1300400021C	21-APR-2001	01-04-3068A	02
04	GA	ATLANTA, CITY OF	13121C0261E	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3422V	19
04	GA	ATLANTA, CITY OF	13121C0062E	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3422V	19
04	GA	ATLANTA, CITY OF	13121C0232E	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3422V	19
04	GA	ATLANTA, CITY OF	13121C0233E	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3422V	19
04	GA	ATLANTA, CITY OF	13121C0334E	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3422V	19
04	GA	ATLANTA, CITY OF	13121C0236E	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3422V	19
04	GA	ATLANTA, CITY OF	13121C0253E	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3422V	19
04	GA	ATLANTA, CITY OF	13121C0357E	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3422V	19
04	GA	ATLANTA, CITY OF	13121C0229E	02-MAR-2001	01-04-0054A	17
04	GA	ATLANTA, CITY OF	13121C0231E	02-FEB-2001	01-04-0158A	02
04	GA	ATLANTA, CITY OF	13121C0233E	23-MAR-2001	01-04-2322A	02
04	GA	ATLANTA, CITY OF	13121C0233E	22-JUN-2001	01-04-2762A	02
04	GA	BALDWIN COUNTY*	1300050050B	06-JUN-2001	01-04-4026A	02
04	GA	BARROW COUNTY*	1304970050A	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1092A	02
04	GA	BARROW COUNTY*	1304970025A	13-APR-2001	01-04-2756A	02
04	GA	BLACKSHEAR, CITY OF	13229C0165C	14-FEB-2001	01-04-2098A	02
04	GA	CAMDEN COUNTY*	13039C0360C	17-JAN-2001	01-04-1344A	02
04	GA	CATOOSA COUNTY*	1300280025D	05-JAN-2001	00-04-235P	05
04	GA	CATOOSA COUNTY*	1300280025D	12-MAY-2001	00-04-335P	05
04	GA	CHAMBLEE, CITY OF	13089C0014H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3430V	19
04	GA	CHAMBLEE, CITY OF	13089C0018H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3430V	19
04	GA	CHATHAM COUNTY*	1300300120C	13-APR-2001	01-04-2238A	18
04	GA	CHATHAM COUNTY*	1300300095D	16-FEB-2001	00-04-051P	05
04	GA	CHATHAM COUNTY*	1300300075C	25-APR-2001	01-04-3268A	02
04	GA	CHATHAM COUNTY*	1300300115D	06-JUN-2001	01-04-4246A	02
04	GA	CHATHAM COUNTY*	1300300075C	02-MAR-2001	00-04-5950A	01
04	GA	CLARKSTON, CITY OF	13089C0086H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3432V	19
04	GA	CLAYTON COUNTY*	1300410055C	17-JAN-2001	01-04-0478A	02
04	GA	CLAYTON COUNTY*	1300410018C	07-MAR-2001	01-04-0742A	02
04	GA	CLAYTON COUNTY*	1300410009B	11-APR-2001	01-04-2944A	02
04	GA	CLAYTON COUNTY*	1300410055C	25-MAY-2001	01-04-3960A	02
04	GA	CLAYTON COUNTY*	1300410065B	08-JUN-2001	01-04-4310A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0050F	02-MAY-2001	01-04-2548A	17
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0065F	05-JAN-2001	01-04-0466A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0040F	17-JAN-2001	01-04-1610X	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0060F	17-JAN-2001	01-04-1450A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0035F	19-JAN-2001	01-04-0560A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0050F	24-JAN-2001	01-04-0826A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0045F	09-FEB-2001	01-04-1562A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0030F	09-FEB-2001	01-04-0390A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0050F	09-FEB-2001	01-04-0400A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0035F	14-FEB-2001	01-04-1924A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0070F	14-FEB-2001	01-04-1698A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0035F	14-FEB-2001	01-04-0664A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0085F	21-FEB-2001	01-04-1702A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0010F	21-FEB-2001	01-04-1448A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0070F	28-FEB-2001	01-04-0212A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0030F	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2440A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0040F	18-APR-2001	01-04-2316A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0040F	20-APR-2001	01-04-2390A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	130067C0035	20-APR-2001	01-04-0942A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0035F	25-APR-2001	01-04-1484A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0015F	25-APR-2001	01-04-0976A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0050F	27-APR-2001	01-04-2494A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0035F	02-MAY-2001	01-04-2258A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0030F	25-MAY-2001	01-04-1432A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0025F	01-JUN-2001	01-04-0184A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0070F	15-JUN-2001	01-04-3214A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0050F	27-JUN-2001	01-04-4488A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0025F	29-JUN-2001	01-04-3842A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0025F	29-JUN-2001	01-04-3338A	02
04	GA	COBB COUNTY*	13067C0025F	23-FEB-2001	01-04-1056A	01
04	GA	COLUMBIA COUNTY*	1300590095B	05-JAN-2001	01-04-1134A	02
04	GA	COLUMBIA COUNTY*	1300590080C	25-APR-2001	01-04-2042A	02
04	GA	COLUMBUS, CITY OF	1351580050D	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2314A	02
04	GA	COLUMBUS, CITY OF	1351580050D	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2286A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
04	GA	COLUMBUS, CITY OF	1351580050D	23-MAY-2001	01-04-3912X	02
04	GA	COLUMBUS, CITY OF	1351580015D	23-MAY-2001	01-04-3890A	02
04	GA	COLUMBUS, CITY OF	1351580050D	11-APR-2001	01-04-2364A	01
04	GA	COLUMBUS, CITY OF	1351580050D	27-APR-2001	01-04-1982A	01
04	GA	COWETA COUNTY *	1302980240B	19-JAN-2001	01-04-0460A	02
04	GA	COWETA COUNTY *	1302980230B	09-FEB-2001	01-04-0840A	02
04	GA	CRISP COUNTY *	1305040025A	21-MAR-2001	01-04-0368A	08
04	GA	CRISP COUNTY*	1305040025A	31-JAN-2001	01-04-0750A	02
04	GA	DADE COUNTY *	13083C0075C	07-MAR-2001	01-04-1876A	02
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0201H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0067H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0086H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0057H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0056H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0114H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0161H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0093H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0068H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0087H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0018H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0127H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0153H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0084H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0091H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0078H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0113H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0016H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0163H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0014H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0094H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0038H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0054H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0059H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0137H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0052H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0013H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0058H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0159H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0076H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0089H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0151H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0152H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0088H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0069H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0142H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0081H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0062H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0019H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0111H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0084H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0132H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0010H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0093H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0162H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0076H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3426V	19
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	1300650006D	06-APR-2001	01-04-1558A	17
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	1300650011F	09-JAN-2001	01-04-0726A	02
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	1300650003E	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1256A	02
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	1300650003E	02-FEB-2001	01-04-1028A	02
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	1300650003E	07-FEB-2001	01-04-1536A	02
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	1300650004E	14-FEB-2001	01-04-1756A	02
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	1300650005G	11-APR-2001	01-04-2072A	02
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	1300650003E	13-APR-2001	01-04-2582A	02
04	GA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0057H	27-JUN-2001	01-04-4266A	02
04	GA	DECATUR, CITY OF	13089C0068H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3428V	19
04	GA	DECATUR, CITY OF	13089C0066H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3428V	19
04	GA	DECATUR, CITY OF	130065	08-JUN-2001	01-04-2474A	02
04	GA	DORAVILLE, CITY OF	13089C0017H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3434V	19
04	GA	DORAVILLE, CITY OF	13089C0019H	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3434V	19
04	GA	DULUTH, CITY OF	1300980002C	19-JAN-2001	01-04-1618A	02
04	GA	DULUTH, CITY OF	1300980002C	13-APR-2001	01-04-2344A	02
04	GA	EAST POINT, CITY OF	13121C0354E	10-JAN-2001	01-04-0272A	02
04	GA	EFFINGHAM COUNTY *	1300670160C	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2116A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
04	GA	EFFINGHAM COUNTY *	1300760140B	18-APR-2001	01-04-3004A	02
04	GA	FAIRBURN, CITY OF	13121C0454E	14-MAR-2001	01-04-1222A	02
04	GA	FANNIN COUNTY	13111C0160D	17-JAN-2001	00-04-4654A	02
04	GA	FANNIN COUNTY	13111C0045D	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2008A	02
04	GA	FANNIN COUNTY	13111C0185	11-MAY-2001	01-04-2478A	02
04	GA	FLOYD COUNTY*	13115C0265D	10-JAN-2001	01-04-1374A	02
04	GA	FLOYD COUNTY*	13115C0270D	23-FEB-2001	01-04-2048A	02
04	GA	FLOYD COUNTY*	13115C0335D	16-MAR-2001	01-04-2488A	02
04	GA	FLOYD COUNTY*	13115C0185D	19-JAN-2001	01-04-0610A	01
04	GA	FLOYD COUNTY*	13115C0185D	23-FEB-2001	01-04-1984A	01
04	GA	FORSYTH COUNTY *	13117C0115C	06-JUN-2001	01-04-2604A	01
04	GA	FORT OGLETHORPE, CITY OF	1300280025D	05-JAN-2001	00-04-235P	05
04	GA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121C0163E	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3424V	19
04	GA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121C0134E	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3424V	19
04	GA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121C0067E	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3424V	19
04	GA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121C0230E	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3424V	19
04	GA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121C0033E	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3424V	19
04	GA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121C0141E	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3424V	19
04	GA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121C0330E	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3424V	19
04	GA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121C0232E	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3424V	19
04	GA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121C0087E	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3424V	19
04	GA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121C0478E	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3424V	19
04	GA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121C0331E	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3424V	19
04	GA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121C0470E	08-MAY-2001	01-04-3424V	19
04	GA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121C0054E	10-JAN-2001	01-04-0656A	02
04	GA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121C0115E	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1148A	02
04	GA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121C0460E	09-FEB-2001	01-04-1464A	02
04	GA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121C0332E	09-FEB-2001	01-04-1244A	02
04	GA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121C0115E	14-FEB-2001	01-04-1654A	02
04	GA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121C0115E	14-FEB-2001	01-04-0904A	02
04	GA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121C0080E	23-FEB-2001	01-04-0468A	02
04	GA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121C0141E	02-MAR-2001	01-04-1832A	02
04	GA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121C0144E	23-MAR-2001	01-04-1794A	02
04	GA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121C0143E	18-APR-2001	01-04-3074A	02
04	GA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121C0115E	08-JUN-2001	01-04-3874A	02
04	GA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121C0331E	08-JUN-2001	01-04-0194A	02
04	GA	GAINESVILLE, CITY OF	13139C0180E	14-FEB-2001	00-04-6042A	02
04	GA	GARDEN CITY, CITY OF	1351610001C	14-FEB-2001	01-04-2010A	02
04	GA	GWINNETT COUNTY *	1303220090C	01-JUN-2001	00-04-123P	05
04	GA	GWINNETT COUNTY *	1303220070C	18-JUN-2001	00-04-279P	05
04	GA	GWINNETT COUNTY *	1303220190C	05-JAN-2001	00-04-5000A	02
04	GA	GWINNETT COUNTY *	1303220170C	10-JAN-2001	01-04-0604A	02
04	GA	GWINNETT COUNTY *	1303220095C	12-JAN-2001	00-04-5406A	02
04	GA	GWINNETT COUNTY *	1303220205C	07-MAR-2001	01-04-1112A	02
04	GA	GWINNETT COUNTY *	1303220195C	21-MAR-2001	01-04-1430A	02
04	GA	GWINNETT COUNTY *	1303220055C	25-APR-2001	01-04-2654A	02
04	GA	GWINNETT COUNTY *	1303220195C	25-APR-2001	01-04-2076A	02
04	GA	GWINNETT COUNTY *	1303220090	27-APR-2001	01-04-2664A	02
04	GA	GWINNETT COUNTY *	1303220170C	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3182A	02
04	GA	GWINNETT COUNTY *	1303220190C	11-MAY-2001	01-04-2992A	02
04	GA	GWINNETT COUNTY *	1303220170C	06-JUN-2001	01-04-3002A	02
04	GA	GWINNETT COUNTY *	1303220195C	15-JUN-2001	01-04-3974A	02
04	GA	GWINNETT COUNTY *	1303220095C	12-JAN-2001	00-04-5716A	01
04	GA	GWINNETT COUNTY *	1303220195C	24-JAN-2001	00-04-5572A	01
04	GA	GWINNETT COUNTY *	1303220165B	21-FEB-2001	01-04-2018A	01
04	GA	GWINNETT COUNTY *	1303220095C	24-MAY-2001	01-04-3888A	01
04	GA	GWINNETT COUNTY *	1303220095C	08-JUN-2001	01-04-4244A	01
04	GA	GWINNETT COUNTY *	1303220070C	30-MAR-2001	01-04-1822A	08
04	GA	HALL COUNTY *	13139C0275E	17-JAN-2001	01-04-1550A	02
04	GA	HALL COUNTY *	13139C0300E	19-JAN-2001	01-04-0940A	02
04	GA	HALL COUNTY *	13139C0312E	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1520A	02
04	GA	HALL COUNTY *	13139C0300E	14-FEB-2001	01-04-1926A	02
04	GA	HALL COUNTY *	13139C0300E	14-FEB-2001	00-04-5538A	02
04	GA	HALL COUNTY *	13139C0275E	21-FEB-2001	01-04-2054A	02
04	GA	HALL COUNTY *	13139C0300E	28-FEB-2001	01-04-1790A	02
04	GA	HALL COUNTY *	13139C0175E	14-MAR-2001	01-04-1914A	02
04	GA	HALL COUNTY *	13139C0312E	16-MAR-2001	01-04-2334A	02
04	GA	HALL COUNTY *	13139C0312E	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2594A	02
04	GA	HALL COUNTY *	13139C0125C	04-APR-2001	01-04-2024A	02
04	GA	HALL COUNTY *	13139C0303E	06-APR-2001	01-04-3034A	02
04	GA	HALL COUNTY *	13139C0275E	11-APR-2001	01-04-3062A	02
04	GA	HALL COUNTY *	13139C0175E	20-APR-2001	01-04-2382A	02
04	GA	HALL COUNTY *	13139C0300E	02-MAY-2001	01-04-3116A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
04	GA	HARRIS COUNTY*	1303380250A	17-JAN-2001	00-04-5624A	02
04	GA	HARRIS COUNTY*	1303380150A	14-MAR-2001	01-04-1940A	02
04	GA	HARRIS COUNTY*	1303380150A	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2778A	02
04	GA	HARRIS COUNTY*	1303380150A	01-JUN-2001	01-04-3260A	02
04	GA	HARRIS COUNTY*	1303380150A	08-JUN-2001	01-04-4350A	02
04	GA	HARRIS COUNTY*	1303380150A	27-JUN-2001	01-04-4188A	02
04	GA	HELEN, CITY OF	1301920001B	11-APR-2001	01-04-2324A	17
04	GA	HELEN, CITY OF	1301920001B	17-JAN-2001	01-04-1172A	02
04	GA	HENRY COUNTY *	1304680150B	14-FEB-2001	01-04-0654A	01
04	GA	KENNESAW, CITY OF	13067C0030F	02-JAN-2001	01-04-0154A	02
04	GA	KENNESAW, CITY OF	13067C0030F	17-JAN-2001	01-04-1152A	02
04	GA	KENNESAW, CITY OF	13067C0030F	02-FEB-2001	01-04-1246A	02
04	GA	KENNESAW, CITY OF	13067C0030F	14-FEB-2001	01-04-2016A	02
04	GA	KENNESAW, CITY OF	13067C0030F	13-APR-2001	01-04-3040A	02
04	GA	LA GRANGE, CITY OF	1301770006D	02-JAN-2001	01-04-0456A	02
04	GA	LA GRANGE, CITY OF	1301770006D	05-JAN-2001	01-04-0452A	02
04	GA	LEE COUNTY *	1301220250B	22-JUN-2001	01-04-3976A	02
04	GA	LUMPKIN COUNTY	1303540120A	26-JAN-2001	01-04-1262A	02
04	GA	LUMPKIN COUNTY	1303540225A	02-MAY-2001	01-04-1564A	02
04	GA	MACON, CITY OF	1300110020E	29-JUN-2001	01-04-3878A	17
04	GA	MACON, CITY OF	1300110020E	23-FEB-2001	01-04-1546A	02
04	GA	MACON, CITY OF	1300110020E	08-JUN-2001	01-04-4060A	02
04	GA	MARIETTA, CITY OF	13067C0050F	02-JAN-2001	01-04-1160A	02
04	GA	MARIETTA, CITY OF	13067C0050F	09-MAR-2001	01-04-1664A	02
04	GA	MONROE COUNTY*	1301380025C	25-APR-2001	01-04-2994A	02
04	GA	MONROE COUNTY*	1301380025C	25-APR-2001	01-04-3008A	02
04	GA	MONROE COUNTY*	1301380025C	02-MAY-2001	01-04-3220A	02
04	GA	MONROE COUNTY*	1301380025C	02-MAY-2001	01-04-3070A	02
04	GA	MONROE COUNTY*	1301380025C	02-MAY-2001	01-04-3030A	02
04	GA	MONROE COUNTY*	1301380025C	02-MAY-2001	01-04-2998A	02
04	GA	MONROE COUNTY*	1301380025C	02-MAY-2001	01-04-3006A	02
04	GA	MONROE COUNTY*	1301380025C	18-MAY-2001	01-04-3802A	02
04	GA	MONROE COUNTY*	1301380225C	25-MAY-2001	01-04-3702A	02
04	GA	NEWNAN, CITY OF	1300620005B	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1576A	17
04	GA	PAULDING COUNTY *	13223C0253B	19-JAN-2001	01-04-0548A	02
04	GA	PAULDING COUNTY *	13223C0253B	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1796A	02
04	GA	PAULDING COUNTY *	13223C0251B	21-FEB-2001	01-04-1782A	02
04	GA	PAULDING COUNTY *	13223C0144B	28-FEB-2001	01-04-1896A	02
04	GA	PAULDING COUNTY *	13223C0253B	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2490A	02
04	GA	PAULDING COUNTY *	13223C0253B	18-APR-2001	01-04-3240A	02
04	GA	PAULDING COUNTY *	13223C0245B	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3518A	02
04	GA	PAULDING COUNTY *	13223C0253B	25-MAY-2001	01-04-3612A	02
04	GA	PAULDING COUNTY *	13223C0253B	30-MAY-2001	01-04-3310A	02
04	GA	PAULDING COUNTY *	13223C0110B	27-JUN-2001	01-04-4542A	02
04	GA	PEACHTREE CITY, CITY OF	13113C0060D	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2738A	02
04	GA	PEACHTREE CITY, CITY OF	13113C0060D	13-APR-2001	01-04-2920A	02
04	GA	POOLER, TOWN OF	1300300075C	16-FEB-2001	00-04-051P	05
04	GA	POOLER, TOWN OF	1300300075C	10-JAN-2001	01-04-0320A	01
04	GA	POOLER, TOWN OF	1300300075C	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1814X	01
04	GA	POOLER, TOWN OF	1300300075C	28-JUN-2001	01-04-3762A	01
04	GA	RABUN COUNTY *	1301560100B	23-FEB-2001	01-04-0914A	02
04	GA	RICHMOND COUNTY*	1301580060E	11-APR-2001	01-04-3000A	02
04	GA	RICHMOND COUNTY*	1301580070E	23-MAY-2001	01-04-3834A	02
04	GA	RICHMOND COUNTY*	1301580070E	23-MAY-2001	01-04-3590A	02
04	GA	RICHMOND COUNTY*	1301580060E	27-JUN-2001	01-04-4486A	02
04	GA	RICHMOND HILL, CITY OF	1300180001B	07-FEB-2001	01-04-055P	05
04	GA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0151C	20-JAN-2001	01-04-2124V	19
04	GA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0094C	24-JAN-2001	01-04-0706A	02
04	GA	ROME, CITY OF	13115C0190D	09-MAY-2001	01-04-2832A	17
04	GA	ROSSVILLE, CITY OF	1301830001B	27-APR-2001	00-04-365P	05
04	GA	ROSWELL, CITY OF	13121C0062E	19-JAN-2001	01-04-0964A	02
04	GA	ROSWELL, CITY OF	13121C0034E	19-JAN-2001	01-04-0730A	02
04	GA	ROSWELL, CITY OF	13121C0054E	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2692A	02
04	GA	ROSWELL, CITY OF	13121C0061E	25-APR-2001	01-04-1778A	02
04	GA	SANDERSVILLE, CITY OF	130228B	23-MAY-2001	01-04-3312A	02
04	GA	SAVANNAH, CITY OF	1351630030C	02-FEB-2001	00-04-6028A	02
04	GA	SAVANNAH, CITY OF	1351630030C	02-FEB-2001	00-04-6028A	02
04	GA	STATESBORO, CITY OF	1300210001C	27-JUN-2001	01-04-4432A	02
04	GA	SUWANEE, CITY OF	1303280002A	18-JUN-2001	00-04-279P	05
04	GA	SUWANEE, CITY OF	1303280003A	02-MAY-2001	01-04-2172A	02
04	GA	TIFT COUNTY *	13277C0075D	28-MAR-2001	01-04-0802A	02
04	GA	TOWNS COUNTY*	13281C0065C	28-FEB-2001	01-04-1944A	02
04	GA	TOWNS COUNTY*	13281C0045C	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2348A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
04	GA	TROUPE COUNTY *	1304050100A	08-JUN-2001	01-04-2744A	02
04	GA	UNION COUNTY*	1302540025C	25-MAY-2001	01-04-3060A	02
04	GA	WALTON COUNTY *	13297C0020B	17-JAN-2001	00-04-4382A	02
04	GA	WALTON COUNTY *	13297C0080B	31-JAN-2001	00-04-5982A	02
04	GA	WALTON COUNTY *	13297C0020B	14-FEB-2001	01-04-2080A	02
04	GA	WALTON COUNTY *	13297C0100B	06-JUN-2001	01-04-2000A	02
04	GA	WATKINSVILLE, CITY OF	130369A	09-FEB-2001	01-04-1874A	02
04	GA	WOODSTOCK, CITY OF	13057C0330B	25-APR-2001	01-04-2882A	01
04	KY	BOONE COUNTY *	2100130045B	05-JAN-2001	01-04-1004A	02
04	KY	BOWLING GREEN, CITY OF	21227C0084D	19-JUN-2001	00-04-285P	06
04	KY	BOWLING GREEN, CITY OF	21227C0092D	17-JAN-2001	01-04-1284A	02
04	KY	BOWLING GREEN, CITY OF	21227C0115D	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3586A	02
04	KY	CAMPBELL COUNTY *	2100340040B	07-FEB-2001	01-04-0628A	02
04	KY	DAVIESS COUNTY *	21059C0265C	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2160A	02
04	KY	DAVIESS COUNTY *	21059C0120C	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3670A	02
04	KY	DAVIESS COUNTY *	21059C0120C	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3708A	02
04	KY	DAVIESS COUNTY *	21059C0115C	27-JUN-2001	01-04-4008A	02
04	KY	DAVIESS COUNTY *	21059C0280C	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3536A	01
04	KY	DAVIESS COUNTY *	21059C0085C	18-MAY-2001	01-04-3696A	01
04	KY	ELIZABETHTOWN, CITY OF	21093C0151C	18-MAY-2001	01-04-2318A	02
04	KY	GRAYSON COUNTY *	2103300050B	09-FEB-2001	01-04-0920A	02
04	KY	GREENUP COUNTY*	2102840080B	23-MAY-2001	01-04-3238A	02
04	KY	HARRISON COUNTY *	2103290050B	24-JAN-2001	00-04-4560A	02
04	KY	HENDERSON, CITY OF	2101090005D	27-APR-2001	01-04-3440A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0165D	12-MAR-2001	01-04-1180A	17
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0180D	14-FEB-2001	00-04-377P	05
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0160D	26-MAR-2001	99-04-313P	05
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0110D	17-JAN-2001	01-04-1128A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0095D	19-JAN-2001	01-04-0650A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0145D	26-JAN-2001	01-04-1624A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0170D	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1456A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0180D	02-FEB-2001	01-04-1462A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0105D	02-FEB-2001	01-04-1386A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0020D	21-FEB-2001	01-04-1300A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0190D	28-FEB-2001	01-04-2158A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0080D	28-FEB-2001	01-04-1760A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0160D	09-MAR-2001	01-04-2326A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0160D	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2450A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0255D	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2068A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0020D	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2836A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0070D	04-APR-2001	01-04-0620A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0080D	11-APR-2001	01-04-2734A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0105D	13-APR-2001	01-04-2578A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0085D	18-APR-2001	01-04-3258A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0115D	02-MAY-2001	01-04-3632A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0095D	02-MAY-2001	01-04-1806A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0020D	02-MAY-2001	01-04-1662A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0170D	04-MAY-2001	01-04-3130A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0170D	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3588A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0170D	30-MAY-2001	01-04-4024A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0190D	01-JUN-2001	01-04-4058A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0020D	08-JUN-2001	01-04-3884A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0095D	13-JUN-2001	01-04-3634A	02
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0180D	17-JAN-2001	00-04-5806A	01
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0235D	19-JAN-2001	01-04-0858A	01
04	KY	JEFFERSON COUNTY*	21111C0190D	01-JUN-2001	01-04-3316A	01
04	KY	LETCHER COUNTY*	2102890002A	08-JUN-2001	01-04-3966A	02
04	KY	LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVE	2100670060C	23-MAY-2001	01-04-013P	05
04	KY	LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVE	2100670080C	09-FEB-2001	01-04-1020A	02
04	KY	LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVE	2100670060C	14-FEB-2001	01-04-1840A	02
04	KY	LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVE	2100670010C	18-APR-2001	01-04-2634A	02
04	KY	LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVE	2100670070C	02-MAY-2001	01-04-3172A	02
04	KY	LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVE	2100670060C	02-MAY-2001	01-04-2590A	02
04	KY	LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVE	2100670020C	14-MAR-2001	01-04-1504A	01
04	KY	LOUISVILLE, CITY OF	21111C0080D	10-JAN-2001	01-04-0624A	02
04	KY	LOUISVILLE, CITY OF	21111C0090D	14-MAR-2001	01-04-1752A	02
04	KY	LOUISVILLE, CITY OF	21111C0160D	23-MAY-2001	01-04-2264A	02
04	KY	LOUISVILLE, CITY OF	21111C0060D	13-APR-2001	01-04-2402A	01
04	KY	NICHOLASVILLE, CITY OF	2101260005B	16-MAR-2001	01-04-1892A	02
04	KY	NICHOLASVILLE, CITY OF	2101260005B	06-APR-2001	01-04-2266A	02
04	KY	OWENSBORO, CITY OF	21059C0120C	19-JAN-2001	01-04-0258A	02
04	KY	OWENSBORO, CITY OF	21059C0280C	11-APR-2001	01-04-3038A	02
04	KY	OWENSBORO, CITY OF	21059C0260C	01-JUN-2001	01-04-4100A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
04	KY	OWENSBORO, CITY OF	21059C0280C	27-JUN-2001	01-04-4132A	02
04	KY	PADUCAH, CITY OF	2101520005D	27-JUN-2001	01-04-4422A	02
04	KY	PIKEVILLE, CITY OF	21195C0282F	21-FEB-2001	99-04-029P	05
04	KY	ROWAN COUNTY *	2102030045B	29-MAR-2001	01-04-0854A	17
04	KY	SHEPHERDSVILLE, CITY OF	2100280005D	07-FEB-2001	01-04-1524A	02
04	KY	STURGIS, CITY OF	210217B	02-MAR-2001	00-04-5416A	02
04	KY	WILDER, CITY OF	2100410001B	14-FEB-2001	00-04-5704A	01
04	MS	BRANDON, CITY OF	2801430003B	14-FEB-2001	01-04-1304A	01
04	MS	BRANDON, CITY OF	2801430003B	16-MAR-2001	01-04-1850A	01
04	MS	BRANDON, CITY OF	2801430003B	15-JUN-2001	01-04-3752A	01
04	MS	CLINTON, CITY OF	2800710002C	06-MAR-2001	00-04-171P	05
04	MS	COLUMBUS, CITY OF	28087C0065J	08-JUN-2001	01-04-4200A	02
04	MS	COLUMBUS, CITY OF	28087C0065J	18-MAY-2001	01-04-2696A	01
04	MS	COLUMBUS, CITY OF	28087C0065J	20-JUN-2001	01-04-4202A	01
04	MS	DESOTO COUNTY *	28033C0045F	25-JAN-2001	01-04-099P	06
04	MS	DESOTO COUNTY *	28033C0115D	17-JAN-2001	00-04-5992A	02
04	MS	DESOTO COUNTY *	28033C0043E	19-JAN-2001	01-04-1334A	01
04	MS	FLORENCE, TOWN OF	2801440001B	25-MAY-2001	01-04-3756A	01
04	MS	GULFPORT, CITY OF	2852530007C	18-APR-2001	00-04-095P	05
04	MS	HARRISON COUNTY *	2852550190E	20-JUN-2001	01-04-4444A	02
04	MS	HINDS COUNTY*	2800700250D	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1682A	02
04	MS	HINDS COUNTY*	2800700225D	04-MAY-2001	01-04-3472A	01
04	MS	HORN LAKE, CITY OF	28033C0040E	15-JUN-2001	01-04-1086A	01
04	MS	ITAWAMBA COUNTY *	2802900025B	04-APR-2001	01-04-3010A	02
04	MS	JACKSON, CITY OF	2800720040F	18-APR-2001	01-04-2484A	02
04	MS	LAUDERDALE COUNTY *	28075C0105E	20-APR-2001	01-04-3152A	02
04	MS	LAUREL,CITY OF	2800920003D	07-MAR-2001	01-04-2122A	02
04	MS	LAUREL,CITY OF	2800920005C	09-MAR-2001	01-04-0800A	02
04	MS	LEE COUNTY *	28081C0155D	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2556A	02
04	MS	LEE COUNTY *	28081C0245D	13-JUN-2001	01-04-4178A	02
04	MS	MADISON, CITY OF	28089C0310D	17-JAN-2001	01-04-1352A	02
04	MS	MADISON, CITY OF	28089C0310D	13-JUN-2001	01-04-3896A	02
04	MS	MERIDIAN, CITY OF	28075C0084D	28-FEB-2001	01-04-1554A	02
04	MS	MERIDIAN, CITY OF	28075C0101E	02-MAY-2001	01-04-2824A	02
04	MS	MERIDIAN, CITY OF	28075C0101E	02-MAY-2001	01-04-1780A	02
04	MS	MERIDIAN, CITY OF	12075C0085D	23-MAY-2001	01-04-3342A	02
04	MS	OKTIBBEHA COUNTY *	2802770130B	28-MAR-2001	01-04-1694A	01
04	MS	OLIVE BRANCH,TOWN OF	28033C0065E	29-MAY-2001	01-04-275P	05
04	MS	OLIVE BRANCH,TOWN OF	28033C0065E	02-FEB-2001	01-04-1728A	01
04	MS	OLIVE BRANCH,TOWN OF	28033C0065E	02-FEB-2001	01-04-1728A	01
04	MS	OLIVE BRANCH,TOWN OF	28033C0065E	02-FEB-2001	01-04-1684A	01
04	MS	OLIVE BRANCH,TOWN OF	28033C0055E	07-MAR-2001	01-04-2138A	01
04	MS	OLIVE BRANCH,TOWN OF	28033C0065E	25-APR-2001	01-04-2438A	01
04	MS	PEARL RIVER COUNTY *	28109C0255D	20-JUN-2001	01-04-2640A	02
04	MS	PEARL RIVER VALLEY WATER SUPPLY DIS	2803380065B	28-FEB-2001	01-04-2096A	02
04	MS	PEARL RIVER VALLEY WATER SUPPLY DIS	2803380055B	07-MAR-2001	01-04-2198A	02
04	MS	PEARL, CITY OF	2081450005C	18-APR-2001	01-04-2106A	01
04	MS	PICAYUNE, CITY OF	28109C0261E	17-JAN-2001	01-04-1418A	02
04	MS	RANKIN COUNTY *	2801420140C	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2232A	02
04	MS	RANKIN COUNTY *	2801420080C	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2444A	01
04	MS	RANKIN COUNTY *	2801420070C	11-APR-2001	01-04-2902A	01
04	MS	RIDGELAND, CITY OF	28089C0320D	09-FEB-2001	01-04-1784A	17
04	MS	RIDGELAND, CITY OF	28089C0315D	10-MAY-2001	00-04-257P	05
04	MS	RIDGELAND, CITY OF	28089C0320D	11-APR-2001	01-04-2930A	02
04	MS	SALTILLO, TOWN OF	28081C0095D	02-MAY-2001	01-04-2446A	02
04	MS	SALTILLO, TOWN OF	28081C0155D	31-JAN-2001	01-04-0244A	01
04	MS	SOUTHHAVEN, CITY OF	28033C0041E	07-MAR-2001	01-04-2052A	02
04	MS	SOUTHHAVEN, CITY OF	28033C0035F	04-JAN-2001	01-04-0722A	01
04	MS	SOUTHHAVEN, CITY OF	28033C0041E	18-MAY-2001	01-04-3494A	01
04	MS	STARKVILLE, CITY OF	2801240003C	23-MAR-2001	01-04-2690A	02
04	MS	SUNFLOWER COUNTY *	2801950200B	06-APR-2001	01-04-1412A	01
04	MS	TISHOMINGO COUNTY	2802830075B	04-MAY-2001	01-04-3082A	02
04	MS	TUPELO, CITY OF	28081C0227D	09-MAR-2001	01-04-2294A	01
04	MS	TUPELO, CITY OF	28081C0227D	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2528A	01
04	MS	TUPELO, CITY OF	28081C0143D	30-MAR-2001	01-04-2372A	01
04	MS	TUPELO, CITY OF	28081C0227D	04-MAY-2001	01-04-3106A	01
04	MS	TUPELO, CITY OF	28081C0227D	20-JUN-2001	01-04-4206A	01
04	NC	ALAMANCE COUNTY*	37001C0095E	09-MAR-2001	01-04-1646A	02
04	NC	ALAMANCE COUNTY*	37001C0141E	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3320A	02
04	NC	ALEXANDER COUNTY*	3703980003C	11-APR-2001	01-04-2722A	02
04	NC	ALEXANDER COUNTY*	3703980003C	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3688A	02
04	NC	ALEXANDER COUNTY*	3703980003C	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3692A	02
04	NC	APEX, TOWN OF	37183C0480E	13-APR-2001	01-04-1472A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
04	NC	BEAUFORT COUNTY*	3700130180B	20-JUN-2001	01-04-3742A	02
04	NC	BOONE, TOWN OF	37189C0183E	17-JAN-2001	01-04-0276A	02
04	NC	BREVARD, CITY OF	37175C0201C	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3570A	02
04	NC	BRUNSWICK COUNTY*	3702950360E	14-FEB-2001	01-04-1764A	02
04	NC	BRUNSWICK COUNTY*	3702950215C	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2652A	02
04	NC	BRUNSWICK COUNTY*	3702950360E	27-APR-2001	01-04-3300A	02
04	NC	BRUNSWICK COUNTY*	3702950360E	15-JUN-2001	01-04-4400A	02
04	NC	BRUNSWICK COUNTY*	3702950360E	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2410A	02
04	NC	BUNCOMBE COUNTY *	37021C0331C	14-FEB-2001	01-04-1400A	02
04	NC	BUNCOMBE COUNTY *	37021C0326C	09-MAR-2001	01-04-2558A	02
04	NC	BUNCOMBE COUNTY *	37021C0329C	27-APR-2001	01-04-2454A	02
04	NC	BURKE COUNTY *	3700340150D	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1542A	02
04	NC	BURLINGTON, CITY OF	37001C0039E	05-JAN-2001	01-04-0296A	02
04	NC	CALDWELL COUNTY *	37027C0050D	05-JAN-2001	01-04-0660A	02
04	NC	CALDWELL COUNTY *	37027C0050D	02-MAY-2001	01-04-3224A	02
04	NC	CALDWELL COUNTY *	37027C0050D	18-MAY-2001	01-04-2942A	02
04	NC	CALDWELL COUNTY *	37027C0045E	23-MAY-2001	01-04-3984A	02
04	NC	CARTERET COUNTY *	3700430681C	07-MAR-2001	01-04-1956A	02
04	NC	CARTERET COUNTY *	3700430440C	20-APR-2001	01-04-2242A	02
04	NC	CARTERET COUNTY *	3700430630C	15-JUN-2001	01-04-4390A	02
04	NC	CARY, TOWN OF	37183C0503E	21-FEB-2001	01-04-0972A	01
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500200C	09-JAN-2001	01-04-1398A	02
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500200C	10-JAN-2001	01-04-1490A	02
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500325B	12-JAN-2001	01-04-1202A	02
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500200C	12-JAN-2001	01-04-1032A	02
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500325B	12-JAN-2001	01-04-0086A	02
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500350C	30-JAN-2001	01-04-1912A	02
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500350C	02-FEB-2001	01-04-1952A	02
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500350C	09-FEB-2001	01-04-1948A	02
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500325B	09-FEB-2001	01-04-1950A	02
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500350C	28-FEB-2001	01-04-2178A	02
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500325B	28-FEB-2001	01-04-2148A	02
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500350C	28-FEB-2001	01-04-1880A	02
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500350C	07-MAR-2001	01-04-2092A	02
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500325B	09-MAR-2001	01-04-2412A	02
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500325B	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2310A	02
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500235B	06-APR-2001	01-04-3026A	02
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500075C	06-APR-2001	01-04-2938A	02
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500350C	18-APR-2001	01-04-2936A	02
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500325B	20-APR-2001	01-04-3088A	02
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500350C	04-MAY-2001	01-04-3564A	02
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500350C	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3796A	02
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500325B	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3504A	02
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500040C	18-MAY-2001	01-04-3916A	02
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500200C	20-JUN-2001	01-04-4526A	02
04	NC	CATAWBA COUNTY *	3700500350C	22-JUN-2001	01-04-4416A	02
04	NC	CHAPEL HILL, TOWN OF	3701800001E	19-MAR-2001	00-04-199P	05
04	NC	CHAPEL HILL, TOWN OF	370180003E	18-APR-2001	01-04-3096A	02
04	NC	CHARLOTTE, CITY OF	3701590014B	02-FEB-2001	01-04-1856A	02
04	NC	CONCORD, CITY OF	37025C0082D	09-MAR-2001	01-04-2034A	01
04	NC	CORNELIUS, TOWN OF	3704980005A	05-JAN-2001	01-04-1396A	02
04	NC	CORNELIUS, TOWN OF	3704980005A	10-JAN-2001	01-04-1406A	02
04	NC	CORNELIUS, TOWN OF	3704980005A	10-JAN-2001	01-04-1358A	02
04	NC	CORNELIUS, TOWN OF	3704980005A	12-JAN-2001	01-04-1168A	02
04	NC	CORNELIUS, TOWN OF	3704980005A	09-FEB-2001	01-04-0930A	02
04	NC	CORNELIUS, TOWN OF	3704980005A	09-FEB-2001	01-04-0562A	02
04	NC	CORNELIUS, TOWN OF	3704980015A	14-FEB-2001	01-04-1466A	02
04	NC	CORNELIUS, TOWN OF	3704980005A	14-FEB-2001	01-04-1104A	02
04	NC	CORNELIUS, TOWN OF	3704980005A	02-MAR-2001	01-04-2088A	02
04	NC	CORNELIUS, TOWN OF	3704980005A	16-MAR-2001	01-04-2574A	02
04	NC	CORNELIUS, TOWN OF	3704980005A	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2840A	02
04	NC	CORNELIUS, TOWN OF	3704980005A	25-APR-2001	01-04-2842A	02
04	NC	CORNELIUS, TOWN OF	3704980015A	25-MAY-2001	01-04-3244A	02
04	NC	CORNELIUS, TOWN OF	3704980005A	30-MAY-2001	01-04-4094A	02
04	NC	CORNELIUS, TOWN OF	3704980005A	06-JUN-2001	01-04-4092A	02
04	NC	CORNELIUS, TOWN OF	3704980005A	27-JUN-2001	01-04-4116A	02
04	NC	CORNELIUS, TOWN OF	3704980005A	02-MAY-2001	01-04-2884A	01
04	NC	CRAVEN COUNTY*	3700720330B	18-MAY-2001	01-04-3548A	02
04	NC	CRAVEN COUNTY*	3700720305B	18-MAY-2001	01-04-2934A	02
04	NC	CRAVEN COUNTY*	3700720420B	23-MAY-2001	01-04-3958A	02
04	NC	DALLAS, TOWN OF	370322A	25-MAY-2001	01-04-3624A	02
04	NC	DARE COUNTY*	3753480114D	02-MAR-2001	01-04-2306A	02
04	NC	DAVIDSON COUNTY *	37057C0300D	24-JAN-2001	01-04-0066A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
04	NC	DAVIDSON COUNTY *	37057C0325D	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1854A	02
04	NC	DAVIDSON COUNTY *	37057C0325D	09-FEB-2001	01-04-1954A	02
04	NC	DAVIDSON COUNTY *	37057C0300D	14-FEB-2001	01-04-1588A	02
04	NC	DAVIDSON COUNTY *	37057C0300D	02-MAR-2001	01-04-2416A	02
04	NC	DAVIDSON COUNTY *	37057C0300D	02-MAR-2001	01-04-2304A	02
04	NC	DAVIDSON COUNTY *	37057C0300D	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2504A	02
04	NC	DAVIDSON COUNTY *	37057C0300D	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2302A	02
04	NC	DAVIDSON COUNTY *	37057C0215D	23-MAR-2001	01-04-2350A	02
04	NC	DAVIDSON COUNTY *	37057C0285D	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2802A	02
04	NC	DAVIDSON COUNTY *	37057C0285D	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2672A	02
04	NC	DAVIDSON COUNTY *	37057C0285D	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2552A	02
04	NC	DAVIDSON COUNTY *	37057C0325D	04-APR-2001	01-04-2800A	02
04	NC	DAVIDSON COUNTY *	37057C0285D	25-APR-2001	01-04-3210A	02
04	NC	DAVIDSON COUNTY *	37057C0285D	25-APR-2001	01-04-1920A	02
04	NC	DAVIDSON COUNTY *	37057C0285D	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3768A	02
04	NC	DAVIDSON COUNTY *	37057C0300D	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3690A	02
04	NC	DAVIDSON COUNTY *	37057C0325D	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3064A	02
04	NC	DAVIDSON COUNTY *	37057C0325D	01-JUN-2001	01-04-3322A	02
04	NC	DAVIDSON COUNTY *	37057C0325D	15-JUN-2001	01-04-4386A	02
04	NC	DAVIDSON COUNTY *	37057C0325D	20-JUN-2001	01-04-4388A	02
04	NC	DAVIDSON COUNTY *	37057C0285D	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2638A	08
04	NC	DAVIDSON, TOWN OF	3705030005A	23-MAY-2001	01-04-3628A	02
04	NC	DUNN, CITY OF	37085C0120D	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2404A	01
04	NC	DUPLIN COUNTY *	3700830275B	20-APR-2001	01-04-1468A	02
04	NC	DURHAM COUNTY *	37063C0169G	15-FEB-2001	01-04-003P	05
04	NC	DURHAM COUNTY *	37063C0154H	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2414A	02
04	NC	DURHAM, CITY OF	37063C0168G	20-APR-2001	01-04-3176A	02
04	NC	DURHAM, CITY OF	37063C0162H	29-JUN-2001	01-04-4594A	02
04	NC	EMERALD ISLE, TOWN OF	3700470003D	10-JAN-2001	01-04-1492A	02
04	NC	EMERALD ISLE, TOWN OF	3700470003D	12-JAN-2001	01-04-1494A	02
04	NC	FAYETTEVILLE, CITY OF	3700770011C	26-APR-2001	01-04-3174A	02
04	NC	FORSYTH COUNTY *	37067C0302H	28-FEB-2001	01-04-2056A	02
04	NC	FORSYTH COUNTY *	37067C0244H	08-JUN-2001	01-04-3644A	02
04	NC	FORSYTH COUNTY *	37067C0187H	22-JUN-2001	01-04-4336A	02
04	NC	FORSYTH COUNTY *	37067C0251H	06-APR-2001	01-04-1592A	01
04	NC	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0225D	20-JAN-2001	01-04-2126V	19
04	NC	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0240D	20-JAN-2001	01-04-2126V	19
04	NC	GASTON COUNTY *	3700990185B	22-JUN-2001	01-04-4282A	02
04	NC	GASTONIA, CITY OF	3701000010D	30-MAR-2001	01-04-1598A	02
04	NC	GREENSBORO, CITY OF	3753510018C	22-FEB-2001	00-04-167P	05
04	NC	GREENSBORO, CITY OF	3753510019D	30-MAR-2001	01-04-2004A	02
04	NC	GREENVILLE, CITY OF	3701910005B	09-FEB-2001	00-04-5996A	02
04	NC	GREENVILLE, CITY OF	3701910010B	21-FEB-2001	01-04-1162A	02
04	NC	GREENVILLE, CITY OF	3701910010B	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3086A	02
04	NC	HALIFAX COUNTY *	3703270005B	17-JAN-2001	01-04-1498A	02
04	NC	HARRISBURG, TOWN OF	37025C0115D	16-MAR-2001	01-04-2278A	02
04	NC	HAVELOCK, CITY OF	3702650008B	02-MAR-2001	01-04-1586A	02
04	NC	HERTFORD COUNTY	3701300002B	11-APR-2001	01-04-3042A	02
04	NC	HERTFORD COUNTY	3701300002B	12-APR-2001	01-04-3044A	02
04	NC	HERTFORD COUNTY	3701300003B	15-JUN-2001	01-04-3746A	02
04	NC	HICKORY, CITY OF	3700540010C	05-JAN-2001	01-04-0646A	02
04	NC	HICKORY, CITY OF	3700540010C	05-JAN-2001	00-04-3212A	02
04	NC	HIGH POINT, CITY OF	3701130007C	20-APR-2001	01-04-3206A	02
04	NC	INDIAN TRAIL, TOWN OF	37179C0080C	04-APR-2001	00-04-5086A	01
04	NC	IREDELL COUNTY *	3703130200C	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3744A	02
04	NC	JACKSONVILLE, CITY OF	3701780009B	12-APR-2001	01-04-2716A	02
04	NC	JOHNSTON COUNTY *	37101C0255D	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2748A	02
04	NC	JOHNSTON COUNTY *	3701380020B	25-APR-2001	01-04-2630A	02
04	NC	JOHNSTON COUNTY *	37101C0095D	02-MAY-2001	01-04-3502A	02
04	NC	JOHNSTON COUNTY *	37101C0235D	04-MAY-2001	01-04-3546A	02
04	NC	JOHNSTON COUNTY *	37101C0360D	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3204A	02
04	NC	JOHNSTON COUNTY *	37101C0255D	25-MAY-2001	01-04-4038A	02
04	NC	JOHNSTON COUNTY *	37101C0130D	21-JUN-2001	01-04-3918A	02
04	NC	JOHNSTON COUNTY *	37101C0180D	29-JUN-2001	01-04-3194A	02
04	NC	KERNERSVILLE, TOWN OF	37067C0304H	08-JUN-2001	01-04-3360A	02
04	NC	KERNERSVILLE, TOWN OF	37067C0306H	24-JAN-2001	01-04-0370A	01
04	NC	KITTY HAWK, TOWN OF	3704390001D	13-APR-2001	01-04-2886A	02
04	NC	LEXINGTON, CITY OF	37057C0184D	10-JAN-2001	01-04-1404A	02
04	NC	LEXINGTON, CITY OF	37057C0184D	10-JAN-2001	01-04-1376A	02
04	NC	LEXINGTON, CITY OF	37057C0184D	25-MAY-2001	01-04-3664A	02
04	NC	LINCOLN COUNTY *	3701460075C	17-JAN-2001	01-04-1248A	02
04	NC	LONG BEACH, TOWN OF	3753540004E	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3148A	02
04	NC	LUMBERTON, CITY OF	37155C0187D	06-JUN-2001	01-04-4190A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
04	NC	MEBANE, TOWN OF	37001C0132E	21-FEB-2001	01-04-2086A	02
04	NC	MECKLENBURG COUNTY *	3701580165B	15-FEB-2001	00-04-237P	05
04	NC	MECKLENBURG COUNTY *	3701580035B	24-JAN-2001	01-04-1590A	02
04	NC	MECKLENBURG COUNTY *	3701580030D	07-MAR-2001	01-04-2352A	02
04	NC	MECKLENBURG COUNTY *	3701580030D	09-MAR-2001	01-04-2248A	02
04	NC	MECKLENBURG COUNTY *	3701580030D	06-JUN-2001	01-04-4216A	02
04	NC	MECKLENBURG COUNTY *	3701580055B	14-FEB-2001	01-04-1140A	01
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360025B	05-JAN-2001	01-04-0614A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360065B	09-JAN-2001	01-04-1380A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360025B	09-JAN-2001	01-04-1204A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360065B	10-JAN-2001	01-04-1294A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360025B	17-JAN-2001	01-04-1574A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360025B	26-JAN-2001	01-04-1518A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360025B	14-FEB-2001	01-04-2084A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360025B	23-FEB-2001	01-04-2146A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360025B	28-FEB-2001	01-04-2060A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360025B	02-MAR-2001	01-04-2250A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360025B	02-MAR-2001	01-04-1734A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360025B	07-MAR-2001	01-04-2418A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360025B	09-MAR-2001	01-04-2524A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	370336	06-APR-2001	01-04-2680A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360025B	11-APR-2001	01-04-3056A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360025B	20-APR-2001	01-04-3184A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360025B	20-APR-2001	01-04-3098A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360025B	27-APR-2001	01-04-3498A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360025B	27-APR-2001	01-04-3500A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360025B	27-APR-2001	01-04-3488A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360055B	27-APR-2001	01-04-3356A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360055B	02-MAY-2001	01-04-3354A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360025B	16-MAY-2001	01-04-3866A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360025B	06-JUN-2001	01-04-4192A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360025B	15-JUN-2001	01-04-4398A	02
04	NC	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	3703360055B	29-JUN-2001	01-04-4524A	02
04	NC	MOREHEAD CITY, TOWN OF	370048	02-MAY-2001	01-04-3052A	02
04	NC	MORRISVILLE, TOWN OF	37183C0291E	17-JAN-2001	01-04-0304A	01
04	NC	MORRISVILLE, TOWN OF	37183C0291E	09-FEB-2001	01-04-1902A	01
04	NC	MORRISVILLE, TOWN OF	37183C0292E	23-FEB-2001	00-04-5516A	01
04	NC	NEW BERN, CITY OF	3700740004E	26-JAN-2001	01-04-1818A	02
04	NC	NEW BERN, CITY OF	3700740004E	26-JAN-2001	01-04-1820A	02
04	NC	NEW HANOVER COUNTY*	3701680045E	28-FEB-2001	01-04-1470A	02
04	NC	NEW HANOVER COUNTY*	3701680045E	23-MAY-2001	01-04-3146A	02
04	NC	NEW HANOVER COUNTY*	3701680105D	22-JUN-2001	01-04-4528A	02
04	NC	ONSLOW COUNTY*	3703400300C	07-MAR-2001	01-04-2452A	02
04	NC	ONSLOW COUNTY*	3703400300C	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3568A	02
04	NC	PENDER COUNTY*	3703440205B	06-JUN-2001	01-04-2774A	17
04	NC	PENDER COUNTY*	3703440531C	02-JAN-2001	01-04-1298A	02
04	NC	PENDER COUNTY*	3703440531C	05-JAN-2001	01-04-1324A	02
04	NC	PENDER COUNTY*	3703440411B	05-JAN-2001	01-04-1214A	02
04	NC	PENDER COUNTY*	3703440536D	10-JAN-2001	01-04-1286A	02
04	NC	PENDER COUNTY*	3703440411B	18-APR-2001	01-04-3090A	02
04	NC	PENDER COUNTY*	3703440536D	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3212A	02
04	NC	PERQUIMANS COUNTY *	3703150205B	28-FEB-2001	01-04-2038A	02
04	NC	PERQUIMANS COUNTY *	3703150105B	16-MAR-2001	01-04-2506A	02
04	NC	PITT COUNTY *	3703720250C	17-JAN-2001	01-04-1644A	02
04	NC	PITT COUNTY *	3703720025C	24-JAN-2001	01-04-0446A	02
04	NC	PITT COUNTY *	3703720260C	09-FEB-2001	00-04-5994A	02
04	NC	PITT COUNTY *	3703720355B	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2742A	02
04	NC	PLYMOUTH, TOWN OF	3702490003C	18-MAY-2001	01-04-3798A	02
04	NC	RALEIGH, CITY OF	37183C0326E	10-JAN-2001	01-04-1226A	02
04	NC	RALEIGH, CITY OF	37183C0165E	10-JAN-2001	00-04-4282A	02
04	NC	RALEIGH, CITY OF	37183C0334E	20-APR-2001	01-04-2914A	01
04	NC	RANDOLPH COUNTY *	3701950175B	05-JAN-2001	01-04-0552A	02
04	NC	RANDOLPH COUNTY *	3701950100B	20-APR-2001	01-04-2806A	02
04	NC	RANDOLPH COUNTY *	3701950175B	11-MAY-2001	01-04-2308A	02
04	NC	RANDOLPH COUNTY *	3701950375B	18-MAY-2001	01-04-3094A	02
04	NC	RANDOLPH COUNTY *	3701950150B	22-JUN-2001	01-04-3662A	02
04	NC	ROBESON COUNTY *	37155C0190D	07-MAR-2001	01-04-2280A	02
04	NC	ROCKY MOUNT, CITY OF	3700920005C	17-JAN-2001	01-04-0330A	01
04	NC	ROCKY MOUNT, CITY OF	3700920005C	04-APR-2001	01-04-3046A	01
04	NC	SAMPSON COUNTY *	3702200350B	05-JAN-2001	01-04-0918A	02
04	NC	SAMPSON COUNTY *	3702200175B	25-APR-2001	01-04-2182A	02
04	NC	SHELBY, CITY OF	3700640001C	23-MAY-2001	01-04-3294A	02
04	NC	ST JAMES, TOWN OF	3702950360E	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2410A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
04	NC	ST JAMES, TOWN OF	3702950360E	18-MAY-2001	01-04-3886A	02
04	NC	ST JAMES, TOWN OF	3702950360E	27-JUN-2001	01-04-4406X	02
04	NC	STANLY COUNTY *	37167C0275D	14-FEB-2001	01-04-1402A	02
04	NC	STANLY COUNTY *	37167C0050D	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2002A	02
04	NC	STANLY COUNTY *	37167C0175D	30-MAR-2001	01-04-2746A	02
04	NC	STANLY COUNTY *	37167C0175D	30-MAR-2001	01-04-2750A	02
04	NC	STANLY COUNTY *	37167C0050D	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3410A	02
04	NC	STANLY COUNTY *	37167C0175D	06-JUN-2001	01-04-3954A	02
04	NC	STANLY COUNTY *	37167C0050D	06-JUN-2001	01-04-3956A	02
04	NC	STANLY COUNTY *	37167C0175D	29-JUN-2001	01-04-4702A	02
04	NC	STANLY COUNTY *	37167C0050D	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2670A	08
04	NC	STANLY COUNTY *	37167C0175D	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2674A	08
04	NC	STATESVILLE, CITY OF	3701350003A	25-APR-2001	01-04-3066A	02
04	NC	UNION COUNTY *	37179C0020C	05-JAN-2001	01-04-1378A	02
04	NC	UNION COUNTY *	37179C0020C	28-FEB-2001	01-04-1812X	02
04	NC	UNION COUNTY *	37179C0070C	06-APR-2001	01-04-1122A	02
04	NC	WAKE COUNTY *	37183C0160E	23-MAR-2001	01-04-2682A	01
04	NC	WALLACE, TOWN OF	3700840001B	06-APR-2001	01-04-2550A	02
04	NC	WARREN COUNTY*	3703960002B	21-JUN-2001	01-04-4438V	19
04	NC	WARREN COUNTY*	3703960002B	01-JUN-2001	01-04-2906A	02
04	NC	WARREN COUNTY*	3703960002B	01-JUN-2001	01-04-2888A	02
04	NC	WASHINGTON PARK, TOWN OF	3702680001B	26-JAN-2001	01-04-1858A	02
04	NC	WASHINGTON, CITY OF	3700170006C	09-MAY-2001	01-04-3416A	02
04	NC	WASHINGTON, CITY OF	3700170006C	09-MAY-2001	01-04-3420A	02
04	NC	WILKES COUNTY *	3702560025B	24-JAN-2001	01-04-1224A	02
04	NC	WILKESBORO, TOWN OF	3702590005E	17-JAN-2001	00-04-5592A	02
04	NC	WINSTON-SALEM, CITY OF	37067C0252H	02-JAN-2001	00-04-5916A	02
04	SC	BEAUFORT COUNTY*	4500250070D	07-MAR-2001	01-04-1936A	02
04	SC	BEAUFORT COUNTY*	4500250100D	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2256A	02
04	SC	BERKELEY COUNTY *	4500290290C	10-JAN-2001	01-04-1038A	02
04	SC	BERKELEY COUNTY *	4500290290C	17-JAN-2001	01-04-1486A	02
04	SC	BERKELEY COUNTY *	4500290355C	19-JAN-2001	01-04-1532A	02
04	SC	BERKELEY COUNTY *	4500290290C	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1568A	02
04	SC	BERKELEY COUNTY *	4500290290C	31-JAN-2001	01-04-0554A	02
04	SC	BERKELEY COUNTY *	4500290290C	07-MAR-2001	01-04-2336A	02
04	SC	BERKELEY COUNTY *	4500290290C	07-MAR-2001	01-04-2170A	02
04	SC	BERKELEY COUNTY *	4500290290C	07-MAR-2001	01-04-0426A	02
04	SC	BERKELEY COUNTY *	4500290410C	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2354A	02
04	SC	BERKELEY COUNTY *	4500290290C	27-APR-2001	01-04-2866A	02
04	SC	BERKELEY COUNTY *	4500290290C	23-MAY-2001	01-04-3674A	02
04	SC	CHARLESTON COUNTY*	4554130227F	25-APR-2001	01-04-3362A	02
04	SC	CHARLESTON COUNTY*	4554130350F	29-JUN-2001	01-04-4296A	02
04	SC	CHARLESTON COUNTY*	4554130228G	07-MAR-2001	01-04-2290A	01
04	SC	CLARENDON COUNTY *	4500510225B	02-JAN-2001	01-04-1108A	02
04	SC	CLARENDON COUNTY *	4500510225B	02-JAN-2001	01-04-0910A	02
04	SC	CLARENDON COUNTY *	4500510225B	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1838A	02
04	SC	CLARENDON COUNTY *	4500510170B	09-FEB-2001	01-04-1886A	02
04	SC	COLUMBIA, CITY OF	45079C0178G	14-FEB-2001	01-04-1442A	02
04	SC	DILLON COUNTY	4500640125B	23-MAR-2001	01-04-1910A	02
04	SC	DORCHESTER COUNTY *	4500680245C	27-JUN-2001	01-04-4424A	02
04	SC	DORCHESTER COUNTY *	4500680300C	29-JUN-2001	01-04-4674A	02
04	SC	FAIRFIELD COUNTY *	4500750130B	15-JUN-2001	01-04-4042A	02
04	SC	GEORGETOWN COUNTY *	4500850095D	20-APR-2001	01-04-2720A	02
04	SC	GOOSE CREEK, CITY OF	4500290290C	11-APR-2001	01-04-3076A	02
04	SC	GOOSE CREEK, CITY OF	4500290290C	02-MAY-2001	01-04-3534X	02
04	SC	GOOSE CREEK, CITY OF	4500290290C	11-MAY-2001	01-04-3444A	02
04	SC	GOOSE CREEK, CITY OF	4500290290C	08-JUN-2001	01-04-4214A	02
04	SC	GREENVILLE COUNTY *	4500890215B	27-APR-2001	01-04-2918A	02
04	SC	HORRY COUNTY *	45051C0732H	31-JAN-2001	01-04-0928A	02
04	SC	IRMO, TOWN OF	45063C0133G	18-MAY-2001	01-04-1478A	02
04	SC	KERSHAW COUNTY *	45055C0530D	27-JUN-2001	00-04-291P	05
04	SC	KERSHAW COUNTY *	45055C0394D	20-JUN-2001	01-04-4466A	02
04	SC	KINGSTREE, TOWN OF	450190B	24-JAN-2001	01-04-1232A	02
04	SC	LEXINGTON COUNTY *	45063C0254G	05-JAN-2001	00-04-5542A	02
04	SC	LEXINGTON COUNTY *	45063C0116G	10-JAN-2001	01-04-1146A	02
04	SC	LEXINGTON COUNTY *	45063C0244G	17-JAN-2001	00-04-5606A	02
04	SC	LEXINGTON COUNTY *	45063C0139G	14-FEB-2001	01-04-2014A	02
04	SC	LEXINGTON COUNTY *	45063C0020G	21-FEB-2001	01-04-1356A	02
04	SC	LEXINGTON COUNTY *	45063C0229G	07-MAR-2001	01-04-1110A	02
04	SC	LEXINGTON COUNTY *	45063C0117G	11-APR-2001	01-04-2872A	02
04	SC	LEXINGTON COUNTY *	45063C0133G	30-MAY-2001	01-04-3978A	02
04	SC	LEXINGTON COUNTY *	45063C0113G	08-JUN-2001	01-04-4102A	02
04	SC	LEXINGTON COUNTY *	45063C0114G	15-JUN-2001	01-04-4376A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
04	SC	LEXINGTON COUNTY *	45063C0137G	10-JAN-2001	01-04-1348A	01
04	SC	MARION COUNTY	4501410250B	31-JAN-2001	00-04-5132A	02
04	SC	MOUNT PLEASANT, TOWN OF	4554170002E	13-APR-2001	01-04-2642A	02
04	SC	NEWBERRY COUNTY*	4502240225B	24-JAN-2001	01-04-1616A	02
04	SC	NEWBERRY COUNTY*	4502240225B	14-FEB-2001	01-04-2066A	02
04	SC	NEWBERRY COUNTY*	4502240225B	07-MAR-2001	01-04-0838A	02
04	SC	NEWBERRY COUNTY*	4502240225B	06-JUN-2001	01-04-3838A	02
04	SC	NEWBERRY COUNTY*	4502240150B	08-JUN-2001	01-04-3738A	02
04	SC	OCONEE COUNTY *	4501570009B	27-APR-2001	00-04-363P	05
04	SC	PICKENS COUNTY *	4501660120B	02-MAR-2001	01-04-1694A	01
04	SC	RICHLAND COUNTY*	45079C0025G	21-JUN-2001	01-04-071P	05
04	SC	RICHLAND COUNTY*	45079C0111G	02-JAN-2001	01-04-1176A	02
04	SC	RICHLAND COUNTY*	45079C0025G	17-JAN-2001	01-04-1474A	02
04	SC	RICHLAND COUNTY*	45079C0025G	17-JAN-2001	01-04-1556A	02
04	SC	RICHLAND COUNTY*	45079C0025G	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1306A	02
04	SC	RICHLAND COUNTY*	45079C0025G	23-FEB-2001	01-04-2174A	02
04	SC	RICHLAND COUNTY*	45079C0025G	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2622A	02
04	SC	RICHLAND COUNTY*	45079C0025G	02-MAY-2001	01-04-2854A	02
04	SC	RICHLAND COUNTY*	45079C0025G	05-JAN-2001	01-04-0358A	01
04	SC	RICHLAND COUNTY*	45079C0040H	19-JAN-2001	00-04-5676A	01
04	SC	RICHLAND COUNTY*	45079C0040H	14-FEB-2001	01-04-1946A	01
04	SC	RICHLAND COUNTY*	45079C0040H	25-MAY-2001	01-04-3686A	01
04	SC	SALUDA COUNTY*	4502300002A	28-FEB-2001	01-04-0796A	02
04	SC	SUMMERVILLE, TOWN OF	4500680245C	28-FEB-2001	01-04-2154A	02
04	SC	SUMTER COUNTY *	4501820180C	20-JUN-2001	01-04-3736A	02
04	SC	YORK COUNTY *	4501930050B	26-JAN-2001	01-04-1718A	02
04	TN	ARLINGTON, TOWNSHIP OF	47157C0120E	02-MAR-2001	01-04-1744A	01
04	TN	BLOUNT COUNTY *	4703560050B	26-JAN-2001	01-04-1434A	02
04	TN	BLOUNT COUNTY *	4703560025B	23-MAY-2001	01-04-3672A	02
04	TN	BRADLEY COUNTY *	4703570080B	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1758A	02
04	TN	BRADLEY COUNTY *	4703570060B	13-APR-2001	01-04-3156A	02
04	TN	BRADLEY COUNTY *	4703570060B	13-APR-2001	01-04-2768A	02
04	TN	BRADLEY COUNTY *	4703570030B	02-MAY-2001	01-04-3438A	02
04	TN	BRADLEY COUNTY *	4703570080B	09-MAY-2001	01-04-3616A	02
04	TN	BRENTWOOD, CITY OF	4702050005C	15-JUN-2001	01-04-4530A	02
04	TN	BRISTOL, CITY OF	4701820005B	21-FEB-2001	00-04-2674A	01
04	TN	CHATTANOOGA, CITY OF	4700720011C	11-APR-2001	01-04-3036A	02
04	TN	CHATTANOOGA, CITY OF	4700720020A	29-JUN-2001	01-04-4126A	02
04	TN	CHATTANOOGA, CITY OF	4700720029E	21-MAR-2001	01-04-1714A	01
04	TN	CHATTANOOGA, CITY OF	4700720023E	06-APR-2001	01-04-2534A	01
04	TN	CHATTANOOGA, CITY OF	4700720017E	01-JUN-2001	01-04-4088A	01
04	TN	CHATTANOOGA, CITY OF	4700720030D	27-JUN-2001	01-04-4096A	01
04	TN	CHATTANOOGA, CITY OF	4700720006B	27-JUN-2001	01-04-3168A	01
04	TN	CLARKSVILLE, CITY OF	4701370003C	29-JUN-2001	00-04-243P	05
04	TN	CLEVELAND, CITY OF	4700150001D	25-MAY-2001	01-04-4098A	02
04	TN	COLLIERVILLE, CITY OF	47157C0295E	20-MAR-2001	99-04-191P	05
04	TN	COLLIERVILLE, CITY OF	47157C0245E	28-FEB-2001	01-04-2214A	02
04	TN	COLLIERVILLE, CITY OF	47157C0245E	28-FEB-2001	01-04-2070A	02
04	TN	COLLIERVILLE, CITY OF	47157C0245E	02-MAY-2001	01-04-3370A	02
04	TN	COLLIERVILLE, CITY OF	47157C0245E	22-JUN-2001	01-04-4612A	02
04	TN	COLLIERVILLE, CITY OF	45157C0240E	02-FEB-2001	01-04-0870A	01
04	TN	COLLIERVILLE, CITY OF	47157C0245E	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2560A	01
04	TN	CROSSVILLE, CITY OF	470039B	14-FEB-2001	01-04-0994A	01
04	TN	DECATUR COUNTY *	4700410005C	10-JAN-2001	00-04-5728A	02
04	TN	DICKSON COUNTY *	4700460125B	18-APR-2001	01-04-2814A	02
04	TN	DYER COUNTY *	47045C0160D	07-MAR-2001	01-04-2340A	02
04	TN	DYER COUNTY *	47045C0195D	08-JUN-2001	01-04-4382A	02
04	TN	DYERSBURG, CITY OF	47045C0190D	08-JUN-2001	01-04-4064A	01
04	TN	EAST RIDGE, CITY OF	4754240010D	12-MAY-2001	00-04-335P	05
04	TN	EAST RIDGE, CITY OF	4754240010D	29-JUN-2001	01-04-4752A	02
04	TN	ERWIN, CITY OF	4702380020B	02-MAY-2001	00-04-255P	05
04	TN	FAIRVIEW, CITY OF	470242A	26-JAN-2001	01-04-0088A	02
04	TN	FAYETTE COUNTY*	4703520020B	15-JUN-2001	01-04-3108A	02
04	TN	GALLATIN, CITY OF	4701850008B	02-MAR-2001	01-04-1994A	02
04	TN	GERMANTOWN, CITY OF	47157C0235E	09-MAY-2001	01-04-3734A	02
04	TN	GILES COUNTY*	4700630125B	15-JUN-2001	01-04-4022A	02
04	TN	GOODLETTSVILLE, CITY OF	47037C0129F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3296V	19
04	TN	HAMILTON COUNTY *	4700710135D	20-APR-2001	01-04-3180A	02
04	TN	HARDEMAN COUNTY *	4703600100B	07-FEB-2001	01-04-1650A	02
04	TN	HENRY COUNTY	47079C0125D	07-JUN-2001	01-04-4028V	19
04	TN	HENRY COUNTY	47079C0195D	07-JUN-2001	01-04-4028V	19
04	TN	HENRY COUNTY	47079C0225	07-JUN-2001	01-04-4028V	19
04	TN	HENRY COUNTY	4702280050B	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1824A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
04	TN	JACKSON, CITY OF	47113C0166D	09-FEB-2001	01-04-1648A	02
04	TN	KNOX COUNTY *	4754330115B	19-JAN-2001	01-04-1316A	02
04	TN	KNOX COUNTY *	4754330045B	19-JAN-2001	01-04-1272A	02
04	TN	KNOX COUNTY *	4754330080B	23-MAY-2001	01-04-1690A	02
04	TN	KNOX COUNTY *	4754330045B	13-APR-2001	01-04-1308A	01
04	TN	LOUDON COUNTY*	4701070100B	12-JAN-2001	01-04-1314A	02
04	TN	MADISON COUNTY *	47113C0285D	02-FEB-2001	00-04-5118A	01
04	TN	MAURY COUNTY*	4701230095B	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1166A	02
04	TN	MEMPHIS, CITY OF	47157C0225E	14-FEB-2001	01-04-2082X	17
04	TN	MEMPHIS, CITY OF	47157C0230E	14-FEB-2001	01-04-2094A	02
04	TN	MEMPHIS, CITY OF	47157C0230E	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2486A	02
04	TN	MEMPHIS, CITY OF	47157C0230E	13-JUN-2001	01-04-3650A	02
04	TN	MEMPHIS, CITY OF	47157C0225E	24-JAN-2001	01-04-1676A	01
04	TN	MEMPHIS, CITY OF	47157C0170E	28-MAR-2001	01-04-2262A	01
04	TN	MEMPHIS, CITY OF	47157C0140E	11-APR-2001	01-04-2200A	01
04	TN	MILLERSVILLE, CITY OF	4703490120B	09-MAR-2001	01-04-2312A	02
04	TN	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	4701360055B	29-JUN-2001	00-04-243P	05
04	TN	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	4701360050B	02-JAN-2001	01-04-1094X	02
04	TN	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	4701360050B	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1836X	02
04	TN	MONTGOMERY COUNTY *	4701360050B	14-MAR-2001	01-04-2442A	02
04	TN	MORRISTOWN, CITY OF	4700700001D	28-FEB-2001	00-04-5156A	02
04	TN	MURFREESBORO, CITY OF	47149C0259F	31-MAY-2001	01-04-319P	05
04	TN	MURFREESBORO, CITY OF	47149C0276F	26-JAN-2001	01-04-1058A	01
04	TN	MURFREESBORO, CITY OF	47149C0276F	20-FEB-2001	01-04-0138A	01
04	TN	MURFREESBORO, CITY OF	47149C0276F	23-FEB-2001	01-04-0138A	01
04	TN	MURFREESBORO, CITY OF	47149C0257F	20-APR-2001	01-04-3024A	01
04	TN	MURFREESBORO, CITY OF	47149C0259F	25-APR-2001	01-04-0774A	01
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0353F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0327F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0227F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0308F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0303F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0300F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0336F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0337F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0125F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0234F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0119F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0304F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0312F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0366F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0242F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0253F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0254F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0361F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0187F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0137F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0231F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0284F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0194F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0294F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0181F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0307F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0332F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0306F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0368F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0351F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0309F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0126F	21-APR-2001	01-04-3298V	19
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	4700400316D	31-MAY-2001	01-04-0374A	17
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0304F	23-APR-2001	01-04-153P	05
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0252F	23-APR-2001	01-04-155P	05
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	4700400100B	05-JAN-2001	01-04-0068A	02
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	4700400282C	26-JAN-2001	01-04-0556A	02
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	4700400100B	07-MAR-2001	01-04-2166X	02
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0229F	25-APR-2001	01-04-1538A	02
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0284F	08-JUN-2001	01-04-4268A	02
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0100F	27-JUN-2001	01-04-4066A	02
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	4700400192C	10-JAN-2001	01-04-1276A	01
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	4700400177B	10-JAN-2001	01-04-1292A	01
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	4700400177B	19-JAN-2001	01-04-1282A	01
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	4700400234B	24-JAN-2001	01-04-1270A	01
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	4700400192C	24-JAN-2001	00-04-4252A	01

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	4700400192C	24-JAN-2001	00-04-3744A	01
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	4700400192C	31-JAN-2001	01-04-1834X	01
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	4700400203C	09-FEB-2001	01-04-1048A	01
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	4700400262C	14-FEB-2001	01-04-1260A	01
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	4700400177B	07-MAR-2001	01-04-2332A	01
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	4700400318C	07-MAR-2001	00-04-1782A	01
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	4700400177B	25-APR-2001	01-04-2370A	01
04	TN	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY O	47037C0237F	06-JUN-2001	01-04-3452A	01
04	TN	NEW TAZEWELL, CITY OF	470030B	31-JAN-2001	00-04-5228A	02
04	TN	PARIS, CITY OF	47079C0195D	07-JUN-2001	01-04-4030V	19
04	TN	PULASKI, CITY OF	4700670005C	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2612A	02
04	TN	PULASKI, CITY OF	4700670005C	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2234A	02
04	TN	PULASKI, CITY OF	4700670005C	30-MAR-2001	01-04-2628A	08
04	TN	RED BANK, CITY OF	4700760002B	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2608A	02
04	TN	RHEA COUNTY	4701510055B	30-MAY-2001	01-04-3814A	02
04	TN	RUTHERFORD COUNTY *	47149C0259F	31-MAY-2001	01-04-319P	05
04	TN	RUTHERFORD COUNTY *	47149C0295E	02-MAY-2001	01-04-3138A	02
04	TN	RUTHERFORD COUNTY *	47149C0270E	02-MAY-2001	01-04-2954A	02
04	TN	RUTHERFORD COUNTY *	47149C0140E	15-JUN-2001	01-04-4012A	02
04	TN	RUTHERFORD COUNTY *	47149C0163F	17-JAN-2001	01-04-0140A	01
04	TN	SHELBY COUNTY *	47157C0295E	20-MAR-2001	99-04-191P	05
04	TN	SHELBY COUNTY *	47157C0050E	24-JAN-2001	01-04-1350A	02
04	TN	SHELBY COUNTY *	47157C0230E	02-MAR-2001	01-04-1750A	02
04	TN	SHELBY COUNTY *	47157C0295E	21-MAR-2001	01-04-2472A	02
04	TN	SHELBY COUNTY *	47157C0240E	18-APR-2001	01-04-3256A	02
04	TN	SHELBY COUNTY *	47157C0290E	29-JUN-2001	01-04-4384A	02
04	TN	SHELBY COUNTY *	47157C0245E	09-JAN-2001	01-04-0030A	01
04	TN	SHELBY COUNTY *	47157C0240E	19-JAN-2001	01-04-0770A	01
04	TN	SHELBY COUNTY *	47157C0280E	09-MAR-2001	00-04-4156A	01
04	TN	SHELBY COUNTY *	47157C0295E	02-MAY-2001	01-04-2564A	01
04	TN	SHELBY COUNTY *	47157C0295E	23-MAY-2001	01-04-2996A	01
04	TN	SHELBY COUNTY *	47157C0060E	30-MAY-2001	01-04-1736A	01
04	TN	SOUTH PITTSBURG, CITY OF	4754470002B	05-JAN-2001	01-04-1126A	02
04	TN	SUMNER COUNTY*	4703490120B	28-FEB-2001	01-04-1530A	02
04	TN	TRENTON, CITY OF	4700620002B	10-JAN-2001	00-04-5924A	02
04	TN	UNICOI COUNTY *	4702380005B	01-JUN-2001	01-04-3808A	02
04	TN	WASHINGTON COUNTY *	47179C0030C	06-APR-2001	01-04-1372A	01
04	TN	WAVERLY, CITY OF	4700950004B	09-FEB-2001	01-04-0836A	02
04	TN	WILLIAMSON COUNTY *	4702040020C	10-JAN-2001	01-04-1476A	02
04	TN	WILLIAMSON COUNTY *	4702040045D	17-JAN-2001	01-04-1116A	02
05	IL	ADDISON, VILLAGE OF		14-FEB-2001	99-05-227P	05
05	IL	ADDISON, VILLAGE OF	1701980005C	14-FEB-2001	99-05-227P	05
05	IL	ALEXANDER COUNTY	1708110075B	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2011A	02
05	IL	ALGONQUIN, VILLAGE OF	1704740001B	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2398A	02
05	IL	ANTIOCH, VILLAGE OF	17097C0010F	16-MAR-2001	01-05-530A	02
05	IL	AROMA PARK, VILLAGE OF	1707400001D	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1306A	02
05	IL	AURORA, CITY OF		13-MAR-2001	00-05-195P	05
05	IL	AURORA, CITY OF	1703200020E	23-MAR-2001	01-05-1170A	01
05	IL	AURORA, CITY OF	1703200020E	23-MAR-2001	01-05-1170A	01
05	IL	AURORA, CITY OF	1703200035E	23-MAR-2001	01-05-1170A	01
05	IL	AURORA, CITY OF	17197C0030E	13-MAR-2001	00-05-195P	05
05	IL	BARTLETT, VILLAGE OF	1700590005C	16-MAY-2001	01-05-1709A	02
05	IL	BARTLETT, VILLAGE OF	1700590005C	16-MAY-2001	01-05-1709A	02
05	IL	BEACH PARK, VILLAGE OF		30-MAR-2001	00-05-6010V	19
05	IL	BEACH PARK, VILLAGE OF	17097C0086G	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1559A	02
05	IL	BEACH PARK, VILLAGE OF	17097C0086G	30-MAR-2001	00-05-6010V	19
05	IL	BEACH PARK, VILLAGE OF	17097C0087G	30-MAR-2001	00-05-6010V	19
05	IL	BELLEVILLE, CITY OF	1706180010B	30-MAY-2001	01-05-2044A	02
05	IL	BELLEVILLE, CITY OF	1706180010B	30-MAY-2001	01-05-2044A	02
05	IL	BELLWOOD, VILLAGE OF	17031C0369F	14-MAR-2001	01-05-1132A	02
05	IL	BELLWOOD, VILLAGE OF	17031C0476F	18-APR-2001	01-05-0949A	02
05	IL	BELLWOOD, VILLAGE OF	17031C0476F	30-MAY-2001	01-05-1696A	02
05	IL	BENSENVILLE, VILLAGE OF	1702000003C	30-MAR-2001	01-05-1507A	01
05	IL	BLOOMINGTON, CITY OF		10-FEB-2001	01-05-0917V	19
05	IL	BLOOMINGTON, CITY OF	17113C0314D	09-MAY-2001	01-05-1875A	02
05	IL	BLOOMINGTON, CITY OF	17113C0482D	10-FEB-2001	01-05-0917V	19
05	IL	BLOOMINGTON, CITY OF	17113C0501D	10-FEB-2001	01-05-0917V	19
05	IL	BLOOMINGTON, CITY OF	17113C0502D	10-FEB-2001	01-05-0917V	19
05	IL	BLOOMINGTON, CITY OF	17113C0504D	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2332A	02
05	IL	BLOOMINGTON, CITY OF	17113C0504D	10-FEB-2001	01-05-0917V	19
05	IL	BOLINGBROOK, VILLAGE OF		30-MAR-2001	00-05-385P	05
05	IL	BOLINGBROOK, VILLAGE OF	17197C0045F	20-JUN-2001	01-05-1447A	01
05	IL	BOLINGBROOK, VILLAGE OF	17197C0045F	26-JUN-2001	00-05-361P	05

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	IL	BOLINGBROOK, VILLAGE OF	17197C0045F	26-JUN-2001	00-05-361P	05
05	IL	BOLINGBROOK, VILLAGE OF	17197C0054E	30-MAR-2001	00-05-385P	05
05	IL	BRADLEY, VILLAGE OF	1703380001B	02-FEB-2001	01-05-504A	02
05	IL	BRADLEY, VILLAGE OF	1703380001B	11-APR-2001	01-05-1539A	17
05	IL	BRADLEY, VILLAGE OF	1703380001B	16-FEB-2001	01-05-1040A	17
05	IL	BRADLEY, VILLAGE OF	1703380001B	30-MAR-2001	01-05-1174A	02
05	IL	BUFFALO GROVE, VILLAGE OF	17031C0063F	16-MAY-2001	01-05-1378A	01
05	IL	BUFFALO GROVE, VILLAGE OF	17097C0261F	02-MAR-2001	01-05-778A	02
05	IL	BYRON, CITY OF	1705260001B	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2540A	02
05	IL	CARLOCK, VILLAGE OF		10-FEB-2001	01-05-0918V	19
05	IL	CARLOCK, VILLAGE OF	17113C0260D	10-FEB-2001	01-05-0918V	19
05	IL	CARMI, CITY OF	1706810005B	02-FEB-2001	01-05-286A	02
05	IL	CARMI, CITY OF	1706810005B	13-APR-2001	01-05-1449A	02
05	IL	CARMI, CITY OF	1706810005B	18-APR-2001	01-05-1561A	02
05	IL	CAROL STREAM, VILLAGE OF	1702020005C	13-APR-2001	01-05-0254A	02
05	IL	CAROL STREAM, VILLAGE OF	1702020005C	13-APR-2001	01-05-0254A	02
05	IL	CAROL STREAM, VILLAGE OF	1702020005C	14-MAR-2001	01-05-0940A	01
05	IL	CAROL STREAM, VILLAGE OF	1702020005C	14-MAR-2001	01-05-0940A	01
05	IL	CAROL STREAM, VILLAGE OF	1702020005C	14-MAR-2001	01-05-1409A	02
05	IL	CARTHAGE,CITY OF	170269B01	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1066A	02
05	IL	CHAMPAIGN COUNTY	1708940100B	23-MAR-2001	01-05-1385A	02
05	IL	CHAMPAIGN COUNTY	1708940180B	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2054A	02
05	IL	CHAMPAIGN COUNTY	1708940180B	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1144A	02
05	IL	CHAMPAIGN COUNTY	1708940180B	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1145A	02
05	IL	CHAMPAIGN COUNTY	1708940225B	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1148A	02
05	IL	CHAMPAIGN COUNTY *	1708940100B	23-MAR-2001	01-05-1385A	02
05	IL	CHAMPAIGN COUNTY *	1708940180B	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2054A	02
05	IL	CHAMPAIGN COUNTY *	1708940180B	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1144A	02
05	IL	CHAMPAIGN COUNTY *	1708940180B	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1145A	02
05	IL	CHAMPAIGN COUNTY *	1708940225B	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1148A	02
05	IL	CHAMPAIGN, CITY OF	1700260010B	27-APR-2001	01-05-1322A	02
05	IL	CHICAGO, CITY OF	17031C0401F	26-JUN-2001	01-05-2064P	05
05	IL	CHICAGO, CITY OF	17031C0401F	26-JUN-2001	01-05-2064P	05
05	IL	CLINTON COUNTY	170044B	06-APR-2001	01-05-1340A	02
05	IL	CLINTON COUNTY*	170044B	04-MAY-2001	01-05-1459A	02
05	IL	CLINTON COUNTY*	170044B	06-APR-2001	01-05-1340A	02
05	IL	CLINTON COUNTY*	170044B	28-FEB-2001	01-05-0726A	02
05	IL	CLINTON, CITY OF	17039C0190D	26-JAN-2001	01-05-145A	02
05	IL	COOK COUNTY	17031C0069F	02-JAN-2001	01-05-0678A	02
05	IL	COOK COUNTY	17031C0069F	16-MAY-2001	00-05-6264A	01
05	IL	COOK COUNTY	17031C0207F	16-MAY-2001	00-05-6264A	01
05	IL	COOK COUNTY	17031C0234F	02-MAR-2001	01-05-017A	01
05	IL	COOK COUNTY	17031C0236F	09-MAY-2001	01-05-1038A	02
05	IL	COOK COUNTY	17031C0236F	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1029A	02
05	IL	COOK COUNTY	17031C0581F	02-MAR-2001	00-05-0028A	01
05	IL	COOK COUNTY	17031C0581F	13-APR-2001	01-05-1281A	02
05	IL	COOK COUNTY	17031C0581F	17-JAN-2001	01-05-0679A	01
05	IL	COOK COUNTY	17031C0582F	02-MAR-2001	00-05-0028A	01
05	IL	COOK COUNTY	17031C0682F	23-FEB-2001	01-05-0773A	01
05	IL	COOK COUNTY	17031C0682F	30-MAY-2001	01-05-2142A	02
05	IL	COOK COUNTY	17031C0684F	06-JUN-2001	01-05-1987A	02
05	IL	COOK COUNTY	17031C0684F	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2610A	01
05	IL	COOK COUNTY	17031C0726F	04-APR-2001	01-05-1328A	02
05	IL	COOK COUNTY *	17031C0069F	02-JAN-2001	01-05-0678A	02
05	IL	COOK COUNTY *	17031C0069F	16-MAY-2001	00-05-6264A	01
05	IL	COOK COUNTY *	17031C0581F	02-MAR-2001	00-05-0028A	01
05	IL	COOK COUNTY *	17031C0581F	17-JAN-2001	01-05-0679A	01
05	IL	COOK COUNTY *	17031C0682F	23-FEB-2001	01-05-0773A	01
05	IL	COOK COUNTY *	17031C0684F	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2610A	01
05	IL	CRESTWOOD, VILLAGE OF	17031C0617F	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2220A	02
05	IL	CRYSTAL LAKE, CITY OF	1704760003C	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2417A	02
05	IL	DANVERS, VILLAGE OF		10-FEB-2001	01-05-0919V	19
05	IL	DANVERS, VILLAGE OF	17113C0270D	10-FEB-2001	01-05-0919V	19
05	IL	DARIEN, CITY OF	1701970060B	19-MAR-2001	01-05-1412A	01
05	IL	DARIEN, CITY OF	1707500003A	11-APR-2001	01-05-0911A	02
05	IL	DE KALB COUNTY	17037C0076D	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2036A	02
05	IL	DE KALB, CITY OF	17037C0059D	16-MAY-2001	01-05-2014A	02
05	IL	DE KALB, CITY OF	17037C0066D	06-MAR-2001	00-05-329P	05
05	IL	DE KALB, CITY OF	17037C0066D	06-MAR-2001	00-05-329P	05
05	IL	DE KALB, CITY OF	17037C0066D	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1055A	02
05	IL	DE KALB, CITY OF	17037C0066D	24-JAN-2001	01-05-536A	01
05	IL	DE KALB, CITY OF	17037C0066D	26-JAN-2001	01-05-537A	02
05	IL	DECATUR, CITY OF	1704290005C	27-JUN-2001	01-05-373P	05

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	IL	DECATUR, CITY OF	1704290005C	27-JUN-2001	01-05-373P	05
05	IL	DECATUR, CITY OF	1704290015C	13-APR-2001	01-05-1455A	02
05	IL	DES PLAINES, CITY OF	17031C0216F	11-APR-2001	01-05-1074A	02
05	IL	DES PLAINES, CITY OF	17031C0217F	16-MAY-2001	01-05-2008A	02
05	IL	DES PLAINES, CITY OF	17031C0217F	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2465A	02
05	IL	DES PLAINES, CITY OF	17031C0219F	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2141A	02
05	IL	DES PLAINES, CITY OF	17031C0219F	26-JAN-2001	01-05-0769A	02
05	IL	DES PLAINES, CITY OF	17031C0219F	26-JAN-2001	01-05-0769A	02
05	IL	DES PLAINES, CITY OF	17031C0236F	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2303A	02
05	IL	DIXON, CITY OF	17103C0018E	01-JUN-2001	01-05-2098A	17
05	IL	DIXON, CITY OF	17103C0018E	19-JAN-2001	00-05-5676A	01
05	IL	DOWNERS GROVE, VILLAGE OF		23-MAR-2001	01-05-910P	05
05	IL	DOWNERS GROVE, VILLAGE OF	1702040004B	23-MAR-2001	01-05-910P	05
05	IL	DU PAGE COUNTY*	1701970005B	14-FEB-2001	99-05-227P	05
05	IL	DUPAGE COUNTY		14-FEB-2001	99-05-227P	05
05	IL	ELGIN, CITY OF	1700870007D	29-JUN-2001	01-05-1550A	17
05	IL	FOX LAKE, VILLAGE OF	17097C0015G	13-APR-2001	01-05-1250A	02
05	IL	FOX LAKE, VILLAGE OF	17097C0015G	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2305A	02
05	IL	FOX LAKE, VILLAGE OF	17097C0015G	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2320A	02
05	IL	FOX LAKE, VILLAGE OF	17097C0015G	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2325A	02
05	IL	FOX LAKE, VILLAGE OF	17097C0015G	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2572A	02
05	IL	FOX LAKE, VILLAGE OF	17097C0015G	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1307A	02
05	IL	FOX LAKE, VILLAGE OF	17097C0020F	04-APR-2001	01-05-1554A	02
05	IL	FOX LAKE, VILLAGE OF	17097C0020F	16-MAY-2001	01-05-1540A	02
05	IL	FRANKFORT, VILLAGE OF	17197C0213E	09-MAR-2001	00-05-5696A	02
05	IL	FRANKFORT, VILLAGE OF	17197C0310E	04-MAY-2001	01-05-1472A	01
05	IL	FRANKLIN COUNTY	1708990005B	30-MAY-2001	01-05-2455A	02
05	IL	GERMANTOWN, VILLAGE OF	170049B	01-JUN-2001	01-05-1708A	02
05	IL	GERMANTOWN, VILLAGE OF	170049B	01-JUN-2001	01-05-1708A	02
05	IL	GLENVIEW, VILLAGE OF	17031C0233F	08-JUN-2001	01-05-2010A	02
05	IL	GRAYSLAKE, VILLAGE OF	17097C0312G	08-MAR-2001	01-05-783A	02
05	IL	GRUNDY COUNTY	1702560100C	11-APR-2001	01-05-1119A	02
05	IL	GURNEE, VILLAGE OF	17097C0157G	13-JUN-2001	01-05-1224A	17
05	IL	HAMPSHIRE, VILLAGE OF	1703270002C	18-APR-2001	01-05-1166C	02
05	IL	HANOVER PARK, VILLAGE OF	17031C0169F	26-JAN-2001	00-05-6310A	02
05	IL	HANOVER PARK, VILLAGE OF	17031C0169F	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1300A	02
05	IL	HARVEY, CITY OF	17031C0731F	24-JAN-2001	01-05-0208A	02
05	IL	HAWTHORN WOODS, VILLAGE OF	17097C0232F	08-JUN-2001	01-05-1351A	17
05	IL	HENRY COUNTY	1707390175B	26-JAN-2001	01-05-590A	02
05	IL	HEYWORTH, VILLAGE OF		10-FEB-2001	01-05-0920V	19
05	IL	HEYWORTH, VILLAGE OF	17113C0705D	10-FEB-2001	01-05-0920V	19
05	IL	HIGHLAND PARK, CITY OF	17097C0287F	04-APR-2001	01-05-251A	17
05	IL	HIGHLAND PARK, CITY OF	17097C0293F	30-MAY-2001	01-05-2240A	02
05	IL	HINSDALE, VILLAGE OF	1701050002B	20-APR-2001	01-05-1682A	02
05	IL	HINSDALE, VILLAGE OF	1701050002B	20-APR-2001	01-05-1689A	02
05	IL	HOFFMAN ESTATES, VILLAGE OF	17031C0187F	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2447A	02
05	IL	HOMEWOOD, VILLAGE OF	17031C0741F	01-JUN-2001	01-05-2275A	02
05	IL	HUNTLEY, VILLAGE OF	1704800002C	01-JUN-2001	01-05-1154A	01
05	IL	HUNTLEY, VILLAGE OF	1704800002C	01-JUN-2001	01-05-1154A	01
05	IL	INVERNESS, VILLAGE OF	17031C0157F	22-JUN-2001	01-05-1942A	02
05	IL	IROQUOIS COUNTY	17075C0040D	08-JUN-2001	01-05-2123A	02
05	IL	IROQUOIS COUNTY	17075C0120D	13-APR-2001	01-05-1042A	17
05	IL	IROQUOIS COUNTY	17075C0120D	15-JUN-2001	01-05-993A	02
05	IL	JOLIET, CITY OF	17197C	11-APR-2001	01-05-0925A	01
05	IL	JOLIET, CITY OF	17197C0137E	11-MAY-2001	01-05-1376A	01
05	IL	JOLIET, CITY OF	17197C0141E	11-MAY-2001	01-05-1376A	01
05	IL	JOLIET, CITY OF	17197C0143E	22-JUN-2001	01-05-1927A	17
05	IL	JOLIET, CITY OF	17197C0163E	05-JAN-2001	00-05-4898A	02
05	IL	JOLIET, CITY OF	17197C0164E	14-FEB-2001	01-05-954A	02
05	IL	JUSTICE, VILLAGE OF	17031C0489F	09-MAR-2001	01-05-994A	01
05	IL	KANE COUNTY	1708960125B	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1390A	02
05	IL	KANE COUNTY *	1708960035B	16-MAY-2001	01-05-1693A	02
05	IL	KANE COUNTY *	1708960125B	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1390A	02
05	IL	KANKAKEE COUNTY	1703360155B	16-MAY-2001	01-05-828A	02
05	IL	KANKAKEE COUNTY	1703360180C	13-APR-2001	01-05-1440A	02
05	IL	KANKAKEE COUNTY	1703360185C	14-FEB-2001	01-05-366A	02
05	IL	KANKAKEE COUNTY	1703360185C	30-MAY-2001	01-05-2169A	02
05	IL	KANKAKEE COUNTY	1703360190C	19-JAN-2001	01-05-518A	02
05	IL	KANKAKEE, CITY OF	1703390005C	19-JAN-2001	01-05-486A	02
05	IL	KENDALL COUNTY	1703410015C	21-FEB-2001	01-05-0559A	02
05	IL	KENDALL COUNTY	1703410090C	19-JAN-2001	01-05-0037A	02
05	IL	KENDALL COUNTY	1703410125C	09-MAR-2001	01-05-0937A	02
05	IL	KENDALL COUNTY *	1703410015C	21-FEB-2001	01-05-0559A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	IL	KENDALL COUNTY *	1703410090C	19-JAN-2001	01-05-0037A	02
05	IL	KENDALL COUNTY *	1703410125C	09-MAR-2001	01-05-0937A	02
05	IL	KIRKWOOD, VILLAGE OF	170675B01	02-FEB-2001	01-05-581A	02
05	IL	LAKE BARRINGTON, VILLAGE OF	17097C0206F	13-APR-2001	01-05-1523A	02
05	IL	LAKE COUNTY	17097C0010F	11-MAY-2001	01-05-1236A	02
05	IL	LAKE COUNTY	17097C0010F	14-MAR-2001	00-05-4380A	02
05	IL	LAKE COUNTY	17097C0010F	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1297A	02
05	IL	LAKE COUNTY	17097C0010F	16-MAR-2001	01-05-506A	02
05	IL	LAKE COUNTY	17097C0010F	16-MAR-2001	01-05-510A	02
05	IL	LAKE COUNTY	17097C0010F	26-JAN-2001	00-05-6110A	02
05	IL	LAKE COUNTY	17097C0010F	29-JUN-2001	01-05-1999A	02
05	IL	LAKE COUNTY	17097C0010F	30-MAY-2001	01-05-2229A	02
05	IL	LAKE COUNTY	17097C0015G	09-MAR-2001	01-05-481A	02
05	IL	LAKE COUNTY	17097C0019F	09-FEB-2001	01-05-256A	02
05	IL	LAKE COUNTY	17097C0019F	09-MAR-2001	01-05-046A	02
05	IL	LAKE COUNTY	17097C0019F	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1249A	02
05	IL	LAKE COUNTY	17097C0020F	02-FEB-2001	01-05-634A	02
05	IL	LAKE COUNTY	17097C0026F	09-FEB-2001	01-05-624A	02
05	IL	LAKE COUNTY	17097C0026F	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2215A	02
05	IL	LAKE COUNTY	17097C0026F	30-MAY-2001	01-05-2229A	02
05	IL	LAKE COUNTY	17097C0110H	11-APR-2001	01-05-1560A	02
05	IL	LAKE COUNTY	17097C0166G	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2263A	02
05	IL	LAKE COUNTY	17097C0166G	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1283A	02
05	IL	LAKE COUNTY	17097C0166G	30-MAR-2001	01-05-1185A	02
05	IL	LAKE COUNTY	17097C0205F	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2235A	02
05	IL	LAKE COUNTY	17097C0266G	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2317A	02
05	IL	LAKE FOREST, CITY OF	17097C0188F	14-FEB-2001	01-05-1081A	02
05	IL	LAKE FOREST, CITY OF	17097C0276F	26-JAN-2001	01-05-473A	02
05	IL	LAKE-IN-THE-HILLS, VILLAGE OF	1704810003E	04-APR-2001	01-05-202A	01
05	IL	LAKE-IN-THE-HILLS, VILLAGE OF	1704810335E	04-APR-2001	01-05-202A	01
05	IL	LANSING, VILLAGE OF	17031C0759F	05-JAN-2001	01-05-0200A	02
05	IL	LEBANON, CITY OF	1706290001B	11-APR-2001	01-05-1071A	02
05	IL	LEE COUNTY	17103C0010E	30-MAY-2001	01-05-1973A	02
05	IL	LEE COUNTY	17103C0175D	07-FEB-2001	01-05-692A	02
05	IL	LIBERTYVILLE, VILLAGE OF		02-MAR-2001	00-05-6072A	01
05	IL	LIBERTYVILLE, VILLAGE OF	17097C0164G	19-JAN-2001	01-05-533A	02
05	IL	LINCOLNSHIRE, VILLAGE OF	17097C0258G	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1065A	02
05	IL	LINCOLNSHIRE, VILLAGE OF	17097C0258G	11-APR-2001	01-05-1335A	02
05	IL	LINCOLNSHIRE, VILLAGE OF	17097C0258G	14-FEB-2001	01-05-496A	01
05	IL	LINCOLNSHIRE, VILLAGE OF	17097C0258G	14-FEB-2001	01-05-498A	01
05	IL	LINCOLNSHIRE, VILLAGE OF	17097C0258G	26-JAN-2001	01-05-250A	02
05	IL	LINDENHURST, VILLAGE OF	17097C0041F	13-APR-2001	01-05-1805A	02
05	IL	LINDENHURST, VILLAGE OF	17097C0041F	18-APR-2001	01-05-1909A	02
05	IL	LISLE, VILLAGE OF	1702110005B	08-JUN-2001	01-05-1245A	02
05	IL	LISLE, VILLAGE OF	1702110005B	08-JUN-2001	01-05-1245A	02
05	IL	LIVINGSTON COUNTY	1709290004A	13-APR-2001	01-05-1463A	02
05	IL	LONG GROVE, VILLAGE OF	17097C0234F	13-JUN-2001	01-05-1956A	02
05	IL	LONG GROVE, VILLAGE OF	17097C0253F	02-MAR-2001	01-05-852A	02
05	IL	LONG GROVE, VILLAGE OF	17097C0253F	27-APR-2001	01-05-1522A	02
05	IL	LONG GROVE, VILLAGE OF	17097C0261F	25-APR-2001	01-05-1325A	02
05	IL	LYNWOOD, VILLAGE OF		19-JAN-2001	01-05-0572A	02
05	IL	LYNWOOD, VILLAGE OF	17031C0766F	19-JAN-2001	01-05-0572A	02
05	IL	LYNWOOD, VILLAGE OF	17031C0768F	11-MAY-2001	00-05-4620A	02
05	IL	LYNWOOD, VILLAGE OF	17031C0768F	11-MAY-2001	00-05-4620A	02
05	IL	LYNWOOD, VILLAGE OF	17031C0768F	21-FEB-2001	00-05-6144A	02
05	IL	LYNWOOD, VILLAGE OF	17031C0768F	21-FEB-2001	00-05-6144A	02
05	IL	MACON COUNTY	1709280025B	27-JUN-2001	01-05-1970A	02
05	IL	MADISON COUNTY	1704360015B	09-MAY-2001	01-05-786A	02
05	IL	MADISON COUNTY	1704360020B	09-MAY-2001	01-05-786A	02
05	IL	MADISON COUNTY	1704360085B	14-FEB-2001	01-05-428A	02
05	IL	MADISON COUNTY	1704360085B	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2163A	02
05	IL	MADISON COUNTY	1704360120B	09-MAY-2001	01-05-1468A	01
05	IL	MARENGO, CITY OF	1704820001B	19-JAN-2001	01-05-368A	02
05	IL	MARENGO, CITY OF	1704820001B	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2096A	02
05	IL	MASCOUTAH, CITY OF	1706160045B	24-MAY-2001	98-05-429P	05
05	IL	MASCOUTAH, CITY OF	1706160045B	24-MAY-2001	98-05-429P	05
05	IL	MASCOUTAH, CITY OF	1706160050A	24-MAY-2001	98-05-429P	05
05	IL	MASCOUTAH, CITY OF	1706300002B	25-APR-2001	01-05-1662A	02
05	IL	MASCOUTAH, CITY OF	1706300002B	25-APR-2001	01-05-1662A	02
05	IL	MASSAC COUNTY	1704670100B	28-MAR-2001	01-05-632A	01
05	IL	MATTESON, VILLAGE OF	17031C0802F	13-JUN-2001	01-05-1980A	02
05	IL	MCHENRY COUNTY	1707320090B	25-MAY-2001	01-05-1957A	02
05	IL	MCHENRY COUNTY	1707320230B	04-MAY-2001	01-05-1240A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	IL	MCHENRY COUNTY	1707320230B	23-MAY-2001	01-05-894A	02
05	IL	MCHENRY, CITY OF	1704830003D	13-APR-2001	01-05-1330A	02
05	IL	MCLEAN COUNTY		10-FEB-2001	01-05-0921V	19
05	IL	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0350D	10-FEB-2001	01-05-0921V	19
05	IL	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0484D	10-FEB-2001	01-05-0921V	19
05	IL	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0515D	10-FEB-2001	01-05-0921V	19
05	IL	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0705D	10-FEB-2001	01-05-0921V	19
05	IL	MERRIONETTE PARK, VILLAGE OF	17031C0637F	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2306A	02
05	IL	MIDLOTHIAN, VILLAGE OF	17031C0638F	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1091A	02
05	IL	MIDLOTHIAN, VILLAGE OF	17031C0639F	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2167A	02
05	IL	MOLINE, CITY OF	1705910005B	20-APR-2001	01-05-1577A	02
05	IL	MOLINE, CITY OF	1705910010B	30-MAY-2001	01-05-2067A	01
05	IL	MOLINE, CITY OF	1705910010B	30-MAY-2001	01-05-2067A	01
05	IL	MONMOUTH, CITY OF	17067601B	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2399A	02
05	IL	MONROE COUNTY	1705090035D	04-MAY-2001	01-05-1703A	02
05	IL	MONROE COUNTY*	1705090035D	04-MAY-2001	01-05-1703A	02
05	IL	MORRIS, CITY OF	1702630005C	14-FEB-2001	01-05-977A	02
05	IL	MORTON GROVE, VILLAGE OF	17031C0241F	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1210A	02
05	IL	MOUNT PROSPECT, VILLAGE OF	17031C0212F	06-JUN-2001	01-05-1770A	02
05	IL	MOUNT PROSPECT, VILLAGE OF	17031C0212F	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2217A	02
05	IL	MOUNT PROSPECT, VILLAGE OF	17031C0212F	14-FEB-2001	01-05-1187A	02
05	IL	MOUNT PROSPECT, VILLAGE OF	17031C0216F	16-MAY-2001	01-05-1043A	02
05	IL	MOUNT PROSPECT, VILLAGE OF	17031C0216F	23-MAY-2001	01-05-1188A	02
05	IL	NAPERVILLE, CITY OF		15-FEB-2001	01-05-222X	06
05	IL	NAPERVILLE, CITY OF	1702130008C	15-FEB-2001	01-05-222X	06
05	IL	NAPERVILLE, CITY OF	1702130017C	06-JUN-2001	01-05-1897A	02
05	IL	NAPERVILLE, CITY OF	1702130017C	06-JUN-2001	01-05-1897A	02
05	IL	NAPERVILLE, CITY OF	1702130017C	21-MAR-2001	01-05-0733A	01
05	IL	NORMAL, TOWN OF		10-FEB-2001	01-05-0922V	19
05	IL	NORMAL, TOWN OF	17113C0294D	10-FEB-2001	01-05-0922V	19
05	IL	NORMAL, TOWN OF	17113C0313D	10-FEB-2001	01-05-0922V	19
05	IL	NORTH PEKIN, VILLAGE OF	1706530005B	08-JUN-2001	01-05-2476A	02
05	IL	NORTHBROOK, VILLAGE OF	17031C0088F	01-JUN-2001	00-05-387P	05
05	IL	NORTHBROOK, VILLAGE OF	17031C0088F	08-JUN-2001	01-05-2287A	02
05	IL	NORTHBROOK, VILLAGE OF	17031C0088F	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1082A	02
05	IL	NORTHFIELD, VILLAGE OF	17031C0232F	15-JUN-2001	01-05-1466A	01
05	IL	NORTHLAKE, CITY OF	17031C0366F	16-MAY-2001	01-05-2031A	02
05	IL	NORTHLAKE, CITY OF	17031C0366F	16-MAY-2001	01-05-2031A	02
05	IL	OAK BROOK, VILLAGE OF	1702140001B	09-FEB-2001	01-05-0884A	01
05	IL	OAK BROOK, VILLAGE OF	1702140001B	28-FEB-2001	01-05-1383X	02
05	IL	OAK BROOK, VILLAGE OF	1702140001B	28-FEB-2001	01-05-1383X	02
05	IL	OAK BROOK, VILLAGE OF	1702140004B	02-FEB-2001	01-05-0945A	02
05	IL	OAK BROOK, VILLAGE OF	1702140004B	02-FEB-2001	01-05-0945A	02
05	IL	OAK FOREST, CITY OF	17031C0707F	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2405A	02
05	IL	OAK FOREST, CITY OF	17031C0707F	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2404A	02
05	IL	OAK FOREST, CITY OF	17031C0726F	01-MAY-2001	00-05-323P	05
05	IL	OAK FOREST, CITY OF	17031C0726F	01-MAY-2001	00-05-323P	05
05	IL	OAK FOREST, CITY OF	17031C0726F	13-JUN-2001	01-05-1365A	02
05	IL	OAK FOREST, CITY OF	17031C0728F	02-MAR-2001	01-05-1159A	02
05	IL	OAK FOREST, CITY OF	17031C0728F	02-MAR-2001	01-05-1159A	02
05	IL	OAK FOREST, CITY OF	17031C0728F	02-MAR-2001	01-05-1160A	01
05	IL	OAK FOREST, CITY OF	17031C0728F	02-MAR-2001	01-05-1160A	01
05	IL	OAK LAWN, VILLAGE OF	17031C0609F	16-MAR-2001	01-05-953A	02
05	IL	OAK LAWN, VILLAGE OF	17031C0609F	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1175A	02
05	IL	OAK LAWN, VILLAGE OF	17031C0609F	30-MAR-2001	01-05-707A	02
05	IL	ORLAND PARK, VILLAGE OF	17031C0704F	06-APR-2001	01-05-1338A	02
05	IL	ORLAND PARK, VILLAGE OF	17031C0704F	11-MAY-2001	01-05-1261A	02
05	IL	PALATINE, VILLAGE OF	17031C0043F	23-FEB-2001	01-05-0550A	01
05	IL	PALATINE, VILLAGE OF	17031C0043F	25-MAY-2001	01-05-1494A	02
05	IL	PALATINE, VILLAGE OF	17031C0177F	23-FEB-2001	01-05-0556A	17
05	IL	PALATINE, VILLAGE OF	17031C0177F	23-FEB-2001	01-05-0556A	17
05	IL	PALATINE, VILLAGE OF	17031C0177F	25-APR-2001	01-05-1443A	02
05	IL	PALATINE, VILLAGE OF	17031C0181F	23-FEB-2001	01-05-0550A	01
05	IL	PALOS HEIGHTS, CITY OF	17031C0616F	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2204A	02
05	IL	PALOS HILLS, CITY OF	17031C0604F	01-JUN-2001	01-05-2269A	02
05	IL	PALOS HILLS, CITY OF	17031C0604F	02-FEB-2001	01-05-615A	02
05	IL	PALOS HILLS, CITY OF	17031C0604F	05-JAN-2001	01-05-0139A	02
05	IL	PALOS HILLS, CITY OF	17031C0604F	05-JAN-2001	01-05-0446A	02
05	IL	PALOS HILLS, CITY OF	17031C0604F	14-FEB-2001	01-05-713A	02
05	IL	PALOS HILLS, CITY OF	17031C0604F	14-FEB-2001	01-05-971A	02
05	IL	PALOS HILLS, CITY OF	17031C0604F	15-JUN-2001	01-05-1290A	02
05	IL	PALOS HILLS, CITY OF	17031C0604F	19-JAN-2001	01-05-0569A	02
05	IL	PALOS HILLS, CITY OF	17031C0604F	19-JAN-2001	01-05-0569A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	IL	PALOS HILLS, CITY OF	17031C0604F	22-JUN-2001	01-05-1952A	02
05	IL	PALOS HILLS, CITY OF	17031C0604F	26-JAN-2001	01-05-584A	02
05	IL	PALOS HILLS, CITY OF	17031C0604F	31-JAN-2001	01-05-0766A	02
05	IL	PALOS HILLS, CITY OF	17031C0604F	31-JAN-2001	01-05-0766A	02
05	IL	PARK CITY, CITY OF	17097C0157G	02-MAR-2001	01-05-796A	02
05	IL	PEORIA COUNTY	1705330075B	11-APR-2001	01-05-1007A	02
05	IL	PEORIA COUNTY	1705330125B	19-JAN-2001	01-05-220A	02
05	IL	PEORIA COUNTY	1705330125B	30-MAR-2001	01-05-1084A	01
05	IL	PEORIA, CITY OF	1705360015B	02-MAY-2001	01-05-048A	02
05	IL	PERRY COUNTY	1705380008B	04-APR-2001	01-05-162A	02
05	IL	PONTIAC, CITY OF	1704260001C	11-APR-2001	01-05-695A	02
05	IL	PONTIAC, CITY OF	1704260001C	16-MAY-2001	01-05-2100A	02
05	IL	PONTIAC, CITY OF	1704260001C	18-MAY-2001	01-05-2160A	02
05	IL	PONTIAC, CITY OF	1704260001C	25-MAY-2001	01-05-2143A	01
05	IL	PRINCETON, CITY OF	17001402B	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2525A	02
05	IL	PRINCETON, CITY OF	17001402B	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2515A	02
05	IL	PRINCETON, CITY OF	170014B	19-JAN-2001	00-05-6032A	02
05	IL	PROSPECT HEIGHTS, CITY OF	17031C0202	16-MAY-2001	00-05-225P	05
05	IL	PROSPECT HEIGHTS, CITY OF	1709190005C	16-MAY-2001	00-05-225P	05
05	IL	QUINCY, CITY OF	1700030020B	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2420A	17
05	IL	RANDOLPH COUNTY	1705750250B	09-MAR-2001	01-05-170A	02
05	IL	RIVERSIDE, VILLAGE OF	17031C0479F	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2426A	02
05	IL	ROCKFORD, CITY OF	1707230014B	26-JAN-2001	01-05-656A	02
05	IL	ROMEOVILLE, VILLAGE OF	17197C0065F	01-JUN-2001	01-05-2242A	02
05	IL	ROMEOVILLE, VILLAGE OF	17197C0065F	01-JUN-2001	01-05-2243A	02
05	IL	ROMEOVILLE, VILLAGE OF	17197C0065F	02-MAR-2001	01-05-1030A	01
05	IL	ROMEOVILLE, VILLAGE OF	17197C0065F	11-APR-2001	01-05-1203A	02
05	IL	ROMEOVILLE, VILLAGE OF	17197C0065F	11-APR-2001	01-05-1456A	02
05	IL	ROMEOVILLE, VILLAGE OF	17197C0065F	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1181A	02
05	IL	ROMEOVILLE, VILLAGE OF	17197C0065F	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1457A	02
05	IL	ROMEOVILLE, VILLAGE OF	17197C0065F	23-MAY-2001	01-05-1997A	02
05	IL	ROMEOVILLE, VILLAGE OF	17197C0065F	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1221A	02
05	IL	ROUND LAKE BEACH, VILLAGE OF	17097C0126F	13-JUN-2001	00-05-6262A	01
05	IL	ROUND LAKE BEACH, VILLAGE OF	17097C0127G	03-JAN-2001	01-05-180A	02
05	IL	ROUND LAKE BEACH, VILLAGE OF	17097C0127G	13-JUN-2001	00-05-6262A	01
05	IL	ROXANA, VILLAGE OF	1704360115B	08-JUN-2001	01-05-1037A	01
05	IL	SANGAMON COUNTY *	1709120135C	13-APR-2001	01-05-1654A	02
05	IL	SANGAMON COUNTY *	1709120165C	24-JAN-2001	00-05-4746A	02
05	IL	SAUK VILLAGE, VILLAGE OF	17031C0831F	01-JUN-2001	01-05-2496A	01
05	IL	SOUTH BARRINGTON, VILLAGE OF	17031C0158F	13-APR-2001	01-05-1222A	02
05	IL	SOUTH BARRINGTON, VILLAGE OF	17031C0159F	13-APR-2001	01-05-1222A	02
05	IL	SOUTH BELOIT, CITY OF	1707250001C	28-MAR-2001	00-05-5974A	01
05	IL	SOUTH ELGIN, VILLAGE OF		10-JAN-2001	00-05-047P	05
05	IL	SOUTH ELGIN, VILLAGE OF	1708960032B	10-JAN-2001	00-05-047P	05
05	IL	SOUTH HOLLAND, VILLAGE OF	17031C0754F	17-JAN-2001	01-05-0063A	01
05	IL	SOUTH HOLLAND, VILLAGE OF	17031C0754F	17-JAN-2001	01-05-0063A	01
05	IL	SPRINGFIELD, CITY OF		26-JAN-2001	01-05-0724A	01
05	IL	SPRINGFIELD, CITY OF	1706040020D	26-JAN-2001	01-05-0724A	01
05	IL	ST. CLAIR COUNTY	1706160045B	24-MAY-2001	98-05-429P	05
05	IL	ST. CLAIR COUNTY	1706160050A	24-MAY-2001	98-05-429P	05
05	IL	ST. CLAIR COUNTY	1706160050A	27-JUN-2001	01-05-1399A	02
05	IL	ST. CLAIR COUNTY	1706160050A	28-FEB-2001	01-05-1143A	02
05	IL	ST. CLAIR COUNTY	1706160095A	16-MAY-2001	01-05-1704A	02
05	IL	ST. CLAIR COUNTY *	170616 0050	27-JUN-2001	01-05-1399A	02
05	IL	ST. CLAIR COUNTY *	1706160045B	24-MAY-2001	98-05-429P	05
05	IL	ST. CLAIR COUNTY *	1706160050A	28-FEB-2001	01-05-1143A	02
05	IL	ST. CLAIR COUNTY *	1706160095A	16-MAY-2001	01-05-1704A	02
05	IL	ST. JOSEPH, VILLAGE OF	1700320001B	27-JUN-2001	01-05-1877A	02
05	IL	STEGER, VILLAGE OF	17197C0359F	22-JUN-2001	01-05-1984A	02
05	IL	STREAMWOOD, VILLAGE OF	17031C0164F	16-MAY-2001	01-05-1360A	02
05	IL	SYCAMORE, CITY OF	17037C0076D	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2191A	02
05	IL	SYCAMORE, CITY OF	17037C0076D	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2191A	02
05	IL	TINLEY PARK, CITY OF		19-JAN-2001	01-05-603P	05
05	IL	TINLEY PARK, CITY OF	17031C0704F	25-MAY-2001	01-05-2178A	02
05	IL	TINLEY PARK, CITY OF	17031C0706F	13-JUN-2001	01-05-1259A	02
05	IL	TINLEY PARK, CITY OF	17031C0708F	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2028A	02
05	IL	TINLEY PARK, CITY OF	17031C0708F	24-JAN-2001	01-05-0926X	02
05	IL	TINLEY PARK, CITY OF	17031C0708F	24-JAN-2001	01-05-0926X	02
05	IL	TINLEY PARK, CITY OF	17031C0708F	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2467A	02
05	IL	TINLEY PARK, CITY OF	17031C0716F	02-MAR-2001	00-05-3892A	17
05	IL	TINLEY PARK, CITY OF	17031C0716F	02-MAR-2001	00-05-3892A	17
05	IL	TINLEY PARK, CITY OF	17031C0716F	08-JUN-2001	01-05-2065A	01
05	IL	TINLEY PARK, CITY OF	17031C0716F	08-JUN-2001	01-05-2065A	01

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	IL	TINLEY PARK, CITY OF	17031C0716F	27-JUN-2001	01-05-1653A	02
05	IL	TINLEY PARK, CITY OF	17197C0212F	09-MAY-2001	01-05-1002A	01
05	IL	TINLEY PARK, CITY OF	17197C0212F	19-JAN-2001	01-05-603P	05
05	IL	UNION COUNTY	1706560075B	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2236A	02
05	IL	VERNON HILLS, VILLAGE OF	17097C0252G	01-JUN-2001	01-05-2552A	01
05	IL	VERNON HILLS, VILLAGE OF	17097C0254F	02-MAY-2001	00-05-6224A	01
05	IL	VERNON HILLS, VILLAGE OF	17097C0254F	02-MAY-2001	00-05-6224A	01
05	IL	VERNON HILLS, VILLAGE OF	17097C0254F	21-FEB-2001	01-05-883A	01
05	IL	VERNON HILLS, VILLAGE OF	17097C0258G	02-MAY-2001	00-05-6224A	01
05	IL	VILLA PARK, VILLAGE OF	1702170001B	14-FEB-2001	99-05-227P	05
05	IL	VILLA PARK, VILLAGE OF	1702170001B	14-FEB-2001	99-05-227P	05
05	IL	VILLA PARK, VILLAGE OF	1702170002B	14-FEB-2001	99-05-227P	05
05	IL	WADSWORTH, VILLAGE OF	17097C0059G	08-JUN-2001	01-05-2310A	02
05	IL	WAUCONDA, VILLAGE OF	17097C0119G	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1189A	02
05	IL	WAUCONDA, VILLAGE OF	17097C0119G	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2551A	02
05	IL	WAUCONDA, VILLAGE OF	17097C0140F	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2017A	01
05	IL	WESTCHESTER, VILLAGE OF	17031C0459F	04-APR-2001	01-05-0896A	01
05	IL	WESTCHESTER, VILLAGE OF	17031C0459F	04-APR-2001	01-05-0896A	02
05	IL	WHEATON, CITY OF	1702210005B	20-APR-2001	01-05-1344A	02
05	IL	WHEELING, VILLAGE OF		16-FEB-2001	00-05-6314A	17
05	IL	WHEELING, VILLAGE OF	17031C0068F	11-MAY-2001	01-05-0768A	01
05	IL	WHEELING, VILLAGE OF	17031C0068F	11-MAY-2001	01-05-0768A	01
05	IL	WHEELING, VILLAGE OF	17031C0068F	18-MAY-2001	01-05-1108A	01
05	IL	WHEELING, VILLAGE OF	17031C0068F	18-MAY-2001	01-05-1176A	01
05	IL	WHEELING, VILLAGE OF	17031C0068F	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2277A	02
05	IL	WHEELING, VILLAGE OF	17031C0069F	10-JAN-2001	01-05-0463A	01
05	IL	WHEELING, VILLAGE OF	17031C0069F	10-JAN-2001	01-05-0463A	01
05	IL	WHEELING, VILLAGE OF	17031C0202F	02-MAR-2001	01-05-721A	02
05	IL	WHITESIDE COUNTY	1706870150B	18-APR-2001	01-05-705A	02
05	IL	WILL COUNTY		19-JAN-2001	00-05-4890A	02
05	IL	WILL COUNTY	1706950020B	07-FEB-2001	00-05-4970A	01
05	IL	WILL COUNTY	1706950060B	07-FEB-2001	00-05-4970A	01
05	IL	WILL COUNTY	17197C0030E	21-FEB-2001	01-05-0924X	02
05	IL	WILL COUNTY	17197C0032E	27-APR-2001	00-05-175X	05
05	IL	WILL COUNTY	17197C0034E	27-APR-2001	00-05-175X	05
05	IL	WILL COUNTY	17197C0037E	23-MAY-2001	01-05-1308A	02
05	IL	WILL COUNTY	17197C0038E	13-APR-2001	01-05-687A	02
05	IL	WILL COUNTY	17197C0195E	11-APR-2001	01-05-165A	02
05	IL	WILL COUNTY	17197C0255E	20-JUN-2001	01-05-1477A	18
05	IL	WILL COUNTY	17197C0305E	28-MAR-2001	00-05-287P	05
05	IL	WILL COUNTY	17197C0310E	28-MAR-2001	00-05-287P	05
05	IL	WILL COUNTY	17197C0320E	14-FEB-2001	01-05-805A	02
05	IL	WILL COUNTY	17197C0370E	02-JAN-2001	01-05-0754X	01
05	IL	WILL COUNTY	17197C0379E	16-MAR-2001	01-05-843A	02
05	IL	WILL COUNTY	17917C0130E	16-MAR-2001	01-05-471A	02
05	IL	WILL COUNTY *	17197C0030E	19-JAN-2001	00-05-4890A	02
05	IL	WILL COUNTY *	17197C0030E	21-FEB-2001	01-05-0924X	02
05	IL	WILL COUNTY *	17197C0032E	27-APR-2001	00-05-175X	05
05	IL	WILL COUNTY *	17197C0305E	28-MAR-2001	00-05-287P	05
05	IL	WILL COUNTY *	17197C0370E	02-JAN-2001	01-05-0754X	01
05	IL	WILLOW SPRINGS, CITY OF	17031C0469F	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2362A	01
05	IL	WILLOW SPRINGS, CITY OF	17031C0469F	22-JUN-2001	01-05-2361A	01
05	IL	WILLOW SPRINGS, VILLAGE OF	17031C0469F	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2362A	01
05	IL	WILLOW SPRINGS, VILLAGE OF	17031C0469F	22-JUN-2001	01-05-2361A	01
05	IL	WILLOW SPRINGS, VILLAGE OF	17031C0582F	22-JUN-2001	01-05-2361A	01
05	IL	WILMETTE, VILLAGE OF	17031C0234F	02-MAY-2001	01-05-2009A	02
05	IL	WILMETTE, VILLAGE OF	17031C0234F	13-APR-2001	01-05-1177A	02
05	IL	WILMETTE, VILLAGE OF	17031C0234F	13-APR-2001	01-05-1505A	02
05	IL	WILMETTE, VILLAGE OF	17031C0234F	13-JUN-2001	01-05-1304A	02
05	IL	WINFIELD, VILLAGE OF	1702230001C	05-JAN-2001	00-05-5018A	02
05	IL	WINNEBAGO COUNTY	1707200015B	29-JUN-2001	01-05-1986A	02
05	IL	WINNEBAGO COUNTY	1707200015B	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2382A	02
05	IL	WINNEBAGO COUNTY *	1707200015B	29-JUN-2001	01-05-1986A	02
05	IL	WINNEBAGO COUNTY *	1707200015B	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2382A	02
05	IL	WINNETKA, VILLAGE OF	17031C0232F	08-JUN-2001	01-05-2531A	02
05	IN	ADAMS COUNTY	1804240075C	14-MAR-2001	01-05-1391A	02
05	IN	ADAMS COUNTY	1804240075C	17-JAN-2001	01-05-0448A	02
05	IN	ADAMS COUNTY	1804240075C	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1246A	02
05	IN	ADAMS COUNTY *	1804240075C	14-MAR-2001	01-05-1391A	02
05	IN	ADAMS COUNTY *	1804240075C	14-MAR-2001	01-05-1419A	02
05	IN	ADAMS COUNTY *	1804240075C	17-JAN-2001	01-05-0448A	02
05	IN	ADAMS COUNTY *	1804240120C	04-APR-2001	01-05-1680A	02
05	IN	ALLEN COUNTY	18003C0135E	06-FEB-2001	00-05-189P	06

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	IN	ALLEN COUNTY	18003C0135E	17-JAN-2001	00-05-5936X	17
05	IN	ALLEN COUNTY	18003C0160D	17-JAN-2001	01-05-0764A	02
05	IN	ALLEN COUNTY	18003C0165E	13-APR-2001	01-05-585A	02
05	IN	ALLEN COUNTY	18003C0170D	07-FEB-2001	01-05-0901A	02
05	IN	ALLEN COUNTY	18003C0170D	18-MAY-2001	01-05-2071A	02
05	IN	ALLEN COUNTY	18003C0170D	27-APR-2001	01-05-1671A	02
05	IN	ALLEN COUNTY	18003C0285E	02-MAY-2001	01-05-2057A	02
05	IN	ALLEN COUNTY	18003C0430D	02-MAY-2001	01-05-2043A	02
05	IN	ALLEN COUNTY	18032C235D	25-APR-2001	01-05-2056A	02
05	IN	ALLEN COUNTY *	18003C0135E	06-FEB-2001	00-05-189P	06
05	IN	ALLEN COUNTY *	18003C0135E	17-JAN-2001	00-05-5936X	17
05	IN	ALLEN COUNTY *	18003C0160D	17-JAN-2001	01-05-0764A	02
05	IN	ALLEN COUNTY *	18003C0170D	07-FEB-2001	01-05-0901A	02
05	IN	ALLEN COUNTY *	18003C0170D	18-MAY-2001	01-05-2071A	02
05	IN	ALLEN COUNTY *	18003C0170D	24-JAN-2001	01-05-0026A	02
05	IN	ALLEN COUNTY *	18003C0170D	27-APR-2001	01-05-1671A	02
05	IN	ALLEN COUNTY *	18003C0235D	25-APR-2001	01-05-2056A	02
05	IN	ALLEN COUNTY *	18003C0285E	02-MAY-2001	01-05-2057A	02
05	IN	ALLEN COUNTY *	18003C0430D	02-MAY-2001	01-05-2043A	02
05	IN	ANDERSON, CITY OF	1801500003B	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1013A	02
05	IN	ANDERSON, CITY OF	1801500005B	18-APR-2001	01-05-839A	02
05	IN	BARTHOLOMEW COUNTY	1800060025B	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2396A	02
05	IN	BARTHOLOMEW COUNTY	1800060050B	04-MAY-2001	01-05-1122A	02
05	IN	BARTHOLOMEW COUNTY	1800060050B	24-JAN-2001	01-05-627A	02
05	IN	BEECH GROVE, CITY OF	18097C0251E	06-JAN-2001	01-05-0897V	19
05	IN	BEECH GROVE, CITY OF	18097C0254E	06-JAN-2001	01-05-0897V	19
05	IN	BEECH GROVE, CITY OF—USE CID 180159		06-JAN-2001	01-05-0897V	19
05	IN	BLOOMINGTON, CITY OF	1801690020C	22-JUN-2001	01-05-2406A	02
05	IN	BOONE COUNTY	1800110095B	25-MAY-2001	01-05-2252A	02
05	IN	BREMEN, TOWN OF	1801630002B	16-FEB-2001	01-05-784A	02
05	IN	BRISTOL, TOWN OF		14-MAR-2001	00-05-5688A	02
05	IN	BROWN COUNTY	1851740020B	16-MAY-2001	01-05-1469A	02
05	IN	BROWN COUNTY	1851740080B	07-FEB-2001	01-05-662A	02
05	IN	BROWN COUNTY	1851740080B	24-JAN-2001	01-05-124A	02
05	IN	CARMEL, CITY OF	1800810008C	13-APR-2001	01-05-0793A	02
05	IN	CARROLL COUNTY	1800190013B	20-JUN-2001	01-05-231A	02
05	IN	CARROLL COUNTY	1800190052B	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2111A	02
05	IN	CLARK COUNTY	1804260050B	22-JUN-2001	01-05-2429A	02
05	IN	CLARK COUNTY	1804260125C	04-APR-2001	01-05-659A	02
05	IN	CLARK COUNTY	1804260125C	24-JAN-2001	01-05-125A	17
05	IN	CLARK COUNTY	1804260125C	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2267A	17
05	IN	CLARK COUNTY	1804260175C	04-APR-2001	01-05-659A	02
05	IN	CLARK COUNTY	1804260175C	04-MAY-2001	01-05-1018A	01
05	IN	CLARK COUNTY	1804260175C	14-MAR-2001	01-05-966A	01
05	IN	CLARK COUNTY	1804260175C	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2423A	02
05	IN	CLARK COUNTY	1804260175C	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2478A	02
05	IN	CLARK COUNTY	1804260175C	16-MAY-2001	01-05-2119A	01
05	IN	CLARK COUNTY	1804260175C	18-MAY-2001	01-05-2268A	02
05	IN	CLARK COUNTY	1804260175C	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1195A	02
05	IN	CLARK COUNTY	1804260175C	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2430A	01
05	IN	CLINTON, CITY OF	18025901B	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2574A	02
05	IN	COLUMBUS, CITY OF	1800070010D	14-JUN-2001	00-05-5196A	01
05	IN	COLUMBUS, CITY OF	1800070020C	14-FEB-2001	01-05-717A	02
05	IN	DE KALB COUNTY	1800440070B	21-FEB-2001	01-05-0871A	01
05	IN	DE KALB COUNTY *	1800440070B	21-FEB-2001	01-05-0871A	01
05	IN	DE KALB COUNTY *	1800440100B	30-MAR-2001	01-05-1629A	02
05	IN	DELAWARE COUNTY	1800510125C	26-JAN-2001	01-05-639A	02
05	IN	DYER, TOWN OF	1801290001D	08-JAN-2001	00-05-011P	05
05	IN	DYER, TOWN OF	1801290002D	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2165A	02
05	IN	DYER, TOWN OF	1801290002D	10-JAN-2001	00-05-5152A	08
05	IN	DYER, TOWN OF	1801290002D	16-MAY-2001	01-05-1333A	01
05	IN	EVANSVILLE, CITY OF	1802570003B	28-FEB-2001	01-05-1151A	02
05	IN	EVANSVILLE, CITY OF	1802570003B	28-FEB-2001	01-05-1151A	02
05	IN	EVANSVILLE, CITY OF	1802570004B	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2340A	01
05	IN	EVANSVILLE, CITY OF	1802570004B	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2340A	01
05	IN	EVANSVILLE, CITY OF	1802570005B	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2348A	01
05	IN	EVANSVILLE, CITY OF	1802570005B	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2348A	01
05	IN	EVANSVILLE, CITY OF	1802570007B	02-FEB-2001	01-05-0758A	02
05	IN	EVANSVILLE, CITY OF	1802570007B	02-FEB-2001	01-05-0758A	02
05	IN	FAIRMOUNT, TOWN OF	1804350125B	24-JAN-2001	00-05-5210A	02
05	IN	FISHERS, TOWN OF	1800820030E	13-JUN-2001	01-05-1670A	01
05	IN	FISHERS, TOWN OF	1800820030E	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2606A	01
05	IN	FISHERS, TOWN OF	1800820030E	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2606A	01

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	IN	FLOYD COUNTY	1804320020B	20-APR-2001	01-05-1361A	02
05	IN	FLOYD COUNTY	1804320025B	19-JAN-2001	01-05-521A	02
05	IN	FLOYD COUNTY	1804320025B	23-FEB-2001	01-05-968A	02
05	IN	FORT WAYNE, CITY OF	18003C0145E	24-JAN-2001	01-05-0181A	02
05	IN	FORT WAYNE, CITY OF	18003C0165E	02-FEB-2001	01-05-0947A	02
05	IN	FORT WAYNE, CITY OF	18003C0165E	02-FEB-2001	01-05-0947A	02
05	IN	FORT WAYNE, CITY OF	18003C0165E	14-FEB-2001	01-05-0167A	02
05	IN	FORT WAYNE, CITY OF	18003C0165E	14-FEB-2001	01-05-0167A	02
05	IN	FORT WAYNE, CITY OF	18003C0260E	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2386A	02
05	IN	FORT WAYNE, CITY OF	18003C0260E	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2386A	02
05	IN	FORT WAYNE, CITY OF	18003C0260E	21-FEB-2001	01-05-0551A	02
05	IN	FORT WAYNE, CITY OF	18003C0260E	21-FEB-2001	01-05-0551A	02
05	IN	FORT WAYNE, CITY OF	18003C0260E	21-MAR-2001	00-05-383P	05
05	IN	FORT WAYNE, CITY OF	18003C0260E	21-MAR-2001	00-05-383P	05
05	IN	FORT WAYNE, CITY OF	18003C0265D	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2385A	02
05	IN	FORT WAYNE, CITY OF	18003C0265D	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2385A	02
05	IN	FORT WAYNE, CITY OF	18003C0265D	28-FEB-2001	01-05-1155A	02
05	IN	FORT WAYNE, CITY OF	18003C0265D	28-FEB-2001	01-05-1155A	02
05	IN	FORT WAYNE, CITY OF	18003C0270E	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1404A	02
05	IN	FORT WAYNE, CITY OF	18003C0270E	31-JAN-2001	01-05-0938A	02
05	IN	FORT WAYNE, CITY OF	18003C0270E	31-JAN-2001	01-05-0938A	02
05	IN	FORT WAYNE, CITY OF	18003C0285E	13-APR-2001	01-05-1698A	02
05	IN	FORT WAYNE, CITY OF	18003C0285E	13-APR-2001	01-05-1698A	02
05	IN	FORT WAYNE, CITY OF	18003C0290D	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2350A	02
05	IN	FORT WAYNE, CITY OF	18003C0290D	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2350A	02
05	IN	FULTON COUNTY	1800700050B	25-APR-2001	01-05-1014A	02
05	IN	GREENWOOD, CITY OF	1801150001B	04-MAY-2001	01-05-699A	02
05	IN	GREENWOOD, CITY OF	1801150002B	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1124A	02
05	IN	HAMILTON COUNTY	1800800100C	10-JAN-2001	01-05-0303A	02
05	IN	HAMILTON COUNTY	1800820015E	10-JAN-2001	01-05-0303A	02
05	IN	HAMILTON COUNTY*	1800800100C	10-JAN-2001	01-05-0303A	02
05	IN	HANCOCK COUNTY	1804190025B	25-APR-2001	01-05-702A	02
05	IN	HANCOCK COUNTY	1804190100B	02-MAR-2001	01-05-1011A	02
05	IN	HENDRICKS COUNTY	1804150050B	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2449A	02
05	IN	HENDRICKS COUNTY	1804150100B	04-APR-2001	01-05-1286A	02
05	IN	HENDRICKS COUNTY	1804150100B	08-JAN-2001	00-05-4968A	01
05	IN	HOBART, CITY OF	1801360005B	08-JAN-2001	01-05-327A	02
05	IN	HOWARD COUNTY	1804140025B	03-JAN-2001	00-05-5666A	02
05	IN	HOWARD COUNTY	1804140025B	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2038A	02
05	IN	HOWARD COUNTY	1804140042B	04-APR-2001	01-05-848A	01
05	IN	HUNTINGTON COUNTY	1804380125C	22-JUN-2001	01-05-2433A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	1801590010D	09-JAN-2001	00-05-4884A	01
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	1801590065D	09-JAN-2001	00-05-5980A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0038E	06-JAN-2001	01-05-0900V	19
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0038E	09-JAN-2001	00-05-4884A	01
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0038E	16-MAR-2001	01-05-878A	01
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0061E	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2470A	01
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0063E	14-FEB-2001	01-05-645A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0063E	20-APR-2001	01-05-102A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0063E	25-APR-2001	01-05-548A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0067E	06-JAN-2001	01-05-0900V	19
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0068E	09-MAY-2001	01-05-2002A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0069E	06-JAN-2001	01-05-0900V	19
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0089E	04-MAY-2001	01-05-1637A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0107E	06-JAN-2001	01-05-0900V	19
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0109E	11-APR-2001	01-05-1436A	01
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0110E	04-APR-2001	01-05-1312A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0114E	13-JUN-2001	01-05-1061A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0118E	06-JAN-2001	01-05-0900V	19
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0118E	13-JUN-2001	01-05-1061A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0126E	18-MAY-2001	01-05-2137A	01
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0128E	06-APR-2001	01-05-245A	17
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0128E	06-JAN-2001	01-05-0900V	19
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0128E	18-APR-2001	01-05-1562A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0135E	06-JAN-2001	01-05-0900V	19
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0135E	14-FEB-2001	01-05-694A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0135E	25-APR-2001	01-05-1179A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0136E	06-JAN-2001	01-05-0900V	19
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0136E	29-JUN-2001	01-05-1052A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0144E	06-JAN-2001	01-05-0900V	19
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0153E	06-JAN-2001	01-05-0900V	19
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0155E	14-FEB-2001	01-05-053A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0167E	06-JAN-2001	01-05-0900V	19

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0180E	06-JAN-2001	01-05-0900V	19
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0180E	21-FEB-2001	01-05-203A	01
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0210E	06-APR-2001	01-05-1352A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0210E	07-MAR-2001	01-05-512A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0210E	09-JAN-2001	00-05-5980A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0210E	11-APR-2001	01-05-1535A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0210E	20-JUN-2001	01-05-1192A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0210E	27-APR-2001	01-05-1299A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0228E	06-JAN-2001	01-05-0900V	19
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0229E	11-APR-2001	01-05-1053A	01
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0229E	26-JAN-2001	01-05-489A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0233E	11-APR-2001	01-05-1053A	01
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0233E	26-JAN-2001	01-05-489A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0234E	26-JAN-2001	00-05-3920A	01
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0240E	04-MAY-2001	01-05-2132A	01
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0240E	06-JAN-2001	01-05-0900V	19
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0240E	11-APR-2001	01-05-1452A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0240E	18-MAY-2001	01-05-2135A	01
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0240E	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2365A	01
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0240E	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2365A	01
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0240E	21-MAR-2001	01-05-651A	01
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0240E	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2136A	01
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0240E	27-APR-2001	01-05-693A	01
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0241E	10-APR-2001	01-05-1428P	05
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0243E	06-JAN-2001	01-05-0900V	19
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0244E	06-JAN-2001	01-05-0900V	19
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0244E	26-JAN-2001	00-05-3920A	01
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0254E	06-JAN-2001	01-05-0900V	19
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0260E	06-JAN-2001	01-05-0900V	19
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0262E	14-MAR-2001	00-05-3646A	01
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0262E	14-MAR-2001	00-05-3646A	01
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0263E	06-JAN-2001	01-05-0900V	19
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0264E	14-FEB-2001	01-05-646A	02
05	IN	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0290E	20-APR-2001	01-05-123A	02
05	IN	JACKSON COUNTY	1804050060B	11-APR-2001	01-05-838A	02
05	IN	JASPER COUNTY	1804390007B	11-APR-2001	01-05-1511A	02
05	IN	JEFFERSONVILLE, CITY OF	1800270005D	18-MAY-2001	01-05-2219A	02
05	IN	JEFFERSONVILLE, CITY OF	1800270005D	20-JUN-2001	01-05-1729A	02
05	IN	JOHNSON COUNTY	1801110012C	17-JAN-2001	01-05-163A	01
05	IN	JOHNSON COUNTY	1801110012C	20-APR-2001	01-05-804A	17
05	IN	JOHNSON COUNTY	1801110014C	17-JAN-2001	01-05-163A	01
05	IN	JOHNSON COUNTY	1801110014C	18-APR-2001	01-05-1251A	02
05	IN	JOHNSON COUNTY	1801110016C	17-JAN-2001	01-05-163A	01
05	IN	JOHNSON COUNTY	1801110018C	17-JAN-2001	01-05-163A	01
05	IN	JOHNSON COUNTY	1801110050C	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2254A	02
05	IN	JOHNSON COUNTY	1801110100C	16-MAR-2001	00-05-6106A	01
05	IN	JOHNSON COUNTY	1801110100C	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2407A	02
05	IN	KOSCIUSKO COUNTY	1801210080C	09-MAY-2001	01-05-1557A	02
05	IN	KOSCIUSKO COUNTY	18085C0040C	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2327A	01
05	IN	KOSCIUSKO COUNTY	18085C0045C	10-JAN-2001	00-05-6192A	02
05	IN	KOSCIUSKO COUNTY	18085C0045C	27-APR-2001	01-05-475A	02
05	IN	KOSCIUSKO COUNTY	18085C0080C	04-APR-2001	01-05-1339A	02
05	IN	KOSCIUSKO COUNTY	18085C0080C	10-JAN-2001	01-05-485A	02
05	IN	KOSCIUSKO COUNTY	18085C0080C	25-MAY-2001	01-05-2173A	02
05	IN	KOSCIUSKO COUNTY	18085C0100C	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2286A	02
05	IN	KOSCIUSKO COUNTY	18085C0100C	14-FEB-2001	01-05-851A	02
05	IN	KOSCIUSKO COUNTY	18085C0100C	14-MAR-2001	01-05-525A	02
05	IN	KOSCIUSKO COUNTY	18085C0125C	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2512A	02
05	IN	KOSCIUSKO COUNTY	18085C0150C	14-MAR-2001	01-05-850A	02
05	IN	LAFAYETTE, CITY OF	1802530005B	01-JUN-2001	01-05-1542A	01
05	IN	LAGRANGE COUNTY	1801250004B	10-JAN-2001	01-05-325A	02
05	IN	LAGRANGE COUNTY	1801250004B	10-JAN-2001	01-05-595A	02
05	IN	LAGRANGE COUNTY	1801250004B	19-JAN-2001	01-05-816A	02
05	IN	LAKE COUNTY	1801260105B	16-FEB-2001	00-05-6048A	01
05	IN	LAWRENCE, CITY OF	18097C0089E	06-JAN-2001	01-05-0898V	19
05	IN	LAWRENCE, CITY OF—USE CID 180159		06-JAN-2001	01-05-0898V	19
05	IN	LEBANON, CITY OF	1800130001D	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2313A	01
05	IN	LIBERTY, TOWNSHIP OF	1804880002A	23-MAR-2001	01-05-1241A	02
05	IN	LOWELL, TOWN OF	1801370005C	28-FEB-2001	01-05-531A	02
05	IN	MARION COUNTY	18097C0270E	16-MAY-2001	01-05-2266A	02
05	IN	MARSHALL COUNTY	1804430025B	09-FEB-2001	01-05-686A	02
05	IN	MOORESVILLE, TOWN OF	1803340003C	10-JAN-2001	01-05-431A	02
05	IN	MUNCIE, CITY OF	1800530002C	09-MAY-2001	01-05-2000A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	IN	MUNCIE, CITY OF	1800530003C	25-APR-2001	01-05-1317A	02
05	IN	MUNSTER, TOWN OF	1801390002B	06-APR-2001	01-05-781A	02
05	IN	MUNSTER, TOWN OF	1801390002B	18-APR-2001	00-05-5180A	02
05	IN	MUNSTER, TOWN OF	1801390002B	27-APR-2001	01-05-1500A	02
05	IN	NASHVILLE, TOWN OF	1800180001D	18-MAY-2001	01-05-490A	01
05	IN	NEW ALBANY, CITY OF	1800620012D	01-JUN-2001	01-05-1975A	02
05	IN	NEW HAVEN, CITY OF	18003C0285E	21-FEB-2001	01-05-1158A	02
05	IN	NEW HAVEN, CITY OF	18003C0285E	21-FEB-2001	01-05-1158A	02
05	IN	NEW HAVEN, CITY OF	18003C0285E	21-FEB-2001	01-05-1158A	02
05	IN	NEW HAVEN, CITY OF	18003C0285E	31-MAR-2001	00-05-187P	05
05	IN	NEW HAVEN, CITY OF	18003C0285E	31-MAR-2001	00-05-187P	05
05	IN	NEW HAVEN, CITY OF	18003C0295D	31-MAR-2001	00-05-187P	05
05	IN	NEW PROVIDENCE, TOWN OF	1804260100B	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2410A	02
05	IN	NEW PROVIDENCE, TOWN OF	1804640001A	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2410A	02
05	IN	NEWBURGH, TOWN OF	1802760001B	09-MAY-2001	01-05-1697A	02
05	IN	NEWBURGH, TOWN OF	1802760001B	09-MAY-2001	01-05-1697A	02
05	IN	NOBLE COUNTY	1801830075B	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2353A	02
05	IN	NOBLE COUNTY *	1801830075B	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2353A	02
05	IN	NOBLESVILLE, CITY OF	1800800100C	10-JAN-2001	01-05-0303A	02
05	IN	NOBLESVILLE, CITY OF	1800820005E	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2068A	02
05	IN	NOBLESVILLE, CITY OF	1800820005E	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2068A	02
05	IN	NOBLESVILLE, CITY OF	1800820015E	02-MAR-2001	01-05-1172A	02
05	IN	NOBLESVILLE, CITY OF	1800820015E	07-MAR-2001	01-05-002A	02
05	IN	NOBLESVILLE, CITY OF	1800820015E	10-JAN-2001	01-05-0303A	02
05	IN	NOBLESVILLE, CITY OF	1800820030E	04-APR-2001	01-05-0217A	01
05	IN	NOBLESVILLE, CITY OF	1800820030E	04-APR-2001	01-05-0217A	01
05	IN	NOBLESVILLE, CITY OF	1800820030E	04-APR-2001	01-05-0217A	01
05	IN	NOBLESVILLE, CITY OF	1800820030E	10-JAN-2001	01-05-0303A	02
05	IN	NOBLESVILLE, CITY OF	1800820030E	10-JAN-2001	01-05-350A	02
05	IN	NOBLESVILLE, CITY OF	1800820030E	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2022A	01
05	IN	NOBLESVILLE, CITY OF	1800820030E	25-JUN-2001	00-05-1990P	05
05	IN	NOBLESVILLE, CITY OF	1800820030E	25-JUN-2001	00-05-1990P	05
05	IN	PERRY COUNTY	1801950006B	08-JAN-2001	00-05-5584A	02
05	IN	PLYMOUTH, CITY OF	180164BI-01	16-MAR-2001	01-05-952A	02
05	IN	ROANOKE, TOWN OF	1800960001B	21-MAR-2001	01-05-610A	01
05	IN	SCHERERVILLE, TOWN OF	1801420005B	08-JAN-2001	00-05-011P	05
05	IN	SCHERERVILLE, TOWN OF	1801420005B	26-JUN-2001	01-05-757P	05
05	IN	SCHERERVILLE, TOWN OF	1801420005B	26-JUN-2001	01-05-757P	05
05	IN	SEYMOUR, CITY OF	1800990004C	07-MAR-2001	01-05-468A	02
05	IN	SEYMOUR, CITY OF	1800990004C	09-FEB-2001	01-05-650A	02
05	IN	SEYMOUR, CITY OF	1800990004C	16-MAY-2001	01-05-126A	01
05	IN	SEYMOUR, CITY OF	1800990004C	18-MAY-2001	01-05-2121A	02
05	IN	SEYMOUR, CITY OF	1800990004C	21-FEB-2001	01-05-099A	17
05	IN	SEYMOUR, CITY OF	1800990004C	21-FEB-2001	01-05-877A	02
05	IN	SHELBY COUNTY	1802350080B	11-APR-2001	01-05-1323A	02
05	IN	SOUTH BEND, CITY OF	1802310006C	21-MAR-2001	01-05-840A	02
05	IN	SOUTH BEND, CITY OF	1802310006C	22-JUN-2001	01-05-1337A	02
05	IN	SPEEDWAY, TOWN OF	18097C0117E	16-JAN-2001	01-05-0899V	19
05	IN	SPEEDWAY, TOWN OF—USE CID 180159		16-JAN-2001	01-05-0899V	19
05	IN	SPENCER COUNTY	1802370125A	04-APR-2001	00-05-5612A	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY	1802430025B	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2346A	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY	1802430025B	07-FEB-2001	01-05-0905A	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY	1802430025B	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1386A	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY	1802430025B	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1402A	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY	1802430025B	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2594A	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY	1802430025B	18-APR-2001	01-05-315A	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY	1802430025B	20-APR-2001	01-05-1700A	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY	1802430025B	28-FEB-2001	01-05-1045A	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY	1802430025B	31-JAN-2001	01-05-0942A	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY	1802430075B	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2370A	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY	1802430100B	02-MAR-2001	01-05-1163A	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY	1802430100B	18-APR-2001	01-05-1699A	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY*	1802430025B	04-APR-2001	01-05-1679A	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY*	1802430025B	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2346A	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY*	1802430025B	07-FEB-2001	01-05-0905A	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY*	1802430025B	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1386A	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY*	1802430025B	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1402A	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY*	1802430025B	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2594A	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY*	1802430025B	20-APR-2001	01-05-1700A	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY*	1802430025B	28-FEB-2001	01-05-1045A	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY*	1802430025B	31-JAN-2001	01-05-0942A	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY*	1802430075B	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2370A	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY*	1802430075B	24-JAN-2001	01-05-0914A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY*	1802430100B	02-MAR-2001	01-05-1163A	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY*	1802430100B	05-JAN-2001	01-05-0727X	02
05	IN	STEUBEN COUNTY*	1802430100B	18-APR-2001	01-05-1699A	02
05	IN	SYRACUSE, TOWN OF	18085C0031C	11-APR-2001	01-05-1442A	02
05	IN	SYRACUSE, TOWN OF	18085C0035C	07-FEB-2001	00-05-3808A	01
05	IN	TELL CITY, CITY OF	18019706B	08-JUN-2001	01-05-1256A	02
05	IN	TIPPECANOE COUNTY	1804280015B	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2170A	02
05	IN	TIPPECANOE COUNTY	1804280020B	04-APR-2001	01-05-1357A	02
05	IN	TIPPECANOE COUNTY	1804280030B	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2216A	01
05	IN	TIPPECANOE COUNTY	1804280050B	13-APR-2001	01-05-1458A	02
05	IN	TIPTON, CITY OF	1802550001C	22-JUN-2001	01-05-2250A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560015C	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2375A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560015C	11-MAY-2001	01-05-2082A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560015C	16-MAY-2001	01-05-2058A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560015C	18-APR-2001	01-05-1701A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560015C	21-FEB-2001	01-05-1152A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560015C	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2081A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560015C	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2345A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560025C	02-MAR-2001	00-05-243P	05
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560025C	02-MAR-2001	01-05-0676A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560025C	02-MAR-2001	01-05-1161A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560025C	02-MAR-2001	01-05-1394A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560025C	04-APR-2001	01-05-0762A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560025C	04-MAY-2001	01-05-2059A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560025C	04-MAY-2001	01-05-2060A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560025C	07-FEB-2001	01-05-0957A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560025C	07-FEB-2001	01-05-1138A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560025C	07-MAR-2001	01-05-1393A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560025C	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1392A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560025C	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2376A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560025C	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2387A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560025C	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2590A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560025C	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2591A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560025C	18-MAY-2001	01-05-2085A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560025C	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2593A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560025C	22-JUN-2001	01-05-2388A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560025C	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2084A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560025C	25-MAY-2001	01-05-2339A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560025C	27-APR-2001	01-05-2047A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560050B	02-JAN-2001	01-05-0675A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560050B	07-MAR-2001	01-05-1395A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560050B	28-FEB-2001	01-05-0903A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560055C	18-APR-2001	01-05-1702A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560075C	18-MAY-2001	01-05-2090A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560100B	02-FEB-2001	01-05-0944A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560100B	02-JAN-2001	00-05-3116A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560100B	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2377A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY	1802560100B	28-FEB-2001	01-05-0667A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560015C	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2375A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560015C	07-FEB-2001	01-05-0948A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560015C	11-MAY-2001	01-05-2082A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560015C	14-MAR-2001	01-05-1421A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560015C	16-MAY-2001	01-05-2058A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560015C	18-APR-2001	01-05-1701A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560015C	21-FEB-2001	01-05-1152A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560015C	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2081A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560015C	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2345A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	02-MAR-2001	01-05-0676A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	02-MAR-2001	01-05-1161A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	02-MAR-2001	01-05-1394A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	04-APR-2001	01-05-0762A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	04-MAY-2001	01-05-2059A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	04-MAY-2001	01-05-2060A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	05-JAN-2001	01-05-0770A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	05-JAN-2001	01-05-0771A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	07-FEB-2001	01-05-0957A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	07-FEB-2001	01-05-1138A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	07-MAR-2001	01-05-1393A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1392A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1408A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2376A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2387A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2590A	01

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2591A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	18-APR-2001	01-05-1665A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	18-MAY-2001	01-05-2085A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2593A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	22-JUN-2001	01-05-2388A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2084A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	24-JAN-2001	01-05-0912A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	25-MAY-2001	01-05-2339A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	27-APR-2001	01-05-2047A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560025C	30-MAR-2001	01-05-1432A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560050B	02-JAN-2001	01-05-0675A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560050B	07-MAR-2001	01-05-1395A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560050B	28-FEB-2001	01-05-0903A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560055C	05-JAN-2001	01-05-0560A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560055C	18-APR-2001	01-05-1702A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560075C	18-MAY-2001	01-05-2090A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560100B	02-FEB-2001	01-05-0944A	01
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560100B	02-JAN-2001	00-05-3116A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560100B	04-APR-2001	01-05-1666A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560100B	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2377A	02
05	IN	VANDERBURGH COUNTY *	1802560100B	28-FEB-2001	01-05-0667A	02
05	IN	VIGO COUNTY	1802630070B	08-JUN-2001	01-05-2189A	01
05	IN	WARRICK COUNTY	1804180175B	09-FEB-2001	00-05-5396A	01
05	IN	WARRICK COUNTY	1804180175B	21-FEB-2001	01-05-1150A	02
05	IN	WARRICK COUNTY *	1804180175B	09-FEB-2001	00-05-5396A	01
05	IN	WARRICK COUNTY *	1804180175B	21-FEB-2001	01-05-1150A	02
05	IN	WARRICK COUNTY *	1804180175B	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1664A	02
05	IN	WARRICK COUNTY *	1804180200B	20-APR-2001	01-05-1667A	01
05	IN	WARSAW, CITY OF	18085C0078C	14-FEB-2001	01-05-655A	02
05	IN	WARSAW, CITY OF	18085C0078C	28-MAR-2001	01-05-476A	02
05	IN	WAYNE COUNTY	1802800125B	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1103A	02
05	IN	WESTFIELD, TOWN OF	1800830015C	02-MAY-2001	01-05-1133A	01
05	IN	WESTFIELD, TOWN OF	1800830015C	02-MAY-2001	01-05-1133A	01
05	IN	WESTFIELD, TOWN OF	1800830015C	14-FEB-2001	00-05-0030A	01
05	IN	WESTFIELD, TOWN OF	1800830015C	14-FEB-2001	00-05-0030A	01
05	IN	WHITE COUNTY	1804470002B	23-MAY-2001	01-05-1565A	02
05	IN	WHITE COUNTY	1804470002C	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2457A	02
05	IN	WHITE COUNTY	1804470002C	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1083A	02
05	IN	WHITE COUNTY	1804470005C	01-JUN-2001	01-05-2195A	02
05	IN	WHITE COUNTY	1804470005C	04-APR-2001	01-05-1362A	02
05	IN	WHITLEY COUNTY	1802980001B	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1121A	02
05	IN	WHITLEY COUNTY	1802980001B	17-JAN-2001	00-05-6094A	02
05	IN	WHITLEY COUNTY	1802980002B	02-FEB-2001	01-05-0248A	08
05	IN	WHITLEY COUNTY	1802980002B	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2294A	02
05	IN	WHITLEY COUNTY	1802980002B	11-APR-2001	01-05-1353A	02
05	IN	WHITLEY COUNTY	1802980002B	13-APR-2001	00-05-5892A	02
05	MI	ADRIAN, TOWNSHIP OF	2607320016A	11-APR-2001	01-05-1225A	02
05	MI	ADRIAN, TOWNSHIP OF	2607320016A	25-MAY-2001	01-05-2180A	02
05	MI	ALPENA, TOWNSHIP OF	2600110020B	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2148A	02
05	MI	ASH, TOWNSHIP OF	26115C0095D	04-APR-2001	00-05-6042A	02
05	MI	AUGRES, TOWNSHIP OF	2600130010B	16-FEB-2001	01-05-791A	02
05	MI	BALDWIN, TOWNSHIP OF	2600990016D	04-MAY-2001	01-05-1831A	02
05	MI	BANGOR, TOWNSHIP OF	26017C0140D	13-APR-2001	01-05-1515A	02
05	MI	BAY MILLS, TOWNSHIP OF	2603740050B	09-MAR-2001	01-05-035A	02
05	MI	BAY MILLS, TOWNSHIP OF	2603740050B	14-FEB-2001	00-05-5866A	02
05	MI	BEAUGRAND, TOWNSHIP OF	2606460001B	04-APR-2001	01-05-119A	02
05	MI	BEAUGRAND, TOWNSHIP OF	2606460002A	04-APR-2001	01-05-1039A	02
05	MI	BEAUGRAND, TOWNSHIP OF	2606460002B	11-APR-2001	01-05-626A	02
05	MI	BEDFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	2600520005B	24-JAN-2001	01-05-513A	02
05	MI	BEDFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	26115C0364D	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1093A	02
05	MI	BEDFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	26115C0364D	21-FEB-2001	01-05-434A	02
05	MI	BEDFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	26115C0365D	23-FEB-2001	00-05-6080A	01
05	MI	BEDFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	26115C0476D	07-FEB-2001	01-05-779A	02
05	MI	BEDFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	26115C0477D	23-FEB-2001	01-05-111A	02
05	MI	BRIDGEPORT, CHARTER TOWNSHIP OF	26145C0195D	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2012A	02
05	MI	BROWNSTOWN, CHARTERED TOWNSHIP OF	2602180005D	03-JAN-2001	01-05-324A	02
05	MI	BROWNSTOWN, CHARTERED TOWNSHIP OF	2602180005D	19-JAN-2001	01-05-487A	02
05	MI	BROWNSTOWN, CHARTERED TOWNSHIP OF	2602180010B	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2314A	02
05	MI	BROWNSTOWN, CHARTERED TOWNSHIP OF	2602180015B	22-JUN-2001	01-05-1995A	01
05	MI	BUENA VISTA, TOWNSHIP OF	26145C0085D	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1190A	02
05	MI	CADILLAC, CITY OF	26165C0452C	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2653A	02
05	MI	CANNON, TOWNSHIP OF	2607340025A	11-APR-2001	01-05-1534A	02
05	MI	CANNON, TOWNSHIP OF	2607340025A	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2070A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	MI	CANNON, TOWNSHIP OF	2607340025A	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2070A	02
05	MI	CANTON, TOWNSHIP OF	2602190006B	02-JAN-2001	00-05-379P	05
05	MI	CANTON, TOWNSHIP OF	2602190006B	03-JAN-2001	00-05-379P	05
05	MI	CANTON, TOWNSHIP OF	2602190009B	24-JAN-2001	00-05-3838A	08
05	MI	CASCADE CHARTER, TOWNSHIP OF	2608140025A	26-JAN-2001	01-05-0133A	02
05	MI	CASCADE CHARTER, TOWNSHIP OF	2608140025A	26-JAN-2001	01-05-0133A	02
05	MI	CASCADE CHARTER, TOWNSHIP OF	2608140025A	27-APR-2001	01-05-0767A	02
05	MI	CASCADE CHARTER, TOWNSHIP OF	2608140025A	27-APR-2001	01-05-0767A	02
05	MI	CASEVILLE, TOWNSHIP OF	2602570002A	07-MAR-2001	01-05-1041A	02
05	MI	CHERRY GROVE, TOWNSHIP OF	26165C0451C	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2026A	02
05	MI	CHESTERFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	2601200005B	27-APR-2001	01-05-1056A	02
05	MI	CHESTERFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	2601200010B	21-FEB-2001	01-05-499A	02
05	MI	CHESTERFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	2601200010B	28-MAR-2001	01-05-003A	02
05	MI	CHIKAMING, TOWNSHIP OF	2602580002B	12-JAN-2001	00-05-5408A	02
05	MI	CLAY, TOWNSHIP OF	2601940003B	23-FEB-2001	01-05-789A	02
05	MI	CLINTON, TOWNSHIP OF	2601210005E	01-JUN-2001	01-05-2004A	02
05	MI	CLINTON, TOWNSHIP OF	2601210010E	18-APR-2001	01-05-698A	17
05	MI	COLDWATER, TOWNSHIP OF	2608260005A	02-MAR-2001	01-05-1004A	02
05	MI	COLDWATER, TOWNSHIP OF	2608260005A	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1214A	02
05	MI	COLDWATER, TOWNSHIP OF	2608260010A	11-APR-2001	01-05-1556A	02
05	MI	COLDWATER, TOWNSHIP OF	2608260010A	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2474A	02
05	MI	COLDWATER, TOWNSHIP OF	2608260010A	25-MAY-2001	01-05-2172A	02
05	MI	COLDWATER, TOWNSHIP OF	2608260010A	27-APR-2001	01-05-1931A	02
05	MI	COLOMA, TOWNSHIP OF	2600340005B	09-FEB-2001	01-05-607A	02
05	MI	COMMERCE, TOWNSHIP OF	2604730010B	22-JUN-2001	01-05-1677A	02
05	MI	COMSTOCK, TOWNSHIP OF	2604270002A	07-MAR-2001	01-05-158A	02
05	MI	COMSTOCK, TOWNSHIP OF	2604270002A	21-MAR-2001	01-05-688A	02
05	MI	CORUNNA, CITY OF	2606020001A	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2248A	02
05	MI	DAVISON, TOWNSHIP OF	2606640005B	03-JAN-2001	00-05-6256A	01
05	MI	DEARBORN HEIGHTS, CITY OF	2602210007C	06-APR-2001	01-05-1687A	02
05	MI	DEARBORN HEIGHTS, CITY OF	2602210007C	09-MAY-2001	01-05-1374A	02
05	MI	DEARBORN HEIGHTS, CITY OF	2602210007C	12-JAN-2001	01-05-0455A	02
05	MI	DEARBORN HEIGHTS, CITY OF	2602210007C	12-JAN-2001	01-05-0455A	02
05	MI	DEARBORN HEIGHTS, CITY OF	2602210007C	21-FEB-2001	01-05-1020A	02
05	MI	DEARBORN HEIGHTS, CITY OF	2602210007C	23-FEB-2001	01-05-0523A	08
05	MI	DEERFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	26073C0305C	11-APR-2001	01-05-1364A	02
05	MI	DELTA, CHARTER TOWNSHIP OF	2600660005D	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2330A	02
05	MI	DETOUR, TOWNSHIP OF	2607750001A	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2304A	02
05	MI	DRUMMOND ISLAND, TOWNSHIP OF	2608030075A	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2183A	02
05	MI	DRUMMOND ISLAND, TOWNSHIP OF	2608030100A	08-JUN-2001	01-05-2312A	02
05	MI	EAST CHINA, TOWNSHIP OF	2601970005B	04-APR-2001	01-05-519A	02
05	MI	EAST LANSING, CITY OF	2600890005B	11-APR-2001	01-05-1537A	02
05	MI	EAST TAWAS, CITY OF	2601000001C	18-MAY-2001	01-05-2001A	02
05	MI	ERIE, TOWNSHIP OF	26115C0502D	04-APR-2001	01-05-782A	02
05	MI	FABIUS, TOWNSHIP OF	2607810025A	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2473A	02
05	MI	FABIUS, TOWNSHIP OF	2607810025A	22-JUN-2001	01-05-2566A	02
05	MI	FARMINGTON HILLS, CITY OF	2601720002C	11-MAY-2001	01-05-1692A	02
05	MI	FARMINGTON HILLS, CITY OF	2601720002C	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2383A	02
05	MI	FARMINGTON HILLS, CITY OF	2601720002C	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2383A	02
05	MI	FARMINGTON HILLS, CITY OF	2601720002C	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2158A	02
05	MI	FARMINGTON HILLS, CITY OF	2601720002C	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2158A	02
05	MI	FARMINGTON HILLS, CITY OF	2601720003C	17-JAN-2001	01-05-0557A	02
05	MI	FARMINGTON HILLS, CITY OF	2601720003C	17-JAN-2001	01-05-0557A	02
05	MI	FARMINGTON HILLS, CITY OF	2601720003C	23-MAR-2001	01-05-1431A	02
05	MI	FARMINGTON HILLS, CITY OF	2601720003C	30-MAY-2001	01-05-2355A	02
05	MI	FARMINGTON HILLS, CITY OF	2601720003C	30-MAY-2001	01-05-2355A	02
05	MI	FARMINGTON HILLS, CITY OF	2601720004C	14-MAR-2001	01-05-1169A	17
05	MI	FARMINGTON HILLS, CITY OF	2601720004C	14-MAR-2001	01-05-1169A	17
05	MI	FARMINGTON HILLS, CITY OF	2601720006C	07-FEB-2001	01-05-0331A	02
05	MI	FARMINGTON HILLS, CITY OF	2601720006C	07-FEB-2001	01-05-0331A	02
05	MI	FARMINGTON HILLS, CITY OF	2601720006C	21-FEB-2001	01-05-0932A	02
05	MI	FARMINGTON HILLS, CITY OF	2601720006C	21-FEB-2001	01-05-0932A	02
05	MI	FENTON, TOWNSHIP OF	2603940006B	20-APR-2001	01-05-1060A	02
05	MI	FENTON, TOWNSHIP OF	2603940011B	30-MAY-2001	01-05-1262A	02
05	MI	FERRYSBURG, CITY OF	2601840001B	20-APR-2001	01-05-1200A	02
05	MI	FLAT ROCK, CITY OF	2602240003B	21-MAR-2001	01-05-817A	02
05	MI	FLAT ROCK, CITY OF	2602240005B	04-APR-2001	01-05-1252A	17
05	MI	FLAT ROCK, CITY OF	2602240005B	14-MAR-2001	01-05-120A	02
05	MI	FORK, TOWNSHIP OF	2606330017A	28-MAR-2001	01-05-712A	02
05	MI	FRANKENLUST, TOWNSHIP OF	26017C0200D	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2311A	17
05	MI	FRANKENMUTH, TOWNSHIP OF	26145C0205D	04-APR-2001	01-05-259A	02
05	MI	FRASER, CITY OF	2601220001B	01-JUN-2001	01-05-2112A	02
05	MI	FRASER, CITY OF	2601220001B	16-MAY-2001	01-05-2201A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	MI	FRASER, CITY OF	2601220001B	18-APR-2001	01-05-800A	02
05	MI	FRASER, CITY OF	2601220001B	23-MAR-2001	01-05-969A	02
05	MI	FRASER, CITY OF	2601220001B	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1269A	02
05	MI	FRASER, CITY OF	2601220001B	28-MAR-2001	01-05-846A	02
05	MI	FRENCHTOWN, TOWNSHIP OF	26115C0258D	02-FEB-2001	01-05-527A	02
05	MI	FRENDONIA, TOWNSHIP OF	26056206A	16-MAY-2001	01-05-1968A	02
05	MI	FRENDONIA, TOWNSHIP OF	26056208A	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2193A	02
05	MI	GEORGETOWN, CHARTER TOWNSHIP OF	2605890005B	03-JAN-2001	00-05-3794A	08
05	MI	GEORGETOWN, CHARTER TOWNSHIP OF	2605890005B	13-JUN-2001	01-05-1460A	17
05	MI	GEORGETOWN, CHARTER TOWNSHIP OF	2605890005B	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2472A	02
05	MI	GRAND HAVEN, TOWNSHIP OF	2602700005B	16-FEB-2001	01-05-841A	02
05	MI	GRAND HAVEN, TOWNSHIP OF	2602700005B	25-APR-2001	01-05-1547A	02
05	MI	GRAND HAVEN, TOWNSHIP OF	2602700005B	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2550A	02
05	MI	GRANDVILLE, CITY OF		10-JAN-2001	01-05-0138A	02
05	MI	GRANDVILLE, CITY OF	2602710003B	10-JAN-2001	01-05-0138A	02
05	MI	GRANDVILLE, CITY OF	2602710004B	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1336A	02
05	MI	GREEN OAK, TOWNSHIP OF	2604400015B	11-APR-2001	01-05-1107A	02
05	MI	GREEN OAK, TOWNSHIP OF	2604400020B	24-JAN-2001	01-05-720A	02
05	MI	GREENBUSH, TOWNSHIP OF	2600010004C	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2255A	02
05	MI	GREENBUSH, TOWNSHIP OF	2600010004C	07-FEB-2001	01-05-777A	02
05	MI	GREENBUSH, TOWNSHIP OF	2600010004C	09-FEB-2001	01-05-514A	02
05	MI	GREENBUSH, TOWNSHIP OF	2600010004C	14-FEB-2001	01-05-808A	02
05	MI	GREENBUSH, TOWNSHIP OF	2600010007C	21-FEB-2001	01-05-255A	02
05	MI	GREENBUSH, TOWNSHIP OF	2600010007C	21-FEB-2001	01-05-479A	02
05	MI	GREENBUSH, TOWNSHIP OF	2600010007C	26-JAN-2001	01-05-034A	02
05	MI	GROSSE ILE, TOWNSHIP OF	2602270010B	04-APR-2001	01-05-1348A	02
05	MI	HAMPTON, TOWNSHIP OF	26017C0190D	16-MAY-2001	01-05-260A	01
05	MI	HARRISON, TOWNSHIP OF	2601230005C	04-APR-2001	01-05-583A	02
05	MI	HARRISON, TOWNSHIP OF	2601230005C	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2212A	02
05	MI	HARRISON, TOWNSHIP OF	2601230005C	09-MAY-2001	01-05-1270A	02
05	MI	HARRISON, TOWNSHIP OF	2601230005C	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2419A	02
05	MI	HARRISON, TOWNSHIP OF	2601230005C	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2535A	02
05	MI	HARRISON, TOWNSHIP OF	2601230005C	28-MAR-2001	01-05-501A	02
05	MI	HARRISON, TOWNSHIP OF	2601230010C	08-JUN-2001	01-05-2151A	02
05	MI	HARRISON, TOWNSHIP OF	2601230010C	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2093A	02
05	MI	HARRISON, TOWNSHIP OF	2601230010C	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2245A	02
05	MI	HARRISON, TOWNSHIP OF	2601230010C	18-APR-2001	01-05-1370A	02
05	MI	HARRISON, TOWNSHIP OF	2601230010C	25-APR-2001	01-05-1324A	02
05	MI	HIGHLAND, TOWNSHIP OF	2606500010A	07-MAR-2001	01-05-663A	02
05	MI	IDA, TOWNSHIP OF	26115C0200D	25-APR-2001	01-05-326A	02
05	MI	IDA, TOWNSHIP OF	26115C0215D	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2106A	02
05	MI	INDEPENDENCE, TOWNSHIP OF	2604750006B	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2063A	02
05	MI	INDEPENDENCE, TOWNSHIP OF	2604750006B	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2063A	02
05	MI	INDEPENDENCE, TOWNSHIP OF	2604750008B	28-FEB-2001	01-05-0946A	02
05	MI	INDEPENDENCE, TOWNSHIP OF	2604750008B	28-FEB-2001	01-05-0946A	02
05	MI	JAMES, TOWNSHIP OF	26145C0125D	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2120A	02
05	MI	JAMES, TOWNSHIP OF	26145C0130D	01-JUN-2001	01-05-1280A	02
05	MI	JAMES, TOWNSHIP OF	26145C0130D	23-FEB-2001	01-05-972A	02
05	MI	JAMES, TOWNSHIP OF	26145C0130D	28-FEB-2001	01-05-982A	02
05	MI	JAMES, TOWNSHIP OF	26145C0185D	21-MAR-2001	01-05-959A	02
05	MI	JOHNSTOWN, TOWNSHIP OF	26035507A	15-JUN-2001	01-05-1254A	02
05	MI	KEEGO HARBOR, CITY OF	2601730001B	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2150A	02
05	MI	KEEGO HARBOR, CITY OF	2601730001B	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2150A	02
05	MI	L'ANSE, VILLAGE OF	26055201A	20-JUN-2001	01-05-1996A	02
05	MI	L'ANSE, VILLAGE OF	260552A	04-APR-2001	01-05-1295A	02
05	MI	LANSING, CITY OF	2600900006B	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2261A	02
05	MI	LEELANAU, TOWNSHIP OF	26011411B	23-MAR-2001	01-05-830A	02
05	MI	LEELANAU, TOWNSHIP OF	260114B07	16-MAR-2001	01-05-483A	02
05	MI	LOCKPORT, TOWNSHIP OF	2607150005B	10-JAN-2001	01-05-478A	02
05	MI	LOCKPORT, TOWNSHIP OF	2607150010B	03-JAN-2001	01-05-354A	02
05	MI	LONDON, TOWNSHIP OF	26115C0045D	06-APR-2001	01-05-1276A	02
05	MI	LONG LAKE, TOWNSHIP OF	2607820025A	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1095A	02
05	MI	LUNA PIER, CITY OF	26115C0387D	02-MAY-2001	01-05-1097A	02
05	MI	MACOMB, TOWNSHIP OF	2604450010B	02-MAY-2001	01-05-1117A	02
05	MI	MACOMB, TOWNSHIP OF	2604450010B	07-MAR-2001	01-05-1046A	02
05	MI	MACOMB, TOWNSHIP OF	2604450010B	11-APR-2001	01-05-1506A	02
05	MI	MACOMB, TOWNSHIP OF	2604450010B	17-JAN-2001	00-05-4976A	02
05	MI	MACOMB, TOWNSHIP OF	2604450010B	30-MAR-2001	01-05-191A	02
05	MI	MACOMB, TOWNSHIP OF	2604450020B	18-APR-2001	01-05-185A	01
05	MI	MACOMB, TOWNSHIP OF	2604450020B	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2672A	02
05	MI	MANISTEE, TOWNSHIP OF	2601320005B	22-JUN-2001	01-05-2438A	02
05	MI	MARENGO, TOWNSHIP OF	2605630010A	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2291A	02
05	MI	MASONVILLE, TOWNSHIP OF	26041C0437C	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1125A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	MI	MENDON, TOWNSHIP OF	2605130020B	23-MAR-2001	01-05-1213A	02
05	MI	MENOMINEE, CITY OF	2601380005B	25-APR-2001	01-05-1467A	02
05	MI	MENOMINEE, TOWNSHIP OF	2607020015B	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2256A	02
05	MI	MENOMINEE, TOWNSHIP OF	2607020030B	01-JUN-2001	01-05-2188A	02
05	MI	MERIDIAN, CHARTER TOWNSHIP OF	2600930010B	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2224A	02
05	MI	MERIDIAN, CHARTER TOWNSHIP OF	2600930010B	21-FEB-2001	01-05-978A	02
05	MI	MERIDIAN, CHARTER TOWNSHIP OF	2600930010B	27-APR-2001	01-05-2015A	02
05	MI	MERIDIAN, CHARTER TOWNSHIP OF	2600930013B	02-MAR-2001	01-05-991A	02
05	MI	MERIDIAN, CHARTER TOWNSHIP OF	2600930013B	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1085A	02
05	MI	MERIDIAN, CHARTER TOWNSHIP OF	2600930013B	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2279A	02
05	MI	MERIDIAN, CHARTER TOWNSHIP OF	2600930015B	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2271A	02
05	MI	MERIDIAN, CHARTER TOWNSHIP OF	2600930015B	16-MAY-2001	01-05-2133A	17
05	MI	MERIDIAN, CHARTER TOWNSHIP OF	2600930015B	18-MAY-2001	01-05-1965A	02
05	MI	MIDLAND, CITY OF	2601400007D	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2363A	02
05	MI	MIDLAND, CITY OF	2601400007D	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2363A	02
05	MI	MONROE COUNTY	26115C0355D	09-FEB-2001	01-05-317A	02
05	MI	MONROE, TOWNSHIP OF	26115C0237D	30-MAR-2001	01-05-482A	01
05	MI	MONROE, TOWNSHIP OF	26115C0241D	14-MAR-2001	01-05-691A	02
05	MI	MONROE, TOWNSHIP OF	26115C0243D	14-MAR-2001	01-05-691A	02
05	MI	MONROE, TOWNSHIP OF	26115C0244D	11-APR-2001	01-05-1126A	02
05	MI	MONROE, TOWNSHIP OF	26115C0382D	11-APR-2001	01-05-1126A	02
05	MI	NAHMA, TOWNSHIP OF	26041C0100C	28-FEB-2001	01-05-507A	02
05	MI	NEW BALTIMORE, CITY OF		08-JUN-2001	01-05-265P	05
05	MI	NEW BALTIMORE, CITY OF	2601250005B	08-JUN-2001	01-05-265P	05
05	MI	NORTHFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	2606350005A	13-APR-2001	01-05-108A	02
05	MI	NORTHFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	2606350005A	24-JAN-2001	01-05-345A	02
05	MI	NORVELL, TOWNSHIP OF	260424A03	07-MAR-2001	01-05-529A	02
05	MI	NOTTAWA, TOWNSHIP OF	26073C0165C	01-JUN-2001	01-05-785A	01
05	MI	NOTTAWA, TOWNSHIP OF	26073C0165C	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2276A	02
05	MI	NOTTAWA, TOWNSHIP OF	26073C0175C	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2276A	02
05	MI	NOTTAWA, TOWNSHIP OF	26073C0175C	16-FEB-2001	01-05-362A	01
05	MI	NOVI, CITY OF	2601750005C	21-FEB-2001	01-05-253A	02
05	MI	NOVI, CITY OF	2601750007C	12-JAN-2001	00-05-357P	05
05	MI	NOVI, CITY OF	2601750007C	12-JAN-2001	00-05-357P	05
05	MI	NOVI, CITY OF	2601750008C	09-FEB-2001	00-05-5280A	01
05	MI	NOVI, CITY OF	2601750008C	09-FEB-2001	00-05-5280A	01
05	MI	NOVI, CITY OF	2601750009C	12-JAN-2001	00-05-357P	05
05	MI	ONEIDA, TOWNSHIP OF	2600700008B	16-MAY-2001	01-05-984A	02
05	MI	ONOTA, TOWNSHIP OF	2603450025B	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2029A	02
05	MI	OSCODA, TOWNSHIP OF	2601010050C	07-FEB-2001	01-05-815A	02
05	MI	OWOSSO, CITY OF		02-MAR-2001	00-05-155P	05
05	MI	OWOSSO, CITY OF	2605960001A	02-MAR-2001	00-05-155P	05
05	MI	OWOSSO, TOWNSHIP OF	2608090005A	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2389A	02
05	MI	OWOSSO, TOWNSHIP OF	2608090005A	27-APR-2001	01-05-146A	02
05	MI	PARK, TOWNSHIP OF	2601850001B	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1008A	02
05	MI	PENTWATER, TOWNSHIP OF	2601830001B	02-MAY-2001	01-05-1025A	02
05	MI	PLYMOUTH, TOWNSHIP OF	2602370005C	20-JUN-2001	01-05-1504A	02
05	MI	PORTAGE, CITY OF	2605770002A	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2274A	02
05	MI	PORTAGE, CITY OF	2605770006A	10-JAN-2001	00-05-6034A	01
05	MI	PORTAGE, CITY OF	2605770006A	16-FEB-2001	01-05-880A	02
05	MI	READING, TOWNSHIP OF	2604100002A	25-APR-2001	01-05-1334A	02
05	MI	REDFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	2602380005B	09-MAR-2001	01-05-578A	02
05	MI	RIVERVIEW, CITY OF	2602400005C	03-JAN-2001	00-05-6286A	02
05	MI	ROCHESTER HILLS, CITY OF	2604710015B	11-APR-2001	01-05-1520A	02
05	MI	ROCKWOOD, CITY OF	2602410005B	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2494A	02
05	MI	SAGINAW COUNTY	26145C0080D	14-FEB-2001	01-05-666A	02
05	MI	SAGINAW, CITY OF	26145C0085D	16-MAY-2001	01-05-617A	01
05	MI	SHELBY, TOWNSHIP OF	2601260010B	07-FEB-2001	01-05-661A	02
05	MI	SHELBY, TOWNSHIP OF	2601260010B	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2506A	02
05	MI	SHELBY, TOWNSHIP OF	2601260020B	18-MAY-2001	01-05-436A	02
05	MI	SHELBY, TOWNSHIP OF	2601260020B	27-APR-2001	01-05-1199A	02
05	MI	SOUTH ROCKWOOD, VILLAGE OF	26115C0117D	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2581A	01
05	MI	SOUTHFIELD, CITY OF	2601790010B	20-JUN-2001	01-05-1754A	02
05	MI	SOUTHFIELD, CITY OF	2601790010B	20-JUN-2001	01-05-1754A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	01-JUN-2001	01-05-1967A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	01-JUN-2001	01-05-2182A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	02-MAR-2001	01-05-810A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	04-APR-2001	01-05-1372A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	04-APR-2001	01-05-1438A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	04-MAY-2001	01-05-1969A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2140A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2156A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2285A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	07-FEB-2001	01-05-526A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1062A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1098A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	10-JAN-2001	01-05-090A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	11-APR-2001	01-05-1359A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	11-APR-2001	01-05-1453A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2155A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	14-MAR-2001	01-05-825A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	16-FEB-2001	01-05-955A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	16-MAR-2001	01-05-802A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	16-MAY-2001	01-05-2094A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	16-MAY-2001	01-05-2095A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	16-MAY-2001	01-05-2097A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	18-MAY-2001	01-05-708A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2162A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	21-FEB-2001	01-05-963A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	21-FEB-2001	01-05-975A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1184A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	22-JUN-2001	01-05-2553A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	25-APR-2001	01-05-1482A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	27-APR-2001	01-05-1963A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2487A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2584A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1186A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1263A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1301A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	2601270005B	28-MAR-2001	01-05-297A	02
05	MI	ST. CLAIR SHORES, CITY OF	260127005B	25-APR-2001	01-05-1034A	02
05	MI	STERLING HEIGHTS, CITY OF	2601280010E	30-MAY-2001	00-05-111P	05
05	MI	STERLING HEIGHTS, CITY OF	2601280010E	30-MAY-2001	00-05-111P	05
05	MI	STERLING HEIGHTS, CITY OF	2601280015F	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2257A	02
05	MI	STERLING HEIGHTS, CITY OF	2601280015F	14-FEB-2001	01-05-196A	02
05	MI	STERLING HEIGHTS, CITY OF	2601280015F	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2192A	02
05	MI	STERLING HEIGHTS, CITY OF	2601280015F	18-APR-2001	01-05-161A	02
05	MI	STERLING HEIGHTS, CITY OF	2601280015F	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2157A	02
05	MI	SUMPTER, TOWNSHIP OF	2602430005C	18-APR-2001	01-05-1289A	02
05	MI	SWARTZ CREEK, CITY OF	2600800001B	26-JAN-2001	99-05-6954A	17
05	MI	SWARTZ CREEK, CITY OF	2600800001B	26-JAN-2001	99-05-6954A	17
05	MI	TAYMOUTH, TOWNSHIP OF	26145C0250D	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2018A	02
05	MI	THOMAS, TOWNSHIP OF	26145C0125D	28-MAR-2001	01-05-818A	02
05	MI	THOMAS, TOWNSHIP OF	26145C0130D	04-MAY-2001	01-05-594A	02
05	MI	THOMAS, TOWNSHIP OF	26145C0130D	21-FEB-2001	01-05-958A	02
05	MI	TORCH LAKE, TOWNSHIP OF	2604140025B	17-JAN-2001	01-05-700A	02
05	MI	TROY, CITY OF	2601800002D	07-FEB-2001	01-05-0456A	17
05	MI	TROY, CITY OF	2601800002D	07-FEB-2001	01-05-0456A	17
05	MI	TROY, CITY OF	2601800002D	11-APR-2001	01-05-1425A	01
05	MI	TROY, CITY OF	2601800002D	22-JUN-2001	01-05-2601A	02
05	MI	TROY, CITY OF	2601800002D	22-JUN-2001	01-05-2601A	02
05	MI	TROY, CITY OF	2601800003E	17-JAN-2001	01-05-0040A	02
05	MI	TROY, CITY OF	2601800003E	17-JAN-2001	01-05-0040A	02
05	MI	TROY, CITY OF	2601800004E	16-MAY-2001	00-05-5746A	17
05	MI	TROY, CITY OF	2601800004E	16-MAY-2001	00-05-5746A	17
05	MI	TROY, CITY OF	2601800004E	19-JAN-2001	01-05-0755A	02
05	MI	TROY, CITY OF	2601800004E	19-JAN-2001	01-05-0755A	02
05	MI	TROY, CITY OF	2601800004E	23-FEB-2001	01-05-0943A	17
05	MI	TROY, CITY OF	2601800004E	23-FEB-2001	01-05-0943A	17
05	MI	TROY, CITY OF	2601800004E	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2051A	02
05	MI	TROY, CITY OF	2601800004E	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2051A	02
05	MI	TROY, CITY OF	2601800004E	25-MAY-2001	01-05-2049A	02
05	MI	TROY, CITY OF	2601800004E	25-MAY-2001	01-05-2049A	02
05	MI	TROY, CITY OF	2601800004E	27-APR-2001	01-05-1663A	02
05	MI	TROY, CITY OF	2601800004E	28-FEB-2001	01-05-0902A	02
05	MI	TROY, CITY OF	2601800004E	28-FEB-2001	01-05-0902A	02
05	MI	TROY, CITY OF	2601800006E	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2103A	02
05	MI	TROY, CITY OF	2601800006E	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2103A	02
05	MI	TROY, CITY OF	2601800006E	21-FEB-2001	01-05-0088A	02
05	MI	TROY, CITY OF	2601800006E	21-FEB-2001	01-05-0088A	02
05	MI	UNION, TOWNSHIP OF	2608050025A	08-JAN-2001	00-05-5418A	02
05	MI	UNION, TOWNSHIP OF	2608050025A	20-APR-2001	01-05-086A	02
05	MI	WARREN, CITY OF	2601290010C	25-APR-2001	01-05-706A	02
05	MI	WASHINGTON, TOWNSHIP OF	2604470015A	23-FEB-2001	00-05-3676A	02
05	MI	WASHINGTON, TOWNSHIP OF	2604470015A	23-FEB-2001	00-05-3676A	02
05	MI	WATERFORD, CHARTER TOWNSHIP OF	2602840010B	17-JAN-2001	01-05-0558A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	MI	WATERFORD, CHARTER TOWNSHIP OF	2602840010B	17-JAN-2001	01-05-0558A	02
05	MI	WATERFORD, CHARTER TOWNSHIP OF	2602840010B	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2042A	02
05	MI	WATERFORD, CHARTER TOWNSHIP OF	2602840010B	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2042A	02
05	MI	WATERFORD, CHARTER TOWNSHIP OF	2602840010B	27-APR-2001	01-05-1674A	02
05	MI	WHITE LAKE, TOWNSHIP OF	2604790005B	07-FEB-2001	01-05-792A	02
05	MI	WHITE LAKE, TOWNSHIP OF	2604790005B	10-JAN-2001	00-05-6092A	02
05	MI	WHITE LAKE, TOWNSHIP OF	2604790010B	21-FEB-2001	01-05-0923A	02
05	MI	WHITE LAKE, TOWNSHIP OF	2604790010B	21-FEB-2001	01-05-0923A	02
05	MI	WHITE LAKE, TOWNSHIP OF	2604790010B	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2354A	02
05	MI	WHITE LAKE, TOWNSHIP OF	2604790010B	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2354A	02
05	MI	WHITEWATER, TOWNSHIP OF	2607940025A	16-FEB-2001	01-05-147A	02
05	MI	WOLVERINE LAKE, VILLAGE OF	260480 A	01-JUN-2001	01-05-1972A	02
05	MI	WOLVERINE LAKE, VILLAGE OF	2604809999A	26-JAN-2001	01-05-0023A	02
05	MI	WOLVERINE LAKE, VILLAGE OF	2604809999A	26-JAN-2001	01-05-0023A	02
05	MI	WOLVERINE LAKE, VILLAGE OF	260480A	01-JUN-2001	01-05-1972A	02
05	MI	WOLVERINE LAKE, VILLAGE OF	260480A01	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1239A	02
05	MI	WOODHAVEN, CITY OF	2607300005A	14-MAR-2001	01-05-467A	02
05	MI	WYOMING, CITY OF	2601110015C	02-FEB-2001	01-05-0243A	01
05	MI	WYOMING, CITY OF	2601110015C	02-FEB-2001	01-05-0243A	01
05	MN	AITKIN COUNTY	2706280205C	02-MAY-2001	01-05-1951A	02
05	MN	ALBERT LEA, CITY OF	2701350001B	14-FEB-2001	01-05-1006A	02
05	MN	ANDOVER, CITY OF	2706890015B	13-APR-2001	01-05-1049A	02
05	MN	ANDOVER, CITY OF	2706890015B	25-APR-2001	01-05-177A	02
05	MN	ANOKA COUNTY	2700050050A	09-MAR-2001	01-05-974A	02
05	MN	ANOKA COUNTY	2700050050A	09-MAR-2001	01-05-983A	02
05	MN	AUSTIN, CITY OF	2752280004B	16-FEB-2001	01-05-826A	02
05	MN	BENTON COUNTY	2700190025B	19-JAN-2001	00-05-5520A	02
05	MN	BENTON COUNTY	2700190050B	02-FEB-2001	01-05-704A	02
05	MN	BENTON COUNTY	2700190100C	02-FEB-2001	01-05-704A	02
05	MN	BLAINE, CITY OF		17-JAN-2001	01-05-0101A	02
05	MN	BLAINE, CITY OF	2700070005C	07-MAR-2001	01-05-1165A	02
05	MN	BLAINE, CITY OF	2700070005C	07-MAR-2001	01-05-1165A	02
05	MN	BLAINE, CITY OF	2700070005C	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1162A	02
05	MN	BLAINE, CITY OF	2700070005C	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1162A	02
05	MN	BLAINE, CITY OF	2700070005C	13-JUN-2001	00-05-4972A	01
05	MN	BLAINE, CITY OF	2700070005C	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2374A	02
05	MN	BLAINE, CITY OF	2700070005C	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2374A	02
05	MN	BLAINE, CITY OF	2700070005C	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1420A	02
05	MN	BLAINE, CITY OF	2700070005C	16-MAY-2001	01-05-1422A	01
05	MN	BLAINE, CITY OF	2700070005C	17-JAN-2001	01-05-0101A	02
05	MN	BLAINE, CITY OF	2700070005C	21-FEB-2001	01-05-0033A	02
05	MN	BLAINE, CITY OF	2700070005C	21-FEB-2001	01-05-0033A	02
05	MN	BLAINE, CITY OF	2700070005C	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1156A	01
05	MN	BLAINE, CITY OF	2700070005C	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1156A	01
05	MN	BLAINE, CITY OF	2700070005C	27-APR-2001	01-05-709A	01
05	MN	BLAINE, CITY OF	2700070010C	09-MAR-2001	01-05-879A	02
05	MN	BROOKLYN PARK, CITY OF	2701520002C	07-FEB-2001	01-05-0573A	02
05	MN	BROOKLYN PARK, CITY OF	2701520002C	07-FEB-2001	01-05-0573A	02
05	MN	BROOKLYN PARK, CITY OF	2701520004C	28-FEB-2001	01-05-0043A	01
05	MN	BROOKLYN PARK, CITY OF	2701520004C	28-FEB-2001	01-05-0043A	01
05	MN	CARVER COUNTY	2700490105C	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2421A	02
05	MN	CENTERVILLE, CITY OF	2700080001C	30-MAY-2001	01-05-1950A	02
05	MN	CHISAGO COUNTY	2706820125B	08-JUN-2001	01-05-2324A	02
05	MN	COON RAPIDS,CITY OF	2700110002A	08-JAN-2001	01-05-140A	02
05	MN	COON RAPIDS,CITY OF	2700110002A	26-JAN-2001	00-05-5664A	08
05	MN	COON RAPIDS,CITY OF	2700110002A	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2639A	02
05	MN	COON RAPIDS,CITY OF	2700110002A	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1204A	02
05	MN	CORCORAN, CITY OF	2701550005C	31-JAN-2001	01-05-0670A	02
05	MN	CORCORAN, CITY OF	2701550005C	31-JAN-2001	01-05-0670A	02
05	MN	CROOKSTON, CITY OF	2703640002C	30-MAR-2001	01-05-889A	02
05	MN	CROOKSTON, CITY OF	2703640002C	30-MAY-2001	01-05-2253A	02
05	MN	CROSSLAKE, CITY OF	27009508B	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2533A	02
05	MN	CROSSLAKE, CITY OF	27009510B	16-MAY-2001	01-05-2016A	02
05	MN	CROW WING COUNTY	2700910025B	20-APR-2001	01-05-1380A	02
05	MN	CROW WING COUNTY	2700910025B	30-MAY-2001	01-05-2145A	02
05	MN	CROW WING COUNTY	2700910050B	28-MAR-2001	01-05-797A	02
05	MN	CROW WING COUNTY	2700910200B	07-MAR-2001	01-05-1033A	02
05	MN	CROW WING COUNTY	2700910200B	26-JAN-2001	01-05-509A	02
05	MN	CROW WING COUNTY	2700910250B	18-APR-2001	01-05-1464A	02
05	MN	DULUTH, CITY OF	2704210025C	26-JAN-2001	00-05-5498A	17
05	MN	EAST GRAND FORKS, CITY OF	2705030175B	24-JAN-2001	01-05-0696X	02
05	MN	EAST GRAND FORKS, CITY OF	2752360005C	13-APR-2001	01-05-1563A	02
05	MN	EDEN PRAIRIE, CITY OF	2701590005C	28-FEB-2001	01-05-0451A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	MN	EDEN PRAIRIE, CITY OF	2701590005C	28-FEB-2001	01-05-0451A	02
05	MN	ELGIN, CITY OF	27157C0320D	11-APR-2001	01-05-844A	02
05	MN	FARIBAULT, CITY OF	2704040002C	04-APR-2001	01-05-1057A	02
05	MN	FARMINGTON, CITY OF	2701040002C	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2514A	02
05	MN	GOLDEN VALLEY, CITY OF	2701620002B	29-JUN-2001	01-05-1707A	02
05	MN	GOLDEN VALLEY, CITY OF	2701620002B	29-JUN-2001	01-05-1707A	02
05	MN	GOODHUE COUNTY	2701400125A	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1350A	02
05	MN	GOODHUE COUNTY	2701400125A	16-MAY-2001	01-05-1949A	02
05	MN	HAM LAKE, CITY OF		02-MAR-2001	01-05-300A	02
05	MN	HAM LAKE, CITY OF	2706740005B	25-APR-2001	01-05-1072A	02
05	MN	HAM LAKE, CITY OF	2706740005B	27-APR-2001	01-05-1821A	02
05	MN	HAM LAKE, CITY OF	2706740010B	18-APR-2001	01-05-1279A	02
05	MN	HAM LAKE, CITY OF	2706740010B	25-MAY-2001	01-05-2202A	02
05	MN	HAM LAKE, CITY OF	2706740010B	25-MAY-2001	01-05-281A	02
05	MN	HASTINGS,CITY OF	2701050005D	19-JAN-2001	01-05-316A	02
05	MN	HASTINGS,CITY OF	2701050005D	26-JAN-2001	01-05-175A	02
05	MN	HERMANTOWN, CITY OF	2707080005B	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1077A	02
05	MN	HOPKINS, CITY OF	2701660001C	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2307A	02
05	MN	HOPKINS, CITY OF	2701660001C	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2307A	02
05	MN	HOUSTON COUNTY	2701900055B	09-MAR-2001	01-05-0337A	02
05	MN	HOUSTON COUNTY *	2701900055B	09-MAR-2001	01-05-0337A	02
05	MN	ISANTI COUNTY	2701970010A	11-MAY-2001	01-05-1355A	02
05	MN	ISANTI COUNTY	2701970010A	28-MAR-2001	01-05-0427A	02
05	MN	ISANTI COUNTY	2701970025B	28-MAR-2001	01-05-0427A	02
05	MN	ISANTI COUNTY	2701970035B	13-APR-2001	01-05-1548A	02
05	MN	ISANTI COUNTY	2701970045C	30-MAY-2001	01-05-2122A	02
05	MN	ISANTI COUNTY	2701970055A	11-MAY-2001	01-05-1197A	02
05	MN	ISANTI COUNTY	2701970060B	04-MAY-2001	01-05-999A	02
05	MN	ISANTI COUNTY	2701970060B	09-MAR-2001	01-05-230A	02
05	MN	ISANTI COUNTY *	2701970010A	28-MAR-2001	01-05-0427A	02
05	MN	ITASCA COUNTY	2702000775A	04-APR-2001	01-05-1538A	02
05	MN	ITASCA COUNTY	2702000800A	06-JUN-2001	01-05-110A	02
05	MN	JACKSON COUNTY	2706320125B	26-JAN-2001	00-05-5894A	02
05	MN	KANABEC COUNTY	2702140250A	16-MAR-2001	01-05-336A	17
05	MN	KOOCHICHING COUNTY	2702330006B	11-APR-2001	01-05-1495A	02
05	MN	KOOCHICHING COUNTY	2702330006B	11-APR-2001	01-05-1496A	02
05	MN	KOOCHICHING COUNTY	2702330006B	24-JAN-2001	01-05-018A	02
05	MN	KOOCHICHING COUNTY	2702330006B	24-JAN-2001	01-05-127A	02
05	MN	KOOCHICHING COUNTY	2702330006B	25-MAY-2001	01-05-1945A	02
05	MN	LAKE ELMO, CITY OF	2705050010B	09-MAY-2001	01-05-1994A	02
05	MN	LAKEVILLE, CITY OF	2701070004C	09-MAR-2001	01-05-621A	02
05	MN	LAKEVILLE, CITY OF	2701070004C	26-JAN-2001	00-05-5426A	02
05	MN	LE SUEUR COUNTY	27079C0265D	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1058A	02
05	MN	LINO LAKES, CITY OF	2700150010B	13-APR-2001	01-05-1545A	02
05	MN	LITTLE CANADA, CITY OF	2703770002A	09-MAY-2001	01-05-1532A	02
05	MN	MANTORVILLE, CITY OF	2705850001B	11-APR-2001	01-05-1005A	02
05	MN	MILLE LACS COUNTY	2706240200B	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2292A	02
05	MN	MINNETONKA, CITY OF	2701730001C	20-APR-2001	01-05-0935A	17
05	MN	MINNETONKA, CITY OF	2701730001C	20-APR-2001	01-05-0935A	17
05	MN	MOORHEAD, CITY OF	2752440005D	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1104A	02
05	MN	MOORHEAD, CITY OF	2752440010D	13-APR-2001	01-05-608A	02
05	MN	MOORHEAD, CITY OF	2752440010D	30-MAR-2001	01-05-1345A	17
05	MN	MORRISON COUNTY	2706170290B	16-MAR-2001	01-05-021A	01
05	MN	MOUNDS VIEW, CITY OF	2703790001C	30-MAR-2001	00-05-5876A	02
05	MN	NORMAN COUNTY	27107C0215D	08-JAN-2001	01-05-058A	02
05	MN	NORTHFIELD, CITY OF	2706460150B	09-MAY-2001	00-05-5486A	02
05	MN	PINE COUNTY	2707040340B	04-APR-2001	01-05-1178A	02
05	MN	POLK COUNTY	2705030025B	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2662A	02
05	MN	PRIOR LAKE, CITY OF	2704320004C	04-MAY-2001	01-05-298A	01
05	MN	PRIOR LAKE, CITY OF	2704320004C	26-JAN-2001	01-05-137A	02
05	MN	PRIOR LAKE, CITY OF	2704320004C	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2115A	02
05	MN	PRIOR LAKE, CITY OF	2704320004C	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2425A	02
05	MN	RICE COUNTY	2706460025C	02-FEB-2001	01-05-623A	02
05	MN	RICE COUNTY	2706460025C	02-FEB-2001	01-05-642A	02
05	MN	RICE COUNTY	2706460025C	09-MAR-2001	01-05-477A	02
05	MN	RICE COUNTY	2706460025C	13-APR-2001	01-05-1998A	02
05	MN	RICE COUNTY	2706460025C	14-FEB-2001	01-05-1059A	02
05	MN	RICE COUNTY	2706460025C	14-FEB-2001	01-05-622A	02
05	MN	RICE COUNTY	2706460025C	26-JAN-2001	01-05-644A	02
05	MN	RICE COUNTY	2706460075B	26-JAN-2001	01-05-466A	02
05	MN	ROCHESTER, CITY OF	27109C0301E	25-APR-2001	01-05-1695A	01
05	MN	ROCHESTER, CITY OF	27109C0306E	29-JUN-2001	00-05-4108A	01
05	MN	ROCK COUNTY	27064223B	02-MAY-2001	01-05-970A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	MN	ROCKFORD, CITY OF	2701820001C	13-APR-2001	01-05-1533A	02
05	MN	ROSEAU COUNTY	2706330200C	26-JAN-2001	00-05-5614A	02
05	MN	SAUK CENTRE, CITY OF	2704590001B	21-FEB-2001	01-05-472A	02
05	MN	SHERBURNE COUNTY	27141C0150E	18-APR-2001	01-05-1096A	02
05	MN	SHERBURNE COUNTY	27141C0150E	26-JAN-2001	01-05-341A	02
05	MN	SHERBURNE COUNTY	27141C0205E	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2232A	02
05	MN	SHERBURNE COUNTY	27141C0240E	09-MAR-2001	01-05-378A	17
05	MN	SHERBURNE COUNTY	27141C0265E	14-MAR-2001	01-05-640A	02
05	MN	SHERBURNE COUNTY	27141C0265E	28-MAR-2001	01-05-136A	02
05	MN	SHOREVIEW, CITY OF	2703840002B	09-MAY-2001	01-05-1311A	01
05	MN	ST. LOUIS PARK, CITY OF	2701840005B	13-APR-2001	01-05-586A	02
05	MN	ST. LOUIS PARK, CITY OF	2701840005B	21-FEB-2001	01-05-0730A	02
05	MN	ST. LOUIS PARK, CITY OF	2701840005B	21-FEB-2001	01-05-0730A	02
05	MN	STEARNS COUNTY	2705460085A	09-MAY-2001	01-05-1462A	01
05	MN	STEARNS COUNTY	2705460255B	09-FEB-2001	01-05-703A	02
05	MN	STEARNS COUNTY	2705460315B	23-MAY-2001	01-05-1051A	02
05	MN	WABASHA COUNTY	27157C0200D	18-APR-2001	01-05-1483A	02
05	MN	WARROAD, CITY OF	2704150001B	04-APR-2001	01-05-1015A	01
05	MN	WARROAD, CITY OF	2704150001B	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1215A	02
05	MN	WASHINGTON COUNTY	2704990125B	30-MAY-2001	01-05-1379A	02
05	MN	WHITE BEAR,TOWNSHIP OF	2706880005B	16-MAY-2001	01-05-887A	01
05	MN	WHITE BEAR,TOWNSHIP OF	2706880005B	19-JAN-2001	01-05-319A	02
05	MN	WRIGHT COUNTY	2705340027B	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2643A	02
05	MN	WRIGHT COUNTY	2705340028C	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2302A	02
05	MN	WRIGHT COUNTY	2705340042C	07-MAR-2001	00-05-6254A	17
05	OH	AMHERST, CITY OF	3903470005B	12-JAN-2001	01-05-155A	02
05	OH	ARCANUM, VILLAGE OF	3906840001B	08-JUN-2001	01-05-2187A	02
05	OH	ARCANUM, VILLAGE OF	3906840001B	11-APR-2001	01-05-888A	02
05	OH	ARCANUM, VILLAGE OF	3906840001B	17-JAN-2001	01-05-593A	02
05	OH	ARCANUM, VILLAGE OF	3906840001B	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2186A	17
05	OH	ARCANUM, VILLAGE OF	3906840001B	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2205A	02
05	OH	AUGLAIZE COUNTY	39011C0080C	17-JAN-2001	01-05-630A	02
05	OH	AUGLAIZE COUNTY	39011C0080C	17-JAN-2001	01-05-701A	02
05	OH	AUGLAIZE COUNTY	39011C0095C	10-JAN-2001	99-05-275P	05
05	OH	AUGLAIZE COUNTY *	39011C0095C	10-JAN-2001	99-05-275P	05
05	OH	AVON LAKE, CITY OF	39060202B	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1253A	02
05	OH	AVON, CITY OF	3903480005C	23-MAY-2001	01-05-985A	02
05	OH	AVON, CITY OF	3903480005C	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2394A	02
05	OH	BEAVERCREEK, CITY OF	3908760002B	01-JUN-2001	01-05-2482A	17
05	OH	BELLEFONTAINE, CITY OF	3903400001C	02-FEB-2001	01-05-1024A	08
05	OH	BUCKEYE LAKE, VILLAGE OF	3908820001A	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2110A	02
05	OH	CANAL WINCHESTER, VILLAGE OF	39049C0376H	08-MAR-2001	00-05-351P	05
05	OH	CANAL WINCHESTER, VILLAGE OF	39049C0376H	08-MAR-2001	00-05-351P	05
05	OH	CANAL WINCHESTER, VILLAGE OF	39049C0377H	08-MAR-2001	00-05-351P	05
05	OH	CANAL WINCHESTER, VILLAGE OF	39049C0378G	08-MAR-2001	00-05-351P	05
05	OH	CANAL WINCHESTER, VILLAGE OF	39049C0379G	08-MAR-2001	00-05-351P	05
05	OH	CANAL WINCHESTER, VILLAGE OF	39049C0379G	09-MAY-2001	01-05-1870A	02
05	OH	CARROLL COUNTY	3907630075B	10-JAN-2001	01-05-068A	02
05	OH	CENTERVILLE, CITY OF	3904080003C	16-MAY-2001	01-05-2270A	02
05	OH	CHARDON, VILLAGE OF	3901910005C	09-FEB-2001	01-05-095A	02
05	OH	CLEVELAND, CITY OF	3901040005B	08-JAN-2001	00-05-4322A	02
05	OH	COLUMBUS, CITY OF	39049C0245G	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1294A	02
05	OH	COLUMBUS, CITY OF	39049C0270G	14-FEB-2001	01-05-657A	01
05	OH	COLUMBUS, CITY OF	39049C0290G	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1180A	02
05	OH	COLUMBUS, CITY OF	39049C0290G	24-JAN-2001	01-05-188A	02
05	OH	CRAWFORD COUNTY	3908110003B	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2576A	02
05	OH	DEFIANCE COUNTY	3901430120B	08-JAN-2001	01-05-054A	02
05	OH	DEFIANCE COUNTY	3901430140B	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2030A	02
05	OH	DELAWARE COUNTY	39041C0216J	28-FEB-2001	01-05-609A	02
05	OH	DUBLIN, CITY OF	39049C0018H	03-JAN-2001	01-05-355A	02
05	OH	DUBLIN, CITY OF	39049C0018H	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1063A	02
05	OH	EAST PALESTINE, CITY OF	390079B01	30-MAR-2001	00-05-2618A	02
05	OH	ERIE COUNTY	3901530070B	09-FEB-2001	01-05-697A	08
05	OH	FAIRFAX, VILLAGE OF	3902150001A	07-FEB-2001	00-05-5644A	08
05	OH	FAIRFIELD COUNTY	3901580120D	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1202A	02
05	OH	FINDLAY, CITY	3902440005C	03-JAN-2001	01-05-022A	02
05	OH	FORT RECOVERY, VILLAGE OF		19-FEB-2001	01-05-936P	05
05	OH	FORT RECOVERY, VILLAGE OF	3903920125B	19-FEB-2001	01-05-936P	05
05	OH	FRANKLIN COUNTY	39049C0195G	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1027A	02
05	OH	FRANKLIN COUNTY	39049C0376H	08-MAR-2001	00-05-351P	05
05	OH	FRANKLIN COUNTY	39049C0377H	08-MAR-2001	00-05-351P	05
05	OH	FRANKLIN COUNTY	39049C0378G	08-MAR-2001	00-05-351P	05
05	OH	FRANKLIN COUNTY	39049C0379G	08-MAR-2001	00-05-351P	05

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	OH	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	39049C0226G	20-APR-2001	00-05-6142A	02
05	OH	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	39049C0376H	08-MAR-2001	00-05-351P	05
05	OH	GAHANNA, CITY OF	38049C0186G	07-FEB-2001	01-05-780A	02
05	OH	GAHANNA, CITY OF	39049C0186G	11-APR-2001	01-05-1536A	02
05	OH	GALENA, VILLAGE OF	39041C0235J	18-FEB-2001	01-05-225P	05
05	OH	GALENA, VILLAGE OF	39041C0235J	18-FEB-2001	01-05-225P	05
05	OH	GALENA, VILLAGE OF	39041C0255J	18-FEB-2001	01-05-225P	05
05	OH	GEAUGA COUNTY	3901900100B	23-JUN-2001	01-05-1977A	02
05	OH	GRANDVIEW HEIGHTS, CITY OF	39049C0231G	11-APR-2001	01-05-1075A	02
05	OH	GROVE CITY, CITY OF	39049C0239G	07-FEB-2001	01-05-009A	01
05	OH	GROVE CITY, CITY OF	39049C0239G	31-JAN-2001	01-05-386A	02
05	OH	GROVE CITY, CITY OF	39049C0329G	26-MAR-2001	00-05-353P	05
05	OH	GROVE CITY, CITY OF	39049C0329G	26-MAR-2001	00-05-353P	05
05	OH	GUERNSEY COUNTY	39059C0150C	16-MAY-2001	01-05-1196A	02
05	OH	HAMILTON COUNTY	3902040040C	07-FEB-2001	01-05-0296A	02
05	OH	HAMILTON COUNTY	3902040040C	23-MAY-2001	01-05-1710A	02
05	OH	HAMILTON COUNTY	3902040040C	25-MAY-2001	01-05-1841A	02
05	OH	HAMILTON COUNTY	3902040050B	11-MAY-2001	01-05-2052A	02
05	OH	HAMILTON COUNTY *	3902040040C	07-FEB-2001	01-05-0296A	02
05	OH	HAMILTON COUNTY *	3902040040C	23-MAY-2001	01-05-1710A	02
05	OH	HAMILTON COUNTY *	3902040050B	11-MAY-2001	01-05-2052A	02
05	OH	HOCKING COUNTY	3902720075C	11-APR-2001	01-05-323A	02
05	OH	HOCKING COUNTY	3902720100C	11-APR-2001	01-05-252A	02
05	OH	KETTERING, CITY OF	3904120010B	14-JAN-2001	00-05-231P	05
05	OH	KETTERING, CITY OF	3904120010B	14-JAN-2001	00-05-231P	05
05	OH	KETTERING, CITY OF	3904120020B	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1191A	02
05	OH	KETTERING, CITY OF	3904120020B	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1193A	02
05	OH	KETTERING, CITY OF	3904120020B	23-MAR-2001	01-05-1220A	02
05	OH	LAKE COUNTY	3907710027C	06-APR-2001	01-05-1326A	02
05	OH	LAKE COUNTY	3907710051C	25-MAY-2001	00-05-163P	05
05	OH	LAKE COUNTY	3907710053C	25-MAY-2001	00-05-163P	05
05	OH	LAKE COUNTY *	3907710051C	25-MAY-2001	00-05-163P	05
05	OH	LAWRENCE COUNTY	3903250050B	23-MAY-2001	01-05-1991A	02
05	OH	LAWRENCE COUNTY	3903250185B	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2152A	02
05	OH	LAWRENCE COUNTY *	3903250050B	23-MAY-2001	01-05-1991A	02
05	OH	LAWRENCE COUNTY *	3903250185B	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2152A	02
05	OH	LICKING COUNTY	3903280125B	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2492A	02
05	OH	LICKING COUNTY	3903280125B	17-JAN-2001	00-05-6182A	08
05	OH	LICKING COUNTY	3903280125B	25-APR-2001	01-05-1465A	02
05	OH	LICKING COUNTY	3903280125B	31-JAN-2001	01-05-152A	02
05	OH	LOGAN COUNTY	3907720025C	03-JAN-2001	01-05-429A	02
05	OH	LOGAN COUNTY	3907720025C	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2315A	02
05	OH	LOGAN COUNTY	3907720025C	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2471A	02
05	OH	LORAIN COUNTY	3903460105B	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1009A	02
05	OH	LORAIN COUNTY	3903460105B	18-APR-2001	01-05-1367A	02
05	OH	LOUISVILLE, CITY OF	3905160002D	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1258A	02
05	OH	LOUISVILLE, CITY OF	3905160003D	02-MAR-2001	01-05-1022A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY	3903590042D	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1114A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY	39095C0034D	21-FEB-2001	01-05-874A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY	39095C0042D	11-APR-2001	01-05-1549A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY	39095C0042D	11-APR-2001	01-05-1553A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY	39095C0042D	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1111A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY	39095C0042D	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1105A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY	39095C0042D	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1110A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY	39095C0042D	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1112A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY	39095C0042D	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1113A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY	39095C0042D	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1115A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY	39095C0042D	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1116A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY	39095C0061D	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2222A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY	39095C0061D	11-APR-2001	01-05-1498A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY	39095C0061D	11-APR-2001	01-05-1527A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY	39095C0061D	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2035A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY	39095C0061D	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1105A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY	39095C0061D	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1115A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY	39095C0061D	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1116A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY	39095C0061D	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1302A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY	39095C0062D	11-MAY-2001	01-05-1711A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY	39095C0062D	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2509A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY	39095C0063D	06-APR-2001	01-05-010A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY	39095C0140D	19-JAN-2001	00-05-4432A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY	39095C0145D	19-JAN-2001	00-05-4432A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY*	39095C0062D	11-MAY-2001	01-05-1711A	02
05	OH	LUCAS COUNTY*	39095C0140D	19-JAN-2001	00-05-4432A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	OH	MARION COUNTY	39101C0058C	23-FEB-2001	01-05-488A	02
05	OH	MARION COUNTY	39101C0075C	20-APR-2001	01-05-1273A	02
05	OH	MARION COUNTY	39101C0100C	14-FEB-2001	01-05-050A	02
05	OH	MASON, CITY OF	3905590005C	11-APR-2001	01-05-885A	01
05	OH	MAUMEE, CITY OF	39095C0233D	17-MAY-2001	01-05-2045P	05
05	OH	MAUMEE, CITY OF	39095C0233D	17-MAY-2001	01-05-2045P	05
05	OH	MAUMEE, CITY OF	39095C0234D	17-MAY-2001	01-05-2045P	05
05	OH	MAUMEE, CITY OF	39095C0245D	17-MAY-2001	01-05-2045P	05
05	OH	MEIGS COUNTY	3903870125B	14-FEB-2001	01-05-0570A	02
05	OH	MEIGS COUNTY *	3903870125B	14-FEB-2001	01-05-0570A	02
05	OH	MERCER COUNTY	3903920100B	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1400A	02
05	OH	MERCER COUNTY	3903920100B	21-FEB-2001	01-05-0939A	02
05	OH	MERCER COUNTY	3903920100B	23-FEB-2001	01-05-1137A	02
05	OH	MERCER COUNTY	3903920100B	23-MAR-2001	01-05-1369A	02
05	OH	MERCER COUNTY	3903920100B	24-JAN-2001	01-05-0677A	02
05	OH	MERCER COUNTY	3903920100B	24-JAN-2001	01-05-0732A	02
05	OH	MERCER COUNTY *	3903920100B	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1400A	02
05	OH	MERCER COUNTY *	3903920100B	21-FEB-2001	01-05-0939A	02
05	OH	MERCER COUNTY *	3903920100B	23-FEB-2001	01-05-1137A	02
05	OH	MERCER COUNTY *	3903920100B	23-MAR-2001	01-05-1369A	02
05	OH	MERCER COUNTY *	3903920100B	24-JAN-2001	01-05-0677A	02
05	OH	MERCER COUNTY *	3903920100B	24-JAN-2001	01-05-0732A	02
05	OH	METAMORA, VILLAGE OF	3908400001B	08-JUN-2001	01-05-2179A	02
05	OH	METAMORA, VILLAGE OF	3908400001B	11-APR-2001	01-05-484A	02
05	OH	MILFORD, CITY OF	3902270005D	08-JUN-2001	01-05-1772A	01
05	OH	MONTGOMERY COUNTY	3907750040C	14-FEB-2001	01-05-1382A	02
05	OH	MONTGOMERY COUNTY	3907750040C	16-FEB-2001	01-05-962A	02
05	OH	MONTGOMERY COUNTY	3907750040C	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2338A	02
05	OH	MOUNT VERNON, CITY OF	3903110001B	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1182A	02
05	OH	NEW ALBANY, VILLAGE OF	39049C0180G	31-JAN-2001	01-05-006A	01
05	OH	NEW KNOXVILLE, VILLAGE OF	39011C0095C	10-JAN-2001	99-05-275P	05
05	OH	NEW KNOXVILLE, VILLAGE OF	39011C0095C	10-JAN-2001	99-05-275P	05
05	OH	NEW PHILADELPHIA, CITY OF	3905450005C	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2230A	02
05	OH	NEWARK,CITY OF	3903350002F	04-APR-2001	01-05-1368A	02
05	OH	NEWARK,CITY OF	3903350002F	14-MAR-2001	01-05-1090A	17
05	OH	NORTH CANTON, CITY OF	3905210003B	09-MAY-2001	01-05-2226A	02
05	OH	NORTH OLMSTED, CITY OF	3901200002B	04-APR-2001	01-05-0128A	02
05	OH	NORTH OLMSTED, CITY OF	3901200002B	04-APR-2001	01-05-0128A	02
05	OH	NORTH OLMSTED, CITY OF	3901200002C	04-APR-2001	01-05-0128A	02
05	OH	NORTH RIDGEVILLE, CITY OF	3903520005C	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2541A	02
05	OH	OAKWOOD, VILLAGE OF	3904370001C	20-JUN-2001	01-05-1217A	02
05	OH	OLMSTED FALLS, CITY OF	3906720001B	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2556A	02
05	OH	OTTAWA COUNTY	3904320125B	02-MAR-2001	01-05-976A	02
05	OH	OTTAWA COUNTY	3904320125B	07-MAR-2001	01-05-302A	01
05	OH	OTTAWA COUNTY	3904320125B	16-FEB-2001	01-05-806A	01
05	OH	OTTAWA COUNTY *	3904320125B	04-APR-2001	01-05-1694X	01
05	OH	OTTAWA, VILLAGE OF	3904720002C	20-APR-2001	01-05-2021A	02
05	OH	PAULDING COUNTY	3907770065D	11-APR-2001	01-05-1501A	02
05	OH	PAULDING COUNTY	3907770150D	09-FEB-2001	00-05-5754A	17
05	OH	PAULDING COUNTY *	3907770150D	09-FEB-2001	00-05-5754A	02
05	OH	PAULDING COUNTY *	3907770150D	09-FEB-2001	00-05-5754A	17
05	OH	PICKAWAY COUNTY	39129C0075H	18-APR-2001	01-05-1446A	02
05	OH	PORTAGE COUNTY	390453C35	04-APR-2001	01-05-1375A	02
05	OH	PORTAGE COUNTY	390453C35	25-APR-2001	01-05-1292A	02
05	OH	PUTNAM COUNTY	3904650120B	18-MAY-2001	01-05-2040A	02
05	OH	RICHLAND COUNTY	3904760200B	04-APR-2001	01-05-1354A	02
05	OH	ROAMING SHORES, VILLAGE OF	3908850001A	26-JAN-2001	00-05-5126A	08
05	OH	SANDUSKY, CITY OF	39015606B	06-JUN-2001	01-05-1363A	01
05	OH	SCIOTO COUNTY	3904960105B	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1388A	02
05	OH	SCIOTO COUNTY	3904960185B	09-FEB-2001	01-05-0071A	02
05	OH	SCIOTO COUNTY *	3904960105B	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1388A	02
05	OH	SCIOTO COUNTY *	3904960185B	09-FEB-2001	01-05-0071A	02
05	OH	SPRINGFIELD, CITY OF	3907320180A	11-APR-2001	01-05-1476A	02
05	OH	STARK COUNTY	3907800019B	04-MAY-2001	01-05-1499A	01
05	OH	STARK COUNTY	3907800038B	13-JUN-2001	01-05-1529A	02
05	OH	STRONGSVILLE, CITY OF	3901320005B	02-FEB-2001	00-05-5742A	02
05	OH	SYLVANIA, CITY OF	39095C0051D	16-FEB-2001	01-05-775A	02
05	OH	TOLEDO, CITY OF	39095C0059D	02-MAR-2001	01-05-979A	02
05	OH	TOLEDO, CITY OF	39095C0059D	11-APR-2001	01-05-618A	02
05	OH	TOLEDO, CITY OF	39095C0059D	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2402A	02
05	OH	TOLEDO, CITY OF	39095C0059D	23-MAR-2001	01-05-1219A	02
05	OH	TOLEDO, CITY OF	39095C0059D	26-JAN-2001	00-05-6126A	02
05	OH	TOLEDO, CITY OF	39095C0059D	26-JAN-2001	00-05-6126A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	OH	TOLEDO, CITY OF	39095C0077D	06-JUN-2001	01-05-2147A	02
05	OH	TOLEDO, CITY OF	39095C0078D	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2673A	02
05	OH	TOLEDO, CITY OF	39095C0079D	28-FEB-2001	01-05-790A	02
05	OH	TOLEDO, CITY OF	39095C0081D	09-MAY-2001	01-05-2032A	02
05	OH	TOLEDO, CITY OF	39095C0086D	11-APR-2001	01-05-886A	02
05	OH	TOLEDO, CITY OF	39095C0086D	16-MAY-2001	01-05-1953A	02
05	OH	TOLEDO, CITY OF	39095C0088D	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2418A	02
05	OH	TOLEDO, CITY OF	39095C0105D	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2237A	02
05	OH	TOLEDO, CITY OF	39095C0231D	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1288A	02
05	OH	TROY, CITY OF	3904020005B	11-MAY-2001	01-05-1516A	17
05	OH	TROY, CITY OF	3904020005B	16-MAY-2001	01-05-2210A	02
05	OH	TUSCARAWAS COUNTY	3907820055B	14-MAR-2001	01-05-1173A	02
05	OH	WASHINGTON COUNTY	3905660175B	20-APR-2001	01-05-1327A	02
05	OH	WASHINGTON COUNTY	3905660195B	28-FEB-2001	01-05-0671A	02
05	OH	WASHINGTON COUNTY *	3905660195B	28-FEB-2001	01-05-0671A	02
05	OH	WATERVILLE, VILLAGE OF	39095C0405D	21-FEB-2001	01-05-1000A	02
05	OH	WEST CARROLLTON, CITY OF	3904190005C	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1313A	02
05	OH	WESTERVILLE, CITY OF		19-JAN-2001	01-05-314A	02
05	OH	WESTERVILLE, CITY OF	39041C0240J	14-MAR-2001	01-05-1208A	02
05	OH	WHITEHOUSE, VILLAGE OF	39095C0218D	26-JAN-2001	01-05-588A	08
05	OH	WILLIAMS COUNTY	3907850025B	09-MAY-2001	01-05-495A	02
05	OH	WOOD COUNTY	3908090016B	09-MAR-2001	01-05-532A	02
05	OH	WOOSTER, CITY OF	39169C0130C	24-JAN-2001	01-05-334A	02
05	WI	ANTIGO, CITY OF	55554102A	16-MAY-2001	01-05-1454A	02
05	WI	BANGOR, VILLAGE OF	5502180001B	25-MAY-2001	01-05-1426A	01
05	WI	BAYFIELD COUNTY	5505390020B	14-FEB-2001	01-05-822A	02
05	WI	BAYFIELD COUNTY	5505390020B	25-APR-2001	01-05-1489A	02
05	WI	BRILLION, CITY OF	5500360001C	02-FEB-2001	01-05-575A	02
05	WI	BRILLION, CITY OF	5500360001C	02-MAR-2001	01-05-597A	02
05	WI	BROOKFIELD, CITY OF	5504780005B	19-JAN-2001	01-05-174A	02
05	WI	BROWN COUNTY	5500200125B	02-JAN-2001	01-05-0236A	02
05	WI	BROWN COUNTY	5500200125B	24-JAN-2001	01-05-0672A	02
05	WI	BROWN COUNTY	5500200125B	24-JAN-2001	01-05-0673A	02
05	WI	BROWN COUNTY *	5500200125B	02-JAN-2001	01-05-0236A	02
05	WI	BROWN COUNTY *	5500200125B	24-JAN-2001	01-05-0672A	02
05	WI	BROWN COUNTY *	5500200125B	24-JAN-2001	01-05-0673A	02
05	WI	BURNETT COUNTY	5500320200B	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2105A	02
05	WI	BURNETT COUNTY	5500320225B	20-APR-2001	01-05-0941A	02
05	WI	BURNETT COUNTY	5500320225B	25-MAY-2001	01-05-2088A	02
05	WI	BURNETT COUNTY *	5500320200B	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2105A	02
05	WI	BURNETT COUNTY *	5500320225B	20-APR-2001	01-05-0941A	02
05	WI	BURNETT COUNTY *	5500320225B	25-MAY-2001	01-05-2088A	02
05	WI	CEDARBURG, CITY OF	55089C0064D	13-APR-2001	01-05-238A	02
05	WI	CHIPPEWA COUNTY	5555490250C	01-JUN-2001	01-05-2347A	02
05	WI	CHIPPEWA COUNTY	5555490275C	31-JAN-2001	01-05-0761A	08
05	WI	CHIPPEWA COUNTY *	5555490250C	01-JUN-2001	01-05-2347A	02
05	WI	CHIPPEWA COUNTY *	5555490250C	25-APR-2001	01-05-1606A	02
05	WI	CHIPPEWA COUNTY *	5555490275C	30-MAR-2001	01-05-1415A	02
05	WI	CLARK COUNTY	5500480350B	30-MAR-2001	01-05-379A	02
05	WI	COLUMBIA COUNTY	5505810050C	04-APR-2001	01-05-1235A	02
05	WI	COLUMBIA COUNTY	5505810075C	15-JUN-2001	01-05-2486A	02
05	WI	COLUMBIA COUNTY	5505810125C	30-MAR-2001	01-05-1486A	02
05	WI	COLUMBIA COUNTY	5505810150C	26-JAN-2001	00-05-5698A	02
05	WI	COLUMBIA COUNTY	5505810200C	02-FEB-2001	01-05-432A	02
05	WI	COLUMBIA COUNTY	5505810200C	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1371A	02
05	WI	DANE COUNTY	5500770150C	26-JAN-2001	01-05-0554A	02
05	WI	DANE COUNTY*	5500770150C	26-JAN-2001	01-05-0554A	02
05	WI	DE FOREST, VILLAGE OF	550082	09-MAY-2001	01-05-2073A	02
05	WI	DE FOREST, VILLAGE OF	550082	09-MAY-2001	01-05-2073A	02
05	WI	DE FOREST, VILLAGE OF	5500820005C	06-APR-2001	01-05-1678A	02
05	WI	DE FOREST, VILLAGE OF	5500820005C	28-FEB-2001	01-05-1157A	02
05	WI	DE FOREST, VILLAGE OF	5500820005C	28-FEB-2001	01-05-1157A	02
05	WI	DE PERE, CITY OF	5500200125B	18-APR-2001	01-05-1411A	02
05	WI	DE PERE, CITY OF	5500210005C	06-JUN-2001	01-05-1373A	01
05	WI	DE PERE, CITY OF	5500210005C	06-JUN-2001	01-05-1373A	01
05	WI	DODGE COUNTY	5500940005B	08-JUN-2001	01-05-1555A	02
05	WI	DODGE COUNTY	5500940130B	09-MAR-2001	01-05-470A	02
05	WI	DOOR COUNTY	5501090065A	13-JUN-2001	01-05-1129A	02
05	WI	DOOR COUNTY	5501090085A	26-JAN-2001	00-05-5652A	02
05	WI	DOUGLAS COUNTY	5505380650B	26-JAN-2001	01-05-382A	02
05	WI	EAU CLAIRE COUNTY	5555520185B	09-MAR-2001	01-05-829A	02
05	WI	EAU CLAIRE COUNTY	5555520205B	23-MAY-2001	01-05-798A	02
05	WI	EAU CLAIRE COUNTY	5555520225B	23-MAY-2001	01-05-798A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	WI	ELMWOOD, VILLAGE OF	5503260001C	02-MAY-2001	01-05-1910A	02
05	WI	FOND DU LAC COUNTY	5501310015B	19-JAN-2001	01-05-333A	02
05	WI	FOND DU LAC COUNTY	5501310030B	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2718A	02
05	WI	FOND DU LAC COUNTY	5501310060B	14-FEB-2001	01-05-1123A	02
05	WI	FOND DU LAC COUNTY	5501310060B	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2585A	02
05	WI	FOND DU LAC COUNTY	5501310070C	02-FEB-2001	01-05-636A	02
05	WI	FOND DU LAC COUNTY	5501310070C	26-JAN-2001	01-05-647A	02
05	WI	FOND DU LAC COUNTY	5501310070C	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2708A	02
05	WI	FOND DU LAC COUNTY	5501310135D	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2464A	02
05	WI	FOND DU LAC, CITY OF	5501360005D	09-MAR-2001	01-05-891A	02
05	WI	FOND DU LAC, CITY OF	5501360005D	18-APR-2001	01-05-1274A	02
05	WI	FOND DU LAC, CITY OF	5501360005D	18-MAY-2001	01-05-2403A	02
05	WI	FOND DU LAC, CITY OF	5501360005D	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2710A	02
05	WI	FOREST COUNTY	5506030001A	16-MAR-2001	01-05-964A	02
05	WI	FRANKLIN, CITY OF	5502730010B	07-MAR-2001	01-05-0275C	08
05	WI	FREEMONT, VILLAGE OF	5504960001C	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1127A	02
05	WI	GRAFTON, VILLAGE OF	55089C0062D	11-MAY-2001	01-05-1012A	02
05	WI	GREEN BAY, CITY OF	5500220010E	05-JAN-2001	01-05-0210A	02
05	WI	GREEN BAY, CITY OF	5500220010E	05-JAN-2001	01-05-0210A	02
05	WI	GREEN BAY, CITY OF	5500220010E	06-JUN-2001	01-05-1974A	02
05	WI	GREEN BAY, CITY OF	5500220020E	07-MAR-2001	01-05-1410A	02
05	WI	GREEN COUNTY	5501570065B	04-MAY-2001	01-05-1120A	02
05	WI	GREEN COUNTY	5501570070B	04-MAY-2001	01-05-1120A	02
05	WI	HOWARD, VILLAGE OF	5500230005B	09-MAR-2001	01-05-576A	02
05	WI	HOWARD, VILLAGE OF	5500230005B	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2078A	02
05	WI	IOWA COUNTY	5505220050B	26-JAN-2001	01-05-363A	17
05	WI	IRON COUNTY	5501820006B	09-MAR-2001	01-05-716A	02
05	WI	IRON COUNTY	5501820006B	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2546A	02
05	WI	IRON COUNTY	5501820006B	18-APR-2001	01-05-1962A	02
05	WI	IRON COUNTY	5501820008B	13-APR-2001	01-05-807A	02
05	WI	IRON COUNTY	5501820009B	18-APR-2001	01-05-628A	02
05	WI	JEFFERSON COUNTY	5501910050B	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2125A	17
05	WI	JEFFERSON COUNTY	5501910100B	21-FEB-2001	01-05-192A	02
05	WI	JEFFERSON COUNTY	5501910175B	11-MAY-2001	01-05-1966A	02
05	WI	JEFFERSON COUNTY	5501910175B	26-JAN-2001	01-05-965A	02
05	WI	KENOSHA COUNTY	5505230050B	02-FEB-2001	01-05-134A	02
05	WI	KENOSHA COUNTY	5505230050B	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2735A	02
05	WI	KEWAUNEE COUNTY	5502120125B	11-APR-2001	01-05-1209A	02
05	WI	KEWAUNEE, CITY OF	5502150001B	18-MAY-2001	01-05-1019A	01
05	WI	LA CROSSE COUNTY	5502170120A	20-APR-2001	01-05-1401A	02
05	WI	LA CROSSE COUNTY	5502170160A	20-FEB-2001	99-05-171P	05
05	WI	LA CROSSE COUNTY	5555620006B	20-FEB-2001	99-05-171P	05
05	WI	LA CROSSE COUNTY *	5502170120A	11-APR-2001	01-05-1424A	02
05	WI	LA CROSSE COUNTY *	5502170120A	20-APR-2001	01-05-1401A	02
05	WI	LA CROSSE COUNTY *	5502170160A	20-FEB-2001	99-05-171P	05
05	WI	LA CROSSE, CITY OF	5502170160A	20-FEB-2001	99-05-171P	05
05	WI	LA CROSSE, CITY OF	5502170160A	20-FEB-2001	99-05-171P	05
05	WI	LA CROSSE, CITY OF	5555260005B	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1406A	01
05	WI	LA CROSSE, CITY OF	5555620005B	10-JAN-2001	01-05-0459A	02
05	WI	LA CROSSE, CITY OF	5555620005B	10-JAN-2001	01-05-0459A	02
05	WI	LA CROSSE, CITY OF	5555620005B	19-APR-2001	01-05-1416X	05
05	WI	LA CROSSE, CITY OF	5555620006B	20-FEB-2001	99-05-171P	05
05	WI	LA CROSSE, CITY OF	5555620008B	12-JAN-2001	01-05-0725A	02
05	WI	LA CROSSE, CITY OF	5555620008B	12-JAN-2001	01-05-0725A	02
05	WI	LAVALLE, VILLAGE OF	55111C0160D	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1427A	02
05	WI	MARATHON COUNTY	5502450025B	11-APR-2001	00-05-5514A	01
05	WI	MARATHON COUNTY	5502450225B	30-MAR-2001	01-05-1216A	02
05	WI	MARATHON COUNTY	5502450375B	09-MAY-2001	01-05-1892A	02
05	WI	MARATHON COUNTY	5502450375B	13-APR-2001	01-05-1471A	02
05	WI	MARATHON COUNTY	5502450375B	13-JUN-2001	01-05-1514A	02
05	WI	MARATHON COUNTY	5502450375B	13-JUN-2001	01-05-1982A	01
05	WI	MARATHON COUNTY	5502450425B	21-FEB-2001	00-05-5972A	02
05	WI	MARATHON COUNTY	5502450450B	26-JAN-2001	01-05-1023A	02
05	WI	MARATHON COUNTY	5502450475B	26-JAN-2001	01-05-1023A	02
05	WI	MARATHON COUNTY	5502450525B	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1255A	02
05	WI	MARATHON COUNTY	5502450625B	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2323A	02
05	WI	MARQUETTE COUNTY	5506010050B	16-MAY-2001	01-05-2128A	02
05	WI	MARQUETTE COUNTY	5506010075B	13-JUN-2001	01-05-1528A	17
05	WI	MENASHA, CITY OF	5505100005C	04-APR-2001	01-05-1387A	02
05	WI	MENASHA, CITY OF	5505100005C	04-APR-2001	01-05-1387A	02
05	WI	MENASHA, CITY OF	5505100005C	04-APR-2001	01-05-1439A	02
05	WI	MENASHA, CITY OF	5505100005C	05-JAN-2001	01-05-0113A	02
05	WI	MENASHA, CITY OF	5505100005C	26-JAN-2001	01-05-582A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	WI	MENASHA, CITY OF	5505100005C	31-JAN-2001	01-05-0112A	02
05	WI	MENASHA, CITY OF	5505100005C	31-JAN-2001	01-05-0112A	02
05	WI	MENASHA, CITY OF	5505370050C	04-APR-2001	01-05-1387A	02
05	WI	MEQUON, CITY OF	55089C0085D	20-JUN-2001	01-05-1001A	02
05	WI	MERRIMAC, VILLAGE OF	55111C0450D	08-MAR-2001	01-05-1139V	19
05	WI	MERRIMAC, VILLAGE OF	55111C0575D	08-MAR-2001	01-05-1139V	19
05	WI	MONROE COUNTY	5505710120B	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2153A	02
05	WI	NEW LONDON, CITY OF	5503080001A	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2689A	02
05	WI	OCONTO, CITY OF	5502970001B	26-JAN-2001	01-05-629A	02
05	WI	OSHKOSH, CITY OF	5505110020D	09-MAY-2001	01-05-2077A	02
05	WI	OSHKOSH, CITY OF	5505110020D	09-MAY-2001	01-05-2077A	02
05	WI	OSHKOSH, CITY OF	5505110020D	20-APR-2001	01-05-1688A	01
05	WI	OUTAGAMIE COUNTY	5503020050B	27-APR-2001	01-05-1010A	02
05	WI	OUTAGAMIE COUNTY	5503020083C	10-JAN-2001	00-05-3146A	01
05	WI	OUTAGAMIE COUNTY	5503020100C	27-JUN-2001	01-05-2669A	02
05	WI	OUTAGAMIE COUNTY	5503020110B	08-JUN-2001	01-05-2260A	02
05	WI	OUTAGAMIE COUNTY	5503020110B	14-MAR-2001	01-05-1031A	01
05	WI	OUTAGAMIE COUNTY *	5503020083C	10-JAN-2001	00-05-3146A	01
05	WI	OZAUKEE COUNTY	55089C0055D	26-JAN-2001	01-05-329A	02
05	WI	OZAUKEE COUNTY	55089C0055D	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2860A	02
05	WI	PEWAUKEE, VILLAGE OF		27-APR-2001	01-05-1878A	02
05	WI	PEWAUKEE, VILLAGE OF	5504760040C	16-MAY-2001	01-05-1978A	02
05	WI	PIERCE COUNTY	5555710100C	09-MAR-2001	01-05-813A	17
05	WI	PIERCE COUNTY	5555710175C	27-JUN-2001	99-05-343P	05
05	WI	PIERCE COUNTY *	5555710175C	27-JUN-2001	99-05-343P	05
05	WI	PLAIN, VILLAGE OF	55111C0500D	08-MAR-2001	01-05-1140V	19
05	WI	PLEASANT PRAIRIE, VILLAGE OF	5506130005B	16-JAN-2001	00-05-251P	06
05	WI	PORTAGE COUNTY	5505720150C	04-APR-2001	01-05-227A	02
05	WI	PRICE COUNTY	5503430105C	09-MAR-2001	01-05-1064A	02
05	WI	PULASKI, VILLAGE OF	5500240001B	22-MAY-2001	01-05-1417A	01
05	WI	PULASKI, VILLAGE OF	5500240001B	22-MAY-2001	01-05-1418A	01
05	WI	RACINE COUNTY	5503470010B	14-FEB-2001	01-05-311A	01
05	WI	RACINE COUNTY	5503470010B	26-JAN-2001	01-05-517A	01
05	WI	RACINE COUNTY	5503470035B	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2434A	02
05	WI	RACINE COUNTY *	5503470010B	05-JAN-2001	00-05-4882A	01
05	WI	RICHLAND COUNTY	5503560050B	14-FEB-2001	01-05-710A	02
05	WI	RICHLAND COUNTY	5503560050B	26-JAN-2001	01-05-711A	02
05	WI	RICHLAND COUNTY	5503560100B	27-APR-2001	01-05-1895A	02
05	WI	RICHLAND COUNTY	5503560200B	21-FEB-2001	00-05-5522A	02
05	WI	ROTHSCHILD, VILLAGE OF	55557701C	04-APR-2001	01-05-1493A	02
05	WI	RUSK COUNTY	5506020245B	19-JAN-2001	01-05-360A	02
05	WI	RUSK COUNTY	5506020245B	26-JAN-2001	01-05-577A	02
05	WI	SAUK COUNTY	5503910210B	31-JAN-2001	01-05-1135X	02
05	WI	SAUK COUNTY	55111C0215D	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1099A	02
05	WI	SAUK COUNTY	55111C0275D	21-JUN-2001	01-05-606P	05
05	WI	SAUK COUNTY	55111C0300D	21-JUN-2001	01-05-606P	05
05	WI	SAUK COUNTY	55111C0650D	14-MAR-2001	01-05-1167A	02
05	WI	SAUK COUNTY *	5503910210B	24-JAN-2001	01-05-0765A	02
05	WI	SAUK COUNTY *	5503910210B	31-JAN-2001	01-05-1135X	02
05	WI	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0075D	08-MAR-2001	01-05-1141V	19
05	WI	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0195D	08-MAR-2001	01-05-1141V	19
05	WI	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0210D	08-MAR-2001	01-05-1141V	19
05	WI	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0250D	08-MAR-2001	01-05-1141V	19
05	WI	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0265D	08-MAR-2001	01-05-1141V	19
05	WI	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0275D	08-MAR-2001	01-05-1141V	19
05	WI	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0500D	08-MAR-2001	01-05-1141V	19
05	WI	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0525D	08-MAR-2001	01-05-1141V	19
05	WI	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0525D	20-APR-2001	01-05-0950A	02
05	WI	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0575D	08-MAR-2001	01-05-1141V	19
05	WI	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0575D	16-MAR-2001	01-05-1423A	02
05	WI	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0600D	08-MAR-2001	01-05-1141V	19
05	WI	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0600D	23-MAR-2001	01-05-0913A	02
05	WI	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0625D	08-MAR-2001	01-05-1141V	19
05	WI	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0650D	08-MAR-2001	01-05-1141V	19
05	WI	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0650D	14-MAR-2001	01-05-1167A	02
05	WI	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0675D	08-MAR-2001	01-05-1141V	19
05	WI	SHAWANO COUNTY	5504120150B	26-JAN-2001	01-05-638A	02
05	WI	SHAWANO COUNTY	5504120150B	31-JAN-2001	01-05-184A	02
05	WI	SHEBOYGAN COUNTY	5504240080B	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2104A	02
05	WI	SHEBOYGAN COUNTY *	5504240080B	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2104A	02
05	WI	SHELL LAKE, CITY OF	5504690001D	30-MAY-2001	01-05-2161A	02
05	WI	SHELL LAKE, CITY OF	5504690001E	13-JUN-2001	01-05-2422A	02
05	WI	SHELL LAKE, CITY OF	5504690001E	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2518A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
05	WI	SOLON SPRINGS, VILLAGE OF	5501150005B	30-MAR-2001	00-05-5580A	02
05	WI	STURGEON BAY, CITY OF	5501110005B	04-MAY-2001	01-05-787A	02
05	WI	STURGEON BAY, CITY OF	5501110005B	26-JAN-2001	01-05-873A	02
05	WI	SUPERIOR, CITY OF	5501160002B	18-APR-2001	01-05-821A	01
05	WI	THIENSVILLE, CITY OF	55089C0079D	16-FEB-2001	01-05-892A	02
05	WI	VERNON COUNTY	5504500225B	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2177A	02
05	WI	WALPACA COUNTY	5504920030A	30-MAR-2001	01-05-1296A	02
05	WI	WALPACA COUNTY	5504920145A	09-MAR-2001	01-05-637A	02
05	WI	WALWORTH COUNTY	5504620020B	11-APR-2001	01-05-1497A	02
05	WI	WALWORTH COUNTY	5504620020B	19-JAN-2001	01-05-084A	02
05	WI	WASHBURN COUNTY	5506060075B	14-FEB-2001	01-05-995A	02
05	WI	WASHBURN COUNTY	5506060075B	26-JAN-2001	01-05-587A	02
05	WI	WASHBURN COUNTY	5506060125B	11-APR-2001	01-05-1518A	02
05	WI	WASHBURN COUNTY	5506060125B	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2519A	02
05	WI	WASHBURN COUNTY	5506060200B	20-JUN-2001	01-05-2557A	02
05	WI	WASHBURN COUNTY	5506060200B	26-JAN-2001	01-05-648A	02
05	WI	WASHINGTON COUNTY	5504710050B	26-JAN-2001	01-05-820A	02
05	WI	WASHINGTON COUNTY	5504710060B	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1231A	02
05	WI	WAUKESHA COUNTY	5504760015B	02-FEB-2001	00-05-6120A	02
05	WI	WAUKESHA COUNTY	5504760015B	13-APR-2001	01-05-019A	02
05	WI	WAUKESHA COUNTY	5504760015B	18-MAY-2001	01-05-1277A	02
05	WI	WAUKESHA COUNTY	5504760020B	11-APR-2001	01-05-1264A	02
05	WI	WAUKESHA COUNTY	5504760020B	26-JAN-2001	01-05-493A	02
05	WI	WAUKESHA COUNTY*	5504760110B	21-MAR-2001	01-05-1430A	02
05	WI	WAUPUN, CITY OF	5501080001E	02-MAR-2001	01-05-973A	02
05	WI	WAUPUN, CITY OF	5501080001E	19-JAN-2001	01-05-376A	02
05	WI	WAUPUN, CITY OF	5501310120B	28-MAR-2001	01-05-1237A	02
05	WI	WAUSAU, CITY OF	550258A	14-MAR-2001	01-05-1603A	02
05	WI	WAUSAU, CITY OF	550258A	26-JAN-2001	01-05-715A	02
05	WI	WAUSHARA COUNTY	5505400200B	28-FEB-2001	00-05-5374X	02
05	WI	WAUSHARA COUNTY*	5505400200B	28-FEB-2001	00-05-5374X	02
05	WI	WAUWATOSA, CITY OF	5502840005B	04-APR-2001	01-05-842A	01
05	WI	WHITEWATER, CITY OF	5502000004B	13-APR-2001	01-05-1552A	02
05	WI	WHITEWATER, CITY OF	5502000004B	29-JUN-2001	01-05-2701A	02
05	WI	WINNEBAGO COUNTY	5505370025C	28-FEB-2001	01-05-1149A	02
05	WI	WINNEBAGO COUNTY	5505370050C	01-JUN-2001	01-05-2053A	02
05	WI	WINNEBAGO COUNTY	5505370050C	02-JAN-2001	01-05-0772X	02
05	WI	WINNEBAGO COUNTY	5505370050C	19-JAN-2001	00-05-6046A	02
05	WI	WINNEBAGO COUNTY	5505370050C	21-MAR-2001	01-05-0568A	02
05	WI	WINNEBAGO COUNTY	5505370100C	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2086A	02
05	WI	WINNEBAGO COUNTY *	5505370025C	28-FEB-2001	01-05-1149A	02
05	WI	WINNEBAGO COUNTY *	5505370050C	01-JUN-2001	01-05-2053A	02
05	WI	WINNEBAGO COUNTY *	5505370050C	02-JAN-2001	01-05-0772X	02
05	WI	WINNEBAGO COUNTY *	5505370050C	21-MAR-2001	01-05-0568A	02
05	WI	WINNEBAGO COUNTY *	5505370100C	23-MAY-2001	01-05-2086A	02
05	WI	WINNEBAGO COUNTY *	5505370100C	25-APR-2001	01-05-1676A	02
06	AR	ARKANSAS COUNTY	0504180004B	09-FEB-2001	00-06-947A	02
06	AR	ASHDOWN, CITY OF	05081C0242D	07-FEB-2001	00-06-1808A	17
06	AR	BENTON COUNTY		21-MAR-2001	01-06-864P	06
06	AR	BRADLEY COUNTY	0504200200B	09-FEB-2001	01-06-490A	02
06	AR	CABOT, CITY OF		28-MAR-2001	01-05-1285A	02
06	AR	CONWAY, CITY OF	05045C0130F	02-MAY-2001	01-06-653A	02
06	AR	ELKINS, CITY OF	05143C0115E	11-APR-2001	01-06-293A	02
06	AR	ENGLAND, CITY OF		14-FEB-2001	00-06-1373A	02
06	AR	FARMINGTON, CITY OF	05143C0090C	31-JAN-2001	01-06-499A	01
06	AR	FAULKNER COUNTY	0504310215E	09-MAY-2001	01-06-581A	02
06	AR	FAULKNER COUNTY	05045C0185F	24-APR-2001	01-06-690A	17
06	AR	FAULKNER COUNTY	05045C0070F	28-MAR-2001	01-06-766A	02
06	AR	FAYETTEVILLE, CITY OF	05143C0103D	22-JUN-2001	01-06-1374A	02
06	AR	FAYETTEVILLE, CITY OF	05143C0091D	28-MAR-2001	01-06-468A	02
06	AR	GARLAND COUNTY	05051C0154C	06-JUN-2001	01-06-665A	01
06	AR	HOT SPRINGS, CITY OF	05051C0156C	06-APR-2001	01-06-344A	02
06	AR	JACKSONVILLE, CITY OF	0501800005E	15-JUN-2001	01-06-1224A	01
06	AR	JACKSONVILLE, CITY OF	0501800005E	13-JUN-2001	01-06-1233A	02
06	AR	JACKSONVILLE, CITY OF	0501800005E	13-JUN-2001	01-06-1234A	02
06	AR	JONESBORO, CITY OF	05031C0043C	28-FEB-2001	01-06-496A	02
06	AR	LITTLE ROCK, CITY OF	0501810002E	22-JUN-2001	01-06-1102A	01
06	AR	LITTLE ROCK, CITY OF	0501810005E	07-MAR-2001	01-06-583A	02
06	AR	LONOKE COUNTY	0504480175B	16-MAY-2001	01-06-253A	02
06	AR	MAUMELLE, CITY OF	0505770002A	13-JUN-2001	01-06-1185A	01
06	AR	MCGEHEE, CITY OF	0500680005C	09-FEB-2001	01-06-177A	02
06	AR	MENA, CITY OF	05017703B	25-APR-2001	01-06-377A	02
06	AR	MORRILTON, CITY OF	0500440005B	16-MAY-2001	01-06-1117A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
06	AR	NORTH LITTLE ROCK, CITY OF	0501820006D	16-MAR-2001	01-06-767A	02
06	AR	PINE BLUFF, CITY OF	0501090005B	20-JUN-2001	01-06-1173A	02
06	AR	POCAHONTAS, CITY OF	0501830003B	01-JUN-2001	01-06-1212A	01
06	AR	POCAHONTAS, CITY OF	0501830003B	18-APR-2001	01-06-340A	01
06	AR	POPE COUNTY	0504580006A	25-MAY-2001	01-06-1187A	02
06	AR	PULASKI COUNTY	0501790445D	22-JUN-2001	01-06-1336A	17
06	AR	PULASKI COUNTY	0501790381C	14-MAR-2001	01-06-518A	01
06	AR	RANDOLPH COUNTY	0504600003B	04-APR-2001	01-06-267A	02
06	AR	ROGERS, CITY OF		21-MAR-2001	01-06-864P	06
06	AR	SILOAM SPRINGS, CITY OF	05007C0208E	30-MAR-2001	01-06-396A	02
06	AR	SPRINGDALE, CITY OF	05143C0019C	19-JAN-2001	00-06-1612A	02
06	AR	STAR CITY, CITY OF	0503680001B	01-JUN-2001	01-06-1076A	02
06	AR	STUTTGART, CITY OF	0500020005C	07-FEB-2001	01-06-588A	02
06	AR	WEST FORK, CITY OF	05143C0170C	16-FEB-2001	01-06-068A	02
06	AR	WEST FORK, CITY OF	05143C0170C	02-MAR-2001	01-06-382A	02
06	AR	WEST MEMPHIS, CITY OF	0500550016D	14-FEB-2001	01-06-027A	08
06	LA	ABITA SPRINGS, TOWN OF	2201990002C	07-FEB-2001	01-06-186A	02
06	LA	ALEXANDRIA, CITY OF	2201460015F	02-FEB-2001	00-06-1833A	08
06	LA	ALEXANDRIA, CITY OF	2201460015F	15-JUN-2001	01-06-1208A	02
06	LA	ALEXANDRIA, CITY OF	2201460015F	25-MAY-2001	01-06-1235A	02
06	LA	ALEXANDRIA, CITY OF	2201460015F	08-JUN-2001	01-06-1236A	02
06	LA	ALEXANDRIA, CITY OF	2201460015F	06-JUN-2001	01-06-1266A	02
06	LA	ALEXANDRIA, CITY OF	2201460015F	13-JUN-2001	01-06-1280A	02
06	LA	ALEXANDRIA, CITY OF		08-JAN-2001	01-06-243A	02
06	LA	ALEXANDRIA, CITY OF	2201460015F	18-APR-2001	01-06-534A	02
06	LA	ALEXANDRIA, CITY OF	2201460015F	18-APR-2001	01-06-536A	02
06	LA	ALEXANDRIA, CITY OF	2201460015F	16-MAR-2001	01-06-809A	02
06	LA	ALEXANDRIA, CITY OF	2201460015F	30-MAR-2001	01-06-917A	02
06	LA	ASCENSION PARISH	2200130130D	03-JAN-2001	00-06-1511A	02
06	LA	ASCENSION PARISH	2200130045C	02-FEB-2001	00-06-1568A	02
06	LA	ASCENSION PARISH	2200130130D	16-MAR-2001	00-06-1610A	02
06	LA	ASCENSION PARISH	2200130045C	03-JAN-2001	00-06-1842A	02
06	LA	ASCENSION PARISH	2200130040B	06-JUN-2001	01-06-1086A	02
06	LA	ASCENSION PARISH	2200130040B	22-JUN-2001	01-06-1118A	02
06	LA	ASCENSION PARISH	2200130045C	15-JUN-2001	01-06-1330A	02
06	LA	ASCENSION PARISH	2200130110D	20-JUN-2001	01-06-1364A	02
06	LA	ASCENSION PARISH	2200130065C	02-FEB-2001	01-06-210A	02
06	LA	ASCENSION PARISH	2200130040B	06-APR-2001	01-06-227A	02
06	LA	ASCENSION PARISH	2200130070B	16-MAR-2001	01-06-328A	02
06	LA	AVOYELLES PARISH	2200190075B	16-MAR-2001	00-06-1828A	02
06	LA	AVOYELLES PARISH	2200190075B	16-FEB-2001	01-06-234A	02
06	LA	AVOYELLES PARISH	2200190075B	23-FEB-2001	01-06-362A	01
06	LA	AVOYELLES PARISH	2200190075B	23-MAY-2001	01-06-391A	02
06	LA	AVOYELLES PARISH	2200190075B	16-FEB-2001	01-06-532A	02
06	LA	BALL, TOWN OF	2203730005D	21-MAR-2001	01-06-256A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER CITY, CITY OF	2200330005C	23-MAY-2001	01-06-1093A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER CITY, CITY OF	2200330030C	30-MAY-2001	01-06-1183A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER CITY, CITY OF	2200330030C	15-JUN-2001	01-06-1243A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER CITY, CITY OF	2200330030C	22-JUN-2001	01-06-1370A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER CITY, CITY OF	2200330005C	28-MAR-2001	01-06-174A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER CITY, CITY OF	2200330005C	07-FEB-2001	01-06-295A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER CITY, CITY OF	2200330030C	09-FEB-2001	01-06-439A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER CITY, CITY OF	2200330005C	09-MAY-2001	01-06-587A	01
06	LA	BOSSIER CITY, CITY OF	2200330030C	11-APR-2001	01-06-744A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310285B	16-MAR-2001	01-06-096A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310285B	18-MAY-2001	01-06-1151A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310305B	28-MAR-2001	01-06-127A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310285B	22-JUN-2001	01-06-1317A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310285B	29-JUN-2001	01-06-1328A	17
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310285B	20-JUN-2001	01-06-1332A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310285B	28-MAR-2001	01-06-208A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310315B	18-MAY-2001	01-06-269A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310295B	28-MAR-2001	01-06-343A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310315B	18-MAY-2001	01-06-440A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310295B	28-FEB-2001	01-06-443A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310315B	18-MAY-2001	01-06-444A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310285B	23-FEB-2001	01-06-445A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310390B	25-APR-2001	01-06-504A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310285B	09-MAR-2001	01-06-611A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310285B	09-MAR-2001	01-06-612A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310315B	18-APR-2001	01-06-681A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310315B	11-APR-2001	01-06-698A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310285B	09-MAR-2001	01-06-717A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310305B	09-MAR-2001	01-06-718A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310305B	09-MAR-2001	01-06-719A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310315B	20-APR-2001	01-06-788A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310315B	27-APR-2001	01-06-823A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310285B	13-APR-2001	01-06-824A	02
06	LA	BOSSIER PARISH	2200310285B	20-APR-2001	01-06-825A	02
06	LA	CADDO PARISH	22017C0478F	08-JUN-2001	01-06-1309A	01
06	LA	CADDO PARISH	22017C0479F	08-JUN-2001	01-06-1309A	01
06	LA	CADDO PARISH	22017C0478F	23-FEB-2001	01-06-138A	02
06	LA	CADDO PARISH	22017C0487F	14-FEB-2001	01-06-263A	02
06	LA	CADDO PARISH	22017C0341F	16-MAR-2001	01-06-613A	02
06	LA	CADDO PARISH	22017C0342F	16-MAR-2001	01-06-613A	02
06	LA	CALCASIEU PARISH	2200370375C	09-MAY-2001	01-06-376A	01
06	LA	CONCORDIA PARISH	2200530245B	30-MAY-2001	01-06-630A	02
06	LA	DENHAM SPRINGS, CITY OF	2201160005B	23-MAR-2001	01-06-826A	02
06	LA	EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH	2200580110D	07-FEB-2001	00-06-1881A	01
06	LA	EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH	2200580115D	21-MAR-2001	01-06-014A	01
06	LA	EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH	2200580110D	23-FEB-2001	01-06-017A	01
06	LA	EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH	2200580085D	09-FEB-2001	01-06-049A	02
06	LA	EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH	2200580085D	08-JUN-2001	01-06-1103A	02
06	LA	EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH	2200580110D	22-JUN-2001	01-06-1174A	02
06	LA	EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH	2200580100D	29-JUN-2001	01-06-1237A	02
06	LA	EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH	2200580115D	22-JUN-2001	01-06-1335A	02
06	LA	EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH	2200580115D	01-JUN-2001	01-06-168A	01
06	LA	EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH	2200580100D	18-APR-2001	01-06-538A	02
06	LA	EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH	2200580110D	25-MAY-2001	01-06-684A	01
06	LA	EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH	2200580100D	04-APR-2001	01-06-758A	02
06	LA	EVANGELINE PARISH	2200640007C	31-JAN-2001	01-06-092A	02
06	LA	EVANGELINE PARISH	2200640007C	02-MAR-2001	01-06-224A	02
06	LA	GONZALES, CITY OF	2200150005C	04-MAY-2001	00-06-1834A	02
06	LA	HARRISONBURG, VILLAGE OF	2200480005B	07-MAR-2001	01-06-077A	02
06	LA	JEFFERSON DAVIS PARISH	22051C0130E	18-MAY-2001	01-06-804A	02
06	LA	JEFFERSON PARISH	22051C0040E	25-MAY-2001	01-06-1159A	02
06	LA	JEFFERSON PARISH	22051C0145E	18-MAY-2001	01-06-768A	02
06	LA	LAFAYETTE PARISH	22055C0025G	31-JAN-2001	00-06-1258A	02
06	LA	LAFAYETTE PARISH	22055C0065G	27-JUN-2001	01-06-1078A	02
06	LA	LAFAYETTE PARISH	22055C0045G	25-MAY-2001	01-06-1137A	02
06	LA	LAFAYETTE PARISH	22055C0065G	22-JUN-2001	01-06-1279A	01
06	LA	LAFAYETTE PARISH	22055C0080G	21-FEB-2001	01-06-254A	02
06	LA	LAFAYETTE PARISH	22055C0065G	16-MAR-2001	01-06-426A	02
06	LA	LAFAYETTE PARISH	22055C0040H	04-APR-2001	01-06-623A	02
06	LA	LAFAYETTE PARISH	22055C0040H	28-MAR-2001	01-06-636A	02
06	LA	LAFAYETTE PARISH	22055C0060G	16-MAY-2001	01-06-817A	02
06	LA	LAFAYETTE PARISH	22055C0060G	18-MAY-2001	01-06-818A	02
06	LA	LAFAYETTE, CITY OF	22055C0040H	25-MAY-2001	01-06-1296A	01
06	LA	LAFAYETTE, CITY OF	22055C0045G	25-MAY-2001	01-06-1296A	01
06	LA	LAFAYETTE, CITY OF	22055C0045G	09-FEB-2001	01-06-200A	02
06	LA	LAFAYETTE, CITY OF	22055C0045G	10-JAN-2001	01-06-201A	02
06	LA	LAFAYETTE, CITY OF	22055C0065G	06-APR-2001	01-06-620A	02
06	LA	LAFAYETTE, CITY OF	2201050045G	04-MAY-2001	01-06-723A	02
06	LA	LIVINGSTON PARISH	2201130125B	17-JAN-2001	00-06-1669A	02
06	LA	LIVINGSTON PARISH	2201130100B	16-FEB-2001	00-06-1723A	02
06	LA	LIVINGSTON PARISH	2201130025B	09-FEB-2001	00-06-1835A	08
06	LA	LIVINGSTON PARISH	2201130100B	01-JUN-2001	01-06-1146A	02
06	LA	LIVINGSTON PARISH	2201130100B	06-JUN-2001	01-06-1202A	02
06	LA	LIVINGSTON PARISH	2201130025B	22-JUN-2001	01-06-1269A	02
06	LA	LIVINGSTON PARISH	2201130100B	09-MAR-2001	01-06-137A	02
06	LA	LIVINGSTON PARISH	2201130100B	29-JUN-2001	01-06-1409A	02
06	LA	LIVINGSTON PARISH	2201130100B	03-JAN-2001	01-06-222A	01
06	LA	LIVINGSTON PARISH	2201130025B	26-JAN-2001	01-06-258A	02
06	LA	LIVINGSTON PARISH	2201130100B	09-FEB-2001	01-06-283A	02
06	LA	LIVINGSTON PARISH	2201130025B	07-FEB-2001	01-06-331A	02
06	LA	LIVINGSTON PARISH	2201130050B	09-FEB-2001	01-06-437A	02
06	LA	LIVINGSTON PARISH	2201130025B	20-APR-2001	01-06-645A	02
06	LA	LIVINGSTON PARISH	2201130025B	16-MAR-2001	01-06-656A	02
06	LA	LIVINGSTON PARISH	2201130100B	11-APR-2001	01-06-789A	02
06	LA	MONROE, CITY OF	22073C0070E	22-JUN-2001	01-06-1331A	02
06	LA	NEW ORLEANS PARISH	2252030095E	23-MAY-2001	01-06-379A	
06	LA	OAKDALE, CITY OF	22001101B	20-JUN-2001	01-06-425A	02
06	LA	OIL CITY, TOWN OF	22017C0255F	28-MAR-2001	01-06-348A	02
06	LA	RAPIDES PARISH	2201450125B	07-FEB-2001	00-06-1563A	02
06	LA	RAPIDES PARISH	2201450125B	07-FEB-2001	00-06-1811A	02
06	LA	RAPIDES PARISH	2201450235D	06-JUN-2001	01-06-1161A	01

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
06	LA	RAPIDES PARISH	2201450250C	30-MAY-2001	01-06-1209A	02
06	LA	RAPIDES PARISH	2201450140D	08-JUN-2001	01-06-1282A	02
06	LA	RAPIDES PARISH	2201450140D	13-JUN-2001	01-06-1283A	02
06	LA	RAPIDES PARISH	2201450250C	13-APR-2001	01-06-242A	02
06	LA	RAPIDES PARISH	2201450250C	14-FEB-2001	01-06-291A	02
06	LA	RAPIDES PARISH	2201450255C	25-APR-2001	01-06-470A	02
06	LA	RAPIDES PARISH	2201450250C	20-JUN-2001	01-06-533A	02
06	LA	RAPIDES PARISH	2201450235D	09-MAY-2001	01-06-830A	02
06	LA	SCOTT, CITY OF	22055C0040H	11-MAY-2001	01-06-720A	02
06	LA	SCOTT, CITY OF	22055C0040H	30-MAR-2001	01-06-730A	02
06	LA	SHREVEPORT, CITY OF	22017C0452F	09-FEB-2001	00-06-1676A	02
06	LA	SHREVEPORT, CITY OF	22017C0451F	09-FEB-2001	00-06-1888A	02
06	LA	SHREVEPORT, CITY OF	22017C0487F	23-FEB-2001	01-06-005A	02
06	LA	SHREVEPORT, CITY OF	22017C0451F	30-MAY-2001	01-06-1181A	02
06	LA	SHREVEPORT, CITY OF	22017C0487F	13-JUN-2001	01-06-1316A	02
06	LA	SHREVEPORT, CITY OF	22017C0451F	29-JUN-2001	01-06-1406A	02
06	LA	SHREVEPORT, CITY OF	22017C0486F	06-APR-2001	01-06-176A	02
06	LA	SHREVEPORT, CITY OF	22017C0488F	06-APR-2001	01-06-176A	02
06	LA	SHREVEPORT, CITY OF	22017C0488F	30-MAR-2001	01-06-252A	02
06	LA	SHREVEPORT, CITY OF	22017C0476F	16-FEB-2001	01-06-352A	02
06	LA	SHREVEPORT, CITY OF	22017C0489	14-FEB-2001	01-06-442A	02
06	LA	SHREVEPORT, CITY OF	22017C0486F	13-APR-2001	01-06-450A	02
06	LA	SHREVEPORT, CITY OF	22017C0487F	25-APR-2001	01-06-453A	02
06	LA	SHREVEPORT, CITY OF	22017C0487F	09-MAR-2001	01-06-458A	02
06	LA	SHREVEPORT, CITY OF	22017C0477F	27-APR-2001	01-06-562A	02
06	LA	SHREVEPORT, CITY OF	22017C0476F	09-MAR-2001	01-06-616A	02
06	LA	SHREVEPORT, CITY OF	22017C0476F	09-MAR-2001	01-06-628A	02
06	LA	SHREVEPORT, CITY OF	22017C0487F	04-MAY-2001	01-06-691A	02
06	LA	SHREVEPORT, CITY OF	22017C0478F	23-MAR-2001	01-06-846A	02
06	LA	SLIDELL, CITY OF	2202040010C	18-MAY-2001	00-06-1362A	01
06	LA	ST. LANDRY PARISH	2201650400C	07-FEB-2001	01-06-182A	02
06	LA	ST. LANDRY PARISH	2201650325C	21-FEB-2001	01-06-405A	02
06	LA	ST. MARTIN PARISH	2201780225B	20-APR-2001	01-06-457A	02
06	LA	ST. TAMMANY PARISH	2252050430D	13-JUN-2001	01-06-1113A	02
06	LA	ST. TAMMANY PARISH	2252050245C	20-APR-2001	01-06-120A	01
06	LA	ST. TAMMANY PARISH	2252050230C	27-JUN-2001	01-06-207A	01
06	LA	ST. TAMMANY PARISH	2252050220C	23-MAR-2001	01-06-317A	02
06	LA	ST. TAMMANY PARISH	2252050300C	11-APR-2001	01-06-332A	02
06	LA	TANGIPAHOA PARISH	2202060025D	13-JUN-2001	00-06-1424A	02
06	LA	TANGIPAHOA PARISH	2202060175E	23-MAY-2001	01-06-1064A	02
06	LA	TANGIPAHOA PARISH	2202060225E	25-MAY-2001	01-06-1094A	02
06	LA	TANGIPAHOA PARISH	2202060225E	18-APR-2001	01-06-647A	02
06	LA	TANGIPAHOA PARISH	2202060165E	06-JUN-2001	01-06-683A	01
06	LA	TANGIPAHOA PARISH	2202060225E	06-APR-2001	01-06-731A	02
06	LA	UNION PARISH	2203590250C	14-MAR-2001	01-06-059A	02
06	LA	VILLE PLATTE, TOWN OF	2200700001C	25-APR-2001	01-06-1070A	01
06	LA	VILLE PLATTE, TOWN OF	2200700001C	14-FEB-2001	01-06-284A	08
06	LA	WALKER, TOWN OF	2201210001A	20-APR-2001	01-06-179A	01
06	LA	WEST CARROLL PARISH	22024311B	29-JUN-2001	01-06-1255A	02
06	LA	WEST CARROLL PARISH	22024315B	20-APR-2001	01-06-364A	02
06	LA	YOUNGSVILLE, VILLAGE OF	22055C0065G	13-APR-2001	01-06-515A	02
06	NM	ALBUQUERQUE, CITY OF	35001C0339D	07-FEB-2001	01-06-134A	02
06	NM	ALBUQUERQUE, CITY OF	35001C0339D	17-JAN-2001	01-06-212A	02
06	NM	ALBUQUERQUE, CITY OF	35001C0357D	14-FEB-2001	01-06-365A	02
06	NM	ALBUQUERQUE, CITY OF	35001C0141D	20-JUN-2001	01-06-660A	01
06	NM	BERNALILLO COUNTY	35001C0339D	06-JUN-2001	01-06-1153A	02
06	NM	BERNALILLO COUNTY	35001C0109D	16-MAR-2001	01-06-638A	02
06	NM	BERNALILLO, TOWN OF	35001C0339D	14-FEB-2001	01-06-116A	02
06	NM	CARLSBAD, CITY OF	3500170004C	01-JUN-2001	01-06-606A	02
06	NM	CARLSBAD, CITY OF	3500170012C	06-APR-2001	01-06-652A	01
06	NM	LAS CRUCES, CITY OF	35013C0631E	20-JUN-2001	01-06-114A	01
06	NM	LAS CRUCES, CITY OF	35013C0632F	20-JUN-2001	01-06-114A	01
06	NM	LAS CRUCES, CITY OF	35013C0633E	20-JUN-2001	01-06-114A	01
06	NM	LAS CRUCES, CITY OF	35013C0634E	20-JUN-2001	01-06-114A	01
06	NM	LOS LUNAS, VILLAGE OF	3501440005A	03-JAN-2001	01-06-001A	02
06	NM	LOS LUNAS, VILLAGE OF	3501440005A	31-JAN-2001	01-06-060A	02
06	NM	LOS LUNAS, VILLAGE OF	3501440005A	30-MAY-2001	01-06-1136A	02
06	NM	LOS LUNAS, VILLAGE OF	3501440005A	07-FEB-2001	01-06-553A	02
06	NM	LOS LUNAS, VILLAGE OF	3501440005A	07-FEB-2001	01-06-569A	02
06	NM	LOS LUNAS, VILLAGE OF	3501440005A	21-FEB-2001	01-06-600A	02
06	NM	OTERO COUNTY	3500440021B	02-MAY-2001	01-06-686A	02
06	NM	SANTA FE, CITY OF	3500700003B	02-MAR-2001	01-06-389A	02
06	NM	VALENCIA COUNTY	3500860185D	02-FEB-2001	00-06-1565A	01

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
06	NM	VALENCIA COUNTY	3500860195D	09-FEB-2001	01-06-067A	02
06	OK	ADA, CITY OF		03-JAN-2001	00-06-1718A	02
06	OK	BIXBY, TOWN OF	40143C0610H	23-MAR-2001	01-06-802A	02
06	OK	BROKEN ARROW, CITY OF	40143C0631H	08-JUN-2001	01-06-1200A	02
06	OK	BROKEN ARROW, CITY OF	40143C0534H	11-APR-2001	01-06-936A	02
06	OK	CLAREMORE, CITY OF	4053750005F	31-JAN-2001	00-06-1656A	02
06	OK	COMANCHE COUNTY	40031C0150C	20-JUN-2001	01-06-1303A	02
06	OK	COMANCHE COUNTY	40031C0350C	23-MAR-2001	01-06-637A	02
06	OK	COWETA, CITY OF	4002160001A	14-FEB-2001	00-06-1759A	01
06	OK	CRAIG COUNTY	4005400200A	16-FEB-2001	01-06-198A	02
06	OK	DEL CITY, CITY OF	4002330003D	18-MAY-2001	01-06-594A	02
06	OK	DELAWARE COUNTY	4005020025C	10-JAN-2001	00-06-1151A	02
06	OK	DELAWARE COUNTY	4005020025C	31-JAN-2001	00-06-1467A	02
06	OK	DELAWARE COUNTY	4005020050C	09-FEB-2001	01-06-021A	02
06	OK	DELAWARE COUNTY	4005020025C	27-APR-2001	01-06-1067A	02
06	OK	DELAWARE COUNTY	4005020050C	18-MAY-2001	01-06-1069A	02
06	OK	DELAWARE COUNTY	4005020025C	06-JUN-2001	01-06-1115A	02
06	OK	DELAWARE COUNTY	4005020050C	02-FEB-2001	01-06-285A	02
06	OK	DELAWARE COUNTY	4005020050C	23-MAY-2001	01-06-334A	02
06	OK	DELAWARE COUNTY	4005020025C	15-JUN-2001	01-06-345A	02
06	OK	DELAWARE COUNTY	4005020050C	14-MAR-2001	01-06-541A	02
06	OK	DELAWARE COUNTY	4005020075C	01-JUN-2001	01-06-582A	02
06	OK	DUNCAN, CITY OF	40137C0085D	17-JAN-2001	01-06-124A	02
06	OK	EDMOND, CITY OF	4002520005B	09-FEB-2001	00-06-1503A	02
06	OK	EDMOND, CITY OF	4002520045B	23-MAR-2001	01-06-076A	17
06	OK	EDMOND, CITY OF	4002520005B	25-MAY-2001	01-06-1104A	17
06	OK	EDMOND, CITY OF	4002520005B	11-APR-2001	01-06-268A	02
06	OK	ENID, CITY OF	40047C0115C	09-FEB-2001	01-06-036A	02
06	OK	ENID, CITY OF	40047C0115C	27-JUN-2001	01-06-1257A	17
06	OK	ENID, CITY OF	40047C0095D	28-MAR-2001	01-06-488A	02
06	OK	ENID, CITY OF	40047C0115C	16-MAR-2001	01-06-750A	02
06	OK	GROVE, TOWN OF	4003850004C	21-MAR-2001	00-06-1279A	01
06	OK	GROVE, TOWN OF	4003850001B	07-FEB-2001	01-06-029A	02
06	OK	GROVE, TOWN OF	4003850004C	18-MAY-2001	01-06-1057A	02
06	OK	GROVE, TOWN OF	4003850004C	08-JUN-2001	01-06-955A	02
06	OK	HENRYETTA, CITY OF	4001440003C	27-APR-2001	01-06-1068A	02
06	OK	INOLA, TOWN OF	4004560005B	27-JUN-2001	01-06-1378A	02
06	OK	JENKS, CITY OF	40143C0494H	04-MAY-2001	00-06-1429A	01
06	OK	JENKS, CITY OF	40143C0513H	04-MAY-2001	00-06-1429A	01
06	OK	JENKS, CITY OF	40143C0605H	07-FEB-2001	01-06-064A	02
06	OK	JENKS, CITY OF	40143C0494H	04-MAY-2001	01-06-1199A	02
06	OK	JENKS, CITY OF	40143C0582H	16-MAR-2001	01-06-235A	02
06	OK	KAY COUNTY	4004770050A	16-MAR-2001	01-06-329A	02
06	OK	KAY COUNTY	4004770250A	29-JUN-2001	01-06-842A	02
06	OK	KINGFISHER, CITY OF	40008202A	29-MAY-2001	00-06-1321A	01
06	OK	KINGFISHER, CITY OF	40008202A	29-MAY-2001	01-06-828A	01
06	OK	LAWTON, CITY OF	40031C0258C	06-JUN-2001	01-06-1152A	01
06	OK	LINCOLN COUNTY	4004570275A	23-FEB-2001	01-06-622A	02
06	OK	LOOKEBA, TOWN OF	40015C0093D	28-MAR-2001	01-06-811A	02
06	OK	MCCLAIN COUNTY	4005380050A	11-MAY-2001	01-06-286A	02
06	OK	MCCLAIN COUNTY	4005380100B	28-FEB-2001	01-06-563A	02
06	OK	MIDWEST CITY, CITY OF	4004050015E	27-JUN-2001	01-06-1390A	02
06	OK	MOORE, CITY OF	40027C0037F	16-MAR-2001	00-06-1710A	02
06	OK	MOORE, CITY OF	40027C0037F	08-JUN-2001	01-06-831A	02
06	OK	NORMAN,CITY OF	40027C0115F	02-FEB-2001	01-06-249A	02
06	OK	OKLAHOMA CITY, CITY OF	4053780110C	24-JAN-2001	00-06-1632A	02
06	OK	OKLAHOMA CITY, CITY OF	4053780060C	08-JAN-2001	00-06-1721A	01
06	OK	OKLAHOMA CITY, CITY OF	4053780205D	14-FEB-2001	00-06-1739A	08
06	OK	OKLAHOMA CITY, CITY OF	4053780190F	17-JAN-2001	00-06-1782A	01
06	OK	OKLAHOMA CITY, CITY OF	4053780195C	13-APR-2001	00-06-1876A	02
06	OK	OKLAHOMA CITY, CITY OF	4053780160D	31-JAN-2001	01-06-012A	02
06	OK	OKLAHOMA CITY, CITY OF	4053780195C	25-MAY-2001	01-06-1080A	02
06	OK	OKLAHOMA CITY, CITY OF	4053780195C	08-JUN-2001	01-06-1087A	02
06	OK	OKLAHOMA CITY, CITY OF	4053780140C	25-MAY-2001	01-06-1105A	02
06	OK	OKLAHOMA CITY, CITY OF	4053780225F	16-MAY-2001	01-06-1144A	02
06	OK	OKLAHOMA CITY, CITY OF	4053780195C	30-MAY-2001	01-06-1205A	02
06	OK	OKLAHOMA CITY, CITY OF	4053780080C	14-FEB-2001	01-06-125A	02
06	OK	OKLAHOMA CITY, CITY OF	4053780195C	17-JAN-2001	01-06-248A	02
06	OK	OKLAHOMA CITY, CITY OF	4053780110C	09-FEB-2001	01-06-430A	02
06	OK	OKLAHOMA CITY, CITY OF	4053780195C	27-APR-2001	01-06-441A	02
06	OK	OKLAHOMA CITY, CITY OF	4053780205D	20-APR-2001	01-06-474A	02
06	OK	OKLAHOMA CITY, CITY OF	4053780160D	07-MAR-2001	01-06-568A	17
06	OK	OKLAHOMA CITY, CITY OF		24-MAY-2001	01-06-608P	05

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
06	OK	OKMULGEE COUNTY	4004920050B	09-FEB-2001	01-06-175A	02
06	OK	OKMULGEE COUNTY	4004920150B	13-APR-2001	01-06-497A	02
06	OK	OKMULGEE COUNTY	4004920150B	07-MAR-2001	01-06-500A	02
06	OK	OSAGE COUNTY	4001460610D	04-APR-2001	01-06-776A	02
06	OK	OWASSO, CITY OF	40143C0238H	28-FEB-2001	01-06-491A	02
06	OK	PAYNE COUNTY	4004930160C	31-JAN-2001	00-06-1346A	02
06	OK	PIEDMONT, CITY OF	40017C0190D	23-MAR-2001	01-06-778A	02
06	OK	POTTAWATOMIE COUNTY	40125C0015D	06-JUN-2001	01-06-1090A	02
06	OK	ROGERS COUNTY	4053790100B	14-FEB-2001	00-06-1412A	02
06	OK	ROGERS COUNTY	4053790100B	14-FEB-2001	00-06-1475A	02
06	OK	ROGERS COUNTY	4053790120B	07-FEB-2001	00-06-1535A	02
06	OK	ROGERS COUNTY	4053790120B	30-MAY-2001	01-06-1172A	02
06	OK	ROGERS COUNTY	4053790100B	29-JUN-2001	01-06-1403A	02
06	OK	ROGERS COUNTY	4053790075B	28-MAR-2001	01-06-287A	02
06	OK	ROGERS COUNTY	4053790200B	07-FEB-2001	01-06-367A	02
06	OK	ROGERS COUNTY	4053790150B	04-MAY-2001	01-06-409A	02
06	OK	ROGERS COUNTY	4053790130C	09-FEB-2001	01-06-446A	02
06	OK	ROGERS COUNTY	4053790075B	13-JUN-2001	01-06-692A	02
06	OK	SAPULPA, CITY OF	4000530005B	06-JUN-2001	01-06-1101A	02
06	OK	SAPULPA, CITY OF	4000530005B	04-MAY-2001	01-06-757A	02
06	OK	SEMINOLE, CITY OF	40133C0068C	03-JAN-2001	00-06-1693A	02
06	OK	SHAWNEE, CITY OF	40125C0125D	28-FEB-2001	01-06-618A	02
06	OK	SHAWNEE, CITY OF	40125C0103D	02-MAR-2001	01-06-625A	02
06	OK	SHAWNEE, CITY OF	40125C0101D	01-JUN-2001	01-06-651A	02
06	OK	SKIATOOK, TOWN OF	40143C0201H	29-JUN-2001	01-06-1419A	02
06	OK	STILLWATER, CITY OF	4053800005D	25-MAY-2001	01-06-1048A	02
06	OK	STILLWATER, CITY OF	4053800005D	28-MAR-2001	01-06-122A	02
06	OK	STILLWATER, CITY OF	4053800003D	22-JUN-2001	01-06-1346A	02
06	OK	TULSA COUNTY	40143C0631H	12-JAN-2001	01-06-020A	02
06	OK	TULSA COUNTY	40143C0513H	15-JUN-2001	01-06-1148A	02
06	OK	TULSA COUNTY	40143C0520H	22-JUN-2001	01-06-1308A	02
06	OK	TULSA, CITY OF	40143C0530H	23-FEB-2001	01-06-037A	02
06	OK	TULSA, CITY OF	40143C0530H	10-JAN-2001	01-06-071A	02
06	OK	TULSA, CITY OF	40143C0540H	08-JUN-2001	01-06-1194A	02
06	OK	TULSA, CITY OF	40143C0520H	20-JUN-2001	01-06-1321A	02
06	OK	TULSA, CITY OF	40143C0530H	07-FEB-2001	01-06-288A	02
06	OK	TULSA, CITY OF	40143C0540H	14-FEB-2001	01-06-297A	02
06	OK	TULSA, CITY OF	40143C0505H	16-MAR-2001	01-06-465A	02
06	OK	TULSA, CITY OF	40143C0510H	16-MAR-2001	01-06-465A	02
06	OK	TULSA, CITY OF	40143C0510H	16-MAR-2001	01-06-710A	02
06	OK	TULSA, CITY OF	40143C0510H	21-MAR-2001	01-06-711A	02
06	OK	TULSA, CITY OF	40143C0540H	07-MAR-2001	01-06-772A	02
06	OK	WASHINGTON COUNTY		07-FEB-2001	01-06-133A	02
06	OK	WOODWARD, CITY OF	4002320001B	07-MAR-2001	01-06-231A	02
06	OK	YUKON, CITY OF	40017C0340D	03-JAN-2001	01-06-244A	02
06	OK	YUKON, CITY OF	40017C0340D	18-APR-2001	01-06-632A	02
06	OK	YUKON, CITY OF	40017C0340D	02-MAR-2001	01-06-639A	02
06	TX	ALICE, CITY OF	4803940005C	09-FEB-2001	01-06-370A	01
06	TX	ALLEN, CITY OF	48085C0435G	21-MAR-2001	01-06-801A	17
06	TX	ARLINGTON, CITY OF	48439C0336J	27-APR-2001	01-06-1106A	02
06	TX	ARLINGTON, CITY OF	48439C0433J	27-APR-2001	01-06-1112A	02
06	TX	ARLINGTON, CITY OF	48439C0433J	27-JUN-2001	01-06-1293A	02
06	TX	ARLINGTON, CITY OF	48439C0441J	31-JAN-2001	01-06-403A	02
06	TX	ARLINGTON, CITY OF	48439C0431J	07-MAR-2001	01-06-489A	02
06	TX	ARLINGTON, CITY OF	48439C0319J	21-FEB-2001	01-06-529A	02
06	TX	ARLINGTON, CITY OF	48439C0336J	08-JUN-2001	01-06-540A	02
06	TX	ARLINGTON, CITY OF	48439C0319J	29-JUN-2001	01-06-566A	17
06	TX	ARLINGTON, CITY OF	48439C0341J	13-JUN-2001	01-06-570A	02
06	TX	ARLINGTON, CITY OF	48439C0461H	09-MAY-2001	01-06-619A	02
06	TX	ARLINGTON, CITY OF	48439C0441J	07-MAR-2001	01-06-640A	02
06	TX	ARLINGTON, CITY OF	48439C0319J	25-MAY-2001	01-06-671A	01
06	TX	ARLINGTON, CITY OF	48439C0319J	20-APR-2001	01-06-727A	02
06	TX	ARLINGTON, CITY OF	48439C0443H	13-APR-2001	01-06-732A	01
06	TX	AUBREY, CITY OF	48121C0265E	20-JUN-2001	01-06-1129A	02
06	TX	AUSTIN COUNTY	48015C0250D	29-JUN-2001	01-06-1377A	01
06	TX	AUSTIN, CITY OF	48453C0260F	17-JAN-2001	00-06-1343A	02
06	TX	AUSTIN, CITY OF	48453C0205E	31-JAN-2001	00-06-1597A	02
06	TX	AUSTIN, CITY OF	48453C0125E	04-JAN-2001	00-06-212P	05
06	TX	AUSTIN, CITY OF	48453C0160E	04-JAN-2001	00-06-212P	05
06	TX	AUSTIN, CITY OF	48453C0165E	04-JAN-2001	00-06-212P	05
06	TX	AUSTIN, CITY OF	48453C0200E	11-MAY-2001	01-06-086A	02
06	TX	AUSTIN, CITY OF	48453C0160E	10-JAN-2001	01-06-108A	02
06	TX	AUSTIN, CITY OF	48453C0255F	22-JUN-2001	01-06-1322A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
06	TX	AUSTIN, CITY OF		03-JAN-2001	01-06-279P	06
06	TX	AUSTIN, CITY OF	48453C0215G	28-MAR-2001	01-06-721A	02
06	TX	AZLE, CITY OF	48439C0232H	16-MAY-2001	01-06-460A	02
06	TX	BANDERA COUNTY	4800200265A	02-FEB-2001	01-06-435A	02
06	TX	BEDFORD, CITY OF	48439C0307J	13-JUN-2001	01-06-728A	02
06	TX	BEDFORD, CITY OF	48439C0309J	04-APR-2001	01-06-762A	02
06	TX	BEDFORD, CITY OF	48439C0307J	04-APR-2001	01-06-810A	02
06	TX	BELL COUNTY	4807060145B	01-JUN-2001	01-06-1107A	02
06	TX	BELLAIRE, CITY OF	48201C0855K	07-FEB-2001	01-06-051A	08
06	TX	BELLAIRE, CITY OF	48201C0855K	21-FEB-2001	01-06-101A	02
06	TX	BELLAIRE, CITY OF	48201C0855K	20-APR-2001	01-06-419A	02
06	TX	BELLAIRE, CITY OF	48201C0855K	18-APR-2001	01-06-424A	02
06	TX	BENBROOK, CITY OF	48439C0390J	13-JUN-2001	01-06-1121A	02
06	TX	BENBROOK, CITY OF	48439C0390J	06-JUN-2001	01-06-1216A	02
06	TX	BENBROOK, CITY OF	48439C0380H	08-JUN-2001	01-06-1222A	02
06	TX	BENBROOK, CITY OF	48439C0390J	14-FEB-2001	01-06-514A	02
06	TX	BENBROOK, CITY OF	48439C0390J	14-FEB-2001	01-06-524A	02
06	TX	BENBROOK, CITY OF	48439C0390J	15-JUN-2001	01-06-643A	02
06	TX	BENBROOK, CITY OF	48439C0390J	07-MAR-2001	01-06-752A	02
06	TX	BEXAR COUNTY	48029C0477E	04-APR-2001	00-06-1330A	02
06	TX	BEXAR COUNTY	48029C0405E	07-FEB-2001	00-06-1845A	02
06	TX	BEXAR COUNTY	48029C0257E	13-JUN-2001	01-06-1188A	02
06	TX	BEXAR COUNTY	48029C0140E	27-APR-2001	01-06-627A	02
06	TX	BEXAR COUNTY	48029C0243E	21-MAR-2001	01-06-709A	02
06	TX	BRAZORIA COUNTY	48039C0010I	15-JUN-2001	01-06-1203A	01
06	TX	BRAZORIA COUNTY	48039C0010I	27-JUN-2001	01-06-1375A	01
06	TX	BRAZORIA COUNTY	48039C0010I	27-JUN-2001	01-06-1376A	01
06	TX	BRAZORIA COUNTY	48039C0030I	14-FEB-2001	01-06-528A	02
06	TX	BRAZORIA COUNTY	48039C0030I	16-MAR-2001	01-06-693A	02
06	TX	BRAZORIA COUNTY	48039C0010I	11-APR-2001	01-06-722A	01
06	TX	BRAZORIA COUNTY	48039C0030I	11-APR-2001	01-06-722A	01
06	TX	BRAZORIA COUNTY	48039C0030I	04-APR-2001	01-06-771A	02
06	TX	BRAZOS COUNTY	48041C0142C	03-JAN-2001	00-06-1863A	02
06	TX	BROWN COUNTY	4807170004B	14-MAR-2001	01-06-237A	02
06	TX	BROWN COUNTY	4807170006B	18-MAY-2001	01-06-679A	02
06	TX	BRYAN, CITY OF	48041C0131C	08-JUN-2001	01-06-1062A	02
06	TX	BRYAN, CITY OF	48041C0142C	20-JUN-2001	01-06-1176A	02
06	TX	BURNET COUNTY	48053C0284C	01-JUN-2001	01-06-402A	02
06	TX	CAMERON COUNTY	4801010350B	06-JUN-2001	01-06-635A	01
06	TX	CANTON, CITY OF	4806320003B	31-JAN-2001	01-06-085A	02
06	TX	CARROLLTON, CITY OF		04-JAN-2001	00-06-1508P	05
06	TX	CARROLLTON, CITY OF	4801670005G	29-JUN-2001	01-06-1449A	02
06	TX	CARROLLTON, CITY OF	4801670005G	17-JAN-2001	01-06-246A	02
06	TX	CARROLLTON, CITY OF	4801670015F	21-MAR-2001	01-06-434A	02
06	TX	CARROLLTON, CITY OF		23-FEB-2001	01-06-512P	06
06	TX	COLLEGE STATION, CITY OF	48041C0142C	31-JAN-2001	01-06-264A	01
06	TX	COLLEGE STATION, CITY OF	48041C0142C	25-MAY-2001	01-06-770A	01
06	TX	COLLEYVILLE, CITY OF	48439C0215H	17-JAN-2001	01-06-216A	02
06	TX	COMAL COUNTY	4854630090C	27-JUN-2001	01-06-1248A	17
06	TX	COPPELL, CITY OF	4801700010E	13-APR-2001	00-06-1706A	02
06	TX	COPPELL, CITY OF	4801700010E	08-JAN-2001	01-06-040A	02
06	TX	DALLAS COUNTY	4801650040B	04-APR-2001	01-06-062A	01
06	TX	DALLAS, CITY OF	4801710180D	09-FEB-2001	01-06-008A	08
06	TX	DALLAS, CITY OF	4801710180D	14-FEB-2001	01-06-009A	02
06	TX	DALLAS, CITY OF	4801710205D	17-JAN-2001	01-06-032A	02
06	TX	DALLAS, CITY OF	4801710085D	08-JUN-2001	01-06-1149A	01
06	TX	DALLAS, CITY OF	4801710185D	22-JUN-2001	01-06-1313A	02
06	TX	DALLAS, CITY OF	4801710095C	23-FEB-2001	01-06-333A	02
06	TX	DENTON COUNTY	48121C0510E	13-JUN-2001	01-06-1249A	01
06	TX	DENTON, CITY OF	48121C0380E	31-JAN-2001	00-06-1786A	01
06	TX	DENTON, CITY OF	48121C0388E	03-JAN-2001	01-06-118A	01
06	TX	DENTON, CITY OF	48121C0388E	25-APR-2001	01-06-829A	01
06	TX	DESOTO, CITY OF	4801720020C	17-JAN-2001	00-06-1765A	02
06	TX	EDINBURG,CITY OF	4803380030E	31-JAN-2001	01-06-074A	02
06	TX	EDINBURG,CITY OF	4803380030E	29-JUN-2001	01-06-676A	01
06	TX	EL PASO, CITY OF	4802140048B	28-FEB-2001	01-06-339A	01
06	TX	FARMERS BRANCH, CITY OF	4801740005C	25-MAY-2001	01-06-1122A	02
06	TX	FLOWER MOUND, TOWN OF	48121C0520E	18-APR-2001	01-06-555A	02
06	TX	FLOWER MOUND, TOWN OF	48121C0545E	11-APR-2001	01-06-724A	02
06	TX	FLOWER MOUND, TOWN OF	48121C0540E	06-APR-2001	01-06-742A	02
06	TX	FORT BEND COUNTY	48157C0120J	17-JAN-2001	01-06-324A	02
06	TX	FORT BEND COUNTY L.I.D. ı2	48157C0255J	19-APR-2001	00-06-1457A	01
06	TX	FORT WORTH, CITY OF	48439C0395J	21-MAR-2001	00-06-1491P	06

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
06	TX	FORT WORTH, CITY OF	48439C0380H	21-FEB-2001	00-06-1868A	02
06	TX	FORT WORTH, CITY OF	48439C0395H	31-JAN-2001	01-06-002A	08
06	TX	FORT WORTH, CITY OF	48439C0312J	20-JUN-2001	01-06-081A	01
06	TX	FORT WORTH, CITY OF	48439C0295J	13-JUN-2001	01-06-1225A	17
06	TX	FORT WORTH, CITY OF	48439C0395J	08-JUN-2001	01-06-1252A	02
06	TX	FORT WORTH, CITY OF	48439C0385J	20-JUN-2001	01-06-1297A	02
06	TX	FORT WORTH, CITY OF	48439C0290J	21-FEB-2001	01-06-192A	02
06	TX	FORT WORTH, CITY OF	48439C0395J	17-JAN-2001	01-06-316A	02
06	TX	FORT WORTH, CITY OF	48439C0270J	20-APR-2001	01-06-412A	02
06	TX	FORT WORTH, CITY OF	48439C0395J	14-MAR-2001	01-06-669A	02
06	TX	FORT WORTH, CITY OF	48439C0395J	21-FEB-2001	01-06-675A	02
06	TX	FORT WORTH, CITY OF	48439C0395J	16-MAR-2001	01-06-700A	02
06	TX	FORT WORTH, CITY OF	48439C0395J	07-MAR-2001	01-06-734A	02
06	TX	FORT WORTH, CITY OF	48439C0395J	11-APR-2001	01-06-741A	02
06	TX	FORT WORTH, CITY OF	48439C0390J	04-APR-2001	01-06-743A	02
06	TX	FORT WORTH, CITY OF	48439C0280J	13-APR-2001	01-06-747A	02
06	TX	FORT WORTH, CITY OF	48439C0395J	22-JUN-2001	01-06-836A	02
06	TX	FREDERICKSBURG, CITY OF	4806960007B	21-MAR-2001	01-06-354A	02
06	TX	FREEPORT, CITY OF	48039C0780I	11-APR-2001	01-06-602A	01
06	TX	FRISCO, CITY OF	48085C0265G	01-FEB-2001	01-06-326A	02
06	TX	FRISCO, CITY OF		01-FEB-2001	01-06-326A	02
06	TX	FRISCO, CITY OF	48085C0265G	02-FEB-2001	01-06-449A	02
06	TX	FRISCO, CITY OF		02-FEB-2001	01-06-449A	02
06	TX	FRISCO, CITY OF	48085C0265G	25-APR-2001	01-06-740A	01
06	TX	GARLAND, CITY OF	4854710030E	20-JUN-2001	01-06-1319A	02
06	TX	GARLAND, CITY OF	4854710015D	31-JAN-2001	01-06-221A	02
06	TX	GARLAND, CITY OF	4854710015D	14-FEB-2001	01-06-421A	02
06	TX	GARLAND, CITY OF	4854710030E	14-FEB-2001	01-06-422A	02
06	TX	GILLESPIE COUNTY	4806960007B	24-JAN-2001	00-06-1709A	02
06	TX	GILLESPIE COUNTY	4806960009B	13-JUN-2001	01-06-1077A	02
06	TX	GILLESPIE COUNTY	4806960007B	27-JUN-2001	01-06-1383A	02
06	TX	GILLESPIE COUNTY	4806960007B	18-APR-2001	01-06-682A	02
06	TX	GRANBURY, CITY OF	4803570005B	22-JUN-2001	01-06-371A	01
06	TX	GREENVILLE, CITY OF	48231C0180F	11-MAY-2001	01-06-1065A	02
06	TX	GREENVILLE, CITY OF	48231C0180F	11-MAY-2001	01-06-1066A	02
06	TX	GREENVILLE, CITY OF	48231C0180F	14-FEB-2001	01-06-315A	08
06	TX	GREENVILLE, CITY OF	48231C0180F	18-MAY-2001	01-06-812A	17
06	TX	GUADALUPE COUNTY	4802660150C	11-MAY-2001	01-06-654A	02
06	TX	GUN BARREL, CITY OF	48213C0030D	16-MAY-2001	01-06-834A	02
06	TX	HALTOM CITY, CITY OF	48439C0295J	07-FEB-2001	01-06-236A	02
06	TX	HARRIS COUNTY	48201C0445K	21-MAR-2001	00-06-1792A	17
06	TX	HARRIS COUNTY	48201C0230J	06-JUN-2001	01-06-1162A	02
06	TX	HARRIS COUNTY	48201C0230J	08-JUN-2001	01-06-1238A	17
06	TX	HARRIS COUNTY	48201C0430K	08-JUN-2001	01-06-1291A	02
06	TX	HARRIS COUNTY	48201C0315K	22-JUN-2001	01-06-1349A	02
06	TX	HARRIS COUNTY	48201C0455J	15-JUN-2001	01-06-1357A	02
06	TX	HARRIS COUNTY	48201C0460J	15-JUN-2001	01-06-1357A	02
06	TX	HARRIS COUNTY		28-FEB-2001	01-06-187A	02
06	TX	HARRIS COUNTY	48201C0245K	16-MAR-2001	01-06-485A	02
06	TX	HARRIS COUNTY	48201C0235K	21-FEB-2001	01-06-502A	02
06	TX	HARRIS COUNTY	48201C0255J	21-FEB-2001	01-06-576A	01
06	TX	HARRIS COUNTY	48201C0245K	04-APR-2001	01-06-699A	17
06	TX	HARRIS COUNTY	48201C0445K	21-MAR-2001	01-06-746A	02
06	TX	HARRIS COUNTY	48201C0255J	28-MAR-2001	01-06-782A	02
06	TX	HARRIS COUNTY	48201C0320K	28-MAR-2001	01-06-837A	02
06	TX	HARRIS COUNTY	48201C0320K	23-MAY-2001	01-06-838A	01
06	TX	HARRIS COUNTY	48201C0320K	25-APR-2001	01-06-973A	02
06	TX	HAYS COUNTY	48209C0105E	25-APR-2001	01-06-358A	02
06	TX	HAYS COUNTY	48209C0115E	25-APR-2001	01-06-358A	02
06	TX	HENDERSON COUNTY	48213C0180C	13-JUN-2001	01-06-704A	02
06	TX	HENDERSON COUNTY	48213C0040D	28-MAR-2001	01-06-835A	02
06	TX	HICKORY CREEK, TOWN OF	48121C0531E	26-JAN-2001	00-06-1490A	02
06	TX	HIDALGO COUNTY	4803340275B	21-FEB-2001	00-06-1815A	01
06	TX	HIDALGO COUNTY	4803340290D	21-FEB-2001	00-06-1815A	01
06	TX	HIDALGO COUNTY	4803340290D	17-JAN-2001	01-06-063A	02
06	TX	HIDALGO COUNTY	4803340295D	17-JAN-2001	01-06-063A	02
06	TX	HIDALGO COUNTY	4803340290D	07-MAR-2001	01-06-522A	01
06	TX	HIDALGO COUNTY	4803340295D	07-MAR-2001	01-06-522A	01
06	TX	HIDALGO COUNTY	4803340350C	18-APR-2001	01-06-760A	02
06	TX	HIDALGO COUNTY	0400C	31-JAN-2001	6-90-158	06
06	TX	HIDALGO COUNTY	4803340400C	31-JAN-2001	6-90-158	06
06	TX	HOOD COUNTY	4803560130C	31-JAN-2001	01-06-043A	02
06	TX	HOOD COUNTY	4803560045B	03-JAN-2001	01-06-290A	08

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
06	TX	HOOD COUNTY	4803560065B	26-JAN-2001	01-06-516A	02
06	TX	HOOD COUNTY	4803560145B	13-JUN-2001	01-06-696A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON COUNTY	48201C0670K	21-MAR-2001	01-06-314A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON COUNTY	48201C0320K	14-FEB-2001	01-06-428A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0845K	26-JAN-2001	00-06-1849A	08
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0865K	28-FEB-2001	01-06-018A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0865K	20-JUN-2001	01-06-083A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0865K	27-APR-2001	01-06-1075A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0865K	25-APR-2001	01-06-1110A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0320K	30-MAY-2001	01-06-1211A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0835K	08-JUN-2001	01-06-1298A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0865K	15-JUN-2001	01-06-1301A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0490J	22-JUN-2001	01-06-1304A	01
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0320K	08-JAN-2001	01-06-132A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0665K	28-MAR-2001	01-06-188A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0865K	14-MAR-2001	01-06-189A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0860K	21-MAR-2001	01-06-218A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0855K	28-MAR-2001	01-06-241A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0310J	26-JAN-2001	01-06-251A	01
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0835K	07-FEB-2001	01-06-271A	08
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0320K	10-JAN-2001	01-06-272A	01
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0315K	31-JAN-2001	01-06-274A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0320K	19-JAN-2001	01-06-275A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0320K	31-JAN-2001	01-06-276A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C1035K	08-JAN-2001	01-06-289A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0840K	04-APR-2001	01-06-292A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0305K	04-MAY-2001	01-06-298A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0845K	28-MAR-2001	01-06-353A	17
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0655K	14-FEB-2001	01-06-394A	08
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0635K	14-FEB-2001	01-06-399A	08
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0320K	31-JAN-2001	01-06-401A	01
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0835K	14-FEB-2001	01-06-433A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0835K	07-MAR-2001	01-06-495A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0845K	16-MAR-2001	01-06-517A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0840K	16-MAR-2001	01-06-552A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0835K	04-APR-2001	01-06-621A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0315K	16-MAR-2001	01-06-678A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0835K	06-APR-2001	01-06-695A	02
06	TX	HOUSTON, CITY OF	48201C0880K	30-MAY-2001	01-06-994A	02
06	TX	HURST, CITY OF	48439C0312J	13-JUN-2001	01-06-1271A	02
06	TX	HURST, CITY OF	48439C0312J	13-JUN-2001	01-06-1272A	02
06	TX	IRVING, CITY OF	4801800035	20-FEB-2001	00-06-1081P	05
06	TX	IRVING, CITY OF	4801800035C	20-FEB-2001	00-06-1081P	05
06	TX	IRVING, CITY OF	4801800035C	10-JAN-2001	00-06-1381A	01
06	TX	IRVING, CITY OF	4801800030D	26-APR-2001	00-06-967P	05
06	TX	KERRVILLE, CITY OF	48265C0165E	01-JUN-2001	01-06-819A	02
06	TX	KILGORE, CITY OF	4802630004D	21-MAR-2001	01-06-211A	02
06	TX	KILGORE, CITY OF	4802630004D	09-MAY-2001	01-06-527A	02
06	TX	KIMBLE COUNTY	4812320275A	14-FEB-2001	01-06-053A	02
06	TX	LA VERNIA, CITY OF	4810500001B	18-MAY-2001	01-06-550A	02
06	TX	LAKEWAY, CITY OF	48453C0330E	15-JUN-2001	01-06-1241A	02
06	TX	LEAGUE CITY, CITY OF	4854880030E	29-JUN-2001	01-06-1084A	01
06	TX	LEANDER, CITY OF	48491C0218C	02-JAN-2001	00-06-430P	05
06	TX	LEWISVILLE, CITY OF		24-JAN-2001	00-06-1209P	06
06	TX	LINDSAY, TOWN OF	480766A	26-JAN-2001	00-06-1380A	02
06	TX	LONGVIEW, CITY OF	4802640010D	11-MAY-2001	01-06-462A	01
06	TX	LONGVIEW, CITY OF	4802640010D	01-JUN-2001	01-06-646A	02
06	TX	LUBBOCK COUNTY	4809150008A	18-MAY-2001	01-06-1071A	02
06	TX	LUBBOCK, CITY OF	4804520045C	26-JAN-2001	00-06-1567A	01
06	TX	LUBBOCK, CITY OF	4804520025C	22-JUN-2001	01-06-1326A	02
06	TX	LUBBOCK, CITY OF	4804520030B	28-FEB-2001	01-06-513A	02
06	TX	LUBBOCK, CITY OF	4804520025C	11-APR-2001	01-06-712A	01
06	TX	MARBLE FALLS, CITY OF	48053C0312C	28-MAR-2001	01-06-277A	02
06	TX	MCALLEN, CITY OF	4803430010C	08-JUN-2001	01-06-1138A	02
06	TX	MEDINA COUNTY	4804720175B	08-JAN-2001	01-06-169A	02
06	TX	MESQUITE, CITY OF	4854900010E	06-APR-2001	01-06-764A	02
06	TX	MIDLAND COUNTY	48329C0067E	22-JUN-2001	01-06-1215A	01
06	TX	MIDLAND COUNTY	48329C0087E	07-FEB-2001	01-06-330A	02
06	TX	MIDLAND COUNTY	48329C0067E	06-APR-2001	01-06-805A	02
06	TX	MIDLAND, CITY OF	48329C0044E	19-JAN-2001	00-06-1872A	02
06	TX	MIDLAND, CITY OF	48329C0088E	08-JAN-2001	00-06-1873A	02
06	TX	MIDLAND, CITY OF	48329C0089E	30-MAY-2001	01-06-1120A	02
06	TX	MIDLAND, CITY OF	48329C0069E	30-MAY-2001	01-06-1214A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
06	TX	MIDLAND, CITY OF	48329C0069E	20-JUN-2001	01-06-1246A	02
06	TX	MIDLAND, CITY OF	48329C0088E	22-JUN-2001	01-06-1333A	02
06	TX	MIDLAND, CITY OF	48329C0100E	03-JAN-2001	01-06-342A	02
06	TX	MIDLAND, CITY OF	48329C0088E	25-APR-2001	01-06-349A	02
06	TX	MIDLAND, CITY OF	48329C0067E	20-APR-2001	01-06-374A	02
06	TX	MIDLAND, CITY OF	48329C0089E	19-JAN-2001	01-06-438A	02
06	TX	MIDLAND, CITY OF	48329C0066E	31-JAN-2001	01-06-448A	01
06	TX	MIDLAND, CITY OF	48329C0088E	26-JAN-2001	01-06-454A	02
06	TX	MIDLAND, CITY OF	48329C0067E	02-FEB-2001	01-06-503A	02
06	TX	MIDLAND, CITY OF	48329C0088E	02-MAR-2001	01-06-688A	02
06	TX	MIDLAND, CITY OF	48329C0066E	20-APR-2001	01-06-706A	01
06	TX	MIDLAND, CITY OF	48329C0088E	20-APR-2001	01-06-845A	02
06	TX	MONTAGUE COUNTY	48337C0070C	18-MAY-2001	01-06-604A	02
06	TX	MONTGOMERY COUNTY	48339C0205F	23-FEB-2001	01-06-257A	01
06	TX	MONTGOMERY COUNTY	48339C0210F	21-MAR-2001	01-06-585A	02
06	TX	MONTGOMERY COUNTY	48339C0490F	14-MAR-2001	01-06-773A	02
06	TX	MONTGOMERY COUNTY	48339C0530F	18-MAY-2001	01-06-816A	02
06	TX	MONTGOMERY, CITY OF	48339C0710F	31-JAN-2001	01-06-075A	02
06	TX	ODESSA, CITY OF	48135C0170D	29-JUN-2001	01-06-1240A	02
06	TX	ODESSA, CITY OF	48135C0140D	29-JUN-2001	01-06-1367A	02
06	TX	ORANGE COUNTY	4805100075C	03-JAN-2001	00-06-1578A	02
06	TX	PANTEGO, TOWN OF	48439C0433J	08-JUN-2001	01-06-707A	02
06	TX	PEARLAND, CITY OF	48039C0040I	07-FEB-2001	00-06-1699A	01
06	TX	PEARLAND, CITY OF	48039C0045J	18-MAY-2001	01-06-390A	01
06	TX	PEARLAND, CITY OF	48039C0040I	13-APR-2001	01-06-986A	01
06	TX	PLAINVIEW, CITY OF	4802750005B	21-FEB-2001	01-06-383A	01
06	TX	PLANO, CITY OF	48085C0440G	09-FEB-2001	01-06-099A	02
06	TX	PLANO, CITY OF	48085C0420G	04-APR-2001	01-06-808A	17
06	TX	POLK COUNTY	4805260006B	07-MAR-2001	01-06-745A	02
06	TX	PORT ARTHUR, CITY OF	4854990035E	20-JUN-2001	01-06-467A	02
06	TX	RICHARDSON, CITY OF	4801840005C	09-MAR-2001	01-06-827A	02
06	TX	RICHLAND HILLS, CITY OF	48439C0311J	22-JUN-2001	01-06-1358A	02
06	TX	RICHLAND HILLS, CITY OF	48439C0311J	08-JAN-2001	01-06-255A	02
06	TX	ROCKWALL, CITY OF	4805470005C	15-JUN-2001	01-06-1157A	02
06	TX	ROUND ROCK, CITY OF	48491C0240C	25-APR-2001	01-06-069A	01
06	TX	ROUND ROCK, CITY OF	48491C0330D	25-APR-2001	01-06-069A	01
06	TX	ROUND ROCK, CITY OF	48491C0330D	25-APR-2001	01-06-737A	02
06	TX	RUSK COUNTY	4809930050B	02-MAR-2001	01-06-593A	02
06	TX	SAGINAW, CITY OF	48439C0260H	22-JUN-2001	01-06-1226A	02
06	TX	SAGINAW, CITY OF	48439C0260H	21-FEB-2001	01-06-506A	02
06	TX	SAN ANTONIO, CITY OF	48029C0451E	03-JAN-2001	01-06-004A	02
06	TX	SAN ANTONIO, CITY OF	48029C0234E	21-FEB-2001	01-06-073A	02
06	TX	SAN ANTONIO, CITY OF	48029C0426E	07-FEB-2001	01-06-098A	02
06	TX	SAN ANTONIO, CITY OF	48029C0607E	18-MAY-2001	01-06-1111A	02
06	TX	SAN ANTONIO, CITY OF	48029C0282E	20-JUN-2001	01-06-1192A	02
06	TX	SAN ANTONIO, CITY OF	48029C0241E	16-MAR-2001	01-06-381A	02
06	TX	SAN ANTONIO, CITY OF	48029C0453E	28-FEB-2001	01-06-487A	02
06	TX	SAN ANTONIO, CITY OF	48029C0470E	08-JUN-2001	01-06-526A	02
06	TX	SAN ANTONIO, CITY OF	48029C0279E	28-FEB-2001	01-06-561A	02
06	TX	SAN ANTONIO, CITY OF	48029C0277E	18-MAY-2001	01-06-726A	02
06	TX	SAN MARCOS, CITY OF	48209C0193E	16-MAR-2001	01-06-322A	02
06	TX	SEGUIN, CITY OF	4855080010D	27-JUN-2001	01-06-1399A	02
06	TX	SMITH COUNTY	4811850330B	10-JAN-2001	00-06-1680A	01
06	TX	STAGECOACH, CITY OF	48339C0489F	10-JAN-2001	01-06-341A	17
06	TX	STAGECOACH, CITY OF	48339C0490F	10-JAN-2001	01-06-341A	17
06	TX	STAR HARBOR, CITY OF	48213C0150D	02-FEB-2001	01-06-369A	02
06	TX	STOCKDALE, CITY OF	4806730001B	14-MAR-2001	01-06-321A	02
06	TX	SUGAR LAND, CITY OF	48157C0255J	23-MAY-2001	01-06-525A	02
06	TX	SUNRISE BEACH VILLAGE, CITY OF	4815310001B	21-MAR-2001	01-06-703A	02
06	TX	TARRANT COUNTY	48439C0140H	01-JUN-2001	01-06-774A	02
06	TX	TAYLOR COUNTY	4810140006B	06-APR-2001	00-06-1778A	02
06	TX	TRAVIS COUNTY	48453C0245E	15-JUN-2001	01-06-1140A	02
06	TX	TRAVIS COUNTY	48453C0250E	02-FEB-2001	01-06-173A	02
06	TX	TRAVIS COUNTY	48453C0355E	14-FEB-2001	01-06-592A	02
06	TX	TRAVIS COUNTY	48453C0215G	28-MAR-2001	01-06-725A	02
06	TX	TYLER, CITY OF	4805710015B	26-JAN-2001	01-06-375A	08
06	TX	VICTORIA, CITY OF	4806380005G	09-MAY-2001	01-06-1119A	02
06	TX	VICTORIA, CITY OF	4806380010E	09-MAY-2001	01-06-1130A	02
06	TX	VICTORIA, CITY OF	4806380010E	01-JUN-2001	01-06-1131A	02
06	TX	VICTORIA, CITY OF	4806380010E	06-JUN-2001	01-06-1191A	02
06	TX	VICTORIA, CITY OF	4806380010E	28-MAR-2001	01-06-411A	02
06	TX	WESTLAKE, TOWN OF	48121C0655E	16-MAR-2001	00-06-1107P	05
06	TX	WHARTON COUNTY	4806520210C	31-JAN-2001	01-06-492A	08

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
07	IA	ADEL, CITY OF	19049C0118D	17-JAN-2001	00-07-282A	01
07	IA	ADEL, CITY OF	19049C0118D	25-APR-2001	01-07-208A	02
07	IA	ANKENY, CITY OF	1902260003C	13-JUN-2001	01-07-450A	02
07	IA	BUTLER COUNTY	1908500150B	10-JAN-2001	01-07-094A	02
07	IA	BUTLER COUNTY	1908500150B	02-APR-2001	01-07-272A	02
07	IA	BUTLER COUNTY	1908500050B	23-MAY-2001	01-07-437A	02
07	IA	CEDAR FALLS, CITY OF	1900170002B	17-JAN-2001	01-07-161A	02
07	IA	CEDAR FALLS, CITY OF	1900170002B	14-FEB-2001	01-07-172A	02
07	IA	CEDAR FALLS, CITY OF	1900170006B	07-MAR-2001	01-07-223A	02
07	IA	CEDAR RAPIDS, CITY OF	1901870020B	30-MAY-2001	01-07-176A	02
07	IA	CLEAR LAKE, CITY OF	1900590003B	28-FEB-2001	01-07-191A	02
07	IA	CLEAR LAKE, CITY OF	1900590003B	27-JUN-2001	01-07-539A	02
07	IA	CLIVE, CITY OF	1904880005C	14-MAR-2001	01-07-196A	02
07	IA	CLIVE, CITY OF	1904880005C	04-MAY-2001	01-07-419A	02
07	IA	DALLAS COUNTY	19049C0118D	06-JUN-2001	01-07-447A	02
07	IA	DICKINSON COUNTY	1908640075C	25-APR-2001	01-07-135A	02
07	IA	DURANT, CITY OF	19005033B	18-MAY-2001	01-07-186A	02
07	IA	DURANT, CITY OF	190050B	27-APR-2001	01-07-276A	01
07	IA	ELY, CITY OF	1904400001A	09-MAR-2001	01-07-118A	01
07	IA	HARPERS FERRY, CITY OF	190316A	31-JAN-2001	01-07-026A	02
07	IA	HARRISON COUNTY	1901430175A	13-JUN-2001	01-07-414A	02
07	IA	HUMBOLDT, CITY OF	1901550005B	15-JUN-2001	01-07-413A	02
07	IA	JACKSON COUNTY	1908790002B	14-MAR-2001	01-07-240A	02
07	IA	JOHNSTON, CITY OF	1907450004D	02-MAY-2001	01-07-216A	02
07	IA	MANCHESTER, CITY OF		08-JAN-2001	01-07-083A	02
07	IA	MARSHALLTOWN, CITY OF	1902000001B	07-MAR-2001	01-07-185A	02
07	IA	MARSHALLTOWN, CITY OF	1902000002B	11-APR-2001	01-07-187A	02
07	IA	MILLS COUNTY	1908910025C	02-MAR-2001	00-07-596A	01
07	IA	MUSCATINE COUNTY	1908360010B	29-JUN-2001	01-07-584A	02
07	IA	PLEASANT HILL, CITY OF	1904890001B	28-FEB-2001	00-07-762A	02
07	IA	ROCK VALLEY, CITY OF	190253B02	14-FEB-2001	01-07-097A	02
07	IA	SPENCER, CITY OF	1900710005B	07-FEB-2001	01-07-217A	02
07	IA	SPENCER, CITY OF	1900710005B	20-JUN-2001	01-07-506A	02
07	IA	URBANDALE, CITY OF	1902300010D	12-JAN-2001	00-07-383A	01
07	IA	URBANDALE, CITY OF	1902300010D	06-JUN-2001	01-07-474A	02
07	IA	VAN METER, CITY OF	19049C0192D	06-JUN-2001	01-07-462A	02
07	IA	VOLGA, CITY OF	19008501B	11-APR-2001	00-07-578A	02
07	IA	WATERLOO, CITY OF	1900250015E	07-FEB-2001	00-07-714A	08
07	IA	WATERLOO, CITY OF	1900250005E	14-MAR-2001	01-07-247A	02
07	IA	WESTSIDE, CITY OF	1901020001B	06-JUN-2001	01-07-415A	02
07	KS	ABILENE, CITY OF	20041C0070C	13-JUN-2001	01-07-526A	02
07	KS	ALLEN COUNTY	20001C0085D	04-MAY-2001	01-07-140A	02
07	KS	BEL AIRE, CITY OF	2008640005B	23-MAY-2001	01-07-430A	01
07	KS	COFFEYVILLE, CITY OF	200232H09	11-MAY-2001	01-07-421A	02
07	KS	DERBY, CITY OF	2003230002C	04-APR-2001	01-07-311A	02
07	KS	DERBY, CITY OF	2003230002C	25-MAY-2001	01-07-451A	02
07	KS	DERBY, CITY OF	2003230001C	29-JUN-2001	01-07-512A	01
07	KS	DERBY, CITY OF	2003230002C	29-JUN-2001	01-07-512A	01
07	KS	ELLIS COUNTY	2000940180B	28-FEB-2001	01-07-121A	02
07	KS	ELLIS COUNTY	2000940180B	11-MAY-2001	01-07-473A	17
07	KS	ELLSWORTH, CITY OF	2000980001B	14-FEB-2001	01-07-006A	08
07	KS	HALSTEAD, CITY OF	2001310001D	11-APR-2001	01-07-305A	02
07	KS	HAYSVILLE, CITY OF	2003240001C	06-JUN-2001	01-07-484A	02
07	KS	HUTCHINSON, CITY OF	20155C0315D	28-FEB-2001	01-07-169A	02
07	KS	JEFFERSON COUNTY	2001470075B	17-JAN-2001	00-07-806A	02
07	KS	LEAVENWORTH COUNTY	2001860125D	08-JUN-2001	01-07-449A	02
07	KS	LEAVENWORTH COUNTY	2001860025C	08-JUN-2001	01-07-488A	02
07	KS	LYON COUNTY	2002010125B	27-APR-2001	01-07-224A	02
07	KS	LYON COUNTY	2002010100B	29-JUN-2001	01-07-481A	01
07	KS	LYON COUNTY	2002010125B	29-JUN-2001	01-07-541A	02
07	KS	MCPHERSON, CITY OF	2002170015D	24-JAN-2001	01-07-116A	17
07	KS	MCPHERSON, CITY OF	2002170015D	20-APR-2001	01-07-122A	01
07	KS	MCPHERSON, CITY OF	2002170015D	30-MAR-2001	01-07-153A	02
07	KS	MCPHERSON, CITY OF	2002170005D	30-MAR-2001	01-07-156A	02
07	KS	MCPHERSON, CITY OF	2002170015D	02-MAY-2001	01-07-417A	02
07	KS	MOUNDRIDGE, CITY OF	2002180001B	18-APR-2001	00-07-756A	02
07	KS	MULVANE, CITY OF	2003260010D	02-APR-2001	01-07-051A	02
07	KS	NEODESHA, CITY OF	2003590001B	23-MAY-2001	01-07-445A	02
07	KS	NEWTON, CITY OF	2001330005C	15-JUN-2001	01-07-442A	02
07	KS	NICKERSON, CITY OF	20155C0090D	04-APR-2001	01-07-293A	02
07	KS	OLATHE, CITY OF	20091C0086D	28-FEB-2001	01-07-175A	17
07	KS	OLATHE, CITY OF	20091C0086D	11-MAY-2001	01-07-193A	02
07	KS	OVERLAND PARK, CITY OF	20091C0081E	28-FEB-2001	01-07-104A	17

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
07	KS	OVERLAND PARK, CITY OF	20091C0135D	14-FEB-2001	01-07-168A	02
07	KS	OVERLAND PARK, CITY OF	20091C0082E	28-FEB-2001	01-07-226A	02
07	KS	PARK CITY, CITY OF	2009630001A	14-MAR-2001	01-07-194A	02
07	KS	PRAIRIE VILLAGE, CITY OF	20091C0044D	09-MAY-2001	01-07-360A	02
07	KS	RENO COUNTY	20155C0090D	10-JAN-2001	01-07-114A	02
07	KS	RENO COUNTY	20155C0650D	14-FEB-2001	01-07-174A	02
07	KS	RENO COUNTY	20155C0315D	14-MAR-2001	01-07-236A	02
07	KS	RENO COUNTY	20155C0315D	14-MAR-2001	01-07-252A	02
07	KS	RENO COUNTY	20155C0261D	23-MAY-2001	01-07-463A	02
07	KS	RICE COUNTY	2002900008C	24-JAN-2001	00-07-661A	08
07	KS	RICE COUNTY	2002900005C	01-JUN-2001	01-07-139A	01
07	KS	SALINA, CITY OF	2003190060B	03-JAN-2001	00-07-820A	02
07	KS	SALINA, CITY OF	2003190015B	08-JAN-2001	01-07-019A	02
07	KS	SALINA, CITY OF	2003190015B	17-JAN-2001	01-07-045A	02
07	KS	SALINA, CITY OF	2003190015B	03-JAN-2001	01-07-058A	02
07	KS	SALINA, CITY OF	2003190005B	08-JAN-2001	01-07-069A	02
07	KS	SALINA, CITY OF	2003190015B	08-JAN-2001	01-07-090A	02
07	KS	SALINA, CITY OF	2003190015B	08-JAN-2001	01-07-093A	02
07	KS	SALINA, CITY OF	2003190015B	14-MAR-2001	01-07-095A	02
07	KS	SALINA, CITY OF	2003190015B	31-JAN-2001	01-07-138A	02
07	KS	SALINA, CITY OF	2003190015B	16-FEB-2001	01-07-150A	02
07	KS	SALINA, CITY OF	2003190015B	16-FEB-2001	01-07-158A	02
07	KS	SALINA, CITY OF	2003190015B	14-FEB-2001	01-07-159A	02
07	KS	SALINA, CITY OF	2003190015B	31-JAN-2001	01-07-162A	02
07	KS	SALINA, CITY OF	2003190015B	02-FEB-2001	01-07-171A	02
07	KS	SALINA, CITY OF	2003160060B	11-APR-2001	01-07-177A	02
07	KS	SALINA, CITY OF	2003190015B	28-FEB-2001	01-07-209A	02
07	KS	SALINA, CITY OF	2003190015B	07-FEB-2001	01-07-221A	02
07	KS	SALINA, CITY OF	2003190015B	09-MAY-2001	01-07-260A	02
07	KS	SALINA, CITY OF	2003190015B	30-MAR-2001	01-07-290A	02
07	KS	SALINA, CITY OF	2003190015B	27-APR-2001	01-07-366A	02
07	KS	SALINA, CITY OF	2003190015B	16-MAY-2001	01-07-453A	02
07	KS	SALINA, CITY OF	2003190015B	23-MAY-2001	01-07-454A	02
07	KS	SALINA, CITY OF	2003190015B	15-JUN-2001	01-07-497A	02
07	KS	SALINE COUNTY	2003160080B	21-MAR-2001	01-07-074A	17
07	KS	SALINE COUNTY	2003160060B	15-JUN-2001	01-07-471A	02
07	KS	SEDGWICK COUNTY	2003210225A	09-MAR-2001	00-07-468A	02
07	KS	SEDGWICK COUNTY	2003210250A	31-JAN-2001	00-07-799A	02
07	KS	SEDGWICK COUNTY	2003210300A	14-FEB-2001	01-07-055A	02
07	KS	SEDGWICK COUNTY	2003210150A	06-APR-2001	01-07-086A	02
07	KS	SEDGWICK COUNTY	2003210275A	08-JAN-2001	01-07-096A	02
07	KS	SEDGWICK COUNTY	2003210125A	23-MAR-2001	01-07-115A	02
07	KS	SEDGWICK COUNTY	2003210300A	20-APR-2001	01-07-170A	02
07	KS	SEDGWICK COUNTY	2003210300A	06-JUN-2001	01-07-231A	02
07	KS	SEDGWICK COUNTY	2003210175A	23-MAY-2001	01-07-427A	02
07	KS	SEDGWICK COUNTY	2003210125A	30-MAY-2001	01-07-441A	02
07	KS	SEDGWICK COUNTY	2003210125A	30-MAY-2001	01-07-444A	02
07	KS	SEDGWICK COUNTY	2003210300A	09-MAY-2001	01-07-459A	02
07	KS	SEDGWICK COUNTY	2003210300A	08-JUN-2001	01-07-464A	02
07	KS	SEDGWICK COUNTY	2003210175A	27-JUN-2001	01-07-515A	01
07	KS	SHAWNEE COUNTY	2003310095C	17-JAN-2001	00-07-777A	01
07	KS	SHAWNEE, CITY OF	20091C0040D	06-JUN-2001	01-07-491A	02
07	KS	SOUTH HUTCHINSON, CITY OF	20155C0290E	13-APR-2001	01-07-300A	02
07	KS	SUMNER COUNTY	20191C0095B	04-MAY-2001	01-07-245A	01
07	KS	TESCOTT, CITY OF	2002580001A	08-JAN-2001	01-07-025A	02
07	KS	WHITEWATER, CITY OF	200559A01	08-JAN-2001	00-07-594A	02
07	KS	WICHITA, CITY OF	2003280035B	17-JAN-2001	01-07-004A	02
07	KS	WICHITA, CITY OF	2003280035B	17-JAN-2001	01-07-054A	08
07	KS	WICHITA, CITY OF	2003280030B	17-JAN-2001	01-07-078A	02
07	KS	WICHITA, CITY OF	2003280020B	09-MAY-2001	01-07-246A	02
07	KS	WICHITA, CITY OF	2003280035B	30-MAR-2001	01-07-253A	02
07	KS	WICHITA, CITY OF	2003280030B	14-MAR-2001	01-07-291A	02
07	KS	WICHITA, CITY OF	2003280025B	06-JUN-2001	01-07-371A	02
07	KS	WICHITA, CITY OF	2003280005B	02-MAY-2001	01-07-386A	02
07	KS	WICHITA, CITY OF	2003280035B	08-JUN-2001	01-07-387A	02
07	KS	WICHITA, CITY OF	2003280025B	11-MAY-2001	01-07-440A	02
07	KS	WICHITA, CITY OF	2003280035B	25-MAY-2001	01-07-443A	02
07	KS	WICHITA, CITY OF	2003280025B	20-JUN-2001	01-07-455A	02
07	KS	WICHITA, CITY OF	2003280030B	18-MAY-2001	01-07-469A	02
07	KS	WICHITA, CITY OF	2003280020B	08-JUN-2001	01-07-479A	02
07	KS	WICHITA, CITY OF	2003280030B	08-JUN-2001	01-07-498A	02
07	KS	WICHITA, CITY OF	2003280020B	13-JUN-2001	01-07-511A	02
07	MO	ADVANCE, CITY OF	2904200001B	10-JAN-2001	01-07-038A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
07	MO	ARNOLD, CITY OF	2901880002C	20-APR-2001	01-07-214A	02
07	MO	CAPE GIRARDEAU COUNTY	2907900095C	29-JUN-2001	01-07-307A	01
07	MO	CASS COUNTY	2907830025C	04-MAY-2001	01-07-302A	02
07	MO	CASS COUNTY	2907830125B	15-JUN-2001	01-07-542A	02
07	MO	CHESTERFIELD, CITY OF	29189C0161H	28-FEB-2001	01-07-063A	02
07	MO	CHESTERFIELD, CITY OF	29189C0145H	29-JUN-2001	01-07-522A	02
07	MO	CHILLICOTHE, CITY OF	2902160005B	07-FEB-2001	00-07-730A	02
07	MO	CLINTON, CITY OF	2901550002B	14-MAR-2001	01-07-195A	02
07	MO	COLE COUNTY	2901070025B	22-JUN-2001	01-07-398A	02
07	MO	DUNKLIN COUNTY	2901220075B	25-APR-2001	01-07-143A	02
07	MO	FERGUSON, CITY OF	29189C0068H	11-APR-2001	01-07-282A	17
07	MO	FESTUS,CITY OF	2901910002B	31-JAN-2001	01-07-148A	02
07	MO	FLORISSANT, CITY OF	29189C0062J	14-FEB-2001	01-07-136A	02
07	MO	FLORISSANT, CITY OF	29189C0054J	29-JUN-2001	01-07-590A	02
07	MO	FRANKLIN COUNTY	2904930240B	18-MAY-2001	01-07-287A	02
07	MO	GREENE COUNTY	2907820075B	12-JAN-2001	00-07-689A	02
07	MO	GREENE COUNTY	2907820095C	02-APR-2001	00-07-757A	02
07	MO	INDEPENDENCE,CITY OF	2901720035E	14-MAR-2001	01-07-184A	02
07	MO	INDEPENDENCE,CITY OF	2901720035E	04-APR-2001	01-07-227A	02
07	MO	INDEPENDENCE,CITY OF	2901720010E	20-JUN-2001	01-07-496A	02
07	MO	JEFFERSON COUNTY	2908080090D	02-FEB-2001	00-07-590A	02
07	MO	JEFFERSON COUNTY	2908080090D	11-APR-2001	01-07-067A	02
07	MO	JEFFERSON COUNTY	2908080080C	31-JAN-2001	01-07-126A	02
07	MO	JEFFERSON COUNTY	2908080095C	04-APR-2001	01-07-149A	02
07	MO	JEFFERSON COUNTY	2908080080C	20-APR-2001	01-07-183A	02
07	MO	JEFFERSON COUNTY	2908080090D	14-MAR-2001	01-07-222A	02
07	MO	JEFFERSON COUNTY	2908080080C	21-MAR-2001	01-07-239A	02
07	MO	JEFFERSON COUNTY	2908080090D	14-MAR-2001	01-07-259A	02
07	MO	JEFFERSON COUNTY	2908080090D	02-MAY-2001	01-07-407A	02
07	MO	KANSAS CITY, CITY OF	2901730130C	31-JAN-2001	01-07-008A	02
07	MO	KIRKWOOD, CITY OF	29189C0283H	29-JUN-2001	01-07-602A	02
07	MO	LADUE,CITY OF	29189C0169J	02-FEB-2001	01-07-111A	02
07	MO	LADUE,CITY OF	29189C0169J	21-MAR-2001	01-07-232A	02
07	MO	LADUE,CITY OF	29189C0169J	13-JUN-2001	01-07-477A	02
07	MO	LEE'S SUMMIT, CITY OF	2901740005C	20-JUN-2001	00-07-819A	01
07	MO	LEE'S SUMMIT, CITY OF	2901740007C	19-JAN-2001	01-07-044A	02
07	MO	LEE'S SUMMIT, CITY OF	2901740007C	03-JAN-2001	01-07-088A	02
07	MO	LEWIS COUNTY	2908440009B	07-FEB-2001	01-07-020A	02
07	MO	LIVINGSTON COUNTY	2908140125B	02-FEB-2001	01-07-073A	02
07	MO	MANCHESTER, CITY OF	29189C0259H	30-MAR-2001	01-07-178A	01
07	MO	MORGAN COUNTY	2902440200A	27-APR-2001	01-07-144A	02
07	MO	O'FALLON, CITY OF	29183C0235E	13-APR-2001	01-07-123A	01
07	MO	O'FALLON, CITY OF	29183C0230E	18-MAY-2001	01-07-301A	01
07	MO	ORRICK, CITY OF	2903090001B	20-JUN-2001	01-07-551A	02
07	MO	PECULIAR, CITY OF	2908780001A	23-MAY-2001	01-07-424A	02
07	MO	ROCK HILL, CITY OF	29189C0282H	13-JUN-2001	01-07-501A	02
07	MO	SIKESTON, CITY OF	2952700006C	29-JUN-2001	01-07-546A	02
07	MO	SPRINGFIELD, CITY OF	2901490006B	20-JUN-2001	01-07-502A	02
07	MO	ST. CHARLES COUNTY	29183C0263E	23-FEB-2001	01-07-053A	02
07	MO	ST. CHARLES COUNTY	29183C0435E	28-FEB-2001	01-07-112A	02
07	MO	ST. CHARLES COUNTY	29183C0280E	27-JUN-2001	01-07-536A	02
07	MO	ST. CHARLES COUNTY	29183C0280E	27-JUN-2001	01-07-537A	02
07	MO	ST. CHARLES COUNTY	29183C0286E	22-JUN-2001	01-07-570A	02
07	MO	ST. CHARLES, CITY OF	29183C0267E	28-FEB-2001	01-07-040A	01
07	MO	ST. CHARLES, CITY OF	29183C0280E	21-MAR-2001	01-07-317A	02
07	MO	ST. CHARLES, CITY OF	29183C0260E	30-MAY-2001	01-07-345A	01
07	MO	ST. CHARLES, CITY OF	29183C0260E	20-JUN-2001	01-07-514A	01
07	MO	ST. JOSEPH, CITY OF	2900430005C	24-JAN-2001	01-07-092A	01
07	MO	ST. LOUIS COUNTY	29189C0054J	03-JAN-2001	01-07-015A	02
07	MO	ST. LOUIS COUNTY	29189C0157H	07-FEB-2001	01-07-128A	02
07	MO	ST. LOUIS COUNTY	29189C0315H	31-JAN-2001	01-07-145A	01
07	MO	ST. LOUIS COUNTY	29189C0062J	06-APR-2001	01-07-154A	02
07	MO	ST. LOUIS COUNTY	29189C0276J	14-FEB-2001	01-07-163A	02
07	MO	ST. LOUIS COUNTY	29189C0278J	20-APR-2001	01-07-173A	01
07	MO	ST. LOUIS COUNTY	29189C0276J	28-FEB-2001	01-07-218A	02
07	MO	ST. LOUIS COUNTY	29189C0158H	11-APR-2001	01-07-261A	02
07	MO	ST. LOUIS COUNTY	29189C0062J	18-MAY-2001	01-07-289A	02
07	MO	ST. LOUIS COUNTY	29189C0385H	23-MAY-2001	01-07-476A	02
07	MO	ST. PETERS, CITY OF	29183C0242E	02-MAR-2001	01-07-077A	02
07	MO	STONE COUNTY	2904290150B	31-JAN-2001	01-07-066A	02
07	MO	TANEY COUNTY	29043516A	13-JUN-2001	01-07-500A	02
07	MO	UNIVERSITY CITY, CITY OF	29189C0187H	04-MAY-2001	01-07-281A	02
07	MO	VALLEY PARK, CITY OF	29189C0278J	17-JAN-2001	00-07-773A	01

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
07	MO	WARREN COUNTY	2904430125B	10-JAN-2001	01-07-079A	02
07	MO	WARREN COUNTY	2904430075C	28-FEB-2001	01-07-207A	02
07	MO	WARREN COUNTY	2904430125B	11-APR-2001	01-07-213A	01
07	MO	WEBB CITY, CITY OF	2901870001B	17-JAN-2001	01-07-017A	02
07	MO	WEBB CITY, CITY OF	2901870001B	21-MAR-2001	01-07-233A	02
07	MO	WENTZVILLE, CITY OF	29183C0185E	30-MAR-2001	01-07-137A	02
07	NE	ARLINGTON, VILLAGE OF	3102270002C	25-APR-2001	01-07-238A	01
07	NE	ARLINGTON, VILLAGE OF	3102270002C	18-MAY-2001	01-07-494A	01
07	NE	BELLEVUE, CITY OF	31153C0065F	13-APR-2001	01-07-211A	01
07	NE	BELLEVUE, CITY OF	31153C0070F	13-APR-2001	01-07-211A	01
07	NE	BELLEVUE, CITY OF	31153C0070F	11-MAY-2001	01-07-416A	02
07	NE	BUFFALO COUNTY	3104190015B	18-MAY-2001	01-07-130A	01
07	NE	COLFAX COUNTY	3104260005B	28-FEB-2001	01-07-109A	02
07	NE	DAWSON COUNTY	3100580007B	23-MAY-2001	01-07-489A	02
07	NE	DEUEL COUNTY	3104300006B	04-MAY-2001	01-07-180A	02
07	NE	DOUGLAS COUNTY	3100730025B	04-APR-2001	01-07-018A	02
07	NE	DOUGLAS COUNTY	3100730125B	30-MAY-2001	01-07-237A	01
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF	3101030005B	13-APR-2001	01-07-013A	01
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF	3101030010B	07-FEB-2001	01-07-033A	02
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF	3101030015B	07-FEB-2001	01-07-034A	02
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF	3101030010B	12-JAN-2001	01-07-035A	02
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF	3101030010B	12-JAN-2001	01-07-056A	02
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF	3101030010B	07-FEB-2001	01-07-064A	02
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF		17-JAN-2001	01-07-070A	02
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF		12-JAN-2001	01-07-071A	02
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF	3101030020B	24-JAN-2001	01-07-098A	02
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF	3101030015B	02-FEB-2001	01-07-117A	02
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF	3101030020B	09-FEB-2001	01-07-127A	08
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF	3101030005B	27-APR-2001	01-07-197A	02
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF	3101030020B	16-MAR-2001	01-07-198A	02
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF	3101030015B	21-MAR-2001	01-07-204A	02
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF	3101030015B	16-MAR-2001	01-07-205A	02
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF	3101030010B	16-MAR-2001	01-07-206A	02
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF	3101030020B	16-MAR-2001	01-07-206A	02
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF	3101030020B	23-MAR-2001	01-07-242A	02
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF	3101030010B	30-MAR-2001	01-07-243A	02
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF	3101030015B	30-MAR-2001	01-07-254A	02
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF	3101030010B	02-APR-2001	01-07-270A	02
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF	3101030010B	06-APR-2001	01-07-275A	02
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF	3101030015B	18-APR-2001	01-07-286A	02
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF	3101030020B	11-APR-2001	01-07-303A	02
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF	3101030005B	11-MAY-2001	01-07-422A	02
07	NE	GRAND ISLAND, CITY OF	3101030015B	13-JUN-2001	01-07-504A	02
07	NE	HALL COUNTY	3101000100C	21-MAR-2001	01-07-202A	02
07	NE	HALL COUNTY	3101000100C	23-MAR-2001	01-07-203A	01
07	NE	HAMILTON COUNTY	3104410025A	04-APR-2001	01-07-102A	02
07	NE	HAMILTON COUNTY	3104410025A	28-FEB-2001	01-07-106A	02
07	NE	HAMILTON COUNTY	3104410025A	22-JUN-2001	01-07-565A	02
07	NE	HUMPHREY, VILLAGE OF	3104670050C	28-MAR-2001	01-07-036A	02
07	NE	HUMPHREY, VILLAGE OF	3104670050C	30-MAY-2001	01-07-446A	02
07	NE	LANCASTER COUNTY	3101340065B	08-JUN-2001	01-07-452A	02
07	NE	LINCOLN, CITY OF	3152730035C	11-APR-2001	01-07-110A	02
07	NE	LINCOLN, CITY OF	3152730025D	09-MAR-2001	01-07-181A	01
07	NE	LINCOLN, CITY OF	3152730025D	14-MAR-2001	01-07-229A	02
07	NE	LINCOLN, CITY OF	3152730010C	13-JUN-2001	01-07-230A	01
07	NE	LINCOLN, CITY OF	3152730025D	02-MAY-2001	01-07-250A	02
07	NE	LINCOLN, CITY OF	3152730025D	02-MAY-2001	01-07-251A	01
07	NE	LINCOLN, CITY OF	3152730020D	23-MAY-2001	01-07-274A	01
07	NE	MADISON COUNTY	3104550002B	20-APR-2001	01-07-132A	02
07	NE	MCCOOL JUNCTION, VILLAGE OF	3102360005A	11-MAY-2001	01-07-273A	02
07	NE	MERRICK COUNTY	3104570175B	09-FEB-2001	01-07-052A	02
07	NE	MERRICK COUNTY	3104570150A	14-FEB-2001	01-07-084A	02
07	NE	MERRICK COUNTY	3104570150A	14-MAR-2001	01-07-210A	02
07	NE	MERRICK COUNTY	3104570125B	14-MAR-2001	01-07-248A	02
07	NE	MERRICK COUNTY	3104570150A	01-JUN-2001	01-07-460A	02
07	NE	NORFOLK, CITY OF	3101470020C	02-MAR-2001	01-07-129A	01
07	NE	NORFOLK, CITY OF	3101470020C	02-MAR-2001	01-07-212A	02
07	NE	OMAHA, CITY OF	3152740020F	20-APR-2001	00-07-774A	01
07	NE	OMAHA, CITY OF	3152740045G	30-MAR-2001	01-07-082A	02
07	NE	OMAHA, CITY OF	3152740045G	28-FEB-2001	01-07-228A	02
07	NE	OMAHA, CITY OF	3152740045G	28-MAR-2001	01-07-256A	01
07	NE	OMAHA, CITY OF	3152740050F	06-APR-2001	01-07-267A	02
07	NE	OMAHA, CITY OF	3152740025F	30-MAR-2001	01-07-268A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
07	NE	OMAHA, CITY OF	3152740050F	30-MAR-2001	01-07-269A	02
07	NE	OMAHA, CITY OF	3152740025F	04-MAY-2001	01-07-448A	02
07	NE	OMAHA, CITY OF	3152740020F	29-JUN-2001	01-07-573A	01
07	NE	PHELPS COUNTY	3104650002B	09-FEB-2001	00-07-818A	08
07	NE	PIERCE COUNTY	3104660100B	14-FEB-2001	01-07-022A	02
07	NE	SARPY COUNTY	31153C0065F	26-JAN-2001	01-07-028A	01
07	NE	SARPY COUNTY	31153C0120F	18-MAY-2001	01-07-412A	02
07	NE	SCHUYLER, CITY OF	3100460005B	31-JAN-2001	00-07-807A	08
07	NE	SCHUYLER, CITY OF	3100460010B	02-FEB-2001	01-07-081A	02
07	NE	SCHUYLER, CITY OF	3100460005B	02-FEB-2001	01-07-146A	02
07	NE	SCHUYLER, CITY OF	3100460005B	16-MAY-2001	01-07-439A	02
07	NE	SCHUYLER, CITY OF	3100460005B	20-JUN-2001	01-07-492A	02
07	NE	SYRACUSE, CITY OF	310166B	30-MAR-2001	01-07-255A	02
08	CO	ADAMS COUNTY	08001C0320G	11-JAN-2001	01-08-006A	01
08	CO	ADAMS COUNTY	08001C0330G	18-JUN-2001	01-08-244A	01
08	CO	ARAPAHOE COUNTY	08005C0435J	10-MAY-2001	00-08-311P	06
08	CO	ARAPAHOE COUNTY	08005C0455J	06-APR-2001	01-08-171A	02
08	CO	ARVADA, CITY OF	0850720005B	20-FEB-2001	01-08-101A	02
08	CO	BOULDER COUNTY	08013C0395F	10-JAN-2001	01-08-084A	02
08	CO	BOULDER COUNTY	08013C0435F	13-JUN-2001	01-08-239A	02
08	CO	BOULDER, CITY OF	08013C0395F	14-FEB-2001	01-08-030A	02
08	CO	CASTLE ROCK, TOWN OF	0800500188C	13-JUN-2001	01-08-238A	02
08	CO	CHERRY HILLS VILLAGE, CITY OF	08005C0165J	02-MAY-2001	01-08-172A	02
08	CO	COLORADO SPRINGS, CITY OF	08041C0728F	11-JAN-2001	01-08-028A	01
08	CO	COLUMBINE VALLEY, TOWN OF	08005C0435J	09-FEB-2001	01-08-009P	06
08	CO	DENVER, CITY AND COUNTY OF	0800460018C	17-JAN-2001	01-08-073A	02
08	CO	DENVER, CITY AND COUNTY OF	0800460018C	26-JAN-2001	01-08-107A	02
08	CO	DOUGLAS COUNTY	0800490065C	14-MAR-2001	01-08-090P	06
08	CO	DOUGLAS COUNTY	0800490070E	22-JUN-2001	01-08-180P	05
08	CO	DOUGLAS COUNTY	0800490050C	09-MAY-2001	01-08-210A	02
08	CO	DURANGO, CITY OF	0800990005E	22-MAY-2001	98-08-302V	19
08	CO	EAGLE COUNTY	0800510243C	14-MAR-2001	01-08-077A	02
08	CO	EAGLE COUNTY	0800510205C	13-JUN-2001	01-08-240A	02
08	CO	EL PASO COUNTY	08041C0529F	24-MAY-2001	00-08-085P	05
08	CO	EL PASO COUNTY	08041C0530F	24-MAY-2001	00-08-085P	05
08	CO	EL PASO COUNTY	08041C0535F	24-MAY-2001	00-08-085P	05
08	CO	EL PASO COUNTY	08041C0325F	09-MAR-2001	01-08-002P	06
08	CO	EL PASO COUNTY	08041C0350F	09-MAR-2001	01-08-002P	06
08	CO	FORT COLLINS, CITY OF	0801020012C	30-MAY-2001	01-08-092P	05
08	CO	FORT COLLINS, CITY OF	0801020004C	23-MAR-2001	01-08-153A	02
08	CO	GOLDEN, CITY OF	0800900002A	03-MAY-2001	00-08-375P	05
08	CO	GRAND JUNCTION, CITY OF	0801170003E	08-FEB-2001	00-08-334P	05
08	CO	GREELEY, CITY OF	0802660609C	02-MAY-2001	00-08-362A	01
08	CO	GYPSUM, TOWN OF	0802950001C	06-JUN-2001	01-08-214A	02
08	CO	JEFFERSON COUNTY	0800870165B	06-JUN-2001	00-08-294P	05
08	CO	JEFFERSON COUNTY	0800870255B	03-MAY-2001	00-08-375P	05
08	CO	JEFFERSON COUNTY	0800870260B	03-MAY-2001	00-08-375P	05
08	CO	JEFFERSON COUNTY	0800870290B	30-JAN-2001	00-08-403P	05
08	CO	JEFFERSON COUNTY	0800870260B	14-MAR-2001	01-08-132A	02
08	CO	JEFFERSON COUNTY	0800870330C	02-APR-2001	01-08-168A	02
08	CO	JEFFERSON COUNTY	0800870380C	04-APR-2001	01-08-174A	02
08	CO	JEFFERSON COUNTY	0800870335C	25-APR-2001	01-08-192A	02
08	CO	JEFFERSON COUNTY	0800870355B	25-APR-2001	01-08-192A	02
08	CO	LA PLATA COUNTY	0800970393B	19-MAY-2001	01-08-128P	05
08	CO	LA PLATA COUNTY	0800970304B	28-MAR-2001	01-08-141A	02
08	CO	LA PLATA COUNTY	0800970393C	22-MAY-2001	98-08-303V	19
08	CO	LAFAYETTE, CITY OF	08013C0577G	11-JAN-2001	01-08-054A	01
08	CO	LAKEWOOD, CITY OF	0850750005C	17-JAN-2001	01-08-096A	02
08	CO	LAKEWOOD, CITY OF	0850750005C	27-APR-2001	01-08-211A	02
08	CO	LAKEWOOD, CITY OF	0850750005C	11-MAY-2001	01-08-215A	02
08	CO	LARIMER COUNTY	0801010179E	07-MAR-2001	01-08-143A	02
08	CO	LARIMER COUNTY	0801010179E	18-JUN-2001	01-08-233A	02
08	CO	LONGMONT, CITY OF	08013C0288F	25-APR-2001	00-08-382P	05
08	CO	LONGMONT, CITY OF	08013C0288F	18-MAY-2001	01-08-219A	01
08	CO	MANITOU SPRINGS, CITY OF	08041C0707F	07-MAR-2001	01-08-083A	02
08	CO	PARKER, TOWN OF	0803100070D	22-JUN-2001	01-08-180P	05
08	CO	RIO BLANCO COUNTY	0802880375A	27-APR-2001	01-08-151A	02
08	CO	STEAMBOAT SPRINGS, CITY OF	0801590002C	07-MAR-2001	01-08-126A	02
08	CO	STEAMBOAT SPRINGS, CITY OF	0801590003C	07-MAR-2001	01-08-136A	02
08	CO	TELLER COUNTY	08119C0077C	01-FEB-2001	01-08-080A	02
08	CO	THORNTON, CITY OF	08001C0330G	08-FEB-2001	00-08-217P	06
08	CO	WELD COUNTY	0802660605D	24-JAN-2001	00-08-244P	05
08	CO	WELD COUNTY	0802660850C	09-FEB-2001	01-08-099A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
08	CO	WESTMINSTER, CITY OF	0800080002B	11-APR-2001	00-08-312P	06
08	CO	WESTMINSTER, CITY OF	0800080006C	11-APR-2001	00-08-312P	06
08	CO	WINDSOR, CITY OF	0802640005A	24-JAN-2001	00-08-244P	05
08	CO	WOODLAND PARK, TOWN OF	08119C0077C	09-FEB-2001	01-08-137A	02
08	MT	BIG HORN COUNTY	3001430225B	14-MAR-2001	01-08-110A	02
08	MT	BUTTE-SILVER BOW COUNTY	3000770191D	01-MAR-2001	01-08-017P	05
08	MT	BUTTE-SILVER BOW COUNTY	3000770193D	01-MAR-2001	01-08-017P	05
08	MT	CARBON COUNTY	3001390115B	02-FEB-2001	01-08-105A	02
08	MT	FLATHEAD COUNTY	3000231815D	28-FEB-2001	01-08-133A	02
08	MT	FLATHEAD COUNTY	3000231820F	28-FEB-2001	01-08-133A	02
08	MT	FLATHEAD COUNTY	3000232315D	26-FEB-2001	01-08-135A	02
08	MT	FLATHEAD COUNTY	3000231810D	07-MAR-2001	01-08-139A	01
08	MT	FLATHEAD COUNTY	3000231830E	07-MAR-2001	01-08-139A	01
08	MT	FLATHEAD COUNTY	3000232315D	25-APR-2001	01-08-208A	02
08	MT	GRANITE COUNTY	3001410575A	09-FEB-2001	01-08-081A	02
08	MT	GRANITE COUNTY	3001410475A	23-MAY-2001	01-08-222A	02
08	MT	JEFFERSON COUNTY	3001540550B	08-JUN-2001	01-08-212A	02
08	MT	LAKE COUNTY	30047C0015B	11-JAN-2001	01-08-093A	02
08	MT	LINCOLN COUNTY	3001570725B	06-JUN-2001	01-08-169A	02
08	MT	LINCOLN COUNTY	3001570500B	18-MAY-2001	01-08-185A	02
08	MT	MISSOULA COUNTY	30063C1215D	17-JAN-2001	01-08-108A	17
08	MT	MISSOULA COUNTY	30063C1480D	07-FEB-2001	01-08-113A	02
08	MT	MISSOULA COUNTY	30063C1480D	28-MAR-2001	01-08-166A	02
08	MT	MISSOULA, CITY OF	30063C1480D	24-JAN-2001	01-08-075A	02
08	MT	PARK COUNTY	3001600011B	26-FEB-2001	01-08-072A	02
08	MT	PARK COUNTY	3001600016B	20-FEB-2001	01-08-129A	02
08	MT	PARK COUNTY	3001600016B	07-MAR-2001	01-08-145A	02
08	MT	PARK COUNTY	3001600011B	11-MAY-2001	01-08-199A	02
08	MT	PARK COUNTY	3001600014B	01-JUN-2001	01-08-224A	02
08	MT	RAVALLI COUNTY	30081C0110C	01-JUN-2001	01-08-201A	02
08	MT	RAVALLI COUNTY	30081C0035C	22-JUN-2001	01-08-255A	02
08	MT	ROUNDUP, CITY OF	3000500001B	04-APR-2001	01-08-176A	02
08	MT	SIDNEY, CITY OF	3000650005B	14-FEB-2001	01-08-127A	02
08	MT	THREE FORKS, TOWN OF	3000290001B	03-JAN-2001	01-08-055A	02
08	MT	THREE FORKS, TOWN OF	3000290001B	01-JUN-2001	01-08-230A	01
08	MT	THREE FORKS, TOWN OF	3000270170B	06-JUN-2001	01-08-234A	01
08	ND	BISMARCK, CITY OF	3801490015A	11-APR-2001	00-08-232P	06
08	ND	BISMARCK, CITY OF	3801490025A	21-MAR-2001	01-08-045P	06
08	ND	BISMARCK, CITY OF	3801490020B	13-JUN-2001	01-08-173A	01
08	ND	BURLEIGH COUNTY	3800170570A	06-JUN-2001	01-08-134A	01
08	ND	DEVILS LAKE, CITY OF	38071C0330D	21-JUN-2001	01-08-277V	19
08	ND	DEVILS LAKE, CITY OF	38071C0330C	29-JAN-2001	98-08-125V	19
08	ND	FARGO, CITY OF	3853640020E	09-MAR-2001	01-08-150A	02
08	ND	GRAND FORKS, CITY OF	3853650010D	13-JUN-2001	01-08-249A	02
08	ND	GRAND FORKS, CITY OF	3853650010D	13-JUN-2001	01-08-250A	02
08	ND	HAZEN, CITY OF	3800670005D	01-JUN-2001	01-08-232A	02
08	ND	RICHLAND COUNTY	3800980002B	01-FEB-2001	01-08-095A	02
08	ND	STANLEY, TOWNSHIP OF	3802580005B	09-MAY-2001	01-08-154A	01
08	ND	THOMPSON, CITY OF	3802080001B	06-JUN-2001	01-08-235A	02
08	ND	WARREN, TOWNSHIP OF	3802650001B	19-MAR-2001	01-08-157A	01
08	SD	ABERDEEN, CITY OF	46013C0330C	07-MAY-2001	01-08-206A	02
08	SD	CODINGTON COUNTY	4602600005B	01-FEB-2001	01-08-088A	02
08	SD	CUSTER COUNTY	4600180085B	27-APR-2001	01-08-196A	02
08	SD	CUSTER, CITY OF	4600190001E	25-APR-2001	01-08-190A	17
08	SD	LINCOLN COUNTY	4602770001B	24-JAN-2001	01-08-103A	02
08	SD	LINCOLN COUNTY	4602770001B	02-MAY-2001	01-08-149A	02
08	SD	MEADE COUNTY	4600540625A	27-APR-2001	01-08-191A	01
08	SD	MILLER, CITY OF	4602010005B	10-MAY-2001	01-08-207A	02
08	SD	NORTH SIOUX CITY, CITY OF	4600870005D	26-FEB-2001	98-08-022V	19
08	SD	PENNINGTON COUNTY	4600640767C	21-MAR-2001	01-08-019A	02
08	SD	PENNINGTON COUNTY	4600640769B	21-MAR-2001	01-08-019A	02
08	SD	PENNINGTON COUNTY	4600641110B	25-APR-2001	01-08-178A	02
08	SD	PHILIP, CITY OF	460033B	03-JAN-2001	01-08-091A	02
08	SD	RAPID CITY, CITY OF	4654200003F	14-MAR-2001	01-08-155A	02
08	SD	RAPID CITY, CITY OF	4654200003F	28-MAR-2001	01-08-159A	02
08	SD	SIOUX FALLS, CITY OF	4600570110B	21-MAR-2001	01-08-148A	01
08	SD	SIOUX FALLS, CITY OF	4600570110B	09-MAY-2001	01-08-213A	01
08	SD	UNION COUNTY	4602420040D	06-MAR-2001	01-08-167P	06
08	SD	UNION COUNTY	4602420038D	26-FEB-2001	98-08-021V	19
08	SD	UNION COUNTY	4602420040D	26-FEB-2001	98-08-021V	19
08	UT	ALPINE, CITY OF	4902280005A	08-JUN-2001	01-08-195A	02
08	UT	CEDAR CITY, CITY OF	4900730725B	26-MAR-2001	01-08-078P	06
08	UT	CEDAR CITY, CITY OF	4900730750B	26-MAR-2001	01-08-078P	06

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
08	UT	CEDAR CITY, CITY OF	4900740002B	26-MAR-2001	01-08-078P	06
08	UT	CEDAR CITY, CITY OF	4900740004B	26-MAR-2001	01-08-078P	06
08	UT	FAIRVIEW, CITY OF	490113B	19-JAN-2001	98-08-219P	06
08	UT	IRON COUNTY	4900730725B	26-MAR-2001	01-08-078P	06
08	UT	IRON COUNTY	4900730750B	26-MAR-2001	01-08-078P	06
08	UT	IRON COUNTY	4900740002B	26-MAR-2001	01-08-078P	06
08	UT	IRON COUNTY	4900740004B	26-MAR-2001	01-08-078P	06
08	UT	LEHI, CITY OF	4955170110A	14-FEB-2001	01-08-066A	01
08	UT	LINDON, CITY OF	4902100005C	08-JUN-2001	01-08-015P	06
08	UT	MORGAN COUNTY	4900920105B	20-FEB-2001	01-08-097A	02
08	UT	NORTH SALT LAKE CITY, CITY OF	4900380250B	26-FEB-2001	01-08-111A	01
08	UT	NORTH SALT LAKE CITY, CITY OF	4900480005C	26-FEB-2001	01-08-111A	01
08	UT	OAKLEY, TOWN OF	4901380001B	08-JUN-2001	01-08-229A	02
08	UT	OREM, CITY OF	4902160005A	08-JUN-2001	01-08-015P	06
08	UT	RIVERTON, CITY OF	4901040001C	07-MAR-2001	01-08-142P	06
08	UT	RIVERTON, CITY OF	4901040002C	07-MAR-2001	01-08-142P	06
08	UT	SALT LAKE COUNTY	4901020450B	07-MAR-2001	01-08-142P	06
08	UT	SANPETE COUNTY	4901110005B	19-JAN-2001	98-08-219P	06
08	UT	SOUTH JORDAN, CITY OF	4901070009C	21-FEB-2001	01-08-130A	02
08	UT	SOUTH JORDAN, CITY OF	4901070009C	07-MAR-2001	01-08-142P	06
08	UT	ST. GEORGE, CITY OF	4901770016D	26-JAN-2001	01-08-049A	02
08	UT	ST. GEORGE, CITY OF	4901770013D	23-MAY-2001	01-08-225A	02
08	UT	SUMMIT COUNTY	4901340525B	21-MAR-2001	01-08-119A	02
08	WY	CASPER, CITY OF	5600370015C	21-MAR-2001	01-08-068A	02
08	WY	CASPER, CITY OF	5600370015C	01-JUN-2001	01-08-189A	02
08	WY	JACKSON, TOWN OF	56039C0660B	30-JAN-2001	00-08-250P	05
08	WY	SHERIDAN, CITY OF	5600440005D	22-JAN-2001	99-08-454V	19
08	WY	UINTA COUNTY	5600530275B	24-JAN-2001	01-08-104A	02
09	AZ	APACHE JUNCTION, CITY OF	0401200002C	14-FEB-2001	01-09-141A	02
09	AZ	BUCKEYE, TOWN OF	04013C2020F	05-MAR-2001	01-09-243P	06
09	AZ	BUCKEYE, TOWN OF	04013C2025F	05-MAR-2001	01-09-243P	06
09	AZ	BUCKEYE, TOWN OF	04013C2040E	05-MAR-2001	01-09-243P	06
09	AZ	BUCKEYE, TOWN OF	04013C2050F	05-MAR-2001	01-09-243P	06
09	AZ	CAMP VERDE, TOWN OF	04025C1840F	07-JUN-2001	01-09-741V	19
09	AZ	CAVE CREEK, TOWN OF	04013C0785G	15-FEB-2001	00-09-495P	05
09	AZ	CAVE CREEK, TOWN OF	04013C0795F	15-FEB-2001	00-09-495P	05
09	AZ	CAVE CREEK, TOWN OF	04013C0815G	15-FEB-2001	00-09-495P	05
09	AZ	CHANDLER, CITY OF	04013C3035F	01-JUN-2001	01-09-328A	01
09	AZ	CHANDLER, CITY OF	04013C2655E	16-FEB-2001	01-09-336P	06
09	AZ	CLARKDALE, TOWN OF	04025C1781F	07-JUN-2001	01-09-741V	19
09	AZ	COCHISE COUNTY	0400121090C	24-APR-2001	00-09-1071P	05
09	AZ	COCHISE COUNTY	0400121251D	24-APR-2001	00-09-1071P	05
09	AZ	COCHISE COUNTY	0400121275C	24-APR-2001	00-09-1071P	05
09	AZ	COCHISE COUNTY	0400121275C	24-JAN-2001	00-09-1116A	01
09	AZ	COCHISE COUNTY	0400121090C	15-FEB-2001	00-09-964P	05
09	AZ	COCHISE COUNTY	0400121232C	15-FEB-2001	00-09-964P	05
09	AZ	COCHISE COUNTY	0400121251D	15-FEB-2001	00-09-964P	05
09	AZ	COCONINO COUNTY	0400193959B	24-JAN-2001	01-09-092A	02
09	AZ	EL MIRAGE, CITY OF	04013C1605G	14-FEB-2001	01-09-244A	01
09	AZ	EL MIRAGE, CITY OF	04013C1610G	14-FEB-2001	01-09-244A	01
09	AZ	EL MIRAGE, CITY OF	04013C1605G	13-APR-2001	01-09-364A	01
09	AZ	EL MIRAGE, CITY OF	04013C1610G	13-APR-2001	01-09-364A	01
09	AZ	FLAGSTAFF, CITY OF	0400200011B	04-JAN-2001	00-09-745P	05
09	AZ	GILA COUNTY	0400281655B	09-FEB-2001	01-09-324A	02
09	AZ	GILA COUNTY	0400280045B	16-MAY-2001	01-09-594A	02
09	AZ	GILBERT, TOWN OF	04013C2660E	02-MAY-2001	01-09-529A	01
09	AZ	GLENDALE, CITY OF	04013C1635E	27-APR-2001	01-09-599A	02
09	AZ	GLENDALE, CITY OF	04013C1190F	21-JUN-2001	99-09-372P	05
09	AZ	GOODYEAR, CITY OF	04013C2070F	27-FEB-2001	01-09-124P	05
09	AZ	MARICOPA COUNTY	04013C0780F	15-FEB-2001	00-09-495P	05
09	AZ	MARICOPA COUNTY	04013C0785G	15-FEB-2001	00-09-495P	05
09	AZ	MARICOPA COUNTY	04013C0790E	15-FEB-2001	00-09-495P	05
09	AZ	MARICOPA COUNTY	04013C0795F	15-FEB-2001	00-09-495P	05
09	AZ	MARICOPA COUNTY	04013C0320E	08-MAR-2001	00-09-932P	06
09	AZ	MARICOPA COUNTY	04013C0340E	08-MAR-2001	00-09-932P	06
09	AZ	MARICOPA COUNTY	04013C0710E	08-MAR-2001	00-09-932P	06
09	AZ	MARICOPA COUNTY	04013C0730F	08-MAR-2001	00-09-932P	06
09	AZ	MARICOPA COUNTY	04013C0735F	08-MAR-2001	00-09-932P	06
09	AZ	MARICOPA COUNTY	04013C2020F	05-MAR-2001	01-09-243P	06
09	AZ	MARICOPA COUNTY	04013C2025F	05-MAR-2001	01-09-243P	06
09	AZ	MARICOPA COUNTY	04013C2035F	05-MAR-2001	01-09-243P	06
09	AZ	MARICOPA COUNTY	04013C2040E	05-MAR-2001	01-09-243P	06
09	AZ	MARICOPA COUNTY	04013C2050F	05-MAR-2001	01-09-243P	06

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
09	AZ	MARICOPA COUNTY	04013C2090F	26-FEB-2001	01-09-357A	02
09	AZ	MARICOPA COUNTY	04013C0155E	27-FEB-2001	01-09-424P	06
09	AZ	MARICOPA COUNTY	04013C1285E	02-APR-2001	01-09-487A	02
09	AZ	MARICOPA COUNTY	04013C1280E	13-JUN-2001	01-09-722A	17
09	AZ	MARICOPA COUNTY	04013C1180E	21-JUN-2001	99-09-373P	05
09	AZ	MARICOPA COUNTY	04013C1190F	21-JUN-2001	99-09-373P	05
09	AZ	MESA, CITY OF	04013C2195E	02-FEB-2001	01-09-025A	02
09	AZ	MESA, CITY OF	04013C2195E	28-MAR-2001	01-09-436A	02
09	AZ	MESA, CITY OF	04013C2195E	23-MAY-2001	01-09-570A	01
09	AZ	MOHAVE COUNTY	0400582445C	26-APR-2001	00-09-1028P	06
09	AZ	MOHAVE COUNTY	0400583110B	14-MAR-2001	01-09-359A	02
09	AZ	PEORIA, CITY OF	04013C0340E	08-MAR-2001	00-09-932P	06
09	AZ	PEORIA, CITY OF	04013C0710E	08-MAR-2001	00-09-932P	06
09	AZ	PEORIA, CITY OF	04013C0730F	08-MAR-2001	00-09-932P	06
09	AZ	PEORIA, CITY OF	04013C0735F	08-MAR-2001	00-09-932P	06
09	AZ	PEORIA, CITY OF	04013C1190F	21-JUN-2001	99-09-372P	05
09	AZ	PEORIA, CITY OF	04013C1180E	21-JUN-2001	99-09-373P	05
09	AZ	PEORIA, CITY OF	04013C1190F	21-JUN-2001	99-09-373P	05
09	AZ	PHOENIX, CITY OF	04013C0795F	15-FEB-2001	00-09-495P	05
09	AZ	PHOENIX, CITY OF	04013C0770D	01-MAY-2001	01-09-156P	05
09	AZ	PHOENIX, CITY OF	04013C0780F	01-MAY-2001	01-09-156P	05
09	AZ	PHOENIX, CITY OF	04013C0790E	01-MAY-2001	01-09-156P	05
09	AZ	PHOENIX, CITY OF	04013C1205E	01-MAY-2001	01-09-156P	05
09	AZ	PHOENIX, CITY OF	04013C2120E	17-JAN-2001	01-09-189A	01
09	AZ	PHOENIX, CITY OF	04013C2130E	09-FEB-2001	01-09-319A	02
09	AZ	PHOENIX, CITY OF	04013C2120E	21-FEB-2001	01-09-327A	01
09	AZ	PHOENIX, CITY OF	04013C1690E	28-FEB-2001	01-09-374A	02
09	AZ	PHOENIX, CITY OF	04013C1660F	09-MAR-2001	01-09-405A	02
09	AZ	PHOENIX, CITY OF	04013C2610D	14-MAR-2001	01-09-406A	01
09	AZ	PIMA COUNTY	04019C1610K	10-APR-2001	01-09-057P	06
09	AZ	PIMA COUNTY	04019C1617K	10-APR-2001	01-09-057P	06
09	AZ	PIMA COUNTY	04019C2810K	25-APR-2001	01-09-282P	06
09	AZ	PIMA COUNTY	04019C1605K	02-FEB-2001	01-09-288A	02
09	AZ	PIMA COUNTY	04019C1610K	14-FEB-2001	01-09-345A	02
09	AZ	PIMA COUNTY	04019C1645K	21-MAR-2001	01-09-410A	02
09	AZ	PIMA COUNTY	04019C1025K	11-APR-2001	01-09-469A	02
09	AZ	PIMA COUNTY	04019C1605K	09-MAY-2001	01-09-601A	01
09	AZ	PIMA COUNTY	04019C1645K	27-JUN-2001	01-09-778A	02
09	AZ	PRESCOTT VALLEY, TOWN OF	0401210001C	20-FEB-2001	01-09-340A	02
09	AZ	PRESCOTT VALLEY, TOWN OF	0401210001C	07-MAY-2001	01-09-531A	02
09	AZ	PRESCOTT VALLEY, TOWN OF	04025C2101F	07-JUN-2001	01-09-741V	19
09	AZ	PRESCOTT VALLEY, TOWN OF	04025C2102F	07-JUN-2001	01-09-741V	19
09	AZ	PRESCOTT, CITY OF	04025C2060F	07-JUN-2001	01-09-741V	19
09	AZ	SCOTTSDALE, CITY OF	04013C1695F	13-MAR-2001	01-09-023P	05
09	AZ	SCOTTSDALE, CITY OF	04013C1705E	19-MAR-2001	01-09-074P	06
09	AZ	SCOTTSDALE, CITY OF	04013C1710D	19-MAR-2001	01-09-074P	06
09	AZ	SCOTTSDALE, CITY OF	04013C2160D	03-JAN-2001	01-09-224A	02
09	AZ	SCOTTSDALE, CITY OF	04013C1695F	19-JAN-2001	01-09-246A	02
09	AZ	SIERRA VISTA, CITY OF	0400170005C	24-APR-2001	00-09-1071P	05
09	AZ	SIERRA VISTA, CITY OF	0400170010C	24-APR-2001	00-09-1071P	05
09	AZ	SIERRA VISTA, CITY OF	0400170015C	24-APR-2001	00-09-1071P	05
09	AZ	SIERRA VISTA, CITY OF	0400170005C	15-FEB-2001	00-09-964P	05
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C2210K	18-JUN-2001	00-09-1125P	06
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C2233K	29-MAR-2001	00-09-274P	05
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C2262K	05-MAR-2001	00-09-969P	05
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C1619K	03-JAN-2001	01-09-134A	02
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C1639K	07-FEB-2001	01-09-164A	01
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C2232K	08-JAN-2001	01-09-242A	02
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C2232K	26-JAN-2001	01-09-310A	02
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C1644K	14-FEB-2001	01-09-337A	02
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C1644K	02-MAR-2001	01-09-384A	02
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C2227K	07-MAR-2001	01-09-387A	02
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C2226K	12-JUN-2001	01-09-400P	06
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C2238K	08-JUN-2001	01-09-423P	06
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C2232K	21-MAR-2001	01-09-457A	02
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C1644K	19-MAR-2001	01-09-461A	02
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C1644K	13-APR-2001	01-09-513A	02
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C2233K	25-APR-2001	01-09-532A	02
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C2227K	11-APR-2001	01-09-543A	02
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C2227K	27-APR-2001	01-09-577A	02
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C2253K	27-APR-2001	01-09-579A	02
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C2233K	20-APR-2001	01-09-615A	02
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C1644K	09-MAY-2001	01-09-654A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C2232K	23-MAY-2001	01-09-668A	02
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C2232K	23-MAY-2001	01-09-706A	02
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C1644K	23-MAY-2001	01-09-714A	02
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C1644K	18-JUN-2001	01-09-724A	02
09	AZ	TUCSON, CITY OF	04019C1644K	06-JUN-2001	01-09-752A	02
09	AZ	WICKENBURG, TOWN OF	04013C0255F	14-FEB-2001	01-09-295A	02
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY	0400930855B	02-MAY-2001	01-09-502A	02
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY	04025C1445F	07-JUN-2001	01-09-741V	19
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY	04025C1460F	07-JUN-2001	01-09-741V	19
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY	04025C1470F	07-JUN-2001	01-09-741V	19
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY	04025C1675F	07-JUN-2001	01-09-741V	19
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY	04025C1781F	07-JUN-2001	01-09-741V	19
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY	04025C1800F	07-JUN-2001	01-09-741V	19
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY	04025C1805F	07-JUN-2001	01-09-741V	19
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY	04025C1810F	07-JUN-2001	01-09-741V	19
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY	04025C2060F	07-JUN-2001	01-09-741V	19
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY	04025C2095F	07-JUN-2001	01-09-741V	19
09	CA	ARCATA, CITY OF	0600610002E	04-APR-2001	01-09-300A	02
09	CA	ARCATA, CITY OF	0600600615D	07-MAR-2001	01-09-467A	02
09	CA	BAKERSFIELD, CITY OF	0600751000B	28-MAR-2001	01-09-298P	06
09	CA	BIG BEAR LAKE, CITY OF	06071C7315F	22-JUN-2001	01-09-641A	02
09	CA	BUTTE COUNTY	06007C0320D	16-MAY-2001	01-09-646A	02
09	CA	CARLSBAD, CITY OF	06073C0764F	01-MAY-2001	01-09-553A	01
09	CA	CARPINTERIA, CITY OF	0603320005E	06-JUN-2001	01-09-525A	01
09	CA	CATHEDRAL CITY, CITY OF	0607040005D	07-FEB-2001	01-09-110A	02
09	CA	CATHEDRAL CITY, CITY OF	0607040005D	11-MAY-2001	01-09-593A	01
09	CA	CHINO, CITY OF	06071C8620F	07-FEB-2001	01-09-275A	02
09	CA	CHULA VISTA, CITY OF	06073C2156F	26-JAN-2001	00-09-643A	01
09	CA	CHULA VISTA, CITY OF	06073C2157F	26-JAN-2001	00-09-643A	01
09	CA	CLEARLAKE, CITY OF	0607140005C	03-JAN-2001	01-09-133A	02
09	CA	CLEARLAKE, CITY OF	0607140005C	02-MAR-2001	01-09-378A	02
09	CA	CLOVERDALE, CITY OF	0603760001C	23-MAY-2001	01-09-122P	05
09	CA	COLTON, CITY OF	06071C8683F	27-JUN-2001	00-09-871P	06
09	CA	COLTON, CITY OF	06071C8687F	27-JUN-2001	00-09-871P	06
09	CA	COLTON, CITY OF	06071C8691F	27-JUN-2001	00-09-871P	06
09	CA	COLUSA COUNTY	060022D	11-MAY-2001	01-09-509A	02
09	CA	COLUSA COUNTY	060022D	27-APR-2001	01-09-580A	02
09	CA	CONTRA COSTA COUNTY	0600250400B	24-JAN-2001	00-09-1000A	01
09	CA	CONTRA COSTA COUNTY	0600250475B	28-FEB-2001	00-09-1029P	06
09	CA	CONTRA COSTA COUNTY	0600250295C	15-MAY-2001	00-09-942P	05
09	CA	CONTRA COSTA COUNTY	0600250435C	15-MAY-2001	00-09-942P	05
09	CA	CONTRA COSTA COUNTY	0600250295C	12-FEB-2001	01-09-363P	06
09	CA	CONTRA COSTA COUNTY	0600250435C	12-FEB-2001	01-09-363P	06
09	CA	CORONA, CITY OF	0602500010D	28-FEB-2001	01-09-080P	06
09	CA	CORONA, CITY OF	0602500005F	14-MAR-2001	01-09-402A	01
09	CA	COTATI, CITY OF	0603770001D	23-MAY-2001	01-09-676A	01
09	CA	DANVILLE, TOWN OF	0607070002A	14-FEB-2001	01-09-321A	01
09	CA	DEL NORTE COUNTY	0650250025B	23-MAY-2001	01-09-664A	02
09	CA	DINUBA, CITY OF	0650660280B	02-MAR-2001	01-09-381A	01
09	CA	DINUBA, CITY OF	0650660280B	28-MAR-2001	01-09-506A	01
09	CA	DINUBA, CITY OF	0650660280B	02-MAY-2001	01-09-658A	01
09	CA	DOWNEY, CITY OF	0606450005A	24-MAY-2001	01-09-693P	06
09	CA	EAST PALO ALTO, CITY OF	0607080001B	11-JAN-2001	01-09-269A	02
09	CA	EAST PALO ALTO, CITY OF	0607080001B	19-MAR-2001	01-09-297A	02
09	CA	EAST PALO ALTO, CITY OF	0607080001B	02-MAR-2001	01-09-379A	02
09	CA	EL CAJON, CITY OF	06073C1666F	27-APR-2001	99-09-1140P	05
09	CA	EL DORADO COUNTY	0600400725C	02-MAR-2001	01-09-348A	02
09	CA	EL DORADO COUNTY	0600400450B	02-MAR-2001	01-09-375A	02
09	CA	ESCONDIDO, CITY OF	06073C0818F	02-MAY-2001	01-09-569A	01
09	CA	FAIRFIELD, CITY OF	0603700006C	11-JAN-2001	01-09-263A	02
09	CA	FAIRFIELD, CITY OF	0603700010C	06-JUN-2001	01-09-271A	01
09	CA	FAIRFIELD, CITY OF	0603700009D	07-MAR-2001	01-09-287A	01
09	CA	FAIRFIELD, CITY OF	0603700005C	11-MAY-2001	01-09-609A	02
09	CA	FAIRFIELD, CITY OF	0603700009D	18-JUN-2001	01-09-643A	01
09	CA	FOUNTAIN VALLEY, CITY OF	06059C0036F	10-JAN-2001	01-09-266P	06
09	CA	FOUNTAIN VALLEY, CITY OF	06059C0037F	10-JAN-2001	01-09-266P	06
09	CA	FOUNTAIN VALLEY, CITY OF	06059C0037F	09-MAY-2001	01-09-534A	02
09	CA	FREMONT,CITY OF	0650280030C	02-MAR-2001	01-09-191A	02
09	CA	FREMONT,CITY OF	0650280025C	21-FEB-2001	01-09-342A	01
09	CA	GONZALES, CITY OF	0601950250D	13-APR-2001	01-09-341P	06
09	CA	HAYWARD, CITY OF	0650330011E	19-MAR-2001	01-09-229A	01
09	CA	HEALDSBURG, CITY OF	0603750530B	11-JAN-2001	01-09-155A	01
09	CA	HEALDSBURG, CITY OF	0603780005C	11-JAN-2001	01-09-155A	01

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
09	CA	HEMET, CITY OF	0602530005D	28-FEB-2001	01-09-181A	01
09	CA	HEMET, CITY OF	0602530005D	21-MAR-2001	01-09-365A	01
09	CA	HEMET, CITY OF	0602530005D	01-JUN-2001	01-09-721A	01
09	CA	HILLSBOROUGH, TOWN OF	0603200002A	13-JUN-2001	01-09-450A	02
09	CA	HUMBOLDT COUNTY	0600600615D	04-APR-2001	01-09-300A	02
09	CA	HUMBOLDT COUNTY	0600600615D	09-FEB-2001	01-09-313A	02
09	CA	HUMBOLDT COUNTY	0600601725B	06-JUN-2001	01-09-711A	02
09	CA	HUMBOLDT COUNTY	0600601110B	13-JUN-2001	01-09-727A	02
09	CA	HUNTINGTON BEACH, CITY OF	06059C0036F	10-JAN-2001	01-09-266P	06
09	CA	HUNTINGTON BEACH, CITY OF	06059C0037F	10-JAN-2001	01-09-266P	06
09	CA	KERN COUNTY	0600751860B	20-FEB-2001	01-09-261A	02
09	CA	KERN COUNTY	0600750530C	18-MAY-2001	01-09-699A	02
09	CA	LAKE COUNTY	0600900480A	20-JUN-2001	01-09-672A	02
09	CA	LAKE COUNTY	0600900930B	18-JUN-2001	01-09-713A	02
09	CA	LAKEWOOD, CITY OF	0601300005A	05-FEB-2001	01-09-351A	02
09	CA	LOMA LINDA, CITY OF	06071C8684F	27-JUN-2001	00-09-871P	06
09	CA	LOMA LINDA, CITY OF	06071C8692F	27-JUN-2001	00-09-871P	06
09	CA	LOMA LINDA, CITY OF	06071C8703F	27-JUN-2001	00-09-871P	06
09	CA	LOMA LINDA, CITY OF	06071C8711F	27-JUN-2001	00-09-871P	06
09	CA	LOS ALTOS HILLS, TOWN OF	0603420002B	14-FEB-2001	01-09-335A	02
09	CA	LOS ANGELES COUNTY	0650430955B	09-MAR-2001	00-09-294P	05
09	CA	LOS ANGELES COUNTY	0650430330B	23-MAY-2001	01-09-127P	06
09	CA	LOS ANGELES COUNTY	0650430460B	22-JUN-2001	01-09-172P	06
09	CA	LOS ANGELES COUNTY	0650430340B	01-MAY-2001	01-09-190P	06
09	CA	LOS ANGELES COUNTY	0650430345B	01-MAY-2001	01-09-190P	06
09	CA	LOS ANGELES COUNTY	0650430395B	07-FEB-2001	01-09-257A	02
09	CA	LOS ANGELES COUNTY	0650430300B	07-FEB-2001	01-09-303A	02
09	CA	LOS ANGELES COUNTY	0650430345B	07-JUN-2001	01-09-491P	06
09	CA	LOS ANGELES COUNTY	0650430395B	23-MAR-2001	01-09-501A	02
09	CA	LOS ANGELES, CITY OF	0601370065C	06-MAR-2001	00-09-515P	05
09	CA	LOS ANGELES, CITY OF	0601370071C	07-MAR-2001	01-09-396A	02
09	CA	LOS ANGELES, CITY OF	0601370072E	25-APR-2001	01-09-537A	02
09	CA	LOS ANGELES, CITY OF	0601370071C	25-APR-2001	01-09-563A	02
09	CA	MARIN COUNTY	0601730216A	12-JAN-2001	01-09-235A	02
09	CA	MARIN COUNTY	0601730269B	09-FEB-2001	01-09-371A	01
09	CA	MARIN COUNTY	0601730444A	02-MAY-2001	01-09-578A	02
09	CA	MENLO PARK, CITY OF	0603210007D	06-APR-2001	01-09-530A	02
09	CA	MENLO PARK, CITY OF	0603210008D	06-APR-2001	01-09-530A	02
09	CA	MENLO PARK, CITY OF	0603210008D	25-APR-2001	01-09-571A	02
09	CA	MENLO PARK, CITY OF	0603210008D	18-JUN-2001	01-09-794A	02
09	CA	MERCED COUNTY	06047C0575E	09-MAR-2001	01-09-322A	01
09	CA	MERCED, CITY OF	06047C0440E	28-FEB-2001	01-09-360A	01
09	CA	MILL VALLEY, CITY OF	0601770005B	01-FEB-2001	01-09-209A	02
09	CA	MILPITAS, CITY OF	0603440001G	14-MAR-2001	01-09-415A	02
09	CA	MILPITAS, CITY OF	0603440001G	14-MAR-2001	01-09-427A	02
09	CA	MILPITAS, CITY OF	0603440003G	02-APR-2001	01-09-507A	02
09	CA	MILPITAS, CITY OF	0603440001G	11-APR-2001	01-09-518A	02
09	CA	MILPITAS, CITY OF	0603440003G	25-APR-2001	01-09-564A	02
09	CA	MILPITAS, CITY OF	0603440001G	02-MAY-2001	01-09-590A	02
09	CA	MILPITAS, CITY OF	0603440003G	01-JUN-2001	01-09-698A	02
09	CA	MILPITAS, CITY OF	0603440003G	18-JUN-2001	01-09-790A	02
09	CA	MILPITAS, CITY OF	0603440001G	15-MAY-2001	99-09-1020P	05
09	CA	MILPITAS, CITY OF	0603440003G	15-MAY-2001	99-09-1020P	05
09	CA	MONTEBELLO, CITY OF	0601410001C	24-MAY-2001	01-09-693P	06
09	CA	MONTEBELLO, CITY OF	0601410002C	24-MAY-2001	01-09-693P	06
09	CA	MONTEREY COUNTY	0601950205D	25-APR-2001	01-09-575A	02
09	CA	MORAGA, TOWN OF	0606370007A	07-MAR-2001	01-09-397A	01
09	CA	MORGAN HILL, CITY OF	0603460002C	09-MAY-2001	01-09-586A	01
09	CA	MURRIETA, CITY OF	0607512745A	14-MAR-2001	01-09-419A	02
09	CA	NAPA COUNTY	0602050345A	06-JUN-2001	01-09-740A	02
09	CA	NAPA, CITY OF	0602070005D	17-JAN-2001	01-09-240A	01
09	CA	NAPA, CITY OF	0602070005D	28-MAR-2001	01-09-251A	01
09	CA	NAPA, CITY OF	0602070005D	17-JAN-2001	01-09-252A	02
09	CA	NAPA, CITY OF	0602070005C	07-FEB-2001	01-09-279A	01
09	CA	NAPA, CITY OF	0602070005D	02-MAR-2001	01-09-383A	02
09	CA	NAPA, CITY OF	0602070005D	14-FEB-2001	01-09-401A	01
09	CA	NAPA, CITY OF	0602070005D	25-APR-2001	01-09-420A	02
09	CA	NAPA, CITY OF	0602070005D	23-MAY-2001	01-09-683A	02
09	CA	NEWARK, CITY OF	0600090005F	07-MAR-2001	01-09-392A	02
09	CA	NORCO, CITY OF	0602560001B	02-APR-2001	01-09-411A	02
09	CA	OCEANSIDE, CITY OF	06073C0758F	31-MAY-2001	00-09-332P	05
09	CA	OCEANSIDE, CITY OF	06073C0759F	31-MAY-2001	00-09-332P	05
09	CA	OCEANSIDE, CITY OF	06073C0734G	22-JAN-2001	00-09-473V	19

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
09	CA	OCEANSIDE, CITY OF	06073C0751G	22-JAN-2001	00-09-473V	19
09	CA	OCEANSIDE, CITY OF	06073C0752G	22-JAN-2001	00-09-473V	19
09	CA	OCEANSIDE, CITY OF	06073C0754G	22-JAN-2001	00-09-473V	19
09	CA	OCEANSIDE, CITY OF	06073C0756G	22-JAN-2001	00-09-473V	19
09	CA	OCEANSIDE, CITY OF	06073C0758F	06-FEB-2001	00-09-567P	06
09	CA	OCEANSIDE, CITY OF	06073C0759F	06-FEB-2001	00-09-567P	06
09	CA	OCEANSIDE, CITY OF	06073C0756G	21-MAR-2001	01-09-323A	01
09	CA	OCEANSIDE, CITY OF	06073C0734G	06-JUN-2001	01-09-700A	02
09	CA	ORANGE COUNTY	06059C0041E	01-FEB-2001	00-09-1104A	02
09	CA	ORANGE COUNTY	06059C0066E	19-MAR-2001	01-09-358A	02
09	CA	ORANGE COUNTY	06059C0032E	11-MAY-2001	01-09-629A	02
09	CA	PALO ALTO, CITY OF	0603480002E	26-JAN-2001	01-09-302A	02
09	CA	PALO ALTO, CITY OF	0603480002E	01-FEB-2001	01-09-304A	02
09	CA	PALO ALTO, CITY OF	0603480002E	19-MAR-2001	01-09-376A	02
09	CA	PALO ALTO, CITY OF	0603480002E	18-APR-2001	01-09-550A	02
09	CA	PALO ALTO, CITY OF	0603480002E	08-JUN-2001	01-09-649A	02
09	CA	PALO ALTO, CITY OF	0603480003E	23-MAY-2001	01-09-701A	02
09	CA	PARAMOUNT, CITY OF	0650490001C	24-MAY-2001	01-09-693P	06
09	CA	PICO RIVERA, CITY OF	0601480005A	24-MAY-2001	01-09-693P	06
09	CA	PITTSBURG,CITY OF	0600330002D	02-APR-2001	01-09-490A	01
09	CA	PLEASANTON, CITY OF	0600120003D	08-JAN-2001	01-09-239A	02
09	CA	PLUMAS COUNTY	060244B	05-MAR-2001	00-09-943P	06
09	CA	PLUMAS COUNTY	060244B	11-JAN-2001	01-09-068A	02
09	CA	PLUMAS COUNTY	060244B	14-FEB-2001	01-09-210A	02
09	CA	PLUMAS COUNTY	060244B	14-MAR-2001	01-09-237A	02
09	CA	PLUMAS COUNTY	060244B	14-MAR-2001	01-09-398A	02
09	CA	PLUMAS COUNTY	060244B	01-JUN-2001	01-09-669A	02
09	CA	PLUMAS COUNTY	060244B	22-JUN-2001	01-09-765A	02
09	CA	POWAY, CITY OF	06073C1358F	11-MAY-2001	01-09-556A	02
09	CA	RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CITY OF	06071C7890F	03-JAN-2001	01-09-185A	01
09	CA	RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CITY OF	06071C7890F	14-MAR-2001	01-09-187P	06
09	CA	RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CITY OF	06071C7895F	30-MAR-2001	01-09-421P	06
09	CA	RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CITY OF	06071C8635F	30-MAR-2001	01-09-421P	06
09	CA	RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CITY OF	06071C8630F	27-APR-2001	01-09-472A	02
09	CA	RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CITY OF	06071C7890F	29-JUN-2001	01-09-645P	06
09	CA	RED BLUFF, CITY OF	0650530001F	27-FEB-2001	00-09-524P	05
09	CA	REDDING, CITY OF	0603600025D	28-MAR-2001	01-09-479A	02
09	CA	REDDING, CITY OF	0603600015C	01-MAY-2001	01-09-483P	06
09	CA	REDLANDS, CITY OF	06071C8712F	27-JUN-2001	00-09-871P	06
09	CA	REDLANDS, CITY OF	06071C8714F	27-JUN-2001	00-09-871P	06
09	CA	REDLANDS, CITY OF	06071C8717F	24-JAN-2001	01-09-247A	02
09	CA	REDLANDS, CITY OF	06071C8717F	14-FEB-2001	01-09-277A	02
09	CA	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	0602453355D	20-MAR-2001	01-09-320A	02
09	CA	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	0602452080C	11-APR-2001	01-09-454A	01
09	CA	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	0602452090C	11-APR-2001	01-09-454A	01
09	CA	RIVERSIDE, CITY OF	0602600020B	28-FEB-2001	01-09-347A	02
09	CA	ROCKLIN, CITY OF	06061C0414F	18-JUN-2001	01-09-754A	02
09	CA	SACRAMENTO COUNTY	0602620330D	30-JAN-2001	01-09-041P	05
09	CA	SACRAMENTO COUNTY	0602620335D	30-JAN-2001	01-09-041P	05
09	CA	SACRAMENTO COUNTY	0602620205E	03-JAN-2001	01-09-228A	01
09	CA	SACRAMENTO COUNTY	0602620345C	14-FEB-2001	01-09-316A	02
09	CA	SACRAMENTO COUNTY	0602620375C	14-FEB-2001	01-09-343A	02
09	CA	SACRAMENTO COUNTY	0602620055E	11-APR-2001	01-09-355A	01
09	CA	SACRAMENTO COUNTY	0602620315D	30-MAR-2001	01-09-409P	06
09	CA	SACRAMENTO COUNTY	0602620205E	21-MAR-2001	01-09-426A	02
09	CA	SACRAMENTO COUNTY	0602620330D	11-MAY-2001	01-09-434A	01
09	CA	SACRAMENTO COUNTY	0602620375C	28-MAR-2001	01-09-478A	02
09	CA	SACRAMENTO COUNTY	0602620105C	02-APR-2001	01-09-500A	02
09	CA	SACRAMENTO COUNTY	0602620205E	01-JUN-2001	01-09-665A	02
09	CA	SACRAMENTO COUNTY	0602620190E	13-JUN-2001	01-09-734A	01
09	CA	SACRAMENTO, CITY OF	0602660010F	01-FEB-2001	01-09-236A	02
09	CA	SACRAMENTO, CITY OF	0602660010F	02-MAR-2001	01-09-377A	01
09	CA	SACRAMENTO, CITY OF	0602660030F	21-MAR-2001	01-09-451A	02
09	CA	SACRAMENTO, CITY OF	0602660015F	01-JUN-2001	01-09-749A	02
09	CA	SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY	06071C8711F	27-JUN-2001	00-09-871P	06
09	CA	SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY	06071C8712F	27-JUN-2001	00-09-871P	06
09	CA	SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY	06071C8714F	27-JUN-2001	00-09-871P	06
09	CA	SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY	06071C8730F	19-MAR-2001	01-09-463A	02
09	CA	SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY	06071C8760F	23-MAY-2001	01-09-647A	02
09	CA	SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY	06071C8760F	13-JUN-2001	01-09-788A	02
09	CA	SAN BERNARDINO, CITY OF	06071C8683F	27-JUN-2001	00-09-871P	06
09	CA	SAN BERNARDINO, CITY OF	06071C8684F	27-JUN-2001	00-09-871P	06
09	CA	SAN BERNARDINO, CITY OF	06071C8691F	27-JUN-2001	00-09-871P	06

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
09	CA	SAN BERNARDINO, CITY OF	06071C8692F	27-JUN-2001	00-09-871P	06
09	CA	SAN CARLOS, CITY OF	0603270001C	19-MAR-2001	01-09-306A	01
09	CA	SAN DIEGO COUNTY	06073C1660F	09-FEB-2001	00-09-658A	01
09	CA	SAN DIEGO COUNTY	06073C1052F	07-MAR-2001	01-09-346A	02
09	CA	SAN DIEGO COUNTY	06073C1909F	21-MAR-2001	01-09-439A	02
09	CA	SAN DIEGO COUNTY	06073C1666F	27-APR-2001	99-09-1140P	05
09	CA	SAN DIEGO, CITY OF	06073C1613F	11-APR-2001	01-09-475A	02
09	CA	SAN JACINTO, CITY OF	0650560005D	19-MAR-2001	01-09-510A	01
09	CA	SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY	0602990445B	07-MAR-2001	01-09-369A	01
09	CA	SAN JOSE, CITY OF	0603490027D	05-JUN-2001	00-09-597P	06
09	CA	SAN JOSE, CITY OF	0603490033E	05-JUN-2001	00-09-597P	06
09	CA	SAN JOSE, CITY OF	0603490020F	12-JAN-2001	01-09-248A	02
09	CA	SAN JOSE, CITY OF	0603490026D	12-JAN-2001	01-09-259A	02
09	CA	SAN JOSE, CITY OF	0603490037D	11-JAN-2001	01-09-270A	02
09	CA	SAN JOSE, CITY OF	0603490009G	19-JAN-2001	01-09-291A	02
09	CA	SAN JOSE, CITY OF	0603490037D	19-JAN-2001	01-09-293A	02
09	CA	SAN JOSE, CITY OF	0603490033E	02-FEB-2001	01-09-301A	01
09	CA	SAN JOSE, CITY OF	0603490026D	07-FEB-2001	01-09-333A	02
09	CA	SAN JOSE, CITY OF	0603490020F	21-FEB-2001	01-09-354A	02
09	CA	SAN JOSE, CITY OF	0603490026D	09-FEB-2001	01-09-362A	02
09	CA	SAN JOSE, CITY OF	0603490033E	07-MAR-2001	01-09-388A	01
09	CA	SAN JOSE, CITY OF	0603490027D	02-MAR-2001	01-09-395A	02
09	CA	SAN JOSE, CITY OF	0603490009G	06-APR-2001	01-09-520A	02
09	CA	SAN JOSE, CITY OF	0603490020F	13-APR-2001	01-09-565A	01
09	CA	SAN JOSE, CITY OF	0603490020F	25-APR-2001	01-09-595A	02
09	CA	SAN JOSE, CITY OF	0603490026D	07-MAY-2001	01-09-635A	02
09	CA	SAN JOSE, CITY OF	0603370255E	18-MAY-2001	01-09-636A	01
09	CA	SAN JOSE, CITY OF	0603490026D	02-MAY-2001	01-09-657A	02
09	CA	SAN JOSE, CITY OF	0603490020F	23-MAY-2001	01-09-680A	02
09	CA	SAN JOSE, CITY OF	0603490037D	23-MAY-2001	01-09-692A	02
09	CA	SAN JOSE, CITY OF	0603490026D	13-JUN-2001	01-09-755A	02
09	CA	SAN JOSE, CITY OF	0603490026D	13-JUN-2001	01-09-757A	02
09	CA	SAN JUAN CAPISTRANO, CITY OF	06059C0075F	18-APR-2001	01-09-493A	01
09	CA	SAN LEANDRO, CITY OF	0600130003C	20-FEB-2001	00-09-1114A	01
09	CA	SAN LEANDRO, CITY OF	0600130003C	21-MAR-2001	01-09-468A	01
09	CA	SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY	0603040625C	06-JUN-2001	01-09-598A	02
09	CA	SAN LUIS OBISPO, CITY OF	0603100005C	23-MAY-2001	01-09-289A	02
09	CA	SAN MATEO COUNTY	0603110338B	11-JAN-2001	01-09-151A	02
09	CA	SAN MATEO COUNTY	0603110113B	01-FEB-2001	01-09-276A	01
09	CA	SANTA ANA, CITY OF	06059C0038F	19-MAR-2001	01-09-433A	02
09	CA	SANTA BARBARA COUNTY	0603310765E	28-MAR-2001	01-09-480A	02
09	CA	SANTA BARBARA, CITY OF	0603350004D	09-MAY-2001	01-09-604A	02
09	CA	SANTA BARBARA, CITY OF	0603350004D	09-MAY-2001	01-09-620A	02
09	CA	SANTA BARBARA, CITY OF	0603350004D	02-MAY-2001	01-09-651A	02
09	CA	SANTA BARBARA, CITY OF	0603350004D	01-JUN-2001	01-09-691A	02
09	CA	SANTA BARBARA, CITY OF	0603350004D	01-JUN-2001	01-09-703A	02
09	CA	SANTA BARBARA, CITY OF	0603350004D	06-JUN-2001	01-09-717A	02
09	CA	SANTA CLARA COUNTY	0603370410D	24-JAN-2001	01-09-093A	02
09	CA	SANTA CLARA COUNTY	0603370630E	20-FEB-2001	01-09-137A	01
09	CA	SANTA CLARA COUNTY	0603370640E	07-MAY-2001	01-09-547A	02
09	CA	SANTA CLARA COUNTY	0603370630E	01-JUN-2001	01-09-679A	02
09	CA	SANTA CLARA, CITY OF	0603500003D	26-JAN-2001	01-09-273A	01
09	CA	SANTA CLARA, CITY OF	0603500003D	07-FEB-2001	01-09-329A	02
09	CA	SANTA CLARA, CITY OF	0603500003D	21-MAR-2001	01-09-431A	01
09	CA	SANTA CLARA, CITY OF	0603500001D	11-APR-2001	01-09-544A	02
09	CA	SANTA CLARA, CITY OF	0603500001D	11-APR-2001	01-09-566A	02
09	CA	SANTA CLARA, CITY OF	0603500003D	07-MAY-2001	01-09-585A	02
09	CA	SANTA CLARA, CITY OF	0603500003D	18-JUN-2001	01-09-775A	02
09	CA	SANTA CLARITA, CITY OF	0607290345C	07-MAR-2001	01-09-385A	01
09	CA	SANTA CLARITA, CITY OF	0650430345B	07-JUN-2001	01-09-491P	06
09	CA	SANTA PAULA, CITY OF	0604200001D	22-MAY-2001	01-09-308P	06
09	CA	SANTA PAULA, CITY OF	0604200003D	22-MAY-2001	01-09-308P	06
09	CA	SANTA ROSA, CITY OF	0603810011B	21-MAR-2001	01-09-441A	02
09	CA	SHASTA COUNTY	0603580885E	21-MAR-2001	01-09-445A	02
09	CA	SHASTA COUNTY	0603580925B	21-MAR-2001	01-09-445A	02
09	CA	SIMI VALLEY, CITY OF	0604210007B	09-FEB-2001	00-09-866P	06
09	CA	SIMI VALLEY, CITY OF	0604210007B	20-FEB-2001	00-09-948P	05
09	CA	SIMI VALLEY, CITY OF	0604210009B	20-FEB-2001	00-09-948P	05
09	CA	SIMI VALLEY, CITY OF	0604210006B	09-FEB-2001	01-09-258A	02
09	CA	SIMI VALLEY, CITY OF	0604210004B	28-MAR-2001	01-09-314A	01
09	CA	SIMI VALLEY, CITY OF	0604210004B	14-MAR-2001	01-09-332A	02
09	CA	SIMI VALLEY, CITY OF	0604210009B	09-MAY-2001	01-09-523A	02
09	CA	SIMI VALLEY, CITY OF	0604210008B	01-JUN-2001	01-09-562A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
09	CA	SIMI VALLEY, CITY OF	0604210008B	23-MAY-2001	01-09-587A	02
09	CA	SIMI VALLEY, CITY OF	0604210002B	18-MAY-2001	01-09-661A	02
09	CA	SIMI VALLEY, CITY OF	0604210004B	18-JUN-2001	01-09-779A	02
09	CA	SISKIYOU COUNTY	0603621325B	09-FEB-2001	01-09-312A	02
09	CA	SISKIYOU COUNTY	0603620593C	07-MAR-2001	01-09-318A	02
09	CA	SISKIYOU COUNTY	0603621150B	11-APR-2001	01-09-521A	02
09	CA	SISKIYOU COUNTY	0603620900C	23-MAY-2001	01-09-597A	02
09	CA	SISKIYOU COUNTY	0603621150B	13-JUN-2001	01-09-675A	02
09	CA	SONOMA COUNTY	0603750335C	07-FEB-2001	01-09-094A	02
09	CA	SONOMA COUNTY	0603750905B	11-JAN-2001	01-09-195A	02
09	CA	SONOMA COUNTY	0603750690B	09-FEB-2001	01-09-317A	02
09	CA	SONOMA COUNTY	0603750365C	28-MAR-2001	01-09-361A	02
09	CA	SOUTH GATE, CITY OF	0601630005A	24-MAY-2001	01-09-693P	06
09	CA	STANISLAUS COUNTY	0603840505A	19-JAN-2001	01-09-123A	02
09	CA	STANISLAUS COUNTY	0603840505B	08-MAY-2001	01-09-688V	19
09	CA	SUISUN CITY, CITY OF	0603720001B	02-MAY-2001	01-09-591A	02
09	CA	SUNNYVALE, CITY OF	0603520001D	27-APR-2001	01-09-370A	02
09	CA	SUNNYVALE, CITY OF	0603520001D	13-APR-2001	01-09-536A	02
09	CA	SUNNYVALE, CITY OF	0603520001D	02-MAY-2001	01-09-660A	02
09	CA	SUNNYVALE, CITY OF	0603520001D	06-JUN-2001	01-09-760A	02
09	CA	TEHAMA COUNTY	0650640290D	27-FEB-2001	00-09-524P	05
09	CA	TEMECULA, CITY OF	0607420010B	21-FEB-2001	01-09-294A	02
09	CA	TEMECULA, CITY OF	0607420005B	09-MAY-2001	01-09-554A	01
09	CA	THOUSAND OAKS, CITY OF	0604220015B	06-JUN-2001	01-09-628A	02
09	CA	TRACY, CITY OF	0602990570B	14-FEB-2001	01-09-305A	01
09	CA	TRACY, CITY OF	0603030005A	14-FEB-2001	01-09-305A	01
09	CA	TRINITY COUNTY	06105C0625B	21-MAR-2001	01-09-353A	02
09	CA	TULARE COUNTY	0650660495B	11-JAN-2001	01-09-201A	02
09	CA	TULARE COUNTY	0650661025B	08-JAN-2001	01-09-222A	01
09	CA	TULARE COUNTY	0650660340B	17-JAN-2001	01-09-230A	02
09	CA	TULARE COUNTY	0650660625B	14-FEB-2001	01-09-331A	01
09	CA	UNION CITY, CITY OF	0650280004B	11-JAN-2001	01-09-227A	01
09	CA	VACAVILLE, CITY OF	0603730003C	28-MAR-2001	01-09-484A	02
09	CA	VACAVILLE, CITY OF	0603730003D	08-MAY-2001	98-09-216V	19
09	CA	VACAVILLE, CITY OF	0603730004D	08-MAY-2001	98-09-216V	19
09	CA	VALLEJO, CITY OF	0606310425B	29-MAR-2001	00-09-807P	06
09	CA	VENTURA COUNTY	0604130595C	22-MAY-2001	01-09-308P	06
09	CA	VENTURA COUNTY	0604130760C	22-MAY-2001	01-09-308P	06
09	CA	VENTURA COUNTY	0604130645B	07-MAR-2001	01-09-389A	01
09	CA	VENTURA COUNTY	0604130940B	23-MAY-2001	01-09-482A	02
09	CA	VISALIA, CITY OF	0604090005D	12-JAN-2001	01-09-274A	02
09	CA	VISALIA, CITY OF	0604090005D	06-JUN-2001	01-09-558A	01
09	CA	VISALIA, CITY OF	0604090010C	27-JUN-2001	01-09-773A	01
09	CA	WALNUT CREEK, CITY OF	0650700003C	15-MAY-2001	00-09-942P	05
09	CA	WALNUT CREEK, CITY OF	0650700003C	13-JUN-2001	01-09-730A	02
09	CA	WESTMINSTER, CITY OF	06059C0028F	07-MAR-2001	01-09-245A	02
09	CA	WESTMINSTER, CITY OF	06059C0027E	18-JUN-2001	01-09-583A	01
09	CA	YUBA COUNTY	0604270360B	14-MAR-2001	01-09-193A	01
09	CA	YUBA COUNTY	0604270360B	01-JUN-2001	01-09-516A	02
09	HI	HAWAII COUNTY	1551660278C	24-JAN-2001	01-09-256A	02
09	HI	HONOLULU COUNTY	15003C0310E	01-FEB-2001	00-09-244P	05
09	HI	HONOLULU COUNTY	15003C0365E	20-JUN-2001	01-09-712A	01
09	HI	HONOLULU COUNTY	15003C0045E	29-JAN-2001	98-09-496V	19
09	HI	HONOLULU COUNTY	15003C0115E	29-JAN-2001	98-09-496V	19
09	HI	HONOLULU COUNTY	15003C0209E	29-JAN-2001	98-09-496V	19
09	HI	HONOLULU COUNTY	15003C0215E	29-JAN-2001	98-09-496V	19
09	HI	HONOLULU COUNTY	15003C0226E	29-JAN-2001	98-09-496V	19
09	HI	HONOLULU COUNTY	15003C0228E	29-JAN-2001	98-09-496V	19
09	HI	HONOLULU COUNTY	15003C0245E	29-JAN-2001	98-09-496V	19
09	HI	HONOLULU COUNTY	15003C0290E	29-JAN-2001	98-09-496V	19
09	HI	HONOLULU COUNTY	15003C0330E	29-JAN-2001	98-09-496V	19
09	HI	HONOLULU COUNTY	15003C0354E	29-JAN-2001	98-09-496V	19
09	HI	HONOLULU COUNTY	15003C0360E	29-JAN-2001	98-09-496V	19
09	HI	HONOLULU COUNTY	15003C0365E	29-JAN-2001	98-09-496V	19
09	HI	HONOLULU COUNTY	15003C0370E	29-JAN-2001	98-09-496V	19
09	HI	HONOLULU COUNTY	15003C0390E	29-JAN-2001	98-09-496V	19
09	NV	CLARK COUNTY	32003C2568D	12-APR-2001	00-09-1054P	06
09	NV	CLARK COUNTY	32003C2590D	28-JUN-2001	00-09-726P	06
09	NV	CLARK COUNTY	32003C2180D	02-APR-2001	00-09-929P	06
09	NV	CLARK COUNTY	32003C2585D	04-APR-2001	01-09-496A	01
09	NV	CLARK COUNTY	32003C2580D	27-APR-2001	01-09-630A	02
09	NV	DOUGLAS COUNTY	32005C0065F	06-JUN-2001	01-09-003A	01
09	NV	DOUGLAS COUNTY	32005C0235F	21-FEB-2001	01-09-234A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
09	NV	DOUGLAS COUNTY	32005C0266F	20-JUN-2001	01-09-695A	02
09	NV	ELKO, CITY OF	3200100003C	01-FEB-2001	00-09-1005A	01
09	NV	HENDERSON, CITY OF	32003C2595D	20-JUN-2001	00-09-248P	06
09	NV	HENDERSON, CITY OF	32003C2595D	24-JAN-2001	00-09-784P	06
09	NV	HENDERSON, CITY OF	32003C2580D	13-APR-2001	01-09-262A	02
09	NV	HENDERSON, CITY OF	32003C2590D	31-MAY-2001	01-09-281P	06
09	NV	HENDERSON, CITY OF	32003C2595D	27-FEB-2001	01-09-299P	06
09	NV	HENDERSON, CITY OF	32003C2590D	02-MAY-2001	01-09-584A	02
09	NV	HENDERSON, CITY OF	32003C2595D	24-JAN-2001	99-09-478P	06
09	NV	HENDERSON, CITY OF	32003C2595D	24-JAN-2001	99-09-478P	06
09	NV	LAS VEGAS, CITY OF	32003C2125D	30-JAN-2001	00-09-036P	06
09	NV	LAS VEGAS, CITY OF	32003C2150D	30-JAN-2001	00-09-036P	06
09	NV	LAS VEGAS, CITY OF	32003C2145D	16-FEB-2001	01-09-117P	06
09	NV	MESQUITE, CITY OF	32003C0386D	14-MAR-2001	00-09-1139A	01
09	NV	MESQUITE, CITY OF	32003C0391D	06-APR-2001	01-09-504A	02
09	NV	NORTH LAS VEGAS, CITY OF	32003C2176D	27-APR-2001	00-09-1075P	05
09	NV	NORTH LAS VEGAS, CITY OF	32003C2178D	27-APR-2001	00-09-1075P	05
09	NV	NORTH LAS VEGAS, CITY OF	32003C1790D	02-APR-2001	00-09-929P	06
09	NV	NORTH LAS VEGAS, CITY OF	32003C2180D	02-APR-2001	00-09-929P	06
09	NV	NYE COUNTY	3200184390D	05-APR-2001	01-09-391P	05
09	NV	RENO, CITY OF	32031C3176F	21-FEB-2001	01-09-414A	01
09	NV	SPARKS, CITY OF	32031C3003E	05-JUN-2001	01-09-119P	06
09	NV	WASHOE COUNTY	32031C3170E	29-MAY-2001	01-09-466P	06
09	NV	WASHOE COUNTY	32031C3170E	02-APR-2001	01-09-505A	02
09	NV	WASHOE COUNTY	32031C2984F	25-APR-2001	01-09-576A	01
09	NV	WASHOE COUNTY	32031C3227F	07-JUN-2001	01-09-744V	19
09	NV	WASHOE COUNTY	32031C3250F	07-JUN-2001	01-09-744V	19
09	NV	WASHOE COUNTY	32031C2977F	22-JAN-2001	99-09-136V	19
09	NV	WASHOE COUNTY	32031C3176F	22-JAN-2001	99-09-136V	19
09	NV	WASHOE COUNTY	32031C3177F	22-JAN-2001	99-09-136V	19
10	AK	ANCHORAGE, MUNICIPALITY OF	0200050240C	14-MAR-2001	01-10-041P	05
10	AK	ANCHORAGE, MUNICIPALITY OF	0200050240C	11-JAN-2001	01-10-155A	02
10	AK	CORDOVA, CITY OF	0200370005B	09-FEB-2001	01-10-024A	01
10	AK	FAIRBANKS-NORTH STAR BOROUGH	0250090184G	21-MAR-2001	01-10-224A	01
10	AK	JUNEAU, CITY AND BOROUGH OF	0200090880C	14-MAR-2001	01-10-170A	02
10	ID	ADA COUNTY	16001C0160G	08-FEB-2001	00-10-171P	05
10	ID	ADA COUNTY	16001C0180G	08-FEB-2001	00-10-171P	05
10	ID	ADA COUNTY	16001C0151G	26-FEB-2001	01-10-143A	02
10	ID	ADA COUNTY	16001C0254G	04-APR-2001	01-10-273A	02
10	ID	ADA COUNTY	16001C0151G	02-APR-2001	01-10-274A	02
10	ID	ADA COUNTY	16001C0254G	02-APR-2001	01-10-278A	01
10	ID	BINGHAM COUNTY	1600180280B	17-JAN-2001	01-10-115A	01
10	ID	BINGHAM COUNTY	1600180425B	07-FEB-2001	01-10-167A	01
10	ID	BINGHAM COUNTY	1600180290B	23-MAY-2001	01-10-367A	01
10	ID	BONNER COUNTY	1602060325B	14-FEB-2001	01-10-188A	02
10	ID	BONNER COUNTY	1602060050B	11-APR-2001	01-10-285A	02
10	ID	BONNEVILLE COUNTY	1600270235C	18-JUN-2001	01-10-406A	02
10	ID	CANYON COUNTY	1602080228D	04-APR-2001	01-10-283A	02
10	ID	COEUR D'ALENE, CITY OF	1600780005C	02-APR-2001	01-10-267A	02
10	ID	EAGLE, CITY OF	16001C0161G	03-JAN-2001	00-10-503P	06
10	ID	EAGLE, CITY OF	16001C0153G	11-APR-2001	01-10-176A	01
10	ID	EAGLE, CITY OF	16001C0161G	21-MAR-2001	01-10-240A	17
10	ID	ELMORE COUNTY	1602120325B	08-JAN-2001	01-10-122A	02
10	ID	GARDEN CITY, CITY OF	16001C0166G	11-JAN-2001	01-10-154A	01
10	ID	GARDEN CITY, CITY OF	1600040002E	27-APR-2001	01-10-253A	01
10	ID	GARDEN CITY, CITY OF	16001C0166G	11-APR-2001	01-10-282A	01
10	ID	GARDEN CITY, CITY OF	16001C0166G	02-MAY-2001	01-10-322A	01
10	ID	GARDEN CITY, CITY OF	16001C0169G	02-MAY-2001	01-10-364A	01
10	ID	GARDEN CITY, CITY OF	16001C0162G	06-JUN-2001	01-10-372A	01
10	ID	GARDEN CITY, CITY OF	16001C0166G	06-JUN-2001	01-10-372A	01
10	ID	GARDEN CITY, CITY OF	16001C0166G	18-JUN-2001	01-10-419A	01
10	ID	KETCHUM, CITY OF	1600230442C	02-FEB-2001	01-10-047A	02
10	ID	KETCHUM, CITY OF	1600230461C	28-MAR-2001	01-10-187A	02
10	ID	KOOTENAI COUNTY	1600760170D	28-FEB-2001	01-10-214A	02
10	ID	KOOTENAI COUNTY	1600760160C	09-MAR-2001	01-10-233A	02
10	ID	LEMHI COUNTY	1600920665A	07-MAY-2001	01-10-060A	02
10	ID	MERIDIAN, CITY OF	16001C0232G	07-MAY-2001	01-10-262A	02
10	ID	MERIDIAN, CITY OF	16001C0144G	18-JUN-2001	01-10-385A	02
10	ID	MOSCOW, CITY OF	1600900001C	09-MAR-2001	01-10-213A	01
10	ID	REXBURG, CITY OF	16065C0020D	24-JAN-2001	01-10-049A	01
10	ID	SPIRIT LAKE, CITY OF	1600840001A	26-JAN-2001	01-10-089A	02
10	ID	TETON COUNTY	16081C0043C	01-JUN-2001	01-10-280A	02
10	ID	TWIN FALLS, CITY OF	1601200005B	13-JUN-2001	00-10-440P	05

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
10	ID	TWIN FALLS, CITY OF	1601200005B	02-FEB-2001	01-10-168A	02
10	OR	ALBANY, CITY OF	4101370001F	02-MAR-2001	01-10-042A	02
10	OR	ALBANY, CITY OF	4101370003F	27-JUN-2001	01-10-415A	01
10	OR	BEND, CITY OF	41017C0215C	18-APR-2001	01-10-302A	02
10	OR	BENTON COUNTY	4100080175C	25-APR-2001	01-10-310A	02
10	OR	CLACKAMAS COUNTY	4155880036A	01-MAR-2001	00-10-384P	05
10	OR	CLACKAMAS COUNTY	4155880040A	01-MAR-2001	00-10-384P	05
10	OR	CLACKAMAS COUNTY	4155880070B	07-MAR-2001	01-10-241A	02
10	OR	CLACKAMAS COUNTY	4155880145A	20-APR-2001	01-10-305A	02
10	OR	COLUMBIA COUNTY	41009C0444C	25-APR-2001	01-10-067A	01
10	OR	COLUMBIA COUNTY	41009C0377C	11-JAN-2001	01-10-113A	02
10	OR	COOS BAY, CITY OF	4100440008B	11-JAN-2001	01-10-140A	01
10	OR	COOS BAY, CITY OF	4100440005B	25-APR-2001	01-10-307A	01
10	OR	COOS COUNTY	4100420135B	26-FEB-2001	01-10-083A	02
10	OR	CORVALLIS, CITY OF	4100090006E	28-MAR-2001	01-10-129A	01
10	OR	CORVALLIS, CITY OF	4100090002E	09-FEB-2001	01-10-195A	02
10	OR	DALLAS, CITY OF	41053C0107D	23-JAN-2001	00-10-323P	05
10	OR	DOUGLAS COUNTY	4100590740C	01-JUN-2001	01-10-374A	02
10	OR	DOUGLAS COUNTY	4100590735A	20-JUN-2001	01-10-410A	02
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1104F	24-JAN-2001	01-10-121A	02
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1107F	02-MAY-2001	01-10-125A	01
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1126F	02-MAY-2001	01-10-125A	01
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1106F	26-JAN-2001	01-10-153A	01
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1107F	26-JAN-2001	01-10-153A	01
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1136F	17-JAN-2001	01-10-161A	02
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1107F	02-MAR-2001	01-10-165A	02
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1126F	02-MAR-2001	01-10-165A	02
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1104F	24-JAN-2001	01-10-172A	02
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1107F	19-JAN-2001	01-10-173A	02
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C0619F	07-MAR-2001	01-10-184A	02
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1137F	26-FEB-2001	01-10-206A	02
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1106F	28-FEB-2001	01-10-217A	02
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1127F	02-MAR-2001	01-10-226A	02
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1106F	07-MAR-2001	01-10-227A	02
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1104F	07-MAR-2001	01-10-228A	02
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1106F	19-MAR-2001	01-10-246A	02
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1104F	04-APR-2001	01-10-284A	01
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1106F	28-MAR-2001	01-10-287A	02
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1104F	25-APR-2001	01-10-315A	02
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1137F	07-MAY-2001	01-10-316A	01
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1129F	01-JUN-2001	01-10-333A	02
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1104F	25-APR-2001	01-10-346A	02
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1107F	06-JUN-2001	01-10-395A	02
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1106F	06-JUN-2001	01-10-397A	02
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1107F	06-JUN-2001	01-10-397A	02
10	OR	EUGENE, CITY OF	41039C1104F	06-JUN-2001	01-10-399A	02
10	OR	FLORENCE, CITY OF	41039C1427F	09-MAY-2001	01-10-319A	02
10	OR	FLORENCE, CITY OF	41039C1427F	07-MAY-2001	01-10-329A	02
10	OR	GRESHAM, CITY OF	4101810003E	16-MAY-2001	01-10-343A	02
10	OR	JACKSON COUNTY	4155890402B	12-JAN-2001	01-10-144A	02
10	OR	JACKSON COUNTY	4155890292B	01-JUN-2001	01-10-370A	02
10	OR	JACKSON COUNTY	4155890292B	22-JUN-2001	01-10-373A	02
10	OR	JOSEPHINE COUNTY	4155900236D	17-JAN-2001	01-10-123A	17
10	OR	JOSEPHINE COUNTY	4155900237D	17-JAN-2001	01-10-123A	17
10	OR	JOSEPHINE COUNTY	4155900217B	19-MAR-2001	01-10-231A	02
10	OR	KEIZER, CITY OF	41047C0331G	02-APR-2001	01-10-207A	01
10	OR	KEIZER, CITY OF	41047C0194G	09-MAR-2001	01-10-232A	01
10	OR	KEIZER, CITY OF	41047C0194G	25-APR-2001	01-10-276A	02
10	OR	KEIZER, CITY OF	41047C0331G	13-APR-2001	01-10-281A	02
10	OR	LA GRANDE, CITY OF	4102600002D	28-MAR-2001	01-10-202A	01
10	OR	LANE COUNTY	41039C2135F	03-JAN-2001	01-10-128A	02
10	OR	LANE COUNTY	41039C1105F	06-APR-2001	01-10-210A	02
10	OR	LANE COUNTY	41039C1180F	14-MAR-2001	01-10-244A	02
10	OR	LANE COUNTY	41039C0190F	23-MAY-2001	01-10-251A	02
10	OR	LANE COUNTY	41039C2400F	16-MAY-2001	01-10-260A	02
10	OR	LANE COUNTY	41039C1134F	01-JUN-2001	01-10-275A	01
10	OR	LANE COUNTY	41039C1107F	13-APR-2001	01-10-290A	02
10	OR	LANE COUNTY	41039C0670F	25-APR-2001	01-10-309A	02
10	OR	LANE COUNTY	41039C0740F	16-MAY-2001	01-10-317A	17
10	OR	LANE COUNTY	41039C0700F	11-MAY-2001	01-10-332A	02
10	OR	LANE COUNTY	41039C0602F	18-MAY-2001	01-10-353A	02
10	OR	LINCOLN COUNTY	4101290025B	28-MAR-2001	01-10-215A	02
10	OR	LINN COUNTY	4101360680B	07-FEB-2001	01-10-182A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
10	OR	LINN COUNTY	4101360350B	23-MAR-2001	01-10-257A	01
10	OR	LINN COUNTY	4101360350B	01-JUN-2001	01-10-363A	02
10	OR	MARION COUNTY	41047C0327G	08-JAN-2001	00-10-406A	17
10	OR	MARION COUNTY	41047C0331G	08-JAN-2001	00-10-406A	17
10	OR	MARION COUNTY	41047C0275G	14-MAR-2001	01-10-238A	02
10	OR	MARION COUNTY	41047C0125G	04-APR-2001	01-10-270A	02
10	OR	MARION COUNTY	41047C0125G	13-APR-2001	01-10-294A	02
10	OR	MEDFORD, CITY OF	4100960003C	11-JAN-2001	01-10-076A	02
10	OR	MILWAUKIE, CITY OF	4100190001B	20-APR-2001	01-10-181A	17
10	OR	MULTNOMAH COUNTY	4101790215B	01-FEB-2001	01-10-174A	02
10	OR	MYRTLE CREEK, CITY OF	4100640001C	28-MAR-2001	01-10-221A	02
10	OR	OREGON CITY, CITY OF	4100210001B	06-JUN-2001	01-10-378A	02
10	OR	POLK COUNTY	41053C0107D	23-JAN-2001	00-10-323P	05
10	OR	PORTLAND, CITY OF	4101830065A	07-MAR-2001	01-10-114A	01
10	OR	PORTLAND, CITY OF	4101830035C	12-JAN-2001	01-10-146A	01
10	OR	PORTLAND, CITY OF	4101830020D	20-FEB-2001	01-10-160A	02
10	OR	PORTLAND, CITY OF	4101830010D	21-FEB-2001	01-10-194A	02
10	OR	PORTLAND, CITY OF	4101830020D	18-APR-2001	01-10-261A	01
10	OR	PORTLAND, CITY OF	4101830020D	06-JUN-2001	01-10-323A	01
10	OR	ROSEBURG, CITY OF	4100670005E	12-JAN-2001	01-10-142A	02
10	OR	SALEM, CITY OF	41047C0657G	11-APR-2001	01-10-312A	02
10	OR	SCAPPOOSE, CITY OF	41009C0444C	14-FEB-2001	01-10-101A	02
10	OR	STANFIELD, CITY OF	4102130001C	09-MAR-2001	01-10-199A	01
10	OR	TANGENT, CITY OF	4101470001B	16-MAY-2001	01-10-340A	02
10	OR	TIGARD, CITY OF	4102760003B	23-MAY-2001	01-10-185A	17
10	OR	TILLAMOOK COUNTY	4101960170B	01-FEB-2001	01-10-157A	02
10	OR	TUALATIN, CITY OF	4102770001D	09-FEB-2001	01-10-152A	01
10	OR	TURNER, CITY OF	41047C0677G	27-JUN-2001	01-10-205A	01
10	OR	VERNONIA, CITY OF	41009C0381C	07-FEB-2001	01-10-183A	02
10	OR	WALLOWA COUNTY	41063C0625B	26-JAN-2001	01-10-159A	02
10	OR	WASHINGTON COUNTY	4102380368B	09-MAY-2001	01-10-163A	02
10	OR	WASHINGTON COUNTY	4102380368B	22-JUN-2001	01-10-235A	02
10	OR	WASHINGTON COUNTY	4102380364C	25-APR-2001	01-10-296A	01
10	OR	WASHINGTON COUNTY	4102380507B	18-JUN-2001	01-10-369A	02
10	OR	YAMHILL COUNTY	4102490158C	26-FEB-2001	01-10-203A	02
10	OR	YAMHILL COUNTY	4102490175C	07-MAR-2001	01-10-223A	02
10	WA	BRIER, CITY OF	53061C1317E	12-JAN-2001	01-10-141A	02
10	WA	BRIER, CITY OF	53061C1317E	06-JUN-2001	01-10-394A	02
10	WA	BURLINGTON, CITY OF	5301530001B	14-MAR-2001	01-10-245A	02
10	WA	CARNATION, TOWN OF	53033C0419F	18-MAY-2001	01-10-352A	02
10	WA	CHELAN COUNTY	5300150075B	17-JAN-2001	01-10-148A	02
10	WA	CHELAN COUNTY	5300150750B	24-JAN-2001	01-10-158A	02
10	WA	CLARK COUNTY	5300240312B	20-MAR-2001	00-10-128P	06
10	WA	CLARK COUNTY	5300240036	30-JAN-2001	00-10-247P	06
10	WA	CLARK COUNTY	5300240453B	13-JUN-2001	01-10-380A	02
10	WA	COWLITZ COUNTY	5300320040D	27-APR-2001	01-10-311A	02
10	WA	COWLITZ COUNTY	5300320285D	23-MAY-2001	01-10-351A	02
10	WA	COWLITZ COUNTY	5300320117D	13-JUN-2001	01-10-383A	02
10	WA	COWLITZ COUNTY	5300320140D	13-JUN-2001	01-10-383A	02
10	WA	GRAYS HARBOR COUNTY	5300570325B	07-MAR-2001	01-10-110A	02
10	WA	GRAYS HARBOR COUNTY	5300570300B	03-JAN-2001	01-10-126A	02
10	WA	GRAYS HARBOR COUNTY	5300570400B	03-JAN-2001	01-10-126A	02
10	WA	KING COUNTY	53033C0737F	08-JUN-2001	01-10-293A	17
10	WA	KING COUNTY	53033C0680F	27-APR-2001	01-10-313A	02
10	WA	KING COUNTY	53033C1225F	27-JUN-2001	01-10-368A	02
10	WA	KING COUNTY	53033C0687F	06-JUN-2001	01-10-381A	02
10	WA	KITSAP COUNTY	5300920305B	20-FEB-2001	01-10-169A	02
10	WA	KITTITAS COUNTY	5300950229B	02-MAR-2001	01-10-179A	17
10	WA	LAKE STEVENS, CITY OF	53061C0743E	09-FEB-2001	01-10-192A	02
10	WA	MARYSVILLE, CITY OF	53061C0717E	11-JAN-2001	01-10-156A	02
10	WA	MASON COUNTY	5301150275C	03-JAN-2001	01-10-100A	02
10	WA	MASON COUNTY	5301150150C	09-MAY-2001	01-10-336A	02
10	WA	MASON COUNTY	5301150275C	18-JUN-2001	01-10-392A	02
10	WA	MASON COUNTY	5301150110C	18-JUN-2001	01-10-400A	02
10	WA	OKANOGAN COUNTY	5301170350B	01-JUN-2001	01-10-339A	02
10	WA	PIERCE COUNTY	5301380350D	19-APR-2001	01-10-075P	06
10	WA	PIERCE COUNTY	5301380354C	24-JAN-2001	01-10-149A	02
10	WA	PIERCE COUNTY	5301380363C	26-FEB-2001	01-10-208A	02
10	WA	PIERCE COUNTY	5301380552C	06-APR-2001	01-10-279A	02
10	WA	PUYALLUP, CITY OF	5301440005B	23-MAR-2001	01-10-150A	01
10	WA	REDMOND, CITY OF	53033C0390G	02-MAY-2001	01-10-218A	02
10	WA	SKAGIT COUNTY	5301510045C	10-APR-2001	01-10-105P	06
10	WA	SKAGIT COUNTY	5301510250C	28-MAR-2001	01-10-190A	02

Region	State	Community	Map panel	Determination date	Case No.	Type
10	WA	SKAGIT COUNTY	5301510250C	20-FEB-2001	01-10-196A	02
10	WA	SKAGIT COUNTY	5301510235D	14-FEB-2001	01-10-198A	02
10	WA	SKAGIT COUNTY	5301510065C	18-APR-2001	01-10-255A	02
10	WA	SKAGIT COUNTY	5301510065C	18-APR-2001	01-10-299A	02
10	WA	SKAGIT COUNTY	5301510285C	27-JUN-2001	01-10-324A	02
10	WA	SKAGIT COUNTY	5301510250C	11-MAY-2001	01-10-342A	02
10	WA	SNOHOMISH COUNTY	53061C1055E	03-JAN-2001	01-10-099A	02
10	WA	SNOHOMISH COUNTY	53061C1310E	24-JAN-2001	01-10-134A	02
10	WA	SNOHOMISH COUNTY	53061C0760E	27-APR-2001	01-10-212A	17
10	WA	SNOHOMISH COUNTY	53061C1310E	21-MAR-2001	01-10-252A	02
10	WA	SPOKANE COUNTY	5301740294C	26-JAN-2001	01-10-097A	02
10	WA	SPOKANE COUNTY	5301740294C	17-JAN-2001	01-10-147A	02
10	WA	SPOKANE COUNTY	5301740315C	13-APR-2001	01-10-256A	02
10	WA	SPOKANE COUNTY	5301740315C	13-APR-2001	01-10-268A	02
10	WA	SPOKANE COUNTY	5301740294C	09-MAY-2001	01-10-331A	02
10	WA	SULTAN, CITY OF	53061C1406E	11-JAN-2001	01-10-093A	02
10	WA	SULTAN, CITY OF	53061C1402E	21-FEB-2001	01-10-200A	01
10	WA	TUKWILA, CITY OF	53033C0978F	02-MAY-2001	01-10-266A	01
10	WA	UNIVERSITY PLACE, CITY OF	5301380281C	14-MAR-2001	01-10-229A	02
10	WA	VADER, TOWN OF	5302660001B	27-APR-2001	01-10-230A	02
10	WA	WESTPORT, CITY OF	5300670005C	20-APR-2001	01-10-300A	02
10	WA	WESTPORT, CITY OF	5300670005C	13-JUN-2001	01-10-379A	02
10	WA	WHATCOM COUNTY	530198B	01-FEB-2001	01-10-189A	02
10	WA	WHATCOM COUNTY	530198B	28-MAR-2001	01-10-250A	02
10	WA	WHATCOM COUNTY	530198B	07-MAY-2001	01-10-263A	02
10	WA	YAKIMA COUNTY	5302170720C	18-JAN-2001	00-10-433P	06
10	WA	YAKIMA COUNTY	5302171035C	18-JAN-2001	00-10-433P	06
10	WA	YAKIMA COUNTY	5302170680B	21-FEB-2001	01-10-201A	02
10	WA	YAKIMA COUNTY	5302170715B	01-JUN-2001	01-10-292A	02
10	WA	YAKIMA COUNTY	5302171028B	13-APR-2001	01-10-298A	02
10	WA	YAKIMA, CITY OF	5303110007B	18-JAN-2001	00-10-433P	06

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
01	CONNECTICUT	MIDDLETOWN, CITY OF	0900680002C	07-MAR-2001
01	CONNECTICUT	MIDDLETOWN, CITY OF	0900680003C	07-MAR-2001
01	CONNECTICUT	MIDDLETOWN, CITY OF	0900680005C	07-MAR-2001
01	CONNECTICUT	MIDDLETOWN, CITY OF	0900680006C	07-MAR-2001
01	CONNECTICUT	MIDDLETOWN, CITY OF	0900680007C	07-MAR-2001
01	CONNECTICUT	MIDDLETOWN, CITY OF	0900680008C	07-MAR-2001
01	CONNECTICUT	MIDDLETOWN, CITY OF	0900680011C	07-MAR-2001
01	CONNECTICUT	MIDDLETOWN, CITY OF	0900680012C	07-MAR-2001
01	CONNECTICUT	MIDDLETOWN, CITY OF	0900680013C	07-MAR-2001
01	CONNECTICUT	MIDDLETOWN, CITY OF	0900680014C	07-MAR-2001
01	CONNECTICUT	MIDDLETOWN, CITY OF	0900680015C	07-MAR-2001
01	CONNECTICUT	MIDDLETOWN, CITY OF	0900680016C	07-MAR-2001
01	CONNECTICUT	MIDDLETOWN, CITY OF	090068IND0	07-MAR-2001
01	CONNECTICUT	SOUTH WINDSOR, TOWN OF	0900360001D	23-FEB-2001
01	CONNECTICUT	SOUTH WINDSOR, TOWN OF	0900360002D	23-FEB-2001
01	CONNECTICUT	SOUTH WINDSOR, TOWN OF	0900360003D	23-FEB-2001
01	CONNECTICUT	SOUTH WINDSOR, TOWN OF	0900360005D	23-FEB-2001
01	CONNECTICUT	SOUTH WINDSOR, TOWN OF	0900360006D	23-FEB-2001
01	CONNECTICUT	SOUTH WINDSOR, TOWN OF	0900360007D	23-FEB-2001
01	CONNECTICUT	SOUTH WINDSOR, TOWN OF	0900360009D	23-FEB-2001
01	CONNECTICUT	SOUTH WINDSOR, TOWN OF	0900360010D	23-FEB-2001
01	CONNECTICUT	SOUTH WINDSOR, TOWN OF	090036IND0	23-FEB-2001
01	MAINE	ANDREWS ISLAND	2309670001A	23-FEB-2001
01	MAINE	BENTON, TOWN OF	2302330011C	07-MAY-2001
01	MAINE	BENTON, TOWN OF	2302330015C	07-MAY-2001
01	MAINE	BENTON, TOWN OF	230233IND0	07-MAY-2001
01	MAINE	BENTON, TOWN OF	2302330003C	07-MAY-2001
01	MAINE	BENTON, TOWN OF	2302330007C	07-MAY-2001
01	MAINE	BENTON, TOWN OF	2302330009C	07-MAY-2001
01	MAINE	WATERVILLE, CITY OF	2300700001C	07-MAY-2001
01	MAINE	WATERVILLE, CITY OF	2300700002C	07-MAY-2001
01	MAINE	WATERVILLE, CITY OF	2300700003C	07-MAY-2001
01	MAINE	WATERVILLE, CITY OF	2300700004C	07-MAY-2001
01	MAINE	WATERVILLE, CITY OF	2300700005C	07-MAY-2001
01	MAINE	WATERVILLE, CITY OF	2300700006C	07-MAY-2001
01	MAINE	WATERVILLE, CITY OF	230070IND0	07-MAY-2001
01	MAINE	WINSLOW, TOWN OF	2300710002C	07-MAY-2001
01	MAINE	WINSLOW, TOWN OF	2300710003C	07-MAY-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
01	MAINE	WINSLOW, TOWN OF	2300710004C	07-MAY-2001
01	MAINE	WINSLOW, TOWN OF	2300710010C	07-MAY-2001
01	MAINE	WINSLOW, TOWN OF	2300710012C	07-MAY-2001
01	MAINE	WINSLOW, TOWN OF	2300710020C	07-MAY-2001
01	MAINE	WINSLOW, TOWN OF	230071IND0	07-MAY-2001
01	NEW HAMPSHIRE	ACWORTH, TOWN OF	330152B***	01-APR-2001
01	NEW HAMPSHIRE	ACWORTH, TOWN OF	330152INDO***	01-APR-2001
01	NEW HAMPSHIRE	HOLDERNESS, TOWN OF	3300590002C	20-JUN-2001
01	NEW HAMPSHIRE	HOLDERNESS, TOWN OF	3300590004C	20-JUN-2001
01	NEW HAMPSHIRE	HOLDERNESS, TOWN OF	3300590008C	20-JUN-2001
01	NEW HAMPSHIRE	HOLDERNESS, TOWN OF	3300590010C	20-JUN-2001
01	NEW HAMPSHIRE	HOLDERNESS, TOWN OF	3300590015C	20-JUN-2001
01	NEW HAMPSHIRE	HOLDERNESS, TOWN OF	330059IND0	20-JUN-2001
01	NEW HAMPSHIRE	NEW BOSTON, TOWN OF	3300980005C	21-MAY-2001
01	NEW HAMPSHIRE	NEW BOSTON, TOWN OF	3300980010C	21-MAY-2001
01	NEW HAMPSHIRE	NEW BOSTON, TOWN OF	3300980015C	21-MAY-2001
01	NEW HAMPSHIRE	NEW BOSTON, TOWN OF	3300980020C	21-MAY-2001
01	NEW HAMPSHIRE	NEW BOSTON, TOWN OF	330098IND0	21-MAY-2001
01	NEW HAMPSHIRE	PLYMOUTH, TOWN OF	3300720005C	21-MAY-2001
01	NEW HAMPSHIRE	PLYMOUTH, TOWN OF	3300720010C	21-MAY-2001
01	NEW HAMPSHIRE	PLYMOUTH, TOWN OF	330072IND0	21-MAY-2001
01	NEW HAMPSHIRE	RINDGE, TOWN OF	3301890010B	21-MAY-2001
01	NEW HAMPSHIRE	RINDGE, TOWN OF	3301890015B	21-MAY-2001
01	NEW HAMPSHIRE	RINDGE, TOWN OF	3301890017B	21-MAY-2001
01	NEW HAMPSHIRE	RINDGE, TOWN OF	3301890020B	21-MAY-2001
01	NEW HAMPSHIRE	RINDGE, TOWN OF	330189IND0	21-MAY-2001
01	RHODE ISLAND	COVENTRY, TOWN OF	4400040005B	21-MAY-2001
01	RHODE ISLAND	COVENTRY, TOWN OF	4400040006B	21-MAY-2001
01	RHODE ISLAND	COVENTRY, TOWN OF	4400040007B	21-MAY-2001
01	RHODE ISLAND	COVENTRY, TOWN OF	4400040008B	21-MAY-2001
01	RHODE ISLAND	COVENTRY, TOWN OF	4400040009B	21-MAY-2001
01	RHODE ISLAND	COVENTRY, TOWN OF	4400040011B	21-MAY-2001
01	RHODE ISLAND	COVENTRY, TOWN OF	4400040013B	21-MAY-2001
01	RHODE ISLAND	COVENTRY, TOWN OF	440004IND0	21-MAY-2001
01	VERMONT	PLYMOUTH, TOWN OF	5001510005B	07-MAY-2001
01	VERMONT	PLYMOUTH, TOWN OF	5001510010B	07-MAY-2001
01	VERMONT	PLYMOUTH, TOWN OF	5001510015B	07-MAY-2001
01	VERMONT	PLYMOUTH, TOWN OF	500151IND0	07-MAY-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	ALEXANDRIA, TOWNSHIP OF	3402300005C	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	ALEXANDRIA, TOWNSHIP OF	3402300006C	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	ALEXANDRIA, TOWNSHIP OF	3402300007C	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	ALEXANDRIA, TOWNSHIP OF	3402300008C	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	ALEXANDRIA, TOWNSHIP OF	340230IND0	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	EAST HANOVER, CITY OF	3403410005D	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	EWING, TOWNSHIP OF	3452940001D	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	EWING, TOWNSHIP OF	3452940002D	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	EWING, TOWNSHIP OF	3452940003D	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	EWING, TOWNSHIP OF	3452940004D	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	EWING, TOWNSHIP OF	345294IND0	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	FLORHAM PARK, BOROUGH OF	3403420005D	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	HANOVER, TOWNSHIP OF	3403430005D	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	HARMONY, TOWNSHIP OF	3404850001D	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	HARMONY, TOWNSHIP OF	3404850002D	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	HARMONY, TOWNSHIP OF	3404850004D	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	HARMONY, TOWNSHIP OF	3404850005D	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	HARMONY, TOWNSHIP OF	3404850007D	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	HARMONY, TOWNSHIP OF	340485IND0	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	HOLLAND, TOWNSHIP OF	3405090001C	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	HOLLAND, TOWNSHIP OF	3405090002C	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	HOLLAND, TOWNSHIP OF	3405090003C	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	HOLLAND, TOWNSHIP OF	3405090004C	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	HOLLAND, TOWNSHIP OF	3405090005C	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	HOLLAND, TOWNSHIP OF	3405090006C	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	HOLLAND, TOWNSHIP OF	3405090007C	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	HOLLAND, TOWNSHIP OF	3405090008C	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	HOLLAND, TOWNSHIP OF	340509IND0	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	HOPEWELL, TOWNSHIP OF	3452980015E	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	HOPEWELL, TOWNSHIP OF	3452980020E	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	HOPEWELL, TOWNSHIP OF	3452980025E	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	HOPEWELL, TOWNSHIP OF	345298IND0	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	HOPEWELL, TOWNSHIP OF	3452980005E	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	HOPEWELL, TOWNSHIP OF	3452980010E	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	LIVINGSTON, TOWNSHIP OF	3401850001E	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	LIVINGSTON, TOWNSHIP OF	3401850002E	20-JUN-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
02	NEW JERSEY	LIVINGSTON, TOWNSHIP OF	3401850003E	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	LIVINGSTON, TOWNSHIP OF	3401850004E	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	LIVINGSTON, TOWNSHIP OF	340185IND0	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	SCOTCH PLAINS, TOWNSHIP OF	3404740002C	19-JAN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	SCOTCH PLAINS, TOWNSHIP OF	3404740005C	19-JAN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	SCOTCH PLAINS, TOWNSHIP OF	340474IND0	19-JAN-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	STAFFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	3403930001C	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	STAFFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	3403930002C	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	STAFFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	3403930003C	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	STAFFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	3403930004C	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	STAFFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	3403930005C	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	STAFFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	3403930006C	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	STAFFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	3403930007C	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	STAFFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	3403930008C	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	STAFFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	3403930009C	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	STAFFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	3403930010C	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	STAFFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	3403930011C	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	STAFFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	3403930012C	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	STAFFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	3403930013C	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	STAFFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	340393IND0	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW JERSEY	STOCKTON, BOROUGH OF	3453220001E	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	CLARKSTOWN, TOWN OF	3606790004F	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	CLARKSTOWN, TOWN OF	360679IND0	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	FRANKFORT, VILLAGE OF	3603040001C	07-MAR-2001
02	NEW YORK	HOLLAND PATENT, VILLAGE OF	3605300001C	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	ITALY, TOWN OF	3609580001C	07-MAR-2001
02	NEW YORK	ITALY, TOWN OF	3609580002C	07-MAR-2001
02	NEW YORK	ITALY, TOWN OF	3609580003C	07-MAR-2001
02	NEW YORK	ITALY, TOWN OF	3609580004C	07-MAR-2001
02	NEW YORK	ITALY, TOWN OF	3609580005C	07-MAR-2001
02	NEW YORK	ITALY, TOWN OF	3609580006C	07-MAR-2001
02	NEW YORK	ITALY, TOWN OF	3609580007C	07-MAR-2001
02	NEW YORK	ITALY, TOWN OF	3609580008C	07-MAR-2001
02	NEW YORK	ITALY, TOWN OF	3609580009C	07-MAR-2001
02	NEW YORK	ITALY, TOWN OF	360958IND0	07-MAR-2001
02	NEW YORK	LANCASTER, TOWN OF	3602490001C	23-FEB-2001
02	NEW YORK	LANCASTER, TOWN OF	3602490002C	23-FEB-2001
02	NEW YORK	LANCASTER, TOWN OF	3602490003C	23-FEB-2001
02	NEW YORK	LANCASTER, TOWN OF	3602490004C	23-FEB-2001
02	NEW YORK	LANCASTER, TOWN OF	3602490005C	23-FEB-2001
02	NEW YORK	LANCASTER, TOWN OF	3602490006C	23-FEB-2001
02	NEW YORK	LANCASTER, TOWN OF	3602490007C	23-FEB-2001
02	NEW YORK	LANCASTER, TOWN OF	3602490008C	23-FEB-2001
02	NEW YORK	LANCASTER, TOWN OF	3602490009C	23-FEB-2001
02	NEW YORK	LANCASTER, TOWN OF	3602490010C	23-FEB-2001
02	NEW YORK	LANCASTER, TOWN OF	3602490011C	23-FEB-2001
02	NEW YORK	LANCASTER, TOWN OF	3602490012C	23-FEB-2001
02	NEW YORK	LANCASTER, TOWN OF	360249IND0	23-FEB-2001
02	NEW YORK	LITCHFIELD, TOWN OF	3603090003C	07-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	LITCHFIELD, TOWN OF	3603090004C	07-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	LITCHFIELD, TOWN OF	3603090005C	07-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	LITCHFIELD, TOWN OF	3603090006C	07-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	LITCHFIELD, TOWN OF	3603090007C	07-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	LITCHFIELD, TOWN OF	360309IND0	07-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	MONROE, TOWN OF	3606210002C	23-FEB-2001
02	NEW YORK	MONROE, TOWN OF	3606210005C	23-FEB-2001
02	NEW YORK	MONROE, TOWN OF	360621IND0	23-FEB-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970140E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970142E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970143E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970144E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970145E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970146E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970147E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970148E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970149E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970150E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970151E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970152E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970153E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	360497IND0	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970123E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970124E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970125E	21-MAY-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970126E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970127E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970129E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970130E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970131E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970132E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970133E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970134E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970135E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970136E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970137E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970138E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	NEW YORK, CITY OF	3604970139E	21-MAY-2001
02	NEW YORK	ONEIDA, CITY OF	3604080001D	23-FEB-2001
02	NEW YORK	ONEIDA, CITY OF	3604080002D	23-FEB-2001
02	NEW YORK	ONEIDA, CITY OF	3604080003D	23-FEB-2001
02	NEW YORK	ONEIDA, CITY OF	3604080004D	23-FEB-2001
02	NEW YORK	ONEIDA, CITY OF	3604080005D	23-FEB-2001
02	NEW YORK	ONEIDA, CITY OF	3604080007D	23-FEB-2001
02	NEW YORK	ONEIDA, CITY OF	360408IND0	23-FEB-2001
02	NEW YORK	OSWEGO, TOWN OF	3606570005F	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	OSWEGO, TOWN OF	3606570001F	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	OSWEGO, TOWN OF	3606570002F	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	OSWEGO, TOWN OF	3606570003F	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	OSWEGO, TOWN OF	3606570004F	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	OSWEGO, TOWN OF	3606570006F	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	OSWEGO, TOWN OF	3606570007F	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	OSWEGO, TOWN OF	360657IND0	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	PUTNAM VALLEY, TOWN OF	3610300007C	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	PUTNAM VALLEY, TOWN OF	3610300009C	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	PUTNAM VALLEY, TOWN OF	3610300011C	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	PUTNAM VALLEY, TOWN OF	3610300012C	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	PUTNAM VALLEY, TOWN OF	3610300013C	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	PUTNAM VALLEY, TOWN OF	3610300016C	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	PUTNAM VALLEY, TOWN OF	3610300017C	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	PUTNAM VALLEY, TOWN OF	3610300018C	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	PUTNAM VALLEY, TOWN OF	3610300019C	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	PUTNAM VALLEY, TOWN OF	361030IND0	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	SCHUYLER, TOWN OF	3603180010C	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	SCHUYLER, TOWN OF	3603180015C	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	SCHUYLER, TOWN OF	3603180020C	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	SCHUYLER, TOWN OF	360318IND0	20-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	SCRIBA, TOWN OF	3606630001D	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	SCRIBA, TOWN OF	3606630002D	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	SCRIBA, TOWN OF	3606630003D	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	SCRIBA, TOWN OF	3606630004D	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	SCRIBA, TOWN OF	3606630005D	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	SCRIBA, TOWN OF	3606630006D	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	SCRIBA, TOWN OF	3606630007D	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	SCRIBA, TOWN OF	3606630008D	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	SCRIBA, TOWN OF	3606630009D	06-JUN-2001
02	NEW YORK	SCRIBA, TOWN OF	360663IND0	06-JUN-2001
03	MARYLAND	SMITHSBURG, TOWN OF	2401240001B	06-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ALBANY, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ALBANY, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ALLEN, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0207D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ALLEN, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0209D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ALLEN, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0226D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ALLEN, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0228D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ALLEN, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0230D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ALLEN, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0236D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ALLEN, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0237D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ALLEN, TOWNSHIP OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ALSACE, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0367F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ALSACE, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0369F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ALSACE, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0507F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ALSACE, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ALSACE, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	AMITY, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	AMITY, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	AYR, TOWNSHIP OF	4224280010C	09-FEB-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	AYR, TOWNSHIP OF	4224280020C	09-FEB-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	AYR, TOWNSHIP OF	422428IND0	09-FEB-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BALLY, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BALLY, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BANGOR, BOROUGH OF	42095C0039D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BANGOR, BOROUGH OF	42095C0152D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BANGOR, BOROUGH OF	42095C0155D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BANGOR, BOROUGH OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BATH, BOROUGHS OF	42095C0232D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BATH, BOROUGHS OF	42095C0235D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BATH, BOROUGHS OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BECHTELSVILLE, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BECHTELSVILLE, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BEDMINSTER, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BEDMINSTER, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BEDMINSTER, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0144G	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BENSALEM, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BENSALEM, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERKS COUNTY*	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERKS COUNTY*	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERKS COUNTY*	42011C0314F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERKS COUNTY*	42011C0320F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERKS COUNTY*	42011C0361F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERKS COUNTY*	42011C0362F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERKS COUNTY*	42011C0363F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERKS COUNTY*	42011C0364F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERKS COUNTY*	42011C0366F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERKS COUNTY*	42011C0367F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERKS COUNTY*	42011C0368F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERKS COUNTY*	42011C0369F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERKS COUNTY*	42011C0452F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERKS COUNTY*	42011C0460F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERKS COUNTY*	42011C0502F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERKS COUNTY*	42011C0506F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERKS COUNTY*	42011C0507F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERN, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERN, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERN, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0361F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERN, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0362F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERN, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0363F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERN, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0364F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERN, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0502F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERNVILLE, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BERNVILLE, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, CITY OF	42095C0242D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, CITY OF	42095C0244D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, CITY OF	42095C0261D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, CITY OF	42095C0262D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, CITY OF	42095C0264D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, CITY OF	42095C0306D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, CITY OF	42095C0307D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, CITY OF	42095C0326D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, CITY OF	42095C0327D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, CITY OF	42095C0328D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, CITY OF	42095C0329D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, CITY OF	42095C0335D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, CITY OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0242D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0255D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0258D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0259D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0261D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0262D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0264D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0266D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0267D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0268D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0269D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BETHLEHEM, TOWNSHIP OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BIRDSBORO, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BIRDSBORO, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BOYERSTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BOYERSTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BRECKNOCK, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BRECKNOCK, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BRIDGETON, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BRIDGETON, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BRISTOL, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BRISTOL, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BRISTOL, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BRISTOL, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BUCKINGHAM, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BUCKINGHAM, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BUCKS COUNTY*	42017C0143F	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BUSHKILL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BUSHKILL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0130D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BUSHKILL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0131D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BUSHKILL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0133D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BUSHKILL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0140D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BUSHKILL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0144D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BUSHKILL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0145D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BUSHKILL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0252D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	BUSHKILL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0255D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	CAERNARVON, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	CAERNARVON, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	CENTERPORT, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	CENTERPORT, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	CENTRE, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	CENTRE, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	CHALFONT, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	CHALFONT, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	CHAPMAN, BOROUGH OF	42095C0119D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	CHAPMAN, BOROUGH OF	42095C0120D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	CHAPMAN, BOROUGH OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	COLEBROOKDALE, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	COLEBROOKDALE, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	CUMRU, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	CUMRU, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	DISTRICT, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	DISTRICT, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	DOUGLASS, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	DOUGLASS, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	DOYLESTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	DOYLESTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	DOYLESTOWN, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	DOYLESTOWN, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	DUBLIN, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	DUBLIN, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EARL, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EARL, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EAST ALLEN, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0242D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EAST ALLEN, TOWNSHIP OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EAST ALLEN, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0230D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EAST ALLEN, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0232D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EAST ALLEN, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0235D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EAST ALLEN, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0237D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EAST BANGOR, BOROUGH OF	42095C0039D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EAST BANGOR, BOROUGH OF	42095C0045D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EAST BANGOR, BOROUGH OF	42095C0152D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EAST BANGOR, BOROUGH OF	42095C0160D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EAST BANGOR, BOROUGH OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EAST ROCKHILL, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0143G	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EAST ROCKHILL, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0144G	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EAST ROCKHILL, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0252G	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EAST ROCKHILL, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0256G	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EAST ROCKHILL, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0257G	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EAST ROCKHILL, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EAST ROCKHILL, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EASTON, CITY OF	42095C0267D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EASTON, CITY OF	42095C0269D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EASTON, CITY OF	42095C0278D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EASTON, CITY OF	42095C0279D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EASTON, CITY OF	42095C0286D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EASTON, CITY OF	42095C0287D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EASTON, CITY OF	42095C0288D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EASTON, CITY OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EXETER, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	EXETER, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	FALLS, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
03	PENNSYLVANIA	FALLS, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	FLEETWOOD, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	FLEETWOOD, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	FORKS, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0144D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	FORKS, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0164D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	FORKS, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0165D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	FORKS, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0257D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	FORKS, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0259D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	FORKS, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0276D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	FORKS, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0277D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	FORKS, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0278D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	FORKS, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0279D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	FORKS, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0281D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	FORKS, TOWNSHIP OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	FREEMANSBURG, BOROUGH OF	42095C0264D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	FREEMANSBURG, BOROUGH OF	42095C0326D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	FREEMANSBURG, BOROUGH OF	42095C0327D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	FREEMANSBURG, BOROUGH OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	GLENDON, BOROUGH OF	42095C0286D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	GLENDON, BOROUGH OF	42095C0288D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	GLENDON, BOROUGH OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	GREENWICH, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	GREENWICH, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HAMBURG, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HAMBURG, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HANOVER, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0235D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HANOVER, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0242D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HANOVER, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0244D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HANOVER, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0261D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HANOVER, TOWNSHIP OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HAYCOCK, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HAYCOCK, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HEIDELBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HEIDELBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HEIDELBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0314F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HEIDELBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0320F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HEIDELBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0452F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HEIDELBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0460F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HELLERTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42095C0327D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HELLERTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42095C0328D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HELLERTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42095C0329D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HELLERTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HELLERTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42095C0326D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HEREFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HEREFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HILLTOWN, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0144G	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HILLTOWN, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0254G	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HILLTOWN, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0256G	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HILLTOWN, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0257G	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HILLTOWN, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HILLTOWN, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HULMEVILLE, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	HULMEVILLE, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	IVYLAND, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	IVYLAND, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	JEFFERSON, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	JEFFERSON, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	JEFFERSON, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0320F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	KENHORST, BOROUGH OG	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	KENHORST, BOROUGH OG	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	KUTXTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	KUTXTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LANGHORNE MANOR, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LANGHORNE MANOR, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LANGHORNE, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LANGHORNE, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LAURELDALE, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LAURELDALE, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LAURELDALE, BOROUGH OF	42011C0368F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LAURELDALE, BOROUGH OF	42011C0369F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LEESPORT, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LEESPORT, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LEESPORT, BOROUGH OF	42011C0361F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LEESPORT, BOROUGH OF	42011C0362F	21-MAY-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LEHIGH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0086D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LEHIGH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0088D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LEHIGH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0090D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LEHIGH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0095D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LEHIGH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0113D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LEHIGH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0115D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LEHIGH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0201D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LEHIGH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0202D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LEHIGH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0206D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LEHIGH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0207D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LEHIGH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0226D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LEHIGH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LENHARTSVILLE, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LENHARTSVILLE, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LONGSWAMP, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LONGSWAMP, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER ALSACE, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER ALSACE, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER ALSACE, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0506F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER ALSACE, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0507F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER HEIDELBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER HEIDELBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER MAKEFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER MAKEFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER MOUNT BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0155D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER MOUNT BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0160D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER MOUNT BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0164D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER MOUNT BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0165D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER MOUNT BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0166D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER MOUNT BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0167D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER MOUNT BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0168D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER MOUNT BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0169D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER MOUNT BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0176D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER MOUNT BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0178D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER MOUNT BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0179D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER MOUNT BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0186D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER MOUNT BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER NAZERETH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER NAZERETH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0235D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER NAZERETH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0242D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER NAZERETH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0252D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER NAZERETH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0255D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER NAZERETH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0256D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER NAZERETH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0258D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER NAZERETH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0259D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER NAZERETH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0261D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER NAZERETH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0262D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER SAUCON, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0264D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER SAUCON, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0268D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER SAUCON, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0269D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER SAUCON, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0307D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER SAUCON, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0309D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER SAUCON, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0326D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER SAUCON, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0327D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER SAUCON, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0328D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER SAUCON, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0329D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER SAUCON, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0335D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER SAUCON, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0336D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER SAUCON, TOWNSHIP OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER SOUTHAMPTON. TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LOWER SOUTHAMPTON. TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LYONS. BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	LYONS. BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MAIDENCREEK, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MAIDENCREEK, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MAIDENCREEK, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0366F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MAIDENCREEK, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0367F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MARION, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MARION, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MARION, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0314F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MARION, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0320F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MARION, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0452F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MARION, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0460F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MAXATAWNY, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MAXATAWNY, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MCCONNELLSBURGH, BOROUGH OF	4227010001A	09-FEB-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MIDDLETOWN, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MIDDLETOWN, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MILFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MILFORD, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MOHNTON, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MOHNTON, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MOORE, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0110D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MOORE, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0113D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MOORE, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0114D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MOORE, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0115D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MOORE, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0119D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MOORE, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0120D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MOORE, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0130D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MOORE, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0140D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MOORE, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0226D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MOORE, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0230D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MOORE, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0232D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MOORE, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0235D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MOORE, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0255D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MOORE, TOWNSHIP OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MORRISVILLE, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MORRISVILLE, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MT. PENN, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MT. PENN, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MUHLENBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MUHLENBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MUHLENBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0361F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MUHLENBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0362F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MUHLENBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0363F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MUHLENBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0364F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MUHLENBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0366F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MUHLENBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0367F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MUHLENBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0368F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MUHLENBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0369F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MUHLENBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0502F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MUHLENBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0506F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	MUHLENBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0507F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NAZARETH, BOROUGH OF	42095C0140D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NAZARETH, BOROUGH OF	42095C0145D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NAZARETH, BOROUGH OF	42095C0252D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NAZARETH, BOROUGH OF	42095C0256D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NAZARETH, BOROUGH OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NEW BRITAIN, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NEW BRITAIN, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NEW BRITAIN, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NEW BRITAIN, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NEW HOPE, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NEW HOPE, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NEW MORGAN, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NEW MORGAN, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NEWTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NEWTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NEWTOWN, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NEWTOWN, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NOCKAMIXON, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NOCKAMIXON, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NORTH CATASAUQUA, BOROUGH OF	42095C0236D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NORTH CATASAUQUA, BOROUGH OF	42095C0237D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NORTH CATASAUQUA, BOROUGH OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NORTH HEIDELBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0320E	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NORTH HEIDELBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NORTH HEIDELBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NORTHAMPTON, BOROUGH OF	42095C0209D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NORTHAMPTON, BOROUGH OF	42095C0228D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NORTHAMPTON, BOROUGH OF	42095C0236D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NORTHAMPTON, BOROUGH OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NORTHAMPTON, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	NORTHAMPTON, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	OLEY, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	OLEY, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ONTELAUNEE, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ONTELAUNEE, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2	21-MAY-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ONTELAUNEE, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0362F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ONTELAUNEE, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0366F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ONTELAUNEE, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0367F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PALMER, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0286D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PALMER, TOWNSHIP OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PALMER, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0276D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PALMER, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0278D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PALMER, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0144D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PALMER, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0256D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PALMER, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0257D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PALMER, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0258D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PALMER, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0259D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PALMER, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0267D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PALMER, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0269D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PEN ARGYL, BOROUGH OF	42095C0132D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PEN ARGYL, BOROUGH OF	42095C0155D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PEN ARGYL, BOROUGH OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PENN, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PENN, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PENNDEL, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PENNDEL, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PERKASIE, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND1	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PERKASIE, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND2	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PERKASIE, BOROUGH OF	42017C0143G	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PERKASIE, BOROUGH OF	42017C0144G	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PERKASIE, BOROUGH OF	42017C0256G	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PERKASIE, BOROUGH OF	42017C0257G	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PERRY, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PERRY, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PIKE, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PIKE, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PLAINFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0130D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PLAINFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0131D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PLAINFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0132D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PLAINFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0133D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PLAINFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0134D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PLAINFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0142D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PLAINFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0144D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PLAINFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0145D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PLAINFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0155D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PLAINFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0165D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PLAINFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PLUMSTEAD, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PLUMSTEAD, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PORTLAND, BOROUGH OF	42095C0061D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PORTLAND, BOROUGH OF	42095C0062D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	PORTLAND, BOROUGH OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	QUAKERTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	QUAKERTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	READING, CITY OF	42011CIND1	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	READING, CITY OF	42011CIND2	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	READING, CITY OF	42011C0502F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	READING, CITY OF	42011C0506F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	READING, CITY OF	42011C0507F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	RICHLAND, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	RICHLAND, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	RICHLANDTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	RICHLANDTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	RICHMOND, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	RICHMOND, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	RIEGELSVILLE, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	RIEGELSVILLE, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ROBESON, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ROBESON, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ROBESONIA, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ROBESONIA, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ROCKLAND, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ROCKLAND, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ROSETO, BOROUGH OF	42095C0039D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ROSETO, BOROUGH OF	42095C0152D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ROSETO, BOROUGH OF	42095C0155D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ROSETO, BOROUGH OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	RUSCOMBMANOR, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CO367F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	RUSCOMBMANOR, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1	21-MAY-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
03	PENNSYLVANIA	RUSCOMBMANOR, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	SELLERSVILLE, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND1	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	SELLERSVILLE, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND2	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	SELLERSVILLE, BOROUGH OF	42017C0252G	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	SELLERSVILLE, BOROUGH OF	42017C0256G	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	SHILLINGTON, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	SHILLINGTON, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	SHOEMAKERSVILLE, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	SHOEMAKERSVILLE, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	SILVERDALE, BOROUGH OF	42017C0257G	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	SILVERDALE, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND1	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	SILVERDALE, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND2	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	SINKING SPRING, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	SINKING SPRING, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	SOLEBURY, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	SOLEBURY, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	SOUTH HEIDELBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	SOUTH HEIDELBERG, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	SPRING, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	SPRING, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	SPRING, TOWNSHIP OF	42011C0502F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	SPRINGFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	SPRINGFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ST. LAWRENCE, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	ST. LAWRENCE, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	STOCKERTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42095C0144D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	STOCKERTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42095C0165D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	STOCKERTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42095C0257D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	STOCKERTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	STRAUSSTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	STRAUSSTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	TATAMY, BOROUGH OF	42095C0257D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	TATAMY, BOROUGH OF	42095C0276D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	TATAMY, BOROUGH OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	TELEFORD, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND1	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	TELEFORD, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND2	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	TELEFORD, BOROUGH OF	42017C0254G	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	TILDEN, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	TILDEN, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	TINICUM, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	TINICUM, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	TODD, TOWNSHIP OF	421665IND0	09-FEB-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	TODD, TOWNSHIP OF	4216650005C	09-FEB-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	TODD, TOWNSHIP OF	4216650010C	09-FEB-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	TOPTON, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	TOPTON, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	TRUMBAUERSVILLE, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	TRUMBAUERSVILLE, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	TULLEYTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	TULLEYTOWN, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	TULPEHOCKEN, TOWHSHIP OF	42011CIND1	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	TULPEHOCKEN, TOWHSHIP OF	42011CIND2	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	TULPEHOCKEN, TOWHSHIP OF	42011C0320F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UNION, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UNION, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER BERN, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER BERN, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER MAKEFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER MAKEFIELD, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER MT. BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0178D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER MT. BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0179D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER MT. BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0181D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER MT. BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER MT. BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0035D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER MT. BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0039D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER MT. BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0045D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER MT. BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0053D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER MT. BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0061D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER MT. BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0062D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER MT. BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0063D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER MT. BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0064D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER MT. BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0068D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER MT. BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0160D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER MT. BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0176D	06-APR-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER MT. BETHEL, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0177D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER NAZARETH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0140D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER NAZARETH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0144D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER NAZARETH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0145D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER NAZARETH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0232D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER NAZARETH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0235D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER NAZARETH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0252D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER NAZARETH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0255D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER NAZARETH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0256D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER NAZARETH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0257D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER NAZARETH, TOWNSHIP OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER SOUTHAMPTON, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER SOUTHAMPTON, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER TULPEHOCKEN, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	UPPER TULPEHOCKEN, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WALNUTPORT, BOROUGH OF	42095C0088D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WALNUTPORT, BOROUGH OF	42095C0090D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WALNUTPORT, BOROUGH OF	42095C0201D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WALNUTPORT, BOROUGH OF	42095C0202D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WALNUTPORT, BOROUGH OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WARMINSTER, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WARMINSTER, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WARRINGTON, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WARRINGTON, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WARWICK, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WARWICK, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WASHINGTON, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0039D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WASHINGTON, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0152D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WASHINGTON, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0155D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WASHINGTON, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0160D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WASHINGTON, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0165D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WASHINGTON, TOWNSHIP OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WASHINGTON, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WASHINGTON, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WERNERSVILLER, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WERNERSVILLER, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WEST EASTON, BOROUGH OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WEST EASTON, BOROUGH OF	420950268D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WEST LAWN, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WEST LAWN, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WEST READING, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WEST READING, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WEST ROCKHILL, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0252G	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WEST ROCKHILL, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0253G	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WEST ROCKHILL, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0254G	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WEST ROCKHILL, TOWNSHIP OF	42017C0256G	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WEST ROCKHILL, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WEST ROCKHILL, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WILLIAMS, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0269D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WILLIAMS, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0286D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WILLIAMS, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0287D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WILLIAMS, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0288D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WILLIAMS, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0289D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WILLIAMS, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0291D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WILLIAMS, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0335D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WILLIAMS, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0352D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WILLIAMS, TOWNSHIP OF	42095C0355D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WILLIAMS, TOWNSHIP OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WILSON, BOROUGH OF	42095C0259D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WILSON, BOROUGH OF	42095C0267D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WILSON, BOROUGH OF	42095C0278D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WILSON, BOROUGH OF	42095C0286D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WILSON, BOROUGH OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WIND GAP, BOROUGH OF	42095CIND0	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WIND GAP, BOROUGH OF	420950131D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WIND GAP, BOROUGH OF	420950132D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WIND GAP, BOROUGH OF	420950133D	06-APR-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WINDSOR, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WINDSOR, TOWNSHIP OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WOMELSDORF,BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WOMELSDORF,BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WOMELSDORF,BOROUGH OF	42011C0452F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WOMELSDORF,BOROUGH OF	42011C0460F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WRIGHTSTOWN, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WRIGHTSTOWN, TOWNSHIP OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WYOMISSING HILLS, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WYOMISSING HILLS, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2**	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WYOMISSING, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND2	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WYOMISSING, BOROUGH OF	42011C0502F	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	WYOMISSING, BOROUGH OF	42011CIND1	21-MAY-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	YARDLEY, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND1**	20-JUN-2001
03	PENNSYLVANIA	YARDLEY, BOROUGH OF	42017CIND2**	20-JUN-2001
03	WEST VIRGINIA	HARDY COUNTY *	5400510060D	19-JAN-2001
03	WEST VIRGINIA	HARDY COUNTY *	5400510070D	19-JAN-2001
03	WEST VIRGINIA	HARDY COUNTY *	540051IND0	19-JAN-2001
03	WEST VIRGINIA	MOOREFIELD, TOWN OF	5400520005F	19-JAN-2001
04	FLORIDA	KISSIMMEE, CITY OF	12097C0055E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	KISSIMMEE, CITY OF	12097C0060E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	KISSIMMEE, CITY OF	12097C0065E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	KISSIMMEE, CITY OF	12097C0066E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	KISSIMMEE, CITY OF	12097C0067E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	KISSIMMEE, CITY OF	12097C0068E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	KISSIMMEE, CITY OF	12097CIND0	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097CIND0	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0010E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0020E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0030E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0035E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0040E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0045E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0055E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0060E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0065E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0066E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0067E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0068E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0069E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0080E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0085E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0090E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0095E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0105E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0110E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0115E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0120E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0150E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0175E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0200E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0225E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0230E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0235E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0240E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0245E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0252E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0255E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0256E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0257E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0260E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0265E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0270E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0280E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0285E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0290E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0295E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0325E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0350E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0375E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0400E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0410E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0425E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0430E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0450E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0475E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0500E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0525E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0550E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0575E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0600E	07-MAY-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0625E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0650E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0675E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0700E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0725E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0750E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0775E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0800E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0825E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0850E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0875E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0900E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	REEDY CREEK, IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT	12097C0030E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	REEDY CREEK, IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT	12097C0035E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	REEDY CREEK, IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT	12097C0040E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	REEDY CREEK, IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT	12097C0045E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	REEDY CREEK, IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT	12097CIND0	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	12097C0090E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	12097C0095E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	12097C0252E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	12097C0255E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	12097C0256E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	12097C0257E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	12097C0260E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	12097C0280E	07-MAY-2001
04	FLORIDA	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	12097CIND0	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	ALPHARETTA, CITY OF	13121CIND1**	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	ALPHARETTA, CITY OF	13121CIND2**	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	AMERICUS, CITY OF	13261C0134B	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	AMERICUS, CITY OF	13261C0135B	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	AMERICUS, CITY OF	13261C0153B	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	AMERICUS, CITY OF	13261C0154B	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	AMERICUS, CITY OF	13261C0155B	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	AMERICUS, CITY OF	13261C0161B	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	AMERICUS, CITY OF	13261C0162B	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	AMERICUS, CITY OF	13261CIND0	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	ANDERSONVILLE, VILLAGE OF	13261C0060B	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	ANDERSONVILLE, VILLAGE OF	13261CIND0	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	ATLANTA, CITY OF	13121C0376F	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	ATLANTA, CITY OF	13121CIND1	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	ATLANTA, CITY OF	13121CIND2	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	ATLANTA, CITY OF	13121C0261F	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	ATLANTA, CITY OF	13089C0062H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	ATLANTA, CITY OF	13089C0064H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	ATLANTA, CITY OF	13089C0068H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	ATLANTA, CITY OF	13089C0127H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	ATLANTA, CITY OF	13089C0131H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	ATLANTA, CITY OF	13089CIND0	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	AVONDALE ESTATES, CITY OF	13098CIND0	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	AVONDALE ESTATES, CITY OF	13098C0069H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	BLOOMINGDALE, CITY OF	1304520001B	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	BLOOMINGDALE, CITY OF	1304520002B	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	BLOOMINGDALE, CITY OF	1304520003B	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	BLOOMINGDALE, CITY OF	1304520004B	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	BLOOMINGDALE, CITY OF	1304520005B	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	BLOOMINGDALE, CITY OF	130452IND0	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	CHAMBLEE, CITY OF	13089C0014H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	CHAMBLEE, CITY OF	13089C0018H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	CHAMBLEE, CITY OF	13089CIND0	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	CLARKSTON, CITY OF	13089C0059H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	CLARKSTON, CITY OF	13089C0067H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	CLARKSTON, CITY OF	13089C0078H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	CLARKSTON, CITY OF	13089C0086H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	CLARKSTON, CITY OF	13089CIND0	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	COLLEGE PARK, CITY OF	13121CIND1**	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	COLLEGE PARK, CITY OF	13121CIND2**	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	CONYERS, CITY OF	13247C0083C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	CONYERS, CITY OF	13247C0084C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	CONYERS, CITY OF	13247C0091C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	CONYERS, CITY OF	13247C0092C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	CONYERS, CITY OF	13247C0093C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	CONYERS, CITY OF	13247C0094C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	CONYERS, CITY OF	13247C0103C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	CONYERS, CITY OF	13247C0104C	19-JAN-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
04	GEORGIA	CONYERS, CITY OF	13247C0111C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	CONYERS, CITY OF	13247C0112C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	CONYERS, CITY OF	13247C0113C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	CONYERS, CITY OF	13247C0114C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	CONYERS, CITY OF	13247C0116C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	CONYERS, CITY OF	13247C0118C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	CONYERS, CITY OF	13247CIND0	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0201H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089CIND0	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0118H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0127H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0129H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0131H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0132H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0133H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0134H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0137H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0139H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0141H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0142H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0143H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0151H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0152H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0153H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0154H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0156H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0157H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0158H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0159H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0161H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0162H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0163H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0164H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0166H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0167H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0168H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0169H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0176H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0177H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0178H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0179H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0181H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0186H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0187H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0188H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0018H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0019H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0038H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0040H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0052H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0054H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0056H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0057H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0058H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0059H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0062H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0064H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0066H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0067H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0068H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0069H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0076H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0077H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0078H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0079H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0081H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0082H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0083H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0084H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0086H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0087H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0088H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0089H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0091H	07-MAY-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0092H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0093H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0094H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0111H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0112H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0113H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0114H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0005H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0010H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0012H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0014H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0016H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DE KALB COUNTY *	13089C0017H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DECATUR, CITY OF	13089C0062H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DECATUR, CITY OF	13089C0064H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DECATUR, CITY OF	13089C0066H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DECATUR, CITY OF	13089C0067H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DECATUR, CITY OF	13089C0068H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DECATUR, CITY OF	13089C0069H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DECATUR, CITY OF	13089CIND0	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DESOTA, CITY OF	13261C0305B	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	DESOTA, CITY OF	13261CIND0	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	DORAVILLE, CITY OF	13089C0016H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DORAVILLE, CITY OF	13089C0017H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DORAVILLE, CITY OF	13089C0018H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DORAVILLE, CITY OF	13089C0019H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	DORAVILLE, CITY OF	13089CIND0	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	EAST POINT, CITY OF	13121CIND1**	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	EAST POINT, CITY OF	13121CIND2**	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	FAIRBURN, CITY OF	13121CIND1**	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	FAIRBURN, CITY OF	13121CIND2**	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121CIND1**	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	FULTON COUNTY *	13121CIND2**	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	HAPEVILLE, CITY OF	13121CIND1**	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	HAPEVILLE, CITY OF	13121CIND2**	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	LESLIE, CITY OF	13261C0305B	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	LESLIE, CITY OF	13261CIND0	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	LITHONIA, CITY OF	13089CIND0	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	LITHONIA, CITY OF	13089C0176H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	LITHONIA, CITY OF	13098C0178H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	MOUNTAIN PARK, CITY OF	13121CIND1**	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	MOUNTAIN PARK, CITY OF	13121CIND2**	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	PALMETTO, CITY OF	13121CIND1**	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	PALMETTO, CITY OF	13121CIND2**	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	PINE LAKE, CITY OF	13089C0087H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	PINE LAKE, CITY OF	13089CIND0	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	PLAINS, CITY OF	13261CIND0	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0151C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0152C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0153C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0154C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0156C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0157C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0158C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0159C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0161C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0162C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0166C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0167C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0168C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0176C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0178C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247CIND0	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0111C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0112C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0113C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0114C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0116C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0118C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0135C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0040C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0045C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0070C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0081C	19-JAN-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0082C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0083C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0084C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0087C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0088C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0089C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0091C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0092C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0093C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0094C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0103C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0104C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0105C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROCKDALE COUNTY *	13247C0110C	19-JAN-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROSWELL, CITY OF	13121CIND1**	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	ROSWELL, CITY OF	13121CIND2**	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	STONE MOUNTAIN, CITY OF	13089C0083H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	STONE MOUNTAIN, CITY OF	13089C0091H	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	STONE MOUNTAIN, CITY OF	13089CIND0	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	SUMTER COUNTY*	13261C0060B	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	SUMTER COUNTY*	13261C0100B	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	SUMTER COUNTY*	13261C0134B	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	SUMTER COUNTY*	13261C0135B	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	SUMTER COUNTY*	13261C0153B	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	SUMTER COUNTY*	13261C0154B	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	SUMTER COUNTY*	13261C0155B	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	SUMTER COUNTY*	13261C0161B	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	SUMTER COUNTY*	13261C0162B	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	SUMTER COUNTY*	13261C0200B	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	SUMTER COUNTY*	13261C0225B	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	SUMTER COUNTY*	13261C0275B	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	SUMTER COUNTY*	13261C0305B	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	SUMTER COUNTY*	13261C0350B	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	SUMTER COUNTY*	13261CIND0	09-FEB-2001
04	GEORGIA	UNION CITY, CITY OF	13121CIND1**	07-MAY-2001
04	GEORGIA	UNION CITY, CITY OF	13121CIND2**	07-MAY-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	BUNN, TOWN OF	37069C0350D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	BUNN, TOWN OF	37069C0355D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	BUNN, TOWN OF	37069CIND0	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	BURKE COUNTY *	3700340260D	07-MAY-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	BURKE COUNTY *	370034IND0	07-MAY-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	BURKE COUNTY *	3700340168E	07-MAY-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	BURKE COUNTY *	3700340175E	07-MAY-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	BURKE COUNTY *	3700340256D	07-MAY-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	BURKE COUNTY *	3700340257D	07-MAY-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	BURKE COUNTY *	3700340275D	07-MAY-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	CENTERVILLE, TOWN OF	37069C0175D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	CENTERVILLE, TOWN OF	37069CIND0	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0365D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0375D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0400D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069CIND0	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0025D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0050D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0090D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0095D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0100D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0115D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0125D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0150D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0175D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0200D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0225D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0230D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0231D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0232D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0233D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0234D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0240D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0245D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0265D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0275D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0300D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0325D	19-JAN-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0350D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLIN COUNTY*	37069C0355D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLINTON, TOWN OF	37069C0225D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	FRANKLINTON, TOWN OF	37069CIND0	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	LOUISBURG, CITY	37069C0125D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	LOUISBURG, CITY	37069C0230D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	LOUISBURG, CITY	37069C0231D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	LOUISBURG, CITY	37069C0232D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	LOUISBURG, CITY	37069C0233D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	LOUISBURG, CITY	37069C0234D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	LOUISBURG, CITY	37069CIND0	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	MACON COUNTY *	3701500009B	01-JUN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	MACON COUNTY *	3701500010B	01-JUN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	MACON COUNTY *	3701500011B	01-JUN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	MACON COUNTY *	3701509999B	01-JUN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	MACON COUNTY *	370150IND0	01-JUN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	MACON COUNTY *	3701500001B	01-JUN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	MACON COUNTY *	3701500002B	01-JUN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	MACON COUNTY *	3701500003B	01-JUN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	MACON COUNTY *	3701500004B	01-JUN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	MACON COUNTY *	3701500005B	01-JUN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	MACON COUNTY *	3701500006B	01-JUN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	MACON COUNTY *	3701500007B	01-JUN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	MACON COUNTY *	3701500008B	01-JUN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	WARREN COUNTY*	3703960002C	20-JUN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	WARREN COUNTY*	370396IND0	20-JUN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	YOUNGSVILLE, TOWN OF	37069C0225D	19-JAN-2001
04	NORTH CAROLINA	YOUNGSVILLE, TOWN OF	37069CIND0	19-JAN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	BELLE MEADE, CITY OF	47037C0328F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	BELLE MEADE, CITY OF	47037CIND0	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	BELLE MEADE, CITY OF	47037C0326F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	BELLE MEADE, CITY OF	47037C0327F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	BERRY HILL, CITY OF	47037C0219F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	BERRY HILL, CITY OF	47037C0332F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	BERRY HILL, CITY OF	47037CIND0	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	COTTAGE GROVE, CITY OF	47079C0050D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	COTTAGE GROVE, CITY OF	47079C0175D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	COTTAGE GROVE, CITY OF	47079CIND0	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	FOREST HILLS, CITY OF	47037C0317F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	FOREST HILLS, CITY OF	47037C0328F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	FOREST HILLS, CITY OF	47037C0329F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	FOREST HILLS, CITY OF	47037C0333F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	FOREST HILLS, CITY OF	47037C0336F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	FOREST HILLS, CITY OF	47037C0337F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	FOREST HILLS, CITY OF	47037CIND0	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	GOODLETTSVILLE, CITY OF	47037C0126F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	GOODLETTSVILLE, CITY OF	47037C0127F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	GOODLETTSVILLE, CITY OF	47037C0128F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	GOODLETTSVILLE, CITY OF	47037C0129F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	GOODLETTSVILLE, CITY OF	47037C0133F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	GOODLETTSVILLE, CITY OF	47037C0136F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	GOODLETTSVILLE, CITY OF	47037C0137F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	GOODLETTSVILLE, CITY OF	47037CIND0	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	HENRY COUNTY	47079C0025D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	HENRY COUNTY	47079C0050D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	HENRY COUNTY	47079C0075D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	HENRY COUNTY	47079C0100D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	HENRY COUNTY	47079C0125D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	HENRY COUNTY	47079C0150D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	HENRY COUNTY	47079C0175D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	HENRY COUNTY	47079C0180D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	HENRY COUNTY	47079C0185D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	HENRY COUNTY	47079C0190D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	HENRY COUNTY	47079C0195D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	HENRY COUNTY	47079C0225D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	HENRY COUNTY	47079C0250D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	HENRY COUNTY	47079C0275D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	HENRY COUNTY	47079C0300D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	HENRY COUNTY	47079C0325D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	HENRY COUNTY	47079C0350D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	HENRY COUNTY	47079C0375D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	HENRY COUNTY	47079CIND0	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	HENRY, TOWN OF	47079C0300D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	HENRY, TOWN OF	47079CIND0	06-JUN-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
04	TENNESSEE	LAKEWOOD, CITY OF	47037C0144F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	LAKEWOOD, CITY OF	47037C0232F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	LAKEWOOD, CITY OF	47037C0251F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	LAKEWOOD, CITY OF	47037CIND0	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0387F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0388F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0389F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0400F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0406F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0407F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0427F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037CIND0	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0304F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0306F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0307F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0308F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0309F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0311F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0312F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0316F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0317F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0326F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0327F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0328F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0329F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0331F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0332F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0333F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0334F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0336F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0337F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0351F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0352F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0353F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0354F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0356F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0357F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0358F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0359F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0361F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0362F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0364F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0366F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0367F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0368F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0369F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0378F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0386F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0214F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0216F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0217F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0219F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0226F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0227F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0229F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0231F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0232F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0233F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0234F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0236F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0237F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0238F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0239F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0241F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0242F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0243F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0244F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0251F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0252F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0253F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0254F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0261F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0275F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0281F	20-APR-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0282F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0283F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0284F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0291F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0292F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0293F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0294F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0301F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0302F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0303F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0129F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0133F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0136F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0137F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0138F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0139F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0141F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0142F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0143F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0144F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0176F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0177F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0178F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0179F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0181F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0182F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0183F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0184F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0186F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0187F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0189F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0191F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0192F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0193F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0194F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0201F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0202F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0203F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0204F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0206F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0207F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0208F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0209F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0211F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0212F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0213F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0025F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0050F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0063F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0100F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0111F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0112F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0113F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0114F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0116F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0117F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0118F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0119F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0125F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0126F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0127F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	NASHVILLE & DAVIDSON COUNTY, CITY OF	47037C0128F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	OAK HILL, TOWN OF	47037C0331F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	OAK HILL, TOWN OF	47037C0332F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	OAK HILL, TOWN OF	47037C0333F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	OAK HILL, TOWN OF	47037C0334F	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	OAK HILL, TOWN OF	47037CIND0	20-APR-2001
04	TENNESSEE	PARIS, CITY OF	47079C0180D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	PARIS, CITY OF	47079C0185D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	PARIS, CITY OF	47079C0190D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	PARIS, CITY OF	47079C0195D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	PARIS, CITY OF	47079CIND0	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	PURYEAR, TOWN OF	47079C0075D	06-JUN-2001
04	TENNESSEE	PURYEAR, TOWN OF	47079CIND0	06-JUN-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
05	FLORIDA	KISSIMMEE, CITY OF	12097C0055F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	KISSIMMEE, CITY OF	12097C0060F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	KISSIMMEE, CITY OF	12097C0065F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	KISSIMMEE, CITY OF	12097C0066F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	KISSIMMEE, CITY OF	12097C0067F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	KISSIMMEE, CITY OF	12097C0068F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	KISSIMMEE, CITY OF	12097CIND0	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0010F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0020F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0030F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0035F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0040F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0045F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0055F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0060F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0065F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0066F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0067F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0068F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0069F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0080F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0085F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0090F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0095F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0105F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0110F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0115F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0120F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0150F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0175F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0200F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0225F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0230F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0235F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0240F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0245F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0252F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0255F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0256F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0257F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0260F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0265F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0270F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0280F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0285F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0290F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0295F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0325F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0350F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0375F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0400F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0410F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0425F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0430F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0450F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0475F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0500F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0525F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0550F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0575F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0600F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0625F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0650F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0675F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0700F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0725F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0750F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0775F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0800F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0825F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0850F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0875F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097C0900F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	OSCEOLA COUNTY *	12097CIND0	06-JUN-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
05	FLORIDA	REEDY CREEK, IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT	12097C0030F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	REEDY CREEK, IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT	12097C0035F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	REEDY CREEK, IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT	12097C0040F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	REEDY CREEK, IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT	12097C0045F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	REEDY CREEK, IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT	12097CIND0	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	12097C0090F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	12097C0095F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	12097C0252F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	12097C0255F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	12097C0256F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	12097C0257F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	12097C0260F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	12097C0280F	06-JUN-2001
05	FLORIDA	ST. CLOUD, CITY OF	12097CIND0	06-JUN-2001
05	ILLINOIS	ANCHOR, VILLAGE OF	17113C0400D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	ANCHOR, VILLAGE OF	17113CIND0	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	ARROWSMITH, VILLAGE OF	17113C0575D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	ARROWSMITH, VILLAGE OF	17113CIND0	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	BELLFLOWER, VILLAGE OF	17113C0800D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	BELLFLOWER, VILLAGE OF	17113CIND0	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	CARLOCK, VILLAGE OF	17113C0260D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	CARLOCK, VILLAGE OF	17113CIND0	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	CHENOA, CITY OF	17113C0075D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	CHENOA, CITY OF	17113C0200D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	CHENOA, CITY OF	17113CIND0	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	COLFAX, VILLAGE OF	17113C0390D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	COLFAX, VILLAGE OF	17113C0400D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	COLFAX, VILLAGE OF	17113CIND0	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	COOKSVILLE, VILLAGE OF	17113C0375D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	COOKSVILLE, VILLAGE OF	17113CIND0	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	DANVERS, VILLAGE OF	17113C0270D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	DANVERS, VILLAGE OF	17113CIND0	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	DOWNS, VILLAGE OF	17113C0520D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	DOWNS, VILLAGE OF	17113C0550D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	DOWNS, VILLAGE OF	17113CIND0	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	ELLSWORTH, VILLAGE OF	17113C0575D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	ELLSWORTH, VILLAGE OF	17113CIND0	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	GRIDLEY, VILLAGE OF	17113C0150D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	GRIDLEY, VILLAGE OF	17113C0175D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	GRIDLEY, VILLAGE OF	17113CIND0	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	HEYWORTH, VILLAGE OF	17113C0705D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	HEYWORTH, VILLAGE OF	17113C0715D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	HEYWORTH, VILLAGE OF	17113CIND0	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	HUDSON, VILLAGE OF	171130305D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	HUDSON, VILLAGE OF	17113CIND0	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	LEROY, CITY OF	17113C0750D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	LEROY, CITY OF	17113C0775D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	LEROY, CITY OF	17113CIND0	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	LEXINGTON, CITY OF	17113C0175D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	LEXINGTON, CITY OF	17113CIND0	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0390D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0400D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0425D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0450D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0475D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0481D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0482D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0483D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0484D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0500D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0501D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0502D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0503D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0504D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0510D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0515D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0520D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0550D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0575D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0600D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0625D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0650D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0675D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0700D	09-FEB-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0705D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0715D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0725D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0750D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0775D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0800D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0825D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113CIND0	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0075D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0125D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0150D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0175D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0200D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0225D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0250D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0260D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0270D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0275D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0292D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0293D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0294D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0300D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0305D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0310D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0311D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0312D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0313D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0314D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0318D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0320D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0350D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN COUNTY *	17113C0375D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN, VILLAGE OF	17311C0675D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	MCLEAN, VILLAGE OF	17113CIND0	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	NORMAL, TOWN OF	17113C0292D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	NORMAL, TOWN OF	17113C0294D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	NORMAL, TOWN OF	17113C0311D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	NORMAL, TOWN OF	17113C0313D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	NORMAL, TOWN OF	17113C0314D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	NORMAL, TOWN OF	17113C0482D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	NORMAL, TOWN OF	17113C0501D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	NORMAL, TOWN OF	17113C0502D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	NORMAL, TOWN OF	17113CIND0	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	SAYBROOK, VILLAGE OF	17113C0600D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	SAYBROOK, VILLAGE OF	17113CIND0	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	STANFORD, VILLAGE OF	17113C0475D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	STANFORD, VILLAGE OF	17113CIND0	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	TOWANDA, VILLAGE OF	17113CIND0	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	TOWANDA, VILLAGE OF	17113C0310D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	TOWANDA, VILLAGE OF	17113C0320D	09-FEB-2001
05	ILLINOIS	WINNEBAGO COUNTY *	1707200020C	21-MAY-2001
05	ILLINOIS	WINNEBAGO COUNTY *	1707200065C	21-MAY-2001
05	ILLINOIS	WINNEBAGO COUNTY *	1707200070C	21-MAY-2001
05	ILLINOIS	WINNEBAGO COUNTY *	170720IND0	21-MAY-2001
05	INDIANA	BEECH GROVE, CITY OF	18097C0251E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	BEECH GROVE, CITY OF	18097C0252E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	BEECH GROVE, CITY OF	18097C0253E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	BEECH GROVE, CITY OF	18097C0254E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	BEECH GROVE, CITY OF	18097C0258E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	BEECH GROVE, CITY OF	18097CIND0	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0234E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0240E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0241E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0242E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0243E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0244E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0251E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0252E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0253E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0254E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0256E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0258E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0260E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0261E	05-JAN-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0262E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0263E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0264E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0270E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0280E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0290E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097CIND0	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0138E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0139E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0141E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0142E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0143E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0144E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0153E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0154E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0155E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0159E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0160E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0161E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0162E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0163E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0164E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0166E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0167E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0168E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0169E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0180E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0186E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0188E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0190E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0205E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0207E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0209E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0210E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0215E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0220E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0226E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0227E	05-JAN-2001
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05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0231E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0232E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0233E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0117E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0118E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0119E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0126E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0127E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0128E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0129E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0134E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0135E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0136E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0137E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0067E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0068E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0069E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0086E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0087E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0088E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0089E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0105E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0107E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0109E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0110E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0112E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0114E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0116E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0015E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0020E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0036E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0037E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0038E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0039E	05-JAN-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0041E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0042E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0043E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0044E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0061E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0062E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0063E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0064E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	INDIANAPOLIS, CITY OF	18097C0066E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	LAWRENCE, CITY OF	18097C0068E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	LAWRENCE, CITY OF	18097C0069E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	LAWRENCE, CITY OF	18097C0087E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	LAWRENCE, CITY OF	18097C0088E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	LAWRENCE, CITY OF	18097C0089E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	LAWRENCE, CITY OF	18097C0159E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	LAWRENCE, CITY OF	18097C0160E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	LAWRENCE, CITY OF	18097C0180E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	LAWRENCE, CITY OF	18097CIND0	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	SOUTHPORT, CITY OF	18097C0242E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	SOUTHPORT, CITY OF	18097C0261E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	SOUTHPORT, CITY OF	18097C0263E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	SOUTHPORT, CITY OF	18097CIND0	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	SPEEDWAY, TOWN OF	18097C0136E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	SPEEDWAY, TOWN OF	18097C0138E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	SPEEDWAY, TOWN OF	18097CIND0	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	SPEEDWAY, TOWN OF	18097C0117E	05-JAN-2001
05	INDIANA	SPEEDWAY, TOWN OF	18097C0119E	05-JAN-2001
05	MINNESOTA	HOUSTON COUNTY *	2701900065C	06-JUN-2001
05	MINNESOTA	HOUSTON COUNTY *	2701900070C	06-JUN-2001
05	MINNESOTA	HOUSTON COUNTY *	2701900105C	06-JUN-2001
05	MINNESOTA	HOUSTON COUNTY *	2701900110C	06-JUN-2001
05	MINNESOTA	HOUSTON COUNTY *	270190IND0	06-JUN-2001
05	OHIO	FORT RECOVERY, VILLAGE OF	3903950001C	06-JUN-2001
05	OHIO	MERCER COUNTY *	3903920125C	06-JUN-2001
05	OHIO	MERCER COUNTY *	3903920103C	06-JUN-2001
05	OHIO	MERCER COUNTY *	390392IND0	06-JUN-2001
05	WISCONSIN	BARABOO, CITY OF	55111C0385D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	BARABOO, CITY OF	55111C0405D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	BARABOO, CITY OF	55111CIND0	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	IRONTON, VILLAGE OF	55111C0175D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	IRONTON, VILLAGE OF	55111CIND0	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	LAKE DELTON, VILLAGE OF	55111C0231D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	LAKE DELTON, VILLAGE OF	55111C0250D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	LAKE DELTON, VILLAGE OF	55111C0275D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	LAKE DELTON, VILLAGE OF	55111CIND0	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	LAVALLE, VILLAGE OF	55111C0160D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	LAVALLE, VILLAGE OF	55111C0200D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	LAVALLE, VILLAGE OF	55111CIND0	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	LIME RIDGE, VILLAGE OF	55111C0325D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	LIME RIDGE, VILLAGE OF	55111CIND0	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	LOGANVILLE, VILLAGE OF	55111C0350D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	LOGANVILLE, VILLAGE OF	55111CIND0	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	MERRIMAC, VILLAGE OF	55111C0425D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	MERRIMAC, VILLAGE OF	55111C0450D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	MERRIMAC, VILLAGE OF	55111C0575D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	MERRIMAC, VILLAGE OF	55111CIND0	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	NORTH FREEDOM, VILLAGE OF	55111C0380D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	NORTH FREEDOM, VILLAGE OF	55111CIND0	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	PLAIN, VILLAGE OF	55111C0500D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	PLAIN, VILLAGE OF	55111CIND0	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	PRAIRIE DU SAC, VILLAGE OF	55111C0575D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	PRAIRIE DU SAC, VILLAGE OF	55111CIND0	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	REEDSBURG, CITY OF	55111C0195D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	REEDSBURG, CITY OF	55111C0215D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	REEDSBURG, CITY OF	55111CIND0	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	ROCK SPRINGS, VILLAGE OF	55111C0360D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	ROCK SPRINGS, VILLAGE OF	55111CIND0	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK CITY, VILLAGE OF	55111C0575D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK CITY, VILLAGE OF	55111CIND0	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0025D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0050D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0075D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0125D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0150D	07-MAR-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0160D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0175D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0195D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0200D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0215D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0225D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0231D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0250D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0275D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0300D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0325D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0350D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0360D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0375D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0380D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0385D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0400D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0405D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0425D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0450D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0475D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0500D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0525D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0550D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0575D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0600D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0625D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0650D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111C0675D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	55111CIND0	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SAUK COUNTY *	5503910040B	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SPRING GREEN, VILLAGE OF	55111C0625D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	SPRING GREEN, VILLAGE OF	55111CIND0	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	WEST BARABOO, VILLAGE OF	55111C0385D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	WEST BARABOO, VILLAGE OF	55111CIND0	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	WISCONSIN DELLS, CITY OF	55111C0125D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	WISCONSIN DELLS, CITY OF	55111C0231D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	WISCONSIN DELLS, CITY OF	55111C0250D	07-MAR-2001
05	WISCONSIN	WISCONSIN DELLS, CITY OF	55111CIND0	07-MAR-2001
06	AR	BAXTER COUNTY	05005C0050D	06-JUN-2001
06	AR	BAXTER COUNTY	05005C0055D	06-JUN-2001
06	AR	BAXTER COUNTY	05005C0070D	06-JUN-2001
06	AR	BAXTER COUNTY	05005CIND0 **	06-JUN-2001
06	AR	GASSVILLE, CITY OF	05005C0070D	06-JUN-2001
06	AR	GASSVILLE, CITY OF	05005CIND0 **	06-JUN-2001
06	AR	HUNTINGTON, CITY OF	0503340005A	07-MAY-2001
06	AR	MANSFIELD, CITY OF	0502020005C	07-MAY-2001
06	AR	MOUNTAIN HOME, CITY OF	05005C0050D	06-JUN-2001
06	AR	MOUNTAIN HOME, CITY OF	05005C0055D	06-JUN-2001
06	AR	MOUNTAIN HOME, CITY OF	05005C0070D	06-JUN-2001
06	AR	MOUNTAIN HOME, CITY OF	05005CIND0 **	06-JUN-2001
06	AR	SEBASTIAN COUNTY*	050462 D	07-MAY-2001
06	NM	PORTALES, CITY OF	3500540001D	06-JUN-2001
06	NM	PORTALES, CITY OF	3500540002D	06-JUN-2001
06	NM	PORTALES, CITY OF	350054IND0 **	06-JUN-2001
06	NM	RATON, CITY OF	3500080012C	07-MAY-2001
06	NM	RATON, CITY OF	3500080014C	07-MAY-2001
06	NM	RATON, CITY OF	3500080016C	07-MAY-2001
06	NM	RATON, CITY OF	3500080018C	07-MAY-2001
06	NM	RATON, CITY OF	350008IND0 **	07-MAY-2001
06	NM	RED RIVER, TOWN OF	3500790008C	06-JUN-2001
06	NM	RED RIVER, TOWN OF	3500790009C	06-JUN-2001
06	NM	RED RIVER, TOWN OF	350079IND0 **	06-JUN-2001
06	TX	HUNTSVILLE, CITY OF	4806390017C	07-MAY-2001
06	TX	HUNTSVILLE, CITY OF	4806390019C	07-MAY-2001
06	TX	HUNTSVILLE, CITY OF	4806390025C	07-MAY-2001
06	TX	HUNTSVILLE, CITY OF	4806390040C	07-MAY-2001
06	TX	HUNTSVILLE, CITY OF	4806390041C	07-MAY-2001
06	TX	HUNTSVILLE, CITY OF	4806390042C	07-MAY-2001
06	TX	HUNTSVILLE, CITY OF	4806390045C	07-MAY-2001
06	TX	HUNTSVILLE, CITY OF	4806390063C	07-MAY-2001
06	TX	HUNTSVILLE, CITY OF	4806390085C	07-MAY-2001
06	TX	HUNTSVILLE, CITY OF	4806390105C	07-MAY-2001
06	TX	HUNTSVILLE, CITY OF	4806390106C	07-MAY-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
06	TX	HUNTSVILLE, CITY OF	4806390107C	07-MAY-2001
06	TX	HUNTSVILLE, CITY OF	4806390108C	07-MAY-2001
06	TX	HUNTSVILLE, CITY OF	4806390109C	07-MAY-2001
06	TX	HUNTSVILLE, CITY OF	4806390115C	07-MAY-2001
06	TX	HUNTSVILLE, CITY OF	4806390120C	07-MAY-2001
06	TX	HUNTSVILLE, CITY OF	4806390130C	07-MAY-2001
06	TX	HUNTSVILLE, CITY OF	4806390140C	07-MAY-2001
06	TX	HUNTSVILLE, CITY OF	4806390200C	07-MAY-2001
06	TX	HUNTSVILLE, CITY OF	480639IND0 **	07-MAY-2001
06	TX	WALKER COUNTY*	4810420006C	07-MAY-2001
06	TX	WALKER COUNTY*	4810420007C	07-MAY-2001
06	TX	WALKER COUNTY*	4810420009C	07-MAY-2001
06	TX	WALKER COUNTY*	4810420010C	07-MAY-2001
06	TX	WALKER COUNTY*	481042IND0 **	07-MAY-2001
07	IA	AKRON, CITY OF	1902230001D	06-JUN-2001
07	IA	BEACON, CITY OF	190452 A***	01-MAR-2001
07	IA	BEACON, CITY OF	1904529999A***	01-MAR-2001
07	IA	GRAY, CITY OF	190318 B	02-APR-2001
07	IA	GRAY, CITY OF	1903189999B	02-APR-2001
07	IA	JEWELL, CITY OF	190600 A***	01-MAR-2001
07	IA	JEWELL, CITY OF	1906009999A***	01-MAR-2001
07	IA	PLYMOUTH COUNTY*	1908990025C	06-JUN-2001
07	IA	PLYMOUTH COUNTY*	1908990125C	06-JUN-2001
07	IA	PLYMOUTH COUNTY*	1908990225C	06-JUN-2001
07	IA	PLYMOUTH COUNTY*	190899IND0 **	06-JUN-2001
07	IA	SIOUX CITY, CITY OF	1902980018C	06-JUN-2001
07	IA	SIOUX CITY, CITY OF	1902980019C	06-JUN-2001
07	IA	SIOUX CITY, CITY OF	190298IND0 **	06-JUN-2001
07	IA	WESTFIELD, CITY OF	1904820001B	06-JUN-2001
07	KS	AUGUSTA, CITY OF	2000380001D	21-MAY-2001
07	KS	AUGUSTA, CITY OF	2000380002D	21-MAY-2001
07	KS	AUGUSTA, CITY OF	200038IND0 **	21-MAY-2001
07	KS	BUTLER COUNTY *	2000370115D	20-JUN-2001
07	KS	BUTLER COUNTY *	2000370160C	20-JUN-2001
07	KS	BUTLER COUNTY *	2000370165C	20-JUN-2001
07	KS	BUTLER COUNTY *	2000370170C	20-JUN-2001
07	KS	BUTLER COUNTY *	2000370180D	20-JUN-2001
07	KS	BUTLER COUNTY *	2000370230C	20-JUN-2001
07	KS	BUTLER COUNTY *	2000370240C	20-JUN-2001
07	KS	BUTLER COUNTY *	200037IND0 **	20-JUN-2001
07	KS	EL DORADO, CITY OF	2000390001D	20-JUN-2001
07	KS	EL DORADO, CITY OF	2000390003D	20-JUN-2001
07	KS	EL DORADO, CITY OF	200039IND0 **	20-JUN-2001
07	KS	HOXIE, CITY OF	200508 A***	01-MAR-2001
07	KS	HOXIE, CITY OF	2005089999A***	01-MAR-2001
07	MO	BATES COUNTY *	2907860001B***	01-MAR-2001
07	MO	BATES COUNTY *	2907860002B***	01-MAR-2001
07	MO	BATES COUNTY *	2907860003B***	01-MAR-2001
07	MO	BATES COUNTY *	2907860004B***	01-MAR-2001
07	MO	BATES COUNTY *	2907860005B***	01-MAR-2001
07	MO	BATES COUNTY *	2907860006B***	01-MAR-2001
07	MO	BATES COUNTY *	2907860007B***	01-MAR-2001
07	MO	BATES COUNTY *	2907860008B***	01-MAR-2001
07	MO	BATES COUNTY *	2907860009B***	01-MAR-2001
07	MO	BATES COUNTY *	2907860010B***	01-MAR-2001
07	MO	BATES COUNTY *	2907860011B***	01-MAR-2001
07	MO	BATES COUNTY *	2907860012B***	01-MAR-2001
07	MO	BATES COUNTY *	2907869999B***	01-MAR-2001
07	MO	BATES COUNTY *	290786IND0 ***	01-MAR-2001
07	MO	HOLDEN, CITY OF	290714 A***	01-MAR-2001
07	MO	HOLDEN, CITY OF	2907149999A***	01-MAR-2001
07	MO	IRONDALE, TOWN OF	290446 B	02-APR-2001
07	MO	IRONDALE, TOWN OF	2904469999B	02-APR-2001
07	NE	BURWELL, CITY OF	310354 A	02-APR-2001
07	NE	BURWELL, CITY OF	3103549999A	02-APR-2001
07	NE	BUSHNELL, VILLAGE OF	310255 A	02-APR-2001
07	NE	BUSHNELL, VILLAGE OF	3102559999A	02-APR-2001
07	NE	CAMPBELL, VILLAGE OF	310256 A***	01-MAR-2001
07	NE	CAMPBELL, VILLAGE OF	3102569999A***	01-MAR-2001
07	NE	GREELEY, VILLAGE OF	310373 A	02-APR-2001
07	NE	GREELEY, VILLAGE OF	3103739999A	02-APR-2001
07	NE	GUIDE ROCK, VILLAGE OF	310234 A***	01-MAR-2001
07	NE	GUIDE ROCK, VILLAGE OF	3102349999A***	01-MAR-2001
07	NE	RIVERTON, VILLAGE OF	310084 A***	01-MAR-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
07	NE	RIVERTON, VILLAGE OF	3100849999A***	01-MAR-2001
07	NE	TABLE ROCK, VILLAGE OF	310172 B	02-APR-2001
07	NE	TABLE ROCK, VILLAGE OF	3101729999B	02-APR-2001
08	CO	BRECKENRIDGE, TOWN OF	0801720001C	20-JUN-2001
08	CO	BRECKENRIDGE, TOWN OF	0801720002C	20-JUN-2001
08	CO	BRECKENRIDGE, TOWN OF	0801720003C	20-JUN-2001
08	CO	BRECKENRIDGE, TOWN OF	080172IND0 **	20-JUN-2001
08	CO	DURANGO, CITY OF	0800990005E	21-MAY-2001
08	CO	LA PLATA COUNTY *	0800970383C	21-MAY-2001
08	CO	LA PLATA COUNTY *	0800970384C	21-MAY-2001
08	CO	LA PLATA COUNTY *	0800970389D	21-MAY-2001
08	CO	LA PLATA COUNTY *	0800970391C	21-MAY-2001
08	CO	LA PLATA COUNTY *	0800970393C	21-MAY-2001
08	CO	LA PLATA COUNTY *	0800970506C	21-MAY-2001
08	CO	LA PLATA COUNTY *	0800970508C	21-MAY-2001
08	CO	LA PLATA COUNTY *	080097IND0 **	21-MAY-2001
08	CO	SILVER PLUME, TOWN OF	0802000001B	06-JUN-2001
08	MT	MUSSELLSHELL COUNTY *	3001740011B***	01-MAR-2001
08	MT	MUSSELLSHELL COUNTY *	3001740012B***	01-MAR-2001
08	MT	MUSSELLSHELL COUNTY *	3001740014B***	01-MAR-2001
08	MT	MUSSELLSHELL COUNTY *	3001749999B***	01-MAR-2001
08	MT	MUSSELLSHELL COUNTY *	300174IND0 ***	01-MAR-2001
08	MT	SUPERIOR, TOWN OF	3001280005A	05-JAN-2001
08	ND	BENSON COUNTY*	38005C0075C	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	BENSON COUNTY*	38005C0150C**	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	BENSON COUNTY*	38005C0150C	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	BENSON COUNTY*	38005C0225C**	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	BENSON COUNTY*	38005C0225C	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	BENSON COUNTY*	38005C0250C	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	BENSON COUNTY*	38005C0275C	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	BENSON COUNTY*	38005C0375C	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	BENSON COUNTY*	38005C0400C**	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	BENSON COUNTY*	38005C0400C	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	BENSON COUNTY*	38005CIND0 **	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	BRINSMADE, CITY OF	38005C0150C**	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	BRINSMADE, CITY OF	38005C0150C	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	BRINSMADE, CITY OF	38005CIND0 **	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	CHURCHS FERRY, CITY OF	38071C0125D**	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	CHURCHS FERRY, CITY OF	38071C0125D	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	CHURCHS FERRY, CITY OF	38071C0225D**	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	CHURCHS FERRY, CITY OF	38071C0225D	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	CHURCHS FERRY, CITY OF	38071CIND0 **	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	COULEE, TOWNSHIP OF	38071C0125D**	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	COULEE, TOWNSHIP OF	38071C0125D	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	COULEE, TOWNSHIP OF	38071C0225D**	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	COULEE, TOWNSHIP OF	38071C0225D	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	COULEE, TOWNSHIP OF	38071CIND0 **	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	CREEL, TOWNSHIP OF	38071C0250D**	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	CREEL, TOWNSHIP OF	38071C0250D	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	CREEL, TOWNSHIP OF	38071C0330D**	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	CREEL, TOWNSHIP OF	38071C0330D	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	CREEL, TOWNSHIP OF	38071C0350D**	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	CREEL, TOWNSHIP OF	38071C0350D	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	CREEL, TOWNSHIP OF	38071CIND0 **	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	DEVILS LAKE, CITY OF	38071C0330D**	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	DEVILS LAKE, CITY OF	38071C0330D	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	DEVILS LAKE, CITY OF	38071CIND0 **	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	MADDOCK, CITY OF	38005CIND0 **	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	MAZA, CITY OF	38095C0650A	19-JAN-2001
08	ND	MAZA, CITY OF	38095C0775A	19-JAN-2001
08	ND	MAZA, CITY OF	38095CIND0 **	19-JAN-2001
08	ND	MINNEWAUKAN, CITY OF	38005C0225C**	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	MINNEWAUKAN, CITY OF	38005C0225C	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	MINNEWAUKAN, CITY OF	38005CIND0 **	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	NELSON COUNTY*	3806830175B	19-JAN-2001
08	ND	NELSON COUNTY*	3806830300B	19-JAN-2001
08	ND	NELSON COUNTY*	3806830325B	19-JAN-2001
08	ND	NELSON COUNTY*	3806830350B	19-JAN-2001
08	ND	NELSON COUNTY*	3806830475B	19-JAN-2001
08	ND	NELSON COUNTY*	3806830500B	19-JAN-2001
08	ND	NELSON COUNTY*	380683IND0 **	19-JAN-2001
08	ND	RAMSEY COUNTY*	38071C0125D**	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	RAMSEY COUNTY*	38071C0125D	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	RAMSEY COUNTY*	38071C0150D	20-JUN-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
08	ND	RAMSEY COUNTY*	38071C0225D**	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	RAMSEY COUNTY*	38071C0225D	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	RAMSEY COUNTY*	38071C0250D**	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	RAMSEY COUNTY*	38071C0250D	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	RAMSEY COUNTY*	38071C0325D	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	RAMSEY COUNTY*	38071C0330D**	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	RAMSEY COUNTY*	38071C0330D	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	RAMSEY COUNTY*	38071C0350D**	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	RAMSEY COUNTY*	38071C0350D	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	RAMSEY COUNTY*	38071C0375D**	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	RAMSEY COUNTY*	38071C0375D	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	RAMSEY COUNTY*	38071C0450D	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	RAMSEY COUNTY*	38071CIND0 **	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	SPIRIT LAKE TRIBE	38005C0075C	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	SPIRIT LAKE TRIBE	38005C0225C**	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	SPIRIT LAKE TRIBE	38005C0225C	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	SPIRIT LAKE TRIBE	38005C0250C	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	SPIRIT LAKE TRIBE	38005C0275C	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	SPIRIT LAKE TRIBE	38005C0375C	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	SPIRIT LAKE TRIBE	38005C0400C**	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	SPIRIT LAKE TRIBE	38005C0400C	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	SPIRIT LAKE TRIBE	38005CIND0 **	20-JUN-2001
08	ND	TOWNER COUNTY*	38095C0650A	19-JAN-2001
08	ND	TOWNER COUNTY*	38095C0675A	19-JAN-2001
08	ND	TOWNER COUNTY*	38095C0700A	19-JAN-2001
08	ND	TOWNER COUNTY*	38095C0775A	19-JAN-2001
08	ND	TOWNER COUNTY*	38095C0800A	19-JAN-2001
08	ND	TOWNER COUNTY*	38095CIND0 **	19-JAN-2001
08	SD	DEADWOOD, CITY OF	4600450001C	07-MAY-2001
08	SD	DEADWOOD, CITY OF	4600450002C	07-MAY-2001
08	SD	DEADWOOD, CITY OF	460045IND0 **	07-MAY-2001
08	SD	NORTH SIOUX CITY, CITY OF	4600870005D	23-FEB-2001
08	SD	UNION COUNTY*	460242 D	23-FEB-2001
08	WY	SHERIDAN, CITY OF	5600440005D	19-JAN-2001
09	AZ	CAMP VERDE, TOWN OF	04025C1815F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	CAMP VERDE, TOWN OF	04025C1820F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	CAMP VERDE, TOWN OF	04025C1840F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	CAMP VERDE, TOWN OF	04025C2185F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	CAMP VERDE, TOWN OF	04025C2195F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	CAMP VERDE, TOWN OF	04025C2200F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	CAMP VERDE, TOWN OF	04025C2205F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	CAMP VERDE, TOWN OF	04025C2215F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	CAMP VERDE, TOWN OF	04025C2220F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	CAMP VERDE, TOWN OF	04025C2600F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	CAMP VERDE, TOWN OF	04025CIND0 **	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	CHINO VALLEY, TOWN OF	04025C1340F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	CHINO VALLEY, TOWN OF	04025C1345F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	CHINO VALLEY, TOWN OF	04025C1705F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	CHINO VALLEY, TOWN OF	04025C1710F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	CHINO VALLEY, TOWN OF	04025CIND0 **	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	CLARKDALE, TOWN OF	04025C1414F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	CLARKDALE, TOWN OF	04025C1415F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	CLARKDALE, TOWN OF	04025C1416F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	CLARKDALE, TOWN OF	04025C1418F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	CLARKDALE, TOWN OF	04025C1419F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	CLARKDALE, TOWN OF	04025C1781F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	CLARKDALE, TOWN OF	04025C1800F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	CLARKDALE, TOWN OF	04025CIND0 **	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	COTTONWOOD, TOWN OF	04025C1418F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	COTTONWOOD, TOWN OF	04025C1419F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	COTTONWOOD, TOWN OF	04025C1781F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	COTTONWOOD, TOWN OF	04025C1782F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	COTTONWOOD, TOWN OF	04025C1784F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	COTTONWOOD, TOWN OF	04025C1800F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	COTTONWOOD, TOWN OF	04025C1805F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	COTTONWOOD, TOWN OF	04025CIND0 **	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	PRESCOTT VALLEY, TOWN OF	04025C1720F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	PRESCOTT VALLEY, TOWN OF	04025C1738F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	PRESCOTT VALLEY, TOWN OF	04025C1739F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	PRESCOTT VALLEY, TOWN OF	04025C1743F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	PRESCOTT VALLEY, TOWN OF	04025C1750F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	PRESCOTT VALLEY, TOWN OF	04025C2085F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	PRESCOTT VALLEY, TOWN OF	04025C2101F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	PRESCOTT VALLEY, TOWN OF	04025C2102F	06-JUN-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
09	AZ	PRESCOTT VALLEY, TOWN OF	04025C2103F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	PRESCOTT VALLEY, TOWN OF	04025C2104F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	PRESCOTT VALLEY, TOWN OF	04025C2106F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	PRESCOTT VALLEY, TOWN OF	04025C2110F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	PRESCOTT VALLEY, TOWN OF	04025C2115F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	PRESCOTT VALLEY, TOWN OF	04025C2120F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	PRESCOTT VALLEY, TOWN OF	04025CIND0 **	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	PRESCOTT, CITY OF	04025C1720F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	PRESCOTT, CITY OF	04025C2060F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	PRESCOTT, CITY OF	04025C2070F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	PRESCOTT, CITY OF	04025C2080F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	PRESCOTT, CITY OF	04025C2085F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	PRESCOTT, CITY OF	04025C2090F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	PRESCOTT, CITY OF	04025C2095F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	PRESCOTT, CITY OF	04025CIND0 **	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	SEDONA, CITY OF	04025C1115F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	SEDONA, CITY OF	04025C1120F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	SEDONA, CITY OF	04025C1140F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	SEDONA, CITY OF	04025C1455F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	SEDONA, CITY OF	04025C1460F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	SEDONA, CITY OF	04025CIND0 **	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C0300F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C0325F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C0450F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C0475F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C0500F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C0510F	06-JUN-2001
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09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C0530F	06-JUN-2001
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09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C0965F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C0970F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C0980F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C0990F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1000F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1025F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1100F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1115F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1120F	06-JUN-2001
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09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1140F	06-JUN-2001
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09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1414F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1415F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1416F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1417F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1418F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1419F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1438F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1445F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1450F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1455F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1460F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1465F	06-JUN-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1470F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1490F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1675F	06-JUN-2001
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09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1695F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1700F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1705F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1710F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1715F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1720F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1738F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1739F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1743F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1750F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1775F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1781F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1782F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1784F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1800F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1805F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1810F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1815F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1820F	06-JUN-2001
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09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1845F	06-JUN-2001
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09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C1975F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C2000F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C2040F	06-JUN-2001
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09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C2070F	06-JUN-2001
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09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C2090F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C2095F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C2101F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C2102F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C2103F	06-JUN-2001
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09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C2185F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C2195F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C2200F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C2205F	06-JUN-2001
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09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C2650F	06-JUN-2001
09	AZ	YAVAPAI COUNTY *	04025C2675F	06-JUN-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
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09	CA	CORCORAN, CITY OF	060384IND0 **	07-MAY-2001
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09	CA	LEMON GROVE, CITY OF	06073CIND0 **	19-JAN-2001
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09	CA	MADERA COUNTY*	060170IND0 **	06-JUN-2001
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Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
09	CA	MODESTO, CITY OF	0603870015D	07-MAY-2001
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09	CA	OCEANSIDE, CITY OF	06073C0752G	19-JAN-2001
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09	CA	SOLANA BEACH,CITY OF	06073CIND0 **	19-JAN-2001
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09	CA	SOLANO COUNTY *	060631IND0 **	07-MAY-2001
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09	NV	SPARKS, CITY OF	32031C2984F	19-JAN-2001
09	NV	SPARKS, CITY OF	32031CIND0 **	19-JAN-2001

Region	State	Community	Panel	Panel date
09	NV	WASHOE COUNTY*	32031C2813F	19-JAN-2001
09	NV	WASHOE COUNTY*	32031C2976F	19-JAN-2001
09	NV	WASHOE COUNTY*	32031C2977F	19-JAN-2001
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09	NV	WASHOE COUNTY*	32031C2984F	19-JAN-2001
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09	NV	WASHOE COUNTY*	32031C3177F	19-JAN-2001
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09	NV	WASHOE COUNTY*	32031C3227F	06-JUN-2001
09	NV	WASHOE COUNTY*	32031C3231F	06-JUN-2001
09	NV	WASHOE COUNTY*	32031C3250F**	06-JUN-2001
09	NV	WASHOE COUNTY*	32031CIND0 **	06-JUN-2001
10	WA	CLALLAM COUNTY *	5300210315E	23-FEB-2001
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10	WA	CLALLAM COUNTY *	5300210485E	23-FEB-2001
10	WA	CLALLAM COUNTY *	530021IND0 **	23-FEB-2001
10	WA	LOWER ELWHA KLALLAM TRIBE	5303160001D	23-FEB-2001

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Federal Register

Tuesday,
August 28, 2001

Part IV

Department of the Interior

Fish and Wildlife Service

50 CFR Part 20

Migratory Bird Hunting; Proposed Frameworks for Late-Season Migratory Bird Hunting Regulations; Proposed Rule

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

50 CFR Part 20

RIN 1018–AH79

Migratory Bird Hunting; Proposed Frameworks for Late-Season Migratory Bird Hunting Regulations

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Proposed rule; supplemental.

SUMMARY: The Fish and Wildlife Service (hereinafter Service or we) is proposing to establish the 2001–02 late-season hunting regulations for certain migratory game birds. We annually prescribe frameworks, or outer limits, for dates and times when hunting may occur and the number of birds that may be taken and possessed in late seasons. These frameworks are necessary to allow State selections of seasons and limits and to allow recreational harvest at levels compatible with population and habitat conditions.

DATES: You must submit comments on the proposed migratory bird hunting late-season frameworks by September 7, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Send your comments on these proposals to the Chief, Division of Migratory Bird Management, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior, room 634-Arlington Square, 1849 C Street, NW, Washington, DC 20240. All comments received, including names and addresses, will become part of the public record. You may inspect comments during normal business hours in room 634, Arlington Square Building, 4401 N. Fairfax Drive, Arlington, Virginia.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jonathan Andrew, Chief, or Ron W. Kokel, Division of Migratory Bird Management, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, (703) 358–1714.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Regulations Schedule for 2001

On April 30, 2001, we published in the **Federal Register** (66 FR 21298) a proposal to amend 50 CFR part 20. The proposal provided a background and overview of the migratory bird hunting regulations process, and dealt with the establishment of seasons, limits, and other regulations for migratory game birds under §§ 20.101 through 20.107, 20.109, and 20.110 of subpart K. On June 14, 2001, we published in the **Federal Register** (66 FR 32297) a second document providing supplemental proposals for early- and late-season migratory bird hunting regulations frameworks and the proposed regulatory alternatives for the 2001–02 duck hunting season. The June 14 supplement also provided detailed information on the 2001–02 regulatory schedule and announced the Service Migratory Bird Regulations Committee (SRC) and Flyway Council meetings.

On June 20–21, we held open meetings with the Flyway Council Consultants at which the participants reviewed information on the current status of migratory shore and upland game birds and developed recommendations for the 2001–02 regulations for these species plus regulations for migratory game birds in Alaska, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, special September waterfowl seasons in designated States, special sea duck seasons in the Atlantic Flyway, and extended falconry seasons. In addition, we reviewed and discussed preliminary information on the status of waterfowl as it relates to the development and selection of the regulatory packages for the 2001–02 regular waterfowl seasons. On July 24, we published in the **Federal Register** (66 FR 38494) a third document specifically dealing with the proposed frameworks for early-season regulations and the final regulatory alternatives for the 2001–02 duck hunting season. We will publish a rulemaking establishing final frameworks for early-season migratory bird hunting regulations for the 2001–02 season in late August.

On August 1–2, 2001, we held open meetings with the Flyway Council Consultants at which the participants reviewed the status of waterfowl and developed recommendations for the 2001–02 regulations for these species. This document deals specifically with proposed frameworks for the late-season migratory bird hunting regulations. It will lead to final frameworks from which States may select season dates, shooting hours, areas, and limits.

We have considered all pertinent comments received through August 3, 2001, in developing this document. In addition, new proposals for certain late-season regulations are provided for public comment. Comment periods are specified above under **DATES**. We will publish final regulatory frameworks for late-season migratory game bird hunting in the **Federal Register** on or about September 25, 2001.

Population Status and Harvest

The following paragraphs provide a brief summary of information on the status and harvest of waterfowl excerpted from various reports. For more detailed information on methodologies and results, complete copies of the various reports are available at the address indicated under the caption **ADDRESSES** or from our website at http://migratorybirds.fws.gov.

Status of Ducks

Federal, provincial, and State agencies conduct surveys each spring to estimate the size of breeding populations and to evaluate the conditions of the habitats. These surveys are conducted using fixed-wing aircraft and encompass principal breeding areas of North America, and cover over 2.0 million square miles. The Traditional survey area is comprised of Alaska, Canada, and the northcentral U.S., and includes approximately 1.3 million square miles. The Eastern survey area includes parts of Ontario, Quebec, Labrador, Newfoundland, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick, New York, and Maine, an area of approximately 0.7 million square miles.

Habitat conditions in the traditional survey area were variable, and the estimate of May ponds (U.S. and Prairie Canada combined) is up (4.6 million ± 0.1 million, +18 percent) compared to 2000, and slightly below (−6 percent), but not statistically different from the long-term average. Continued drought produced fair to poor conditions in most of Alberta, central and southern Saskatchewan, and eastern Montana. By contrast, North and South Dakota generally had good to excellent water conditions, with the best conditions in the eastern portions of these States, and drier conditions to the north and west. Nesting cover in the Dakotas was in above-average condition. Southern Manitoba and extreme southeastern Saskatchewan have had higher than normal water conditions for the past 2 years, and this water, along with above-normal precipitation due to an early, snowy winter, produced excellent habitat for breeding ducks. Average to above-average precipitation also made for excellent wetland conditions across northern Manitoba and Saskatchewan. The northernmost portion of Alberta was the exception to the record drought and poor wetland conditions in the rest of the province, as above-average winter and spring precipitation filled nearly all available wetland basins. Good conditions for breeding ducks prevailed in the Northwest Territories, except for a small northern area that was rated only fair due to late spring ice conditions that reduced available breeding habitat for early-nesting species. Overall, conditions were good in the traditional survey area, and

average to above-average waterfowl production is expected.

In Alaska, breeding conditions depend largely on the timing of spring, as wetland conditions are less variable than on the prairies. Although winter temperatures were mild, spring was late, and waterfowl production will likely be below average to the north and west, and average to the south and east.

In the eastern survey area, conditions were variable but generally good. Southern Ontario and Northern New York had an early spring, and with wetland basins nearly full, the outlook for breeding ducks is good. Spring was also early in Quebec, with good to excellent habitat in the central and northern portions. However, southern Quebec was drier with conditions ranging from fair to poor. In Maine and the Maritime provinces, spring was late, with lower than normal temperatures, but above-average precipitation, and habitat conditions were good. Overall, eastern habitats were in good condition, with average to above-average production expected.

The 2001 total duck population estimate for the traditional survey area was 36.1 ± 0.6 million birds, 14 percent below last year's near-record estimate of 41.8 ± 0.7 million birds, but still 9 percent above the 1955–2000 average. Mallard abundance was 7.9 ± 0.2 million, which is 17 percent below last year's estimate but still 5 percent above the 1955–2000 average. Blue-winged teal abundance was estimated at 5.8 ± 0.3 million. This is 23 percent below last year's record estimate of 7.4 million, but 29 percent above the 1955–2000 average. Gadwall (2.7 ± 0.1 million, +66 percent), green-winged teal (2.5 ± 0.2 million, + 39 percent), and northern shovelers (3.3 ± 0.2 million, +60 percent) all remained above their long-term averages, while American wigeon (2.5 ± 0.1 million), redheads (0.7 ± 0.07 million), and canvasbacks (0.6 ± 0.05 million) did not differ from their long-term averages. Scaup (3.7 ± 0.2 million, −31 percent) and northern pintail (3.3 ± 0.3 million, −23 percent), were again below their long-term average.

The 2001 total duck population estimate for the eastern survey area was 3.3 ± 0.2 million birds, similar to last year's estimate of 3.2 ± 0.3 million birds. Abundances of individual species were similar to those of last year, with the exception of ring-necked ducks (353.0 ± 32 thousand, −43 percent) and buffleheads (95.0 ± 44 thousand, + 93 percent). Buffleheads, goldeneyes and lesser scaup were above the 1996–2000 average in the east. Green-winged teal and ring-necked ducks were below the 1996–2000 average, and other species were similar to their long-term averages.

The mid-continent mallard fall flight is predicted to be 10.5 million mallards, 6 percent lower than last year (P = 0.02).

Status of Geese and Swans

We provide information on the population status and productivity of 30 populations of North American Canada geese (*Branta canadensis*), brant (*B. bernicla*), snow geese (*Chen caerulescens*), Ross's geese (*C. rossii*), emperor geese (*C. canagicus*), white-fronted geese (*Anser albifrons*) and tundra swans (*Cygnus columbianus*). Conditions for nesting geese in Arctic areas of North America ranged from poor in the west to excellent in the east. The Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta, the North Slope, the Mackenzie and Anderson River Deltas, and islands of the western Arctic all experienced delayed snowmelt which likely reduced goose and swan productivity. In the central Arctic, spring phenology was near average. In much of the eastern Arctic, the Hudson Bay Lowlands, and Ungava Peninsula, phenology appeared to be earlier than average and nesting conditions for geese and swans generally were favorable. Of the 27 populations for which current estimates were available, 6 exhibited declines of more than 10 percent from previous annual estimates. Ten populations (four resident populations of Canada geese, cackling Canada geese, Western Central Flyway light geese, greater snow geese, and both white-fronted goose populations) displayed significant positive trends, and only Short Grass Prairie Canada geese exhibited a significant negative trend over the most recent 10-year period. Forecasts for production of young in 2001 varied regionally, but generally will be reduced in the western areas and improved in the eastern portions of North America.

Waterfowl Harvest and Hunter Activity

During the 2000–01 hunting season, duck stamp sales were slightly above sales in 1999 (+1 percent), and hunter numbers remain well below the highs observed during the early 1970s. U.S. waterfowl hunters hunted about 4 percent fewer days and bagged about 4 percent fewer ducks, 2 percent fewer geese and 58 percent fewer coots than in 1999.

The number of ducks harvested during the 2000–01 hunting season was similar to the numbers that were harvested during the early 1970s. The increased harvest during the last few years is a reflection of the more liberal hunting seasons offered and the increased duck abundance resulting from the improved water availability and habitat conditions that occurred in the prairie-pothole area. Of the five species of ducks that are most important in the bag, in order of importance: the number of mallards harvested increased 3 percent; the number of green-winged teal decreased 23 percent; the number of gadwall increased 16 percent; the number of wood ducks decreased 18 percent; and the number of blue-winged teal remained the same.

The overall harvest of geese last year decreased 2 percent from that of 2000–01. In the U.S., harvest of Canada geese increased 20 percent, snow geese decreased 49 percent, blue geese decreased 35 percent, Ross' geese decreased 66 percent, white-fronted geese decreased 19 percent, and brant increased 64 percent from 1999–2000. Increases in goose harvests over the last decade largely reflect the increased numbers of resident or giant Canada geese, although increases in other populations of Canada geese and other goose species, including snow geese, have occurred.

Review of Public Comments and Flyway Council Recommendations

The preliminary proposed rulemaking, which appeared in the April 30 **Federal Register,** opened the public comment period for migratory game bird hunting regulations. The supplemental proposed rule, which appeared in the June 14 **Federal Register,** defined the public comment period for the proposed regulatory alternatives for the 2001–02 duck hunting season. The public comment period for the proposed regulatory alternatives ended July 6, 2001. Late-season comments and comments pertaining to the proposed alternatives are summarized below and numbered in the order used in the April 30 **Federal Register** document. We have included only the numbered items pertaining to late-season issues and the proposed regulatory alternatives for which we received written comments. Consequently, the issues do not follow in direct numerical or alphabetical order.

We received recommendations from all four Flyway Councils. Some recommendations supported continuation of last year's frameworks. Due to the comprehensive nature of the annual review of the frameworks performed by the Councils, support for continuation of last year's frameworks is assumed for items for which no recommendations were received. Council recommendations for changes in the frameworks are summarized below.

We seek additional information and comments on the recommendations in this supplemental proposed rule. New proposals and modifications to previously described proposals are discussed below. Wherever possible, they are discussed under headings corresponding to the numbered items in the April 30, 2001, **Federal Register** document.

1. Ducks

Categories used to discuss issues related to duck harvest management are: (A) Harvest Strategy Considerations, (B) Regulatory Alternatives, (C) Zones and Split Seasons, and (D) Special Seasons/Species Management. The categories correspond to previously published issues/discussion, and only those containing substantial recommendations are discussed below.

B. Regulatory Alternatives

Council Recommendations: The Atlantic, Mississippi, Central, and Pacific Flyway Councils recommended adoption of the ''liberal'' regulations package for duck hunting seasons in 2001–02.

Service Response: The original Adaptive Harvest Management (AHM) protocol was based solely on the dynamics of midcontinent mallards, but efforts to account for eastern and western mallard stocks are progressing. For the 2001 hunting season, we recommend the consideration of a regulatory alternative for the Atlantic Flyway that depends exclusively on the status of eastern mallards. This arrangement should remain provisional, however, until the management implications of this approach are better understood. The recommended regulatory alternative for the western three flyways should continue to depend exclusively on the status of midcontinent mallards. The set of regulatory alternatives for this year, including specification of season lengths, bag limits, and framework dates, was finalized in the July 24 **Federal Register,** with the finalization of the 2001–02 regulatory alternatives.

For the 2001–02 hunting season, we propose the ''liberal'' regulatory alternative (as described in the July 24 **Federal Register**) for all Flyways, based on 8.7 million mallards, and 2.7 million ponds in Prairie Canada, and 1.0 million eastern mallards.

D. Special Seasons/Species Management

i. Black Ducks

Council Recommendations: The Atlantic Flyway Council recommended allowing States to increase the daily bag limit on black ducks to 2 per day for 10 consecutive hunting days, provided the black duck season is closed for an equivalent number of days. During the remainder of the season, the black duck bag daily bag limit would be 1 bird per day.

Service Response: We remain concerned about the current level of black duck populations and believe the best approach is to focus on the International Harvest strategy that has not yet been completed. We encourage the Atlantic and Mississippi Flyway Councils to work cooperatively with the Service and Canada to develop and implement an international harvest strategy as soon as possible so that recommendations such as this may be evaluated in a broader context. In the absence of this strategy, significant changes in harvest regulations likely would complicate negotiations with Canada. Further, we are uncertain that the proposed changes would not increase harvest. We believe that the current level of harvest reduction on black ducks, achieved since the 1983 Environmental Assessment, must be maintained.

ii. Canvasbacks

Council Recommendations: The Atlantic Flyway Council recommended that the Canvasback Harvest Strategy be modified to allow for a limited canvasback hunting season of 20 days in the Atlantic and Mississippi Flyways, 25 days in the Central Flyway and 39 days in the Pacific Flyway during the 2001–02 season, with a daily bag limit of one bird per day. States can select these days during any time period within their regular duck season.

The Mississippi and Pacific Flyway Councils recommended an open canvasback season with a 1-bird daily bag limit for the entire duck season in all four flyways for the 2001–02 season.

The Central Flyway Council recommended modifying the current strategy and recommended two options for individual state selections. First, allow a within-season closure for canvasbacks during the regular duck hunting season. Season length (daily bag of 1, either sex) would be determined by the AHM regulatory alternative when the harvest predicted by the canvasback model is less than the allowable harvest. For the 2001–2002 duck hunting season, the season length for canvasbacks would be 39 days in the Central Flyway, 30 days in the Atlantic and Mississippi Flyways, and 60 days in the Pacific Flyway. States would be allowed to select days during any time period of the regular duck hunting season within established criteria for zones and splits. Second, offer an aggregate daily bag of 1 canvasback or 1 redhead for the entire length of the duck hunting season.

Service Response: Since 1994, the Service has followed a canvasback harvest strategy that if population status and production are sufficient to permit a harvest of one canvasback per day nationwide for the entire length of the regular duck season, while attaining a spring population objective of 500,000 birds, the season on canvasbacks should be opened. Otherwise, the season on canvasbacks should be closed nationwide. This spring, the estimate of canvasback abundance was 580,000 birds and the number of ponds in Prairie Canada in May (2.7 million) was 20% below the long-term average. The size of the spring population, together with natural mortality and below-average expected production due to the relatively dry conditions, is insufficient to offset expected mortality associated with a canvasback season lasting the entire length of the ''liberal'' regulatory alternative and still attain the population objective of 500,000 canvasbacks in the spring of 2002.

We continue to support the harvest strategy and the model adopted in 1994. However, despite reduced numbers and below-average production forecast this year, we believe there is still some opportunity to allow a limited harvest this fall without compromising the population's ability to reach 500,000 canvasbacks next spring. Thus, we propose a very restrictive, shortened season for canvasbacks for the 2001–02 season. In the Atlantic and Mississippi Flyways, the season length would be 20 days, in the Central Flyway, 25 days, and in the Pacific Flyway, 38 days. The days for this limited season must be used consecutively. Our objective in making this proposal is to provide some hunting opportunity but still assure that the spring population will remain above the 500,000 objective level.

Over the next year, we are willing to discuss the possibility of revising the strategy. Because the population model has performed relatively well to date, we believe that the most productive area for discussion involves subjective aspects of the strategy, such as the setting of population objectives. Any proposed changes should have broad-based support and reflect the interests of all stakeholders. However, we emphasize that discontent with the canvasback strategy this year is symptomatic of difficulties associated with the larger issue of multi-stock management in the existing AHM framework. For example, how should hunting seasons be designed to

accommodate species' varying abilities to support harvest, when all species are subjected to a common sport harvest? We urge the Flyway Councils to begin internal discussions toward a strategic, long-term view regarding approaches to this and other critical harvest-management issues. Such discussions, complemented by ongoing work by the AHM working group, will be useful as we begin the development of a new Environmental Impact Statement for the sport hunting of migratory birds.

Due to relative lateness of this development, the generally earlier opening of duck seasons in Alaska (September 1), and the anticipated level of harvest in Alaska, we propose to exempt Alaska from the proposed shorter season length. However, we believe that Alaska should fully engage in review of population objectives and remain a part of the overall harvest strategy for this species.

iii. Pintails

Council Recommendations: All four Flyway Councils recommended a daily bag limit of one pintail in the 2001–02 hunting season as prescribed by the Interim Pintail Harvest Strategy.

Service Response: We propose to continue use of the interim harvest strategy for a fifth year. Considering the current status of the population (3.3 million breeding birds) and the expected recruitment rate (1.01), the strategy prescribes a bag limit of 1 pintail for all Flyways under the ''liberal'' alternative.

Further, we propose that the interim strategy be revised for future years by adjusting the equations used to predict pintail harvest to more accurately reflect realized harvest based on the experience gained during the past four years. The proposed method of adjustment, as well as a brief review of the first four years of interim strategy, will be provided to the Technical Sections for their review and comment. The interim strategy would be used until the development and adoption of a direct methodology for incorporation of pintails into the formal AHM process. We believe that such an action may be possible by the 2002–03 hunting season, but several issue remain to be resolved as described in this year's AHM report. Recognizing that some of these issues may not be resolved by next year, we believe that adjustment to the existing interim strategy is a prudent step, and intend to employ the interim strategy until formal incorporation of pintail harvest into the existing AHM process is accomplished.

iv. Scaup

Council Recommendations: The Atlantic, Mississippi, and Central Flyway Councils recommended a daily bag limit of three scaup for the 2001–02 hunting season.

The Pacific Flyway Council recommended a daily bag limit of four scaup in the Pacific Flyway for the 2001–02 hunting season.

Service Response: In 1999, we restricted the bag limit of scaup to three in the Atlantic, Mississippi, and Central Flyways and four in the Pacific Flyway. It is still too early to judge the effects of the harvest restriction with only two years' data. This year, we propose that the restrictions put in place 2 years ago continue. We note that last year, the lesser scaup immature/adult ratio, a measure of annual production, was the lowest on record; we remain concerned about the status of this species and ask the Flyway Councils to direct their technical committees to continue dialog with us, building toward a strategy to guide the harvest management of this species.

4. Canada Geese

Council Recommendations: The Atlantic Flyway Council made a number of recommendations regarding Canada geese. For Atlantic Population (AP) Canada geese, the Council recommended expansion of regular seasons to move toward a 10 percent harvest rate on adult AP geese over the 2001–2002 season. This would allow for a 30-day season with a 2-bird daily bag limit in AP areas of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and New England and for 30-day seasons with a 1-bird daily limit in AP areas of Maryland, Delaware and Virginia except for Back Bay. The regular season would remain closed in Back Bay, Virginia and the Northeast Hunt Unit in North Carolina. Recommended framework dates in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and New England would be the last Saturday in October to January 20; while in Maryland, Delaware and Virginia, they would be November 15 to January 20.

In North Carolina, the Council recommended allowing modification of the boundary of the Northeast Hunt Unit, and, that North Carolina be allowed to select a 50 day season with a 2 bird daily bag limit with framework dates of October 1 to December 31 in its Southern James Bay Population (SJBP) zone.

In North Atlantic Population (NAP) hunt areas, the Council recommended a 45-day season with a 2 bird daily bag limit between October 1 and January 20.

For resident populations, the Council recommended allowing regular seasons designed to maximize harvest of Resident Population (RP) Canada geese in designated areas of the Atlantic Flyway beginning in 2001. The Council defined designated areas as accounting for no more than 10 percent of migrant geese (AP, NAP, SJBP) band recoveries during 1950–1999 in any State, and collectively accounting for less than 5 percent of all flyway recoveries of any migrant population. Regular seasons in designated RP harvest areas of Maryland, Pennsylvania, and Virginia, would be 70 days, between November 15 and February 15, with a 5-bird daily bag limit. In North Carolina, Massachusetts, and New York, the framework would be 70 days between the last Saturday in October and February 15, with a 5-bird daily bag limit. These seasons would be in lieu of any special late seasons and subject to annual evaluation of band recovery and harvest data.

The Mississippi Flyway Council recommended a number of changes in season lengths, bag limits, zones, and quotas for Canada geese. All of these changes are based on improved population status and current management plans. The Council also recommended that Mississippi Valley Population (MVP) and Southern James Bay Population (SJBP) harvest zones be established in Michigan.

Service Response: This spring, the estimated number of AP goose breeding pairs in northern Quebec increased by more than 50 percent overall from 93,200 to 147,000 pairs. In addition, production prospects this year appear to be very good and a larger fall flight is expected. In view of this strong recovery, we believe this year presents a good opportunity to increase harvest opportunity within the AP zones of the Atlantic Flyway. Thus, we concur with the Atlantic Flyway Council's recommendation and believe the this proposal continues the responsible approach the Council has taken in previous years. Given past history, we encourage the States to closely monitor the harvest of this population in the next few years.

We also support the boundary modifications and framework date changes in North Carolina and the recommendation for NAP geese.

Regarding the Atlantic Flyway Council's recommendation for resident goose areas, while we support the overall intent of this season, we have concerns about how these ''RP'' zones are delineated and would be evaluated in the future. The proposal, based on a portion (10 percent) of historic band

recoveries of migrant geese, is difficult to assess because these populations are not banded on a representative basis. Also, fall and winter distributions are subject to changes over time and often vary with habitat and environmental changes. While this proposal would appear to take a cautious approach, we are concerned that regular seasons continue to provide adequate protection for migrant geese for which they were originally designed. Also, we have concerns about how these RP zones would continue to be monitored and on what basis they would be discontinued if migrant geese are harvested above some identified level. For these reasons, we do not support this proposal.

We concur with the recommended changes in the Mississippi Flyway. Most of these changes are based on the current population status of geese and are consistent with current management plans.

C. Special Late Seasons

Council Recommendations: The Mississippi Flyway Council recommended that the experimental late season for Canada geese in the Central Michigan Goose Management Unit be made operational.

Service Response: We concur with the recommended change.

6. Brant

Council Recommendations: The Pacific Flyway Council recommended allowing Washington's brant season to be split into two segments.

Service Response: We concur with the recommended change.

8. Swans

Council Recommendations: The Pacific Flyway Council recommended swan frameworks as outlined in the Service's 2001 Environmental Assessment ''Proposals to establish operational/experimental general swan hunting seasons in the Pacific Flyway.''

Written Comments: The Trumpeter Swan Society requested reconsideration of the recent decision regarding tundra and trumpeter swan hunting seasons and to close all areas south of the Idaho-Utah State border to the take of all trumpeter swans and further to close Bear River Migratory Bird Refuge to all swan hunting.

Service Response: The Service has authorized the take of a limited number of trumpeter swans in the previously existing tundra swan seasons in the Pacific Flyway (excluding Alaska) since the 1995–96 hunting season. The regulations establishing this limited take were first based on a 1995 Environmental Assessment (EA) (Bartonek et al.1995) and Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI). Last year, we issued a supplemental EA (Trost et al. 2000) and new FONSI. The supplemental EA reviewed the first 5 years of the experimental swan season and made modifications to the existing season in an attempt to reconcile potentially conflicting management strategies for tundra and trumpeter swans in the Pacific Flyway.

During the past year since the release of the supplemental EA, actions occurred that have contributed to the Service revising and reissuing both a draft and final EA on this issue. First, the Service and cooperators (Canadian Wildlife Service, numerous States and Provinces, and private conservation groups) conducted a comprehensive survey of the number and distribution of breeding trumpeter swans throughout their known North American breeding range during the summer of 2000, providing new information on the status and population trends of trumpeter swans (Caithamer 2001). This new comprehensive survey information documents the continued increase of the three recognized Trumpeter swan populations in North America, both in numerical abundance and in geographic range since the last comprehensive survey in 1995. Second, we were challenged in a lawsuit directed at our decision last year to allow a limited take of trumpeter swans in the 2000–01 swan hunting season, and as part of settling that lawsuit, we agreed to re-initiate the NEPA process in 2001.

A swan season that also permitted the take of a limited number of trumpeter swans in the Pacific Flyway was instituted in 1995. Prior to that time, and beginning in 1962, a tundra swan only season had been in effect. During the tundra swan seasons, it was known that some number of trumpeter swans were taken by swan hunters who mistook them for tundra swans. We looked at this very small take and concluded that any impact on trumpeter swan populations would be minor. Because of that conclusion, we decided to authorize a limited take incidental to the hunting of tundra swans. This limited take was authorized in an attempt to reconcile potentially conflicting strategies for managing two swan species in the Pacific Flyway. The potentially conflicting strategies are: (1) To enhance the winter range distribution of the less abundant RMP of trumpeter swans by severely restricting or eliminating swan hunting in portions of the Pacific Flyway currently open to hunting these species, and (2) to optimize hunting of the more numerous and widely distributed Western Population (WP) of tundra swans in the Pacific Flyway.

We issued a FONSI in August of 1995 and again in July of 2000 after assessing impacts in two previous EAs on this issue. The proposed actions in these EAs represented a balance between the two competing management strategies by establishing a general swan season in portions of Montana, Utah, and Nevada that allowed the taking of any species of swan (*Cygnus* sp.) subject to the following conditions:

(1) A limited quota on the take of trumpeter swans, which, upon being reached, would trigger the cessation of all swan hunting in the designated area,

(2) Modification of the already limited take and restricted seasons on tundra swans to enhance the likelihood that trumpeter swans would be successful in expanding their winter range, and,

(3) The development and implementation of a program to monitor the effectiveness of this action.

Under the new proposed action, identified in the 2001 EA (Trost et al. 2001), we would continue to establish a hunting season for tundra swans with an authorization of a small take of trumpeter swans in designated portions of Montana, Utah and Nevada, within the Pacific Flyway. Constraints imposed upon swan hunting seasons implemented last year would be continued. Additionally, specific areas open to swan hunting in Montana, Utah and Nevada would remain as defined in the 2000–01 regulations. Further, included is a new requirement for the development of a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) between the State of Utah and the Service detailing monitoring, hunter training, and season closure procedures for the experimental swan hunt in Utah.

A notice of availability of the draft EA was published in the **Federal Register** on April 25, 2001 (66 FR 20828). In addition, the draft EA was posted on the Division of Migratory Bird Management's web page and mailed to all organizations and private individuals who requested copies. We carefully reviewed all public comments. The comments were considered in light of the analysis in the EA. The EA addressed all substantive comments received during the 30-day comment period. Copies of the EA and the Finding of No Significant Impact are available at the address indicated under the caption **ADDRESSES** or from our website at http://migratorybirds.fws.gov.

Additionally, although not directly related to the issue of hunting seasons, we have continued to provide a leadership role in attempting to enhance trumpeter swan status and breeding

distribution within the Pacific Flyway through increased efforts directed at establishment of breeding trumpeter swans in suitable habitats throughout the Pacific Flyway. We have recently provided funding for production of cygnets for later reintroduction into suitable habitat. We would also continue to support cooperative efforts to address the winter distribution issues by working with State, non-governmental organizations (NGO) and individual partners. We would support limited winter capture and translocation on a case-by-case basis when circumstances develop that warrant such activity. We do not plan to employ winter translocations as the primary method to address the winter distribution problem of RMP trumpeter swans. Rather, translocation will be employed as a method to limit risk to swans from direct over-winter mortality, on an as needed basis.

Continued progress toward development of the implementation plan (Bouffard et al. 2001) has occurred. We believe the actions outlined in the plan will help address concerns regarding the number of swans nesting in the Tristate area and help establish new winter distribution patterns. Evidence suggests current and past management activities have made progress toward improving the winter distribution situation (Bouffard 2000). We expect that further actions will continue to improve the status and distribution of RMP trumpeter swans. We will continue implementation efforts to the greatest extent possible.

We appreciate the continued support of The Trumpeter Swan Society (TSS) in the development of a more comprehensive implementation plan to achieve the goals and objectives of the 1998 Pacific Flyway Management Plan for the RMP of trumpeter swans. We remain committed to the goals and objectives of this plan and will continue to work with all partners to achieve these objectives. We have carefully considered all the input received from the TSS and other concerned agencies, organizations and individuals. In particular, we reconsidered the request to close all areas in Utah and Nevada to any legal take of Trumpeter swans and to close the Bear River Refuge in Utah to all swan hunting. After a review of the situation, the Service stands behind it's conclusions in the most recent Environmental Assessment regarding the need to implement the specific recommendations of the TSS (Trost et al. 2001: pages 31–32 and 41–45). We acknowledge a wide disparity of opinion regarding the potential impact of a limited take of trumpeter swans in Utah and Nevada on achieving the goals and objectives of the 1998 plan. Our independent assessment is that the limited take allowed in these seasons will not adversely impact management intended to achieve these objectives and we conclude that the existing seasons should be maintained as described in the Final EA on this issue.

Public Comment Invited

The Department of the Interior's policy is, whenever practicable, to afford the public an opportunity to participate in the rulemaking process. We intend that adopted final rules be as responsive as possible to all concerned interests and, therefore, seek the comments and suggestions of the public, other concerned governmental agencies, nongovernmental organizations, and other private interests on these proposals. Accordingly, we invite interested persons to submit written comments, suggestions, or recommendations regarding the proposed regulations to the address indicated under the caption **ADDRESSES.**

Special circumstances involved in the establishment of these regulations limit the amount of time that we can allow for public comment. Specifically, two considerations compress the time in which the rulemaking process must operate: (1) The need to establish final rules at a point early enough in the summer to allow affected State agencies to adjust their licensing and regulatory mechanisms; and (2) the unavailability, before mid-June, of specific, reliable data on this year's status of some waterfowl and migratory shore and upland game bird populations. Therefore, we believe that to allow comment periods past the dates specified is contrary to the public interest.

Before promulgation of final migratory game bird hunting regulations, we will take into consideration all comments received. Such comments, and any additional information received, may lead to final regulations that differ from these proposals. You may inspect comments received on the proposed annual regulations during normal business hours at the Service's office in room 634, 4401 North Fairfax Drive, Arlington, Virginia. For each series of proposed rulemakings, we will establish specific comment periods. We will consider, but possibly may not respond in detail to, each comment. However, as in the past, we will summarize all comments received during the comment period and respond to them in the final rule.

NEPA Consideration

NEPA considerations are covered by the programmatic document, ''Final Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement: Issuance of Annual Regulations Permitting the Sport Hunting of Migratory Birds (FSES 88–14),'' filed with the Environmental Protection Agency on June 9, 1988. We published a Notice of Availability in the **Federal Register** on June 16, 1988 (53 FR 22582). We published our Record of Decision on August 18, 1988 (53 FR 31341). Copies are available from the address indicated under the caption **ADDRESSES.**

Additionally, issues pertaining to swan hunting in the Pacific Flyway were covered under a separate NEPA document, ''Swan Hunting in the Pacific Flyway,'' issued June 14, 2001, with a Finding of No Significant Impact issued June 14, 2001. Copies are available from the address indicated under the caption **ADDRESSES.**

Endangered Species Act Consideration

Prior to issuance of the 2001–02 migratory game bird hunting regulations, we will consider provisions of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended, (16 U.S.C. 1531–1543; hereinafter the Act) to ensure that hunting is not likely to jeopardize the continued existence of any species designated as endangered or threatened or modify or destroy its critical habitat and that the proposed action is consistent with conservation programs for those species. Consultations under Section 7 of this Act may cause us to change proposals in this and future supplemental proposed rulemakings.

Executive Order (E.O.) 12866

While this individual supplemental rule was not reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), the migratory bird hunting regulations are economically significant and are annually reviewed by OMB under E.O. 12866. E.O. 12866 requires each agency to write regulations that are easy to understand. We invite comments on how to make this rule easier to understand, including answers to questions such as the following: (1) Are the requirements in the rule clearly stated? (2) Does the rule contain technical language or jargon that interferes with its clarity? (3) Does the format of the rule (grouping and order of sections, use of headings, paragraphing, etc.) aid or reduce its clarity? (4) Would the rule be easier to understand if it were divided into more (but shorter) sections? (5) Is the description of the rule in the

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section of the preamble helpful in understanding the rule? What else could we do to make the rule easier to understand?

Regulatory Flexibility Act

These regulations have a significant economic impact on substantial numbers of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*). We analyzed the economic impacts of the annual hunting regulations on small business entities in detail and issued a Small Entity Flexibility Analysis (Analysis) in 1998. The Analysis documented the significant beneficial economic effect on a substantial number of small entities. The primary source of information about hunter expenditures for migratory game bird hunting is the National Hunting and Fishing Survey, which is conducted at 5-year intervals. The Analysis was based on the 1996 National Hunting and Fishing Survey and the U.S. Department of Commerce's County Business Patterns, from which it was estimated that migratory bird hunters would spend between $429 million and $1.084 billion at small businesses in 1998. Copies of the Analysis are available upon request from the address indicated under the caption **ADDRESSES.**

Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act

This rule is a major rule under 5 U.S.C. 804(2), the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act. For the reasons outlined above, this rule has an annual effect on the economy of $100 million or more. However, because this rule establishes hunting seasons, we do not plan to defer the effective date under the exemption contained in 5 U.S.C. 808(1).

Paperwork Reduction Act

We examined these regulations under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The various recordkeeping and reporting requirements imposed under regulations established in 50 CFR part 20, Subpart K, are utilized in the formulation of migratory game bird hunting regulations. Specifically, OMB has approved the information collection requirements of the Migratory Bird Harvest Information Program and assigned control number 1018–0015 (expires 09/30/2001). This information is used to provide a sampling frame for voluntary national surveys to improve our harvest estimates for all migratory game birds in order to better manage these populations. A Federal agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

Unfunded Mandates Reform Act

We have determined and certify, in compliance with the requirements of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act, 2 U.S.C. 1502 *et seq.*, that this rulemaking will not ''significantly or uniquely'' affect small governments, and will not produce a Federal mandate of $100 million or more in any given year on local or State government or private entities. Therefore, this proposed rule is not a ''significant regulatory action'' under the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act.

Civil Justice Reform—E.O. 12988

The Department, in promulgating this proposed rule, has determined that this rule will not unduly burden the judicial system and meets the requirements of sections 3(a) and 3(b)(2) of E.O. 12988.

Energy Effects—E.O. 13211

On May 18, 2001, the President issued an Executive Order (E.O. 13211) on regulations that significantly affect energy supply, distribution, and use. E.O. 13211 requires agencies to prepare Statements of Energy Effects when undertaking certain actions. While this supplemental proposed rule is a significant regulatory action under E.O. 12866, it is not expected to adversely affect energy supplies, distribution, or use. Therefore, this proposed action is not a significant energy action and no Statement of Energy Effects is required.

Takings Implication Assessment

In accordance with E.O. 12630, this proposed rule does not have significant takings implications and does not affect any constitutionally protected property rights. This rule will not result in the physical occupancy of property, the physical invasion of property, or the regulatory taking of any property. In fact, this rule will allow hunters to exercise otherwise unavailable privileges, and, therefore, reduces restrictions on the use of private and public property.

Federalism Effects

Due to the migratory nature of certain species of birds, the Federal Government has been given responsibility over these species by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act. We annually prescribe frameworks from which the States make selections and employ guidelines to establish special regulations on Federal Indian reservations and ceded lands. This process preserves the ability of the States and Tribes to determine which seasons meet their individual needs. Any State or Tribe may be more restrictive than the Federal frameworks at any time. The frameworks are developed in a cooperative process with the States and the Flyway Councils. This allows States to participate in the development of frameworks from which they will make selections, thereby having an influence on their own regulations. These rules do not have a substantial direct effect on fiscal capacity, change the roles or responsibilities of Federal or State governments, or intrude on State policy or administration. Therefore, in accordance with E.O. 13132, these regulations do not have significant federalism effects and do not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

List of Subjects in 50 CFR Part 20

Exports, Hunting, Imports, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Transportation, Wildlife.

The rules that eventually will be promulgated for the 2001–02 hunting season are authorized under 16 U.S.C. 703–712 and 16 U.S.C. 742 a–j.

Dated: August 15, 2001.

Joseph E. Doddridge,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Fish and Wildlife and Parks.

Proposed Regulations Frameworks for 2001–02 Late Hunting Seasons on Certain Migratory Game Birds

Pursuant to the Migratory Bird Treaty Act and delegated authorities, the Department has approved frameworks for season lengths, shooting hours, bag and possession limits, and outside dates within which States may select seasons for hunting waterfowl and coots between the dates of September 1, 2001, and March 10, 2002.

General

Dates: All outside dates noted below are inclusive.

Shooting and Hawking (taking by falconry) Hours: Unless otherwise specified, from one-half hour before sunrise to sunset daily.

Possession Limits: Unless otherwise specified, possession limits are twice the daily bag limit.

Flyways and Management Units

Waterfowl Flyways

Atlantic Flyway—includes Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Rhode

Island, South Carolina, Vermont, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Mississippi Flyway—includes Alabama, Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Ohio, Tennessee, and Wisconsin.

Central Flyway—includes Colorado (east of the Continental Divide), Kansas, Montana (Counties of Blaine, Carbon, Fergus, Judith Basin, Stillwater, Sweetgrass, Wheatland, and all counties east thereof), Nebraska, New Mexico (east of the Continental Divide except the Jicarilla Apache Indian Reservation), North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Texas, and Wyoming (east of the Continental Divide).

Pacific Flyway—includes Alaska, Arizona, California, Idaho, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and those portions of Colorado, Montana, New Mexico, and Wyoming not included in the Central Flyway.

Management Units

High Plains Mallard Management Unit—roughly defined as that portion of the Central Flyway which lies west of the 100th meridian.

Definitions: For the purpose of hunting regulations listed below, the collective terms ''dark'' and ''light'' geese include the following species:

Dark geese—Canada geese, white-fronted geese, brant, and all other goose species except light geese.

Light geese—snow (including blue) geese and Ross' geese.

Area, Zone, and Unit Descriptions: Geographic descriptions related to late-season regulations are contained in a later portion of this document.

Area-Specific Provisions: Frameworks for open seasons, season lengths, bag and possession limits, and other special provisions are listed below by Flyway.

Compensatory Days in the Atlantic Flyway: In the Atlantic Flyway States of Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Jersey, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, and Virginia, where Sunday hunting is prohibited statewide by State law, all Sundays are closed to all take of migratory waterfowl (including mergansers and coots).

Atlantic Flyway

Ducks, Mergansers, and Coots: Outside Dates: Between October 1 and January 20.

Hunting Seasons and Duck Limits: 60 days, except canvasbacks which may not exceed 20 consecutive days, and daily bag limit of 6 ducks, including no more than 4 mallards (2 hens), 3 scaup, 1 black duck, 1 pintail, 1 mottled duck, 1 fulvous whistling duck, 2 wood ducks, 2 redheads, 1 canvasback, and 4 scoters.

Closures: The season on harlequin ducks is closed.

Sea Ducks: Within the special sea duck areas, during the regular duck season in the Atlantic Flyway, States may choose to allow the above sea duck limits in addition to the limits applying to other ducks during the regular duck season. In all other areas, sea ducks may be taken only during the regular open season for ducks and are part of the regular duck season daily bag (not to exceed 4 scoters) and possession limits.

Merganser Limits: The daily bag limit of mergansers is 5, only 1 of which may be a hooded merganser.

Coot Limits: The daily bag limit is 15 coots.

Lake Champlain Zone, New York: The waterfowl seasons, limits, and shooting hours shall be the same as those selected for the Lake Champlain Zone of Vermont.

Connecticut River Zone, Vermont: The waterfowl seasons, limits, and shooting hours shall be the same as those selected for the Inland Zone of New Hampshire.

Zoning and Split Seasons: Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, North Carolina, Rhode Island, South Carolina, and Virginia may split their seasons into three segments; Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Vermont, and West Virginia may select hunting seasons by zones and may split their seasons into two segments in each zone.

Canada Geese: Season Lengths, Outside Dates, and Limits: Specific regulations for Canada geese are shown below by State. Unless specified otherwise, seasons may be split into two segments. In areas within States where the framework closing date for Atlantic Population (AP) goose seasons overlaps with special late season frameworks for resident geese, the framework closing date for AP goose seasons is January 14.

Connecticut: North Atlantic Population (NAP) Zone: A 45-day season may be held between October 1 and January 20 with a 2-bird daily bag limit.

Atlantic Population (AP) Zone: A 30-day season may be held between last Saturday in October (October 27) and January 20 with a 2-bird daily bag limit.

South Zone: A special experimental season may be held between January 15 and February 15, with a 5-bird daily bag limit.

Delaware: A 30-day season may be held between November 15 and January 20 with a 1-bird daily bag limit.

Florida: A 70-day season may be held between November 15 and February 15, with a 5-bird daily bag limit.

Georgia: In specific areas, a 70-day season may be held between November 15 and February 15, with a 5-bird daily bag limit.

Maine: A 45-day season may be held Statewide between October 1 and January 20 with a 2-bird daily bag limit.

Maryland: Southern James Bay Population (SJBP) Zone: A 40-day season may be held between November 15 and January 14, with a 2-bird daily bag limit. The season may be split 3-ways. Additionally, an experimental season may be held from January 15 to February 15, with a 5-bird daily bag limit.

AP Zone: A 30-day season may be held between November 15 and January 20 with a 1-bird daily bag limit.

Massachusetts: NAP Zone: A 45-day season may be held between October 1 and January 20 with a 2-bird daily bag limit. Additionally, a special season may be held from January 15 to February 15, with a 5-bird daily bag limit.

AP Zone: A 30-day season may be held between last Saturday in October (October 27) and January 20 with a 2-bird daily bag limit.

New Hampshire: A 45-day season may be held statewide between October 1 and January 20 with a 2-bird daily bag limit.

New Jersey: Statewide: A 30-day season may be held between last Saturday in October (October 27) and January 20 with a 2-bird daily bag limit.

Special Late Goose Season Area: An experimental season may be held in designated areas of North and South New Jersey from January 15 to February 15, with a 5-bird daily bag limit.

New York: SJBP Zone: A 70-day season may be held between November 1 and January 30, with a 2-bird daily bag limit.

NAP Zone: A 45-day season may be held between October 1 and January 20 with a 2-bird daily bag limit.

Special Late Goose Season Area: An experimental season may be held between January 15 and February 15, with a 5-bird daily bag limit in designated areas of Chemung, Delaware, Tioga, Broome, Sullivan, Westchester, Nassau, Suffolk, Orange, Dutchess, Putnam, and Rockland Counties.

AP Zone: A 30-day season may be held between last Saturday in October (October 27) and January 20 with a 2-bird daily bag limit.

North Carolina: A 50-day season may be held between October 1 and December 31, with a 2-bird daily bag limit, except for the Northeast Hunt

Unit and Northampton County, which is closed.

Pennsylvania: SJBP Zone: A 40-day season may be held between November 15 and January 14, with a 2-bird daily bag limit.

AP Zone: A 30-day season may be held between last Saturday in October (October 27) and January 20 with a 2-bird daily bag limit.

Special Late Goose Season Area: An experimental season may be held from January 15 to February 15 with a 5-bird daily bag limit.

Pymatuning Zone: A 35-day season may be held between October 1 and January 20, with a 1-bird daily bag limit.

Rhode Island: A 45-day season may be held between October 1 and January 20 with a 2-bird daily bag limit. An experimental season may be held in designated areas from January 15 to February 15, with a 5-bird daily bag limit.

South Carolina: In designated areas, a 70-day season may be held during November 15 to February 15, with a 5-bird daily bag limit.

Vermont: A 30-day season may be held between last Saturday in October (October 27) and January 20 with a 2-bird daily bag limit.

Virginia: SJBP Zone: A 40-day season may be held between November 15 and January 14, with a 2-bird daily bag limit. Additionally, an experimental season may be held between January 15 and February 15, with a 5-bird daily bag limit.

AP Zone: A 30-day season may be held between November 15 and January 20 with a 1-bird daily bag limit.

Back Bay Area: Season is closed.

West Virginia: A 70-day season may be held between October 1 and January 31, with a 3-bird daily bag limit.

Light Geese: Season Lengths, Outside Dates, and Limits: States may select a 107-day season between October 1 and March 10, with a 15-bird daily bag limit and no possession limit. States may split their seasons into three segments, except in Delaware and Maryland, where, following the completion of their duck season, and until March 10, Delaware and Maryland may split the remaining portion of the season to hunt on Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays, and Saturdays only.

Brant: Season Lengths, Outside Dates, and Limits: States may select a 50-day season between October 1 and January 20, with a 2-bird daily bag limit. States may split their seasons into two segments.

Mississippi Flyway

Ducks, Mergansers, and Coots: Outside Dates: Between the Saturday nearest October 1 (September 29) and the Sunday nearest January 20 (January 20). Seasons in Alabama, Mississippi, and Tennessee may extend to January 31.

Hunting Seasons and Duck Limits: 60 days (51 days in Alabama, Mississippi, and Tennessee), except that the season for canvasbacks may not exceed 20 consecutive days. The daily bag limit is 6 ducks, including no more than 4 mallards (no more than 2 of which may be females), 3 mottled ducks, 3 scaup, 1 black duck, 1 pintail, 2 wood ducks, 1 canvasback, and 2 redheads.

Merganser Limits: The daily bag limit is 5, only 1 of which may be a hooded merganser. In States that include mergansers in the duck bag limit, the daily limit is the same as the duck bag limit, only one of which may be a hooded merganser.

Coot Limits: The daily bag limit is 15 coots.

Zoning and Split Seasons: Alabama, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Louisiana, Michigan, Missouri, Ohio, Tennessee, and Wisconsin may select hunting seasons by zones.

In Alabama, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Louisiana, Michigan, Ohio, Tennessee, and Wisconsin, the season may be split into two segments in each zone.

In Arkansas, Minnesota, and Mississippi, the season may be split into three segments.

Geese: Split Seasons: Seasons for geese may be split into three segments. Three-way split seasons for Canada geese require Mississippi Flyway Council and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service approval and a 3-year evaluation by each participating State.

Season Lengths, Outside Dates, and Limits: States may select seasons for light geese not to exceed 107 days with 20 geese daily between the Saturday nearest October 1 (September 29) and March 10; for white-fronted geese not to exceed 86 days with 2 geese daily or 107 days with 1 goose daily between the Saturday nearest October 1 (September 29) and the Sunday nearest February 15 (February 17); and for brant not to exceed 70 days with 2 brant daily or 107 days with 1 brant daily between the Saturday nearest October 1 (September 29) and January 31. There is no possession limit for light geese. Specific regulations for Canada geese and exceptions to the above general provisions are shown below by State. Except as noted below, the outside dates for Canada geese are the Saturday nearest October 1 (September 29) and January 31.

Alabama: In the Southern James Bay Population (SJBP) Goose Zone, the season for Canada geese may not exceed 50 days. Elsewhere, the season for Canada geese may extend for 70 days in the respective duck-hunting zones. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

Arkansas: The season for Canada geese may extend for 23 days. The season may extend to February 15. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

Illinois: The total harvest of Canada geese in the State will be limited to 54,800 birds. The possession limit is 10 Canada geese.

(a) North Zone—The season for Canada geese will close after 70 days or when 7,250 birds have been harvested in the Northern Illinois Quota Zone, whichever occurs first. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

(b) Central Zone—The season for Canada geese will close after 70 days or when 9,250 birds have been harvested in the Central Illinois Quota Zone, whichever occurs first. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

(c) South Zone—The harvest of Canada geese in the Southern Illinois and Rend Lake Quota Zones will be limited to 16,550 and 2,100 birds, respectively. The season for Canada geese in each zone will close after 70 days or when the harvest limit has been reached, whichever occurs first. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese. In the Southern Illinois Quota Zone, if any of the following conditions exist after December 20, the State, after consultation with the Service, will close the season by emergency order with 48 hours notice:

(1) Average body weights of adult female geese less than 3,200 grams as measured from a weekly sample of a minimum of 50 geese.

(2) Starvation or a major disease outbreak resulting in observed mortality exceeding 5,000 birds in 10 days, or a total mortality exceeding 10,000 birds.

In the remainder of the South Zone, the season may extend for 70 days or until both the Southern Illinois and Rend Lake Quota Zones have been closed, whichever occurs first. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

Indiana: The total harvest of Canada geese in the State will be limited to 19,200 birds. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

(a) North Zone: The season for Canada geese may extend for 50 days.

(b) SJBP Zone—The season for Canada geese may extend for 50 days.

(c) South Zone—The season for Canada geese may extend for 56 days.

(d) Ohio River Zone

(1) Posey County—The season for Canada geese will close after 56 days or when the Canada goose harvest at Hovey Lake Fish and Wildlife Area

exceeds 960 birds, whichever occurs first.

(2) Remainder of the Ohio River Zone—The season may extend for 56 days.

Iowa: The season may extend for 70 days. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

Kentucky: (a) Western Zone—The season for Canada geese may extend for 50 days (65 days in Fulton County), and the harvest will be limited to 11,520 birds. Of the 11,520-bird quota, 7,490 birds will be allocated to the Ballard Reporting Area and 2,880 birds will be allocated to the Henderson/Union Reporting Area. If the quota in either reporting area is reached prior to completion of the 50-day season, the season in that reporting area will be closed. If the quotas in both the Ballard and Henderson/Union reporting areas are reached prior to completion of the 50-day season, the season in the counties and portions of counties that comprise the Western Goose Zone (listed in State regulations) may continue for an additional 7 days, not to exceed a total of 50 days (65 days in Fulton County). The season in Fulton County may extend to February 15. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

(b) Pennyroyal/Coalfield Zone—The season may extend for 50 days. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

(c) Remainder of the State—The season may extend for 50 days. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

Louisiana: The season for Canada geese may extend for 9 days. During the season, the daily bag limit is 1 Canada goose and 2 white-fronted geese with an 86-day white-fronted goose season or 1 white-fronted goose with a 107-day season. Hunters participating in the Canada goose season must possess a special permit issued by the State.

Michigan: (a) MVP Zone—The total harvest of Canada geese will be limited to 30,950 birds. The framework opening date for all geese is September 16 and the season for Canada geese may extend for 17 days. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

(1) Allegan County GMU—The Canada goose season will close after 25 days or when 1,100 birds have been harvested, whichever occurs first. The daily bag limit is 1 Canada goose.

(2) Muskegon Wastewater GMU—The Canada goose season will close after 25 days or when 350 birds have been harvested, whichever occurs first. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

(b) SJBP Zone—The framework opening date for all geese is September 16 and the season for Canada geese may extend for 30 days. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

(1) Saginaw County GMU—The Canada goose season will close after 50 days or when 2,000 birds have been harvested, whichever occurs first. The daily bag limit is 1 Canada goose.

(2) Tuscola/Huron GMU—The Canada goose season will close after 50 days or when 750 birds have been harvested, whichever occurs first. The daily bag limit is 1 Canada goose.

(c) Southern Michigan GMU—A special Canada goose season may be held between January 5 and February 3. The daily bag limit is 5 Canada geese.

(d) Central Michigan GMU—A special Canada goose season may be held between January 5 and February 3. The daily bag limit is 5 Canada geese.

Minnesota: (a) West Zone

(1) West Central Zone—The season for Canada geese may extend for 40 days. In the Lac Qui Parle Zone, the season will close after 40 days or when 12,000 birds have been harvested, whichever occurs first. Throughout the West Central Zone, the daily bag limit is 1 Canada goose.

(2) Remainder of West Zone—The season for Canada geese may extend for 40 days. The daily bag limit is 1 Canada goose.

(b) Northwest Zone—The season for Canada geese may extend for 40 days. The daily bag limit is 1 Canada goose.

(c) Remainder of the State—The season for Canada geese may extend for 70 days. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

(d) Special Late Canada Goose Season—An experimental special Canada goose season of up to 10 days may be held in December, except in the West Central and Lac qui Parle Goose zones. During the special season, the daily bag limit is 5 Canada geese, except in the Southeast Goose Zone, where the daily bag limit is 2.

Mississippi: The season for Canada geese may extend for 70 days. The daily bag limit is 3 Canada geese.

Missouri: (a) Swan Lake Zone—The season for Canada geese may extend for 70 days, with no more than 30 days occurring after November 30. The season may be split into 3 segments. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

(b) Southeast Zone—The season for Canada geese may extend for 70 days. The season may be split into 3 segments, provided that at least 1 segment occurs prior to December 1. The daily bag limit is 3 Canada geese through October 31, and 2 Canada geese thereafter.

(c) Remainder of the State—(1) North Zone—The season for Canada geese may extend for 70 days, with no more than 30 days occurring after November 30. The season may be split into 3 segments, provided that 1 segment of at least 9 days occurs prior to October 15. The daily bag limit is 3 Canada geese through October 31, and 2 Canada geese thereafter.

(2) Middle Zone—The season for Canada geese may extend for 70 days, with no more than 30 days occurring after November 30. The season may be split into 3 segments, provided that 1 segment of at least 9 days occurs prior to October 15. The daily bag limit is 3 Canada geese through October 31, and 2 Canada geese thereafter.

(3) South Zone—The season for Canada geese may extend for 70 days. The season may be split into 3 segments, provided that at least 1 segment occurs prior to December 1. The daily bag limit is 3 Canada geese through October 31, and 2 Canada geese thereafter.

Ohio: The season for Canada geese may extend for 70 days in the respective duck-hunting zones, with a daily bag limit of 2 Canada geese, except in the Lake Erie SJBP Zone, where the season may not exceed 35 days and the daily bag limit is 1 Canada goose. A special experimental Canada goose season of up to 22 days, beginning the first Saturday after January 10, may be held in selected areas of the State. During the special season, the daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

Tennessee: (a) Northwest Zone—The season for Canada geese will close after 65 days or when 4,300 birds have been harvested, whichever occurs first. The season may extend to February 15. A 3,000-bird harvest quota will be monitored in the Reelfoot Quota Zone. The remaining 1,300 quota will be assigned to the area outside the Reelfoot Zone. If the quota in the Reelfoot Quota Zone is reached prior to completion of the 65-day season, the season in the entire Northwest Zone will close. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

(b) Southwest Zone—The season for Canada geese may extend for 50 days, and the harvest will be limited to 500 birds. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

(c) Kentucky/Barkley Lakes Zone—The season for Canada geese may extend for 50 days. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

(d) Remainder of the State—The season for Canada geese may extend for 70 days. The daily bag limit is 2 Canada geese.

Wisconsin: The total harvest of Canada geese in the State will be limited to 46,000 birds. (a) Horicon Zone—The framework opening date for all geese is September 17. The harvest of Canada geese is limited to 16,900 birds. The season may not exceed 94 days. All Canada geese harvested must be tagged.

The daily bag limit is 1 Canada goose, and the season limit will be the number of tags issued to each permittee.

(b) Collins Zone—The framework opening date for all geese is September 17. The harvest of Canada geese is limited to 600 birds. The season may not exceed 68 days. All Canada geese harvested must be tagged. The daily bag limit is 1 Canada goose, and the season limit will be the number of tags issued to each permittee.

(c) Exterior Zone—The framework opening date for all geese is September 22. The harvest of Canada geese is limited to 24,000 birds, with 500 birds allocated to the Mississippi River Subzone. The season may not exceed 70 days, except in the Mississippi River Subzone, where the season may not exceed 80 days. The daily bag limit is 1 Canada goose. In that portion of the Exterior Zone outside the Mississippi River Subzone, the progress of the harvest must be monitored, and the season closed, if necessary, to ensure that the harvest does not exceed 24,000 birds.

Additional Limits: In addition to the harvest limits stated for the respective zones above, an additional 4,500 Canada geese may be taken in the Horicon Zone under special agricultural permits.

Quota Zone Closures: When it has been determined that the quota of Canada geese allotted to the Northern Illinois, Central Illinois, Southern Illinois, and Rend Lake Quota Zones in Illinois; Posey County in Indiana; the Ballard and Henderson-Union Subzones in Kentucky; the Allegan County, Muskegon Wastewater, Saginaw County, and Tuscola/Huron Goose Management Units in Michigan; the Lac Qui Parle Zone in Minnesota; the Northwest Zone in Tennessee; and the Exterior Zone in Wisconsin will have been filled, the season for taking Canada geese in the respective zone (and associated area, if applicable) will be closed by either the Director upon giving public notice through local information media at least 48 hours in advance of the time and date of closing, or by the State through State regulations with such notice and time (not less than 48 hours) as they deem necessary.

Central Flyway

Ducks, Mergansers, and Coots: Outside Dates: Between September 29 and January 20.

Hunting Seasons and Duck Limits:

(1) High Plains Mallard Management Unit (roughly defined as that portion of the Central Flyway which lies west of the 100th meridian): 97 days, except canvasbacks which may not exceed 25 consecutive days, and a daily bag limit of 6 ducks, including no more than 5 mallards (no more than 2 of which may be hens), 1 mottled duck, 1 canvasback, 1 pintail, 2 redheads, 3 scaup, and 2 wood ducks. The last 23 days may start no earlier than the Saturday nearest December 10 (December 8).

(2) Remainder of the Central Flyway: 74 days, except canvasbacks which may not exceed 25 consecutive days, and a daily bag limit of 6 ducks, including no more than 5 mallards (no more than 2 of which may be hens), 1 mottled duck, 1 canvasback, 1 pintail, 2 redheads, 3 scaup, and 2 wood ducks.

Merganser Limits: The daily bag limit is 5 mergansers, only 1 of which may be a hooded merganser. In States that include mergansers in the duck daily bag limit, the daily limit may be the same as the duck bag limit, only one of which may be a hooded merganser.

Coot Limits: The daily bag limit is 15 coots.

Zoning and Split Seasons: Kansas (Low Plains portion), Montana, Nebraska (Low Plains portion), New Mexico, Oklahoma (Low Plains portion), South Dakota (Low Plains portion), Texas (Low Plains portion), and Wyoming may select hunting seasons by zones.

In Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Texas, and Wyoming, the regular season may be split into two segments.

In Colorado, the season may be split into three segments.

Geese: Split Seasons: Seasons for geese may be split into three segments. Three-way split seasons for Canada geese require Central Flyway Council and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service approval, and a 3-year evaluation by each participating State.

Outside Dates: For dark geese, seasons may be selected between the outside dates of the Saturday nearest October 1 (September 29) and the Sunday nearest February 15 (February 17). For light geese, outside dates for seasons may be selected between the Saturday nearest October 1 (September 29) and March 10. In the Rainwater Basin Light Goose Area (East and West) of Nebraska, temporal and spatial restrictions consistent with the experimental late-winter snow goose hunting strategy endorsed by the Central Flyway Council in July 1999, are required.

Season Lengths and Limits:

Light Geese: States may select a light goose season not to exceed 107 days. The daily bag limit for light geese is 20 with no possession limit.

Dark Geese: In Kansas, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota, and the Eastern Goose Zone of Texas, States may select a season for Canada geese (or any other dark goose species except white-fronted geese) not to exceed 95 days with a daily bag limit of 3. Additionally, in the Eastern Goose Zone of Texas, an alternative season of 107 days with a daily bag limit of 1 Canada goose may be selected. For white-fronted geese, these States may select either a season of 86 days with a bag limit of 2 or a 107-day season with a bag limit of 1.

In South Dakota, for Canada geese in the Big Stone Power Plant Area of Dark Goose Unit 1, the daily bag limit is 3 until November 30 and 2 thereafter.

In Colorado, Montana, New Mexico and Wyoming, States may select seasons not to exceed 107 days. The daily bag limit for dark geese is 5 in the aggregate.

In the Western Goose Zone of Texas, the season may not exceed 107 days. The daily bag limit for Canada geese (or any other dark goose species except white-fronted geese) is 5. The daily bag limit for white-fronted geese is 1.

Pacific Flyway

Ducks, Mergansers, Coots, Common Moorhens, and Purple Gallinules: Hunting Seasons and Duck Limits: Concurrent 107 days and daily bag limit of 7 ducks and mergansers, including no more than 2 female mallards, 1 pintail, 4 scaup, 2 redheads. The season on canvasbacks is closed, except one canvasback may be included in the daily bag for 38 consecutive days within the Pacific Flyway duck season. A single canvasback may also be included in the 7-bird daily bag limit for designated youth-hunt days.

The season on coots and common moorhens may be between the outside dates for the season on ducks, but not to exceed 107 days.

Coot, Common Moorhen, and Purple Gallinule Limits: The daily bag and possession limits of coots, common moorhens, and purple gallinules are 25, singly or in the aggregate.

Outside Dates: Between the Saturday nearest October 1 (September 29) and the Sunday nearest January 20 (January 20).

Zoning and Split Seasons: Arizona, California, Idaho, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, and Washington may select hunting seasons by zones.

Arizona, California, Idaho, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, and Washington may split their seasons into two segments.

Colorado, Montana, New Mexico, and Wyoming may split their seasons into three segments.

Colorado River Zone, California: Seasons and limits shall be the same as seasons and limits selected in the

adjacent portion of Arizona (South Zone).

Geese: Season Lengths, Outside Dates, and Limits: Except as subsequently noted, 100-day seasons may be selected, with outside dates between the Saturday nearest October 1 (September 29), and the Sunday nearest January 20 (January 20), and the basic daily bag limits are 3 light geese and 4 dark geese, except in California, Oregon, and Washington, where the dark goose bag limit does not include brant.

Split Seasons: Unless otherwise specified, seasons for geese may be split into up to 3 segments. Three-way split seasons for Canada geese and white-fronted geese require Pacific Flyway Council and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service approval and a 3-year evaluation by each participating State.

Brant Season—A 16-consecutive-day season may be selected in Oregon. A 16-day season may be selected in Washington, and this season may be split into 2-segments. A 30-consecutive-day season may be selected in California. In these States, the daily bag limit is 2 brant and is in addition to dark goose limits.

Arizona: The daily bag limit for dark geese is 3.

California: Northeastern Zone—White-fronted geese and cackling Canada geese may be taken only during the first 44 days of the goose season. The daily bag limit is 3 geese and may include no more than 2 dark geese; including not more than 1 cackling Canada goose or 1 Aleutian Canada goose.

Balance-of-the-State Zone—A 79-day season may be selected. Limits may not include more than 3 geese per day, of which not more than 2 may be white-fronted geese and not more than 1 may be a cackling Canada goose or Aleutian Canada goose. Three areas in the Balance-of-the-State Zone are restricted in the hunting of certain geese:

(1) In the Counties of Del Norte and Humboldt, there will be no open season for Canada geese, except for the Special September Canada goose hunt in Humboldt County.

(2) In the Sacramento Valley Special Management Area (West), the season on white-fronted geese must end on or before December 14, and, in the Sacramento Valley Special Management Area (East), there will be no open season for Canada geese.

(3) In the San Joaquin Valley Special Management Area, there will be no open season for Canada geese.

Oregon: Except as subsequently noted, the dark goose daily bag limit is 4, including not more than 1 cackling Canada goose or Aleutian Canada goose.

Lake County Zone—The daily dark goose bag limit may not include more than 2 white-fronted geese.

Western Zone—In the Special Canada Goose Management Area, except for designated areas, there will be no open season on Canada geese. In the designated areas, individual quotas will be established that collectively will not exceed 165 dusky Canada geese. See section on quota zones. In those designated areas, the daily bag limit of dark geese is 4 and may include no more than 1 Aleutian Canada goose.

Closed Zone: Those portions of Coos and Curry Counties west of US 101 and all of Tillamook and Lincoln Counties.

Washington: The daily bag limit is 4 geese, including 4 dark geese but not more than 3 light geese.

Southwest Quota Zone—In the Special Goose Management Area, except for designated areas, there will be no open season on Canada geese. In the designated areas, individual quotas will be established that collectively will not exceed 85 dusky Canada geese. See section on quota zones. In this area, the daily bag limit of dark geese is 4 and may include 4 cackling Canada geese. In Southwest Quota Zone Area 2B (Pacific and Grays Harbor Counties) the dark goose bag limit may include 1 Aleutian Canada goose.

Colorado: The daily bag limit for dark geese is 3 geese.

Idaho: Northern Unit—The daily bag limit is 4 geese, including 4 dark geese, but not more than 3 light geese.

Southwest Unit and Southeastern Unit—The daily bag limit on dark geese is 4.

Montana: West of Divide Zone and East of Divide Zone—The daily bag limit of dark geese is 4.

Nevada: The daily bag limit for dark geese is 3 except in the Lincoln and Clark County Zone, where the daily bag limit of dark geese is 2.

New Mexico: The daily bag limit of dark geese is 3.

Utah: The daily bag limit for dark geese is 3 geese.

Wyoming: The daily bag limit is 4 dark geese.

Quota Zones: Seasons on dark geese must end upon attainment of individual quotas of dusky Canada geese allotted to the designated areas of Oregon and Washington. The September Canada goose season, the regular goose season, any special late dark goose season, and any extended falconry season, combined, must not exceed 107 days, and the established quota of dusky Canada geese must not be exceeded. Hunting of dark geese in those designated areas will only be by hunters possessing a State-issued permit authorizing them to do so. In a Service-approved investigation, the State must obtain quantitative information on hunter compliance of those regulations aimed at reducing the take of dusky Canada geese. If the monitoring program cannot be conducted, for any reason, the season must immediately close. In the designated areas of the Washington Quota Zone, a special late dark goose season may be held between the Saturday following the close of the general goose season and March 10. In the Special Canada Goose Management Area of Oregon, the framework closing date is extended to the Sunday closest to March 1 (March 3). Regular dark goose seasons may be split into 3 segments within the Oregon and Washington quota zones. The 3-way split seasons are considered experimental for this year. An evaluation of the 3-way split seasons is required and must be submitted by July 2002.

Swans: In designated areas of Utah, Nevada, and the Pacific Flyway portion of Montana, an open season for taking a limited number of swans may be selected. Permits will be issued by States and will authorize each permittee to take no more than 1 swan per season. The season may open no earlier than the Saturday nearest October 1 (September 29). The States must implement a harvest-monitoring program to measure the species composition of the swan harvest. In Utah and Nevada, the harvest-monitoring program must require that all harvested swans or their species-determinant parts be examined by either State or Federal biologists for the purpose of species classification. All States should use appropriate measures to maximize hunter compliance in providing bagged swans for examination or, in the case of Montana, reporting bill-measurement and color information. All States must achieve at least an 80-percent compliance rate, or subsequent permits will be reduced by 10 percent. All States must provide to the Service by June 30, 2002, a report covering harvest, hunter participation, reporting compliance, and monitoring of swan populations in the designated hunt areas. These seasons will be subject to the following conditions:

In Utah, no more than 2,000 permits may be issued. The season must end no later than the second Sunday in December (December 9) or upon attainment of 10 trumpeter swans in the harvest, whichever occurs earliest. Utah must enter into a Memorandum of Agreement with the Service regarding harvest monitoring, season closure procedures, and education requirements for swan seasons in Utah.

In Nevada, no more than 650 permits may be issued. The season must end no later than the Sunday following January 1 (January 6) or upon attainment of 5 trumpeter swans in the harvest, whichever occurs earliest.

In Montana, no more than 500 permits may be issued. The season must end no later than December 1.

Tundra Swans: In the Central Flyway portion of Montana, and in North Carolina, North Dakota, South Dakota (east of the Missouri River), and Virginia, an open season for taking a limited number of tundra swans may be selected. Permits will be issued by States that authorize the take of no more than 1 tundra swan per permit. A second permit may be issued to hunters from unused permits remaining after the first drawing. The States must obtain harvest and hunter participation data. These seasons will be subject to the following conditions:

In the Atlantic Flyway

—The season will be experimental.
—The season may be 90 days, from October 1 to January 31.
—In North Carolina, no more than 5,000 permits may be issued.
—In Virginia, no more than 600 permits may be issued.

In the Central Flyway

—The season may be 107 days, from the Saturday nearest October 1 (September 29) to January 31.
—In the Central Flyway portion of Montana, no more than 500 permits may be issued.
—In North Dakota, no more than 2,000 permits may be issued.
—In South Dakota, no more than 1,500 permits may be issued.

Area, Unit, and Zone Descriptions

Ducks (Including Mergansers) and Coots

Atlantic Flyway

Connecticut: North Zone: That portion of the State north of I–95.

South Zone: Remainder of the State.

Maine: North Zone: That portion north of the line extending east along Maine State Highway 110 from the New Hampshire and Maine border to the intersection of Maine State Highway 11 in Newfield; then north and east along Route 11 to the intersection of U.S. Route 202 in Auburn; then north and east on Route 202 to the intersection of Interstate Highway 95 in Augusta; then north and east along I–95 to Route 15 in Bangor; then east along Route 15 to Route 9; then east along Route 9 to Stony Brook in Baileyville; then east along Stony Brook to the United States border.

South Zone: Remainder of the State.

Massachusetts: Western Zone: That portion of the State west of a line extending south from the Vermont border on I–91 to MA 9, west on MA 9 to MA 10, south on MA 10 to U.S. 202, south on U.S. 202 to the Connecticut border.

Central Zone: That portion of the State east of the Berkshire Zone and west of a line extending south from the New Hampshire border on I–95 to U.S. 1, south on U.S. 1 to I–93, south on I–93 to MA 3, south on MA 3 to U.S. 6, west on U.S. 6 to MA 28, west on MA 28 to I–195, west to the Rhode Island border; except the waters, and the lands 150 yards inland from the high-water mark, of the Assonet River upstream to the MA 24 bridge, and the Taunton River upstream to the Center St.-Elm St. bridge shall be in the Coastal Zone.

Coastal Zone: That portion of Massachusetts east and south of the Central Zone.

New Hampshire: Coastal Zone: That portion of the State east of a line extending west from the Maine border in Rollinsford on NH 4 to the city of Dover, south to NH 108, south along NH 108 through Madbury, Durham, and Newmarket to NH 85 in Newfields, south to NH 101 in Exeter, east to NH 51 (Exeter-Hampton Expressway), east to I–95 (New Hampshire Turnpike) in Hampton, and south along I–95 to the Massachusetts border.

Inland Zone: That portion of the State north and west of the above boundary and along the Massachusetts border crossing the Connecticut River to Interstate 91 and northward in Vermont to Route 2, east to 102, northward to the Canadian border.

New Jersey: Coastal Zone: That portion of the State seaward of a line beginning at the New York border in Raritan Bay and extending west along the New York border to NJ 440 at Perth Amboy; west on NJ 440 to the Garden State Parkway; south on the Garden State Parkway to the shoreline at Cape May and continuing to the Delaware border in Delaware Bay.

North Zone: That portion of the State west of the Coastal Zone and north of a line extending west from the Garden State Parkway on NJ 70 to the New Jersey Turnpike, north on the turnpike to U.S. 206, north on U.S. 206 to U.S. 1 at Trenton, west on U.S. 1 to the Pennsylvania border in the Delaware River.

South Zone: That portion of the State not within the North Zone or the Coastal Zone.

New York: Lake Champlain Zone: The U.S. portion of Lake Champlain and that area east and north of a line extending along NY 9B from the Canadian border to U.S. 9, south along U.S. 9 to NY 22 south of Keesville; south along NY 22 to the west shore of South Bay, along and around the shoreline of South Bay to NY 22 on the east shore of South Bay; southeast along NY 22 to U.S. 4, northeast along U.S. 4 to the Vermont border.

Long Island Zone: That area consisting of Nassau County, Suffolk County, that area of Westchester County southeast of I–95, and their tidal waters.

Western Zone: That area west of a line extending from Lake Ontario east along the north shore of the Salmon River to I–81, and south along I–81 to the Pennsylvania border.

Northeastern Zone: That area north of a line extending from Lake Ontario east along the north shore of the Salmon River to I–81 to NY 31, east along NY 31 to NY 13, north along NY 13 to NY 49, east along NY 49 to NY 365, east along NY 365 to NY 28, east along NY 28 to NY 29, east along NY 29 to I–87, north along I–87 to U.S. 9 (at Exit 20), north along U.S. 9 to NY 149, east along NY 149 to U.S. 4, north along U.S. 4 to the Vermont border, exclusive of the Lake Champlain Zone.

Southeastern Zone: The remaining portion of New York.

Pennsylvania: Lake Erie Zone: The Lake Erie waters of Pennsylvania and a shoreline margin along Lake Erie from New York on the east to Ohio on the west extending 150 yards inland, but including all of Presque Isle Peninsula.

Northwest Zone: The area bounded on the north by the Lake Erie Zone and including all of Erie and Crawford Counties and those portions of Mercer and Venango Counties north of I–80.

North Zone: That portion of the State east of the Northwest Zone and north of a line extending east on I–80 to U.S. 220, Route 220 to I–180, I–180 to I–80, and I–80 to the Delaware River.

South Zone: The remaining portion of Pennsylvania.

Vermont: Lake Champlain Zone: The U.S. portion of Lake Champlain and that area north and west of the line extending from the New York border along U.S. 4 to VT 22A at Fair Haven; VT 22A to U.S. 7 at Vergennes; U.S. 7 to the Canadian border.

Interior Zone: That portion of Vermont west of the Lake Champlain Zone and eastward of a line extending from the Massachusetts border at Interstate 91; north along Interstate 91 to US 2; east along US 2 to VT 102; north along VT 102 to VT 253; north along VT 253 to the Canadian border.

Connecticut River Zone: The remaining portion of Vermont east of the Interior Zone.

West Virginia: Zone 1: That portion outside the boundaries in Zone 2.

Zone 2 (Allegheny Mountain Upland): That area bounded by a line extending south along U.S. 220 through Keyser to U.S. 50; U.S. 50 to WV 93; WV 93 south to WV 42; WV 42 south to Petersburg; WV 28 south to Minnehaha Springs; WV 39 west to U.S. 219; U.S. 219 south to I–64; I–64 west to U.S. 60; U.S. 60 west to U.S. 19; U.S. 19 north to I–79, I–79 north to I–68; I–68 east to the Maryland border; and along the border to the point of beginning.

Mississippi Flyway

Alabama: South Zone: Mobile and Baldwin Counties.

North Zone: The remainder of Alabama.

Illinois: North Zone: That portion of the State north of a line extending east from the Iowa border along Illinois Highway 92 to Interstate Highway 280, east along I–280 to I–80, then east along I–80 to the Indiana border.

Central Zone: That portion of the State south of the North Zone to a line extending east from the Missouri border along the Modoc Ferry route to Modoc Ferry Road, east along Modoc Ferry Road to Modoc Road, northeasterly along Modoc Road and St. Leo's Road to Illinois Highway 3, north along Illinois 3 to Illinois 159, north along Illinois 159 to Illinois 161, east along Illinois 161 to Illinois 4, north along Illinois 4 to Interstate Highway 70, east along I–70 to the Bond County line, north and east along the Bond County line to Fayette County, north and east along the Fayette County line to Effingham County, east and south along the Effingham County line to I–70, then east along I–70 to the Indiana border.

South Zone: The remainder of Illinois.

Indiana: North Zone: That portion of the State north of a line extending east from the Illinois border along State Road 18 to U.S. Highway 31, north along U.S. 31 to U.S. 24, east along U.S. 24 to Huntington, then southeast along U.S. 224 to the Ohio border.

Ohio River Zone: That portion of the State south of a line extending east from the Illinois border along Interstate Highway 64 to New Albany, east along State *Road* 62 to State *Road* 56, east along State *Road* 56 to Vevay, east and north on State 156 along the Ohio River to North Landing, north along State 56 to U.S. Highway 50, then northeast along U.S. 50 to the Ohio border.

South Zone: That portion of the State between the North and Ohio River Zone boundaries.

Iowa: North Zone: That portion of the State north of a line extending east from the Nebraska border along State *Highway* 175 to State *Highway* 37, southeast along State *Highway* 37 to U.S. Highway 59, south along U.S. 59 to Interstate Highway 80, then east along I–80 to the Illinois border.

South Zone: The remainder of Iowa.

Kentucky: West Zone: All counties west of and including Butler, Daviess, Ohio, Simpson, and Warren Counties.

East Zone: The remainder of Kentucky.

Louisiana: West Zone: That portion of the State west and south of a line extending south from the Arkansas border along Louisiana Highway 3 to Bossier City, east along Interstate Highway 20 to Minden, south along Louisiana 7 to Ringgold, east along Louisiana 4 to Jonesboro, south along U.S. Highway 167 to Lafayette, southeast along U.S. 90 to the Mississippi State line.

East Zone: The remainder of Louisiana.

Catahoula Lake Area: All of Catahoula Lake, including those portions known locally as Round Prairie, Catfish Prairie, and Frazier's Arm. See State regulations for additional information.

Michigan: North Zone: The Upper Peninsula.

Middle Zone: That portion of the Lower Peninsula north of a line beginning at the Wisconsin border in Lake Michigan due west of the mouth of Stony Creek in Oceana County; then due east to, and easterly and southerly along the south shore of Stony Creek to Scenic Drive, easterly and southerly along Scenic Drive to Stony Lake Road, easterly along Stony Lake and Garfield Roads to Michigan Highway 20, east along Michigan 20 to U.S. Highway 10 Business Route (BR) in the city of Midland, easterly along U.S. 10 BR to U.S. 10, easterly along U.S. 10 to Interstate Highway 75/U.S. Highway 23, northerly along I–75/U.S. 23 to the U.S. 23 exit at Standish, easterly along U.S. 23 to the centerline of the Au Gres River, then southerly along the centerline of the Au Gres River to Saginaw Bay, then on a line directly east 10 miles into Saginaw Bay, and from that point on a line directly northeast to the Canadian border.

South Zone: The remainder of Michigan.

Missouri: North Zone: That portion of Missouri north of a line running west from the Illinois border (Lock and Dam 25) on Lincoln County Highway N to Missouri Highway 79; south on Missouri Highway 79 to Missouri Highway 47; west on Missouri Highway 47 to Interstate 70; west on Interstate 70 to U.S. Highway 54; south on U.S. Highway 54 to U.S. Highway 50; west on U.S. Highway 50 to the Kansas border.

South Zone: That portion of Missouri south of a line running west from the Illinois border on Missouri Highway 34 to Interstate 55; south on Interstate 55 to U.S. Highway 62; west on U.S. Highway 62 to Missouri Highway 53; north on Missouri Highway 53 to Missouri Highway 51; north on Missouri Highway 51 to U.S. Highway 60; west on U.S. Highway 60 to Missouri Highway 21; north on Missouri Highway 21 to Missouri Highway 72; west on Missouri Highway 72 to Missouri Highway 32; west on Missouri Highway 32 to U.S. Highway 65; north on U.S. Highway 65 to U.S. Highway 54; west on U.S. Highway 54 to the Kansas border.

Middle Zone: The remainder of Missouri.

Ohio: North Zone: That portion of the State north of a line extending east from the Indiana border along U.S. Highway 30 to State Route 37, south along SR 37 to SR 95, east along SR 95 to LaRue-Prospect Road, east along LaRue-Prospect Road to SR 203, south along SR 203 to SR 739, east along SR 739 to SR 4, north along SR 4 to SR 309, east along SR 309 to U.S. 23, north along U.S. 23 to SR 231, north along SR 231 to U.S. 30, east along U.S. 30 to SR 42, north along SR 42 to SR 603, south along SR 603 to U.S. 30, east along U.S. 30 to SR 60, south along SR 60 to SR 39/60, east along SR 39/60 to SR 39, east along SR 39 to SR 241, east along SR 241 to U.S. 30, then east along U.S. 30 to the West Virginia border.

South Zone: The remainder of Ohio.

Tennessee: Reelfoot Zone: All or portions of Lake and Obion Counties.

State Zone: The remainder of Tennessee.

Wisconsin: North Zone: That portion of the State north of a line extending east from the Minnesota border along State Highway 77 to State 27, south along State 27 and 77 to U.S. Highway 63, and continuing south along State 27 to Sawyer County Road B, south and east along County B to State 70, southwest along State 70 to State 27, south along State 27 to State 64, west along State 64/27 and south along State 27 to U.S. 12, south and east on State 27/U.S. 12 to U.S. 10, east on U.S. 10 to State 310, east along State 310 to State 42, north along State 42 to State 147, north along State 147 to State 163, north along State 163 to Kewaunee County Trunk A, north along County Trunk A to State 57, north along State 57 to the Kewaunee/Door County Line, west along the Kewaunee/Door County Line to the Door/Brown County Line, west along the Door/Brown County Line

to the Door/Oconto/Brown County Line, northeast along the Door/Oconto County Line to the Marinette/Door County Line, northeast along the Marinette/Door County Line to the Michigan border.

South Zone: The remainder of Wisconsin.

Central Flyway

Kansas: High Plains Zone: That portion of the State west of U.S. 283.

Low Plains Early Zone: That area of Kansas east of U.S. 283, and generally west of a line beginning at the Junction of the Nebraska border and KS 28; south on KS 28 to U.S. 36; east on U.S. 36 to KS 199; south on KS 199 to Republic Co. Road 563; south on Republic Co. Road 563 to KS 148; east on KS 148 to Republic Co. Road 138; south on Republic Co. Road 138 to Cloud Co. Road 765; south on Cloud Co. Road 765 to KS 9; west on KS 9 to U.S. 24; west on U.S. 24 to U.S. 281; north on U.S. 281 to U.S. 36; west on U.S. 36 to U.S. 183; south on U.S. 183 to U.S. 24; west on U.S. 24 to KS 18; southeast on KS 18 to U.S. 183; south on U.S. 183 to KS 4; east on KS 4 to I–135; south on I–135 to KS 61; southwest on KS 61 to KS 96; northwest on KS 96 to U.S. 56; west on U.S. 56 to U.S. 281; south on U.S. 281 to U.S. 54; and west on U.S. 54 to U.S. 183; north on U.S. 183 to U.S. 56; southwest on U.S. 56 to U.S. 283.

Low Plains Late Zone: The remainder of Kansas.

Montana (Central Flyway Portion): Zone 1: The Counties of Blaine, Carbon, Carter, Daniels, Dawson, Fallon, Fergus, Garfield, Golden Valley, Judith Basin, McCone, Musselshell, Petroleum, Phillips, Powder River, Richland, Roosevelt, Sheridan, Stillwater, Sweet Grass, Valley, Wheatland, Wibaux, and Yellowstone.

Zone 2: The remainder of Montana.

Nebraska: High Plains Zone: That portion of the State west of highways U.S. 183 and U.S. 20 from the South Dakota border to Ainsworth, NE 7 and NE 91 to Dunning, NE 2 to Merna, NE 92 to Arnold, NE 40 and NE 47 through Gothenburg to NE 23, NE 23 to Elwood, and U.S. 283 to the Kansas border.

Low Plains Zone 1: That portion of the State east of the High Plains Zone and north and west of a line extending from the South Dakota border along NE 26E Spur to NE 12, west on NE 12 to the Knox/Boyd County line, south along the county line to the Niobrara River and along the Niobrara River to U.S. 183 (the High Plains Zone line). Where the Niobrara River forms the boundary, both banks will be in Zone 1.

Low Plains Zone 2: Area bounded by designated Federal and State highway's and political boundaries beginning at the Kansas-Nebraska border on U.S. Hwy. 73; north to NE Hwy. 67 north to U.S. Hwy 136; east to the Steamboat Trace (Trace); north to Federal Levee R–562; north and west to the Trace/Burlington Northern Railroad right-of-way; north to NE Hwy 2; west to U.S. Hwy 75; north to NE Hwy. 2; west to NE Hwy. 43; north to U.S. Hwy. 34; east to NE Hwy. 63; north and west to U.S. Hwy. 77; north to NE Hwy. 92; west to U.S. Hwy. 81; south to NE Hwy. 66; west to NE Hwy. 14; south to U.S. Hwy 34; west to NE Hwy. 2; south to U.S. Hwy. I–80; west to Gunbarrrel Rd. (Hall/Hamilton county line); south to Giltner Rd.; west to U.S. Hwy. 281; south to U.S. Hwy. 34; west to NE Hwy 10; north to County Road ''R'' (Kearney County) and County Road #742 (Phelps County); west to County Road #438 (Gosper County line); south along County Road #438 (Gosper County line) to County Road #726 (Furnas County Line); east to County Road #438 (Harlan County Line); south to U. S. Hwy 34; south and west to U.S. Hwy. 136; east to NE Hwy. 10; south to the Kansas-Nebraska border.

Low Plains Zone 3: The area east of the High Plains Zone, excluding Low Plains Zone 1, north of Low Plains Zone 2.

Low Plains Zone 4: The area east of the High Plains Zone and south of Zone 2.

New Mexico (Central Flyway Portion): North Zone: That portion of the State north of I–40 and U.S. 54.

South Zone: The remainder of New Mexico.

North Dakota: High Plains Unit: That portion of the State south and west of a line from the South Dakota border along U.S. 83 and I–94 to ND 41, north to U.S. 2, west to the Williams/Divide County line, then north along the County line to the Canadian border.

Low Plains: The remainder of North Dakota.

Oklahoma: High Plains Zone: The Counties of Beaver, Cimarron, and Texas.

Low Plains Zone 1: That portion of the State east of the High Plains Zone and north of a line extending east from the Texas border along OK 33 to OK 47, east along OK 47 to U.S. 183, south along U.S. 183 to I–40, east along I–40 to U.S. 177, north along U.S. 177 to OK 33, west along OK 33 to I–35, north along I–35 to U.S. 412, west along U.S. 412 to OK 132, then north along OK 132 to the Kansas border.

Low Plains Zone 2: The remainder of Oklahoma.

South Dakota: High Plains Unit: That portion of the State west of a line beginning at the North Dakota border and extending south along U.S. 83 to U.S. 14, east along U.S. 14 to Blunt-Canning Road in Blunt, south along Blunt-Canning Road to SD 34, east to SD 47, south to I–90, east to SD 47, south to SD 49, south to Colome and then continuing south on U.S. 183 to the Nebraska border.

North Zone: That portion of northeastern South Dakota east of the High Plains Unit and north of a line extending east along US 212 to SD 15, then north along SD 15 to Big Stone Lake at the Minnesota border.

South Zone: That portion of Gregory County east of SD 47, Charles Mix County south of SD 44 to the Douglas County line, south on SD 50 to Geddes, east on the Geddes Hwy. to U.S. 281, south on U.S. 281 and U.S. 18 to SD 50, south and east on SD 50 to Bon Homme County line, the Counties of Bon Homme, Yankton, and Clay south of SD 50, and Union County south and west of SD 50 and I–29.

Middle Zone: The remainder of South Dakota.

Texas: High Plains Zone: That portion of the State west of a line extending south from the Oklahoma border along U.S. 183 to Vernon, south along U.S. 283 to Albany, south along TX 6 to TX 351 to Abilene, south along U.S. 277 to Del Rio, then south along the Del Rio International Toll Bridge access road to the Mexico border.

Low Plains North Zone: That portion of northeastern Texas east of the High Plains Zone and north of a line beginning at the International Toll Bridge south of Del Rio, then extending east on U.S. 90 to San Antonio, then continuing east on I–10 to the Louisiana border at Orange, Texas.

Low Plains South Zone: The remainder of Texas.

Wyoming (Central Flyway portion): Zone 1: The Counties of Converse, Goshen, Hot Springs, Natrona, Platte, and Washakie Counties; and the portion of Park County east of the Shoshone National Forest boundary and south of a line beginning where the Shoshone National Forest boundary meets Park County Road 8VC, east along Park County Road 8VC to Park County Road 1AB, continuing east along Park County Road 1AB to Wyoming Highway 120, north along WY Highway 120 to WY Highway 294, south along WY Highway 294 to Lane 9, east along Lane 9 to Powel and WY Highway 14A, and finally east along WY Highway 14A to the Park County and Big Horn County line.

Zone 2: The reminder of Wyoming.

Pacific Flyway

Arizona—Game Management Units (GMU) as follows: South Zone: Those portions of GMUs 6 and 8 in Yavapai County, and GMUs 10 and 12B–45.

North Zone: GMUs 1–5, those portions of GMUs 6 and 8 within Coconino County, and GMUs 7, 9, 12A.

California: Northeastern Zone: In that portion of California lying east and north of a line beginning at the intersection of the Klamath River with the California-Oregon line; south and west along the Klamath River to the mouth of Shovel Creek; along Shovel Creek to its intersection with Forest Service Road 46N05 at Burnt Camp; west to its junction with Forest Service Road 46N10; south and east to its Junction with County Road 7K007; south and west to its junction with Forest Service Road 45N22; south and west to its junction with Highway 97 and Grass Lake Summit; south along to its junction with Interstate 5 at the town of Weed; south to its junction with Highway 89; east and south along Highway 89 to main street Greenville; north and east to its junction with North Valley Road; south to its junction of Diamond Mountain Road; north and east to its junction with North Arm Road; south and west to the junction of North Valley Road; south to the junction with Arlington Road (A22); west to the junction of Highway 89; south and west to the junction of Highway 70; east on Highway 70 to Highway 395; south and east on Highway 395 to the point of intersection with the California-Nevada state line; north along the California-Nevada state line to the junction of the California-Nevada-Oregon state lines west along the California-Oregon line state to the point of origin

Colorado River Zone: Those portions of San Bernardino, Riverside, and Imperial Counties east of a line extending from the Nevada border south along U.S. 95 to Vidal Junction; south on a road known as ''Aqueduct Road'' in San Bernardino County through the town of Rice to the San Bernardino-Riverside County line; south on a road known in Riverside County as the ''Desert Center to Rice Road'' to the town of Desert Center; east 31 miles on I–10 to the Wiley Well Road; south on this road to Wiley Well; southeast along the Army-Milpitas Road to the Blythe, Brawley, Davis Lake intersections; south on the Blythe-Brawley paved road to the Ogilby and Tumco Mine Road; south on this road to U.S. 80; east seven miles on U.S. 80 to the Andrade-Algodones Road; south on this paved road to the Mexican border at Algodones, Mexico.

Southern Zone: That portion of southern California (but excluding the Colorado River Zone) south and east of a line extending from the Pacific Ocean east along the Santa Maria River to CA 166 near the City of Santa Maria; east on CA 166 to CA 99; south on CA 99 to the crest of the Tehachapi Mountains at Tejon Pass; east and north along the crest of the Tehachapi Mountains to CA 178 at Walker Pass; east on CA 178 to U.S. 395 at the town of Inyokern; south on U.S. 395 to CA 58; east on CA 58 to I–15; east on I–15 to CA 127; north on CA 127 to the Nevada border.

Southern San Joaquin Valley Temporary Zone: All of Kings and Tulare Counties and that portion of Kern County north of the Southern Zone.

Balance-of-the-State Zone: The remainder of California not included in the Northeastern, Southern, and Colorado River Zones, and the Southern San Joaquin Valley Temporary Zone.

Idaho: Zone 1: Includes all lands and waters within the Fort Hall Indian Reservation, including private inholdings; Bannock County; Bingham County, except that portion within the Blackfoot Reservoir drainage; and Power County east of ID 37 and ID 39.

Zone 2: Includes the following Counties or portions of Counties: Adams; Bear Lake; Benewah; Bingham within the Blackfoot Reservoir drainage; those portions of Blaine west of ID 75, south and east of U.S. 93, and between ID 75 and U.S. 93 north of U.S. 20 outside the Silver Creek drainage; Bonner; Bonneville; Boundary; Butte; Camas; Caribou except the Fort Hall Indian Reservation; Cassia within the Minidoka National Wildlife Refuge; Clark; Clearwater; Custer; Elmore within the Camas Creek drainage; Franklin; Fremont; Idaho; Jefferson; Kootenai; Latah; Lemhi; Lewis; Madison; Nez Perce; Oneida; Power within the Minidoka National Wildlife Refuge; Shoshone; Teton; and Valley Counties.

Zone 3: Includes the following Counties or portions of Counties: Ada; Blaine between ID 75 and U.S. 93 south of U.S. 20 and that additional area between ID 75 and U.S. 93 north of U.S. 20 within the Silver Creek drainage; Boise; Canyon; Cassia except within the Minidoka National Wildlife Refuge; Elmore except the Camas Creek drainage; Gem; Gooding; Jerome; Lincoln; Minidoka; Owyhee; Payette; Power west of ID 37 and ID 39 except that portion within the Minidoka National Wildlife Refuge; Twin Falls; and Washington Counties.

Nevada: Lincoln and Clark County Zone: All of Clark and Lincoln Counties.

Remainder-of-the-State Zone: The remainder of Nevada.

Oregon: Zone 1: Clatsop, Tillamook, Lincoln, Lane, Douglas, Coos, Curry, Josephine, Jackson, Linn, Benton, Polk, Marion, Yamhill, Washington, Columbia, Multnomah, Clackamas, Hood River, Wasco, Sherman, Gilliam, Morrow and Umatilla Counties.

Columbia Basin Mallard Management Unit: Gilliam, Morrow, and Umatilla Counties.

Zone 2: The remainder of the State.

Utah: Zone 1: All of Box Elder, Cache, Daggett, Davis, Duchesne, Morgan, Rich, Salt Lake, Summit, Unitah, Utah, Wasatch, and Weber Counties and that part of Toole County north of I–80.

Zone 2: The remainder of Utah.

Washington: East Zone: All areas east of the Pacific Crest Trail and east of the Big White Salmon River in Klickitat County.

Columbia Basin Mallard Management Unit: Same as East Zone.

West Zone: All areas to the west of the East Zone.

Geese

Atlantic Flyway

Connecticut: NAP Zone: Statewide, except for Hartford and Litchfield Counties west of the Connecticut River.

AP Zone: Remainder of the State.

South Zone: Same as for ducks.

North Zone: Same as for ducks.

Maryland: SJBP Zone: Allegheny, Carroll, Frederick, Garrett, Washington counties and the portion of Montgomery County south of Interstate 270 and west of Interstate 495 to the Potomac River.

AP Zone: Remainder of the State.

Massachusetts: NAP Zone: Central Zone (same as for ducks) and that portion of the Coastal Zone that lies north of route 139 from Green Harbor.

AP Zone: Remainder of the State.

Special Late Season Area: That portion of the Coastal Zone (see duck zones) that lies north of Route 14, east of St. George Road, and east of the Powder Point Bridge.

New Hampshire: Same zones as for ducks.

New Jersey: North—that portion of the State within a continuous line that runs east along the New York State boundary line to the Hudson River; then south along the New York State boundary to its intersection with Route 440 at Perth Amboy; then west on Route 440 to its intersection with Route 287; then west along Route 287 to its intersection with Route 206 in Bedminster (Exit 18); then north along Route 206 to its intersection with Route 94: then west along Route 94 to the tollbridge in Columbia; then north along the Pennsylvania State boundary

in the Delaware River to the beginning point.

South—that portion of the State within a continuous line that runs west from the Atlantic Ocean at Ship Bottom along Route 72 to Route 70; then west along Route 70 to Route 206; then south along Route 206 to Route 536; then west along Route 536 to Route 322; then west along Route 322 to Route 55; then south along Route 55 to Route 553 (Buck Road); then south along Route 553 to Route 40; then east along Route 40 to Route 55; then south along Route 55 to Route 552 (Sherman Avenue); then west along Route 552 to Carmel Road; then south along Carmel Road to Route 49; then east along Route 49 to Route 555; then south along Route 555 to Route 553; then east along Route 553 to Route 649; then north along Route 649 to Route 670; then east along Route 670 to Route 47; then north along Route 47 to Route 548; then east along Route 548 to Route 49; then east along Route 49 to Route 50; then south along Route 50 to Route 9; then south along Route 9 to Route 625 (Sea Isle City Boulevard); then east along Route 625 to the Atlantic Ocean; then north to the beginning point.

New York: Special Late Season Area for Canada Geese: That area of Chemung County lying east of a continuous line extending south along State Route 13 from the Schuyler County line to State Route 17 and then south along Route 17 to the New York-Pennsylvania boundary; all of Tioga and Broome Counties; that area of Delaware, Sullivan, and Orange Counties lying southwest of a continuous line extending east along State Route 17 from the Broome County line to U.S. Route 209 at Wurtsboro and then south along Route 209 to the New York-Pennsylvania boundary at Port Jervis, excluding areas on or within 50 yards of the Delaware River between the confluence of the West Branch and East Branch below Hancock and the mouth of the Shingle Kill (3 miles upstream from Port Jervis); that area of Orange, Rockland, Dutchess, Putnam and Westchester Counties lying southeast of a continuous line extending north along Route 17 from the New York-New Jersey boundary at Suffern to Interstate Route 87, then north along Route 87 to Interstate Route 84, then east along Route 84 to the northern boundary of Putnam County, then east along that boundary to the New York-Connecticut boundary; that area of Nassau and Suffolk Counties lying north of State Route 25A and west of a continuous line extending northward from State Route 25A along Randall Road (near Shoreham) to North Country Road, then east to Sound Road and then north to Long Island Sound and then due north to the New York-Connecticut boundary.

Long Island (NAP) Zone: Same as Long Island Duck Zone.

Southwest (SJBP) Zone: All of Allegany, Cattaraugus, and Chautaugua Counties; that area of Erie, Wyoming and Niagara Counties lying south and west of a continuous line extending from the Rainbow Bridge below Niagara Falls, north along the Robert Moses Parkway to U.S. Route 62A, then east along Route 62A to U.S. Route 62, then southeast along U.S. Route 62 to Interstate Route 290, then south along Route 290 to Exit 50 of the NYS Thruway, then east along I–90 to State Route 98, then south along State Route 98 to the Cattaraugus County line; and that area of Steuben and Chemung Counties lying south of State Route 17.

AP Zone: Remainder of the State.

North Carolina: Regular Season for Canada Geese: Statewide, except for the Northeast Hunt Unit.

Northeast Hunt Unit—Counties of Bertie (that portion east of NC–45, and that portion which is both west of U.S. 17, and east of U.S.–13), Camden, Chowan, Currituck, Dare, Hyde, Northhampton (that portion which is both north of U.S.–158 and east of NC–35), Pasquotank, Perquimans, Tyrrell, and Washington.

Pennsylvania: SJBP Zone: Area from the New York State line west of U.S. Route 220 to intersection of I–180, west of I–180 to intersection of SR 147, west of SR 147 to intersection of U.S. Route 322, west of U.S. Route 322 to intersection of I–81, west of I–81 to intersection of I–83, west of I–83 to I–283, west of I–283 to SR 441, west of SR 441 to U.S. Route 30, west of U.S. Route 30 to I–83, west of I–83 to Maryland State line, except for the Pymatuning Zone.

Pymatuning Zone: Area south of SR 198 from the Ohio State line to the intersection of SR 18, to the intersection of U.S. Route 322/SR 18, to the intersection of SR 3013, then south to the Crawford/Mercer County line.

Special Late Season Area for Canada Geese: Same as SJBP Zone and the area from New York State line east of U.S. Route 220 to intersection of I–180, east of I–180 to intersection of SR 147, east of SR 147 to intersection of U.S. Route 322, east of Route 322 to intersection of I–81, north of I–81 to intersection of I–80, north of I–80 to New Jersey State line.

AP Zone: Remainder of the State.

Rhode Island: Special Area for Canada Geese: Kent and Providence Counties and portions of the towns of Exeter and North Kingston within Washington County (see State regulations for detailed descriptions).

South Carolina: Canada Goose Area: Statewide except for Clarendon County and that portion of Lake Marion in Orangeburg County and Berkeley County.

Vermont: Same zones as for ducks.

Virginia: SJBP Zone and Special Late Season Area for Canada Geese: All areas west of I–95.

Back Bay Area: The waters of Back Bay and its tributaries and the marshes adjacent thereto, and on the land and marshes between Back Bay and the Atlantic Ocean from Sandbridge to the North Carolina line, and on and along the shore of North Landing River and the marshes adjacent thereto, and on and along the shores of Binson Inlet Lake (formerly known as Lake Tecumseh) and Red Wing Lake and the marshes adjacent thereto.

AP Zone: Remainder of the State.

West Virginia: Same zones as for ducks.

Mississippi Flyway

Alabama: Same zones as for ducks, but in addition:

SJBP Zone: That portion of Morgan County east of U.S. Highway 31, north of State Highway 36, and west of U.S. 231; that portion of Limestone County south of U.S. 72; and that portion of Madison County south of Swancott Road and west of Triana Road.

Illinois: Same zones as for ducks, but in addition:

North Zone:

Northern Illinois Quota Zone: The Counties of McHenry, Lake, Kane, DuPage, and those portions of LaSalle and Will Counties north of Interstate Highway 80.

Central Zone:

Central Illinois Quota Zone: The Counties of Grundy, Woodford, Peoria, Knox, Fulton, Tazewell, Mason, Cass, Morgan, Pike, Calhoun, and Jersey, and those portions of LaSalle and Will Counties south of Interstate Highway 80.

South Zone:

Southern Illinois Quota Zone: Alexander, Jackson, Union, and Williamson Counties.

Rend Lake Quota Zone: Franklin and Jefferson Counties.

Indiana: Same zones as for ducks, but in addition:

SJBP Zone: Jasper, LaGrange, LaPorte, Starke, and Steuben Counties, and that portion of the Jasper-Pulaski Fish and Wildlife Area in Pulaski County.

Iowa: Same zones as for ducks.

Kentucky: Western Zone: That portion of the State west of a line beginning at the Tennessee border at Fulton and extending north along the Purchase

Parkway to Interstate Highway 24, east along I–24 to U.S. Highway 641, north along U.S. 641 to U.S. 60, northeast along U.S. 60 to the Henderson County line, then south, east, and northerly along the Henderson County line to the Indiana border.

Ballard Reporting Area: That area encompassed by a line beginning at the northwest city limits of Wickliffe in Ballard County and extending westward to the middle of the Mississippi River, north along the Mississippi River and along the low-water mark of the Ohio River on the Illinois shore to the Ballard-McCracken County line, south along the county line to Kentucky Highway 358, south along Kentucky 358 to U.S. Highway 60 at LaCenter; then southwest along U.S. 60 to the northeast city limits of Wickliffe.

Henderson-Union Reporting Area: Henderson County and that portion of Union County within the Western Zone.

Pennyroyal/Coalfield Zone: Butler, Daviess, Ohio, Simpson, and Warren Counties and all counties lying west to the boundary of the Western Goose Zone.

Michigan: MVP Zone: The MVP Zone consists of an area north and west of the point beginning at the southwest corner of Branch county, north continuing along the western border of Branch and Calhoun counties to the northwest corner of Calhoun county, then easterly to the southwest corner of Eaton county, then northerly to the southern border of Ionia county, then easterly to the southwest corner of Clinton county, then northerly along the western border of Clinton County continuing northerly along the county border of Gratiot and Montcalm counties to the southern border of Isabella county, then easterly to the southwest corner of Midland county, then northerly along the west Midland county border to Highway M–20, then easterly to U.S. Highway 10, then easterly to U.S. Interstate 75/U.S. Highway 23, then northerly along I–75/U.S. 23 to the U.S. 23 exit at Standish, then easterly on U.S. 23 to the centerline of the Au Gres River, then southerly along the centerline of the Au Gres River to Saginaw Bay, then on a line directly east 10 miles into Saginaw Bay, and from that point on a line directly northeast to the Canadian border.

SJBP Zone is the rest of the state, that area south and east of the boundary described above.

Tuscola/Huron Goose Management Unit (GMU): Those portions of Tuscola and Huron Counties bounded on the south by Michigan Highway 138 and Bay City Road, on the east by Colwood and Bay Port Roads, on the north by Kilmanagh Road and a line extending directly west off the end of Kilmanagh Road into Saginaw Bay to the west boundary, and on the west by the Tuscola-Bay County line and a line extending directly north off the end of the Tuscola-Bay County line into Saginaw Bay to the north boundary.

Allegan County GMU: That area encompassed by a line beginning at the junction of 136th Avenue and Interstate Highway 196 in Lake Town Township and extending easterly along 136th Avenue to Michigan Highway 40, southerly along Michigan 40 through the city of Allegan to 108th Avenue in Trowbridge Township, westerly along 108th Avenue to 46th Street, northerly ½ mile along 46th Street to 109th Avenue, westerly along 109th Avenue to I–196 in Casco Township, then northerly along I–196 to the point of beginning.

Saginaw County GMU: That portion of Saginaw County bounded by Michigan Highway 46 on the north; Michigan 52 on the west; Michigan 57 on the south; and Michigan 13 on the east.

Muskegon Wastewater GMU: That portion of Muskegon County within the boundaries of the Muskegon County wastewater system, east of the Muskegon State Game Area, in sections 5, 6, 7, 8, 17, 18, 19, 20, 29, 30, and 32, T10N R14W, and sections 1, 2, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 24, and 25, T10N R15W, as posted.

Special Canada Goose Seasons:

Southern Michigan GMU: That portion of the State, including the Great Lakes and interconnecting waterways and excluding the Allegan County GMU, south of a line beginning at the Ontario border at the Bluewater Bridge in the city of Port Huron and extending westerly and southerly along Interstate Highway 94 to I–69, westerly along I–69 to Michigan Highway 21, westerly along Michigan 21 to I–96, northerly along I–96 to I–196, westerly along I–196 to Lake Michigan Drive (M–45) in Grand Rapids, westerly along Lake Michigan Drive to the Lake Michigan shore, then directly west from the end of Lake Michigan Drive to the Wisconsin border.

Central Michigan GMU: That portion of the Lower Peninsula north of the Southern Michigan GMU but south of a line beginning at the Wisconsin border in Lake Michigan due west of the mouth of Stony Creek in Oceana County; then due east to, and easterly and southerly along the south shore of Stony Creek to Scenic Drive, easterly and southerly along Scenic Drive to Stony Lake Road, easterly along Stony Lake and Garfield Roads to Michigan Highway 20, easterly along Michigan 20 to U.S. Highway 10 Business Route (BR) in the city of Midland, easterly along U.S. 10 BR to U.S. 10, easterly along U.S. 10 to Interstate Highway 75/U.S. Highway 23, northerly along I–75/U.S. 23 to the U.S. 23 exit at Standish, easterly along U.S. 23 to the centerline of the Au Gres River, then southerly along the centerline of the Au Gres River to Saginaw Bay, then on a line directly east 10 miles into Saginaw Bay, and from that point on a line directly northeast to the Canadian border, excluding the Tuscola/Huron GMU, Saginaw County GMU, and Muskegon Wastewater GMU.

Minnesota: West Zone: That portion of the state encompassed by a line beginning at the junction of State Trunk Highway (STH) 60 and the Iowa border, then north and east along STH 60 to U.S. Highway 71, north along U.S. 71 to Interstate Highway 94, then north and west along I–94 to the North Dakota border.

West Central Zone: That area encompassed by a line beginning at the intersection of State Trunk Highway (STH) 29 and U.S. Highway 212 and extending west along U.S. 212 to U.S. 59, south along U.S. 59 to STH 67, west along STH 67 to U.S. 75, north along U.S. 75 to County State Aid Highway (CSAH) 30 in Lac qui Parle County, west along CSAH 30 to the western boundary of the State, north along the western boundary of the State to a point due south of the intersection of STH 7 and CSAH 7 in Big Stone County, and continuing due north to said intersection, then north along CSAH 7 to CSAH 6 in Big Stone County, east along CSAH 6 to CSAH 21 in Big Stone County, south along CSAH 21 to CSAH 10 in Big Stone County, east along CSAH 10 to CSAH 22 in Swift County, east along CSAH 22 to CSAH 5 in Swift County, south along CSAH 5 to U.S. 12, east along U.S. 12 to CSAH 17 in Swift County, south along CSAH 17 to CSAH 9 in Chippewa County, south along CSAH 9 to STH 40, east along STH 40 to STH 29, then south along STH 29 to the point of beginning.

Lac qui Parle Zone: That area encompassed by a line beginning at the intersection of U.S. Highway 212 and County State Aid Highway (CSAH) 27 in Lac qui Parle County and extending north along CSAH 27 to CSAH 20 in Lac qui Parle County, west along CSAH 20 to State Trunk Highway (STH) 40, north along STH 40 to STH 119, north along STH 119 to CSAH 34 in Lac qui Parle County, west along CSAH 34 to CSAH 19 in Lac qui Parle County, north and west along CSAH 19 to CSAH 38 in Lac qui Parle County, west and north along CSAH 38 to U.S. 75, north along U.S. 75 to STH 7, east along STH 7 to CSAH 6

in Swift County, east along CSAH 6 to County Road 65 in Swift County, south along County 65 to County 34 in Chippewa County, south along County 34 to CSAH 12 in Chippewa County, east along CSAH 12 to CSAH 9 in Chippewa County, south along CSAH 9 to STH 7, southeast along STH 7 to Montevideo and along the municipal boundary of Montevideo to U.S. 212; then west along U.S. 212 to the point of beginning.

Northwest Zone: That portion of the state encompassed by a line extending east from the North Dakota border along U.S. Highway 2 to State Trunk Highway (STH) 32, north along STH 32 to STH 92, east along STH 92 to County State Aid Highway (CSAH) 2 in Polk County, north along CSAH 2 to CSAH 27 in Pennington County, north along CSAH 27 to STH 1, east along STH 1 to CSAH 28 in Pennington County, north along CSAH 28 to CSAH 54 in Marshall County, north along CSAH 54 to CSAH 9 in Roseau County, north along CSAH 9 to STH 11, west along STH 11 to STH 310, and north along STH 310 to the Manitoba border.

Special Canada Goose Seasons:

Southeast Zone: That part of the State within the following described boundaries: beginning at the intersection of U.S. Highway 52 and the south boundary of the Twin Cities Metro Canada Goose Zone; thence along the U.S. Highway 52 to State Trunk Highway (STH) 57; thence along STH 57 to the municipal boundary of Kasson; thence along the municipal boundary of Kasson County State Aid Highway (CSAH) 13, Dodge County; thence along CSAH 13 to STH 30; thence along STH 30 to U.S. Highway 63; thence along U.S. Highway 63 to the south boundary of the State; thence along the south and east boundaries of the State to the south boundary of the Twin Cities Metro Canada Goose Zone; thence along said boundary to the point of beginning.

Missouri: Same zones as for ducks but in addition:

North Zone: Swan Lake Zone: That area bounded by U.S. Highway 36 on the north, Missouri Highway 5 on the east, Missouri 240 and U.S. 65 on the south, and U.S. 65 on the west.

Middle Zone: Southeast Zone: That portion of the State encompassed by a line beginning at the intersection of Missouri Highway (MO) 34 and Interstate 55 and extending south along I–55 to U.S. Highway 62, west along U.S. 62 to MO 53, north along MO 53 to MO 51, north along MO 51 to U.S. 60, west along U.S. 60 to MO 21, north along MO 21 to MO 72, east along MO 72 to MO 34, then east along MO 34 to I–55.

Ohio: Same zones as for ducks but in addition:

North Zone: Lake Erie SJBP Zone: That portion of the State encompassed by a line beginning in Lucas County at the Michigan State line on I–75, and extending south along I–75 to I–280, south along I–280 to I–80, east along I–80 to the Pennsylvania State line in Trumbull county, north along the Pennsylvania State line to SR 6 in Ashtabula county, west along SR 6 to the Lake/Cuyahoga county line, north along the Lake/Cuyahoga county line to the shore of Lake Erie.

Tennessee: Southwest Zone: That portion of the State south of State Highways 20 and 104, and west of U.S. Highways 45 and 45W.

Northwest Zone: Lake, Obion and Weakley Counties and those portions of Gibson and Dyer Counties not included in the Southwest Tennessee Zone.

Kentucky/Barkley Lakes Zone: That portion of the State bounded on the west by the eastern boundaries of the Northwest and Southwest Zones and on the east by State Highway 13 from the Alabama border to Clarksville and U.S. Highway 79 from Clarksville to the Kentucky border.

Wisconsin: Same zones as for ducks but in addition: Horicon Zone: That area encompassed by a line beginning at the intersection of State Highway 21 and the Fox River in Winnebago County and extending westerly along State 21 to the west boundary of Winnebago County, southerly along the west boundary of Winnebago County to the north boundary of Green Lake County, westerly along the north boundaries of Green Lake and Marquette Counties to State 22, southerly along State 22 to State 33, westerly along State 33 to Interstate Highway 39, southerly along Interstate Highway 39 to Interstate Highway 90/94, southerly along I–90/94 to State 60, easterly along State 60 to State 83, northerly along State 83 to State 175, northerly along State 175 to State 33, easterly along State 33 to U.S. Highway 45, northerly along U.S. 45 to the east shore of the Fond Du Lac River, northerly along the east shore of the Fond Du Lac River to Lake Winnebago, northerly along the western shoreline of Lake Winnebago to the Fox River, then westerly along the Fox River to State 21.

Collins Zone: That area encompassed by a line beginning at the intersection of Hilltop Road and Collins Marsh Road in Manitowoc County and extending westerly along Hilltop Road to Humpty Dumpty Road, southerly along Humpty Dumpty Road to Poplar Grove Road, easterly and southerly along Poplar Grove Road to County Highway JJ, southeasterly along County JJ to Collins Road, southerly along Collins Road to the Manitowoc River, southeasterly along the Manitowoc River to Quarry Road, northerly along Quarry Road to Einberger Road, northerly along Einberger Road to Moschel Road, westerly along Moschel Road to Collins Marsh Road, northerly along Collins Marsh Road to Hilltop Road.

Exterior Zone: That portion of the State not included in the Horicon or Collins Zones.

Mississippi River Subzone: That area encompassed by a line beginning at the intersection of the Burlington Northern & Santa Fe Railway and the Illinois border in Grant County and extending northerly along the Burlington Northern & Santa Fe Railway to the city limit of Prescott in Pierce County, then west along the Prescott city limit to the Minnesota border.

Rock Prairie Subzone: That area encompassed by a line beginning at the intersection of the Illinois border and Interstate Highway 90 and extending north along I–90 to County Highway A, east along County A to U.S. Highway 12, southeast along U.S. 12 to State Highway 50, west along State 50 to State 120, then south along 120 to the Illinois border.

Brown County Subzone: That area encompassed by a line beginning at the intersection of the Fox River with Green Bay in Brown County and extending southerly along the Fox River to State Highway 29, northwesterly along State 29 to the Brown County line, south, east, and north along the Brown County line to Green Bay, due west to the midpoint of the Green Bay Ship Channel, then southwesterly along the Green Bay Ship Channel to the Fox River.

Central Flyway

Colorado (Central Flyway Portion): Northern Front Range Area: All lands in Adams, Boulder, Clear Creek, Denver, Gilpin, Jefferson, Larimer, and Weld Counties west of I–25 from the Wyoming border south to I–70; west on I–70 to the Continental Divide; north along the Continental Divide to the Jackson-Larimer County Line to the Wyoming border.

South Park/San Luis Valley Area: Alamosa, Chaffee, Conejos, Costilla, Custer, Fremont, Lake, Park, Teller, and Rio Grande Counties and those portions of Hinsdale, Mineral, and Saguache Counties east of the Continental Divide.

North Park Area: Jackson County.

Arkansas Valley Area: Baca, Bent, Crowley, Kiowa, Otero, and Prowers Counties.

Pueblo County Area: Pueblo County.

Remainder: Remainder of the Central Flyway portion of Colorado.

Eastern Colorado Late Light Goose Area: that portion of the State east of Interstate Highway 25.

Kansas: Light Geese.

Unit 1: That portion of Kansas east of a line beginning at the intersection of the Nebraska border and KS 99, extending south along KS 99 to I–70 to U.S. 75, south on U.S. 75 to U.S. 54, west on U.S. 54 to KS 99, and then south on KS 99 to the Oklahoma border.

Unit 2: The remainder of Kansas, laying west of Unit 1.

Dark Geese:

Marais des Cygnes Valley Unit: The area is bounded by the Missouri border to KS 68, KS 68 to U.S. 169, U.S. 169 to KS 7, KS 7 to KS 31, KS 31 to U.S. 69, U.S. 69 to KS 239, KS 239 to the Missouri border.

Southeast Unit: That part of Kansas bounded by a line from the Kansas-Missouri State line west on US–160 to its junction with US–69, then north on US–69 to its junction with K–39, then west on K–39 to its junction with US–169, then south on US–169 to its junction with the Kansas-Oklahoma State line, then east on the Kansas-Oklahoma State line to its junction with the Kansas-Missouri State line, then north on the Kansas-Missouri State line to its junction with US–160, except Federal and State sanctuaries.

Montana (Central Flyway Portion): Sheridan County: Includes all of Sheridan County.

Remainder: Includes the remainder of the Central Flyway portion of Montana.

Nebraska: Dark Geese.

North Unit: Keya Paha County east of U.S. 183 and all of Boyd County, including the boundary waters of the Niobrara River, all of Knox County and that portion of Cedar County west of U.S. 81. Where the Niobrara river forms the boundary, both banks will be in the north Unit.

Platte River Unit: That area south and west of U.S. 281 at the Kansas/Nebraska border, north to Giltner Road (near Doniphan), east to NE 14, north to NE 91, west to U.S. 183, south to NE 92, west to NE 61, north to U.S. 2, west to the intersection of Garden, Grant, and Sheridan counties, then west along the northern border of Garden, Morrill, and Scotts Bluff counties to the Wyoming border.

Northcentral Unit: That area north of the Platte River Unit and west of U.S. 183.

East Unit: The remainder of Nebraska.

Light Geese:

Rainwater Basin Light Goose Area (West): The area bounded by the junction of U.S. 283 and U.S. 30 at Lexington, east on U.S. 30 to U.S. 281, south on U.S. 281 to NE 4, west on NE 4 to U.S. 34, continue west on U.S. 34 to U.S. 283, then north on U.S. 283 to the beginning.

Rainwater Basin Light Goose Area (East): The area bounded by the junction of U.S. 281 and US 30 at Grand Island, north and east on U.S. 30 to NE 92, east on NE 92 to NE 15, south on NE 15 to NE 4, west on NE 4 to U.S. 281, north on U.S. 281 to the beginning.

Remainder of State: The remainder portion of Nebraska.

New Mexico (Central Flyway Portion): Dark Geese.

Middle Rio Grande Valley Unit: Sierra, Socorro, and Valencia counties.

Remainder: The remainder of the Central Flyway portion of New Mexico.

South Dakota: Canada Geese.

Unit 1: Statewide except for Units 2, 3 and 4.

Big Stone Power Plant Area: That portion of Grant and Roberts Counties east of SD 15 and north of SD 20.

Unit 2: Brule, Buffalo, Campbell, Charles Mix, Dewey, Gregory, Hughes, Hyde, Lyman, Potter, Stanley, Sully, and Walworth Counties and that portion of Corson County east of South Dakota State Highway 65.

Unit 3: Clark, Codington, Day, Deuel, Grant, Hamlin, Marshall, and Roberts Counties.

Unit 4: Bennett County.

Texas: West Unit: That portion of the State laying west of a line from the international toll bridge at Laredo; north along I–35 and I–35W to Fort Worth; northwest along U.S. 81 and U.S. 287 to Bowie; and north along U.S. 81 to the Oklahoma border.

East Unit: Remainder of State.

Wyoming (Central Flyway Portion): Area 1: Hot Springs, Natrona, and Washakie Counties, and that portion of Park County south of T58N.

Area 2: Converse and Platte County.

Area 3: Albany, Big Horn, Campbell, Crook, Fremont, Johnson, Laramie, Niobrara, Sheridan, and Weston Counties and those portions of Carbon County east of the Continental Divide and Park County north of T58N.

Area 4: Goshen County.

Pacific Flyway

Arizona: GMU 1 and 27: Game Management Units 1 and 27.

GMU 22 and 23: Game Management Units 22 and 23.

Remainder of State: The remainder of Arizona.

California: Northeastern Zone: In that portion of California lying east and north of a line beginning at the intersection of the Klamath River with the California-Oregon line; south and west along the Klamath River to the mouth of Shovel Creek; along Shovel Creek to its intersection with Forest Service Road 46N05 at Burnt Camp; west to its junction with Forest Service Road 46N10; south and east to its Junction with County Road 7K007; south and west to its junction with Forest Service Road 45N22; south and west to its junction with Highway 97 and Grass Lake Summit; south along to its junction with Interstate 5 at the town of Weed; south to its junction with Highway 89; east and south along Highway 89 to main street Greenville; north and east to its junction with North Valley Road; south to its junction of Diamond Mountain Road; north and east to its junction with North Arm Road; south and west to the junction of North Valley Road; south to the junction with Arlington Road (A22); west to the junction of Highway 89; south and west to the junction of Highway 70; east on Highway 70 to Highway 395; south and east on Highway 395 to the point of intersection with the California-Nevada state line; north along the California-Nevada state line to the junction of the California-Nevada-Oregon state lines west along the California-Oregon line state to the point of origin

Colorado River Zone: Those portions of San Bernardino, Riverside, and Imperial Counties east of a line extending from the Nevada border south along U.S. 95 to Vidal Junction; south on a road known as ''Aqueduct Road'' in San Bernardino County through the town of Rice to the San Bernardino-Riverside County line; south on a road known in Riverside County as the ''Desert Center to Rice Road'' to the town of Desert Center; east 31 miles on I–10 to the Wiley Well Road; south on this road to Wiley Well; southeast along the Army-Milpitas Road to the Blythe, Brawley, Davis Lake intersections; south on the Blythe-Brawley paved road to the Ogilby and Tumco Mine Road; south on this road to U.S. 80; east seven miles on U.S. 80 to the Andrade-Algodones Road; south on this paved road to the Mexican border at Algodones, Mexico.

Southern Zone: That portion of southern California (but excluding the Colorado River Zone) south and east of a line extending from the Pacific Ocean east along the Santa Maria River to CA 166 near the City of Santa Maria; east on CA 166 to CA 99; south on CA 99 to the crest of the Tehachapi Mountains at Tejon Pass; east and north along the crest of the Tehachapi Mountains to CA 178 at Walker Pass; east on CA 178 to U.S. 395 at the town of Inyokern; south on U.S. 395 to CA 58; east on CA 58 to I–15; east on I–15 to CA 127; north on CA 127 to the Nevada border.

Balance-of-the-State Zone: The remainder of California not included in the Northeastern, Southern, and the Colorado River Zones.

Del Norte and Humboldt Area: The Counties of Del Norte and Humboldt.

Sacramento Valley Special Management Area (East): That area bounded by a line beginning at the junction of the Gridley-Colusa Highway and the Cherokee Canal; west on the Gridley-Colusa Highway to Gould Road; west on Gould Road and due west 0.75 miles directly to Highway 45; south on Highway 45 to Highway 20; east on Highway 20 to West Butte Road; north on West Butte Road to Pass Road; west on Pass Road to West Butte Road; north on West Butte Road to North Butte Road; west on North Butte Road and due west 0.5 miles directly to the Cherokee Canal; north on the Cherokee Canal to the point of beginning.

Sacramento Valley Special Management Area (West): That area bounded by a line beginning at Willows south on I–5 to Hahn Road; easterly on Hahn Road and the Grimes-Arbuckle Road to Grimes; northerly on CA 45 to the junction with CA 162; northerly on CA 45/162 to Glenn; and westerly on CA 162 to the point of beginning in Willows.

San Joaquin Valley Special Management Area: That area bounded by a line beginning at the intersection of Highway 5 and Highway 120; south on Highway 5 to Highway 33; southeast on Highway 33 to Crows Landing Road; north on Crows Landing Road to Highway 99; north on Highway 99 to Highway 120; west on Highway 120 to the point of beginning.

Western Canada Goose Hunt Area: That portion of the above described Sacramento Valley Area lying east of a line formed by Butte Creek from the Gridley-Colusa Highway south to the Cherokee Canal; easterly along the Cherokee Canal and North Butte Road to West Butte Road; southerly on West Butte Road to Pass Road; easterly on Pass Road to West Butte Road; southerly on West Butte Road to CA 20; and westerly along CA 20 to the Sacramento River.

Colorado (Pacific Flyway Portion): West Central Area: Archuleta, Delta, Dolores, Gunnison, LaPlata, Montezuma, Montrose, Ouray, San Juan, and San Miguel Counties and those portions of Hinsdale, Mineral, and Saguache Counties west of the Continental Divide.

State Area: The remainder of the Pacific-Flyway Portion of Colorado.

Idaho: Zone 1: Benewah, Bonner, Boundary, Clearwater, Idaho, Kootenai, Latah, Lewis, Nez Perce, and Shoshone Counties.

Zone 2: The Counties of Ada; Adams; Boise; Canyon; those portions of Elmore north and east of I–84, and south and west of I–84, west of ID 51, except the Camas Creek drainage; Gem; Owyhee west of ID 51; Payette; Valley; and Washington.

Zone 3: The Counties of Blaine; Camas; Cassia; those portions of Elmore south of I–84 east of ID 51, and within the Camas Creek drainage; Gooding; Jerome; Lincoln; Minidoka; Owyhee east of ID 51; Power within the Minidoka National Wildlife Refuge; and Twin Falls.

Zone 4: The Counties of Bear Lake; Bingham within the Blackfoot Reservoir drainage; Bonneville, Butte; Caribou except the Fort Hall Indian Reservation; Clark; Custer; Franklin; Fremont; Jefferson; Lemhi; Madison; Oneida; Power west of ID 37 and ID 39 except the Minidoka National Wildlife Refuge; and Teton.

Zone 5: All lands and waters within the Fort Hall Indian Reservation, including private inholdings; Bannock County; Bingham County, except that portion within the Blackfoot Reservoir drainage; and Power County east of ID 37 and ID 39.

In addition, goose frameworks are set by the following geographical areas:

Northern Unit: Benewah, Bonner, Boundary, Clearwater, Idaho, Kootenai, Latah, Lewis, Nez Perce, and Shoshone Counties.

Southwestern Unit: That area west of the line formed by U.S. 93 north from the Nevada border to Shoshone, northerly on ID 75 (formerly U.S. 93) to Challis, northerly on U.S. 93 to the Montana border (except the Northern Unit and except Custer and Lemhi Counties).

Southeastern Unit: That area east of the line formed by U.S. 93 north from the Nevada border to Shoshone, northerly on ID 75 (formerly U.S. 93) to Challis, northerly on U.S. 93 to the Montana border, including all of Custer and Lemhi Counties.

Montana (Pacific Flyway Portion):

East of the Divide Zone: The Pacific Flyway portion of the State located east of the Continental Divide.

West of the Divide Zone: The remainder of the Pacific Flyway portion of Montana.

Nevada: Lincoln Clark County Zone: All of Lincoln and Clark Counties.

Remainder-of-the-State Zone: The remainder of Nevada.

New Mexico (Pacific Flyway Portion): North Zone: The Pacific Flyway portion of New Mexico located north of I–40.

South Zone: The Pacific Flyway portion of New Mexico located south of I–40.

Oregon: Southwest Zone: Douglas, Coos, Curry, Josephine, and Jackson Counties.

Northwest Special Permit Zone: That portion of western Oregon west and north of a line running south from the Columbia River in Portland along I–5 to OR 22 at Salem; then east on OR 22 to the Stayton Cutoff; then south on the Stayton Cutoff to Stayton and due south to the Santiam River; then west along the north shore of the Santiam River to I–5; then south on I–5 to OR 126 at Eugene; then west on OR 126 to Greenhill Road; then south on Greenhill Road to Crow Road; then west on Crow Road to Territorial Hwy; then west on Territorial Hwy to OR 126; then west on OR 126 to OR 36; then north on OR 36 to Forest Road 5070 at Brickerville; then west and south on Forest Road 5070 to OR 126; then west on OR 126 to the Pacific Coast.

Northwest Zone: Those portions of Clackamas, Lane, Linn, Marion, Multnomah, and Washington Counties outside of the Northwest Special Permit Zone.

Closed Zone: Those portions of Coos and Curry Counties west of US 101 and all of Tilamook and Lincoln Counties.

Eastern Zone: Hood River, Wasco, Sherman, Gilliam, Morrow, Umatilla, Deschutes, Jefferson, Crook, Wheeler, Grant, Baker, Union, and Wallowa Counties.

Lake County Zone: All of Lake County.

Utah: Washington County Zone: All of Washington County.

Remainder-of-the-State Zone: The remainder of Utah.

Washington: Area 1: Skagit, Island, and Snohomish Counties.

Area 2A (SW Quota Zone): Clark County, except portions south of the Washougal River; Cowlitz, and Wahkiakum counties.

Area 2B (SW Quota Zone): Pacific and Grays Harbor counties.

Area 3: All areas west of the Pacific Crest Trail and west of the Big White Salmon River which are not included in Areas 1, 2A and 2B.

Area 4: Adams, Benton, Chelan, Douglas, Franklin, Grant, Kittitas, Lincoln, Okanogan, Spokane, and Walla Walla Counties.

Area 5: All areas east of the Pacific Crest Trail and east of the Big White Salmon River which are not included in Area 4.

Wyoming (Pacific Flyway Portion): See State Regulations.

Bear River Area: That portion of Lincoln County described in State regulations.

Salt River Area: That portion of Lincoln County described in State regulations.

Eden-Farson Area: Those portions of Sweetwater and Sublette Counties described in State regulations.

Swans

Central Flyway

South Dakota: Aurora, Beadle, Brookings, Brown, Brule, Buffalo, Campbell, Clark, Codington, Davison, Deuel, Day, Edmunds, Faulk, Grant, Hamlin, Hand, Hanson, Hughes, Hyde, Jerauld, Kingsbury, Lake, Marshall, McCook, McPherson, Miner, Minnehaha, Moody, Potter, Roberts, Sanborn, Spink, Sully, and Walworth Counties.

Pacific Flyway

Montana: (Pacific Flyway Portion).

Open Area: Cascade, Chouteau, Hill, Liberty, and Toole Counties and those portions of Pondera and Teton Counties lying east of U.S. 287–89.

Nevada: Open Area: Churchill, Lyon, and Pershing Counties.

Utah: Open Area: Those portions of Box Elder, Weber, Davis, Salt Lake, and Toole Counties lying west of I–15, north of I–80 and south of a line beginning from the Forest Street exit to the Bear River National Wildlife Refuge boundary, then north and west along the Bear River National Wildlife Refuge boundary to the farthest west boundary of the Refuge, then west along a line to Promontory Road, then north on Promontory Road to the intersection of SR 83, then north on SR 83 to I–84, then north and west on I–84 to State Hwy 30, then west on State Hwy 30 to the Nevada-Utah state line, then south on the Nevada-Utah state line to I–80.

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Part V

Environmental Protection Agency

Solicitation Notice; Environmental Education Grants Program; Fiscal Year 2002

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL–7042–7]

Solicitation Notice; Environmental Education Grants Program; Fiscal Year 2002

Contents

Section I—Overview and Deadlines
Section II—Eligible Applicants and Activities
Section III—Funding Priorities
Section IV—Requirements for Proposals and Matching Funds
Section V—Review and Selection Process
Section VI—Grantee Responsibilities
Section VII—Resource Information and Mailing List
Appendices—Federal Forms and Instructions

Section I. Overview and Deadlines

A. Purpose of Solicitation

This document solicits grant proposals from education institutions, environmental and educational public agencies, and not-for-profit organizations to support environmental education projects, as defined in this notice. This solicitation notice contains all the information and forms necessary to prepare a proposal. If your project is selected as a finalist after the evaluation process is concluded, EPA will provide you with additional Federal forms needed to process your proposal. These grants require non-federal matching funds for at least 25% of the total cost of the project.

The Environmental Education Grants Program provides financial support for projects which design, demonstrate, or disseminate environmental education practices, methods, or techniques, including assessing environmental and ecological conditions or specific environmental issues or problems. This program is authorized under section 6 of the National Environmental Education Act of 1990 (the Act) (Public Law 101–619).

B. Environmental Education Versus Environmental Information

Environmental Education: Increases public awareness and knowledge about environmental issues and provides the skills to make informed decisions and take responsible actions. It does not advocate a particular viewpoint or course of action. It teaches individuals how to weigh various sides of an issue through critical thinking and it enhances their own problem-solving skills.

Environmental Information: Proposals that simply disseminate ''information'' will not be funded. These would be projects that provide facts or opinions about environmental issues or problems, but may not enhance critical-thinking, problem solving or decisionmaking skills. Although information is an essential element of any educational effort, environmental information is not, by itself, environmental education.

C. Due Date and Grant Schedule

(1) *Due Date*—November 15, 2001. This is the postmark due date for an original proposal signed by an authorized representative plus one copy to be mailed to EPA. Proposals mailed or sent after this date will not be considered for funding.

(2) *Rejection Letters*—EPA Headquarters and 10 Regional Offices mail these letters at different times as determined by scheduling to accommodate review teams. Letters are usually sent between April and June.

(3) *Start Date for Projects*—July 1, 2002 is the earliest start date that applicants should plan on and enter on their application forms and timelines. Budget periods cannot exceed *one-year* for small grants of $10,000 or less. EPA prefers a one-year budget period for larger grants, but will accept a budget period of up to two-years, if the project timeline clarifies that more than 12 months is necessary for full implementation of the project.

D. Addresses for Mailing Proposals

Proposals requesting over $25,000 in *Federal* environmental education grant funds must be mailed to EPA Headquarters in Washington, DC; proposals requesting $25,000 or less must be mailed to the EPA Regional Office where the project takes place. The Headquarters address and the list of Regional Office mailing addresses by state is included at the end of this notice.

E. Funding Limits per Proposal

EPA anticipates funding of approximately $3 million for this annual grant cycle, subject to appropriations and the availability of funds. Each year, this program generates a great deal of public enthusiasm for developing environmental education projects. Consequently, EPA receives many more applications for these grants than can be supported with available funds. The competition for grants is intense, especially at Headquarters which usually receives about 250 proposals and is able to fund 10 to15 grants or about 5% of the applicants. The EPA Regional Offices receive fewer applications and on average fund over 30% each year.

Grants in excess of $150,000 are seldom awarded through this program. Although the Act sets a maximum limit of $250,000 in environmental education grant funds for any one project, because of limited funds, EPA prefers to award smaller grants to more recipients. In summary, you will significantly increase your chance of being funded if you request $5,000 or less from a Regional Office or $100,000 or less from Headquarters.

Section II. Eligible Applicants and Activities

F. Eligible Applicants

Any local education agency, state education or environmental agency, college or university, not-for-profit organization as described in section 501(C)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, or noncommercial educational broadcasting entity may submit a proposal.

''Tribal education agencies'' which may also apply include a school or community college which is controlled by an Indian tribe, band, or nation, which is recognized as eligible for special programs and services provided by the United States to Indians because of their status as Indians and which is not administered by the Bureau of Indian Affairs. Tribal organizations do not qualify unless they meet this criteria or the not-for-profit criteria listed above. The terms for eligibility are defined in section 3 of the Act and 40 CFR 47.105.

Applicant organizations must be located in the United States and the majority of the educational activities must take place in the United States, Canada and /or Mexico. A teacher's school district, an educator's nonprofit organization, or a faculty member's college or university may apply, but an individual teacher, educator, or faculty member *may not.*

G. Multiple or Repeat Proposals

An organization may submit more than one proposal if the proposals are for different projects. No organization will be awarded more than one grant for the same project during the same fiscal year. Applicants who received one of these grants in the past may submit a new proposal to expand a previously funded project or to fund an entirely different one. Each new proposal will be evaluated based upon the specific criteria set forth in this solicitation and in relation to the other proposals received in this fiscal year. Due to limited resources, EPA does not generally sustain projects beyond the initial grant period. This grant program is geared toward providing seed money to initiate new projects or to advance existing projects that are ''new'' in some way, such as reaching new audiences or

new locations. If you have received a grant from this program in the past, it is essential that you explain how your current proposal is new.

H. Restrictions on Curriculum Development

EPA strongly encourages applicants to demonstrate or disseminate existing environmental education materials (curricula, training materials, activity books, etc.) rather than designing new materials, because experts indicate that a significant amount of quality educational materials have already been developed and are under-utilized. EPA will consider funding new materials *only* where the applicant demonstrates that there is a need, e.g., that existing educational materials cannot be adapted well to a particular local environmental concern or audience, or existing materials are not otherwise accessible. The applicant must specify what steps they have taken to determine this need, e.g., you may cite a conference where this need was discussed, the results of inquiries made within your community or with various educational institutions, or a research paper or other published document. Further, EPA recommends the use of a publication entitled *Environmental Education Materials: Guidelines for Excellence* which was developed in part with EPA funding. These guidelines contain recommendations for developing and selecting quality environmental education materials. On our website ''www.epa.gov/enviroed/resources'' you may view these guidelines and find information about ordering copies.

I. Ineligible Activities

Environmental education funds cannot be used for:

(1) Technical training of environmental management professionals;

(2) Environmental ''information'' projects that have no educational component, as described in Section I (B);

(3) Lobbying or political activities, in accordance with OMB Circulars A–21, A–87 and A–122;

(4) Non-educational research and development; or

(5) Construction projects-EPA will not fund construction activities such as the acquisition of real property (e.g., buildings) or the construction or modification of any building. EPA may, however, fund activities such as creating a nature trail or building a bird watching station as long as these items are an integral part of the environmental education project, and the cost is a relatively small percentage of the total amount of federal funds requested.

Section III. Funding Priorities

J. Educational Priorities

All proposals must satisfy the definition of ''environmental education'' under Section I(B) and also address one of the following educational priorities. Headquarters will fund the proposals for larger grants (over $25,000 in Federal funds) that address any of the top three categories listed below; and regional offices will fund grants in any of seven categories listed below. The order of the list is random and does not indicate a ranking. Please read the definitions that are included in this section to prevent your application from being rejected for failure to correctly address a priority.

Headquarters Priorities (Federal Funds in Excess of $25,000)

(1) *Capacity Building:* Increasing capacity to develop and deliver coordinated environmental education programs across a state or across multiple states.

(2) *Education Reform:* Utilizing environmental education as a catalyst to advance state, local, or tribal education reform goals.

(3) *Community Issues:* Designing and implementing model projects to educate the public about environmental issues and/or health issues in their communities through community-based organizations or through print, film, broadcast, or other media.

Regional Office Priorities ($25,000 or Less in Federal Funds)

(1–3) *All of the Above.*

(4) *Health:* Educating teachers, students, parents, community leaders, or the public about human-health threats from environmental pollution, especially as it affects children, and how to minimize human exposure to preserve good health.

(5) *Teaching Skills:* Educating teachers, faculty, or nonformal educators about environmental issues to improve their environmental education teaching skills, e.g., through workshops.

(6) *Career Development:* Educating students in formal or nonformal settings about environmental issues to encourage environmental careers.

(7) *Environmental Justice:* Educating low-income or culturally-diverse audiences about environmental issues, thereby advancing environmental justice.

Definitions: The terms used above and in Section IV are defined as follows:

Capacity Building refers to developing effective leaders and organizations that design, implement, and link environmental education programs across a state or states to promote long-term sustainability of the programs. Effective efforts address both leadership and organizational needs, as well as coordination to decrease fragmentation of effort and duplication across programs. Coordination should involve all major education and environmental education providers (e.g. state education and natural resource agencies, tribal education agencies, schools and school districts, professional education associations, and nonprofit education and environmental education organizations). Examples of capacity building activities include identifying and assessing needs and setting priorities; identifying, evaluating and linking programs; developing and implementing strategic plans; identifying funding sources and resources; facilitating communication and networking; promoting sustained professional development; and sponsoring leadership seminars. For purposes of this definition, States and tribal lands are equivalent and thus capacity building can take place ''across'' either or both.

Note: Proposals must identify existing capacity building efforts, if any, and discuss how the proposed project will support these efforts.

Education Reform refers to state, local, or tribal efforts to improve student academic achievement. Where feasible, collaboration with private sector providers of technology and equipment is recommended. Education reform efforts often focus on changes in curriculum, instruction, assessment or how schools are organized. Curriculum and instructional changes may include inquiry and problem solving, real-world learning experiences, project-based learning, team building and group decision-making, and interdisciplinary study. Assessment changes may include developing content and performance standards and realigning curriculum and instruction to the new standards and new assessments. School site changes may include creating magnet schools or encouraging parental and community involvement.

Note: All proposals must identify existing educational improvement needs and goals and discuss how the proposed project will address these needs and goals.

Environmental issue is one of importance to the community, state, or region being targeted by the project, e.g., one community may have significant air pollution problems which makes teaching about human health effects from it and solutions to air pollution important, while rapid development in

another community may threaten a nearby wildlife habitat, thus making habitat or ecosystem protection a high priority issue.

Environmental Justice refers to the fair treatment of people of all races, cultures, and income with respect to the development, implementation and enforcement of environmental laws, regulations, and policies. Fair treatment means that no racial, ethnic, or socioeconomic group should bear a disproportionate share of the negative environmental consequences that might result from the operation of industrial, municipal, and commercial enterprises and from the execution of federal, state, local, and tribal programs and policies.

Partnerships refers to the forming of a collaborative working relationship between two or more organizations such as governmental agencies, not-for-profit organizations, educational institutions, and/or the private sector. It may also refer to intra-organizational unions such as the science and anthropology departments within a university collaborating on a project.

Wide application refers to a project that targets a large and diverse audience in terms of numbers or demographics; or that can serve as a model program elsewhere.

Section IV. Requirements for Proposals and Matching Funds

K. Contents of Proposal and Scoring

The proposal must contain two standard federal forms, a work plan with budget, and appendices, as described below. Please follow instructions and do not submit additional items. EPA will make copies of your proposal for use by grant reviewers. Unnecessary attachments and forms create a paperwork burden for the reviewers.

Federal Forms: Application for Federal Assistance (SF–424) and Budget Information (SF–424A): The SF–424 and SF–424A are required for all federal grants and must be submitted as part of your proposal. These two forms, along with instructions and examples, are included at the end of this notice. Only finalists will be asked to submit additional federal forms needed to process their proposal.

Work Plan and Appendices: A work plan describes your proposed project and your budget. Appendices establish your timeline, your qualifications, and any partnerships with other organizations. Include all five sections described below in the same numerical order in which they are listed. Each section will be evaluated and scored by reviewers. The highest possible score per proposal is 100 points as outlined below and in paragraph (N).

(1) *Project Summary:* Provide the following overview of your entire project in this format and on *one page only:*

(a) *Organization:* Describe: (1) your organization, and (2) list your key partners for this grant, if applicable. Partnerships are encouraged and considered to be a major factor in the success of projects.

(b) *Summary Statement:* Provide an overview of your project that explains the concept and your goals and objectives. This should be a very basic explanation in layman's terms to provide a reviewer with an understanding of the purpose and expected outcome of your educational project.

(c) *Educational Priority:* Identify which priority listed in section III you will address, such as education reform. Proposals may address several educational priorities, however, EPA cautions against losing focus on projects. Evaluation panels often select projects with a clearly defined purpose, rather than projects that attempt to address multiple priorities at the expense of a quality outcome.

(d) *Delivery Method:* Explain how you will reach your audience, such as workshops, conferences, field trips, interactive programs, etc.

(e) *Audience:* Describe the demographics of your target audience including the number and types you expect to reach, such as, teachers, students, specific grade levels, ethnic composition, members of the general public, etc.

(f) *Costs:* List the types of activities for which the EPA portion of grant funds will be spent.

The project summary will be scored on how well you provide an overview of your entire project using the format and topics stated above.

Summary-Maximum Score: 10 Points

(2) *Project Description:* Describe precisely what your project will achieve—why, how, when, with what, and who will benefit. Explain each aspect of your proposal in enough detail to answer a grant reviewer's questions. This section is intended to provide you with the flexibility to be creative and does not require any specific format for describing your project. However, you should address the following to ensure that grant reviewers can fully comprehend and score your project. Address each criteria in any sequence that best demonstrates the strengths of your project.

This subsection will be scored on how well you design and describe your project and how effectively your project meets the following criteria:

(a) *Why:* Explain the purpose of your project and how it will address an educational priority listed in Section III, such as education reform or children's health. Also identify your environmental issue, such as energy conservation, clean air, ecosystem protection, or cross-cutting topics. Explain the importance to your community, state, or region. Specify if the project has the potential for wide application, and/or can serve as a model for use in other locations with a similar audience.

(b) *Who:* Explain who will conduct the project; identify the target audience and demonstrate an understanding of the needs of that audience. *Important:* explain your recruitment plan to attract your target audience; and clarify any incentives used such as stipends or continuing education credits.

(c) *How:* Explain your strategy, objectives, activities, delivery methods, and outcomes to establish for reviewers that you have realistic goals and objectives and will use effective methods to achieve them. Clarify for the reviewers how you will complete all basic steps from beginning to end. Do not omit steps that lead up to or follow the actual delivery methods, e.g., if you plan to make a presentation about your project at a local or national conference, specify where.

(d) *With What:* Demonstrate that the project uses or produces quality educational products or methods that teach critical-thinking, problem-solving, and decision-making skills. (Please note restrictions on the development of curriculum and educational materials in Section H.)

Description-Maximum Score: 40 Points (10 Points for Each of (a) Through (d))

(3) *Project Evaluation:* Explain how you will ensure that you are meeting the goals and objectives of your project. Evaluation plans may be quantitative and/or qualitative and may include, for example, evaluation tools, observation, or outside consultation.

The project evaluation will be scored on how well your plan will: (a) Measure the project's effectiveness; and (b) apply evaluation data gathered during your project to strengthen it.

Evaluation-Maximum Score: 10 Points (5 Points Each for (a) and (b))

(4) *Budget:* Clarify how EPA funds and non-federal matching funds will be used for specific items or activities, such as personnel/salaries, fringe

benefits, travel, equipment, supplies, contract costs, and indirect costs. Include a table which lists each major proposed activity, and the amount of EPA funds and/or matching funds that will be spent on each activity. Smaller grants with uncomplicated budgets may have a table that lists only a few activities. Please Note the following funding restrictions:

—Indirect costs may be requested only if your organization has already prepared an indirect cost rate proposal and has it on file, subject to audit.

—Funds for salaries and fringe benefits may be requested *only* for those personnel who are directly involved in implementing the proposed project and whose salaries and fringe benefits are directly related to specific products or outcomes of the proposed project. EPA strongly encourages applicants to request reasonable amounts of funding for salaries and fringe benefits to ensure that your proposal is competitive.

—EPA will *not* fund the acquisition of real property (including buildings) or the construction or modification of any building.

Matching Funds Requirement: Non-federal matching funds of *at least* 25% of the *total cost* of the project are required, and EPA encourages additional matching funds where possible. The match may be provided by the applicant or a partner organization or institution, and may be provided in cash or by in-kind contributions and other non-cash support. In-kind contributions often include salaries or other verifiable costs and this value must be carefully documented. In the case of salaries, applicants may use either minimum wage or fair market value. If the match is provided by a partner organization, the applicant is still responsible for proper accountability and documentation. All grants are subject to Federal audit.

Important: The matching non-federal share is a percentage of the *entire cost* of the project. For example, if the 75% federal portion is $10,000, then the entire project should, at a minimum, have a budget of $13,333, with the recipient providing a contribution of $3,333. To assure that your match is sufficient, simply divide the Federally requested amount by three. Your match must be at least one-third of the requested amount to be sufficient. For a $5,000 EPA grant your match cannot be less than $1,667.

Other Federal Funds: You may use other Federal funds in addition to those provided by this program, but not for activities that EPA is funding. You may not use any federal funds to meet any part of the required 25% match described above, unless it is specifically authorized by statute. If you have already been awarded federal funds for a project for which you are seeking additional support from this program, you must indicate those funds in the budget section of the work plan. You must also identify the project officer, agency, office, address, phone number, and the amount of the federal funds.

This subsection will be scored on: (a) How well the budget information clearly and accurately shows how funds will be used; (b) whether the funding request is reasonable given the activities proposed; and (c) whether the funding provides a good return on the investment.

Budget—Maximum Score: 15 Points (5 Points for Each of (a) Through (c))

(5) *Appendices:*

(a) *Timeline*—Include a ''timeline'' to link your activities to a clear project schedule and indicate at what point over the months of your budget period each action, event, product development, etc. occurs.

(b) *Key Personnel*—Attach a one page resume for the key personnel conducting the project (Maximum of 3 resumes and 3 pages please).

(c) *Letters of Commitment*—If the applicant organization has partners, such as schools, state agencies, or other organizations, include one page letters of commitment from partners *explaining their role* in the proposed project. Do *not* include letters of endorsement or recommendation or have them mailed in later; they will *not* be considered in evaluating proposals.

Please do not submit other appendices or attachments such as video tapes or sample curricula. EPA may request such items if your proposal is among the finalists under consideration for funding.

This subsection will be scored based upon: (1) Whether the timeline clarifies the workplan and allows reviewers to determine that the project is well thought out and feasible as planned; (2) whether the key personnel are qualified to implement the proposed project; and (3) whether letters of commitment are included (if partners are used) and the extent to which a firm commitment is made to provide services, facilities, funding, etc.

Appendices—Maximum Score: 15 Points (5 Points Each (a) Through (c))

(6) *Bonus Points:* Reviewers have the flexibility to provide up to 10 bonus points for exceptional projects based on the following criteria. (a) A maximum of 5 bonus points for: addressing an educational priority or environmental issue well, strong partnerships, solid recruitment plan for teachers or other target audience, creative use of resources, innovation, or other strengths noted by the reviewers. (b) A maximum of 5 bonus points for a well explained and easily read proposal. Factors for points could include: clear and concise, well organized, no unnecessary jargon, or other strengths noted by the reviewers who evaluate and compare proposals.

Bonus Points-Maximum Score: 10 Points (5 Points Each for (a) and (b))

L. Page Limits

The Work Plan should not exceed 5 pages. ''One page'' refers to one side of a single-spaced typed page. The pages must be letter sized (8½ x 11 inches), with margins at least one-half inch wide and with normal type size (11 or 12 font), rather than extremely small type. This page limit applies to Parts 1, 2, and 3 of the Work Plan, (i.e., the Summary, Project Description, and Project Evaluation). Parts 4 and 5 (i.e. Detailed Budget, Timeline, and Appendices) are not included in these page limits.

M. Submission Requirements and Copies

The applicant must submit one original and *one* copy of the proposal (a signed SF–424, an SF–424A, a work plan, a detailed budget, and the appendices listed above). Do *not* include other attachments such as cover letters, tables of contents, additional federal forms or appendices other than those listed above. *Grant reviewers often lower scores on proposals for failure to follow instructions.* Your pages should be sorted as listed in section IV, with the SF–424 being the first page of your proposal and *signed* by a person authorized to receive funds. Blue ink for signatures is preferred. Proposals must be reproducible; they should not be bound. They should be stapled or clipped once in the upper left hand corner, on white paper, and with page numbers. Mailing addresses for submission of proposals are listed at the end of this document.

Forms: If you receive this solicitation electronically and if the standard federal forms for Application (SF–424) and Budget (SF–424A) cannot be printed by your equipment, you may locate them the following ways (but please read our instructions which have been modified for this grant program): the **Federal Register** in which this document is published contains the forms and is available to be copied at many public

libraries; or you may call or write the appropriate EPA office listed at the end of this document.

Section V. Review and Selection Process

N. Proposal Review

Proposals submitted to EPA headquarters and regional offices will be evaluated using the same criteria, as defined here and in section IV of this solicitation. Proposals will be reviewed in two phases—the screening phase and the evaluation phase. During the screening phase, proposals will be reviewed to determine if they meet the basic eligibility requirements. Only those proposals satisfying all of the basic requirements will enter the full evaluation phase of the review process. During the evaluation phase, proposals will be evaluated based upon the quality of their work plans. Reviewers conducting the screening and evaluation phases of the review process will include EPA officials and external environmental educators approved by EPA. At the conclusion of the evaluation phase, the reviewers will score work plans based upon the scoring system described in more detail in section IV. In summary, the maximum score of 100 points can be reached as follows:

(1) Project Summary—10 Points
(2) Project Description—40 Points
(3) Project Evaluation—10 Points
(4) Budget—15 Points
(5) Appendices—15 Points
(6) Bonus Points—10 Points (Only for outstanding proposals)

O. Final Selections

After individual projects are evaluated and scored by reviewers, as described under Section IV, EPA officials in the regions and at headquarters will select a diverse range of finalists from the highest ranking proposals. In making the final selections, EPA will take into account the following:

(1) Effectiveness of collaborative activities and partnerships, as needed to successfully develop or implement the project;

(2) Environmental and educational importance of the activity or product;

(3) Effectiveness of the delivery mechanism (i.e., workshop, conference, etc.);

(4) Cost effectiveness of the proposal; and

(5) Geographic distribution of projects.

P. Notification to Applicants

Applicants will receive a confirmation that EPA has received their proposal once EPA has received all proposals and entered them into a computerized database, usually within two months of receipt. EPA will contact finalists no later than early summer to request additional federal forms and other items as recommended by reviewers.

Section VI. Grantees Responsibilities

Q. Responsible Officials

The Act requires that projects be performed by the applicant or by a person satisfactory to the applicant and EPA. All proposals must identify any person other than the applicant who will assist in carrying out the project. These individuals are responsible for receiving the grant award agreement from EPA and ensuring that all grant conditions are satisfied. Recipients are responsible for the successful completion of the project.

R. Incurring Costs

Grant recipients may begin incurring costs on the start date identified in the EPA grant award agreement. Activities must be completed and funds spent within the time frames specified in that document.

S. Reports and Work Products

Specific financial and other reporting requirements will be identified in the EPA grant award agreement. Grant recipients must submit formal semi-annual progress reports, unless otherwise instructed in the award agreement. Also, two copies of a final report and two copies of all work products must be sent to the EPA project officer within 90 days after the expiration of the budget period. This submission will be accepted as the final requirement, unless the EPA project officer notifies you that changes must be made.

Section VII. Resource Information and Mailing List

T. Internet: www.epa.gov/enviroed

Resources: Please visit our website where you can view and download this solicitation notice, tips for developing successful grant applications, descriptions of projects funded under this program by state, and other education links and resource materials. The ''Excellence in EE'' series of publications listed there includes guidelines for: Developing and evaluating educational materials; the initial preparation of environmental educators; and using environmental education in grades K–12 to support state and local education reform goals. In addition, a tutorial for grant applicants is available at: *www.epa.gov/seahome/grants/src/grant.htm.*

U. Other Funding

Please note that this is a very competitive grants program. Limited funding is available and many qualified grant applications will not be reached by EPA. If your project is not funded, you may wish to review other available grant programs in the *Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance,* which is available at *www.cfda.gov/* and in local libraries.

V. Regulatory References

The Environmental Education Grant Program Regulations, published in the **Federal Register** on March 9, 1992, provide additional information on EPA's administration of this program (57 FR 8390; Title 40 CFR, part 47 or 40 CFR part 47). Also, EPA's general assistance regulations at 40 CFR part 31 apply to state, local, and Indian tribal governments and 40 CFR part 30 applies to all other applicants such as nonprofit organizations.

W. Classification of Notice

Under 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A) as added by the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996, EPA submitted a report containing this rule and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the General Accounting Office prior to publication of this document in today's **Federal Register**. This document is not a ''major rule'' as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has approved the information collection requirements contained in this solicitation under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act, 44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq. and has assigned OMB control number 2030–0006.

X. Mailing List for Year 2003 Environmental Education Grants

EPA develops a new mailing list for this grant program each year, however, all applicants who respond to this Solicitation Notice will automatically be put on the new list that will be developed for the next grant cycle. If you fail to submit a proposal in response to this Solicitation Notice, but wish to be added to our future mailing list, please mail your request along with your name, organization, address, and phone number to: Environmental Education Grant Program (Year 2003), EPA Office of Environmental Education, (1704 A), 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20460.

Dated: August 13, 2001.

Tina Kreisher,

Associate Administrator, Office of Communications, Education, and Media Relations.

Mailing Addresses and Information

Applicants who need more information about this grant program or clarification about specific requirements in this Solicitation Notice, may contact the Environmental Education Office in Washington, DC for grant requests of more than $25,000 or their EPA regional office for grant requests of $25,000 or less.

U.S. EPA Headquarters—For Proposals Requesting More Than $25,000 From EPA

Mail proposals (regular mail) to: Environmental Education Grants, Office of Environmental Education (1704 A), 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20460.

Courier or hand-deliver to: Office of Environmental Education (AR 1426), 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20004.

Information: Diane Berger or Sheri Jojokian, (202) 260–8619.

U.S. EPA Regional Offices—For Proposals Requesting $25,000 or Less

Mail the proposal to the Regional Office where the project will take place, rather than where the applicant is located, if these locations are different.

EPA Region I—CT, ME, MA, NH, RI, VT

Mail proposals to: U.S. EPA, Region I, Enviro Education Grants (MGM), 1 Congress Street, Suite 1100, Boston, MA 02114.

Hand-deliver to: 10th Floor Mail Room, Boston, MA (M–F 8am–4pm).

Information: Kristen Conroy, (617) 918–1069.

EPA Region II—NJ, NY, PR, VI

Mail proposals to: Information: U.S. EPA, Region II, Enviro Education Grants, Grants and Contracts Management Branch, 290 Broadway, 27th Floor, New York, NY 10007–1866.

Information: Teresa Ippolito, (212) 637–3671.

EPA Region III—DC, DE, MD, PA, VA, WV

Mail proposals to: U.S. EPA, Region III, Enviro Education Grants, Grants Management Section (3PM70), 1650 Arch Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103–2029.

Information: Judi Braunston, (215) 814–5536.

EPA Region IV—AL, FL, GA, KY, MS, NC, SC, TN

Mail proposals to: U.S. EPA, Region IV, Enviro Education Grants, Office of Public Affairs, 61 Forsyth Street, S.W., Atlanta, GA 30303.

Information: Benjamin Blair, (404) 562–8321.

EPA Region V—IL, IN, MI, MN, OH, WI

Mail proposals to: U.S. EPA, Region V, Enviro Education Grants, Grants Management Section (MC–10J), 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, IL 60604.

Information: Megan Gavin, (312) 353–5282.

Region VI—AR, LA, NM, OK, TX

Mail proposals to: U.S. EPA, Region VI, Enviro Education Grants (6XA), 1445 Ross Avenue, Dallas, TX 75202.

Information: Jo Taylor, (214) 665–2204.

Region VII—IA, KS, MO, NE

Mail proposal to: U.S. EPA, Region VII, Enviro Education Grants, Office of External Programs, 901 N. 5th Street, Kansas City, KS 66101.

Information: Denise Morrison, (913) 551–7402.

Region VIII—CO, MT, ND, SD, UT, WY

Mail proposals to: U.S. EPA, Region VIII, Enviro Education Grants, 999 18th Street (80C), Denver, CO 80202–2466.

Information: Cece Forget, (303) 312–6605.

Region IX—AZ, CA, HI, NV, American Samoa, Guam, Northern Marianas

Mail proposals to: U.S. EPA, Region IX, Enviro Education Grants, Commun. & Gov't Relations (CGR–3), 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA 94105.

Information: Stacey Benfer, (415) 744–1161.

Region X—AK, ID, OR, WA

Mail proposals to: U.S. EPA, Region X, Enviro Education Grants, Public Environmental Resource Center, 1200 Sixth Avenue (EXA–124), Seattle, WA 98101.

Information: Sally Hanft, (800) 424–4372, (206) 553–1207.

Instructions for the SF 424—Application

This is a standard Federal form to be used by applicants as a required face sheet for the Environmental Education Grants Program. These instructions have been modified for this program only and do not apply to any other Federal program.

1. Check the box marked ''Non-Construction'' under ''Application.''

2. Date application submitted to EPA and applicant's control number (if applicable).

3. State use only (if applicable).

4. If you are currently funded for a related project, enter present Federal identifier number. If not, leave blank.

5. Legal name of applicant organization, name of primary organizational unit which will undertake the grant activity, complete address of the applicant organization, and name, telephone, and FAX number of the person to contact on matters related to this application.

6. Enter Employer Identification Number (EIN) as assigned by the Internal Revenue Service. You can obtain this number from your payroll office. It is the same Federal Identification Number which appears on W–2 forms. If your organization does not have a number, you may obtain one by calling the Taxpayer Services number for the IRS.

7. Enter the appropriate letter in the space provided.

8. Check the box marked ''new'' since all proposals must be for new projects.

9. Enter U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

10. Enter 66.951 Environmental Education Grants Program.

11. Enter a brief descriptive title of the project.

12. List only the largest areas affected by the project (e.g., State, counties, cities).

13. Self-explanatory (see Section I(C) in Solicitation Notice).

14. In (a) list the Congressional District where the applicant organization is located; and in (b) any District(s) affected by the program or project. If your project covers many areas, several congressional districts will be listed. If it covers the entire state, simply put in STATEWIDE. If you are not sure about the congressional district, call the County Voter Registration Department.

15. Amount requested or to be contributed during the funding/budget period by each contributor. Line (a) is for the amount of money you are requesting from EPA. Lines (b–e) are for the amounts either you or another organization are providing for this project. Line (f) is for any program income which you expect will be generated by this project. Examples of program income are fees for services performed, income generated from the sale of a brochure produced with the grant funds, or admission fees to a conference financed by the grant funds. The total of lines (b–e) must be at least 25% of line (g), as this grant has a match requirement of 25% of the Total

Allowable Project Costs. Value of in-kind contributions should be included on appropriate lines as applicable. If both basic and supplemental amounts are included, show breakdown on an attached Budget sheet. For multiple program funding, use totals and show breakdown using same categories as item 15.

16. Check (b) (NO) since your application does not have to be sent through the state clearinghouse for review.

17. This question applies to the applicant organization, not the person who signs as the authorized representative. Categories of debt include delinquent audit disallowances, loans and taxes.

18. The authorized representative is the person who is able to contract or obligate your agency to the terms and conditions of the grant. (Please sign with blue ink.) A copy of the governing body's authorization for you to sign this application as official representative must be on file in the applicant's office.

Instructions for the SF–424A—Budget

This is a standard Federal form used by applicants as a basic budget. These instructions *have* been modified for this grant program only and do not apply to any other Federal Program. Do NOT fill in Section A—Budget Summary.

Complete Section B—Budget Categories—Columns (1), (2) and (5).

For each major program, function or activity, fill in the total requirements for funds by object class categories. Please round figures to the nearest dollar.

All applications should contain a breakdown by the relevant object class categories shown in Lines (a–h): columns (1), (2), and (5) of Section B. Include Federal funds in column (1) and non-Federal (matching) funds in column (2), and put the totals in column (5).

Many applications will not have entries in all object class categories.

Line 6(i)—Show the totals of lines 6(a) through 6(h) in each column.

Line 6(j)—Show the amount of indirect costs, but ONLY if your organization has already prepared an ''indirect cost rate'' proposal and has it on file, subject to audit.

Line 6(k)—Enter the total of amounts of Lines 6(i) and 6(j).

Line 7—Program Income—Enter the estimated amount of income, if any, expected to be generated from this project. Do not add or subtract this amount from the total project amount. Describe the nature and source of income in the detailed budget description.

Detailed Itemization of Costs: The proposal must also contain a detailed budget description as specified in the Notice in Section IV, (K)(4), and should conform to the following:

Personnel: List all participants in the project by position title. Give the percentage of the budget period for which they will be fully employed on the project (e.g., half-time for half the budget period equals 25%, full-time for half the budget period equals 50%, etc.). Give the annual salary and the total cost over the budget period for all personnel listed.

Travel: If travel is budgeted, show destination and purpose of travel as well as costs.

Equipment: Identify all equipment to be purchased and for what purpose it will be used.

Supplies: If the supply budget is less than 2% of total costs, you do not need to itemize.

Contractual: Specify the nature and cost of such services. EPA may require review of contracts for personal services prior to their execution to assure that all costs are reasonable and necessary to the project.

Construction: Not allowable for this program.

Other: Specify all other costs under this category.

Indirect Costs: Provide an explanation of how indirect charges were calculated for this project.

BILLING CODE 6560–50–U

APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL ASSISTANCE

OMB Approval No. 0348-0043

EXAMPLE

2. DATE SUBMITTED	Applicant Identifier
11/12/01	
3. DATE RECEIVED BY STATE	State Application Identifier
4. DATE RECEIVED BY FEDERAL AGENCY	Federal Identifier

1. TYPE OF SUBMISSION:
Application: ☐ Construction ☒ Non-Construction
Preapplication: ☐ Construction ☐ Non-Construction

5. APPLICANT INFORMATION

Legal Name: Wythe County School System

Organizational Unit: Office of Teacher Training

Address (give city, county, state, and zip code): 219 Main Street, Wytheville, VA 12345

Name and telephone number of the person to be contacted on matters involving this application (give area code): Janet Jones (TEL) (540) 223-4567 (FAX) (540) 223-7890

6. EMPLOYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (EIN): 12-3456789

7. TYPE OF APPLICANT: (enter appropriate letter in box) B
A. State; B. County; C. Municipal; D. Township; E. Interstate; F. Intermunicipal; G. Special District; H. Independent School Dist.; I. State Controlled Institution of Higher Learning; J. Private University; K. Indian Tribe; L. Individual; M. Profit Organization; N. Non-Profit; O. Other (Specify)

8. TYPE OF APPLICATION:
☒ New ☐ Continuation ☐ Revision
If Revision, enter appropriate letter(s) in box(es): ☐ ☐
A. Increase Award B. Decrease Award C. Increase Duration
D. Decrease Duration Other (specify):

9. NAME OF FEDERAL AGENCY: U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

10. CATALOG OF FEDERAL DOMESTIC ASSISTANCE NUMBER: 66.951
TITLE: ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION GRANT

11. DESCRIPTIVE TITLE OF APPLICANT'S PROJECT: "Eco-Blue" Teacher Training re: Ecosystems in the Blue Ridge Mountains

12. AREAS AFFECTED BY PROJECT (cities, counties, states, etc.): 3 Counties: Wythe, Smith, Green

13. PROPOSED PROJECT:

Start Date	Ending Date
07/01/02	06/30/03

14. CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS OF:

a. Applicant	b. Project
02	02, 04, 12

15. ESTIMATED FUNDING:

a. Federal	$ 10,000	.00
b. Applicant	$ 3,000	.00
c. State	$	.00
d. Local	$	.00
e. Other	$ 334	.00
f. Program Income	$	.00
g. TOTAL	$ 13,334	.00

16. IS APPLICATION SUBJECT TO REVIEW BY STATE EXECUTIVE ORDER 12372 PROCESS?
a. YES. THIS PREAPPLICATION/APPLICATION WAS MADE AVAILABLE TO THE STATE EXECUTIVE ORDER 12372 PROCESS FOR REVIEW ON
DATE _____
b. NO. ☒ PROGRAM IS NOT COVERED BY E.O. 12372
☐ OR PROGRAM HAS NOT BEEN SELECTED BY STATE FOR REVIEW

17. IS THE APPLICANT DELINQUENT ON ANY FEDERAL DEBT?
☐ Yes If "Yes," attach an explanation. ☐ No

18. TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF, ALL DATA IN THIS APPLICATION/PREAPPLICATION ARE TRUE AND CORRECT, THE DOCUMENT HAS BEEN DULY AUTHORIZED BY THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE APPLICANT AND THE APPLICANT WILL COMPLY WITH THE ATTACHED ASSURANCES IF THE ASSISTANCE IS AWARDED

a. Typed Name of Authorized Representative	b. Title	c. Telephone number
John Smith	Superintendent of Schools	(540) 223-4231

d. Signature of Authorized Representative: John Smith
e. Date Signed: 11/12/01

Previous Editions Not Usable

Standard Form 424 REV 1-88
Prescribed by OMB Circular A-102

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OMB Approval No. 0348-0044

BUDGET INFORMATION — Non-Construction Programs

Section A — BUDGET SUMMARY

Grant Program Function or Activity (a)	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number (b)	Estimated Unobligated Funds		New or Revised Budget		
		Federal (c)	Non-Federal (d)	Federal (e)	Non-Federal (f)	Total (g)
1.		$	$	$	$	$
2.						
3.						
4.						
5. Totals		$	$	$	$	$

EXAMPLE

SECTION B — BUDGET CATEGORIES

6. Object Class Categories	GRANT PROGRAM, FUNCTION OR ACTIVITY				Total (5)
	(1) Federal Funds	(2) Non-Federal Match	(3)	(4)	
a. Personnel	$ 4,200	$ 1,600	$	$	$ 5,800
b. Fringe Benefits	400	200			600
c. Travel	500	200			700
d. Equipment					
e. Supplies	2,300	1,000			3,300
f. Contractual	1,200				1,200
g. Construction	XXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXX			XXXXXXXXXXX
h. Other	1,400	334			1,734
i. Total Direct Charges (sum of 6a - 6h)	10,000	3,334			13,334
j. Indirect Charges					
k. TOTALS (sum of 6i and 6j)	$ 10,000	$ 3,334	$	$	$ 13,334
7. Program Income	$	$	$	$	$

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Prescribed by OMB Circular A-102

OMB Approval No. 0348-0043

APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL ASSISTANCE

1. TYPE OF SUBMISSION: Application ☐ Construction ☒ Non-Construction; Preapplication ☐ Construction ☐ Non-Construction	2. DATE SUBMITTED	Applicant Identifier
	3. DATE RECEIVED BY STATE	State Application Identifier
	4. DATE RECEIVED BY FEDERAL AGENCY	Federal Identifier

5. APPLICANT INFORMATION

Legal Name:	Organizational Unit:
Address *(give city, county, state, and zip code)*:	Name and telephone number of the person to be contacted on matters involving this application *(give area code)*

6. EMPLOYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (EIN): ☐☐ – ☐☐☐☐☐☐☐

7. TYPE OF APPLICANT: *(enter appropriate letter in box)* ☐

A. State
B. County
C. Municipal
D. Township
E. Interstate
F. Intermunicipal
G. Special District
H. Independent School Dist.
I. State Controlled Institution of Higher Learning
J. Private University
K. Indian Tribe
L. Individual
M. Profit Organization
N. Non-Profit
O. Other (Specify)

8. TYPE OF APPLICATION:

☒ New ☐ Continuation ☐ Revision

If Revision, enter appropriate letter(s) in box(es): ☐ ☐

A. Increase Award B. Decrease Award C. Increase Duration
D. Decrease Duration Other *(specify)*:

9. NAME OF FEDERAL AGENCY:
U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

10. CATALOG OF FEDERAL DOMESTIC ASSISTANCE NUMBER: 66.951

TITLE: ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION GRANT

11. DESCRIPTIVE TITLE OF APPLICANT'S PROJECT:

12. AREAS AFFECTED BY PROJECT *(cities, counties, states, etc.)*:

13. PROPOSED PROJECT: Start Date	Ending Date	14. CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS OF: a. Applicant	b. Project

15. ESTIMATED FUNDING:	
a. Federal	$ .00
b. Applicant	$ .00
c. State	$ .00
d. Local	$ .00
e. Other	$ .00
f. Program Income	$ .00
g. TOTAL	$ .00

16. IS APPLICATION SUBJECT TO REVIEW BY STATE EXECUTIVE ORDER 12372 PROCESS?

a. YES. THIS PREAPPLICATION/APPLICATION WAS MADE AVAILABLE TO THE STATE EXECUTIVE ORDER 12372 PROCESS FOR REVIEW ON:

DATE _____

b. NO. ☒ PROGRAM IS NOT COVERED BY E.O. 12372

☐ OR PROGRAM HAS NOT BEEN SELECTED BY STATE FOR REVIEW

17. IS THE APPLICANT DELINQUENT ON ANY FEDERAL DEBT?

☐ Yes If "Yes," attach an explanation. ☐ No

18. TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF, ALL DATA IN THIS APPLICATION/PREAPPLICATION ARE TRUE AND CORRECT, THE DOCUMENT HAS BEEN DULY AUTHORIZED BY THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE APPLICANT AND THE APPLICANT WILL COMPLY WITH THE ATTACHED ASSURANCES IF THE ASSISTANCE IS AWARDED

a. Typed Name of Authorized Representative	b. Title	c. Telephone number
d. Signature of Authorized Representative		e. Date Signed

Previous Editions Not Usable

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OMB Approval No. 0348-0044

BUDGET INFORMATION — Non-Construction Programs

Grant Program Function or Activity (a)	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number (b)	Estimated Unobligated Funds		New or Revised Budget	
		Federal (c)	Non-Federal (d)	Federal (e)	Non-Federal (f)
1		$	$	$	$
2					
3					
4					
5 Totals		$	$	$	$

SECTION B — BUDGET CATEGORIES

6. Object Class Categories	GRANT PROGRAM, FUNCTION OR ACTIVITY				Total (5)
	(1) Federal Funds	(2) Non-Federal Match	(3)	(4)	
a. Personnel	$	$			$
b. Fringe Benefits					
c. Travel					
d. Equipment					
e. Supplies					
f. Contractual					
g. Construction	XXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXX			XXXXXXXXXX
h. Other					
i. Total Direct Charges (sum of 6a - 6h)					
j. Indirect Charges					
k. TOTALS (sum of 6i and 6j)	$	$			$
7. Program Income	$	$			$

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BILLING CODE 6560–50–C

Federal Register

Tuesday,
August 28, 2001

Part VI

Department of Transportation

Federal Transit Administration

49 CFR Part 624
Clean Fuels Formula Grant Program; Proposed Rule

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Transit Administration

49 CFR Part 624

[Docket No. FTA–2001–9877]

RIN 2132–AA64

Clean Fuels Formula Grant Program

AGENCY: Federal Transit Administration (FTA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: On June 9, 1998, the Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century (TEA–21) was enacted requiring the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) to establish a new grant program entitled the Clean Fuels Formula Grant Program. This proposed rule establishes the procedures potential recipients must use to apply for this new program.

The FY 1999, FY 2000, and FY 2001 appropriations bills did not make funding available for this program. FTA is publishing this proposed rulemaking in anticipation that funds may be available in FY 2002 or future Federal fiscal years.

DATES: Comment on this proposed rule must be received by October 12, 2001.

ADDRESS: Written comments must refer to the docket number that appears above and be submitted to the United States Department of Transportation; Central Dockets Office, PL–401; 400 Seventh Street, SW., Washington, DC 20590. All comments received will be available for inspection at the above address from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m., E.T. Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. Those desiring the agency to acknowledge receipt of their comments should include a self-addressed, stamped postcard with their comments. The Docket Clerk will date-stamp the post card and mail it back to the commenter.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For program issues: Nancy Grubb, Office of Resource Management and State Programs, (202) 366–2053; for program evaluation issues, Abbe Marner, Office of Planning, (202)366–4317; and Christina Gikakis, Office of Research, Demonstration, and Innovation, FTA, (202) 366–2637. For legal issues: Scheryl Portee, Office of Chief Counsel, FTA, (202) 366–1936 (telephone) or (202) 366–3809 (fax). Electronic access to this and other rules may be obtained through the FTA World Wide Web home page at *http://www.fta.dot.gov/library/legal/frootoc.htm.* Comments may be reviewed via the internet at *http://dms.dot.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Electronic Access

Electronic access to this and other documents is available through FTA's home page on the World Wide Web, at *http://www.fta.dot.gov.*

The comment period for this rulemaking is 45 days. A shorter comment period is needed because this program may be funded in FY 2002. FTA believes that this period will allow all interested parties enough time to file their comments; however, late filed comments will be considered to the extent practicable.

Internet users can access all comments received by the U.S. DOT Dockets, Room PL–401, via the Docket Management System (DMS) on the DOT home page, at *http://dms.dot.gov.* The DMS is available 24 hours each day, 365 days each year. Please follow the instructions online for more information and help.

An electronic copy of this document may be downloaded using a modem and suitable communications software from the Government Printing Office Electronic Bulletin Board Service at (202) 512–1661. Internet users may reach the **Federal Register**'s home page, at *http://www.nara.gov/fedreg,* and the GPO database, at *http://www.access.gpo.gov/nara.*

Table of Contents

I. Background
II. Government Performance and Results Act of 1993
III. Today's Proposed Rule
IV. Section-by-Section Analysis
V. Request for comments on Particular Issue
VI. Regulatory Process Matters

I. Background

The Clean Fuels Formula Grant Program is a new transit grant program contained in section 3008 of the Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century (TEA–21) as amended, Pub. L. 105–178, (codified at 49 U.S.C. 5308). This program has a two-fold purpose. First, the program is intended to assist nonattainment and maintenance areas in achieving or maintaining air quality attainment status. Second, the program seeks to support emerging clean fuel and advanced propulsion technologies for transit buses and to create markets for these technologies. As the legislation establishes the basic parameters of the program, the focus of this rulemaking is application procedures. While the program is a formula program, the amount of funds available to individual grantees cannot be calculated in advance of the receipt of applications. The formula is applied to the universe of eligible applications subsequent to receiving and screening all applications in each Federal fiscal year.

The formula provides two-thirds of the funds to urban areas over one million in population and one-third of the funds to urban areas less than one million in population. The specifics of the formula are explained later in this notice. In addition, TEA–21 provides weighting factors based on the severity of nonattainment for ozone and carbon monoxide (CO). These weighting factors are also explained later in the text. TEA–21 provides authorization levels of up to $200,000,000 per year and guaranteed levels at $100,000,000 per year, but actual amounts available are subject to annual appropriations. FTA will make the annual funding level for this program available in the annual **Federal Register** notice that announces each fiscal year's appropriations and allocations. However, in DOT's FYs 1999, 2000, and 2001 no funds were made available to the program. Rather, Congress, in the FYs 1999, 2000, and 2001 appropriations acts, directed that the funds made available for the Clean Fuels Formula Grant Program under ''Formula Grants'' be transferred and merged with funds made available for the replacement, rehabilitation, and purchase of buses and related equipment and the construction of bus-related facilities under ''FTA Capital Investment Grants.'' In addition, Congress mandated that the funding available for this program pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 5309(m)(3)(C) did not apply to funds made available in the DOT's FY 2001 Appropriation Act, Public Law 106–346. See The Military Construction Appropriations Act, 2001, section 1108, Public Law 106–554.

Section 5308 of title 49, U.S.C., defines eligibility and provides both minimum and maximum percentages of funds for certain clean fuel technologies. All of these provisions are described in this proposed rulemaking.

With respect to the second purpose of promoting new clean fuel technologies for transit buses, section 3015(d) of TEA–21 also authorized a new Joint Partnership Program for Deployment of Innovation (JPP), which was announced in a separate **Federal Register** notice on October 2, 1998. Projects determined eligible for funding under the Clean Fuels Formula Grant Program, meeting the requirements of section 3015(d) and FTA's JPP guidelines, may also be considered for inclusion under that program.

With respect to the weighting factors for severity of nonattainment, it appears that Congressional intent was to use the same weighting that had been developed for the Congestion Mitigation

and Air Quality Improvement (CMAQ) Program under the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act (ISTEA). However, it appears that errors were made in section 5308 regarding the carbon monoxide (CO) nonattainment classification terms. To properly apply the weighting factors for ''severity of nonattainment,'' FTA is making certain interpretations concerning the statutory language in section 5308(d)(2). The statute uses the nonattainment classification terms ''marginal,'' ''moderate,'' ''serious,'' ''severe,'' and ''extreme'' for both ozone and carbon monoxide. However, the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 only use the terms ''moderate'' and ''serious'' to classify CO nonattainment areas. Thus, FTA will use those two classifications for CO and disregard the other CO classifications and associated weighting factors.

The CMAQ weighting factors for ozone and CO nonattainment areas are laid out in 23 U.S.C. 104(b). Both ozone and CO areas are also given weighting factors in 49 U.S.C. 5308(d)(2)(A). Section 5308(d)(2)(B) provides additional weighting to CO areas. FTA believes that the drafters of this legislation did not intend double weighting for CO nonattainment areas. Thus, FTA will use the higher of the weighting factors for ozone and CO in section 5308(d)(2)(A), and then apply the additional adjustment of 1.2 in areas classified as both nonattainment for CO and either nonattainment or maintenance for ozone as described in section 5308(d)(2)(B). Section 5308(d)(2)(A) indicates that the number of clean fuel vehicles will be a multiplier; however, FTA believes that the multiplier should be the number of buses in the bus fleet as laid out in section 5308(d)(1).

TEA–21 provides limitations on the use of funds and the maximum amount of grants. In general, the amount of a grant to a designated recipient for an eligible project shall not exceed the lesser of: (1) $15,000,000 in areas with a population under 1,000,000 or $25,000,000 in areas with a population of at least 1,000,000; or (2) 80 percent of the eligible project's total project cost. Additionally, at least five percent of the total program funding must be used for the purchase of hybrid electric or battery-powered buses or construction of facilities designed to service those buses. No more than 35 percent of the amount made available each fiscal year may be available to fund clean diesel buses. No more than five percent of the amount made available each fiscal year may be available to fund retrofitting or replacement of the engines of buses that do not meet the clean air standards of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

TEA–21 requires that FTA issue a rule describing the application procedures it proposes to use to implement this new grant program. The purpose of this rulemaking is to comply with that requirement.

II. Government Performance and Results Act of 1993

The Government Performance and Results Act (GPRA) was enacted in 1993 to provide the establishment of strategic planning and performance measurement in the Federal Government. It is primarily intended to improve Federal program effectiveness and public accountability by promoting a new focus on results, service quality, and customer satisfaction.

In order to carry out its statutory program responsibilities under GPRA, FTA intends to evaluate the effectiveness of the Clean Fuels Formula Grant Program in meeting its objectives to reduce transit bus emissions and support emerging markets for clean fuel technologies. A comprehensive and accurate evaluation of the program's effectiveness to reduce transit bus emissions would require actual in-use emissions data of the clean fuel buses. However, due to lack of funding for this activity, FTA will not be able to conduct emissions tests on individual vehicles to obtain such information. One possible approach to assess the program's effectiveness in reducing transit bus emissions would be to report the number and type of buses purchased with Clean Fuels Formula Program funds, and estimate the reduction in emissions based on representative emissions from similar vehicles, recognizing this data may differ from actual in-use emission data. Information on the number of buses, type of vehicles purchased, including type of propulsion systems, and whether the vehicles are for service expansion or replacement, must be entered into FTA's electronic grant management system, *i.e.,* TEAM. FTA believes assumptions about the emissions of the vehicles being replaced will have to be made. Other approaches may be applicable. FTA is interested in receiving comments on possible evaluation strategies.

FTA is proposing to measure the impact on supporting new and emerging markets for advanced propulsion technologies by reporting the number and type of advanced propulsion vehicles purchased with Clean Fuel Formula Program funds and reporting on new infrastructure funded with the Clean Fuels Formula Program funds.

Information on the number of advanced propulsion vehicles purchased with Clean Fuel Formula Program funds and the new infrastructure funded with the Clean Fuels Formula Program funds must be entered into TEAM.

III. Today's Proposed Rule

This rule describes the application process FTA proposes to use to implement the Clean Fuels Formula Grant Program. This rulemaking is required in section 5308(c)(1).

IV. Section-by-Section Analysis

A. Eligible Applicant. (§ 624.1)

An eligible applicant is a state or local governmental authority providing mass transportation service in either: (1) ozone and carbon monoxide nonattainment areas which have the specific classifications established by section 103 of the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments, Public Law 101–549 [amended 42 U.S.C. 7511–7511(f)], or (2) ozone and CO ''maintenance'' areas which, before they were redesignated to attainment by the EPA, had these same classifications. The nonattainment classifications for ozone are: ''marginal,'' ''moderate,'' ''serious,'' ''severe,'' and ''extreme.'' The nonattainment classifications for CO are: ''moderate'' and ''serious.'' It is clear that the program is limited to these nonattainment and maintenance areas from the way the classification terms are embedded in the program's apportionment formula as air quality weighting factors. These weighting factors are patterned after the factors used in the CMAQ Program in Title 23, U.S.C., before changes by TEA–21, and the sole purpose of that program is to assist areas in attaining and maintaining the National Ambient Air Quality Standards, principally for ozone and CO.

It should be noted that EPA uses some additional classification terms besides the ones listed above for certain other nonattainment areas. Some examples are: ''incomplete data'' for some ozone areas and ''not classified'' for some CO areas. These classification terms are not used in the Clean Fuels apportionment formula; therefore, areas with these classifications are not eligible for funding under this program. This is consistent with the Department of Transportation's approach with respect to the CMAQ Program.

EPA's lists of nonattainment and maintenance areas do not change much from year to year. Changes may involve reclassifications of existing nonattainment areas as well as

redesignations to attainment (*i.e.,* achieving maintenance area status). The changes occur throughout the year. The pre-application worksheet for this program requires potential recipients to report their current status as a nonattainment or a maintenance area for ozone and/or CO. FTA will use this information as a starting point but will rely on the most up-to-date information available from EPA regarding designations and classifications for use in the apportionment formula. In summary, only nonattainment or maintenance areas that have, or previously had, the classifications identified above are eligible for this program.

B. Eligible Activities (§ 624.3)

This section describes the eligible activities as contained in 49 U.S.C. 5308. FTA believes that Congress intended section 5308 to include vans in revenue service as well as buses. Other eligible activities include the purchase or lease of clean fuel buses and facilities, repowering or retrofitting buses to operate on clean fuels and the improvement of existing facilities to accommodate clean fuel buses. (The legislation defines clean fuel buses as those powered by compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas, biodiesel fuels, batteries, alcohol-based fuels, hybrid electric, fuel cell and clean diesel, and other low or zero emissions technology, and which the EPA has certified sufficiently reduce harmful emissions. Because liquefied petroleum gas (*i.e.,* propane) qualifies as a low or zero emission technology, FTA interprets section 5308 to include propane as an eligible fuel.)

C. Application Process (§ 624.5)

This section describes the application process for the Clean Fuels Formula Grant Program. The grant requirements for 49 U.S.C. 5309, the Capital Investment Grants and Loans Program (Capital Program) apply. These requirements are contained in FTA Circular 9300.1, which is available from the FTA regional offices and on the FTA home page (*http://www.fta.dot.gov*). The Federal share shall not exceed 80 percent for this program. While the procedures in the circular do not include a pre-application process, FTA will institute a pre-application process for this program. This pre-application will be considered an application for the purpose of determining the universe of eligible applicants to apply the formula and will provide the information necessary for FTA to calculate apportionment of the funds, based on the formula contained in the legislation.

1. Pre-Application

In order to accommodate the need to submit an application without knowing the amount of funds available to individual applicants, FTA intends to request the submission of pre-applications for this program in the **Federal Register** notice announcing annual apportionments and allocations when funding has been appropriated by Congress. The pre-application consists of a Letter of Interest and a Pre-application Worksheet as described below:

a. *Letter of Interest:* This letter should serve as the cover letter for the Pre-application Worksheet, expressing interest in submitting an application. It should describe the overall clean fuel technology program of the agency, including the technology selected; describe the necessary infrastructure to support the program; and the long-range objectives of the program including the eventual size of the clean fuel fleet. It should summarize the eligible activities for which the agency is applying and the amount of funds that the agency is seeking.

b. *Pre-application Worksheet.* This worksheet is contained in Appendix A to this Notice. The purpose of the worksheet is to provide all of the data necessary for FTA to calculate the apportionment. Instructions for completing the Pre-application Worksheet are included in Appendix A. Data needed to make the formula apportionment should be included in the pre-application worksheet. The data include the size of the bus fleet and the bus passenger miles of the applicant. Data from the National Transit Database (NTD) will be used to make the formula apportionment, and applicants that report to the NTD should provide this information in the pre-application worksheet. Due to the time required to collect and produce the NTD data, there is a lag time of two years. For example, fiscal year 2002 apportionments will be based on 2000 data. In order to provide for consistency of data, all applicants should use 2000 data for fiscal year 2002 program apportionments, even though they may report to the NTD. Applicants outside urbanized areas, who are not required to report to NTD, shall provide the same information based on their records for the current calendar year.

Pre-applications must be submitted to the FTA regional office no later than January 1 of each fiscal year. The regional office will review the pre-applications for eligibility and for completeness of information needed to apply the formula. The regional offices will provide the information from pre-applications to FTA headquarters. FTA headquarters will apply the formula and provide information to the regional offices on the amount of funds available to each applicant. The regional office will notify the applicant in writing as to the amount of funds available for the submission of the final application. The letter will also contain results of the eligibility review. If, for any reason, the whole application were found to be ineligible, the regional office would notify the applicant as soon as possible. If portions of the application were found ineligible, the letter providing information on the availability of funds would also contain this information. Once the applicant has been notified of the amount of funds available and advised of the eligibility of its application, it may proceed to complete and file the final application. The final application must be submitted electronically if the applicant is using FTA's electronic application process, *i.e.,* TEAM.

For urbanized areas, programming of the clean fuels projects in the Metropolitan Transportation Improvement Program (MTIP) and Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) may be completed following notification by the FTA regional office of the amount of funds available under the formula and results of the eligibility review.

D. Certification (§ 624.7)

This section discusses the certification called for in 49 U.S.C. 5308. Section 5308(c)(2) requires that there be a certification with each Clean Fuels Formula Program application, which states that vehicles purchased with a grant under this section will be operated by the grantee using only clean fuels. Rather than be included in the application, this certification will be contained in the annual FTA **Federal Register** notice of assurances and certifications. This is consistent with one-stop filing of all required certifications and assurances. Transit operators planning to apply for a Clean Fuels Formula grant should indicate compliance with this certification when submitting the annual certifications and assurances to FTA.

E. Formula (§ 624.9)

This section includes the formula as contained in 49 U.S.C. 5308. It appears that the congressional intent was to transfer the CMAQ statutory language into the new Clean Fuels Formula Program. However, it appears that errors were made in the Clean Fuels Formula language, as it is not completely

consistent with the provisions of the CMAQ program.

The CMAQ weighting factors for ozone nonattainment and CO areas are laid out in 23 U.S.C. 104(b). Both ozone and CO areas are also given weighting factors in 49 U.S.C. 5308(d)(2)(A). Section 5308(d)(2)(B) provides additional weighting to CO areas. FTA believes the drafters of this legislation did not intend the double weighting of CO nonattainment area. Thus, FTA will use the higher of the weighting factors for ozone and CO in section 5308(d)(2)(A), and then apply the additional adjustment of 1.2 in areas classified as both nonattainment for CO and either nonattainment or maintenance for ozone as described in section 5308(d)(2)(B).

F. Reporting (§ 624.11)

FTA supports the development and deployment of clean fuel and advanced propulsion technologies for transit buses. FTA is interested in collecting relevant information on the operations and performance of these clean fuel technology buses in revenue service to help assess the reliability, benefits, and costs of these technologies compared to conventional vehicle technologies. Accordingly, FTA intends to require Clean Fuels Formula grantees receiving funds for projects to purchase or lease buses powered by advanced propulsion technologies (*e.g.,* battery electric, hybrid electric, and fuel cell powered vehicles) to provide information to FTA on the operations, performance, and maintenance of those vehicles. Reporting would be required each quarter for the first three years of the useful life of the vehicle. Data on the operation of the vehicle past this period would be voluntary. Transit agencies acquiring alternative fuel buses (*e.g.,* compressed natural gas (CNG), liquefied natural gas (LNG), liquefied petroleum gas (LPG), etc.) under the Clean Fuels Formula Grant Program are encouraged to provide FTA similar information, on a voluntary basis. The information will be used to evaluate the operating costs of clean fuel and advanced propulsion technology vehicles compared to conventional vehicles, and provide more accurate information to transit agencies for future clean fuel and advanced propulsion vehicle purchases. Information such as vehicle miles traveled, fuel costs, vehicle fuel/energy consumption and oil consumption, road calls or breakdowns resulting from clean fuel and advanced propulsion technology systems, and maintenance costs associated with these systems will be collected from the transit agencies. It is FTA's belief that operators may collect such information as part of normal management practices. FTA encourages transit agencies acquiring buses under this grant program to establish a control set of comparable, conventional diesel buses to form the baseline for comparison with the clean fuel or advanced propulsion technology buses, and to collect and submit data to FTA for this control set of buses, on a voluntary basis. Upon award notification, grantees will be informed of the data collection requirements for the grant.

Appendix A: Pre-application Worksheet. The Pre-application Worksheet is included in this notice of proposed rulemaking.

V. Request for Comments on Particular Issues

The basic framework of this program is established by legislation. We specifically request comment on the implementation guidance, especially application requirements and possible evaluation approaches. This program is a formula program, but the amount of funds available for each applicant cannot be determined prior to receiving and reviewing application information from potential grantees. As a result, procedures different from FTA's other formula assistance programs are needed to accommodate this situation. Comments are solicited on FTA's proposed approach to structuring the application process, given that under this particular grant program, FTA cannot determine the funding amounts available to individual grantees until after the total number of eligible applicants is known and the specific funding ceilings (*e.g.,* 35 percent clean diesel) have been applied.

FTA is proposing that the 49 U.S.C. 5309, Capital Investment Grants and Loans Program requirements apply. These requirements are contained in FTA Circular 9300.1, which is available from the FTA regional offices. It is also available on the FTA Home Page (*www.fta.dot.gov*). In order to lessen the administrative burden on applicants, FTA is proposing a pre-application process. Pre-applications must be submitted by January 1 of each year.

These pre-applications will permit FTA to identify the pool of eligible applicants and apply the statutory funding formula. Once the amount of funds that could be available to each grantee is determined, the grantee may complete the programming process and submit its application to FTA. FTA will submit the completed application to the Department of Labor for the labor certification required by 49 U.S.C. 5333(b). Applications may be modified to reflect the limitation on uses. Since the pre-application will be a basis for the formula apportionment, any modifications to the application must be approved by FTA. Comments on the pre-application process are requested.

Since the amount of available funds cannot be determined at the time of the pre-application, FTA is proposing to require that the programming of Clean Fuels Formula funds in the MTIP and STIP be completed after February 1 when FTA apportions the funds. This would ensure that fiscal constraint is maintained and simplifies the paperwork and time required to accomplish the programming. Comment on this procedure is requested.

In addition, FTA is proposing to impose reporting requirements for those transit agencies acquiring advanced propulsion technology buses with Clean Fuels Formula Grant funds. (See § 624.11.) Information to be collected includes operations, performance and maintenance data on the vehicles to help assess the reliability, benefits, and costs of these technologies compared to conventional vehicle technologies. Under current FTA grant programs, such reporting is not required. Comments on this proposed reporting requirement are requested.

FTA is also requesting suggestions on the program evaluation. Information on sources of emissions data is sought. Additionally, suggestions as to how evaluation approaches and evaluation methodology are solicited.

VI. Regulatory Process Matters

A. Executive Order 12866

FTA has evaluated the industry costs and benefits of the clean fuels formula grant program and has determined that it is not a significant rule under E.O. 12866 because it involves grant application procedures and will not cost more than $100 million annually.

B. Departmental Significance

This rule is a significant regulation as defined by the Department's Regulatory Policies and Procedures. Although the regulation involves grant application procedures, it is expected to generate substantial public interest.

C. Regulatory Flexibility Act

In accordance with the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 601–612, FTA has evaluated the effects of this rule on small entities. This rule will not have a significant effect on a substantial number of small entities because it merely establishes application procedures for the Clean Fuels Formula Grant Program.

D. Paperwork Reduction Act

This rule includes information collection requirements subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act. The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has approved FTA's new information collection request. The affected public would be mass transit operators that apply for Federal funds under this program. Once this NPRM becomes a final rule, any burden associated with it would be added to the current information collection package, Clean Fuels Formula Grant Program, OMB approval number 2132–0560. Comments are being solicited on the paperwork requirements, particularly the proposed reporting requirement. Comments should address: whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the FTA grant process; ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; and ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on the applicants, including the use of automated collection techniques (*e.g.,* filing applications via facsimile (fax), electronic mail or other forms of information technology). The Government Paperwork Elimination Act (GPEA) of 1998 requires all Federal agencies to have an electronic means of reporting to the government as an alternative to reporting on paper by October 2003. Because of logistical difficulties, all means of electronic filing are not immediately available. However, concurrent with the continued development of this rulemaking action, FTA intends to develop the authentication infrastructure to receive worksheets through additional electronic means, such as web-based forms and electronic file transfer by October 2003

E. Executive Order 13132

This action has been analyzed in accordance with the principles and criteria contained in Executive Order 13132 and it has been determined that the proposed rule does not have sufficient Federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment because it sets forth application procedures for a discretionary grant program.

F. National Environmental Policy Act

This program will have a positive impact on the environment. It promotes the alternative use of clean fuels in vehicles used for mass transportation.

G. Energy Act Implications

Mass transit has a positive impact on energy consumption as it promotes an alternative to the single occupant vehicle.

H. Unfunded Mandates Reform Act

This program is a voluntary grant program and will not result in the expenditure by state, local and tribal governments, in the aggregate, of $100,000,000 or more in any one year.

List of Subjects in 49 CFR Part 624

Grant Programs—Transportation, Mass transportation, Reporting and record keeping requirements.

Accordingly, for the reasons cited above, the FTA proposes to amend title 49 of the CFR by adding a new part 624, as set forth below:

PART 624—CLEAN FUELS FORMULA GRANT PROGRAM

Sec.

624.1 Eligible applicant.
624.3 Eligible activities.
624.5 Application process.
624.7 Certification.
624.9 Formula.
624.11 Reporting.
Appendix A to Part 624—Pre-Application Worksheet

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 5308; 49 CFR 1.51.

§ 624.1 Eligible applicant.

(a) An eligible applicant is a state or local governmental authority providing mass transportation service in either:

(1) Ozone and carbon monoxide nonattainment areas that have the specific classifications established by the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments (Public Law 101–549), or

(2) Ozone and carbon monoxide (CO) ''maintenance'' areas that, before they were redesignated to attainment by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), had these same classifications.

(b) The nonattainment classifications for ozone are ''marginal,'' ''moderate,'' ''serious,'' ''severe,'' and ''extreme.'' The nonattainment classifications for CO are ''moderate'' and ''serious.''

§ 624.3 Eligible activities.

(a) Eligible activities include the purchase or lease of clean fuel buses and facilities, repowering or retrofitting buses to operate on clean fuels, and the improvement of existing facilities to accommodate clean fuel buses.

(b) The term clean fuel vehicle means a vehicle that—

(1) Is powered by—

(i) Compressed natural gas;

(ii) Liquefied natural gas;

(iii) Biodiesel fuels;

(iv) Batteries;

(v) Alcohol-based fuels;

(vi) Hybrid electric;

(vii) Fuel cells; or

(viii) Clean diesel, to the extent allowed under this section; or

(2) The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency has certified sufficiently reduces harmful emissions.

(c) Eligible projects are the following:

(1) Purchasing or leasing clean fuel buses, including buses that employ a lightweight composite primary structure, and vans for use in revenue service. The purchase or lease of non-revenue vehicles is not an eligible project.

(2) Constructing or leasing clean fuel bus facilities or electrical recharging facilities and related equipment. Facilities and related equipment for clean diesel buses are not eligible.

(3) Improving existing mass transportation facilities to accommodate clean fuel buses.

(4) Repowering pre-1993 engines with clean fuel technology that meets the current urban bus emission standards. Repowering means the removal of an engine from a bus followed by the installation of another engine and applies to engines that are replaced with new, previously unused engines, as well as those exchanged from an inventory of rebuilt engines.

(5) Retrofitting or rebuilding pre-1993 engines if before half life (*i.e.,* prior to six years of bus life) to rebuild; retrofit means use of the latest after-market technology such as ''upgrade kits,'' or after-treatment device(s) that treat the exhaust after it has left the engine, such as catalytic converters and particulate filters.

(6) At the discretion of FTA, projects relating to clean fuel, biodiesel, hybrid electric, or zero emissions technology vehicles that achieve emissions reductions equivalent or superior to existing clean fuel or hybrid electric technologies.

§ 624.5 Application process.

(a) Pre-applications must be submitted to the appropriate FTA regional office no later than January 1 of each fiscal year. Subject to the availability of funds, FTA will apportion the funds based on the formula and the pool of applicants, no later than February 1 of each year. Once the applicant has been notified of the apportionment of funds and the eligibility of its application, it should proceed to complete and file the final application. The final application must be submitted electronically if the grantee is using the electronic application process (*i.e.,* TEAM).

(b) The pre-application consists of a Letter of Interest and a Pre-application Worksheet described as follows:

(1) Letter of interest. This letter serves as the cover letter for the Pre-application Worksheet, expressing interest in submitting an application. It describes the overall clean fuel technology program of the agency, including the technology selected, describes the necessary infrastructure to support the program and the long-range objectives of the program including the eventual size of the clean fuel fleet. It summarizes the eligible activities for which the agency is applying and the amount of funds that the agency is seeking.

(2) Pre-application Worksheet. Applicants must use the Worksheet found in Appendix A to this part.

§ 624.7 Certification.

The applicant must use the certification contained in the Annual Notice of Assurances and Certifications published in the **Federal Register** each October.

§ 624.9 Formula.

The Clean Fuels Formula funds will be apportioned according to the following formula:

(a) *Areas with 1,000,000 population and above.* Two thirds of the funds available each fiscal year shall be apportioned to applicants with eligible projects in urban areas with a population of 1,000,000 and above. Of this, 50 percent shall be apportioned so that each applicant receives a grant in an amount equal to the ratio between:

(1) The number of vehicles in the bus fleet of the eligible project, weighted by the severity of nonattainment for the area in which the eligible project is located; and

(2) The total number of vehicles in the bus fleets of all eligible projects in areas with a population of 1,000,000 and above, weighted by the severity of nonattainment for all areas in which those eligible projects are located as provided in paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section. The remaining 50 percent shall be apportioned such that each designated recipient receives a grant in an amount equal to the ratio between:

(i) The number of bus passenger miles of the eligible project of the designated recipient, weighted by the severity of nonattainment of the area in which the eligible project is located as provided in paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section;

(ii) The total number of bus passenger miles of all eligible projects in areas with a population of 1,000,000 and above, weighted by the severity of nonattainment of all areas in which those eligible projects are located as provided in paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section.

(b) *Areas under 1,000,000 population.* The formula for areas under 1,000,000 in population is the same as paragraph (a) of this section, except the formula removes the pool of eligible projects in areas with a population of 1,000,000 and above and replaces it with the pool of eligible projects in areas with populations under 1,000,000.

(c) *Weighting factors.* (1) The weighting factor for ozone shall be determined based on the following factors:

(i) 1.0 if, at the time of the apportionment, the area is a maintenance area for ozone;

(ii) 1.1 if, at the time of the apportionment, the area is classified as a marginal ozone nonattainment area;

(iii) 1.2 if, at the time of the apportionment, the area is classified as a moderate ozone nonattainment area;

(iv) 1.3 if, at the time of the apportionment, the area is classified as a serious ozone nonattainment area;

(v) 1.4 if, at the time of the apportionment, the area is classified as a severe ozone nonattainment area;

(vi) 1.5 if, at the time of the apportionment, the area is classified as an extreme ozone nonattainment area;

(2) The weighting factor for CO shall be determined based on the following factors:

(i) 1.0 if, at the time of the apportionment, the area is a maintenance area for carbon monoxide;

(ii) 1.2 if, at the time of the apportionment, the area is classified as a moderate carbon monoxide nonattainment area;

(iii) 1.3 if, at the time of the apportionment, the area is classified as a serious carbon monoxide nonattainment area.

(3) The number of buses in the fleet and the bus passenger miles shall be multiplied by the higher of the ozone or CO factors.

(d) *Additional adjustment.* The number of buses in the fleet and the bus passenger miles shall be further multiplied by a factor of 1.2 if the area is both nonattainment for CO and either nonattainment or maintenance for ozone.

(e) *Limitation on uses.* (1) Not less than 5 percent of the amount made available by or appropriated under 49 U.S.C. 5338 in each fiscal year to carry out this section shall be available for any eligible projects for which an application is received from a designated recipient for the purchase or construction of hybrid electric or battery-powered buses or facilities specifically designed to service those buses.

(2) Not more than 35 percent of the amount made available by or appropriated under 49 U.S.C. 5338 in each fiscal year to carry out this section may be made available to fund clean diesel buses.

(3) Not more than 5 percent of the amount made available by or appropriated under 49 U.S.C. 5338 in each fiscal year to carry out this section may be made available to fund 21 retrofitting or replacement of the engines of buses that do not meet the clean air standards of the Environmental Protection Agency, as in effect on the date on which the application for such retrofitting or replacement is submitted under § 624.5.

§ 624.11 Reporting.

(a) Recipients of financial assistance under 49 U.S.C. 5308 who purchase or lease hybrid electric, battery electric and fuel cell vehicles must report to the appropriate FTA regional office on a quarterly basis for the first three years of the useful life of the vehicle with the following information:

(1) Vehicle miles traveled;

(2) Fuel/energy costs;

(3) Vehicle fuel/energy consumption and oil consumption;

(4) Number of road calls or breakdowns resulting from clean fuel and advanced propulsion technology systems, and

(5) Maintenance costs associated with the clean fuels or advanced propulsion system.

(b) Recipients of financial assistance under 49 U.S.C. 5308 who purchase or lease compressed natural gas (CNG), liquefied natural gas (LNG), and liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) vehicles may report the information described in paragraph (a) of this section, but this reporting is voluntary.

(c) Recipients of financial assistance under 49 U.S.C. 5308 who purchase or lease clean diesel vehicles should not report information beyond the normal FTA quarterly reporting requirements.

Appendix A to Part 624: Pre-Application Worksheet

The following are instructions for completing the pre-application worksheet:

(1) *Requesting Agency.* Fill in the name of the applicant. The applicant must be a state or local governmental authority providing mass transportation service.

(2) *UZA (or Urban Area).* List the name of the urbanized area if the applicant is located in an urbanized area. Otherwise, indicate the name of the city or town.

(3) *Nonattainment or Maintenance Area Name.* List the name of the nonattainment or maintenance area in which your agency provides service.

(4) *Classification for Ozone.* List the current EPA nonattainment classification for

your service area. (The classification must be of the following terms: marginal, moderate, serious, severe, or extreme.)

(5) *Classification for Carbon Monoxide.* List the current EPA nonattainment classification for your service area. (The classification must be either moderate or serious.)

I. Proposed Activity

(1) *New Bus Purchase/Lease.* Enter the number of vans or buses by fuel category in the pre-application. For hybrid electric vehicles, include fuel types. Indicate whether the structure is lightweight composite or traditional structure and weight. Enter the total and Federal amount for each fuel type.

(2) *Construct/Lease New Clean Fuel Facility and Related Equipment.* Indicate the Federal and total amount for a clean fuels facility, related equipment or electrical recharging facility. Enter any descriptive or explanatory information on the lines for additional information, including what fuel type is being accommodated. Facilities to accommodate clean diesel are not eligible.

(3) Indicate the Federal amount and total amount for improvements to existing facilities to accommodate clean fuel buses. Enter any descriptive or explanatory information on the line for additional items, including what fuel type is being accommodated.

(4) Indicate the Federal amount and total amount for repowering/replacing pre-1993 engines with engines that meet current emissions standards when installed. Please include a separate entry for each fuel type. For the purposes of this program, repowering/replacement means the removal of an engine from the bus followed by the installation of another engine. This applies to engines that are replaced with new, previously unused engines, as well as those exchanged from an inventory of rebuilt engines.

(5) Enter a quantity, Federal amount, and total amount by fuel type for retrofit/rebuild of pre-1993 engines to comply with latest EPA-certified emissions standards. For the purposes of this program, ''retrofit'' means the use of the latest after-market technology such as ''upgrade kits,'' or after-treatment device(s) that treat the exhaust after it has left the engine, such as catalytic converters or particulate filters. ''Before the half-life rebuild'' means that the retrofitting would need to occur before the bus is six years old. Since this provision applies to pre-1993 engines, this provision is of limited time availability.

(6) This section should describe any proposed clean fuel project not included in categories (1) through (5). Since any project not included in those categories requires approval at the discretion of FTA, projects included here should also be described in the letter of interest. Include the Federal amount and total.

(7) *Summary.* Indicate the Totals for the Federal and Total Amounts requested for all projects listed in this Section I.

II. Data

This section contains the active bus fleet and annual bus passenger miles information that is required to run the Clean Fuels formula.

(1) Enter the number of buses in the active fixed route fleet. For this purpose, ''bus'' includes articulated motor bus, Class A bus (>35 seats), Class B bus (25–35 seats), Class C bus (<25 seats), double-decked bus, school bus, and electric trolley bus. Use 2000 data. For UZAs that have already submitted information for the 2000 National Transit Database (NTD), add the data from column H of Form 408 for the following vehicle types: AB, BA, BB, BC, DD, SB, and TB. (These vehicle types are defined in reporter's guidance for the NTD.)

(2) Enter the fixed route annual bus passenger miles for year 2000. This may include motor bus (see types in paragraph 1) or trolley bus. For UZAs that have submitted 2000 NTD data, add the information from column I of line 25 of Form 406 for the modes MB and TB.

III. Projects Subject to Minimum/Maximum Apportionments

This section provides a dollar total for the areas that are affected by either maximum or minimum constraints. These constraints apply to the entire program and not to individual applicants. However, in order to comply with these constraints, FTA must know how much each applicant is applying for in each of these areas.

(1) Enter the total Federal dollar amount for the purchase/lease of clean diesel vehicles.

(2) Enter the total Federal dollar amount for project elements that fall into the category of purchasing hybrid electric or battery-powered buses or constructing facilities designed to service them.

(3) Enter the total Federal dollar amount for project elements that fall into the category of retrofitting or replacing bus engines that do not meet the clean air standards of the EPA.

Note: Because of the uncertainty of how many grantees will apply, the actual amount that a grantee receives in an apportionment may be different from the amount requested in the application that was submitted. Furthermore, because clean diesel and retrofit/replacement of bus engines are subject to maximum constraints, the amounts specifically apportioned for those purposes may not resemble the proportionality of the application. For example, suppose Grantee A's application included $500,000 for clean diesel and $100,000 for a compressed natural gas bus. If the 35 percent ceiling for clean diesel is exceeded by the total applications, Grantee A may only be allowed $50,000 to be used specifically for clean diesel because of the ceiling. The remainder of the funds apportioned to Grantee A (say, $300,000) would have to be used in areas without a maximum constraint, *i.e.,* in areas other than clean diesel or retrofit/replacement of bus engines if applied for.

IV. Certification

The chief executive officer or the general manager of the transit agency should sign this certification.

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Appendix A to Part 624 - CLEAN FUELS FORMULA PROGRAM Pre-Application Worksheet

Agency Name _____ Non-Attainment or Maintenance Area Name _____

UZA (or Urban Area) _____ Classification For Ozone _____

Classification For Carbon Monoxide _____

I. PROPOSED ACTIVITY

1) New Bus Purchase/Lease

Fuel Type	Quantity	Composite or Traditional	Federal Amount	Total Amount
CNG			$	$
LNG			$	$
Biodiesel			$	$
Batteries			$	$
Alcohol-based			$	$
Hybrid elec.			$	$
Fuel cell			$	$
Clean diesel			$	$
Other (Specify) _____			$	$

2) Construct/Lease New Clean Fuel Facility & Related Equipment (Indicate The Federal and Total Amounts For Each Category)

	Federal Amount	Total Amount
Electrical Recharging Facility	$	$
Clean Fuels Facility (Specify fuel type _____)	$	$
Related Equipment	$	$

Description _____

_____

3) Improvements To Existing Facilities To Accommodate Clean Fuel Buses

	Federal Amount	Total Amount
Facility Improvements (Specify fuel type _____)	$	$

Description _____

_____

4) Re-power/Replace Pre-1993 Engines With Engines That Meet Emissions Standards When Installed In The Respective Vehicle. (Separate Entry For Each Fuel Type)

Fuel Type	Quantity	Federal Amount	Total Amount
CNG		$	$
LNG		$	$
Biodiesel		$	$
Batteries		$	$
Alcohol-based		$	$
Hybrid elec.		$	$
Fuel cell		$	$
Clean diesel		$	$
Other (Specify) _____		$	$

5) Retrofit/Rebuild Pre-1993 Engines To Comply With Latest Emissions Standards

Fuel Type	Quantity	Federal Amount	Total Amount
CNG		$	$
LNG		$	$
Biodiesel		$	$
Batteries		$	$
Alcohol-based		$	$
Hybrid elec.		$	$
Fuel cell		$	$
Clean diesel		$	$
Other (Specify) _____		$	$

6) Other

Description _____

_____

Federal Amount $ _____ Total Amount $ _____

7) Summary

Total Requested For All Projects $ _____

Federal Requested For All Projects $ _____

II. DATA

1) Total Active 2000 Bus Fleet (number of buses) (Motor Bus & Trolley Bus) _____

2) 2000 Bus Passenger Miles (Motor Bus & Trolley Bus) _____

III. FEDERAL DOLLAR AMOUNT FOR THE PROJECTS LISTED ABOVE SUBJECT TO MINIMUM OR MAXIMUM APPORTIONMENTS

Purchase/Lease Clean Diesel Buses	$
Hybrid Electrical or Battery Powered Buses/Facilities	$
Retrofit or Replace Engines That Meet EPA Clean Air Standards	$

IV. CERTIFICATION

I understand that the Clean Fuels Formula Grant Program funds will be apportioned based on the information in this pre-application worksheet. I certify that to the best of my knowledge the information contained on this pre-application worksheet is true and correct. In addition, I understand that since funds have been apportioned on the basis of the information contained in this worksheet, we are limited in our ability to make any revisions to the final application.

_____

CEO or General Manager

_____

Date

Issued on: August 22, 2001.

Jennifer L. Dorn,

Administrator, Federal Transit Adminstration.

[FR Doc. 01–21724 Filed 8–27–01; 8:45 am]

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FEDERAL REGISTER PAGES AND DATE, AUGUST

39615–40106 1
40107–40572 2
40573–40838 3
40839–41128 6
41129–41438 7
41439–41754 8
41755–42104 9
42105–42412 10
42413–42597 13
42587–42728 14
42729–42928 15
42929–43064 16
43065–43460 17
43461–43760 20
43761–44024 21
44025–44290 22
44291–44520 23
44521–44944 24
44945–45150 27
45151–45562 28

CFR PARTS AFFECTED DURING AUGUST

At the end of each month, the Office of the Federal Register publishes separately a List of CFR Sections Affected (LSA), which lists parts and sections affected by documents published since the revision date of each title.

1 CFR

11 44523

3 CFR

Executive Orders:

12002 (See EO 13222) 44025
12214 (See EO 13222) 44025
12722 (See Notice of July 31, 2001) 40105
12724 (See Notice of July 31, 2001) 40105
12735 (See EO 13222) 44025
12755 (See EO 13222) 44025
12851 (See Eo 13222) 44025
13026 (See EO 13222) 44025
13221 40571
13222 44025

Administrative Orders:

Presidential Determinations:
No. 2001-22 of July 26, 2001 40107
No. 2001-23 of August 9, 2001 44521
Notices:
Notice of July 31, 2001 40105

5 CFR

1605 44276
1606 44276
1650 43461

7 CFR

20 44291
300 45151
301 ..... 40573, 40923, 41439, 43065
319 45151
457 42729
916 39615
917 39615
924 42413
959 39621
989 39623
1744 41755
1755 ..... 43310, 43314

Proposed Rules:

56 42456
58 42458
70 42456
246 40152
911 40923
916 39690
944 ..... 40845, 40923
948 ..... 40153, 40155
966 40158
982 44086
993 43534
1205 42464
1219 45188
1230 42469

8 CFR

212 42587
214 42587
245 42587
248 42587
274a 42587

Proposed Rules:

103 41456

9 CFR

54 43964
79 43964
94 42595
95 42595
130 39628
317 40843
381 40843

Proposed Rules:

317 41160
327 ..... 41160, 42472

10 CFR

72 43761

Proposed Rules:

50 40626
72 43810
430 ..... 43123, 45188, 45189

12 CFR

202 41439
205 41439
208 42929
213 41439
220 44525
226 ..... 41439, 43463
230 41439
709 40574
712 40575
721 40845
749 40578
1411 44027

Proposed Rules:

611 43536
614 43536
701 40641
702 40642
741 40642
925 ..... 41462, 43961
930 ..... 41462, 41474, 43961
931 ..... 41462, 43961
932 ..... 41462, 41474, 43961
933 ..... 41462, 43961

14 CFR

23 40580

39 .....39632, 40109, 40582, 40850, 40860, 40863, 40864, 40867, 40869, 40870, 40872, 40874, 40876, 40878, 40880, 40893, 41129, 41440, 41443, 42105, 42586, 42937, 42939, 43066, 43068, 43070, 43072, 43074, 43076, 43463, 43465, 43467, 43471, 43475, 43763, 43766, 43768, 43770, 44027, 44030, 44032, 44034, 44035, 44039, 44041, 44043, 44044, 44046, 44047, 44291, 44293, 44295, 44297, 44945, 44947, 44950, 44954, 44957, 44958
71 .....42107, 42108, 43078, 43079, 43080, 44049, 44050, 45162
91.....41088
95.....39633
97 .....41772, 41774, 44299, 44301
121 .....41088, 41955, 41959, 44050, 44270
125.....44270
135 .....41088, 44050, 44270
145.....41088
187.....43680

Proposed Rules:
39 .....40161, 40162, 40645, 40646, 40926, 41808, 42970, 43124, 43126, 43128, 43130, 43811, 43814, 43815, 44089, 44093, 44311, 44313, 44316, 44319, 44320, 44321, 44323, 44326, 44553, 44556, 44558, 44550, 44561, 44562, 44988, 44990, 45190, 45192, 45194, 45196
71 .....42618, 42619, 43121, 44327, 44993, 44994, 45198, 45199, 45200
121.....42807
139.....42807
217.....45201
241.....45201
291.....45201
298.....45201

15 CFR

734.....42108
740.....42108

Proposed Rules:
801.....45219
922.....43135

16 CFR

305.....40110
1700.....40111

Proposed Rules:
314.....41162
1500.....39692

17 CFR

1.....41131, 42256
3.....43080
5.....42256
15.....42256
36.....42256
37.....42256
38.....42256
40.....42256, 42289
41 .....42256, 43083, 44490, 44960
100.....42256
140.....43080, 44960
166.....42256
170.....42256, 43080
180.....42256
200.....40885, 43720
202.....43721
232.....42941
240 .....43721, 44490, 45138
248.....45138
249.....43721, 45138

Proposed Rules:
1.....45221
3.....45221
4.....45221
140.....45221
155.....45221

18 CFR

Proposed Rules:
2.....40929
35.....40929
37.....40929

19 CFR

Proposed Rules:
12.....42163
113.....42163
122.....40649
123.....40649
151.....42163
162.....42163
177.....45235

20 CFR

404.....45162
656.....40584

Proposed Rules:
404.....43136
422.....43136

21 CFR

510.....43773
520.....43773
524.....42730
558.....45167
606.....40886
640.....40886
1308.....42943
1310.....42944

Proposed Rules:
500.....42167
874.....42809

22 CFR

Ch. XIII.....42731
62.....43087

24 CFR

300.....44258
320.....44258
330.....44258
350.....44258
887.....42731

Proposed Rules:
903.....42926

25 CFR

151.....42415

Proposed Rules:
151.....42474
502.....41810

26 CFR

1.....40590, 41133
31.....39638
40.....41775
301.....41133, 41778
602.....43478

Proposed Rules:
1 .....40659, 41169, 44565
5c.....41170
5f.....41170
18.....41170
301.....41169, 41170

27 CFR

1.....42731
4.....42731
5.....42731
7.....42731
12.....42731
17.....42735
18.....42735
19.....42731, 42735
20.....42731, 42735
22.....42731, 42735
24.....42731, 42735
25.....42735
29.....42735
40.....42731, 43478
44.....43478
46.....43478
55.....42731
70 .....42731, 42735, 43478
71.....42731
170.....42735
178.....40596, 42586
179.....40596, 42586
200.....42731
275.....42731
290.....42731, 43478

28 CFR

16.....41445, 43308

29 CFR

697.....44967
4022.....42737
4044.....42737

30 CFR

42.....45167
47.....45167
56.....45167
57.....45167
77.....45167
904.....42739
914.....42743
938.....42750
946.....43480

Proposed Rules:
250.....45236
913.....42813
917.....42815

31 CFR

357.....44526

32 CFR

153.....45169
199.....40601, 45171
311.....41779
323.....41780
326.....41783

Proposed Rules:
199.....39699
320.....41811
326.....43138
505.....41814, 43818
701.....43141
806b.....43820

33 CFR

100 .....41137, 41138, 41140, 41141, 41142, 44050
117 .....40116, 40117, 40118, 41144, 42110, 42601, 42602, 44969, 44971
164.....42753
165 .....40120, 41784, 41786, 41787, 42602, 42604, 42753, 42755, 42946, 42948, 43088, 43774, 43776, 44302, 44971

Proposed Rules:
117.....42972
157.....42170
165.....41170
334 .....42475, 42477, 42478

34 CFR

674.....44006
682.....44006
685.....44006

36 CFR

211.....43778

Proposed Rules:
242.....45082
1228.....40166

37 CFR

10.....44526
202.....40322

Proposed Rules:
201.....45241

38 CFR

Ch. I.....44052
3.....44527
21.....42586

Proposed Rules:
3.....41483, 44095
19.....40942
20.....40942

39 CFR

20.....42112
266.....40890

Proposed Rules:
111 .....40663, 41485, 42817, 42820, 45245

40 CFR

9.....40121, 42122
51.....40609
52 .....40137, 40609, 40616, 40891, 40895, 40898, 40901, 41789, 41793, 42123, 42126, 42128, 42133, 42136, 42415, 42418, 42425, 42427, 42605, 42756, 42949, 42956, 43484, 43485, 43488, 43492, 43497, 43502, 43779, 43783, 43788, 43795, 43796, 43797, 44053, 44057, 44303, 44528, 44532, 44538, 44544, 44547, 44973, 44974
60 .....42425, 42427, 42608, 44978
61.....42425, 42427
62 .....41146, 42425, 42427, 43509
63 .....40121, 40903, 41086, 44218
70.....40901, 42439
72.....42761
81 .....40908, 44060, 44304

96.....40609
97.....40609
180 .....39640, 39648, 39651, 39659, 39666, 39675, 40140, 40141, 41446, 42761, 42765, 42772, 42776, 42957
258.....42441, 44061
261.....41796, 43054
271 .....40911, 42140, 42962, 43798, 44071, 44307
300 .....40912, 42610, 43806, 44073

Proposed Rules:
9.....41817
52 .....40168, 40664, 40802, 40947, 40947, 40953, 41174, 41486, 41822, 41823, 42172, 42185, 42186, 42187, 42479, 42487, 42488, 42620, 42831, 42974, 43549, 43550, 43552, 43822, 43823, 44096, 44097, 44568, 44571, 44574, 44578, 44580, 44581, 44582, 44995, 44997
60.....42488, 44997
61.....42488
62 .....41176, 42488, 43552, 44582
63 .....40166, 40324, 41664, 43141, 43142
70 .....40953, 42490, 42496, 45253
81 .....40953, 42187, 44097, 44329
86.....40953
122.....41817
123.....41817
124.....41817
130.....41817
140.....44585
141.....42974
142.....42974
153.....40170
174.....43552
180 .....39705, 39709, 40170
247.....45256
260.....42193
261.....42193, 43823
262.....42193
263.....42193
264.....42193, 43142
265.....42193, 43142
266.....43142
270.....43142
271 .....42193, 42194, 42975, 43143, 43831, 44107, 44329
281.....40954
300 .....40957, 41177, 41179, 42620, 43831
372.....44107
721.....42976, 42978

42 CFR

57.....44981
58.....44981
400.....43090
405.....39828
410.....39828
412.....39828, 41316
413.....39828, 41316
414.....45173
430.....43090
431.....43090
434.....43090
435.....43090
438.....43090
440.....43090
447.....43090
482.....39828
485.....39828
486.....39828

Proposed Rules:
400.....43614
405.....40372
410.....40372
411.....40372
413.....44672
414.....40372
415.....40372
416.....44585
419.....44672
430.....43614
431.....43614
434.....43614
435.....43614
438.....43614
440.....43614
447.....43614
482.....44585
485.....44585
489.....44672

43 CFR

3160.....41149

44 CFR

62.....40916
64.....43091
65.....43095, 44984
67.....42146

Proposed Rules:
67.....41182, 41186
204.....39715

45 CFR

672.....42450
673.....42450

46 CFR

1.....44985
4.....41955, 42964
5.....41955, 42964
16.....41955, 42964
502.....43511

Proposed Rules:
221.....40664

47 CFR

0.....42552
51.....43516
54.....41149
63.....41801
68.....42779, 42780
73 .....39682, 39683, 42612, 44586, 44587, 44588
76.....45177

Proposed Rules:
51.....42499
63.....41823
64.....40666
73 .....39726, 39727, 40174, 40958, 40959, 40960, 41489, 41490, 42621, 42622, 42623, 44588

48 CFR

1822.....41804
1845.....41805
1852.....41805

Proposed Rules:
2.....42922, 44518
7.....44518
8.....44518
16.....44518
17.....42922, 44518
27.....42102
31.....40838
33.....42922
49.....42922
52 .....42102, 42922, 44288
232.....44588
252.....44588

49 CFR

40.....41944, 41955
107.....45177, 45376
110.....45376
130.....45376
171 .....44252, 45177, 45376
172 .....44252, 45177, 45376
173.....45177, 45376
174.....45376
175.....45177, 45376
176.....45177, 45376
177.....45177, 45376
178.....45177, 45376
179.....45177, 45376
180.....45177, 45376
192.....43523
195.....43523
199.....41955
219.....41955, 41969
232.....39683
382.....41955, 43097
541.....40622
571.....42613, 43113
578.....41149
653.....41955, 41996
654.....41955, 41996
655.....41955, 41996

Proposed Rules:
71.....40666
171.....40174
172.....41490
173.....40174
174.....40174
175.....40174
176.....40174
177.....40174
178.....40174
209.....42352
234.....42352
236.....42352
544.....41190
571 .....40174, 42982, 42985
624.....44552

50 CFR

17.....43808
20.....44010
216.....43442
223.....44549
224.....44549
229.....42780
300.....42154
635 .....40151, 42801, 42805
648 .....41151, 41454, 42156, 43122, 45187
660 .....40918, 41152, 42453, 44552, 44986
679 .....41455, 41806, 42455, 42969, 43524, 44073

Proposed Rules:
14.....43554
17 .....40960, 42318, 43145
20.....42712, 45516
21.....45274
84.....43555
100.....45082
216.....44109
223 .....40176, 42499, 43150
224.....42499
226.....42499
600.....42832
622.....40187
660.....40188
679.....41718, 42833
697.....42832

REMINDERS

The items in this list were editorially compiled as an aid to Federal Register users. Inclusion or exclusion from this list has no legal significance.

RULES GOING INTO EFFECT AUGUST 27, 2001

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Air quality implementation plans; approval and promulgation; various States:
- California; published 7-26-01
- Colorado; published 6-27-01
- North Carolina; published 6-27-01

Toxic substances:
- Preliminary assessment information reporting—
  - Pentachlorothiophenol, etc.; published 7-26-01

HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES DEPARTMENT

Food and Drug Administration

Animal drugs, feeds, and related products:
- Chloramphenicol, etc.; approval withdrawn; published 8-15-01

HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES DEPARTMENT

Health Resources and Services Administration

Grants and cooperative agreements; availability, etc.:
- Teaching facilities, educational improvements, scholarships, and student loans; training of public health and allied health personnel; published 8-27-01

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Securities:
- Broker-dealer registration requirements; published 8-27-01

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

Supplemental security income:
- Aged, blind, and disabled—
  - Social security benefits; overpayments recovery; published 7-26-01

TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT

Federal Aviation Administration

Airworthiness directives:
- Aerospatiale; published 7-23-01
- Airbus; published 7-23-01
- Empresa Brasileira de Aeronautica, S.A. (EMBRAER); published 8-17-01
- McDonnell Douglas; published 7-23-01

COMMENTS DUE NEXT WEEK

AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT

Agricultural Marketing Service

Limes grown in Florida and imported; comments due by 9-5-01; published 8-6-01

Potatoes (Irish) grown in—
- Colorado; comments due by 9-4-01; published 8-2-01

AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT

Food and Nutrition Service

Child nutrition programs:
- Women, infants, and children; special supplemental nutrition programs—
  - Vendor management systems; mandatory selection criteria, limitation of vendors, training requirements, high-risk vendors identification criteria, etc.; comments due by 9-4-01; published 8-2-01

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

Endangered and threatened species:
- Gulf of Maine/Bay of Fundy population of harbor porpoise; comments due by 9-4-01; published 8-2-01

Fishery conservation and management:
- Alaska; fisheries of Exclusive Economic Zone—
  - Crab and groundfish; reporting and recordkeeping requirements; comments due by 9-7-01; published 8-8-01

Marine mammals:
- Protected species special exception permits; comments due by 9-4-01; published 7-3-01

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT

Patent and Trademark Office

Patent cases:
- Utility and plant applications; elimination of continued prosecution application practice; comments due by 9-7-01; published 7-9-01

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Air pollutants, hazardous; national emission standards:
- Pharmaceuticals production; comments due by 9-4-01; published 8-2-01

Air programs:
- Stratospheric ozone protection—
  - Hydrochlorofluorocarbons (HCFCs); production and consumption control; allowance system; comments due by 9-4-01; published 7-20-01

Air programs; approval and promulgation; State plans for designated facilities and pollutants:
- New York; comments due by 9-6-01; published 8-7-01

Air quality implementation plans:
- Interstate ozone transport reduction—
  - Nitrogen Oxides State Implementation Plan Call; electric generating units; seasonal heat input growth rates; response to remands in court cases; comments due by 9-4-01; published 8-3-01

Air quality implementation plans; approval and promulgation; various States:
- California; comments due by 9-4-01; published 8-2-01
- Colorado and Montana; comments due by 9-7-01; published 8-8-01
- Indiana; comments due by 9-4-01; published 8-3-01
- Maryland; comments due by 9-5-01; published 8-6-01
- Michigan; comments due by 9-5-01; published 8-6-01
- Missouri; comments due by 9-5-01; published 8-6-01
- Oregon; comments due by 9-4-01; published 8-3-01
- Pennsylvania; comments due by 9-5-01; published 8-6-01

Air quality planning purposes; designation of areas:
- California; comments due by 9-4-01; published 8-6-01

Hazardous waste:
- Identification and listing—
  - Spent catalysts from dual-purpose petroleum hydroprocessing reactions; comments due by 9-4-01; published 7-5-01

Superfund program:
- National oil and hazardous substances contingency plan—
  - National priorities list update; comments due by 9-5-01; published 8-6-01
  - National priorities list update; comments due by 9-5-01; published 8-6-01
  - National priorities list update; comments due by 9-6-01; published 8-7-01
  - National priorities list update; comments due by 9-6-01; published 8-7-01

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Common carrier services:
- Satellite communications—
  - Satellite and terrestrial operations; 36.0-43.5 GHz band; spectrum allocation and designation; comments due by 9-4-01; published 7-5-01

Radio stations; table of assignments:
- Texas; comments due by 9-4-01; published 7-24-01
- Texas and Arizona; comments due by 9-4-01; published 7-27-01

FEDERAL HOUSING FINANCE BOARD

Federal home loan bank system:
- Capital requirements; comments due by 9-7-01; published 8-8-01
  - Correction; comments due by 9-7-01; published 8-21-01
- Uninsured credit limits; comments due by 9-7-01; published 8-8-01
  - Correction; comments due by 9-7-01; published 8-21-01

HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES DEPARTMENT

Health Care Financing Administration

Medicare and Medicaid:
- Anesthesia services; hospital participation conditions; comments due by 9-4-01; published 7-5-01

HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES DEPARTMENT

Protection of human subjects:

Pregnant women and human fetuses as research subjects and pertaining to human in vitro fertilization; comments due by 9-4-01; published 7-6-01

HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

Community facilities:

Urban empowerment zones and renewal communities; Round III designation; comments due by 9-7-01; published 7-9-01

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT

Fish and Wildlife Service

Endangered and threatened species:

Critical habitat designations—

Oahu elepaio; comments due by 9-5-01; published 8-6-01

Migratory bird hunting:

Game birds; late-season hunting; comments due by 9-7-01; published 8-28-01

JUSTICE DEPARTMENT

National Instant Criminal Background Check System:

Law-abiding firearms purchasers' legitimate privacy interests and DOJ's obligation to enforce laws preventing prohibited firearms purchases; balance; comments due by 9-4-01; published 7-6-01

LABOR DEPARTMENT

Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Occupational injuries and illnesses; recording and reporting requirements

Effective date delay; comment request; comments due by 9-4-01; published 7-3-01

POSTAL SERVICE

Domestic Mail Manual:

5% error limit for sequenced mailings; revision; comments due by 9-7-01; published 8-8-01

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Securities:

Broker and dealer definitions; bank, savings association, and savings bank exemptions; comments due by 9-4-01; published 7-24-01

National securities exchanges; registration (Form 1-N); comments due by 9-4-01; published 8-20-01

TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT

Coast Guard

Ports and waterways safety:

Puget Sound and Strait of Juan De Fuca, WA; Naval Submarine Base Bangor and submarines; security zones; comments due by 9-7-01; published 7-9-01

Vessel documentation and measurement:

Lease-financing for vessels engaged in coastwise trade; comments due by 9-4-01; published 6-29-01

TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT

Federal Aviation Administration

Airworthiness directives:

Airbus; comments due by 9-4-01; published 8-3-01

Boeing; comments due by 9-6-01; published 7-23-01

Bombardier; comments due by 9-5-01; published 8-6-01

Fokker; comments due by 9-4-01; published 8-3-01

Israel Aircraft Industries, Ltd.; comments due by 9-5-01; published 8-6-01

McDonnell Douglas; comments due by 9-6-01; published 7-23-01

Rockwell Collins, Inc.; comments due by 9-7-01; published 7-31-01

Class E airspace; comments due by 9-6-01; published 7-23-01

TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT

National Highway Traffic Safety Administration

Motor vehicle safety standards:

Defective or non-compliant tires; sale or lease; reporting requirement; comments due by 9-6-01; published 7-23-01

Tire pressure monitoring systems; controls and displays; comments due by 9-6-01; published 7-26-01

VETERANS AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT

Board of Veterans Appeals:

Appeals regulations and rules of practice—

Evidence gathering and curing procedural defects without remanding; comments due by 9-5-01; published 8-6-01

LIST OF PUBLIC LAWS

This is a continuing list of public bills from the current session of Congress which have become Federal laws. It may be used in conjunction with ''P L U S'' (Public Laws Update Service) on 202–523–6641. This list is also available online at http://www.nara.gov/fedreg.

The text of laws is not published in the **Federal Register** but may be ordered in ''slip law'' (individual pamphlet) form from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402 (phone, 202–512–1808). The text will also be made available on the Internet from GPO Access at http://www.access.gpo.gov/nara/index.html. Some laws may not yet be available.

H.R. 2213/P.L. 107–25

To respond to the continuing economic crisis adversely affecting American agricultural producers. (Aug. 13, 2001; 115 Stat. 201)

H.R. 2131/P.L. 107–26

To reauthorize the Tropical Forest Conservation Act of 1998 through fiscal year 2004, and for other purposes. (Aug. 17, 2001; 115 Stat. 206)

Last List August 7, 2001

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