

Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, 19 CFR 210.13. Pursuant to 19 CFR 201.16(d) and 210.13(a), such responses will be considered by the Commission if received no later than 20 days after the date of service by the Commission of the complaint and the notice of investigation. Extensions of time for submitting responses to the complaint will not be granted unless good cause therefor is shown.

Failure of a respondent to file a timely response to each allegation in the complaint and in this notice may be deemed to constitute a waiver of the right to appear and contest the allegations of the complaint and to authorize the administrative law judge and the Commission, without further notice to that respondent, to find the facts to be as alleged in the complaint and this notice and to enter both an initial determination and a final determination containing such findings, and may result in the issuance of a limited exclusion order or a cease and desist order or both directed against that respondent.

By order of the Commission.

Issued: August 17, 2001.

Donna R. Koehnke,

Secretary.

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By order of the Commission.

Issued: August 21, 2001.

Donna R. Koehnke,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 01-21485 Filed 8-21-01; 2:27 pm]

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million toward natural resource damage assessment costs incurred by the U.S. Department of the Interior.

For a period of thirty (30) days from the date of this publication, the Department of Justice will receive comments relating to the proposed consent decree. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General, Environment and Natural Resources Division, United States Department of Justice, P.O. Box 7611, Washington, DC 20044-7611, and should refer to *United States and the State of Wisconsin v. Appleton Papers Inc. and NCR Corporation*, Civil Action No. 01-C-0816 (E.D. Wis.), and DOJ Reference Numbers 90-11-2-1045 and 90-11-2-1045Z.

An electronic copy of the proposed consent decree is posted on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's web site at www.epa.gov/region5/foxriver and on the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resource's web site at www.dnr.state.wi.us/org/water/wm/lowerfox. A signed copy of the proposed consent decree may be examined at: (1) The Office of the United States Attorney for the Eastern District of Wisconsin, U.S. Courthouse and Federal Building—Room 530, 517 E. Wisconsin Avenue, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202 (contact Matthew Richmond (414-297-1700)); and (2) the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (Region 5), 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois 60604 (contact Peter Felitti (312-886-5114)). Copies of the proposed consent decree may also be obtained by mail from the Department of Justice Consent Decree Library, P.O. Box 7611, Washington, DC 20044-7611. In requesting copies, please refer to the above-referenced case name and DOJ Reference Numbers, and enclose a check made payable to the Consent Decree Library for \$14.50 (58 pages at 25 cents per page reproduction cost).

Bruce S. Gelber,

Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division.

[FR Doc. 01-21325 Filed 8-22-01; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Notice of Lodging of Consent Decree Pursuant to the Clean Air Act

Notice is hereby given that a proposed consent decree in *United States v. Gulf Oil L.P., and Catamount Management Co.*, Civ. No. 3:98CV2226 (AVC), was lodged on July 5, 2001 with the United States District Court for the District of Connecticut. The consent decree would resolve this action as the Gulf Oil, L.P.

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[USITC SE-01-031]

Sunshine Act Meeting

AGENCY HOLDING THE MEETING: United States International Trade Commission.

TIME AND DATE: August 28, 2001 at 11:00 a.m.

PLACE: Room 101, 500 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20436, Telephone: (202) 205-2000.

STATUS: Open to the public.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED:

1. Agenda for future meeting: none.
2. Minutes.
3. Ratification List.

4. Inv. No. 731-TA-891 (Final)
(Foundry Coke from China)—briefing and vote. (The Commission is currently scheduled to transmit its determination and Commissioners' opinions to the Secretary of Commerce on September 5, 2001.)

5. Outstanding action jackets: none.

In accordance with Commission policy, subject matter listed above, not disposed of at the scheduled meeting, may be carried over to the agenda of the following meeting.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Notice of Lodging of Consent Decree Pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

In accordance with Departmental policy and 28 CFR 50.7, the Department of Justice gives notice that a proposed consent decree with Appleton Papers Inc. and NCR Corporation in the case captioned *United States and the State of Wisconsin v. Appleton Papers Inc. and NCR Corporation*, Civil Action No. 01-C-0816 (E.D. Wis.) was lodged with the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Wisconsin on August 14, 2001. The complaint filed in the case by the United States and the State of Wisconsin (the "Plaintiffs") alleges that Appleton Papers Inc. and NCR Corporation (the "Defendants") are parties liable for response costs and injunctive relief associated with the release and threatened release of hazardous substances from facilities at or near the Fox River/Green Bay Site in northeastern Wisconsin (the "Site"), pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, 42 U.S.C. 9601 *et seq.*

The proposed consent decree sets forth the terms of a proposed interim settlement between the Plaintiffs and the Defendants. Under the interim settlement, the Defendants would agree to pay up to \$10 million each year for four years (\$40 million in total) to fund cleanup-related response action projects and natural resource damage restoration projects to be selected by the responsible governmental agencies. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources would jointly select the cleanup projects and the Federal, State, and Tribal natural resources trustees would jointly select the restoration projects. The funding for cleanup projects would allow an early start on some facets of the cleanup at the Site. The restoration projects would be designed to restore or protect natural resources at the Site, or natural resources equivalent to those injured at the Site. In addition to the \$40 million to be paid for cleanup and restoration projects, the Defendants would pay \$1.5