

CIRCULAR WELDED NON-ALLOY STEEL  
PIPE

Producer/manufacturer/exporter	Weighted-average margin (percent)
TUNA .....	3.48

The Department shall determine, and the U.S. Customs Service ("Customs") shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries. In accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(b), we have calculated exporter/importer-specific assessment rates by dividing the total dumping margins calculated for the U.S. sales to the importer by the total entered value of these sales. This rate will be used for the assessment of antidumping duties on all entries of the subject merchandise by that importer during the POR. The Department's decision applies to all entries of subject merchandise produced and exported by TUNA, entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after November 1, 1998 and on or before October 31, 1999.

**Cash Deposit Requirements**

The following deposit requirements will be effective upon publication of this notice of final results of administrative review for all shipments of circular welded non-alloy steel pipe entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication, as provided by section 751(a)(1) of the Act: (1) The cash deposit rate for TUNA will be the rate shown above; (2) for previously reviewed or investigated companies not listed above, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the company-specific rate published for the most recent period; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in this review, a prior review, or the original less-than-fair-value ("LTFV") investigation, but the manufacturer is, the cash deposit rate will be the rate established for the most recent period for the manufacturer of the merchandise; and (4) if neither the exporter nor the manufacturer is a firm covered in these or any previous reviews conducted by the Department, the cash deposit rate will be the "all others" rate, which is 36.62 percent.

These deposit requirements shall remain in effect until publication of the final results of the next administrative review.

This notice also serves as the only reminder to parties subject to administrative protective orders ("APO") of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR

351.305 or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction. We are issuing and publishing this determination and notice in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i) of the Act.

Dated: April 11, 2001.

**Timothy J. Hauser,**

*Acting Under Secretary for International Trade.*

**Appendix—Issues in Decision Memorandum**

- (1) Level of Trade/CEP Offset
  - A. Methodology
  - B. Fact pattern of the case—
  - C. Overstatement of indirect selling expenses
- (2) G&A Ratio
- (3) Inflation Adjustments in the Mexican Market
- (4) CEP Ratio

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**DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE****International Trade Administration**

[A-570-862]

**Notice of Postponement of Final Determination of Antidumping Duty Investigation: Foundry Coke From the People's Republic of China**

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of postponement of final determination of antidumping duty investigation.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** April 30, 2001.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Doreen Chen or James Doyle, Office IX, DAS Group III, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone (202) 482-0408 and (202) 482-0159, respectively.

**The Applicable Statute and Regulations**

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Tariff Act of 1930 (the Act) by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (URAA). In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to Department of Commerce (the Department) regulations refer to the regulations codified at 19 CFR part 351 (2000).

**Background**

This investigation was initiated on October 10, 2000. *See Initiation of Antidumping Duty Investigation: Foundry Coke Products From the People's Republic of China*, 65 FR 61303 (October 17, 2000). The period of investigation (POI) is January 1, 2000 through June 30, 2000. On March 8, 2001, the Department published the notice of preliminary determination. *See Notice of Preliminary Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Foundry Coke From the People's Republic of China*, 66 FR 8338 (March 8, 2001).

**Postponement of Final Determination and Extension of Provisional Measures**

Section 735(a)(2) of the Act provides that a final determination may be postponed until not later than 135 days after the date of the publication of the preliminary determination if, in the event of an affirmative determination, a request for such postponement is made by exporters who account for a significant proportion of exports of the subject merchandise, or in the event of a negative preliminary determination, a request for such postponement is made by petitioner. The Department's regulations, at 19 CFR 351.210(e)(2), require that requests by respondents for postponement of a final determination be accompanied by a request for extension of provisional measures from a four-month period to not more than six months.

In a March 12, 2001 request which was thereafter amended on April 10, 2001, Shanxi Grand Coalchem Industrial Company, Ltd., Sinochem International, CITIC Trading Company Ltd. and Minmetals Development Co. Ltd. ("respondents"), requested that the Department postpone its final determination until not later than 135 days after the date of the publication of the preliminary determination in the **Federal Register** and requested an extension of the provisional measures. *See Notice of the Preliminary Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value*, 66 FR 13855 (March 8, 2001). In accordance with 19 CFR 351.210(b), because (1) our preliminary determination is affirmative, (2) respondents requesting the postponement account for a significant proportion of exports of the subject merchandise, and (3) no compelling reasons for denial exist, we are granting the respondent's request and are postponing the final determination until no later than 135 days after the publication of preliminary determination in the **Federal Register**.

Suspension of liquidation will be extended accordingly.

This notice is published in accordance with section 735(a)(2) of the Act. Effective January 20, 2001, Bernard T. Carreau is fulfilling the duties of Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

Dated: April 23, 2001.

**Bernard T. Carreau,**

*Deputy Assistant Secretary, Import Administration.*

[FR Doc. 01-10690 Filed 4-27-01; 8:45 am]

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## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### International Trade Administration

[A-570-864]

#### Notice of Preliminary Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value and Postponement of Final Determination: Pure Magnesium in Granular Form From the People's Republic of China

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** April 30, 2001.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** James Nunno or Christopher Priddy, AD/CVD Enforcement Group I, Office 2, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-0783 or (202) 482-1130, respectively.

#### The Applicable Statute

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act) are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Act by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (URAA). In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department's regulations are to 19 CFR part 351 (2000).

#### Preliminary Determination

We preliminarily determine that pure magnesium in granular form (granular pure magnesium) from the People's Republic of China (PRC) is being, or is likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value (LTFV), as provided in section 733 of the Act. The estimated margins of sales at LTFV are shown in the "Suspension of Liquidation" section of this notice.

#### Case History

Since the initiation of this investigation (*Initiation of Antidumping*

*Duty Investigations: Pure Magnesium from Israel, the Russian Federation, and the People's Republic of China*, 65 FR 68121 (Nov. 14, 2000)) (*Notice of Initiation*), the following events have occurred:

On December 1, 2000, the United States International Trade Commission (ITC) issued an affirmative preliminary injury determination in this case (*see* ITC Investigation No. 731-TA-895-897).

Also on December 1, 2000, the petitioners in this case (*i.e.*, the Magnesium Corporation of America (Magcorp) and the United Steel Workers of America, Locals 482 and 8319) requested that the Department modify the scope of this investigation to exclude certain magnesium products that are prepared solely for use as a desulfurizer in steel-making from the scope of the investigation. On December 4, 2000, we received comments on the scope of the investigation from ESM Group, Inc. (ESM), a U.S. manufacturer of magnesium powder and desulfurizing reagents. In its submission, ESM requested that the Department exclude from the scope: (1) Magnesium-based reagents, in accordance with the petitioners' intention not to capture such products; and (2) pure magnesium in granular form, because it is a separate class or kind of merchandise from magnesium ingots. For further discussion, see the "Scope of Investigation" and "Comments on Scope" sections of the notice, below.

On December 11, 2000, the Department issued an antidumping questionnaire to the Ministry of Foreign Trade and Economic Cooperation (MOFTEC) and requested that MOFTEC forward the questionnaire to all companies which manufactured and/or exported the subject merchandise during the period of investigation (POI). We also sent courtesy copies of the antidumping duty questionnaire to the China Chamber of Commerce of Metals, Minerals, and Chemicals Importers and Exporters, and to each of the companies identified in the petition as possible exporters/producers of the subject merchandise during the POI. The letters provided to MOFTEC and those companies identified in the petition as producers and/or exporters of pure magnesium provided deadlines for responses to the different sections of the questionnaire.

On January 9, 2001, the Department received a section A questionnaire response from Minmetals Precious & Rare Minerals Import and Export

(Minmetals/CNNMIT).<sup>1</sup> On January 23, 2001, the Department received section C and D questionnaire responses from Minmetals/CNNMIT and its suppliers, Taiyuan Shi Geng Yang Enterprise Company, Ltd. (Taiyuan) and Wealth (HEBI) Co., Ltd. (HEBI). We issued supplemental questionnaires to Minmetals/CNNMIT, Taiyuan, and HEBI and received responses to these supplemental questionnaires in February and March 2001.

On January 19, 2001, the Department invited interested parties to comment on surrogate country selection and to provide publicly available information for valuing the factors of production. We received responses from both the petitioners and Minmetals/CNNMIT on February 13, 2001. The petitioners and Minmetals/CNNMIT filed rebuttal comments on surrogate values in February and March 2001.

On March 1, 2001, pursuant to 19 CFR 351.205(e), the petitioners made a timely request to postpone the preliminary determination. We granted this request and, on March 6, 2001, postponed the preliminary determination until no later than April 23, 2001. *See Notice of Postponement of Preliminary Determinations of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Pure Magnesium From Israel, the Russian Federation, and the People's Republic of China and Alignment of Final Countervailing Duty Determination With Final Antidumping Duty Determinations: Pure Magnesium From Israel*, 66 FR 14546, 14547 (Mar. 13, 2001).

#### Postponement of the Final Determination

Section 735(a)(2) of the Act provides that a final determination may be postponed until not later than 135 days after the date of the publication of the preliminary determination if, in the event of an affirmative preliminary determination, a request for such postponement is made by exporters who account for a significant proportion of exports of the subject merchandise, or in the event of a negative preliminary determination, a request for such postponement is made by the petitioner. The Department's regulations, at 19 CFR 351.210(e)(2), require that requests by respondents for postponement of a final determination be accompanied by a request for extension of provisional measures from a four-month period to not more than six months.

On April 12, 2001, Minmetals/CNNMIT requested that, in the event of

<sup>1</sup> As of February 15, 2001, Minerals Precious & Rare Minerals Import and Export changed the name of its company to China National Nonferrous Metals Industry Trading Group Corp.