

Determination

As a result of the determination by the Commission that revocation of this antidumping duty order would not be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States, pursuant to section 751(d)(2) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.222(i)(1), the Department hereby orders the revocation of the antidumping duty order on industrial nitrocellulose from Yugoslavia. Pursuant to section 751(c)(6)(A) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.222(i)(2), this revocation is effective January 1, 2000. The Department will instruct the U.S. Customs Service to discontinue suspension of liquidation and collection of cash deposits on entries of the subject merchandise entered or withdrawn from warehouse on or after January 1, 2000 (the effective date). The Department will complete any pending administrative reviews of this order and will conduct administrative reviews of subject merchandise entered prior to the effective date of revocation in response to appropriately filed requests for review.

Dated: September 6, 2000.

Troy H. Cribb,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 00-23395 Filed 9-11-00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**International Trade Administration**

[A-351-804, A-427-009, A-428-803, A-588-812, A-580-805, A-570-802, A-412-803]

Continuation of Antidumping Duty Orders: Industrial Nitrocellulose From Brazil, France, Germany, Japan, Korea, the People's Republic of China, and the United Kingdom

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of continuation of antidumping duty orders: Industrial nitrocellulose from Brazil, France, Germany, Japan, Korea, the People's Republic of China, and the United Kingdom.

SUMMARY: On October 27, 1999, the Department of Commerce ("the Department"), pursuant to sections 751(c) and 752 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("the Act"), determined that revocation of the antidumping duty orders on industrial nitrocellulose from Brazil, France, Germany, Japan, Korea, the People's Republic of China ("PRC"),

and the United Kingdom ("UK") is likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping. See 64 FR 57854, 57859, 57843, 57845, 57847, 57857, 57850 (October 27, 1999).

On August 30, 2000, the International Trade Commission ("the Commission"), pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act, determined that revocation of the antidumping duty orders on industrial nitrocellulose from Brazil, France, Germany, Japan, Korea, the PRC, and the UK would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time. See 65 FR 52786 (August 30, 2000). Therefore, pursuant to 19 CFR 351.218(f)(4), the Department is publishing notice of continuation of the antidumping duty orders on industrial nitrocellulose from Brazil, France, Germany, Japan, Korea, the PRC, and the UK.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF CONTINUATION: September 12, 2000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Martha V. Douthit or James P. Maeder, Office of Policy for Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-5050 or (202) 482-3330, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**Background**

On June 1, 1999, the Department initiated, and the Commission instituted, sunset reviews (64 FR 64 FR 29261 and 64 FR 29344) of the antidumping duty orders on industrial nitrocellulose from Brazil, France, Germany, Japan, Korea, the PRC, and the UK pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act. See 64 FR 57854, 57859, 57843, 57845, 57847, 57857, 57850 (October 27, 1999). As a result of its reviews, the Department found on October 27, 1999, that revocation of the antidumping duty orders on industrial nitrocellulose from Brazil, France, Germany, Japan, Korea, the PRC, and the UK would likely lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping and notified the Commission of the magnitude of the margins likely to prevail were the orders revoked. See 64 FR 57854, 57859, 57843, 57845, 57847, 57857, 57850 (October 27, 1999).

On August 30, 2000, the Commission determined, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act, that revocation of the antidumping duty orders on industrial nitrocellulose from Brazil, France, Germany, Japan, Korea, the PRC, and the UK would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material

injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time. See Industrial Nitrocellulose From Brazil, France, Germany, Japan, Korea, China, and the United Kingdom, 65 FR 52786 (August 30, 2000) and USITC Publication 3342, Investigation Nos. 731-TA-96 and 439-445 (Review) (August 2000).

Scope of the Orders

The product covered by these antidumping duty orders is industrial nitrocellulose from Brazil, France, Germany, Japan, Korea, the PRC, and the UK. Industrial nitrocellulose is a dry, white, amorphous synthetic chemical with a nitrogen content between 10.8 and 12.2 percent, and is produced from the reaction of cellulose with nitric acid. Industrial nitrocellulose is used as a film-former in coatings, lacquers, furniture finishes, and printing inks. The scope of these orders does not include explosive grade nitrocellulose which has a nitrogen content greater than 12.2 percent. Industrial nitrocellulose is currently classifiable under Harmonized Tariff Schedule ("HTS") item number 3912.20.00. The HTS item number is provided for convenience and customs purposes only. The written description remains dispositive.

Determination

As a result of the determination by the Department and the Commission that revocation of the antidumping duty orders would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping and material injury to an industry in the United States, pursuant to section 751(d)(2) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.222(i)(1), the Department hereby orders the continuation of the antidumping duty orders on industrial nitrocellulose from Brazil, France, Germany, Japan, Korea, the PRC, and the UK.

The Department will instruct the U.S. Customs Service to continue to collect antidumping duty deposits at the rates in effect at the time of entry for all imports of subject merchandise. The effective date of continuation of these orders will be the date of publication in the **Federal Register** of this notice. Pursuant to section 751(c)(2) and 751(c)(6) of the Act, the Department intends to initiate the next five-year review of the orders on industrial nitrocellulose from Brazil, France, Germany, Japan, Korea, the PRC, and the UK not later than August 2005.

Dated: September 6, 2000.

Troy H. Cribb,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 00-23397 Filed 9-11-00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-201-817]

Oil Country Tubular Goods From Mexico: Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review and Notice of Intent Not To Revoke in Part

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of preliminary results of antidumping duty administrative review and intent not to revoke in part.

SUMMARY: In response to requests from two respondents, the Department of Commerce (the Department) is conducting an administrative review of the antidumping duty order on oil country tubular goods (OCTG) from Mexico. This review covers two manufacturers and exporters of the subject merchandise, Tubos de Acero de Mexico, S.A. de C.V. (TAMSA) and Hylsa S.A. de C.V. (Hylsa). The period of review (POR) is August 1, 1998, through July 31, 1999. We preliminarily determine that sales have not been made below normal value (NV). If these preliminary results are adopted in our final results of administrative review, we will instruct U.S. Customs to assess antidumping duties based on the difference between export price (EP) or constructed export price (CEP) and NV. Interested parties are invited to comment on these preliminary results.

EFFECTIVE DATE: September 12, 2000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Phyllis Hall (TAMSA), Dena Aliadinov (Hylsa), or Linda Ludwig, Enforcement Group III, Office 8, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Room 7866, Washington, DC 20230; telephone (202) 482-1398, (202) 482-2667, or (202) 482-3833, respectively.

The Applicable Statute

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act) are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Act by the Uruguay Round

Agreements Act (URAA). In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department's regulations are references to the provisions codified at 19 CFR part 351 (1999).

Background

The Department published a final determination of sales at less than fair value for OCTG from Mexico on June 28, 1995 (60 FR 33567), and subsequently published the antidumping duty order on August 11, 1995 (60 FR 41056). The Department published a notice of "Opportunity to Request an Administrative Review" of the antidumping duty order for the 1998/1999 review period on August 11, 1999 (64 FR 43649). Respondents TAMSA and Hylsa requested that the Department conduct an administrative review of the antidumping duty order on OCTG from Mexico. On August 31, 1999, Hylsa and TAMSA submitted timely requests that the order be revoked in part with respect to Hylsa and TAMSA, respectively. We initiated this review on September 24, 1999. See 64 FR 53318 (October 1, 1999).

Under section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Act, the Department may extend the deadline for issuing a preliminary determination in an administrative review if it determines that it is not practicable to complete the preliminary review within the statutory time limit of 245 days. On March 14, 2000, the Department published a notice of extension of the time limit for the preliminary results in this case to August 30, 2000. See Extension of Time Limit: Oil Country Tubular Goods from Mexico; Antidumping Administrative Review, 65 FR 13716 (March 14, 2000).

Period of Review

The review covers the period August 1, 1998 through July 31, 1999. The Department is conducting this review in accordance with section 751 of the Act.

Scope of the Review

Imports covered by this review are oil country tubular goods, hollow steel products of circular cross-section, including oil well casing, tubing, and drill pipe, of iron (other than cast iron) or steel (both carbon and alloy), whether seamless or welded, whether or not conforming to American Petroleum Institute (API) or non-API specifications, whether finished or unfinished (including green tubes and limited service OCTG products). This scope does not cover casing, tubing, or drill pipe containing 10.5 percent or more of chromium. The OCTG subject to this order are currently classified in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the

United States (HTSUS) under item numbers: 7304.21.30.00, 7403.21.60.00, 7304.29.10.10, 7304.29.10.20, 7304.29.10.30, 7304.29.10.40, 7304.29.10.50, 7304.29.10.60, 7304.29.10.80, 7304.29.20.10, 7304.29.20.20, 7304.29.20.30, 7304.29.20.40, 7304.29.20.50, 7304.29.20.60, 7304.29.20.80, 7304.29.30.10, 7304.29.30.20, 7304.29.30.30, 7304.29.30.40, 7304.29.30.50, 7304.29.30.60, 7304.29.30.80, 7304.29.40.10, 7304.29.40.20, 7304.29.40.30, 7304.29.40.40, 7304.29.40.50, 7304.29.40.60, 7304.29.40.80, 7304.29.50.15, 7304.29.50.30, 7304.29.50.45, 7304.29.50.60, 7304.29.50.75, 7304.29.60.15, 7304.29.60.30, 7304.29.60.45, 7304.29.60.60, 7304.29.60.75, 7305.20.20.00, 7305.20.40.00, 7305.20.60.00, 7305.20.80.00, 7306.20.10.30, 7306.20.10.90, 7306.20.20.00, 7306.20.30.00, 7306.20.40.00, 7306.20.60.10, 7306.20.60.50, 7306.20.80.10, and 7306.20.80.50.

Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, our written description of the scope of this proceeding is dispositive.

The Department has determined that couplings, and coupling stock, are not within the scope of the antidumping order on OCTG from Mexico. See Letter to Interested Parties; Final Affirmative Scope Decision, August 27, 1998.

Duty Absorption

On November 1, 1999, a petitioner (North Star Steel Ohio) requested that the Department determine, with respect to TAMSA, whether antidumping duties had been absorbed during the POR. Section 751(a)(4) of the Act provides for the Department, if requested, to determine during an administrative review initiated two or four years after the publication of the order, whether antidumping duties have been absorbed by a foreign producer or exporter, if the subject merchandise is sold in the United States through an affiliated importer. Because TAMSA sold to the United States through an importer that is affiliated within the meaning of section 751(a)(4) of the Act, and because this review was initiated four years after the publication of the order, we will make a duty absorption determination in this segment of the proceeding.

Because we have preliminarily determined that there are no dumping margins for TAMSA with respect to its U.S. sales, we also preliminarily determine that there is no duty absorption. As our analysis of the dumping margin may be modified in