

The above-listed plats represent dependent resurveys, survey, and subdivision.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Bureau of Land Management, (1515 S.W. 5th Avenue) P.O. Box 2965, Portland, Oregon 97208.

Dated: July 10, 2000.

**Robert D. DeViney, Jr.,**

*Branch of Realty and Records Services.*

[FR Doc. 00-18453 Filed 7-20-00; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4310-33-M**

## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

### National Park Service

#### 60 Day Notice of Intention to Request Clearance of Collection of Information; Opportunity for Public Comment

**AGENCY:** Department of the Interior, National Park Service.

**ACTION:** Notice and request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** The National Park Service (NPS) is proposing in 2001 to conduct a telephone survey of households in western Washington State where the following national parks are located: Olympic National Park and Mount Rainer National Park. In this survey, persons will be asked why they visit or do not visit either national park. This information will identify the reasons former visitors have stopped using the parks and why non-visitors do not go to the parks.

	Estimated numbers of	
	Responses	Burden hours
Western Washington Household Survey ...	1000	250

Under provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 and 5 CFR Part 1320, Reporting and Record Keeping Requirements, the National Park Service is soliciting comments on the need for gathering the information in the proposed survey. The NPS also is asking for comments on the practical utility of the information being gathered; the accuracy of the burden hour estimate; ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and ways to minimize the burden to respondents, including use of automated information collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

The NPS goal in conducting this survey is to determine if former visitors have been displaced and if other

persons do not go to Olympic and Mount Rainer national parks because of crowding and related factors, including traffic congestion, development, and difficulty in obtaining lodging or campsites in the parks.

**DATES:** Public comments will be accepted on or before September 19, 2000.

**SEND COMMENTS TO:** James H. Gramann, Department of Recreation, Park and Tourism Sciences, Texas A&M University, 2261 TAMU, College Station, TX 77843-2261.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** James H. Gramann. Voice: 979-845-4920, e-mail: jgramann@rpts.tamu.edu.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

*Title:* Development and Advancement of Carrying Capacity Management Techniques, Western Washington Household Survey.

*Bureau Form Number:* None.

*OMB Number:* To be requested.

*Expiration date:* To be requested.

*Type of request:* Request for new clearance.

*Description of need:* The National Park Service needs information from former visitors and non-visitors to advance the application of carrying capacity management techniques in the National Park System.

*Automated data collection:* At the present time, there is no automated way to gather this information because it includes asking residents for information about use and non-use of specific national parks.

*Description of respondents:* Persons residing in all counties of Washington State west of the Cascade Mountains, including the Seattle and Tacoma metropolitan areas.

*Estimated average number of respondents:* 1000 (county sample size proportional county population).

*Estimated average number of responses:* Each respondent will respond only one time, so the number of responses will be the same as the number of respondents.

*Estimated average burden hours per response:* 15 minutes.

*Frequency of response:* 1 time per respondent.

*Estimated annual reporting burden:* 250 hours.

Dated: July 18, 2000.

**Betsy Chittenden,**

*Information Collection Clearance Officer, WASO Administrative Program Center, National Park Service.*

[FR Doc. 00-18544 Filed 7-20-00; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4310-70-M**

## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

### National Park Service

#### Notice of Inventory Completion for Native American Human Remains in the Possession of the Ocala National Forest, USDA Forest Service, Tallahassee, FL

**AGENCY:** National Park Service.

**ACTION:** Notice.

Notice is hereby given in accordance with provisions of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 43 CFR 10.9, of the completion of an inventory of human remains in the possession of the Ocala National Forest, USDA Forest Service, Tallahassee, FL. This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA, 43 CFR 10.2 (c). The determinations within this notice are the sole responsibility of the museum, institution, or Federal agency that has control of these Native American human remains and associated funerary objects. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations within this notice.

A detailed assessment of the human remains was made by USDA Forest Service professional staff in consultation with representatives of the Miccosukee Tribe of Indians of Florida; the Seminole Nation of Oklahoma; and the Seminole Tribe of Florida, Dania, Big Cypress, Brighton, Hollywood and Tampa Reservations.

In May 1990, human remains representing a minimum of eight individuals were found in a collapsed maintenance shed at Silver Glen Springs, part of the Ocala National Forest. No known individuals were identified. No associated funerary objects are present.

The Silver Glen Springs was acquired by the USDA Forest Service on May 11, 1990. These human remains were discovered prior to the enactment of NAGPRA, and are believed to have been collected from the surrounding area of the maintenance shed during private ownership of the land. The Silver Glen Springs site and surrounding area has been identified as a large, deeply stratified aboriginal occupation site. Based on site location and dental morphology, these individuals have been identified as Native American from the pre-contact period.

Based on the above-mentioned information, officials of the USDA Forest Service have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(1), the human remains listed above represent