SIP for the year 2010 are adequate. This finding will also be announced on EPA’s conformity website: http://www.epa.gov/oms/traq, (once there, click on the “Conformity” button, then look for “Adequacy Review of SIP Submissions for Conformity”). Transportation conformity is required by section 176(c) of the Clean Air Act. EPA’s conformity rule requires that transportation plans, programs, and projects conform to state air quality implementation plans (SIPs) and establishes the criteria and procedures for determining whether or not they do. Conformity to a SIP means that transportation activities will not produce new air quality violations, worsen existing violations, or delay timely attainment of the national ambient air quality standards.

The criteria by which we determine whether a SIP’s motor vehicle emission budgets are adequate for conformity purposes are outlined in 40 CFR 93.118(e)(4). We’ve described our process for determining the adequacy of submitted SIP budgets in guidance (May 14, 1999 memo titled “Conformity Guidance on Implementation of March 2, 1999 Conformity Court Decision”). We followed this guidance in making our adequacy determination.

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401–7671q.
A. Stanley Meiburg,
Acting Regional Administrator, Region 4.
[FR Doc. 00–16517 Filed 6–28–00; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
[FRL–6726–9]
Landia Chemical Company Site/
Lakeland, Florida; Notice of Proposed Settlement
AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.
ACTION: Notice of proposed settlement.
SUMMARY: Under sections 104, 106(a), 107 and 122 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA), Agrico Chemical Company and PCS Joint Venture, Ltd. (Respondents) entered into an Administrative Order on Consent (AOC) with the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), whereby Respondents agreed to perform response activities at the Landia Chemical Company Site (Site) located in Lakeland, Florida. Section VII of the AOC provides for the reimbursement of EPA’s past response costs by Respondents. Under the terms of the AOC, section VII is subject to section 122(i) of CERCLA, which requires EPA to publish notice of the proposed settlement in the Federal Register for a thirty (30) day public comment period. EPA will consider public comments on section VII of the AOC for thirty days. EPA may withhold consent to all or part of section VII of the AOC if comments received disclose facts or considerations which indicate that section VII of the AOC is inappropriate, improper, or inadequate. Copies of the proposed settlement are available from: Ms. Paula V. Batchelor, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region IV, CERCLA Program Services Branch, Waste Management Division, 61 Forsyth Street, SW., Atlanta, Georgia 30303, (404) 562–8887.
Written comment may be submitted to Mr. Greg Armstrong at the above address within 30 days of the date of publication.
Franklin E. Hill,
Chief, CERCLA Program Services Branch,
Waste Management Division.
[FR Doc. 00–16518 Filed 6–28–00; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION
Public Information Collections Approved by Office of Management and Budget
The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) has received Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approval for the following public information collections pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104–13. An agency may not conduct or sponsor and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number. For further information contact Shoko B. Hair, Federal Communications Commission, (202) 418–1379.
Federal Communications Commission
OMB Control No.: 3060–0943
Expiration Date: 12/31/2000
Title: 47 CFR Section 54.809, Carrier Certification
Form No.: N/A
Respondents: Business or other for-profit.
Estimated Annual Burden: 27 respondents, 1.5 hours per response (avg.); 40.5 total annual burden hours.
Estimated Annual Reporting and Recordkeeping Cost Burden: $0.
Section 225 defines relay service to be those services available to and maintained by the Telecommunications Relay Service (TRS) providers for the purpose of ensuring that interstate and intrastate relay service is available throughout the country and to establish regulations to ensure the quality of relay service. To fulfill this mandate, the Commission first issued rules in 1991. The rules are found at 47 CFR 64.601–64.605. Following are the information collection requirements contained in the rules approved by OMB.

Section 64.604(c)(1) requires states to maintain a log of consumer complaints including all complaints about TRS in the state, whether filed with the TRS provider or the State, and must retain the log until the next application for certification is granted. The log shall include, at a minimum, the date the complaint was filed, the nature of the complaint, the date of resolution, and an explanation of the resolution. Summaries of logs must be submitted annually to the Commission. (No. of respondents: 52; hours per response: 2 hours; total annual burden: 104 hours). Pursuant to Section 64.604(c)(2) states must submit to the Commission a report to file an annual certification with the Universal Service Administrative Company (USAC) and certification with the Universal Service Administrative Company (USAC) and the Commission a contact person or office for TRS consumer information and complaints about intrastate TRS. Providers of interstate TRS must submit to the Commission a report to file an annual certification with the Universal Service Administrative Company (USAC) and certification with the Universal Service Administrative Company (USAC) and the Commission a contact person or office for TRS consumer information and complaints about the provider’s service. This submission must include, at a minimum, the name and address of the office that receives complaints, grievances, inquiries and suggestions, voice and TTY telephone numbers, fax number, e-mail address, and physical address to which correspondence should be sent. (No. of respondents: 52; hours per response: 1 hour; total annual burden: 52 hours). Pursuant to 47 CFR 64.604(b)(2) TRS providers must answer 85% of all relay calls within 10 seconds by a CA prepared to place the TRS call at the time. The calculation of whether a provider is in compliance with the “85–10 rule” must be performed on at least a daily basis. (No. of respondents: 31; hours per response: 365 hours; total annual burden: 11,315 hours). Pursuant to 47 CFR 64.604(a)(2), STS CAs may retain information from a particular call in order to facilitate the completion of consecutive calls, at the request of the user. The CA may retain the information only for as long as it takes to complete the subsequent calls. Relay providers must offer STS users the option to maintain at the relay center a list of names and telephone numbers which the STS users call. When the STS users requests one of these names, the CA must repeat the name and state the telephone number to the STS users. See 47 CFR 64.604(a)(7). Pursuant to Section 64.604(b)(6), relay providers shall electronically capture recorded messages and retain them for the length of the call. See 47 CFR 64.604(b)(6). (No. of respondents: 31; hours per response: 1 hour; total annual burden: 31 hours). 47 CFR 64.604(c)(3) requires carriers, through publications in their directories, periodic billing inserts, placement of TRS instructions in telephone directories, through directory assistance services, and incorporation of TTY numbers in telephone directories, Shall assure that callers in their service areas are aware of the availability and use of all forms of TRS. (No. of respondents: 5,000 respondents: hours per response: 1 hour; total annual burden: 5,000 hours). 47 CFR 64.604(c)(iii)(5)(C) requires TRS providers to provide the administrator with true and accurate data necessary to determine TRS fund revenue requirements and payments. TRS providers must provide the following: total TRS minutes of use, the TRS minutes of use, total TRS operating expenses and total TRS investment in general accordance with Part 32 and other historical or projected information reasonably requested by the administrator for purposes of computing payments and revenue requirements. (No. of respondents: 13; hours per response: 3 hours; total annual burden: 39 hours). Pursuant to 47 CFR 64.604(c)(iii)(5)(E), in addition to the data required under paragraph (c)(5)(iii)(C) all TRS providers, including providers who are not interexchange carriers, local exchange carriers, or certified state relay providers, must submit reports of interstate TRS minutes of use to the administrator in order to receive payments. TRS providers receiving payments shall file a form prescribed by the administrator. (No. of respondents: 13; hours per response: 4 hours; total annual burden: 52 hours). 47 CFR 64.604(c)(iii)(5)(F) lists TRS providers who are eligible for receiving payments from the TRS fund. These providers must notify the administrator of their intent to participate in the TRS Fund thirty days prior to submitting reports of TRS interstate minutes of use in order to receive payment settlements for interstate TRS. Failure to file may exclude the TRS provider from eligibility for the year. (See 47 CFR 64.604(c)(iii)(5)(G)). Payments will only be made to eligible providers operating in compliance with the mandatory minimum standards set forth.
in section 64.604. (No. of respondents: 13; hours per response: .166; total annual burden: 2.16 hours). 47 CFR 64.604(c)(6)(v)(3) requires TRS providers to file with the Commission a statement designating an agent or agents whose principal responsibility will be to receive all complaints, inquiries, orders, decisions, and notices and other pronouncements forwarded by the Commission. Such designation shall include a name or department designation, business address, telephone number (voice and TTY), facsimile number and, if available, internet e-mail address. (No. of respondents: 32; hours per response: .50 hours; total annual burden: 16 hours). 47 CFR 64.604(c)(7) requires that all future contracts between the TRS administrator and the TRS vendor shall provide for the transfer of TRS customer profile data from the outgoing TRS vendor to the incoming TRS vendor. Such data must be disclosed in usable form at least 60 days prior to the provider’s last day of service provision. (No. of respondents: 31 respondents; hours per response: 1 hour; total annual burden: 31 hours). 47 CFR 64.604(c)(6) establishes complaint procedures for TRS. The Commission modified its TRS complaints procedures by adopting informal complaint process for TRS complaints. The principal objective of the informal mechanism is to afford consumers and affected companies non-adversarial opportunities to resolve issues or concerns without expending the time, effort and money typically associated with our formal adjudicatory proceedings. The Commission retains its existing TRS complaint procedures as an option for consumers desiring formal adjudication of a complaint. (No. of respondents: 22; hours per response 5 hours; total annual burden: 110 hours). 47 CFR 64.605 describes the state certification procedures by which states may apply to assert jurisdiction over the provisions of intrastate TRS. States desiring to establish such jurisdiction are required to submit to the Commission documentation describing the program and the procedures and remedies available for enforcing any requirements imposed by that state program. The request must be submitted in narrative form, by the office of the governor or other delegated executive office of the state empowered to provide TRS. States applying for certification must submit documentation which: (1) Establishes that they meet or exceed all operational, technical, and functional minimum standards contained in Section 64.604; (2) establishes that the program makes available adequate procedures and remedies for enforcing the requirements of the state program; and (3) where a state program exceeds the mandatory minimum standards, the state must establish that its program in no way conflicts with federal law. Initial TRS certifications were issued on July 26, 1993. State certification remains in effect for five years, unless the certification is suspended or revoked (see 47 CFR 64.605). One year prior to the expiration of certification, a state may apply for renewal of its certification. (No. of respondents: 50; hours per response: 160 hours; total annual burden: 8000 hours). States are required to send written notification of substantive changes within 60 days of when they occur. A substantive change includes the replacement of the state program’s TRS vendor, the opening of the state program to allow multiple vendors, any change in the underlying state statutes or regulations governing the state TRS program, and any change in the state program’s current technology to provide TRS. (No. of respondents: 52; hours per response: 40 hours; total annual burden: 2080 hours). All the collections of information are promulgated pursuant to section 225 of the ADA which requires that the Commission ensures that telecommunications relay services are available to persons with hearing and speech disabilities in the United States. Information submitted to notify the Commission of substantive change to a certified state program will be used to determine whether the program is still certifiable under federal requirements. Also, as a condition of certification, the Commission will review the information submitted to notify the Commission of state’s complaint procedures. These submissions address the concerns from TRS users that state programs are not providing sufficient information to consumers on their complaint and grievance options. The information submitted in the complaint logs will substantially help consumers and the Commission monitor the service quality of the relay service providers and the effectiveness of the state TRS programs by enabling the Commission to begin a dialogue with a particular state on particular issues or problems and enabling states to communicate with one another to learn how similar complaints have been resolved by other states. Obligation to respond: Mandatory. OMB Control No.: 3060–0168 Expiration Date: 06/30/2003 Title: Reports of Proposed Changes in Depreciation Rates—Section 43.43 Form No.: N/A Respondents: Business or other for profit. Estimated Annual Burden: 239 respondents; 9540 hours per response (avg.); 2,280,800 total annual burden hours. Estimated Annual Reporting and Recordkeeping Cost Burden: $0. Frequency of Response: On occasion; Recordkeeping. Description: The Uniform System of Accounts is a historical financial accounting system which reports the results of operational and financial events in a manner which enables both management and regulators to assess these results within a specified accounting period. Subject respondents are telecommunications companies. Entities having annual revenues from regulatory telecommunications operations of less than $100 million are designated as Class B and are subject to a less detailed accounting system than those designated as Class A companies. Section 220 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended allows the Commission, in its discretion, to prescribe the forms of any and all accounts, records, and memoranda to be kept by carriers subject to this Act, including the accounts, records and memoranda of the movement of traffic, as well as of the receipts and expenditures of moneys. Section 219(b) authorizes the Commission by general or special orders to require any carrier subject to this Act to file monthly reports of earnings and expenses and to file periodic and/or special reports concerning any matters with respect to which the Commission is authorized or required by law to act. The information recorded in Part 32 accounts is used by the Commission to ensure that carriers meet a host of regulatory reporting requirements that depend on the consistent and accurate recordkeeping and reporting of accounting information. Obligation to respond: Mandatory. OMB Control No.: 3060–0168 Expiration Date: 06/30/2003 Title: Reports of Proposed Changes in Depreciation Rates—Section 43.43 Form No.: N/A Respondents: Businesses or other for profit. Estimated Annual Burden: 10 respondents; 4000 hours per response (avg.); 40,000 total annual burden hours. Estimated Annual Reporting and Recordkeeping Cost Burden: $0. Frequency of Response: On occasion; Recordkeeping. Description: Section 220(b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, states that the Commission may prescribe depreciation charges for
the subject carriers. Section 219 of the Act requires annual and other reports from the carriers. Section 43.43 of the Commission’s Rules establishes the reporting requirements for the depreciation prescription purposes. Communication common carriers with annual operating revenues of $112 million or more that the Commission has found to be dominant must file information specified in section 43.43 before making any change in the depreciation rates applicable to their operating plant. Section 220 also allows the Commission, in its discretion, to prescribe the forms of any and all accounts, records, and memoranda to be kept by carriers subject to the Act, including the accounts, records, and memoranda of the movement of traffic, as well as receipts and expenditures of moneys. In CC Docket No. 98–137, released December 30, 1999, the Commission streamlined the depreciation requirements for price cap incumbent local exchange carriers. For example, carriers will be required to file four summary exhibits, along with the underlying data used to generate them, and must provide the depreciation factors (i.e., life, salvage, curve shape, depreciation reserve) required to verify the calculation of the carriers’ depreciation reserve. Mid-sized carriers are no longer required to file theoretical reserve studies. Certain price cap incumbent LECs in certain instances may request a waiver of the depreciation prescription process. The Commission also issued a Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in which it solicited public comment on additional changes to the depreciation requirements that could be eliminated for price-cap carriers in a manner that serves the public interest. The information filed is used by the Commission to establish proper depreciation rates to be charged by the carriers, pursuant to section 220(b) of the Act. The information serves as the basis for the Commission analyses made by the Common Carrier Bureau in establishing the depreciation rates. Obligation to respond: Mandatory. OMB Control No.: 3060–0734 Expiration Date: 06/30/2003 Title: Accounting Safeguards, CC Docket No. 96–150 (47 USC Sections 260, 271–276 and 47 CFR Sections 53.209, 53.211 and 53.213) Form No.: SEC 10-K Respondents: Businesses or other for profit. Estimated Annual Burden: 27 respondents; 6391 hours per response (avg.); 172,560 total annual burden hours. Estimated Annual Reporting and Recordkeeping Cost Burden: $632,500.

**Frequency of Response:** On occasion; Biennially; Annually; Recordkeeping; Third Party Disclosure.

**Description:** In a Report and Order issued in CC Docket No. 96–150, the Commission addressed the accounting safeguards necessary to satisfy the requirements of Sections 260 and 271 through 276 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996. The Report and Order prescribed the way incumbent local exchange carriers (ILECs), including the Bell Operating Companies (BOCs), must account for transactions with affiliates involving, and allocate costs incurred in the provision of, both regulated telecommunications services and nonregulated services, including telemessaging, interLATA telecommunications and information services, telecommunications equipment and CPE manufacturing and others. The Commission concluded that when an electronic publishing separated affiliate already files a Form 10–K with the SEC, the separated affiliate may file the same Form 10–K with the Commission within 90 days after the end of the separated affiliate’s fiscal year to satisfy section 274(f) of the 1996 Act. For each separated affiliate not subject to the SEC’s Form 10–K requirement, the Commission concludes that the separated affiliate must also file a Form 10–K following the same filing requirements. In CC Docket No. 98–81, released June 30, 1999, the Commission modified the holding in the Report and Order and concluded that the information contained in the limited version of the SEC Form 10–K, with certain modifications, is sufficient to enable the Commission to monitor electronic publishing affiliates’ compliance with the section 274 requirements. The Commission modified the limited Form 10–K filing requirements to exclude Item 5 and include Item 10. The required information enables the Commission to ensure that the subscribers to regulated telecommunications services to not bear the costs of these new nonregulated services and that transactions between affiliates and carriers will be at prices that do not ultimately result in unfair rates being charged to ratepayers. Obligation to respond: Mandatory. OMB Control No.: 3060–0395 Expiration Date: 6/30/2003 Title: The ARMIS USOA Report; The ARMIS Service Quality Report; and The ARMIS Infrastructure Report. Form Nos.: FCC 43–02; FCC 43–05; FCC 43–07. Respondents: Business or other for profit. Estimated Annual Burden: 50 respondents; 587.3 hours per response (avg.); 29,366 total annual burden hours. Estimated Annual Reporting and Recordkeeping Cost Burden: $0.

**Frequency of Response:** Annually. **Description:** The USOA Report provides the annual results of the carriers’ activities for each account of the Uniform System of Accounts. (No. of respondents: 50; hours per response: 295.4; total annual burden: 14,770 hours). The Service Quality Report provides service quality information in the areas of interexchange access service, installation and repair intervals, local service installation and repair intervals, trunk blockage, and total switch downtime for price cap companies. (Recordkeeping requirement—No. of respondents: 12; hours per response: 844 hours; total annual hours: 10,128 hours. Reporting requirement: No. of respondents: 12; hours per response: 5.7 hours; total annual burden: 68.4 hours). The Infrastructure Report provides switch deployment and capabilities data. (No. of respondents: 8; hours per response: 550 hours; total annual burden: 4400 hours). Section 220 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, allows the Commission, at its discretion, to prescribe the forms of any and all accounts, records and memoranda to be kept by carriers subject to this Act, including the accounts, records and memoranda of the movement of traffic, as well as the receipts and expenditures of moneys. Section 219(b) authorizes the Commission by a general or special order to require any carrier subject to this Act to file monthly reports concerning any matters for which the Commission is authorized, or required by law, to act. The information collected in the reports provides the necessary detail to enable this Commission to fulfill its regulatory responsibilities. Automated reporting of these data greatly enhances the Commission’s ability to process and analyze the extensive amounts of data it needs to administer its rules. ARMIS facilities the timely and efficient analysis of revenue requirements, rates of return and price caps, and provides an improved basis for auditing and other oversight functions. It also enhances the Commission’s ability to quantify the effects of policy proposals. Obligation to respond: Mandatory. Public reporting burden for the collection of information is as noted above. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of the collection of information, including suggestions for reducing the burden to Performance.
FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Notice of Proposals to Engage in Permissible Nonbanking Activities or To Acquire Companies that are Engaged in Permissible Nonbanking Activities

The companies listed in this notice have given notice under section 4 of the Bank Holding Company Act (12 U.S.C. 1843) (BHC Act) and Regulation Y, (12 CFR part 225) to engage de novo, or to acquire or control voting securities or assets of a company, including the companies listed below, that engages either directly or through a subsidiary or other company, in a nonbanking activity that is listed in §225.28 of Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.28) or that the Board has determined by Order to be closely related to banking and permissible for bank holding companies. Unless otherwise noted, these activities will be conducted throughout the United States.

Each notice is available for inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The notice also will be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the question whether the proposal complies with the standards of section 4 of the BHC Act. Additional information on all bank holding companies may be obtained from the National Information Center website at www.ffiec.gov/nic/.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding the applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors not later than July 14, 2000.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago (Phillip Jackson, Applications Officer) 230 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois 60690–1414: 1. Byron Bancshares, Inc., Byron, Illinois; to continue to engage de novo through its subsidiary, Byron Bank Financial Services, Byron, Illinois, in the sale of mutual funds pursuant to §225.28(b)(7)(i) of Regulation Y.


Jennifer J. Johnson, Secretary of the Board.
[FR Doc. 00–16410 Filed 6–28–00; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6210–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) publishes a list of information collection requests under review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). To request a copy of these requests, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer at (404) 639–7090. Send written comments to CDC, Desk Officer; Human Resources and Housing Branch, New Executive Office Building, Room 10235; Washington, DC 20503. Written comments should be received within 30 days of this notice.

Proposed Projects

1. National Ambulatory Medical Care Survey—(0920–0234)—Revision—(NCHS)—The National Ambulatory Medical Care Survey (NAMCS) was conducted annually from 1973 to 1981, again in 1985, and resumed as an annual survey in 1989. It is directed by the Division of Health Care Statistics, National Center for Health Statistics, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. The purpose of NAMCS is to meet the needs and demands for statistical information about the provision of ambulatory medical care services in the United States. Ambulatory services are rendered in a wide variety of settings, including physicians’ offices and hospital outpatient and emergency departments. The NAMCS target population consists of all office visits within the United States made by ambulatory patients to non-Federal, office-based physicians (excluding those in the specialties of anesthesiology, radiology, and pathology) who are engaged in direct patient care. Since more than 80 percent of all direct ambulatory medical care visits occur in physicians’ offices, the NAMCS provides data on the majority of ambulatory medical care services. To complement these data, in 1992 NCHS initiated the National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey (NHAMCS, OMB No. 0920–0278) to provide data concerning patient visits to hospital outpatient and emergency departments. The NAMCS, together with the NHAMCS, constitute the ambulatory component of the National Health Care Survey (NHCS) and will provide coverage of more than 90 percent of ambulatory medical care.

The NAMCS provides a range of baseline data on the characteristics of the users and providers of ambulatory medical care. Data collected include the patients’ demographic characteristics and reason(s) for visit, and the physicians’ diagnosis(es) and diagnostic services, medications and disposition. These data, together with trend data, may be used to monitor the effects of change in the health care system, provide new insights into ambulatory medical care, and stimulate further research on the use, organization, and delivery of ambulatory care.

Users of NAMCS data include, but are not limited to, congressional and other federal government agencies such as NIH and FDA, state and local governments, medical schools, schools of public health, colleges and universities, private businesses, nonprofit foundations and corporations, professional associations, as well as individual practitioners, researchers, administrators and health planners. Uses vary from the inclusion of a few selected statistics in a large research effort, to an in-depth analysis of the entire NAMCS data set covering several years.

To calculate the burden hours, the number of respondents for NAMCS is based on a sample of 6,000 physicians with a 50 percent participation rate (this includes physicians who are out-of-scope as well as those who refuse). The total annualized burden is estimated to be 11,225 hours.

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