SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is amending its food additive regulations that provide for the safe use of tetradecanoic acid, lithium salt as a stabilizer for polypropylene and certain polypropylene copolymers intended for use in contact with food. When the regulation was last amended, the regulation published with some errors. This document corrects those errors.

DATES: This rule is effective June 21, 2000.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: FDA has discovered that two errors have become incorporated into the agency’s current food additive regulations. In an amendment to 21 CFR 178.2010, published in the Federal Register of December 27, 1999 (64 FR 72273), there were errors regarding the food type VI-B. This document corrects those errors. Publication of this document constitutes final action under the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 553). FDA has determined that notice and public comment are unnecessary because this amendment is nonsubstantive.

§ 178.2010 Antioxidants and/or stabilizers for polymers.

Substances

Tetradecanoic acid, lithium salt (CAS Reg. No. 20336-96-3)

Limitations

For use only at levels not to exceed 0.15 percent by weight of polypropylene and polypropylene copolymers complying with §177.1520(c) of this chapter, items 1.1a, 1.1b, 3.1a, 3.1b, 3.1c, 3.2a, and 3.2b. The finished polymers may only be used in contact with food of Types I, II, IV-B, VI-B, VII-B, and VIII as described in table 1 of §176.170(c) of this chapter under conditions of use B through H as described in table 2 of §176.170(c) of this chapter, and with food of Types III, IV-A, V, VI-A, VI-C, VII-C, VII-A, and IX as described in table 1 of §176.170(c) of this chapter under conditions of use C through G as described in table 2 of §176.170(c) of this chapter.