
 (Name) (Address)
 _____ [SEAL]
 (Principal)

 (Name) (Address)
 _____ [SEAL]
 (Surety)

Certificate as to Corporate Principal

I, _____, certify that I am the
 * _____ of the corporation named
 as principal in the attached bond; that
 _____, who signed the bond on
 behalf of the principal, was then
 _____ of that corporation; that I
 know his signature, and his signature to the
 bond is genuine; and that the bond was duly
 signed, sealed, and attested for and in behalf
 of the corporation by authority to its
 governing body.

[CORPORATE SEAL]

(To be used when no power of attorney has
 been filed with the port director of
 customs.)

*May be executed by the secretary, assistant
 secretary, or other officer of the
 corporation.

Approved: April 14, 2000.

Raymond W. Kelly,
Commissioner of Customs.

John P. Simpson,
Deputy Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

[FR Doc. 00-15202 Filed 6-14-00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4820-02-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Minerals Management Service

30 CFR Part 206

RIN 1010-AC72

Amendments to Gas Valuation Regulations for Indian Leases

AGENCY: Minerals Management Service,
 Interior.

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: The Minerals Management
 Service (MMS) is proposing to remove
 the special timing requirements for
 adjustments and audits of royalties on
 gas produced from Indian leases in
 Montana and North Dakota. These
 timing requirements may force tribal
 and MMS auditors to expend additional
 time and money or postpone ongoing
 audits to meet the restricted time
 periods. Removing these timing
 restrictions should increase royalties
 collected for Indian leases in these
 States.

DATES: Comments regarding this
 proposed rulemaking must be received
 on or before July 17, 2000.

ADDRESSES: If you wish to comment,
 you may submit your comments by any
 one of several methods. You may mail
 comments to David S. Guzy, Chief,
 Rules and Publications Staff, Minerals
 Management Service, Royalty
 Management Program, P.O. Box 25165,
 MS 3021, Denver, CO 80225-0165.
 Courier or overnight delivery address is
 Building 85, Room A-613, Denver
 Federal Center, Denver, CO 80225. You
 may also comment via the Internet to
 RMP.comments@mms.gov. Please
 submit Internet comments as an ASCII
 file avoiding the use of special
 characters and any form of encryption.
 Please also include "Attn: RIN 1010-
 ACT72" and your name and return
 address in your Internet message. If you
 do not receive a confirmation from the
 system that we have received your
 Internet message, contact David S. Guzy
 directly at (303) 231-3432.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
 David S. Guzy, Chief, Rules and
 Publications Staff, telephone (303) 231-
 3432, FAX (303) 231-3385, e-Mail
 David.Guzy@mms.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The
 principal author of this proposed
 rulemaking is Mr. Richard Adamski,
 Royalty Valuation Division, Royalty
 Management Program (RMP), MMS.

I. General

On August 10, 1999, MMS published
 a final rule titled "Amendments to Gas
 Valuation Regulations for Indian
 Leases," (64 FR 43506) with an effective
 date of January 1, 2000. These
 regulations apply to all gas production
 from Indian (tribal or allotted) oil and
 gas leases (except leases on the Osage
 Indian Reservation). The new
 regulations resulted from a negotiated
 rulemaking among Indian tribes and
 allottees, the oil and gas industry, and
 MMS.

MMS's stated purposes for those
 amendments to the valuation of gas
 production were:

(1) To ensure that Indian mineral
 lessors receive the maximum revenues
 from mineral resources on their land
 consistent with the Secretary of the
 Interior's (Secretary) trust responsibility
 and lease terms; and

(2) To improve the regulatory
 framework so that information is
 available which would permit lessees to
 comply with the regulatory
 requirements at the time that royalties
 are due.

Among the newly adopted regulations
 was a provision at 30 CFR 206.174(1)
 requiring that for Indian leases in
 Montana and North Dakota, lessees
 must make adjustments to reported

royalty values sooner, and MMS must
 complete its audits sooner, than either
 has done historically. This provision
 does not apply to Indian leases in other
 States.

Under § 2096.174(1), the timing of
 adjustments and audits depends on
 whether allowances are arm's-length or
 non-arm's-length. If the lessee's royalty
 value has arm's-length transportation or
 processing allowances, or no
 allowances, then: (1) The lessee must
 make all adjustments to value within 13
 months of the production month; and
 (2) MMS must conclude any audit and
 order any adjustments to royalty value
 within 12 months after the lessee's
 adjustment reporting date. If the lessee's
 royalty value has non-arm's-length
 transportation or processing allowances,
 then: (1) the lessee must make all
 adjustments to value within 9 months of
 the date the lessee submits the actual
 cost allowance report to MMS; and (2)
 MMS must conclude any audit and
 order any adjustments to royalty value
 within 12 months after the lessee's
 adjustment reporting date.

The final rule limited the adjustment
 and audit period to Indian leases in
 Montana and North Dakota because,
 unlike most other producing regions,
 there are no acceptable published
 indexes applicable to that area (64 FR
 43510). In areas where this occurs,
 valuation must be based on other
 criteria which are most difficult to
 determine than index prices. Industry
 was concerned that if audits were not to
 occur until several years after the
 production month, any underpayments
 would include substantial late payment
 charges. The purpose of § 206.174(1)
 was to accelerate the audit schedule to
 provide more valuation certainly for
 both the lessee and the Indian lessor at
 an earlier date.

Representatives of Montana and North
 Dakota tribal and allotted lessors
 strongly oppose these time limits. They
 believe that the 1-year audit period is
 unreasonable and may compromise
 MMS's efforts to maximize revenues for
 gas produced from Indian leases
 consistent with its trust responsibility
 and lease terms. MMS shares the
 concern that in areas that do not have
 published indexes, auditors must be
 afforded adequate time to take the
 necessary steps to do quality audits.
 This may be difficult to accomplish
 under time limits that are absolute.

MMS and tribal auditors also must
 retain the discretion to allocate audit
 resources to obtain the best data when
 that data becomes available. Indian
 representatives from Montana and North
 Dakota believe that time restrictions will
 force the tribes (especially those tribes

with audit programs) and MMS auditors to expend additional time and funds to complete audits and take other necessary actions within the restricted time period. For the most part, the tribes in Montana and North Dakota are the least able to bear the costs of such burdens. In some cases, this will force the tribes to postpone or abandon ongoing audits of earlier periods to meet the new deadlines.

Moreover, upon further consideration, MMS believes the reason for placing time limits only on Indian leases in Montana and North Dakota (because there are no acceptable published indexes applicable to that area) is not compelling. The final Indian gas rule (§ 206.172(f) and (g)) permits MMS to exclude Indian tribal leases (upon request of the tribe) or Indian allotted leases (after consultation with the Bureau of Indian Affairs) in any State from valuation under the index-based methodology. To Date, MMS has excluded two tribes and two allotted groups from valuation under this method. Under § 206.172(f)(1)(i) and (g)(1)(ii) of the new regulations, lessees of those tribes and allotted groups therefore must value gas produced from those excluded Indian leases under 30 CFR 206.174, the same section that governs the valuation of gas produced from Indian leases in Montana and North Dakota. Yet, the adjustment and audit time limits in § 206.174(l) do not apply to those excluded leases—they apply only to those Indian leases in Montana and North Dakota (64 FR 43510). For this reason, representatives of Montana and North Dakota Indian lessors believe that to the extent time restrictions and additional burdens were placed on the Montana and North Dakota leases alone, they are unfair and represent unwarranted disparate treatment.

Therefore, MMS is proposing to remove § 206.174(1) from the regulation. MMS specifically seeks comment on whether there is a valid reason for differentiating between leases located in other States and leases in Montana and North Dakota when they both may be required to use the same valuation standards. MMS also seeks comments on whether the time limitations on adjustment and audit could have a negative revenue impact on royalties collected from gas produced from Indian lands in Montana and North Dakota.

II. Procedural Matters

1. Public Comment Policy

MMS is limiting the comment period for this proposed rule to 30 days after the date of publication in the **Federal Register** rather than the standard 60 days. MMS believes a 30-day comment period is adequate because the language we propose to remove was recently the subject of an extensive comment period. Because this provision did not receive extensive comments during that period, and the change we are proposing is limited, we believe a 30-day comment period is sufficient.

Our practice is to make comments, including names and home addresses of respondents, available for public review during regular business hours and on our Internet site at www.rmp.mms.gov. Individual respondents may request that we withhold their home address from the rulemaking record, which we will honor to the extent allowable by law. There also may be circumstances in which we would withhold from the rulemaking record a respondent's identity, as allowable by law. If you wish us to withhold your name and/or address, you must state this prominently at the beginning of your comments. However, we will not consider anonymous comments. We will make all submissions from organizations or businesses, and from individuals identifying themselves as representatives or officials of organizations or businesses, available for public inspection in their entirety.

2. Summary Cost and Benefit Data

The objective of this proposed rule is to remove the special timing requirements for adjustments and audits of royalties on gas produced from Indian leases in Montana and North Dakota. We have summarized below the estimated costs and benefits of this rule to the three affected groups: Indian lessors in Montana and North Dakota, industry, and the Federal Government. The cost and benefit information in this Item 2 of Procedural Matters is used as the basis for the Departmental certifications in Items 3–11.

A. Indian Lessors in Montana and North Dakota

In 1997, we estimate that auditors collected additional revenues amounting to 2 percent of the total royalties paid for gas production on

certain Indian leases located in Montana.

In 1999, payors submitted about \$420,000 in royalties from gas produced from Indian leases in Montana and \$49,000 in royalties from gas produced from Indian leases in North Dakota. Using 2 percent to calculate the additional audit revenues that may be expected for the 1999 sales year, MMS should collect an additional \$8,400 from leases in Montana and \$980 from leases in North Dakota. We conclude that if audits cannot be completed within 1 year of the royalty line adjustments timeframes, Indian lessors could potentially lose these additional revenues, plus applicable late payment interest, annually.

B. Industry

This proposed rule will impose no new reporting burdens on industry. Industry will benefit from the proposed rule by being able to make adjustments to royalty lines beyond the current 1-year period. However, industry will pay an undetermined amount of additional interest on any underpayments discovered during audits that take longer than 1 year to complete.

Small Business Issues. Approximately 17 entities in Montana and 5 entities in North Dakota—most of which are small businesses because they employ 500 or less employees—pay royalties to MMS on gas produced from Indian leases. As discussed above, these 22 entities will pay less than \$10,000 in additional royalties annually as a result of an extended adjustment and audit period. This proposed rule benefits small tribes that would otherwise have to hire additional audit staff to handle the burden of performing both past and present audits concurrently. From this information, we conclude that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

C. Federal Government

Removing the time limits on audit will help to ensure that Indian mineral lessors receive the maximum revenues from mineral resources on their land consistent with the Secretary's trust responsibility and lease terms.

D. Summary of Costs and Benefits to Affected Groups

Description (see corresponding narrative above)	<Cost>/Benefit amount	
	First year	Subsequent years
Indian Lessors in Montana and North Dakota	\$9,380 plus interest	\$9,380 plus interest.

Description (see corresponding narrative above)	<Cost>/Benefit amount	
	First year	Subsequent years
Industry	<\$9,380 plus interest>	<\$9,380 plus interest>.
Federal Government	<0>	<0.>.
Net <Cost> or Benefit	<0>	<0.>.

3. *Regulatory Planning and Review (E.O. 12866)*

This document is not a significant rule and is not subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Order 12866.

(1) This proposed rule will not have an effect of \$100 million or more on the economy. It will not adversely affect in a material way the economy, productivity, competition, jobs, the environment, public health or safety, or State, local, or tribal governments or communities.

(2) This proposed rule will not create a serious inconsistency or otherwise interfere with an action taken or planned by another agency.

(3) This proposed rule will not alter the budgetary effects or entitlements, grants, user fees, or loan programs or the rights or obligations of their recipients.

(4) This proposed rule does not raise novel legal or policy issues.

4. *The Regulatory Flexibility Act*

The Department of the Interior certifies that this rule will not have a significant economic effect on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*). See Small Business Issues in Item #2.B. above.

Your comments are important. The Small Business and Agricultural Regulatory Enforcement Ombudsman and 10 Regional Fairness Boards were established to receive comments from small businesses about Federal agency enforcement actions. The Ombudsman will annually evaluate the enforcement activities and rate each agency's responsiveness to small business. If you wish to comment on the enforcement actions in this rule, call 1-888-734-3247.

5. *Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Act (SBREFA)*

This rule is not a major rule under 5 U.S.C. 804(2), the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act. This rule:

- a. Will not have an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million or more.
- b. Will not cause a major increase in costs or prices for consumers, individual industries, Federal, State, or local government agencies, or geographic regions.

c. Will not have significant adverse effects on competition, employment, investment, productivity, innovation, or the ability of U.S.-based enterprises to compete with foreign-based enterprises.

6. *Unfunded Mandates Reform Act*

This rule will not impose an unfunded mandate on State, local or tribal governments or the private sector of more than \$100 million per year. The rule will not have a significant or unique effect on State, local, or tribal, governments or the private sector. A statement containing the information required by the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act (2 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*) is not required.

7. *Takings (E.O. 12630)*

In accordance with Executive Order 12630, this proposed rule does not have significant takings implications. This rule does not impose conditions or limitations on the use of any private property; consequently, a takings implication assessment is not required.

8. *Federalism (E.O. 13132)*

In accordance with Executive Order 13132, this proposed rule does not have Federalism implications. This rule does not substantially or directly affect the relationship between Federal and State governments or impose costs on States or localities.

9. *Civil Justice Reform (E.O. 12988)*

In accordance with Executive Order 12988, the Office of the Solicitor has determined that this proposed rule will not unduly burden the judicial system and does meet the requirements of sections 3(a) and 3(b)(2) of the Order.

10. *Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995*

This proposed rule does not contain an information collection, as defined by the Paperwork Reduction Act, and the submission of Office of Management and Budget Form 83-I is not required.

11. *National Environmental Policy Act*

This proposed rule does not constitute a major Federal action significantly affecting the quality of the human environment. A detailed statement under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 is not required.

12. *Clarity of This Regulation*

Executive Order 12866 requires each agency to write regulations that are easy to understand. We invite your comments on how to make this rule easier to understand, including answers to questions such as the following: (1) Are the requirements in the rule clearly stated? (2) does the rule contain technical language or jargon that interferes with its clarity? (3) Does the format of the rule (grouping and order of sections, use of headings, paragraphing, etc.) aid or reduce its clarity? (4) Would the rule be easier to understand if it were divided into more (but shorter) sections? (A "section" appears in bold type and is preceded by the symbol "\$" and a numbered heading; for example, § 206.174 How do I value gas production when an index-based method cannot be used?) (5) Is the description of the rule in the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section of the preamble helpful in understanding the proposed rule? What else could we do to make the rule easier to understand.

Send a copy of any comments that concern how we could make this rule easier to understand to: Office of Regulatory Affairs, Department of the Interior, Room 7229, 1849 C Street NW, Washington, DC 20240. You may also e-mail the comments to this address: Exsec@ios.doi.gov.

List of Subjects in 30 CFR Part 206

Coal, Continental shelf, Geothermal energy, Government contracts, Indians—lands, Mineral royalties, Natural gas, Petroleum, Public lands—mineral resources, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: June 7, 2000.

Sylvia. V. Baca,
Assistant Secretary—Land and Minerals Management.

For reasons stated in the preamble, MMS proposes to amend 30 CFR part 206 as follows:

PART 206—PRODUCT VALUATION

1. The authority citation for part 206 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301 *et seq.*; 25 U.S.C. 396 *et seq.*, 396a *et seq.*, 2102 *et seq.*; 30 U.S.C. 181 *et seq.*, 351 *et seq.*, 1001 *et seq.*,

1701 *et seq.*; 31 U.S.C. 9701; 43 U.S.C. 1301 *et seq.*, 1331 *et seq.*, 1801 *et seq.*

§ 206.174 [Amended]

2. In § 206.174, remove paragraph (1).
[FR Doc. 00-15201 Filed 6-14-00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-MR-M

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Health Care Financing Administration

42 CFR Part 405

[HCFA-3432-N3]

RIN 0938-AJ31

Medicare Program; Criteria for Making Coverage Decisions; Extension of Comment Period

AGENCY: Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA), HHS.

ACTION: Notice of extension of comment period for notice of intent to publish a proposed rule.

SUMMARY: This document extends the comment period for the notice of intent published in the **Federal Register** on May 16, 2000, (65 FR 31124). In that document we announced our intention to publish a proposed rule and solicited advance public comments on the criteria we would use to make certain national coverage decisions and the criteria our contractors would use to make local coverage decisions.

DATES: The comment period is extended to 5 p.m. on July 17, 2000.

ADDRESSES: Mail written comments (one original and three copies) to the following address ONLY: Health Care Financing Administration, Department of Health and Human Services, Attention: HCFA-3432-NOI, P.O. Box 8016, Baltimore, MD 21244-8016.

If you prefer, you may deliver, by courier, your written comments (one original and three copies) to one of the following addresses:

Room 443-G, Hubert H. Humphrey Building, 200 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20201, or C5-14-03, Central Building, 7500 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, MD 21244-1850.

Comments mailed to those addresses may be delayed and received too late for us to consider them.

Because of staffing and resource limitations, we cannot accept comments by facsimile (FAX) transmission. In commenting, please refer to file code HCFA-3432-NOI. Comments received timely will be available for public inspection as they are received,

generally beginning approximately 3 weeks after publication of a document, in Room 443-G of the Department's offices at 200 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC, on Monday through Friday of each week from 8:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. (Phone: (202) 690-7890).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Susan Gleeson, (410) 786-0542.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On May 16, 2000, we issued a notice of intent to publish a proposed rule in the **Federal Register** (65 FR 31124). The comment period would close on June 15, 2000. Because of the scope of the notice of intent, several organizations that would be affected by the policies requested more time to analyze the potential consequences of the notice of intent. Therefore, we are extending the public comment period until July 17, 2000. We will also hold a Town Hall Meeting to facilitate public discussion. We will publish a **Federal Register** notice announcing the meeting specifics when available. This information will also be available on our web page @ www.hcfa.gov/quality.

Authority: Secs. 1102 and 1871 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1302 and 1395hh).

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program No. 93.773, Medicare—Hospital Insurance; and Program No. 93.774, Medicare—Supplementary Medical Insurance Program)

Dated: June 2, 2000.

Nancy-Ann Min DeParle,

Administrator, Health Care Financing Administration.

Approved: June 12, 2000.

Donna E. Shalala,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 00-15198 Filed 6-14-00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4120-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Coast Guard

46 CFR Parts 10, 12, and 15

[USCG 1999-5610]

RIN 2115-AF83

Training and Certification for Mariners Serving on Certain Ships Carrying More Than 12 Passengers on International Voyages

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard proposes to establish requirements of training and certification for mariners serving on ships—other than roll-on/roll-off (Ro-

Ro) ships, covered by another rule—carrying more than 12 passengers on international voyages. (These requirements would not apply to any passenger ships on domestic voyages.) Regulation V/3 of the International Convention for Standards of Training, Certification and Watchkeeping for Seafarers, 1978 (STCW), as amended in 1997, mandated that its Parties ensure this training and certification. This rule would reduce human error, improve the ability of crewmembers to assist passengers during emergencies, and promote safety.

DATES: Comments and related material must reach the Facility of the Docket Management System, or DMS (see **ADDRESSES**), on or before September 13, 2000. Comments sent to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) (see **ADDRESSES**), on collection of information must reach OMB on or before August 14, 2000.

ADDRESSES: You may submit your comments and related material by any one, but only one, of the following methods:

(1) By mail to the DMS [USCG 1999-5610], U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT), room PL-401, 400 Seventh Street SW., Washington, DC 20590-0001.

(2) In person to the DMS at room PL-401 on the Plaza level of the Nassif Building, 400 Seventh Street SW., Washington, DC, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The telephone number is 202-366-9329.

(3) By fax to the DMS at 202-493-2251.

(4) Electronically through the Web Site for the DMS at <http://dms.dot.gov>.

If you submit comments on collection of information to the docket, you must also submit them to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, OMB, 725 17th Street NW., Washington, DC 20503, ATTN: Desk Officer, U.S. Coast Guard.

The DMS maintains the public docket for this rulemaking. Comments and material received from the public, as well as documents mentioned in this preamble as being available in the docket, will become part of this docket and will be available for inspection or copying at room PL-401 on the Plaza level of the Nassif Building, 400 Seventh Street SW., Washington, DC, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. You may also find this docket on the Internet at <http://dms.dot.gov>.

You may inspect the material proposed for incorporation by reference at room 1210, U.S. Coast Guard