

are intended to reduce the risk of misappropriation of fund assets by access persons, and to ensure that adequate records are prepared, reviewed by a responsible third person, and available for examination by the Commission. The requirement that auditors verify fund assets without notice twice each year is intended to provide an additional deterrent to the misappropriation of fund assets and to detect any irregularities.

Commission staff estimates that approximately 204 funds rely upon the rule (and that each fund offers an average of two separate series or portfolios subject to the rule)⁴ Commission staff estimates that each fund spends approximately 2 hours annually in drafting resolutions by directors, 24 hours annually in preparing transaction notations, and 100 hours annually assisting independent public accountants perform unscheduled verifications of assets.⁵ The total annual burden of the rule's paperwork requirements thus is estimated to be 25,704 hours. This represents an increase of 10,844 hours from a prior estimate of 13,860 hours, based on an increase in the number of funds relying on the rule from 110 to 204 funds.

Form N-17f-2 is entitled "Certificate of Accounting of Securities and Similar Investments in the Custody of Management Investment Companies." Form N-17f-2 is the cover sheet for the accountant examination certificates filed under rule 17f-2 of the Act by registered management investment companies maintaining custody of securities or other investments. Form N-17f-2 facilitates the filing of the accountant's examination certificates. The use of the form allows the certificates to be filed electronically, and increases the accessibility of the examination certificates to both the Commission's examination staff and interested investors by ensuring that the certificates are filed under the proper SEC file number and the correct name of a fund.

Commission staff estimates that approximately 204 funds rely on rule 17f-2, and therefore, file Form N-17f-2 with the Commission. A fund relying on rule 17f-2 must file the form with the Commission at least three times a

⁴ A fund relying upon rules 17f-2 is required to file Form N-17f-2 with the Commission three times yearly. The Commission's records indicate that approximately 204 funds filed Form N-17f-2 with the Commission during calendar year 1999.

⁵ Each of these hour burden estimates is based upon conversations with attorneys and accountants familiar with the information collection requirements of the rule.

year. Commission staff estimates that each fund spends approximately nine minutes (0.15 hours) preparing each response on Form N-17f-2.⁶ Therefore, the total annual burden of Form N-17f-2's annual paperwork requirements is estimated to be approximately 92 hours,⁷ an increase of 72 hours from the prior estimate of 20 hours. The increase in the annual hour burden is primarily attributable to the increase in the number of respondents from 130 funds to 204 funds.⁸

Complying with the collection of information requirements of the rule is mandatory for those funds that maintain custody of their own assets. The information provided to the Commission by the fund's independent public accounts about each verification of the fund's assets will not be kept confidential.

The estimate of average burden hours is made solely for the purposes of the Paperwork Reduction Act, and is not derived from a comprehensive or even a representative survey or study of the costs of Commission rules.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number.

Written comments regarding the above information should be directed to the following persons: (i) Desk Officer for the Securities and Exchange Commission, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Room 10102, New Executive Office Building, Washington, DC 20503; and (ii) Michael E. Bartell, Associate Executive Director, Office of Information Technology, Securities and Exchange Commission, 450 Fifth Street, NW., Washington, DC 20549. Comments must be submitted to OMB within 30 days of this notice.

Dated: June 5, 2000.

Jonathan G. Katz,
Secretary.

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⁶ This estimate is based on the experience of members of the Commission staff in completing Form N-17f-2.

⁷ This estimate is based on the following calculation: 204 (respondents) × 3 (responses per fund per year) × .015 (hours per response) = 91.8 burden hours.

⁸ The estimate of the hour burden per fund per response remains 9 minutes for each Form N-17f-2 filed with the Commission. The prior annual hour burden estimate was based on a calculation of .05 hours (which equals 3 minutes) instead of .015 hours (9 minutes). The annual hour burden for Form N-17f-2 has, therefore, increased by only 42.3 burden hours if the prior annual hour burden is recalculated: 110 (respondents) × 3 (responses per respondent per year) × .015 (hours per response) = 49.5 burden hours.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 35-27180]

Filings Under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, as Amended ("Act")

June 5, 2000.

AGENCY: Notice is hereby given that the following filing(s) has/have been made with the Commission pursuant to provisions of the Act and rules promulgated under the Act. All interested persons are referred to the application(s) and/or declaration(s) for complete statements of the proposed transaction(s) summarized below. The application(s) and/or declaration(s) and any amendments(s) is/are available for public inspection through the Commission's Branch of Public Reference.

Interested persons wishing to comment or request a hearing on the application(s) and/or declaration(s) should submit their views in writing by June 27, 2000, to the Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, Washington, DC 20549-0609, and serve a copy on the relevant applicant(s) and/or declarant(s) at the address(es) specified below. Proof of service (by affidavit or, in the case of an attorney at law, by certificate) should be filed with the request. Any request for hearing should identify specifically the issues of facts or law that are disputed. A person who so requests will be notified of any hearing, if ordered, and will receive a copy of any notice or order issued in the matter. After June 27, 2000, the application(s) and/or declaration(s), as filed or as amended, may be granted and/or permitted to become effective.

Allegheny Energy, Inc., et al. (70-9627)

Allegheny Energy, Inc., ("Allegheny"), a registered holding company, Allegheny Energy Service Company ("AES"), a service subsidiary of Allegheny, The Potomac Edison Company ("Potomac Edison"), a wholly owned electric public utility subsidiary of Allegheny, all located at 10435 Downsville Pike, Hagerstown, Maryland 21740-1766, and Allegheny Energy Supply Company, LLC, a wholly owned nonutility subsidiary of Allegheny located at 10435 Downsville Pike, Hagerstown, Maryland 21740-1766, and Allegheny Energy Supply Company, LLC, a wholly owned nonutility subsidiary of Allegheny located at R.R. 12, P.O. Box 1000, Roseytown, Pennsylvania 15601 ("Genco" and collectively, "Applicants"), have filed an application-declaration under sections

6(a), 7, 9(a), 10, 12(b), 12(c), 12(d), and 13(b) of the Act, and rules 43, 44, 45, 46, 54, 90 and 91 under the Act.

Potomac Edison, subject to obtaining the requisite regulatory approvals, intends to leave the generating business entirely. To accomplish this, Applicants request authority for Potomac Edison to transfer most of its electric generating business to Genco, which was organized to compete in deregulated, competitive electricity generation markets.

Specifically, Applicants request authority for Potomac Edison to transfer to Genco, at net book value, Potomac Edison's undivided ownership interests in certain jointly held and certain wholly owned generating facilities and related fixed assets ("Generating Assets"), in certain current assets related to the Generating Assets ("Related Assets"), and other related interests ("Other Interests") each of which is more particularly described below. In addition, Applicants request authority for Potomac Edison to transfer and for Genco to assume certain net liabilities and debt associated with the Generating Assets and Related Assets ("Related Liabilities"). As discussed below, Applicants also request authority for Potomac Edison to transfer its undivided ownership interests in certain hydroelectric generating stations located in Virginia ("Virginia Hydros") to a subsidiary it proposes to organize, PE VA Hydro, LLC ("PE VA Hydro").

The Generating Assets consist of the undivided ownership interests in the following generating facilities: a 25% interest in the Fort Martin Power station located in Madsville, West Virginia; a 33% interest in the Albright Power Station located in Albright, West Virginia; a 32.76% interest in the Harrison Power Station located in Shinnston, West Virginia; a 20% interest in the Hatfield's Ferry Power Station located in Masontown, Pennsylvania; a 30% interest in the Pleasants Power Station, located in Saint Mary's, West Virginia; a 100% interest in the R. Paul Smith Station and R. Paul Smith Ash Basin, both located in Williamsport, Maryland; and a 100% interest in the Millville, Dam #4 and Dam #5 hydro stations located in West Virginia. The Generating Assets also consist of step-up transformers and ancillary transmission and distribution equipment, production equipment, buffers and rights of way, and other equipment that connect the Generating Assets to the transmission grid.

Applicants project that the total net book value of the Generating Assets will be approximately \$448.4 million as of June 30, 2000. Potomac Edison also intends to transfer fuel, supplies, and

other inventory ("Inventory") to Genco through intermediate subsidiaries more particularly described below.¹

The Related Assets consist of current assets, deferred charges, cash, temporary cash investments, and an undivided 28% ownership interest in Allegheny Generating Company ("ACC").² Applicants project that the net book value of the Related Assets will be approximately \$57.9 million as of June 30, 2000. The Other Interests consist of an undivided 2% ownership interest in Ohio Valley Electric Corporation ("OVEC"), a public utility, and Potomac Edison's rights and obligations under four agreements regarding the operation of four of the generating facilities included as Generating Assets.

The Related Liabilities consist of accounts payables, accrued taxes, tax deferrals, pollution control bonds, and other deferred credits related to the Generating Assets. Applicants project that the book value of the Related Liabilities will be approximately \$215.3 million as of July 1, 2000. Applicants state that the Related Liabilities do not include Potomac Edison's first mortgage bonds. Applicants state that Potomac Edison expects to obtain a release from the lien of the first mortgage by pledging additional bondable property in an amount not to exceed the net book value of the Generating Assets, which could include remaining utility assets of Potomac Edison, and request authority to pledge those assets to obtain the described release.

The Virginia Hydros consist of Potomac Edison's undivided 100% ownership interests in the Luray, Newport, Shenandoah and Warren hydroelectric generating stations. According to Applicants, the net book value of the Virginia Hydros will be approximately \$3.6 million as of June 30, 2000.

To accomplish the proposed transfers, Applicants request authority to form two limited liability corporations, PE Transferring Agent, LLC ("PE Transferring Agency") and PE Genco, LLC ("PE Genco"). Potomac Edison would acquire the ownership interests in PE Transferring Agent in exchange for an initial cash contribution of \$200,000, and PE Transferring Agent would acquire the membership interests

in PE Genco for an initial cash contribution of \$100,000, with the contributions to be in the form of collateralized government obligations.

Potomac Edison would then transfer its undivided ownership interests in the Generating Assets, Related Assets, Inventory and Other Interests to PE Transferring Agent. PE Transferring Agent would issue a promissory note to Potomac Edison in an amount equal to the sum of the net book values of the Generating Assets and Inventory ("Purchase Note") in exchange for the transfer of these assets. In order to assure that PE Transferring agent has sufficient assets to cover the principal amount of the Purchase Note and its accrued interest, Potomac Edison would issue a non-interest bearing note to PE Transferring agent in an amount \$20 million greater than the Purchase Note as a capital contribution. In addition, Potomac Edison would issue a non-interest bearing promissory note to PE Transferring Agency in an amount constituting the difference between the net book values of the Related Assets and the Related Liabilities.

PE Transferring Agent would in turn contribute the undivided ownership interests in the Generating Assets, Related Assets, Inventory and Other Interests to PE Genco, which would also assume the Related Liabilities. PE Transferring Agent would then dividend its membership interests in PE Genco to Potomac Edison, which would in turn dividend these membership interests to Allegheny, after which PE Genco would merge with Genco.

Applicants state that it is undesirable, at this time, for Genco to directly acquire the Virginia Hydros because the acquisition could subject Genco to regulation as a "public utility" under Virginia law. In order to facilitate Potomac Edison's exit from the generation business and Genco's entry into Virginia's deregulated generation market, Applicants request authority for Potomac Edison to organize and acquire PE VA Hydro and for Potomac Edison to transfer the Virginia Hydros to PE VA Hydro. Applicants also request authority for Potomac Edison to dividend the membership interests in PE VA Hydro to Allegheny, and for Allegheny to contribute these interests in PE VA Hydro to Genco, making PE VA Hydro a wholly owned subsidiary of Genco.

In addition, Applicants request authority for Potomac Edison to render operating services with respect to the Generating Assets on behalf of Genco, and to render operating services with respect to the Virginia Hydros on behalf of PE VA Hydro, until Genco and PE VA

¹ Applicants state that Potomac Edison will transfer the Inventory at net book value. Applicants project that the net book value of the Inventory will be approximately \$32.8 million as of June 30, 2000.

² AGC, a Virginia corporation that is currently jointly owned by Potomac Edison, Genco, and Monongahela Power Company, owns a 40% undivided interest in a pumped storage hydroelectric generating facility and related facilities located in Bath County, Virginia.

Hydro obtain the necessary permits and licenses to operate the Generating Assets and the Virginia Hydros, respectively. These services will be rendered at cost, in accordance with rules 90 and 91 under the Act. Further, Applicants request authority for AE Units 1 and 2, LLC ("AEU"), a public utility subsidiary of Allegheny, to merge with Genco in exchange for Genco assuming the former company's outstanding debt.³

For the Commission by the Division of Investment Management, pursuant to delegated authority.

Margaret H. McFarland,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 00-14717 Filed 6-9-00; 8:45 am]

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Issuer Delisting; Notice of Application To Withdraw From Listing and Registration; (Reunion Industries, Inc., Common Stock, \$.01 Par Value) File No. 1-15739

June 5, 2000.

Reunion Industries, Inc. ("Company") has filed an application with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission"), pursuant to Section 12(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act")¹ and Rule 12d2-2(d) thereunder,² to withdraw its Common Stock, \$.01 par value ("Security"), from listing and registration on the Pacific Exchange, Inc. ("PCX").

Following the completion of its merger with Chatwins Group, Inc., on March 16, 2000, the Company, whose Security has been listed on the PCX, additionally effected its listing and registration on the American Stock Exchange ("Amex"). Trading in the Security on the Amex began on March 23, 2000. The Company's board of directors subsequently determined that the Security's limited trading volume on the PCX, compared with that on the Amex, did not justify the cost of maintaining such listing. On March 27, 2000, therefore, the Company's board passed a resolution authorizing the withdrawal of the Security from listing and registration on the PCX.

The PCX, having determined that the Company complied with the rules of the PCX governing the withdrawal of the Security from listing and registration, has indicated by letter to the Company

that it shall not interpose any objection to the proposed withdrawal. The matter was considered and decided by the Equity Listings Committee of the PCX at a meeting held on May 2, 2000.

The Company's application relates solely to the withdrawal of the Security from listing and registration on the PCX and shall have no effect upon the Security's continued listing and registration on the Amex under Section 12(b) of the Act.³

Any interested persons may, on or before June 26, 2000, submit by letter to the Secretary of the Securities and Exchange Commission, 450 Fifth Street, NW., Washington, DC 20549-0609, facts bearing upon whether the application has been made in accordance with the rules of the PCX and what terms, if any, should be imposed by the Commission for the protection of investors. The Commission, based on the information submitted to it, will issue an order granting the application after the date mentioned above, unless the Commission determines to order a hearing on the matter.

For the Commission, by the Division of Market Regulation, pursuant to delegated authority.⁴

Jonathan G. Katz,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 00-14719 Filed 6-9-00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8010-01-M

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-42894; File No. SR-Amex-99-36]

Self-Regulatory Organizations: Orders Approving a Proposed Rule Change and Notice of Filing and Order Granting Accelerated Approval to Amendment Nos. 1, 2, and 3 to the Proposed Rule Change by the American Stock Exchange LLC Relating to Facilitation, Solicitation, and Crossing Transactions

June 2, 2000.

I. Introduction

On September 2, 1999, the American Stock Exchange LLC ("Amex" or "Exchange") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC" or "Commission") pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act"),¹ and Rule 19-4 thereunder,² a proposed rule change to amend its rules by adopting

Commentary .02(d) and Commentary .04 to Amex Rule 950(d).³ The proposed rule change was published for comment in the **Federal Register** on October 15, 1999.⁴ On November 1, 1999, May 26, 2000, and May 31, 2000, the Amex filed Amendment Nos. 1, 2, and 3, respectively, to the proposal.⁵ No comments were received regarding the proposed rule change. This order approves the portion of the proposal, as amended, adopting Commentary .04 to Amex Rule 950(d); this order also approves the portion of the proposal adopting Commentary .02(d) to Amex Rule 950(d) on a pilot basis until August 31, 2000. Finally, this order accelerates approval of Amendment Nos. 1, 2 and 3, and solicits comments from interested persons on those amendments.

II. Description of the Proposal

A. Proposed New Commentary .02(d)

Commentary .02 to Amex Rule 950(d) generally sets forth the procedures by which a floor broker representing the order of a public customer of a member firm may cross that order with a contra side order from the firm's proprietary account. In these circumstances, the firm is said to be "facilitating" the customer order, and the transaction is called a "facilitation cross."

Under the current version of the rule, a floor broker seeking to execute a facilitation cross must first bring the transaction to the trading floor and request a market from the trading crowd. After receiving bids and offers from the crowd, the floor broker must propose a price at which to cross the order that improves upon the price provided by the crowd. However, before the floor broker can effect the cross, the market makers in the crowd are given the opportunity to take all or part of the transaction at the proposed price.

Under the current rule, if the crowd does not want to participate in the trade, the floor broker may proceed with the cross. If the crowd wants to take part of the order, however, the crowd has precedence and the floor broker may cross only that amount remaining after the crowd has taken its portion. If the crowd wants to take the entire order, the floor broker will not be able to cross any part of the order.

³ The current proposal replaces an earlier proposed (file No. SR-Amex-98-19) that the Amex withdrew. See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 41864 No. 41864 (September 10, 1999), 64 FR 50843 (September 20, 1999).

⁴ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 41985 (October 7, 1999), 64 FR 55998.

⁵ The modifications made by these amendments are incorporated in the description of the proposal in Section II below, and are further discussed in Section III below.

³ AEU's principal assets are to 44MW generation units in Springdale, Pennsylvania.

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78(b)(1).

² 17 CFR 240.12d2-2(d).

³ 15 U.S.C. 78(b).

⁴ 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(1).

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 17 CFR 240 19b-4.