

surrounding the Mattole Campground. It will also allow for enforcement of the site capacity limits at the Mattole Campground by requiring that visitors hike into the backcountry or travel to other available campgrounds when this site is full. Currently, visitors are impacting undeveloped areas immediately adjacent to the campground so they can camp nearby and use the facilities.

#### B. Overnight Parking Fees

The overnight parking fees will be implemented as a management tool for encouraging distribution of overnight use away from the crowded Black Sands Beach and Mattole trailheads, and to discourage large nighttime group gatherings at these trailheads. Neither facility is designed to accommodate large nighttime group events, and this use is not compatible with the goals of the King Range Management Program (1974) and King Range Visitor Services Plan (1992). All parking fees will be used within the King Range to cover maintenance costs of the sites and recreation opportunities that they support. Mattole Campground users will not have to pay the parking fee for vehicles (up to two) parked at their campsite.

#### C. Camping Fees

Camping fees are established at Honeydew Creek and Mattole Campgrounds to cover a portion of the maintenance costs; to be commensurate with fees charged at other public and private camping areas in the region; and for use as a management tool to discourage nighttime group gatherings in the campgrounds. These nighttime group events are not compatible with the purpose of the site development and management as an overnight camping facility, nor with the goals of the King Range Management Program (1974) and King Range Visitor Services Plan (1992).

#### D. Black Sands Beach Nighttime Use

The Black Sands Beach Recreation Site is designed to be a backcountry trailhead parking area and day use facility. This rule is intended to limit nighttime use of the trailhead facilities to a parking area for backcountry use only. The parking facilities are located immediately adjacent to a residential area, and nighttime use of the area as a destination would cause unreasonable noise within the neighborhood. This restriction would not affect overnight backcountry users who park at the site, and will also not affect day use.

Violation of any of the above rules is punishable by a fine not to exceed

\$1000 and/or imprisonment not to exceed 12 months (43 CFR 8360.0-7).

**Daniel E. Averill,**

*Acting Arcata Field Manager.*

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**BILLING CODE 4310-40-P**

### DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

#### Bureau of Land Management

[OR-958-6333-ET; GP0-0220; OR-55753]

#### Proposed Withdrawal and Opportunity for Public Meeting; Oregon

**AGENCY:** Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Forest Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, proposes to withdraw approximately 960 acres of National Forest System lands, lying within the Siskiyou National Forest, to protect the recreation, fisheries, scenic, and water quality values of the Scenic section of the North Fork Smith Wild and Scenic River. This notice closes the lands for up to 2 years from surface entry and mining. The public lands have been and will remain open to mineral leasing.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** Comments and requests for a public meeting must be received by August 24, 2000.

**ADDRESSES:** Comments and meetings requests should be sent to the Oregon/Washington State Director, BLM, P.O. Box 2965, Portland, Oregon 97208-2965.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Charles R. Roy, BLM Oregon/Washington State Office, 503-952-6189.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** On May 19, 2000, the Forest Service filed an application to withdraw the following described National Forest System lands from location and entry under the United States mining laws (30 U.S.C. Ch. 2 (1994)), but not the mineral leasing laws, subject to valid existing rights:

#### Willamette Meridian

##### *Siskiyou National Forest*

All lands lying on the right (west) bank of the river corridor, including the river bed, and extending ¼ mile from the centerline of the North Fork Smith River, from Horse Creek downstream 4.5 miles to the confluence of Baldface Creek, as described in the following:

T. 40 S., R. 11 W., unsurveyed  
 Sec. 15, SW¼SW¼;  
 Sec. 16, E½;  
 Sec. 21, E½E½ and NW¼SE¼;

Sec. 22, W½W½ and SE¼SW¼;  
 Sec. 27, W½E½, E½W½ and NW¼NW¼;  
 Sec. 28, NE¼NE¼;  
 Sec. 34, W½E½ and E½W½.  
 T. 41 S., R. 11 W.,  
 Sec. 2, W½;  
 Sec. 3, NE¼;  
 Sec. 11, N½NW¼.

AND all lands lying on the left (east) bank of the river corridor, including the river bed, and extending ¼ mile from the centerline of the North Fork Smith River as described in the following:

T. 41 S., R. 11 W.,  
 Sec. 2, those portions of the E½SW¼ and W½SE¼, lying outside the boundaries of the Kalmiopsis Wilderness Area;  
 Sec. 11, those portions of the NW¼NE¼ and NE¼NW¼, lying outside the boundaries of the Wild segment of the North Fork Smith Wild and Scenic River.

The areas described aggregate approximately 960 acres in Curry County.

The purpose of the proposed withdrawal is to protect the outstanding recreation, fisheries, scenic, and water quality values for which the North Fork Smith River was designated Wild and Scenic.

For a period of 90 days from the date of publication of this notice, all persons who wish to submit comments, suggestions, or objections in connection with the proposed withdrawal may present their views in writing to the State Director at the address indicated above.

Notice is hereby given that an opportunity for a public meeting is afforded in connection with the proposed withdrawal. All interested parties who desire a public meeting for the purpose of being heard on the proposed withdrawal must submit a written request to the State Director at the address indicated above within 90 days from the publication of this notice. Upon determination by the authorized officer that a public meeting will be held, a notice of the time and place will be published in the **Federal Register** at least 30 days before the scheduled date of the meeting.

The application will be processed in accordance with the regulations set forth in 43 CFR 2300.

For a period of 2 years from the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, the lands will be segregated as specified above unless the application is denied or canceled or the withdrawal is approved prior to that date. The temporary land uses which may be permitted during this segregative period include licenses, permits, rights-of-way, and disposal of vegetative resources other than under the mining laws.

Dated: May 19, 2000.

**Robert D. Deviney, Jr.,**

Chief, Branch of Realty and Records Services.  
[FR Doc. 00-13170 Filed 5-24-00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-33-P

## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

### Minerals Management Service

#### Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

**AGENCY:** Minerals Management Service (MMS), Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice of extension of a currently approved information collection (OMB Control Number 1010-0091).

**SUMMARY:** To comply with the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA), we are inviting comments on an information collection request (ICR), titled "30 CFR Part 254, Oil-Spill Response Requirements for Facilities Located Seaward of the Coast Line." We are preparing an ICR, which we will submit to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval.

**DATES:** Submit written comments by July 24, 2000.

**ADDRESSES:** Mail or hand carry comments to the Department of the Interior; Minerals Management Service; Attention: Rules Processing Team; Mail Stop 4024; 381 Elden Street; Herndon, Virginia 20170-4817. Our practice is to make comments, including names and home addresses of respondents, available for public review during regular business hours. Individual respondents may request that we withhold their home address from the rulemaking record, which we will honor to the extent allowable by law. There may be circumstances in which we would withhold from the record a respondent's identity, as allowable by the law. If you wish us to withhold your name and/or address, you must state this prominently at the beginning of your comment. However, we will not consider anonymous comments. We will make all submissions from organizations or businesses, and from individuals identifying themselves as representatives or officials of organizations or businesses, available for public inspection in their entirety.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Alexis London, Rules Processing Team, telephone (703) 787-1600. You may also contact Alexis London to obtain a copy of the collection of information at no cost.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

**Title:** 30 CFR Part 254, Oil-Spill Response Requirements for Facilities Located Seaward of the Coast Line.

**OMB Control Number:** 1010-0091.

**Abstract:** The Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended by the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA), requires that a spill-response plan be submitted for offshore facilities prior to February 18, 1993. The OPA specifies that after that date, an offshore facility may not handle, store, or transport oil unless a plan has been submitted. Regulations at 30 CFR part 254 establish requirements for spill-response plans for oil-handling facilities seaward of the coast line, including associated pipelines.

We use the information collected under 30 CFR part 254 to determine compliance with OPA by owners/operators. Specifically, MMS needs the information to:

- determine effectiveness of the spill-response capability of owners/operators;
- review plans prepared under the regulations of a State and submitted to MMS to satisfy the requirements of this rule to ensure that they meet minimum requirements of OPA;
- verify that personnel involved in oil-spill response are properly trained and familiar with the requirements of the spill response plans and to witness spill-response exercises;
- assess the sufficiency and availability of contractor equipment and materials;
- verify that sufficient quantities of equipment are available and in working order;
- oversee spill-response efforts and maintain official records of pollution events; and
- assess the efforts of owners/operators to prevent oil spills or prevent substantial threats of such discharges.

Responses are mandatory. No proprietary, confidential, or sensitive information is collected.

**Frequency:** The frequency varies by regulatory requirement, but is mostly annual or on occasion.

**Estimated Number and Description of Respondents:** Approximately 193 owners or operators of facilities located in both State and Federal waters seaward of the coast line.

**Estimated Annual Reporting and Recordkeeping "Hour" Burden:** The currently approved burden for this information collection is 47,439 hours. The major components of this burden are for:

- Spill response plans for OCS or State water facilities (100 hours).
- Revised spill response plans (16.5 hours).
- Modified OCS spill response plan for facilities in State waters (45 hours).

- Response plan for facilities in State waters using State requirements (93 hours).

- Conduct of annual training; retain records for 2 years (40 hours).

- Conduct of triennial response plan exercise; retain records for 3 years (110 hours).

**Estimated Annual Reporting and Recordkeeping "Non-Hour Cost"**

**Burden:** We have identified no non-hour cost burdens for this collection.

**Comments:** The PRA (44 U.S.C. 3501, *et seq.*) provides that an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the PRA requires each agency " \* \* \* to provide notice \* \* \* and otherwise consult with members of the public and affected agencies concerning each proposed collection of information \* \* \* "

Agencies must specifically solicit comments to: (a) evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the agency to perform its duties, including whether the information is useful; (b) evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) enhance the quality, usefulness, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) minimize the burden on the respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

The PRA also requires agencies to estimate the total annual reporting "non-hour cost" burden to respondents or recordkeepers resulting from the collection of information. We have not identified any non-hour cost burdens and need to know if you have other costs associated with the collection of this information for either total capital and startup cost components or annual operation, maintenance, and purchase of service components. Your estimates should consider the costs to generate, maintain, and disclose or provide the information. You should describe the methods you use to estimate major cost factors, including system and technology acquisition, expected useful life of capital equipment, discount rate(s), and the period over which you incur costs. Capital and startup costs include, among other items, computers and software you purchase to prepare for collecting information; monitoring, sampling, drilling, and testing equipment; and record storage facilities. Generally, your estimates should not include equipment or services purchased: (i) before October 1, 1995; (ii) to comply with requirements not