SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The President established the National Bioethics Advisory Commission (NBAC) on October 3, 1999 by Executive Order 12975 as amended. The mission of the NBAC is to advise and make recommendations to the National Science and Technology Council, its Chair, the President, and other entities on bioethical issues arising from the research on human biology and behavior, and from the applications of that research.

Public Participation

The meeting is open to the public with attendance limited by the availability of space on a first come, first serve basis. Members of the public who wish to present oral statements should contact Ms. Jody Crank by telephone, fax machine, or mail as shown below as soon as possible, at least 4 days before the meeting. The Chair will reserve time for presentations by persons requesting to speak and asks that oral statements be limited to five minutes. The order of persons wanting to make a statement will be assigned in the order in which requests are received. Individuals unable to make oral presentations can mail or fax their written comments to the NBAC staff office at least five business days prior to the meeting for distribution to the Commission and inclusion in the public record. The Commission also accepts general comments at its website at bioethics.gov. Persons needing special assistance, such as sign language interpretation or other special accommodations, should contact NBAC staff at the address or telephone number listed below as soon as possible.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Jody Crank, National Bioethics Advisory Commission, 6100 Executive Boulevard, Suite 5B01, Rockville, Maryland 20892–7508, telephone (301) 402–4242, fax number (301) 480–6900.

Eric M. Meslin,
Executive Director, National Bioethics Advisory Commission.

BILLING CODE 4167–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[Program Announcement 00078]

National Conference of State Legislatures; Notice of Availability of Funds

A. Purpose

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) announces the availability of fiscal year (FY) 2000 funds for a grant program for the National Conference of State Legislatures to develop educational initiatives and provide an information forum for State policymakers on all areas of public health.

CDC is committed to achieving the health promotion and disease prevention objectives of “Healthy People 2010” a national activity to reduce morbidity and mortality and improve the quality of life. This announcement is related to the focus areas of: Arthritis, Osteoporosis and Chronic Back Conditions; Cancer; Diabetes; Disability and Secondary Conditions; Educational and Community-Based Programs; Environmental Health; Family Planning; Food Safety; Health Communication; Heart Disease and Stroke; HIV; Immunization and Infectious Diseases; Injury and Violence Prevention; Maternal, Infant and Child Health; Nutrition and Overweight; Occupational Safety and Health; Oral Health; Physical Activity and Fitness; Public Health Infrastructure; Respiratory Diseases; Sexually Transmitted Diseases; Substance Abuse; Tobacco Use; and Vision and Hearing. For the conference copy of “Healthy People 2010,” visit the internet site: <http://www.health.gov/healthypeople>

The broad purposes of the grant are to develop educational initiatives and provide an information forum on public health for policymakers, and to provide accurate, comprehensive, and timely information on public health issues to State policymakers for the development of effective public health policy at the State level. Priority areas in the first budget year are prevention, early detection, and control of disease and injury, the promotion of healthy behaviors, and strengthening State and local public health agencies.

B. Eligible Applicants

Assistance will be provided only to the National Conference of State Legislatures (NCSL). No other applications are solicited.

NCSL is the only bipartisan organization that represents legislatures and their staff of the 50 States. NCSL is a unique source for policy research, publications, consulting services, and meetings. NCSL tailors these services to State legislators, committees, and their staff. It is the only national conduit for State legislators to communicate with each other to share ideas. NCSL provides a unique network for sharing experiences and information with legislators and staffs throughout the nation.

The NCSL is the source for information on hundreds of policy issues. It connects legislators with policy innovators and national experts. It also uses a variety of technologies and resources to assist legislators and their staff that include:

1. Research and analysis for States on emerging and priority issues and innovative State enterprises.

2. Information Clearinghouse to track, evaluate, and disseminate information on State programs and State best practices.

3. Publications with formats designed specifically for the State legislators.

NCSL produces regular reports, issue briefs, legislative briefs, and articles on issues critical to States.

4. Conducts National meetings and intensive workshops planned specifically for the legislators and their staff to support State-to-State communication on technical issues and assistance in solving State focused problems. As the nation’s only organization that represents and links legislators and their staff from all 50 States, NCSL is in a unique position to disseminate information on public health issues to State legislatures and convene information-sharing meetings among State legislative representatives and staff.

Note: Public Law 104–65 states that an organization described in section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 that engages in lobbying activities is not eligible to receive Federal funds, constituting an award, grant, cooperative agreement, contract, loan, or any other.

C. Availability of Funds

Approximately $1,314,300 will be available in FY 2000 to fund public health activities under this grant. Award amounts for each division activity are provided in Attachment I. It is expected the award will begin on or about September 2, 2000, and will be for a 12-month budget period within a project period of up to 3 years. Funding estimates may change.

Continuation awards within an approved project period will be made...
on the basis of satisfactory progress as evidenced by required reports and the availability of funds.

D. Program Requirements

The recipient will be responsible for carrying out activities to support the following:

1. Develop, maintain, and publicize an information clearinghouse for use by State policymakers on issues that relate to public health, to include the prevention, early detection, and control of disease and injury; and the preparedness, capacity, and performance of State and local public health agencies, including the public health workforce.

2. Develop, print, and distribute articles, reports, and other information relating to public health for use by State policymakers.

3. Convene regional and national meetings of State government employees, State legislators and their staff, and others as appropriate for discussion of public health issues to include appropriate topics, audiences and workshops to exchange information.

4. Track relevant State legislation and legislative activities related to public health. Provide quarterly updates to State policymakers on legislation and legislative actions on public health issues such as adolescent health; arthritis, osteoporosis and chronic back conditions; cancer; diabetes; obesity; disability and secondary conditions; educational and community-based programs; environmental health issues, including childhood lead poisoning, safe drinking water, and pediatric asthma; heart disease and stroke; HIV infection; immunization and infectious diseases; maternal, infant and child health; nutrition; oral health; physical activity and fitness; sexually transmitted diseases; injury; tobacco use; State and local public health legal authorities; and other topics. This activity shall not be intended to support or defeat particular State legislation.

5. Coordinate activities with State and local health department contacts, including public health experts, to ensure that NCSSL members are aware of public health programs and activities in their State or region.

6. Expand above activities to include other public health areas, when agreed upon by CDC and NCSSL.

E. Application Content

Use the information in the Program Requirements, Other Requirements, and Evaluation Criteria sections to develop the application content. The application will be evaluated on the criteria listed, so it is important to follow them in laying out the program plan. The narrative should be no more than 30 double-spaced pages, printed on one side, with one-inch margins, and unredacted font.

F. Submission and Deadline

Application

Submit the original and two copies of Application Form 5161–1. Forms are in the application kit.

Submit the application on or before July 14, 2000, to the Grants Management Specialist identified in the “Where to Obtain Information section” of this announcement.

Deadline: Applications shall be considered as meeting the deadline if they are either:

(a) Received on or before the deadline date; or

(b) Sent on or before the deadline.

(Applicants must request a legibly dated U.S. Postal Service postmark or obtain a legibly dated receipt from a commercial carrier or U.S. Postal Service. Private metered postmarks shall not be acceptable as proof of timely mailing.)

Late Applications: Applications which do not meet the criteria in (a) or (b) above are considered late, applications will not be considered, and will be returned to the applicant.

G. Evaluation Criteria

The application will be evaluated according to the following criteria by an independent review group appointed by CDC:

1. Background and Need (5 Points)

The extent to which the applicant identifies specific needs related to the purpose of the program.

2. Objectives (20 Points)

The extent to which the application identifies the logical and measurable objectives of the program.

3. Methods (35 Points)

The extent to which the proposal describes the methods and techniques for achieving the stated objectives.

4. Administration and Management (15 Points)

The extent to which the proposed staff have the background, qualifications, and experience; and the organizational structure demonstrate an ability to conduct proposed activities.

5. Evaluation Plan (25 Points)

The extent to which the evaluation plan appears capable of monitoring progress toward meeting project objectives.

6. Budget and Justification (Not Scored)

The extent to which the budget is reasonable and consistent with the purposes and activities of the program.

H. Other Requirements

Technical Reporting Requirements

Provide CDC with original plus two copies of:

1. Quarterly progress reports are required no later than 30 days after the quarterly reporting period.

2. Financial status report, no more than 90 days after the end of the budget period; and

3. Final financial status and performance reports, no more than 90 days after the end of the project period.

The following additional requirements are applicable to this program. For a complete description of each, see Attachment II in the application kit.

AR±7 ........... Executive Order 12372 Review.
AR±9 ........... Paperwork Reduction Act Requirements.
AR±10 ......... Smoke-Free Workplace Requirements.
AR±11 ......... Healthy People 2010.
AR±12 ......... Lobbying Restrictions.
AR±15 ......... Proof of Nonprofit Status.

I. Authority and Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number

This program is authorized under sections 301(a), 317(k)(2), and 1706 (42 U.S.C. 241(a), 247(b)(2)) of the Public Health Service Act, as amended.' The Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance number is 93.283.

J. Where to Obtain Additional Information

This and other CDC announcements can be found on the CDC home page Internet address—http://www.cdc.gov.

To obtain additional information contact:
Cynthia R. Collins, Grants Management Specialist Grants, Management Branch, Procurement and Grants Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2920 Brandywine Rd., Room 3000, Atlanta, GA 30341–5539, telephone: (770) 488–2757, email: coc9@cdc.gov.

For program technical assistance, contact:
Lisa Daily, Associate Director for Planning, Evaluation and Legislation, National Center for Chronic Disease, Prevention and Health Promotion,
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. 00N–0356]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request; Survey of Incidence of Gastroenterological Parasitic Infections in the United States as a Result of Consumption of Raw Fish

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing that the proposed collection of information listed below has been submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and clearance under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

DATES: Submit written comments on the collection of information by June 22, 2000.

ADDRESSES: Submit written comments on the collection of information to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, OMB, New Executive Office Bldg., 725 17th St. NW., rm. 10235, Washington, DC 20503. Attn: Wendy Taylor, Desk Officer for FDA.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Peggy Schlosburg, Office of Information Resources Management (HFA–250), Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857, 301–827–1223.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In compliance with 44 U.S.C. 3507, FDA has submitted the following proposed collection of information to OMB for review and clearance.

Survey of Incidence of Gastroenterological Parasitic Infections in the United States as a Result of Consumption of Raw Fish

Under section 903(b)(2) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 393(b)(2)), FDA has the responsibility to conduct research relating to foods and to conduct educational and public information programs relating to the safety of the nation’s food supply. The “Survey of Incidence of Gastroenterological Parasitic Infections in the United States as a Result of Consumption of Raw Fish” will provide information on the actual frequency of occurrence of fish-borne helminth illnesses. Detailed information will be obtained from the target population of clinical gastroenterologists who are likely to have encountered and treated food-borne parasitic infections. Respondents will also be asked to provide demographic information about the most recent cases. The information will be used to better evaluate the need for control of helminth parasites in fish intended for raw consumption and to evaluate effective means for control where such controls are found necessary. A national representative sample of 1,000 clinical gastroenterologists will be selected by a random procedure and interviewed by questionnaire.

In the Federal Register of February 22, 2000 (65 FR 8713), the agency requested comments on the proposed collections of information. One comment was received. The comment commended the concept of conducting the survey, but requested that the survey gather information sufficient to determine whether implicated fish were from commercial or recreational sources.

The comment’s point is that because the purpose of the survey is to help determine whether infection from fish-borne helminth parasites is a hazard that is responsibly likely to occur in the United States in commercial species of fish, data on parasite infections from noncommercial species could skew the outcome. While the comment’s point is valid in theory, it is highly unlikely that recreational species are a significant source of parasite infections. It is more likely that commercial species intended for raw consumption, as in sushi and sashimi, provide an appreciable risk of parasite infection. Consequently, the agency does not regard differentiation between commercial and recreational sources to be critical to the success of the survey. As a practical matter, moreover, information on whether an infection was from a commercially or recreationally obtained fish is probably not available through the kind of survey that is being conducted. Consequently, FDA does not contemplate any change in the survey.

Any findings of significant levels of infection will guide FDA in evaluating its current policy that fish intended for raw consumption should have been previously frozen to eliminate the hazard from live parasites. This recommendation is adhered to by many members of the seafood industry. To the extent that parasite infection from raw fish is demonstrated through this survey to be a hazard reasonably likely to occur, the agency would focus its attention to such actions as increased consumer education, which would apply to raw fish from any source, and to ensuring the implementation of hazard analysis critical control points controls for fish sold for raw consumption.

FDA estimates the burden of this collection of information as follows:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>No. of Respondents</th>
<th>Annual Frequency per Response</th>
<th>Total Annual Responses</th>
<th>Hours per Response</th>
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<td>500</td>
<td>.50</td>
<td>250</td>
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¹There are no capital costs or operating and maintenance costs associated with this collection of information.