

from the Nevada Test Site, NV in the possession of the Nevada Operations Office, U.S. Department of Energy, Las Vegas, NV which meet the definition of "sacred object" and "unassociated funerary object" under Section 2 of the Act.

The 46 cultural items consist of ceramics, groundstones, bone and glass beads, stone pendants, projectile points, white chert, abrader, pestle, chipped stone, and a bowl.

These 46 cultural items were recovered in the same vicinities where Native American burials had previously been recovered. Consultation evidence presented by representatives of Western Shoshone and Paiute tribes indicates these cultural items are consistent with funerary objects typically included in Western Shoshone and Paiute burials.

The 274 cultural items consist of bone and glass beads, groundstone, projectile points and fragments, pieces of pottery, ceramics, obsidian bifaces, white chert, abraders, basketry, a bowl, a stone knife, a stone drill, crystals, pipe fragments, cores, and stone pendants/ornaments.

Consultation evidence presented by representatives of Western Shoshone and Paiute tribes indicates these 250 cultural items are specific ceremonial objects needed by Native American traditional religious leaders for the practice of Native American religion by present-day adherents.

Between 1965-1969, these cultural items were recovered from several sites within the Nevada Test site during non-legally permitted collections by Frederick Worman, and anthropologist and biologist with the Los Alamos National Laboratory and William McKinnis, an engineer with the Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory. These collections also include cultural items from within the Nevada Test site given to McKinnis by other unknown collectors. After 1969, these collections were curated at the University of Nevada-Las Vegas until 1983, when they were transferred to the Desert Research Institute (DRI), a federal curation facility, in Reno, NV. When the collections containing these cultural items were inventoried in 1996, it was found that there was not any systematic referencing system, making it difficult to assign materials to their original locations within the Nevada Test site.

Based on the above-mentioned information, officials of the U.S. Department of Energy have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(2)(ii), these 46 cultural items are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony and are believed, by a

preponderance of the evidence, to have been removed from a specific burial site of a Native American individual. Officials of the U.S. Department of Energy have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(3), these 274 cultural items are specific ceremonial objects needed by traditional Native American religious leaders for the practice of traditional Native American religions by their present-day adherents. Officials of the U.S. Department of Energy have also determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (e), there is a relationship of shared group identity which can be reasonably traced between these items and the Paiute Indian Tribe of Utah, the Chemehuevi Indian Tribe of the Chemehuevi Reservation, the Colorado River Indian Tribes of the Colorado River Indian Reservation, the Duckwater Shoshone Tribe of the Duckwater Reservation, the Ely Shoshone Tribe of Nevada, the Fort Independence Indian Community of Paiute Indians of the Fort Independence Reservation, the Las Vegas Tribe of Paiute Indians of the Las Vegas Indian Colony, the Kaibab Band of Paiute Indians of the Kaibab Indian Reservation, the Moapa Band of Paiute Indians of the Moapa River Indian Reservation, the Paiute-Shoshone Indians of the Lone Pine Community of the Lone Pine Reservation, and the Yomba Shoshone Tribe of the Yomba Reservation.

This notice has been sent to officials of the Paiute Indian Tribe of Utah, the Chemehuevi Indian Tribe of the Chemehuevi Reservation, the Colorado River Indian Tribes of the Colorado River Indian Reservation, the Duckwater Shoshone Tribe of the Duckwater Reservation, the Ely Shoshone Tribe of Nevada, the Fort Independence Indian Community of Paiute Indians of the Fort Independence Reservation, the Las Vegas Tribe of Paiute Indians of the Las Vegas Indian Colony, the Kaibab Band of Paiute Indians of the Kaibab Indian Reservation, the Moapa Band of Paiute Indians of the Moapa River Indian Reservation, the Paiute-Shoshone Indians of the Lone Pine Community of the Lone Pine Reservation, the Yomba Shoshone Tribe of the Yomba Reservation and the following non-Federally recognized Indian groups: the Timbisha Shoshone Tribe, the Pahrump Paiute Tribe, the Las Vegas Indian Center, the Southern Paiute Tribal Chairman's Associated, and the Owens Valley Board of Trustees. Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with these objects should contact Robert C. Furlow, NAGPRA Program Manager, DOE Nevada

Operations Office, PO Box 98518, Las Vegas, NV 89193-8518; telephone: (762) 295-0845, fax: (762) 295-1455 before June 7, 2000. Repatriation of these objects to the Paiute Indian Tribe of Utah, the Chemehuevi Indian Tribe of the Chemehuevi Reservation, the Colorado River Indian Tribes of the Colorado River Indian Reservation, the Duckwater Shoshone Tribe of the Duckwater Reservation, the Ely Shoshone Tribe of Nevada, the Fort Independence Indian Community of Paiute Indians of the Fort Independence Reservation, the Las Vegas Tribe of Paiute Indians of the Las Vegas Indian Colony, the Kaibab Band of Paiute Indians of the Kaibab Indian Reservation, the Moapa Band of Paiute Indians of the Moapa River Indian Reservation, the Paiute-Shoshone Indians of the Lone Pine Community of the Lone Pine Reservation, and the Yomba Shoshone Tribe of the Yomba Reservation may begin after that date if no additional claimants come forward.

The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations within this notice.

Dated: April 26, 2000.

**Veletta Canouts,**

*Acting Departmental Consulting Archeologist,  
Deputy Manager, Archeology and  
Ethnography Program.*

[FR Doc. 00-11378 Filed 5-5-00; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4310-70-F**

**INTERNATIONAL TRADE  
COMMISSION**

**Notice of Commission Decision Not to  
Review an Initial Determination  
Amending the Complaint and Notice of  
Investigation**

[Inv. No. 337-TA-428]

In the Matter of Certain Integrated Circuit Chipsets, Components Thereof and Products Containing Same.

**AGENCY:** U.S. International Trade Commission.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** Notice is hereby given that the U.S. International Trade Commission has determined not to review the presiding administrative law judge's ("ALJ's") initial determination ("ID") granting a motion to amend the complaint and notice of investigation to withdraw claims 1-11, 32-36, and 39-48 of U.S. Letters Patent 5,581,782 from the investigation and to amend the notice of investigation by adding to the caption and the text the phrase "components thereof."

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Clara Kuehn, Esq., Office of the General Counsel, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street, SW, Washington, D.C. 20436, telephone (202) 205-3012. Hearing-impaired persons are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on 202-205-1810. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its Internet server (<http://www.usitc.gov>).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

The Commission ordered the institution of this investigation on February 4, 2000, based on a complaint filed by Intel Corp., of Santa Clara, California ("Intel"). 65 FR 7059 (2000). The complaint named five respondents: VIA Technologies, Inc., of Taipei, Taiwan; VIA Technologies, Inc., of Fremont, California (collectively, "VIA"); First International Computer, Inc., of Taipei, Taiwan; First International Computer of America, Inc., of Fremont, California; and Everex Systems, Inc., of Fremont, California (collectively, "FIC"). Id. The complaint, as supplemented, alleges violations of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930 in the importation into the United States, sale for importation, and/or sale within the United States after importation of certain integrated circuit chipsets and products containing same by reason of infringement of claims 1-3 and 15-16 of U.S. Letters Patent 5,333,276, claims 1-4, 10, 15, 22, 27-30, 36-37, 44-45, and 49 of U.S. Letters Patent 5,740,385, claims 1-12 and 28-48 of U.S. Letters Patent 5,581,782 ("the '782 patent'"), and claims 1-31 of U.S. Letters Patent 5,548,733.

On March 29, 2000, complainant Intel filed a motion to amend the complaint and notice of investigation by deleting claims 1-11, 32-36, and 39-48 of the '782 patent and by adding the phrase "components thereof" to the text and caption of the notice of investigation. Respondents opposed the motion to the extent that it sought to add the phrase "components thereof" to the notice of investigation. The Commission investigative attorney supported the motion in its entirety.

On April 10, 2000, the presiding ALJ issued an ID (Order No. 6) granting Intel's motion, thereby amending the complaint to delete claims 1-11, 32-36, and 39-48 of the '782 patent, and amending the notice of investigation to delete claims 1-11, 32-36, and 39-48 of the '782 patent and add the phrase "components thereof" to the caption and the text. No party petitioned for review of the ID.

The authority for the Commission's determination is contained in section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. § 1337), and in section 210.42 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 210.42). Copies of the ALJ's ID and all other nonconfidential documents filed in connection with this investigation are or will be available for inspection during official business hours (8:45 a.m. to 5:15 p.m.) in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20436, telephone 202-205-2000.

By order of the Commission.  
Issued: May 1, 2000.

**Donna R. Koehnke**

Secretary

[FR Doc. 00-11339 Filed 5-5-00; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 7020-02-P**

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## DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

### Bureau of Justice Assistance; Agency Information Collection Activities: Common Request

**ACTION:** Notice of information collection under review; survey of best practices for hiring and retention of female and minority law enforcement officers.

The Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, has submitted the following information collection request for review and clearance in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. Office of Management and Budget approval is being sought for the information collection listed below. This proposed information collection was previously published in the **Federal Register** on February 28, 2000, allowing for a 60-day public comment period.

The purpose of this notice is to allow an additional 30 days for public comment until June 7, 2000. This process is conducted in accordance with 5 CFR 1320.10.

Written comments and/or suggestions regarding the item(s) contained in this notice, especially regarding the estimated public burden and associated response time, should be directed to the Office of Management and Budget, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attention: Department of Justice Desk Officer, Washington, DC 20530. Additionally, comments may be submitted to OMB via facsimile to (202) 395-7285. Comments may also be submitted to the Department of Justice (DOJ), Justice Management Division, Information Management and Security Staff, Attention: Department Deputy

Clearance Officer, Suite 1220, 1331 Pennsylvania NW, Washington, DC 20530.

Written comments and/or suggestions from the public and affected agencies concerning the proposed collection of information should address one or more of the following four points:

(1) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the function of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

(3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

### Overview of This Information

(1) *Type of information collection:* Extension of a currently approved collection.

(2) *The title of the form/collection:* Survey of Best Practices for Hiring and Retention of Female and Minority Law Enforcement Officers.

(3) *The agency form number, if any, and the applicable component of the Department sponsoring the collection:* Bureau of Justice Assistance, United States Department of Justice.

(4) *Affected public who will be asked or required to respond, as well as a brief abstract:* Primary: Local Law Enforcement Agencies. 42 USC 3760 [Sec.510.] Purposes (a)(4) providing financial assistance to public agencies and private nonprofit organizations for demonstration programs, which, in view of previous research or experience, are likely to be a success in more than one jurisdiction.

(5) *An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond/reply:* It is estimated that 800 respondents will complete a 35 minute nomination form.

(6) *An estimate of the total public burden (in hours) associated with the collection:* The total hour burden to complete the nominations is 400 annual burden hours.

If additional information is required contact: Mrs. Brenda E. Dyer, Deputy