Regulation
For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Coast Guard proposes to amend 33 CFR Parts 110 and 165 as follows:

PART 110—[AMENDED]
1. The authority citation for Part 110 continues to read as follows:
Authority: 33 U.S.C. 471, 1221 through 1236, 2030, 2035, 2071; 49 CFR 1.46 and 33 CFR 1.05–1(g).
2. From 12:00 p.m. until 4:00 p.m. on June 23, 2000 temporarily add § 110.157(e) to read as follows:
§ 110.157 Delaware Bay and River
* * * * *
(e) Notwithstanding the above, the following temporary regulations will be in effect from 12 p.m. through 4 p.m. on June 23, 2000 for Tall Ships Delaware: Anchorage 6 will be closed to all vessels except Tall Ships Delaware vessels. “Tall Ships Delaware vessels” includes all vessels participating in Tall Ships Delaware under the auspices of the Marine Event Permit submitted for the Port of Wilmington, Delaware, and approved by the Commander, Fifth Coast Guard District.

PART 165—[AMENDED]
3. The authority citation for Part 165 continues to read as follows:
Authority: 33 U.S.C. 1225 and 1231; 50 U.S.C. 191; 33 CFR 1.05–1(g), 6.04–1, 6.04–6, and 160.5; 49 CFR 1.46. Section 165.100 is also issued under authority of Sec. 311, Pub. L. 105–353.
4. Add temporary § 165.T05–008 to read as follows:
§ 165.T05–008 Safety Zone; Tall Ships Delaware, Delaware River, Wilmington, DE.
(a) Definitions: (1) Captain of the Port means the Commanding Officer of the Coast Guard Marine Safety Office/Group Philadelphia or any Coast Guard commissioned, warrant, or petty officer who has been authorized by the Captain of the Port to act on his behalf.
(2) Coast Guard Patrol Commander is a commissioned, warrant, or petty officer of the Coast Guard who has been designated by the Commanding Officer, Coast Guard Marine Safety Office/Group Philadelphia.
(b) Tall Ships Delaware Vessels includes all vessels participating in the Tall Ships Delaware under the auspices of the Marine Event Permit submitted for the Port of Wilmington, Delaware, and approved by Commander, Fifth Coast Guard District.
(b) Location. The following area is a moving safety zone: All waters from 500 yards forward of the lead Tall Ships Delaware vessel to 100 yards aft of the last Tall Ships Delaware vessel, and extending 50 yards outboard of each Tall Ships Delaware vessel participating in the Parade of Sail. This safety zone will move with the Parade of Sail as it transits the Delaware River from the mouth of the Christina River to New Castle, Delaware, returns to the mouth of the Christina River, and as each Tall Ships Delaware vessel moors in Wilmington, Delaware.
(c) Regulations. (1) All persons are required to comply with the general regulations governing safety zones in § 165.23 of this part.
(2) No person or vessel may enter or navigate within this safety zone unless authorized to do so by the Coast Guard Patrol Commander. Any person or vessel authorized to enter the Coast Guard Patrol Commander. Any person or vessel authorized to enter the safety zone must operate in strict conformance with any directions given by the Coast Guard Patrol Commander and leave the safety zone immediately if the Coast Guard Patrol Commander so orders.
(3) The Coast Guard vessels enforcing this section can be contacted on VHF Marine Band Radio, channels 13 and 16. The Captain of the Port can be contacted at telephone number (215) 271–4090.
(4) The Coast Guard Patrol Commander will notify the public of changes in the status of this safety zone by Marine Safety Radio Broadcast on VHF–FM marine band radio, channel 22 (157.1 MHz).
(d) Effective dates: These regulations are effective from 12 p.m. to 4 p.m. on June 23, 2000.
J.W. Underwood,
Captain, U.S. Coast Guard, Acting Commander, Fifth Coast Guard District.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
Coast Guard
33 CFR Part 117
[CCGD08–00–004]
RIN 2115–AE47
Drawbridge Operation Regulations for the Arkansas and White Rivers
AGENCY: Coast Guard, DOT.
ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.
SUMMARY: The Coast Guard proposes to revise the regulation governing the operation of the Cotton Belt Railroad (Rob Roy) Bridge across the Arkansas River at mile 67.4, in the State of Arkansas. For more than 20 years the Rob Roy Bridge has been operated using radiotelephones as the primary communications device between mariners and the bridge operator even though current regulations require horns and flashing lights. The change in this rule will merely make the regulation require the use of radiotelephone for primary communications in the operation of the bridge.
DATES: Comments must be received on or before June 6, 2000.
ADDRESSES: Comments may be mailed to Commander (obr), Eighth Coast Guard District, 1222 Spruce Street, St. Louis, MO 63103, or may be delivered to room 2.107F at the same address between 8:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. Monday through Friday, except on Federal Holidays.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Roger K. Wiebusch, Bridge Administrator, Commander (obr), Eighth Coast Guard District, 314–539–3900, Ext. 378.
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
Request for Comments
The Coast Guard encourages interested persons to participate in this rulemaking by submitting written data, views, or arguments. Persons submitting comments should include their names and addresses, identify this rulemaking (CGDO8–00–004) and the specific section of this proposal to which the comment applies, and give the reason for each comment. Please submit all comments and attachments in an unbound format, no larger than 8½ by 11 inches, suitable for copying and electronic filing. Persons wanting acknowledgment of receipt of comments should enclose stamped, self-addressed postcards or envelopes.
The Coast Guard plans no public hearing. Individuals may request a public hearing by writing to the Commander (obr), at the address under ADDRESSES. The request should include the reasons why a hearing would be beneficial. If it determines that the opportunity for oral presentations will aid this rulemaking, the Coast Guard will hold a public hearing at a time and place announced by a later notice in the Federal Register.
Background and Purpose
The Arkansas River is a part of the McClellan–Kerr Arkansas River Navigation System. The System rises in the vicinity of Catoosa, Oklahoma, and embraces improved natural waterways and a canal to empty into the Mississippi River in southeast Arkansas. The Arkansas River drawbridge operation regulations contained in 33
CFR 117.123(a), states that the Cotton Belt Railroad (Rob Roy) Bridge, Mile 67.4, requires the use of ship’s horns and flashing lights on the bridge to communicate between mariners requesting openings and railroad dispatchers remotely operating the bridge. Although not stated in 33 CFR 117.123(a), records indicate that the method of communication outlined in 33 CFR 117.123(b)(1) was to be used by mariners and the remote bridge operator as a back-up means of communications. The Coast Guard, however, has determined that the primary method of communications outlined in 33 CFR 117.123(a) has not been used during the past 20 years. It is doubtful that the system of horns and flashing lights was ever used. Instead, mariners and remote bridge operators have used the method outlined in 33 CFR 117.123(b)(1) as the prime method of communications for opening the Rob Roy Bridge.

Discussion of Proposed Rules

Drawbridge operation regulations should be realistic in meeting the needs of both navigation and land traffic, and be tempered with common sense and good judgment. The current regulations do not reflect the actual method of operation for the Rob Roy Bridge. A survey of towboat pilots and railroad personnel revealed that the use of radiotelephones as the primary means of communications is preferred. The people involved never favored the use of ship’s horns and flashing bridge lights. This proposal will provide regulations for operation of the Rob Roy Bridge that are consistent with the way the bridge is actually operated.

Regulatory Evaluation

This proposal is not a significant regulatory action under section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 and does not require an assessment of potential costs and benefits under section 6(a)(3) of that order. It has not been reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget under that order. It is not significant under the regulatory policies and procedures of the Department of Transportation (DOT) (44 FR 11040; February 26, 1979). The Coast Guard expects the economic impact of this proposal to be so minimal that a full Regulatory Evaluation under paragraph 10e of the regulatory policies and procedures of DOT is unnecessary. For more than 20 years the Rob Roy Bridge has been operated using radiotelephones as the primary communications device between mariners and the bridge operator even though current regulations require horns and flashing lights. The change in this rule will merely make the published operation regulation conform to the actual method of operation.

Small Entities

Under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.), the Coast Guard must consider whether this proposal, if adopted, will have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. “Small entities” may include (1) small businesses and not-for-profit organizations that are independently owned and operated and are not dominant in their fields and (2) governmental jurisdictions with populations of less than 50,000. Since the proposed regulation only changes the method used to communicate between mariners requesting bridge openings and railroad dispatchers remotely operating the bridge and does not affect the existing operating schedule of the bridge, there will be little, if any, impact on small entities. Because it expects the impact of this proposal to be minimal, the Coast Guard certified under 5 U.S.C. 605 (b) that this proposal will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

Collection of Information

This proposal contains no collection-of-information requirements under the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.).

Federalism

The Coast Guard has analyzed this proposal under the principles and criteria contained in Executive Order 12612 and has determined that this proposal does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

Unfunded Mandates Reform Act

The Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1531–1538) governs the issuance of Federal regulations that require unfunded mandates. An unfunded mandate is a regulation that requires a State, local, or tribal government or the private sector to incur direct costs without the Federal Government’s having first provided the funds to pay those costs. This rule would not impose an unfunded mandate.

Taking of Private Property

This rule would not effect a taking of private property or otherwise have taking implications under E.O. 12630, Governmental Actions and Interference with Constitutionally Protected Property Rights.

Civil Justice Reform

This rule meets applicable standards in sections 3(a) and 3(b)(2) of E.O. 12988, Civil Justice Reform, to minimize litigation, eliminate ambiguity, and reduce burden.

Protection of Children

We have analyzed this rule under E.O. 13045, Protection of Children from Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks. This rule is not an economically significant rule and does not concern an environmental risk to health or risk to safety that may disproportionately affect children.

Environment

The Coast Guard considered the environmental impact of this proposal and concluded that under paragraph 2.B.2.a. of Commandant Instructions M16475.1C, this proposal is categorically excluded from further environmental documentation. A “Categorical Exclusion Determination” is available in the docket for inspection or copying where indicated under ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects in 33 CFR Part 117

Bridges.

Regulations

For the reasons set out in the preamble, the Coast Guard proposes to amend Part 117 of Title 33, Code of Federal Regulations, as follows:

PART 117—DRAWBRIDGE OPERATION REGULATIONS

1. The authority citation for part 117 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 33 U.S.C. 499; 49 CFR 1.46; 33 CFR 1.05–1(g); section 117.255 also issued under the authority of Pub. L. 102–587, 106 Stat. 5039.

2. Section 117.123(a) is revised to read as follows:

§ 117.123 Arkansas Waterway—Automated Railroad Bridges.

(a) Across the Arkansas River, the draw of the Cotton Belt Railroad (Rob Roy) Bridge, Mile 67.4, is maintained in the closed position and is remotely operated. Any vessel requiring an opening of the draw shall establish contact by radiotelephone with the remote drawbridge operator on VHF–FM Channel 16 in Pine Bluff, Arkansas. The remote drawbridge operator will advise the vessel whether the bridge can be immediately opened and maintain constant contact with the vessel until the span has opened and the vessel passage has been completed. If the drawbridge cannot be opened
immediately, the remote drawbridge operator shall notify the calling vessel and provide an estimated time for opening.

* * * * *


Paul J. Pluta,
Rear Admiral, U. S. Coast Guard Commander, Eighth Coast Guard District.

[FR Doc. 00–8660 Filed 4–6–00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–15–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[GA–48–200010(b); FRL–6573–4]

Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans, Georgia: Approval of Revisions to the Georgia State Implementation Plan: Transportation Conformity Interagency Memorandum of Agreement

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: EPA is proposing to approve a revision to the Georgia State Implementation Plan (SIP) that contains transportation conformity rules. If EPA approves this transportation conformity SIP revision, the State will be able to implement and enforce the Federal transportation conformity requirements at the State level per EPA regulations—Conformity to State or Federal Implementation Plans of Transportation Plans, Programs, and Projects Developed, Funded or Approved Under Title 23 U.S.C. of the Federal Transit Laws. EPA’s proposed action would streamline the conformity process and allow direct consultation among agencies at the local levels. EPA’s proposed approval is limited to Transportation Conformity.

In the Final Rules section of this Federal Register, the EPA is approving Georgia SIP revision, under sections 110(k) and 176 of the Clean Air Act, as a direct final rule without prior proposal because the Agency views this as a noncontroversial submittal and anticipates no adverse comments. A detailed rationale for the approval is set forth in the direct final rule. If no adverse comments are received in response to this action, no further activity is contemplated. If EPA receives adverse comments, the direct final rule will be withdrawn and all public comments received will be addressed in a subsequent final rule based on this proposed rule. The EPA will not institute a second comment period on this document. Any parties interested in commenting on this document should do so at this time.

DATES: Written comments must be received on or before May 8, 2000.

ADDRESSES: All comments should be addressed to Kelly Scheckler at the EPA, Region 4 Air Planning Branch, 61 Forsyth Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

Copies of the state submittal are available at the following addresses for inspection during normal business hours:

Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4, Air Planning Branch, 61 Forsyth Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303–8960. Attn: Kelly Scheckler, (404) 562–9042, Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Environmental Protection Division, Air Protection Division, 4244 International Parkway, Suite 136, Atlanta, Georgia 30354.

For further information contact: Kelly Scheckler at 404/562–9042, E-mail: Scheckler.Kelly@epa.gov.


A. Stanley Meiburg,
Acting Regional Administrator, Region 4.

[FR Doc. 00–8531 Filed 4–6–00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 62

[PA152–4099b; FRL–6571–4]

Approval and Promulgation of State Air Quality Plans for Designated Facilities and Pollutants: Allegheny County, Pennsylvania; Control of Emissions from Existing Hospital/ Medical/Infectious Waste Incinerators

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: EPA is proposing to approve the Allegheny County, Pennsylvania hospital/medical/ infectious waste incinerator (HMIW) 111(d)/129 plan submitted on June 24, 1999 by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (PADEP) on behalf of the Allegheny County Health Department (ACHD). The plan establishes emission limitations for existing HMIWs, and provides for the implementation and enforcement of those limitations. In the final rules section of the Federal Register, EPA is approving the plan. A detailed rationale for the approval is set forth in the direct final rule. If no adverse comments are received in response to the direct final rule, no further activity is contemplated in relation to this rule. If EPA receives relevant adverse comments, the direct final rule will be withdrawn and all public comments received will be addressed in a subsequent final rule based on this rule. EPA will not institute a second comment period on this document. Any parties interested in commenting on this document should do so at this time.

DATES: Comments must be received in writing by May 8, 2000.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be mailed to Makeba A. Morris, Chief, Technical Assessment Branch, Mailcode 3AP22, Environmental Protection Agency, Region III, 1650 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103–2029.

For further information contact: James B. Topsale at (215) 814–2190, or by e-mail at topsale.jim@epa.mil.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: See the information provided in the direct final rule, of the same title, which is located in the rules section of the Federal Register.

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401–7671q.


Bradley M. Campbell,
Regional Administrator, EPA Region III.

[FR Doc. 00–8402 Filed 4–6–00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 62

[MS23–200015b; FRL –6574–4]

Approval and Promulgation of State Plans For Designated Facilities and Pollutants: Mississippi

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: EPA is proposing to approve the Section 111(d) Plan for the State of Mississippi submitted by the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) on May 5, 1999, for implementing and enforcing the Emissions Guidelines applicable to existing Hospital/Medical/Infectious Waste Incinerators. The Plan was submitted by the Mississippi DEQ to satisfy certain Federal Clean Air Act requirements. In the Final Rules Section of this Federal Register, EPA is approving the Mississippi State Plan submittal as a direct final rule without prior proposal because the Agency