

Officials of the University of Alaska Museum have also determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (e), there is a relationship of shared group identity which can be reasonably traced between this item and the Chugach Alaska Corporation.

This notice has been sent to officials of the Chugach Alaska Corporation. Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with this object should contact Gary Selinger, Special Projects Manager, University of Alaska Museum, 907 Yukon Drive, Fairbanks, AK 99775-1200; telephone: (907) 474-6117, fax: (907) 474-5469 before May 1, 2000. Repatriation of this object to the Chugach Alaska Corporation may begin after that date if no additional claimants come forward.

Dated: March 23, 2000.

Francis P. McManamon,

*Departmental Consulting Archeologist,
Manager, Archeology and Ethnography
Program.*

[FR Doc. 00-7846 Filed 3-29-00 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-70-F

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Notice of Intent to Repatriate Cultural Items From the Kachemak Bay Region, AK in the Control of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and in Possession of the University of Alaska Museum, Fairbanks, AK

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

Notice is hereby given under the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 43 CFR 10.10 (a)(3), of the intent to repatriate cultural items from the Kachemak Bay Region, Alaska in the control of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and in possession of the University of Alaska Museum, Fairbanks, AK which meet the definition of "unassociated funerary object" under Section 2 of the Act.

The two cultural items consist of a bone wedge and pumice.

In 1931, these two cultural items were recovered with a burial at the Fox Farm Site, Yukon Island, AK during excavations conducted under the auspices of the University of Pennsylvania Museum by Frederica de Laguna. The human remains recovered with these cultural items have previously been repatriated from the University of Pennsylvania Museum.

The two cultural items consist of a bone eye and a slate point.

In 1932, these two cultural items were recovered with a burial on Yukon Island, Alaska during excavations conducted under the auspices of the University of Pennsylvania Museum by Frederica de Laguna. The human remains recovered with these cultural items have previously been repatriated from the University of Pennsylvania Museum.

In 1953, the four cultural items mentioned above were sent to the University of Alaska Museum from the University of Pennsylvania Museum as part of an exchange collection.

Based on material culture and oral history, the sites listed above have been identified as Kachemak Bay period occupations (c. 1500 AD).

Based on the above mentioned information, officials of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service have determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (d)(2)(ii), these four cultural items are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony and are believed, by a preponderance of the evidence, to have been removed from a specific burial site of a Native American individual. Officials of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service have also determined that, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.2 (e), there is a relationship of shared group identity which can be reasonably traced between these items and the Chugach Alaska Corporation.

This notice has been sent to officials of the Chugach Alaska Corporation. Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with these objects should contact Deb Corbett, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 1011 E. Tudor Road, Anchorage, Alaska 99503; telephone: (907) 786-3399, fax: (907) 786-3635 before May 1, 2000. Repatriation of these objects to the Chugach Alaska Corporation may begin after that date if no additional claimants come forward.

Dated: March 23, 2000.

Francis P. McManamon,

*Departmental Consulting Archeologist,
Manager, Archeology and Ethnography
Program.*

[FR Doc. 00-7847 Filed 3-29-00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-70-F

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Reclamation

Keechelus Dam Safety of Dams Modification, Yakima Project, Washington

AGENCY: Bureau of Reclamation, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of intent to prepare an environmental impact statement.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to section 102(2)(C) of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) of 1969, as amended, the Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation) proposes to prepare an environmental impact statement (EIS) on structural and nonstructural alternatives to correct safety deficiencies at Keechelus Dam in the State of Washington. In June 1998, Reclamation's Safety of Dams (SOD) Program identified safety deficiencies from void sites and dam embankment deterioration which could lead to embankment failure. The SOD Program indicated that there is a need to correct dam safety deficiencies at Keechelus Dam to protect property and the lives of people living downstream of the dam.

DATES: Scoping meetings will be held on the following dates and times:

- North Bend, Washington: April 18, 2000, Open House 6 to 7 p.m.; Meeting 7 to 9 p.m.
- Ellensburg, Washington: April 19, Open House 12 noon to 1 p.m.; Meeting 1 to 3 p.m. and Open House 6 to 7 p.m.; Meeting 7 to 9 p.m.

Written comments will be accepted through April 24, 2000, for inclusion in the scoping summary document. Requests for sign language interpretation for the hearing impaired should be submitted to Dave Kaumheimer, as indicated below by April 11, 2000.

ADDRESSES: Comments and requests to be added to the mailing list may be submitted to Bureau of Reclamation, Upper Columbia Area Office, Attention: Dave Kaumheimer, Environmental Programs Manager, PO Box 1749, Yakima, Washington 98907-1749.

The scoping meetings will be held at the following locations:

- North Bend—North Bend (U.S. Forest Service) Ranger Station, 42404 SE North Bend Way, North Bend, Washington.

- Ellensburg—Ellensburg Inn, 1700 Canyon Road, Ellensburg, Washington.

Our practice is to make comments, including names and home addresses of respondents, available for public review. Individual respondents may request that we withhold their home address from public disclosure, which

we will honor to the extent allowable by law. There also may be circumstances in which we would withhold a respondent's identity from public disclosure, as allowed by law. If you wish us to withhold your name and/or address, you must state this prominently at the beginning of your comment. We will make all submissions from organizations or businesses, and from individuals identifying themselves as representatives or officials of organizations or businesses, available for public disclosure in their entirety.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dave Kaumheimer, Environmental Programs Manager, Bureau of Reclamation, telephone: (509) 575-5848 x232; fax: (509) 454-5650.

The meeting facilities are physically accessible to people with disabilities. Please direct requests for sign language interpretation for the hearing impaired, or other auxiliary aids, to Dave Kaumheimer at (509) 575-5848 x232 via toll free TTY relay (800) 833-6388 by April 11, 2000.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Keechelus Dam was constructed at the lower end of a natural lake on the Yakima River about 10 miles northwest of Easton, Washington, in Kittitas County. This earthfill structure was constructed between 1913 and 1917 and is approximately 6,550 feet long with a maximum height of 128 feet. It creates a reservoir with an active storage capacity of 158,000 acre-feet.

In June 1998, during the excavation of a trench for a telephone line conduit, a void was found in the crest of Keechelus Dam. This discovery led to further geotechnical investigations, including ground penetrating radar and geologic exploration activities, to determine the condition of the overall dam. Subsequent investigations identified more than 40 potential void sites and significant evidence of dam embankment deterioration from seepage which could lead to embankment failure. As an interim safety measure, Keechelus Reservoir has been operated at a restricted full pool elevation 7 feet below the normal full pool elevation since November 1998, with increased technical monitoring and surveillance at the dam.

The scope of this document will focus on correcting the dam safety deficiencies at Keechelus Dam to protect property and the lives of people living downstream from the dam, and evaluating the potential impacts associated with the proposed alternatives. Correcting the SOD

deficiencies in no way restricts potential future modifications to the structure.

Public Involvement

Reclamation plans to conduct public scoping meetings to solicit input on the alternatives developed to correct safety deficiencies at Keechelus Dam and to identify potential issues and impacts associated with those alternatives. Reclamation will summarize comments received during the scoping meetings and from letters of comment received during the scoping period, identified under **DATES**, into a scoping summary document which will be made available to the public.

Dated: March 24, 2000.

Max B. Gallegos,

Acting Regional Director, Pacific Northwest Region.

[FR Doc. 00-7812 Filed 3-29-00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-94-M

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 731-TA-469 (Review)]

Electroluminescent Flat Panel Displays From Japan

Determination

On the basis of the record¹ developed in the subject five-year review, the United States International Trade Commission determines, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1675(c)), that revocation of the antidumping duty order on electroluminescent flat panel displays from Japan would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time.²

Background

The Commission instituted this review on August 2, 1999 (64 FR 41951, August 2, 1999) and determined on November 4, 1999 that it would conduct an expedited review (64 FR 62688, November 17, 1999). The Commission transmitted its determination in this review to the Secretary of Commerce on March 27, 2000. The views of the Commission are contained in USITC Publication 3285 (March 2000), entitled *Electroluminescent Flat Panel Displays from Japan: Investigation No. 731-TA-469 (Review)*.

¹ The record is defined in sec. 207.2(f) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR 207.2(f)).

² Commissioners Askey and Okun dissenting. Vice Chairman Miller did not participate in this five-year review.

Issued: March 27, 2000.

By order of the Commission.

Donna R. Koehnke,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 00-7833 Filed 3-29-00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

Sunshine Act Meeting

AGENCY HOLDING THE MEETING: United States International Trade Commission.

TIME AND DATE: April 14, 2000 at 10 a.m.

PLACE: Room 101, 500 E Street S.W., Washington, DC 20436, Telephone: (202) 205-2000.

STATUS: Open to the public.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED:

1. Agenda for future meeting: None.
 2. Minutes.
 3. Ratification List.
 4. Inv. Nos. 731-TA-868-871 (Preliminary) (Steel Wire Rope from China, India, Malaysia, and Thailand)—briefing and vote. (The Commission will transmit its determination to the Secretary of Commerce on April 17, 2000.)
 5. Outstanding action jackets: None.
- In accordance with Commission policy, subject matter listed above, not disposed of at the scheduled meeting, may be carried over to the agenda of the following meeting.

By order of the Commission.

Issued: March 24, 2000.

Donna R. Koehnke,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 00-7995 Filed 3-28-00; 2:05 pm]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Drug Enforcement Administration

Manufacturer of Controlling Substances; Notice of Registration

By Notice dated December 16, 1999, and published in the **Federal Register** on December 28, 1999, (64 FR 248), Celgene Corporation, 7 Powder Horn Drive, Warren, New Jersey 07059, made application by renewal to the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) to be registered as a bulk manufacturer of methylphenidate (1724), a basic class of controlled substance listed in Schedule II.

The firm plans to manufacture methylphenidate for product research and development.

No comments or objections have been received. DEA has considered the