II. Registration Applications

EPA received applications as follows to register pesticide products containing active ingredients not included in any previously registered products, and pesticide products involving a changed use pattern pursuant to the provision of section 3(c)(4) of FIFRA. Notice of receipt of these applications does not imply a decision by the Agency on the applications.

A. Products Containing Active Ingredients Not Included in any Previously Registered Products


B. Products Involving a Changed Use Pattern

1. EPA File Symbol 264-ATA. Applicant: Aventis CropScience USA LP, 2 T.W. Alexander Drive, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709. Product name: Tato C Fungicide. Fungicide. Active ingredient: propyl[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]carbamate monohydrochloride 66.5%. Proposed classification/Use: To include in its presently registered use on turf and ornamentals, new use on potato for the control of late blight. (PM–21)

E. What Should I Consider as I Prepare My Comments for EPA?

You may find the following suggestions helpful for preparing your comments:

1. Explain your views as clearly as possible.

2. Describe any assumptions that you used.

3. Provide copies of any technical information and/or data you used that support your views.

4. If you estimate potential burden or costs, explain how you arrived at the estimate that you provide.

5. Provide specific examples to illustrate your concerns.

6. Offer alternative ways to improve the registration activity.

7. Make sure to submit your comments by the deadline in this notice.

8. To ensure proper receipt by EPA, be sure to identify the docket control number assigned to this action in the subject line on the first page of your response. You may also provide the name, date, and Federal Register citation.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

FRL–6564–7

Methods for Measuring the Toxicity and Bioaccumulation of Sediment-Associated Contaminants With Freshwater Invertebrates—Second Edition

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).


SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is publishing procedures for testing freshwater organisms in the laboratory to evaluate the potential toxicity or bioaccumulation of chemicals in whole sediments. This second edition updates methods originally published in 1994 (EPA/600/6–94/024). The second edition of the manual includes new methods for evaluating sublethal effects of sediment-associated contaminants utilizing long-term sediment exposures. Procedures are described for testing the freshwater organisms in the laboratory to evaluate the potential toxicity or bioaccumulation of chemicals in whole sediments. Sediments may be collected from the field or spiked with compounds in the laboratory. Toxicity methods are outlined for two (2) organisms, the amphipod Hyalella azteca, and the midge Chironomus tentans. Toxicity tests with amphipods or midges are conducted for 10 days in 300-ml chambers containing 100 ml of sediment and 175 ml of overlying water. Overlying water is renewed daily and test organisms are fed during the toxicity tests. The endpoints in the 10 day test with H. azteca and C. tentans...
are survival and growth. Procedures are primarily described for testing freshwater sediments; however, estuarine sediments (up to 15% salinity) can also be tested in 10 day sediment toxicity tests with H. azteca. Guidance is also provided for conducting long-term sediment toxicity tests with H. azteca and C. tentans. The long-term sediment exposures with H. azteca are started with 7-to 8-day old amphipods. On day 28 of the sediment exposure, amphipods are isolated from the web site at www.epa.gov/ncseipihom/orderpub.html. A pdf version of this document will be made available to be viewed or downloaded from the Office of Science and Technology’s home page on the Internet at www.epa.gov/OST/.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: D. Scott Ireland, USEPA, Standards and Applied Science Division (4305), Office of Science and Technology, Ariel Rios Building, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20460; or call (202) 260–6091; fax (202) 260–9830; or e-mail ireland.scott@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background Information

Sediment contamination is a widespread environmental problem that can potentially pose a threat to a variety of aquatic ecosystems. Sediment functions as a reservoir for common chemicals such as pesticides, herbicides, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), and metals such as lead, mercury, and arsenic. These methods provide consistent testing protocols for agency-wide use to evaluate risks and provide comparable data. They provide the basis for uniform cross-program decision making within the USEPA. Each program, however, retains the flexibility of deciding whether identified risk would trigger regulatory actions.


Geoffrey H. Grubbs,
Director, Office of Science and Technology.

[FR Doc. 00–7454 Filed 3–24–00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–U

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Notice of Public Information Collection(s) Being Reviewed by the Federal Communications Commission, Comments Requested


SUMMARY: The Federal Communications Commission, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork burden invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on the following information collection, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104–13. An agency may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number. No person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) that does not display a valid control number. Comments are requested concerning (a) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the Commission’s burden estimate; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on the respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

DATES: Written comments should be submitted on or before May 26, 2000. If you anticipate that you will be submitting comments, but find it difficult to do so within the period of time allowed by this notice, you should advise the contact listed below as soon as possible.

ADDRESSES: Direct all comments to Les Smith, Federal Communications Commission, 445 12th Street, S.W., Room 1–A804, Washington, DC 20554 or via the Internet to lesmith@fcc.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For additional information or copies of the information collections contact Les Smith at (202) 418–0217 or via the Internet at lesmith@fcc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

OMB Control Number: 3060–0012.

Title: Application for Additional Time to Construct A Radio Station.

Form Number: FCC Form 701.

Type of Review: Revision of a currently approved collection.

Respondents: Business or other for-profit.

Number of Respondents: 100.

Estimated Time per Response: 2 hours.

Frequency of Response: Reporting on occasion.

Total Annual Burden: 200 hours.

Total Annual Cost: $17,000.00.

Needs and Uses: FCC Form 701 is used when applying for additional time to construct an MDS or international broadcast station. This form is used by agency staff to determine whether to