

**FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM****Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisitions of Shares of Banks or Bank Holding Companies**

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the notices are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The notices are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The notices also will be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing to the Reserve Bank indicated for that notice or to the offices of the Board of Governors. Comments must be received not later than March 31, 2000.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago (Phillip Jackson, Applications Officer) 230 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois 60690-1414:

1. The Garst Family (Stephen Garst, Elizabeth Garst, Edward Garst, Rachel Garst, all of Coon Rapids, Iowa; Katherine Garst, Seattle, Washington; Jennifer Garst, Takoma Park, Maryland; and Sarah Garst, West Des Moines, Iowa) and Elizabeth Garst, individually; to acquire additional voting shares of Audubon Investment Company, Coon Rapids, Iowa, and thereby indirectly acquire additional shares of Audubon State Bank, Audubon, Iowa.

2. William W. Parish, Dallas, Texas; to acquire voting shares of Parish Bank and Trust Company, Momence, Illinois.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, March 13, 2000.

**Robert deV. Frierson,**

*Associate Secretary of the Board.*

[FR Doc. 00-6596 Filed 3-16-00; 8:45 am]

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**FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM****Formations of, Acquisitions by, and Mergers of Bank Holding Companies**

The companies listed in this notice have applied to the Board for approval, pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841 *et seq.*) (BHC Act), Regulation Y (12 CFR Part 225), and all other applicable statutes and regulations to become a bank holding company and/or to acquire the assets or the ownership of, control of, or the power to vote shares of a bank or

bank holding company and all of the banks and nonbanking companies owned by the bank holding company, including the companies listed below.

The applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The application also will be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1842(c)). If the proposal also involves the acquisition of a nonbanking company, the review also includes whether the acquisition of the nonbanking company complies with the standards in section 4 of the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1843). Unless otherwise noted, nonbanking activities will be conducted throughout the United States. Additional information on all bank holding companies may be obtained from the National Information Center website at [www.ffiec.gov/nic/](http://www.ffiec.gov/nic/).

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors not later than April 10, 2000.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis (Randall C. Sumner, Vice President) 411 Locust Street, St. Louis, Missouri 63166-2034:

1. Maries County Bancorp, Inc., Vienna, Missouri, and its subsidiary, Progress Bancshares, Inc., Sullivan, Missouri; to acquire at least 89.53 percent of the voting shares of Tritten Bancshares, Inc., St. Robert, Missouri; and thereby indirectly acquire First State Bank of St. Robert, St. Robert, Missouri.

B. Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas (W. Arthur Tribble, Vice President) 2200 North Pearl Street, Dallas, Texas 75201-2272:

1. ETN Leasing, Inc., Palestine, Texas; to become a bank holding company by acquiring 100 percent of the voting shares of East Texas National, Inc., Palestine, Texas, and thereby indirectly acquire East Texas-Dover, Inc., Wilmington, Delaware, and East Texas National Bank, Palestine, Texas.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, March 13, 2000.

**Robert deV. Frierson,**

*Associate Secretary of the Board.*

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**DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES****Centers for Disease Control and Prevention**

[60Day-00-29]

**Proposed Data Collections Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations**

In compliance with the requirement of Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork reduction Act of 1995, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention is providing opportunity for public comment on proposed data collection projects. To request more information on the proposed projects or to obtain a copy of the data collection plans and instruments, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer on (404) 639-7090.

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques for other forms of information technology. Send comments to Seleda Perryman, CDC Assistant Reports Clearance Officer, 1600 Clifton Road, MS-D24, Atlanta, GA 30333. Written comments should be received within 14 days of this notice.

**Proposed Projects**

Possible Estuary-Associated Syndrome (PEAS) Surveillance—New— National Center for Environmental Health (NCEH) is requesting an emergency clearance to collect data on PEAS. In 1997, scientists found a newly identified microorganism, the dinoflagellate *Pfiesteria piscicida*, in water samples taken from a bay tributary. The presence of large numbers of this organism (a bloom) was purportedly associated with observations of thousands of dead fish as well as with reports of a wide range of adverse human health effects. Reports of this purported association created excessive public concern about exposure to estuarine waters and a general distrust in seafood that prompted a flood of inquiries to public health and environmental quality agencies.