

(d) of Title V of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended, to issue loan guarantees for the acquisition of new or existing dwellings and related facilities to provide decent, safe, and sanitary living conditions and other structures in rural areas by eligible recipients.

The Act also authorizes the Secretary to pay the holder of a guaranteed loan the difference between the rate of interest paid by the borrower and the market rate of interest.

The purpose of the program is to assist low and moderate income individuals and families acquire or construct a single family residence in a rural area with loans made by private lenders. Eligibility for this program includes low and moderate income families or persons whose income does not exceed 115 percent of the median income for the area, as determined by the Secretary.

The GRH program was authorized under the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act and the Agency issued a final rule implementing the GRH program on April 17, 1991, before departmental reorganization. The program began as a pilot program in 20 States on May 17, 1991. In 1992, the GRH program was offered on a nationwide basis. During the implementation process, the Agency looked for ways to improve the program and make it more user friendly.

The Agency recognized the need to make its program even more compatible with the existing structure of the mortgage lending community. On May 22, 1995, the Agency published the final rule incorporating the needed changes to encourage greater participation by lenders and the secondary market for mortgage loans.

The information requested by the Agency includes borrower financial information such as household income, assets and liabilities, and monthly expenses. All information collected is vital for the Agency to determine if borrowers qualify for and assure they receive all assistance for which they are eligible. Information requested on lenders is required to ensure lenders are eligible to participate in the GRH program. Lender requirements are in compliance with OMB Circular A-129.

Estimate of Burden: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average .4 hours per response.

Respondents: Individuals or households and business or other for-profits.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 47,200.

Estimated Number of Responses per Respondent: 8.7.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 154,250 hours.

Copies of this information collection can be obtained from Tracy Gillin, Team Leader, Regulations and Paperwork Management Branch, at (202) 692-0039.

Comments

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of RHS, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of RHS's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Comments may be sent to Tracy Gillin, Team Leader, Regulations and Paperwork Management Branch, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Rural Development, STOP 0742, 1400 Independence Ave. SW, Washington, DC 20250. All responses to this notice will be summarized and included in the request for OMB approval. All comments will also become a matter of public record.

Dated: March 2, 2000.

James C. Kearney,

Administrator, Rural Housing Service.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-403-801; C-403-802]

Continuation of Antidumping Duty and Countervailing Duty Orders: Fresh and Chilled Atlantic Salmon From Norway

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of Continuation of Antidumping Duty and Countervailing Duty Orders: Fresh and Chilled Atlantic Salmon from Norway.

SUMMARY: On February 4, 2000 and February 7, 2000, respectively, the Department of Commerce ("the Department"), pursuant to sections 751(c) and 752 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("the Act"), determined

that revocation of the antidumping duty¹ and countervailing duty² orders on fresh and chilled Atlantic salmon from Norway is likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping and a countervailable subsidy. On March 1, 2000, the International Trade Commission ("the Commission"), pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act, determined that revocation of the antidumping duty and countervailing duty orders on fresh and chilled Atlantic salmon from Norway would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time (65 FR 11082). Therefore, pursuant to 19 CFR 351.218(f)(4), the Department is publishing notice of the continuation of the antidumping duty and countervailing duty orders on fresh and chilled Atlantic salmon from Norway.

EFFECTIVE DATE: March 13, 2000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Kathryn B. McCormick or Melissa G. Skinner, Office of Policy for Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Ave., NW, Washington, D.C. 20230; telephone: (202) 482-1930 or (202) 482-1560, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Background

On July 1, 1999, the Department initiated, and the Commission instituted, sunset reviews (64 FR 35588 and 64 FR 35680, respectively) of the antidumping duty and countervailing duty orders on fresh and chilled Atlantic salmon from Norway, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act. As a result of its reviews, the Department found that revocation of the antidumping duty and countervailing duty orders would likely lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping and a countervailable subsidy, and notified the Commission of the magnitude of the margins and a net countervailable subsidy likely to prevail were the orders to be revoked.³

On March 1, 2000, the Commission determined, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Act, that revocation of the antidumping duty and countervailing

¹ See *Final Results of Expedited Sunset Review: Fresh and Chilled Atlantic Salmon from Norway*, 65 FR 5584 (February 4, 2000).

² See *Final Results of Expedited Sunset Review: Fresh and Chilled Atlantic Salmon from Norway*, 65 FR 5854 (February 7, 2000).

³ See *Final Results of Expedited Sunset Review: Fresh and Chilled Atlantic Salmon from Norway*, 65 FR 5584 (February 4, 2000); and *Final Results of Expedited Sunset Review: Fresh and Chilled Atlantic Salmon from Norway*, 65 FR 5954 (February 7, 2000).

duty orders on fresh and chilled Atlantic salmon from Norway would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time (see *Fresh and Chilled Atlantic Salmon from Norway* 65 FR 11082 (March 1, 2000) and USITC Publication 3282 (February 2000), Investigation Nos. 701-TA-302 (Review), and 731-TA-454 (Review)).

Scope

The product covered by these orders is the species Atlantic salmon (Salmon Salar) marketed as specified herein; the order excludes all other species of salmon: Danube salmon, Chinook (also called "king" or "quinnat"), Coho ("silver"), Sockeye ("redfish" or "blueback"), Humpback ("pink") and Chum ("dog"). Atlantic salmon is a whole or nearly-whole fish, typically (but not necessarily) marketed gutted, and cleaned, with the head on. The subject merchandise is typically packed in fresh-water ice ("chilled"). Excluded from the subject merchandise are fillets, steaks and other cuts of Atlantic salmon. Also excluded are frozen, canned, smoked or otherwise processed Atlantic salmon. Atlantic salmon was classifiable under item number 110.2045 of the Tariff Schedules of the United States Annotated ("TSUSA"). Prior to January 1, 1990, Atlantic salmon was provided for under item numbers 0302.0060.8 and 0302.12.0065.3 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States ("HTSUS") (56 FR 7678, February 25, 1991). Currently, it is provided for under HTSUS item number 0302.12.00.02.09. The subheadings above are provided for convenience and customs purposes. The written description remains dispositive.

Determination

As a result of the determinations by the Department and the Commission that revocation of the antidumping duty and countervailing duty orders would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping and a countervailable subsidy, and material injury to an industry in the United States, pursuant to section 751(d)(2) of the Act, the Department hereby orders the continuation of the antidumping duty and countervailing duty orders on fresh and chilled Atlantic salmon from Norway. The Department will instruct the U.S. Customs Service to continue to collect antidumping duty and countervailing duty deposits at the rates in effect at the time of entry for all imports of subject merchandise. The effective date of continuation of these orders will be the date of publication in

the **Federal Register** of this Notice of Continuation. Pursuant to section 751(c)(2) and 751 (c)(6) of the Act, the Department intends to initiate the next five-year review of these orders not later than February 2005.

Dated: March 7, 2000.

Robert S. LaRussa,

Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-580-815 and A-580-816]

Certain Cold-Rolled and Corrosion-Resistant Carbon Steel Flat Products From Korea: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Reviews

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Final results of antidumping duty administrative reviews.

SUMMARY: On September 8, 1999, the Department of Commerce ("Department") published the preliminary results of the administrative reviews of the antidumping duty orders on certain cold-rolled and corrosion-resistant carbon steel flat products from Korea. These reviews cover three manufacturers/exporters. The period of review ("POR") is August 1, 1997 through July 31, 1998.

Based on our analysis of the comments received, we have made changes in the margin calculations. Therefore, the final results differ from the preliminary results. The final weighted-average dumping margins for the reviewed firms are listed below in the section entitled "Final Results of the Reviews."

EFFECTIVE DATE: March 13, 2000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Juanita Chen (Dongbu), Becky Hagen (the POSCO Group), Marlene Hewitt (Union), Robert Bolling, or James Doyle, Enforcement Group III, Office 9, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230, telephone 202-482-0409 (Chen), 202-482-3362 (Hagen), 202-482-1385 (Hewitt), 202-482-3434 (Bolling), or 202-482-0159 (Doyle), fax 202-482-1388.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Applicable Statute

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Tariff Act of 1930 ("Act") are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Act by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act ("URAA"). In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department's regulations are to the regulations at 19 CFR Part 351 (1998).

Background

The Department published antidumping duty orders on certain cold-rolled and corrosion-resistant carbon steel flat products from Korea on August 19, 1993. Antidumping Duty Orders on Certain Cold-Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products and Certain Corrosion-Resistant Carbon Steel Flat Products from Korea, 58 FR 44159 (August 19, 1993). The Department published a notice of Opportunity to Request Administrative Review of the antidumping duty orders for the 1997/98 review period on August 11, 1998. Antidumping or Countervailing Duty Order, Finding, or Suspended Investigation; Opportunity to Request Administrative Review, 63 FR 42821 (August 11, 1998). On August 31, 1998, respondent Union Steel Manufacturing Co., Ltd. ("Union") requested that the Department conduct an administrative review of the antidumping duty order on corrosion-resistant carbon steel flat products from Korea, and respondents Dongbu Steel Co., Ltd. ("Dongbu") and Pohang Iron and Steel Co., Ltd. ("POSCO") requested that the Department conduct administrative reviews of the antidumping duty orders on cold-rolled and corrosion-resistant carbon steel flat products from Korea. On August 31, 1998, petitioners in the original less-than-fair-value ("LTFV") investigations (AK Steel Corporation; Bethlehem Steel Corporation; Inland Steel Industries, Inc.; LTV Steel Company; National Steel Corporation; and U.S. Steel Group—a unit of USX Corporation) requested that the Department conduct administrative reviews of the antidumping duty orders on cold-rolled and corrosion-resistant carbon steel flat products from Korea with respect to all three of the aforementioned respondents. We initiated these reviews on September 23, 1998. See 63 FR 51893 (September 29, 1998).

On August 31, 1999, the Department issued the preliminary results of these administrative reviews. See *Certain Cold-Rolled and Corrosion-Resistant Carbon Steel Flat Products From Korea: Preliminary Results of Antidumping*