

total or partial separation of workers at subject firm. In accordance with the provisions of the Trade Act of 1974, I make the following revised determination:

All workers of Baker Atlas, Houston, Texas, who become totally or partially separated from employment on or after November 30, 1997 through two years from the date of this issuance, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 4th day of January 2000.

**Grant D. Beale,**

*Program Manager, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.*

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## DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

### Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-36,568]

#### **The Boeing Company, Long Beach, California; Notice of Affirmative Determination Regarding Application for Reconsideration**

By letter of November 18, 1999, the UAW requested administrative reconsideration of the Department of Labor's Notice of Negative Determination Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance, applicable to petition number TA-W-36,568. The denial notice was signed on October 20, 1999 and published in the **Federal Register** on November 4, 1999 (64 FR 60230).

The Department has determined that the petition investigation warrants further examination of customer purchasing patterns of commercial aircraft.

#### **Conclusion**

After careful review of the application, I conclude that the claim is of sufficient weight to justify reconsideration of the Department of Labor's prior decision. The application is, therefore, granted.

Signed at Washington, DC this 6th day of January 2000.

**Grant D. Beale,**

*Program Manager, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.*

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## DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

### Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-36, 824]

#### **Crouse-Hinds Division of Cooper Industries Syracuse, New York; Notice of Revised Determination on Reconsideration**

On December 2, 1999, the Department issued an Affirmative Determination Regarding Application on Reconsideration applicable to workers and former workers of the subject firm. The notice was published in the **Federal Register** on December 23, 1999 (64 FR 72101).

The Department initially denied TAA to workers of Crouse-Hinds Division of Cooper Industries, Syracuse, New York, producing EMT electrical fittings because none of the worker group eligibility requirements of Section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, were met.

On reconsideration, the subject firm provided additional information on imports of EMT electrical fittings. Findings on reconsideration show that the subject firm increased their reliance on imports of EMT electrical fittings. The petitioners, International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers (IBEW). Local 2084, have provided additional information showing that there is a threat of worker separations at the subject plant in Syracuse, New York.

#### **Conclusion**

After careful review of the additional facts obtained on reconsideration, I conclude that increased imports of articles like or directly competitive with EMT electrical fittings, contributed importantly to the declines in sales or production and to the total or partial separation of workers of Crouse-Hinds Division of Cooper Industries. In accordance with the provisions of the Act, I make the following certification:

"All workers of Crouse-Hinds Division of Cooper Industries, Syracuse, New York, engaged in employment related to the production of EMT electrical fittings, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after September 1, 1998 through two years from the date of this issuance, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974."

Signed in Washington, DC this 4th day of January 2000.

**Grant D. Beale,**

*Program Manager, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.*

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## U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

### Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-36,775]

#### **Hart Metals, incorporated, Tamaqua, Pennsylvania; Notice of Negative Determination on Reopening**

By letter of November 2, 1999, the United Steelworkers of America (USWA), Local #4182, submitted information regarding the Department's denial of eligibility of workers of Hart Metals, Incorporated, Tamaqua, Pennsylvania to apply for worker adjustment assistance. The denial notice was signed on October 6, 1999 and published in the **Federal Register** on November 4, 1999 (64 FR 60230). The letter submitted by the USWA warranted reexamination of the Department's findings in this case.

The petition was filed on behalf of workers at the subject firm producing magnesium powders. The Department's investigation concentrated on the production of those articles from which the workers were separated from employment, specifically atomized magnesium powders.

The Department's initial investigation regarding atomized magnesium powders concluded that sales, production and employment at the plant declined during the relevant time period. None of the subject firm customers were replacing purchases of atomized magnesium powders from Hart Metals with import purchases of like or directly competitive articles.

The USWA asserts that the workers also were engaged in the production of ground magnesium powders. One of the grinding machines was shifted to Canada to produce ground magnesium powder. The powder is then returned to the United States to be used in desulphurization processes in steel mills.

On reinvestigation, the Department learned that the workers are not separately identifiable by product line.

As indicated in the Department's initial investigation, the quantity of production of atomized magnesium powders declined from January through June 1999 compared to the same 1998 time period. The customer survey was for those customers reducing purchases of atomized magnesium powders. Total sales and production of other articles produced at the plant, ground magnesium granules and powders and desulfurization agents increased from 1997 to 1998 and in January through August 1999 compared to January through August 1998. Therefore, criterion (2) of Section 222 of the worker