

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. Copies of the DEA can be viewed in the Reference and Information Center, Room 2A, of the Commission's Offices at 888 First Street, NE, Washington, DC 20426. The DEA can also be viewed on the web at <http://www.ferc.fed.us/online/rims.htm> (please call (202) 208-2222 for assistance).

Comments on the DEA are invited. Any comments, conclusions, or recommendations that draw upon studies, reports, or other working papers for substance should be supported by appropriate documentation. Comments should be filed within 60 days from the date of this notice with David P. Boergers, Secretary, 888 First Street, NE, Washington, DC 20426, and should reference Project No. 4718.

For further information, please contact the project manager, Mr. Robert H. Grieve, at (202) 219-2655.

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99-33126 Filed 12-21-99; 8:45 am]

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-6514-3]

State and Tribal Environmental Justice Grants Program—FY 2000

The State and Tribal Environmental Justice (STEJ) Grants Program was intended, from its inception, to be a pilot program for states and tribes to develop model environmental justice programs for the benefit of other states and tribes. As published in the **Federal Register**, November 1, 1999, Volume 64, Number 210, the Agency had initially planned to award STEJ grants in FY 2000. However, the STEJ grants program will not be funded in fiscal year 2000, but instead will be evaluated to determine whether the objectives of the program are being met.

Over the past two years, the Agency awarded ten STEJ grants. These grants will be the focus of the evaluation. If you have any questions about the STEJ Grants Program and/or the Agency's plan to conduct an evaluation of the program, please contact Daniel Gogal, STEJ Grants Program Manager, Office of Environmental Justice, at (202) 564-2576, or 1-800-962-6215.

Dated: December 16, 1999.

Barry E. Hill,

Director, Office of Environmental Justice.

[FR Doc. 99-33156 Filed 12-21-99; 8:45 am]

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-6513-7]

Gulf of Mexico Program—Citizens Advisory Committee Meeting

AGENCY: U. S. Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA).

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: Under the Federal Advisory Act, Public Law 92463, EPA gives notice of a meeting of the Gulf of Mexico Program (GMP) Citizens Advisory Committee (CAC).

DATES: The CAC meeting will be held on Thursday, January 20, 2000 from 3:00 p.m. to 5:30 p.m. and on Friday, January 21, 2000 from 8:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held at the Doubletree Hotel, 101 South Adams Street, Tallahassee, Florida (850) 224-5000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Gloria D. Car, Designated Federal Officer, Gulf of Mexico Program Office, Building 1103, Room 202, Stennis Space Center, MS 39529-6000 at (228) 688-2421.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Proposed agenda items will include: Director's report on the status of the GMP with particular emphasis on place-based work within states; facilitated discussion of the role and functions of the CAC within the GMP as presently constituted; and CAC members will report on their representation on the Focus Teams and Operational Committees.

The meeting is open to the public.

Dated: December 14, 1999.

James D. Giattina,

Director, Gulf of Mexico Program Office.

[FR Doc. 99-33153 Filed 12-21-99; 8:45 am]

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-6514-2]

Draft Health Assessment Document for Diesel Emissions

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Notice of extension of public comment period.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is announcing the extension of the public comment period for the draft Health Assessment Document for Diesel Emissions (EPA/600/8-90/057D, November 1999). The

document was prepared by the National Center for Environmental Assessment Office (NCEA) within EPA's Office of Research and Development.

DATES: In the November 15, 1999, **Federal Register** (64 FR 61875), EPA announced a limited public comment period through December 17, 1999. The Agency is now extending the public comment period to January 28, 2000. Comments must be in writing and must be postmarked by January 28, 2000.

ADDRESSES: The draft document is available on the Internet at <http://www.epa.gov/ncea> under the What's New and Publications menus. A limited number of paper copies are available from the Technical Information Staff, (telephone: 202-564-3261; facsimile: 202-565-0050). If you are requesting a paper copy, please provide your name, mailing address, and the title and number for the draft: "Health Assessment Document for Diesel Emissions" (EPA/600/8-90/057D, November 1999).

Comments may be mailed to: Diesel Comments, NCEA-W/TIS (8623D), USEPA, Washington, DC 20460. Please submit one unbound original with pages numbered consecutively, and three copies. For attachments, provide an index, number pages consecutively with the comments, and submit an unbound original and three copies. If sent via overnight delivery, please use the following address: 808 17th St., 5th Floor, N.W., Washington, DC 20006. Please note that all technical comments received in response to this notice will be placed in a public record. For that reason, commenters should not submit personal information (such as medical data or home address), Confidential Business Information, or information protected by copyright. Due to limited resources, acknowledgments will not be sent.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For information contact Charles Ris (202-564-3203); mailing address: NCEA-W (8623D), USEPA, Washington, DC 20460; facsimile: 202-565-0078.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This revised draft assessment updates two earlier drafts (1998 and 1994) and focuses on health hazards (hazard identification and dose-response analysis for the purpose of characterizing the risk of diesel exhaust exposure), and also provides background information about diesel engine emissions and exposure that is useful for putting the health information into context. EPA risk assessment methods and practices have been followed in identifying possible human chronic health hazards for adverse