

Secretary, United States International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436. The Commission's rules do not authorize filing submissions with the Secretary by facsimile or electronic means.

Persons with mobility impairments who will need special assistance in gaining access to the Commission should contact the Office of the Secretary at 202-205-2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its Internet server (<http://www.usitc.gov>).

Issued: September 16, 1999.

By order of the Commission.

Donna R. Koehnke,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99-24715 Filed 9-22-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 731-TA-384 (Review)]

Nitrile Rubber From Japan

Determination

On the basis of the record¹ developed in the subject five-year review, the United States International Trade Commission determines, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1675(c)) (the Act), that revocation of the antidumping duty order on nitrile rubber from Japan would not be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time.

Background

The Commission instituted this review on April 1, 1999 (64 FR 15788, April 1, 1999) and determined on July 2, 1999 that it would conduct an expedited review (64 FR 38475, July 16, 1999).

The Commission transmitted its determination in this investigation to the Secretary of Commerce on September 10, 1999. The views of the Commission are contained in USITC Publication 3233 (September 1999), entitled Nitrile Rubber from Japan: Investigation No. 731-TA-384 (Review).

Issued: September 14, 1999.

By order of the Commission.

Donna R. Koehnke,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99-24714 Filed 9-22-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-P

¹ The record is defined in sec. 207.2(f) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR 207.2(f)).

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

[AAG/A Order No. 175-99]

Privacy Act of 1974; System of Records

Pursuant to the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a) and Office of Management and Budget Circular No. A-130, the Executive Office for United States Trustees (EOUST), U.S. Department of Justice, has reviewed its Privacy Act systems of records and identified changes that will clarify, update, and more accurately describe their systems of records.

As a result, the EOUST is reporting modifications to systems of records: JUSTICE/UST-001 Bankruptcy Case Files and Associated Records; JUSTICE/UST-002 Panel Trustee Application File; and JUSTICE/UST-004 United States Trustee Program Case Referral System.

The EOUST updated JUSTICE/UST-001 Bankruptcy Case Files and Associated Records to reflect a new systems manager, the inclusion of chapter 12 (family farmer) bankruptcy cases, a new routine use disclosure to civil or criminal law enforcement authorities, a new routine use disclosure to licensing agencies, and new records disposition information.

The EOUST updated JUSTICE/UST-002 Panel Trustee Application File to reflect a new systems manager, the inclusion of chapter 12 (family farmer) bankruptcy cases, a new routine use disclosure to courts, a new routine use disclosure to licensing agencies, and new records disposition information. The EOUST has also changed the name of JUSTICE/UST-002 Panel Trustee Application File to "Trustee File" because the system contains additional records used to determine the trustee's suitability for the initial appointment, reappointment, and removal.

The EOUST updated JUSTICE/UST-004 United States Trustee Program Case Referral System to reflect new systems managers, the inclusion of chapter 12 (family farmer) bankruptcy cases, a new routine use disclosure to licensing agencies, and new records disposition information.

Any comments may be addressed to Mary Cahill, Management and Planning Staff, Justice Management Division, Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20530 (Suite 1400, National Place Building).

Dated: September 8, 1999.

Stephen R. Colgate,

Assistant Attorney General for Administration.

JUSTICE/UST-001

SYSTEM NAME:

Bankruptcy Case Files and Associated Records.

SYSTEM LOCATION:

The Executive Office for United States Trustees (EOUST) and various offices of the United States Trustees depending upon the judicial district where a case is pending or was administered. (Field offices can be located on the Internet at <http://www.usdoj.gov/ust>.)

CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Individuals involved in bankruptcy proceedings (under Chapters 7, 11, 12 and 13 of 11 U.S.C.) subsequent to September 30, 1979, including but not limited to debtors, creditors, bankruptcy trustees, agents representing debtors, creditors, and trustees.

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

(a) Petitions/orders for relief, (b) schedules of assets and liabilities of debtors, (c) lists of creditors, (d) statements of debtors' financial affairs, (e) operating or status reports, (f) alphabetical cross-reference index cards, (g) general correspondence regarding cases, (h) miscellaneous investigative records, (i) copies of certain pleadings or other papers filed with the court, including those filed by the United States Trustee, (j) appraisal reports, (k) names of bank depositories and amounts of funds deposited therein, (l) names of sureties and amounts of trustees' bonds, (m) tape or other recordings of creditors meetings called pursuant to Section 341 of Title 11, U.S.C., for the purpose of examination of debtors by creditors, trustee and others, (n) plans filed under Chapter 11, 12 or 13, (o) names of persons serving as counsel, trustee, or other functionaries in bankruptcy cases, including compensation earned or sought by each.

AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

These systems are established and maintained pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 586 and Title 11 U.S.C.

PURPOSE(S):

The records are used by personnel of the Executive Office and the United States Trustee field offices to determine the existence of a case, to ascertain the status of actions with respect to a case, and to ensure that timely action is taken

as appropriate, and to determine the involvement by agents or other representatives of parties in such cases.

As provided in 11 U.S.C. 107, a paper filed in a case and the dockets of the bankruptcy court are public records and open to examination except when the court acts to protect an entity with respect to a trade secret or confidential research, development, or commercial information; or to protect a person with respect to scandalous or defamatory matter contained in a paper filed in a case under Title 11. If the court enters such a protective order, that portion of the record is only available upon the consent of the entity, so protected.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

Release of Information to Courts:

These records may be disclosed, except when the bankruptcy court has moved to protect an entity as provided in 11 U.S.C. 107, in a proceeding before a court or adjudicative body or any proceeding relevant to the administration of a case filed under Title 11 in which the U.S. Trustee is authorized to appear when (a) the U.S. Trustee, or (b) any employee of the U.S. Trustee in his or her official capacity, or (c) any employee of the U.S. Trustee in his or her individual capacity, where the Department of Justice has agreed to represent the employee, or (d) the United States, or any agency or subdivision thereof, is a party to litigation or has an interest in litigation and such records are determined by the U.S. Trustee to be arguably relevant to the litigation.

Release of Information to the News Media:

Information permitted to be released to the news media and the public pursuant to 28 CFR 50.2 may be made available from systems of records maintained by the Department of Justice unless it is determined that release of the specific information in the context of a particular case would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

Release of Information to Members of Congress:

Information contained in systems of records maintained by the Department of Justice, not otherwise required to be released pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552 *et seq.*, may be made available to a Member of Congress or staff acting upon the Member's behalf when the member or staff requests the information on behalf of and at the request of the individual who is the subject of the record.

Release of Information to the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) and the General Services Administration (GSA):

A record from the system of records may be disclosed to the NARA and GSA for records management inspections conducted under the authority of 44 U.S.C. Secs. 2904 and 2906.

Release of Information to Law Enforcement or Regulatory Agencies:

Information obtained by the U.S. Trustees may be disclosed to any civil or criminal law enforcement authority, whether Federal, State, local, or foreign, when it is relevant to a civil or criminal investigation.

Release of Information to Federal, State, and Local Licensing Agencies:

Information obtained by the U.S. Trustees may be disclosed to Federal, State, and local licensing agencies or associations when it concerns the eligibility or suitability of an individual for a license or permit.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

STORAGE:

All information, except that specified below in this paragraph is recorded on basic paper/cardboard material and maintained within metal file boxes, file cabinets, electric file/card retrievers or safes. Certain information from the documents, forms, lists and reports described under "categories of records in the system" will be entered into an automated information system and stored on magnetic disks for reproduction in report form at various times. This includes the case number, debtor's names, case status, type of case, assets of estate, dates of reports filed, trustee bonds, debtor's attorney's name and fees, calendar of meetings and hearings, creditor's committee status, plan and schedule due dates, and trustee/examiner names and dates appointed.

RETRIEVABILITY:

In field offices bankruptcy case files are retrieved by bankruptcy court case numbers, cross-referenced alphabetically by names of debtors. Files pertaining to case trustees, sureties, depository banks and to agents representing parties are maintained and retrieved alphabetically. Files maintained in the Executive Office are maintained and retrieved alphabetically by name of the debtor, or the particular person involved. Automated information is retrieved by a variety of key words, including names of individuals.

SAFEGUARDS:

Information contained in the system is unclassified. It is safeguarded and protected in accordance with Departmental rules and procedures governing the handling of office records and computerized information. During duty hours access to this system is monitored and controlled by U.S.-Trustee office personnel. During nonduty hours offices are locked.

RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

Chapter 7 no-asset files may be destroyed six months after the case is closed. Section 341 meeting tapes may be destroyed two years after the date of the 341 meeting. Chapter 7 asset files may be destroyed three years after the case is closed. Chapter 11 files may be destroyed three years after the case is dismissed or closed. Chapter 12 and chapter 13 cases may be destroyed six months after the case is dismissed or closed. 180 Day Semi-Annual Reports may be destroyed after five years. To prevent unauthorized disclosure, records are destroyed by shredding or burning.

SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

System manager for the system in each office is the U.S. Trustee and in the Executive Office, the General Counsel. (Field offices can be located on the Internet at <http://www.usdoj.gov/ust>.)

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Address inquiries to the System Manager for the judicial district in which the case is pending, or was administered. (Field offices can be located on the Internet at <http://www.usdoj.gov/ust>.)

RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURE:

A request for access to a record from this system shall be made in person at the U.S. Trustee office in which the case is filed.

CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

Individuals desiring to contest or amend information maintained in the system should direct their request to the System Manager (Field offices can be located on the Internet at <http://www.usdoj.gov/ust>.) stating clearly and concisely what information is being contested, the reasons for contesting it, and the proposed amendment to the information.

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

Sources of information contained in this record are generally limited to debtors, creditors, trustees, examiners, attorneys, and other agents participating in the administration of a case, judges

of the bankruptcy courts and employees of the U.S. Trustee offices.

SYSTEMS EXEMPTED FROM CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE ACT:

None.

JUSTICE/UST-002

SYSTEM NAME:

Trustee Files.

SYSTEM LOCATION:

The Executive Office for United States Trustees (EOUST) and various offices of the United States Trustees depending upon the judicial district where the trustee serves or has made application to serve. (Field offices can be located on the Internet at <http://www.usdoj.gov/ust>.)

CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

All trustees and applicants to serve as trustees in bankruptcy cases filed under Chapter 7, 11, 12, and 13 of title 11, U.S.C.

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Trustee Files (UST-002), may include resumes, applications, letters of recommendation, notes, correspondence, audits, reviews, evaluations, financial records, transcripts, security clearance information and other information provided by trustees, applicants, and third parties or developed by the U.S. Trustee.

AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

The systems are established and maintained pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 586 and Title 11, U.S.C.

PURPOSE(S):

These records are used by the U.S. Trustee offices for determining and reassessing the qualifications and eligibility of persons serving or applying to serve as trustees in bankruptcy cases. The records are also reviewed and maintained by the Executive Office for U.S. Trustees.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

Release of Information to Courts:

These records may be disclosed, except when the bankruptcy court has moved to protect an entity as provided in 11 U.S.C. 107, in a proceeding before a court or adjudicative body or any proceeding relevant to the administration of a case filed under Title 11 in which the U.S. Trustee is authorized to appear when (a) the U.S. Trustee, or (b) any employee of the U.S. Trustee in his or her official capacity, or

(c) any employee of the U.S. Trustee in his or her individual capacity, where the Department of Justice has agreed to represent the employee, or (d) the United States, or any agency or subdivision thereof, is a party to litigation or has an interest in litigation and such records are determined by the U.S. Trustee to be arguably relevant to the litigation.

Release of Information to Members of Congress:

Information contained in systems of records maintained by the Department of Justice, not otherwise required to be released pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552, may be made available to a Member of Congress or staff acting upon the Member's behalf when the Member or staff requests the information on behalf of and at the request of the individual who is the subject of the record.

Release of Information to the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) and the General Services Administration (GSA):

A record from the system of records may be disclosed to the NARA and GSA for records management inspections conducted under the authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906.

Release of Information to Law Enforcement or Regulatory Agencies:

Information obtained by the U.S. Trustees may be disclosed to any civil or criminal law enforcement authorities, whether Federal, State, local, or foreign, which require information relevant to a civil or criminal investigation.

Release of Information To Federal State, and Local Licensing Agencies:

Information obtained by the U.S. Trustees may be disclosed to Federal, State, and local licensing agencies or associations which require information concerning the eligibility or suitability of an individual for a license or permit.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

STORAGE:

These records are filed in paper folders in metal filing cabinets and stored on computer disks.

RETRIEVABILITY:

In the field offices, folders are filed alphabetically by the trustee's or applicant's name. In the Executive Office, duplicate records are maintained alphabetically, organized by region. Automated information is retrieved by a variety of key words, including names of individuals.

SAFEGUARDS:

Information contained in the system is unclassified. It is safeguarded and

protected in accordance with Departmental rules and procedures governing the handling of official records. During duty hours access to this system is monitored and controlled by U.S. Trustee and Executive Office personnel. During nonduty hours offices are locked.

RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

Trustee files may be destroyed after ten years except in the following circumstances. If the trustee dies, the files may be destroyed after one year. If the trustee resigns the appointment, the files may be destroyed seven years after all cases administered by that trustee are closed. To prevent unauthorized disclosure, records are destroyed by shredding or burning.

SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

System Manager for the System in each office, is the U.S. Trustee and in the Executive Office, the Assistant Director, Office of Review and Oversight. (Field offices can be located on the Internet at <http://www.usdoj.gov/ust>.)

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Address inquiries to the System Manager.

RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURE:

A request for access to a record from this system shall be made in writing with the envelope and letter clearly marked "Privacy Access Request".

CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

Individuals desiring to contest or amend information maintained in the system should direct their request to the System Manager stating clearly and concisely what information is being contested, the reasons for contesting it, and the proposed amendment(s) to the information.

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

Information contained in the system is provided by the applicant, the applicant's references, and interested third parties.

SYSTEMS EXEMPTED FROM CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE ACT:

None.

JUSTICE/UST-004

SYSTEM NAME:

United States Trustee Program Case Referral System, JUSTICE/UST-004.

SYSTEM LOCATION:

Executive Office for United States Trustees (EOUST), United States Department of Justice, Room 780, 901 E St. NW., Washington, DC 20530.

Records may also be located in the various field offices. (Field offices can be located on the Internet at <http://www.usdoj.gov/ust>.)

CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

This system encompasses entities and individuals involved in the bankruptcy process who are suspected of having engaged in criminal conduct or of having violated other Federal laws, and whose activities have been reported by the U.S. Trustees or EOUST to a U.S. Attorney pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 586 and 18 U.S.C. 3057, or to other law enforcement authorities for investigation.

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Records consist of any information about a case filed under Title 11 of the U.S. Code which is the subject of, or is associated with, a referral to law enforcement authorities. Records will consist of any information pertaining to the subject of the referral who may be the debtor himself, or any other individual associated with the bankruptcy case who is suspected of having engaged in criminal conduct or having violated other Federal laws. The information may include the subject's name, address, date of birth, or social security number; a chronological account of the incident(s); the source of the information; names and addresses of witnesses; the law enforcement agency to whom the referral is made; and the status or final disposition of the referral. The system may also contain information about the bankruptcy case with which the subject of the referral is associated. Such information may include the debtor's name, address, social security number; case number and case chapter; the trustee's name, address and phone number; the judge assigned to the case; and such other case data as may be filed in the records of the court or of the U.S. Trustee.

AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

28 U.S.C. 586, 18 U.S.C. 3057.

PURPOSE(S):

The purposes of this system are to assist the U.S. Trustees: (1) In supervising the administration of cases and trustees in cases filed under Chapters 7, 11, 12 and 13 of Title 11, U.S. Code, as codified by title I of the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1978 (11 U.S.C. 101, *et seq.*); (2) in carrying out their congressional mandate "to serve as bankruptcy watch-dogs to prevent fraud, dishonesty, and overreaching in the bankruptcy arena" (H.R. Rep. No. 595, 95th Cong., 2d Sess. 88 (1978)); and (3) in complying with 18 U.S.C. 3057

which directs trustees to report for investigation any instance where there are reasonable grounds for believing that there has been a violation of Federal laws relating to insolvent debtors or reorganization plans. The U.S. Trustees and EOUST will inform the appropriate law enforcement authorities when fraud or other violations of Federal law are suspected or discovered in a bankruptcy case and will maintain records thereof described under "Categories of Records in the System." The data will be used for program-wide evaluation purposes, for statistical purposes, and to track the number, type, and outcome of cases referred for investigation.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

These records may be disclosed to the news media and the public pursuant to 28 CFR 50.2 unless it is determined that release of the specific information in the context of a particular case would constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy or would impede an ongoing law enforcement proceeding.

These records may be disclosed to a Member of Congress or staff acting on the Member's behalf when the Member or staff requests the information on behalf of, and at the request of, the individual to whom the records pertain.

These records may be disclosed to members of the judicial branch of the Federal Government where disclosure appears relevant to the authorized function of the recipient judicial office or court system.

These records may be disclosed to any Federal, State, and local licensing agencies or associations when it concerns the eligibility or suitability of an individual for a license or permit.

These records may be disclosed to any civil or criminal law enforcement authorities, whether Federal, State, local or foreign, for investigation of suspected violations of Federal or State laws.

Records may also be disclosed to these law enforcement authorities to assist in ongoing investigations.

These records may be disclosed to the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) and the General Services Administration (GSA) in records management inspections conducted under the authority of Title 44 of the U.S. Code.

These records may be disclosed to a trustee in a case filed under Chapter 7, 11, 12 or 13 of Title 11, U.S. Code, when the U.S. Trustee determines that the release of information is necessary to enable the trustee to properly administer the case and to perform the duties and responsibilities of a case

trustee set forth in Title 11 and in 18 U.S.C. 3057.

These records may be disclosed, except when the bankruptcy court has moved to protect an entity as provided in 11 U.S.C. 107, in a proceeding before a court or adjudicative body or any proceeding relevant to the administration of a case filed under Title 11 in which the U.S. Trustee is authorized to appear when (a) the U.S. Trustee, or (b) any employee of the U.S. Trustee in his or her official capacity, or (c) any employee of the U.S. Trustee in his or her individual capacity, where the Department of Justice has agreed to represent the employee, or (d) the United States, or any agency or subdivision thereof, is a party to litigation or has an interest in litigation and such records are determined by the U.S. Trustee to be arguably relevant to the litigation.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

STORAGE:

All records are stored in paper folders in cabinets. All records are also stored on computer disks.

RETRIEVABILITY:

Computerized records will be retrievable by using any one or various combinations of the assigned case referral number, the judicial district or U.S. Trustee's field office from which the referral is generated, the date of the referral, the doctor's name, the case chapter, the name, social security or employer identification number and date of birth of the individual who is the subject of the referral, the subject's relationship to the debtor, the general nature of the charges and/or the status of the referral. Records stored in paper folders will be filed chronologically by the case referral number.

SAFEGUARDS:

Paper folders are stored in a file cabinet which is located inside a room with a bolt lock. The computer disks are located in the same room. Only those persons with a need to know have access to the records.

RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

Criminal referral files may be destroyed by shredding or burning five years from the date of the finding of insufficient evidence, declination of prosecution, or the voting of a No True Bill by a Grand Jury.

SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

General Counsel, Executive Office for United States Trustees, United States

Department of Justice, Room 780, 901 E Street NW., Washington, DC 20530.

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Address all inquiries to the system manager.

RECORDS ACCESS PROCEDURE:

Make all requests for access to records from this system in writing to the system manager and clearly mark both the letter and the envelope "Privacy Act Request." Provide the full name and notarized signature of the individual who is the subject of the request, and a return address.

CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

Make all requests to correct a record in writing to the system manager. The request must identify the particular record in question, state the correction sought and set forth the justification for correcting or contesting it. These procedures are in accordance with Department regulations (28 CFR 16.46 Requests For Amendment or Correction of Records) **Federal Register**, June 1, 1998, Volume 63, page 29603.

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

The records will contain information obtained by or furnished to the U.S. Trustee or EQUST (1) from Federal or State court records; (2) from debtors or debtors' principals, agents or representatives; and (3) from informants and interested third parties.

SYSTEMS EXEMPTED FROM CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE ACT:

The Attorney General has exempted this system from subsections (c)(3) and (4); (d); (e)(1), (2) and (3), (e)(4)(G) and (H), (e)(5) and (8); (f) and (g) of the Privacy Act pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a (j)(2) and (k)(2). Rules have been promulgated in accordance with the requirements of 5 U.S.C. 553(b), (c) and (e) and have been published in the **Federal Register**.

[FR Doc. 99-24759 Filed 9-22-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-CJ-M

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

[Notice 99-116]

NASA Advisory Council, Life and Microgravity Sciences and Applications Advisory Committee, Microgravity Research Advisory Subcommittee; Meeting

AGENCY: National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

ACTION: Notice of Meeting.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act, Pub. L. 92-463, as amended, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration announces a meeting of the NASA Advisory Council, Life and Microgravity Sciences and Applications Advisory Committee, Microgravity Research Advisory Subcommittee.

DATES: Wednesday, October 20, 1999, from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

ADDRESSES: National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Room MIC-6 (Room 6H46), 300 E Street, SW, Washington, DC 20546.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Judith Robey, Code UG, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Washington, DC 20546, 202-358-0813.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The meeting will be open to the public up to the seating capacity of the room. The agenda for the meeting is as follows:

- Status of the Microgravity Research Advisory Subcommittee Recommendations
- Microgravity Program Status Report
- International Space Station Program Status Report
- Developments in Fundamental Physics
- Developments in Biotechnology
- Microgravity Initiatives for 2002
- Informal Discussion

It is imperative that the meeting be held on this date to accommodate the scheduling priorities of the key participants. Visitors will be requested to sign a visitor's register.

Dated: September 15, 1999.

Matthew M. Crouch,

*Advisory Committee Management Officer,
National Aeronautics and Space Administration.*

[FR Doc. 99-24801 Filed 9-22-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7510-01-P

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket No. 50-313]

Entergy Operations, Inc., Arkansas Nuclear One, Unit No. 1; Notice of Consideration of Issuance of Amendment to Facility Operating License, Proposed No Significant Hazards Consideration Determination, and Opportunity for a Hearing

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) is considering issuance of an amendment to Facility Operating License No. DRP-51, issued to Entergy Operations, Inc. (the licensee), for operation of Arkansas Nuclear One, Unit 1 (ANO-1) located in Pope County, Arkansas.

This proposed change would amend Technical Specification (TS) 4.18.5.a.9 and its associated Bases to allow the use of steam generator repair roll technology (re-roll) as a repair method for tube defects identified in the steam generator upper tubesheet region. Tubes repaired by this proposed amendment would be allowed to remain in-service for one fuel cycle of operation through the end of fuel Cycle 16. This repair method would credit both the re-roll mechanical joint and the tube-to-tubesheet weld in demonstrating the pressure boundary capabilities and the structural integrity of the repair.

The Commission issued Amendment 190 to Operating License No. DRP-51 on April 10, 1998. This amendment provided the initial approval to use the re-roll methodology as an alternative to either sleeving or plugging steam generator tubes found during inservice inspections to have defects that exceed the stated repair criteria. The allowance to apply re-roll technology was based on Revision 00 to the Framatome Technologies Topical Report BAW-10232P, "OTSG [Once Through Steam Generator] Repair Roll Qualification Report (Including Hydraulic Expansion Evaluation)," dated January 1998. This report evaluated the acceptability of repairing a steam generator tube with a defect in the upper tubesheet region by mechanically rolling the tube into the upper tubesheet below the defect location. The repair roll provides a mechanical joint within the tubesheet bore creating a new pressure boundary, which removes the defect from service. The repair roll was qualified to provide a leakage barrier and structural integrity under worst case design conditions without crediting the original tube roll or the tube-to-tubesheet weld. The Commission's approval of Amendment 190 was based, in part, on the design criteria that the structural integrity of the repair roll was sufficient to carry the worst case design loading without relative motion between the tube and tubesheet.

On September 2, 1999, Framatome Technologies informed the licensee that Topical Report BAW-10232P, Revision 00 did not consider the small break loss-of-coolant accident (SMLOCA) as a limiting event. Further consideration has demonstrated that the SMLOCA is the limiting condition for structural integrity for tube-to-tubesheet re-rolls located in the outer periphery of the tubesheet. Framatome Technologies has indicated that the re-roll is sufficient to adequately perform its design function to maintain pressure boundary and structural integrity. However, the re-roll joint is not