

Dr. Bernard Goldstein, UMDNJ,  
EOHSI  
10 AM Break  
10:30 AM Conclusions and  
Recommendations  
Summary of Plenary Sessions  
Breakout Group Reports  
Open Discussion  
1 PM Wrap-Up and Closing Remarks  
Dr. George Lucier, NIEHS  
1:15 PM Workshop Adjourns

To register or for additional  
information, please access the NIEHS  
homepage at <http://www.niehs.nih.gov>  
or contact Anna Lee Sabella at (919)  
541-4982 or e-mail to  
[sabella@niehs.nih.gov](mailto:sabella@niehs.nih.gov).

Dated: August 23, 1999.

**Kenneth Olden,**

*Director, National Institute of Environmental  
Health Sciences.*

[FR Doc. 99-22556 Filed 8-30-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4140-01-P

**DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

**Office of the Secretary**

[WO-640-1020-00-241E]

**Front Range Resource Advisory  
Council, Northwest Resource Advisory  
Council, and Southwest Resource  
Advisory Council (State of Colorado);  
Renewal**

**AGENCY:** Bureau of Land Management,  
Interior.

**ACTION:** Front Range Resource Advisory  
Council, Northwest Resource Advisory  
Council, and Southwest Resource  
Advisory Council (State of Colorado)—  
Notice of renewal.

**SUMMARY:** This notice announces the  
renewal of the Bureau of Land  
Management's Front Range Resource  
Advisory Council, Northwest Resource  
Advisory Council, and Southwest  
Resource Advisory Council by the  
Secretary of the Interior (Secretary) in  
accordance with the provisions of the  
Federal Advisory Committee Act  
(FACA) of 1972, 5 U.S.C. Appendix. The  
Secretary has determined the Councils  
are necessary and in the public interest.  
Copies of the Council charters will be  
filed with the appropriate committees of  
Congress and the Library of Congress in  
accordance with Section 9(c) of FACA.

The Federal Land Policy and  
Management Act, as amended, requires  
the Secretary to establish advisory  
councils to provide advice concerning  
the problems relating to land use  
planning and the management of public  
lands within the area for which the  
advisory councils are established. The

Councils will provide representative  
counsel and advice to BLM on the  
planning and management of public  
lands as well as advice on public land  
resource issues. Council members will  
be residents of the State(s) in which the  
Councils have jurisdiction and will be  
appointed by the Secretary.

The purpose of the Councils is to  
advise the Secretary, through the BLM,  
on a variety of planning and  
management issues associated with the  
management of the public lands. The  
Council responsibilities include  
providing advice to BLM regarding the  
preparation, amendment, and  
implementation of land use plans;  
providing advice on long-range  
planning and establishing resource  
management priorities; and assisting the  
BLM in identifying State or regional  
standards for ecological health and  
guidelines for grazing.

Council members are representative of  
various industries and interests  
concerned with the management,  
protection, and utilization of the public  
lands. These include (a) holders of  
Federal grazing permits and  
representatives of energy and mining  
development, the timber industry,  
rights-of-way interests, off-road vehicle  
use, and commercial recreation; (b)  
representatives of nationally or  
regionally recognized environmental  
organizations, archaeological and  
historic interests, dispersed recreation,  
and wild horse and burro groups; and  
(c) representatives of State, county, and  
local government, employees of a State  
agency responsible for management of  
natural resources, Native American  
tribes, academia involved with natural  
sciences, and the public-at-large.

Membership will include individuals  
who have expertise, education, training,  
or practical experience in the planning  
and management of the public lands  
and their resources and who have a  
knowledge of the geographical  
jurisdiction(s) of the Councils.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**  
Melanie Wilson, Intergovernmental  
Affairs (640), Bureau of Land  
Management, 1620 L Street, NW., Room  
406 LS, Washington, DC 20240,  
telephone (202) 452-0377.

**Certification Statement**

I hereby certify that the renewals of  
the Front Range Resource Advisory  
Council, Northwest Resource Advisory  
Council, and Southwest Resource  
Advisory Council are necessary and in  
the public interest in connection with  
the Secretary of the Interior's  
responsibilities to manage the lands,  
resources, and facilities administered by  
the Bureau of Land Management.

Dated: August 20, 1999.

**Bruce Babbitt,**

*Secretary of the Interior.*

[FR Doc. 99-22508 Filed 8-30-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-84-P

**DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

**Fish and Wildlife Service**

**Notice of Updated Policy Regarding  
Harvest of Migratory Birds in Alaska  
Between March 10 and September 1**

**AGENCY:** Fish and Wildlife Service,  
Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Fish and Wildlife Service  
(Service) is updating the 1988 policy  
regarding subsistence harvest of  
migratory birds in Alaska. The policy is  
a statement regarding enforcement  
priorities the Service follows in Alaska  
to conserve waterfowl between March  
10 and September 1. The original policy  
concentrated enforcement efforts on  
violations that have the most serious  
impacts on the resource, with particular  
emphasis on the protection of four  
diminished populations of geese:  
cackling Canada geese, emperor geese,  
Pacific white-fronted geese, and black  
brant. Due to the status of some elder  
populations, this updated policy also  
includes spectacled and Steller's eiders  
in this first priority protection. In  
addition, the policy prohibits wasting  
any migratory bird, using private and  
charter aircraft to assist in hunting, and  
possessing lead shot while hunting  
waterfowl.

In 1997, the United States Senate gave  
its advice and consent to ratification of  
two protocols amending, respectively,  
the 1916 Convention for the Protection  
of Migratory Birds in Canada and the  
United States (the "Canada Treaty") and  
the 1936 U.S.-Mexico Convention for  
the Protection of Migratory Birds and  
Game Mammals (the "Mexico Treaty")  
(together the "Protocols"). These  
Protocols provide for legal, regulated  
spring subsistence hunting in Alaska. In  
particular, the Protocol with Canada  
provides in Article II that:

In the case of the United States \* \* \*  
[m]igratory birds and their eggs may be  
harvested by the indigenous inhabitants of  
the State of Alaska. Seasons and other  
regulations implementing the non-wasteful  
taking of migratory birds and the collection  
of their eggs by indigenous inhabitants of  
the State of Alaska shall be consistent with  
the customary and traditional uses by such  
indigenous inhabitants for their own  
nutritional and other essential needs.

Similarly, Article I of the Protocol with  
Mexico provides that: