comments, in the February 14, 1983, Federal Register (48 FR 6536). Wyoming changed its plan a number of times since the Secretary first approved it. In 1984, we accepted the State’s certification that it addressed all known coal-related impacts in Wyoming that were eligible for funding under its program. As a result, the State may now reclaim low priority non-coal reclamation projects. You can read about the certification and OSM’s acceptance in the May 25, 1984, Federal Register (49 FR 22139). At the same time, we also accepted Wyoming’s proposal that it will ask us for funds to reclaim any additional coal-related impacts in Wyoming that were eligible for funding under its program. As a result, the State may now reclaim low priority non-coal reclamation projects. You can read about the certification and OSM’s acceptance in the May 25, 1984, Federal Register (49 FR 22139).

The Governor of Wyoming certified the need and urgency to fund the Greybull Sewer Replacement project prior to completing the State’s remaining inventory of non-coal reclamation work, as allowed by section 411(f) of SMCRA. The governor certifies that the project is in a community impacted by coal mining activities. The present sewer system is deteriorating rapidly and it is suspected that it is contaminating groundwater and surface water. The Governor’s certification states that the threat to public health and safety is greater at this site than on remaining non-coal mine sites.

IV. How We Will Review Wyoming’s Grant Application

We will review this grant application with respect to the regulations at 30 CFR 875.15, specifically subsections 875.15(e)(1) through (7). As stated in those regulations, the application must include the following information: (1) The need or urgency for the activity or the construction of the public facility; (2) the expected impact the project will have on Wyoming’s coal or minerals industry; (3) the availability of funding from other sources and, if other funding is provided, its percentage of the total costs involved; (4) documentation from other local, State, and Federal agencies with oversight for such utilities of facilities describing what funding they have available and why their agency is not fully funding this specific project; (5) the impact on the State, the public, and the minerals industry if the facility is not funded; (6) the reason why this project should be selected before a priority project relating to the protection of the public health and safety or the environment from the damages caused by past mining activities; and (7) an analysis and review of the procedures Wyoming used to notify and involve the public in this funding request, and a copy of all comments received and their resolution by the State.

The Governor’s certification states that the threat to public health and safety is greater at this site than on remaining non-coal mine sites. If we conclude that it meets all the requirements of 30 CFR 875.15.

V. What To Do If You Want To Comment on the Proposed Project

We are asking for public comments on Wyoming’s request for funds to pay for part of the cost of the Greybull sewer system. You are welcome to comment on the project. If you do, please send us written comments. Make sure your comments are specific and pertain to Wyoming’s funding request in the context of the regulations at 30 CFR 875.15 and the provisions of section 411 of SMCRA. You should explain any recommendations you make. If we receive your comments after the time shown under DATES or at locations other than the Casper Field Office, we will not necessarily consider them in our final decision or include them in the administrative record.

Dated: June 11, 1999.

Guy Padgett, Director, Casper Field Office.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement

Proposed Rock Springs Stormwater Drainage Channel Project in Wyoming

AGENCY: Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement (OSM), Interior.

ACTION: Notice of application for grant funding; Public comment period on request to fund the Rock Springs Stormwater Drainage Channel project.

SUMMARY: OSM is announcing its receipt of a grant application from the Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality, Abandoned Mine Land Division (AML). Wyoming is requesting $10,000 from the Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund to pay approximately 51 percent of the cost of building the Rock Springs Stormwater Drainage Channel Project in Sweetwater County, Wyoming. In its application, the State proposes paying for part of the reconstruction cost as a public facility project that will benefit a community impacted by coal mining activities.

This notice describes when and where the Wyoming abandoned mine land (AML) program and the grant application for funding the Rock Springs Stormwater Drainage Channel project are available for you to read. It also sets the time period during which...
II. Background on the Wyoming AMLR Plan

The Secretary of the Interior approved Wyoming's AMLR plan on February 14, 1983. You can find background information on the Wyoming AML program, including the Secretary's findings and our responses to comments, in the February 14, 1983, Federal Register (48 FR 6536). Wyoming changed its plan a number of times since the Secretary first approved it. In 1984, we accepted the State's certification that it addressed all known coal-related impacts in Wyoming that were eligible for funding under its program. As a result, the State may now reclaim low priority non-coal reclamation projects. You can read about the certification and OSM's acceptance in the May 25, 1984, Federal Register (48 FR 22139). At the same time, we also accepted Wyoming's proposal that it will ask us for funds to reclaim any additional coal-related problems that occur during the life of the Wyoming AML program as soon as it becomes aware of them. In the April 13, 1992, Federal Register (57 FR 12731), we announced our decision to accept other changes in Wyoming's plan that describe how it will rank eligible coal, non-coal, and facility projects for funding. Those changes also authorized the Governor of Wyoming to elevate the priority of a project based upon the Governor's determination of need and urgency. They also expanded the State's ability to construct public facilities under section 411 of SMCRA. We approved additional changes in Wyoming's plan concerning noncoal lien authority and contractor eligibility that improve the efficiency of the State's AML program. That approval is described in the February 21, 1996, Federal Register (61 FR 6537).

Once a State certifies that it has addressed all remaining abandoned coal mine problems, and the Secretary concurs, then it may request funds to undertake abandoned noncoal mine reclamation community impact assistance, and public facilities projects under sections 411(b), (e), and (f), of SMCRA.

State law and regulations that apply to the proposed Rock Springs funding request include Wyoming Statute 35-11-1202 and Wyoming Abandoned Mine Land Regulations, Chapter VII, of the Wyoming Abandoned Mine Program.

III. Wyoming's Request To Fund Part of the Cost of Building the Rock Springs Stormwater Drainage Channel Project

The Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality submitted to us a grant application dated December 21, 1998. In that application, Wyoming asked for $210,000 that it will use to pay for part of the cost of building the Rock Springs Stormwater Drainage Channel. This drainage project is a public facility in a community impacted by coal mining activity. The requested funding is 51 percent of the project's total cost. Money for the balance of the project will come from the city of Rock Springs (49%). The Governor of Wyoming certified the need and urgency to fund the Rock Springs Stormwater Drainage Channel project prior to completing the State's remaining inventory of non-coal reclamation, as allowed by section 411(f) of SMCRA. That certification says the project is in a community impacted by coal mining activities. The project involves providing flood control to a community that supports a large coal and trona industry. The project is designed to mitigate impacts resulting from historic boom and bust cycles of the mining industry and the overall growth of the community from mining. An extensive flood event in an adjacent area (White Mountain/Belmont area) resulted in property loss (residential and business) and business disruption in 1991.

This project will mitigate the impacts of flooding and damage to property. The Governor's certification states that the threat to public health and safety is as great at these locations as at unreclaimed non-coal mines. The potential health risks warrant funding this project before the remaining non-coal projects.

IV. How We Will Review Wyoming's Grant Application

We will review this grant application with respect to the regulations at 30 CFR 875.15, specifically §§ 875.15(e) (1) through (7). As stated in those regulations, the application must include the following information: (1) The need or urgency for the activity or the construction of the public facility; (2) the expected impact the project will have on Wyoming's coal or minerals industry; (3) the availability of funding from other sources and, if other funding is provided, its percentage of the total costs involved; (4) documentation from other local, State, and Federal agencies with oversight for such utilities or facilities describing what funding they have available and why their agency is
not fully funding this specific project; (5) the impact on the State, the public, and the minerals industry if the facility is not funded; (6) the reason why this project should be selected before a priority project relating to the protection of the public health and safety or the environment from the damages caused by past mining activities, and (7) an analysis and review of the procedures Wyoming used to notify and involve the public in this funding request, and a copy of all comments received and their resolution by the State. Wyoming's application for the Rock Springs Stormwater Drainage Channel Project contains the information described in these seven subsections. Section 875.15(f) requires us to evaluate all comments we receive and determine whether the funding meets the requirements of §§ 875.15(e)(1) through (7) described above. It also requires us to determine if the request is in the best interests of the State's AML program. We will approve Wyoming's request to fund this project if we conclude that it meets all the requirements of 30 CFR 875.15.

V. What To Do if You Want To Comment on the Proposed Project

We are asking for public comments on Wyoming's request for funds to pay for part of the cost of building the Rock Springs Stormwater Drainage Channel Project. You are welcome to comment on the project. If you do, please send us written comments. Make sure your comments are specific and pertain to Wyoming's funding request in the context of the regulations at 30 CFR 875.15 and the provisions of section 411 of SMCRA. You should explain any recommendations you make. If we receive your comments after the time shown under DATES or at locations other than the Casper Field Office, we will not necessarily consider them in our final decision or include them in the administrative record.

Dated: June 11, 1999.

Guy Padgett,
Director, Casper Field Office.
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