

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains documents other than rules or proposed rules that are applicable to the public. Notices of hearings and investigations, committee meetings, agency decisions and rulings, delegations of authority, filing of petitions and applications and agency statements of organization and functions are examples of documents appearing in this section.

AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Notice of Public Information Collection Requirements Submitted to OMB for Review

SUMMARY: U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID) has submitted the following information collections to OMB for review and clearance under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104-13. Comments regarding this information collection are best assured of having their full effect if received within 30 days of this notification. Comments should be addressed to: Desk Officer for USAID, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget (OMB), Washington D.C. 20503. Copies of submission may be obtained by calling (202) 712-1365.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

OMB Number: OMB 0412-0004.

Form Number: AID 11.

Title: Application for approval of Commodity Eligibility. Instruction Books for the Organization Profile. Type of USAID provides loans and grants to some developing countries in the form of Commodity Import Programs (CIPs). These funds are made available to host countries to be allocated to the public and private sectors for purchasing various commodities from the U.S., or in some cases, from other developing countries. In accordance with Section 604(f) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, USAID may finance only those commodities which are determined eligible and suitable in accordance with various statutory requirements and agency policies. Using the Application for Approval of Commodity Eligibility (Form AID 11), the supplier certifies to USAID information about the commodities being supplied, as required in section 604(f), so that USAID may determine eligibility.

Annual Reporting Burden:

Respondents: 365 (twice a year)
Total annual responses: 730.
Total annual hours requested: 365 hours.

Dated: May 11, 1999.

Willette L. Smith,

*Chief, Information and Records Division,
Office of Administrative Services, Bureau for
Management.*

[FR Doc. 99-12418 Filed 5-17-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6116-01-M

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Bureau of the Census

Business and Professional Classification Report

ACTION: Proposed collection; comment request

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing information collections, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104-13 (44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)).

DATES: Written comments must be submitted on or before July 19, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Direct all written comments to Linda Engelmeier, Departmental Forms Clearance Officer, Department of Commerce, Room 5033, 14th and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Requests for additional information or copies of the information collection instrument(s) and instructions should be directed to Carol S. King, Bureau of the Census, Room 2651-3, Washington, DC 20233, (301) 457-2675.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Abstract

The Census Bureau sponsors the SQ-CLASS, "Business and Professional Classification Report", to collect information needed to keep the retail, wholesale, and service samples current with the business universe. The form was previously known as B-625 (97). Because of rapid changes in the marketplace caused by the emergence of new businesses, the deaths of others,

transfer of ownership, mergers, and so forth, on a quarterly basis the Bureau of the Census canvasses a sample of new Employer Identification Numbers (EINs) obtained from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and the Social Security Administration (SSA). Each selected firm is canvassed once for kind of business classification, measure of size, and company affiliation on the establishments associated with the new EIN. In essence, from the perspective of the business firm, this is a one time collection of data. A different sample of EINs is canvassed four times a year.

We are revising the SQ-CLASS to better assign kind-of-business codes based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). This includes collection of additional information on method of selling which is a key component for ensuring correct NAICS classification.

(Occupational Employment Statistics Bureau of Labor Statistics, 199 National Occupational Employment and Wage Data Professional, Paraprofessional, and Technical Occupations, \$17.66 represents the median hourly wage of the full-time wage and salary earnings of accountants and auditors) http://stats.bls.gov/oes/national/oes_prof.htm

Respondent's Obligation: Voluntary.

Authority: Title 13, United States Code, Section 182.

IV. Request for Comments

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden (including hours and cost) of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and included in the request for OMB approval of this information collection. They also will become a matter of public record.

II. Method of Collection

We collect this information by mail, fax, and telephone follow-up.

III. Data

OMB Number: 0607-0189.

Form Number: SQ-CLASS.

Type of Review: Regular Submission.

Affected Public: Retail, Wholesale and Service firms in the United States.

Estimated Number of Respondents: Annually, approximately 42,000.

Estimated Time Per Response: 13 minutes.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 9,101.

Estimated Total Annual Cost: The cost to the respondent for fiscal year 2000 is estimated to be \$160,724 based on the median hourly salary of \$17.66 for accountants and auditors.

Dated: May 7, 1999.

Linda Engelmeier,

Departmental Forms Clearance Officer, Office of the Chief Information Officer.

[FR Doc. 99-12196 Filed 5-17-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-07-U

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**Foreign-Trade Zones Board**

[Docket 20-99]

Foreign-Trade Zone 114—Peoria, Illinois; Application for Foreign-Trade Subzone Status; E.I. du Pont de Nemours and Company, Inc. (Crop Protection Products), El Paso, Illinois

An application has been submitted to the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) by the Economic Development Council, Inc. (of Peoria, Illinois), grantee of FTZ 114, requesting special-purpose subzone status for the manufacturing facilities (crop production products) of E.I. du Pont de Nemours and Company, Inc. (Du Pont), located in El Paso, Illinois. The application was submitted pursuant to the Foreign-Trade Zones Act, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a-81u), and the regulations of the Board (15 CFR part 400). It was formally filed on May 7, 1999.

The DuPont facilities (49.2 acres, 320,512 sq. ft. + 240,000 sq. ft. proposed) are located at on U.S. Highway 24 East in El Paso, Illinois. The facilities (150 employees) produce herbicide products for crop protection. DuPont initially intends to manufacture, test, package, and warehouse sulfonylurea herbicides under FTZ procedures. The herbicides to be produced are marketed under the following trade names: Accent®, Accent Gold® Basis®, Basis Gold®, Classic®,

Canopy®, Canopy XL®, Pinnacle®, and Reliance®. Foreign-sourced materials will account for, on average, 14 to 18 percent of finished products' value. Dupont has indicated that the following inputs will be imported, or transferred under FTZ procedures from the proposed subzone of DuPont Agricultural Caribe Industries, Ltd. (in Manatí, Puerto Rico): nicosulfuron; rimsulfuron; thifensulfuron methyl; and chlorimuron ethyl (the duty rate on these is 10.0%). The application also indicates that the company may in the future import under FTZ procedures a wide variety of other chemical materials, as well as other products used in production, packaging, and distribution of crop protection products.

Zone procedures would exempt DuPont from Customs duty payments on foreign materials used in production for export. On domestic shipments, the company would be able to defer Customs duty payments on foreign materials, and to choose the duty rate that applies to the finished products (6.5%) instead of the rate otherwise applicable to the foreign input materials (noted above). The company would also be exempt from duty payments on foreign merchandise that becomes scrap/waste. FTZ status may also make a site eligible for benefits provided under state/local programs. The application indicates that the savings from zone procedures would help improve the plant's international competitiveness.

In accordance with the Board's regulations, a member of the FTZ Staff has been designated examiner to investigate the application and report to the Board.

Public comment on the application is invited from interested parties. Submissions (original and three copies) shall be addressed to the Board's Executive Secretary at the address below. The closing period for their receipt is July 19, 1999. Rebuttal comments in response to material submitted during the foregoing period may be submitted during the subsequent 15-day period to August 2, 1999.

A copy of the application and the accompanying exhibits will be available for public inspection at each of the following locations:

Office of the Executive Secretary,
Foreign-Trade Zones Board, U.S.
Department of Commerce, Room
3716, 14th and Pennsylvania Avenue,
N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230
U.S. Customs Service, 5701 W.
Smithville Rd., Air Cargo Facility,
Suite 700, Bartonville, IL 61607-1778

Dated: May 7, 1999.

Dennis Puccinelli,

Acting Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99-12506 Filed 5-17-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**Foreign-Trade Zones Board**

(Docket 19-99)

Foreign-Trade Zone 93—Durham, North Carolina; Application For Foreign-Trade Subzone Status; Philips Monitor Raleigh (Computer Monitors and Related Peripheral Products), Durham, NC

An application has been submitted to the Foreign-Trade Zones Board (the Board) by the Triangle J Council of Governments, grantee of FTZ 93, requesting special-purpose subzone status for the manufacturing facilities (computer monitors and related peripheral products) of Philips Monitor Raleigh (Philips), located at sites in the Durham, North Carolina, area. The application was submitted pursuant to the Foreign-Trade Zones Act, as amended (19 U.S.C. 81a-81u), and the regulations of the Board (15 CFR part 400). It was formally filed on May 6, 1999.

The Philips facilities (16 acres, 168,000 sq. ft.) are located at 627 and 701 Distribution Drive, Durham, North Carolina. The facilities (200 employees) are currently used for the manufacture of computer monitors. The application indicates that products which may be produced at the plant in the future include: computer keyboards; computer speakers (internal and external); computer video cameras (internal and external); computer microphones (internal and external); USB hubs, ports, cables and connectors; "ultra-thin clients;" LCD monitors; and computer mice. Some of the components used in manufacturing computer monitors are purchased from abroad (an estimated 63% of finished product value), including connectors, screws, knobs, springs, metal plates, brackets, cable ties, lenses, sliders, wire harnesses, power cords, degauss coils, cables, and cathode ray tubes (duty rates on these items range from 1.9% to 6.5%). The company also uses a number of foreign-sourced items that are duty free.

Zone procedures would exempt Philips from Customs duty payments on foreign components used in export production. On domestic shipments, the company would be able to defer Customs duty payments on foreign materials, and to choose the duty rate