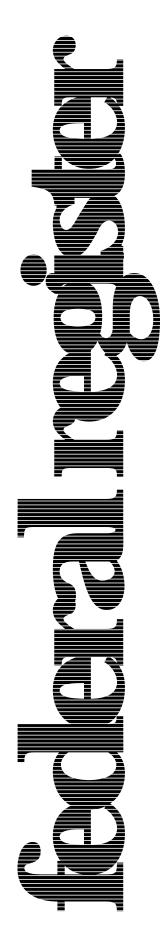
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Friday May 7, 1999

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WHY:	To provide the public with access to information necessary to research Federal agency regulations which directly affect them. There will be no discussion of specific agency regulations.

## WASHINGTON, DC

WHEN:	May 18, 1999 at 9:00 am.
WHERE:	Office of the Federal Register
	Conference Room
	800 North Capitol Street, NW.
	Washington, DC
	(3 blocks north of Union Station Metro)
RESERVATIONS	: 202-523-4538

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# **Presidential Documents**

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Title 3—	Presidential Determination No. 99–22 of April 29, 1999
The President	Determination Pursuant to Section 2(c)(1) of the Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962, as Amended
	Memorandum for the Secretary of State
	Pursuant to section $2(c)(1)$ of the Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962, as amended, 22 U.S.C. $2601(c)(1)$ , I hereby determine that it is important to the national interest that up to \$20 million be made available from the U.S. Emergency Refugee and Migration Assistance Fund to meet urgent and unexpected needs relating to the program under which the United States will provide refuge in the United States to refugees fleeing the Kosovo crisis.
	These funds may be used to meet the urgent and unexpected needs of refugees, displaced persons, victims of conflict, and other persons at risk due to the Kosovo crisis. These funds may be used, as appropriate, to provide contributions to international and nongovernmental organizations.
	You are authorized and directed to inform the appropriate committees of the Congress of this determination and the use of funds under this authority, and to arrange for the publication of this determination in the <b>Federal Register</b> .
	William Dennien
[FR Doc. 99–11722 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] Billing code 4710–10–M	THE WHITE HOUSE, Washington, April 29, 1999.

## **Rules and Regulations**

Federal Register Vol. 64, No. 88 Friday, May 7, 1999

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains regulatory documents having general applicability and legal effect, most of which are keyed to and codified in the Code of Federal Regulations, which is published under 50 titles pursuant to 44 U.S.C. 1510.

The Code of Federal Regulations is sold by the Superintendent of Documents. Prices of new books are listed in the first FEDERAL REGISTER issue of each week.

## OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

#### 5 CFR PART 330

RIN 3206-AI56

### Interagency Career Transition Assistance for Displaced Former Panama Canal Zone Employees

**AGENCY:** Office of Personnel Management.

**ACTION:** Interim rule with request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** The Office of Personnel Management is issuing interim regulations that provide certain displaced employees of the former Panama Canal Zone with interagency priority consideration for vacant competitive service positions in the continental United States. These regulations are applicable to eligible displaced employees of the former Panama Canal Zone who are now being separated.

**DATES:** These interim regulations are effective May 7, 1999. Written comments will be considered if received no later than July 6, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Send written comments to Mary Lou Lindholm, Associate Director for Employment, Office of Personnel Management, Room 6F08, 1900 E Street, NW, Washington, DC 20415–9000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Thomas A. Glennon or Jacqueline R. Yeatman, 202–606–0960, FAX 202–606– 2329.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Background

The Panama Canal Treaty of 1977, as implemented through Public Law 96–70 (93 Stat. 452, The Panama Canal Act of 1979, approved September 27, 1979, and generally effective October 1, 1979), provides for the final transfer of Panama Canal operations and full control of the former Canal Zone geographic area from the Government of the United States to the Republic of Panama on December 31, 1999. This action will result in the involuntary separation, or geographic relocation, of most United States citizens presently working as Federal employees in the Canal Area.

Section 1212(a) of the Panama Canal Act, as codified in 22 U.S.C. 3652, authorized the President to establish the *Panama Canal Employment System* in accordance with applicable Treaty requirements and other provisions of law. Most Federal employees in the Canal Area hold excepted service positions under the Panama Canal Employment System. However, § 1212(a) requires full interchange between these excepted service Panama Canal Employment System positions and positions in the competitive service.

Section 1232 of the Panama Canal Act, as codified in 22 U.S.C. 3672, provides certain employees of the former Canal Zone with priority consideration for continuing vacant Federal positions.

Specifically, § 1232(a) of the Act authorizes special selection priority for any citizen of the United States who, on March 31, 1979, was an employee of the Panama Canal Company or the Canal Zone Government, who is involuntarily separated. This priority is not available to otherwise eligible employees who are placed in another appropriate Federal position that is located in the Republic of Panama.

Similarly, §1232(b) of the Act authorizes special selection priority for any citizen of the United States who, on March 31, 1979, was employed in the Canal Zone under the Panama Canal Employment System as an employee of an executive branch agency (including the Smithsonian Institution), and whose position was eliminated as the result of the Panama Canal Treaty of 1977 and related agreements. This priority is not available to otherwise eligible employees who are appointed to another appropriate Federal position that is located in the Republic of Panama.

Section 1232(c) of the Act mandates that OPM establish and administer a Government-wide special selection priority program for all eligible displaced employees of the former Canal Zone.

### New Interagency Career Transition Assistance Program for Displaced Panama Canal Zone Employees

Eligible displaced employees of the former Panama Canal Zone are eligible for interagency special selection priority consideration in this new program on a similar basis as that provided to many displaced Federal employees under the Interagency Career Transition Assistance Plan, which is authorized by 5 CFR 330, subpart G. However, eligible displaced employees of the former Canal Zone receive special selection priority when applying for vacant positions throughout the continental United States, while the Interagency Career Transition Assistance Plan provides priority consideration to other displaced Federal employees only in the local commuting area where the displaced employee last worked.

## Waiver of Notice of Proposed Rulemaking and Delay in Effective Date

Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(3)(B), I find that good cause exists for waiving the general notice of proposed rulemaking because it would be contrary to the public interest to delay access to benefits provided by law. Also, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3), I find that good cause exists to waive the effective date and make this amendment effective in less than 30 days in order to provide eligible displaced employees of the former Canal Zone with special selection priority at the earliest practicable date.

### **Regulatory Flexibility Act**

I certify that this regulation will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities because it affects only certain Federal employees.

## Executive Order 12866, Regulatory Review

This rule has been reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget in accordance with Executive Order 12866.

## List of Subjects in 5 CFR Part 330

Armed Forces reserves, Government employees.

Office of Personnel Management.

## Janice R. Lachance,

Director.

Accordingly, OPM is amending part 330 of title 5, Code of Federal Regulations, as follows:

## PART 330—RECRUITMENT, SELECTION, AND PLACEMENT (GENERAL)

1. The authority citation for part 330 is revised to read as follows:

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 1302, 3301, 3302; E.O. 10577, 3 CFR 1954–58 Comp., p. 218; § 330.102 also issued under 5 U.S.C. 3327; subpart B also issued under 5 U.S.C. 3315 and 8151; § 330.401 also issued under 5 U.S.C. 3310; subpart I also issued under sec. 4432 of Pub. L. 102–484, 106 Stat. 2315; subpart K also issued under sec. 11203 of Pub. L. 105–33, 111 Stat. 738; subpart L also issued under sec. 1232 of Pub. L. 96–70, 93 Stat. 452.

2. Subpart L of part 330 is added to read as follows:

#### Subpart L—Interagency Career Transition Assistance for Displaced Former Panama Canal Zone Employees

Sec. 330.1201 Purpose. 330.1202 Definitions. 330.1203 Eligibility 330.1204 Selection.

#### Subpart L—Interagency Career Transition Assistance for Displaced Former Panama Canal Zone Employees

§330.1201 Purpose.

This subpart implements Section 1232 of Public Law 96–70 (the Panama Canal Act of 1979) and provides eligible displaced employees of the former Panama Canal Zone with interagency special selection priority consideration for continuing Federal vacant positions in the continental United States.

## § 330.1202 Definitions.

For purposes of this subpart:

(a) *Agency* means an Executive Department, a Government corporation, and an independent establishment as cited in 5 U.S.C. 105. For the purposes of this program, the term "agency" includes all components of an organization, including its Office of Inspector General.

(b) *Canal Zone* is the definition set forth in 22 U.S.C. 3602(b)(1), and means the areas and installations in the Republic of Panama made available to the United States pursuant to the Panama Canal Treaty of 1977 and related agreements;

(c) *Eligible displaced employee of the former Panama Canal Zone* means a citizen of the United States who:

(1) Holds or held a position in the Panama Canal Employment System that is in retention tenure group 1 or 2, as defined in  $\S$  351.501(a) of this chapter;

(2)(i) Was an employee of the Panama Canal Company or the Canal Zone Government on March 31, 1979, and has been continuously employed in the former Panama Canal Zone under the Panama Canal Employment System; or

(ii) Has been continuously employed since March 31, 1979, in the former Panama Canal Zone under the Panama Canal Employment System as an employee of an executive agency, or as an employee of the Smithsonian Institution;

(3) Holds or held a position that is eliminated as the result of the implementation of the Panama Canal Treaty of 1977 and related agreements;

(4) Is not appointed to another appropriate Federal position located in the Republic of Panama; and

(5) Has received a specific notice of separation by reduction in force, and meets the additional eligibility criteria covered in § 330.1203.

(d) Special selection priority means that an eligible displaced employee of the former Panama Canal Zone who applies for a competitive service vacancy, and who the hiring agency in the continental United States determines is well-qualified, has the same special selection priority as a current or former displaced Federal employee who is eligible under 5 CFR 330, subpart G (the Interagency Career Transition Assistance Plan), or under 5 CFR 330, subpart K (Federal **Employment Priority Consideration for** Displaced Employees of the District of Columbia Department of Corrections). Eligible displaced employees of the former Panama Canal Zone have special selection priority under this subpart to positions throughout the continental United States.

(e) Vacancy means a competitive service position to be filled for a total of 121 days or more, including all extensions, which the agency is filling, regardless of whether the agency issues a specific vacancy announcement.

(f) Well-qualified employee means an eligible displaced former employee of the Panama Canal Zone who possesses the knowledge, skills, and abilities which clearly exceed the minimum qualification requirements for the position. A well-qualified employee will not necessarily meet the agency's definition of *highly or best qualified*, when evaluated against other candidates who apply for a particular vacancy, but must satisfy the following criteria, as determined and consistently applied by the agency:

(1) Meets the basic qualification standards and eligibility requirements for the position, including any medical qualifications, suitability, and minimum educational and experience requirements; (2) Satisfies one of the following qualifications requirements:

(i) Meets all selective factors where applicable. Meets appropriate quality rating factor levels as determined by the agency. Selective and quality ranking factors cannot be so restrictive that they run counter to the goal of placing displaced employees. In the absence of selective and quality ranking factors, selecting officials will document the job-related reason(s) the eligible employee is or is not considered to be well-qualified; or

(ii) Is rated by the agency to be above minimally qualified in accordance with the agency's specific rating and ranking process. Generally, this means that the individual may or may not meet the agency's test for highly qualified, but would in fact, exceed the minimum qualifications for the position;

(3) Is physically qualified, with reasonable accommodation where appropriate, to perform the essential duties of the position;

(4) Meets any special qualifying condition(s) that OPM has approved for the position; and

(5) Is able to satisfactorily perform the duties of the position upon entry.

## §330.1203 Eligibility.

(a) In order to be eligible for special selection priority, an eligible displaced employee of the former Panama Canal Zone must:

(1) Have received a specific notice of separation by reduction in force;

(2) Have not been appointed to another appropriate position in the Government of the United States in Panama;

(3) Apply for a vacancy within the time frames established by the hiring agency; and

(4) Be found by the hiring agency as well-qualified for that specific vacancy.

(b) Eligibility for special selection priority as an eligible displaced employee of the former Panama Canal Zone begins on the date that the employee receives a specific notice of separation by reduction in force.

(c) Eligibility for special selection priority as an eligible displaced employee of the former Panama Canal Zone expires on the earliest of:

(1) One year after the effective date of the reduction in force;

(2) The date that the employee receives a career, career-conditional, or excepted appointment without time limit in any agency at any grade level; or

(3) The date that the employee is separated involuntarily for cause prior to the effective date of the reduction in force action.

#### § 330.1204. Selection.

If two or more individuals apply for a vacancy and the hiring agency determines the individuals to be wellqualified, the agency has the discretion to select any of these employees eligible for priority under subpart G of this part (the Interagency Career Transition Assistance Plan), under subpart K of this part (Federal Employment Priority Consideration for Displaced Employees of the District of Columbia Department of Corrections), or under subpart L of this part (Interagency Career Transition Assistance for Displaced Former Panama Canal Zone Employees).

[FR Doc. 99–11513 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6325–01–P

## DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

## **Federal Aviation Administration**

## 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 97–NM–53–AD; Amendment 39–11161; AD 99–10–08]

#### RIN 2120-AA64

#### Airworthiness Directives; Boeing Model 767 Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT. ACTION: Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD) applicable to certain Boeing Model 767 series airplanes, that requires a detailed visual inspection to detect corrosion inside the forward trunnion joint of the main landing gear (MLG); follow-on actions; and repair, if necessary. This amendment also provides for optional terminating action for the repetitive inspections. This amendment is prompted by reports of corrosion at the forward trunnion thrust face, tabs, and the internal threads of the forward trunnion of the MLG due to moisture in the forward trunnion joint. The actions specified by this AD are intended to prevent corrosion of the forward trunnion joint, which could lead to a stress corrosion fracture of the forward trunnion and possible consequent collapse of the MLG.

DATES: Effective June 11, 1999.

The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of June 11, 1999.

ADDRESSES: The service information referenced in this AD may be obtained from Boeing Commercial Airplane Group, P.O. Box 3707, Seattle, Washington 98124–2207. This information may be examined at the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, Rules Docket, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: James G. Rehrl, Aerospace Engineer, Airframe Branch, ANM–120S, FAA, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; telephone (425) 227–2783; fax (425) 227–1181.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: A proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) to include an airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to certain Boeing Model 767 series airplanes was published in the **Federal Register** on August 5, 1998 (63 FR 41739). That action proposed to require a detailed visual inspection to detect corrosion inside the forward trunnion joint of the main landing gear (MLG); follow-on actions; and repair, if necessary. That action also proposed to provide for optional terminating action for the repetitive inspections.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment. Due consideration has been given to the comments received.

#### Support for the Proposal

Two commenters support the proposal.

## **Request to Clarify Certain Requirements**

One commenter, the manufacturer, requests that paragraph (b) of the proposal be revised to clarify that the addition of corrosion-inhibiting compound to the trunnion joint is also needed to terminate the proposed inspections.

The FAA concurs. Although the appropriate service information for this AD provides procedures to apply corrosion-inhibiting compound to the trunnion joint whenever the chrome plate is applied to the trunnion, this was not explicitly stated in the wording of the AD. Therefore, the FAA has revised paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), and (b) of the final rule (where discussion of terminating actions occurs) to clarify that the terminating action will consist of applying chrome plate to the trunnion tabs and applying corrosioninhibiting compound to the trunnion joint.

#### Request to Withdraw the NPRM or Require the Latest Modification

One commenter requests that the FAA withdraw the proposal, or at least revise the requirements to mandate the latest modification as the terminating action. The commenter states that the terminating action specified in the proposed rule will not prevent corrosion. The commenter states that its own inspections of other trunnions on which the terminating modification has been accomplished indicate that the terminating modification is inadequate to prevent corrosion. The commenter further notes that the proposed modification (which consists of applying chrome plate) does not address the areas of the joint that have proved to be the most susceptible to corrosion, e.g., the threads on the internal diameter of the trunnion and the aft surface of the joint. The commenter concludes that, in light of the fact that Boeing has recently abandoned its design philosophy for this joint, the proposed terminating modification is "dated." Specifically, the commenter notes that the latest Boeing design entails removing the threads of the joint altogether. Further, the commenter states that mandating the proposal would impose costly and disruptive maintenance requirements if the proposal requires incorporating an ineffective modification when better solutions exist.

The FAA does not concur with the commenter's request to withdraw the proposal or to revise the terminating action specified in the AD. The FAA considers that, in this case, there are three factors that make stress corrosion cracking of the forward trunnion a safety concern. First, the material (i.e., 4340M high strength steel) is known to be highly susceptible to stress corrosion cracking; second, the material is in an environment that allows corrosion to form (as has been demonstrated numerous times); and third, the material is at times exposed to sustained tensile stresses. Since an unsafe condition has been identified, the FAA considers it appropriate and necessary to issue the final rule. Although the commenter's position is that the terminating modification is inadequate in preventing corrosion, the FAA has received no reports of corroded trunnions being identified after the terminating modification has been accomplished. The FAA has determined that since the release of Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 767-32A0127, dated January 29, 1996 (the appropriate service information for this final rule), an insufficient amount of time has passed that would allow corrosion to reinitiate on a MLG forward trunnion that

has been removed from an airplane, then disassembled, inspected, cleaned, chrome-plated, and re-installed with corrosion inhibiting compound. Therefore, no change is necessary to this final rule in that regard.

The FAA acknowledges that the internal diameter of the trunnion and the aft surface of the joint are susceptible to corrosion, and that the modification specified in this final rule does not specifically address applying chrome plating to those areas. However, the FAA has determined that the required inspections for corrosion and the modification specified by this final rule are adequate to detect or prevent corrosion of the forward trunnion joint. If information becomes available that indicates that the terminating action may be inadequate, the FAA may initiate further rulemaking.

The commenter also asserts that the proposal would impose costly and disruptive maintenance requirements if it requires incorporating an ineffective modification when better solutions already exist. As explained previously, the FAA has received no information indicating that the modification is ineffective. Additionally, the FAA is aware that Boeing has developed a new design for the forward trunnion joint, which entails, among other things, the removal of the internal threads. The FAA also notes that the service information relating to the new design is not available for FAA review and approval at the current time. However, under the provisions of paragraph (c) of the final rule, the FAA will consider requests for approval of an alternative method of compliance if sufficient data are submitted to substantiate that such a design change would provide an acceptable level of safety.

## Request to Withdraw the Proposal or Add Further Requirements

This same commenter requests that if the proposal is not withdrawn, it should simply require operators to remove and report any corrosion at overhaul (not to exceed 10 years), with aggressive lubrication intervals of 250 flight cycles or less. The FAA infers that the commenter is basing its request on a statement (of the commenter's) that contends that the stress levels in the forward trunnion area are below the stress corrosion cracking threshold for crack formation. Therefore, the commenter concludes that no risk exists for stress corrosion cracking to start.

The FAA does not concur with the commenter's request to withdraw the NPRM. For reasons specified in the discussion of the previous comment, the FAA finds that this rule is appropriate and necessary. Further, the FAA does not concur with the request to require removal of corrosion during overhaul. The FAA finds that the concept of stress corrosion threshold is not applicable to this situation because the affected structure is already corroded. The use of a stress corrosion threshold is only applicable during the material selection phase of a new design; it is not useful for predicting the behavior of corroded structure. Therefore, the FAA has determined that no change to the final rule is necessary.

#### **Request to Revise the Compliance Time**

One commenter states that the 18month initial compliance time is too aggressive and will cause unnecessary costs and scheduling problems.

The FAA infers that the commenter would like the compliance time to be extended to correlate with the airplane's next scheduled overhaul. The FAA does not concur that the compliance time should be revised. In developing an appropriate compliance time, the FAA considered the safety implications, and normal maintenance schedules for timely accomplishment of the inspection and follow-on actions. In consideration of these items, as well as the reports of corrosion at the forward trunnion thrust face, tabs, and internal threads of the forward trunnion of the MLG, the FAA finds that a period of 18 months represents an appropriate compliance threshold wherein the inspection and follow-on actions can be accomplished during scheduled maintenance for the majority of affected operators and an acceptable level of safety can be maintained. However, under the provisions of paragraph (c) of the final rule, the FAA may approve requests for adjustments to the compliance time if data are submitted to substantiate that such adjustments would provide an acceptable level of safety.

#### Conclusion

After careful review of the available data, including the comments noted above, the FAA has determined that air safety and the public interest require the adoption of the rule with the changes previously described. The FAA has determined that these changes will neither increase the economic burden on any operator nor increase the scope of the AD.

#### **Cost Impact**

There are approximately 455 Boeing Model 767 series airplanes of the affected design in the worldwide fleet. The FAA estimates that 151 airplanes of U.S. registry will be affected by this AD.

It will take approximately 8 work hours per airplane to accomplish the visual inspection, at an average labor rate of \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the required inspection on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$72,480, or \$480 per airplane, per inspection cycle.

The cost impact figures above do not account for the time to gain access to the forward trunnion joint or to return a main landing gear to service. In this case, however, the access and close-up work hours may account for the predominant portion of the total cost impact of this AD. It is estimated that it will take approximately 65 work hours to gain access to both forward trunnion joints, and 89 work hours to return the airplane to service. If these costs are included, the cost impact for the required inspections will be approximately \$1,467,720, or \$9,720 per airplane, per inspection cycle.

Repair of the forward trunnions (two per airplane), if accomplished (which may include both corrosion blend-out repairs as well as the application of chrome plate to certain portions of the forward trunnion), will take approximately 72 work hours to accomplish, at an average labor rate of \$60 per work hour. The cost of the repair kits will be approximately \$16,000 per airplane. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the repair on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$3,068,320, or \$20,320 per airplane.

The cost impact figures discussed above are based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted.

## **Regulatory Impact**

The regulations adopted herein will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this final rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this action (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A final evaluation has been prepared for this action and it is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained from the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

#### List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

#### Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

## PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

#### §39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

#### **99–10–08 Boeing:** Amendment 39–11161. Docket 97–NM–53–AD.

Applicability: Model 767 series airplanes, manufacturer's line positions 001 through 455 inclusive, certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (c) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

*Compliance:* Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent corrosion of the forward trunnion joint of the main landing gear (MLG), which could lead to a stress corrosion fracture of the forward trunnion and possible consequent collapse of the MLG, accomplish the following:

(a) Within 6 years since the outer cylinder of the MLG was new, last overhauled, or installed (replaced) after the last corrosion repair in accordance with Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 767–32A0127, dated January 29, 1996; or within 18 months after the effective date of this AD; whichever occurs later: Perform a detailed visual inspection to detect corrosion inside the forward trunnion joint and the internal threads of the MLG; in accordance with the Accomplishment Instructions of Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 767–32A0127, dated January 29, 1996.

(1) If no corrosion of the forward trunnion joint is found, prior to further flight, accomplish either paragraph (a)(1)(i) or (a)(1)(i) of this AD.

(i) Apply chrome plating to the forward trunnion thrust and tab faces and apply corrosion-inhibiting compound to the trunnion joint in accordance with the alert service bulletin. Accomplishment of this application of chrome plating constitutes terminating action for the requirements of this AD.

(ii) Apply corrosion-inhibiting compound to the forward trunnion joint in accordance with the Accomplishment Instructions of the alert service bulletin. Repeat the detailed visual inspection thereafter at intervals not to exceed six years or until chrome plating is applied to the forward trunnion thrust and tab faces and corrosion-inhibiting compound is applied to the trunnion joint, in accordance with the alert service bulletin.

(2) If any corrosion of the forward trunnion joint is found, prior to further flight, accomplish either paragraph (a)(2)(i) or (a)(2)(ii) of this AD.

(i) Repair the forward trunnion, apply chrome plating to the forward trunnion thrust and tab faces, and apply corrosioninhibiting compound; in accordance with the alert service bulletin. Accomplishment of this application of chrome plating and corrosion-inhibiting compound constitutes terminating action for the requirements of this AD.

(ii) Repair the forward trunnion and apply corrosion-inhibiting compound to the forward trunnion joint in accordance with the alert service bulletin. Repeat the detailed visual inspection thereafter at intervals not to exceed six years or until chrome plating is applied to the forward trunnion thrust and tab faces in accordance with the alert service bulletin.

(b) Replacement, repair, or overhaul of the outer cylinder of the MLG that includes the application of chrome plating to the forward trunnion thrust and tab faces and application of corrosion-inhibiting compound, in accordance with Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 767–32A0127, dated January 29, 1996, constitutes terminating action for the requirements of this AD.

## **Alternative Methods of Compliance**

(c) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Seattle Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Seattle ACO.

**Note 2:** Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Seattle ACO.

## **Special Flight Permits**

(d) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with §§ 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

#### **Incorporation by Reference**

(e) The actions shall be done in accordance with Boeing Alert Service Bulletin 767– 32A0127, dated January 29, 1996. This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from Boeing Commercial Airplane Group, P.O. Box 3707, Seattle, Washington 98124–2207. Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

(f) This amendment becomes effective on June 11, 1999.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on April 30, 1999.

#### D. L. Riggin,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 99–11468 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### **Federal Aviation Administration**

#### 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 99–CE–17–AD; Amendment 39– 11160; AD 99–10–06]

#### RIN 2120-AA64

## Airworthiness Directives; Raytheon Aircraft Corporation Model Beech 2000 Airplanes

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration, DOT. **ACTION:** Final rule; request for comments.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD) that applies to certain Raytheon Aircraft Corporation (Raytheon) Model Beech 2000 airplanes. This AD requires immediately incorporating temporary revisions to the Limitations Section of the Airplane Flight Manual (AFM) that include requirements of not allowing flap operation during takeoff, accomplishing the preflight visual checks (referred to as visual inspections in the AFM temporary revisions) of the aft cove panel of the wing for delamination prior to each flight, and incorporating a repair scheme if delamination is found. This AD also requires repetitively inspecting the trailing edge of the wing by looking for

delamination (debonding) (also referred to as cracks in the service information) through the thickness of the trailing edge of the wing cove skin panels, and modifying the center flap track rib attachment when delamination (debonding) is found. This AD is the result of a report of the wing cove skin panel separating from the wing while in flight on one of the affected airplanes. The actions specified by this AD are intended to detect and correct delamination of the wing cove skin in the area of the support rib, which could result in the delamination propagating to the trailing edge of the wing with the wing cove skin panel possibly separating from the wing.

**DATES:** Effective June 3, 1999. The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of June 3, 1999.

Comments for inclusion in the Rules Docket must be received on or before July 9, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Central Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, Attention: Rules Docket No. 99–CE–17– AD, Room 1558, 601 E. 12th Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106.

Service information that applies to this AD may be obtained from the Raytheon Aircraft Company, P.O. Box 85, Wichita, Kansas 67201–0085; telephone: (800) 429–5372 or (316) 676– 3140. This information may also be examined at the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Central Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, Attention: Rules Docket No. 99–CE–17– AD, Room 1558, 601 E. 12th Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW, suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Steve E. Potter, Aerospace Engineer, FAA, Wichita Aircraft Certification Office, 1801 Airport Road, Mid-Continent Airport, Wichita, Kansas 67209; telephone: (316) 946–4124; facsimile: (316) 946–4407.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

## Discussion

The FAA has received a report that the wing cove skin panel separated from the wing while in flight on a Raytheon Model Beech 2000 airplane. Examination of this incident revealed delamination of the aft cove wing skin panel in the area of the support ribs, which then propagated to the wing aft cove panel until it separated. Raytheon has reported to the FAA other wing skin delaminations in this area on the affected airplanes.

## **Relevant Service Information**

Raytheon has issued the following: —Safety Communique No. 158, dated March 1999, which includes procedures for inspecting the trailing edge of the wing by looking for delamination (debonding) through the thickness of the trailing edge of the wing cove skin panels;

-Raytheon Temporary Changes to the FAA Approved Airplane Flight Manual (AFM), part number (P/N) 122–590013– 37BTC3, Rev. 1, dated March 12, 1999, which include requirements of not allowing flap operation during takeoff, and accomplishing preflight visual checks (referred to as visual inspections in the AFM temporary revisions) of the aft cove panel of the wing for delamination prior to each flight and incorporating a repair scheme if delamination is found;

—Field Repair drawing FR–SS–00010, Reinforcement of Aft cove panel of Flap Cove Assy P/N 122–100079–1/2, which includes procedures for modifying the aft cove panel of the flap cove assembly when delamination (debonding) is found; and

—Kit 122–4019, Rev. B, dated March 12, 1999, which includes the procedures and parts necessary for modifying the attachment of the support rib at the center flap track when delamination (debonding) (referred to as cracks in the Safety Communique) is found.

#### **The FAA's Determination**

After examining the circumstances and reviewing all available information related to the incidents described above, including the relevant service information, the FAA has determined that AD action should be taken to detect and correct delamination of the wing cove skin in the area of the support rib, which could result in the delamination propagating to the trailing edge of the wing with the wing cove skin panel possibly separating from the wing.

## **Explanation of the Provisions of the AD**

Since an unsafe condition has been identified that is likely to exist or develop in other Raytheon Model Beech 2000 airplanes of the same type design, the FAA is taking AD action. This AD requires immediately incorporating temporary revisions to the Limitations Section of the Airplane Flight Manual (AFM) that disallow flap operation during takeoff, and specify inspecting the aft cove panel of the wing for delamination prior to each flight and incorporating a repair scheme if delamination is found. This AD also requires repetitively inspecting the trailing edge of the wing by looking for delamination (debonding) (referred to as cracks in the service information) through the thickness of the trailing edge of the wing cove skin panels, and modifying the center flap track rib attachment when delamination (debonding) is found.

Accomplishment of the actions specified in this AD is required in accordance with the service information previously referenced.

## Determination of the Effective Date of the AD

Since a situation exists (the wing cove skin panel possibly separating from the wing) that requires the immediate adoption of this regulation, it is found that notice and opportunity for public prior comment hereon are impracticable, and that good cause exists for making this amendment effective in less than 30 days.

#### **Comments Invited**

Although this action is in the form of a final rule that involves requirements affecting immediate flight safety and, thus, was not preceded by notice and opportunity to comment, comments are invited on this rule. Interested persons are invited to comment on this rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications should identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments will be considered, and this rule may be amended in light of the comments received. Factual information that supports the commenter's ideas and suggestions is extremely helpful in evaluating the effectiveness of the AD action and determining whether additional rulemaking action would be needed.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the rule that might suggest a need to modify the rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report that summarizes each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this AD will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this rule must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket No. 99–CE–17–AD." The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

#### **Regulatory Impact**

The regulations adopted herein will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this final rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

The FAA has determined that this regulation is an emergency regulation that must be issued immediately to correct an unsafe condition in aircraft, and is not a significant regulatory action under Executive Order 12866. It has been determined further that this action involves an emergency regulation under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979). If it is determined that this emergency regulation otherwise would be significant under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures, a final regulatory evaluation will be prepared and placed in the Rules Docket (otherwise, an evaluation is not required). A copy of it, if filed, may be obtained from the Rules Docket.

#### List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

## **Adoption of the Amendment**

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

## PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

## §39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding a new airworthiness directive (AD) to read as follows:

## 99-10-06 Raytheon Aircraft Company:

Amendment 39–11160; Docket No. 99– CE–17–AD.

Applicability: Model Beech 2000 airplanes, serial numbers NC-4 through NC-53, certificated in any category, that do not have Raytheon Kit 122–4019, Rev. B, dated March 12, 1999, incorporated.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (g) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

*Compliance*: Required as indicated in the body of this AD, unless already accomplished.

To detect and correct delamination of the wing cove skin in the area of the support rib, which could result in the delamination propagating to the trailing edge of the wing with the wing cove skin panel possibly separating from the wing, accomplish the following:

(a) Prior to further flight, incorporate Raytheon Temporary Changes to the FAA Approved Airplane Flight Manual (AFM), part number (P/N) 122–590013–37BTC3, Rev. 1, dated March 12, 1999, into the Limitations Section of the AFM. The requirements of the AFM temporary revisions include not allowing flap operation during takeoff and accomplishing preflight visual checks (referred to as visual inspections in the AFM temporary revisions) of the aft cove panel of the wing for delamination (debonding) prior to each flight and incorporating a repair scheme if delamination (debonding) is found.

**Note 2**: The visual checks referenced in the AFM temporary revisions may be performed by the pilot.

(b) Visually inspect the trailing edge of the wing by looking for delaminations (debonding) (also referred to as cracks in the service information) through the thickness of the trailing edge of the wing cove skin panel, in accordance with Raytheon Safety Communique No. 158, dated March 1999, at the compliance times specified in paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2) of this AD.

(1) *Initial Inspection*: Within the next 10 hours time-in-service (TIS) after the effective date of this AD or prior to further flight after any delamination (debonding) is found during any preflight visual check specified in the AFM temporary revisions required by paragraph (a) of this AD, whichever occurs first; and

(2) *Repetitive Inspections*: Thereafter (after each inspection) at intervals not to exceed 50 hours TIS or prior to further flight after any delamination (debonding) is found during any preflight check specified in the AFM temporary revisions required in paragraph (a) of this AD, whichever occurs first.

(c) If any delamination (debonding) is found during any of the preflight checks or inspections of the aft cove panel of the wing required by paragraphs (a) and (b) of this AD, prior to further flight, accomplish the following:

(1) Delamination (Debonding) Found During the Preflight Visual Checks Specified *in the AFM Revisions Required by Paragraph (a) of This AD*: In addition to the inspection required by paragraph (b) of this AD, incorporate one of the following:

(i) Raytheon Field Repair drawing FR-SS-00010, Reinforcement of Aft cove panel of Flap Cove Assy P/N 122–100079–1/2, as referenced in Raytheon Safety Communique No. 158, dated March 1999; or

(ii) Raytheon Kit 122–4019, Rev. B, dated March 12, 1999. This kit includes the procedures and parts necessary for modifying the attachment of the support rib at the center flap track.

(2) Delamination (Debonding) Found During Any Inspection Required by Paragraph (b) of This AD: Incorporate Raytheon Kit 122–4019, Rev. B, dated March 12, 1999. This kit includes the procedures and parts necessary for modifying the rib attachment center flap track.

(d) Incorporating Raytheon Kit 122–4019, Rev. B, dated March 12, 1999, as specified in paragraphs (c)(1)(ii) and (c)(2) of this AD constitutes terminating action for the AFM and repetitive inspection requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this AD, respectively. This kit may be incorporated at any time, but must be incorporated if any delamination is found during any inspection required by paragraph (b) of this AD.

(e) Incorporating the AFM temporary revisions as required by paragraph (a) of this AD may be performed by the owner/operator holding at least a private pilot certificate as authorized by § 43.7 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 43.7), and must be entered into the aircraft records showing compliance with this AD in accordance with § 43.9 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 43.9).

(f) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with §§ 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the inspections and modifications required by paragraphs (b) and (c) of this AD can be accomplished. The AFM temporary revisions required by paragraph (a) of this AD must be incorporated prior to this flight.

(g) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the initial or repetitive compliance times that provides an equivalent level of safety may be approved by the Manager, Wichita Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), 1801 Airport Road, Room 100, Mid-Continent Airport, Wichita, Kansas 67209. The request shall be forwarded through an appropriate FAA Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Wichita ACO.

**Note 3**: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Wichita ACO.

(h) The inspections required by this AD shall be done in accordance with Raytheon Safety Communique No. 158, dated March 1999. The modification required by this AD shall be done in accordance with Raytheon Field Repair drawing FR–SS–00010, Revision A, dated February 24, 1999, as referenced in Raytheon Safety Communique No. 158, dated March 1999; or Raytheon Field Service Kit 122–4019, Revision B, dated March 12, 1999. 24510

(1) This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from the Raytheon Aircraft Company, P.O. Box 85, Wichita, Kansas 67201–0085.

(2) Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Central Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, Room 1558, 601 E. 12th Street, Kansas City, Missouri, or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW, suite 700, Washington, DC.

(i) This amendment becomes effective on June 3, 1999.

Issued in Kansas City, Missouri, on April 29, 1999.

#### James E. Jackson,

Acting Manager, Small Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 99–11320 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

## **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

#### Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 99–ACE–7]

### Amendment to Class E Airspace; Stockton, MO

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Direct final rule; confirmation of effective date.

**SUMMARY:** This document confirms the effective date of a direct final rule which revised Class E airspace at Stockton, MO.

**DATES:** The direct final rule published at 64 FR 10939 is effective on 0901 UTC, July 15, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kathy Randolph, Air Traffic Division, Airspace Branch, ACE–520C, Federal Aviation Administration, 601 East 12th Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106; telephone: (816) 426–3408.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The FAA published this direct final rule with a request for comments in the Federal Register on March 8, 1999 (64 FR 10939). The FAA uses the direct final rulemaking procedure for a noncontroversial rule where the FAA believes that there will be no adverse public comment. This direct final rule advised the public that no adverse comments were anticipated, and that unless a written adverse comment, or a written notice of intent to submit such an adverse comment, were received within the comment period, the regulation would become effective on July 15, 1999. No adverse comments were received, and thus this notice

confirms that this direct final rule will become effective on that date.

Issued in Kansas City, MO on April 21, 1999.

#### Jack L. Skelton,

Acting Manager, Air Traffic Division, Central Region.

[FR Doc. 99–11543 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

## DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

## Federal Aviation Administration

#### 14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 99-ACE-22]

#### Amendment to Class E Airspace; Harlan, IA

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. **ACTION:** Direct final rule; request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** This action amends the Class E airspace area at Harlan Municipal Airport, Harlan, IA. The FAA has developed Global Positioning System (GPS) Runway (RWY) 15 and GPS RWY 33 Standard Instrument Approach Procedures (SIAPs) to serve Harlan Municipal Airport, IA. Additional controlled airspace extending upward from 700 feet Above Ground Level (AGL) is needed to accommodate these SIAPs and for Instrument Flight Rules (IFR) operations at this airport. The enlarged area will contain the new GPS RWY 15 and GPS RWY 33 SIAPs in controlled airspace.

The intended effect of this rule is to provide controlled Class E airspace for aircraft executing GPS RWY 15 and GPS RWY 33 SIAPs, and to segregate aircraft using instrument approach procedures in instrument conditions from aircraft operating in visual conditions. DATES: This direct final rule is effective on 0901 UTC, September 9, 1999.

Comments for inclusion in the Rules Docket must be received on or before June 28, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Send comments regarding the rule in triplicate to: Manager, Airspace Branch, Air Traffic Division, ACE–520, Federal Aviation Administration, Docket Number 99– ACE–22, 601 East 12th Street, Kansas City, MO 64106.

The official docket may be examined in the Office of the Regional Counsel for the Central Region at the same address between 9:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

An informal docket may also be examined during normal business hours in the Air Traffic Division at the same address listed above.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kathy Randolph, Air Traffic Division, Airspace Branch, ACE–520C, Federal Aviation Administration, 601 East 12th Street, Kansas City, MO 64106; telephone: (816) 426–3408.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The FAA has developed GPS RWY 15 and GPS RWY 33 SIAPs to serve the Harlan Municipal Airport, Harlan, IA. The amendment to Class E airspace at Harlan, IA, will provide additional controlled airspace at and above 700 feet AGL in order to contain the new SIAPs within controlled airspace, and thereby facilitate separation of aircraft operating under Instrument Flight Rules.

The amendment at Harlan Municipal Airport, IA, will provide additional controlled airspace for aircraft operating under IFR. The area will be depicted on appropriate aeronautical charts. Class E airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface of the earth are published in paragraph 6005 of FAA Order 7400.9F, dated September 10, 1998, and effective September 16, 1998, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The Class E airspace designation listed in this document will be published subsequently in the Order.

#### **The Direct Final Rule Procedure**

The FAA anticipates that this regulation will not result in adverse or negative comment and, therefore, is issuing it as a direct final rule. Previous actions of this nature have not been controversial and have not resulted in adverse comments or objections. The amendment will enhance safety for all flight operations by designating an area where VFR pilots may anticipate the presence of IFR aircraft at lower altitudes, especially during inclement weather conditions. A greater degree of safety is achieved by depicting the area on aeronautical charts. Unless a written adverse or negative comment, or a written notice of intent to submit an adverse or negative comment is received within the comment period, the regulations will become effective on the date specified above. After the close of the comment period, the FAA will publish a document in the Federal **Register** indicating that no adverse or negative comments were received and confirming the date on which the final rule will become effective. If the FAA does receive, within the comment period, an adverse or negative comment, or written notice of intent to submit such a comment, a document

withdrawing the direct final rule will be published in the **Federal Register**, and a notice of proposed rulemaking may be published with a new comment period.

#### **Comments Invited**

Although this action is in the form of a final rule and was not preceded by a notice of proposed rulemaking, comments are invited on this rule. Interested persons are invited to comment on this rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications should identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified under the caption **ADDRESSES**. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments will be considered and this rule may be amended or withdrawn in light of the comments received. Factual information that supports the commenter's ideas and suggestions is extremely helpful in evaluating the effectiveness of this action and determining whether additional rulemaking action would be needed.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy-related aspects of the rule that might suggest a need to modify the rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report that summarizes each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this action will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this rule must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket No. 99–ACE–22." The postcard will be stamped and returned to the commenter.

#### Agency Findings

The regulations adopted herein will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this final rule does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

The FAA has determined that this regulation is noncontroversial and unlikely to result in adverse or negative comments. For the reasons discussed in the preamble, I certify that this regulation (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under Department of Transportation (DOT) Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) if promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

## List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

#### **Adoption of the Amendment**

Accordingly, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

## PART 71—DESIGNATIONS OF CLASS A, CLASS B, CLASS C, CLASS D, AND CLASS E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIRWAYS; ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

1. The authority citation for part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

#### §71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9F, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated September 10, 1998, and effective September 16, 1998, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 6005 Class E airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface of the earth.

#### ACE IA E5 Harlan, IA [Revised]

Harlan Municipal Airport, IA (Lat. 41°35'04" N., Long. 95°20'23" W.) Harlan NDB

(Lat. 41°34'45" N., Long. 95°20'26" W.)

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 6.4-mile radius of Harlan Municipal Airport and within 2.6 miles each side of the 135° bearing from the Harlan NDB extending from the 6.4-mile radius to 7.4 miles southeast of the airport.

\* \* \* \* \*

Issued in Kansas City, MO, on April 26, 1999.

## Donovan D. Schardt,

Acting Manager, Air Traffic Division, Central Region.

[FR Doc. 99–11542 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

## ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

#### 40 CFR Parts 60 and 63

[AD-FRL-6338-3]

RIN 2060-AH47

National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutant Emissions: Group I Polymers and Resins and Group IV Polymers and Resins and Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Emissions From the Polymer Manufacturing Industry

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). **ACTION:** Withdrawal of amendment in direct final rule.

**SUMMARY:** Due to an adverse comment. the EPA is withdrawing an amendment from the March 9, 1999 direct final rule for the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP): Group I Polymers and Resins and Group IV Polymers and Resins and Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Emissions from the Polymer Manufacturing Industry (64 FR 11536). This amendment deals with the oxygen correction factor requirements when complying with the 20 parts per million by volume (ppmv) control device outlet concentration compliance option for continuous front-end process vents. The withdrawal of the amendment from the direct final rule will only affect sources subject to the Group I Polymers and Resins NESHAP. DATES: Amendment 6 in the direct final rule, which amends § 63.485, published on March 9, 1999 (64 FR 11542), is withdrawn as of May 7, 1999. The remaining amendments will be effective May 10, 1999 as stated in the March 9 rule.

ADDRESSES: Docket No. A-92-44 containing supporting information used in the development of this notice is available for public inspection and copying between 8 a.m. and 5:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding holidays. The docket is located in the EPA's Air and Radiation Docket and Information Center, Waterside Mall, Room M-1500, 401 M Street, SW, Washington, DC 20460, or by calling (202) 260-7548. A reasonable fee may be charged for copying docket materials. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Robert E. Rosensteel at (919) 541-5608, Emission Standards Division (MD-13), Environmental Protection Agency, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27711, electronic mail address "rosensteel.bob@epa.gov".

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** On March 9, 1999, the EPA published a direct final rule (64 FR 11536) and a parallel proposal (64 FR 11555) to amend portions of the Group I and Group IV Polymers and Resins NESHAP. Also on March 9, 1999, the EPA published a notice (64 FR 11560) proposing amendments to the Group I and Group IV Polymers and Resins NESHAP (40 CFR part 63, subparts U and JJJ, respectively) to make changes to the 1996 promulgated rules, in response to technical issues raised through a 1996 petition for review.

The EPA stated in the direct final rule (64 FR 11536, March 9, 1999) that if relevant, adverse comments were received by April 8, 1999, the EPA would publish a notice to withdraw the affected portions of the direct final rule before its effective date of May 10, 1999. The EPA received an adverse comment on Amendment 6 in the direct final rule and, therefore, is withdrawing Amendment 6. This withdrawal of Amendment 6 only affects sources subject to the Group I Polymers and Resins NESHAP (40 CFR part 63, subpart U). Amendment 6 would have changed the requirements in §63.485(a) to reference a new paragraph (§63.485(v)), which would have adjusted the control device outlet concentration of 20 ppmv using a 3 percent oxygen correction factor.

The adverse comment stated that §63.485(a) in the direct final rule makes reference to paragraphs in separate proposed amendments (64 FR 11560, March 9, 1999), which respond to a 1996 petition for review, rather than to paragraphs in the 1996 promulgated NESHAP (40 CFR part 63, subpart U). The commenter said that Amendment 6 in the direct final rule caused confusion in interpreting the intent of the regulation. The EPA will address this comment on the withdrawn amendment in the subsequent final action on the proposed amendments. The 25 amendments for which we did not receive adverse comments will become effective on May 10, 1999, as provided in the March 9, 1999 direct final rule (64 FR 11536).

Dated: April 29, 1999.

#### **Robert Perciasepe**,

Assistant Administrator for Air and Radiation. [FR Doc. 99–11561 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

## FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

### 44 CFR Part 64

[Docket No. FEMA-7713]

#### Suspension of Community Eligibility

**AGENCY:** Federal Emergency Management Agency, FEMA. **ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This rule identifies communities, where the sale of flood insurance has been authorized under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP), that are suspended on the effective dates listed within this rule because of noncompliance with the floodplain management requirements of the program. If the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) receives documentation that the community has adopted the required floodplain management measures prior to the effective suspension date given in this rule, the suspension will be withdrawn by publication in the Federal Register. **EFFECTIVE DATES:** The effective date of each community's suspension is the third date ("Susp.") listed in the third column of the following tables. **ADDRESSES:** If you wish to determine whether a particular community was suspended on the suspension date, contact the appropriate FEMA Regional Office or the NFIP servicing contractor. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Robert F. Shea Jr., Division Director, Program Support Division, Mitigation Directorate, 500 C Street, SW., Room 417, Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646– 3619.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The NFIP enables property owners to purchase flood insurance which is generally not otherwise available. In return, communities agree to adopt and administer local floodplain management aimed at protecting lives and new construction from future flooding. Section 1315 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 4022, prohibits flood insurance coverage as authorized under the National Flood Insurance Program, 42 U.S.C. 4001 et seq., unless an appropriate public body adopts adequate floodplain management measures with effective enforcement measures. The communities listed in this document no longer meet that statutory requirement for compliance with program regulations, 44 CFR part 59 et seq. Accordingly, the communities will be suspended on the effective date in the third column. As of that date, flood insurance will no longer be

available in the community. However, some of these communities may adopt and submit the required documentation of legally enforceable floodplain management measures after this rule is published but prior to the actual suspension date. These communities will not be suspended and will continue their eligibility for the sale of insurance. A notice withdrawing the suspension of the communities will be published in the **Federal Register**.

In addition, the Federal Emergency Management Agency has identified the special flood hazard areas in these communities by publishing a Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM). The date of the FIRM if one has been published, is indicated in the fourth column of the table. No direct Federal financial assistance (except assistance pursuant to the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act not in connection with a flood) may legally be provided for construction or acquisition of buildings in the identified special flood hazard area of communities not participating in the NFIP and identified for more than a year, on the Federal **Emergency Management Agency's** initial flood insurance map of the community as having flood-prone areas (section 202(a) of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4106(a), as amended). This prohibition against certain types of Federal assistance becomes effective for the communities listed on the date shown in the last column.

The Associate Director finds that notice and public comment under 5 U.S.C. 553(b) are impracticable and unnecessary because communities listed in this final rule have been adequately notified.

Each community receives a 6-month, 90-day, and 30-day notification addressed to the Chief Executive Officer that the community will be suspended unless the required floodplain management measures are met prior to the effective suspension date. Since these notifications have been made, this final rule may take effect within less than 30 days.

#### **National Environmental Policy Act**

This rule is categorically excluded from the requirements of 44 CFR Part 10, Environmental Considerations. No environmental impact assessment has been prepared.

### **Regulatory Flexibility Act**

The Associate Director has determined that this rule is exempt from the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act because the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 4022, prohibits flood insurance coverage unless an appropriate public body adopts adequate floodplain management measures with effective enforcement measures. The communities listed no longer comply with the statutory requirements, and after the effective date, flood insurance will no longer be available in the communities unless they take remedial action.

## **Regulatory Classification**

This final rule is not a significant regulatory action under the criteria of section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 of September 30, 1993, Regulatory Planning and Review, 58 FR 51735.

## **Paperwork Reduction Act**

This rule does not involve any collection of information for purposes of the Paperwork Reduction Act, 44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.

## Executive Order 12612, Federalism

This rule involves no policies that have federalism implications under Executive Order 12612, Federalism, October 26, 1987, 3 CFR, 1987 Comp., p. 252.

# Executive Order 12778, Civil Justice Reform

This rule meets the applicable standards of section 2(b)(2) of Executive Order 12778, October 25, 1991, 56 FR 55195, 3 CFR, 1991 Comp., p. 309.

### List of Subjects in 44 CFR Part 64

Flood insurance, Floodplains.

Accordingly, 44 CFR part 64 is amended as follows:

#### PART 64—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for Part 64 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 42 U.S.C. 4001 *et seq.*; Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1978, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 329; E.O. 12127, 44 FR 19367, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 376.

#### §64.6 [Amended]

2. The tables published under the authority of  $\S 64.6$  are amended as follows:

State/location	Community No.	Effective date of eligibility	Current effective map date	Date certain Federal assist- ance no longer available in special flood hazard areas
<b>Region V</b> Michigan: Ionia, township of, Ionia County	260832	Jan. 22, 1991, Emerg; May 2, 1999, Reg; May 2, 1999, Susp.	May 2, 1999	May 2, 1999.
Region VI				
Oklahoma: Pryor Creek, city of, Mayes County	400117	Apr. 21, 1975, Emerg; July 16, 1987, Reg; May 4, 1999, Susp.	May 4, 1999	May 4, 1999.
Mayes County, unincorporated areas	400458	Apr. 8, 1987, Emerg; Dec. 1, 1989, Reg; May 4, 1999, Susp.	do	Do.
Region IX				
California: Los Angeles, city of, Los Angeles County.	060137	June 19, 1970, Emerg; Dec. 2, 1980, Reg; May 4, 1999, Susp.	do	Do.
Region II				
New York: Camillus, village of, Onondaga County	360571	July 17, 1974, Emerg; Aug. 3, 1981, Reg; May 18, 1999, Susp.	May 18, 1999	May 18, 1999.
Camillus, town of, Onondaga County	360570	July 23, 1975, Emerg; June 15, 1981, Reg; May 18, 1999, Susp.	do	Do.
Region III				
Pennsylvania:	101010	Feb 5 4070 Frank Dec 4 4000 Dec	4.	D
Bedminster, township of, Bucks County	421049	Feb. 5, 1976, Emerg; Dec. 1, 1983, Reg; May 18, 1999, Susp.	do	Do.
Bensalem, township of, Bucks County	420181	Dec. 15, 1972, Emerg; July 17, 1978, Reg; May 18, 1999, Susp.	do	Do.
Bridgeton, township of, Bucks County	420182	Dec. 10, 1971, Emerg; Sept. 30, 1977, Reg; May 18, 1999, Susp.	do	Do.
Bristol, township of, Bucks County	420984	Nov. 10, 1972, Emerg; Sept. 29, 1978, Reg; May 18, 1999, Susp.	do	Do.
Buckingham, township of, Bucks County	420985	Jan. 15, 1974, Emerg; Mar. 15, 1979, Reg; May 18, 1999, Susp.	do	Do.
Chalfont, borough of, Bucks County	420184	Feb. 25, 1972, Emerg; Dec. 28, 1976, Reg; May 18, 1999, Susp.	do	Do.
Doylestown, township of, Bucks County	420185	Dec. 22, 1972, Emerg; Sept. 29, 1978, Reg;	do	Do.
Durham, township of, Bucks County	420186	May 18, 1999, Susp. Sept. 8, 1972, Emerg; Aug. 15, 1978, Reg; May 18, 1999, Susp.	do	Do.
East Rockhill, township of, Bucks Coun- ty.	420187	Jan. 26, 1973, Emerg; Aug. 1, 1977, Reg; May 18, 1999, Susp.	do	Do.
Falls, township of, Bucks County	420188	July 21, 1972, Emerg; Sept. 30, 1980, Reg; May 18, 1999, Susp.	do	Do.
Haycock, township of, Bucks County	421127	July 28, 1975, Emerg; Sept. 3, 1980, Reg; May 18, 1999, Susp.	do	Do.
Hilltown, township of, Bucks County	420189	Oct. 6, 1972, Emerg; Jan. 30, 1981, Reg; May 18, 1999, Susp.	do	Do.

State/location	Community No.	Effective date of eligibility	Current effective map date	Date certain Federal assist- ance no longer available in special flood hazard areas
Hulmeville, borough of, Bucks County	420190	Aug. 16, 1973, Emerg; Sept. 30, 1977, Reg; May 18, 1999, Susp.	do	Do.
Langhorne, borough of, Bucks County	421074	Jan. 24, 1975, Emerg; July 2, 1980, Reg; May 18, 1999, Susp.	do	Do.
Lower Makefield, township of, Bucks	420191	Dec. 1, 1972, Emerg; Sept. 30, 1977, Reg;	do	Do.
County. Lower Southampton, township of, Bucks	420192	May 18, 1999, Susp. Sept. 15, 1972, Emerg; Mar. 15, 1977, Reg;	do	Do.
County. Milford, township of, Bucks County	422337	May 18, 1999, Susp. June 17, 1975, Emerg; June 1, 1982, Reg;	do	Do.
Morrisville, borough of, Bucks County	420194	May 18, 1999, Susp. Sept. 1, 1972, Emerg; Sept. 30, 1977, Reg;	do	Do.
New Britain, borough of, Bucks County	420986	May 18, 1999, Susp. Dec. 6, 1973, Emerg; April 2, 1979, Reg;	do	Do.
New Hope, borough of, Bucks County	420195	May 18, 1999, Susp. Jan. 19, 1973, Emerg; Dec. 15, 1977, Reg;	do	Do.
Newtown, borough of, Bucks County	420196	May 18, 1999, Susp. Feb. 5, 1975, Emerg; Dec. 18, 1979, Reg;	do	Do.
Newtown, township of, Bucks County	421084	May 18, 1999, Susp. Mar. 16, 1999, Emerg; Dec. 18, 1979, Reg;	do	Do.
Nockamixon, township of, Bucks County	420197	May 18, 1999, Susp. Feb. 2, 1973, Emerg; Nov. 2, 1977, Reg;	do	Do.
Northampton, township of, Bucks Coun-	420988	May 18, 1999, Susp. Sept. 26, 1973, Emerg; Feb. 15, 1980, Reg;	do	Do.
ty. Perkasie, borough of, Bucks County	420198	May 18, 1999, Susp. Sept. 8, 1972, Emerg; Mar. 1, 1977, Reg;	do	Do.
Plumstead, township of, Bucks County	420199	May 18, 1999, Susp. Feb. 25, 1973, Emerg; Sept. 29, 1978, Reg;	do	Do.
Quakertown, borough of, Bucks County	420200	May 18, 1999, Susp. Feb. 2, 1973, Emerg; July 5, 1977, Reg;	do	Do.
Richland, township of, Bucks County	421095	May 18, 1999, Susp. May 15, 1974, Emerg; June 15, 1981, Reg;	do	Do.
Riegelsville, borough of, Bucks County	420201	May 18, 1999, Susp. Aug. 25, 1972, Emerg; Apr. 17, 1978, Reg;	do	Do.
Sellersville, borough of, Bucks County	420203	May 18, 1999, Susp. July 9, 1973, Emerg; Feb. 15, 1978, Reg;	do	Do.
Silverdale, borough of, Bucks County	422338	May 18, 1999, Susp. Feb. 17, 1977, Emerg; Jan. 5, 1984, Reg;	do	Do.
Solebury, township of, Bucks County	420202	May 18, 1999, Susp. Oct. 29, 1971, Emerg; Apr. 15, 1977, Reg;	do	Do.
Springfield, township of, Bucks County	420204	May 18, 1999, Susp. June 14, 1973, Emerg; Jan. 3, 1979, Reg;	do	Do.
Tinicum, township of, Bucks County	420205	May 18, 1999, Susp. Nov. 12, 1971, Emerg; Feb. 1, 1979, Reg;	do	Do.
Tullytown, borough of, Bucks County	420206	May 18, 1999, Susp. Aug. 15, 1974, Emerg; Feb. 1, 1980, Reg;	do	Do.
Upper Makefield, township of, Bucks	420207	May 18, 1999, Susp. Dec. 3, 1971, Emerg; Oct. 17, 1978, Reg;	do	Do.
County. Upper Southampton, township of, Bucks	420989	May 18, 1999, Susp. Oct. 4, 1973, Emerg; Apr. 3, 1978, Reg;	do	Do.
County. Warminster, township of, Bucks County	420990	May 18, 1999, Susp. Oct. 4, 1973, Emerg; Mar. 1, 1978, Reg;	do	Do.
Warrington, township of, Bucks County	420208	May 18, 1999, Susp. Aug. 18, 1972, Emerg; Sept. 29, 1978, Reg;	do	Do.
Warwick, township of, Bucks County	420209	May 18, 1999. Susp. Feb. 18, 1972, Emerg; Sept. 29, 1978. Reg;	do	Do.
West Rockhill, township of, Bucks Coun-	421123	May 18, 1999, Susp. June 1, 1979, Emerg; July 5, 1984, Reg;	do	Do.
ty. Wrightstown, township of, Bucks County	421045	May 18, 1999, Susp. Feb. 5, 1974, Emerg; Aug. 15, 1978, Reg;	do	Do.
Yardley, borough of, Bucks County	420210	May 18, 1999, Susp. Dec. 10, 1971, Emerg; Aug. 1, 1977, Reg; May 18, 1999, Susp.	do	Do.
Region VI				
Arkansas: Clarksville, city of, Johnson Coun- ty.	050112	June 26, 1975, Emerg; Sept. 30, 1982, Reg; May 18, 1999, Susp.	do	Do.
Texas: Chambers County, unincorporated areas.	480119	July 10, 1975, Emerg; June 15, 1983, Reg; May 18, 1999, Susp.	do	Do.

Code for reading third column: Emerg.—Emergency; Reg.—Regular; Rein.—Reinstatement; Susp.—Suspension.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No. 83.100, "Flood Insurance") Issued: April 28, 1999.

Michael J. Armstrong,

Associate Director for Mitigation.

[FR Doc. 99–11529 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6718–04–P

#### FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

## 44 CFR Part 65

#### Changes in Flood Elevation Determinations

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, FEMA. ACTION: Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** Modified base (1% annual chance) flood elevations are finalized for the communities listed below. These modified elevations will be used to calculate flood insurance premium rates for new buildings and their contents.

**EFFECTIVE DATES:** The effective dates for these modified base flood elevations are indicated on the following table and revise the Flood Insurance Rate Map(s) (FIRMs) in effect for each listed community prior to this date.

**ADDRESSES:** The modified base flood elevations for each community are available for inspection at the office of the Chief Executive Officer of each community. The respective addresses are listed in the following table.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Matthew B. Miller, P.E., Chief, Hazards Study Branch, Mitigation Directorate, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–3461, or (email) matt.miller@fema.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Federal Emergency Management Agency makes the final determinations listed below of modified base flood elevations for each community listed. These modified elevations have been published in newspapers of local circulation and ninety (90) days have elapsed since that publication. The Associate Director has resolved any appeals resulting from this notification.

The modified base flood elevations are not listed for each community in this notice. However, this rule includes the address of the Chief Executive Officer of the community where the modified base flood elevation determinations are available for inspection.

The modifications are made pursuant to section 206 of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4105, and are in accordance with the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, 42 U.S.C. 4001 *et seq.*, and with 44 CFR part 65.

For rating purposes, the currently effective community number is shown and must be used for all new policies and renewals.

The modified base flood elevations are the basis for the floodplain management measures that the community is required to either adopt or to show evidence of being already in effect in order to qualify or to remain qualified for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program.

These modified elevations, together with the floodplain management criteria required by 44 CFR 60.3, are the minimum that are required. They should not be construed to mean that the community must change any existing ordinances that are more stringent in their floodplain management requirements. The community may at any time enact stricter requirements of its own, or pursuant to policies established by other Federal, state or regional entities.

These modified elevations are used to meet the floodplain management requirements of the NFIP and are also used to calculate the appropriate flood insurance premium rates for new buildings built after these elevations are made final, and for the contents in these buildings.

The changes in base flood elevations are in accordance with 44 CFR 65.4.

## **National Environmental Policy Act**

This rule is categorically excluded from the requirements of 44 CFR Part 10, Environmental Consideration. No environmental impact assessment has been prepared.

#### **Regulatory Flexibility Act**

The Associate Director, Mitigation Directorate, certifies that this rule is exempt from the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act because modified base flood elevations are required by the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4105, and are required to maintain community eligibility in the National Flood Insurance Program. No regulatory flexibility analysis has been prepared.

## **Regulatory Classification**

This final rule is not a significant regulatory action under the criteria of section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 of September 30, 1993, Regulatory Planning and Review, 58 FR 51735.

#### **Executive Order 12612, Federalism**

This rule involves no policies that have federalism implications under Executive Order 12612, Federalism, dated October 26, 1987.

## Executive Order 12778, Civil Justice Reform

This rule meets the applicable standards of section 2(b)(2) of Executive Order 12778.

#### List of Subjects in 44 CFR Part 65

Flood insurance, Floodplains, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Accordingly, 44 CFR part 65 is amended to read as follows:

## PART 65—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 65 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 4001 *et seq.*; Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1978, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 329; E.O. 12127, 44 FR 19367, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 376.

#### §65.4 [Amended]

2. The tables published under the authority of  $\S$  65.4 are amended as follows:

State and county	Location	Dates and name of news- paper where notice was published	Chief executive officer of community	Effective date of modification	Community no.
Virginia: Prince William (FEMA Docket No. 7281).	City of Manassas	January 22, 1999, Janu- ary 29, 1999, <i>Manassas</i> <i>Journal Messenger</i> .	The Honorable Marvin L. Gillum, Mayor of the City of Manassas, P.O. Box 560, Manassas, Virginia 20108.	April 29, 1999	510112

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No. 83.100, "Flood Insurance") Dated: April 22, 1999.

Michael J. Armstrong,

## Associate Director for Mitigation.

[FR Doc. 99–11526 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6718–04–P

#### FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

### 44 CFR Part 65

[Docket No. FEMA-7285]

#### Changes in Flood Elevation Determinations

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, FEMA. ACTION: Interim rule.

**SUMMARY:** This interim rule lists communities where modification of the base (1% annual chance) flood elevations is appropriate because of new scientific or technical data. New flood insurance premium rates will be calculated from the modified base flood elevations for new buildings and their contents.

**DATES:** These modified base flood elevations are currently in effect on the dates listed in the table and revise the Flood Insurance Rate Map(s) (FIRMs) in effect prior to this determination for each listed community.

From the date of the second publication of these changes in a newspaper of local circulation, any person has ninety (90) days in which to request through the community that the Associate Director reconsider the changes. The modified elevations may be changed during the 90-day period. **ADDRESSES:** The modified base flood elevations for each community are available for inspection at the office of the Chief Executive Officer of each community. The respective addresses are listed in the following table.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Matthew B. Miller, P.E., Chief, Hazards Study Branch, Mitigation Directorate, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–3461, or (email) matt.miller@fema.gov.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The modified base flood elevations are not listed for each community in this interim rule. However, the address of the Chief Executive Officer of the community where the modified base flood elevation determinations are available for inspection is provided.

Any request for reconsideration must be based upon knowledge of changed conditions, or upon new scientific or technical data.

The modifications are made pursuant to section 201 of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4105, and are in accordance with the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, 42 U.S.C. 4001 *et seq.*, and with 44 CFR part 65.

For rating purposes, the currently effective community number is shown and must be used for all new policies and renewals.

The modified base flood elevations are the basis for the floodplain management measures that the community is required to either adopt or to show evidence of being already in effect in order to qualify or to remain qualified for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program.

These modified elevations, together with the floodplain management criteria required by 44 CFR 60.3, are the minimum that are required. They should not be construed to mean that the community must change any existing ordinances that are more stringent in their floodplain management requirements. The community may at any time enact stricter requirements of its own, or pursuant to policies established by other Federal, state or regional entities.

The changes in base flood elevations are in accordance with 44 CFR 65.4.

#### **National Environmental Policy Act**

This rule is categorically excluded from the requirements of 44 CFR Part 10, Environmental Consideration. No environmental impact assessment has been prepared.

#### **Regulatory Flexibility Act**

The Associate Director, Mitigation Directorate, certifies that this rule is exempt from the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act because modified base flood elevations are required by the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4105, and are required to maintain community eligibility in the National Flood Insurance Program. No regulatory flexibility analysis has been prepared.

#### **Regulatory Classification**

This interim rule is not a significant regulatory action under the criteria of section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 of September 30, 1993, Regulatory Planning and Review, 58 FR 51735.

## **Executive Order 12612, Federalism**

This rule involves no policies that have federalism implications under Executive Order 12612, Federalism, dated October 26, 1987.

## Executive Order 12778, Civil Justice Reform

This rule meets the applicable standards of section 2(b)(2) of Executive Order 12778.

#### List of Subjects in 44 CFR Part 65

Flood insurance, Floodplains, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Accordingly, 44 CFR part 65 is amended to read as follows:

## PART 65—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 65 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 4001 *et seq.*; Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1978, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 329; E.O. 12127, 44 FR 19367, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 376.

#### §65.4 [Amended]

2. The tables published under the authority of  $\S65.4$  are amended as follows:

State and county	Location	Dates and name of news- paper where notice was published	Chief executive officer of community	Effective date of modification	Community No.
Florida: Pinellas	City of St. Peters- burg.	February 18, 1999, Feb- ruary 25, 1999, <i>St. Pe- tersburg Times</i> .	The Honorable David J. Fischer, Mayor of the City of St. Petersburg, P.O. Box 2842, One 4th Street, North, St. Petersburg, Florida 33731–2842.	Feb. 11, 1999	125148 C
Georgia: Rich- mond.	Unincorporated Areas.	February 10, 1999, Feb- ruary 17, 1999, <i>The Au- gusta Chronicle</i> .	The Honorable Bob Young, Mayor of Richmond County, City-County Mu- nicipal Building, 530 Greene Street, Room 806, Augusta, Georgia 30911.	May 18, 1999	130158

State and county	Location	Dates and name of news- paper where notice was published	Chief executive officer of community	Effective date of modification	Community No.
Illinois: DuPage	Unincorporated Areas.	February 16, 1999, Feb- ruary 23, 1999, <i>Daily</i> <i>Herald</i> .	Mr. Robert Schillerstrom, Chairman of the DuPage County Board, DuPage Center, 421 North County Farm Road, Wheaton, Illinois 60187.	May 24, 1999	170197 D
Minnesota: Olmsted	City of Rochester	February 19, 1999, Feb- ruary 26, 1999, <i>Post- Bulletin</i> .	The Honorable Chuck Canfield, Mayor of the City of Rochester, City Hall, Room 281, 201 4th Street, SE, Rochester, Minnesota 55904.	Feb. 11, 1999	275246 E
Olmsted	Unincorporated Areas.	February 19, 1999, Feb- ruary 26, 1999, <i>Post-</i> <i>Bulletin</i> .	Mr. Richard Devlin, Olmsted County Administrator, 151 4th Street, SE, Rochester, Minnesota 55904.	Feb. 11, 1999	270626 E
North Carolina: Guilford.	City of Greensboro	January 20, 1999, Janu- ary 27, 1999, <i>News and</i> <i>Record</i> .	The Honorable Carolyn S. Allen, Mayor of the City of Greensboro, One Governmental Plaza, P.O. Box 3136, Greensboro, North Carolina 27402.	Apr. 27, 1999	375351 C
Tennessee: Shel- by.	City of German- town.	February 12, 1999, Feb- ruary 19, 1999, <i>The</i> <i>Commercial Appeal</i> .	The Honorable Sharon Goldsworthy, Mayor of the City of Germantown, 1930 South Germantown Road, Germantown, Tennessee 38183– 0809.	Feb. 2, 1999	470353
Virginia: Albemarle	Unincorporated Areas.	February 9, 1999, Feb- ruary 16, 1999, <i>The</i> <i>Daily Progress.</i>	Mr. Robert W. Tucker, Jr., Albemarle County Administrator, 401 McIntire Road, Charlottesville, Virginia 22901.	Feb. 3, 1999	510006 B

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No. 83.100, "Flood Insurance")

Dated: April 21, 1999.

#### Michael J. Armstrong,

Associate Director for Mitigation. [FR Doc. 99–11527 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6718–04–P

## FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

## 44 CFR Part 67

#### **Final Flood Elevation Determinations**

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). ACTION: Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** Base (1% annual chance) flood elevations and modified base flood elevations are made final for the communities listed below. The base flood elevations and modified base flood elevations are the basis for the floodplain management measures that each community is required either to adopt or to show evidence of being already in effect in order to qualify or remain qualified for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP).

**EFFECTIVE DATES:** The date of issuance of the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) showing base flood elevations and modified base flood elevations for each community. This date may be obtained by contacting the office where the maps are available for inspection as indicated on the table below.

**ADDRESSES:** The final base flood elevations for each community are available for inspection at the office of the Chief Executive Officer of each community. The respective addresses are listed in the table below.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Matthew B. Miller, P.E., Chief, Hazards Study Branch, Mitigation Directorate, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–3461, or (email) matt.miller@fema.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA or Agency) makes final determinations listed below of base flood elevations and modified base flood elevations for each community listed. The proposed base flood elevations and proposed modified base flood elevations were published in newspapers of local circulation and an opportunity for the community or individuals to appeal the proposed determinations to or through the community was provided for a period of ninety (90) days. The proposed base flood elevations and proposed modified base flood elevations were also published in the Federal Register.

This final rule is issued in accordance with section 110 of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4104, and 44 CFR part 67. The Agency has developed criteria for floodplain management in floodprone areas in accordance with 44 CFR part 60.

Interested lessees and owners of real property are encouraged to review the proof Flood Insurance Study and Flood Insurance Rate Map available at the address cited below for each community.

The base flood elevations and modified base flood elevations are made final in the communities listed below. Elevations at selected locations in each community are shown.

#### **National Environmental Policy Act**

This rule is categorically excluded from the requirements of 44 CFR Part 10, Environmental Consideration. No environmental impact assessment has been prepared.

#### **Regulatory Flexibility Act**

The Associate Director, Mitigation Directorate, certifies that this rule is exempt from the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act because final or modified base flood elevations are required by the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4104, and are required to establish and maintain community eligibility in the National Flood Insurance Program. No regulatory flexibility analysis has been prepared.

## **Regulatory Classification**

This final rule is not a significant regulatory action under the criteria of section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 of September 30, 1993, Regulatory Planning and Review, 58 FR 51735.

## Executive Order 12612, Federalism

This rule involves no policies that have federalism implications under Executive Order 12612, Federalism, dated October 26, 1987.

## Executive Order 12778, Civil Justice Reform

This rule meets the applicable standards of section 2(b)(2) of Executive Order 12778.

## List of Subjects in 44 CFR Part 67

Administrative practice and procedure, Flood insurance, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Accordingly, 44 CFR part 67 is amended as follows:

## PART 67—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 67 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 42 U.S.C. 4001 *et seq.*; Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1978, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 329; E.O. 12127, 44 FR 19367, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 376.

## §67.11 [Amended]

2. The tables published under the authority of  $\S67.11$  are amended as follows:

Source of flooding and location	#Depth in feet above ground. *Elevation in feet (NGVD)
CONNECTICUT	
Ridgefield (Town), Fairfield County (FEMA Docket No. 7267) <i>Miry Brook:</i>	
Ápproximately 0.25 mile downstream of George Washington Highway Approximately 240 feet up-	*470
stream of North Ridgebury Road Norwalk River:	*560
Approximately 365 feet downstream of Portland Avenue Approximately 840 feet up-	*344
stream of footbridge (at re- vised cross section L) Unnamed Tributary to Saugatuck River:	*368
Approximately 0.73 mile downstream of Rock Dam At Windwing Lake Dam South Branch Unnamed Tribu- tary to Saugatuck River: At confluence with Unnamed	*530 *603
Tributary to Saugatuck River At upstream side of Fox Hill	*537
Lake Dam	*557

Source of flooding and location drcl *Ele in	pth in above ound. vation feet GVD)
Lake Windwing: For its entire shoreline within the community Fox Hill Lake:	*603
For its entire shoreline within the community Split Flow: At confluence with Unnamed	*557
Tributary to Saugatuck River At Lake Windwing <i>Cooper Pond Brook:</i>	*587 *603
At confluence with the Nor- walk River Approximately 115 feet downstream of Shopping	*349
Center Access Road Maps available for inspection at Ridgefield Town Hall, 66 Prospect Street, Ridgefield, Connecticut.	*349
Vernon (Town), Tolland County (FEMA Docket No. 7267)	
Tankerhoosen River: At confluence with	***
Hockanum River Approximately 2,025 feet up- stream of Tunnel Road	*181 *290
Lower Hockanum River: Approximately 700 feet downstream of Wells Road Approximately 2,250 feet up-	*176
stream of Windsorville Road Upper Hockanum River:	*216
Approximately 640 feet down- stream of Union Street Approximately 650 feet up- stream of River Street	*238
Bridge <b>Maps available for inspection</b> at the Vernon Town Hall, 14 Park Place, Vernon, Con- necticut.	*258
GEORGIA	
Bibb County (Unincor- porated Areas) (FEMA Docket No. 7275) Tobesofkee Creek Tributary	
No. 1: Approximately 2,600 feet up- stream of confluence with Tobesofkee Creek Approximately 180 feet up-	*305
stream of Eisenhower Parkway (U.S. 80)	*353
Maps available for inspection at the Bibb County Engineer- ing Office, 780 Third Street, Macon, Georgia.	
Coweta County (Unincor- porated Areas) (FEMA Docket No. 7275) White Oak Creek:	
Downstream side of State Highway 54	*770
Approximately 1,300 feet up- stream of Interstate 85 Paradise Lakes Branch: At confluence with White Oak	*882
Creek	*788

Source of flooding and location	#Depth in feet above ground. *Elevation in feet (NGVD)
Approximately 1,050 feet	
downstream of McGahee	
Road	*788
Chandlers Creek:	
At confluence with White Oak	
Creek	*789
Approximately 0.49 mile up-	
stream of confluence with	*700
White Oak Creek	*789
Turkey Creek:	
At confluence with White Oak Creek	*791
Approximately 70 feet down-	151
stream of Southern Rail-	
road	*791
Sullivans Lake Branch:	
At confluence with White Oak	
Creek	*797
Approximately 400 feet up-	
stream of confluence with	
White Oak Creek	*797
Maps available for inspection	
at the Coweta County Plan-	
ning and Zoning Office, 22	
East Broad Street, Newnan,	
Georgia.	
Gilmer County (Unincor-	
porated Areas) (FEMA	
Docket No. 7275)	
Briar Creek:	
At confluence with the Ellijay	*4 0 40
River	*1,348
Approximately 1.18 miles up- stream of Briar Creek	
Road	*1,389
Ellijay River:	1,509
Approximately 1,450 feet up-	
stream of confluence of	
Ross Creek	*1,314
Approximately 3.23 miles up-	
stream of confluence of	
Boardtown Creek	*1,479
Maps available for inspection	
at the Gilmer County Plan-	
ning Commission, #1	
Westside Square, Ellijay, Georgia	
Georgia.	
Macon (City), Bibb County	
(FEMA Docket No. 7275)	
Tobesofkee Creek Tributary	
No. 1:	
Approximately 625 feet	
downstream of Interstate	*346
80	*346
Approximately 600 feet downstream of Interstate	
80	*346
Maps available for inspection	
at the Macon City Hall, 700	
Poplar Street, Macon, Geor-	
gia.	
0	
ILLINOIS	
Romeoville (Villago) Will	
Romeoville (Village), Will County (FEMA Docket No. 7271)	
Lily Cache Slough:	
At the upstream side of the	
Interstate Route 55 culvert	*611
Approximately 1,400 feet up- stream of Weber Road	
stream of Weber Road	*617

Source of flooding and location         Poleph in Biology Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Provide Prov					
Source of flooding and location         Provide (NeVP)         Source of flooding and location					
Solute or including and control (NOCO)         Solute					
Maps available for inspection at the Romeoville Villoge Hall Annex, 17 Montrose Drive, Romeoville Villoge Hall Romeoville Villoge Romeoville Villoge Hall Romeoville Villoge Hall Romeoville Villoge Hall Romeoville Villoge Hall Romeoville Villoge Hall Romeoville Villoge Hall Romeoville Villoge Romeoville Romeoville Romeoville Romeoville Villoge Romeoville Romeoville Villoge Romeoville Romeoville Villoge Romeoville Romeoville Villoge Romeoville Romeoville Villoge Romeoville Romeoville Romeoville Romeoville Romeoville Romeoville Romeoville Romeovilloge Romeoville Romeoville Romeoville Romeoville Rome	Source of flooding and location	*Elevation	Source of flooding and location	*Elevation	Source of flooding and location
Maps available for inspection Annex, 17 Munitosa Divu, Annex, 17 Munitosa Divu, Romeovile, Illinois.         Approximately 4.345 feet Dam insteam of Rangely. Dam insteam of State Route 4		in feet		in feet	
ait the Romeoville Village Hall Annex, 17 Montreas Drive, Romeoville, Illinois.       "j.downstream of Rangeley Dam		(NGVD)		(NGVD)	
ait the Romeoville Village Hall Annex, 17 Montreas Drive, Romeoville, Illinois.       "j.downstream of Rangeley Dam	Maps available for inspection		Approximately 4,345 feet		Approximately 40 feet down-
Annex, 17 Montrose Difver, Romeovile, Illinois.       Dam					
Will County (Unincorporated Areas) (FEMA Docket No. 7271)     stream of State Route 4	Annex, 17 Montrose Drive,			*1,469	
Will Courty (Unincorporated Areas) (FEMA Docket No. 7271)         Maps available for inspection 3 School Street, Rangeley, Marine.         Mass available for inspection 3 School Street, Rangeley, Marine.         (Bedford Street) Approximately 300 feet up- stream of Weber Road 7255)         (Bedford Street) 7255)         (Bedford Street) 7250)         (Be	Romeoville, Illinois.			*4 500	
Target       Target       Maine       Mather         11/2 Cache Stough:       At the upstream side of the Interstate Route 55 culvert       School Street. Rangeley, Maine.       At the confluence with the Therestate Route 55 culvert         At the upstream side of the Interstate Route 55 culvert       Fortal Market 125       Maine.       Maine.         Maps available for inspection at the Will County (FEMA Docket No. 7273)       Fortal Market 10 (Spectra 10 (Spec				~1,520	(Bedford Street)
Artes of State No. (LA Colores Guogh): Approximately 1.400 feet up- stream of Veber Road maine.*611At the constrainty 300 feet up- stream of Veber Road County (FEMA Docket No. T259)At the constrainty 300 feet up- stream of Veber Road Data Notes Street and Not Street and Noting T279)At the constrainty 300 feet up- stream of Veber Road Data Notes Street and Notes Street Street and Notes Street Street and Notes Street Notes street of Street Street and Notes Street Notes	Will County (Unincorporated				Matfield River:
Lip Cache Slogh:         Maine         Maine         Tauton Mike           At the upstream side of the Interstate Roule 55 culvert Approximately 1400 let up- stream of Weber Road         "611         Maine         Main					
At the upstream of Bridge Street       South Brook         Approximately 1,400 feet up- stream of Vieber Road       *611         Maps swatinble for inspection up, Joliet, Illinois.       *611         Mane       Burner (Town), Branstable County (FEMA Docket No. 7253)       *723         MAINE       Burzards Bay: An the intersection of Cap- at the intersection of Cap- Approximately 50 feet counts       *723         MAINE       Rangeley (Town), Franklin County (FEMA Docket No. 7279)       *73         Cupsuptic Lake: Burlin community       *1,469       *1,529         Degramment, 1 in processing within community       *1,469       *1,529         Dodge Pond Street: "Approximately 7,155 feet downstream of Baine Pond Dam       *1,529       Massachusetts.         Dodge Pond Street: "Approximately 7,155 feet downstream of Baine Pond Dam       *1,529       Boxborough (Town), Mid- diesex County (FEMA Docket No. 7275)         Baaw Chapter Pond Dam       *1,529       Beaver Brook: Approximately 7,50 feet up- stream of State Route       *227         Approximately 7,55 feet up- stream of State Route       *1,662       Boxborough (Town), Mid- downstream of Corporate       *227         Approximately 7,56 feet up- stream of State Route       *1,662       *1,662       *1,662         Approximately 7,56 feet up- stream of State Route       *1,662       *1,662       *227         Approximatel	•				
Intersiate Route 55 culver     *611       Mass Available for inspection at the Vill County (Law of the county of the county (FEMA Docket No. 7255)     South Brook:     South Brook:       Maps available for inspection at the Vill County (Law of the county of the co					
Approximately 14:00 feet up- stream of Weber RoadFort County (FEMA Docket No. 7255)Bourne (Torwn). Branstable County (FEMA Docket No. 7255)Bourne (Torwn). Branstable County (FEMA Docket No. 7256)Count (FEMA Docket No. 7277)ManeMAINEAthe intersection of Cap- tain's Row and Mooring Road on Mashnee Island  Approximately 800 feet south of the intersection of Norris Road and Hillide Avenue within community                                                                                                                                                                                         <b< td=""><td></td><td>*611</td><td>MASSACHUSETTS</td><td></td><td></td></b<>		*611	MASSACHUSETTS		
stream of Weber Road		-	Bourne (Town) Barnstable		
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Stream of State Route 16*1,479*1,479*Approximately 7,00 refer up- stream of Massachusetts Avenue*272Concord (City), Merrimack County (FEMA Docket No. 7263)Quimby Brook: Approximately 225 feet downstream of State Routes 4 and 16*1,469*1,469*272*272Approximately 225 feet downstream of State Routes 4 and 16*1,520*272*272*272Bridgewater (Town), Plym- outh County (FEMA Dock- et No. 7271)*272*272*272Approximately 275 feet up- stream of Quimby Pond Road*1,520*272*272Entire length of shoreline within community*1,682Bridgewater (Town), Plym- outh County (FEMA Dock- et No. 7271)*272*272Town River: And the confluence with the Taunton River: Approximately 10 for shoreline within community*1,682*1,682*272Thire length of shoreline within community within community*1,682Town River: Approximately 1,85 feet up- stream of Confluence with the Taunton River: Approximately 430 feet downstream of Mill Street Approximately 430 feet downstream of Dodge Pond Road*1,550*30Merrimack River Approximately 100 feet up- stream of Round Pond Tibutary A to Sawmill Brook: Approximately 100 feet up- stream of Round Pond Dam*1,550*23Absecon (City), Atlantic County (FEMA Docket No. 7267Approximately 100 feet up- stream of Round Pond Dam*1,550*1,550*23Absecon (City), Atlantic County (FEMA Docket No. 7267 </td <td></td> <td>1,103</td> <td>porate limits</td> <td>*244</td> <td>NEW HAMPSHIRE</td>		1,103	porate limits	*244	NEW HAMPSHIRE
Model Doble Dollar Lake. Entre length of shoreline within community	stream of State Route 16	*1,479	Approximately 1,700 feet up-		Concord (City) Merrimack
Maps available for inspection at the Boxborough Town Hall, 29 Middle Road, Boxborough, Massachusetts7263)Quimby Brook: Approximately 825 feet downstream of State Routes 4 and 16				*272	
Quimby Brook: Approximately 825 feet downstream of State Routes 4 and 16		*1 460			
Approximately 825 feet downstream of State Routes 4 and 16+1,520Hall, 29 Middle Road, Boxborough, MassachusettsApproximately 825 feet downstream of Garvins Falls Dam At upstream corporate limitsApproximately 275 feet up- stream of Quimby Pond Road*1,682*1,682Bridgewater (Town), Plym- outh County (FEMA Dock- et No. 7271)At upstream corporate limits <i>Quimby Pond:</i> Entire length of shoreline within community*1,682Town River: At the confluence with the Taunton River*30 <i>Round Pond:</i> Entire length of shoreline within community*1,520Town River: Approximately 1,185 feet up- stream of High Street*30 <i>Round Pond:</i> Entire length of shoreline within community*1,550*1,550*30 <i>Round Pond:</i> Bortownately 430 feet downstream of Dodge Pond Road*1,550*1,529*1,529 <i>Round Pond Counde:</i> Dam*1,550*1,550*1,550Approximately 100 feet up- stream of Round Pond Dam*1,550*1,550Approximately 100 feet up- stream of Colonial Drive*23Approximately 100 feet up- stream of Colonial Drive*23Approximately 100 feet up- stream of Colonial Drive*23		1,-00	at the Boxborough Town		
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Approximately 275 feet up- stream of Quimby Pond Road		*4 500	Boxborough, Massachusetts		
Bridgewater stream of Quimby Pond Road*1,682Bridgewater outh County (FEMA Dock- et No. 7271)Soucook River: At confluence with Merrimack RiverQuimby Pond: Entire length of shoreline within community*1,682Town River: At the confluence with the Taunton River*30Rangeley Lake: Entire length of shoreline within community*1,520Town River: At the confluence with the Taunton River*30Round Pond: Entire length of shoreline within community*1,520*1,550*30Round Pond Outlet: Approximately 430 feet downstream of Dodge Pond Road*1,529*1,529*11,529Approximately 10 feet up- stream of Round Pond Dam*1,550*1,550*11,550Approximately 100 feet up- stream of Colonial Drive*23Absecon (City), Atlantic County (FEMA Docket No. 7267)		1,520			At upstream corporate limits
Road*1,682*1,682et No. 7271)At confluence with Merrimack et No. 7271)Quimby Pond: Entire length of shoreline within community*1,682Town River: At the confluence with the Taunton River*30At confluence with Merrimack Round Pond: Entire length of shoreline within community*1,520Town River: At the confluence with the Taunton River*30Round Pond: Entire length of shoreline within community*1,520*1,550Approximately 1,185 feet up- stream of High Street*30Round Pond: Entire length of shoreline within community*1,550*1,550Approximately 300 feet downstream of Mill Street*30Round Pond Outlet: Approximately 430 feet downstream of Dodge Pond Road*1,529*1,529At the confluence with Saw- mill Brook*30Approximately 10 feet up- stream of Round Pond Dam*1,550*1,550Stream of Colonial Drive*23Approximately 10 feet up- stream of Round Pond*1,550Stream of Colonial Drive*23Approximately 10 feet up- stream of Colonial Drive*35Absecon (City), Atlantic County (FEMA Docket No. 7267)	stream of Quimby Pond		Bridgewater (Town), Plym-		Soucook River:
Country Pond.Entire length of shoreline within community*1,682Town River: At the confluence with the Taunton River*30Rangeley Lake: Entire length of shoreline within community*1,682Town River: At the confluence with the Taunton River*30Round Pond: Entire length of shoreline within community*1,520Town River: Approximately 1,185 feet up- stream of High Street*30Round Pond: Entire length of shoreline within community*1,550Approximately 300 feet downstream of Mill Street*30Round Pond Outlet: Approximately 430 feet downstream of Dodge Pond Road*1,529Tributary A to Sawmill Brook: Approximately 100 feet up- stream of Colonial Drive*30Approximately 10 feet up- stream of Round Pond Dam*1,550Stream of Colonial Drive*23Approximately 100 feet up- stream of Colonial Drive*1,550	Road	*1,682			
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Entire length of shoreline within community*1,520Approximately 1,185 feet up- stream of High Street*48Maps available for inspection at the Concord City Hall Lobby, Engineering Office and Code Enforcement Of- fice, 41 Green Street, Con- cord, New Hampshire.Round Pond: within community*1,550*1,550Approximately 300 feet downstream of Mill Street*30Round Pond Outlet: Approximately 430 feet downstream of Dodge Pond Road*1,529*1,529At the confluence of the Town and Matfield Rivers*30Approximately 10 feet up- stream of Round Pond Dam*1,550*1,550At the confluence with Saw- mill Brook*23Approximately 10 feet up- stream of Round Pond*1,550Stream of Colonial Drive*23Approximately 100 feet up- Stream of Colonial Drive*35*26		1,002		*30	
Round Pond: Entire length of shoreline within community				*40	
Entire length of shoreline within community*1,550Approximately 300 feet downstream of Mill Street*30and Code Enforcement Of- fice, 41 Green Street, Con- cord, New Hampshire.Round Pond Outlet: Approximately 430 feet downstream of Dodge Pond Road*1,550*1,529*10*30*30Approximately 10 feet up- stream of Round Pond Dam*1,550*1,550*1,550*30*23Approximately 100 feet up- stream of Round Pond*1,550*1,550*23Absecon (City), Atlantic County (FEMA Docket No. 7267)		*1,520		40	
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Round Pond Outlet:       At the confluence of the       cord, New Hampshire.         Approximately 430 feet       Town and Matfield Rivers       *30         downstream of Dodge       *1,529       Tributary A to Sawmill Brook:       *30         Approximately 10 feet up-       *1,529       At the confluence with Sawmill Brook.       *30         Approximately 10 feet up-       *1,550       Stream of Colonial Drive       *35		*1,550	downstream of Mill Street	*30	fice, 41 Green Street, Con-
downstream of Dodge Pond Road*1,529Tributary A to Sawmill Brook: At the confluence with Saw- mill BrookNEW JERSEYApproximately 10 feet up- stream of Round Pond Dam*1,550*1,550*1,550*23Absecon (City), Atlantic County (FEMA Docket No. 7267)	Round Pond Outlet:			+00	cord, New Hampshire.
Pond Road*1,529At the confluence with Saw- mill Brook*23Absecon (City), Atlantic County (FEMA Docket No.Approximately 10 feet up- stream of Round Pond*1,550stream of Colonial Drive*35				^30	
Approximately 10 feet up- stream of Round Pondmill Brook*23Absecon (City), Atlantic County (FEMA Docket No.Dam*1,550stream of Colonial Drive*357267		*1 520			
stream of Round Pond Dam *1,550 *1,550 stream of Colonial Drive *35 7267)		1,523		*23	Absecon (City), Atlantic
	stream of Round Pond		Approximately 100 feet up-		
Kangley Kiver.		*1,550		*35	
	Rangley River.	I I	Sawiiiii DiUUK.	I	nosecon bay.

#Depth in feet above ground. \*Elevation in feet (NGVD)

\*23

\*29

\*30

\*34

\*31

\*39

\*189

\*210

\*206

\*209

\*204 \*252

\*204

\*204

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Source of flooding and location	#Depth in feet above ground. *Elevation in feet (NGVD)	Source of flooding and location	#Depth in feet above ground. *Elevation in feet (NGVD)	Source of flooding and location	#Depth in feet above ground. *Elevation in feet (NGVD)
At the intersection of Mill Road and Mays Landing Road	*9 *12 *14	<ul> <li>Maps available for inspection at the LaGrange Town Hall, Zoning Office, Stringham Road, LaGrangeville, New York.</li> <li>Mohawk (Village), Herkimer County (FEMA Docket No. 7279)</li> <li>Mohawk River: Approximately 480 feet downstream of Mohawk Dam Approximately 1,500 feet up- stream of confluence of Fulmer Creek</li> </ul>	*392 *394	Wappinger       (Town),         Dutchess       County (FEMA         Docket No. 7275)       Wappinger Creek:         Approximately 317 feet       downstream of New Ham- burg Road Bridge         burg Road Bridge       At corporate limits         Maps available for inspection at the Wappinger Town Hall, 20 Middlebush Road, Wappingers Falls, New York.         Wappingers Falls (Village), Dutchess County (FEMA Docket No. 7275)	*9 *123
New York		At confluence with Mohawk		Wappinger Creek:	
Buffalo (City), Erie County (FEMA Docket No. 7267) Buffalo River: Approximately 150 feet downstream of down- stream bridge of Norfolk and Western Railway Approximately 650 feet up-	*581	River Approximately 1,700 feet up- stream of confluence with Mohawk River Maps available for inspection at the Village of Mohawk Hall, Village Clerk's Office, 28 Columbia Street, Mohawk, New York.	*394 *394	Approximately 50 feet down- stream from downstream corporate limits At corporate limits Maps available for inspection at the Wappingers Falls Zon- ing Office, 7 Spring Street, Wappingers Falls, New York.	*10 *91
stream of South Ogben Street Maps available for inspection at the Buffalo City Hall, Plan-	*591	Oswego (City), Oswego County (FEMA Docket No. 7275)		NORTH CAROLINA Trent Woods (Town), Craven County (FEMA Docket No. 7271)	
ning Division, Room 901, Buffalo, New York. Chaumont (Village), Jeffer- son County (FEMA Docket No. 7275) Chaumont River and Chaumont Bay: Entire shoreline within com- munity Sawmill Bay: Entire shoreline within com- munity	*250 *250	Gardenier Creek: Approximately 75 feet down- stream of Gardenier Hill Road Approximately 570 feet up- stream of Fifth Street Wine Creek: Approximately 30 feet down- stream of Penn Central Railroad Approximately 400 feet up- stream of East Seneca Street	*315 *324 *262 *280	Trent River Tributary: At Country Club Road Approximately 100 feet up- stream of Canterbury Road Jimmies Creek: Approximately 1,100 feet up- stream of the confluence with Wilson Creek At Trent Road <b>Maps available for inspection</b> at the Trent Woods Town Hall, 912 Country Club Drive, Trent Woods, North Carolina.	*9 *16 *10 *19
Maps available for inspection at the Village of Chaumont Municipal Building, 27994 Old Town Springs Road, Chaumont, New York.         Ilion (Village), Herkimer County (FEMA Docket No. 7271)         Mohawk River: At downstream corporate limits         Approximately 1,700 feet up-	*394	Maps available for inspection at the Oswego City Hall, Of- fice of Planning and Zoning, 13 West Oneida Street, Oswego, New York. Poughkeepsie (Town), Dutchess County (FEMA Docket No. 7267) Wappinger Creek: Approximately 320 feet downstream of New Ham- burg Road	*9	Wilkes County (Unincorporated Areas) (FEMA Docket No. 7271) Reddies River: Approximately 530 feet downstream of U.S. High- way 421–A At confluence with Hoopers Branch Maps available for inspection at the Wilkes County Plan- ning Office, 110 North Street, Wilkesboro, North Carolina.	*965 *997
stream of Central Avenue	*394	stream of the confluence of	*400	OHIO	
Maps available for inspection at the Village of Ilion Fire Station, Otsego Street, Ilion, New York. LaGrange (Town), Dutchess County (FEMA Docket No. 7267) Wappinger Creek: Approximately 4,500 feet downstream of New Hack-		Branch 6 Wappinger Creek Branch 4 Wappinger Creek: At confluence with Wappinger Creek Approximately 900 feet up- stream of confluence with Wappinger Creek Maps available for inspection at the Poughkeepsie Town Hall, Department of Planning, 1 Overocker Road, Pough- keepsie New York	*192 *120 *122	Ashville (Village), Pickaway County (FEMA Docket No. 7247) Walnut Creek: Just upstream of Cromley Road Approximately 700 feet downstream of Lockbourne Eastern Road Maps available for inspection at the Village of Ashville Mu-	*687 *694
ensack Road Approximately 13,700 feet upstream of Daria Drive	*122 *192	keepsie, New York.	I I	nicipal Building, 91 West Main Street, Ashville, Ohio.	

	#Dopth in		#Dopth in		#Dopth in
Source of flooding and location	#Depth in feet above ground. *Elevation in feet (NGVD)	Source of flooding and location	#Depth in feet above ground. *Elevation in feet (NGVD)	Source of flooding and location	#Depth in feet above ground. *Elevation in feet (NGVD)
Circleville (City), Pickaway County (FEMA Docket No.	(	At a point approximately 2,000 feet downstream of Ashville Road (State Route	(	At downstream corporate lim- its At upstream corporate limits	*244
7247)		316) At State Route 752	*679 *680	Canadochly Creek: At the confluence with the	
Hargus Creek: At Island Road	*670	Scioto River: At a point approximately 0.5		Susquehanna River Approximately 1,950 feet up-	*244
Approximately 50 feet up- stream of Stoutsville Pike	*700	mile downstream of State Route 316	*682	stream of Route 624 Maps available for inspection	*244
Hominy Creek: Approximately 350 feet up-		At a point approximately 1,400 feet downstream of		at the Lower Windsor Town- ship Municipal Building, 111	
stream of confluence with Hargus Creek	*686	State Route 316 Maps available for inspection	*682	Walnut Valley Court, Wrightsville, Pennsylvania.	
Approximately 0.68 mile downstream of Bolender-	*70.4	at the Village of South Bloomfield Municipal Build-			
Pontius Road	*704	ing, 5023 South Union Street, South Bloomfield,		Manor (Township), Lan- caster County (FEMA	
At confluence with Hargus Creek	*676	Ohio.		Docket No. 7275) Susquehanna River:	
Approximately 750 feet up- stream of Nicholas Drive	*702	PENNSYLVANIA		Approximately 2.5 miles up- stream of Safe Harbor	
Scioto River: Area between U.S. Route 23	****	Chanceford (Township), York County (FEMA Dock-		Dam Approximately 9.8 miles up-	*230
and CSX Transportation Maps available for inspection	*666	et No. 7275) ` Susquehanna River:		stream of Safe Harbor Dam	*245
at the City of Circleville Pub- lic Service Office, 127 South		At upstream corporate limits Approximately 2.6 miles up-	*244	Maps available for inspection at the Manor Township Mu-	
Court Street, Circleville, Ohio.		stream from Safe Harbor Dam	*230	nicipal Building, 950 West Fairway Drive, Lancaster,	
Pickaway County (Unincor-		Maps available for inspection	200	Pennsylvania.	
porated Areas) (FEMA Docket No. 7247)		at the Chanceford Township Office, Muddy Creek Forks		Tunkhannock (Township), Wyoming County (FEMA	
Hargus Creek:		Road, Brogue, Pennsylvania.		Docket No. 7275) Tunkhannock Creek:	
At CSX Transportation Approximately 700 feet up-	*670	Columbia (Borough), Lan- caster County (FEMA		Approximately 900 feet downstream of new U.S.	
stream of Bolender-Pontius Road	*753	Docket No. 7275) Susquehanna River:		Route 6 and State Route 92	*611
Hominy Creek: Approximately 0.78 mile		At downstream corporate lim- its	*244	Approximately 1.93 miles up- stream of old U.S. Route 6	*642
downstream of Bolender- Pontius Road	*703	At upstream corporate limits Strickler Run:	*247	Maps available for inspection	042
Approximately 600 feet up- stream of CONRAIL	*752	At confluence of Susque- hanna River	*245	at the Tunkhannock Town- ship Building, 438 SR 92 S,	
Scioto River: At the downstream county	*054	Approximately 100 feet up- stream of CONRAIL culvert	*245	Tunkhannočk, Pennsylvania.	
boundary Approximately 1,600 feet up-	*651	North Branch Strickler Run: Approximately 350 feet up-		Upper Merion (Township), Montgomery County	
Stream of confluence of Big Walnut Creek	*694	stream from confluence with Strickler Run	*280	(FEMĂ Docket No. 7247) Abrams Run:	
Mud Run: At upstream side of State	*000	Approximately 1,100 feet up- stream of confluence with		At confluence with Crow Creek	*141
Route 316 (Ashville Road) Approximately 1.4 miles up-	*680	Strickler Run Maps available for inspection	*290	Unnamed Creek A: Approximately 420 feet up-	
stream of State Route 752 Scioto Overflow to Mud Run:	*695	at the Columbia Borough Hall, 308 Locust Street, Co-		stream of Falcon Road At confluence with Matsunk	*234
At confluence with Mud Run At downstream side of	*683	lumbia, Pennsylvania.		Creek Approximately 80 feet up-	*76
Weigand Road Big Run:	*687	Hellam (Township), York County (FEMA Docket No.		stream of Flint Hill Road Crow Creek:	*114
At county boundary Big Walnut Creek:	*809	7275)		At upstream side of CON- RAIL	*81
Approximately 1.1 miles up- stream of confluence with	*004	Susquehanna River: At the downstream corporate	*0.45	Approximately 80 feet up- stream of Croton Road	*287
Scioto River Maps available for inspection	*694	Approximately 800 feet up-	*245	Frog Run: At Flint Hill Road	*92
at the Pickaway County Commissioners Office, 207		stream of U.S. Route 30 Maps available for inspection	*247	Approximately 440 feet up- stream of South Hender-	*400
South Court Street, Circleville, Ohio.		at the Hellam Township Of- fice, 44 Walnut Springs		son Road Gulph Mills Creek:	*188
		Road, York, Pennsylvania.		Approximately 130 feet downstream of I–76	*127
South Bloomfield (Village), Pickaway County (FEMA		Lower Windsor (Township), York County (FEMA Dock-		Approximately 330 feet up- stream of Gypsy Road	*270
Docket No. 7247) Mud Run:		et No. 7275) Susquehanna River:		Abrams Creek: At upstream side of CON- RAIL	*80
waa Kun.	1				00

#Depth in

Source of flooding and location	#Depth in feet above ground. *Elevation in feet (NGVD)	Source of flooding and location	#Depth in feet above ground. *Elevatior in feet (NGVD)
Approximately 60 feet up- stream of Brownlee Road <i>Matsunk Creek:</i> Approximately 120 feet up-	*116	Maps available for inspection at the Horry County Code Enforcement Office, 801 Main Street, Suite 121,	
stream of confluence with Schuylkill River Approximately 140 feet up-	*69	Conway, South Carolina.  Sumter County (Unincor-	
stream of School Line Drive Gulph Mills Tributary A:	*211	porated Areas) (FEMA Docket No. 7275) Long Branch:	
At confluence with Gulph Mills Creek Approximately 80 feet up-	*154	At U.S. Route 76/378 To a point approximately 2,890 feet upstream of	*17
stream of Arden Road Gulph Mills Tributary B: At confluence with Gulph	*155 *161	U.S. Route 76/378 Maps available for inspection	*18
Mills Creek Approximately 65 feet up- stream of Lantern Lane	*173	at the Planning and Zoning Department, 33 North Main Street, Sumter, South Caro- lina.	
Maps available for inspection at the Upper Merion Public Works Department, 175 West		VIRGINIA	
Valley Forge Road, King of Prussia, Pennsylvania.		Luray (Town), Page County (FEMA Docket No. 7251)	
Wrightsville (Borough), York County (FEMA Docket No. 7275)		Dry Run: Approximately 100 feet downstream of U.S. Route 211 Bypass	*79
Susquehanna River: At downstream corporate lim- its	*245 *247	Approximately 0.3 mile up- stream of U.S. Route 211 Business Route	*87
At upstream corporate limits Kreutz Creek: At confluence with Susque- hanna River	*246	Maps available for inspection at the Luray Town Hall, 45 East Main Street, Luray, Vir-	
Approximately 180 feet downstream of State Route 624	*246	ginia 22835. WISCONSIN	
Maps available for inspection at the Wrightsville Borough Office, 129 South 2nd Street, Wrightsville, Pennsylvania.		Blue River (Village), Grant County (FEMA Docket No. 7267)	
SOUTH CAROLINA		Wisconsin River: Approximately 1 mile down- stream of East Street	*66
Horry County (Unincor- porated Areas) (FEMA		Approximately 0.2 mile up- stream of East Street Maps available for inspection	*66
Docket No. 7259) Eden Saltworks Creek: At the end of Route 236, ap- proximately 0.4 mile from its intersection with Little		at the Community Building, 201 Clinton Street, Blue River, Wisconsin.	
River Neck Road Approximately 400 feet east of the most southeast end	*14	Muscoda (Village), Grant and Iowa Counties (FEMA Docket No. 7271)	
of Route 236 Waccamaw River: Approximately 5.8 miles downstream of Sea Gull	*13	Wisconsin River: Downstream corporate limits Upstream corporate limits	*67 *68
Approximately 3.5 miles up- stream of the confluence of	*15	Maps available for inspection at the Muscoda Village Hall, 206 North Wisconsin Ave-	
Mill Swamp Socastee Creek:	*19	nue, Muscoda, Wisconsin.	
Approximately 100 feet up- stream of the mouth of the Intracoastal Waterway	*7	(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assi 83.100, "Flood Insurance.")	stance No
At the CSX Transportation crossing Cross Swamp:	*24	Dated: April 21, 1999. Michael J. Armstrong,	
Confluence with Socastee Creek	*24	Associate Director for Mitigation. [FR Doc. 99–11525 Filed 5–6–99; BILLING CODE 6718–04–P	8:45 am]
downstream of U.S. Route 501	*24		

	Source of flooding and location	#Depth in feet above ground. *Elevation in feet (NGVD)
)	Maps available for inspection at the Horry County Code Enforcement Office, 801 Main Street, Suite 121, Conway, South Carolina.	
	Sumter County (Unincor- porated Areas) (FEMA Docket No. 7275)	
5	Long Branch: At U.S. Route 76/378 To a point approximately 2,890 feet upstream of U.S. Route 76/378	*174 *181
3	Maps available for inspection at the Planning and Zoning Department, 33 North Main Street, Sumter, South Caro- lina.	101
	VIRGINIA	
	Luray (Town), Page County (FEMA Docket No. 7251) Dry Run: Approximately 100 feet downstream of U.S. Route 211 Bypass	*792
) )	Business Route Maps available for inspection at the Luray Town Hall, 45 East Main Street, Luray, Vir- ginia 22835.	*873
5	WISCONSIN	
	Blue River (Village), Grant County (FEMA Docket No. 7267)         Wisconsin River: Approximately 1 mile down- stream of East Street         Approximately 0.2 mile up- stream of East Street         Maps available for inspection at the Community Building, 201 Clinton Street, Blue River, Wisconsin.	*667 *669
3	Muscoda (Village), Grant and Iowa Counties (FEMA Docket No. 7271)	
	Wisconsin River: Downstream corporate limits Upstream corporate limits	*678 *680
5	Maps available for inspection at the Muscoda Village Hall, 206 North Wisconsin Ave- nue, Muscoda, Wisconsin.	
,	(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assi 83.100, "Flood Insurance.") Dated: April 21, 1999.	stance No.
	<b>Michael J. Armstrong,</b> Associate Director for Mitigation.	
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### FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

47 CFR Part 73

[MM Docket No. 97-233; RM-9162]

Radio Broadcasting Services; East Brewton, AL and Navarre, FL

**AGENCY:** Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Final rule.

- SUMMARY: This document grants a Petition for Reconsideration of the Report and Order in this proceeding, 63 FR 64877 (November 24, 1998), and grants the request of 550-AM, the permittee of Station WGCX(FM), East Brewton, Alabama, to substitute Channel 239C3 for Channel 239A at East Brewton, reallot Channel 239C3 to Navarre, Florida, and modify the license of Station WGCX accordingly. The new allotment to Navarre is preferred over the existing allotment at East Brewton because it will provide a first local transmission service to a more populous community. This document terminates the proceeding.
- EFFECTIVE DATE: June 14, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: R. Barthen Gorman, Mass Media Bureau, (202) 418–2180.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a synopsis of the Commission's Memorandum Opinion and Order, MM Docket No. 97-233, adopted April 30, 1999, and released April 30, 1999. The full text of this Commission decision will be available for inspection and copying during normal business hours

in the FCC's Reference Information Center at Portals II, CY-A257, 445 12th Street, SW Washington, DC. The complete text of this decision may also be purchased from the Commission's copy contractors, International Transcription Service, Inc., (202) 857-3800, 1231 20th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20036.

## List of Subjects in 47 CFR Part 73

Radio broadcasting.

### PART 73—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for Part 73 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154, 303, 334, 336.

2. Section 73.202(b), the Table of FM Allotments under Alabama, is amended by removing East Brewton, Channel 239A.

3. Section 73.202(b), the Table of Allotments under Florida, is amended by adding Navarre, Channel 239C3.

Federal Communications Commission. **Charles W. Logan,**  *Chief, Policy and Rules Division, Mass Media Bureau.* [FR Doc. 99–11500 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 6717–01–P** 

## FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

#### 47 CFR Parts 73 and 74

[MM Docket No. 97–234, GC Docket No. 92– 52, and GEN Docket No. 90–264; FCC 99– 74]

### Implementation of Competitive Bidding for Commercial Broadcast and Instructional Television Fixed Service Licenses

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

**ACTION:** Final rule; petitions for reconsideration.

SUMMARY: In this document, the Federal **Communications Commission resolves** numerous petitions for reconsideration filed against the Commission's earlier report and order in this proceeding that implemented provisions of the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 expanding the Commission's competitive bidding authority to include the commercial broadcast services. The document generally upholds the Commission's earlier determinations, but does amend the rules and procedures previously adopted with respect to the application of the general auction anti-collusion rule to broadcast service auctions and the eligibility standards for the new entrant bidding credit.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 6, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jerianne Timmerman, Video Services Division, Mass Media Bureau at (202)418–1600; Lisa Scanlan, Audio Services Division, Mass Media Bureau at (202)418–2700; Lee Martin, Office of General Counsel at (202)418–1720. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Summary

1. In this *Memorandum Opinion and Order* adopted April 15, 1999, and released April 20, 1999, the Federal Communications Commission resolves petitions for reconsideration of the rules and procedures adopted in the *First Report and Order*, 63 FR 48615 (September 11, 1998), to implement provisions of the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 expanding the Commission's competitive bidding authority to include the commercial broadcast services and the Instructional Television Fixed Service (ITFS). The *Memorandum*  *Opinion and Order* denies most issues presented in the petitions for reconsideration, but grants certain aspects of the petitions, most notably amending the applicability of the general anti-collusion rule to broadcast service auctions and refining the standards for applicants to qualify for the new entrant bidding credit.

## **Issues Pertaining to Pending Competing Applications**

2. The Memorandum Opinion and Order upholds the Commission's determinations made in the *First Report* and Order with respect to pending competing full service commercial broadcast applications. Specifically, the Memorandum Opinion and Order denies reconsideration petitions: (1) challenging the Commission's decision to use auctions to decide among pending competing broadcast applications; (2) requesting the reimbursement of all expenses incurred by pending applicants who filed with the expectation that the Commission would use a comparative hearing to select among competing broadcast applications; (3) questioning the determination to defer until after the auction the resolution of basic qualifications issues raised against pending applicants; (4) challenging the determination that new Section 309(l) of the Communications Act permits the opening of a new filing window with respect to singleton analog television applications (with freeze waiver requests) filed by September 20, 1996; and (5) requesting some provision for a specific situation in which a competing applicant with interim operating authority has been allowed to operate a contested FM station for profit.

#### **Filing and Other Procedural Issues**

3. The Memorandum Opinion and Order upholds the Commission's determinations made in the First Report and Order regarding the following filing and procedural issues: (1) the utilization of a uniform window filing system for all auctionable broadcast services, including the FM translator and AM services; (2) allowing applicants the option of submitting a set of preferred site coordinates on their short-form applications (FCC Form 175) to participate in an FM auction; and (3) continuing to use for the filing of shortform applications in broadcast auctions the Wide Area Network utilized in previous Commission auctions for the filing of short-forms. In response to one petition, the Memorandum Opinion and Order extends from 10 to 15 days the filing period for petitions to deny against the long-form applications filed

by winning bidders for construction permits in the secondary broadcast services. The *Memorandum Opinion and Order* also clarifies the applicability of Section 1.2112(a) of the general Part 1 auction rules to broadcast transfer and assignment applications, so as to reduce the repetitive submission of similar ownership information.

#### **Competitive Bidding Issues**

4. With regard to competitive bidding issues, the Memorandum Opinion and Order rejects the assertion that the imposition of reserve prices or minimum opening bids is not in the public interest in the broadcast context, and declines to adopt a proposal to resolve any remaining competing June 1, 1998 low power television displacement applications by means of various suggested priorities. The Memorandum Opinion and Order also rejects the contention that the Commission should adopt a postauction procedure where, upon petition by a winning bidder, the Commission would consider evidence that the winning bidder was the sole qualified applicant for a broadcast authorization, and, in cases in which such a demonstration was made that the unsuccessful competing bidders for that authorization were unqualified, the winning bidder should be relieved of its obligation to remit the payment of its winning bid.

5. A number of petitioners called for an exception to the general auction anticollusion rule to allow, after the filing of short-form applications in broadcast auctions, an opportunity for negotiated settlements and/or for technical and engineering solutions to remove mutual exclusivities before proceeding to auction. Although the Memorandum Opinion and Order rejects the contention that the Commission is statutorily required to allow such a settlement opportunity prior to broadcast service auctions, it concludes that allowing the resolution of mutual exclusivities by engineering solutions or other means following the submission of short-form applications would serve the public interest in the secondary broadcast services, and in ITFS as well.

6. Several petitioners objected to various aspects of the new entrant bidding credit, which provides a tiered credit for broadcast auction winning bidders with no, or very few, other media interests. In response to these petitions, and to promote the clear and consistent application of the eligibility standards for the bidding credit, the *Memorandum Opinion and Order:* (1) amends the eligibility standards for the bidding credit to be consistent with the Commission's general broadcast attribution standards; (2) amends the eligibility standards for the credit so that a winning bidder's attributable interests in existing secondary broadcast stations are not counted among the bidder's other mass media interests in determining eligibility; and (3) refines the standards for determining whether a winning bidder's proposed broadcast station and the bidder's existing station(s) serve the "same area," thereby rendering the bidder ineligible for a bidding credit. In addition, the Memorandum Opinion and Order declines to increase the size of the tiered new entrant bidding credit, and clarifies that the credit applies only to broadcast service auctions (and not to ITFS auctions). Finally, the Memorandum Opinion and Order states that the Commission will consider in a further order in this proceeding an additional refinement to the new entrant eligibility standards; specifically, this further order will consider whether to attribute debt and/or equity above a certain level, based on the Commission's review of the record in the pending broadcast attribution proceeding.

7. The complete text of this *Memorandum Opinion and Order,* including any statements, is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in the Federal Communications Commission Reference Center (Room CY–A257), 445 12th Street, S.W., Washington, D.C., and it may be purchased from the Commission's copy contractor, International Transcription Service, Inc., 1231 20th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20036 (202) 857–3800.

### Supplemental Final Regulatory Flexibility Analysis

#### Summary

8. As required by the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA), 5 U.S.C. 603, a Final Regulatory Flexibility Analysis (FRFA) was incorporated in the First Report and Order in this proceeding. The Commission's Supplemental Final Regulatory Flexibility Analysis (Supplemental FRFA) in this Memorandum Opinion and Order reflects revised or additional information to that contained in the FRFA. This Supplemental FRFA is thus limited to matters raised in response to the First Report and Order that are granted on reconsideration in the Memorandum Opinion and Order. This Supplemental FRFA conforms to the RFA, as amended by the Contract with America Advancement Act of 1996.

#### Need For and Objectives of Action

9. The actions taken in this *Memorandum Opinion and Order* are in response to petitions for reconsideration or clarification of the rules and policies adopted in the *First Report and Order* to implement provisions of the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 expanding the Commission's competitive bidding authority to include the broadcast services and the Instructional Television Fixed Service (ITFS). The petitions are denied, with certain limited exceptions.

## Significant Issues Raised by Public in Response to Final Regulatory Flexibility Analysis

10. No petitions or comments were received in response to the FRFA. Small business-related issues were, however, raised indirectly by some petitioners, who asked for reconsideration on certain issues affecting low power television and television and FM translator applicants (most of whom are small businesses).

## Description and Estimate of the Number of Small Entities Involved

11. Definition of a "Small Business". Under the RFA, small entities may include small organizations, small businesses, and small governmental jurisdictions. 5 U.S.C. 601(6). The RFA, 5 U.S.C. 601(3), generally defines the term "small business" as having the same meaning as the term "small business concern" under the Small Business Act, 15 U.S.C. 632. A small business is one which: (1) Is independently owned and operated; (2) is not dominant in its field of operation; and (3) satisfies any additional criteria established by the Small Business Administration (SBA). Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 601(3), the statutory definition of a small business applies "unless an agency after consultation with the Office of Advocacy of the SBA and after opportunity for public comment, establishes one or more definitions of such term which are appropriate to the activities of the agency and publishes such definition(s) in the **Federal** Register."

12. In the FRFA, we utilized the definition of "small business" promulgated by the SBA, even though, as discussed in detail in the FRFA, we tentatively believed that the SBA's definition of "small business" overstated the number of radio and television broadcast stations that were small businesses and was not particularly suitable for our purposes. No petitions or comments were received concerning the Commission's use of the SBA's small business definition for the

purposes of the FRFA, and we will therefore continue to employ such definition for this Supplemental FRFA.

13. Issues in Applying the Definition of a "Small Business". As discussed below, we could not precisely apply the foregoing definition of "small business" in developing our estimates of the number of small entities affected by the revised application and selection procedures adopted in the *First Report* and Order for the broadcast services and for ITFS. Our estimates reflect our best judgments based on the data available to us.

14. An element of the definition of "small business" is that the entity not be dominant in its field of operation. We are unable at this time to define or quantify the criteria that would establish whether a specific radio or television station is dominant in its field of operation. Accordingly, the following estimates of the number of broadcasting stations that constitute small businesses do not exclude any radio or television station from the definition of small business on this basis and are therefore overinclusive to that extent. An additional element of the definition of 'small business'' is that the entity must be independently owned and operated. As discussed further below, we could not fully apply this criterion, and our estimates of small businesses to which the amended application and selection procedures may apply may be overinclusive to this extent.

15. With respect to applying the revenue cap, the SBA has defined "annual receipts" specifically in 13 CFR 121.104, and its calculations include an averaging process. We do not currently require submission of financial data from licensees that we could use in applying the SBA's definition of a small business. Thus, for purposes of estimating the number of small entities to which the rules apply, we are limited to considering the revenue data that are publicly available, and the revenue data on which we rely may not correspond completely with the SBA definition of annual receipts.

16. Under SBA criteria for determining annual receipts, if a concern has acquired an affiliate or been acquired as an affiliate during the applicable averaging period for determining annual receipts, the annual receipts in determining size status include the receipts of both firms. 13 CFR 121.104(d)(1). The SBA defines affiliation in 13 CFR 121.103. In this context, the SBA's definition of affiliate is analogous to our attribution rules. Generally, under the SBA's definition, concerns are affiliates of each other when one concern controls or has the power to control the other, or a third party or parties controls or has the power to control both. 13 CFR 121.103(a)(1). The SBA considers factors such as ownership, management, previous relationships with or ties to another concern, and contractual relationships, in determining whether affiliation exists. 13 CFR 121.103(a)(2). Instead of making an independent determination of whether television stations were affiliates based on SBA's definitions, we relied on the databases available to us to provide us with that information.

17. Estimates Based on Census Data. The rules and policies adopted in the First Report and Order will apply to the various broadcast and secondary broadcast services and to ITFS. The SBA defines a television broadcasting station that has no more than \$10.5 million in annual receipts as a small business. Television broadcasting stations consist of establishments primarily engaged in broadcasting visual programs by television to the public, except cable and other pay television services. Included in this industry are commercial, religious, educational, and other television stations. Also included are establishments primarily engaged in television broadcasting and which produce taped television program materials. Separate establishments primarily engaged in producing taped television program materials are classified under another SIC number.

18. There were 1,509 television stations operating in the nation in 1992. That number has remained fairly steady as indicated by the approximately 1,590 operating television broadcasting stations in the nation as of January 1999. For 1992, the number of television stations that produced less than \$10.0 million in revenue was 1,155 establishments. Thus, of the 1,590 television stations approximately 77%, or 1,224, of those stations are considered small businesses. As of January 1999, 2136 low power television stations and 4921 television translator stations were also licensed, and we believe the vast majority of these stations are small businesses. These estimates may overstate the number of small entities since the revenue figures on which they are based do not include or aggregate revenues from nontelevision affiliated companies.

19. The SBA defines a radio broadcasting station that has no more than \$5 million in annual receipts as a small business. A radio broadcasting station is an establishment primarily engaged in broadcasting aural programs by radio to the public. Included in this industry are commercial, religious,

educational and other radio stations. Radio broadcasting stations that primarily are engaged in radio broadcasting and that produce radio program materials are similarly included. However, radio stations that are separate establishments and are primarily engaged in producing radio program material are classified under another SIC number. The 1992 census indicates that 96% (5,861 of 6,127) of radio station establishments produced less than \$5 million in revenue in 1992. Official Commission records indicate that 11,334 individual radio stations were operating in 1992. As of January 1999, official Commission records indicate that 12,496 radio stations were operating. We conclude that a similarly high percentage (96%) of current radio broadcasting licensees are small entities. As of January 1999, there were also 3171 FM translator/booster stations licensed, and we believe the vast majority of these stations are small businesses. These estimates may overstate the number of small entities since the revenue figures on which they are based do not include or aggregate revenues from non-radio affiliated companies.

20. In addition, there are presently 2032 ITFS licensees. All but 100 of these licenses are held by educational institutions. Educational institutions may be included in the definition of a small entity. ITFS is a non-pay, noncommercial educational microwave service that, depending on SBA categorization, has, as small entities, entities generating either \$10.5 million or less, or \$11.0 million or less, in annual receipts. However, we do not collect, nor are we aware of other collections of, annual revenue data for ITFS licensees. Thus, we conclude that up to 1932 of these licensees are small entities.

21. Pending and Future Applicants Affected by Rulemaking. The auction selection procedures set forth in the First Report and Order will affect pending and future competing applicants for the various commercial broadcast services and for ITFS. We estimate that there are currently pending before the Commission the following mutually exclusive applications: (1) approximately 620 mutually exclusive applications for full power commercial radio stations, and 165 competing applications for full power commercial analog television stations; (2) approximately 275 mutually exclusive applications for low power television stations and television translator stations, and 20 competing applications for FM translator stations; and (3) approximately 200 or more mutually exclusive applications for

ITFS stations. The Commission has no data on file as to whether entities with pending permit applications, which are subject to the new competitive bidding selection procedures adopted for the broadcast services, meet the SBA's definition of a small business concern. However, we conclude that, given the smaller size of the markets at issue in the pending applications, most of the entities with pending applications for a permit to construct a new primary or secondary broadcast station are small entities, as defined by the SBA rules. It is not possible, at this time, to estimate the number of markets for which mutually exclusive applications will be received, nor the number of entities that in the future may seek a construction permit for a new broadcast station. Given the fact that fewer new stations (particularly fewer analog television stations) will be licensed in the future and that these stations generally will be located in smaller, more rural areas, we conclude that most of the entities applying for these stations will be small entities, as defined by the SBA rules.

### *Description of Projected Reporting, Recordkeeping and Other Compliance Requirements*

22. The First Report and Order adopted a number of rules that included reporting, recordkeeping and compliance requirements. These requirements were described in detail in the FRFA, and generally remain unchanged by the rule amendments adopted in this Memorandum Opinion and Order. The rules adopted in this Memorandum Opinion and Order do amend the applicability of the general auction anti-collusion rule (see 47 CFR 1.2105(c)) so that mutually exclusive applicants in the secondary broadcast services may discuss settlement or other means of resolving their mutual exclusivities following the short-form application filing deadline. The Memorandum Opinion and Order also amends our rules to clarify that certain ownership disclosure requirements set forth in Section 1.2112(a) of the general Part 1 auction rules will not apply to applicants seeking consent to assign or transfer control of broadcast construction permits or licenses.

## *Steps Taken to Minimize Significant Economic Impact on Small Entities, and Significant Alternatives Considered*

23. The FRFA described in considerable detail the steps taken in the *First Report and Order* to minimize significant economic impact on small entities and the alternatives considered. The rule amendments adopted in this *Memorandum Opinion and Order*  should also serve to minimize the adverse impact of our broadcast auction rules on small entities. First, the Memorandum Opinion and Order amends the applicability of the general auction anti-collusion rule so that competing low power television, television and FM translator, and ITFS applicants will have an opportunity to settle or otherwise resolve their mutual exclusivities following the short-form application filing deadline (and thereby avoid the need to go to auction). Second, the Memorandum Opinion and Order refines in various ways the eligibility standards for the new entrant bidding credit, which provides a tiered credit for broadcast auction winning bidders with no, or very few, other mass media interests. Third, the Memorandum Opinion and Order also lengthens from 10 to 15 days the period for the filing of petitions to deny against the long-form applications filed by winning bidders in the secondary broadcast services and in ITFS. Finally, the Memorandum Opinion and Order reduces the burden on all broadcast applicants (including small businesses) seeking consent to assign or transfer control of broadcast construction permits or licenses by clarifying that the ownership disclosure requirements set forth in Section 1.2112(a) of the general auction rules are not applicable to such transactions.

#### Report to Congress

24. The Commission will send a copy of the *Memorandum Opinion and Order*, including this Supplemental FRFA, in a report to be sent to Congress pursuant to the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996. See 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A). In addition, the Commission will send a copy of the *Memorandum Opinion and Order*, including the Supplemental FRFA, to the Chief Counsel for Advocacy of the Small Business Administration.

Authority for issuance of this *Memorandum Opinion and Order* is contained in Sections 4(i) and (j), 301, 303(f), 303(g), 303(h), 303(j), 303(r), 307(c), 308(b), 309(j), 309(l) and 403 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. 154(i), 154(j), 301, 303(f), 303(g), 303(h), 303(j), 303(r), 307(c), 308(b), 309(j), 309(l) and 403.

# List of Subjects in 47 CFR Parts 73 and 74

Radio broadcasting, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Television broadcasting.

Federal Communications Commission. Magalie Roman Salas, Secretary.

#### **Rule Changes**

Parts 73 and 74 of Chapter 1 of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations are amended as follows:

### PART 73—RADIO BROADCAST SERVICES

1. The authority citation for part 73 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154, 303, 334, and 336.

2. Section 73.5002 is amended by revising paragraphs (c) and (d) to read as follows:

# §73.5002 Bidding application and certification procedures; prohibition of collusion.

(c) Applicants in all broadcast service or ITFS auctions will be subject to the provisions of § 1.2105(b) of this chapter regarding the modification and dismissal of their short-form applications. Notwithstanding the general applicability of § 1.2105(b) of this chapter to broadcast and ITFS auctions, the following applicants will be permitted to resolve their mutual exclusivities by making amendments to their engineering submissions following the filing of their short-form applications:

(1) applicants for all broadcast services and ITFS who file major modification applications that are mutually exclusive with each other;

(2) applicants for all broadcast services and ITFS who file major modification and new station applications that are mutually exclusive with each other; or

(3) applicants for the secondary broadcast services and ITFS who file applications for new stations that are mutually exclusive with each other.

(d) The prohibition of collusion set forth in § 1.2105(c) of this chpater, which becomes effective upon the filing of short-form applications, shall apply to all broadcast service or ITFS auctions. Notwithstanding the general applicability of § 1.2105(c) of this chapter to broadcast and ITFS auctions, the following applicants will be permitted to resolve their mutual exclusivities by means of engineering solutions or settlements during a limited period after the filing of short-form applications, as further specified by Commission public notices:

(1) applicants for all broadcast services and ITFS who file major modification applications that are mutually exclusive with each other; (2) applicants for all broadcast services and ITFS who file major modification and new station applications that are mutually exclusive with each other; or

(3) applicants for the secondary broadcast services and ITFS who file applications for new stations that are mutually exclusive with each other.

3. Section 73.5006 is amended by revising paragraphs (b) and (c) to read as follows:

## §73.5006 Filing of petitions to deny against long-form applications.

\* \*

(b) Within ten (10) days following the issuance of a public notice announcing that a long-form application for an AM, FM or television construction permit has been accepted for filing, petitions to deny that application may be filed. Within fifteen (15) days following the issuance of a public notice announcing that a long-form application for a low power television, television translator or FM translator construction permit or ITFS license has been accepted for filing, petitions to deny that application may be filed. Any such petitions must contain allegations of fact supported by affidavit of a person or persons with personal knowledge thereof.

(c) An applicant may file an opposition to any petition to deny, and the petitioner a reply to such opposition. Allegations of fact or denials thereof must be supported by affidavit of a person or persons with personal knowledge thereof. In the AM, FM and television broadcast services, the time for filing such oppositions shall be five (5) days from the filing date for petitions to deny, and the time for filing replies shall be five (5) days from the filing date for oppositions. In the low power television, television translator and FM translator broadcast services and in ITFS, the time for filing such oppositions shall be fifteen (15) days from the filing date for petitions to deny, and the time for filing replies shall be ten (10) days from the filing date for oppositions.

4. Section 73.5007 is revised to read as follows:

#### §73.5007 Designated entity provisions.

(a) New entrant bidding credit. A winning bidder that qualifies as a "new entrant" may use a bidding credit to lower the cost of its winning bid on any broadcast construction permit. Any winning bidder claiming new entrant status must have *de facto*, as well as *de jure*, control of the entity utilizing the bidding credit. A thirty-five (35) percent bidding credit will be given to a winning bidder if it, and/or any individual or entity with an attributable interest in the winning bidder, have no attributable interest in any other media of mass communications, as defined in §73.5008. A twenty-five (25) percent bidding credit will be given to a winning bidder if it, and/or any individual or entity with an attributable interest in the winning bidder, have an attributable interest in no more than three mass media facilities. No bidding credit will be given if any of the commonly owned mass media facilities serve the same area as the proposed broadcast or secondary broadcast station, or if the winning bidder, and/or any individual or entity with an attributable interest in the winning bidder, have attributable interests in more than three mass media facilities. Attributable interests held by a winning bidder in existing low power television, television translator or FM translator facilities will not be counted among the bidder's other mass media interests in determining eligibility for a bidding credit.

(b) The new entrant bidding credit is not available to a winning bidder if it, and/or any individual or entity with an attributable interest in the winning bidder, have an attributable interest in any existing media of mass communications in the same area as the proposed broadcast or secondary broadcast facility.

(1) Any existing media of mass communications will be considered in the "same area" as a proposed broadcast or secondary broadcast facility if the relevant defined service areas of the existing mass media facilities partially overlap, or are partially overlapped by, the proposed broadcast or secondary broadcast facility's relevant contour.

(2) For purposes of determining whether any existing media of mass communications is in the "same area" as a proposed broadcast or secondary broadcast facility, the relevant defined service areas of the existing mass media facilities shall be as follows:

(i) AM broadcast station—principal community contour (see § 73.3555(a)(4)(i));

(ii) FM broadcast station—principal community contour (see

\$73.3555(a)(4)(i));

(iii) Television broadcast station television duopoly contour (see § 73.3555(b));

(iv) Cable television system—the franchised community of a cable system;

(v) Daily newspaper—community of publication; and

(vi) Multipoint Distribution Service station—protected service area (see §§ 21.902(d) or 21.933 of this chapter).

(3) For purposes of determining whether a proposed broadcast or

secondary broadcast facility is in the "same area" as an existing mass media facility, the relevant contours of the proposed broadcast or secondary broadcast facility shall be as follows:

(i) AM broadcast station—principal community contour (see § 73.3555(a)(4)(i));

(ii) FM broadcast station—principal community contour (see § 73.3555(a)(4)(i));

(iii) FM translator station—predicted, protected contour (see § 74.1204(a) of this chapter);

(iv) Television broadcast station television duopoly contour (see § 73.3555(b)); and

(v) Low power television or television translator station—predicted, protected contour (see § 74.707(a) of this chapter).

(c) Unjust enrichment. If a licensee or permittee that utilizes a new entrant bidding credit under this subsection seeks to assign or transfer control of its license or construction permit to an entity not meeting the eligibility criteria for the bidding credit, the licensee or permittee must reimburse the U.S. Government for the amount of the bidding credit, plus interest based on the rate for ten-year U.S. Treasury obligations applicable on the date the construction permit was originally granted, as a condition of Commission approval of the assignment or transfer. If a licensee or permittee that utilizes a new entrant bidding credit seeks to assign or transfer control of a license or construction permit to an entity that is eligible for a lower bidding credit, the difference between the bidding credit obtained by the assigning party and the bidding credit for which the acquiring party would qualify, plus interest based on the rate for ten-year U.S. Treasury obligations applicable on the date the construction permit was originally granted, must be paid to the U.S. Government as a condition of Commission approval of the assignment or transfer. The amount of the reimbursement payments will be reduced over time. An assignment or transfer in the first two years after issuance of the construction permit to the winning bidder will result in a forfeiture of one hundred (100) percent of the value of the bidding credit; during year three, of seventy-five (75) percent of the value of the bidding credit; in year four, of fifty (50) percent; in year five, twenty-five (25) percent; and thereafter, no payment. If a licensee or permittee who utilized a new entrant bidding credit in obtaining a broadcast license or construction permit acquires within this five-year reimbursement period an additional broadcast facility or facilities, such that the licensee or permittee would not have been eligible for the new entrant credit, the licensee

or permittee will generally not be required to reimburse the U.S. Government for the amount of the bidding credit.

5. Section 73.5008 is amended by revising paragraphs (b) and (c) to read as follows:

§73.5008 Definitions applicable for designated entity provisions.

(b) A medium of mass communications means a daily newspaper; a cable television system; or a license or construction permit for a television broadcast station, an AM or FM broadcast station, a direct broadcast satellite transponder, or a Multipoint Distribution Service station.

(c) An *attributable interest* in a winning bidder or in a medium of mass communications shall be determined in accordance with § 73.3555 and Note 2.

6. Section 73.5009 is revised to read as follows:

## §73.5009 Assignment or transfer of control.

The reporting requirement contained in § 1.2111(a) of this chapter shall apply to an applicant seeking approval for a transfer of control or assignment of a broadcast construction permit or license within three years of receiving such permit or license by means of competitive bidding.

#### PART 74—EXPERIMENTAL RADIO, AUXILIARY, SPECIAL BROADCAST AND OTHER PROGRAM DISTRIBUTIONAL SERVICES

7. The authority citation for part 74 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154, 303, 307, and 554.

8. Section 74.912 is revised to read as follows:

### §74.912 Petitions to deny.

(a) Petitions to deny against the longform applications filed by winning bidders in ITFS auctions must be filed in accordance with §73.5006 of this chapter. Petitions to deny against applications for transfers of control of ITFS licensees, or for assignments of ITFS station licenses, must be filed not later than 30 days after issuance of a public notice of the acceptance for filing of the transfer or assignment application. In the case of applications for renewal of license, petitions to deny may be filed after the issuance of a public notice of acceptance for filing of the applications and up until the first day of the last full calendar month of the expiring license term. Any party in interest may file a petition to deny any notification regarding a low power ITFS

signal booster station, within the 60 day period provided for in § 74.985(e).

(b) The applicant or notifier may file an opposition to any petition to deny, and the petitioner a reply to such opposition in which allegations of fact or denials thereof shall be supported by affidavit of a person or persons with personal knowledge thereof. Except with regard to petitions to deny against the long-form applications of ITFS auction winners, the times for filing such oppositions and replies shall be those provided in § 1.45 of this chapter.

[FR Doc. 99–11503 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6712–01–U

#### DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

#### 48 CFR Part 213

[DFARS Case 98–D031]

#### Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement; Applicability of Buy American Clauses to Simplified Acquisitions

AGENCY: Department of Defense (DoD). ACTION: Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The Director of Defense Procurement has issued a final rule amending the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) to clarify the use of contract clauses that implement the Buy American Act. The rule applies to acquisitions that use the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clause containing a list of clauses that most commonly apply to simplified acquisitions.

EFFECTIVE DATE: May 7, 1999.

EFFECTIVE DATES: Ms. Amy Williams, Defense Acquisition Regulations Council, PDUSD (A&T) DP (DAR), IMD 3D139, 3062 Defense Pentagon, Washington, DC 20301–3062. Telephone (703) 602–0131; telefax (703) 602–0350. Please cite DFARS Case 98– D031.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### A. Background

This final rule revises DFARS 213.302–5 to clarify that, when using the clause at FAR 52.213–4, Terms and Conditions-Simplified Acquisitions (Other Than Commercial Items), the contracting officer must delete the reference to the clause at FAR 52.225– 3, Buy American Act-Supplies. In accordance with DFARS 225.109(d), the clause at FAR 52.225–3 does not apply to DoD. This rule instead requires the contracting officer to use the appropriate Buy American Act clause prescribed by the DFARS.

This rule was not subject to Office of Management and Budget review under Executive Order 12866, dated September 30, 1993.

### **B. Regulatory Flexibility Act**

This final rule does not constitute a significant revision within the meaning of FAR 1.501 and Public Law 98–577 and publication for public comment is not required. However, comments from small entities concerning the affected DFARS subpart will be considered in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 610. Such comments should cite DFARS Case 98–D031.

## **C. Paperwork Reduction Act**

The Paperwork Reduction Act does not apply because the rule does not impose any information collection requirements that require the approval of the Office of Management and Budget under 44 U.S.C. 3501, *et seq.* 

## List of Subjects in 48 CFR Part 213

Government procurement.

#### Michele P. Peterson,

Executive Editor, Defense Acquisition Regulations Council.

Therefore, 48 CFR Part 213 is amended as follows:

1. The authority citation for 48 CFR Part 213 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 41 U.S.C. 421 and 48 CFR Chapter 1.

### PART 213—SIMPLIFIED ACQUISITION PROCEDURES

2. Section 213.302–5 is revised to read as follows:

#### §213.302-5 Clauses.

(a) Use the clause at 252.243–7001, Pricing of Contract Modifications, in all bilateral purchase orders.

(d) When using the clause at FAR 52.213–4, delete the reference to the clause at FAR 52.225–3, Buy American Act-Supplies. Instead, if the Buy American Act applies to the acquisition, use the clause at—

(i) 252.225–7001, Buy American Act and Balance of Payments Program, as prescribed at 225.109(d); or

(ii) 252.225–7036, Buy American Act-North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act-Balance of Payments Program, as prescribed at 225.408(a)(vi).

[FR Doc. 99–11549 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 5000–04–M

## DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

#### 48 CFR Parts 225 and 252

[DFARS Case 98-D310]

#### Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement; Para-Aramid Fibers and Yarns

**AGENCY:** Department of Defense (DoD). **ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The Director of Defense Procurement has issued a final rule amending the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) to permit the procurement of articles containing para-aramid fibers and yarns manufactured in the Netherlands. This rule finalizes the interim rule that was published in the **Federal Register** on January 15, 1999, to implement Section 807 of the Strom Thurmond National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1999. **EFFECTIVE DATE:** May 7, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms.

Amy Williams, Defense Acquisition Regulations Council, PDUSD (A&T) DP (DAR), IMD 3D139, 3062 Defense Pentagon, Washington, DC 20301–3062. Telephone (703) 602–0131; telefax (703) 602–0350. Please cite DFARS Case 98– D310.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### A. Background

An interim rule with request for comments was published in the Federal Register at 64 FR 2599 on January 15, 1999. The rule implemented Section 807 of the Strom Thurmond National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1999 (Public Law 105-261). Section 807 provides that the Secretary of Defense may waive the foreign source restrictions for para-aramid fibers and varns under certain conditions. The Secretary of Defense delegated this waiver authority to the Under Secretary of Defense (Acquisition and Technology). On February 12, 1999, the Under Secretary of Defense (Acquisition and Technology) issued a determination authorizing the procurement of articles containing para-aramid fibers and yarns manufactured in the Netherlands. Synthetic fabric containing the paraaramid fibers and varns still must be manufactured in the United States.

Three sources submitted comments in response to the interim rule. All comments were considered in the development of the final rule.

This rule was not subject to Office of Management and Budget review under Executive Order 12866, dated September 30, 1993.

### **B. Regulatory Flexibility Act**

DoD certifies that this final rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities within the meaning of the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 601, *et. seq.*, because the only known U.S. manufacturer of para-aramid fibers and yarns is DuPont, which is a large business concern.

#### **C. Paperwork Reduction Act**

The Paperwork Reduction Act does not apply because the rule does not contain any information collection requirements that require the approval of the Office of Management and Budget under 44 U.S.C. 3501, *et seq.* 

## List of Subjects in 48 CFR Parts 225 and 252

Government procurement.

#### Michele P. Peterson,

Executive Editor, Defense Acquisition Regulations Council.

## Interim Rule Adopted as Final With Changes

Accordingly, the interim rule amending 48 CFR Parts 225 and 252, which was published at 64 FR 2599 on January 15, 1999, is adopted as a final rule with the following changes:

1. The authority citation for 48 CFR Parts 225 and 252 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 41 U.S.C. 421 and 48 CFR Chapter 1.

#### PART 225—FOREIGN ACQUISITION

2. Section 225.7002–2 is amended by revising paragraph (j) and removing paragraph (k). The revised text reads as follows:

#### §225.7002-2 Exceptions.

\* \*

(j) Purchases of fibers and yarns that are for use in synthetic fabric or coated synthetic fabric (but not the purchase of the synthetic or coated synthetic fabric itself), if—

(1) The fabric is to be used as a component of an end item that is not a textile product. Examples of textile products, made in whole or in part of fabric, include—

(i) Draperies, floor coverings, furnishings, and bedding (Federal Supply Group 72, Household and Commercial Furnishings and Appliances);

(ii) Items made in whole or in part of fabric in Federal Supply Group 83, Textile/leather/furs/apparel/findings/ tents/flags, or Federal Supply Group 84, Clothing, Individual Equipment and Insignia; (iii) Upholstered seats (whether for household, office, or other use); and(iv) Parachutes (Federal Supply Class 1670); or

(2) The fibers and yarns are paraaramid fibers and yarns manufactured in—

(i) The Netherlands; or (ii) Another qualifying country (see 225.872) if the Under Secretary of Defense (Acquisition and Technology) makes a determination in accordance with section 807 of Pub. L. 105–261 that—

(A) Procuring articles that contain only para-aramid fibers and yarns manufactured from suppliers within the United States or its possessions would result in sole source contracts or subcontracts for the supply of such para-aramid fibers and yarns;

(B) Such sole source contracts or subcontracts would not be in the best interest of the Government or consistent with the objectives of the Competition in Contracting Act (10 U.S.C. 2304); and

(C) The qualifying country permits U.S. firms that manufacture para-aramid fibers and yarns to compete with foreign films for the sale of para-aramid fibers and yarns in that country.

### PART 252—SOLICITATION PROVISIONS AND CONTRACT CLAUSES

3. Section 252.225-7012 is amended by revising the clause date and paragraphs (b)(3) and (b)(4), and by removing paragraph (b)(5). The revised text reads as follows:

## 252.225–7012 Preference for Certain Domestic Commodities.

\* \* \* \* \*

#### Preference for Certain Domestic Commodities (May 1999)

\* \* \* \* (b) \* \* \*

(3) To chemical warfare protective clothing produced in the countries listed in subsection 225.872–1 of the Defense FAR Supplement; or

(4) To fibers and yarns that are for use in synthetic fabric or coated synthetic fabric (but does apply to the synthetic or coated synthetic fabric itself), if—

(i) The fabric is to be used as a component of an end item that is not a textile product. Examples of textile products, made in whole or in part of fabric, include—

(a) Draperies, floor coverings, furnishings, and bedding (Federal Supply Group 72, Household and Commercial Furnishings and Appliances);

(B) Items made in whole or in part of fabric in Federal Supply Group 83, Textile/leather/ furs/apparel/findings/tents/flags, or Federal Supply Group 84, Clothing, Individual Equipment and Insignia;

(C) Upholstered seats (whether for household, office, or other use); and

(D) Parachutes (Federal Supply Class 1670); or (ii) The fibers and yarns are para-aramid

fibers and yarns manufactured in the Netherlands. (End of clause) [FR Doc. 99–11550 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 5000–04–M

#### DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

48 CFR Parts 225 and 252

[DFARS Case 96–D016]

## Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement; Antiterrorism Training

**AGENCY:** Department of Defense (DoD). **ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The Director of Defense Procurement is adopting as final, without change, the interim rule published in the **Federal Register** on June 11, 1998, that amended the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) to add guidance pertaining to DoD antiterrorism/force protection policy. The rule requires DoD contractors and their subcontractors to take appropriate security precautions when performing or traveling outside the United States.

EFFECTIVE DATE: May 7, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Melissa Rider, Defense Acquisition Regulations Council, PDUSD (A&T) DP (DAR), IMD 3D139, 3062 Defense Pentagon, Washington, DC 20301–3062. Telephone (703) 602–0131; telefax (703) 602–0350. Please cite DFARS Case 96– D016.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### A. Background

An interim rule with request for comments was published in the **Federal Register** at 63 FR 31963 on June 11, 1998. The rule added a new DFARS subpart and a new contract clause pertaining to antiterrorism/force protection policy for DoD contracts that require performance or travel outside the United States. No comments were received in response to the interim rule. The interim rule is converted to a final rule without change.

This rule was not subject to Office of Management and Budget review under Executive Order 12866, dated September 30, 1993.

## **B. Regulatory Flexibility Act**

DoD certifies that this final rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities within the meaning of the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 601, *et seq.*, because the rule applies only to contracts that require performance or travel outside the United States, and any costs related to compliance with the rule should be included in the contract price.

# **C. Paperwork Reduction Act**

The Paperwork Reduction Act does not apply because the rule does not contain any information collection requirements that require the approval of the Office of Management and Budget under 44 U.S.C. 3501, *et seq.* 

List of Subjects in 48 CFR Parts 225 and 252

Government procurement.

# Michele P. Peterson,

*Executive Editor, Defense Acquisition Regulations Council.* 

Interim Rule Adopted as Final Without Change.

# PART 225—FOREIGN ACQUISITION, AND PART 252—SOLICITATION PROVISIONS AND CONTRACT CLAUSES

Accordingly, the interim rule amending 48 CFR Parts 225 and 252, which was published at 63 FR 31936 on June 11, 1998, is adopted as a final rule without change.

[FR Doc. 99–11548 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 5000–04–M **Proposed Rules** 

Federal Register Vol. 64, No. 88 Friday, May 7, 1999

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains notices to the public of the proposed issuance of rules and regulations. The purpose of these notices is to give interested persons an opportunity to participate in the rule making prior to the adoption of the final rules.

# NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

10 CFR Parts 1, 2, 7, 9, 50, 51, 52, 60, 62, 72, 75, 76, 100, and 110

RIN 3150-AG07

### Electronic Availability of NRC Public Records and Ending of NRC Local Public Document Room Program

AGENCY: Nuclear Regulatory Commission. ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) is proposing amendments to its regulations that would reflect a change in the way its records are made available to the public. The amendments are intended to reflect the NRC's decision to implement a new document management system that would permit the electronic storage, retrieval, and on-line ordering of publicly available NRC official records through the NRC Web site. DATES: Submit comments by June 21, 1999. Comments received after this date will be considered if it is practical to do so, but assurance of consideration cannot be given except as to comments received on or before this date. ADDRESSES: Submit comments to: Secretary, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555. Attention: Rulemaking and Adjudications staff.

Deliver comments to 11555 Rockville Pike, Rockville, Maryland, between 7:30 am and 4:15 pm on Federal workdays.

You may also provide comments via the NRC's interactive rulemaking web site through the NRC home page (http://www.nrc.gov). This site provides the capability to upload comments as files (any format), if your web browser supports that function. For information about the interactive rulemaking web site, contact Ms. Carol Gallagher, (301) 415–5905 (email: CAG@nrc.gov).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Russell A. Powell, Chief, Information Services Branch, Information

Management Division, Office of the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20555–0001, telephone (301) 415– 6527, email: RAP1@nrc.gov. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Nuclear Regulatory Commission is proposing to amend its regulations to reflect the use of a new electronic record keeping system for NRC records. The NRC is establishing the Agencywide **Documents Access and Management** System (ADAMS) to provide for the electronic submission, storage, and retrieval of NRC official records. When ADAMS becomes operational, any NRC official records that are normally publicly available under the Commission's regulations will be available electronically through ADAMS. The regulations governing which records are publicly available will be unaffected by this proposed rule. Publicly available records will be accessible electronically from the ADAMS Public Library component on the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, (the Electronic Reading Room).

When ADAMS becomes operational, NRC intends to discontinue furnishing paper and microfiche copies of its publicly available records to the NRC Public Document Room (PDR), located in Washington, D.C., and the Local Public Document Rooms (LPDRs), located near nuclear power plants and other nuclear facilities. Under ADAMS, NRC would initially begin making available electronically through the Electronic Reading Room on the NRC Internet Web site, imaged copies of its newly received and created publicly available official records that are in paper form. However, ultimately, NRC's newly created official records will all be stored in ADAMS only in electronic form, and NRC will maintain only its pre-ADAMS records as paper copies. Because of budget constraints and the improved access to newly received and created records via the NRC Web site under ADAMS, the Commission decided to discontinue funding of the LPDR program beyond Fiscal Year 1999.

Although the Commission has already made a decision to eliminate the LPDRs because of the future electronic availability of these records, the Commission is soliciting comment through this proposed rule to clarify any questions regarding the time and process for the electronic availability of records and to identify any potential unique situations where the electronic availability of records may not provide adequate records availability.

The NRC currently maintains 86 LPDRs in the vicinity of nuclear reactor and materials licensees: 72 support power reactors; 2 support gaseous diffusion plants; 3 support high-level waste repositories; and the remaining 9 support fuel-cycle, low-level waste, and other facilities. A survey of the facilities where LPDRs are currently located revealed that all but six now provide, or will provide Internet access to its patrons by the end of 1999. Additionally, although NRC plans to discontinue the LPDR program, it plans to offer each of the current LPDR libraries the opportunity to keep their current LPDR document collections so the pre-ADAMS LPDR collections can continue to be available in the local communities. The decision to accept this offer to transfer ownership of these collections and the length of time they will be maintained will be at the sole discretion of each library.

ADAMS will provide the following added benefits that should preclude or minimize any public concerns regarding the impact from discontinuing the LPDR program:

1. ADAMS Internet access will provide access to new records in full text and image.

2. ADAMS will provide an improved electronic search capability. Under the existing system, only the bibliographic indexes and abstracts for most records are available from the online BRS and NUDOCS.

3. Some new records will be available to the public within days instead of the two weeks or longer it now takes for LPDRs to receive microfiche or paper copies of new accessions.

4. Internet public access to the NRC Web site will provide direct access to a much broader range of the public than just to those who, because of their close proximity, have access to the PDR and LPDRs.

The NRC PDR would still keep pre-ADAMS paper and microfiche records on site and available to the public for viewing and copying. The PDR would also have computer terminals available for the public to access new documents on the NRC Web site. The public would still be able to obtain paper copies of new electronic records by printing them from the NRC Internet Web site, by ordering them for a fee from the PDR directly from the NRC Web site, or by using current ordering methods. The current methods are: in-person at the PDR, mail, e-mail, fax or by calling the PDR Reference Services on the toll-free 800 telephone number. Bibliographic descriptions of documents currently identified in the PDR's Bibliographic Retrieval System (BRS) and in NUDOCS will be posted on the NRC Web site. This would also allow the public to order copies of pre-ADAMS paper and microfiche records. The public would also have access to the NRC Web site from any computer with Internet access, and would be able to download the records to the computer they are using for printing or other supported functions.

Because records would be released electronically to the public rather than in paper or microfiche, this rule would amend the regulations in 10 CFR parts 1, 2, 7, 9, 50, 51, 52, 60, 62, 72, 75, 76, 100, and 110 to reflect the manner in which these records would be made publicly available.

To reflect the anticipated discontinuance of NRC support of libraries serving as LPDRs, references to NRC LPDRs would be deleted in 10 CFR 2.1231 (a)(1)(ii), and (b); 9.35 (b) and (e); 50.30(a)(5); part 50, appendix Q, section 4; 51.120; part 52, appendix O, section 5; part 52, appendix Q, section 4, and 76.37(a).

In addition, several other minor conforming changes would be made. The definition of the PDR in 10 CFR 2.4, 60.2, and 110.2 is now in a new paragraph and would be revised to reflect that records newly created or received since the implementation of ADAMS that are publicly available are now available in the PDR in electronic form for inspection and copying, and that copies can be ordered from the PDR. A new paragraph would define the NRC Web site as the Internet location where NRC records are made available for public inspection and copying and that the public can also order copies of documents from the PDR through the NRC Web site.

Section 9.2(a) would be revised to delete the reference to the availability of records on 48x microfiche through the National Technical Information Service (NTIS). When NRC begins making its records available from the NRC Web site, microfiche copies will no longer be produced. The address for the NTIS and a statement that certain listed documents can be ordered from the NTIS would be added to § 9.21(a). Section 9.21(d) would be deleted because the publication Title List of Documents Made Publicly Available, NUREG-0540, will no longer be published. Section 9.21(e) would be revised to show that only the published versions of final opinions and orders, referred to in § 9.2(c)(1), are available from the NTIS in the publication, Nuclear Regulatory Issuances (NUREG-0750). The reference to interpretations in § 9.21(c)(2) would be deleted because they are not available from NTIS.

Section 9.23(a)(2) would be deleted because it repeats information included in the revised § 9.21(a). Section 51.123 (a) and (b) would be revised to reflect the correct address where requests for draft environmental impact statements and draft findings of no significant hazard can be submitted.

Changes would be made in several sections to reflect the correct name of the NRC PDR. In addition, several misspelling corrections would be made.

# **Plain Language**

The Presidential Memorandum dated June 1, 1998, entitled, "Plain Language in Government Writing," directed that the Federal government's writing be in plain language. The NRC requests comments on this proposed rule specifically with respect to the clarity and effectiveness of the language used. Comments should be sent to the address listed above.

# Environmental Impact—Categorical Exclusion

The NRC has determined that this proposed rule is the type of action described in categorical exclusion 10 CFR 51.22(c) (1) and (2). Therefore, neither an environmental impact statement nor an environmental assessment has been prepared for this proposed rule.

# **Paperwork Reduction Act Statement**

This proposed rule does not contain a new or amended information collection requirement subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.). Existing requirements were approved by the Office of Management and Budget, approval numbers 3150–0043, 3150– 0011, 3150–0021, 3150–0151, 3150– 0127, 3150–0143, 3150–0132, 3150– 0055, 3150–0093, and 3150–0036.

### **Public Protection Notification**

If a means used to impose an information collection does not display a currently valid OMB control number, the NRC may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, the information collection.

#### **Regulatory Analysis**

This proposed rule implements a new NRC procedure for making records available for public inspection and copying. The rule would not have any adverse economic impact on any class of licensee or the NRC. To the contrary, the proposed rule with its new provisions allowing Internet access from homes, offices, schools, and public libraries to NRC publicly released records would provide some new and additional benefits to those seeking access to NRC records. A survey of the facilities where LPDRs are currently located revealed that all but six now provide, or will provide Internet access to its patrons by the end of 1999. Additionally, although NRC plans to discontinue the LPDR program, it plans to offer each of the current LPDR libraries the opportunity to keep their current LPDR document collections so the pre-ADAMS LPDR collections can continue to be available in the local communities. This constitutes the regulatory analysis for this rule.

# **Regulatory Flexibility Certification**

As required by the Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980, 5 U.S.C. 605(b), the Commission certifies that this rule, if adopted, will not have a significant economic impact upon a substantial number of small entities. The proposed rule would implement a new procedure for making records available to the public. The NRC believes that the proposed changes would not have an adverse economic impact on any class of licensee, including small entities, or the general public. On the contrary, the NRC believes that the proposed rule would provide wider opportunities and make it easier for interested persons to obtain or review publicly available NRC records.

Any small entity subject to this regulation that determines, because of its size, it is likely to bear a disproportionate adverse economic impact should notify the Commission of this in a comment that indicates—

(a) The licensee's size and how the proposed regulation would result in a significant economic burden upon the licensee as compared to the economic burden on a larger licensee;

(b) How the proposed regulations could be modified to take into account the licensee's differing needs or capabilities;

(c) The benefits that would accrue, or the detriments that would be avoided, if the proposed regulations were modified as suggested by the licensee; and

(d) How the proposed regulation, as modified, would more closely equalize the impact of NRC regulations or create more equal access to the benefits of Federal programs as opposed to providing special advantages to any individual or group.

#### **Backfit Analysis**

The NRC has determined that the backfit rule does not apply to this proposed rule; and therefore, a backfit analysis is not required for this proposed rule because these amendments do not involve any provisions that would impose backfits as defined in 10 CFR Chapter I.

#### List of Subjects

#### 10 CFR Part 1

Organization and functions (Government Agencies).

### 10 CFR Part 2

Administrative practice and procedure, Antitrust, Byproduct material, Classified Information, Environmental protection, Nuclear materials, Nuclear power plants and reactors, Penalties, Sex discrimination, Source material, Special nuclear material, Waste treatment and disposal.

# 10 CFR Part 7

Advisory committees, Sunshine Act.

#### 10 CFR Part 9

Criminal Penalties, Freedom of Information, Privacy, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Sunshine Act.

### 10 CFR Part 50

Antitrust, Classified information, Criminal penalties, Fire protection, Intergovernmental relations, Nuclear power plants and reactors, Radiation protection, Reactor siting criteria, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

# 10 CFR Part 51

Administrative practice and procedure, Environmental impact statement, Nuclear materials, Nuclear power plants and reactors, Radiation protection, Reactor siting criteria, Reporting and records.

# 10 CFR Part 52

Administrative practice and procedure, Antitrust, Backfitting, Combined license, Early site review, Emergency planning, Fees, Inspection, Limited Work Authorization, Nuclear power plants and reactors, Probabilistic risk assessment, Prototype, Reactor siting criteria, Redress of site, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Standard design, Standard design certification.

#### 10 CFR Part 60

Criminal penalties, High-level waste, Nuclear power plants and reactors, Nuclear materials, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Waste treatment and disposal.

# 10 CFR Part 62

Administrative practice and procedure, Denial of access, Emergency access to low-level waste disposal, Lowlevel radioactive waste, Low-level radioactive treatment and disposal, Low-level waste policy amendments act of 1985, Nuclear materials, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

# 10 CFR Part 72

Intergovernmental relations, Manpower training programs, Nuclear materials, Nuclear power plants and reactors, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Security measures.

# 10 CFR Part 75

Criminal penalties, Intergovernmental relations, Nuclear materials, Nuclear power plants and reactors, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Security measures.

# 10 CFR Part 76

Certification, Criminal penalties, Radiation protection, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Security measures, Special nuclear material, Uranium enrichment by gaseous diffusion.

#### 10 CFR Part 100

Nuclear power plants and reactors, Reactor siting criteria.

#### 10 CFR Part 110

ministrative practice and procedure, Classified Information, Criminal penalties, Export, Import, Intergovernmental relations, Nuclear materials, Nuclear power plants and reactors, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Scientific equipment.

For the reasons set out in the preamble and under the authority of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended; the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974, as amended; and 5 U.S.C. 553; the NRC is proposing to adopt the following amendments to 10 CFR parts 1, 2, 7, 9, 50, 51, 52, 60, 62, 72, 75, 76, 100 and 110.

# PART 1—STATEMENT OF ORGANIZATION AND GENERAL INFORMATION:

1. The authority citation for part 1 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 23, 161, 68 Stat. 925, 948, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2033, 2201); sec. 29, Pub. L. 85–256, 71 Stat. 579, Pub. L. 95–209, 91 Stat. 1483 (42 U.S.C. 2039); sec. 191, Pub. L. 87–615, 76 Stat. 409 (42 U.S.C. 2241); secs. 201, 203, 204, 205, 209, 88 Stat. 1242, 1244, 1245, 1246, 1248, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5841, 5843, 5844, 5845, 5849); 5 U.S.C. 552, 553; Reorganization Plan No. 1 of 1980, 45 FR 40561, June 16, 1980.

2. In § 1.3, paragraph (a) is revised to read as follows:

#### §1.3 Sources of additional information.

(a) A statement of the NRC's organization, policies, procedures, assignments of responsibility, and delegations of authority is in the Nuclear Regulatory Commission Management Directives System and other NRC issuances, including local directives issued by Regional Offices. Letters and memoranda containing directives, delegations of authority and the like are also issued from time to time and may not yet be incorporated into the Management Directives System, parts of which are revised as necessary. Copies of the Management Directives System and other delegations of authority are available for public inspection and copying for a fee at the NRC Public Document Room, 2120 L Street, NW., Washington, DC, and at each of NRC's Regional Offices. Information may also be obtained from the Office of Public Affairs or from Public Affairs Officers at the Regional Offices. In addition, NRC Functional Organization Charts, NUREG-0325, contains detailed descriptions of the functional responsibilities of NRC's offices. It is revised annually and is available for public inspection at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, and/ or at the NRC Public Document Room, or for purchase from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, P.O. Box 37082, Washington, D.C. 20013-7082; and from the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, VA 22161.

\* \*

# PART 2—RULES OF PRACTICE FOR DOMESTIC LICENSING PROCEEDINGS AND ISSUANCE OF ORDERS

3. The authority citation for part 2 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** Secs. 161, 181, 68 Stat. 948, 953, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2201, 2231); sec

191, as amended, Pub. L. 87–615, 76 Stat. 409 (42 U.S.C. 2241); sec. 201, 88 Stat. 1242, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5841); 5 U.S.C. 552.

Section 2.101 also issued under secs. 53, 62, 63, 81, 103, 104, 105, 68 Stat. 930, 932, 933, 935, 936, 937, 938, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2073, 2092, 2093, 2111, 2133, 2134, 2135); sec. 114(f), Pub. L. 97-425, 96 Stat. 2213, as amended (42 U.S.C. 10143(f)). sec. 102, Pub. L. 91-190, 83 Stat. 853, as amended (42 U.S.C. 4332); sec. 301, 88 Stat. 1248 (42 U.S.C. 5871). Sections 2.102, 2.103, 2.104, 2.105, 2.721 also issued under secs. 102, 103 104, 105, 183i, 189, 68 Stat. 936, 937, 938, 954, 955, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2233, 2239). Section 2.105 also issued under Pub. L. 97-415, 96 Stat. 2073 (42 U.S.C. 2239). Sections 2.200-2.206 also issued under secs. 161 b, i, o, 182, 186, 234, 68 Stat. 948-951, 955, 83 Stat. 444, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2201(b), (i), (o), 2236, 2282); sec. 206, 88 Stat. 1246 (42 U.S.C. 5846). Sections 2.205(j) also issued under Pub. L. 101-410, 104 Štat. 90, as amended by section 3100(s), Pub. L. 104-134, 110 Stat. 1321-373 (28 U.S.C. 2461 note). Sections 2.600-2.606 also issued under sec. 102, Pub. L. 91–190, 83 Stat. 853, as amended (42 U.S.C. 4332). Sections 2.700a, 2.719 also issued under 5 U.S.C. 554. Sections 2.754, 2.760, 2.770, 2.780 also issued under 5 U.S.C. 557. Section 2.764 also issued under secs. 135, 141, Pub. L. 97-425, 96 Stat. 2232, 2241 (42 U.S.C. 10155,10161). Section 2.790 also issued under sec. 103, 68 Stat. 936, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2133) and 5 U.S.C. 552. Sections 2.800 and 2.808 also issued under 5 U.S.C. 553. Section 2.809 also issued under 5 U.S.C. 553 and sec. 29, Pub. L. 85-256, 71 Stat. 579, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2039). Subpart K also issued under sec. 189, 68 Stat. 955 (42 U.S.C. 2239). Sec. 134, Pub. L. 97-425, 96 Stat. 2230 (42 U.S.C. 10154). Subpart L also issued under sec. 189, 68 Stat. 955 (42 U.S.C. 2239). Subpart M also issued under sec. 184 (42 U.S.C. 2234) and sec. 189, 68 Stat. 955 (42 U.S.C. 2239). Appendix A also issued under sec. 6, Pub. L. 91-560, 84 Stat. 1473 (42 U.S.C. 2135).

4. Section 2.4 is amended by adding the definition of *NRC Public Document Room* and *NRC Web site* to read as follows:

# §2.4 Definitions.

\*

\*

NRC Public Document Room means the facility at 2120 L Street, NW., Washington, D.C. where certain public records of the NRC that were made available for public inspection in paper or microfiche prior to the implementation of the NRC Agencywide Documents Access and Management System, commonly referred to as ADAMS, will remain available for public inspection. It is also the place where NRC makes computer terminals available to access the Electronic Reading Room component of ADAMS on the NRC Web site, http:// www.nrc.gov, and where copies can be made or ordered as set forth in §9.35of

this chapter. The facility is staffed with reference librarians to assist the public in identifying and locating documents and in using the NRC Web site and ADAMS. The NRC Public Document Room is open from 7:45 am to 4:15 pm, Monday through Friday, except on Federal holidays. Reference service and access to documents may also be requested by telephone (202-634-3273 or 800-397-4209) between 8:30 am and 4:15 pm, or by e-mail (PDR@nrc.gov), fax (202-634-3343), or letter (NRC Public Document Room, LL-6, Washington, DC 20555-0001). \* \* \*

*NRC Web site*, http://www.nrc.gov, is the Internet uniform resource locator name for the Internet address of the Web site where NRC will ordinarily make available its public records for inspection.

\* \* \* \* \*

5. In §2.101, paragraph (a)(2) is revised to read as follows:

#### §2.101 Filing of application.

(a) \* \* \*

(2) Each application for a license for a facility or for receipt of waste radioactive material from other persons for the purpose of commercial disposal by the waste disposal licensee will be assigned a docket number. However, to allow a determination as to whether an application for a construction permit or operating license for a production or utilization facility is complete and acceptable for docketing, it will be initially treated as a tendered application. A copy of the tendered application will be available for public inspection at the NRC Web site, http:// /www.nrc.gov, and/or at the NRC Public Document Room. Generally, the determination on acceptability for docketing will be made within a period of thirty (30) days. However, in selected construction permit applications, the Commission may decide to determine acceptability on the basis of the technical adequacy of the application as well as its completeness. In these cases, the Commission, pursuant to §2.104(a), will direct that the notice of hearing be issued as soon as practicable after the application has been tendered, and the determination of acceptability will be made generally within a period of sixty (60) days. For docketing and other requirements for applications pursuant to part 61 of this chapter, see paragraph (g) of this section.

6. In §2.110, paragraph (c) is revised to read as follows:

§2.110 Filing and administrative action on submittals for design review or early site review of site-suitability issues.

\*

\*

\*

(c) Upon completion of review by the NRC staff and the ACRS of a submittal of the type described in paragraph (a)(1) of this section, the Director of the Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation shall publish in the **Federal Register** a determination as to whether or not the design is acceptable, subject to conditions as may be appropriate, and shall make available at the NRC Web site, *http://www.nrc.gov*, a report that analyzes the design.

7. In §2.206, paragraph (a) is revised to read as follows:

# § 2.206 Requests for action under this subpart.

(a) Any person may file a request to institute a proceeding pursuant to § 2.202 to modify, suspend, or revoke a license, or for any other action as may be proper. Requests must be addressed to the Executive Director for Operations and must be filed either by delivery to the NRC Public Document Room at 2120 L Street, NW, Washington, DC., or by mail or telegram addressed to the Executive Director for Operations, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC. 20555-0001. The request must specify the action requested and set forth the facts that constitute the basis for the request. The Executive Director for Operations will refer the request to the Director of the NRC office with responsibility for the subject matter of the request for appropriate action in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section.

8. In §2.701, paragraph (a)(1) is revised to read as follows:

\*

#### §2.701 Filing of documents.

- \* \*
- (a) \* \* \*

(1) By delivery to the NRC Public Document Room at 2120 L Street, NW., Washington, DC, or

9. In §2.740, paragraph (b) (1) is revised to read as follows:

§2.740 General provisions governing discovery.

\*

- \* \* \* \*
- (b) \* \* \*

(1) *In general.* Parties may obtain discovery regarding any matter, not privileged, which is relevant to the subject matter involved in the proceeding, whether it relates to the claim or defense of any other party,

including the existence, description, nature, custody, condition, and location of any books, documents, or other tangible things and the identity and location of persons having knowledge of any discoverable matter. When any book, document or other tangible thing sought is reasonably available from another source, such as at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, and/or the NRC Public Document Room, sufficient response to an interrogatory involving such materials would be the location, the title and a page reference to the relevant book, document or tangible thing. In a proceeding on an application for a construction permit or an operating license for a production or utilization facility, discovery begins only after the prehearing conference provided for in § 2.751a and relates only to those matters in controversy which have been identified by the Commission or the presiding officer in the prehearing order entered at the conclusion of that prehearing conference. In such a proceeding, no discovery may take place after the beginning of the prehearing conference held pursuant to §2.752 except upon leave of the presiding officer upon good cause shown. It is not ground for objection that the information sought will be inadmissible at the hearing if the information sought appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.

10. In §2.750, paragraph (a) is revised to read as follows:

#### §2.750 Official reporter; transcript.

(a) A hearing will be reported under the supervision of the presiding officer, stenographically or by other means, by an official reporter who may be designated by the Commission or may be a regular employee of the Commission. The transcript prepared by the reporter is the sole official transcript of the proceeding. Except as limited pursuant to section 181 of the Act or order of the Commission, the transcript will be available for inspection at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, and/ or at the NRC Public Document Room. Copies of transcripts are available to parties and to the public from the official reporter on payment of the specified charges.

\* \* \* \*

11. In § 2.790, the introductory text of paragraph (a) and paragraph (c) are revised to read as follows:

# §2.790 Public inspections, exemptions, requests for withholding.

(a) Subject to the provisions of paragraphs (b), (d), and (e) of this section, final NRC records and

documents, including but not limited to correspondence to and from the NRC regarding the issuance, denial, amendment, transfer, renewal, modification, suspension, revocation, or violation of a license, permit, or order, or regarding a rulemaking proceeding subject to this part shall not, in the absence of a compelling reason for nondisclosure after a balancing of the interests of the person or agency urging nondisclosure and the public interest in disclosure, be exempt from disclosure and will be made available for inspection and copying at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, and/or at the NRC Public Document Room, except for matters that are:

(c) If a request for withholding pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section is denied, the Commission will notify an applicant for withholding of the denial with a statement of reasons. The notice of denial will specify a time, not less than thirty (30) days after the date of the notice, when the document will be available at the NRC Web site, *http://www.nrc.gov.* If, within the time specified in the notice, the applicant requests withdrawal of the document, the document will not be available at the NRC Web site, *http://www.nrc.gov*, and will be returned to the applicant: Provided, that

\*

\*

returned to the applicant: Provided, that information submitted in a rule making proceeding which subsequently forms the basis for the final rule will not be withheld from public disclosure by the Commission and will not be returned to the applicant after denial of any application for withholding submitted in connection with that information. If a request for withholding pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section is granted, the Commission will notify the applicant of its determination to withhold the information from public disclosure.

12. In §2.802, paragraphs (e) and (g) are revised to read as follows:

#### §2.802 Petition for rulemaking.

\* \* \*

\*

(e) If it is determined that the petition includes the information required by paragraph (c) of this section and is complete, the Director, Division of Administrative Services, Office of Administration, or designee, will assign a docket number to the petition, will cause the petition to be formally docketed, and will make a copy of the docketed petition available at the NRC Web site, *http://www.nrc.gov.* Public comment may be requested by publication of a notice of the docketing of the petition in the **Federal Register**, or, in appropriate cases, may be invited for the first time upon publication in the **Federal Register** of a proposed rule developed in response to the petition. Publication will be limited by the requirements of section 181 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and may be limited by order of the Commission.

\* \*

(g) The Director, Division of Administrative Services, Office of Administration, will prepare on a semiannual basis a summary of petitions for rulemaking before the Commission, including the status of each petition. A copy of the report will be available for public inspection and copying at the NRC Web site, *http:// www.nrc.gov*, and/or at the NRC Public Document Room.

13. In § 2.804, paragraph (b)(2) is revised to read as follows:

§2.804 Notice of proposed rulemaking.

\* \* (b) \* \* \*

(2) The manner and time within which interested members of the public may comment, and a statement that copies of comments may be examined will be made available at the NRC Web site, *http://www.nrc.gov*; \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

14. In §2.809, paragraph (a) is revised to read as follows:

# §2.809 Participation by the Advisory Committee on Reactor Safeguards.

(a) In its advisory capacity to the Commission, the ACRS may recommend that the Commission initiate rulemaking in a particular area. The Commission will respond to such rulemaking recommendation in writing within 90 days, noting its intent to implement, study, or defer action on the recommendation. In the event the Commission decides not to accept or decides to defer action on the recommendation, it will give its reasons for doing so. Both the ACRS recommendation and the Commission's response will be made available at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, following transmittal of the Commission's response to the ACRS. \* \*

15. In § 2.1007, paragraph (a)(3) is removed and reserved and paragraph (a)(2) is revised to read as follows:

### §2.1007 Access.

(a) \* \* \*

(2) A system to provide electronic access to the Licensing Support

Network shall be provided at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, and/or at the NRC Public Document Room beginning in the pre-license application phase.

(3) [Reserved].

\* \*

16. In  $\S2.1231$ , paragraphs (a)(1)(ii), (a)(2), and (b) are revised to read as follows:

#### §2.1231 Hearing file; prohibition on discovery.

- (a) \* \* \*
- (1) \* \* \*

(ii) Making the file available at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov.

(2) The hearing file also must be made available for public inspection and copying at the NRC Web site, http:// www.nrc.gov, and/or at the NRC Public Document Room.

(b) The hearing file will consist of the application and any amendment thereto, any NRC environmental impact statement or assessment relating to the application, and any NRC report and any correspondence between the applicant and the NRC that is relevant to the application. Hearing file documents already available at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, and/or at the NRC Public Document Room when the hearing request is granted may be incorporated into the hearing file at those locations by a reference indicating where at those locations the documents can be found. The presiding officer shall rule upon any issue regarding the appropriate materials for the hearing file.

\* \*

17. In §2.1301, paragraphs (a) and (c) are revised to read as follows:

### §2.1301 Public notice of receipt of a license transfer application.

(a) The Commission will notice the receipt of each application for direct or indirect transfer of a specific NRC license by placing a copy of the application at the NRC Web site, http:// /www.nrc.gov.

(c) Periodic lists of applications received may be obtained upon request addressed to the NRC Public Document Room, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001.

18. In §2.1303, the section heading and the introductory paragraph are revised to read as follows:

#### §2.1303 Availability of documents.

Unless exempt from disclosure under part 9 of this chapter, the following

documents pertaining to each application for a license transfer requiring Commission approval will be placed at the NRC Web site, http:// www.nrc.gov, when available: \* \* \*

19. In §2.1306, paragraph (c)(2) is revised to read as follows:

### §2.1306 Hearing request or intervention petition.

\* \* \* \* (c) \* \* \*

(2) 45 days after notice of receipt is placed at the NRC Web site, http:// www.nrc.gov, for all other applications;

or \* \* \* 20. In §2.1330, paragraph (b) is

revised to read as follows:

#### §2.1330 Reporter and transcript for an oral hearing.

(b) Except for any portions that must be protected from disclosure in accordance with law and policy as reflected in 10 CFR 2.790, transcripts will be placed at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, and copies may be purchased from the Secretary, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001. \* \* \*

# PART 7—ADVISORY COMMITTEES

21. The authority citation for part 7 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Sec. 161, 68 Stat. 948, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2201); sec. 201, 88 Stat. 1242, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5841); Pub. L. 92-463, 86 Stat. 770 (5 U.S.C. App.).

22. In §7.10, paragraph (b)(6) is revised to read as follows:

### §7.10 The NRC Advisory Committee Management Officer.

- \* \* \*
- (b) \* \* \*

\*

\*

(6) Ensure that, subject to the Freedom of Information Act and NRC's Freedom of Information Act regulations at 10 CFR part 9, subpart A, copies of the records, reports, transcript minutes, appendices, working papers, drafts, studies, agenda, or other documents that were made available to or prepared for or by each NRC advisory committee are available for public inspection and copying at the NRC Web site http:// www.nrc.gov, and/or at the NRC Public Document Room, until the advisory committee ceases to exist.

\* 23. In §7.11, paragraph (d)(5) is revised to read as follows:

§7.11 The Designated Federal Officer. \*

\* \*

(d) \* \* \*

\*

(5) Make copies of committee documents required to be maintained for public inspection and copying pursuant to  $\S7.14(b)$  available at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, and/ or at the NRC Public Document Room.

24. Section 7.14 is revised to read as follows:

#### §7.14 Public information on advisory committees.

(a) The Nuclear Regulatory Commission shall maintain systematic information on the nature, functions, and operations of each NRC advisory committee. A complete set of the charters of NRC advisory committees and copies of the annual reports required by §7.17(a) will be maintained for public inspection at either the NRC Web site, *http://www.nrc.gov;* and/or at the NRC Public Document Room.

(b) Subject to the provisions of the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and NRC's Freedom of Information Act regulations at 10 CFR part 9, subpart A, copies of NRC advisory committees' records, reports, transcripts, minutes, appendices, working papers, drafts, studies, agenda, and other documents shall be maintained for public inspection and copying at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov; and/or at the NRC Public Document Room.

25. In §7.17, paragraphs (a) and (b) are revised to read as follows:

#### §7.17 Reports required for advisory committees.

(a) The Commission shall furnish a report on the activities of NRC advisory committees annually to the Administrator and the GSA Secretariat on a fiscal year basis. The report must contain information regarding NRC advisory committees required by section 6(c) of the Act for the President's annual report to the Congress and be consistent with instructions provided by the GSA Secretariat. A copy of the report is made available at the NRC Web site. http:// www.nrc.gov, and/or at the NRC Public Document Room.

(b) Any NRC advisory committee holding closed meetings shall issue a report, at least annually, setting forth a summary of its activities consistent with the policy of the Government in the Sunshine Act (5 U.S.C. 552b), as implemented by 10 CFR 9.104. A copy of the report is made available at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, and/ or at the NRC Public Document Room.

\* \* \* \* \*

# PART 9—PUBLIC RECORDS

26. The authority citation for part 9 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Sec. 161, 68 Stat. 948, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2201); sec. 201, 88 Stat. 1242, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5841).

Subpart A is also issued under 5 U.S.C. 552; 31 U.S.C. 9701; Pub. L. 99-570. Subpart B is also issued under 5 U.S.C. 552a. Subpart C is also issued under 5 U.S.C. 552b.

27. Section 9.21 is revised to read as follows:

#### §9.21 Publicly available records.

(a) Single copies of NRC publications in the NUREG series, NRC Regulatory Guides, and Standard Review Plans can be ordered from the National Technical Information Service, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, Virginia, 22161.

(b) For the convenience of persons who may wish to inspect without charge, or purchase copies of a record or a limited category of records for a fee, publicly available records of the NRC's activities described in paragraph (c) of this section are also made available at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, and/or at the NRC Public Document Room located at 2120 L Street, NW, Washington, DC, open between 7:45 am and 4:15 pm on Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

(c) The following records of NRC activities are available for public inspection and copying:

(1) Final opinions including concurring and dissenting opinions as well as orders of the NRC issued as a result of adjudication of cases;

(2) Statements of policy and interpretations that have been adopted by the NRC and have not been published in the Federal Register;

(3) Nuclear Regulatory Commission rules and regulations;

(4) Nuclear Regulatory Commission Manuals and instructions to NRC personnel that affect any member of the public;

(5) Copies of records that have been released to a person under the Freedom of Information Act that, because of the nature of their subject matter, the NRC determines have become or are likely to become the subject of subsequent requests for substantially the same records.

(6) A general index of the records released under the FOIA.

(d) The published versions of the records made publicly available under paragraph (c)(1) of this section are available under the title, Nuclear Regulatory Issuances, NUREG-0750, for purchase through the National Technical Information Service.

28. In § 9.23, paragraph (a)(2) is removed and reserved and paragraphs (a)(1), (c), (d)(2), and (e) are revised to read as follows:

#### § 9.23 Requests for records.

(a)(1) A person may request access to records routinely made available by the NRC under §9.21 in person or by telephone, e-mail, fax, or U.S. mail from the NRC Public Document Room, 2120 L Street, NW, Washington, DC 20555-0001.

(i) Each record requested must be described in sufficient detail to enable the NRC Public Document Room staff to locate the record.

(ii) In order to obtain copies of records expeditiously, a person may open an account at the NRC Public Document Room with the private contracting firm that is responsible for duplicating NRC records.

(2) [Reserved]

(c) If a requested agency record that has been reasonably described is located at a place other than at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, the NRC Public Document Room, or the NRC headquarters, the NRC may, at its discretion, make the record available for inspection and copying at either of the locations.

(d) \* \* \*

(2) If the requested record has been placed on the NRC Internet Web site, under § 9.21, the NRC may inform the requester that the record is available at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, and/or at the NRC Public Document Room, and that the record may be obtained in accordance with the procedures set forth in paragraph (a) of this section.

(e) The Freedom of Information Act and Privacy Act Officer will promptly forward a Freedom of Information Act request made under paragraph (b) of this section for an agency record to the head of the office(s) primarily concerned with the records requested, as appropriate. The responsible office will conduct a search for the agency records responsive to the request and compile those agency records to be reviewed for initial disclosure determination and/or identify those that have already been made publicly available at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, and/or at the NRC Public Document Room.

29. In §9.35, paragraph (e) is removed, paragraphs (a)(2), (a)(5) and (b), introductory text, are revised to read as follows:

#### §9.35 Duplication fees.

(a) \* \* \*

(2) Self-service duplicating machines are available at the NRC Public Document Room for the use of the public. Paper to paper copy is \$0.08 per page. Microfiche to paper is \$0.10 per page on the reader printers.

(5) Any change in the costs specified in this section will become effective immediately pending completion of the final rulemaking that amends this section to reflect the new charges. The Commission will post the charges that will be in effect for the interim period at the NRC Public Document Room. The Commission will publish a final rule in the Federal Register that includes the new charges within 15 working days from the beginning of the interim period.

(b) The NRC will assess the following charges for copies of records to be duplicated by the NRC at locations other than the NRC Public Document Room located in Washington, DC.:

30. In §9.45 paragraph (b) is revised to read as follows:

\*

\*

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\*

#### §9.45 Annual reports to the Attorney General of the United States.

(b) The NRC will make a copy of the most recent report available to the public at the NRC Web site, http:// www.nrc.gov.

31. In §9.105, paragraph (b) is revised to read as follows:

#### §9.105 Commission procedures. \*

\*

(b) Within one day of any vote taken pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, §9.106(a), or §9.108(c), the Secretary shall make publicly available at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, a written copy of such vote reflecting the vote of each member on the question. If a portion of a meeting is to be closed to the public, the Secretary shall, within one day of the vote taken pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section or \$9.106(a), make publicly available at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, a full written explanation of its action closing the portion together with a list of all persons expected to attend the meeting and their affiliation.

32. In §9.107, paragraph (d)(1) is revised to read as follows:

§9.107 Public announcement of Commission meetings.

\* \* \* (d) \* \* \*:

(1) Publicly posting a copy of the document at the NRC Web site, *http://www.nrc.gov,;* and, to the extent appropriate under the circumstances;

33. In § 9.108, paragraph (b) is revised to read as follows:

# §9.108 Certification, transcripts, recordings and minutes.

\* \* \* \*

(b) The Commission shall make promptly available to the public at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, the transcript, electronic recording, or minutes (as required by paragraph (a) of this section) of the discussion of any item on the agenda, or of any item of the testimony of any witness received at the meeting, except for such item or items of such discussion or testimony as the Commission determines pursuant to paragraph (c) of this section to contain information which may be withheld under § 9.104 or § 9.105(c). Copies of such transcript, or minutes, or a transcription of such recording disclosing the identity of each speaker, shall be furnished to any person upon payment of the actual cost of duplication or transcription as provided in §9.14. The Secretary shall maintain a complete verbatim copy of the transcript, a complete copy of the minutes, or a complete electronic recording of each meeting, or portion of a meeting, closed to the public, for a period of at least two years after such meeting, or until one year after the conclusion of any Commission proceeding with respect to which the meeting or portion was held, whichever occurs later. \*

PART 50—DOMESTIC LICENSING OF PRODUCTION AND UTILIZATION FACILITIES

34. The authority citation for part 50 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 102, 103, 104, 105, 161, 182, 183, 186, 189, 68 Stat. 936, 937, 938, 948, 953, 954, 955, 956, as amended, sec. 234, 83 Stat. 1244, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2201, 2232, 2233, 2236, 2239, 2282); secs. 201, as amended, 202, 206, 88 Stat. 1242, as amended 1244, 1246, (42 U.S.C. 5841, 5842, 5846).

Section 50.7 also issued under Pub. L. 95–601, sec. 10, 92 Stat. 2951 (42 U.S.C. 5851). Section 50.10 also issued under secs. 101, 185, 68 Stat. 955 as amended (42 U.S.C. 2131, 2235), sec. 102, Pub. L. 91–190, 83 Stat. 853 (42 U.S.C. 4332). Sections 50.13, 50.54(dd) and 50.103 also issued under sec. 108, 68 Stat. 939, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2138). Sections 50.23, 50.35, 50.55 and 50.56 also issued under sec. 185, 68 Stat. 955 (42 U.S.C. 2235). Section 50.33am 50.55a and Appendix

Q also issued under sec. 102, Pub. L. 91-190, 83 Stat. 853 (42 U.S.C. 4332). Sections 50.34 and 50.54 also issued under sec. 204, 88 Stat. 1245 (42 U.S.C. 5844). Section 50.37 also issued under E.O. 12829, 3 CFR 1993 Comp., p. 570, E.O. 12958, as amended, 3 CFR 1995 Comp., p. 333, E.O. 12968, 3 CFR 1995 Comp., p. 391). Sections 50.58, 50.91, and 50.92 also issued under Pub. L. 97-415. 96 Stat. 2073 (42 U.S.C. 2239). Section 50.78 also issued under sec. 122, 68 Stat. 939 (42 U.S.C. 2152). Sections 50.80-50.81 also issued under sec. 184, 68 Stat. 954, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2234). Appendix F also issued under sec. 187, 68 Stat. 955 (42 U.S.C. 2237).

35. In § 50.30, paragraph (a)(5) is revised to read as follows:

# § 50.30 Filing of application for licenses; Oath or affirmation.

(a) \* \* \*

(5) At the time of filing an application, the Commission will make available at the NRC Web site, *http://www.nrc.gov*, a copy of the application, subsequent amendments, and other records pertinent to the facility for public inspection and copying.

36. In § 50.44, paragraph (c)(3)(iv)(C) is revised to read as follows:

§ 50.44 Standards for combustible gas control systems in light-water-cooled power reactors.

- \* \*
- (c) \* \* \*
- (3) \* \* \*
- (iv) \* \* \*

(C) Subsubarticle NE—3220, Division 1, and Subsubarticle CC—3720, Division 2, of Section III of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, referenced in paragraphs (c)(3)(iv)(B)(1) and (c)(3)(iv)(B)(2) of this section, have been approved for incorporation by reference by the Director of the Office of the Federal Register. A notice of any changes made to the material incorporated by reference will be published in the Federal Register. Copies of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code may be purchased from the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, United Engineering Center, 345 East 47th Street, New York, N.Y. 10017. It is also available for inspection at the NRC Technical Reference Library, Two White Flint North, Room 2B9, 11545 Rockville Pike, Rockville, MD.

37. In § 50.66, the introductory text of paragraph (a), paragraph (a)(2), the introductory text of paragraph (f)(2), and paragraph (f)(3) are revised to read as follows:

# § 50.66 Requirements for thermal annealing of the reactor pressure vessel.

(a) For those light water nuclear power reactors where neutron radiation has reduced the fracture toughness of the reactor vessel materials, a thermal annealing may be applied to the reactor vessel to recover the fracture toughness of the material. The use of a thermal annealing treatment is subject to the requirements in this section. A report describing the licensee's plan for conducting the thermal annealing must be submitted in accordance with § 50.4 at least three years prior to the date at which the limiting fracture toughness criteria in § 50.61 or appendix G to part 50 would be exceeded. Within three years of the submittal of the Thermal Annealing Report and at least thirty days prior to the start of the thermal annealing, the NRC will review the Thermal Annealing Report and make available the results of its evaluation at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov. The licensee may begin the thermal anneal after:

(2) The NRC makes available the results of its evaluation of the Thermal Annealing Report at the NRC Web site, *http://www.nrc.gov;* and

\*

\* \* \* (f) \* \* \*

(2) Within 15 days after the NRC's receipt of the licensee submissions required by paragraphs (c)(1), (c)(2) and (c)(3)(i) through (iii) of this section, the NRC staff shall make available at the NRC Web site, *http://www.nrc.gov*, a summary of its inspection of the licensee's thermal annealing, and the Commission shall hold a public meeting:

\*

(3) Within 45 days of NRC's receipt of the licensee submissions required by paragraphs (c)(1), (c)(2) and (c)(3)(i) through (iii) of this section, the NRC staff shall complete full documentation of its inspection of the licensee's annealing process and make available this documentation at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov.

\*

38. In appendix O to part 50, paragraph 5 is revised to read as follows:

\*

Appendix O to Part 50—Standardization of Design; Staff Review of Standard Designs

5. Upon completion of their review of a submittal under this appendix, the NRC regulatory staff shall publish in the **Federal Register** a determination as to whether or not the preliminary or final design is acceptable, subject to such conditions as may be appropriate, and make available at the NRC

Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, an analysis of the design in the form of a report. An approved design shall be utilized by and relied upon by the regulatory staff and the ACRS in their review of any individual facility license application which incorporates by reference a design approved in accordance with this paragraph unless there exists significant new information which substantially affects the earlier determination or other good cause.

\* \* \* \* \*

39. In Appendix Q to Part 50, paragraph 4 is revised to read as follows:

# Appendix Q to Part 50—Pre-application Early Review of Site Suitability Issues.

4. Upon completion of review by the NRC staff and, if appropriate by the ACRS, of a submittal under this appendix, the NRC staff shall prepare a Staff Site Report which shall identify the location of the site, state the site suitability issues reviewed, explain the nature and scope of the review, state the conclusions of the staff regarding the issues reviewed and state the reasons for those conclusions. Upon issuance of an NRC Staff Site Report, the NRC staff shall publish a notice of the availability of the report in the Federal Register and shall make the report available at the NRC Web site, http:// www.nrc.gov. The NRC staff shall also send a copy of the report to the Governor or other appropriate official of the State in which the site is located, and to the chief executive of the municipality in which the site is located or, if the site is not located in a municipality. to the chief executive of the county.

\* \* \* \*

# PART 51—ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION REGULATIONS FOR DOMESTIC LICENSING AND RELATED REGULATORY FUNCTIONS

40. The authority citation for part 51 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Sec. 161, 68 Stat. 948, as amended, sec. 1701, 106 Stat. 2951, 2952, 2953, (42 U.S.C. 2201, 2297f); secs. 201, as amended, 202, 88 Stat. 1242, as amended 1244 (42 U.S.C. 5841, 5842). Subpart A also issued under National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, secs. 102, 104, 105, 83 Stat. 853-954, as amended (42 U.S.C. 4332, 4334, 4335); and Pub. L.95-604, Title II, 92 Stat. 3033-3041; and sec. 193, Pub. L. 101-575, 104 Stat. 2835 (42 U.S.C. 2243). Sections 51.20, 51.30, 51.60, 51.80, and 51.97 also issued under secs. 135, 141, Pub. L. 97-425, 96 Stat. 2232, 2241, and sec. 148, Pub. L. 100-203, 101 Stat. 1330-223 (42 U.S.C. 10155, 10161, 10168). Section 51.22 also issued under sec. 274, 73 Stat. 688, as amended by 92 Stat. 3036-3038 (42 U.S.C. 2021) and under Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982, sec. 121, 96 Stat. 2228 (42 U.S.Č 10141). Sections 51.43, 51.67, and 51.109 also issued under Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982, sec. 114(f) 96 Stat. 2216, as amended (42 U.S.C. 10134(f)).

41. In §51.62, paragraph (a) is revised to read as follows:

#### § 51.62 Environmental report—Land disposal of radioactive waste licensed under 10 CFR part 61.

(a) Each applicant for issuance of a license for land disposal of radioactive waste pursuant to part 61 of this chapter shall submit with its application to the Director of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards the number of copies, as specified in §51.66 of a separate document, entitled "Applicant's Environmental Report—License for Land Disposal of Radioactive Waste." The environmental report and any supplement to the environmental report may incorporate by reference information contained in the application or in any previous application, statement or report filed with the Commission provided that such references are clear and specific and that copies of the information so incorporated are available at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, and/or at the NRC Public Document Room.

42. Section 51.120 is revised to read as follows:

# §51.120 Availability of environmental documents for public inspection.

Copies of environmental reports, draft and final environmental impact statements, environmental assessments, and findings of no significant impact, together with any related comments and environmental documents, will be made available at the NRC Web site, *http:// www.nrc.gov*, and/or at the NRC Public Document Room.

43. In § 51.123, paragraph (a) and (b) are revised to read as follows:

# § 51.123 Charges for environmental documents; distribution to governmental agencies.

(a) Distribution to public. Upon written request to the Reproduction and Distribution Services Section, Office of the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001, and to the extent available, single copies of draft environmental impact statements and draft findings of no significant impact will be made available to interested persons without charge. Single copies of final environmental impact statements and final findings of no significant impact will also be provided without charge to the persons listed in § 51.93(a) and §51.119(c), respectively. When more than one copy of an environmental impact statement or a finding of no significant impact is requested or when available NRC copies have been

exhausted, the requestor will be advised that the NRC will provide copies at the charges specified in § 9.35 of this chapter.

(b) Distribution to governmental agencies. Upon written request to the **Reproduction and Distribution Services** Section, Office of the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001, and to the extent available, copies of draft and final environmental impact statements and draft final findings of no significant impact will be made available in the number requested to Federal, State and local agencies, Indian tribes, and State, regional and metropolitan clearinghouses. When available NRC copies have been exhausted, the requester will be advised that the NRC will provide copies at the charges specified in § 9.35 of this chapter.

\* \* \*

# PART 52—EARLY SITE PERMITS; STANDARDS DESIGN CERTIFICATIONS; AND COMBINED LICENSES FOR NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS

44. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 103, 104, 161, 182, 183, 186, 68 Stat. 936, 948, 953, 954, 955, 956, as amended, sec. 234, 83 Stat. 1244, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2133, 2201, 2232, 2233, 2236, 2239, 2282); secs. 201, 202, 206, 88 Stat. 1242, 1244, 1246, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5841, 5842, 5846).

45. In Appendix A to part 52, Section VI, paragraph E.1.b. is revised to read as follows:

Appendix A to Part 52—Design Certification Rule for the U.S. Advanced Boiling Reactor

\* \* \* \* \* VI. Issue Resolution. \* \* \* \* \*

- E. \* \* \*
- 1. \* \* \*

b. The reason why the information currently available to the public at the NRC Web site, *http://www.nrc.gov*, and/or at the NRC Public Document Room, is insufficient;

46. In Appendix B to part 52, Section VI, paragraph E.1.b. is revised to read as follows:

Appendix B to Part 52—Design Certification Rule for the System 80+ Design

\*

- \* \*
- E. \* \* \*
- 1. \* \* \*

b. The reason why the information currently available to the public at the NRC Web site, *http://www.nrc.gov*, and/or at the NRC Public Document Room, is insufficient. 24540

47. In Appendix O to Part 52, paragraph 5 is revised to read as follows:

# Appendix O to part 52—Standardization of Design; Staff Review of Standard Designs

5. Upon completion of their review of a submittal under this appendix, the NRC regulatory staff shall publish in the Federal Register a determination as to whether or not the preliminary or final design is acceptable, subject to such conditions as may be appropriate, and make available at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, an analysis of the design in the form of a report. An approved design shall be utilized by and relied upon by the regulatory staff and the ACRS in their review of any individual facility license application which incorporates by reference a design approved in accordance with this paragraph unless there exists significant new information which substantially affects the earlier determination or other good cause. \* \* \*

48. In Appendix Q to part 52, paragraph 4 is revised to read as follows:

# Appendix Q to Part 52—Pre-Application Early Site Review of Site Suitability Issues

4. Upon completion of review by the NRC staff and, if appropriate by the ACRS, of a submittal under this appendix, the NRC staff shall prepare a Staff Site Report which shall identify the location of the site, state the site suitability issues reviewed, explain the nature and scope of the review, state the conclusions of the staff regarding the issues reviewed and state the reasons for those conclusions. Upon issuance of an NRC Staff Site Report, the NRC staff shall publish a notice of the availability of the report in the Federal Register and shall make available a copy of the report at the NRC Web site, http:// /www.nrc.gov. The NRC staff shall also send a copy of the report to the Governor or other appropriate official of the State in which the site is located, and to the chief executive of the municipality in which the site is located or, if the site is not located in a municipality, to the chief executive of the county.

\* \* \* \* \*

# PART 60—DISPOSAL OF HIGH-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE IN GEOLOGIC REPOSITORIES

49. The authority citation for Part 60 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 51, 53, 62, 63, 65, 81, 161, 182, 183, 68 Stat. 929, 930, 932, 933, 935, 948, 953, 954, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2071, 2073, 2092, 2093, 2095, 2111, 2201, 2232, 2233); secs. 202, 206, 88 Stat. 1244, 1246 (42 U.S.C. 5842, 5846); secs. 10 and 14, Pub. L. 95–601, 92 Stat. 2951 (42 U.S.C. 2021a and 5851); sec. 102, Pub. L. 91–190, 83 Stat. 853 (42 U.S.C. 4332); secs. 114, 121, Pub. L. 97–425, 96 Stat. 2213g, 2228, as amended (42 U.S.C. 10134, 10141), and Pub. L. 102–486, sec. 2902, 106 Stat. 3123 (42 U.S.C. 5851).

50. In § 60.2, the definition of *NRC Public Document Room* is revised and the definition of *NRC Web site* is added to read as follows:

# §60.2 Definitions.

\* \* \* \* \*

NRC Public Document Room means the facility at 2120 L Street, NW., Washington, DC where certain public records of the NRC that were made available for public inspection in paper or microfiche prior to the implementation of the NRC Agencywide **Documents Access and Management** System, commonly referred to as ADAMS, will remain available for public inspection. It is also the place where computer terminals are available to access the Electronic Reading Room component of ADAMS on the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, where copies can be made or ordered as set forth in §9.35. The facility is staffed with reference librarians to assist the public in identifying and locating documents and in using the NRC Web site and ADAMS. The NRC Public Document Room is open from 7:45 am to 4:15 pm, Monday through Friday, except on Federal holidays. Reference service and access to documents may also be requested by telephone (202-634-3273 or 800-397-4209) between 8:30 am and 4:15 pm, or by e-mail (PDR@nrc.gov), fax (202-634-3343), or letter (NRC Public Document Room, LL-6, Washington, DC 20555-0001).

*NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov* is the Internet uniform resource locator name for the Internet address of the Web site where NRC will ordinarily make available its public records for inspection.

51. In § 60.18, paragraph (f) is revised to read as follows:

# §60.18 Review of site characterization activities.

(f) The Director shall publish in the **Federal Register** a notice of availability of the site characterization analysis and a request for public comment within a reasonable period, as specified (not less than 90 days). The notice along with copies of the site characterization analysis shall be available at the NRC Web site, *http://www.nrc.gov*, and copies of any comments received will also be made available there.

52. In §60.61, paragraph (d) is revised to read as follows:

#### §60.61 Provision of information.

\* \* \* \* \*

(d) Copies of all communications by the Director under this section are available at the NRC Web site, *http:// www.nrc.gov*, and/or at the NRC Public Document Room, and copies are furnished to DOE.

53. In § 60.63, paragraphs (b)and (f) are revised to read as follows:

# §60.63 Participation in license reviews.

(b) In addition, whenever an area has been approved by the President for site characterization, a State or an affected Indian Tribe may submit to the Director a proposal to facilitate its participation in the review of a site characterization plan and/or license application. The proposal may be submitted at any time and must contain a description and schedule of how the State or affected Indian Tribe wishes to participate in the review, or what services or activities the State or affected Indian Tribe wishes NRC to carry out, and how the services or activities proposed to be carried out by NRC would contribute to such participation. The proposal may include educational or information services (seminars, public meetings) or other actions on the part of NRC, such as employment or exchange of State personnel under the Intergovernmental Personnel Act.

(f) Proposals submitted under this section, and responses thereto, shall be made available at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, and/or at the NRC Public Document Room.

\*

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# PART 62—CRITERIA AND PROCEDURES FOR EMERGENCY ACCESS TO NON-FEDERAL AND REGIONAL LOW-LEVEL WASTE DISPOSAL FACILITIES

54. The authority citation for part 62 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 81, 161, as amended, 68 Stat. 935, 948, 949, 950, 951, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2111, 2201); secs. 201, 209, as amended, 88 Stat. 1242, 1248, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5841, 5849); secs. 3, 4, 5, 6, 99 Stat. 1843, 1844, 1845, 1846, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851, 1852, 1853, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, (42 U.S.C. 2021c, 2021d, 2021e, 2021f).

55. In § 62.11, paragraph (b) is revised to read as follows:

# § 62.11 Filing and distribution of a determination request.

(b) Upon receipt of a request for a determination, the Secretary of the Commission shall publish a notice acknowledging receipt of the request in the Federal Register. The notice must require that public comment on the request be submitted within 10 days of the publication date of the notice. A copy of the request will be made available for inspection or copying at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, and/or at the NRC Public Document Room. The Secretary of the Commission shall also transmit a copy of the request to the U.S. Department of Energy, to the Governors of the States of the Compact region where the waste is generated, to the Governors of the States with operating non-Federal low-level radioactive waste disposal facilities, to the Compact Commissions with operating regional low-level radioactive waste disposal facilities, and to the Governors of the States in the Compact Commissions with operating disposal facilities.

56. In §62.22, paragraph (c) is revised to read as follows:

# § 62.22 Notice of issuance of a determination.

\* \* \*

(c) The Secretary of the Commission shall make a copy of the final determination available for inspection at the NRC Web site, *http://www.nrc.gov*.

# PART 72—LICENSING REQUIREMENTS FOR THE INDEPENDENT STORAGE OF SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL AND HIGH-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE

57. The authority citation for part 72 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 51, 53, 57, 62, 63, 65, 69, 81, 161, 182, 183, 184, 186, 187, 189, 68 Stat. 929, 930, 932, 933, 934, 935, 948, 953, 954, 955, as amended, sec. 234, 83 Stat. 444, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2071, 2073, 2077, 2092, 2093, 2095, 2099, 2111, 2201, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2282); sec. 274, Pub. L. 86-373, 73 Stat. 688, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2021); sec. 201, as amended, 202, 206, 88 Stat. 1242, as amended, 1244, 1246 (42 U.S.C. 5841, 5842, 5846), Pub. L. 95-601, sec. 10, 92 Stat. 2951, as amended by Pub. L. 102-486, sec. 7902, 106 Stat. 3123 (42 U.S.C. 5851); sec. 102, Pub. L. 91-190, 83 Stat. 853 (42 U.S.C. 4332); secs. 131, 132, 133, 135, 137, 141, Pub. L. 97-425, 96 Stat. 2229, 2230, 2232, 2241, sec. 148, Pub. L. 100-203, 101 Stat. 1330-235 (42 U.S.C. 10151, 10152, 10153, 10155, 10157, 10161, 10168).

Secs. 72.44(g) also issued under secs. 142(b) and 148(c), (d), Pub. L. 100–203, 101 Stat. 1330–232, 1220–236 (42 U.S.C. 10162(b), 10168(c), (d)). Section 72.46 also issued under sec. 189, 68 Stat. 955 (42 U.S.C. 2239); sec. 134, Pub. L. 97425, 96 Stat. 2230 (42 U.S.C. 10154). Section 72.96(d) also issued under sec. 145(g), Pub. L. 97–100–203, 101 Stat. 1330–235 (42 U.S.C. 10165(g)). Subpart J also issued under secs. 2(2), 2(15), 2(19), 117(a), 141(h), Pub. L. 97–425, 96 Stat. 2202, 2203, 2204, 2222, 2224, (42 U.S.C. 10101, 10137(a), 10161(h)). Subparts K and L are also issued under sec. 133, 98 Stat. 2230 (42 U.S.C. 10153) and sec. 218(a), 96 Stat. 2252 (42 U.S.C. 10198).

58. In § 72.200, paragraph (c) is revised to read as follows:

§72.200 Provision of MRS information.

(c) Copies of all communications by the Director or the Director's designee under this section must be made available at the NRC Web site, *http:// www.nrc.gov*, and/or at the NRC Public Document Room, and must be furnished to DOE.

### PART 75—SAFEGUARDS ON NUCLEAR MATERIAL— IMPLEMENTATION OF US/IAEA AGREEMENT

59. The authority citation for part 75 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 53, 63, 103, 104, 122, 161, 68 Stat. 930, 932, 936, 937, 939, 948, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2073, 2093, 2133, 2134, 2152, 2201); sec. 201, 88 Stat. 1242, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5841).

Section 75.4 also issued under secs. 135, 141, Pub. L. 97–425, 96 Stat. 2232, 2241 (42 U.S.C. 10155, 10161).

60. In § 75.2, paragraph (b) is revised to read as follows:

# §75.2 Scope.

(b) The United States eligible list is a list of installations eligible for IAEA safeguards under the US/IAEA Safeguards Agreement which the Secretary of State or his designee files with the Commission. A copy of this list is available for inspection at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, and/or at the NRC Public Document Room. In accordance with the provisions of the Agreement, the following activities are excluded from the United States eligible list:

(1) Activities having direct national security significance.

(2) Activities involving mining and ore processing.

\* \* \*

# PART 76—CERTIFICATION OF GASEOUS DIFFUSION PLANTS

61. The authority citation for part 76 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** Secs. 161, 68 Stat. 948, as amended, secs. 1312, 1701, as amended, 106 Stat. 2932, 2951, 2952, 2953, 110 Stat. 1321– 349 (42 U.S.C. 2201, 2297b-11, 2297f); secs. 201, as amended, 204, 206, 88 Stat. 1244, 1245, 1246 (42 U.S.C. 5841, 5842, 5845, 5846). Sec 234(a), 83 Stat. 444, as amended by Pub. L. 104–134, 110 Stat. 1321, 1321–349 (42 U.S.C. 2243(a)).

Sec. 76.7 also issued under Pub. L. 95–601. sec. 10, 92 Stat. 2951 (42 U.S.C. 5851). Sec. 76.22 is also issued under sec. 193(f), as amended, 104 Stat. 2835, as amended by Pub. L. 104-134, 110 Stat. 1321, 1321–349 (42 U.S.C. 2243(f)). Sec. 76.35(j) also issued under sec. 122, 68 Stat. 939 (42 U.S.C. 2152).

62. In § 76.37, paragraph (a) is revised to read as follows:

# §76.37 Federal Register notice.

(a) A notice of the filing of an

application specifying that copies of the application, except for Restricted Data, Unclassified Controlled Nuclear Information, Classified National Security Information, Safeguards Information, Proprietary Data, or other withholdable information will be made available for the public inspection at the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov;

# PART 100—REACTOR SITE CRITERIA

63. The authority citation for part 100 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 103, 104, 161, 182, 68 Stat. 936, 937, 948, 953, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2133, 2134, 2201, 2232); secs. 201, as amended, 202, 88 Stat. 1242, as amended, 1244 (42 U.S.C. 5841, 5842).

64. In § 100.11 the undesignated paragraph after the note is removed and a new paragraph (c) is added to read as follows:

§ 100.11 Determination of exclusion, low population zone, and population center distance.

(c) Copies of Technical Information Document 14844 may be obtained at the NRC Web site, *http://www.nrc.gov*, at the NRC Public Document Room, 2120 L Street, NW., Washington, DC, or by writing the Director of Nuclear Reactor Regulation, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555– 0001.

### PART 110—EXPORT AND IMPORT OF NUCLEAR EQUIPMENT AND MATERIAL

65. The authority citation for part 110 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 51, 53, 54, 57, 63, 64, 65, 81, 82, 103, 104, 109, 111, 126, 127, 128, 129, 161, 181, 182, 183, 187, 189, 68 Stat. 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 936, 937, 948, 953, 954, 955, 956, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2071, 2073, 2074, 2077, 2092–2095, 2111, 2112, 2133, 2134, 2139, 2139a, 2141, 2154–2158, 2201,

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2231–2233, 2237, 2239); sec. 201, 88 Stat. 1242, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5841), sec. 5, Pub. L. 101–575, 104 Stat. 2835 (42 U.S.C. 2243).

Sections 110.1(b)(2) and 110.1(b)(3) also issued under Pub. L. 96-92, 93 Stat. 710 (22 U.S.C. 2403). Section 110.11 also issued under sec. 122, 68 Stat. 939 (42 U.S.C. 2152) and secs. 54c and 57d., 88 Stat. 473, 475 (42 U.S.C. 2074). Section 110.27 also issued under sec. 309(a), Pub. L. 99-440. Section 110.50(b)(3) also issued under sec. 123. 92 Stat. 142 (42 U.S.C. 2153). Section 110.51 also issued under sec. 184, 68 Stat. 954, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2234). Section 110.52 also issued under sec. 186, 68 Stat. 955 (42 U.S.C. 2236). Sections 110.80-110.113 also issued under (5 U.S.C. 552, 554). Sections 110.130-110.135 also issued under (5 U.S.C. 553). Sections 110.2 and 110.42(a)(9) also issued under sec. 903, Pub. L. 102-496 (42 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.).

66. In § 110.2 the definition of *Public Document Room* is removed and new definitions of *NRC Public Document Room* and *NRC Web site* are added to read as follows:

# §110.2 Definitions.

\* \* \* \*

NRC Public Document Room means the facility at 2120 L Street, NW., Washington, DC where certain public records of the NRC that were made available for public inspection in paper or microfiche prior to the implementation of the NRC Agencywide Documents Access and Management System, commonly referred to as ADAMS, will remain available for public inspection. It is also the place where computer terminals are available to access the Electronic Reading Room component of ADAMS on the NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, where copies can be made or ordered as set forth in §9.35. The facility is staffed with reference librarians to assist the public in identifying and locating documents and in using the NRC Web site and ADAMS. The NRC Public Document Room is open from 7:45 am to 4:15 pm, Monday through Friday, except on Federal holidays. Reference service and access to documents may also be requested by telephone (202-634-3273 or 800-397-4209) between 8:30 am and 4:15 pm, or by e-mail (PDR@nrc.gov), fax (202-634-3343), or letter (NRC Public Document Room, LL-6, Washington, DC 20555-0001). \* \* \*

NRC Web site, http://www.nrc.gov, is the Internet uniform resource locator name for the Internet address of the Web site where NRC will ordinarily make available its public records for inspection.

\* \* \* \* \*

67. In § 110.70, paragraph (d) is removed and paragraph (a) is revised to read as follows:

# §110.70 Public notice of receipt of application.

(a) The Commission will notice the receipt of each license application for an export or import for which a specific license is required by making a copy available at the NRC Web site, *http://www.nrc.gov.* 

\* \* \* \* \*

68. Section 110.71 is revised to read as follows:

# §110.71 Notice of withdrawal of an application.

The Commission will notice the withdrawal of an application by making a copy available at the NRC Web site, *http://www.nrc.gov.* 

69. In § 110.72, the section heading and introductory text are revised to read as follows:

# §110.72 Public availability of documents.

Unless exempt from disclosure under part 9 of this chapter, the following documents pertaining to each license and license application for an import or export requiring a specific license under this part will be made available at the NRC Web site, *http://www.nrc.gov*, and/ or at the NRC Public Document Room:

70. In §110.112, paragraph (b) is revised to read as follows:

# §110.112 Reporter and transcript for an oral hearing.

(b) Except for any classified portions, transcripts will be made available at the NRC Web site, *http://www.nrc.gov*, and/ or at the NRC Public Document Room.

71. In §110.113, paragraph (c) is revised to read as follows:

# §110.113 Commission action.

(c) If the Commission considers information not in the hearing record in reaching its licensing decision, the hearing participants will be informed and, if not classified or otherwise privileged, the information will be made available at the NRC Web site, *http:// www.nrc.gov*, and furnished to the participants.

Dated at Rockville, Md. this 13 day of April, 1999.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. **A. J. Galante,**  *Chief Information Officer.* [FR Doc. 99–11246 Filed 05–06–99; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 7590–01–P** 

### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

### Federal Aviation Administration

#### 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 97-NM-151-AD]

RIN 2120-AA64

# Airworthiness Directives; Saab Model SAAB 2000 Series Airplanes

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration, DOT. **ACTION:** Supplemental notice of proposed rulemaking; reopening of comment period.

SUMMARY: This document revises an earlier proposed airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to certain Saab Model SAAB 2000 series airplanes, that would have required repetitive inspections for excessive wear of the aileron control cables, cable guides, and cable pulleys located at the rear wing spars; and corrective actions, if necessary. That proposal also would have required repetitive replacement of the control cables and cable guides with new or serviceable components. That proposal was prompted by issuance of mandatory continuing airworthiness information by a foreign civil airworthiness authority. This new action revises the proposed rule by expanding the applicability of the proposed rule to include additional airplanes. In addition, this new action provides for optional terminating action for the repetitive inspections. The actions specified by this new proposed AD are intended to detect and correct excessive wear on the aileron control cables, cable guides, and cable pulleys located at the rear wing spars, which could result in broken aileron control cables and consequent reduced controllability of the airplane. DATES: Comments must be received by June 1. 1999.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 97–NM– 151–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056. Comments may be inspected at this location between 9:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The service information referenced in the proposed rule may be obtained from Saab Aircraft AB, SAAB Aircraft Product Support, S–581.88, Linköping, Sweden. This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Norman B. Martenson, Manager, International Branch, ANM–116, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056; telephone (425) 227–2110; fax (425) 227–1149.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# **Comments Invited**

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications shall identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this notice may be changed in light of the comments received.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the proposed rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report summarizing each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this proposal will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this notice must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket Number 97–NM–151–AD." The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

# Availability of NPRMs

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM by submitting a request to the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 97–NM–151–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056.

# Discussion

A proposal to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) to add an airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to certain Saab Model SAAB 2000 series airplanes,

was published as a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) in the Federal Register on February 9, 1998 (63 FR 6499). That NPRM would have required repetitive inspections for excessive wear of the aileron control cables, cable guides, and cable pulleys located at the rear wing spars, and corrective actions, if necessary. That NPRM also would have required repetitive replacement of the control cables and cable guides with new or serviceable components. That NPRM was prompted by issuance of mandatory continuing airworthiness information by a foreign civil airworthiness authority. Such excessive wear, if not corrected, could result in broken aileron control cables and consequent reduced controllability of the airplane.

# Actions Since Issuance of the NPRM

Since the NPRM was issued, the manufacturer has issued Saab Service Bulletin 2000–27–033, Revision 01, dated March 27, 1998. Revision 01 introduces no new actions but revises the effectivity to include additional airplanes and specifies that the modification specified by Service Bulletin 2000–27–037, described below, eliminates the need for the repetitive inspections specified by Service Bulletin 2000–27–033, Revision 01.

Also, the manufacturer has issued Saab Service Bulletin 2000–27–037, dated March 11, 1998, which describes procedures for modification of the aileron control system. The modification involves replacement of the aileron control cables with new, improved (carbon steel) cables, and replacement of the semi-glides (cable guides) with new improved cable guides.

The Luftfartsverket (LFV), which is the civil aviation authority for Sweden, has classified Service Bulletin 2000–27– 033, Revision 01, as mandatory. Further, the LFV has approved Service Bulletin 2000–27–037 as optional terminating action for the repetitive inspections specified by Service Bulletin 2000–27– 033, Revision 01. In addition, the LFV has issued Swedish airworthiness directive SAD No. 1–111R1, dated March 30, 1998, in order to ensure the continued airworthiness of these airplanes in Sweden.

# Explanation of New Requirements of the Supplemental NPRM

Since an unsafe condition has been identified that is likely to exist or develop on other airplanes of the same type design registered in the United States, this supplemental NPRM would require accomplishment of the actions specified in Saab Service Bulletin 2000– 27–033 described previously. The proposed AD also would provide for optional terminating action for the repetitive inspections and repetitive replacements.

Operators should note that, in consonance with the findings of the Luftfartsverket (LFV), which is the civil aviation authority for Sweden, the FAA has determined that the repetitive actions proposed by this AD can be allowed to continue in lieu of accomplishment of a terminating action. In making this determination, the FAA considers that, in this case, long-term continued operational safety will be adequately assured by accomplishing the repetitive inspections to detect discrepancies before they represent a hazard to the airplane.

# Conclusion

Since these changes expand the scope of the originally proposed rule, the FAA has determined that it is necessary to reopen the comment period to provide additional opportunity for public comment.

# **Cost Impact**

The FAA estimates that 3 airplanes of U.S. registry would be affected by this proposed AD.

It would take approximately 1 work hour per airplane to accomplish the proposed inspection, at an average labor rate of \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the inspection proposed by this AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$180, or \$60 per airplane, per inspection cycle.

It would take approximately 8 work hours per airplane to accomplish the proposed replacement, at an average labor rate of \$60 per work hour. Required parts would be supplied by the manufacturer at no cost to the operators. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the inspection proposed by this AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$1,440, or \$480 per airplane, per replacement cycle.

The cost impact figures discussed above are based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the proposed requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted.

Should an operator elect to perform the optional terminating modification, it would take approximately 8 work hours per airplane to accomplish, at an average labor rate of \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the modification proposed by this AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$1,440, or \$480 per airplane.

# **Regulatory Impact**

The regulations proposed herein would not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this proposal would not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this proposed regulation (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under the DOT **Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44** FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) if promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A copy of the draft regulatory evaluation prepared for this action is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

### List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

# **The Proposed Amendment**

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

# PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

#### §39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

#### Saab Aircraft AB: Docket 97–NM–151–AD.

Applicability: Model SAAB 2000 series airplanes, serial numbers 004 through 064 inclusive; except those airplanes on which Saab Aircraft AB Modification 6093 (reference Saab Service Bulletin 2000–27– 037, dated March 11, 1998) has been installed; certificated in any category.

**Note 1:** This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability

provision, regardless of whether it has been otherwise modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (d) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

*Compliance:* Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To detect and correct excessive wear on the aileron control cables, cable guides, and cable pulleys located at the rear wing spars, which could result in broken aileron control cables and consequent reduced controllability of the airplane, accomplish the following:

#### **Repetitive Inspections**

(a) Inspect to detect discrepancies of the left-and right-hand aileron control cables, cable guides, and cable pulleys at the time specified in paragraph (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this AD, as applicable, in accordance with Saab Service Bulletin 2000–27–033, dated April 29, 1997, or Revision 01, dated March 27, 1998. Repeat the inspection thereafter at intervals not to exceed 500 flight hours. If any discrepancy is found during any inspection required by this AD, prior to further flight, perform corrective action in accordance with the service bulletin.

(1) For airplanes on which Saab Modification 5784 has been installed: Inspect at the later of the times specified in paragraphs (a)(1)(i) and (a)(1)(i) of this AD.

(i) Prior to the accumulation of 1,800 total flight hours; or within 1,800 flight hours after accomplishment of the modification or replacement of any control cable; whichever occurs latest. Or

(ii) Within 200 flight hours after the effective date of this AD.

(2) For airplanes on which Saab Modification 5784 has not been installed: Inspect at the later of the times specified in paragraphs (a)(2)(i) and (a)(2)(ii) of this AD.

(i) Prior to the accumulation of 3,200 total flight hours, or within 3,200 flight hours after replacement of any control cable, whichever occurs later. Or

(ii) Within 200 flight hours after the effective date of this AD.

**Note 2:** Although the inspection schedules of this AD apply to both left-and right-hand wing cable systems, replacement of the cable, guide, or pulley on one wing only, prior to scheduled replacement, would result in subsequent staggered inspections for the components of the left-and right-hand cable systems.

#### **Repetitive Replacements**

(b) Replace the aileron control cables, cable guides, and cable pulleys with new or serviceable parts, as applicable; at the time specified in paragraph (b)(1) or (b)(2) of this AD, as applicable; in accordance with Saab Service Bulletin 2000–27–033, dated April 29, 1997, or Revision 01, dated March 27, 1998.

(1) For airplanes on which Saab Modification 5784 has been installed: Replace at the later of the times specified in paragraphs (b)(1)(i) and (b)(1)(ii) of this AD. Thereafter, repeat the inspection required by paragraph (a) of this AD at the time specified in paragraph (a)(1); and replace the control cables and cable guides thereafter prior to the accumulation of 3,200 flight hours after replacement of any control cable.

(i) Prior to the accumulation of 3,200 total flight hours; or within 3,200 flight hours after installation of the modification, or after replacement of any control cable; whichever occurs latest. Or

(ii) Within 200 flight hours after the effective date of this AD.

(2) For airplanes on which Modification 5784 has not been installed: Replace at the later of the times specified in paragraphs (b)(2)(i) and (b)(2)(ii) of this AD. Thereafter, repeat the inspections required by paragraph (a) of this AD at the time specified in paragraph (a)(2); and replace the control cables and cable guides thereafter prior to the accumulation of 6,200 flight hours following replacement of any control cable.

(i) Prior to the accumulation of 6,200 total flight hours, or within 6,200 flight hours after replacement of any control cable, whichever occurs later. Or

(ii) Within 200 flight hours after the effective date of this AD.

#### **Optional Terminating Action**

(c) Accomplishment of the modification of the aileron control system in accordance with Saab Service Bulletin 2000–27–037, dated March 11, 1998, constitutes terminating action for the requirements of this AD.

#### **Alternative Methods of Compliance**

(d) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, International Branch, ANM–116.

**Note 3:** Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the International Branch, ANM–116.

### **Special Flight Permits**

(e) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

**Note 4:** The subject of this AD is addressed in Swedish airworthiness directive SAD No. 1–111R1, dated March 30, 1998. Issued in Renton, Washington, on April 30, 1999.

# D. L. Riggin,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 99–11469 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

# DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

### Federal Aviation Administration

### 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 99-NM-98-AD]

RIN 2120-AA64

# Airworthiness Directives; Empresa Brasileira de Aeronautica S.A. (EMBRAER) Model EMB–145 Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT. ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

**SUMMARY:** This document proposes the adoption of a new airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to certain EMBRAER Model EMB-145 series airplanes. This proposal would require a one-time ultrasonic inspection of the maneuvering actuator piston rod of the main landing gear (MLG) to ensure adequate wall thickness of the piston rods; and replacement of any discrepant piston rod with a new piston rod. This proposal is prompted by issuance of mandatory continuing airworthiness information by a foreign civil airworthiness authority. The actions specified by the proposed AD are intended to prevent failure of the maneuvering actuator piston rod of the MLG, which would impede retraction of the MLG and consequent reduced controllability of the airplane. DATES: Comments must be received by June 7, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 99–NM– 98–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056. Comments may be inspected at this location between 9:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

The service information referenced in the proposed rule may be obtained from Empresa Brasileira de Aeronautica S.A. (EMBRAER), P.O. Box 343—CEP 12.225, Sao Jose dos Campos—SP, Brazil. This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington; or at the FAA, Small Airplane Directorate, Atlanta Aircraft Certification Office, One Crown Center, 1895 Phoenix Boulevard, suite 450, Atlanta, Georgia.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Curtis A. Jackson, Aerospace Engineer, Airframe and Propulsion Branch, ACE– 117A, FAA, Small Airplane Directorate, Atlanta Aircraft Certification Office, One Crown Center, 1895 Phoenix Boulevard, suite 450, Atlanta, Georgia 30349; telephone (770) 703–6083; fax (770) 703–6097.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# **Comments Invited**

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications shall identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this notice may be changed in light of the comments received.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the proposed rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report summarizing each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this proposal will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this notice must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket Number 99–NM–98–AD." The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

### **Availability of NPRMs**

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM by submitting a request to the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 99–NM–98–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056.

# Discussion

The Departmento de Aviacao Civil (DAC), which is the airworthiness authority for Brazil, recently notified the FAA that an unsafe condition may exist on certain EMBRAER Model EMB–145 series airplanes. The DAC advises that that it has received a report indicating that, due to a deviation in a manufacturing process, certain maneuvering actuator piston rods for the main landing gear (MLG) may have been delivered with reduced wall thickness. This condition, if not corrected, would result in failure of the maneuvering actuator piston rod of the MLG, which would impede retraction of the MLG and consequent reduced controllability of the airplane.

# Explanation of Relevant Service Information

EMBRAER has issued Service Bulletin 145–32–0031, Change No. 01, dated December 8, 1998, and Change No. 02, dated February 12, 1999, which describe procedures for a one-time ultrasonic inspection of the maneuvering actuator piston rods of the MLG to ensure adequate wall thickness of the piston rods; and replacement of any discrepant piston rod with a new piston rod.

The DAC classified this service bulletin as mandatory and issued Brazilian airworthiness directive 98–09– 01 R1, dated March 15, 1999, in order to assure the continued airworthiness of these airplanes in Brazil.

# **FAA's Conclusions**

This airplane model is manufactured in Brazil and is type certificated for operation in the United States under the provisions of section 21.29 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.29) and the applicable bilateral airworthiness agreement. Pursuant to this bilateral airworthiness agreement, the DAC has kept the FAA informed of the situation described above. The FAA has examined the findings of the DAC, reviewed all available information, and determined that AD action is necessary for products of this type design that are certificated for operation in the United States.

# Explanation of Requirements of Proposed Rule

Since an unsafe condition has been identified that is likely to exist or develop on other airplanes of the same type design registered in the United States, the proposed AD would require a one-time ultrasonic inspection of the maneuvering actuator piston rod of the MLG to ensure adequate wall thickness of the piston rods; and replacement of any discrepant piston rod with a new piston rod. The actions would be required to be accomplished in accordance with the service bulletin described previously.

# **Cost Impact**

The FAA estimates that 33 EMBRAER Model EMB–145 series airplanes of U.S. registry would be affected by this proposed AD, that it would take approximately 1 work hour per airplane to accomplish the proposed actions, and that the average labor rate is \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the proposed AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$1,980, or \$60 per airplane.

The cost impact figure discussed above is based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the proposed requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted.

# **Regulatory Impact**

The regulations proposed herein would not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this proposal would not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this proposed regulation (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under the DOT **Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44** FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) if promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A copy of the draft regulatory evaluation prepared for this action is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

# List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

# **The Proposed Amendment**

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

# PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

#### §39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

#### Empresa Brasileira de Aeronautica S.A. (EMBRAER): Docket 99-NM-98-AD.

Applicability: Model EMB–145 series airplanes, equipped with main landing gear maneuvering actuators, part and serial numbers as listed in EMBRAER Service Bulletin 145–32–0031, Change No. 01, dated December 8, 1998, and Change No. 02, dated February 12, 1999; certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (b) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

*Compliance:* Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent failure of the maneuvering actuator piston rod of the main landing gear (MLG), which would impede retraction of the MLG and consequent reduced controllability of the airplane; accomplish the following:

#### Ultrasonic Inspection and Replacement

(a) Within the next 100 landings after the effective date of this AD, perform an ultrasonic inspection of the maneuvering actuator piston rods of the MLG to ensure adequate wall thickness of the piston rods, in accordance with EMBRAER Service Bulletin 145–32–0031, Change No. 01, dated December 8, 1998, or Change No. 02, dated February 12, 1999.

(1) If the thickness of any measurement point in any piston rod is greater than 2.0 mm (.079 inch), no further action is required by this AD.

(2) If the thickness of any measurement point in any piston rod is from 1.5 mm (.059 inch) to 2.0 mm (.079 inch): Within 500 landings after the effective date of this AD, replace the piston rod with a new rod having the correct part number as specified in the service bulletin.

(3) If the thickness of any measurement point in any piston rod is less than 1.5 mm (.059 inch): Within 50 landings after the effective date of this AD, replace the piston rod with a new rod having the correct part number as specified in the service bulletin.

#### **Alternative Methods of Compliance**

(b) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Atlanta Aircraft Certification Office (ACO). Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Atlanta ACO.

**Note 2:** Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Atlanta ACO.

#### **Special Flight Permits**

(c) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

**Note 3:** The subject of this AD is addressed in Brazilian airworthiness directive 98–09–01 R1, dated March 15, 1999.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on April 30, 1999.

# D. L. Riggin,

Acting Manager,

Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 99–11470 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–V

# DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

#### 24 CFR Chapter IX

[Docket No. FR-4423-N-03]

# Negotiated Rulemaking Committee on Capital Fund Allocation; Meetings

**AGENCY:** Office of the Assistant Secretary for Public and Indian Housing, HUD.

**ACTION:** Notice of Negotiated Rulemaking Committee Meetings.

**SUMMARY:** This notice announces the second and third meetings of the Negotiated Rulemaking Committee on Capital Fund Allocation. These meetings are sponsored by HUD for the purpose of discussing and negotiating a proposed rule that would change the current method of determining the payment of capital funds to public housing agencies (PHAs).

**DATES:** The second committee meeting will be held on May 11 and May 12, 1999. On May 11, 1999, the meeting will begin at approximately 9:30 am and run until completion; on May 12, 1999, the meeting will begin at approximately

9:00 am and run until approximately 5:00 pm.

The third committee meeting will be held on May 25 and May 26, 1999. On May 25, 1999, the meeting will begin at approximately 9:30 am and run until completion; on May 26, 1999 the meeting will begin at approximately 9:00 am and run until approximately 5:00 pm.

ADDRESSES: The second committee meeting will take place at the Westin Fairfax Hotel, 2100 Massachusetts Avenue, Washington, DC 20008; telephone (202) 293–2100.

The third committee meeting will take place at the Channel Inn Hotel, 650 Water Street, SW, Washington, DC 20024; telephone 1–800–368–5668 or (202) 554–2400.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: William Flood, Director, Office of Capital Improvements, Public and Indian Housing, Room 4134, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 Seventh Street, SW, Washington, DC 20410–0500; telephone (202) 708–1640 ext. 4185 (this telephone number is not toll-free). Hearing or speech-impaired individuals may access this number via TTY by calling the tollfree federal Information Relay Service at 1–800–877–8339.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On April 26, 1999 (64 FR 20234), HUD published a **Federal Register** notice announcing the establishment of the Negotiated Rulemaking Advisory Committee on Capital Fund Allocation. The April 26, 1999 notice also announced the committee members, and the dates, location, and agenda for the first committee is to discuss and negotiate a proposed rule that would change the current method of determining the allocation of capital funds to public housing agencies (PHAs).

The second and third meetings of the negotiated rulemaking committee will take place as described in the **DATES** and **ADDRESSES** section of this notice.

The agenda planned for the committee meetings includes: (1) defining the goals for the Capital Fund formula; (2) discussing the various methods for translating these goals into a formula-based allocation system; and (3) the scheduling of future meetings.

In accordance with the General Services Administration (GSA) regulations implementing the Federal Advisory Committee Act, HUD normally publishes a **Federal Register** meeting notice at least 15 calendar days before the date of an advisory committee meeting). The GSA regulations,

however, also provide that an agency may give less than 15 days notice if the reasons for doing so are included in the Federal Register meeting notice. (See 41 CFR 10-6.1015(b).) Due to the difficulty in obtaining suitable hotel and conference room accommodations in the Washington, DC area during April, 1999, it has not been possible for HUD to announce the date and location of the second committee meeting before today. Given the October 1, 1999 statutory deadline for implementation of the Capital Fund formula, HUD believes it is imperative that the negotiations for development of the formula not be delayed. Failure to publish the Capital Fund final rule on a timely basis will delay the provision of capital subsidies to PHAs. Accordingly, rather than defer the negotiations, HUD has decided to proceed with the second committee meeting on May 11 and May 12, 1999.

The meetings will be open to the public without advance registration. Public attendance may be limited to the space available. Members of the public may make statements during the meeting, to the extent time permits, and file written statements with the committee for its consideration. Written statements should be submitted to the address listed in the FOR FURTHER INFORMATION section of this notice. Summaries of committee meetings will be available for public inspection and copying at the address in the same section.

Dated: May 5, 1999.

Deborah Vincent,

General Deputy Assistant Secretary for Public and Indian Housing. [FR Doc. 99–11718 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4210–33–P

#### DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Federal Prison Industries, Inc.

28 CFR Part 302

[BOP 1081-P]

RIN 1120-AA84

# Federal Prison Industries, Inc. (FPI) Standards and Procedures That Facilitate FPI's Ability To Accomplish Its Mission

**AGENCY:** Federal Prison Industries, Inc., Justice.

ACTION: Proposed rule; clarification.

**SUMMARY:** Federal Prison Industries, Inc. (FPI) proposed codification of its "Standards and Procedures that Facilitate FPI's ability to Accomplish its Mission" was published on January 7, 1999 (64 FR 1082). The comment period in this rulemaking expires on May 10, 1999 (64 FR 11821). FPI will give careful consideration to the comments received in this proceeding. Final action in this rulemaking will not occur before September 1, 1999.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Marianne S. Cantwell, Corporate Counsel, Federal Prison Industries, Inc., phone (202) 305–3501.

#### Marianne S. Cantwell,

Acting Chief Operating Officer, Federal Prison Industries, Inc.

[FR Doc. 99–11518 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–05–P

# FEDERAL MINE SAFETY AND HEALTH REVIEW COMMISSION

### 29 CFR Part 2700

#### Procedural Rules

**AGENCY:** Federal Mine Safety and Health Review Commission.

**ACTION:** Supplemental notice of proposed rulemaking.

**SUMMARY:** The Federal Mine Safety and Health Review Commission (the "Commission") is an independent adjudicatory agency that provides trial and appellate review of cases arising under the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977, 30 U.S.C. 801 et seq. (1994) (the "Mine Act"). On May 7, 1998, the Commission published a proposed rule, proposing revisions to several of its rules of procedure. See 63 FR 25183-87 (May 7, 1998). The Commission is supplementing that proposed rule with additional proposed procedural rule revisions which were not included in the May 7 publication.

**DATES:** Written comments must be submitted on or before May 28, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be mailed to Norman Gleichman, General Counsel, Federal Mine Safety and Health Review Commission, 1730 K Street, NW, 6th Floor, Washington, DC 20006. Persons submitting comments shall provide an original and three copies of their comments.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Norman M. Gleichman, General Counsel, Office of the General Counsel, 1730 K Street, NW, 6th Floor, Washington, DC 20006, telephone 202– 653–5610 (202–566–2673 for TDD Relay). These are not toll-free numbers.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### I. Background

The Commission initially adopted its rules of procedure in June 1979. See 44 FR 38227 (June 29, 1979). In March 1993, the Commission published significant revisions to its procedural rules, reflecting more than 10 years' experience with the rules and evolving Commission case law. See 58 FR 12158 (March 3, 1998). In May 1998, the Commission published proposed revisions to several of the rules in an attempt to address problems that were unforeseen in 1993. See 63 FR 25183 (May 7, 1998). Those proposed rules included revisions relating to motion practice before the Commission, expansions of the requirements for certain pleadings, and revisions and clarifications for filing pleadings in temporary reinstatement proceedings. See 63 FR 25183–87. The Commission permitted written comments on those proposed rules to be submitted on or before August 5, 1998. The only written comments received by the Commission were submitted by the Department of Labor's Office of the Solicitor on behalf of the Mine Safety and Health Administration ("MSHA"). In addition to commenting on the published proposed revisions, MSHA suggested additional revisions which were not included in the May 7 publication. The Commission believes that some of those additional revisions are appropriate. In addition, recent developments in proceedings before the Commission have brought to light other rules requiring revision and clarification. The Commission is providing this opportunity for comment on these proposals from members of the mining community and the public.

In these supplemental proposed rules, the Commission has clarified requirements concerning when service on an attorney or other authorized representative is required. See proposed §§ 2700.3(c) and 2700.7(d). For example, under proposed §2700.7(d), the Commission proposes that service on an attorney or other authorized representative is required only after that attorney or representative has formally entered an appearance on behalf of a party pursuant to proposed §2700.3(c). Proposed §2700.3(c) clarifies the manner of and time for making such an entry of appearance.

In addition, the Commission proposes expanding the requirements for the format of pleadings. *See* proposed § 2700.5(f). The proposed revisions, which include additional requirements concerning spacing and typeface size, are designed to insure adherence to page limits imposed by the rules. Finally, the Commission proposes to increase the page limit for response briefs. *See* proposed § 2700.75(c). The proposed revision subjects response briefs to the same 35-page limit currently imposed on opening briefs.

Although these rules are procedural in nature and do not require notice and comment publication under the Administrative Procedure Act (*see* 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(3)(A)), the Commission is inviting and will consider public comment on these proposed revisions. A section-by-section explanation of the proposed changes is set forth below.

### **II. Section-by-Section Analysis**

# General Provisions

# Section 2700.3 Who May Practice

Currently, § 2700.3(c) provides that an entry of appearance by a representative of a party is made by, among other things, signing the first document filed on behalf of the party. *See* 29 CFR 2700.3(c). The rule is somewhat ambiguous regarding the agency where the document must be filed, and whether the document refers only to pleadings.

The Commission proposes revising §2700.3(c) to clarify that the first document filed on behalf of the party in making an entry of appearance shall be the first document filed with the Commission or Commission judge. This revision is intended to delineate when an entry of appearance occurs. The proposed revision also clarifies that the documents that may serve as an entry of appearance shall be only those filed with the Commission or Commission judge in a proceeding under the Mine Act or the Commission's procedural rules, and not documents filed with MSHA. All documents filed with the Commission or its judges are processed in its three central offices in Denver, Colorado; Falls Church, Virginia; and Washington, DC. In contrast, MSHA processes documents in numerous regional offices, some of which, because of their specific and distinct functions, forward documents they receive to other MSHA offices. The Commission anticipates that an entry of appearance will be less likely to be misdirected if it is sent to the Commission or its judges.

The proposed revisions to § 2700.3(c) are intended to be consistent with the definition of "party" set forth in § 2700.4(a). Section 2700.4(a) currently provides in part that "[a] person, including the Secretary or an operator, who is named as a party or who is permitted to intervene, is a party." 29 CFR 2700.4(a). Proposed § 2700.3(c)

refers to actions that may be taken by a representative of a "party" in order to enter an appearance. Thus, reading current §2700.4(a) with proposed §2700.3(c), an entry of appearance by an attorney or other authorized representative cannot be made before the represented operator or individual achieves party status as defined in §2700.4(a). In some circumstances, however, an entry of appearance may be made at the same time that an operator or individual achieves party status. For instance, upon the filing of a notice of contest of a citation or order with the Commission by an authorized representative on behalf of an operator, the operator is named as a party, thereby achieving party status under current § 2700.4(a), and the attorney filing the contest enters an appearance under proposed § 2700.3(c) by filing the document with the Commission.

Section 2700.5 General Requirements for Pleadings and Other Documents; Status or Informational Requests

In its comments to the Commission, MSHA requests that § 2700.75(e) be revised to specify that all briefs be double-spaced using a typeface designated by the Commission, to avoid any evasion of the requirements for page limits. Currently, the Commission's procedural rules contain no formatting requirements, with the exception of § 2700.5(f), which requires that pleadings and documents be  $8^{1/2}$  by 11 inches in size. See 29 CFR 2700.5(f).

The Commission agrees that its current procedural rules should be revised to set forth standard requirements for pleading format in order to enhance compliance with page limitations. Because it believes that such requirements should apply to all pleadings filed with the Commission and its judges, the Commission has included such requirements in proposed § 2700.5(f), which applies to all pleadings, rather than in § 2700.75, which applies only to briefs before the Commission.

In the proposed revisions, the Commission has set forth requirements for margins, font size and spacing and included a general prohibition against excessive footnotes. In addition, the Commission has proposed a revision permitting the Commission to reject a brief based on the failure to comply with the requirements of the subsection or on the use of compacted or otherwise compressed printing features. To avoid affecting basic appeal rights, the Commission has limited the provision by allowing only the rejection of briefs, rather than petitions for discretionary review.

# Section 2700.7 Service

Based on recent proceedings before the Commission, the Commission believes that its current procedural rules should be revised to clarify when service on an attorney or other authorized representative is required, particularly in circumstances in which a person or operator has retained counsel prior to issuance of the initial document in a proceeding. See Roger Richardson, 20 FMSHRC 1259 (Nov. 1998) (involving proceeding under 30 U.S.C. 820(c), in which proposed penalty assessment was mailed to individual's former residence rather than to counsel who was retained prior to issuance of proposed penalty assessment). Accordingly, the Commission has proposed an amendment to §2700.7(d) which clarifies that service on an attorney or other authorized representative is required after that representative has formally entered an appearance pursuant to proposed revisions to §2700.3(c).

Currently, §2700.7(d) provides that whenever a party is represented by an attorney or other authorized representative, subsequent service shall be made upon the attorney or other authorized representative. See 29 CFR 2700.7(d). The current rule is somewhat ambiguous regarding whether service is required after a representative has entered an appearance on behalf of the party, or whether service is required after a party has retained that representative.

The Commission proposes to revise § 2700.7(d) to provide that service is required on an attorney or other authorized representative only after that attorney or representative has formally entered an appearance on behalf of the party in the manner prescribed in proposed §2700.3(c). Thus, even if an operator or individual retains counsel prior to the initiation of a proceeding under the Mine Act, the counsel need not be served until after he or she makes a formal entry of appearance pursuant to proposed § 2700.3(c).

# Review by the Commission

### Section 2700.75 Briefs

In the comments filed with the Commission, MSHA requests that § 2700.75 be revised to increase the page limit for response briefs from 25 pages to 35 pages. The Commission agrees that such a revision is appropriate. Section 2700.75(c) currently provides that

opening briefs shall not exceed 35 pages, response briefs shall not exceed 25 pages, and reply briefs shall not exceed 15 pages. See 29 CFR 2700.75(c). The Commission believes that revising the page limit for response briefs to correspond with the page limit for opening briefs is appropriate given the similar substantive requirements for opening and response briefs. In addition, it agrees that such a revision is particularly appropriate in view of the opportunity for a petitioner to file an additional 15 pages in the form of a reply brief.

### **III. Matters of Regulatory Procedure**

The Commission has determined that these rules are not subject to Office of Management and Budget review under Executive Order 12866.

The Commission has determined under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601–612) that these rules, if adopted, would not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. Therefore, a **Regulatory Flexibility Statement and** Analysis has not been prepared.

The Commission has determined that the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.) does not apply because these rules do not contain any information collection requirements that require the approval of the Office of Management and Budget.

### List of Subjects in 29 CFR Part 2700

Administrative practice and procedure.

For the reasons set out in the preamble, it is proposed to amend 29 CFR Part 2700 as follows:

# PART 2700—PROCEDURAL RULES

1. The authority citation for Part 2700 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 30 U.S.C. 815, 820 and 823.

2. Section 2700.3 is amended by revising paragraph (c) to read as follows:

\*

\*

#### §2700.3 Who may practice \*

\*

\*

(c) Entry of appearance. A representative of a party shall enter an appearance in a proceeding under the Act or these procedural rules by signing the first document filed on behalf of the party with the Commission or Judge; filing a written entry of appearance with the Commission or Judge; or, if the Commission or Judge permits, by orally entering an appearance in open hearing. \* \*

\* \*

3. Section 2700.5 as proposed to be revised in 63 FR at 25186 is further amended by revising paragraph (f) to read as follows:

§2700.5 General requirements for pleadings and other documents; status or informational requests.

\* \*

(f) Form of pleadings. All printed material shall appear in at least 12 point type on paper 81/2 by 11 inches in size, with margins of at least one inch on all four sides. Text and footnotes shall appear in the same size type. Text shall be double spaced. Headings and footnotes may be single spaced. Quotations of 50 words or more may be single spaced and indented left and right. Excessive footnotes are prohibited. The failure to comply with the requirements of this subsection or the use of compacted or otherwise compressed printing features will be grounds for rejection of a brief.

4. Section 2700.7 as proposed to be revised in 63 FR at 25186 is further amended by revising paragraph (d) to read as follows:

#### §2700.7 Service.

\* \* \*

(d) Service upon representative. Whenever a party is represented by an attorney or other authorized representative who has entered an appearance on behalf of such party pursuant to §2700.3(c), service thereafter shall be made upon the attorney or other authorized representative.

5. Section 2700.75 as proposed to be revised at 63 FR at 25187 is further amended by revising paragraph (c) to read as follows:

### §2700.75 Briefs.

\* \*

(c) *Length of brief.* Except by permission of the Commission and for good cause shown, opening and response briefs shall not exceed 35 pages, and reply briefs shall not exceed 15 pages. A brief of an amicus curiae shall not exceed 25 pages. A brief of an intervenor shall not exceed the page limitation applicable to the party whose position it supports in affirming or reversing the Judge, or if a different position is taken, such brief shall not exceed 25 pages. Tables of contents or

authorities shall not be counted against the length of a brief.

\* \* \* \* \*

# Mary Lu Jordan,

Chairman, Federal Mine Safety and Health Review Commission. [FR Doc. 99–11459 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6735–01–P

# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[CA 210-0118 EC; FRL-6336-6]

# Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans; California State Implementation Plan Revision-South Coast Air Quality Management District; Reopening of Comment Period

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Proposed rule; reopening of the comment period.

**SUMMARY:** EPA is reopening the comment period for a proposed rule published March 18, 1999 (64 FR 13372). On March 18, 1999, EPA proposed a limited approval and limited disapproval of revisions to the California State Implementation Plan controlling oxides of nitrogen emissions in the South Coast Air Quality Management District. This rule concerned South Coast Air Quality Management District Rule 1110.2.

At the request of the South Coast Air Quality Management District and other parties, EPA is reopening the comment period.

**DATES:** The comment period closes May 19, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be submitted to: Andrew Steckel, Rulemaking Office (AIR–4), Air Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region IX, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA 94105–3901.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ed Addison at (415) 744-1160.

Dated: April 21, 1999.

# Lauri Yoshii,

Deputy Regional Administrator, Region IX. [FR Doc. 99–11388 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–M

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

**Health Care Financing Administration** 

42 CFR Part 405

[HCFA-1002-N]

# Medicare Program; Meetings of the Negotiated Rulemaking Committee on Ambulance Fee Schedule

AGENCY: Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA), HHS. ACTION: Notice of meetings.

**SUMMARY:** In accordance with section 10(a) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, this notice announces the dates and locations for the third and fourth meetings of the Negotiated Rulemaking Committee on the Ambulance Fee Schedule. These meetings are open to the public.

The purpose of this committee is to develop a proposed rule that establishes a fee schedule for the payment of ambulance services under the Medicare program through negotiated rulemaking, as mandated by section 4531(b) of the Balanced Budget Act (BBA) of 1997. **DATES:** The third meeting is scheduled for May 24, 1999 from 9:00 a.m. until 5 p.m. and May 25, 1999 from 8:30 a.m. until 4 p.m. E.S.T. The fourth meeting is scheduled for June 28, 1999 from 9:00 a.m. until 5 p.m. and June 29, 1999 from 8:30 a.m. until 4 p.m. E.S.T.

ADDRESSES: The 2-day May meeting will be held at Doyle's Hotel, 1500 New Hampshire Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20036; (202) 483–6000. The 2-day June meeting will be held at BWI Airport Marriott, 1743 West Nursery Road, Baltimore, MD. 21240; (410) 849– 8300.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Inquiries regarding these meetings should be addressed to Bob Niemann (410) 786–4569 or Margot Blige (410) 786–4642 for general issues related to ambulance services or to Lynn Sylvester (202) 606–9140 or Elayne Tempel (207) 780–3408, facilitators.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Section 4531(b)(2) of the Balanced Budget Act (BBA), Public Law 105–33, added a new section 1834(l) to the Social Security Act (the Act). Section 1834(l) of the Act mandates implementation, by January 1, 2000, of a national fee schedule for payment of ambulance services furnished under Medicare Part B. The fee schedule is to be established through negotiated rulemaking. Section 4531(b)(2) also provides that in establishing such fee schedule, the Secretary will—

• Establish mechanisms to control increases in expenditures for ambulance services under Part B of the program;

• Establish definitions for ambulance services that link payments to the type of services furnished;

Consider appropriate regional and operational differences;

• Consider adjustments to payment rates to account for inflation and other relevant factors; and

• Phase in the fee schedule in an efficient and fair manner.

The Negotiated Rulemaking Committee on the Ambulance Fee Schedule has been established to provide advice and make recommendations to the Secretary with respect to the text and content of a proposed rule that establishes a fee schedule for the payment of ambulance services under Part B of the Medicare program.

The Committee held its second meeting on April 12, 13, and 14, 1999. At this meeting the Committee heard presentations from HCFA staff. The first presenter, a representative from HCFA's Actuarial and Health Cost Analysis Group, described the methodology used in determining how the payment cap under the fee schedule was calculated. The second presenter, a member of the HCFA negotiated rulemaking team, presented historical Medicare hospital and supplier ambulance billing data. The non-government members Committee finalized the private agreement with Project Hope to obtain ambulance cost data and reached consensus on the statements of the issues to be negotiated. Each Committee member presented the member's constituency's interests. Work began on the criteria for evaluating options for the fee schedule.

During the May meeting the Committee will work toward achieving consensus on the interests and on the criteria to be considered in evaluating options for the fee schedule. Discussions will then begin on the options.

The announced future meetings are open to the public without advanced registration. Interested parties can file statements with the Committee. *Mail written statements to the following address: Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, 2100 K Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20427, Attention: Lynn Sylvester.* Location of future meetings will be published in the **Federal Register** at a later date.

Public attendance at the meetings may be limited to space available. A summary of all proceedings will be available for public inspection in room 443–G of the Department's offices at 200 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, D.C. on Monday through Friday of each week from 8:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. (Phone: (202) 690–7890) or can be accessed through the HCFA Internet site at http://www.hcfa.gov/medicare/ ambmain.htm. Additional information related to the Committee will also be available on the web site.

Authority: Section 1834(l)(1) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395m). (Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program No. 93.774, Medicare— Supplementary Medical Insurance Program)

Dated: May 4, 1999.

#### Nancy-Ann Min DeParle,

Administrator, Health Care Financing Administration. [FR Doc. 99–11560 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4120–01–P

#### FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

#### 44 CFR Part 67

[Docket No. FEMA-7283]

### Proposed Flood Elevation Determinations

**AGENCY:** Federal Emergency Management Agency, FEMA. **ACTION:** Proposed rule.

**SUMMARY:** Technical information or comments are requested on the proposed base (1% annual chance) flood elevations and proposed base flood elevation modifications for the communities listed below. The base flood elevations are the basis for the floodplain management measures that the community is required either to adopt or to show evidence of being already in effect in order to qualify or remain qualified for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP).

**DATES:** The comment period is ninety (90) days following the second publication of this proposed rule in a newspaper of local circulation in each community.

ADDRESSES: The proposed base flood elevations for each community are available for inspection at the office of the Chief Executive Officer of each community. The respective addresses are listed in the following table. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Matthew B. Miller, P.E., Chief, Hazards Study Branch, Mitigation Directorate,

Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–3461, or (email) matt.miller@fema.gov.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA or Agency) proposes to make determinations of base flood elevations and modified base flood elevations for each community listed below, in accordance with section 110 of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4104, and 44 CFR 67.4(a).

These proposed base flood and modified base flood elevations, together with the floodplain management criteria required by 44 CFR 60.3, are the minimum that are required. They should not be construed to mean that the community must change any existing ordinances that are more stringent in their floodplain management requirements. The community may at any time enact stricter requirements of its own, or pursuant to policies established by other Federal, state or regional entities. These proposed elevations are used to meet the floodplain management requirements of the NFIP and are also used to calculate the appropriate flood insurance premium rates for new buildings built after these elevations are made final, and for the contents in these buildings.

### **National Environmental Policy Act**

This proposed rule is categorically excluded from the requirements of 44 CFR Part 10, Environmental Consideration. No environmental impact assessment has been prepared.

## **Regulatory Flexibility Act**

The Associate Director, Mitigation Directorate, certifies that this proposed rule is exempt from the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act because proposed or modified base flood elevations are required by the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4104, and are required to establish and maintain community eligibility in the National Flood Insurance Program. As a result, a regulatory flexibility analysis has not been prepared.

### **Regulatory Classification**

This proposed rule is not a significant regulatory action under the criteria of section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 of September 30, 1993, Regulatory Planning and Review, 58 FR 51735.

## **Executive Order 12612, Federalism**

This proposed rule involves no policies that have federalism implications under Executive Order 12612, Federalism, dated October 26, 1987.

# Executive Order 12778, Civil Justice Reform

This proposed rule meets the applicable standards of section 2(b)(2) of Executive Order 12778.

#### List of Subjects in 44 CFR Part 67

Administrative practice and procedure, Flood insurance, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Accordingly, 44 CFR part 67 is proposed to be amended as follows:

# PART 67—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 67 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 42 U.S.C. 4001 *et seq.*; Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1978, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 329; E.O. 12127, 44 FR 19367, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 376.

### §67.4 [Amended]

2. The tables published under the authority of  $\S$  67.4 are proposed to be amended as follows:

State 0	City/town/county	Source of flooding	Location	#Depth in feet above ground. *Elevation in feet (NGVD)	
				Existing	Modified
Florida	Callaway (City), Bay County.	East Bay	Approximately 0.7 mile east of the inter- section of South Berthe Avenue and Wallace Road. Approximately 1,000 feet southeast of intersection of South Berthe Avenue	*6 *4	*11 *7
			and Wallace Road.		

State	City/town/county	Source of flooding	Location	#Depth in feet above ground. *Elevation in f (NGVD)	
				Existing	Modified
		Callaway Bayou	Approximately 0.7 mile east of the inter- section of South Berthe Avenue and Wallace Road.	*6	*1
			Approximately 500 feet southeast of inter- section of Winonast and Beulah Ave- nue.	*4	•
		Callaway Creek	At State Route 22 Approximately 0.6 mile upstream of State Route 22.	*4 *4	•
		Pitts Bayou	West side of U.S. Route 98 (Tyndall Parkway) at Pitts Bayou Crossing.	*4	•
•			South Berthe Avenue, Callaway, Florida. Callaway, 6601 East Highway 22, Callaway,	Florida 32404.	
Florida	Cinco Bayou (Town), Okaloosa County.	Choctawhatchee Bay (along Cinco Bayou).	Approximately 200 feet north of Kidd Street and Lucile Street intersection.	*6	*
	Okaloosa County.		Approximately 300 feet north of intersec- tion of Opp Boulevard and Yacht Club Drive Northeast.	*6	* ⁄
•	•		ort Walton Beach, Florida 32548-4436.		
Send comments to	Mr. Charles W. Turne	r, Town Manager, 10 Yacht (	Club Drive, Fort Walton Beach, Florida 32548	3–4436.	
lorida	Destin (City), Okaloosa County.	Choctawhatchee Bay	Approximately 350 feet north of Harbor Lane and Indian Trail Drive intersection.	*4	
			Approximately 900 feet west of the inter- section of Calhoun Avenue and Zerbe Street.	*4	*
		Gulf of Mexico	At intersection of Lagoon Drive and Moreno Point Road.	None	
			Approximately 800 feet south of Miracle Strip Parkway and Airport Road.	*12	*.
		-	lopment Department, 4200 Two Trees Road estin, 4200 Two Trees Road, Destin, Florida		a.
lorida	Escambia County (Unincorporated Areas).	Gulf of Mexico	Approximately 1.93 miles east of Pensa- cola Beach—Santa Rosa Island Au- thority/Escambia County eastern boundary along Gulf of Mexico.	*13	*
			Approximately 200 feet north of intersecton of Sandy Key Road and State Route 292.	#1	*
		Santa Rosa Sound	Approximately 500 feet east of Pensacola Beach—Santa Rosa Island Authority/	*6	**
			Escambia County eastern boundary near Big Sabine Point.		
			Escambia County eastern boundary	#1	*
		Pensacola Bay	Escambia County eastern boundary near Big Sabine Point. Approximately 3,000 feet south of the tip	#1 *6	*
		Pensacola Bay	Escambia County eastern boundary near Big Sabine Point. Approximately 3,000 feet south of the tip of Big Sabine Point. At the intersection of Burlington Northern		
		Pensacola Bay	Escambia County eastern boundary near Big Sabine Point. Approximately 3,000 feet south of the tip of Big Sabine Point. At the intersection of Burlington Northern Railroad and Redoust Narva Road. Approximately 1,000 feet west of the intersection of State Road 399/Ft. Pick- ens Road and Via De Luna. Approximately 3,600 feet south of west- ern tip of Sherman Cove.	*6 *6 *13	*
			<ul> <li>Escambia County eastern boundary near Big Sabine Point.</li> <li>Approximately 3,000 feet south of the tip of Big Sabine Point.</li> <li>At the intersection of Burlington Northern Railroad and Redoust Narva Road.</li> <li>Approximately 1,000 feet west of the intersection of State Road 399/Ft. Pick- ens Road and Via De Luna.</li> <li>Approximately 3,600 feet south of west- ern tip of Sherman Cove.</li> <li>Approximately 350 feet south of intersec- tion of Gulf Beach Highway and Con- stance Street.</li> </ul>	*6	*
			<ul> <li>Escambia County eastern boundary near Big Sabine Point.</li> <li>Approximately 3,000 feet south of the tip of Big Sabine Point.</li> <li>At the intersection of Burlington Northern Railroad and Redoust Narva Road.</li> <li>Approximately 1,000 feet west of the intersection of State Road 399/Ft. Pickens Road and Via De Luna.</li> <li>Approximately 3,600 feet south of western tip of Sherman Cove.</li> <li>Approximately 350 feet south of intersection of Gulf Beach Highway and Con-</li> </ul>	*6 *6 *13	*

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State	City/town/county	Source of flooding	Location	#Depth in feet above ground. *Elevation in feet (NGVD)	
				Existing	Modified
Maps available for 1129.	inspection at the Esca	ambia County Office of Develo	opment Services, 1190 West Leonard Street,	Pensacola, Flo	orida 32501–
Send comments to	Mr. Barry Evans, Esc	ambia County Administrator,	P.O. Box 1591, Pensacola, Florida 32597-1	591.	
Florida	Fort Walton Beach (City), Okaloosa County.	Santa Rosa Sound	At intersection of 1st Street Southwest and 4th Avenue Southwest.	None	*8
			Approximately 1,000 feet south of inter- section of Hood Avenue Southeast and Brooks Street Southeast.	*7	*11
		Choctawhatchee Bay	Intersection of Arizona Drive Northeast and Texas Street Northeast.	None	*8
		Approximately 600 feet northeast of inter- section of Bay Drive Northeast and Hollywood Boulevard Northeast.	*10	*12	
	Choctawhatchee Bay (along Cinco Bayou).	Approximately 400 feet northeast of inter- section of Martin Place Northwest and Vaughn Street Northwest.	*6	8*	
		Approximately 300 feet southeast of inter- section of Bradley Drive and Beach View Drive.	*5	*12	
		Choctawhatchee Bay (along Garnier Bayou).	Approximately 250 feet northeast of inter- section of Sherwood Road and Mooney Road.	*5	*8
			Approximately 300 feet east of intersec- tion of Marshall Drive and Beach View Drive.	*7	*12
•	•	acle Strip Parkway, Fort Walto City Manager, 107 Miracle S	n Beach, Florida. trip Parkway, Fort Walton Beach, Florida 325	549.	
	Culf Drooze (City)		At the interpretion of Deerneint Circle	*0	*46

Florida	Gulf Breeze (City), Santa Rosa County.	Santa Rosa Sound	At the intersection of Deerpoint Circle and Deerpoint Drive.	*8	*12
			Approximately 0.4 mile west on Gulf Breeze Parkway from the intersection of Bayshore Road and Gulf Breeze Parkway.	None	*8
		Pensacola Bay	Approximately 1,600 feet northwest of the intersection of Fairpoint Drive and Shoreline Drive.	*6	*10
			Approximately 700 feet east of the inter- section of Cadiz Street and Cordoba Street.	*5	*6

Maps available for inspection at the Gulf Breeze City Hall, 1070 Shoreline Drive, Gulf Breeze, Florida.

Send comments to Mr. Edwin A. Eddy, Gulf Breeze City Manager, P.O. Box 640, Gulf Breeze, Florida 32562-0640.

Florida	Lynn Haven (City), Bay County.	North Bay	At the intersection of West 19th Street and Maryland Avenue.	None	*7
			Shoreline at Little Oyster Bar Point	*7	*11
			At intersection of New Jersey Avenue	*6	*7
			and 11th Street.		

Maps available for inspection at the Lynn Haven City Hall, 825 Ohio Avenue, Lynn Haven, Florida.

Send comments to The Honorable Walter J. Kelley	y, Mayor of the City of Lynn Haven	n, 825 Ohio Avenue, Lynn Haven, Florida 32444.
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Florida	Mary Esther (City),	Santa Rosa Sound	Intersection of Doolittle Boulevard and	None	*8
	Okaloosa County.		Miracle Strip Parkway.		
			Approximately 950 feet south of intersec-	*8	*11
			tion of Shady Lane and Miracle Strip		
			Parkway.		

Maps available for inspection at 195 Christobal Road North, Mary Esther, Florida.

Send comments to Mr. John Lulue, Mary Esther City Manager, 195 Christobal Road North, Mary Esther, Florida 32569.

Florida	Mexico Beach (City), Bay Coun-	Gulf of Mexico	At the intersection of 38th Street and 36th Street.	None	*8
	ty.		Approximately 175 feet south of the inter- section of 16th Street and U.S. High- way 98.		*16

State	City/town/county	Source of flooding	Location	#Depth in feet above ground. *Elevation in feet (NGVD)	
				Existing	Modified
•	•	•	n 14th Street, Mexico Beach, Florida. Mexico Beach, P.O. Box 13425, Mexico Bea	ich, Florida 324	-10.
Florida	Niceville (City),	Choctawhatchee Bay	At intersection of Bayshore Drive and Weeden Island Drive.	None	*7
Okaloosa County.	Okaloosa County.		Approximately 600 feet southeast of inter- section of Bayshore Drive and 7th Street.	*7	*10
		Swift Creek	Approximately 100 feet downstream of State Route 20.	*5	*-
			Approximately 2,400 feet upstream of State Route 20.	*6	*-
		Turkey Creek	Approximately 100 feet downstream of State Route 85.	*5	*-
			Approximately 1,700 feet upstream of State Road 85.	*6	*-
	Choctawhatchee Bay (along Boggy Bayou).	Approximately 750 feet west of intersec- tion of Meigs Street and Bayshore Drive.	*7	*(	
			Approximately 100 feet north of intersec- tion of 31st Street and Bayshore Drive.	None	*
		Choctawhatchee Bay (along Rocky Bayou).	Approximately 400 feet southeast of inter- section of 11th Street and Baha Vista Drive.	*5	*1(
			At intersection of 11th Street and Baha Vista Drive.	None	*7

Maps available for inspection at 208 North Partin Drive, Niceville, Florida.

Send comments to Mr. Lannie L. Corbin, City Manager, 208 North Partin Drive, Niceville, Florida 32578.

Florida	Okaloosa County (Unincorporated	Gulf of Mexico	Intersection of Santa Rosa Boulevard and Siebert Drive.	None	*9
	Areas).		Approximately 500 feet south of intersec- tion of Abalone Court and Caviar Drive.	*12	*16
		Santa Rosa Sound	Approximately 800 feet east of intersec- tion of Woodland Avenue and Miracle Strip Parkway.	*7	*8
			Approximately 1,000 feet south of inter- section of Miracle Strip Parkway and Green Drive.	*9	*12
			At intersection of Venus Court and Santa Rosa Boulevard.	None	*9
		Choctawhatchee Bay	At intersection of 13th Street South and Tamarack Avenue.	None	*7
			Approximately 400 feet south of Wenona Way and Cherokee Road intersection.	*6	*12
		Choctawhatchee Bay (along Cinco Bayou).	Approximately 400 feet south of intersec- tion of Valeria Street and Russell Bou- levard.	*6	*8
			Approximately 500 feet southeast of inter- section of Bradley Drive and Beach View Drive.	*5	*12
		Choctawhatchee Bay (along Garnier Bayou).	At intersection of Eglin Parkway and Beach View Drive.	None	*9
		(along Gamor Bayoa).	Approximately 600 feet southeast of inter- section of 2nd Avenue and Beach View Drive.	*7	*12
		Choctawhatchee Bay (along Boggy Bayou).	Approximately 150 feet south of intersec- tion of Bayshore Drive and Palm Bou- levard.	None	*7
			Approximately 1,250 feet west of inter- section of Bayshore Drive and Palm Boulevard.	*7	*10
		Choctawhatchee Bay (along Rocky Bayou).	Approximately 150 feet east of intersec- tion of Capri Cove Road and Lido Cove Road.	None	*7
			Approximately 500 feet west of intersec- tion of Marina Cove Road and Yacht Club Drive.	*7	*10
		Lightwood Knot Creek	Mouth at Garnier Bayou	*5	*8

State City/town/county	City/town/county	Source of flooding	Location	#Depth in feet above ground. *Elevation in feet (NGVD)	
			Existing	Modified	
		Garnier Creek	2,900 feet upstream of State Road 189 Mouth at Garner Bayou 2,250 feet upstream of State Route 189	*7 *5 *7	8* 8* 8*
•	•		00, Fort Walton Beach, Florida. mer Boulevard, Fort Walton Beach, Florida 3	2547.	
Florida	Panama City (City), Bay County.	Watson Bayou	Intersection of Bonita Avenue and East 7th Court.	*4	8*
	.,,		Approximately 1,000 feet southeast of the intersection of Cove Terrace and South Cove Lane.	*4	*10
		St. Andrew Bay	Approximately 400 feet north of the inter- section of Allen Avenue and Linda Ave- nue.	*4	*8
			Approximately 1,400 feet south of the intersection of Brown Avenue and West 18th Street.	*6	*12
		North Bay	400 feet north of intersection of Foxworth Drive and Frankfort Avenue.	*4	*7

intersection of Frankford Avenue and Calhoun Avenue.			Approximately 1,200 feet west of the intersection of Frankford Avenue and Calhoun Avenue.	*7
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Maps available for inspection at the City Hall, City of Panama City, 9 Harrison Avenue, Panama City, Florida.

Send comments to The Honorable Girard Clemons, Jr., P.O. Box 1880, 9 Harrison Avenue, Panama City, Florida 32402–1880.

Florida Panama City Beach (City), Bay County.		Approximately 400 feet west of the inter- section of Crane Street and Miracle Strip Parkway. Approximately 200 feet west of the inter- section of Habanero Avenue and Lullwater Drive East.	*8 *5	*16 *8
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Maps available for inspection at the Panama City Beach City Hall, 110 South Arnold Road, Panama City Beach, Florida.

Send comments to Mr. Richard Jackson, Panama City Beach Manager, 110 South Arnold Road, Panama City Beach, Florida 32413.

Florida	Parker (City), Bay County.	East Bay	Approximately 2,500 feet southeast of the intersection of Fleming Street and Interstate 98.	*6	*10
			Approximately 300 feet east of the inter- section of Bay Avenue and Oak Shore Drive.	*4	*8
	St. Andrew Bay	St. Andrew Bay	Approximately 800 feet west of intersec- tion of Sunset Drive and Cedar Avenue.	*5	*11
			At the intersection of East Street and Fourth Street.	*4	*8

Maps available for inspection at the Parker City Hall, 1001 West Parker, Parker, Florida.

Send comments to The Honorable Brenda Hendricks, Mayor of the City of Parker, 1001 West Parker, P.O. Box 10619, Parker, Florida 32404.

Florida	Pensacola (City), Escambia County.	 West of Pensacola Bay Bridge	*9	*11
		At the intersection of Intendencia Street and North 9th Avenue.	*9	*7

Maps available for inspection at the City of Pensacola Inspections Department, 180 Governmental Center, 5th Floor, Pensacola, Florida.

Send comments to Mr. Thomas J. Bonfield, Pensacola City Manager, P.O. Box 12910, Pensacola, Florida 32521.

Florida	Pensacola Beach- Santa Rosa Is- land Authority (Escambia Coun- ty).	Gulf of Mexico	Pensacola Beach-Santa Rosa Island Au- thority Escambia County east boundary at Gulf of Mexico.	*13	*16
	(9).		At the intersection of Ariola Drive and Avenida 11.	#1	*11
	Santa	Santa Rosa Sound	Approximately 600 feet north of intersec- tion of Via De Luna and Avenida 11.	*6	*12
			At the intersection of Via De Luna and Avenida 11.	#1	*9

\*11

State	City/town/county	Source of flooding	Location	#Depth in feet above ground. *Elevation in feet (NGVD)	
				Existing	Modified
•	•		ia Deluna, Pensacola Beach, Florida. Ieral Manager, P.O. Box 1208, Pensacola Be	each, Florida 32	562.
Florida	Santa Rosa County (Unincorporated Areas).	Gulf of Mexico	Approximately 1.6 miles south of the intersection of U.S. Route 98 (Gulf Breeze Parkway) and Calle of Palencia.	*8	*16
			Approximately 1.5 miles south of the intersection of U.S. Route 98 (Gulf Breeze Parkway) and Belle Meade Circle.	None	*11
		Santa Rosa Sound	Approximately 500 feet south of the inter- section of Avenger Drive and North Shores Drive.	*9	*12
			Approximately 3,400 feet south of the intersection of U.S. Route 98 (Gulf Breeze Parkway) and Mohawk Trail.	None	*8
	•	,	n Building, 6495 Caroline Street, Milton, Flori tor, 6495 Caroline Street, Suite D, Milton, Flo		92.
Florida	Shalimar (Town), Okaloosa County.	Choctawhatchee Bay	At northeast corner of intersection of Eglin Parkway and Gardner Drive.	None	*8
	,		Approximately 1,300 feet southwest of Old Ferry Road and Gardner Drive.	*7	*12
		Choctawhatchee Bay (along Garnier Bayou).	At intersection of Plew Avenue and Shalimar Drive.	None	*8
			Approximately 150 feet west of intersec- tion of Shalimar Drive and Plew Ave- nue.	*7	*11

Maps available for inspection at #2 Cherokee Road, Shalimar, Florida.

Send comments to The Honorable Harry Montague, Mayor of the City of Shalimar, #2 Cherokee Road, Shalimar, Florida 32579.

Florida	Valparaiso (City), Okaloosa County.	Choctowhatchee Bay	Approximately 200 feet south of intersec- tion of Florida Avenue and Grand View Avenue.	None	*7
			Approximately 1,000 feet east of intersec- tion of Jasmine Avenue and Louisiana Avenue.	*7	*10
		Choctawhatchee Bay (along Boggy Bayou).	Approximately 250 feet east of intersec- tion of Westview Avenue and Edge Av- enue.	None	*7
			Approximately 250 feet southwest of intersection of Southview Avenue and Bayshore Drive.	*7	*9

Maps available for inspection at the City Hall, 465 Valparaiso Parkway, Valparaiso, Florida.

Send comments to The Honorable John B. Arnold, Jr., Mayor of the City of Valparaiso, P.O. Box 296, Valparaiso, Florida 32580-0296.

Florida	Walton County (Un- incorporated Areas).	Gulf of Mexico	Shoreline approximately 550 feet south of intersection of Seacrest Drive and County Route 30-A.	*12	*16
			Entire shoreline of Morrison Lake	None	*8
			Approximately 800 feet northeast of inter- section of Lakeshore Drive and Earl Road.	*5	*10
		Choctawhatchee Bay	Approximately 300 feet north of intersec- tion of Bayshore Drive and Geronomo Street.	*2	*7
			Approximately 1,800 feet south of Marsh Drive and State Route 20.	*7	*10
			Approximately 700 feet south of State Route 20 bridge over Linton Spring Branch.	*7	*10
			Approximately 800 feet north of intersec- tion of Orange Street and Pinewood Lane.	*5	*8
			Approximately 200 feet east of intersec- tion of Pinewood Lane and Lakeshore Drive.	*5	*9

State	City/town/county	Source of flooding	Location	#Depth in fo ground. *Elev (NG)	ation in fee
				Existing	Modified
		Alaqua Creek	intersection of State Route 20 and Whitfield Road.	*7	
			x, 47 North 6th Street, DeFuniak Springs, Flo Board of Commissioners, P.O. Drawer 689		ings, Florid
Seorgia	Dallas (City), Paulding County.	Griffin Creek	Approximately 40 feet downstream of Sara Babb Road.	*899	*8
			Upstream side Atlanta Highway (Business State Route 6).	None	*9
		Weaver Creek	Approximately 2,300 feet downstream of West Memorial Drive (State Route 120).	None	*9
			Approximately 0.7 mile upstream of Sea- board Drive.	None	*9
		as City Hall, 120 Main Street, y of Dallas Floodplain Coordir	Dallas, Georgia. nator, 120 Main Street, Dallas, Georgia 3013	2.	
Georgia	Gainesville (City),	Walnut Creek	Approximately 1,785 feet upstream of pri-	None	*9
	Hall County.		vate drive. Approximately 0.72 mile upstream of pri- vate drive.	None	*9
Georgia. Send comments to Georgia	The Honorable Bob H Hall County (Unin-	lamrick, Mayor of the City of Balus Creek	Gainesville, 300 Green Street, Gainesville, G Approximately 2,000 feet downstream of	eorgia 30501. None	*1,0
-	corporated Areas).		McEver Road. Approximately 875 feet upstream of	None	*1,1
		Polyo Crook Tributory 1	Landrum Education Drive.		
		Balus Creek Tributary 1	Approximately 50 feet upstream of con- fluence with Balus Creek. Approximately 575 feet upstream of Old	*1,098 None	*1,1 *1,1
			Öakwood Road.		
		Caney Fork Creek	At confluence with Walnut Creek Approximately 1,650 feet upstream of Sloan Mill Road.	*837 None	*8 1,0*
		Deaton Creek	At confluence with Mulberry Creek	None	*8
			Approximately 2.0 miles upstream of Oliver Road.	None	*9
		Lollis Creek	At confluence with Sherwood Creek Approximately 175 feet upstream of	None None	*8 *9
		Mitchell Creek	Upper Looper Lake Dam. At confluence with Lollis Creek	None	*8
			Just downstream of Swansey Road	None	*1,0
		Mulberry Creek	Approximately 1.13 miles downstream of State Route 211. Just downstream of Martin Road	None None	*8 *9
		Mulberry Creek Tributary	At confluence with Mulberry Creek	None	*8
			Approximately 0.7 mile upstream of Eliza- beth Lane.	None	*g
		Sherwood Creek	At confluence with Mulberry Creek At county boundary	None None	8* 9*
		Walnut Creek	At county boundary Approximately 1.2 miles upstream of Lee	None	*8 *9
		East Fork Little River	Land Road. Approximately 0.66 mile downstream of Brookton Lula Road and approximately 0.28 mile east of the intersection of Cleveland Highway and Wild Smith Road.	None	*1,2

Maps available for inspection at the Hall County Joint Administration Building, Engineering Office, 300 Green Street, Room 309, Gainesville Georgia.

Send comments to Mr. Al Gainey, Jr., Chairman of the Hall County Board of Commissioners, P.O. Box 1435, Gainesville, Georgia 30503.

Georgia	Hiram (City),	Lick Log Creek	Approximately 1.1	miles downstream	of	*959	*957
	Paulding County.		Dallas Nebo Roa	ıd.			i .

	0	,	J* J * 1		
State	City/town/county	Source of flooding	Location	#Depth in fe ground. *Elev (NG\	ation in feet
				Existing	Modified
			Approximately 0.53 mile downstream of Dallas Nebo Road.	*963	*96
		Davis Mill Creek	Approximately 950 feet upstream of Nebo Road.	*943	*94
			Approximately 1 mile upstream of Lake Swan Outfall.	None	*99
		Mill Creek	Approximately 0.78 mile upstream of Pool Road.	*918	*92
			Approximately 0.79 mile upstream of State Route 92.	*939	*93
•	•	m City Hall, 186 Oak Street, H	-		
Send comments to		Pendley, Mayor of the City	of Hiram, 186 Oak Street, Hiram, Georgia 30	)141.	
Georgia	Oakwood (City), Hall County.	Balus Creek	Approximately 150 feet downstream of McEver Road.	*1,081	*1,08
			Approximately 1,425 feet upstream of Landrum Education Drive.	None	*1,17
		Balus Creek Tributary No.	At confluence with Balus Creek	*1,098	*1,10
			Approximately 75 feet upstream of Old Oakwood Road.	None	*1,13
•	•	wood City Hall, 4009 Railroad r Scroggs, Mayor of the City (	l, Oakwood, Georgia. of Oakwood, P.O. Box 99, Oakwood, Georgi	a 30566.	
De eneie	Dauldia a Causta	Davia Mill Creat	At confluence with Mill Create (formerly	*040	*00
Georgia	Paulding County (Unincorporated Areas).	Davis Mill Creek	At confluence with Mill Creek (formerly Lick Log Creek).	*916	*92
	/		Approximately 1.3 miles upstream of Lake Swan Outfall.	None	*1,00
		Griffin Creek	At confluence with Lawrence Creek	*856	*85
			Approximately 710 feet upstream of At- lanta Highway (State Business Route	None	*98
		Lawrence Creek	6). Approximately 60 feet upstream of Old Cartersville Road.	*851	*85
			Approximately 1,300 feet upstream of Dallas Acworth Highway (State Route 92).	*897	*89
		Lick Log Creek	At confluence with Davis Mill Creek Approximately 200 feet downstream of Dallas Nebo Road.	*943 *968	*94 *96
		McClendon Creek	At conflence with Mud Creek Approximately 1.54 miles upstream of	None None	*1,13 *1,15
		Mill Creek	McGarity Road. At confluence with Sweetwater Creek	*906	*90
			Approximately 1.0 mile upstream of Davis Mill Road.	None	*1,02
		Tallapoosa River and Mud Creek.	Approximately 200 feet downstream of Goodman Road.	None	*1,12
			Approximately 1.0 mile upstream of Honey Suckle Lane.	None	*1,15
		Possum Creek	Confluence with Picketts Mill Creek Approximately 825 feet upstream of Due West Road.	None None	*82 *98
		Powder Springs Creek	Upstream side Lost Mountain Road (for- merly County Line Road).	*948	*94
			Approximately 0.51 mile upstream of Mark Drive.	None	*1,13
		Pumpkinvine Creek	Approximately 1,700 feet downstream of	None	*7/

Pumpkinvine Creek .....

Rakestraw Creek .....

Weaver Creek .....

Approximately 1,700 feet downstream of

Approximately 2.7 miles upstream of con-

Approximately 50 feet downstream of

Approximately 1,500 feet upstream of

confluence with Pumpkinvine Creek.

feet upstream of

fluence of Little Pumpkinvine Creek.

Dabbs Bridge Road.

county boundary. Approximately 20

Macland Road.

None

None

\*928

None

None

\*742

\*933

\*929

\*870

\*1,156

State	City/town/county	Source of flooding	Location	#Depth in feet above ground. *Elevation in feet (NGVD)	
				Existing	Modified
			Approximately 125 feet upstream of State Route 120 (West Memorial Drive).	None	*954
		West Fork	Confluence with Pumpkinvine Creek	*775	*777
			Approximately 0.52 mile upstream of con- fluence with Pumpkinvine Creek.	*775	*777
		Lawrence Creek	Approximately 60 feet upstream of Old Cartersville Road.	*851	*852
			At confluence of Griffin Creek	*856	*857
		Dewberry Creek (formerly Lawrence Creek).	At confluence of Griffin Creek	*856	*857
			Approximately 1,300 feet upstream of Dallas Acworth Highway (State Route 92).	*897	*895
		Little Pumpkinvine Creek 1 (formerly Picketts Mill Creek).	At confluence with Pumpkinvine Creek	*760	*759
		,	At confluence of Possum Creek	None	*827
		Picketts Mill Creek	At confluence of Possum Creek	None	*827
			Approximately 720 feet upstream of Hol- land Road.	None	*969

Maps available for inspection at the Paulding County Engineering Department, 25 Courthouse Square, Dallas, Georgia.

Send comments to Mr. Bill Carruth, Chairman of the Paulding County Board of Commissioners, 120 East Memorial Drive, Dallas, Georgia 30132.

Illinois	Bloomington (City), McLean County.	Goose Creek	At confluence with Sugar Creek	*738	*740
			Approximately 970 feet downstream of U.S. Route 51.	*796	*797
		High School Branch	At confluence with Sugar Creek	*773	*770
			Approximately 1,960 feet upstream of Towanda Avenue.	*811	*810
		Little Kickapoo Creek	At upstream side of Ireland Grove Road	*821	*818
			Approximately 2,700 feet upstream of Lincoln Street.	*825	*823
		Brookridge Branch	Approximately 450 feet upstream of con- fluence with Little Kickapoo Creek.	*821	*819
			Approximately 1,900 feet upstream of Hershey Road.	*825	*827
		Skunk Creek	Approximately 650 feet upstream of con- fluence with Sugar Creek.	*745	*744
			Approximately 1,120 feet upstream of Market Street.	*747	*746
		East Tributary Skunk Creek.	Approximately 550 feet upstream of White Oak Road.	*762	*763
			Approximately 1,050 feet upstream of White Oak Road.	*762	*763
		Sugar Creek	At downstream side of Interstate Routes 55 and 74.	*736	*738
			At downstream side of Airport Road	*808	*810

Maps available for inspection at the City of Bloomington Engineering and Water Department, 326 Vista Drive, Bloomington, Illinois. Send comments to The Honorable Judy Markowitz, Mayor of the City of Bloomington, 326 Vista Drive, Bloomington, Illinois 61701.

Illinois	Normal (Town), McLean County.	North Branch Sugar Creek	At confluence with Sugar Creek	*765	*762
			Approximately 100 feet upstream of Fort Jesse Road.	None	*790
		Skunk Creek	Approximately 200 feet upstream of Col- lege Avenue.	*776	*780
			At downstream side of Gregory Street	*785	*786
		East Tributary Skunk Creek.	At Norfolk and Western Railroad	None	*757
			Approximately 20 feet upstream of Hovey Avenue.	*766	*763
		Sugar Creek	Approximately 225 feet upstream of con- fluence of West Branch Sugar Creek.	*755	*754
		Approximately 50 feet downstream of Veterans Parkway.	*789	*790	
		West Branch Sugar Creek	Approximately 120 feet upstream of con- fluence with Sugar Creek.	*755	*754
			At upstream side of Gulf Course weir	*812	*811

State	City/town/county	Source of flooding	Location	#Depth in fo ground. *Elev (NG)	ation in feet
				Existing	Modified
		West Branch Sugar Creek Tributary.	At confluence with West Branch	*801	*80
			Approximately 840 feet upstream of con- fluence with West Branch.	None	*80
		Linden Street Drain	At upstream side of Sycamore Street Approximately 625 feet upstream of Shelbourne Drive.	None None	*79 *81
•	•	nal Town Hall, 100 East Phoe M. Karraker, Mayor of the Tov	nix Avenue, Normal, Illinois. vn of Normal, 100 East Phoenix Avenue, No	rmal, Illinois 61	761.
Kentucky	Inez (City), Martin County.	Rockcastle Creek	At the downstream corporate limits	None	*63
			Approximately 340 feet upstream of State Route 40.	None	*63
		City Hall, Main Street, Inez, P	Kentucky. ez, P.O. Box 540, Inez, Kentucky 41224.		
Kentucky	Martin County (Un- incorporated Areas).	Rockhouse Fork	Approximately 170 feet upstream of the confluence with Rockcastle Creek.	None	*61
	,		Immediately downstream of State Route 40.	*655	*65
		Rockcastle Creek	Approximately 5,500 feet downstream of State Route 40. At the upstream corporate limits	None None	*63
Maps available for	inspection at the Disa	ster Emergency Services Dire	ector's Office, Route 40, Courthouse Square,		
•	•	0,	-Executive, Martin County Courthouse, P.		
Michigan	Howell (City), Liv- ingston County.	Thompson Lake	Entire shoreline within community	None	*90
		Bogue Creek	Approximately 530 feet downstream of Sluice Gate.	None	*89
Mana available for	increation at the City	Loll 611 Fast Grand Diver	Approximately 590 feet upstream of Sluice Gate.	None	*90
•		Hall, 611 East Grand River, H Rogers, Mayor of the City of L	ivingston, City Hall, 611 East Grand River, I	Howell, Michiga	n 48843.
Michigan	Nashville (Village),	Thornapple River	Approximately 2,800 feet downstream of the confluence of Quaker Brook Creek.	None	*81
	Barry County.		Approximately 4,050 feet upstream of Main Street.	None	*81
•	•	0	ı Main Street, Nashville, Michigan. 5 North Main Street, Nashville, Michigan 490	73.	
Minnesota	Hammond (City), Wabasha County.	Zumbro River	Approximately 0.37 mile downstream of Main Street bridge.	*806	*80
	Wabacha Obany.		Approximately 400 feet upstream of Main Street bridge.	*810	*80
		West Zumbro River Tribu- tary.	At confluence with Zumbro River	*809	*80
		South Zumbro River Tribu-	Approximately 1,175 feet upstream of Bridge Street. Approximately 300 feet upstream of con-	None *809	*80
		tary.	fluence with West Zumbro River Tribu- tary.	000	
			Approximately 100 feet upstream of con- fluence with West Zumbro River Tribu- tary.	*809	*80
•	, ,	Hall, East Main Street, Hamm	nond, Minnesota.		
			9, Hammond, Minnesota 55991.	*004	*~
Minnesota	Mazeppa (City), Wabasha County.	North Fork Zumbro River	Approximately 1,650 feet upstream of Maple Street dam. Approximately 1.70 miles downstream of	*931 *893	*93
			Maple Street dam.	033	0

State City	City/town/county Source	Source of flooding	Location	#Depth in fe ground. *Eleva (NGV	ation in feet
				Existing	Modified
			Street, Mazeppa, Minnesota. y of Mazeppa, P.O. Box 316, Mazeppa, Mini	nesota 55956.	
	-				*77
Minnesota	Millville (City), Wabasha County.	Zumbro River	Approximately 0.5 mile downstream side of CSHA–2 bridge. Approximately 1,445 feet upstream side	None None	*77 *78
Maps available for	inspection at the City	∣ Hall, 311 Bridge Street, Millvi	of CSAH–2 bridge.		
		ne Hein, Box 213, Millville, Mi			
Minnesota	Minneiska (City), Wabasha County.	Mississippi River	At downstream corporate limits	None	*66
			At upstream corporate limits	None	*66
	. ,	· ·	Road, Minneiska, Minnesota.	55040	
Send comments to	The Honorable Lee B	urrows, Mayor of the City of	Minneiska, Route 1, Box 57, Minneiska, Minr	iesota 55910.	
Minnesota	Wabasha (City), Wabasha County.	Mississippi River	Approximately 1.54 miles upstream of State Route 60 bridge.	None	*68
			Approximately 3.41 miles downstream of State Route 60 bridge.	None	*67
Maps available for	inspection at the City	Hall, 900 Hiawatha Drive, Wa	basha, Minnesota.		
Send comments to	The Honorable John	Meisch 900 Hiawatha Drive	P.O. Box 268, Wabasha, Minnesota 55981.		
Minnesota Wabasha (Uninco			F.O. DOX 200, Wabasha, Milinesola 55901.		
Minnesota	Wabasha County (Unincorporated	Zumbro River	Approximately 1.34 miles downstream of CSAH-2 bridge.	None	*77)
Minnesota	Wabasha County	Zumbro River	Approximately 1.34 miles downstream of CSAH-2 bridge. Downstream side of Zumbro Lake Dam	*876	*87
Minnesota	Wabasha County (Unincorporated		Approximately 1.34 miles downstream of CSAH–2 bridge. Downstream side of Zumbro Lake Dam At confluence with Zumbro River Approximately 0.55 mile upstream of		*87: *86
Minnesota	Wabasha County (Unincorporated	Zumbro River	<ul> <li>Approximately 1.34 miles downstream of CSAH–2 bridge.</li> <li>Downstream side of Zumbro Lake Dam</li> <li>At confluence with Zumbro River</li> <li>Approximately 0.55 mile upstream of Maple Street Dam.</li> <li>Downstream county limits</li></ul>	*876 None None None	*87; *86; *93;
Minnesota	Wabasha County (Unincorporated	Zumbro River North Fork Zumbro River Mississippi River	<ul> <li>Approximately 1.34 miles downstream of CSAH–2 bridge.</li> <li>Downstream side of Zumbro Lake Dam</li> <li>At confluence with Zumbro River</li> <li>Approximately 0.55 mile upstream of Maple Street Dam.</li> <li>Downstream county limits</li> <li>Upstream county boundary</li> </ul>	*876 None None *681	*87 *86 *93 *66 *68
Minnesota	Wabasha County (Unincorporated	Zumbro River	<ul> <li>Approximately 1.34 miles downstream of CSAH–2 bridge.</li> <li>Downstream side of Zumbro Lake Dam</li> <li>At confluence with Zumbro River</li> <li>Approximately 0.55 mile upstream of Maple Street Dam</li> <li>Downstream county limits</li> <li>Upstream county boundary</li> <li>Upstream side of Zumbro Lake Dam</li> </ul>	*876 None None *681 None	*87 *86 *93 *66 *68 *92
Minnesota	Wabasha County (Unincorporated	Zumbro River North Fork Zumbro River Mississippi River	Approximately 1.34 miles downstream of CSAH–2 bridge. Downstream side of Zumbro Lake Dam At confluence with Zumbro River Approximately 0.55 mile upstream of Maple Street Dam. Downstream county limits Upstream county boundary Upstream side of Zumbro Lake Dam Upstream county boundary Approximately 850 feet upstream of up-	*876 None None *681	*87 *86 *93 *66 *68 *92 *92
Minnesota	Wabasha County (Unincorporated	Zumbro River North Fork Zumbro River Mississippi River Zumbro Lake	Approximately 1.34 miles downstream of CSAH–2 bridge. Downstream side of Zumbro Lake Dam At confluence with Zumbro River Approximately 0.55 mile upstream of Maple Street Dam. Downstream county limits Upstream county boundary Upstream side of Zumbro Lake Dam Upstream county boundary Approximately 850 feet upstream of up- stream crossing of U.S. Route 63. Approximately 450 feet downstream of	*876 None None *681 None None	*87 *86 *93 *66 *68 *92 *92 *84
Minnesota	Wabasha County (Unincorporated	Zumbro River North Fork Zumbro River Mississippi River Zumbro Lake	<ul> <li>Approximately 1.34 miles downstream of CSAH–2 bridge.</li> <li>Downstream side of Zumbro Lake Dam</li> <li>At confluence with Zumbro River</li> <li>Approximately 0.55 mile upstream of Maple Street Dam.</li> <li>Downstream county limits</li> <li>Upstream county boundary</li> <li>Upstream side of Zumbro Lake Dam</li> <li>Upstream county boundary</li> <li>Approximately 850 feet upstream of upstream crossing of U.S. Route 63.</li> <li>Approximately 450 feet downstream of State Route 60 crossing.</li> <li>Approximately 2.1 miles upstream of Soo</li> </ul>	*876 None None *681 None None None	*87 *86 *93 *66 *68 *92 *92 *84 *84
Minnesota	Wabasha County (Unincorporated	Zumbro River North Fork Zumbro River Mississippi River Zumbro Lake Buckman Coulee	<ul> <li>Approximately 1.34 miles downstream of CSAH–2 bridge.</li> <li>Downstream side of Zumbro Lake Dam</li> <li>At confluence with Zumbro River</li> <li>Approximately 0.55 mile upstream of Maple Street Dam.</li> <li>Downstream county limits</li> <li>Upstream county boundary</li> <li>Upstream side of Zumbro Lake Dam</li> <li>Upstream county boundary</li> <li>Upstream county boundary</li> <li>Approximately 850 feet upstream of upstream crossing of U.S. Route 63.</li> <li>Approximately 450 feet downstream of State Route 60 crossing.</li> <li>Approximately 2.1 miles upstream of Soo Line Railroad crossing.</li> <li>Approximately 1.3 miles downstream of confluence of Sugarloaf Creek.</li> </ul>	*876 None None *681 None None None	*87 *86 *93 *66 *68 *92 *92 *84 *84 *84
Minnesota	Wabasha County (Unincorporated	Zumbro River North Fork Zumbro River Mississippi River Zumbro Lake Buckman Coulee	<ul> <li>Approximately 1.34 miles downstream of CSAH–2 bridge.</li> <li>Downstream side of Zumbro Lake Dam</li> <li>At confluence with Zumbro River</li> <li>Approximately 0.55 mile upstream of Maple Street Dam.</li> <li>Downstream county limits</li> <li>Upstream county boundary</li> <li>Upstream county boundary</li> <li>Upstream county boundary</li> <li>Upstream county boundary</li> <li>Approximately 850 feet upstream of upstream crossing of U.S. Route 63.</li> <li>Approximately 450 feet downstream of State Route 60 crossing.</li> <li>Approximately 2.1 miles upstream of Soo Line Railroad crossing.</li> <li>Approximately 1.3 miles downstream of confluence of Sugarloaf Creek.</li> <li>Approximately 100 feet upstream of U.S. 61.</li> </ul>	*876 None None *681 None None None None *713	*87 *86 *93 *66 *68 *92 *92 *84 *84 *84 *71
Minnesota	Wabasha County (Unincorporated	Zumbro River North Fork Zumbro River Mississippi River Zumbro Lake Buckman Coulee Gilbert Creek	<ul> <li>Approximately 1.34 miles downstream of CSAH–2 bridge.</li> <li>Downstream side of Zumbro Lake Dam</li> <li>At confluence with Zumbro River</li> <li>Approximately 0.55 mile upstream of Maple Street Dam.</li> <li>Downstream county limits</li> <li>Upstream county boundary</li> <li>Upstream side of Zumbro Lake Dam</li> <li>Upstream county boundary</li> <li>Upstream county boundary</li> <li>Approximately 850 feet upstream of upstream crossing of U.S. Route 63.</li> <li>Approximately 450 feet downstream of State Route 60 crossing.</li> <li>Approximately 2.1 miles upstream of Soo Line Railroad crossing.</li> <li>Approximately 1.3 miles downstream of confluence of Sugarloaf Creek.</li> <li>Approximately 100 feet upstream of U.S.</li> </ul>	*876 None None *681 None None None *713 *714	*87 *86 *93 *66 *68 *92 *84 *84 *84 *71 *71
Minnesota	Wabasha County (Unincorporated	Zumbro River North Fork Zumbro River Mississippi River Zumbro Lake Buckman Coulee Gilbert Creek	<ul> <li>Approximately 1.34 miles downstream of CSAH–2 bridge.</li> <li>Downstream side of Zumbro Lake Dam</li> <li>At confluence with Zumbro River</li> <li>Approximately 0.55 mile upstream of Maple Street Dam.</li> <li>Downstream county limits</li> <li>Upstream county boundary</li> <li>Upstream county boundary</li> <li>Upstream county boundary</li> <li>Upstream county boundary</li> <li>Approximately 850 feet upstream of upstream crossing of U.S. Route 63.</li> <li>Approximately 450 feet downstream of State Route 60 crossing.</li> <li>Approximately 2.1 miles upstream of Soo Line Railroad crossing.</li> <li>Approximately 1.3 miles downstream of confluence of Sugarloaf Creek.</li> <li>Approximately 100 feet upstream of U.S. 61.</li> <li>Approximately 600 feet downstream of</li> </ul>	*876 None None *681 None None None *713 *714 *681	*771 *87: *86: *93: *66: *68: *92: *92: *84: *84: *71: *71: *68: *68: *80:

Maps available for inspection at the Wabasha County Courthouse, 625 Jefferson Avenue, Wabasha, Minnesota. Send comments to Mr. Ron Stock, County Administrator, 625 Jefferson Avenue, Wabasha, Minnesota 55981.

Minnesota		Zumbro River	Approximately 1,250 feet upstream side	*844	*842
	Wabasha County.		of Main Street bridge.		
			Approximately 2,000 feet downstream of	*842	*839
			Main Street bridge.		
		Buckman Coulee	At downstream cross of U.S. Route 63	*842	*839
			Approximately 50 feet downstream side	*842	*841
			of U.S. Highway 63.		

State	City/town/county	Source of flooding	Location	#Depth in fo ground. *Elev (NG)	ation in feet
				Existing	Modified
•	•	bro Falls City Hall, Main Stree Van DeWalker, City Hall, P.O.	et, Zumbro Falls, Minnesota. . Box 123, Zumbro Falls, Minnesota 55991.	·	
Mississippi	Lauderdale County (Unincorporated Areas).	Newell Branch	Approximately 150 feet downstream of U.S. Route 45.	*343	*34
	,	Harbour Creek	At downstream side of U.S. Route 45 Approximately 350 feet downstream of U.S. Route 45.	*343 *341	*34 *34
			At U.S. Route 45	*341	*34
Maps available for	inspection at the Lauc	lerdale County Tax Assessor'	s Office, 500 Constitution Avenue, Meridian,	Mississippi.	
Send comments to ian, Mississippi 3		esident of the Lauderdale Co	unty Board of Supervisors, 410 Constitution	Avenue, 11th I	Floor, Merid-
Mississippi	Meridian (City), Lauderdale County.	Gallagher Creek	At Norfolk Southern Railway	*309	*30
			Approximately 50 feet upstream of State Route 493.	None	*42
		Harbour Creek	At U.S. Route 45	None	*44
			Approximately 690 feet downstream of Il- linois Central Railroad.	None	*33
			Approximately 1,025 feet upstream of Windover Circle.	None	*41
		Magnolia Creek	Approximately 50 feet downstream of C Street.	*322	*32
			Approximately 100 feet upstream of 36th Street.	None	*38
		Newell Branch	At upstream side of U.S. Route 45 Approximately 1,150 feet upstream of 61st Street.	None None	*34 *41
		Robbins Branch	Approximately 150 feet downstream of U.S. Route 45.	*331	*33
			Approximately 2,800 feet upstream of 52nd Court.	None	*42
•	•	dian City Hall, 601 24th Aven Robert Smith, Mayor of the C	ue, Meridian, Mississippi. ity of Meridian, P.O. Box 1430, Meridian, Mis	ssissippi 39302	
New Hampshire	Charlestown (Town), Sullivan County.	Connecticut River	At a point approximately 1.35 miles downstream from confluence of Jabes Meadow Brook.	*296	*30
			At a point at the approximate location of the confluence of Little Sugar River.	*306	*30
			Approximately 1,300 feet upstream of the confluence of Ox Brook.	*310	*31
		Little Sugar River	At the confluence with Connecticut River Approximately 1,500 feet upstream of the	*306 *306	*30 *30

 Beaver Brook
 At the confluence with Connecticut River
 \*304
 \*307

 Approximately 1,450 feet upstream of the confluence with Connecticut River.
 \*304
 \*307

 Maps available for inspection at the Charlestown Town Hall, Selectmen's Office, 26 Railroad Street, Charlestown, New Hampshire.
 Maps available for inspection at the Charlestown Town Hall, Selectmen's Office, 26 Railroad Street, Charlestown, New Hampshire.
 \*304

confluence with Connecticut River.

Send comments to Mr. Robert Frizzell, Chairman of the Town of Charlestown Board of Selectmen, P.O. Box 385, Charlestown, New Hampshire 03603.

New Hampshire	Lincoln (Town), Grafton County.	East Branch Pemigewasset River.	Approximately 0.66 mile downstream Richard Cooper Memorial Bridge.	of	None	*758
			Approximately 1.4 miles upstream Loon Mountain Bridge.	of	None	*1,067
		de Terre Hell Main Cheat H	0			

Maps available for inspection at the Lincoln Town Hall, Main Street, Lincoln, New Hampshire.

Send comments to Mr. William Conn, Chairman of the Town of Lincoln Board of Selectmen, P.O. Box 39, Lincoln, New Hampshire 03251.

New Hampshire	Walpole (Town), Cheshire County.	Connecticut River	At a point approximately 200 feet up- stream of Bellows Falls Dam.	*295	*302
			At a point approximately 1.8 miles up- stream of Bellows Falls Dam.	*297	*296

State City/town/county	City/town/county	Source of flooding	Location	#Depth in feet above ground. *Elevation in feet (NGVD)	
			Existing	Modified	
•			Dffice, Elm Street, Walpole, New Hampshire. Die Board of Selectmen, P.O. Box 729, Walpo		shire 03608.
Pennsylvania West Hempfield (Township)	West Hempfield (Township),.	Susquehanna River	At downstream corporate limits	*239	*24
	Lancaster County		Approximately 0.68 mile upstream of U.S. Route 30.	*252	*25
		Chickies Creek	Approximately 320 feet upstream of Mari- etta Pike.	None	*27
			At confluence with Susquehanna River	None	*26
		Tributary No. 1 to Shaw- nee Run.	At downstream corporate limits	None	*307
			Approximately 1,000 feet upstream of Malleable Road.	None	*339
		Shawnee Run	At corporate limits	None	*35
			Approximately 620 feet upstream of cor- porate limits.	None	*363

Treasurer of the Township of West Hempfield, 3401 Marietta Avenue, caster, Pennsylvania 17601.

Rhode Island	North Providence	Centerdale Brook	Upstream side of Woonasquatucket Ave-	None	*120
	(Town), Provi- dence County.		nue.	None	120
			Approximately 100 feet upstream of South Locust Avenue.	None	*140
		Cranberry Brook	At confluence with WoonasquatucketRiver.	None	*81
			Downstream side of Humbert Street	None	*110
		West River	At downstream corporate limits	*80	*78
			Approximately 700 feet downstream of Douglas Pike.	*87	*86
		Upper Canada Pond Brook.	Downstream at corporate limits	*60	*58
			Approximately 1,080 feet upstream of corporate limits.	*59	*60
		Centerdale Brook (Culvert- Zone AO).	From Woonasquatucket Avenue to ap- proximately 720 feet downstream of Woonasquatucket Avenue.	None	#1

Maps available for inspection at the Building Inspector's Office, 2000 Smith Street, North Providence, Rhode Island. Send comments to The Honorable Ralph A. Mollis, Mayor of the Town of North Providence, 2000 Smith Street, North Providence, Rhode Island 02911.

Franklin (City), Williamson Coun-	Watson Branch	Approximately 2,300 feet upstream of confluence with Harpeth River.	None	*644
ty.		Approximately 250 feet downstream of Murfreesboro Pike.	None	*698
	South Prong Creek	Approximately 75 feet upstream of con- fluence with Spencer Creek.	None	*663
		Approximately 1,100 feet upstream of Liberty Pike.	None	*729
	Unnamed Tributary to South Prong Creek.	At confluence with South Prong Creek	None	*682
		Approximately 715 feet upstream of con- fluence with South Prong Creek.	None	*689

Maps available for inspection at the Franklin City Hall, Codes Department, 109 Third Avenue, South, Franklin, Tennessee. Send comments to The Honorable Jerry Sharber, Mayor of the City of Franklin, P.O. Box 305, Franklin, Tennessee 37064.

(L	Williamson County (Unincorporated Areas).	Brush Creek	At county boundary	None	*548
			Approximately 1.57 miles upstream of Old Brush Creek Road.	None	*676
		Harrison Branch Creek	Confluence with Brush Creek	None	*556
			Approximately 125 feet downstream of unnamed road.	None	*668
		Hunting Camp Creek	Confluence with South Harpeth River	None	*605

State	City/town/county	Source of flooding	Location	#Depth in fe ground. *Elev (NG\	ation in feet
				Existing	Modified
			Approximately 1,750 feet downstream of Fernvale Road.	None	*68
		Leipers Fork	Just upstream of Bailey Road	None	*67
			At Bear Creek Road	None	*72
		East Fork Creek	At county boundary	None	*58
			Approximately 900 feet upstream of most upstream crossing of Stillhouse Hollow Road.	None	*69
		Beech Creek	Confluence with Little Harpeth River	None	*60
			Approximately 1,750 feet upstream of Murry Lane.	None	*66
		Trace Creek	Approximately 200 feet downstream of county boundary.	None	*56
			Approximately 100 feet downstream of Natchez Bend Road.	None	*64
		Mill Creek	Approximately 0.2 mile downstream of Concord Road.	None	*55
			Approximately 260 feet upstream of Rocky Fork Road.	None	*61
		Owl Creek	Approximately 900 feet downstream of downstream county boundary.	None	*554
			At downstream side of Split Log Road	None	*67
		Unnamed Tributary of Mill Creek.	Approximately 100 feet upstream of con- fluence with Mill Creek.	*599	*60
			Approximately 1,150 feet upstream of confluence with Mill Creek.	None	*60
		Watson Branch	Approximately 1,500 feet upstream of confluence with Harpeth River.	None	*644
			At downstream side of Murfreesboro Pike	None	*69
nessee.	·		anning Department, 1320 West Main Street 320 West Main Street, Suite 125, Franklin, Te		
Vermont	Bellows Falls (Vil- lage), Windham County.	Connecticut River	At a point approximately 0.77 mile up- stream from Bellows Falls Dam.	*296	*29
	County.	Connecticut River	At a point approximately 500 feet up- stream of Bellows Falls Dam.	*295	*29
•	•	•	's Office, Village Square, Rockingham, Verm, P.O. Box 370, Bellows Falls, Vermont 0510		
Vermont	Rockingham (Town), Windham County.	Connecticut River	Approximately 0.77 mile upstream of NEPCO dam.	*296	*298
			Approximately 1.34 miles upstream of confluence of Commissarry Brook.	*301	*30
		Williams River	At the confluence with Connecticut River	*297	*30
			Approximately 1,350 feet upstream of U.S. Route 5 bridge.	*302	*30

Maps available for inspection at the Town of Rockingham, Town Clerk's Office, Village Square, Rockingham, Vermont. Send comments to Ms. Roberta Smith, Rockingham Town Manager, P.O. Box 370, Bellows Falls, Vermont 05101.

Vermont	Springfield (Town), Windsor County.	Connecticut River	At a point approximately 2.2 miles down- stream from Cheshire Bridge (State	*301	*306
			Route 11). At a point approximately 4.2 miles up- stream from Cheshire Bridge (State	*307	*308
		Black River	Route 11). At the confluence with Connecticut River Approximately 550 feet downstream of Old State Route 11 bridge.	*302 *305	*306 *306

Maps available for inspection at the Springfield Town Hall, Zoning Administrator's Office, 96 Main Street, Springfield, Vermont.

Send comments to Mr. Robert Forguites, Springfield Town Manager, 96 Main Street, Springfield, Vermont 05156.

Vermont	Thetford (Town),	Abbott Brook	At confluence with West Branch	None	*692
	Orange County.	Ompompanoosuc River.			
			Approximately 280 feet upstream of State	None	*705
			Route 132.		
		Ompompanoosuc River	At downstream corporate limits	None	*412

State	City/town/county	Source of flooding	Location	#Depth in feet above ground. *Elevation in feet (NGVD)	
				Existing	Modified
		West Branch Ompompanoosuc River.	At upstream corporate limits Approximately 100 feet upstream of Gove Hill Road.	None None	*684 *576
		Lake Fairlee	At confluence with Abbott Brook At Lake Fairlee Dam Approximately 700 feet upstream of cor- porate limits.	None None None	*692 *681 *681
•	•	ford Town Office, Route 113, person of the Town of Thetfor	Thetford Center, Vermont. d Board of Selectmen, P.O. Box 126, Thetfo	rd Center, Vern	nont 05075–
Virginia	Halifax (Town), Halifax County.	Banister Lake	Approximately 120 feet downstream of downstream corporate limit.	None	*365
	•	∣ ax Town Hall, 70 Main Street e, Halifax Town Manager, P.O	At the upstream corporate limit , Halifax, Virginia. . Box 627, Halifax, Virginia 24558.	None	*365
Wisconsin	Grant County (Un- incorporated	Wisconsin River	Approximately 1.4 miles upstream of Bur- lington Northern Railroad.	*629	*628
	Areas).		At upstream county boundary	*682	*680
•	Mr. Gene Bartels, Ch	, .	South Monroe, Lancaster, Wisconsin. Board of Supervisors, 130 West Maple, Grar	nt County Court	house, Lan-
Wisconsin	Ozaukee County (Unincorporated	Lake Michigan	Approximately 2,200 feet east of the intersection of Sandy Beach Road and Sunny Ridge Road.	*590	*587
	Areas).		Approximately 1,900 feet east of the intersection of Silver Beach Road and Sauk Trail Road.	*590	*588
ington, Wisconsi	n.		Environmental Health, 121 West Main Streen, 121 West Main Street, Port Washington,		
Wisconsin	Wisconsin Dells (City), Sauk and Columbia Coun-	Hulbert Creek	Approximately 30 feet upstream of U.S. Highway 12.	None	*826
	ties.		Approximately 2,340 feet upstream of Trout Road.	None	*829
			Crosse Street, Wisconsin Dells, Wisconsin.		

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No.	FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS	modification of its license accordingly.		
83.100, "Flood Insurance")	COMMISSION	To accommodate the Monticello		
Dated: April 21, 1999.		modification, petitioner requests the		
Michael J. Armstrong,	47 CFR Part 73	substitution of Channel 230A for		
Associate Director for Mitigation.	[MM Docket No. 99–141; RM–9339]	Channel 232A at Bastrop, Louisiana,		
8		and modification of the license for		
[FR Doc. 99–11524 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am]	Radio Broadcasting Services;	Station KTRY–FM. The retention of		
BILLING CODE 6718-04-P	Monticello, AR; Bastrop, LA	vacant Channel 230C3 at Bastrop at a		
	AGENCY: Federal Communications	revised site is also proposed as a		
	Commission.	modification alternative to the allotment		

**ACTION:** Proposed rule.

**SUMMARY:** This document requests comments on a petition for rule making filed on behalf of Midway Broadcasting Company, licensee of Station KHBM-FM, Monticello, Arkansas, seeking the substitution of Channel 229C2 for Channel 229C3 at Monticello, and

of Channel 230A at that community. An Order to Show Cause is issued to the licensee of Station KTRY-FM at Bastrop. Coordinates used for Channel 229C2 at Monticello, Arkansas, are 33-43-44 and 91-34-02; coordinates for Channel 230A at Bastrop, Louisiana, are 32–49–10 and 91–54–29; revised

coordinates for vacant Channel 230C3 at Bastrop are 32-43-25 and 91-56-56.

DATES: Comments must be filed on or before June 21, 1999, and reply comments on or before July 6, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Secretary, Federal Communications Commission, Washington, DC 20554. In addition to filing comments with the FCC, interested parties should serve the petitioner's counsel, as follows: Gary S. Smithwick, Esq., Smithwick & Belendiuk, P.C., 1990 M Street, NW., Washington, DC 20036.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Nancy Joyner, Mass Media Bureau, (202) 418-2180.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a synopsis of the Commission's Notice of Proposed Rule Making, MM Docket No. 99–141, adopted April 21, 1999, and released April 30, 1999. The full text of this Commission decision is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in the FCC's **Reference Information Center (Room** CY-A257), 445 Twelfth Street, SW., Washington, DC. The complete text of this decision may also be purchased from the Commission's copy contractor, International Transcription Service, Inc., 1231 20th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20036, (202) 857-3800.

Provisions of the Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980 do not apply to this proceeding.

Members of the public should note that from the time a Notice of Proposed Rule Making is issued until the matter is no longer subject to Commission consideration or court review, all ex parte contacts are prohibited in Commission proceedings, such as this one, which involve channel allotments. See 47 CFR 1.1204(b) for rules governing permissible ex parte contacts.

For information regarding proper filing procedures for comments. See 47 CFR 1.415 and 1.420.

# List of Subjects in 47 CFR Part 73

Radio broadcasting.

Federal Communications Commission.

#### John A. Karousos,

Chief, Allocations Branch, Policy and Rules Division, Mass Media Bureau. [FR Doc. 99-11497 Filed 5-6-99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6712-01-P

# FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

### 47 CFR Part 73

[MM Docket No. 99-139; RM-9402; RM-9412]

#### Radio Broadcasting Services: Princeville, Kapaa and Kalaheo, HI

**AGENCY:** Federal Communications Commission. **ACTION:** Proposed rule.

**SUMMARY:** This document requests comments on two separately filed interrelated petitions for rule making concerning the community of Princeville, Hawaii, that have been combined into a single docket for consideration. The first proposal, filed on behalf of Vetter Communications Co., Inc., permittee of Station KAWT(FM), Channel 255C1, Princeville, requests the reallotment of Channel 255C1 to Kapaa, Hawaii, as that community's first local aural transmission service and modification of its authorization accordingly (RM-9402). The second proposal, filed on behalf of The B&GRS Partnership, permittee of Station KAYI(FM), Channel 260C1, Princeville, seeks the reallotment of Channel 260C1 to Kalaheo, Hawaii, as that community's first local aural transmission service and the concomitant modification of its authorization (RM-9412). The proposals, filed pursuant to the provisions of § 1.420(i) of the Commission's Rules, would leave Princeville without local aural transmission service if each is granted. Therefore, in the event it is determined that one of the allotments must remain at Princeville, the two requests will be comparatively considered in accordance with the Modification of FM and TV Authorizations to Specify a New Community of License, Memorandum Opinion and Order, 5 FCC Rcd 7094 (1990). Coordinates used for Channel 255C1 at Kapaa are 22-04-42 NL and 159-19-19 WL. Coordinates used for Channel 260C1 at Kalaheo are 21-59-54 NL and 159-25-35 WL.

DATES: Comments must be filed on or before June 21, 1999, and reply comments on or before July 6, 1999. ADDRESSES: Secretary, Federal Communications Commission, Washington, DC 20554. In addition to filing comments with the FCC, interested parties should serve the petitioners' counsel, as follows: Harry C. Martin and Andrew S. Kersting, Esqs., Fletcher, Heald & Hildreth, P.L.C., 1300 North 17th Street, 11th Floor, Arlington, VA 22209 (Vetter Communications Co., Inc.); and Gary S. Smithwick, Esq.,

Smithwick & Belendiuk, P.C., 1990 M Street, NW., Suite 510, Washington, DC 20036 (The B&GRS Partnership).

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Nancy Joyner, Mass Media Bureau, (202) 418 - 2180.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a synopsis of the Commission's Notice of Proposed Rule Making, MM Docket No. 99–139, adopted April 21, 1999, and released April 30, 1999. The full text of this Commission decision is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in the FCC's **Reference Information Center (Room CY** A-257), 445 Twelfth Street, SW., Washington, DC. The complete text of this decision may also be purchased from the Commission's copy contractor, International Transcription Service, Inc., 1231 20th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20036, (202) 857-3800.

Provisions of the Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980 do not apply to this proceeding.

Members of the public should note that from the time a Notice of Proposed Rule Making is issued until the matter is no longer subject to Commission consideration or court review, all ex parte contacts are prohibited in Commission proceedings, such as this one, which involve channel allotments. See 47 CFR 1.1204(b) for rules governing permissible ex parte contacts.

For information regarding proper filing procedures for comments, See 47 CFR 1.415 and 1.420.

#### List of Subjects in 47 CFR Part 73

Radio broadcasting.

Federal Communications Commission.

#### John A. Karousos,

Chief. Allocations Branch. Policy and Rules Division, Mass Media Bureau. [FR Doc. 99-11498 Filed 5-6-99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6712-01-P

# FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

#### 47 CFR Part 73

[MM Docket No. 99-131, RM-9333]

# Radio Broadcasting Services; Llano, ТΧ

**AGENCY:** Federal Communications Commission.

**ACTION:** Proposed rule.

**SUMMARY:** This document requests comments on a petition filed by Elgin FM Limited Partnership ("Elgin"), proposing the allotment of Channels 293A and 275A at Llano, Texas, as that community's second and third channels. Elgin also requests amendment of its application for Channel 242A at Llano to specify operation on Channel 293A and amendment of BK Radio's application for Channel 242A at Llano to specify operation on Channel 275A without loss of cut-off protection. The coordinates for Channel 293A are 30–42–27 and 98–46– 25. The coordinates for Channel 275A are 30–42–24 and 98–46–23. Mexican concurrence will be requested for these allotments.

DATES: Comments must be filed on or before June 21, 1999, and reply comments on or before July 6, 1999. ADDRESSES: Federal Communications Commission, Washington, DC. 20554. In addition to filing comments with the FCC, interested parties should serve the Elgin's counsel, as follows: Ann C. Farhat, Bechtel & Cole, Chartered, 1901 L Street, NW, Suite 250, Washington, DC 20036 and BK Radio's counsel: Lee J. Peltzman, Shainis & Peltzman, Chartered, 1901 L Street, NW, Suite 290, Washington, DC 20036.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kathleen Scheuerle, Mass Media Bureau, (202) 418–2180.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a summary of the Commission's Notice of Proposed Rule Making, MM Docket No. 99–131, adopted April 21, 1999, and released April 30, 1999. The full text of this Commission decision is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in the Commission's Reference Center (Room 239), 1919 M Street, NW, Washington, DC. The complete text of this decision may also be purchased from the Commission's copy contractors, International Transcription Services, Inc., 1231 20th Street, NW, Washington, DC 20036, (202) 857-3800, facsimile (202) 857–3805.

Provisions of the Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980 do not apply to this proceeding.

Members of the public should note that from the time a Notice of Proposed Rule Making is issued until the matter is no longer subject to Commission consideration or court review, all *ex parte* contacts are prohibited in Commission proceedings, such as this one, which involve channel allotments. See 47 CFR 1.1204(b) for rules governing permissible *ex parte* contact.

For information regarding proper filing procedures for comments, see 47 CFR 1.415 and 1.420.

#### List of Subjects in 47 CFR Part 73

Radio broadcasting.

Federal Communications Commission. John A. Karousos, Chief, Allocations Branch, Policy and Rules Division, Mass Media Bureau. [FR Doc. 99–11499 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

# FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

# 47 CFR Part 73

[MM Docket No. 99-140, RM-9374]

#### Radio Broadcasting Services; Kennett, MO and Keiser, AR

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Proposed rule.

**SUMMARY:** This document requests comments on a petition filed on behalf of Legend Broadcasting, Inc., requesting the reallotment of Channel 255C from Kennett, Missouri, to Keiser, Arkansas, and modification of the license for Station KTMO to specify Keiser, Arkansas, as the community of license. The coordinates for Channel 255C at Keiser are 36-07-53 and 90-11-34. In accordance with Section 1.420(i) of the Commission's Rules, we shall not accept competing expressions of interest in the use of Channel 255C at Keiser. DATES: Comments must be filed on or before June 21, 1999, and reply comments on or before July 6, 1999. **ADDRESSES:** Federal Communications Commission, Washington, DC 20554. In addition to filing comments with the FCC, interested parties should serve the petitioner's counsel, as follows: Aaron P. Shainis, Shainis & Peltzman, 1901 L Street, N.W., Suite 290, Washington, DC 20036.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kathleen Scheuerle, Mass Media Bureau, (202) 418–2180.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a summary of the Commission's Notice of Proposed Rule Making, MM Docket No. 99-140, adopted April 21, 1999, and released April 30, 1999. The full text of this Commission decision is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in the Commission's Reference Center. Washington, DC. The complete text of this decision may also be purchased from the Commission's copy contractors, International Transcription Services, Inc., 1231 20th Street, NW. Washington, DC 20036, (202) 857-3800, facsimile (202) 857-3805.

Provisions of the Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980 do not apply to this proceeding. Members of the public should note that from the time a Notice of Proposed Rule Making is issued until the matter is no longer subject to Commission consideration or court review, all *ex parte* contacts are prohibited in Commission proceedings, such as this one, which involve channel allotments. See 47 CFR 1.1204(b) for rules governing permissible *ex parte* contact.

For information regarding proper filing procedures for comments, see 47 CFR 1.415 and 1.420.

# List of Subjects in 47 CFR Part 73

Radio broadcasting.

Federal Communications Commission. John A. Karousos.

#### John A. Karousos,

Chief, Allocations Branch, Policy and Rules Division, Mass Media Bureau. [FR Doc. 99–11501 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

#### FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

#### 47 CFR Part 73

[MM Docket No. 99-132, RM-9525]

# Radio Broadcasting Services; Midland, MD

**AGENCY:** Federal Communications Commission.

**ACTION:** Proposed rule.

**SUMMARY:** This document requests comments on a petition filed by West Wind Broadcasting proposing the allotment of Channel 258A at Midland, Maryland, as the community's first local service. The channel can be allotted to Midland with a site restriction 9.1 kilometers (5.7 miles) north of the community at coordinates 39-40-19 NL and 78-57-25 WL. Canadian concurrence will be requested for the allotment of Channel 258A at Midland. DATES: Comments must be filed on or before June 21, 1999, and reply comments on or before July 6, 1999. **ADDRESSES:** Federal Communications Commission, Washington, DC. 20554. In addition to filing comments with the FCC, interested parties should serve the petitioner, as follows: Victor A. Michael, President, West Wind Broadcasting,

6807 Foxglove Drive, Cheyenne, Wyoming 82009. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kathleen Scheuerle, Mass Media

Bureau, (202) 418-2180.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This is a summary of the Commission's Notice of Proposed Rule Making, MM Docket No. 99–132, adopted April 21, 1999, and

released April 30, 1999. The full text of this Commission decision is available for inspection and copying during normal business hours in the Commission's Reference Center, 445 Twelfth Street, SW, Washington, DC. The complete text of this decision may also be purchased from the Commission's copy contractors, International Transcription Services, Inc., 1231 20th Street, NW., Washington, DC. 20036, (202) 857–3800, facsimile (202) 857–3805. Provisions of the Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980 do not apply to this proceeding.

Members of the public should note that from the time a Notice of Proposed Rule Making is issued until the matter is no longer subject to Commission consideration or court review, all *ex parte* contacts are prohibited in Commission proceedings, such as this one, which involve channel allotments. See 47 CFR 1.1204(b) for rules governing permissible *ex parte* contact. For information regarding proper filing procedures for comments, see 47 CFR 1.415 and 1.420.

# List of Subjects in 47 CFR Part 73

Radio broadcasting.

Federal Communications Commission.

# John A. Karousos,

Chief, Allocations Branch, Policy and Rules Division, Mass Media Bureau. [FR Doc. 99–11502 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6712–01–P This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains documents other than rules or proposed rules that are applicable to the public. Notices of hearings and investigations, committee meetings, agency decisions and rulings, delegations of authority, filing of petitions and applications and agency statements of organization and functions are examples of documents appearing in this section.

# DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

#### Food and Nutrition Service

#### Commodity Supplemental Food Program: Elderly Income Guidelines

**AGENCY:** Food and Nutrition Service, USDA.

#### ACTION: Notice.

**Notices** 

**SUMMARY:** This notice announces the adjusted income guidelines to be used by State agencies in determining the eligibility of elderly persons applying to participate in the Commodity Supplemental Food Program (CSFP). These guidelines are to be used in conjunction with the CSFP regulations under 7 CFR Part 247.

#### EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lillie F. Ragan, Assistant Branch Chief, Household Programs Branch, U. S. Department of Agriculture, 3101 Park Center Drive, Alexandria, Virginia 22302–1594, or telephone (703) 305– 2662.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# **Regulatory Flexibility Act**

This action is not a rule as defined by the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601–612) and thus is exempt from the provisions of that Act.

#### **Paperwork Reduction Act**

This notice does not contain reporting or recordkeeping requirements subject to approval by the Office of Management and Budget in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3507).

# **Executive Order 12372**

This program is listed in the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Programs under No. 10.565 and is subject to the provisions of Executive Order 12372, which requires intergovernmental consultation with State and local officials (7 CFR Part 3015, Subpart V, 48 FR 29112).

# Description

On December 23, 1985, the President signed the Food Security Act of 1985 (Pub. L. 99-198). This legislation amended sections 5(f) and (g) of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) to require that the Secretary permit agencies administering the CSFP to serve elderly persons if such service can be provided without reducing service levels for women, infants, and children. The law also mandates establishment of income eligibility requirements for elderly participation. Prior to enactment of Pub. L. 99–198, elderly participation was restricted by law to three designated pilot projects which served the elderly in accordance with agreements with the Department.

In order to implement the CSFP mandates of Pub. L. 99–198, the Department published an interim rule on September 17, 1986 at 51 FR 32895 and a final rule on February 18, 1988, at 53 FR 4831. These regulations defined "elderly persons" as those who are 60 years or older (7 CFR 247.2). The final rule further stipulates that elderly persons certified on or after September 17, 1986 must have "household income at or below 130 percent of the Federal Poverty Income Guidelines published annually by the Department of Health and Human Services." (7 CFR 247.7(a)(3)).

The Federal Poverty Income Guidelines are revised annually to reflect changes in the Consumer Price Index. The revision for 1999 was published by the Department of Health and Human Services in the **Federal Register** on March 18, 1999 at 64 FR 13428. To establish income limits of 130 percent, the guidelines were multiplied by 1.30 and the results rounded up to the next whole dollar.

At this time, the Department is publishing the income limits of 130 percent of the poverty income guidelines. The table in this notice contains the income limits by household size to be used for elderly certification in the CSFP for the period July 1, 1999–June 30, 2000. Federal Register Vol. 64, No. 88 Friday, May 7, 1999

# EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999–JUNE 30, 2000—FNS INCOME ELIGIBILITY GUIDELINES FOR THE ELDERLY IN CSFP

[130 percent of poverty income guidelines]

Family size	Annual	Month	Week
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 For each addi- tional family	10,712 14,378 18,044 21,710 25,376 29,042 32,708 36,374	893 1,199 1,504 1,810 2,115 2,421 2,726 3,032	206 277 347 418 488 559 629 700
member add	+3,666	+306	+71

Authority: Pub. L. 93–86 (7 U.S.C. 612c note)

Dated: April 19, 1999.

#### Samuel Chambers, Jr.,

Administrator, Food and Nutrition Service. [FR Doc. 99–11493 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–30–U

# DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

# Natural Resources Conservation Service

#### Notice of Proposed Changes to Section 4 of the Iowa State Technical Guide

**AGENCY:** Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), U.S. Department of Agriculture.

**ACTION:** Notice of availability of proposed changes in the Iowa NRCS State Technical Guide for review and comment.

**SUMMARY:** It has been determined by the NRCS State Conservationist for Iowa that changes must be made in the NRCS State Technical Guide specifically in practice standards #340, Cover and Green Manure Crop; and #342, Critical Area Planting, to account for improved technology. This practice can be used in systems that treat highly erodible land. **DATES:** Comments will be received on or before June 7, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Leroy Brown, State Conservationist, Natural Resources Conservation Service, Federal Building, 210 Walnut Street, Suite 693, Des Moines, Iowa 50309; at 515/284–4260; fax 515/284–4394. **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Section 343 of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 states that revisions made after enactment of the law to NRCS State technical guides used to carry out highly erodible land and wetland provisions of the law shall be made available for public review and comment. For the next 30 days the NRCS will receive comments relative to the proposed changes. Following that period a determination will be made by the NRCS regarding disposition of those comments and a final determination of change will be made.

Dated: April 28, 1999.

# Leroy Brown,

*State Conservationist.* [FR Doc. 99–11462 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–16–M

# COMMITTEE FOR PURCHASE FROM PEOPLE WHO ARE BLIND OR SEVERELY DISABLED

#### Procument List; Proposed Additions and Deletions

**AGENCY:** Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled.

**ACTION:** Proposed additions to and deletions from procurement list.

**SUMMARY:** The Committee has received proposals to add to the Procurement List services to be furnished by nonprofit agencies employing persons who are blind or have other severe disabilities, and to delete commodities previously furnished by such agencies.

# COMMENTS MUST BE RECEIVED ON OR BEFORE: June 7, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled, Crystal Gateway 3, Suite 310, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, Virginia 22202–4302.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Beverly Milkman (703) 603–7740.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This notice is published pursuant to 41 U.S.C. 47(a)(2) and 41 CFR 51–2.3. Its purpose is to provide interested persons an opportunity to submit comments on the possible impact of the proposed actions.

# Additions

If the Committee approves the proposed additions, all entities of the Federal Government (except as otherwise indicated) will be required to procure the services listed below from nonprofit agencies employing persons who are blind or have other severe disabilities.

I certify that the following action will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. The major factors considered for this certification were:

1. The action will not result in any additional reporting, recordkeeping or other compliance requirements for small entities other than the small organizations that will furnish the services to the Government.

2. The action will result in authorizing small entities to furnish the services to the Government.

3. There are no known regulatory alternatives which would accomplish the objectives of the Javits-Wagner-O'Day Act (41 U.S.C. 46–48c) in connection with the services proposed for addition to the Procurement List. Comments on this certification are invited. Commenters should identify the statement(s) underlying the certification on which they are providing additional information.

The following services have been proposed for addition to Procurement List for production by the nonprofit agencies listed:

#### Administrative Services

- Environmental Protection Agency, Region 6, 1445 Ross Avenue, Dallas, Texas
- NPA: Fairweather Associates, Inc., Dallas, Texas
- Cleaning Services, Crane Division, Naval Surface Warfare Center, Crane, Indiana
- NPA: Orange County Rehabilitative and Developmental Services, Paoli, Indiana
- Commissary Shelf Stocking, Custodial and Warehousing, McChord Air Force Base, Washington,
- NPA: Custom Industries, Bellevue, Washington
- Eyewear Prescription Service, Phoenix Indian Medical Center, Phoenix, Arizona
- NPA: Arizona Industries for the Blind,Phoenix, Arizona
- Janitorial/Custodial, Statue of Liberty National Monument and Ellis Island, New Jersey/New York
- NPA: Fedcap Řehabilitation Services, Inc., New York, New York
- Support Activities for Forestry (Timber Stand Improvement), Crane Division, Naval Surface Warfare Center, Crane, Indiana
- NPA: Orange County Rehabilitative & Developmental Services, Paoli, Indiana,
- Trash Pick-up, Crane Division, Naval Surface Warfare Center, Crane, Indiana

NPA: Orange County Rehabilitative & Developmental Services, Paoli, Indiana

# Deletions

I certify that the following action will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. The major factors considered for this certification were: 1. The action will not result in any additional reporting, recordkeeping or other compliance requirements for small entities.

2. The action will result in authorizing small entities to furnish the commodities to the Government.

3. There are no known regulatory alternatives which would accomplish the objectives of the Javits-Wagner-O'Day Act (41 U.S.C. 46–48c) in connection with the commodities proposed for deletion from the Procurement List.

The following commodities have been proposed for deletion from the Procurement List:

Enamel

8010-00-159-4519 8010-00-159-4520 8010-00-159-4521 8010-00-159-4522 8010-00-067-5436 8010-00-067-5437 8010-00-079-2750 8010-00-079-2752 8010-01-203-7803 8010-01-203-7804 8010-00-079-3750 8010-00-079-3752 8010-00-079-3754 8010-00-079-3756 8010-00-079-3762 8010-00-079-3764 Enamel, Primer Coating 8010-00-159-4518 8010-00-584-2426

#### Beverly L. Milkman,

Executive Director

[FR Doc. 99–11521 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6353-01-P

# COMMITTEE FOR PURCHASE FROM PEOPLE WHO ARE BLIND OR SEVERELY DISABLED

# Procurement List; Additions and Deletion

**AGENCY:** Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled.

**ACTION:** Additions to and deletion from the procurement list.

**SUMMARY:** This action adds to the Procurement List commodities and services to be furnished by nonprofit agencies employing persons who are blind or have other severe disabilities, and deletes from the Procurement List a commodity previously furnished by such agencies.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** June 7, 1999. **ADDRESSES:** Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled, Crystal Gateway 3, Suite 310, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, Virginia 22202–4302. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Beverly Milkman (703) 603–7740 SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On August 14, 1998 and March 22 and 26, 1999, the Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled published notices (63 FR 43660 and 64 FR 13767 and 14687) of proposed additions to and deletion from the Procurement List:

## Additions

After consideration of the material presented to it concerning capability of qualified nonprofit agencies to provide the commodities and services and impact of the additions on the current or most recent contractors, the Committee has determined that the commodities and services listed below are suitable for procurement by the Federal Government under 41 U.S.C. 46–48c and 41 CFR 51–2.4.

I certify that the following action will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. The major factors considered for this certification were:

1. The action will not result in any additional reporting, recordkeeping or other compliance requirements for small entities other than the small organizations that will furnish the commodities and services to the Government.

2. The action will not have a severe economic impact on current contractors for the commodities and services.

3. The action will result in authorizing small entities to furnish the commodities and services to the Government.

4. There are no known regulatory alternatives which would accomplish the objectives of the Javits-Wagner-O'Day Act (41 U.S.C. 46–48c) in connection with the commodities and services proposed for addition to the Procurement List.

Accordingly, the following commodities and services are hereby added to the Procurement List:

#### Commodities

Impulse Merchandising Program (IMP), Party Items M.R. 1500-2000 Cooking Utensils M.R. 1550 Health and Beauty Aids M.R. 1600 **Cleaning Aids** M.R. 1650 Pet Items M.R. 1700 Baby Items M.R. 1750 Children Items M.R. 1800 Household Items

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{M.R. 1850} \\ \text{Paint, Latex} \\ 8010-00-045-3478 \\ 8010-00-055-5100 \\ 8010-00-055-5183 \\ 8010-00-418-4667 \\ 8010-00-418-4668 \\ 8010-00-418-4669 \\ 8010-00-419-8541 \\ 8010-00-463-7063 \\ 8010-00-598-5730 \\ 8010-00-598-5733 \\ 8010-00-823-7962 \\ 8010-00-823-7964 \end{array}$ 

# Services

Commissary Shelf Stocking, Custodial and Warehousing, Fairchild Air Force Base, Washington Janitorial/Custodial,

USARC #2, 1107 Payne Avenue, Erie,

Pennsylvania

This action does not affect current contracts awarded prior to the effective date of this addition or options that may be exercised under those contracts.

## Deletion

I certify that the following action will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. The major factors considered for this certification were:

1. The action may not result in any additional reporting, recordkeeping or other compliance requirements for small entities.

2. The action will not have a severe economic impact on future contractors for the commodity.

3. The action may result in authorizing small entities to furnish the commodity to the Government.

4. There are no known regulatory alternatives which would accomplish the objectives of the Javits-Wagner-O'Day Act (41 U.S.C. 46–48c) in connection with the commodity deleted from the Procurement List.

After consideration of the relevant matter presented, the Committee has determined that the commodity listed below is no longer suitable for procurement by the Federal Government under 41 U.S.C. 46–48c and 41 CFR 51–2.4.

Accordingly, the following commodity is hereby deleted from the Procurement List:

Pin, Tent, Metal 8340-00-985-7461

#### Beverly L. Milkman,

*Executive Director.* [FR Doc. 99–11522 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6353–01–P

# **COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS**

#### **Sunshine Act Meeting**

**DATE AND TIME:** Friday, May 14, 1999, 9:30 a.m.

PLACE; U.S. Commission Civil Rights, 624 Ninth Street, N.W., Room 540, Washington, DC 20425. STATUS:

#### Agenda

I. Approval of Agenda

- II. Approval of Minutes of March 5, and April 16, 1999 Meetings
- III. Announcements
- IV. Executive Session to Discuss Personnel Matters

V. Staff Director's Report

- VI. "Equal Educational Opportunity and Nondiscrimination for Minority Students: Federal Enforcement of Title VI in Ability Grouping Practices" Report
- VII. State Advisory Committee Reports • "Civil Rights Issues Facing the Blind and
  - Visually Impaired in Illinois'' (Illinois)"Police Protection of the African
  - American Community in Chicago: An Update'' (Illinois)
- "Ålaskan Natives and Other Minorities in the Special Education Program of Four Alaskan Districts" (Alaska)
- VIII. State Advisory Committee Appointments for Arizona, Kansas and Minnesota
- IX. Future Agenda Items

11:00 a.m. Briefing on Affirmative Action CONTACT PERSON FOR FURTHER

**INFORMATION:** David Aronson, Press and Communications (202) 376–8312.

# Stephanie Y. Moore,

General Counsel.

[FR Doc. 99–11579 Filed 5–4–99; 4:48 pm] BILLING CODE 6335–01–M

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

# Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

DOC has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for clearance the following proposal for collection of information under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. chapter 35).

Agency: Bureau of the Census. Title: Census 2000 Test Program. Form Number(s): There are 77 forms making up the test program. Although they are too numerous to list here, the forms will be provided upon request.

Agency Approval Number: None. Type of Request: New collection. Burden: 8,013 hours.

Number of Respondents: 200,300. Avg Hours Per Response: AQE2000, SPAN, and RMIE Short-forms=10 minutes; AQE2000 and SPAN longforms=38 minutes; SPAN Survey of Privacy Attitudes=15 minutes; AREX2000 introductory letter=1.5 minutes; AREX2000 Coverage Improvement Survey (CIS)=12.5 minutes; AREX2000 CIS Follow-up=7 minutes.

Needs and Uses: The Census Bureau plans to test several methodologies, techniques, and strategies for improving the way we conduct the decennial census in a "census environment." It is important to examine innovative ideas in the environment for which they are intended to accurately measure effectiveness and feasibility. The Census Bureau plans four separate tests in 2000. They are referred to as the Alternative Questionnaire Experiment (AQE2000), the Administrative Records Census in 2000 Experiment (AREX2000), the Social Security Number, Privacy Attitudes, and Notification (SPAN) Experiment, and the Response Mode and Incentive Experiment (RMIE). Objectives of the AQE2000 are to continue efforts to develop a userfriendly mailout questionnaire that can be accurately completed by respondents and to continue examination of methods to increase mail response. The principle objective of the AREX2000 is to simulate an administrative records census for selected test areas and to compare the results and costs to Census 2000. The purpose of the SPAN Experiment is to obtain behavior and attitudinal data on several topics related to the use of administrative records and to determine how a request for social security number (SSN) on a census form affects response. The goals of the RMIE are (a) to see if the use of prepaid calling cards as an incentive to respond to the census will increase response and (b) to measure what extent respondents choose to use these response options.

Affected Public: Individuals or households.

*Frequency:* One time only. *Respondent's Obligation:* Responses are mandatory with the following exceptions: The SPAN Survey of Privacy Attitudes is voluntary. Additionally, SPAN respondents receiving an experimental short-form including a request for SSN will be

informed that providing SSN is strictly voluntary. *Legal Authority:* Title 13 USC,

Sections 141 and 193. *OMB Desk Officer:* Nancy Kirkendall, (202) 395–7313.

Copies of the above information collection proposal can be obtained by calling or writing Linda Engelmeier, DOC Forms Clearance Officer, (202) 482–3272, Department of Commerce, room 5033, 14th and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230. Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to Nancy Kirkendall, OMB Desk Officer, room 10201, New Executive Office Building, Washington, DC 20503.

Dated: May 4, 1999.

# Linda Engelmeier,

Departmental Forms Clearance Officer, Office of the Chief Information Officer. [FR Doc. 99–11578 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–07–P

### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

#### International Trade Administration

# February 1999 Sunset Reviews: Final Results and Revocations

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce. ACTION: Notice of Final Results of Sunset Reviews and Revocation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Orders: Standard Carnations from Kenya (A-779–602) and Standard Chrysanthemums from the Netherlands (C-421–601).

**SUMMARY:** On February 1, 1999, the Department of Commerce ("the Department") initiated sunset reviews of the antidumping duty order on standard carnations from Kenya and the countervailing duty order on standard chrysanthemums from the Netherlands. Because no domestic party responded to the sunset review notice of initiation by the applicable deadline, the Department is revoking these orders.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 1, 2000. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Darla D. Brown or Melissa G. Skinner, Office of Policy, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–3207 or (202) 482–1560, respectively.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Background

The Department issued an antidumping duty order on standard carnations from Kenya (52 FR 13490, April 23, 1987) and a countervailing duty order on standard chrysanthemums from the Netherlands (52 FR 7646, March 12, 1987). Pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("the Act"), the Department initiated sunset reviews of these orders by publishing notice of the initiation in the **Federal Register** (64 FR 4840, February 1, 1999). In addition, as a courtesy to interested parties, the Department sent letters, via certified and registered mail, to each party listed on the Department's most current service list for these proceedings to inform them of the automatic initiation of a sunset review on these orders.

No domestic interested parties in the sunset reviews of these orders responded to the notice of initiation by the February 16, 1999, deadline (*see* section 351.218(d)(1)(i) of *Procedures for Conducting Five-year ("Sunset") Reviews of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Orders*, 63 FR 13520 (March 20, 1998) ("*Sunset Regulations"*)).

# **Determination to Revoke**

Pursuant to section 751(c)(3)(A) of the Act and section 351.218(d)(1)(iii)(B)(3) of the *Sunset Regulations*, if no domestic interested party responds to the notice of initiation, the Department shall issue a final determination, within 90 days after the initiation of the review, revoking the finding or order or terminating the suspended investigation. Because no domestic interested party responded to the notice of initiation by the applicable deadline, February 16, 1999, we are revoking these antidumping and countervailing duty orders.

# Effective Date of Revocation and Termination

Pursuant to section 751(c)(6)(A)(iv) of the Act, the Department will instruct the United States Customs Service to terminate the suspension of liquidation of the merchandise subject to these orders entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, on or after January 1, 2000. Entries of subject merchandise prior to the effective date of revocation will continue to be subject to suspension of liquidation and antidumping/ countervailing duty deposit requirements. The Department will complete any pending administrative reviews of these orders and will conduct administrative reviews of subject merchandise entered prior to the effective date of revocation in response to appropriately filed requests for review.

Dated May 3, 1999.

# Robert S. LaRussa,

Assistant Secretary for Import Administration. [FR Doc. 99–11569 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

#### International Trade Administration

[A-588-045, A-570-003, A-538-802, A-570-504, A-201-806, C-535-001, A-580-811, A-580-507, A-583-507, A-588-605]

Steel Wire Rope From Japan, Shop Towels From the People's Republic of China, Shop Towels From Bangladesh, Candles From the People's Republic of China, Steel Wire Rope From Mexico, Shop Towels From Pakistan, Steel Wire Rope From South Korea, Malleable Cast Iron Pipe Fittings From South Korea, Malleable Cast Iron Pipe Fittings From Taiwan, Malleable Cast Iron Pipe Fittings From Japan: Extension of Time Limit for Final Results of Five-Year Reviews

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of extension of time limit for final results of five-year ("Sunset") reviews.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce ("the Department") is extending the time limit for the final results of the sunset reviews on the antidumping duty orders on steel wire rope from Japan, shop towels from the People's Republic of China, shop towels from Bangladesh, candles from the People's Republic of China, steel wire rope from Mexico, steel wire rope from South Korea, malleable cast iron pipe fittings from South Korea, malleable cast iron pipe fittings from Taiwan, and malleable cast iron pipe fittings from Japan, and the countervailing duty order on shop towels from Pakistan. Based on adequate responses from domestic interested parties and inadequate responses from respondent interested parties, the Department is conducting expedited sunset reviews to determine whether revocation of the orders would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of dumping or a countervailable subsidy. As a result of this extension, the Department intends to issue its final results not later than August 2, 1999.

EFFECTIVE DATE: May 7, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Scott E. Smith, Martha V. Douthit or Melissa G. Skinner, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, Pennsylvania Avenue and 14th Street, NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–6397, (202) 482– 3207 or (202) 482–1560 respectively.

# **Extension of Final Results**

The Department has determined that the sunset reviews of the antidumping duty orders on steel wire rope from Japan, shop towels from the People's Republic of China, shop towels from Bangladesh, candles from the People's Republic of China, steel wire rope from Mexico, steel wire rope from South Korea, malleable cast iron pipe fittings from South Korea, malleable cast iron pipe fittings from Taiwan, and malleable cast iron pipe fittings from Japan, and the countervailing duty order on shop towels from Pakistan are extraordinarily complicated. In accordance with section 751(c)(5)(C)(v)of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("the Act"), the Department may treat a review as extraordinarily complicated if it is a review of a transition order (i.e., an order in effect on January 1, 1995). See section 751(c)(6)(C) of the Act. The Department is extending the time limit for completion of the final results of these reviews until not later than August 2, 1999, in accordance with section 751(c)(5)(B) of the Act.

Dated: May 3, 1999.

#### Robert S. LaRussa,

Assistant Secretary for Import Administration, [FR Doc. 99–11570 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

# International Trade Administration

[A-201-806]

# Carbon Steel Wire Rope From Mexico: Initiation of New Shipper Antidumping Duty Review

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce. **ACTION:** Notice of Initiation of New Shipper Antidumping Duty Review.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of Commerce (the Department) received a request from Cablesa, S.A. de C.V. ("Cablesa") to conduct a new shipper review of the antidumping duty order on carbon steel wire rope from Mexico. In accordance with section 351.214 of the Department's regulations, we are initiating this review.

EFFECTIVE DATE: May 7, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mark Hoadley, Laurel LaCivita, or Maureen Flannery, AD/CVD Enforcement, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–0666, (202) 482–4236, or (202) 482– 3020, respectively.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### The Applicable Statute and Regulations

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Tariff Act of 1930 (the Act) by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act. In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department's regulations are to the current regulations codified at 19 CFR Part 351 (1998).

# Background

On March 31, 1999, the Department received a timely request, in accordance with section 751(a)(2)(B) of the Act, and section 351.214(c) of the Department's regulations, for a new shipper review of the antidumping duty order on carbon steel wire rope from Mexico, issued on March 25, 1993 (58 FR 16173).

#### **Initiation of Review**

In its March 31, 1999, request for review, Cablesa, as required by 19 CFR 351.214(b)(2)(i) and (iii)(A), certified that it did not export the subject merchandise to the United States during the period of investigation (POI) (November 1, 1991 to April 30, 1992), and that since the investigation was initiated on May 5, 1992 (57 FR 19280), it has not been affiliated with any company which exported subject merchandise to the United States during the POI. Pursuant to the Department's regulations at 19 CFR 351.214(b)(2)(iv), Cablesa submitted documentation establishing the date on which the subject merchandise was first entered for consumption into the United States, the volume of that shipment, and the purchasing and invoicing dates of its first sale to an unaffiliated customer in the United States.

Therefore, because Cablesa has complied with sections 351.214(b) and (c) of our regulations, we are initiating a new shipper review of the antidumping duty order on carbon steel wire rope from Mexico. In accordance with 19 CFR 351.214(h)(1), we intend to issue preliminary results of this review no later than 180 days after this initiation.

Section 351.214(g)(1)(i)(A) states that when a new shipper review is initiated during the month immediately following the anniversary month of the underlying order, the period of review shall be the twelve-month period immediately preceding the anniversary month. Therefore, the period of review for this new shipper review of Cablesa is March 1, 1998 to February 28, 1999.

Concurrent with publication of this notice and in accordance with 19 CFR 351.214(e), we will instruct the United States Customs Service to allow, at the option of the importer, the posting of a bond or security in lieu of a cash deposit for each entry of the merchandise exported by Cablesa, until the completion of this review.

Interested parties desiring disclosure under administrative protective order must submit applications in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305 and 351.306.

This initiation and notice are in accordance with section 751(a) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1675(a)) and 19 CFR 351.221.

Dated: April 30, 1999.

#### **Roland MacDonald**,

Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 99–11573 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

#### International Trade Administration

[A-423-602]

# Industrial Phosphoric Acid From Belgium; Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of preliminary results of antidumping duty administrative review of industrial phosphoric acid from Belgium.

**SUMMARY:** In response to requests from petitioner and one domestic producer, the Department of Commerce is conducting an administrative review of the antidumping duty order on industrial phosphoric acid from Belgium. The period of review is August 1, 1997 through July 31, 1998. This review covers imports of industrial phosphoric acid from one producer, Societe Chimique Prayon-Rupel S.A. ("Prayon").

We have preliminarily found that sales of subject merchandise have been made below normal value. If these preliminary results are adopted in our final results, we will instruct the Customs Service to assess antidumping duties based on the difference between the export price and normal value.

Interested parties are invited to comment on these preliminary results. Parties who submit arguments are requested to submit with the argument (1) a statement of the issue and (2) a brief summary of the argument. EFFECTIVE DATE: May 7, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Frank Thomson or Jim Terpstra, AD/ CVD Enforcement, Group II Office IV, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230; telephone (202) 482–4793, and 482–3965, respectively.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### The Applicable Statute and Regulations

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Tariff Act of 1930 (the Act) by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (URAA). In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department of Commerce's (the Department's) regulations refer to the regulations codified at 19 CFR Part 351 (1998).

# Background

On August 20, 1987, the Department published in the Federal Register (52 FR 31439) the antidumping duty order on industrial phosphoric acid ("IPA") from Belgium. On August 11, 1998, the Department published in the Federal Register (63 FR 42821) a notice of opportunity to request an administrative review of this antidumping duty order. On August 27, 1998, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.213(b)(1), the petitioner FMC Corporation ("FMC"), and Albright & Wilson Americas Inc. ("Wilson"), a domestic producer of the subject merchandise, requested that the Department conduct an administrative review of Prayon's exports of subject merchandise to the United States. We published the notice of initiation of this review on September 29, 1998 (63 FR 51893).

#### **Scope of the Review**

The products covered by this review include shipments of IPA from Belgium. This merchandise is currently classifiable under the Harmonized Tariff Schedule (HTS) item numbers 2809.2000 and 4163.0000. The HTS item number is provided for convenience and Customs purposes. The written description remains dispositive.

#### **Product Comparisons**

We calculated monthly, weightedaverage normal values (NVs). The industrial phosphoric acid exported by Prayon to the United States is PRAYPHOS P5, a refined industrial phosphoric acid, and is the identical merchandise sold by Prayon in its home market in Belgium. Therefore, we have compared U.S. sales to contemporaneous sales of identical merchandise in Belgium.

# **Export Price**

Prayon sells to end-users in the United States through its affiliated sales agent. For these sales, we used export price (EP). In accordance with sections 772(a) and (c) of the Act, we calculated an EP because Prayon sold the merchandise directly to the first unaffiliated purchaser in the United States prior to importation. Additional factors used to determine EP include: (1) whether the merchandise was shipped directly from the manufacturer to the unaffiliated U.S. customer; (2) whether this was the customary commercial channel between the parties involved; and (3) whether the function of the U.S. affiliate was limited to that of a processor of sales-related documentation and a communications link with the unrelated buyer. Where the facts indicate that the activities of the U.S. affiliate were ancillary to the sale (e.g., arranging transportation or customs clearance, invoicing), we treat the transactions as EP sales. See, e.g., Certain Corrosion Resistant Steel Flat Products From Canada: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review, 63 FR 12725, 12738 (March 16, 1998). The record in this case indicates that Prayon has correctly classified its U.S. sales as EP sales. Prayon's affiliated sales agent in the United States, Quadra Corporation (USA) ("Quadra"), served only as a processor of sales-related documentation.

EP was based on the delivered price to unaffiliated purchasers in, or for exportation to, the United States. We made deductions for movement expenses in accordance with section 772(c)(2)(A) of the Act; these included foreign inland freight, foreign brokerage and handling, ocean freight, marine insurance, U.S. customs brokerage fees, merchandise processing fees, and U.S. inland freight expenses.

## **Normal Value**

We compared the aggregate quantity of home market and U.S. sales and determined that the quantity of the company's sales in its home market was more than five percent of the quantity of its sales to the U.S. market. Consequently, in accordance with section 773(a)(1)(B) of the Act, we based NV on home market sales. We also excluded from our NV analysis sales to affiliated home market customers where the weighted-average sales prices to the affiliated parties were less than 99.5 percent of the weightedaverage sales prices to unaffiliated parties. *See Usinor Sacilor* v. *United States*, 872 F. Supp. 1000, 1004 (CIT 1994).

We made adjustments, consistent with section 773(a)(6)(B) of the Act, for inland freight. In addition, we made adjustments for differences in circumstances of sale (COS) in accordance with section 773(a)(6)(C)(iii) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.410.

In calculating the credit expense on its home market sales, Prayon reported the discount on accounts receivable sold to its affiliated coordination center. Because Prayon did not submit any information which could serve as a benchmark to determine whether these affiliated party transactions were conducted at arm's-length, we must assume that they are not arm's-length transactions. Accordingly, we have used the standard credit calculation when calculating the amount of credit to deduct from normal value. We used the monthly home market short-term rates provided by Prayon for borrowing from unaffiliated entities in calculating inventory carrying costs as the basis for the monthly home market short-term interest rates used in the credit calculation. See Import Administration Policy Bulletin 98-2.

In calculating the credit expense on its U.S. sales, Prayon reported the discount on accounts receivable sold to its affiliated coordination center in Belgian francs. Because Prayon did not submit any information which could serve as a benchmark to determine whether these affiliated party transactions were conducted at arm'slength, we must assume that they are not arm's-length transactions. Therefore, we have disregarded the credit expenses reported by Prayon. Instead, we have utilized the weighted-average short-term dollar lending rates calculated by the Federal Reserve in calculating Prayon's imputed credit expense. See Import Administration Policy Bulletin 98-2

No other adjustments were claimed or allowed.

# Level of Trade

In accordance with section 773(a)(1)(B) of the Act, to the extent practicable, we determine NV based on sales in the comparison market at the same level of trade (LOT) as the export price (EP) or the constructed export price (CEP) transaction. The NV LOT is that of the starting-price sales in the comparison market or, when NV is based on constructed value, that of the sales from which we derive selling, general and administrative expenses and profit. For EP, the U.S. LOT is also the level of the starting-price sale, which is usually from exporter to importer. For CEP, it is the level of the constructed sale from the exporter to the importer.

To determine whether NV sales are at a different LOT than EP or CEP, we examine stages in the marketing process and selling functions along the chain of distribution between the producer and the unaffiliated customer. If the comparison-market sales are at a different LOT, and the difference affects price comparability, as manifested in a pattern of consistent price differences between the sales on which NV is based and comparison-market sales at the LOT of the export transaction, we make an LOT adjustment under section 773(a)(7)(A) of the Act. Finally, for CEP sales, if the NV level is more remote from the factory than the CEP level and there is no basis for determining whether the difference in the levels between NV and CEP affects price comparability, we adjust NV under section 773(a)(7)(B) of the Act (the CEP offset provision). See Notice of Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Certain Cut-to-Length Carbon Steel Plate From South Africa. 62 FR 61731, 61732 (November 19, 1997)

Prayon did not claim an LOT adjustment; however, we requested information concerning Prayon's distribution system, including selling functions, to determine whether such an adjustment was necessary. Prayon reported that all sales during the period of review (POR), in both the comparison market (the home market in this case) and the United States, were to end-users and distributors. In the U.S. market, Prayon sells to end-users through its affiliated sales agent. The subject merchandise is shipped from tankage in a storage facility in Canada directly to the customer. In the home market, Prayon sells through several channels of distribution. The first channel includes direct sales made to end-users. For the other channels, Prayon sells to either end-users or distributors through its affiliated sales agent. For all home market customers, Prayon ships the subject merchandise via independent carriers directly to the customer from its storage facilities at the plant. We have examined information provided by Prayon concerning these sales and determined that the selling functions are the same in the home market and U.S. market. Prayon negotiates all final prices and quantities, and bears the cost

of storage and handling, surveys and delivery to customer. Prayon does not maintain inventories for its customers, provide after-sales service, or offer advertising or other sales support activities to its customers in either market. Therefore, we preliminarily determine that sales in the home market and sales in the United States are at the same LOT and that no adjustment is warranted.

# Commissions

The Department operates under the assumption that commission payments to affiliated parties (in either the United States or home market) are not at arm's length. The Court of International Trade has held that this is a reasonable assumption. *See Outokumpu Copper Rolled Products AB* v. *United States*, 850 F. Supp. 16, 22 (CIT 1994).

Accordingly, the Department has established guidelines to determine whether affiliated party commissions are paid on an arm's-length basis such that an adjustment for such commissions can be made. See Tapered Roller Bearings and Parts Thereof, Finished and Unfinished, From Japan and Tapered Roller Bearings, Four Inches or Less in Outside Diameter, and Components Thereof, From Japan, 61 FR 57629 (November 7, 1996). First, we compare the commissions paid to affiliated and unaffiliated sales agents in the same market. If there are no commissions paid to unaffiliated parties, we then compare the commissions earned by the affiliated selling agent on sales of merchandise produced by the respondent to commissions earned on sales of merchandise produced by unaffiliated sellers or manufacturers. If there is no benchmark which can be used to determine whether the affiliated party commission is an arm's-length value (*i.e.*, the producer does not use an unaffiliated selling agent and the affiliated selling agent does not sell subject merchandise for an unaffiliated producer), the Department assumes that the affiliated party commissions are not paid on an arm's-length basis.

In this case, Prayon used an affiliated sales agent in the home market and a different affiliated sales agent in the United States. In its December 16, 1998 response, Prayon submitted its commission rates with its affiliated sales agents in both the home and U.S. market. We issued a supplemental questionnaire to Prayon, requesting that it indicate whether the commissions were paid at arm's length by reference to commission payments to unaffiliated parties in the foreign market and other markets, and to submit evidence demonstrating the arm's-length nature of the commissions. Prayon then submitted documentation indicating that its commission rates with unaffiliated parties in the foreign market and in other markets are comparable to its affiliated party commission rates.

Our preliminary analysis of the submitted documentation indicates that the affiliated commissions in both the home and U.S. market are made at arm's-length. Therefore, for purposes of the preliminary determination, we are accepting Prayon's reported home and U.S. market commissions. Accordingly, we preliminarily determine to make a circumstance of sale adjustment for commissions in both the home and U.S. market. However, we have asked for certain additional information in order to clarify the submitted documentation. This information will not be readily available for the preliminary determination. For further explanation of this issue, see Memorandum from Analyst to Holly A. Kuga ("Arm's Length Commission Memorandum"), dated May 3, 1999.

#### **Currency Conversion**

We made currency conversions in accordance with section 773A of the Act based on rates certified by the Federal Reserve Bank in effect on the dates of U.S. sales. *See Change in Policy Regarding Currency Conversions*, 61 FR 9434 (March 8, 1996).

### **Preliminary Results of the Review**

As a result of this review, we preliminarily determine that the following margin exists for the period August 1, 1997 through July 31, 1998:

Manufacturer/exporter	Margin (percent)	
Prayon	4.27	

The Department will disclose calculations made in connection with its preliminary determination within five days of the date of publication of this notice. Interested parties may also request a hearing within 30 days of publication. If requested, a hearing will be held two days after the date of filing of rebuttal briefs, or the first work day thereafter. Interested parties may submit case briefs not later than 30 days after the date of publication of this notice. Rebuttal briefs, which must be limited to issues raised in the case briefs, may be filed not later than five days after the date of filing of case briefs. The Department will issue a notice of the final results of this administrative review, which will include the results of its analysis of issues raised in any such

briefs, within 120 days from the publication of these preliminary results.

The Department shall determine, and the Customs Service shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries. In accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(b), we have calculated an importer-specific duty assessment rate based on the ratio of the total amount of antidumping duties calculated for the examined sales to the total entered value of the same sales. The rate will be assessed uniformly on all entries of that particular company made during the POR. The Department will issue appraisement instructions directly to the Customs Service.

Furthermore, the following deposit requirements will be effective upon completion of the final results of this administrative review for all shipments of industrial phosphoric acid from Belgium entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of the final results of this administrative review, as provided by section 751(a)(2)(c) of the Act: (1) The cash deposit rate for the reviewed company will be the rate established in the final results of this administrative review (except no cash deposit will be required where the weighted-average margin is de minimis, i.e., less than 0.5 percent); (2) for merchandise exported by manufacturers or exporters not covered in this review but covered in the original less-thanfair-value (LTFV) investigation or a previous review, the cash deposit will continue to be the most recent rate published in the final determination or final results for which the manufacturer or exporter received an individual rate; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in this review, a previous review, or the original investigation, but the manufacturer is, the cash deposit rate will be the rate established for the most recent period for the manufacturer of the merchandise; and (4) if neither the exporter nor the manufacturer is a firm covered in this or any previous reviews or the original investigation, the cash deposit rate will be 14.67 percent, the "all others" rate established in the LTFV investigation.

This notice serves as a preliminary reminder to importers of their responsibility to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in the Secretary's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties. This administrative review and notice are in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act.

Dated: May 3, 1999.

#### Robert S. LaRussa,

Assistant Secretary, Import Administration. [FR Doc. 99–11574 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

#### International Trade Administration

#### [A-583-806]

# Amended Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review: Certain Small Business Telephone Systems and Subassemblies Thereof From Taiwan

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce. ACTION: Amended final results of antidumping duty administrative review.

SUMMARY: On February 25, 1998, the United States Court of International Trade affirmed the Department of Commerce's remand determination results affecting the final assessment rates for Taiwan International Standard Electronics, Ltd. and Tecom Co., Ltd. in the first administrative review of the antidumping duty order on certain small business telephone systems and subassemblies from Taiwan. No parties have appealed this decision. The review covers the period August 3, 1989 through November 30, 1990. As there is now a final and conclusive court decision in this action, we are amending our final results of review and we will instruct the Customs Service to liquidate all appropriate entries.

# EFFECTIVE DATE: May 7, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sanjay Mullick or Kris Campbell at (202) 482–0588 or (202) 482–3813, respectively, Group I, Office of AD/CVD Enforcement 2, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230.

#### The Applicable Statute and Regulations

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute are references to the provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), in effect as of December 31, 1994. In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to Department of Commerce (Department) regulations refer to the regulations codified at 19 CFR Part 353 (April 1, 1997).

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Case History

On July 1, 1992, the Department published its final results in the administrative review of the antidumping duty order on certain small business telephone systems and subassemblies (SBTs) from Taiwan, covering the period August 3, 1989 to November 30, 1990.<sup>1</sup> The review covered seven manufacturers/exporters of the subject merchandise, including Taiwan International Standard Electronics, Ltd. (TAISEL) and Tecom Co., Ltd. (Tecom). The antidumping duty rate assigned to TAISEL as Best Information Available (BIA) was 129.73 percent and the antidumping duty rate calculated for Tecom was 18.10 percent. TAISEL and Tecom filed motions with the Court of International Trade (CIT) challenging the final results.

On April 4, 1997, the CIT issued remands concerning this segment of the proceeding.<sup>2</sup> With respect to TAISEL, the CIT directed the Department to (1) reconsider TAISEL's response in order to determine whether the Department could exclude returned entries of SBTs covered by canceled sales from assessment of antidumping duties; and (2) assign to TAISEL a BIA rate consistent with the Federal Circuit's decision in Allied-Signal Aerospace Co. v. United States (Allied-Signal).3 With respect to Tecom, the CIT directed the Department to (1) use the data contained on a computer tape Tecom submitted on July 29, 1991; (2) reconsider Tecom's claim for a level-of-trade adjustment; and (3) reconsider Tecom's claims for circumstances-of-sale adjustments for home market warranty expenses, warehousing expenses, technical service expenses and bad debt expenses, as well as its claim for an adjustment to FMV for the provision of free gifts.

On July 3, 1997, the Department filed its remand redetermination with the CIT.<sup>4</sup> With respect to TAISEL, the Department re-examined the record and found that TAISEL provided supporting documentation to show that certain

entries were returned as a result of canceled sales. Also, the Department assigned TAISEL a BIA margin based on the margin recalculated for Tecom in the remand redetermination, consistent with the ruling in allied-Signal. With respect to Tecom, the Department used the data contained in the July 29, 1991 computer tape and granted Tecom a level-of-trade adjustment. The Department continued to disallow the circumstance-of-sale adjustments for home market warranty expenses, warehousing expenses, technical service expenses and bad debt expenses as well as its claim for an adjustment to FMV for the provision of free gifts after reconsidering Tecom's claims for these adjustments, because it found no new evidence to support Tecom's claims. The Department determined TAISEL and Tecom's revised margins pursuant to the above adjustments.

On February 25, 1998, the CIT affirmed the Department's final remand results.<sup>5</sup> On April 16, 1998 we published a notice of court decision.<sup>6</sup> As there is now a final and conclusive court decision in this action, we are amending our final results of review in this matter and we will instruct the U.S. Customs Service to liquidate entries subject to this review in accordance with the remand results.

# **Amendment to Final Results of Review**

Pursuant to Section 516A(e) of the Act, we are amending the final results of administrative review of the antidumping duty order on certain small business telephone sytems and subassemblies thereof from Taiwan for the period August 3, 1989 through November 30, 1990. As a result of the remand determination, we have assigned TAISEL a BIA margin based on the margin recalculated for Tecom. The final weighted-average margins for TAISEL and Tecom are as follows:

Manufacturer/Exporter	Weighted average margin per- centage
TAISEL	8.11
Tecom	8.11

The Department shall determine, and the Customs Service shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries. To determine the amount of antidumping duties for TAISEI, we will

instruct the Customs Service to assess entry-specific antidumping duty amounts, which we calculated based on an ad valorem rate of 8.11 percent, applied to those sales determined to have been entered into the Untied States and not returned to Taiwan. For Tecom, we calculated importer-specific ad valorem duty assessment rate for the merchandise based on the ratio of the total amount of antidumping duties calculated for the importer-specific sales examined during the POR to the total importer-specific entry value of sales examined during the POR. The Department will issue appraisement instruction to the Customs Service after publication of this amended final results of review.

This notice is published in accordance with section 751(a)(1) of the Act.

Dated: May 3, 1999.

#### Robert S. LaRussa,

Assistant Secretary, for Import Administration. [FR Doc. 99–11577 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–M

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

#### International Trade Administration

[A-588-054; A-588-604]

Tapered Roller Bearings and Parts Thereof, Finished and Unfinished, From Japan and Tapered Roller Bearings, Four Inches or Less in Outside Diameter, and Components Thereof From Japan; Antidumping Duty Administrative Reviews; Time Limits

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce. **ACTION:** Notice of Extension of Time Limits.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of Commerce (the Department) is extending the time limits for the preliminary results of the 1997–1998 administrative reviews of the antidumping duty order [A–588–604] and finding [A–588–054] on tapered roller bearings from Japan. These reviews cover 4 manufacturers/ exporters and resellers of the subject merchandise to the United States and the period October 1, 1997 through September 30, 1998.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Deborah Scott at (202) 482–2657 or John Kugelman at (202) 482–0649, AD/CVD Enforcement Office Eight, Import Administration, International Trade

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Certain Small Business Telephone Systems and Subassemblies Thereof From Taiwan; Final Results of Administrative Review, 57 FR 29283 (July 1, 1992).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Taiwan International Standard Electronics, Ltd. v. United States, 963 F. Supp. 1202 (CIT 1997); Tecom Co., Ltd. v. United States, Slip Op. 97–42 (CIT April 4, 1997).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>996 F.2d 1185 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Small Business Telephone Systems and Subassemblies Thereof from Taiwan; Final Results of Redetermination Pursuant to Court Remand, Court Nos. 92–08–00532 and 92–08–00528 (July 3, 1997).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Tawain International Standard Electronics Ltd. v. United States, Slip Op. 98–18 (CIT February 25, 1998); Tecom Co., Ltd. v. United States, Slip Op. 98–19 (CIT February 25, 1998).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Certain Small Business Telephone Systems and Subassemblies Thereof From Taiwan; Notice of Court Decision, 63 FR 18883 (April 16, 1998).

EFFECTIVE DATE: May 7, 1999.

Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Because it is not practicable to complete these reviews within the normal statutory time limit, the Department is extending the time limits for completion of the preliminary results until September 20. 1999 in accordance with section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended. See Memorandum from Joseph A. Spetrini to Robert S. LaRussa, on file in Room B-099 of the main Commerce building. The deadline for the final results of this review will continue to be 120 days after publication of the preliminary results.

These extensions are in accordance with section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1675 (a)(3)(A)).

Dated: May 3, 1999.

#### Joseph A. Spetrini,

Deputy Assistant Secretary, AD/CVD Enforcement Group III. [FR Doc. 99–11571 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

#### International Trade Administration

### [A-489-807]

## Certain Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bars From Turkey: Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review and New Shipper Review

AGENCY: Import Administration. International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce. SUMMARY: In response to a request by Ekinciler Holding A.S., Ekinciler Demir Celik A.S., and Ferromin International Trade Corp. (collectively "Ekinciler"), the Department of Commerce (the Department) is conducting an administrative review of the antidumping duty order on certain steel concrete reinforcing bars (rebar) from Turkey. In addition, in response to a request by ICDAS Celik Enerji Tersane ve Ulasim Sanayi A.S. (ICDAS), the Department is also conducting a new shipper review of the antidumping duty order on rebar from Turkey. The period of review is October 10, 1996, through March 31, 1998, for Ekinciler and October 10, 1996, through July 31, 1998, for ICDAS.

We have preliminarily determined that sales have been made below the normal value by the companies subject to these reviews. If these preliminary results are adopted in the final results of these reviews, we will instruct the Customs Service to assess antidumping duties on all appropriate entries.

# EFFECTIVE DATE: May 7, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Shawn Thompson or Irina Itkin, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–1776 or (202) 482– 0656, respectively.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), are references to the provisions effective January 1, 1995, the effective date of the amendments made to the Act by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act. In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department of Commerce regulations are to 19 CFR Part 351 (1998).

# Background

On April 30, 1998, the Department received a request from Ekinciler to conduct an administrative review of the antidumping duty order on rebar from Turkey. On May 29, 1998, the Department published in the **Federal Register** a notice of initiation of an administrative review of Ekinciler covering the period October 10, 1996, through March 31, 1998 (63 FR 29370).

Also on April 30, 1998, ICDAS requested that we conduct a new shipper review pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(B) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.214(b). In this request, ICDAS certified that it did not export the subject merchandise to the United States during the period covered by the original less-than-fair-value (LTFV) investigation (the "POI"), and that it is not affiliated with any company which exported subject merchandise to the United States during the POI. Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.214(b)(2)(iv), ICDAS submitted documentation establishing the date on which it intended to first ship and enter rebar for consumption in the United States, the volume of that shipment, and the date of the first sale to an unaffiliated customer in the United States. Based on the above information, the Department initiated a new shipper review covering ICDAS (Certain Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bars from Turkey: Initiation of New Shipper Antidumping Duty Administrative Review (63 FR 29372, May 29, 1998)). The Department is now conducting this review in accordance with section 751 of the Act and 19 CFR 351.214.

On May 18, 1998, ICDAS agreed to waive time limits applicable to the new shipper review and conduct the new shipper review concurrently with the administrative review.

On May 29, 1998, we issued our questionnaire to Ekinciler and ICDAS. On June 9, 1998, ICDAS requested that the Department expand the period of review (POR) in the new shipper review to include June 1998, in order to allow the Department to capture the company's first sale to an unaffiliated party in the United States, as well as the corresponding entry. On June 11, 1998, we expanded the POR in this review to include June 1998.

We received a response to Sections A through C of the questionnaire (*i.e.*, the sections regarding sales to the home market and the United States) from Ekinciler in July 1998 and a response to Section D (*i.e.*, the section regarding cost of production (COP) and constructed value (CV)) in August 1998. We received a response to Sections A through C of this questionnaire from ICDAS in August 1998. ICDAS was not required to respond to Section D.

In its August 1998 questionnaire response, ICDAS informed the Department that it did not ship subject merchandise to the United States until the end of June 1998. Accordingly, we expanded the POR through July 1998 in order to capture the company's first entry. We determined that expansion of the POR would not cause undue delay in the completion of the review. For further discussion, see the memorandum on this topic from Irina Itkin to Louis Apple, dated April 12, 1999.

In August and September 1998, we issued supplemental questionnaires to Ekinciler and ICDAS, respectively. We received responses to these questionnaires in September and October 1998.

On October 23, 1998, the Department published in the **Federal Register** notices of postponement of the final results until no later than April 30, 1999 (63 FR 56909 and 63 FR 56910).

In January and February 1999, we issued additional supplemental questionnaires to ICDAS and Ekinciler, respectively. We received responses to these questionnaires in January, February, and March 1999.

In February and March 1999, the Department conducted verification of the sales data submitted by ICDAS, in accordance with section 782(i) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.307(b)(1)(iv).

#### **Scope of Reviews**

The product covered by these reviews is all stock deformed steel concrete reinforcing bars sold in straight lengths and coils. This includes all hot-rolled deformed rebar rolled from billet steel, rail steel, axle steel, or low-alloy steel. It excludes (i) plain round rebar, (ii) rebar that a processor has further worked or fabricated, and (iii) all coated rebar. Deformed rebar is currently classifiable in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) under item numbers 7213.10.000 and 7214.20.000. The HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes. The written description of the scope of these reviews is dispositive.

# Periods of Review

The POR is October 10, 1996, through March 31, 1998, for Ekinciler and October 10, 1996, through July 31, 1998, for ICDAS.

# Level of Trade and Constructed Export Price (CEP) Offset

In accordance with section 773(a)(1)(B) of the Act, to the extent practicable, we determine NV based on sales in the comparison market at the same level of trade as export price (EP) or CEP. The NV level of trade is that of the starting-price sales in the comparison market or, when NV is based on CV, that of the sales from which we derive selling, general and administrative expenses (SG&A) and profit. For EP, the U.S. level of trade is also the level of the starting-price sale, which is usually from the exporter to the unaffiliated U.S. customer. For CEP, it is the level of the constructed sale from the exporter to the importer.

To determine whether NV sales are at a different level of trade than EP or CEP sales, we examine stages in the marketing process and selling functions along the chain of distribution between the producer and the unaffiliated customer. If the comparison-market sales are at a different level of trade and the difference affects price comparability, as manifested in a pattern of consistent price differences between the sales on which NV is based and comparison-market sales at the level of trade of the export transaction, we make a level-of-trade adjustment under section 773(a)(7)(A) of the Act. Finally, for CEP sales, if the NV level is more remote from the factory than the CEP level and there is no basis for determining whether the difference in the levels between NV and CEP affects price comparability, we adjust NV under section 773(a)(7)(B) of the Act (the CEP offset provision). See Notice of Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Certain Cut-to-Length Carbon Steel Plate from South Africa, 62 FR 61731 (Nov. 19, 1997).

Neither Ekinciler nor ICDAS claimed that it made home market sales at more

than one level of trade. Based on the information on the record, no level of trade adjustment was warranted for either company. For a detailed explanation of this analysis, see the memorandum entitled "Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review and New Shipper Review on Certain Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bars from Turkey," dated April 30, 1999 (the "concurrence memorandum").

Regarding Ekinciler, in order to determine whether NV was established at a level of trade which constituted a more advanced stage of distribution than the level of trade of the CEP, we compared the selling functions performed for home market sales with those performed with respect to the CEP transaction, which excludes economic activities occurring in the United States, pursuant to section 772(d) of the Act. We found that Ekinciler performed essentially the same selling functions in its sales offices in Turkey for both home market and U.S. sales. Therefore, Ekinciler's sales in Turkey were not at a more advanced stage of marketing and distribution than the constructed U.S. level of trade, which represents an F.O.B. foreign port price after the deduction of expenses associated with U.S. selling activities. Because we find that no difference in level of trade exists between markets, we have not granted a CEP offset to Ekinciler. For further discussion, see the concurrence memorandum noted above.

# **Comparisons to Normal Value**

To determine whether sales of rebar from Turkey were made in the United States at less than normal value, we compared the CEP or EP, as appropriate, to the NV. Because Turkey's economy experienced high inflation during the POR (over 70 percent), as is Department practice, we limited our comparisons to home market sales made during the same month in which the U.S. sale occurred and did not apply our "90/60" contemporaneity rule (see, e.g., Certain Welded Carbon Steel Pipe and Tube from Turkey: Final Results and Partial Rescission of Antidumping Administrative Review, 63 FR 35191 (June 29, 1998); and Certain Porcelain on Steel Cookware from Mexico: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review, 62 FR 42496, 42503 (August 7, 1997)). This methodology minimizes the extent to which calculated dumping margins are overstated or understated due solely to price inflation that occurred in the intervening time period between the U.S. and home market sales.

We first attempted to compare products sold in the U.S. and home markets that were identical with respect to the following characteristics: grade, size, ASTM specification, and form. Where there were no home market sales of merchandise that were identical in these respects to the merchandise sold in the United States, we compared U.S. products with the most similar merchandise sold in the home market based on the characteristics listed above, in that order of priority.

#### **Export Price/Constructed Export Price**

For all U.S. sales by Ekinciler, we used CEP, in accordance with section 772(b) of the Act. For all U.S. sales by ICDAS, we used EP, in accordance with section 772(a) of the Act, because the subject merchandise was sold directly to the first unaffiliated purchaser in the United States prior to importation and CEP methodology was not otherwise warranted based on the facts of record.

# A. Ekinciler

We based CEP on packed prices to the first unaffiliated purchaser in the United States. We made deductions from CEP for discounts, as appropriate. We also made deductions for foreign brokerage and handling expenses, inspection fees, ocean freight, marine insurance, U.S. customs duties, discharge expenses (offset by despatch revenue), wharfage expenses, sorting expenses, truck loading expenses, U.S. warehousing expenses and insurance, U.S. inland freight, and U.S. inland insurance, where appropriate, in accordance with section 772(c)(2)(A) of the Act. We based the amount of foreign brokerage and handling expenses on the amount that Ekinciler paid to an affiliated party, because we determined that these expenses were at arm's length. For further discussion, see the concurrence memorandum.

We made additional deductions from CEP, where appropriate, for Exporters' Association fees, bank charges, credit expenses, U.S. indirect selling expenses, and U.S. inventory carrying costs, in accordance with section 772(d)(1) of the Act. We recalculated U.S. credit expenses using the weighted-average of the U.S. interest rates reported in Ekinciler's response. This interest rate was based on the actual borrowing experience of Ekinciler's affiliated parties for their U.S.-dollardenominated loans.

Pursuant to section 772(d)(3) of the Act, we further reduced the starting price by an amount for profit, to arrive at CEP. In accordance with section 772(f) of the Act, we calculated the CEP profit rate using the expenses incurred by Ekinciler and its affiliate on their sales of the subject merchandise in the United States and the foreign like product in the home market and the profit associated with those sales.

#### B. ICDAS

We based EP on packed prices to the first unaffiliated purchaser in the United States. We made deductions for foreign inland freight expenses, ocean freight expenses, inspection fees, and loading charges, where appropriate, in accordance with section 772(c)(2)(A) of the Act.

### Normal Value

In order to determine whether there is a sufficient volume of sales in the home market to serve as a viable basis for calculating NV (i.e., the aggregate volume of home market sales of the foreign like product is five percent or more of the aggregate volume of U.S. sales), we compared the volume of each respondent's home market sales of the foreign like product to the volume of U.S. sales of subject merchandise, in accordance with section 773(a)(1)(C) of the Act. Based on this comparison, we determined that each respondent had a viable home market during the POR. Consequently, we based NV on home market sales.

Both respondents made sales of rebar to affiliated parties in the home market during the POR. Consequently, we tested these sales to ensure that, on average, they were made at "arm'slength" prices, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.403(c). To conduct this test, we compared the unit prices of sales to affiliated and unaffiliated customers net of all movement charges, direct selling expenses, and packing. Where prices to the affiliated party were on average 99.5 percent or more of the price to the unaffiliated parties, we determined that sales made at arm's length (see 19 CFR 351.403(c) and 62 FR 27355). Accordingly, for Ekinciler, we only included in our margin analysis those sales to the sales to the affiliated party that were made at arm's length. Regarding ICDAS, we did not include in our analysis any sales made to affiliated parties because they failed the "arm's length" test. Because the volume of sales by ICDAS to its affiliated parties was greater than five percent of the company's total home market sales, pursuant to 19 CFR 351.403(d), we based our analysis on the downstream sales of the affiliates to their unaffiliated customers.

#### A. Ekinciler

Pursuant to section 773(b)(2)(A)(ii) of the Act, there were reasonable grounds

to believe or suspect that Ekinciler had made home market sales at prices below their COPs in this (the first) review because the Department had disregarded sales below the COP for this company in the LTFV investigation. *See Notice of Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Certain Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bars from Turkey*, 62 FR 9737, 9740 (Mar. 4, 1997). As a result, the Department initiated an investigation to determine whether Ekinciler made home market sales during the POR at prices below their respective COPs.

We calculated the COP based on the sum of Ekinciler's cost of materials and fabrication for the foreign like product, plus amounts for SG&A and packing costs, in accordance with section 773(b)(3) of the Act. We relied on Ekinciler's information as submitted, except in the specific instances discussed below.

(1) We considered Ekinciler to be the manufacturer of all rebar which was rolled by unaffiliated subcontractors because we find that Ekinciler controlled the production of this merchandise. *See* the memorandum on this topic from the Team to Louis Apple, dated April 30, 1999; and

(2) We revised the calculation of depreciation expenses related to the revaluation of fixed assets in order to use the index published by Turkish Ministry of Finance. See *World Accounting*, Orsini, Gould, McAllister, & Parikh, Matthew Bender & Co., Inc., 1998, page TRK–30.

As noted above, we determined that the Turkish economy experienced significant inflation during the POR. Therefore, in order to avoid the distortive effect of inflation on our comparison of costs and prices, we requested that Ekinciler submit the product-specific cost of manufacturing (COM) incurred during each month of the POR. We calculated a POR-average COM for each product after indexing the reported monthly costs during the POR to an equivalent currency level using the Turkish Wholesale Price Index from the International Financial Statistics published by the International Monetary Fund. We then restated the POR-average COMs in the currency values of each respective month.

We compared the weighted-average COP figures to home market prices of the foreign like product, as required under section 773(b) of the Act, in order to determine whether these sales had been made at prices below the COP. On a product-specific basis, we compared the COP to home market prices, less any applicable movement charges and selling expenses. In determining whether to disregard home market sales made at prices below the COP, we examined whether such sales were made: (1) in substantial quantities within an extended period of time; and (2) at prices which permitted the recovery of all costs within a reasonable period of time in the normal course of trade. *See* sections 773(b)(2)(B), (C), and (D) of the Act.

Pursuant to section 773(b)(2)(C)(i) of the Act, where less than 20 percent of Ekinciler's sales of a given product were at prices less than the COP, we did not disregard any below-cost sales of that product because we determined that the below-cost sales were not made in "substantial quantities." Where 20 percent or more of Ekinciler's sales of a given product were at prices below the COP, we found that sales of that model were made in "substantial quantities" within an extended period of time (as defined in section 773(b)(2)(B) of the Act), in accordance with section 773(b)(2)(C)(i) of the Act. In such cases, we also determined that such sales were not made at prices which would permit recovery of all costs within a reasonable period of time, in accordance with section 773(b)(2)(D) of the Act. Therefore, for purposes of this administrative review, we disregarded the below-cost sales and used the remaining above-cost sales as the basis for determining NV, in accordance with section 773(b)(1) of the Act. Where all sales of a specific product were at prices below the COP, we disregarded all sales of that product.

For those comparison products for which there were sales at prices above the COP, we based NV on ex-factory, exwarehouse or delivered prices to home market customers. We excluded from our analysis home market re-sales by Ekinciler of merchandise produced by unaffiliated companies. Where appropriate, we added an amount for interest revenue received from home market customers for delayed payment of invoices. Also where appropriate, we made deductions from the starting price for foreign inland freight, inland insurance, and off-site warehousing expenses, in accordance with section 773(a)(6)(B) of the Act. We deducted home market packing costs and added U.S. packing costs, in accordance with section 773(a)(6) of the Act.

Where appropriate, we made adjustments to NV to account for differences in physical characteristics of the merchandise, in accordance with section 773(a)(6)(C)(ii) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.411. We based this adjustment on the difference in the variable costs of manufacturing for the foreign like product and subject merchandise, using POR-average costs as adjusted for inflation for each month of the POR, as described above.

# B. ICDAS

We based NV on the starting price to unaffiliated customers. We made deductions for inland freight expenses (offset by freight revenue), where appropriate, pursuant to section 773(a)(6)(B) of the Act. Pursuant to section 773(a)(6)(C)(iii) if the Act, we also made deductions for home market credit expenses (offset by interest revenue), where appropriate. We recalculated home market credit expenses using the interest rates observed at verification.

Pursuant to section 773(a)(6)(C)(iii) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.410(c), we made circumstance-of-sale adjustments by adding U.S. credit expenses, bank charges, and Exporters' Association fees.

In addition, we deducted home market packing costs and added U.S. packing costs, in accordance with section 773(a)(6) of the Act.

# **Currency Conversion**

The Department's preferred source for daily exchange rates is the Federal Reserve Bank. However, the Federal Reserve Bank does not track or publish exchange rates for Turkish Lira. Therefore, we made currency conversions based on the daily exchange rates from the Dow Jones News/Retrieval Service.

#### **Preliminary Results of the Review**

We preliminarily determine that the following margins exist for the respondents during the period October 10, 1996, through March 31, 1998 (for Ekinciler) and October 10, 1996, thorough July 31, 1998 (for ICDAS):

Manufacturer/producer/ex- porter	Margin per- centage
Ekinciler Holding A.S./ Ekinciler Demir Celik A.S. ICDAS Celik Enerji Tersane	1.50
ve Ulasim Sanayi A.S	10.22

The Department will disclose to parties the calculations performed in connection with these preliminary results within five days of the date of publication of this notice. Interested parties may request a hearing within 30 days of publication. Any hearing, if requested, will be held two days after the date rebuttal briefs are filed. Interested parties may submit cases briefs not later than 30 days after the date of publication of this notice. Rebuttal briefs, limited to issues raised in the case briefs, may be filed not later than 35 days after the date of publication of this notice. The Department will issue the final results of the administrative and new shipper reviews, including the results of its analysis of issues raised in any such written comments, within 120 days of publication of these preliminary results.

Upon completion of the administrative and new shipper reviews, the Department shall determine, and the Customs Service shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries. Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1), we have calculated importer-specific assessment rates based on the ratio of the total amount of antidumping duties calculated for the examined sales to the total entered value of those sales, where available. Where the entered value was not available, we estimated the entered value by subtracting international movement expenses from the gross sales value. Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.106(c)(2), we will instruct the Customs Service to liquidate without regard to antidumping duties any entries for which the assessment rate is de minimis (i.e., less than 0.50 percent). The assessment rate will be assessed uniformly on all entries of that particular importer made during the POR. The Department will issue appraisement instructions directly to the Customs Service.

Further, the following deposit requirements will be effective for all shipments of rebar from Turkey entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of the final results of these administrative and new shipper reviews, as provided for by section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act: 1) The cash deposit rates for the reviewed companies will be the rates established in the final results of these reviews; 2) for previously investigated companies not listed above, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the companyspecific rate published for the most recent period; 3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in these reviews, or the LTFV investigation, but the manufacturer is, the cash deposit rate will be the rate established for the most recent period for the manufacturer of the merchandise; and 4) the cash deposit rate for all other manufacturers or exporters will continue to be 16.06 percent, the all others rate established in the LTFV investigation.

These deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until publication of the final results of the next administrative review.

This notice serves as a preliminary reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in the Secretary's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties. These administrative and new shipper reviews and notice are in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and (a)(2)(B) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1675(a)(1) and (a)(2)(B)) and 19 CFR 351.213 and 214.

Dated: April 30, 1999.

#### **Richard W. Moreland,**

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration. [FR Doc. 99–11572 Filed 05–06–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

# International Trade Administration

#### Notice of Opportunity To Apply for Membership on the U.S.-Korea Committee on Business Cooperation

**SUMMARY:** The Department of Commerce is currently seeking interim applications for membership on the U.S. side of the U.S.-Korea Committee on Business Cooperation (CBC). The purpose of the CBC is to facilitate stronger commercial ties between U.S. and Korean private sector businesses. This is accomplished by undertaking work programs, reporting on the results, and presenting written recommendations to the two governments. The CBC is chaired by the U.S. Secretary of Commerce and the Korean Minister of Commerce, Industry and Energy. Its activities are coordinated by an equal number of private sector representatives from the United States and Korea. The CBC held its second meeting in Seoul, Korea, on March 27, 1999. The work of the CBC is currently focused through eight sector-specific subgroups: (1) government procurement, (2) environmental technologies, (3) venture capital, (4) automobiles, (5) filmed entertainment, (6) electronic commerce, (7) a business opportunity network on the Internet, and (8) telecommunications. In particular, the Department is seeking representatives from the following sectors: electronic commerce, energy, and biotechnology. **MEMBERSHIP OPPORTUNITY:** The CBC charter will expire October 1, 1999, and may be renewed upon the mutual agreement of the U.S. and Korea. There are several vacancies on the U.S. side of the CBC. Applications are now being sought for U.S. private sector members

to serve beginning immediately and until October 1, 1999. Private sector members will serve at the discretion of the Secretary. They are expected to participate fully in defining and implementing CBC work programs, reporting on the results, and presenting written recommendations to the two governments. It is expected that private sector individuals chosen for the CBC will attend at least 75% of CBC meetings, which are held alternately in the U.S. and Korea. Private sector members are fully responsible for travel, living and personal expenses associated with their participation in the CBC. The private sector members will serve in a representative capacity presenting the views and interests of the particular business sector in which they operate, not those of their individual firms. Private sector members are not special government employees.

#### **Objectives**

The goals of the CBC are as follows:

• Identifying commercial opportunities, impediments, and issues of concern to the respective business communities;

• Improving the dissemination of appropriate commercial information on both markets;

 Adopting sectoral or projectoriented approaches to expand business opportunities, addressing specific problems, and making recommendations to decision-makers where appropriate;

• Promoting trade/business development and promotion programs to assist the respective business communities in accessing each market, including trade missions, exhibits,

seminars, and other events;Facilitating appropriate technical cooperation; and

• Considering other steps that may be taken to foster growth and enhance commercial relations.

#### **Membership** Criteria

Eligibility criteria. An applicant must be:

 a U.S. citizen residing in the United States; and

• not a registered foreign agent under the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938 (FARA).

In reviewing eligible applicants, the Commerce Department will consider:

• Expertise in one of the business sectors noted above in which the CBC will be active;

• Readiness to initiate and be responsible for activities in one or more of the business sectors in which the CBC will be active; and

• Prospective member contributes to membership diversity of company size,

type, location, demographics and/or traditional under-representation in business.

To be considered for membership, please provide the following: name and title of the individual requesting consideration; name and address of the company or organization sponsoring each individual; company's product or service line; size of the company; export experience and major markets; a brief statement of why each candidate should be considered for membership on the CBC; the particular segment of the business community each candidate would represent; a personal resume; and a statement signed by the applicant that he or she is a U.S. citizen residing in the United States and not a registered foreign agent under FARA. Up to two applicants from the same organization can be considered.

**DEADLINE:** In order to receive full consideration, requests must be received no later than May 25, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Please send your requests for consideration to Philip R. Agress, Director, Office of Korea and Southeast Asia, U.S. Department of Commerce, Room 2320, 14th St. and Constitution Ave., NW, Washington, D.C. 20230, fax (202) 482–0469.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Linda Droker, Director, Korea and Taiwan Affairs, U.S. Department of Commerce, Room 2036, 14th St. and Constitution Ave., NW, Washington, D.C. 20230, telephone (202) 482–3876, fax (202) 482–3316.

Authority: 15 U.S.C. 1512.

Dated: May 4, 1999.

# Philip Agress,

Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for Asia and the Pacific.

[FR Doc. 99–11517 Filed 05–06–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DA–P

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

#### **International Trade Administration**

# United States-Egypt Presidents' Council: Membership

**AGENCY:** International Trade Administration, Commerce.

**ACTION:** Amendment to notice of membership opportunity: Extension to deadline for applications.

**SUMMARY:** The International Trade Administration of the U.S. Department of Commerce established and monitors the activities of the U.S.-Egypt Presidents' Council, the private sector component of the Gore-Mubarak Partnership. The **Federal Register** 

published a notice of membership opportunities for American business representatives on the U.S. side of the Council on April 12, 1999. The deadline was May 7, 1999. This notice hereby extends the deadline by which applications must be received. **DATES:** In order to receive full consideration, requests must be received no later than: Friday, May 21, 1999. **ADDRESSES:** Please send your requests for consideration to Thomas Sams, Egypt Desk Officer, Office of the Near East, U.S. Department of Commerce either by fax on 202–482–0878 or by mail to Room H-2029B, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Tom Sams, Office of the Near East, Room H– 2029B, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230, phone: 202– 482–4441.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This amends the notice of membership opportunities on the U.S.-Egypt Presidents' Council published in the Federal Register on April 12, 1999 (64 FR 17617–17618).

Dated: May 4 1999.

#### Thomas R. Parker,

Director, Office of the Near East. [FR Doc. 99–11632 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DA–P

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

# International Trade Administration

[C-508-605]

## Industrial Phosphoric Acid From Israel: Preliminary Results of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce. ACTION: Notice of Preliminary Results and Partial Rescission of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of Commerce (the Department) is conducting an administrative review of the countervailing duty order on industrial phosphoric acid from Israel for the period January 1, 1997 through December 31, 1997. For information on the net subsidy for each reviewed company, as well as for all nonreviewed companies, please see the *Preliminary Results of Review* section of this notice. If the final results remain the same as these preliminary results, we will instruct the U.S. Customs Service to assess countervailing duties as detailed in the *Preliminary Results of Review.* Interested parties are invited to comment on these preliminary results. *See Public Comment* section of this notice.

#### EFFECTIVE DATE: May 7, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dana Mermelstein or Sean Carey, Office of AD/CVD Enforcement VI, Group II, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230; telephone (202) 482–0984 or (202) 482–3691, respectively.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Background

On August 19, 1987, the Department published in the Federal Register (52 FR 31057) the countervailing duty order on industrial phosphoric acid from Israel. On August 11, 1998, the Department published a notice of "Opportunity to Request Administrative Review'' (63 FR 42821) of this countervailing duty order. We received a timely request for review, and we initiated the review, covering the period January 1, 1997 through December 31, 1997, on September 29, 1998 (63 FR 51893). In accordance with 19 CFR 351.213(b), this review covers only those producers or exporters of the subject merchandise for which a review was specifically requested. Accordingly, this review covers Rotem-Amfert Negev Ltd. (Rotem) and Haifa Chemicals Ltd. (Haifa). Haifa did not export the subject merchandise during the period of review (POR). Therefore, we are rescinding the review with respect to Haifa. This review covers 11 programs.

# **Applicable Statute and Regulations**

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute are references to the provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (URAA) effective January 1, 1995 (the Act). The Department is conducting this administrative review in accordance with section 751(a) of the Act. All citations to the Department's regulations reference 19 CFR Part 351 (1998).

# **Scope of the Review**

Imports covered by this review are shipments of industrial phosphoric acid (IPA) from Israel. Such merchandise is classifiable under item number 2809.20.00 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule (HTS). The HTS item number is provided for convenience and U.S. Customs Service purposes. The written description of the scope remains dispositive.

#### Subsidies Valuation Information

#### Period of Review

The period for which we are measuring subsidies is calendar year 1997.

#### Allocation Period

In British Steel plc. v. United States, 879 F.Supp. 1254 (February 9, 1995) (British Steel), the U.S. Court of International Trade (the Court) ruled against the allocation period methodology for non-recurring subsidies that the Department had employed for the past decade, as it was articulated in the General Issues Appendix appended to the Final Countervailing Duty Determination; Certain Steel Products from Austria, 58 FR 37225 (July 9, 1993) (GIA). In accordance with the Court's decision on remand, the Department determined that the most reasonable method of deriving the allocation period for nonrecurring subsides is a companyspecific average useful life (AUL). This remand determination was affirmed by the Court on June 4, 1996. British Steel, 929 F.Supp 426, 439 (CIT 1996). Accordingly, the Department has applied this method to those nonrecurring subsidies that have not yet been countervailed. Rotem submitted an AUL calculation based on depreciation expenses and asset values of productive assets reported in its financial statements. Rotem's AUL was derived by adding the sum of average gross book value of depreciable fixed assets for ten years and dividing these assets by the total depreciation charges for the related periods. We found this calculation to be reasonable and consistent with our company-specific AUL objective. Rotem's calculation resulted in an average useful life of 23 years, which we have used as the allocation period for non-recurring subsidies received during the POR. For non-recurring subsidies received prior to the POR and already countervailed based on an allocation period established in an earlier segment of the proceeding, it is not reasonable or practicable to reallocate those subsidies over a different period of time. Since the countervailing duty rate in earlier segments of the proceeding was calculated based on a certain allocation period and resulted in a certain benefit stream, redefining the allocation period in later segments of the proceeding would entail taking the original grant amount and creating an entirely new benefit stream for that grant. Such a practice may lead to an increase or

decrease in the total amount countervailed and, thus, would result in the possibility of over- or undercountervailing the actual benefit. Therefore, for purposes of these preliminary results, the Department is using the original allocation period assigned to each non-recurring subsidy received prior to the POR. See Certain Carbon Steel Products from Sweden; Final Results of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review, 62 FR 16549 (April 7, 1997).

#### Privatization

Israel Chemicals Limited (ICL), the parent company which owns 100 percent of Rotem's shares, was partially privatized in 1992, 1993, 1994, and 1995. In this administrative review, the Government of Israel (GOI) and Rotem reported that additional shares of ICL were sold in 1997. We have previously determined that the partial privatization of ICL represents a partial privatization of each of the companies in which ICL holds an ownership interest. See Final Results of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review; Industrial Phosphoric Acid from Israel, 61 FR 53351, 53352 (October 11, 1996) (1994 Final Results). In this review and prior reviews of this order, the Department found that Rotem and/or its predecessor, Negev Phosphates Ltd., received non-recurring countervailable subsidies prior to these partial privatizations. Further, the Department found that a portion of the price paid by a private party for all or part of a government-owned company represents partial repayment of prior subsidies. See GIA, 58 FR at 37262. Therefore, in 1992, 1993, and 1995 reviews, we calculated the portion of the purchase price paid for ICL's shares that is attributable to repayment of prior subsidies. In the 1994 privatization, less than 0.5 percent of ICL shares were privatized. We determined that the percentage of subsidies potentially repaid through this privatization could have no measurable impact on Rotem's overall net subsidy rate. Thus, we did not apply our repayment methodology to the 1994 partial privatization. See 1994 Final Results, 61 FR at 53352. However, we are applying this methodology to the 1997 partial privatization because 17 percent of ICL's shares were sold. This approach is consistent with our findings in the GIA and Department precedent under the URAA. See e.g., GIA, 58 FR at 37259; Certain Hot-Rolled Lead and Bismuth Carbon Steel Products from the United Kingdom; Final Results of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review, 61 FR 58377 (November 14, 1996); Final Affirmative Countervailing

Duty Determination: Certain Pasta from Italy, 61 FR 30288 (June 14, 1996).

# Grant Benefit Calculations

To calculate the benefit for the POR, we followed the same methodology used in the final results of the 1996 administrative review. We converted Rotem's shekel-denominated grants into U.S. dollars, using the exchange rate in effect on the date the grant was received. We then applied the grant methodology to determine the benefit for the POR. *See Industrial Phosphoric Acid from Israel; Final Results of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review*, 63 FR 13626, 13633 (March 20, 1998) (1995 Final Results).

### Discount Rates

We considered Rotem's cost of longterm borrowing in U.S. dollars as reported in the company's financial statements for use as the discount rate used to allocate the countervailable benefit over time. However, this information includes Rotem's borrowing from its parent company, ICL, and thus does not provide an appropriate discount rate. Therefore, we have turned to ICL's cost of long-term borrowing in U.S. dollars in each year from 1984 through 1997 as the most appropriate discount rate. ICL's interest rates are shown in the notes to the company's financial statements, public documents which are in the record of this review. See Comment 9 in the 1995 Final Results (63 FR at 13633-4).

# **Analysis of Programs**

# I. Programs Conferring Subsidies

A. Encouragement of Capital Investments Law (ECIL)

The ECIL program is designed to encourage the distribution of the population throughout Israel, to create new sources of employment, to aid the absorption of immigrants, and to develop the economy's production capacity. To be eligible for benefits under the ECIL, including investment grants, capital grants, accelerated depreciation, reduced tax rates, and certain loans, applicants must obtain approved enterprise status. Investment grants cover a percentage of the cost of the approved investment, and the amount of the grant depends on the geographic location of eligible enterprises. For purposes of the ECIL program, Israel is divided into three zones—Development Zones A and B, and the Central Zone. Under the ECIL program the Central Zone was not eligible for benefits. In Final Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination: Industrial Phosphoric Acid From Israel,

52 FR 25447 (July 7, 1987) (*IPA Investigation*), the Department found the ECIL grant program to be *de jure* specific because the program limits the availability of grants to enterprises located in specific regions. In this review, no new information or evidence of changed circumstances has been submitted to warrant reconsideration of this determination.

Rotem is located in Development Zone A, and received ECIL investment, drawback, and capital grants in disbursements over a period of years for several projects. As explained in the "Allocation Period" section above, for grants that have been allocated in prior administrative reviews, we are continuing to use the allocation period assigned to these grants. For grants received during the POR, we have used the AUL calculated by Rotem in this review, which is 23 years. To calculate the benefit for the POR, we followed the same methodology used in the final results of the 1995 administrative review, as indicated in the "Grant Benefit Calculations" section above.

To calculate the total subsidy in the POR, we first summed the grant amounts allocated to and received in 1997, after taking into account the partial privatizations in 1992, 1993 1995, and 1997. To derive the subsidy rates, as discussed in the 1995 Final Results, we attributed ECIL grants to a particular facility over the sales of the product produced by that facility plus sales of all products into which that product may be incorporated. Accordingly, we attributed ECIL grants to Rotem's phosphate rock mines to total sales; we attributed grants to Rotem's green acid facility to total sales minus direct sales of phosphate rock; and, finally, we attributed grants to Rotem's IPA facilities to sales of IPA, MKP, fertilizers, and "IPA-Akonomika" and MKP-HCL (by-products of IPA production which contribute to Rotem's sales revenue). We summed the rates obtained on this basis, and preliminarily determine the net countervailable subsidy from this program to be 5.43 percent ad valorem for the POR.

#### B. Infrastructure Grant Program

Under the Infrastructure Grant Program, the GOI establishes new industrial areas by partially reimbursing companies for their costs of developing the infrastructure in certain geographical zones. Rotem received assistance under this program during the POR. Therefore, within the meaning of section 771(5)(B)(i), a subsidy is bestowed because the GOI provided a financial contribution, which conferred a benefit. We analyzed whether this

program is specific within the meaning of section 751(5A)(D) of the Act. Because the infrastructure grants are limited to an enterprise or industry located in certain zones within the jurisdiction of the authority providing the subsidy, we find this program to be regionally specific in accordance with section 771(5A)(D)(iv). We view these grants as non-recurring based on the analysis set forth in the "Allocation" section of the GIA (58 FR at 37226) because these benefits are exceptional, and the company cannot expect to receive benefits on an ongoing basis from review period to review period. Therefore, we calculated the benefit under this program using the methodology for non-recurring grants noted above in the "Grant Benefit Calculations" section. We then divided the grant amount by Rotem's total sales because the grant benefitted Rotem's total production. On this basis, we preliminarily determine the net countervailable subsidy from this program to be 0.22 percent ad valorem.

# *II. Programs Preliminarily Determined To Be Not Used*

We examined the following programs and preliminarily determined that the producer and/or exporter of the subject merchandise did not apply for or receive benefits under these programs during the POR:

- A. Encouragement of Industrial Research and Development Grants (EIRD)
- B. Environmental Grant Program
- C. Reduced Tax Rates under ECIL
- D. ECIL Section 24 loans
- E. Dividends and Interest Tax Benefits under Section 46 of the ECIL
- F. ECIL Preferential Accelerated Depreciation
- G. Exchange Rate Risk Insurance Scheme
- H. Labor Training Grants I. Long-term Industrial Development Loans

# Preliminary Results of Review

In accordance with 19 CFR 351.213(b), we calculated an individual subsidy rate for each producer/exporter subject to this administrative review. For the period January 1, 1997 through December 31, 1997, we preliminarily determine the net subsidy for Rotem to be 5.65 percent ad valorem. If the final results of this review remain the same as these preliminary results, the Department intends to instruct the U.S. Customs Service (Customs) to assess countervailing duties as indicated above. The Department also intends to instruct Customs to collect cash deposits of estimated countervailing duties as indicated above of the f.o.b. invoice price on all shipments of the subject merchandise from reviewed companies, entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after

the date of publication of the final results of this review. Because the URAA replaced the general rule in favor of a country-wide rate with a general rule in favor of individual rates for investigated and reviewed companies, the procedures for establishing countervailing duty rates, including those for non-reviewed companies, are now essentially the same as those in antidumping cases, except as provided for in section 777A(e)(2)(B) of the Act. The requested review will normally cover only those companies specifically named. See 19 CFR 351.213(b). Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.212(c), for all companies for which a review was not requested, duties must be assessed at the cash deposit rate, and cash deposits must continue to be collected, at the rate previously ordered. As such, the countervailing duty cash deposit rate applicable to a company can no longer change, except pursuant to a request for a review of that company. See Federal-Mogul Corporation and The Torrington Company v. United States, 822 F.Supp. 782 (CIT 1993) and Floral Trade Council v. United States, 822 F. Supp. 766 (CIT 1993). Therefore, the cash deposit rates for all companies except those covered by this review will be unchanged by the results of this review. We will instruct Customs to continue to collect cash deposits for non-reviewed companies at the most recent company-specific or country-wide rate applicable to the company. Accordingly, the cash deposit rates that will be applied to nonreviewed companies covered by this order will be the rate for that company established in the most recently completed administrative proceeding under the URAA. If such a review has not been conducted, the rate established in the most recently completed administrative proceeding conducted pursuant to the statutory provisions that were in effect prior to the URAA amendments, is applicable. See 1992/93 Final Results, 61 FR 28842. These rates shall apply to all non-reviewed companies until a review of a company assigned these rates is requested. In addition, for the period January 1, 1997 through December 31, 1997, the assessment rates applicable to all nonreviewed companies covered by this order are the cash deposit rates in effect at the time of entry.

## Public Comment

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.224(b), the Department will disclose to parties to the proceeding any calculations performed in connection with these preliminary results within five days after the date of publication of this notice. Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.309,

interested parties may submit written comments in response to these preliminary results. Case briefs must be submitted within 30 days after the date of publication of this notice, and rebuttal briefs, limited to arguments raised in case briefs, must be submitted no later than five days after the time limit for filing case briefs. Parties who submit argument in this proceeding are requested to submit with the argument: (1) a statement of the issues, and (2) a brief summary of the argument. Case and rebuttal briefs must be served on interested parties in accordance with 19 CFR 351.303(f). Also, pursuant to 19 CFR 351.310, within 30 days of the date of publication of this notice, interested parties may request a public hearing on arguments to be raised in the case and rebuttal briefs. Unless the Secretary specifies otherwise, the hearing, if requested, will be held two days after the date for submission of rebuttal briefs, that is, thirty-seven days after the date of publication of these preliminary results. Representatives of parties to the proceeding may request disclosure of proprietary information under administrative protective order no later than 10 days after the representative's client or employer becomes a party to the proceeding, but in no event later than the date case briefs, under 19 CFR 351.309(c)(ii), are due. The Department will publish the final results of this administrative review, including the results of its analysis of issues raised in any case or rebuttal brief or at a hearing.

These preliminary results are issued and published in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1675(a)(1) and 19 U.S.C 1677f(i)(1)).

Dated: May 3, 1999.

#### Robert S. LaRussa,

Assistant Secretary for Import Administration. [FR Doc. 99–11575 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

#### International Trade Administration

[C-122-815]

# Pure Magnesium and Alloy Magnesium From Canada: Preliminary Results of the Sixth Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce. ACTION: Notice of Preliminary Results of Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce is conducting administrative reviews of the countervailing duty orders on pure magnesium and alloy magnesium from Canada for the period January 1, 1997 through December 31, 1997. We have preliminarily determined that certain producers/exporters have received countervailable subsidies during the period of review. If the final results remain the same as these preliminary results, we will instruct the Customs Service to assess countervailing duties as detailed in the Preliminary Results of Reviews section of this notice. Interested Parties are invited to comment on these preliminary results.

#### EFFECTIVE DATE: May 7, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Annika O'Hara or Blanche Ziv, AD/CVD Enforcement, Group 1, Office 1, Import Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, Room 3099, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230; telephone: (202) 482–3798 or (202) 482–4207, respectively.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### **Applicable Statute and Regulations**

The Department of Commerce (the Department) is conducting these administrative reviews in accordance with section 751(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended by the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (URAA), effective January 1, 1995 (the Act). Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute are references to the provisions of the Act. In addition, unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the Department's regulations are to the regulations codified at 19 CFR Part 351 (1998).

#### Background

On August 31, 1992, the Department published in the **Federal Register** the countervailing duty orders on pure magnesium and alloy magnesium from Canada (57 FR 39392). On August 11, 1998, the Department published a notice of "Opportunity to Request Administrative Review" of these orders (63 FR 42821). We received a timely request for review from Norsk Hydro Canada Inc. (NHCI) on August 25, 1998, and we initiated these reviews, covering the period January 1, 1997, through December 31, 1997, on September 29, 1998 (63 FR 51893).

In accordance with 19 CFR 351.213(b), these reviews cover NHCI, the only producer or exporter of the subject merchandise for which a review was specifically requested. These reviews cover 17 subsidy programs. On October 6, 1998, the Department issued countervailing duty questionnaires to NHCI, the Government of Canada (GOC), and the Government of Quebec (GOQ). We received questionnaire responses from NHCI on November 20, 1998, the GOQ on November 23, 1998, and the GOC on November 27, 1998.

# **Scope of the Reviews**

The products covered by these reviews are shipments of pure and alloy magnesium from Canada. Pure magnesium contains at least 99.8 percent magnesium by weight and is sold in various slab and ingot forms and sizes. Magnesium alloys contain less than 99.8 percent magnesium by weight with magnesium being the largest metallic element in the alloy by weight, and are sold in various ingot and billet forms and sizes.

The pure and alloy magnesium subject to review is currently classifiable under items 8104.11.0000 and 8104.19.0000, respectively, of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS). Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written descriptions of the merchandise subject to the orders are dispositive.

Secondary and granular magnesium are not included in the scope of these orders. Our reasons for excluding granular magnesium are summarized in Preliminary Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Pure and Alloy Magnesium From Canada, 57 FR 6094 (February 20, 1992).

#### **Period of Review**

The period of review (POR) for which we are measuring subsidies is from January 1, 1997 through December 31, 1997.

#### **Analysis of Programs**

I. Programs Preliminarily Determined to Confer Subsidies

A. Exemption From Payment of Water Bills

Pursuant to a December 15, 1988, agreement between NHCI and La Société du Parc Industriel et Portuaire de Bécancour (Industrial Park), NHCI was exempt from paying its water bills. In accordance with this agreement, NHCI did not pay the invoiced amounts of its water bills, except for the taxes associated with these bills, until June 1997. By June 1997, NHCI had used the entire credit granted by the Industrial Park and began paying its water bills in full.

In Final Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determinations: Pure Magnesium and Alloy Magnesium from Canada, 57 FR 30946, 30948 (July 13, 1992) (Magnesium from Canada), the Department determined that the exemption received by NHCI was limited to a specific enterprise or industry, or group of enterprises or industries, because no other company received such an exemption. In these reviews, neither the GOQ nor NHCI provided new information which would warrant reconsideration of this determination.

We preliminarily determine the countervailable benefit to be the amount NHCI would have paid for water absent the exemption. To calculate the benefit under this program, we divided the amount NHCI would have paid during the POR by the company's total sales of Canadian-manufactured products during the same period. Thus, we preliminarily determine the countervailable subsidy provided by this program to be 0.18 percent *ad valorem.* 

The water bill credit program was terminated in June 1997. As of June 30, 1997, the credit given for water consumption had been reached and NHCI began to make water bill payments. Since NHCI has continued to make water bill payments thereafter, we preliminarily determine this program terminated with no residual benefits. Moreover, there is no evidence on the record which would indicate that residual benefits are being provided or received or that a substitute program has been implemented. Therefore, we will not examine this program in the future, and the cash deposit rate will be zero for this program.

B. Article 7 Grants From the Québec Industrial Development Corporation

The Société de Développement Industriel du Québec (SDI) administers development programs on behalf of the GOQ. SDI provides assistance under Article 7 of the SDI Act in the form of loans, loan guarantees, grants, assumptions of costs associated with loans, and equity investments. This assistance involves projects capable of having a major impact upon the economy of Québec. Article 7 assistance greater than 2.5 million dollars must be approved by the Council of Ministers and assistance over 5 million dollars becomes a separate budget item under Article 7. Assistance provided in such amounts must be of "special economic importance and value to the province. (See Magnesium from Canada at 30949.)

In 1988, NHCI was awarded a grant under Article 7 to cover a large percentage of the cost of certain environmental protection equipment. In Magnesium from Canada, we determined that NHCI received a disproportionately large share of assistance under Article 7. On this basis, we determined that the Article 7 grant was limited to a specific enterprise or industry, or group of enterprises or industries. In these reviews, neither the GOQ nor NHCI provided new information which would warrant reconsideration of this determination.

For the reasons set forth in Preliminary Results of First Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews: Pure Magnesium and Alloy Magnesium from Canada, 61 FR 11186, 11187 (March 19, 1996), we preliminarily determine that the Article 7 assistance received by NHCI was a non-recurring grant because it represented a one-time provision of funds.

We calculated the benefit received by NHCI using our standard grant methodology. As the discount rate, we used the company's cost of long-term, fixed-rate debt in the year in which the grant was awarded. We divided the portion of the benefit allocated to the POR by NHCI's total sales of Canadianmanufactured products during the same period. We preliminarily determine the net subsidy provided by this program to be 1.84 percent *ad valorem*.

#### *II. Programs Preliminarily Determined To Be Not Used*

We examined the following programs and preliminarily determine that NHCI did not apply for or receive benefits under these programs during the POR:

St. Lawrence River Environment

Technology Development Program.Program for Export Market

Development.

• The Export Development Corporation.

• Canada-Québec Subsidiary Agreement on the Economic

Development of the Regions of Québec. • Opportunities to Stimulate

Technology Programs.

- Development Assistance Program.
- Industrial Feasibility Study

Assistance Program.

• Export Promotion Assistance Program.

• Creation of Scientific Jobs in Industries.

• Business Investment Assistance Program.

- Business Financing Program.
- Research and Innovation Activities Program.
  - Export Assistance Program.
- Energy Technologies Development
  Program.

• Transportation Research and Development Assistance Program.

# **Preliminary Results of Reviews**

In accordance with 19 CFR 351.221(b)(4)(i), we calculated a subsidy rate for NHCI, the sole producer/ exporter subject to these administrative reviews. For the period January 1, 1997, through December 31, 1997, we preliminarily determine the net subsidy rate for NHCI to be 2.02 percent *ad valorem.* If the final results of these reviews remain the same as these preliminary results, the Department intends to instruct the Customs Service to assess countervailing duties at the net subsidy rate.

The Department also intends to instruct the Customs Service to collect cash deposits of estimated countervailing duties (exclusive of the net subsidy rate calculated for the water program, see section I. A. above), at the rate of 1.84 percent of the f.o.b. value of all shipments of the subject merchandise from NHCI entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication of the final results of these administrative reviews.

Because the URAA replaced the general rule in favor of a country-wide rate with a general rule in favor of individual rates for investigated and reviewed companies, the procedures for establishing countervailing duty rates, including those for non-reviewed companies, are now essentially the same as those in antidumping cases, except as provided for in section 777A(e)(2)(B) of the Act. The requested reviews will normally cover only those companies specifically named. See 19 CFR 351.213(b). Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.212(c), for all companies for which a review was not requested, duties must be assessed at the cash deposit rate, and cash deposits must continue to be collected, at the rate previously ordered. As such, the countervailing duty cash deposit rate applicable to a company can no longer change, except pursuant to a request for a review of that company. See Federal-Mogul Corporation and The Torrington Company v. United States, 822 F. Supp. 782 (CIT 1993) and Floral Trade Council v. United States, 822 F. Supp. 766 (CIT 1993) (interpreting 19 CFR 353.22(e), the antidumping regulation on automatic assessment, which is identical to 19 CFR 355.22(g), the predecessor to 19 CFR 351.212(c)). Therefore, the cash deposit rates for all companies except those covered by these reviews will be unchanged by the results of these reviews.

We will instruct the the Customs Service to continue to collect cash deposits for non-reviewed companies,

except Timminco Limited (which was excluded from the orders during the investigation), at the most recent company-specific or country-wide rate applicable to the company. Accordingly, the cash deposit rates that will be applied to non-reviewed companies covered by these orders are those established in the most recently completed administrative proceeding, conducted pursuant to the statutory provisions that were in effect prior to the URAA amendments. See Final Results of the Second Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews: Pure Magnesium and Alloy Magnesium from Canada, 62 FR 48607 (September 16, 1997). These rates shall apply to all nonreviewed companies until a review of a company assigned these rates is requested. In addition, for the period January 1, 1997, through December 31, 1997, the assessment rates applicable to all non-reviewed companies covered by these orders are the cash deposit rates in effect at the time of entry, except for Timminco Limited (which was excluded from the orders during the original investigation).

#### **Public Comment**

Interested parties may request a hearing not later than 30 days after the date of publication of this notice. Interested parties may submit written arguments in case briefs on these preliminary results within 30 days of the date of publication. Rebuttal briefs, limited to arguments raised in case briefs, may be submitted five days after the time limit for filing the case brief. Parties who submit an argument in these proceedings are requested to submit with the argument (1) a statement of the issue, and (2) a brief summary of the argument. Any hearing, if requested, will be held two days after the scheduled date for submission of rebuttal briefs. Copies of case briefs and rebuttal briefs must be served on interested parties in accordance with 19 CFR 351.303(f).

Representatives of parties to the proceeding may request disclosure of proprietary information under administrative protective order no later than 10 days after the representative's client or employer becomes a party to the proceeding, but in no event later than the date the case briefs, under 19 CFR 351.309(c)(ii), are due.

The Department will publish the final results of these administrative reviews, including the results of its analysis of issues raised in any case or rebuttal briefs or at a hearing.

These administrative reviews and notice are in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act. Dated: May 3, 1999. **Robert S. LaRussa**, *Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.* [FR Doc. 99–11576 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P** 

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

#### International Trade Administration

# Notice of Extending Comment Period to May 14, 1999

**AGENCY:** International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of extending comment period to May 14, 1999.

**SUMMARY:** In connection with the Department of Commerce's request for public comments on its proposed safe harbor documents announced in the notice published on April 22, 1999 (pages 19747–19748), the Department has posted new "Frequently Asked Questions" and extended the comment period on all posted documents to May 14, 1999. All documents for comment are posted on the Department's web page, at http://www.ita.doc.gov/ecom.

**DATES:** The deadline for public comments is May 14, 1999.

### **Comment Submission Procedure**

Please submit comments on any draft documents to the Department of Commerce electronically in an HTML format to the following email address: Ecommerce@ita.doc.gov. If organizations do not have the technical ability to provide comments in an HTML format, they can forward them in the body of the email, or in a Word or WordPerfect format. If necessary, hard copies of comments can be mailed to the Electronic Commerce Task Force, U.S. Department of Commerce, Room 2009, 14th and Constitution Ave., NW, Washington DC 20230, or faxed to 202-501–2548. If you would like to speak to someone or want hard copies please call Brenda Carter-Nixon on (202) 482-5227.

Dated: April 30, 1999.

#### Eric Fredell,

International Trade Specialist, International Trade Administration/ Trade Development. [FR Doc. 99–11455 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DR–P

24587

### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Institute of Standards and Technology

[Docket No. 990309065-9065-01]

## RIN 0693-ZA29

# Professional Research Experience Program (PREP)

**AGENCY:** National Institute of Standards and Technology, Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of availability of funds for cooperative agreements to provide fellowships for undergraduate, graduate, and post-doctoral students.

SUMMARY: This notice is to invite proposals from accredited colleges and universities to participate in the PREP program. Under this program, NIST provides financial assistance to accredited colleges and universities to enable those institutions to provide laboratory experiences and financial assistance to undergraduate, graduate, and post-doctoral students at the NIST, Boulder Laboratories in Boulder, Colorado. It is anticipated that two (2) or more awards will be made contingent on the availability of funds in fiscal year 1999. However, in fiscal year 1998, 96 PREP fellowships were provided (some students received more than one fellowship). Approximately \$1,375,000 in fellowships were awarded under this program in 1998.

**DATES:** Applications must be received at the address below no later than 5 p.m., Mountain Standard Time on June 7, 1999, in order to be considered for the Fall, 1999 awards. Late applications will be rejected and returned to the sender.

ADDRESSES: Request application materials from and send applications to: PREP Program Coordinator, Division 360, National Institute of Standards and Technology, 325 Broadway, Boulder, CO 80303.

Application materials may also be downloaded from the World Wide Web at the following address: http:// www.boulder.nist.gov/exec/ bdprepo.htm.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Phyllis Wright, Program Coordinator, telephone (303) 497–3244, or e-mail phyllis.wright@nist.gov.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Name and Number: 11.609—Measurement and Engineering Research and Standards.

Authority: Section 18 of the NIST Act, as amended (15 USC 278g–1)

### **Program Description**

PREP is designed to provide funding to eligible colleges and universities to enable them to provide fellowships to undergraduate, graduate, and postdoctoral students. Through these fellowships, students will participate in valuable laboratory experiences and will receive financial assistance. Through this program NIST sponsors will often become mentors and work collaboratively with the faculty and advisors at the university to further the success of the student. The majority of the laboratory research experiences will take place at the NIST laboratory in Boulder, Colorado.

Fellowships will be awarded to students by the selected colleges and universities to encourage the growth and progress of science and engineering in the United States, including the encouragement of women and minority students seeking to further their professional development. A major objective is to nurture students considered to be potential future NIST employees.

Undergraduate and graduate students receiving NIST–PREP fellowships must be accepted for enrollment for academic credit as full-time students at an accredited university and remain affiliated with the university during the term of the fellowship. Fellowships may be extended after graduation only as long as necessary to complete research projects started by the student while enrolled as a student with the university. Post-doctoral students must be affiliated with a university during the term of the fellowship.

#### **Funding Availability**

Applications for cooperative agreements should be for one year, with options for renewal at the discretion of NIST for up to four additional years without competition.

Fellowships will be awarded by the cooperating colleges and/or universities contingent solely upon the availability of NIST program funds and the selection of students by potential NIST sponsors. Fellowships will be negotiated between the university and NIST, and can include the following: undergraduate fellowships can include a stipend and full tuition payment at the in-state rate; graduate fellowships can consist of a stipend, tuition assistance, and insurance; and postgraduate fellowships are negotiated between university and NIST as part of the cooperative agreement and may consist of a stipend, travel, moving expenses, and other miscellaneous expenses.

# **Matching Requirements**

Cost sharing and matching is not required under this program. However, in the interest of furthering the education and development of future scientists and engineers, applicants are encouraged to cost share on a voluntary basis. Voluntary costs sharing may include any eligible costs under the applicable costs principles that meet the test of reasonableness, allocability, and allowability. Such voluntary cost sharing may include, but is not limited to, cash contributions for direct costs, contributions of indirect costs, or inkind contributions. While cost sharing is not required, any cost the share contribution will be taken into consideration in reviewing the competitiveness of the proposed project budget.

# **Type of Funding Instrument**

NIST expects to award two or more cooperative agreements. This information is provided in the interest of maximum openness of the agency's intent. It is not intended to bind the agency to any specific number of cooperative agreements. As the funding instrument will be a cooperative agreement, NIST anticipates that it will be substantially involved with the applicant institution in the implementation and management of all cooperative agreements awarded. It is anticipated that before fellowships are offered to students, the students will be screened by the appropriate officials of the applicant organization and NIST sponsors. Criteria for such screening will be mutually developed by NIST and the applicant organization.

# **Eligibility Criteria**

Accedited educational institutions that offer undergraduate and graduate degrees in physics, chemistry, materials science, mathematics, computer science, or engineering are eligible to participate in this program. Students who receive fellowships under the program must be citizens of the United States or lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence, and show evidence of a 3.0 or higher grade point average in a curriculum acceptable to the sponsoring educational institution and NIST. Undergraduate and graduate students must be enrolled full-time, and post-graduate students must be associated with the accredited educational institution. Post-doctoral students who receive fellowships under the program must begin the program within five years of receiving their doctoral degree. In most cases, applicants must insure the availability

of students for on-site work experiences in Boulder, Colorado concurrently with the university classroom studies.

# **Award Period**

Applicants must propose undergraduate fellowships for one semester time periods, and graduate and postdoctoral fellowships for one year time periods. Undergraduate and graduate fellowships may be renewed as long as the student adequate progress toward a degree in a curriculum acceptable to the sponsoring educational institution and NIST, and maintains a 3.0 or higher grade point average. Proposed graduate fellowships must not exceed six years. Proposed post-doctoral fellowships may be renewed, but must not exceed a total of three years.

# **Indirect Costs**

Applicants are encouraged to propose to cover indirect costs as cost share under the program. However, indirect costs are eligible project costs. Any indirect costs proposed in an application under this program must not exceed the indirect cost rate negotiated with the applicant's cognizant or oversight Federal agency prior to the proposed effective date of the award.

#### Applicant Forms

Standard Form (SF)424, Application for Financial Assistance, SF 424A, SF 424B, and CD-511 shall be used for applying an financial assistance. Awards resulting from this competition will be administered in accordance with 15 CFR 14, "Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Agreements with Institutions of Higher Education, Hospitals, Other Non-Profits, and Commercial Organizations;" and OMB Circular A-21, "Cost Principles for Educational Institutions;" and other award terms and conditions. An application kit may be requested from the contact person at the address listed above. Proposals may be structured in any way that the applicants believe will best present their proposed project. A format that NIST offers for consideration by applicant is as follows:

# Proposal Summary

*I. Introduction:* Describe the institution's qualifications for conducting the proposed project.

*II. Need Assessment:* Document and explain the needs to be met by the proposed project or problems to be solved as a result of conducting the proposed project

*III. Objectives:* Provide detailed expected project outcomes and benefits

to the college or university expressed in measurable terms.

*IV. Evaluation:* Delineate plans for measuring success or determining the degree to which the project objectives were met.

*V. Budget:* Prepare SF–424–A and provide a detailed budget narrative to explain fully and justify all proposed project funding including each level of fellowships (undergraduate, graduate, and post-graduate) and other resources.

*VI. Future or Other:* Describe plans for continuing the project Necessary Funding beyond Federal funding currently requested. It is up to the applicant organization to determine appropriate application criteria for use by undergraduate, graduate, and postdoctoral students in applying for the fellowship program. There is no prescribed format. Examples of criteria previously used can be obtained from the contact person listed above or by downloading copies from the PREP web site at http://www.boulder.nist.gov/ exec/bdprepo.htm.

# **Project Funding Priorities**

Applicants must be able to provide students for on site work experiences at the NIST laboratories in Boulder, Colorado. The student must also be enrolled in an academic program acceptable to both the sponsoring institution and NIST while working in the laboratories.

## **Application Evaluation Criteria**

Applications will be evaluated by a panel of at least three independent reviewers who are knowledgeable in the subject matter of this solicitation and its objectives. All applications will be evaluated and scored on the basis of the evaluation criteria delineated below:

1. Experience in providing students pursuing degrees in physics, chemistry, materials science, mathematics, computer science or engineering with work experiences in laboratories or other settings consistent with furthering the students' education. Unsatisfactory performance on any previous Federal awards may result in an application not being considered for funding. (30 Points)

2. Soundness of the applicant's academic program, proposed project objectives, and appropriateness of proposed student work assignments in light of ongoing research at NIST/ Boulder and the students' academic programs. (30 Points)

3. Adequacy and reasonableness of plans for administering the project and coordinating with the NIST Program Officer in Boulder. (20 Points) 4. Cost realism of the proposed project budget (proposed fellowships and other proposed costs) in light of the activities proposed and the objectives of the sponsoring institution and NIST. (20 Points)

#### **Selection Procedures**

#### Selection Procedures

The selection of institutions to be recommended for an award will be made by the Executive Officer at the NIST Laboratory in Boulder, Colorado. In recommending applications for funding, the Executive Officer will take into consideration the results of the evaluations and scores of the independent review panel, the needs of the NIST laboratories, and the selection official's judgement as to which applications, taken as a whole, are likely to best further the goals of the PREP program. The final selection of applications and award of cooperative agreements will be made by the NIST Grants Officer in Gaithersburg, Maryland.

# **Other Requirements**

# **Federal Policies and Procedures**

Recipients and subrecipients are subject to all Federal laws and Federal and DoC policies, regulations, and procedures applicable to Federal financial assistance awards.

# **Past Performance**

Unsatisfactory performance under prior Federal awards may result in an application not being considered for funding.

# **Preaward Activities**

If applicants incur any costs prior to an award being made, they do so solely at their own risk of not being reimbursed by the Government. Notwithstanding any verbal or written assurance that may have been received, there is no obligation on the part of DoC to cover preaward costs.

#### **No Obligation for Future Funding**

If an application is selected for funding, DoC has no obligation to provide any additional future funding in connection with that award. Renewal of an award to increase funding or extend the period of performance is at the total discretion of DoC.

# **Delinquent Federal Debts**

No award of Federal funds shall be made to an applicant who has an outstanding delinquent Federal debt until either:

1. The delinquent account is paid in full,

2. A negotiated repayment schedule is established and at least one payment is receive, or

3. Other arrangements satisfactory to DoC are made.

# Name Check Review

All non-profit and for-profit applicants are subject to a name check review process. Name checks are intended to reveal if any key individuals associated with the applicant have been convicted of or are presently facing criminal charges such as fraud, theft, perjury, or other matters which significantly reflect on the applicant's management honesty or financial integrity.

# **Primary Applicant Certifications**

All primary applicants must submit a completed Form CD–511, "Certifications Regarding Debarment, Suspension and Other Responsibility Matters; Drug-Free Workplace Requirements and Lobbying," and the following explanations are hereby provided:

1. Nonprocurement Debarment and Suspension: Prospective participants (as defined at 15 CFR Part 26, Section 105) are subject to 15 CFR Part 26, "Nonprocurement Debarment and Suspension" and the related section of the certification form prescribed above applies;

2. Drug-Free Workplace: Grantees (as defined at 15 CFR Part 26, Section 605) are subject to 15 CFR Part 26, Subpart F, "Governmentwide Requirements for Drug-Free Workplace (Grants)" and the related section of the certification form prescribed above applies;

3. Anti-Lobbying: Persons (as defined at 15 CFR Part 28, Section 105) are subject to the lobbying provisions of 31 U.S.C. 1352, "Limitation on use of appropriated funds to influence certain Federal contracting and financial transactions," and the lobbying section of the certification form prescribed above applies to applicants/bids for cooperative agreements for more than \$100,000; and

4. Anti-Lobbying Disclosures: Any applicant who has paid or will pay for lobbying using any funds must submit in SF–LLL, "Disclosure of Lobbying Activities," as required under 15 CFR Part 28, Appendix B.

#### **False Statements**

A false statement on an application is grounds for denial or termination of funds and grounds for possible punishment by a fine of imprisonment as provided in 18 U.S.C. 1001.

# **Intergovernmental Review**

Applications under this program are not subject to Executive Order 12372, "Intergovernmental Review of Federal Programs."

# Purchase of American-Made Equipment and Products

Applicants are hereby notified that they are encouraged, to the greatest practicable extent, to purchase American-made equipment and products with funding provided under this program.

# **Executive Order 12866**

This funding notice was determined to be "not significant" for purposes of Executive Order 12866.

#### **Paperwork Reduction Act**

This Notice involves collections of information subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA), which have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under OMB Control Numbers 0348–0043, 0348–0044, 0348– 0040, and 0348–0046. Notwithstanding, any other provision of law no person is required to respond to nor shall a person be subject to a penalty for failure to comply with a collection of information subject to the requirements of the PRA unless that collection displays a current valid OMB control number.

Dated: May 3, 1999.

#### Karen H. Brown,

Deputy Director.

[FR Doc. 99–11568 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–13–M

### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[Docket No. 990430116-9116-01; I.D. 042099A]

# Taking of Marine Mammals Incidental to Commercial Fishing Operations; Tuna Purse Seine Vessels in the Eastern Tropical Pacific Ocean (ETP); Initial Finding

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Department of Commerce.

# ACTION: Finding.

**SUMMARY:** On April 29, 1999, the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) made the initial finding required by the International Dolphin Conservation Program Act (IDCPA). NMFS found that there is insufficient evidence that chase and encirclement by

the tuna purse seine fishery "is having a significant adverse impact" on depleted dolphin stocks in the ETP. Based on this initial finding, and effective on the effective date of the final regulations to implement the IDCPA, tuna products containing tuna harvested in the ETP by purse seine vessels with carrying capacity greater than 400 short tons may be labeled "dolphin-safe" only if no dolphins were killed or seriously injured during the set in which the tuna were caught. **DATES:** The initial finding will become effective on the effective date of the final regulations to implement the IDCPA which will be published in the Federal Register.

ADDRESSES: The Report to Congress and supporting documentation may be found on the internet at http:// swfsc.ucsd.edu/mm res.html or http:// www.nmfs.gov/prot\_res/main/ new.html. Copies may also be obtained from the Marine Mammal Division, Southwest Fisheries Science Center, 8604 La Jolla Shores Drive, P.O. Box 271, La Jolla , California 92038-0271. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: J. Allison Routt, NMFS, Southwest Region, Protected Resources Division, (562–980–4020).

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Background

One of the primary fishing methods used to harvest tuna in the ETP is dolphin encirclement. Under this method, fishermen set their nets around groups of dolphins because schools of tuna swim below them. Over the years, fishermen have developed techniques to reduce the number of dolphins killed annually by encirclement from over 350,000 animals in the early 1970s to approximately 2,000 in 1998. However, the practice remains controversial and, in 1989, U.S. tuna canners agreed to use only tuna that had been caught by methods other than encirclement and began to use dolphin-safe labels on their cans. In 1990, the term "dolphin safe" was defined statutorily to mean no intentional dolphin encirclement per trip. Amendments to the statute in 1992 prohibited the sale of non-dolphin safe tuna in the United States after June 1, 1994.

As a result of the U.S. statutes, in 1995 several Latin American countries agreed in the Panama Declaration to limit dolphin mortalities associated with tuna fishing in the ETP to no more than 5,000 dolphins per year, with additional limits on individual stocks. The Panama Declaration was signed by the nations participating in the voluntary international dolphin conservation program in the ETP, including the United States. In exchange, the United States agreed to modify its standards for the "dolphin safe" label. In order to implement the Panama Declaration, Congress enacted the IDCPA. However, Congress was reluctant to permit the labeling standard to change immediately, without additional research on fishery impacts on depleted dolphin stocks.

#### Statutory Requirements

Section 304(a) of the Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA), as revised by the IDCPA, requires the NMFS, in consultation with the Marine Mammal Commission and the Inter-American Tropical Tuna Commission (IATTC), to "conduct a study of the effect of intentional encirclement (including chase) on dolphins and dolphin stocks incidentally taken in the course of purse seine fishing for yellowfin tuna in the ETP." The law requires the study to consist of abundance surveys and stress studies to address the question of whether encirclement is having a significant adverse impact on depleted dolphin stocks.

Under the IDCPA, the dolphin-safe labeling standard could change depending upon the results of this study. The IDCPA states that the Secretary of Commerce shall make a finding in March 1999, based on the initial results of the study regarding whether the intentional deployment on or encirclement of dolphins with purse seine nets "is having a significant adverse impact" on any depleted dolphin stock in the ETP. The authority to make this determination has been delegated to NMFS. Unless there is an initial finding that the best scientific information available in March 1999 supports a scientific conclusion that the fishery is causing a "significant adverse impact," the new dolphin-safe labeling standard in paragraph (h)(1) of the **Dolphin Protection Consumer** Information Act (DPCIA) (i.e., that no dolphins were killed or seriously injured during the sets in which the tuna were caught) automatically replaces the prior labeling standard, which permitted no intentional encirclement of dolphins during the trip in which the tuna was caught. Similarly, NMFS has been delegated the Secretary's authority to make a final finding by December 31, 2002, after additional research is conducted.

# Scientific Results

The initial results from the NMFS study are presented in a Report to Congress. This report also describes the research program's development of a decision analysis framework to quantitatively evaluate the various types of information gathered in the study in order to make the "significant adverse impact" determination required by the IDCPA.

The study looked at three dolphin stocks: the northeastern offshore spotted dolphin, the eastern spinner dolphin, and the coastal spotted dolphin stocks. The first two stocks are listed as depleted under the Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA). The status of the coastal spotted dolphin is uncertain but since it might also be considered depleted, the research survey was designed to produce an estimate of abundance for this stock as well.

When the eastern spinner dolphin stock was listed as depleted under the MMPA in 1993, the population was estimated to be approximately 44 percent of its pre-exploitation population size. The northeastern offshore spotted dolphin in 1993 was estimated to be between 19 and 28 percent of its pre-exploitation population.

According to new abundance estimates from data collected during the 1998 research abundance survey and other available data noted above, the number of the northeastern offshore spotted dolphin is now estimated to be 1,011,104 animals, and the estimated number of eastern spinner dolphins is now 1,157,746 animals. These numbers are large; however, the population assessment model and analysis indicate that these populations are apparently not increasing at the expected rate despite the low level of reported mortalities from the ETP purse seine fishery since 1991 and the reproductive potential for these populations.

With respect to the coastal spotted dolphin, the 1998 population number is estimated to be 108,289 animals. However, much of the essential information is lacking for coastal spotted dolphins, especially from the early years of the fishery when the impact on the stocks would have likely been the greatest. The Report to Congress concludes that a direct comparison to a 1988 estimate of 29,800 coastal spotted dolphins is of questionable value since the difference is too large in size to "solely be attributable to population growth."

The Report endeavors to address the issue of slow recovery of the populations but admits that attributing causality is even more difficult than interpreting abundance and trend data. The report attempted to address two sources identified as possible causes for slow recovery: changing environmental conditions and indirect or unobserved effects of tuna fishing.

With regard to changing ocean conditions, the environmental data examined to date shows no evidence of a recent ocean environmental shift or other long-term change that might affect population growth rates for depleted ETP dolphin stocks. Therefore, NMFS looked closely at whether fishing might be the cause. NMFS conducted a literature review that led to the conclusion that stress caused by encirclement could not be dismissed as a possible source of the observed failure to recover at expected rates. Although the stress literature review concluded that fishery-related stresses could possibly affect mortality or reproduction in dolphin stocks, it could not attribute population level impacts of stress as a cause of the failure of the northeastern offshore spotted dolphin and eastern spinner dolphin stocks in the ETP to recover as expected. In addition, separation of dolphin cows and calves and underreported direct kills are two other possible causes of the failure to recover. Moreover, these potential causes are not mutually exclusive.

Although NMFS considered the best available scientific data in the Report, there are several sources of uncertainty regarding these data. For example, the Report to Congress's conclusion that two of the depleted dolphin stocks have failed to recover as expected could be affected substantially because the Tuna Vessel Observer Data (TVOD) may be biased because of inconsistencies in data collection. For the final report and finding, NMFS will pursue a careful evaluation of the data focusing on the recently identified concerns and will conduct a peer-reviewed analysis of these various data sources. In addition it is possible that, since observed mortality has been substantially reduced only in the last ten years, insufficient time has passed to allow detection of recovery because of lags resulting from the time between birth and sexual maturity.

More scientific research is necessary to better evaluate the effect of the tuna purse seine fishery on depleted dolphin stocks in the ETP. As mandated by the IDCPA, NMFS, in cooperation with other IDCP member countries, will continue to collect data for estimating population abundance of dolphin stocks in the ETP in order to determine whether there are significant adverse impacts to depleted dolphin stocks for the final finding. A final finding will be made between July 1, 2001, and December 31, 2002.

# Rationale for Finding

The initial finding relies on two determinations: that there is a significant adverse impact on the depleted stocks; and that the significant impact is due to the practices of the purse seine fishery. For the reasons briefly outlined below, NMFS has determined that there is insufficient evidence to conclude that intentional deployment on or encirclement of dolphins with purse seine nets is having a significant adverse impact on any depleted dolphin stock in the ETP. Because of this initial finding, the "dolphin safe" labeling standard specified in paragraph (h)(1) of the DPCIA will change on the effective date of the final regulations to implement the IDCPA.

While the rate of recovery of the dolphin stocks may be lower than expected, there is insufficient information to conclude that there has been a significant adverse impact on the depleted stocks. Additionally, observed dolphin mortality is extremely low. The numbers of dolphins currently killed by the purse seine fishery is in the low thousands, as opposed to the hundreds of thousands in the early 1970s. Furthermore, the total annual mortality of all dolphins in the ETP due to the purse seine fishery is capped at 5,000 by a binding international agreement. The dramatic reduction in dolphin mortality over the past 12 years can be attributed to continued cooperation in the International Dolphin Conservation Program through the auspices of the IATTC. The current low level of observed dolphin mortalities in the ETP tuna purse seine fishery creates an expectation that the fishery will not prevent the depleted populations from recovering.

Finally, there is no solid evidence in any of the scientific studies to date that links the apparent failure of dolphin stocks to recover at the rate expected based on historical data to the current tuna purse seine fishery practices. The Report to Congress does not provide evidence that the ETP tuna purse seine fishery is the cause of the apparent failure of the northeastern offshore spotted dolphin and eastern spinner dolphin stocks to recover as expected; nor does it dismiss the fishery as a possible cause. Due to the large disparity in population abundance estimates of coastal spotted dolphins in the late 1980s versus 1998, it is difficult to evaluate whether the coastal spotted dolphin population in the ETP has been affected by the ETP tuna purse seine fishery. As mandated under the IDCPA, NMFS will continue to conduct IDCPA

research on population abundance and stress of dolphins affected by the ETP tuna purse seine fishery. The final finding will be made between July 1, 2001, and December 31, 2002.

**Authority:** Section 5(c) of Pub. L. 105–42; 16 U.S.C. section 1385

Dated: April 30, 1999.

#### **Penelope D. Dalton,**

Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 99–11398 Filed 5-6-99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–22–F

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

# National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

# [I.D. 042099B]

#### Marine Mammals; File No. 545–1488

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Issuance of permit.

**SUMMARY:** Notice is hereby given that the North Gulf Oceanic Society, SPWS Building, 3776 Lake Avenue, Suite 204, P.O. Box 15244, Homer, Alaska 99603 has been issued a permit to take killer whales (*Orcinus orca*) for purposes of scientific research.

**ADDRESSES:** The permit and related documents are available for review upon written request or by appointment in the following office(s):

Permits and Documentation Division, Office of Protected Resources, NMFS, 1315 East-West Highway, Room 13705, Silver Spring, MD 20910 (301/713– 2289); and

Regional Administrator, Alaska Region, P.O. Box 21668, Juneau, AK 99802–1668 (907/586–7221).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sara Shapiro or Ruth Johnson, 301/713–2289. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On March 16, 1999, notice was published in the Federal Register (64 FR 13004) that a request for a scientific research permit to take killer whales had been submitted by the above-named organization. The requested permit has been issued under the authority of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1361 *et seq.*), and the Regulations Governing the Taking and Importing of Marine Mammals (50 CFR part 216).

Dated: April 30, 1999.

# Ann D. Terbush,

Chief, Permits and Documentation Division, Office of Protected Resources, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 99–11535 Filed 5-6-99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–22–F

# DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

#### Office of the Secretary

## Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

#### **ACTION:** Notice.

The Department of Defense has submitted to OMB for clearance, the following proposal for collection of information under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35).

*Title and OMB Number:* Continued Health Care Benefit Program; OMB Number 0704–0364.

*Type of Request:* Reinstatement. *Number of Respondents:* 600. *Responses Per Respondent:* 1. *Annual Response:* 600.

Average Burden Per Response: 15 minutes.

Annual Burden Hours: 150.

Needs and Uses: The information collection requirement is necessary for individuals to apply for enrollment in the Continued Health Care Benefit Program (CHCBP). The CHCBP is a program of temporary health benefit coverage comparable to the health benefits provided for former civilian employees of the Federal Government. Respondents are beneficiaries who lose their Military Health System entitlement who desire to enroll in the Continued Health Care Benefits Program. These beneficiaries include former active duty members and their families, unmarried former spouses, emancipated children, and children placed for adoption or legal custody. Interested beneficiaries are required to provide a written election to obtain this continued coverage.

Affected Public: Individuals or households.

Frequency: On occasion.

*Respondent's Obligation:* Required to obtain or retain benefits.

*OMB Desk Officer:* Ms. Allison Eydt. Written comments and

recommendations on the proposed information collection should be sent to Ms. Eydt at the Office of Management and Budget, Desk Officer for DoD (Health Affairs), Room 10235, New Executive Office Building, Washington, DC 20503.

*DOD Clearance Officer:* Mr. Robert Cushing.

Written requests for copies of the information collection proposal should be sent to Mr. Cushing, WHS/DIOR, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202–4302.

## Patricia L. Toppings,

Alternate OSD Federal Register Liaison Officer, Department of Defense. [FR Doc. 99–11434 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 5001–10–M

# DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

# Office of the Secretary

[Transmittal No. 99-14]

# 36(b)(1) Arms Sales Notification

**AGENCY:** Department of Defense, Defense Security Cooperation Agency. **ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of Defense is publishing the unclassified text of a section 36(b)(1) arms sales notification. This is published to fulfill the requirements of section 155 of Pub. L. 104–164 dated 21 July 1996. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. J. Hurd, DSCA/COMPT/RM, (703) 604–6575

The following is a copy of a letter to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, Transmittal 99–14, with attached transmittal, policy justification, and Sensitivity of Technology.

Dated: May 3, 1999.

# L.M. Bynum,

Alternate OSD Federal Register Liaison Officer, Department of Defense.

BILLING CODE 5001-10-M



# DEFENSE SECURITY COOPERATION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, DC 20301-2800

22 APR 1999 In reply refer to: I-99/04254

Honorable J. Dennis Hastert Speaker of the House of Representatives Washington, D.C. 20515-6501

Dear Mr. Speaker:

Pursuant to the reporting requirements of Section 36(b)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act, we are forwarding herewith Transmittal No. 99-14, concerning the Department of the Air Force's proposed Letter(s) of Offer and Acceptance (LOA) to New Zealand for defense articles and services estimated to cost \$397 million. Soon after this letter is delivered to your office, we plan to notify the news media.

Sincerely,

MSDavin

MICHAEL S. DAVISON, JR. LIEUTENANT GENERAL, USA DIRECTOR

Attachments

Same ltr to: House Committee on International Relations Senate Committee on Appropriations Senate Committee on Foreign Relations House Committee on National Security Senate Committee on Armed Services House Committee on Appropriations

# **Transmittal No. 99-14**

# Notice of Proposed Issuance of Letter of Offer Pursuant to Section 36(b)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act

- (i) **Prospective Purchaser:** New Zealand
- (ii) <u>Total Estimated Value</u>: Major Defense Equipment\* \$270 million Other \$<u>127 million</u> TOTAL \$397 million
- (iii) <u>Description of Articles or Services Offered</u>: Twenty-eight F-16A/B Block 15 aircraft, 28 F-100-PW-200E engines, 12 ALQ-131 Block II pods, 12 Litening II targeting pods, spare and repair parts, devices, support equipment, publications and technical documentation, personnel training and training equipment, U.S. Government and contractor engineering and logistics personnel services and other related elements of logistics to ensure long-term program support.
- (iv) Military Department: Air Force (NAK and SBA)
- (v) Sales Commission, Fee, etc., Paid, Offered, or Agreed to be Paid: None
- (vi) <u>Sensitivity of Technology Contained in the Defense Article or Defense Services</u> <u>Proposed to be Sold:</u> See Annex attached
- (vii) Date Report Delivered to Congress: 22 APR 1999
- \* as defined in Section 47(6) of the Arms Export Control Act.

# **POLICY JUSTIFICATION**

# New Zealand - F-16A/B Block 15 Aircraft

The Government of New Zealand has requested a possible sale of 28 F-16A/B Block 15 aircraft, 28 F-100-PW-200E engines, 12 ALQ-131 Block II pods, 12 Litening II targeting pods, spare and repair parts, devices, support equipment, publications and technical documentation, personnel training and training equipment, U.S. Government and contractor engineering and logistics personnel services and other related elements of logistics to ensure long-term program support. The estimated cost is \$397 million.

This proposed sale will contribute to the foreign policy and national security of the United States by helping to improve the security of a friendly country which has been and continues to be an important force for political stability and economic progress in the Southwestern Pacific region.

These F-16A/B aircraft will be used to increase New Zealand's small fighter inventory and eventually replace their aging fleet of A-4 aircraft, as well as enhance its interoperability with U.S. forces. New Zealand will use these aircraft to modernize its air defense capability and will have no difficulty absorbing them into its inventory.

The proposed sale of this equipment and support will not affect the basic military balance in the region.

The prime contractor will be Lockheed Martin, Fort Worth, Texas. There are no offset agreements proposed to be entered into in connection with this potential sale.

Implementation of this proposed sale will require the assignment of one U.S. Government personnel and two contractor representatives for two years in-country.

There will be no adverse impact on U.S. defense readiness as a result of this proposed sale.

# Transmittal No. 99-14

# Notice of Proposed Issuance of Letter of Offer Pursuant to Section 36(b)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act

# Annex Item No. vi

# (vi) Sensitivity of Technology:

1. The F-16A/B Block 15 weapon system is unclassified, except as mention below. Sensitive elements of the F-16A/B Block 15 aircraft include the Pratt and Whitney F-100-PW-220E engine, AN/ALR-69 Radar Warning Receiver, AN/APG-66 radar, the fly-by-wire flight control system and the diagnostics in the Avionics Intermediate Shop. The system design notes on the software architecture are also critical elements. Classified elements of the F-16A/B include the F-100 engine infrared signature, AN/ALE-40 Chaff/Flare Dispenser, radar software documentation, six Line Replaceable Units and Operational Flight Program (OFP) of the AN/ALR-69, the OFP of the Fire Control Computer, and operating manuals and maintenance technical orders containing performance information, operating and test procedures, weapons delivery information, repair procedures, and other information related to support operation and repair at the organizational and intermediate levels. The hardware, software, and data identified are classified to protect vulnerabilities, design and performance parameters, munitions related data, and similar critical information.

2. The F-100 engine and the associated component parts used in F-16A/B aircraft are unclassified. However, several manufacturing processes, design practices, and metallurgical fabrication techniques used are advanced technology methods found only with the U.S. propulsion industry. The sale of F-100 engines to New Zealand will not include the transfer of sensitive technology as the sale does not include sensitive manufacturing, design, or metallurgical processes or information.

3. The AN/ALQ-131 Block II Electronic Countermeasures system consists of pods, support equipment, and support documentation. The AN/ALQ-131 pod is an advanced tactical system designed for use on high performance aircraft. The Block II support equipment contains all equipment required to maintain the pod at the intermediate and organizational level. The external view of these end items is unclassified, but some internal components are classified. Related documentation to successfully operate and support the items at the intermediate and organizational level will be released. Classified hardware elements of the AN/ALQ-131 pod include the antenna transmitter group and receiver processor assemblies classified Confidential. Some end item hardware, software, operational techniques and other data are classified at the Confidential and Secret level.

4. The Litening II navigation and targeting pod is a joint development of Rafael (Israel) and Northrup-Grumman (U.S.). The pod and all subsystems are Unclassified but contain technology representing the latest state-of-the-art in several areas. Sensitive elements include the Forward Looking Infrared (FLIR) navigation system which includes a zoom future but does not provide a terrain following capability.

5. If a technologically advanced adversary were to obtain knowledge of the specific hardware and software elements, it might be able to develop countermeasures or countertactics which could reduce weapon system effectiveness. Of additional concern, but requiring a much longer exploitation period, is the possibility such information could be used in the development of a systems with similar or advanced capabilities.

6. A determination has been made that New Zealand can provide substantially the same degree of protection for the sensitive technology being released as the U.S. Government. This sale is necessary in furtherance of the U.S. foreign policy and national security objectives outlined in the Policy Justification.

[FR Doc. 99–11437 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 5001–10–C

# DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

# GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

#### NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

[OMB Control No. 9000-0083]

# Proposed Collection; Comment Request Entitled Qualification Requirements

**AGENCIES:** Department of Defense (DOD), General Services Administration (GSA), and National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA).

**ACTION:** Notice of request for public comments regarding an extension to an existing OMB clearance (9000–0083).

**SUMMARY:** Under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35), the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) Secretariat will be submitting to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) a request to review and approve an extension of a currently approved information collection requirement concerning Qualification Requirements. This OMB clearance currently expires on August 31, 1999.

**DATES:** Comments may be submitted on or before July 6, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, should be submitted to: FAR Desk Officer, OMB, Room 10102, NEOB, Washington, DC 20503, and a copy to the General Services Administration, FAR Secretariat (MVRS), 1800 F Street, NW, Room 4035, Washington, DC 20405.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ralph DeStefano, Federal Acquisition Policy Division, GSA (202) 501–1758. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

## A. Purpose

Under the Qualified Products Program, an end item, or a component thereof, may be required to be prequalified. The solicitation at FAR 52.209–1, Qualification Requirements, requires offerors who have met the qualification requirements to identify the offeror's name, the manufacturer's name, source's name, the item name, service identification, and test number (to the extent known).

The contracting officer uses the information to determine eligibility for award when the clause at 52.209–1 is included in the solicitation. The offeror must insert the offeror's name, the manufacturer's name, source's name, the item name, service identification, and test number (to the extent known). Alternatively, items not yet listed may be considered for award upon the submission of evidence of qualification with the offer.

# **B. Annual Reporting Burden**

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 15 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

The annual reporting burden is estimated as follows: Respondents, *2,207*; responses per respondent, *100*; total annual responses, *220,700*; preparation hours per response, *.25*; and total response burden hours, *55,175*.

**OBTAINING COPIES OF PROPOSALS:** Requester may obtain a copy of the justification from the General Services Administration, FAR Secretariat (MVRS), Room 4035, 1800 F Street, NW, Washington, DC 20405, telephone (202) 208–7312. Please cite OMB Control No. 9000–0083, Qualification Requirements, in all correspondence. Dated: May 4, 1999. **Edward C. Loeb,**  *Director, Federal Acquisition Policy Division.* [FR Doc. 99–11523 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 6820–34–P** 

### DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

# Office of the Secretary

# Meeting of the Advisory Council on Dependents' Education

**AGENCY:** Department of Defense, Department of Defense Education Activity (DoDEA).

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to Pub. L. 92–463, notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Advisory Council on Dependents' Education (ACDE) is scheduled to be held from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. on May 26, 1999. The meeting will be open to the public and will be held in the 9th floor conference room at the Department of Defense Education Activity, 4040 North Fairfax Drive, Arlington, Virginia 22203-1635. The purpose of the meeting is to recommend to the **Director**, **Department** of **Defense** Dependents' Schools (DoDDS), general policies for the operation of the DoDDS; to provide the Director, DoDDS, with information about effective educational programs and practices that should be considered by DoDDS; and to perform other tasks as may be required by the Secretary of Defense. The focus of this meeting will be on the Domestic Dependent Elementary and Secondary Schools (DDESS) and inclusion of DDESS representation on the ACDE. For further information contact Ms. Polly Purser at 703-696-4235, extension 1911.

Dated: May 3, 1999.

#### L.M. Bynum,

Alternate OSD Federal Register Liaison Officer, Department of Defense. [FR Doc. 99–11436 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6001–10–M

# DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

# Office of the Secretary

# Strategic Environmental Research and Development Program, Scientific Advisory Board

#### **ACTION:** Notice.

In accordance with Section 10(a)(2) of the Federal Advisory Committee (P.L. 92–463), announcement is made of the following Committee meeting:

*Date of Meeting:* June 16 and June 17, 1999 from 0830 to 1700.

*Place:* National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 4301 Wilson Boulevard, Conference Center Room 1, Arlington, VA.

Matters To Be Considered: Research and Development proposals and continuing projects requesting Strategic Environmental Research and Development Program funds in excess of \$1M will be reviewed.

This meeting is open to the public. Any interested person may attend, appear before, or file statements with the Scientific Advisory Board at the time and in the manner permitted by the Board.

For Further Information Contact: Ms. Amy Kelly, SERDP Program Office, 901 North Stuart Street, Suite 303, Arlington, VA or by telephone at (703) 696–2124. Dated: May 3, 1999.

#### L.M. Bynum,

Alternate OSD Federal Register Liaison Officer, Department of Defense. [FR Doc. 99–11435 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 5001–10–M

#### DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

# Office of the Secretary

## Revised Non-Foreign Overseas Per Diem Rates

**AGENCY:** DoD, Per Diem, Travel and Transportation Allowance Committee. **ACTION:** Notice of revised non-foreign overseas per diem rates.

**SUMMARY:** The Per Diem, Travel and Transportation Allowance Committee is publishing Civilian Personnel Per Diem Bulletin Number 207. This bulletin lists revisions in the per diem rates prescribed for U.S. Government employees for official travel in Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands and Possessions of the United States. AEA changes announced in Bulletin Number 194 remain in effect. Bulletin Number 207 is being published in the **Federal Register** to assure that travelers are paid per diem at the most current rates.

#### EFFECTIVE DATE: May 1, 1999.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This document gives notice of revisions in per diem rates prescribed by the Per Diem Travel and Transportation Allowance Committee for non-foreign areas outside the continental United States. It supersedes Civilian Personnel Per Diem Bulletin Number 206. Distribution of Civilian Personnel Per Diem Bulletins by mail was discontinued. Per Diem Bulletins published periodically in the Federal **Register** now constitute the only notification of revisions in per diem rates to agencies and establishments outside the Department of Defense. For more information or questions about per diem rates, please contact your local travel office. The text of the Bulletin follows:

BILLING CODE 5001-10-M

Maximum Per Diem Rates for official travel in Alaska, Hawaii, the Commonwealths of Puerto Rico and the Northern Mariana Islands and Possessions of the United States by Federal Government civilian employees.

(Å)         +         (B)         =         (C)           ALASKA           ANCHORAGE [INCL NAV RES]           05/01         09/30         161         63         224         03/01/15           BARROW         115         73         188         03/01/15           BARROW         115         73         188         03/01/15           COLD EAY         110         68         178         03/01/15           CORDOVA         85         62         147         03/01/15           CORDOVA         85         66         161         10/01/15           O5/01         08/31         95         66         161         10/01/15           DENALI NATIONAL PARK         0         67         147         03/01/15           DENALI NATIONAL PARK         0         59         154         10/01/15           DILLINGHAM         95         59         154         10/01/15           DILLINGHAM         95         59         154         10/01/15           DUTCH HARBOR-UNALASKA         110         71         181         03/01/15           DUTCH HARBOR-UNALASKA         110         71         181         03/01/15		MAXIMUM LODGING	M&IE	MAXIMUM PER DIEM	EFFECTIVE DATE
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05/15 - 09/15         118         58         176         03/01/15           09/16 - 05/14         81         54         135         03/01/15           ELMENDORF AFB         05/01 - 09/30         161         63         224         03/01/15           10/01 - 04/30         89         56         145         03/01/15           FAIRBANKS         05/15 - 09/15         118         58         176         03/01/15           09/16 - 05/14         81         54         135         03/01/15           09/16 - 05/14         81         54         135         03/01/15           05/01 - 09/30         161         63         224         03/01/15           05/01 - 09/30         161         63         224         03/01/15           05/15 - 09/15         118         58         176         03/01/15           09/16 - 05/14         81         54         135         03/01/15           09/16 - 05/14         81         54         135         03/01/15           09/16 - 05/14         90         52         142         10/01/15           HEALY         06/01 - 08/31         115         58         173         03/01/15           09/16 - 05/14 <td></td> <td>30</td> <td>57</td> <td>137</td> <td>05/01/1999</td>		30	57	137	05/01/1999
09/16         05/14         81         54         135         03/01/15           ELMENDORF AFB         05/01         09/30         161         63         224         03/01/15           10/01         04/30         89         56         145         03/01/15           FAIRBANKS         05/15         09/15         118         58         176         03/01/15           09/16         05/14         81         54         135         03/01/15           09/16         05/01         89         56         145         03/01/15           09/16         05/01         09/30         161         63         224         03/01/15           05/01         09/30         161         63         224         03/01/15           05/01         09/30         161         63         224         03/01/15           10/01         04/30         89         56         145         03/01/15           05/15         09/15         118         58         176         03/01/15           09/16         05/11         115         52         167         03/01/15           HEALY         06/01         08/31         115         58         1		110	59	176	02/01/1000
ELMENDORF AFB         05/01 - 09/30       161       63       224       03/01/19         10/01 - 04/30       89       56       145       03/01/19         FAIRBANKS       05/15 - 09/15       118       58       176       03/01/19         09/16 - 05/14       81       54       135       03/01/19         FT. RICHARDSON       05/01 - 09/30       161       63       224       03/01/19         05/01 - 09/30       161       63       224       03/01/19         10/01 - 04/30       89       56       145       03/01/19         10/01 - 04/30       89       56       145       03/01/19         10/01 - 04/30       89       56       145       03/01/19         05/15 - 09/15       118       58       176       03/01/19         05/16 - 05/14       81       54       135       03/01/19         HEALY       06/01 - 08/31       115       52       167       03/01/19         09/16 - 05/14       98       57       155       03/01/19         09/16 - 05/14       98       57       155       03/01/19         09/16 - 05/14       98       57       155       03/01/19					
05/01 - 09/30       161       63       224       03/01/19         10/01 - 04/30       89       56       145       03/01/19         FAIRBANKS       05/15 - 09/15       118       58       176       03/01/19         09/16 - 05/14       81       54       135       03/01/19         FT. RICHARDSON       05/01 - 09/30       161       63       224       03/01/19         05/01 - 09/30       161       63       224       03/01/19         10/01 - 04/30       89       56       145       03/01/19         FT. WAINWRIGHT       05/15 - 09/15       118       58       176       03/01/19         05/16 - 05/14       81       54       135       03/01/19         GLENNALLEN       90       52       142       10/01/19         HEALY       06/01 - 08/31       115       52       167       03/01/19         09/16 - 05/13       90       50       140       03/01/19         09/16 - 05/14       98       57       155       03/01/19         09/16 - 05/14       98       57       155       03/01/19         09/16 - 05/14       98       57       155       03/01/19         0		01	54	100	05/01/1999
10/01 - 04/30       89       56       145       03/01/15         FAIRBANKS       05/15 - 09/15       118       58       176       03/01/15         09/16 - 05/14       81       54       135       03/01/15         05/01 - 09/30       161       63       224       03/01/15         10/01 - 04/30       89       56       145       03/01/15         10/01 - 04/30       89       56       145       03/01/15         05/15 - 09/15       118       58       176       03/01/15         05/15 - 09/15       118       58       176       03/01/15         09/16 - 05/14       81       54       135       03/01/15         GLENNALLEN       90       52       142       10/01/15         HEALY       06/01 - 08/31       115       52       167       03/01/15         09/01 - 05/31       90       50       140       03/01/15         HOMER       05/15 - 09/15       115       58       173       03/01/15         09/16 - 05/14       98       57       155       03/01/15         09/16 - 05/14       98       57       155       03/01/15         09/16 - 05/14       105		161	63	224	02/01/1000
FAIRBANKS         05/15 - 09/15       118       58       176       03/01/15         09/16 - 05/14       81       54       135       03/01/15         FT. RICHARDSON       05/01 - 09/30       161       63       224       03/01/15         10/01 - 04/30       89       56       145       03/01/15         FT. WAINWRIGHT       05/15 - 09/15       118       58       176       03/01/15         09/16 - 05/14       81       54       135       03/01/15         GLENNALLEN       90       52       142       10/01/15         HEALY       06/01 - 08/31       115       52       167       03/01/15         09/16 - 05/14       90       50       140       03/01/15         HOMER       05/15 - 09/15       115       58       173       03/01/15         09/16 - 05/14       98       57       155       03/01/15         09/16 - 05/14       98       57       155       03/01/15         JUNEAU       105       68       173       03/01/15         KAKTOVIK       175       74       249       03/01/15					
05/15 - 09/15         118         58         176         03/01/15           09/16 - 05/14         81         54         135         03/01/15           FT. RICHARDSON         05/01 - 09/30         161         63         224         03/01/15           05/01 - 09/30         161         63         224         03/01/15         03/01/15           10/01 - 04/30         89         56         145         03/01/15           FT. WAINWRIGHT         05/15 - 09/15         118         58         176         03/01/15           05/16 - 05/14         81         54         135         03/01/15           09/16 - 05/14         81         54         135         03/01/15           GLENNALLEN         90         52         142         10/01/15           HEALY         06/01 - 08/31         115         52         167         03/01/15           09/01 - 05/31         90         50         140         03/01/15           09/16 - 05/14         98         57         155         03/01/15           09/16 - 05/14         98         57         155         03/01/15           09/16 - 05/14         98         57         155         03/01/15		09	50	140	05/01/1999
09/16 - 05/14         81         54         135         03/01/19           FT. RICHARDSON         05/01 - 09/30         161         63         224         03/01/19           10/01 - 04/30         89         56         145         03/01/19           FT. WAINWRIGHT         05/15 - 09/15         118         58         176         03/01/19           05/16 - 05/14         81         54         135         03/01/19           09/16 - 05/14         81         54         135         03/01/19           GLENNALLEN         90         52         142         10/01/19           HEALY         06/01 - 08/31         115         52         167         03/01/19           09/01 - 05/31         90         50         140         03/01/19           09/16 - 05/14         98         57         155         03/01/19           09/16 - 05/14         98         57         155         03/01/19           09/16 - 05/14         98         57         155         03/01/19           09/16 - 05/14         98         57         155         03/01/19           JUNEAU         105         68         173         03/01/19           KAKTOVIK <t< td=""><td></td><td>110</td><td>EO</td><td>176</td><td>02/01/1000</td></t<>		110	EO	176	02/01/1000
FT. RICHARDSON       05/01 - 09/30       161       63       224       03/01/19         10/01 - 04/30       89       56       145       03/01/19         FT. WAINWRIGHT       05/15 - 09/15       118       58       176       03/01/19         09/16 - 05/14       81       54       135       03/01/19         GLENNALLEN       90       52       142       10/01/19         HEALY       06/01 - 08/31       115       52       167       03/01/19         09/16 - 05/14       90       50       140       03/01/19         HEALY       06/01 - 08/31       115       52       167       03/01/19         09/16 - 05/14       90       50       140       03/01/19         09/16 - 05/14       98       57       155       03/01/19         09/16 - 05/14       98       57       155       03/01/19         JUNEAU       105       68       173       03/01/19         KAKTOVIK       175       74       249       03/01/19					, ,
05/01 - 09/30       161       63       224       03/01/19         10/01 - 04/30       89       56       145       03/01/19         FT. WAINWRIGHT       05/15 - 09/15       118       58       176       03/01/19         09/16 - 05/14       81       54       135       03/01/19         GLENNALLEN       90       52       142       10/01/19         HEALY       06/01 - 08/31       115       52       167       03/01/19         09/16 - 05/31       90       50       140       03/01/19         HOMER       05/15 - 09/15       115       58       173       03/01/19         09/16 - 05/14       98       57       155       03/01/19         09/16 - 05/14       98       57       155       03/01/19         JUNEAU       105       68       173       03/01/19         KAKTOVIK       175       74       249       03/01/19		01	54	122	03/01/1999
10/01 - 04/30       89       56       145       03/01/19         FT. WAINWRIGHT       05/15 - 09/15       118       58       176       03/01/19         09/16 - 05/14       81       54       135       03/01/19         GLENNALLEN       90       52       142       10/01/19         HEALY       90       52       167       03/01/19         06/01 - 08/31       115       52       167       03/01/19         09/01 - 05/31       90       50       140       03/01/19         HOMER       05/15 - 09/15       115       58       173       03/01/19         JUNEAU       105       68       173       03/01/19       19         KAKTOVIK       175       74       249       03/01/19		1 ( 1	62	224	02/01/1000
FT. WAINWRIGHT       05/15 - 09/15       118       58       176       03/01/15         09/16 - 05/14       81       54       135       03/01/15         GLENNALLEN       90       52       142       10/01/15         HEALY       06/01 - 08/31       115       52       167       03/01/15         09/01 - 05/31       90       50       140       03/01/15         HOMER       05/15 - 09/15       115       58       173       03/01/15         09/16 - 05/14       98       57       155       03/01/15         JUNEAU       105       68       173       03/01/15         KAKTOVIK       175       74       249       03/01/15					
05/15 - 09/15       118       58       176       03/01/19         09/16 - 05/14       81       54       135       03/01/19         GLENNALLEN       90       52       142       10/01/19         HEALY       06/01 - 08/31       115       52       167       03/01/19         09/01 - 05/31       90       50       140       03/01/19         HOMER       05/15 - 09/15       115       58       173       03/01/19         09/16 - 05/14       98       57       155       03/01/19         JUNEAU       105       68       173       03/01/19         KAKTOVIK       175       74       249       03/01/19		89	20	145	03/01/1999
09/16 - 05/14       81       54       135       03/01/15         GLENNALLEN       90       52       142       10/01/15         HEALY       115       52       167       03/01/15         09/01 - 08/31       115       52       167       03/01/15         09/01 - 05/31       90       50       140       03/01/15         HOMER       -       -       -       -         05/15 - 09/15       115       58       173       03/01/15         09/16 - 05/14       98       57       155       03/01/15         JUNEAU       105       68       173       03/01/15         KAKTOVIK       175       74       249       03/01/15		110	5.0	1.7.6	02/01/1000
GLENNALLEN       90       52       142       10/01/19         HEALY       06/01 - 08/31       115       52       167       03/01/19         09/01 - 05/31       90       50       140       03/01/19         HOMER       05/15 - 09/15       115       58       173       03/01/19         09/16 - 05/14       98       57       155       03/01/19         JUNEAU       105       68       173       03/01/19         KAKTOVIK       175       74       249       03/01/19					
HEALY       06/01 - 08/31       115       52       167       03/01/15         09/01 - 05/31       90       50       140       03/01/15         HOMER       05/15 - 09/15       115       58       173       03/01/15         09/16 - 05/14       98       57       155       03/01/15         JUNEAU       105       68       173       03/01/15         KAKTOVIK       175       74       249       03/01/15					
06/01 - 08/31       115       52       167       03/01/19         09/01 - 05/31       90       50       140       03/01/19         HOMER       05/15 - 09/15       115       58       173       03/01/19         09/16 - 05/14       98       57       155       03/01/19         JUNEAU       105       68       173       03/01/19         KAKTOVIK       175       74       249       03/01/19		90	52	142	10/01/1998
09/01 - 05/31       90       50       140       03/01/19         HOMER       05/15 - 09/15       115       58       173       03/01/19         09/16 - 05/14       98       57       155       03/01/19         JUNEAU       105       68       173       03/01/19         KAKTOVIK       175       74       249       03/01/19			50		/ /
HOMER       05/15 - 09/15       115       58       173       03/01/15         09/16 - 05/14       98       57       155       03/01/15         JUNEAU       105       68       173       03/01/15         KAKTOVIK       175       74       249       03/01/15					
05/15 - 09/15         115         58         173         03/01/19           09/16 - 05/14         98         57         155         03/01/19           JUNEAU         105         68         173         03/01/19           KAKTOVIK         175         74         249         03/01/19	, ,	90	50	140	03/01/1998
09/16 - 05/14         98         57         155         03/01/19           JUNEAU         105         68         173         03/01/19           KAKTOVIK         175         74         249         03/01/19					oo ! !
JUNEAU1056817303/01/19KAKTOVIK1757424903/01/19					03/01/1999
KAKTOVIK 175 74 249 03/01/19					03/01/1999
					03/01/1999
					03/01/1999
125 69 194 03/01/15	KAVIK CAMP	125	69	194	03/01/1999

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LOCALITY	MAXIMUM LODGING AMOUNT (A) +	M&IE RATE (B) =	MAXIMUM PER DIEM RATE (C)	EFFECTIVE DATE
KENAI-SOLDOTNA				
05/01 - 09/30	114	63	177	03/01/1999
10/01 - 04/30	76	59	135	03/01/1999
KENNICOTT	149	68	217	10/01/1998
KETCHIKAN				
05/01 - 09/30	110	74	184	03/01/1999
10/01 - 04/30	88	73	161	03/01/1999
KING SALMON	101	70	171	03/01/1999
KLAWOCK				
05/01 - 08/31	95	66	161	10/01/1998
09/01 - 04/30	79	64	143	10/01/1998
KODIAK	99	67	166	03/01/1999
KOTZEBUE				
05/01 - 08/31	137	75	212	03/01/1999
09/01 - 04/30	73	61	134	03/01/1999
KULIS AGS				
05/01 - 09/30	161	63	224	03/01/1999
10/01 - 04/30	89	56	145	03/01/1999
MCCARTHY	149	68	217	10/01/1998
METLAKATLA				
05/30 - 10/01	85	52	137	03/01/1999
10/02 - 05/29	78	51	129	03/01/1999
MURPHY DOME				
05/15 - 09/15	118	58	176	03/01/1999
09/16 - 05/14	81	54	135	03/01/1999
NOME				
03/01 - 03/31	117	58	175	03/01/1999
04/01 - 02/29	92	56	148	03/01/1999
NUIQSUT	120	69	189	03/01/1999
PETERSBURG	87	57	144	03/01/1999
POINT HOPE	130	70	200	03/01/1999
POINT LAY	105	67	172	03/01/1999
PRUDHOE BAY	80	67	147	03/01/1999
SEWARD				
05/01 - 09/30	122	65	187	03/01/1999
10/01 - 04/30	86	61	147	03/01/1999
SITKA-MT. EDGECOMBE				
09/05 - 03/31	83	59	142	10/01/1998
04/01 - 09/04	101	60	161	03/01/1998
SKAGWAY				· ·
05/01 - 09/30	110	74	184	03/01/1999
10/01 - 04/30	88	73	161	03/01/1999
SPRUCE CAPE	99	67	166	03/01/1999

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	MAXIMUM LODGING AMOUNT (A) +	M&IE RATE (B) =	MAXIMUM PER DIEM RATE (C)	EFFECTIVE DATE
TANANA				
03/01 - 03/31	117	58	175	03/01/1999
04/01 - 02/29	92	56	148	03/01/1999
TAIMU	107	33	140	03/01/1999
VALDEZ				
05/15 - 10/01	110	63	173	03/01/1999
10/02 - 05/14	84	60	144	03/01/1999
WAINWRIGHT	127	82	209	03/01/1999
WRANGELL				
05/01 - 09/30	110	74	184	03/01/1999
10/01 - 04/30	88	73	161	03/01/1999
YAKUTAT	110	68	178	03/01/1999
[OTHER]	80	57	137	03/01/1999
AMERICAN SAMOA				
AMERICAN SAMOA	73	53	126	03/01/1997
GUAM				
GUAM (INCL ALL MIL INSTAL)	150	79	229	10/01/1998
HAWAII				
CAMP H M SMITH	110	61	171	10/01/1998
EASTPAC NAVAL COMP TELE AREA	110	61	171	10/01/1998
FT. DERUSSEY	110	61	171	10/01/1998
FT. SHAFTER	110	61	171	10/01/1998
HICKAM AFB	110	61 61	171	10/01/1998 10/01/1998
HONOLULU NAVAL & MC RES CTR ISLE OF HAWAII: HILO	110 80	61 52	171	06/01/1998
ISLE OF HAWAII: HILO ISLE OF HAWAII: OTHER	100	54	132 154	10/01/1998
ISLE OF KAUAI	100	54	154	10/01/1998
12/01 - 04/30	136	64	200	10/01/1998
05/01 - 11/30	115	62	177	06/01/1998
ISLE OF KURE	65	41	106	05/01/1999
ISLE OF MAUI	112	64	176	10/01/1998
ISLE OF OAHU	110	61	171	10/01/1998
KANEOHE BAY MC BASE	110	61	171	10/01/1998
KEKAHA PACIFIC MISSILE RANGE				,, _, _, _,
12/01 - 04/30	136	64	200	10/01/1998
05/01 - 11/30	115	62	177	06/01/1998
KILAUEA MILITARY CAMP	80	52	132	06/01/1998
LUALUALEI NAVAL MAGAZINE	110	61	171	10/01/1998
NAS BARBERS POINT	110	61	171	10/01/1998
PEARL HARBOR [INCL ALL MILITA		61	171	10/01/1998
SCHOFIELD BARRACKS	110	61	171	10/01/1998
WHEELER ARMY AIRFIELD	110	61	171	10/01/1998
[OTHER]	79	62	141	06/01/1993

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LOCALITY	MAXIMUM LODGING AMOUNT	M&IE RATE	MAXIMUM PER DIEM RATE	EFFECTIVE DATE
	(A) +	(B) =	(C)	
JOHNSTON ATOLL				
JOHNSTON ATOLL	13	9	22	10/01/1998
MIDWAY ISLANDS				
MIDWAY ISLANDS [INCL ALL MII	LITAR 65	41	106	05/01/1999
NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS				
ROTA	105	71	176	10/01/1998
SAIPAN	170	78	248	05/01/1997
[OTHER]	61	53	114	05/01/1997
PUERTO RICO				
BAYAMON				
04/16 - 11/14	150	70	220	04/01/1999
11/15 - 04/15	167	72	239	04/01/1999
CAROLINA				
04/16 - 11/14	150	70	220	04/01/1999
11/15 - 04/15	167	72	239	04/01/1999
FAJARDO [INCL CEIBA & LUQUII	LLO] 82	60	142	03/01/1998
FT. BUCHANAN [INCL GSA SVC (	CTR,			
04/16 - 11/14	150	70	220	04/01/1999
11/15 - 04/15	167	72	239	04/01/1999
HUMACAO	82	60	142	03/01/1998
LUIS MUNOZ MARIN IAP AGS				
04/16 - 11/14	150	70	220	04/01/1999
11/15 - 04/15	167	72	239	04/01/1999
MAYAGUEZ	94	60	154	06/01/1998
PONCE	101	67	168	09/01/1998
ROOSEVELT RDS & NAV STA	82	60	142	03/01/1998
SABANA SECA [INCL ALL MILITA	ARY]			
04/16 - 11/14	150	70	220	04/01/1999
11/15 - 04/15	167	72	239	04/01/1999
SAN JUAN & NAV RES STA				
04/16 - 11/14	150	70	220	04/01/1999
11/15 - 04/15	167	72	239	04/01/1999
[OTHER]	66	57	123	09/01/1998
VIRGIN ISLANDS (U.S.)				
ST. CROIX				
04/15 - 12/14	107	75	182	08/01/1998
12/15 - 04/14	131	78	209	08/01/1998
ST. JOHN				
04/15 - 12/14	286	89	375	10/01/1998
12/15 - 04/14	413	102	515	08/01/1998
ST. THOMAS				
ST. THOMAS 04/15 - 12/14 12/15 - 04/14	171	75	246	08/01/1998 08/01/1998

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LOCALITY	MAXIMUM LODGING AMOUNT (A) +	M&IE RATE (B) =	MAXIMUM PER DIEM RATE (C)	EFFECTIVE DATE
WAKE ISLAND WAKE ISLAND	60	32	92	09/01/1998

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Dated: May 3, 1999. **L.M. Bynum,**  *Alternate OSD Federal Register Liaison Officer, Department of Defense.* [FR Doc. 99–11438 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 5001–10–C Page 6

## DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

#### Department of the Air Force

## Privacy Act of 1974; System of Records

AGENCY: Department of the Air Force, DoD.

**ACTION:** Record system notice amendment.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of the Air Force proposes to amend systems of records notices in its inventory of record systems subject to the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), as amended. **DATES:** The amendment will be effective on June 7, 1999, unless comments are received that would result in a contrary determination.

ADDRESSES: Send comments to the Air Force Access Programs Manager, Headquarters, Air Force Communications and Information Center/ITC, 1250 Air Force Pentagon, Washington, DC 20330–1250. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mrs. Anne Rollins at (703) 588–6187. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Department of the Air Force's record system notices for records systems subject to the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), as amended, have been published in the **Federal Register** and are available from the address above.

The proposed amendments are not within the purview of subsection (r) of the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a), as amended, which would require the submission of a new or altered system report for each system. The specific changes to the record system being amended are set forth below followed by the notice as amended, published in its entirety.

Dated: May 3, 1999.

## L. M. Bynum,

Alternate OSD Federal Register Liaison Officer, Department of Defense.

## F011 AF AMC A

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Air Force Operations Resource Management Systems (AFORMS) (June 11, 1997, 62 FR 31793).

#### CHANGES:

#### SYSTEM IDENTIFIER:

Delete entry and replace with 'F011 AF XO A'.

\* \* \* \* \*

## CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Following 'Air Force civilian employees' add 'or contractors,'

## CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

First line, delete 'base level'. Lines eight and nine, delete 'and flying history information is maintained at Norton Air Force Base, CA'. Delete the fifth paragraph.

#### AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

Delete 'Air Force Regulation 60-1, Flight Management' and insert 'Air Force Instruction 11-401, Flight Management, and AFI 11-402, Aviation and Parachutist Service, Aeronautical Ratings and Badges'.

## PURPOSE(S)

Item (8) Delete 'Operations' and insert 'the Air Staff, major command'

Item (9) Delete last part of paragraph which reads 'including flying safety data involving AFORMS flying hour/ individual information stored in the Norton Air Force Base, flying safety data bank maintained by the USAF Inspection and Safety Center'

OTHER BASE USERS: CONSOLIDATED BASE PERSONNEL OFFICE. Delete 'CONSOLIDATED BASE PERSONNEL OFFICE' and insert MILITARY PERSONNEL FLIGHT'

AIR FORCE MANPOWER AND PERSONNEL CENTER. Delete AIR FORCE MANPOWER AND PERSONNEL CENTER' and insert 'AIR FORCE PERSONNEL CENTER'

HQ USAF. Delete last portion beginning with 'Air Force Accounting and Finance Center'

#### ADD SEPARATE ENTRY

'DEFENSE FINANCE ACCOUNTING SYSTEM - uses AFORMS information to validate all flying payments.'

#### **RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:**

Delete entry and replace with 'Disposition pending (no records will be destroyed until authorized by the National Archives and Records Administration).'

## SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Delete entry and replace with 'Chief, Operational Training Division, Directorate of Operations and Training, Deputy Chief of Staff/Air and Space Operations, 1480 Air Force Pentagon, Washington, DC 20330-1480.'

\* \* \* \* \*

## F011 AF XO A

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Air Force Operations Resource Management Systems (AFORMS).

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Headquarters United States Air Force and major command headquarters. Host, tenant and squadron Operations System Management offices at Air Force installations, and McDonnell Douglas Training Systems, McDonnell Aircraft Company, 12301 Missouri Bottom Road, Hazelwood, MO 63042. Official mailing addresses are published as an appendix to the Air Force's compilation of record systems notices.

## CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Air Force active duty military personnel, Air Force civilian employees, or contractors, Air Force Reserve and Air National Guard personnel, Army, Navy and Marine Corps active duty military personnel and those foreign military personnel who are assigned to aviation duties by competent authority and attached to the USAF for flying support or who have been suspended from flying duties for a period of not more than 5 years.

#### CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

The AFORMS data base contains a master file of flying records for each individual in categories listed above, a month-to-date transaction file and a twelve month history file. A centralized file of selected information from each individual's master record is also maintained at HQ USAF. In addition to automated data files, this system uses manual files for maintaining historical data and important source documents. An Individual Flight Record Folder (FRF) is established for each category of fliers listed above and is the prime repository for a computer listing which itemizes each individual's flight accomplishments as well as various source documents which serve to validate information entered into the computer data base for the system. Each Host Operations System Management (HOSM) office maintains a file of Aeronautical Orders and Military Pay Orders to provide source documentation of flying pay actions initiated by the flight manager. Information which is maintained in the automated files is derived directly from the AFORMS master file or from subsequent processing of information entered into the master file.

Categories of information maintained in the master file are: IDENTIFICATION DATA - provides individual identifiers and other information directly related to each individual in the file.

DUTY ASSIGNMENT DATA -Includes information such as the major command of assignment for the individual, the Air Force Specialty Code indicating professional duties, the unit, the responsible Operations system manager, base of assignment, etc. AIRCREW TRAINING AND QUALIFICATION DATA - includes information such as flight and ground professional flying training accomplishments, aircrew qualification status, physical status for flight duties, types of aircraft assigned, etc.

FLYING PAY ENTITLEMENT DATA -Includes information needed to administer the payment of flying incentive pay for each individual.

LOCAL USE DATA - contains information used by major or local command to supplement general system information as needed to meet unique unit requirements within the categories of information listed herein.

SYSTEM CONTROL DATA - Contains computer data used to automatically control internal system functions.

#### AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

37 U.S.C. 301a, Incentive pay: Public Law 92–204 (Appropriations Act for 1973), Section 715; Public Law 93–570 (Appropriations Act for 1974); Public Law 93–294 (Aviation Career Incentive Act of 1974; DOD Directive 7730.57 (Aviation Career Incentive Act and Required Annual Report); Air Force Instruction 11–401, Flight Management; Air Force Instruction 11-402, Aviation and Parachutist Service, Aeronautical Ratings and Badges; and E.O. 9397 (SSN).

#### PURPOSE(S):

The AFORMS provides information and automated data processing capabilities used to manage and administer Air Force operations such as aircrew training and evaluation, flight scheduling functions, flying safety and related functions needed to attain and maintain combat or mission readiness. All information is entered into the system at the air base level. This information is then processed for use by flying resource managers at all levels through periodic computer product reports or automated systems interfaces.

The specific uses of information and user categories for this system are: BASE LEVEL ACTIVITIES -

(1) To establish each member's flying pay entitlement status and to monitor continuing entitlement in accordance with existing directions;

(2) To record each individual's flying activities, both hours and specific events, and provide indications of successful attainment of standards or deficiencies;

(3) To establish each individual's Aviation Service code for use in indicating type of flying activity or reason for inactive status if applicable;

(4) To determine each rated member's eligibility to perform operational flying

in accordance with existing USAF directives;

(5) To provide an indication of each rated member's total operational flying time in terms of total aviation career duties;

(6) To establish 'suspense lists' for use in scheduling flying personnel for flights, schools, tests and similar events directly related to their duties as professional airmen;

(7) To provide each applicable individual and manager with all aviation career profile information needed to monitor flying career development, professional qualifications and training deficiencies;

(8) To provide information requested by the Air Staff, major command, or other base functions, which relates to the flying duties and accomplishments of all personnel in the file;

(9) To provide statistical data for management analysis and review of all aspects of each base's flying programs.

OTHER BASE USERS: MILTARY PERSONNEL FLIGHT - uses information provided by this system, through an automated data interface, to report the flying status of all individuals in the files; provides flying career background information used for assignment actions.

ACCOUNTING AND FINANCE OFFICE - uses Military Pay Orders, prepared by flight management offices, to start and stop flying incentive pay in accordance with each individual's flying status and eligibility as reflected by the information in the system; uses the files to perform payment audits to identify individuals being paid improperly.

BASE SUPPLY - uses flying status information to determine which individuals are qualified to draw all authorized flying equipment.

BASE MEDICAL FACILITY - uses system data to determine projected workloads associated with scheduled flight physical examinations.

MAJOR COMMANDS - use all system data to measure the effectiveness of subordinate unit training programs and to check command-wide flying effectiveness.

AIR FORCE PERSONNEL CENTER uses AFORMS information to establish assignment objectives and career development programs for USAF military personnel in the system.

HQ USAF - uses various identification and flying data to establish statistical data needed to verify the effectiveness of standard procedures, determine the need for policy modification, provide a timely and accurate census of various types of flyers and provide a centralized point for collection and collation of data used by all levels of management.

The Defense Finance and Accounting Service uses AFORMS information to validate all flying payments.

#### ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, these records or information contained therein may specifically be disclosed outside the DoD as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as follows:

The 'Blanket Routine Uses' published at the beginning of the Air Force's compilation of record system notices apply to this record system.

## POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

#### STORAGE:

Maintained in file folders, on computer magnetic tapes, magnetic disks, and CD-ROM.

#### **RETRIEVABILITY:**

Retrieved by name and Social Security Number.

#### SAFEGUARDS:

Records are accessed by custodian of the record system, by person(s) responsible for servicing the record system in performance of their official duties and individuals in files. Access is specifically controlled by the Host Operations System Management office. Records are stored in locked cabinets or rooms. Computer terminals are locked when not in use or kept under surveillance.

#### **RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:**

Disposition pending (no records will be destroyed until authorized by the National Archives and Records Administration).

#### SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Chief, Operational Training Division, Directorate of Operations and Training, Deputy Chief of Staff/Air and Space Operations, 1480 Air Force Pentagon, Washington, DC 20330-1480.

#### NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals seeking to determine whether this system of records contains information on themselves should address written inquires to or visit the Chief, Operational Training Division, Directorate of Operations and Training, Deputy Chief of Staff/Air and Space Operations, 1480 Air Force Pentagon, Washington, DC 20330-1480 or to the local HOSM office of the individual. Official mailing addresses are published as an appendix to the Air Force's compilation of systems of records notices. Include name and Social Security Number. Make base level inquiries to or visit the local servicing HOSM office of the individual.

#### RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Individuals seeking to access records about themselves contained in this system should address requests to the Chief, Operational Training Division, Directorate of Operations and Training, Deputy Chief of Staff/Air and Space Operations, 1480 Air Force Pentagon, Washington, DC 20330-1480 or to their local HOSM office. Official mailing addresses are published as an appendix to the Air Force's compilation of systems of records notices.

#### CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

The Air Force rules for accessing records, and for contesting contents and appealing initial agency determinations are published in Air Force Instruction 37–132; 32 CFR part 806b; or may be obtained from the system manager.

#### RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

Information obtained from individuals, aircrew managers, automated system interfaces and from source documents such as reports.

## EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM:

None.

#### F036 AF PC W

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Suggestions, Inventions, Scientific Achievements (June 11, 1997, 62 FR 31793).

#### CHANGES:

#### SYSTEM IDENTIFIER:

Delete entry and replace with 'F038 AF AFCQMI A'.

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Delete 'Suggestions' and replace with 'Ideas'.

## CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Delete entry and replace with 'Any individual submitting an idea, invention, or scientific achievement.'

\* \* \* \*

## PURPOSE(S):

Delete entry and replace with 'Files are originated when personnel initiate an idea, invention, or scientific achievement. Case files and computer output products are reviewed by the Manpower and Quality Office personnel. Copy of approved award is filed in civilian employee's official personnel file. Copy of approved award is not retained elsewhere for military member.'

\* \* \* \* \*

#### RETRIEVABILITY:

Delete entry and replace with 'Retrieved by Social Security Number or Idea number.'

#### SAFEGUARDS:

Delete entry and replace with 'Records are accessed by person(s) responsible for servicing the record system in performance of their official duties and by authorized personnel who are properly screened and cleared for need-to-know. Computer storage devices are protected by computer system software.'

\* \* \* \*

## SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Delete entry and replace with 'Directorate of Manpower, Organization and Quality, Deputy Chief of Staff, Plans and Programs, Headquarters United States Air Force, 1070 Air Force Pentagon, Washington, DC 20330-1070.'

#### **RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:**

Delete entry and replace with 'Information obtained from source document (AF Form 1000, Idea Submission) include name, Social Security Number, job title, home or mailing address, grade and organizational address.'

\* \* \* \* \*

### F038 AF AFCQMI A

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Ideas, Inventions, Scientific Achievements.

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Systems Integration and Support Division, Air Force Center for Quality and Management Innovation, 550 E Street East, Randolph Air Force Base, TX 78150-4451.

#### CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Any individual submitting an idea, invention, or scientific achievement.

#### CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Files include idea forms, evaluations and substantiating documentation consisting of forms, which contain name, Social Security Number, job title, home or mailing address, grade and organizational address; certificates, administrative correspondence; records of committee actions; award actions; reports.

## AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

10 U.S.C. 8013, Secretary of the Air Force; powers and duties; delegation as implemented by Air Force Instruction 38-401 and E.O. 9397 (SSN).

### PURPOSE(S):

Files are originated when personnel initiate an idea, invention, or scientific achievement. Case files and computer output products are reviewed by the Manpower and Quality Office personnel. Copy of approved award is filed in civilian employee's official personnel file. Copy of approved award is not retained elsewhere for military member.

#### ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, these records or information contained therein may specifically be disclosed outside the DoD as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as follows:

The 'Blanket Routine Uses' published at the beginning of the Air Force's compilation of systems of records notices apply to this system.

## POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

#### STORAGE:

Maintained in paper and electronic media including computers and computer output products.

#### RETRIEVABILITY:

Retrieved by Social Security Number or Idea number.

#### SAFEGUARDS:

Records are accessed by person(s) responsible for servicing the record system in performance of their official duties and by authorized personnel who are properly screened and cleared for need-to-know. Computer storage devices are protected by computer system software.

#### **RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:**

Idea files are retained for 18 months after actual or projected implementation date for ideas in the idea pool or 1 year after disapproved ideas. Computer records destroyed by erasing, deleting or overwriting; paper copies by tearing into pieces, shredding, pulping, macerating, or burning.

## SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Directorate of Manpower, Organization and Quality, Deputy Chief of Staff, Plans and Programs, Headquarters United States Air Force, 1070 Air Force Pentagon, Washington, DC 20330-1070.

### NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals seeking to determine whether information about themselves is contained in this system should address written inquiries to Directorate of Manpower, Organization and Quality, Deputy Chief of Staff, Plans and Programs, Headquarters United States Air Force, 1070 Air Force Pentagon, Washington, DC 20330-1070.

### RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Individuals seeking access to information about themselves contained in this system should address written inquiries to the Directorate of Manpower, Organization and Quality, Deputy Chief Staff, Plans and Programs, Headquarters United States Air Force, 1070 Air Force Pentagon, Washington, DC 20330-1070.

#### CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

The Air Force rules for accessing records, and for contesting contents and appealing initial agency determinations are published in Air Force Instruction 37–132; 32 CFR part 806b; or may be obtained from the system manager.

## RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

Information obtained from source document (AF Form 1000, Idea Submission) include name, Social Security Number, job title, home or mailing address, grade and organizational address.

## EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM:

## None.

## F036 SAFCB A

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Military Records Processed by the Air Force Correction Board (June 11, 1997, 62 FR 31793).

## CHANGES:

\* \* \* \*

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Delete entry and replace with 'Office of the Secretary of the Air Force, 1535 Command Drive, Andrews Air Force Base, MD 20762-7002 and the Washington National Records Center, Suitland, MD 20409.'

\* \* \* \* \*

## SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Delete entry and replace with 'Executive Secretary, Air Force Board for the Correction of Military Records, 1535 Command Drive, Andrews Air Force Base, MD 20762-7002.'

\* \* \* \* \*

## F036 SAFCB A

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Military Records Processed by the Air Force Correction Board.

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Office of the Secretary of the Air Force, 1535 Command Drive, Andrews Air Force Base, MD 20762-7002 and the Washington National Records Center, Suitland, MD 20409.

## CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

All members or former members of the Air Force; Army Air Forces, Air Corps, United States Army; Air Service, United States Navy; and Aviation Section, Signal Corps, United States Army, who have applied to the Air Force Board for the Correction of Military Records (AFBCMR).

## CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Case files consist of applications to AFBCMR for correction of military records, with supporting evidence, staff advisory opinions and final determinations.

#### AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

10 U.S.C. Chapter 79 - Correction of Military Records.

## PURPOSE(S):

To review applications for correction of military records to determine the existence of an error or injustice and, when appropriate, make recommendations to the Secretary of the Air Force.

#### ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, these records or information contained therein may specifically be disclosed outside the DoD as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as follows:

The 'Blanket Routine Uses' published at the beginning of the Air Force's compilation of systems of records notices apply to this system.

## POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

#### STORAGE:

Maintained in file folders.

## RETRIEVABILITY:

Retrieved by name.

### SAFEGUARDS:

Records are accessed by person(s) responsible for servicing the record system in performance of their official duties and by authorized personnel who are properly screened and cleared for need-to-know. Records are stored in locked rooms and cabinets.

#### **RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:**

Case files are maintained for 75 years then destroyed. Records are destroyed by tearing into pieces, shredding, pulping, macerating or burning.

#### SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Executive Secretary, Air Force Board for the Correction of Military Records, 1535 Command Drive, Andrews Air Force Base, MD 20762-7002.

#### NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals seeking to determine whether this system of records contains information on themselves should address inquiries to the Executive Secretary, Air Force Board for the Correction of Military Records, 1535 Command Drive, Andrews Air Force Base, MD 20762-7002.

## RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Individuals seeking to access records about themselves contained in this system should address requests to the Executive Secretary, Air Force Board for the Correction of Military Records, Headquarters, United States Air Force, 1535 Command Drive, Andrews Air Force Base, MD 20762-7002.

Request for review must provide applicant's full name, Social Security Number, and AFBCMR docket number (if known). Reviews are held at 1535 Command Drive, Andrews Air Force Base, MD 20762-7002 between the hours of 0900 to 1600. An applicant must present a personal identification document. A designated representative must present a letter of authorization from the applicant.

## CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

The Air Force rules for accessing records and for contesting and appealing initial agency determinations are published in Air Force Instruction 37-132; 32 CFR part 806b; or may be obtained from the system manager.

#### **RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:**

Information is obtained from applicants, Air Force offices and/or other Government agencies.

## EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM: None.

#### F036 SAFPC A

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Air Force Discharge Review Board Retain Files (June 11, 1997, 62 FR 31793).

#### CHANGES:

\* \* \* \* \*

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Delete entry and replace with 'Office of the Secretary of the Air Force Personnel Council, 1535 Command Drive, Andrews Air Force Base, MD 20762-7002.'

\* \* \* \* \*

## **RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:**

Delete entry and replace with 'Disposition pending (no records will be destroyed until authorized by the National Archives and Records Administration).'

\* \* \* \* \*

## F036 SAFPC A

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Air Force Discharge Review Board Retain Files.

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Office of the Secretary of the Air Force Personnel Council, 1535 Command Drive, Andrews Air Force Base, MD 20762-7002.

## CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Former Air Force Personnel who submit applications for review of discharge/separation/dismissal.

## CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Copies of correspondence between applicant and Discharge Review Board; duplicates of summary of board proceedings and summary of applicant's military record; and miscellaneous control records.

#### AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

10 U.S.C. 1553, Review of discharge or dismissal.

#### PURPOSE(S):

Used by the Air Force Discharge Review Board as a temporary reference file.

#### ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, these records or information contained therein may specifically be disclosed outside the DoD as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as follows:

The 'Blanket Routine Uses' published at the beginning of the Air Force's compilation of systems of records notices apply to this system. POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

## STORAGE:

Maintained in file folders.

#### **RETRIEVABILITY:**

Retrieved by name, Social Security Number or Military Service Number.

#### SAFEGUARDS:

Records are accessed by custodian of the record system and by person(s) responsible for servicing the record system in performance of their official duties who are properly screened and cleared for need-to-know. Records are stored in safes.

## RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

Disposition pending (no records will be destroyed until authorized by the National Archives and Records Administration).

## SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Director, Secretary of the Air Force Personnel Council, 1535 Command Drive, Andrews Air Force Base, MD 20762-7002.

#### NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals seeking to determine whether information about themselves is contained in this system should address written inquiries to or visit the Director, Secretary of the Air Force Personnel Council, 1535 Command Drive, Andrews Air Force Base, MD 20762-7002.

Written requests should contain the full name; service number and Social Security Number of the requester. Visitors must have some form of identification such as driver's license, in addition to the above information.

#### RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Individuals seeking access to information about themselves contained in this system should address written inquiries to or visit the Director, Secretary of the Air Force Personnel Council, 1535 Command Drive, Andrews Air Force Base, MD 20762-7002.

## CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

The Air Force rules for accessing records, and for contesting contents and appealing initial agency determinations are published in Air Force Instruction 37–132; 32 CFR part 806b; or may be obtained from the system manager.

#### RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

Individual's military personnel record.

EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM: None.

#### F036 SAFPC B

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Air Force Discharge Review Board Original Case Files *(June 11, 1997, 62 FR 31793).* 

#### CHANGES:

\* \* \*

## SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Delete entry and replace with 'Director, Secretary of the Air Force Personnel Council, 1535 Command Drive, Andrews Air Force Base, MD 20762-7002.'

\* \* \* \*

## F036 SAFPC B

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Air Force Discharge Review Board Original Case Files.

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

National Personnel Records Center, Military Personnel Records, 9700 Page Boulevard, St. Louis, MO 63132.

## CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Former Air Force Personnel who submit applications for review of discharge/separation/dismissal.

#### CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Original copy of summary of board proceedings, individual's application form, order appointing Discharge Review Board members, summary of applicant's military personnel record, correspondence between applicant and Discharge Review Board and magnetic recording of hearing (if required).

AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM: 10 U.S.C. 1553, Review of discharge

or dismissal.

## PURPOSE(S):

Documents are created and placed in the applicant's military personnel file as a permanent record of the Board's action in the performance of its statutory function. Files are used by the Air Force Personnel Center to create new discharge documents if required and to notify the applicant of the outcome of his or her case.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, these records or information contained therein may specifically be disclosed outside the DoD as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as follows:

The 'Blanket Routine Uses' published at the beginning of the Air Force's

compilation of systems of records notices apply to this system.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

#### STORAGE:

Maintained in file folders and recording.

#### RETRIEVABILITY:

Retrieved by name, Social Security Number or Military Service Number.

#### SAFEGUARDS:

Records are accessed by custodian of the record system and by person(s) responsible for servicing the record system in performance of their official duties who are properly screened and cleared for need-to-know. Records are stored in locked cabinets or rooms and controlled by personnel screening.

### RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

Retained permanently at the National Personnel Records Center (Military Personnel Records), 9700 Page Boulevard, St. Louis, MO 63132.

### SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Director, Secretary of the Air Force Personnel Council, 1535 Command Drive, Andrews Air Force Base, MD 20762-7002.

#### NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals seeking to determine whether information about themselves is contained in this system should address written inquiries to or visit the Director, Secretary of the Air Force Personnel Council, 1535 Command Drive, Andrews Air Force Base, MD 20762-7002.

Written requests should contain the full name; service number and Social Security Number of the requester. Visitors must have some form of identification such as driver's license, in addition to the above information.

## RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Individuals seeking access to information about themselves contained in this system should address written inquiries to or visit the Director, Secretary of the Air Force Personnel Council, 1535 Command Drive, Andrews Air Force Base, MD 20762-7002.

## CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

The Air Force rules for accessing records, and for contesting contents and appealing initial agency determinations are published in Air Force Instruction 37–132; 32 CFR part 806b; or may be obtained from the system manager.

## RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

Individual's military personnel record.

EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM: None.

#### F036 SAFPC C

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Air Force Discharge Review Board Voting Cards (June 11, 1997, 62 FR 31793).

## CHANGES:

\* \* \* \* \*

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Delete entry and replace with 'Office of the Secretary of the Air Force Personnel Council, 1535 Command Drive, Andrews Air Force Base, MD 20762-7002.'

\* \* \* \*

## RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

Delete entry and replace with 'Disposition pending (no records will be destroyed until authorized by the National Archives and Records Administration).'

## SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Delete entry and replace with 'Director, Secretary of the Air Force Personnel Council, 1535 Command Drive, Andrews Air Force Base, MD 20762-7002.'

\* \* \* \* \*

## F036 SAFPC C

## SYSTEM NAME:

Air Force Discharge Review Board Voting Cards.

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Office of the Secretary of the Air Force Personnel Council, 1535 Command Drive, Andrews Air Force Base, MD 20762-7002.

CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Former Air Force Personnel who submit applications for review of discharge/separation/dismissal.

## CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Voting cards.

#### AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

10 U.S.C. 1553, Review of Discharge or Dismissal.

## PURPOSE(S):

Used by the Air Force Discharge Review Board to record votes of board members on individual cases.

### ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, these records or information contained therein may specifically be disclosed outside the DoD as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as follows:

The 'Blanket Routine Uses' published at the beginning of the Air Force's compilation of systems of records notices apply to this system.

## POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

#### STORAGE:

Maintained in card files.

## RETRIEVABILITY:

Retrieved by name, Social Security Number or Military Service Number.

#### SAFEGUARDS:

Records are accessed by custodian of the record system and, by person(s) responsible for servicing the record system in performance of their official duties who are properly screened and cleared for need-to-know. Records are stored in locked cabinets or rooms.

## **RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:**

Disposition pending (no records will be destroyed until authorized by the National Archives and Records Administration)

#### SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Director, Secretary of the Air Force Personnel Council, 1535 Command Drive, Andrews Air Force Base, MD 20762-7002.

#### NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals seeking to determine whether information about themselves is contained in this system should address written inquiries to or visit the Director, Secretary of the Air Force Personnel Council, 1535 Command Drive, Andrews Air Force Base, MD 20762-7002.

Written requests should contain the full name; service number and Social Security Number of the requester. Visitors must have some form of identification such as driver's license, in addition to the above information.

## RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Individuals seeking access to information about themselves contained in this system should address written inquiries to or visit the Director, Secretary of the Air Force Personnel Council, 1535 Command Drive, Andrews Air Force Base, MD 20762-7002.

## CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

The Air Force rules for accessing records, and for contesting contents and appealing initial agency determinations are published in Air Force Instruction 37–132; 32 CFR part 806b; or may be obtained from the system manager.

## RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

Individual's military personnel record.

## EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM:

None.

### F036 SAFPC D

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Air Force Discharge Review Board Case Control/Locator Cards (June 11, 1997, 62 FR 31793).

#### CHANGES:

\* \* \* \* \*

## RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

Delete entry and replace with 'Disposition pending (no records will be destroyed until authorized by the National Archives and Records Administration).'

## SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Delete entry and replace with 'Director, Secretary of the Air Force Personnel Council, 1535 Command Drive, Andrews Air Force Base, MD 20762-7002.'

\* \* \* \*

#### F036 SAFPC D

### SYSTEM NAME:

Air Force Discharge Review Board Case Control/Locator Cards.

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Air Force Personnel Center, Randolph Air Force Base, TX 78150.

## CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Former Air Force personnel who submit applications for review of discharge/separation/dismissal.

## CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Case control/locator cards.

## AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

10 U.S.C. 1553, Review of discharge or dismissal.

#### PURPOSE(S):

Used by personnel at the Air Force Personnel Center who are responsible for servicing the Air Force Discharge Review Board to keep track of cases and to record the daily activity relating to each case. ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, these records or information contained therein may specifically be disclosed outside the DoD as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as follows:

The 'Blanket Routine Uses' published at the beginning of the Air Force's compilation of systems of records notices apply to this system.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

#### STORAGE:

Maintained in card files.

## RETRIEVABILITY:

Retrieved by name, Social Security Number or Military Service Number.

#### SAFEGUARDS:

Records are accessed by custodian of the record system and by person(s) responsible for servicing the record system in performance of their official duties who are properly screened and cleared for need-to-know. Records are controlled by personnel screening.

#### **RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:**

Disposition pending (no records will be destroyed until authorized by the National Archives and Records Administration).

#### SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Director, Secretary of the Air Force Personnel Council, 1535 Command Drive, Andrews Air Force Base, MD 20762-7002.

## NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals seeking to determine whether information about themselves is contained in this system should address written inquiries to or visit the Air Force Personnel Center, SAF/MIBR, 550 C Street, Suite 40, Randolph Air Force Base, TX 78150-4742.

Written inquiries should contain individual's full name and Military Service Number or Social Security Number. Visitor must supply their full name and Military Service Number or Social Security Number and provide some form of identification such as driver's license or credit card.

## RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Individuals seeking access to information about themselves contained in this system should address written inquiries to or visit the Air Force Personnel Center, SAF/MIBR, 550 C Street, Suite 40, Randolph Air Force Base, TX 78150-4742. Written inquiries should contain individual's full name and Military Service Number or Social Security Number. Visitor must supply their full name and Military Service Number or Social Security Number and provide some form of identification such as driver's license or credit card.

#### CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

The Air Force rules for accessing records, and for contesting contents and appealing initial agency determinations are published in Air Force Instruction 37–132; 32 CFR part 806b; or may be obtained from the system manager.

## RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

Individual's application form and military personnel record.

## EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM:

None. [FR Doc. 99–11439 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 5001–10–F

## DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

## Department of the Air Force

## Privacy Act of 1974; System of Records

**AGENCY:** Department of the Air Force, DoD.

ACTION: Notice to amend record systems.

SUMMARY: The Department of the Air Force proposes to amend systems of records notices in its inventory of record systems subject to the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), as amended. DATES: The amendments will be effective on June 7, 1999, unless comments are received that would result in a contrary determination. ADDRESSES: Send comments to the Air Force Access Programs Manager, Headquarters. Air Force **Communications and Information** Center/ITC, 1250 Air Force Pentagon, Washington, DC 20330-1250. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mrs. Anne Rollins at (703) 588-6187. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Department of the Air Force's record system notices for records systems subject to the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), as amended, have been published in the Federal Register and are available from the address above.

The proposed amendments are not within the purview of subsection (r) of the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a), as amended, which would require the submission of a new or altered system report for each system. The specific changes to the record systems being amended are set forth below followed by the notices as amended, published in their entirety.

Dated: May 3, 1999.

#### L. M. Bynum,

Alternate OSD Federal Register Liaison Officer, Department of Defense.

## F036 USAFE A

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Student Identification/Locator Card (June 11, 1997, 62 FR 31793).

#### CHANGES:

\* \* \* \*

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Delete entry and replace with 'United States Air Forces in Europe/Professional Military Education (USAFE/PME), (Kisling NCO Academy), Unit 3345, Box 570, APO AE 09021-5570.'

\* \* \* \* \*

## F036 USAFE A

## SYSTEM NAME:

Student Identification/Locator Card.

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

United States Air Forces in Europe/ Professional Military Education (USAFE/PME), (Kisling NCO Academy), Unit 3345, Box 570, APO AE 09021-5570.

## CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

All students attending United States Air Force in Europe (USAFE) NCO academies and leadership schools.

## CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Questionnaire including military data such as name, Social Security Number, grade, age, race, education data, personal data, locator data, and evaluation data.

#### AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

10 U.S.C. 8013, Secretary of the Air Force: Powers and Duties; delegation as implemented by Air Force Instruction 36-2302, Noncommissioned Officer Professional Military Education, USAFE Supplement 1.

## PURPOSE(S):

Used for student identification, locator purposes, and to evaluate student academic progress.

#### ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, these records or information contained therein may specifically be disclosed outside the DoD as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as follows: The 'Blanket Routine Uses' published at the beginning of the Air Force's compilation of systems of records notices apply to this system.

Records are used to verify past attendance and final academic standing/awards.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

#### STORAGE:

Maintained in file folders.

## RETRIEVABILITY:

Retrieved by name.

## SAFEGUARDS:

Records are accessed by custodian of the record system and stored in locked cabinets or rooms.

#### **RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:**

Destroy 10 years after student completes training by tearing into pieces, shredding, pulping, macerating, or burning.

## SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Chief, Information Management, United States Air Forces in Europe/ Professional Military Education (USAFE/PME), (Kisling NCO Academy), Unit 3345, Box 570, APO AE 09021-5570.

## NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals seeking to determine whether information about themselves is contained in this system should address written inquiries to or visit the Commandant at United States Air Forces in Europe/Professional Military Education (USAFE/PME), (Kisling NCO Academy), Unit 3345, Box 570, APO AE 09021-5570'

#### RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Individuals seeking access to information about themselves contained in this system should address written inquiries to or visit the Commandant at United States Air Forces in Europe/ Professional Military Education (USAFE/PME), (Kisling NCO Academy), Unit 3345, Box 570, APO AE 09021-5570.

## CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

The Air Force rules for accessing records, and for contesting contents and appealing initial agency determinations are published in Air Force Instruction 37–132; 32 CFR part 806b; or may be obtained from the system manager.

#### **RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:**

Individual student.

EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM: None.

#### F036 USAFA B

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Master Cadet Personnel Record (Active/Historical) (June 11, 1997, 62 FR 31793).

#### CHANGES:

\* \* \* \*

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

United States Air Force Academy, Dean of the Faculty Examinations and Records, HQ USAFA/DFRR, 2354 Fairchild Drive, Suite 6D106, United States Air Force Academy, CO 80840-6210.

\*

\* \* \* \*

#### CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Delete entry and replace with '(1) Active: Records used in the candidate selection process for the USAF Academy include high school records and college transcripts, College Entrance Examinations Board test scores; admission test scores; personnel data records; personal data to include address; telephone number; Social Security Number; population or ethnic group selections; height; weight; citizenship; statements of reasons for attending the Academy and preparatory school and college records, if applicable; invitation to travel letter; transfer/validation credit information: computer generated products containing academic grade information; parental addresses by state roster and verification of independent studies; computer listings of minority students by population or ethnic group; listings of international cadets; special order assigning cadets to the Cadet Wing; Cadet wing, squadron, and class alpha rosters, and matriculation rosters.

(2) Historical: Selected special orders (appointment, assignment, awards, separation, etc.); letters and records of resignation/separation actions, (if applicable); College Entrance Examination Board test scores; personnel data records, and biographical data; computer generated products reflecting academic grade information; grade and quality point averages; course grade distributions; overall military and academic orders of merit; graduation data; majors awarded; types of degrees conferred; and academic and military honors.'

\* \* \* \*

#### SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Delete entry and replace with 'Office of the Registrar, Dean of the Faculty Examinations and Records, HQ USAFA/ DFRR, 2354 Fairchild Drive, Suite 6D106, United States Air Force Academy, CO 80840-6210.'

#### F036 USAFA B

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Master Cadet Personnel Record (Active/Historical).

### SYSTEM LOCATION:

United States Air Force Academy, Dean of the Faculty Examinations and Records, HQ USAFA/DFRR, 2354 Fairchild Drive, Suite 6D106, United States Air Force Academy, CO 80840-6210.

#### CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Present and former United States Air Force (USAF) Academy cadets.

#### CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

(1) Active: Records used in the candidate selection process for the USAF Academy include high school records and college transcripts, College Entrance Examinations Board test scores; admission test scores; personnel data records; personal data to include address; telephone number; Social Security Number; population or ethnic group selections; height; weight; citizenship; statements of reasons for attending the Academy and preparatory school and college records, if applicable; invitation to travel letter; transfer/validation credit information; computer generated products containing academic grade information; parental addresses by state roster and verification of independent studies; computer listings of minority students by population or ethnic group; listings of international cadets; special order assigning cadets to the Cadet Wing; Cadet wing, squadron, and class alpha rosters, and matriculation rosters.

(2) Historical: Selected special orders (appointment, assignment, awards, separation, etc.); letters and records of resignation/separation actions, (if applicable); College Entrance Examination Board test scores; personnel data records, and biographical data; computer generated products reflecting academic grade information; grade and quality point averages; course grade distributions; overall military and academic orders of merit; graduation data; majors awarded; types of degrees conferred; and academic and military honors.

## AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

10 U.S.C. 9331, Establishment; superintendent; faculty, and E.O. 9397 (SSN).

#### PURPOSE(S):

(1) Active: These records form the nucleus of the Master Cadet Personnel Record for candidates selected to attend the Academy. These records are used to record the academic, athletic and military training histories of cadets who attend the Academy. They provide a means of checking the performance of each cadet, recording all grades for completed courses, computing grade point averages, identifying deficiencies, and insuring all requirements for graduation are met. Grade information is used by cadets, Academy instructors, counselors, and advisors in selecting majors, determining academic requirements for specific majors, and scheduling courses. Computer listings are also used by faculty and staff members to readily identify cadets by squadron, class, and population or ethnic group. Academic Review Committees and the Academy Board use these records to evaluate cadet performance and to determine eligibility for continuance at the Academy.

(2) Historical: These records form a complete history of each cadet who attended the Academy. They record academic, athletic, and military performance of each cadet and to coordinate statistics relating to cadet strength and attrition. Files are reviewed by organizations within the Department of Defense to determine qualifications for assignments; by Air Force Reserve Officer Training Corps (AFROTC), recruiting and medical services units to determine qualifications and eligibility for training programs and for military service, and by the Air Force Personnel Center (AFPC) to confirm or recreate a military service record.

#### ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, these records or information contained therein may specifically be disclosed outside the DoD as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as follows:

Files are disclosed to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for conducting background investigations for security clearances, and to the Department of Veterans Affairs for determining eligibility for benefits.

Ācademic and personnel information is released to nominating officials, and to the Western Athletic Conference (WAC) officials on cadets participating in WAC-sponsored intercollegiate athletics.

The 'Blanket Routine Uses' published at the beginning of the Air Force's

compilation of systems of records notices apply to this system.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

#### STORAGE:

Maintained in file folders, in computers, on computer output products, and on microfilm.

### RETRIEVABILITY:

Retrieved by name and Social Security Number.

## SAFEGUARDS:

Records are accessed by custodian of the record system, by person(s) responsible for servicing the record system in performance of their official duties, who are properly screened and cleared for need-to-know. Records are stored in locked file containers, cabinets, vaults or rooms, and in computerized data storage devices controlled by computer system software.

#### **RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:**

Temporary documents are destroyed 90 days after disenrollment or graduation. Permanent documents are microfilmed one year after graduation. The microfilm is retained permanently in the office of the Registrar. Paper copy is destroyed after 6 years. Records are destroyed by tearing into pieces, shredding, pulping, macerating, or burning. Computer records are destroyed by degaussing or overwriting.

#### SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Office of the Registrar, Dean of the Faculty Examinations and Records, HQ USAFA/DFRR, 2354 Fairchild Drive, Suite 6D106, United States Air Force Academy, CO 80840-6210.

#### NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals seeking to determine whether this system of records contains information about themselves should address written inquiries to the Dean of the Faculty Examinations and Records, HQ USAF/DFRR, 2354 Fairchild Drive, Suite 6D106, United States Air Force Academy, CO 80840-6210.

#### RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Individuals seeking to access records about themselves contained in this system should address written requests to the Dean of the Faculty Examinations and Records, HQ USAF/DFRR, 2354 Fairchild Drive, Suite 6D106, United States Air Force Academy, CO 80840-6210.

#### CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

The Air Force rules for accessing records, and for contesting contents and

appealing initial agency determinations are published in Air Force Instruction 37–132; 32 CFR part 806b; or may be obtained from the system manager.

## RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

Information is obtained from forms the individual fills out during the admissions process; other educational institutions; College Entrance Examination Board and American College Testing scores; Air Force medical examination; individual and personnel records; grades; tests; examinations given at the Academy; high school and college transcripts, and from actions taken by the Academy Board.

## EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM:

Evaluation material used to determine potential for promotion in the Military Services may be exempt pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(k)(7), but only to the extent that the disclosure of such material would reveal the identity of a confidential source.

An exemption rule for this record system has been promulgated in accordance with the requirements of 5 U.S.C. 553(b) (1), (2), and (3), (c) and (e) and published in 32 CFR part 806b. For additional information contact the system manager.

#### F036 USAFA I

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Educational Research Data Base (June 11, 1997, 62 FR 31793).

#### CHANGES:

\* \* \* \*

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Delete entry and replace with 'Cadet History Data Base'.

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Delete entry and replace with 'Chief, Institutional Research and Assessment Division, Headquarters, United States Air Force Academy, (HQ USAFA/XPR), 2304 Cadet Drive, Suite 300, United States Air Force Academy, CO 80840-5002'.

## CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Add to end of entry 'and names of cadets whose parents are general officers'.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSE OF SUCH USES:

Delete the third paragraph.

\* \* \* \*

## F036 USAFA I

## SYSTEM NAME:

Cadet History Data Base.

## SYSTEM LOCATION:

Chief, Institutional Research and Assessment Division, Headquarters, United States Air Force Academy, (HQ USAFA/XPR), 2304 Cadet Drive, Suite 300, United States Air Force Academy, CO 80840-5002.

## CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Current and former USAF Academy cadets.

## CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

High school, college and USAF career information. Including active duty, reserve, and national guard military performance, academic performance, certain medical, disciplinary and personal facts, and test data from interest/personality profiles, and names of cadets whose parents are general officers.

## AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

10 U.S.C. 9331, Establishment; Superintendent; faculty; and E.O. 9397 (SSN).

#### PURPOSE(S):

Used by USAF Academy faculty and staff in conducting studies and analysis relating to attitudes, retention, graduate professional performance, and career pattern.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, these records or information contained therein may specifically be disclosed outside the DoD as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as follows:

Information may be furnished to congressional nominating source for the purpose of enhancing the nomination selection process.

The Association of Graduates may receive information to foster graduates' fellowship and professional development, as well as promote institutional development.

The 'Blanket Routine Uses' published at the beginning of the Air Force's compilation of record system notices apply to this system.

### POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

#### STORAGE:

Maintained in computers and on computer output products.

## RETRIEVABILITY:

Retrieved by Social Security Number.

#### SAFEGUARDS:

Records are accessed by person(s) responsible for servicing the record system in performance of their official duties and by authorized personnel who are properly screened and cleared for need-to-know. Records are stored in locked rooms and cabinets. Those in computer storage devices are protected by computer system software.

## RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

Records are retained until superseded, obsolete, no longer needed for reference, or upon inactivation. Records are destroyed by tearing into pieces, shredding, pulping, macerating or burning. Computer records are destroyed by erasing, deleting overwriting or degaussing.

## SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Chief, Institutional Research and Assessment Division, Headquarters, United States Air Force Academy (HQ USAFA/XPR), 2304 Cadet Drive, Suite 300, United States Air Force Academy, CO 80840-5002.

## NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals seeking to determine whether this system of records contains information on themselves should address inquiries to the Chief, Institutional Research and Assessment Division, Headquarters, United States Air Force Academy (HQ USAFA/XPR), 2304 Cadet Drive, Suite 300, United States Air Force Academy, CO 80840-5002.

## RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Individuals seeking to access records about themselves contained in this system should address requests to the Chief, Institutional Research and Assessment Division, Headquarters, United States Air Force Academy (HQ USAFA/XPR), 2304 Cadet Drive, Suite 300, United States Air Force Academy, CO 80840-5002.

## CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

The Air Force rules for accessing records, and for contesting contents and appealing initial agency determinations are published in Air Force Instruction 37–132; 32 CFR part 806b; or may be obtained from the system manager.

## RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

Information obtained from educational institutions, medical institutions, automated system interfaces, Cadet Administrative Management Information System data base, Association of Graduates, and source documents (such as reports).

EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM: None.

#### F036 USAFA L

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Cadet Awards Files (June 11, 1997, 62 FR 31793).

#### CHANGES:

\* \* \* \* \*

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Delete entry and replace with 'Chief, Development and Alumni Programs Division, HQ USAFA/XPA, 2304 Cadet Drive, Suite 351, United States Air Force Academy, CO 80840-5002.'

#### CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Delete entry and replace with 'Relatives of deceased persons who are memorialized through cadet awards, former USAF Academy cadets who have been honorably discharged due to medical disqualification and USAF Academy cadets winning individual cadet awards.'

## CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Delete entry and replace with 'Cadet Awards files by award area, including names of persons memorialized, donor information to include amounts given, and historical data on cadet winners; names, addresses and phone numbers of relatives of deceased persons who are memorialized.'

\* \* \* \*

## PURPOSE(S):

Add to entry ', and to invite relatives to awards ceremonies presented in memory of their deceased next of kin.'

\*

## \* \* \* \* F036 USAFA L

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Cadet Awards Files.

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Chief, Development and Alumni Programs Division, HQ USAFA/XPA, 2304 Cadet Drive, Suite 351, United States Air Force Academy, CO 80840-5002.

#### CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Relatives of deceased persons who are memorialized through cadet awards, former USAF Academy cadets who have been honorably discharged due to medical disqualification and USAF Academy cadets winning individual cadet awards.

### CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Cadet Awards files by award area, including names of persons memorialized, donor information to include amounts given, and historical data on cadet winners; names, addresses and phone numbers of relatives of deceased persons who are memorialized.

## AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

10 U.S.C. Chapter 903, United States Air Force Academy.

## PURPOSE(S):

For continuing award sponsorship business with donors, which consist of private individuals, patriotic and veteran organizations, and major air command and used by Cadet Awards Council to aid in their selection of individuals to receive annual award presented to disabled former cadets, and to invite relatives to awards ceremonies presented in memory of their deceased next of kin.

#### ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, these records or information contained therein may specifically be disclosed outside the DoD as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as follows:

Records may be disclosed to donors. The 'Blanket Routine Uses' published at the beginning of the Air Force's compilation of systems of records notices apply to this system.

## POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

#### STORAGE:

Maintained in file folders and in computer databases.

#### RETRIEVABILITY:

Retrieved by name.

#### SAFEGUARDS:

Records are accessed by person(s) responsible for servicing the record system in performance of their official duties. Records are stored in file containers/cabinets. Awards Council Chairman and appointed project officer are only persons reviewing financial statements, when available and applicable.

#### **RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:**

Records are maintained five years in office area before retiring to base staging area for 45 additional years.

## SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Chief, Development and Alumni Programs Division, HQ USAFA/XPA, 2304 Cadet Drive, Suite 351, United States Air Force Academy, CO 80840-5002.

## NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals seeking to determine whether information about themselves is contained in this system should address written inquiries to the Chief, Development and Alumni Programs Division, HQ USAFA/XPA, 2303 Cadet Drive, Suite 351, United States Air Force Academy, CO 80840-5002.

## RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Individuals seeking access to information about themselves contained in this system should address requests to the Chief, Development and Alumni Programs Division, HQ USAFA/XPA, 2304 Cadet Drive, Suite 351, United States Air Force Academy, CO 80840-5002.

### CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

The Air Force rules for accessing records, and for contesting contents and appealing initial agency determinations are published in Air Force Instruction 37–132; 32 CFR part 806b; or may be obtained from the system manager.

#### **RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:**

Information obtained from educational institutions, from individual or next of kin.

EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM: None.

#### F051 USAFE A

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Civil Process Case Files (June 11, 1997, 62 FR 31793).

#### CHANGES:

\* \* \* \* \*

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Delete entry and replace with 'Office of the Staff Judge Advocate General/ International Law (JAI), Headquarters, United States Air Forces in Europe, APO AE 09094–5001.'

\* \* \* \*

#### ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

Delete second paragraph and replace with 'Information may be disclosed to foreign law enforcement or investigatory or administrative authorities, to comply with requirements imposed by, or to claim rights conferred in the international agreements and arrangements regulating the stationing and status in the Federal Republic of Germany of U.S. military and civilian personnel. Information disclosed to courts or authorities of the Federal Republic of Germany may be further disclosed by the Federal Republic of Germany to claimants, creditors or their attorneys.'

\* \* \* \* \*

#### RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

Delete entry and replace with 'Paper records are destroyed 2 years after close of calendar year in which last record is filed.'

\* \* \* \* \*

## F051 USAFE A

## SYSTEM NAME:

Civil Process Case Files.

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Office of the Staff Judge Advocate General/International Law (JAI), Headquarters, United States Air Forces in Europe, APO AE 09094–5001.

#### CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Military members and civilian employees and their dependents upon whom service is made of documents issued by German courts, customs and taxing agencies, and other administrative agencies.

### CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Documents from German authorities regarding payment orders, execution orders, demands for payment of indebtedness, notifications to establish civil liability, customs and tax demands, assessing fines and penalties, demands for court costs or for costs for administrative proceedings summons and subpoenas, paternity notices, complaints, judgments, briefs, final and interlocutory orders, orders of confiscation, notices, and other judicial or administrative writs; correspondence between United States (US) Government authorities and the Federal Republic of Germany; identifying data on individuals concerned; and similar relevant documents and reports.

## AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

10 U.S.C. 8013, Secretary of the Air Force; powers and duties, delegation by; Agreement to Supplement the Agreement between the Parties to the North Atlantic Treaty regarding the Status of their Forces with respect to Foreign Forces stationed in the Federal Republic of Germany (NATO SOFA Supplementary Agreement); 1 United States Treaty 531; Treaties and Other International Acts Series 5351, and 48 United Nations Treaties Series 262, Article 32; and E.O. 9397 (SSN).

## PURPOSE(S):

To ensure that military members and civilian employees' obligations under the NATO SOFA Supplementary Agreement are honored and the rights of these personnel are protected by making legal assistance available.

#### ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, these records or information contained therein may specifically be disclosed outside the DoD as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as follows:

Information may be disclosed to foreign law enforcement or investigatory or administrative authorities, to comply with requirements imposed by, or to claim rights conferred in the international agreements and arrangements regulating the stationing and status in the Federal Republic of Germany of U.S. military and civilian personnel. Information disclosed to courts or authorities of the Federal Republic of Germany may be further disclosed by the Federal Republic of Germany to claimants, creditors or their attorneys.

The 'Blanket Routine Uses' published at the beginning of the Air Force's compilation of systems of records notices apply to this system.

#### POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

## STORAGE:

Paper records in steel filing cabinets.

#### RETRIEVABILITY:

By individual's surname.

## SAFEGUARDS:

All information is maintained in areas accessible only to designated individuals having official need therefor in the performance of their duties. Records are housed in buildings protected by military police or security guards.

## **RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:**

Paper records are destroyed 2 years after close of calendar year in which last record is filed.

#### SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Office of the Staff Judge Advocate General/International Law JAI), Headquarters, United States Air Forces in Europe, APO AE 09094–5001.

## NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals seeking to determine whether this record system contains information on themselves may write to or visit the Office of the Staff Judge Advocate General/International Law (JAI), Headquarters, United States Air Forces in Europe, APO AE 09094–5001. Individuals should furnish their full name, rank/grade, Social Security Number, sufficient details to permit locating the records, and signature.

## RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Individuals seeking access to records about themselves contained in this record system may write to or visit the Office of the Staff Judge Advocate General/International Law (JAI), Headquarters, United States Air Forces in Europe, APO AE 09094–5001.

Individuals should furnish their full name, rank/grade, Social Security Number, sufficient details to permit locating the records, and signature.

## CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

The Air Force rules for accessing records, for contesting contents and appealing initial agency determinations are published in Air Force Instruction 37–132; 32 CFR part 806b; or may be obtained from the system manager.

#### **RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:**

The individual to whom the record pertains, German authorities and Air Force records and reports.

## EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM:

None.

[FR Doc. 99–11440 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 5001–10–F

## DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

#### Defense Logistics Agency

## Privacy Act of 1974; System of Records

**AGENCY:** Defense Logistics Agency, DoD. **ACTION:** Notice to amend record systems.

SUMMARY: The Defense Logistics Agency proposes to amend two systems of records notices in its inventory of record systems subject to the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), as amended. DATES: The amendments will be effective on June 7, 1999, unless comments are received that would result in a contrary determination. ADDRESSES: Send comments to the Privacy Act Officer, Headquarters, Defense Logistics Agency, ATTN: CAAR, 8725 John J. Kingman Road, Suite 2533, Fort Belvior, VA 22060– 6221.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Susan Salus at (703) 767–6183. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Defense Logistics Agency's record system notices for records systems subject to the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), as amended, have been published in the **Federal Register** and are available from the address above.

The Defense Logistics Agency proposes to amend two systems of records notices in its inventory of record systems subject to the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), as amended. The changes to the systems of records are not within the purview of subsection (r) of the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), as amended, which requires the submission of new or altered systems report. The record systems being amended are set forth below, as amended, published in their entirety.

Dated: May 3, 1999.

#### L. M. Bynum,

Alternate OSD Federal Register Liaison Officer, Department of Defense.

#### S322.05 DMDC

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Noncombatant Evacuation and Repatriation Data Base (*February 22,* 1993, 58 FR 10854).

#### CHANGES:

\* \* \* \* \*

### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Delete entry and replace with 'Defense Manpower Data Center, DoD Center, Oracle/UNIX Computer Center, 400 Gigling Road, Seaside, CA 93955-6771. Information may be accessed by remote terminals at the repatriation centers. The location of the repatriation centers can be obtained from the Headquarters Department of the Army, Office of Deputy Chief of Staff for Personnel, DAPE-PR, Washington, DC 20310–0300.'

\* \* \* \*

### PURPOSE(S):

Delete entry and replace with 'The records are maintained for the purposes of tracking and accounting for individuals evacuated from emergency situations in foreign countries, securing relocation and assistance services, and assessing and recovering relocation costs.'

\*

\* \* \* \*

#### RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

Delete entry and replace with 'Disposition pending'.

\* \* \* \* \*

## S322.05 DMDC

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Noncombatant Evacuation and Repatriation Data Base.

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Defense Manpower Data Center, DoD Center, Oracle/UNIX Computer Center, 400 Gigling Road, Seaside, CA 93955-6771. Information may be accessed by remote terminals at the repatriation centers. The location of the repatriation centers can be obtained from the Headquarters Department of the Army, Office of Deputy Chief of Staff for Personnel, DAPE-PR, Washington, DC 20310–0300.

## CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

All noncombatant evacuees including service members, their dependents, DoD and non-DoD employees and dependents, U.S. residents abroad, foreign nationals and corporate employees and dependents.

## CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Social Security Number, name, date of birth, passport number, country of citizenship, marital status, sex, employer, destination address and type of assistance needed.

#### AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

E.O. 12656, Assignment of Emergency Preparedness Responsibilities, November 18, 1988; DoD Directive 3025.14, Protection and Evacuation of U.S. Citizens and Designated Aliens in Danger Areas Abroad and E.O. 9397 (SSN).

#### PURPOSE(S):

The records are maintained for the purposes of tracking and accounting for individuals evacuated from emergency situations in foreign countries, securing relocation and assistance services, and assessing and recovering relocation costs.

#### ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, these records or information contained therein may specifically be disclosed outside the DoD as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as follows:

To individuals who have been evacuated but who have been separated from their family and/or spouse. Information will be released to the individual indicating where the family member was evacuated from and final destination.

To Department of State to plan and monitor evacuation effectiveness and need for services and to verify the number of people by category who have been evacuated.

To the American Red Cross so that upon receipt of information from a repatriation center that a DoD family has arrived safely in the U.S., the Red Cross may notify the service member (sponsor) still in the foreign country that his/her family has safely arrived in the United States.

To the Immigration and Naturalization Service to track and make contact with all foreign nationals who have been evacuated to the U.S.

To the Department of Health and Human Services for purposes of giving financial assistance and recoupment of same. To identify individuals who might arrive with an illness which would require quarantine.

The 'Blanket Routine Uses' set forth at the beginning of DLA's compilation of systems of records notices apply to this system.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

#### STORAGE:

Electronic and hard copy storage.

#### RETRIEVABILITY:

Retrieved by name, Social Security Number, or location of evacuation point or repatriation center.

#### SAFEGUARDS:

Computerized records are maintained in a controlled area accessible only to authorized personnel. At Defense Manpower Data Center (DMDC), entry to these areas is restricted by the use of locks, guards, and administrative procedures. Access to personal information is limited to those who require the records in the performance of their official duties. Access to personal information is further restricted by the use of passwords which are changed periodically.

#### **RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:**

Disposition pending.

#### SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Director, Defense Manpower Data Center, 1600 Wilson Boulevard, Suite 400, Arlington, VA 22209–2593.

#### NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals seeking to determine whether information about themselves is contained in this record system should address written inquiries to the Privacy Act Officer, Defense Logistics Agency, ATTN: CAAR, 8725 John J. Kingman Road, Suite 2533, Fort Belvoir, VA 22060-6221.

## RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Individuals seeking access to records about themselves contained in this record system should address written inquiries to the Privacy Act Officer, Defense Logistics Agency, ATTN: CAAR, 8725 John J. Kingman Road, Suite 2533, Fort Belvoir, VA 22060-6221.

Written inquiry should contain the full name, Social Security Number, date of birth, and current address and telephone number of the individual.

#### CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

The DLA rules for accessing records, for contesting contents and appealing initial agency determinations are contained in DLA Regulation 5400.21, 32 CFR part 323, or may be obtained from the Privacy Act Officer, Headquarters, Defense Logistics Agency, ATTN: CAAR, 8725 John J. Kingman Road, Suite 2533, Fort Belvoir, VA 22060–6221.

#### RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

The Military Services, DoD Components, from individuals via application.

## EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM: None.

## S322.35 DMDC

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Survey and Census Data Base (June 25, 1996, 58 FR 32779).

#### CHANGES:

\* \* \* \* \*

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Delete entry and replace with 'Primary location: Naval Postgraduate School Computer Center, Naval Postgraduate School, Monterey, CA 93943-5000.

Back-up location: Defense Manpower Data Center, DoD Center Monterey Bay, 400 Gigling Road, Seaside, CA 93955-6771.'

#### CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Delete entry and replace with 'Individuals who completed census or survey forms, including military members, civilians, persons eligible for DoD benefits, men and women of military age, and applicants to the military services.'

\* \* \* \*

## RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

Delete entry and replace with 'Disposition pending'.

## S322.35 DMDC

SYSTEM NAME:

Survey and Census Data Base.

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Primary location: Naval Postgraduate School Computer Center, Naval Postgraduate School, Monterey, CA 93943-5000.

Back-up location: Defense Manpower Data Center, DoD Center Monterey Bay, 400 Gigling Road, Seaside, CA 93955-6771.

## CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Individuals who completed census or survey forms, including military members, civilians, persons eligible for DoD benefits, men and women of military age, and applicants to the military services.

## CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Survey responses and census information:

#### AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

10 U.S.C. 136, Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness; 10 U.S.C. 2358, Research and Development Projects; DoD Directive 5124.2, Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness (USD(P&R)); and E.O. 9397 (SSN).

#### PURPOSE(S):

The purposes of the system are to count DoD personnel and beneficiaries for evacuation planning, apportionment when directed by oversight authority and for other policy planning purposes, and to obtain characteristic information on DoD personnel and households to support manpower and benefits research; to sample attitudes and/or discern perceptions of social problems observed by DoD personnel and to support other manpower research activities; to sample attitudes toward enlistment in and determine reasons for enlistment decisions. This information is used to support manpower research sponsored by the Department of Defense and the military services.

#### ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, these records or information contained therein may specifically be disclosed outside the DoD as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as follows:

The information may be used to support manpower research sponsored by other Federal agencies.

The 'Blanket Routine Uses' set forth at the beginning of DLA's compilation of systems of records notices apply to this system. POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

#### STORAGE:

Magnetic computer tape.

#### RETRIEVABILITY:

Records can be retrieved by Social Security Number; by institutional affiliation such as service membership; and by individual characteristics such as educational level.

#### SAFEGUARDS:

Access to data at all locations is restricted to those who require the records in the performance of their official duties. Access is further restricted by the use of passwords which are changed periodically. Physical entry is restricted by the use of locks, guards, and administrative procedures.

#### **RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:**

Disposition pending.

#### SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Director, Defense Manpower Data Center, 1600 Wilson Boulevard, 4th Floor, Arlington, VA 22209–2593.

#### NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals seeking to determine whether this system contains information about themselves should address written inquiries to the Privacy Act Officer, Defense Logistics Agency, ATTN: CAAR, 8725 John J. Kingman Road, Suite 2533, Fort Belvoir, VA 22060-6221.

Written requests should contain the full name, Social Security Number, and current address and telephone numbers of the individual. In addition, the approximate date and location where the survey was completed should be provided.

For personal visits, the individual should be able to provide some acceptable identification such as driver's license or military or other identification card.

#### RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Individuals seeking access to records about themselves contained in this system should address written inquiries to the Privacy Act Officer, Defense Logistics Agency, ATTN: CAAR, 8725 John J. Kingman Road, Suite 2533, Fort Belvoir, VA 22060-6221.

Written requests should contain the full name, Social Security Number, and current address and telephone numbers of the individual. In addition, the approximate date and location where the survey was completed should be provided.

For personal visits, the individual should be able to provide some

acceptable identification such as driver's license or military or other identification card.

#### CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

The DLA rules for accessing records, for contesting contents and appealing initial agency determinations are contained in DLA Regulation 5400.21, 32 CFR part 323, or may be obtained from the Privacy Act Officer, Headquarters, Defense Logistics Agency, ATTN: CAAR, 8725 John J. Kingman Road, Suite 2533, Fort Belvoir, VA 22060–6221.

#### RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

The survey and census information is provided by the individual; additional data obtained from Federal records are linked to individual cases in some data sets.

## EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM:

None.

[FR Doc. 99–11441 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 5001–10–F

### DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

#### Department of the Navy

## Privacy Act of 1974; System of Records Notice

**AGENCY:** Department of the Navy, DoD. **ACTION:** Notice to amend records systems.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of the Navy proposes to amend seven systems of records notices in its inventory of record systems subject to the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), as amended. DATES: The amendments will be effective on June 7, 1999, unless comments are received that would result in a contrary determination. ADDRESSES: Send comments to the Department of the Navy, PA/FOIA Policy Branch, Chief of Naval Operations (N09B30), 2000 Navy Pentagon, Washington, DC 20350-2000. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mrs. Doris Lama at (202) 685-6545 or DSN 325-6545.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The Department of the Navy's record system notices for records systems subject to the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), as amended, have been published in the **Federal Register** and are available from the address above.

The Department of the Navy proposes to amend seven systems of records notices in its inventory of record systems subject to the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), as amended. The changes to the systems of records are not within the purview of subsection (r) of the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), as amended, which requires the submission of new or altered systems reports. The records systems being amended are set forth below, as amended, published in their entirety.

Dated: May 3, 1999.

### L. M. Bynum,

Alternate OSD Federal Register Liaison Officer, Department of Defense.

## N05810-2

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Military Justice Correspondence and Information File (*February 22, 1993, 58 FR 10774*).

#### CHANGES:

\* \* \* \*

## SYSTEM LOCATION:

Delete entry and replace with 'Office of the Judge Advocate General (Code 20), Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 716 Sicard Street SE, Suite 1000, Washington, DC 20374-5047 and duplicate copies may be maintained in local legal office file.'

## N05810-2

## SYSTEM NAME:

Military Justice Correspondence and Information File.

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Office of the Judge Advocate General (Code 20), Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 716 Sicard Street SE, Suite 1000, Washington, DC 20374-5047 and duplicate copies may be maintained in local legal office file.

## CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Active duty, retired, and discharged Navy and Marine Corps personnel who were the subject of military justice proceedings or investigations.

## CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Files contain background information relevant to specific military justice cases, and copies of incoming and outgoing correspondence relating to military justice cases.

#### AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

5 U.S.C. 301, Departmental Regulations.

#### PURPOSE(S):

To provide a record of individual inquiries and JAG responses concerning military justice related matters, and to maintain background information on military justice matters to assist in responding to inquiries. ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, these records or information contained therein may specifically be disclosed outside the DoD as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as follows:

The 'Blanket Routine Uses' that appear at the beginning of the Navy's compilation of system notices apply to this system.

## POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

#### STORAGE:

File folders, binder-notebooks, and computer hard drive and floppy disks.

#### **RETRIEVABILITY:**

Files are kept in alphabetical order according to the last name of the individual who is the subject of the file.

#### SAFEGUARDS:

Files are maintained in file cabinets and other storage devices under the control of authorized personnel during working hours; the office space in which the file cabinets and storage devices are located is locked outside of working hours.

### RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

Records are maintained in office for two years and then forwarded to the Federal Records Center, Suitland, MD 20409 for storage; files containing background material are maintained on computer hard drive for two years and then purged.

#### SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Assistant Judge Advocate General (Military Law), Office of the Judge Advocate General, Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 716 Sicard Street SE, Suite 1000, Washington, DC 20374-5047.

#### NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals seeking to determine whether this system of records contains information about themselves should address written inquiries to the Deputy Assistant Judge Advocate General (Criminal Law), Office of the Judge Advocate General, Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 716 Sicard Street SE, Suite 1000, Washington, DC 20374-5047.

Information may be obtained by written request stating the full name of the individual concerned. Written requests must be signed by the requesting individual. Personal visits may be made to the Criminal Law Division, Office of the Judge Advocate General at the above address. Individuals making such visits should be able to provide some acceptable identification, e.g., Armed Forces' identification card, driver's license, etc.

#### RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Individuals seeking to determine whether this system of records contains information about themselves should address written inquiries to the Deputy Assistant Judge Advocate General (Criminal Law), Office of the Judge Advocate General, Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 716 Sicard Street SE, Suite 1000, Washington, DC 20374-5047.

Information may be obtained by written request stating the full name of the individual concerned. Written requests must be signed by the requesting individual. Personal visits may be made to the Criminal Law Division, Office of the Judge Advocate General at the above address. Individuals making such visits should be able to provide some acceptable identification, e.g., Armed Forces' identification card, driver's license, etc.

#### CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

The Navy's rules for accessing records, and for contesting contents and appealing initial agency determinations are published in Secretary of the Navy Instruction 5211.5; 32 CFR part 701; or may be obtained from the system manager.

## RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

Records in this system are compiled from information received from naval field offices, records of trial, and correspondence.

## EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM: None.

none

## N05819-4

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Complaints of Wrong Under Article 138/Article 1150 (September 9, 1996, 61 FR 47483).

#### CHANGES:

\* \* \* \*

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Delete entry and replace with 'Office of the Judge Advocate General (Code 13), Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20374-5066 and duplicate copies may be maintained in local legal office files. Complaints, three years old or older, are stored at the Federal Records Center, Suitland, MD 20409.'

\* \* \* \* \*

#### RETRIEVABILITY:

Delete entry and replace with 'Last name of the complainant.'

#### SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Delete entry and replace with 'Deputy Assistant Judge Advocate General (Administrative Law), Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20374-5066.'

\* \* \* \*

## N05819-4

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Complaints of Wrong Under Article 138/Article 1150.

## SYSTEM LOCATION:

Office of the Judge Advocate General (Code 13), Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20374-5066 and duplicate copies may be maintained in local legal office files. Complaints, three years old or older, are stored at the Federal Records Center, Suitland, MD 20409.

## CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Active duty Navy and Marine Corps personnel who have submitted complaints of wrong pursuant to Article 138, Uniform Code of Military Justice, or Article 1150 of the U. S. Navy Regulations (1990) which have been forwarded to the Secretary of the Navy for final review of the proceedings.

## CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Files consist of complaint or report, the investigations into the complaint or report, the action of the general courtmartial authority, and action of the Secretary of the Navy accumulated at the Office of the Judge Advocate General.

#### AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

Article 138, Uniform Code of Military Justice and Article 1150 of the U.S. Navy Regulations (1990).

## PURPOSE(S):

Used by JAG as a working file to review and make recommendations to the Secretary of the Navy on Article 138 and Article 1150 complaints.

#### ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, these records or information contained therein may specifically be disclosed outside the DoD as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as follows:

The 'Blanket Routine Uses' that appear at the beginning of the Navy's compilation of systems notices apply to this system.

## POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

## STORAGE:

Paper and automated records.

### RETRIEVABILITY:

Last name of the complainant.

#### SAFEGUARDS:

Files are maintained in file cabinets and other storage devices under control of authorized personnel during working hours; the office spaces in which the file cabinets and storage devices are located is locked outside office working hours. Automated files are password protected.

#### **RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:**

Permanent. Retire to Washington National Records Center when 3 years old. Transfer to National Archives and Records Administration when 20 years old.

#### SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Deputy Assistant Judge Advocate General (Administrative Law), Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20374-5066.

#### NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals seeking to determine whether this system of records contains information about themselves should address written inquiries to the Deputy Assistant Judge Advocate General (Administrative Law), Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20374-5066.

The written request should contain full name and the approximate date the complaint was submitted for review, if known. Written requests must be signed by the requesting individual.

#### RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Individuals seeking access to records about themselves contained in this system of records should address written inquiries to the Deputy Assistant Judge Advocate General (Administrative Law), Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20374-5066.

The written request should contain full name and the approximate date the complaint was submitted for review, if known. Written requests must be signed by the requesting individual

## CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

The Navy's rules for accessing records, and for contesting contents and appealing initial agency determinations are published in Secretary of the Navy Instruction 5211.5; 32 CFR part 701; or may be obtained from the system manager.

#### RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

Complainant; investigatory files; individuals interviewed.

## EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM: None.

#### N05830-1

### SYSTEM NAME:

JAG Manual Investigative Records (February 22, 1993, 58 FR 10782).

#### CHANGES:

\* \* \* \*

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Delete entry and replace with 'For those records of incidents occurring prior to 1996, and all Litigation type investigations: Office of the Judge Advocate General (Code 35), Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20374-5066.

For all other incidents occurring after 1996: the General Court Martial Convening Authority of the activity in question. Official mailing addresses are published as an appendix to the Navy's compilation of system of records notices.'

\*

\* \* \* \*

### RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

Delete entry and replace with 'The records are retained for 75 years. All naval activities which prepare JAG manual Investigative Reports or Command Investigations or which are intermediate addresses, typically retain duplicate copies in local files for a two year period. The release authority or the General Court Martial Convening authority retires his reports after two years to a Federal Storage Facility where they are retained for 75 years.'

\* \* \* \* \*

#### N05830-1

#### SYSTEM NAME:

JAG Manual Investigative Records.

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

For those records of incidents occurring prior to 1996, and all Litigation type investigations: Office of the Judge Advocate General (Code 35), Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20374-5066.

For all other incidents occurring after 1996: the General Court Martial Convening Authority of the activity in question. Official mailing addresses are published as an appendix to the Navy's compilation of system of records notices.

## CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Any individual who participated in, who was involved in, who incurred an injury, disease, or death in, who was intoxicated (drugs or alcohol) during, before, or after, or who had an interest in any accident, incident, transaction, or situation involving or affecting the Department of the Navy, naval personnel, or any procedure, operation, material, or design involving the Department of the Navy.

#### CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

The records contain all documented evidence relevant to the item under investigation, together with an investigating officer's report, which makes findings of fact and expresses opinions and recommendations, the reviewing authority's actions which either approved or modified the investigating officer's report or returned the entire record for further investigation or remedial action to perfect the record, and, the results of hearings afforded persons who incurred injuries and diseases, to allow them to explain or rebut adverse information in the record.

The Judge Advocate General's correspondence to locate and obtain required investigations is also included in the record. Some records contain only a field command's explanation as to why an investigation is not required, together with documents pertinent to this lack of requirement. Some records contain only an accident, injury, or death report, prepared for the Department of the Navy by the Army, Air Force, Coast Guard, or other agency under reciprocal agreements, in situations where the Navy or Marine Corps could not conduct the investigation.

#### AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

Requirement that Enlisted Men Make Up Time Lost Due to Misconduct or Abuse of Alcohol or Drugs (10 U.S.C. 972(5)); Retirement or Separation for Physical Disability (10 U.S.C. 1201– 1221); E.O. 11476; Manual for Courts-Martial, paragraph 133b; Uniform Code of Military Justice (10 U.S.C. 815, 832, 869, 873, 935, 936, and 938–940); Collection From Third Party Payers Act

(10 U.S.C. 2095); Military Claims Act (10 U.S.C. 2733); Foreign Claims Act (10 U.S.C. 2734, 2734a, 2734b); Emergency Payment of Claims (10 U.S.C. 2736); Non-scope Claims (10 U.S.C. 2737); Duties of the Secretary of the Navy (10 U.S.C. 5013); Duties of the Office of the Chief of Naval Operations (10 U.S.C. 5031-5033, 5035-5037); Duties of the Bureaus and Offices of the Department of the Navy and Duties of the Judge Advocate General (10 U.S.C. 5131-5153); Duties of the Commandant of the Marine Corps (10 U.S.C. 5043); Reservist's Disability and Death Benefits (10 U.S.C. 6148); Requirement of exemplary conduct (10 U.S.C. 5947); Promotion of Accident and Occupational Safety by the Secretary of the Navy (10 U.S.C. 7205); Admiralty Claims (10 U.S.C. 7622-23); Public Vessels Act (46 U.S.C. 781-790); Suits in Admiralty Act (46 U.S.C. 741-752); Admiralty Extension Act (46 U.S.C. 740); Transportation Safety Act (49 U.S.C. 1901); Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U.S.C. 1346, 2671-2680); Financial Liability of Accountable Officers (31 U.S.C. 82, 89–92); Military Personnel and Civilian Employee's Claims Act of 1964, as amended (31 U.S.C. 240-243); Federal Claim Collection Acts (31 U.S.C. 71-75, 951-953); Forfeiture of Pay for Time Lost Due to Incapacitation Caused by Alcohol or Drug Use (37 U.S.C. 802); **Eligibility for Certain Veterans Benefits** (38 U.S.C. 105); Postal claims (39 U.S.C. 712); Federal Medical Care Recovery Act (42 U.S.C. 2651-2653); General Authority to Maintain Records (5 U.S.C. 301); Records Management By Agency Heads (44 U.S.C. 3101); and E.O. 9397 (SSN).

#### PURPOSE(S):

JAG Manual Investigative Records are used internally within the Department of the Navy as a basis for evaluating procedures operations, material, and designs with a view to improving the efficiency and safety of the Department of the Navy; determinations concerning status of personnel regarding disability benefits, entitlements to pay during periods of disability, severance pay, retirement pay, increases of pay for longevity, survivors' benefits, and involuntary extensions of enlistments, dates of expiration of active obligated service and accrual of annual leave; determinations concerning relief of accountable personnel from liability for losses of public funds or property; determinations pertaining to disciplinary or punitive action and evaluation of petitions, grievances, and complaints; adjudication, pursuit, or defense of claims for or against the

Government; and public information releases.

#### ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, these records or information contained therein may specifically be disclosed outside the DoD as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as follows:

To officials and employees of the Department of Veterans Affairs for use in determinations concerning entitlements to veterans and survivors' benefits.

To Servicemen's Group Life Insurance administrators for determinations concerning payment of life insurance proceeds.

To the U.S. Government Accounting Office for purposes of determinations concerning relief of accountable personnel from liability for losses of public funds and related fiscal matters.

To contractors for use in connection with settlement, adjudication, or defense of claims by or against the Government, and for use in design and evaluation of products, services, and systems.

To agencies of the Federal, State or local law enforcement authorities, court authorities, administrative authorities, and regulatory authorities, for use in connection with civilian and military criminal, civil, administrative, and regulatory proceedings and actions.

The 'Blanket Routine Uses' that appear at the beginning of the Navy's compilation of system of record notices also apply to this system.

## POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

#### STORAGE:

Paper documents and data stored prior to 1985 are stapled together (with real evidence attached, if any) in paper file folders and stored in metal file cabinets, on shelves, and in cardboard boxes.

Records of reports received and stored since 1985 are maintained within a computer data base.

#### RETRIEVABILITY:

Records and data stored prior to 1985 are filed in calendar year groupings by surname of individual, bureau number of aircraft, name of ship, hull number of unnamed watercraft, or vehicle number of Government vehicles, or date of incident. Incidents are topically crossreferenced.

Records stored since 1985 are maintained on data base and are

retrievable from the data base in calendar year groupings by surname, Social Security Number, bureau number of aircraft, name of ship, hull number of unmanned watercraft, vehicle number of Government vehicles, or date of incident. Incidents are topically crossreferenced.

#### SAFEGUARDS:

Files are maintained in file cabinets and other storage devices under the control of authorized personnel during working hours; the office spaces in which the file cabinets and storage devices are locked outside official working hours. Access to the building is protected by uniformed guards requiring positive identification for admission. The data base system is protected by user account number and password sign-on, data base access authority, data set authority for add and delete, and data item authority for list and update.

#### **RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:**

The records are retained for 75 years. All naval activities which prepare JAG manual Investigative Reports or Command Investigations or which are intermediate addresses, typically retain duplicate copies in local files for a two year period. The release authority or the General Court Martial Convening authority retires his reports after two years to a Federal Storage Facility where they are retained for 75 years.

#### SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Office of the Judge Advocate General (Code 35), Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20374-5066 for those incidents occurring prior to 1996, and all Litigation type investigations.

For all other incidents occurring after 1996: The General Court Martial Convening Authority of the activity in question. Official mailing addresses are published as an appendix to the Navy's compilation of system of records notices.

#### NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals seeking to determine whether this system of records contains information about themselves should address written inquiries to the Office of the Judge Advocate General (Claims, Investigations, and Tort Litigation), Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20374-5066 for incidents occurring prior to 1996 and all Litigation type investigations.

All other requests should be directed to the General Court Martial Convening Authority of the activity in question. Official mailing addresses are published as an appendix to the Navy's compilation of system of record notices.

The request should contain as much identifying data as possible, including, but not limited to the complete names of all individuals involved, the location and date of incident, the bureau number of aircraft or name and hull number of ship, government vehicle number, and type of incident.

### RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Individuals seeking access to records about themselves contained in this system of records should address written inquiries to the Office of the Judge Advocate General (Claims, Investigations, and Tort Litigation), Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20374-5066 for incidents occurring prior to 1996 and all Litigation type investigations.

All other requests should be directed to the General Court Martial Convening Authority of the activity in question. Official mailing addresses are published as an appendix to the Navy's compilation of system of record notices.

The request should contain as much identifying data as possible, including, but not limited to the complete names of all individuals involved, the location and date of incident, the bureau number of aircraft or name and hull number of ship, government vehicle number, and type of incident.

## CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

The Navy's rules for accessing records, and for contesting contents and appealing initial agency determinations are published in Secretary of the Navy Instruction 5211.5; 32 CFR part 701; or may be obtained from the system manager.

#### **RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:**

Records of JAG Manual Investigations are compilations of evidence, information, and data concerning the circumstances of incidents, accidents, events, transactions, and situations, prepared by administrative fact-finding bodies of utilization by proper authorities in making determinations, decisions, or evaluations relating to the matters under investigation.

Records may contain: (1) Testimony or statements of individuals who are parties to the investigations, witnesses, and others having pertinent knowledge concerning matters under investigation; (2) documentary evidence, including records and reports of military or Federal, state, or foreign, civilian law enforcement investigation, judicial, or corrections authorities; medical records and reports, investigations and accident and injury reports prepared by federal, state, or foreign governmental agencies or other organizations or persons; court records and other public records; official logs and other official naval records; letters and correspondence, personnel, pay, and medical records; financial records, receipts, and cost estimates; publications, and other pertinent documents and writings; (3) pertinent real evidence; and (4) pertinent demonstrative evidence.

EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM: None.

#### N05890-1

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Claims Information System (February 22, 1993, 58 FR 10786).

CHANGES: \* \* \* \* \* \*

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Delete paragraph 1, and replace with 'Primary location: Office of the Judge Advocate General (Code 35), Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20374-5066.'

Paragraph 3, line 4, after the word 'commands' add 'with'.

Paragraph 4, beginning at line 2, delete 'U.S. Sending State Office for Australia;'.

Paragraph 6, line 1, after 'Military' add 'personnel'.

## CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Paragraph 3, line 7, replace 'resulting from such tortious conduct' with 'or illness.'

\* \* \* \* \*

#### N05890-1

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Claims Information System.

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Primary location: Office of the Judge Advocate General (Code 35), Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20374-5066.

Secondary locations:

Federal Tort Claims Files and Military Claims Files are located at Naval Legal Service Offices and Detachments, overseas commands with a Navy or Marine Corps judge advocate attached, and the Federal Records Center, Suitland, MD. Local commands, with which claims under the Federal Tort Claims Act or Military Claims Act are initially filed, retain copies of such claims and accompanying files.

Affirmative Claims Files are located at Naval Legal Service Offices and Detachments; U.S. Sending State Office For Italy; with overseas commands with a Navy or Marine Corps judge advocate attached; the Federal Records Center, Suitland, MD; and such other offices or officers as may be designated by the Judge Advocate General.

Foreign Claims Files are located at U.S. Sending State Office for Italy; Naval Missions (including the office of the naval section of military missions); Military Assistance Advisory Groups (including the Office of Chiefs, Naval Section, Military Assistance Advisory Groups); Office of the Naval Advisory to Argentina; naval attaches; any command which has appointed a Foreign Claims Commission; and the Federal Records Center, Suitland, MD, Local commands, with which claims under the Foreign Claims Act are initially filed and which do not have or choose to appoint a Foreign Claims Commission, retain copies of such claims and accompanying files.

Nonscope Claims Files are located at Naval Legal Service Offices and Detachments, and the Federal Records Center, Suitland, MD. Local commands, with which claims under the 'Nonscope' Claims Act are initially filed, retain copies of such claims and accompanying files.

Military personnel and Civilian Employees' Claims Files are located at Naval Legal Service Offices and Detachments; the Federal Records Center, Suitland, MD; naval activities where there are officers specifically designated by the Judge Advocate General to adjudicate personnel claims

General to adjudicate personnel claims. U.S. Postal Service Indemnity Claims Files are located at the Federal Records Center, Suitland, MD 20409.

## CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

All individuals who have filed claims against the Department of the Navy under the Federal Tort Claims Act, Military Claims Act, the 'Nonscope' Claims Act, or Military and Civilian Employees' Claims Act.

All individuals who have filed claims with the U.S. Postal Service for loss or damage to mailed matter, and which claims have been paid by the U.S. Postal Service and thereafter forwarded for reimbursement by the Department of the Navy pursuant to 39 U.S.C. 406 and 2601.

All individuals against whom the Navy has claims sounding in tort, and all individuals who are in the military or retired or are dependents of military members and have been provided medical care by a naval medical facility or civilian medical facility for injuries or illness.

All commercial insurance carriers against whom recovery has been sought by the Department of the Navy. Any medical personnel involved in medical malpractice claims against the Department of the Navy.

#### CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

The files may contain claims filed, correspondence, investigative reports, personnel, medical and dental records, x-rays, allied reports (such as police and U.S. Postal Service investigations), photographs, drawings, legal research and memoranda, opinions of experts and others, court documents, reports of injuries to individuals entitled to care at Navy expense, reports of damage to Navy property, statements of charges for medical and dental treatment, copies of orders, copies of insurance policies, government bills of lading, copies of powers of attorney, estimates of loss or damage, inventories, demands on carriers for reimbursement, substantiating documents.

## AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

Federal Tort Claims Act (28 U.S.C. 1346(b), 2671-2680); 32 CFR 750.21-750.40; Medical Care Recovery Act (42 U.S.C. 2651-2653); Collection From Third Party Payers Act (10 U.S.C. 1095); Federal Claims Collection Act (31 U.S.C. 3701, 3711, 3716-3719); 32 CFR 757.1-757.21; Foreign Claims Act (10 U.S.C. 2734); Military Claims Act (10 U.S.C. 2733); 32 CFR 750.41-750.60; 'Nonscope' Claims Act (10 U.S.C. 2737); 32 CFR 750.60-750.69; Military and **Civilian Employees Claims Act (31** U.S.C. 3701, 3721); 32 CFR 751.0-751.3; 10 U.S.C. 1552; 39 U.S.C. 406 and 2601; 5 U.S.C. 301, Departmental Regulations; 44 U.S.C. 3101; and 31 U.S.C. 3729.

#### PURPOSE(S):

To manage and evaluate, and process claims both for and against the Department of the Navy for purposes of adjudication, collection and litigation.

#### ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, these records or information contained therein may specifically be disclosed outside the DoD as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as follows:

The Federal Tort Claims Files and Military Claims Files are used by the claimant or his authorized representative for those claims for which payment is determined proper; to third parties in those cases in which they indemnify the U.S. Government or to verify claims; to officials and employees of the General Accounting Office and of the Department of Treasury for those claims for which payment is determined proper.

The Affirmative Claims Files are used by insurance companies to support claims by documenting injuries or diseases for which treatment was provided at government expense; by civilian attorneys representing injured parties and the government's interest. For those claims for which payment is determined proper, the files or portions thereof may be provided to the Department of the Treasury.

The Nonscope Claims Files are used by officials and employees of the Department of Justice to defend unauthorized suits brought against the U.S. under the Military Personnel and Civilian Employees' Claim Act. To the claimant of his/her authorized representative.

The 'Blanket Routine Uses' that appear at the beginning of the Navy's compilation of system of records notices also apply to this system.

#### POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

#### STORAGE:

Paper records in file folders stored in file cabinets or other storage devices. Some records are also maintained on magnetic disc, magnetic tape, or within a computer system.

#### RETRIEVABILITY:

Filed alphabetically by name of claimant or by a locally assigned claim number. Additionally, Military Personnel and Civilian Employees' Claims Act files may be filed alphabetically by name of common carrier, warehousemen, contractors, and insurers.

#### SAFEGUARDS:

Documents and computer disks are maintained in filing cabinets or other storage devices under control of authorized personnel during working hours. Password access is restricted to those personnel with a need-to-know. The office space in which the file cabinets and storage devices are located is locked and guarded outside official working hours.

#### **RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:**

Records are destroyed four years after final action.

## SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Deputy Assistant Judge Advocate General (Claims and Tort Litigation), Office of the Judge Advocate General, Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20374-5066.

#### NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals seeking to determine whether this system of records contains information about themselves should address written inquiries to the Deputy Assistant Judge Advocate General (Claims and Tort Litigation), Office of the Judge Advocate General, Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20374-5066.

The request should contain full name and address of the individual concerned and must be signed. Visitors should be able to identify themselves by any commonly recognized evidence of identity.

## RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Individuals seeking access to record about themselves contained in this system of records should address written inquiries to the Deputy Assistant Judge Advocate General (Claims and Tort Litigation), Office of the Judge Advocate General, Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20374-5066.

The request should contain full name and address of the individual concerned and must be signed. Visitors should be able to identify themselves by any commonly recognized evidence of identity.

#### CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

The Navy's rules for accessing records, and for contesting contents and appealing initial agency determinations are published in Secretary of the Navy Instruction 5211.5; 32 CFR part 701; or may be obtained from the system manager.

#### **RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:**

The sources of information contained in the files include the following: X-rays and medical and dental records from civilian and military doctors and medical facilities; investigative reports of accidents from military and civilian police agencies; report of circumstances if incidents from operators of Government vehicles an equipment; witnesses; correspondence from claimants, their insurance companies, state commissions, United States Attorneys, and various other Government agencies with information concerning the claim; line of duty investigations; commercial credit and asset reports; questionnaires completed by accident victims; statements of charges from civilian and military doctors and medical facilities; information provided by the claimant; investigative reports from personal property offices; investigative reports from a military member's command or an investigative agency; information contributed from commercial carriers; substantiating documents; allied reports (such as U.S. Postal Service investigative reports); legal memoranda.

EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM:

None.

## N05891-1

#### SYSTEM NAME:

NJAG Litigation Case File (February 22, 1993, 58 FR 10788).

#### CHANGES:

\* \* \* \*

## SYSTEM NAME:

Delete 'NJAG' and replace with 'JAG'.

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Delete entry and replace with 'Office of the Judge Advocate General, Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20375-5066 and duplicate copies may be maintained in local legal office files.'

\* \* \* \*

## N05891-1

## SYSTEM NAME:

JAG Litigation Case File.

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Office of the Judge Advocate General, Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20375-5066 and duplicate copies may be maintained in local legal office files.

## CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Individuals who may or have instituted litigation concerning matters under the cognizance of the Judge Advocate General, Department of the Navy. Excluded are cases arising in admiralty, under the Federal Tort Claims Act, and from matters under the cognizance of the Navy's General Counsel Office.

#### CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Records, correspondence, pleadings, documents, memoranda, and notes relating to the litigation or anticipated litigation.

## AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

5 U.S.C. 301, Departmental Regulations; 10 U.S.C. 5148; and 44 U.S.C. 3101.

### PURPOSE(S):

To represent the Department of the Navy and cognizant officials in litigation.

#### ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, these records or information contained therein may specifically be disclosed outside the DoD as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as follows:

To U.S. Attorneys, litigants, and other parties in litigation.

To Federal and state courts to whom and which information may be provided.

The 'Blanket Routine Uses' that appear at the beginning of the Navy's compilation of systems notices also apply to this system.

## POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

#### STORAGE:

Paper records in file folders.

#### RETRIEVABILITY:

Name of litigant or anticipated litigant.

### SAFEGUARDS:

Records are maintained in file cabinets accessible only to persons responsible for servicing the record system in performing their official duties.

#### RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

Generally retained in office files for six years after final action, then destroyed. Specially designated files are retained for longer periods and then destroyed.

#### SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Judge Advocate General, Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20375-5066.

#### NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals seeking to determine whether this system of records contains information about themselves should address written inquiries to the Judge Advocate General, Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20375-5066. Written requests should include full name and be signed.

#### RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Individuals seeking access to records about themselves contained in this system of records should address written inquiries to the Judge Advocate General, Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20375-5066. Written requests should include full name and be signed.

### CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

The Navy's rules for accessing records, and for contesting contents and appealing initial agency determinations are published in Secretary of the Navy Instruction 5211.5; 32 CFR part 701; or may be obtained from the system manager.

#### **RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:**

From all sources with information which may impact upon actual or anticipated litigation, e.g., other record systems within DON, DOD, and other agencies and departments of the Federal Government, particularly the Department of Justice; state and local governments and law enforcement agencies; counsel and parties in litigation; third parties who provide information voluntarily or in response to discovery, etc.

## EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM:

## None. N05801–2

## SYSTEM NAME:

Legal Assistance Management Information System *(September 9, 1996, 61 FR 47483).* 

\*

#### CHANGES:

\* \* \* \*

#### STORAGE:

Line 2, after the word 'on' add 'computers and'.

#### SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Replace '200 Stovall Street, Alexandria, VA 22332-2400.' with 'Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20374-5066.'

\* \* \* \* \*

## N05801-2

## SYSTEM NAME:

Legal Assistance Management Information System.

#### SYSTEM LOCATION:

Naval Legal Service Offices (NLSO) and NLSO detachments and other commands that provide legal assistance services under the auspices of the Navy's Legal Assistance Program through an assigned judge advocate or civilian attorney. Official mailing addresses are published as an appendix to the Navy's compilation of system of record notices.

## CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Active duty military personnel, retirees, dependents, and authorized civilians who have been provided legal assistance.

#### CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Legal Assistance Card Files contain basic client identification information; e.g., name, address, duty station, telephone number(s), a brief description of the subject of the visit, name of the attorney assigned, and attorney time expended.

Legal Assistance Client Case Files contain personal and privileged information on the client and about the legal matter(s) for which the client is seeking assistance, including various documents related to the client's case, such as copies of client records provided to the attorney; memoranda of attorney-client interviews and attorneyclient telephone conversations; memoranda of meetings and telephone conversations with relevant third parties; copies of statutes and case law relevant to the case; attorney research and notes; copies of all documents prepared, and of all correspondence sent or received, by the legal assistance provider; and a record of the results obtained.

#### AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

5 U.S.C. 301, Departmental Regulations; 10 U.S.C. 1044; and 32 CFR part 727, Legal Assistance.

#### PURPOSE(S):

Data from the records is compiled for the purpose of generating periodic workload productivity and statistical reports, for internal management of the office, and for counsel assignment. To provide an administrative record for use by attorneys and clerical personnel directly involved in rendering legal assistance.

#### ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, these records or information contained therein may specifically be disclosed outside the DoD as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as follows:

The 'Blanket Routine Uses' published at the beginning of the Navy's

compilation do not apply to this system of records.

### POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

#### STORAGE:

Paper card and case files are stored in file cabinets. Electronic records are stored on computers and computer disks.

#### RETRIEVABILITY:

Name of client.

#### SAFEGUARDS:

Cards, case files, and computer disks are maintained in metal filing cabinets or other storage devices under the control of authorized personnel during working hours. The office space in which the file cabinets and storage devices are located in locked outside normal working hours. The files are not accessible to the public or to persons within the command without an official need-to-know.

#### RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

Most files are maintained for two years after the completion of the services and then destroyed. However, some files may be maintained indefinitely if a future legal dispute or inquiry about the matters addressed in the file is reasonably foreseeable.

Files are maintained for two years after completion of the services and then destroyed

## SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Deputy Assistant Judge Advocate General (Legal Assistance), Office of the Judge Advocate General, Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20374-5066.

## NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Individuals seeking to determine whether this system of records contains information about themselves should address written inquiries to the office providing the legal assistance or to the Deputy Assistant Judge Advocate General (Legal Assistance), Office of the Judge Advocate General, Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20374-5066.

The written request should include full name and must be signed by the requesting individual.

## RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Individuals seeking access to records about themselves contained in this system of records should address written inquiries to the office providing the legal assistance or to the Deputy Assistant Judge Advocate General (Legal Assistance), Office of the Judge Advocate General, Department of the Navy, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Avenue, SE, Suite 3000, Washington, DC 20374-5066.

The written request should include full name, address, and telephone number of the requester and must be signed by the requesting individual.

## CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

The Navy's rules for accessing records, and for contesting contents and appealing initial agency determinations are published in Secretary of the Navy Instruction 5211.5; 32 CFR part 701; or may be obtained from the system manager.

#### **RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:**

Basic information is provided by the client. Additional information regarding the case, including actions taken and the ultimate disposition of the case, is provided by the attorney rendering the service.

EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM: None.

## N11101-2

## SYSTEM NAME:

Family Housing Requirements Survey Record System (*February 22, 1993, 58 FR 10816*).

## CHANGES:

\* \* \* \*

#### AUTHORITY:

Add to entry 'E.O. 9397 (SSN).'

## STORAGE:

Delete entry and replace with 'Automated and paper records.'

## SAFEGUARDS:

Add to entry 'Automated files are password protected.'

#### **RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:**

Delete entry and replace with 'Individual.'

\* \* \* \*

### N11101-2

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Family Housing Requirements Survey Record System.

## SYSTEM LOCATION:

Military installations with family housing offices. Official mailing addresses are published as an appendix to the Navy's compilation of systems of records notices. CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Officer and enlisted personnel and only key and essential civilian personnel.

## CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

Non-individual oriented input documents that reflect local housing assets; family housing survey questionnaires indicating family size, individual preference for housing, housing cost, and indication as to suitability of housing for need of individual.

## AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

5 U.S.C. 301, Departmental Regulations and E.O. 9397 (SSN).

#### PURPOSE(S):

To determine the housing requirement for the location to support proposed family housing construction, leasing, mobile home spaces and other military construction programs submitted for OSD support and Congressional approval.

### ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, these records or information contained therein may specifically be disclosed outside the DoD as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as follows:

The 'Blanket Routine Uses' that appear at the beginning of the Navy's compilation of systems of records notices apply to this system.

### POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

#### STORAGE:

Automated and paper records.

#### RETRIEVABILITY:

Social Security Number.

#### SAFEGUARDS:

Housing files used solely within housing office; tape files used solely within data processing system; and protected by the military installation's security measures. Automated files are password protected.

#### **RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:**

Held three years and destroyed.

## SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

Naval Facilities Engineering Command, 200 Stovall Street, Alexandria, VA 22332. Subordinate record holders of questionnaires: Family housing office at military installation.

### NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Contact housing office of installation at which individual was assigned when the individual completed the family housing questionnaire.

#### RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

The agency's rules for access to records may be obtained from the installation family housing office.

#### CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

The Navy's rules for accessing records, and for contesting contents and appealing initial agency determinations are published in Secretary of the Navy Instruction 5211.5; 32 CFR part 701; or may be obtained from the system manager.

#### **RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:**

Individual.

#### EXEMPTIONS CLAIMED FOR THE SYSTEM: None.

[FR Doc. 99–11442 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 5001–10–F

## DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

## Department of the Navy

## Privacy Act of 1974; System of Records

AGENCY: Department of the Navy, DoD. ACTION: Delete records systems.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of the Navy proposes to delete nine systems of records notices in its inventory of record systems subject to the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), as amended. **DATES:** The actions will be effective on June 7, 1999, unless comments are received that would result in a contrary determination.

ADDRESSES: Send comments to the Department of the Navy, PA/FOIA Policy Branch, Chief of Naval Operations (N09B30), 2000 Navy Pentagon, Washington, DC 20350–2000. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mrs. Doris Lama at (202) 685–6545 or DSN 325–6545.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The Department of the Navy's record system notices for records systems subject to the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), as amended, have been published in the **Federal Register** and are available from the address above.

The Department of the Navy proposes to delete systems of records notices in its inventory of record systems subject to the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), as amended. The deletions are not within the purview of subsection (r) of the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), as amended, which requires the submission of new or altered system report.

Dated: May 3, 1999.

#### L. M. Bynum,

Alternate OSD Federal Register Liaison Officer, Department of Defense.

## N01130-1

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Low Quality Recruiting Report (February 22, 1993, 58 FR 10707). Reason: Program no longer exists. All

files have been destroyed.

## N01136-1

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Navy Awareness System (February 22, 1993, 58 FR 10711).

Reason: Program no longer exists. All files have been destroyed.

#### N07220-1

## SYSTEM NAME:

Armed Forces Health Professional Scholarship System (February 22, 1993, 58 FR 10799).

Reason: These records are now under the cognizance of the Defense Finance and Accounting Service. System of records notice T7340, Defense Joint Military Pay System-Active Component.

## N07220-2

## SYSTEM NAME:

Retired Pay System (February 22, 1993, 58 FR 10799).

Reason: These records are now under the cognizance of the Defense Finance and Accounting Service. System of records notice T7347b, Defense Military Retiree and Annuity Pay System.

## N07220-3

### SYSTEM NAME:

Reserve Pay System (February 22, 1993, 58 FR 10800).

Reason: These records are now under the cognizance of the Defense Finance and Accounting Service. System of records notice T7346, Defense Joint Military Pay System-Reserve Component.

#### N07220-4

## SYSTEM NAME:

Naval Reserve Officer Training Corps Pay System (*February 22, 1993, 58 FR 10801*).

Reason: These records are now under the cognizance of the Defense Finance and Accounting Service. System of records notice T7346, Defense Joint Military Pay System-Reserve Component.

#### e N07220–5

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Joint Uniform Military Pay System (JUMPS) (February 22, 1993, 58 FR 10802).

Reason: These records are now under the cognizance of the Defense Finance and Accounting Service. System of records notice T7340, Defense Joint Military Pay System-Active Component.

## N07220-6

## SYSTEM NAME:

Midshipman Pay System (March 18, 1997, 62 FR 12806).

Reason: These records are now under the cognizance of the Defense Finance and Accounting Service. System of records notice T7340, Defense Joint Military Pay System-Active Component.

## N12950-6

#### SYSTEM NAME:

Computer Assisted Manpower Analyses System (CAMAS) (February 22, 1993, 58 FR 10828).

Reason: System obsolete. Records have been destroyed.

[FR Doc. 99–11443 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 5001–10–F

## DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

## Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

AGENCY: Department of Education. SUMMARY: The Acting Leader, Information Management Group, Office of the Chief Information Officer invites comments on the submission for OMB review as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

**DATES:** Interested persons are invited to submit comments on or before June 7, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be addressed to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attention: Danny Werfel, Desk Officer, Department of Education, Office of Management and Budget, 725 17th Street, NW, Room 10235, New Executive Office Building, Washington, DC 20503 or should be electronically mailed to the internet address DWERFEL@OMB.EOP.GOV. Requests for copies of the proposed information collection requests should be addressed to Patrick J. Sherrill, Department of Education, 400 Maryland Avenue, SW, Room 5624, Regional Office Building 3, Washington, DC 20202-4651, or should be electronically mailed to the internet address Pat Sherrill@ed.gov, or should be faxed to 202-708-9346.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Patrick J. Sherrill (202) 708–8196. Individuals who use a

telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) may call the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at 1–800–877–8339 between 8 a.m. and 8 p.m., Eastern time, Monday through Friday.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 3506 of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35) requires that the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) provide interested Federal agencies and the public an early opportunity to comment on information collection requests. OMB may amend or waive the requirement for public consultation to the extent that public participation in the approval process would defeat the purpose of the information collection, violate State or Federal law, or substantially interfere with any agency's ability to perform its statutory obligations. The Acting Leader, Information Management Group, Office of the Chief Information Officer, publishes that notice containing proposed information collection requests prior to submission of these requests to OMB. Each proposed information collection, grouped by office, contains the following: (1) Type of review requested, e.g. new, revision, extension, existing or reinstatement; (2) Title; (3) Summary of the collection; (4) Description of the need for, and proposed use of, the information; (5) Respondents and frequency of collection; and (6) Reporting and/or Recordkeeping burden. OMB invites public comment at the address specified above. Copies of the requests are available from Patrick J. Sherrill at the address specified above.

Dated: May 3, 1999.

#### William E. Burrow,

Acting Leader, Information Management Group, Office of the Chief Information Officer.

## Office of Student Financial Assistance Programs

*Type of Review:* Extension. *Title:* Equity in Athletics Disclosure Act.

*Frequency:* Annually.

Affected Public: Not-for-profit institutions.

Reporting and Recordkeeping Burden: Responses: 1,800.

Burden Hours: 9,900.

*Abstract:* The Equity in Athletics Disclosure Act amended the Higher Education Act of 1965 to require coeducational institutions of higher education that participate in any program under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 and have an intercollegiate program, to annually make available upon request a report on institutional financing and student and staff participation in men's and women's intercollegiate athletics.

[FR Doc. 99–11479 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4000–01–P

## DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

[Docket No. EA-145-A]

## Application To Export Electric Energy; British Columbia Power Exchange Corp.

AGENCY: Office of Fossil Energy, DOE. ACTION: Notice of application.

**SUMMARY:** British Columbia Power Exchange Corporation (Powerex) has applied for renewal of its authority to transmit electric energy from the United States to Mexico pursuant to section 202(e) of the Federal Power Act.

**DATES:** Comments, protests or requests to intervene must be submitted on or before June 7, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Comments, protests or requests to intervene should be addressed as follows: Office of Coal & Power Im/Ex (FE-27), Office of Fossil Energy, U.S. Department of Energy, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20585–0350 (FAX 202– 287–5736).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Xavier Puslowski (Program Office) 202– 586–4708 or Michael Skinker (Program Attorney) 202–586–6667.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** On May 30, 1997, the Office of Fossil Energy (FE) of the Department of Energy (DOE) authorized Powerex to transmit electric energy from the United States to Mexico as a power marketer using the international electric transmission facilities of San Diego Gas and Electric Company. That two-year authorization will expire on May 30, 1999. On April 15, 1999, Powerex filed an application with FE for renewal of this export authority and requested that the Order be issued for an additional two-year term.

DOE notes that the circumstances described in this application are virtually identical to those for which export authority had previously been granted in FE Order EA–145. Consequently, DOE believes that it has adequately satisfied its responsibilities under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 through the documentation of a categorical exclusion in the FE Docket EA–145 proceeding.

## **Procedural Matters**

Any person desiring to become a party to this proceeding or to be heard by filing comments or protests to this application should file a petition to intervene, comment or protest at the address provided above in accordance with §§ 385.211 or 385.214 of the FERC's Rules of Practice and Procedures (18 CFR 385.211, 385.214). Fifteen copies of each petition and protest should be filed with the DOE on or before the date listed above.

Comments on the Powerex request to export to Mexico should be clearly marked with Docket EA-145-A. Additional copies are to be filed directly with Mr. Douglas Little, Vice President, Trade Policy & Development, British Columbia Power Exchange Corporation, 666 Burrard Street, Suite 1400, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada V6C 2X8, AND Paul W. Fox, Esq., Bracewell & Patterson, L.L.P., 111 Congress Avenue, Suite 2300, Austin, Texas 78701, AND Tracey L. Bradley, Energy Regulatory Consultant, Bracewell & Patterson, L.L.P., 2000 K Street, NW, Suite 500, Washington, DC 20006.

Copies of this application will be made available, upon request, for public inspection and copying at the address provided above or by accessing the Fossil Energy Home Page at http:// www.fe.doe.gov. Upon reaching the Fossil Energy Home page, select "Regulatory Programs," then "Electricity Regulation," and then "Pending Proceedings" from the options menus.

Issued in Washington, DC, on April 30, 1999.

## Anthony J. Como,

Manager, Electric Power Regulation, Office of Coal & Power Im/Ex, Office of Coal & Power Systems, Office of Fossil Energy. [FR Doc. 99–11519 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6450–01–P

## DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

## Office of Science Financial Assistance Program Notice 99–19; Computational Structural Biology

**AGENCY:** U.S. Department of Energy (DOE).

**ACTION:** Notice inviting grant applications.

**SUMMARY:** The Office of Biological and Environmental Research (OBER) of the Office of Science (SC), U.S. Department of Energy (DOE), hereby announces its interest in receiving grant applications in its Computational Structural Biology subprogram. There is an immediate need for greatly improved computational approaches for gene product structure and function elucidation. This solicitation seeks sophisticated prediction, modeling and simulation research for the exploration of the interrelationship of macromolecular sequence, structure and function. The goal will be to establish a robust computational process for predicting the three-dimensional architecture for gene products and for gaining further insight into their biological role.

DATES: Before preparing a formal application, potential applicants are encouraged to submit a brief preapplication. All preapplications, referencing Program Notice 99-19, should be received by DOE by 4:30 P.M., E.D.T., June 15, 1999. A response discussing the programmatic relevance of the proposed submission will be communicated by July 1, 1999. Formal applications submitted in response to this notice must be received by 4:30 P.M., E.D.T., October 5, 1999, to be accepted for merit review and consideration for award in mid-Fiscal Year 2000.

ADDRESSES: Preapplications referencing Program Notice 99–19, must be sent by E-mail to

sharon.betson@science.doe.gov. Preapplications will also be accepted if mailed to the following address: Ms. Sharon Betson, Office of Biological and Environmental Research, SC–73, 19901 Germantown Road, Germantown, Maryland 20874–1290.

Formal applications, referencing Program Notice 99–19, should be forwarded to: U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Science, Grants and Contracts Division, SC–64, 19901 Germantown Road, Germantown, Maryland 20874–1290, ATTN: Program Notice 99–19. This address must also be used when submitting applications by U.S. Postal Service Express Mail or any other commercial overnight delivery service, or hand-carried by the applicant. An original and seven copies of the application must be submitted.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Charles G. Edmonds, Office of Biological and Environmental Research, SC–73, U.S. Department of Energy, 19901 Germantown Road, Germantown, MD 20874–1290, telephone: (301) 903– 0042, FAX: (301) 903–0567, E-mail: charles.edmonds@science.doe.gov. The full text of Program Notice 99–19 is available via the Internet using the following web site address: http:// www.er.doe.gov/production/grants/ grants.html.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The Office of Biological and Environmental Research supports a directed, basic research program in the areas of environmental, life and medical science. Major research program emphases are placed on characterization of human and microbial genomes, model organisms for understanding human gene function, structural biology, the biological effects of low dose radiation, global climate change, improved technology for cleanup of DOE contaminated sites, advanced imaging technologies, and molecular nuclear medicine. With the accelerating increase in nucleic acid and derived amino acid sequence data flowing from genome projects and in the particular context of these DOE supported basic research efforts, there is an immediate need for greatly improved experimental and computational approaches for gene product structure and function determination. OBER presently supports a program in computational structural biology that is intended to address this need.

This notice is to solicit applications for grants to maintain and enhance this program which focuses on sophisticated prediction, modeling and simulation research to provide a generalizable approach to the interrelationship of macromolecular sequence, structure and function. The rapid influx of newly discovered genes, the remarkably large proportion of which no function can so far be inferred, require a global predictive capability. We are seeking tools for the robust prediction of structure and inference of function for any gene and on a whole genome scale of analysis.

Research applications that integrate existing software tools in novel ways and/or develop new computational strategies to exploit databases of macromolecular structural information, including both high and low resolution structures, are a continuing interest of the program. This includes the goals of predicting the structure and function of newly discovered gene sequences as well as the prediction or computational design of the chemical properties and architectural arrangement of proteins or nucleic acids needed for a particular functional application. Examples of existing approaches that fall into this category are knowledge-based or molecular extension methods (e.g., homology model building), ab initio structure prediction (finding structures that fit sequences) and the development of tools to assign existing or new sequences to specific structures (e.g., finding sequences that fit structures through threading or inverse folding

algorithms). Attention may also be focussed on the problem of negative design, the identification of aspects of sequence that precludes its fitting a known structure. Awardees will be expected to attend the biannual Critical Assessment of Techniques for Protein Structure Prediction (CASP) experiment and participate at an appropriate level in the comparative exercise.

Further, the use of structure from experimental and/or computational sources to provide insight into function is a specific target of this solicitation. Computational and visualization techniques exploiting structure to characterize recognition within macromolecular ensembles, ligandreceptor and other specific molecular interactions and to extend this to the understanding and modeling of elaborate functional aggregates including metabolic pathways and interacting circuits are specifically encouraged. This solicitation includes but is not limited to participation in structural genomics projects, i.e., the collaborative experimental, theoretical and computational efforts which seek to establish a catalogue of the structures of a representative set of protein folds occurring in nature and thus facilitating the modeling of the structure of any genomically derived amino acid sequence by reference to its nearest catalogued archetype.

Applications that exploit the latest multiple approaches (in algorithms, simulation, modeling and graphical representation/visualization) or provide for the interpretation and the integration and joint utilization through the World Wide Web of the growing body of sequence, structural and physical information tools will also be considered particularly responsive. We encourage the development of teams to accelerate the deployment of robust software available to the entire community. Established programs should demonstrate such capabilities or discuss plans for web access and dissemination. The long term goal of the program is to develop well-integrated software packages that meet the scientific and technical goals outlined above.

The transformation of the accumulating database of genomic information into a practical understanding of structure-function relationships in biological macromolecules and of the complicated systems which constitute living cells, tissues and organisms is paramount. The ultimate objective of the extension of this new understanding of individual reactive entities to the genome scale will be the elucidation of a vocabulary and grammar of connectedness in molecular function. Through escalating levels of complexity from functional aggregates to metabolic circuits and homeostatic networks we will arrive at a systems view of biology. This will enable diverse applications in human health, including individualized medicine and drug design, in biotechnology, including, new and improved biomaterials and new biocatalysis in industry and manufacturing, in environmental science for the design of enzymes for effective and efficient removal of environmental contaminants and in energy technology for the development and conversion of biomass for fuels.

## **Program Funding**

It is anticipated that approximately \$2.0 million will be available for multiple grant awards during Fiscal Year 2000 contingent upon the availability of appropriated funds. Applications may request project support up to three years, with out-year support contingent on the availability of funds, progress of the research, and programmatic needs. We expect to award several grants in this area of research of up to \$500,000 per year.

## **Preapplications**

A brief preapplication should be submitted. The preapplication should identify on the cover sheet the institution, PI name, address, telephone, fax and E-mail address for the principal investigator, and title of the project. The preapplication should consist of two to three pages narrating the research objective, methods for accomplishment and benefits of the effort.

Preapplications will be evaluated relative to the scope and research needs for the Computational Structural Biology subprogram.

Applications will be subjected to scientific merit review (peer review) and will be evaluated against the following evaluation criteria listed in descending order of importance as codified at 10 CFR 605.10(d):

1. Scientific and/or Technical Merit of the Project.

2. Appropriateness of the Proposed Method or Approach.

3. Competency of Applicant's Personnel and Adequacy of Proposed Resources.

4. Reasonableness and Appropriateness of the Proposed Budget.

The evaluation will include program policy factors such as the relevance of the proposed research to the terms of the announcement and an agency's programmatic needs. Note, external peer reviewers are selected with regard to both their scientific expertise and the absence of conflict-of-interest issues. Non-federal reviewers may be used, and submission of an application constitutes agreement that this is acceptable to the investigator(s) and the submitting institution.

To provide a consistent format for the submission, review and solicitation of grant applications submitted under this notice, the preparation and submission of grant applications must follow the guidelines given in the Application Guide for the Office of Science Financial Assistance Program 10 CFR part 605.

Information about the development, submission of applications, eligibility, limitations, evaluation, the selection process, and other policies and procedures may be found in 10 CFR part 605, and in the Application Guide for the Office of Science Financial Assistance Program. Electronic access to the Guide and required forms is made available via the World Wide Web at: http://www.er.doe.gov/production/ grants/grants.html. On the SC grant face page, form DOE F 4650.2, in block 15, also provide the PI's phone number, fax number and E-mail address.

The Office of Science as part of its grant regulations requires at 10 CFR 605.11(b) that a recipient receiving a grant and performing research involving recombinant DNA molecules and/or organisms and viruses containing recombinant DNA molecules shall comply with NIH "Guidelines for Research Involving Recombinant DNA Molecules", which is available via the world wide web at: http:// www.niehs.nih.gov/odhsb/biosafe/nih/ rdna-apr98.pdf, (59 FR 34496, July 5, 1994), or such later revision of those guidelines as may be published in the Federal Register.

The Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number for this program is 81.049, and the solicitation control number is ERFAP 10 CFR Part 605.

Issued in Washington, D.C. on April 29, 1999.

## John Rodney Clark,

Associate Director of Science for Resource Management.

[FR Doc. 99–11532 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6450–01–P

#### DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Chicago Operations Office; Notice of Solicitation Entitled "Support of the U.S. Chemical Industry's Technology Vision 2020", Financial Assistance Solicitation No. DE–SC02–99CH10989

AGENCY: DOE, Chicago Operation Office.

**ACTION:** Notice of solicitation for cooperative agreement proposals.

SUMMARY: The Department of Energy (DOE) Office of Industrial Technologies (OIT) announces its intention to issue a competitive solicitation for applications for financial assistance to conduct innovative research and development (R&D). The R&D should improve energy efficiency and support the goals of Technology Vision 2020: The Chemical Industry. The Chemical industry and the DOE have entered into a Memorandum of Understanding to provide a framework for joint research, development, and demonstration among industry, academia, and government. OIT seeks collaborative R&D projects that address priority needs that are detailed in industry-developed Technology Roadmaps and other selected topic areas. Roadmap areas for the upcoming solicitation include Computational Chemistry, Materials of Construction, Separations, and Selected Topics Related to Catalysis, Alternative Synthetic Pathways, and the Application and Use of Alternative Chemicals—specifically C1 Compounds as Alternative Raw Materials/ Feedstocks, Alternative Reaction Conditions, and Supercritical/Dense Phase Fluids As Solvent Replacements in Production of Chemicals and in Other Applications.

**DATES:** The complete solicitation document will be available on or about May 24, 1999 on the internet by accessing either the OIT grant program home page at http://www.oit.doe.gov/ chemcials/page3.html or the DOE **Chicago Operations Office Acquisition** and Assistance Group home page at http://www.ch.doe.gov/business/ ACQ.htm under the heading "Current Acquisition Activities" Solicitation No. DE-SC02-99CH10989. Applications are anticipated to be due no later than 3:00 p.m. (CDT), July 30, 1999. Selection of applications for award is anticipated by October 13, 1999.

DATES: Completed applications referencing Solicitation Number DE– SC02–99CH10989 must be submitted to the U.S. Department of Energy, Chicago Operations Office, Attn: Jennifer Stricker, Bldg. 2101, Rm. 3F–13, 9800 South Cass Avenue, Argonne, IL 60439– 4899.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** As a result of this solicitation, DOE expects to award twelve (12) to fifteen (15) cooperative agreements. Total estimated Government funding for the solicitation is approximately \$12 million with anticipated Government funding of approximately \$4 million for FY00. DOE

will consider projects ranging from one (1) to three (3) years in length.

Eligible applicants must have a teaming arrangement consisting of two or more chemical companies. (A "chemical company" is defined as a private (profit or non-profit) organization that manufactures chemicals or provides products or serves to such manufactures. In addition to chemical manufacturers, raw material suppliers, equipment and technology suppliers, architectural and engineering companies, software and consulting firms, trade and professional associations, and research institutes that routinely conduct a minimum of 10% of their business with chemical industry manufactures are within the scope of the definition.) In addition, the teaming arrangement may also include, but is not limited to, universities, trade associations, DOE National Laboratories, and small businesses. All projects must offer significant energy savings when compared to the currently-used technology. Eligible applicants must cost share at least 50% of project costs and projects should be planned for one to three years in duration. Teaming arrangements with DOE National Laboratories are encouraged, however national laboratories may not serve as the prime applicant and may not provide cost share. Industry partner(s) must perform at least 50% of the proposed effort. Further, applicants should describe the work to be performed and plans for project management and technology commercialization; describe how the work will advance one or more of the priority needs of the roadmaps and/or above topic areas; estimate energy savings and waste and emission reductions; describe the innovative aspects of the technology; and provide information on the qualifications and experience of both the project team and of key personnel.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jennifer Stricker at (630) 252–2888, U.S. Department of Energy, 9800 South Cass Avenue, Argonne, IL 60439–4899; by fax at (630) 252–5045; or by e-mail at jennifer.stricker@ch.doe.gov.

Issued in Chicago, Illinois on April 28, 1999.

### John D. Greenwood,

Acquisition and Assistance Group Manager. [FR Doc. 99–11406 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6450–01–M

## DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

**Bonneville Power Administration** 

## Mid-Columbia Coho Salmon Reintroduction Feasibility Project

AGENCY: Bonneville Power Administration (BPA), Department of Energy (DOE). ACTION: Notice of Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) and floodplain statement of findings.

**SUMMARY:** This notice announces BPA's proposal to fund research for 2 to 3 years on the feasibility of reintroducing coho salmon into mid-Columbia River basin tributaries. The research would take place in the Methow and Wenatchee river basins in Chelan and Okanogan counties, Washington. BPA has prepared an Environmental Assessment (EA) (DOE/EA-1282) evaluating the proposed project. Based on the analysis in the EA, BPA has determined that the proposed action is not a major Federal action significantly affecting the quality of the human environment, within the meaning of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) of 1969. Therefore, the preparation of an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) is not required, and BPA is issuing this FONSI.

The FONSI includes a finding that there is no practicable alternative to locating a portion of the project within 100-year floodplains. **ADDRESSES:** For copies of this FONSI or the EA, please call BPA's toll-free document request line: 800–622–4520. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Nancy Weintraub, KECN, Bonneville Power Administration, P.O. Box 3621, Portland, Oregon, 97208–3621, phone number 503–230–5373, fax number 503–230–5699.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: BPA proposes to fund coho research and broodstock development in the Wenatchee and Methow river basins for 2 to 3 years. BPA is responding to a need to determine the ecological risks and biological feasibility of reintroducing coho to mid-Columbia River basin tributaries, from which they have been extirpated for at least a half century. Reintroduction of coho into the mid-Columbia region has been identified by regional fish-managing entities as one of fifteen high-priority projects for the Columbia River basin. The project is included in the Northwest Power Planning Council's (Council) Fish and Wildlife Program, and was recommended by the Council to BPA for funding in 1996. However, before a fullscale reintroduction program is

implemented, feasibility research needs to be conducted. Besides BPA, project participants include Yakama Indian Nation (YIN) and Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW), co-managers; National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS); U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS); U.S. Forest Service (USFS); and Confederated Tribes of the Colville Indian Reservation.

Federal and State fish agencies and YIN, as well as environmental groups and individual citizens, have been strongly interested in the project. In the Wenatchee and Methow basins, there are several fish species listed under the Endangered Species Act (ESA), as well as several other game fish species, which are the subject of various enhancement programs. The primary concern of most organizations and citizens has been the potential for reintroduced coho to prey on or compete with other weakened, sensitive, or prized species in the two basins. BPA has participated in extensive discussions leading to alternatives that BPA seriously considered and included in this EA/ FONSI (see below). BPA has remained open to the views of the community and all project participants as well as those of the original project proponents (YIN). We realize this project, if fully implemented, could increase the risk of harm to other sensitive fish species in the basin. We believe, however, that in this first phase, the feasibility studies, the risks are low and that they are manageable through monitoring and annual review by project participants, with adjustments as necessary to minimize risks. This FONSI documents that the research can be conducted without significant environmental impacts.

Several possible alternative plans have been identified and are addressed in the EA (Chapter 2). Briefly, they are as follows:

• Tribal Alternative (Proposed Action): BPA would fund research into all life phases of coho and their interactions with other species in the Wenatchee and Methow basins, including survival, natural spawning, predation, residualism, and productivity studies; genetics monitoring; and a broodstock development program. Research would depend on acclimation and release of up to 1,000,000 coho smolts in the Wenatchee basin and up to 400,000 smolts in the Methow. Up to three of six alternative acclimation sites would be developed in the Wenatchee; up to three existing acclimation sites in the Methow would be used.

• *Phased Study Alternative:* BPA would fund research as described above, including coho releases and acclimation site development, in the Wenatchee basin only.

• Hatchery Releases Alternative: BPA would fund research, including coho releases, designed to answer one key question: can adult coho return to the mid-Columbia in sufficient numbers to replace themselves? Coho would be acclimated and released only at existing hatcheries in the Wenatchee basin; acclimation in natural habitats would not take place. Studies of coho predation and ability to naturally reproduce would not be done.

• *No-Action Alternative:* Continue coho releases of 700,000 smolts/ yearlings/etc. as is done currently under the Management Agreement for 1997 Brood Upper Columbia River Coho, a stipulated order under *United States* v. *Oregon.* There would be no BPA funding or participation and no in-basin acclimation. Release numbers and locations would be agreed to annually by parties to the order. Little, if any, research would be done.

Table 4 in the EA summarizes the impacts of each alternative. The impacts of two of the three action alternatives (Tribal and Phased Study) are similar in nature and intensity; the primary difference between the two is that the geographic scope is reduced in the Phased Study alternative. The impacts of the third action alternative (Hatchery Releases) overall are lower in intensity than the other two. BPA has determined, based on the context and intensity of these impacts, that they are not significant, using the definition of this concept in section 1508.27 of the Council on Environmental Quality Regulations for implementing the National Environmental Policy Act. This determination is based on the following discussion of each point listed in section 1508.27:

1. The project aims to develop knowledge about how a largely domesticated stock might be reintroduced and naturalized in a basin where it has long been absent. This knowledge may be applicable throughout the Columbia basin. When combined with other current and future research on similar issues, the cumulative benefit of the mid-Columbia project would be to increase the chances that other reintroduction projects would succeed, and that the concomitant resource risks would be reduced. These activities would serve to answer critical uncertainties associated with future reintroduction activities. While the benefits of the proposed research warrant BPA funding, the results from

this 2–3 year project alone would not significantly increase the potential for success of reintroduction projects in the region.

2. Implementation of the Tribal, Phased Study, or Hatchery Releases alternatives would not affect the health and safety of the people of the Wenatchee or Methow basins. As documented in section 3.4.1.2 and 3.4.2 of the EA, water and chemical use and wastewater discharges would be within permitted amounts. Water temperatures of local rivers would not be increased because amounts used for acclimation sites (Tribal and Phased Study alternatives) would be small, in most cases water would be part of natural or existing ponds, and use would occur in early spring when water is cold and flows are high (section 3.4.1.3). Screw traps are an obstacle to recreational boaters such as rafters, kayakers, and others. However, traps would be located away from high-use areas for recreational boaters and would be flagged to warn boaters of their presence. These issues are not significant in the context of NEPA because the risks are small relative to other factors affecting health and safety in the local area.

3. Research activities for all alternatives would take place in environmentally sensitive areas. However, because acclimation sites are already developed in the Methow basin (Tribal alternative), and because only one of six alternative sites in the Wenatchee basin requires constructiontype activity to develop (Tribal and Phased Study), most sensitive areas would not be affected. Specifically:

a. In the Wenatchee basin, Icicle Creek near one proposed acclimation site, and White River near another have been recommended by the Wenatchee National Forest for inclusion in the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System as Recreational Rivers. Installation of a temporary smolt screen at Icicle Creek, and installation of a temporary net and smolt exit pipe in a beaver dam at White River Side Channels, would not adversely affect the recreational and other values of the rivers (EA, section 3.4.1.3).

b. Although proposed acclimation sites are located in ecologically critical areas such as wetlands, floodplains, and State Shoreline areas, development of only one alternative site in the Wenatchee basin (Two Rivers) would adversely affect those areas. A wetland, a 100-year floodplain, and a State Shoreline area could be affected if that site is developed (Tribal Alternative and Phased Study). Acclimation ponds for the site would be dug on the property

of an operating sand and gravel quarry in an already disturbed area. The smolt exit channel, however, would disturb or destroy riparian and/or wetland vegetation for a distance of about 80 meters (260 feet). Plant surveys would be completed before ponds and channels are designed and constructed to determine if any sensitive species occupy the area. If any sensitive species are found, the areas would be avoided or the site would not be developed. To avoid impacts on wetlands, information from wetlands delineation surveys would be used during final design to develop mitigation measures, if necessary, to ensure that the project would result in no net loss of wetlands. Buffers from construction activities would be provided. Upon completion of construction, disturbed land would be restored to its previous condition wherever possible. (EA, section 3.4.1.3). Therefore, impacts on wetlands, floodplains, and State Shorelines would not be significant.

The actions proposed would not affect prime farmland or park lands, as there are none present in the vicinity.

4. The impacts of actions proposed under the three action alternatives are not significant due to their controversy. Controversy that surfaced during development and review of the draft EA centered on the number and locations of coho smolt releases and the consequent level of risk to endangered spring chinook populations in the Wenatchee basin, as originally proposed under the Tribal Alternative. BPA and project participants subsequently developed release numbers and sites for 1999 that parties agree pose minimal risk to spring chinook, and they are committed to reaching agreement on future release numbers and sites to maintain minimal risk for the research period.

5. The impacts of actions proposed under the three action alternatives are not significant due to the degree of highly uncertain, unique, or unknown risks. These issues were raised by project participants and members of the public, particularly in regard to the risks of predation by coho smolts on spring chinook. Concerns were that not enough research has been completed to date to confirm that releases of coho smolts in or near spring chinook habitat would not pose a significant predation risk. While one year of study has been completed in the Yakima Basin that did not show significant predation of coho smolts on spring chinook, several project participants believe that additional studies are needed. In order to address this issue, proposed smolt release numbers in Nason Creek, the primary spring chinook habitat, were

reduced for 1999, and an additional year of study is planned in the Yakima Basin. The fish managers (YIN and WDFW) have agreed that they will annually review the results of the previous year's research and come to agreement on release numbers and locations for the subsequent years based on the results of the ongoing research. The Biological Opinion from the National Marine Fisheries Service supports the conclusion that, with monitoring and risk containment measures (EA, section 3.3.1.2), the risk to spring chinook would not jeopardize their continued existence.

6. The actions proposed would not establish a precedent for future actions with significant effects or represent a decision in principle about a future consideration. Contrary to the assertions of some, this project does not constitute a decision to reintroduce coho to mid-Columbia tributaries. BPA is unwilling to commit substantial resources to such an effort without some indication of its potential for success, as reintroduction of an extirpated fish species is not a well-researched action. If research shows that the potential exists for fullscale reintroduction to be successful, and that impacts to other sensitive species can be minimized to acceptable levels, then, under NEPA, the time would be "ripe" to assess the effects of such a program.

7. The proposal is not connected (40 CFR 1508.25(a)(1)) to other actions with potentially significant impacts, nor is it related to other proposed actions with cumulatively significant impacts (40 CFR 1508.25(a)(2)). Section 3.6 of the EA addresses the cumulative fishery resource impacts. Although the proposed action is related to actions being addressed under the Impacts of Artificial Salmon and Steelhead Production Strategies in the Columbia River Basin Draft Environmental Impact Statement (Draft EIS), it is not precluded by 40 CFR 1506.1 or 10 CFR 1021.211 because it is not a major Federal action and would not significantly affect the quality of the human environment. The actions proposed are independent of the actions proposed under the Draft EIS and would not prejudice the ultimate decision on the program, as they are low-tech, minimal-impact actions to be taken for research purposes to answer specific questions regarding the potential impacts of and viability of an artificial coho production program in the mid-Columbia. Additional environmental review would be completed prior to the initiation of any long-term, full-scale production program.

8. There are no sites listed on or eligible for the National Register of Historic Places at or near any facility location. Only one of the six potential acclimation sites in the Wenatchee basin (Tribal and Phased Study alternatives) could require ground disturbance (EA, section 3.4.1.3). If developed, its final location would be surveyed before construction to insure that it would not adversely affect cultural resources, including tribal traditional use areas.

9. Several fish, wildlife, and plant species in the Wenatchee and Methow basins are listed or proposed for listing under the Endangered Species Act. Of those discussed in the EA in Chapter 3, the following could be affected:

a. Upper Čolumbia River spring-run chinook, listed as Endangered, spawn and rear in habitat near proposed coho release sites in the Wenatchee and Methow basins. However, little impact to spring chinook is expected because most coho acclimation/release sites are downstream of the primary spawning and summer rearing areas; once released, coho tend to migrate downstream rapidly; most returning adult coho spawners will home to their points of release, which are downstream of the spring chinook spawning/rearing reaches; and most adult coho would be collected to develop the localized broodstock, so few would be spawning in the wild. In addition, as discussed in #4 and #5 above and in section 3.3.1.2 of the EA, risk of impact to spring chinook would be further minimized by working with other fish managers to determine coho release sites and numbers that minimize risk; by releasing coho smolts in low densities; by releasing fish that more closely resemble sizes of wild coho, which tend to be smaller than hatchery fish; and by waiting until smolts are ready to actively migrate before releasing them.

b. Bull trout are listed as Threatened. There could be minor, temporary disturbances to bull trout migratory corridor habitat during construction of the Two Rivers acclimation site smolt exit channel, but erosion and sedimentation control best management practices would ensure impacts were not significant. Migratory adult bull trout could be taken during rotary screw trap sampling, beach seining, electrofishing, and adult coho broodstock collection. To minimize impacts, rotary traps would be attended 24 hours a day and checked every hour to remove fish and debris from the livebox. Bull trout found in the livebox would be released immediately. Bull trout captured by other collection methods also would be released immediately. To reduce

potential mortality from electro-fishing, only personnel trained in the technique would be employed. They would follow guidelines for such procedures recently established by NMFS (NMFS 1998) (EA, section 3.5.1; Biological Assessment [BA], section 5.10). Therefore, impacts to bull trout would not be significant.

c. The grizzly bear is listed as Threatened. To access the White River Side Channel acclimation site (Tribal and Phased Study alternatives), the Sears Creek Road would be plowed in late March. This area has been identified as potential spring emergence grizzly habitat, although no use occurs at present. The project would install a locked gate at the point where plowing would begin to control the amount of disturbance from use of the road. All the acclimation sites are in areas with at least moderate human disturbance. There would be no disturbance to grizzly bear habitat from the project (EA, section 3.4.1.3; BA, section 5.4). Therefore, there would be no significant effects to grizzly bears from this project.

d. *Two plants—Ute's Ladies Tresses* (Threatened) and *Wenatchee (Oregon) checkermallow* (Proposed, Wenatchee basin only)—could be at or near the Two Rivers acclimation site (Tribal and Phased Study alternatives). If the site were developed, it would be surveyed before ground disturbing activity begins. If plants are found, they would be avoided or the site would not be developed, so these two plants would not be adversely affected (EA, section 3.4.1.3).

Other listed and proposed fish and wildlife species in the two basins would not be adversely affected (EA, Chapter 3).

10. The actions proposed would not threaten to violate Federal, State, or local law or requirements imposed for the protection of the environment. The following permits and consultation may be required and will be obtained, as needed: Section 7 consultation and incidental take permit for trapping and electroshocking activities proposed in 2000 and 2001 (NMFS and USFWS) shoreline development permit (Chelan County), hydraulic project approval permit (Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife), State water quality certification (Washington Department of Ecology), modifications to National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permits, USFS land use permits, Clean Water Act Section 404 permit (U.S. Army Corps of Engineers), and use permits for nets across highway culverts (Washington Department of Transportation). Final determinations regarding the need for permits will be

made after project participants decide on the final course of action.

## Floodplain Statement of Findings

This is a Floodplain Statement of Findings prepared in accordance with 10 CFR Part 1022. A Notice of Floodplain and Wetlands Involvement was published in the Federal Register on November 9, 1998, and impacts to floodplains and wetlands were assessed in the EA (section 3.4.1.3). At one alternative acclimation site (Two Rivers), BPA would dig a smolt exit channel from the new ponds to the Little Wenatchee River, within the 100year floodplain. The channel needs to pass through the floodplain in order to allow smolts access to the river. There are no alternatives that would avoid constructing the smolt exit channel in the floodplain at the Two Rivers site; however, there are alternative acclimation sites identified in the EA that would not affect floodplains. The actions proposed would conform to applicable State and local floodplain protection standards; a county floodplain development permit would be obtained, if needed, for work in the floodplain of the Little Wenatchee River

The steps to be taken to avoid or minimize potential harm to or within the affected floodplain and wetlands include:

 In floodplain and shoreline areas, disturbed land would be restored as closely as possible to pre-project contours and replanted with native and local species. However, site topography could require bank disruption. A restoration and monitoring plan would be prepared before disturbing floodplain and shoreline areas.

• Erosion control measures would be implemented within the 60-meter (200-foot) State Shoreline area.

• Location of new structures within the identified shoreline and floodplain would be avoided.

BPA will endeavor to allow 15 days of public review after publication of this statement of findings before implementing the selected alternative.

## Determination

Based on the information in the EA, as summarized here, BPA determines that the actions proposed, as described and analyzed in either the Tribal, Phased Study, or Hatchery Releases alternatives, are not major Federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment within the meaning of NEPA, 42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.* Therefore, an EIS will not be prepared, and BPA is issuing this FONSI.

Issued in Portland, Oregon, on April 28, 1999.

#### James R. Meyer,

Acting Vice President, Environment, Fish and Wildlife Group.

[FR Doc. 99–11533 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6450–01–P

## DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy

Energy Conservation Program for Consumer Products: Energy Conservation Program for Fluorescent Lamp Ballasts, Clothes Washers, and Water Heaters

**AGENCY:** Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, Department of Energy.

ACTION: Notice of public workshops.

**SUMMARY:** The Energy Policy and Conservation Act, as amended (EPCA or Act), requires the Department of Energy (DOE or Department) to consider amending the energy conservation standards for certain major household appliances. This notice announces three public workshops as steps in the appliance standards rulemaking procedures. These public workshops will be conducted for the rulemakings on revised energy efficiency standards for fluorescent lamp ballasts, clothes washers, and water heaters.

**DATES:** The following table lists the respective analyses release dates, workshop dates, and comment period dates.

	Fluorescent lamp bal- lasts	Clothes washers	Water heaters
Release Analyses Comments Due Workshops Comments Due	May 18, 1999 June 1, 1999	June 14, 1999 July 6, 1999 July 22, 1999 August 3, 1999	July 6, 1999. July 23, 1999.

ADDRESSES: The Department will hold the public workshops between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. at the U.S. Department of Energy, Forrestal Building, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW, Room 1E-245, Washington, DC 20585. Written comments are welcome, especially following the workshops. Please submit one signed copy and a computer diskette (WordPerfect 6.1) or 10 copies (no telefacsimiles) to: U.S. Department of Energy, Attn: Brenda Edwards-Jones, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, EE-43, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20585, (202) 586-2945, e-mail: Brenda.Edwards-Jones@ee.doe.gov.

The Department will also accept electronically-mailed comments, but

you must supplement such comments with a signed hard copy.

You should identify all comments on both the envelope and document with the name of the product and the appropriate docket number: Fluorescent Lamp Ballasts, EE–RM–97–500; Clothes Washers, EE–RM–94–403; or Water Heaters, EE–RM–97–900.

If you submit information or data that you believe is confidential, and should not be publicly disclosed, you should submit one complete copy of your document and ten (10) copies or one electronic copy from which the information believed to be confidential has been deleted. We will make our own determination regarding the confidentiality of the information or data according to our regulations at 10 CFR 1004.11. Copies of the completed analyses may also be obtained from: U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Codes and Standards, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW, Room 1J–018, Washington, DC 20585.

Public information: The public may access the Freedom of Information Reading room, located at the U.S. Department of Energy, Forrestal Building, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW, Room 1E–190, Washington, DC 20585, between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, (except Federal holidays). Call (202) 586–3142 for information.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Edward Pollock, U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, Forrestal Building, Mail Station EE–43, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20585-0121, (202) 586-5778, e-mail: Edward.Pollock@ee.doe.gov, or Michael J. McCabe, U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, Forrestal Building, Mail Station EE-40, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20585-0121, (202) 586-9155, e-mail: Michael.McCabe@ee.doe.gov; Eugene Margolis, Esq. U.S. Department of Energy, Office of General Counsel, Forrestal Building, Mail Station GC–72, 1000 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20585-0103, (202) 586-9507, e-mail:

Eugene.Margolis@hq.doe.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In its administration of the Appliance Standards Program, DOE has published procedures to make the rulemaking process more accessible to the public. (Procedures for Consideration of New or Revised Energy Conservation Standards for Consumer Products, 61 FR 36974, July 15, 1996). As part of the revised procedures, the Department pledged to provide "early opportunities for public input to and comment on the analyses." (61 FR 36976).

This notice announces three public workshops by which the Department plans to obtain public comment on the analyses being prepared for Notices of Proposed Rulemakings on revised energy efficiency standards for fluorescent lamp ballasts, clothes washers, and water heaters. In addition to providing interested parties the opportunity to comment on the analyses, the workshops will also provide interested parties with the opportunity to comment on what levels of revised energy efficiency standards proposals they could support from the analyses.

Prior to the public workshops, the Department will make publicly available the analytical results that it presently plans to use in its formal decision process. The material to be presented will be the bases for the Technical Support Documents for the Notices of Proposed Rulemakings. DOE staff and contractors will prepare the material.

These analytical results will be available from the Office of Codes and Standards (OCS) Internet site (http:www.eren.doe.gov/buildings/ codes\_standards/index.htm), and the DOE Freedom of Information Reading Room. The analyses that the Department plans to provide for review for each product are the results of the engineering cost-efficiency curves, lifecycle costs, paybacks, national energy savings, net national employment impacts, manufacturer impact analyses, and environmental effects. The complete set of analyses will be available according to the schedule in the **DATES** section of this Notice.

Once the analytical results are publicly available for each product, the Department will provide periods during which it will receive comments on both the analyses as well as on the policy implications drawn from the analyses. The Department will review and analyze the comments it receives on the policy recommendations and analyses.

Following receipt and review of comments for each product, the Department will conduct a workshop. The workshops will all have similar formats, wherein there will be a summary of the analytical results that will have been publicly available prior to each respective workshop, followed by a summary discussion of the comments received prior to the workshop. Lastly, a senior DOE official will facilitate a discussion on which standard levels participants at the workshop believe can be supported by the analyses.

The Department will conduct these workshops prior to our selection of proposed revisions to the energy efficiency standards for fluorescent lamp ballasts, clothes washers, and water heaters, and the Department will consider output from the workshops in the development of those proposals.

Following the respective workshops, the Department will provide an additional comment period, during which interested parties will have an opportunity to comment on the proceedings at the workshops, as well as on any aspect of the rulemaking proceedings, including what policy implications the commenters might draw from the analyses.

The Department will also consider all comments provided after the respective workshops in its determination of the appropriate revised energy-efficiency standards to propose.

If you would like to participate in the workshops, receive workshop material, or be added to the DOE mailing list to receive future notices and information regarding these workshops, please contact Ms. Brenda Edwards-Jones, (202) 586–2945.

Issued in Washington, DC, on May 4, 1999. **Dan W. Reicher**,

Assistant Secretary, Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy.

[FR Doc. 99–11566 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6450–01–P

### DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

## Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. CP99-337-000]

### Northern Natural Gas Company; Notice of Request Under Blanket Authorization

## April 30, 1999.

Take notice that on April 26, 1999, Northern Natural Gas Company (Northern), 1111 South 103rd Street, Omaha, Nebraska 68124-1000, filed in Docket No. CP99-337-000 a request pursuant to §§ 157.205, and 157.212, of the Commission's Regulations under the Natural Gas Act (18 CFR 157.205, 157.212) for authorization to relocate an existing delivery point serving Northern States Power Company on the Faribault Branchline located in Rice County, Minnesota under Northern's blanket certificate issued in Docket No. CP82-401–000, pursuant to Section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, all as more fully set forth in the request that is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection. This filing may be viewed on the web at http://www.ferc.fed.us/ online/rims.htm (call 202-208-2222 for assistance).

Northern states that the new delivery point will serve as a master meter and provide a central measurement point on the Faribault branchline and that no facilities are proposed to be retired or abandoned. Northern states that the total estimated cost to install the master meter is \$228,000.

Any person or the Commission's staff may, within 45 days after issuance of the instant notice by the Commission, file pursuant to Rule 214 of the Commission's Procedural Rules (18 CFR 385.214) a motion to intervene or notice of intervention and pursuant to §157.205 of the Regulations under the Natural Gas Act (18 CFR 157.205) a protest to the request. If no protest is filed within the time allowed therefor, the proposed activity shall be deemed to be authorized effective the day after the time allowed for filing a protest. If a protest is filed and not withdrawn within 30 days after the time allowed for filing a protest, the instant request shall be treated as an application for authorization pursuant to Section 7 of the Natural Gas Act.

#### **David P. Boergers**,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99–11509 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6717–01–M

## DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

#### Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. EG99-118-000, et al.]

## Capital Center Generating Company, LLC, et al.; Electric Rate and Corporate Regulation Filings

April 26, 1999.

Take notice that the following filings have been made with the Commission:

## 1. Capital Center Generating Company, LLC

#### [Docket No. EG99-118-000]

Take notice that on April 16, 1999, Capital Center Generating Company, LLC (CCGC), with its address c/o Noresco, Inc., 255 Main Street, Suite 500, Hartford, CT 06106, filed with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC or Commission) an application for determination of exempt wholesale generator status pursuant to Part 365 of the Commission's regulations.

CCGC is a Rhode Island limited liability company that will be engaged directly and exclusively in the business of developing, owning and operating an eligible facility to be located in Providence, Rhode Island, The eligible facility will consist of an approximately 6 MW gas-fired electric generation project and related interconnection facilities. The output of the eligible facility will be sold at wholesale to consumers located in the United States.

*Comment date:* May 17, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice. The Commission will limit its consideration of comments to those that concern the adequacy or accuracy of the application.

## 2. Lamar Power Partners, L.P.

#### [Docket No. EG99-119-000]

Take notice that on April 21, 1999, Lamar Power Partners, L.P. (Lamar Power) filed with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission an application for determination of exempt wholesale generator status pursuant to part 365 of the Commission's regulations.

Lamar Power, a Delaware limited partnership, is developing a natural gasfired eligible facility with a capacity of 1,000 megawatts, powered by four high efficiency "F" technology combustion turbines, which will be located in or near Paris, Texas.

*Comment date:* May 17, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice. The Commission will limit its consideration of comments to those that concern the adequacy or accuracy of the application.

## 3. Ocean Energy Services, Inc., Tractebel Energy Marketing, Inc., Eagle Gas Marketing Company, Lambda Energy Marketing Company, TECO EnergySource, Inc.

[Docket Nos. ER96–588–009, ER94–142–022, ER96–1503–012, ER94–1672–017, ER96– 1563–013]

Take notice that on April 21, 1999, the above-mentioned power marketers filed quarterly reports with the Commission in the above-mentioned proceedings for information only. These filings are available for public inspection and copying in the Public Reference Room or on the web at www.ferc.fed.us/online/rims.htm for viewing and downloading (call 202– 208–2222 for assistance).

## 4. Global Energy & Technology, Inc., Texpar Energy, Inc., Conectiv Energy Supply, Inc., Nine Energy Services, LLC Woodruff Energy, Applied Resources Integrated Services, Incorporated, Bonneville Fuels Management Corporation, Poco Petroleum, Inc., and Lakeside Energy Services, LLC

[Docket Nos. ER97-3416-005, ER95-62-017, ER98-2045-004, ER98-1915-004, ER97-3526-004, ER97-3526-005, ER97-2604-006, ER96-659-013, ER97-2197-006, ER97-2198-007, ER99-505-001]

Take notice that on April 23, 1999, the above-mentioned power marketers filed quarterly reports with the Commission in the above-mentioned proceedings for information only. These filings are available for public inspection and copying in the Public Reference Room or on the web at www.ferc.fed.us/online/rims.htm for viewing and downloading (call 202– 208–2222 for assistance).

## 5. CSW Energy Services, Inc., QST Energy Trading Inc., ONEOK Power Marketing Company, InterCoast Power Marketing Company, and NGTS Energy Services

[Docket Nos. ER98–2075–005, ER96–553– 014, ER98–3897–003, ER94–6–013, ER96– 2892–009]

Take notice that on April 22, 1999, the above-mentioned power marketers filed quarterly reports with the Commission in the above-mentioned proceedings for information only. These filings are available for public inspection and copying in the Public Reference Room or on the web at www.ferc.fed.us/online/rims.htm for viewing and downloading (call 202– 208–2222 for assistance).

# 6. Lakewood Cogeneration Limited Partnership

[Docket No. ER99-1213-000]

Take notice that on April 20, 1999, Lakewood Cogeneration Limited Partnership (Lakewood) submitted for filing a second amended Code of Conduct Regarding the Relationship between Lakewood Cogeneration Limited Partnership and Consumers Energy Company (Code of Conduct) in compliance with Ordering Paragraph A of the Commission's February 26, 1999 Order Conditionally Accepted for Filing Proposed Market-Based Rates.

*Comment date:* May 10, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

## 7. Pacific Gas and Electric Company

[Docket No. ER99-2532-000]

Take notice that on April 20, 1999, Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E) tendered for filing new Procedures for implementation of § 3.3 of the 1987 Agreement between PG&E and the City and County of San Francisco (City). PG&E also tendered for filing two Facilities Authorization Letters (Authorization Letters) between PG&E and City, respectively for large and small facilities.

The purpose of the Procedures is to allow for the filing of Facilities Authorization Letters, which streamline the procedures for filing numerous Facilities, and to facilitate payment of PG&E's costs of designing, constructing, procuring, testing, placing in operation, owning, operating and maintaining the customer-specific Facilities required for firm transmission and distribution service requested by City under these Facilities Authorization Letters.

PG&E has requested permission to use automatic rate adjustments whenever the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) authorizes a new Electric Rule 2 Cost of Ownership Rate but cap the monthly Transmission-level rates, respectively, at 0.58% and 1.19% for Customer-financed and PG&Efinanced Facilities, and cap the monthly Distribution-level rates, respectively, at 0.77% and 1.34% for Customerfinanced and PG&E-financed facilities.

Copies of this filing have been served upon City and the CPUC.

*Comment date:* May 10, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

## 8. Mississippi Power Company and Southern Company Services, Inc.

[Docket No. ER99-2533-000]

Take notice that on April 20, 1999, Mississippi Power Company and Southern Company Services, Inc., its agent, on tendered for filing a Service Agreement, pursuant to the Southern Companies Electric Tariff Volume No. 4—Market Based Rate Tariff, with South Mississippi Electric Power Association for the Hattiesburg Industrial Park Delivery Point to Pearl River Electric Power Association. The agreement will permit Mississippi Power to provide wholesale electric service to South Mississippi Electric Power Association at a new service delivery point.

Copies of the filing were served upon South Mississippi Electric Power Association, the Mississippi Public Service Commission, and the Mississippi Public Utilities Staff.

*Comment date:* May 10, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

## 9. Consumers Energy Company and Southwood 2000, Inc.

[Docket Nos. ER99-2554-000, ER99-2555-000]

Take notice that on April 21, 1999, the above-mentioned public utilities filed their quarterly transaction report for the first quarter ending March 31, 1999.

*Comment date:* May 11, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

## **10. Boralex Stratton Energy, Inc., Arizona Public Service Company**

[Docket Nos. ER99-2562-000, ER99-2572-000]

Take notice that on April 22, 1999, the above-mentioned public utilities filed their quarterly transaction report for the first quarter ending March 31, 1999.

*Comment date:* May 5, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

## 11. David N. Bassett, John R. Cooper, Kevin J. Donovan, Douglas F. Egan, George J. Grunbeck, Sanford L. Hartman, J.W. Maitland Horner, P. Chrisman Iribe, Peter E. Meier, M. Richard Smith, Suzanne Rich, Steven A. Wolfgram

[Docket Nos. ID-3134-002, ID-3132-002, ID-3273-000, ID-3274-000, ID-3235-001, ID-3275-000, ID-3276-000, ID-3131-003, ID-3237-001, ID-3277-000, ID-3278-000, ID-3238-001]

Take notice that on April 22, 1999, the above named individuals filed with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission an application for authority to hold interlocking positions in Pittsfield Generating Company, L.P. and/or Lake Road Generating Company, L.P., both with their principal place of business at One Bowdoin Square, Boston, Massachusetts 02114. *Comment date:* May 24, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

## **Standard Paragraphs**

E. Any person desiring to be heard or to protest such filing should file a motion to intervene or protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE, Washington, DC 20426, in accordance with Rules 211 and 214 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 385.211 and 385.214). All such motions or protests should be filed on or before the comment date. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party must file a motion to intervene. Copies of these filings are on file with the Commission and are available for public inspection. This filing may also be viewed on the Internet at http:// www.ferc.fed.us/ online/rims.htm (call 202-208-222 for assistance).

## Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99–11464 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

## DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

### Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. EC99-64-000, et al.]

## The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company, et al.; Electric Rate and Corporate Regulation Filings

April 28, 1999.

Take notice that the following filings have been made with the Commission:

## 1. The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company

[Docket No. EC99-64-000]

Take notice that on April 22, 1999, The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company (CEI) filed an amendment to an application pursuant to section 203 of the Federal Power Act, 16 U.S.C. 824b, for authorization to acquire certain jurisdictional transmission facilities. CEI's application was filed on April 16, 1999 in Docket No. EC99–64– 000.

CEI states that copies of the amendment were served on the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio and the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission.

*Comment date:* May 17, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

## 2. Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc., NRG Energy, Inc., Arthur Kill Power LLC, Astoria Gas Turbine Power LLC

[Docket Nos. EC99-68-000 and ER99-2610-000]

Take notice that on April 26, 1999, Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc., NRG Energy, Inc., Arthur Kill Power LLC, and Astoria Gas Turbine Power LLC (collectively, the Applicants) tendered for filing an application under section 203 of the Federal Power Act for approval to transfer certain jurisdictional facilities associated with the sale of the Arthur Kill Generation Station, located on Staten Island, New York and 20 gas turbine electric generation units at the Astoria Gas Turbine Site in Queens, New York. The Applicants also tendered for filing pursuant to section 205 of the Federal Power Act two continuing site agreements related to the transfer of facilities.

The Applicants have served a copy of this filing on the New York Public Service Commission.

*Comment date:* May 26, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 3. Hinson Power Company

[Docket No. EC99-69-000]

Take notice that on April 26, 1999, Hinson Power Company (Hinson), a power marketer, tendered for filing an application under Section 203 of the Federal Power Act for authorization to transfer control of its jurisdictional assets.

Under the proposed transaction, Hinson's stock would be acquired by Columbia Falls Aluminum Company and Columbia Falls Aluminum Company would be merged with and into Glencore Acquisition LLC with the surviving corporation continuing under the name of Columbia Falls Aluminum Company LLC.

*Comment date:* May 26, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 4. Somerset Power LLC

[Docket No. EG99-122-000]

Take notice that on April 26, 1999, Somerset Power LLC, with its principal office at 1221 Nicollet Mall, Suite 700, Minneapolis, MN 55403, filed with the Commission an application for determination of exempt wholesale generator status pursuant to part 365 of the Commission's Regulations.

Somerset Power states that it is a limited liability company organized under the laws of the State of Delaware. Somerset Power will be engaged directly and exclusively in owning an approximately 229 MW coal and jet fuel-fired electric generating facility located in Somerset, Massachusetts. Electric energy produced by the facility will be sold at wholesale to the Independent System Operator and into the New England Power Pool.

*Comment date:* May 19, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice. The Commission will limit its consideration of comments to those that concern the adequacy or accuracy of the application.

# 5. Somerset Operations Inc.

[Docket No. EG99-123-000]

Take notice that on April 26, 1999, Somerset Operations Inc. (Somerset Operations), with its principal office at 1221 Nicollet Mall, Suite 700, Minneapolis, MN 55403, filed with the Commission an application for determination of exempt wholesale generator status pursuant to part 365 of the Commission's Regulations.

Somerset Operations states that it is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Delaware. Somerset Operations will be engaged directly and exclusively in operating an approximately 229 MW coal and jet fuel-fired electric generating facility located in Somerset, Massachusetts. Electric energy produced by the facility will be sold at wholesale to the Independent System Operator and into the New England Power Pool.

*Comment date:* May 19, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice. The Commission will limit its consideration of comments to those that concern the adequacy or accuracy of the application.

#### 6. LSP-Kendall Energy, LLC

[Docket No. EG99-124-000]

Take notice that on April 26, 1999, LSP–Kendall Energy, LLC (Applicant), a Delaware limited liability company with a principal place of business at Two Tower Center, 10th Floor, East Brunswick, NJ 08816, filed with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (Commission), an application for determination of exempt wholesale generator status pursuant to part 365 of the Commission's Regulations.

The Applicant will begin constructing a natural gas-fired combined cycle electric generation facility with a nominal capacity of up to approximately one thousand one hundred (1,100) megawatts in Kendall County, Illinois (the Facility). The Facility is scheduled to commence commercial operation in the Summer of 2001. The Applicant is engaged directly, or indirectly through one or more affiliates as defined in Section 2(a)(11)(B) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, and exclusively in the business of owning or operating, or both owning and operating, all or part of one or more eligible facilities and selling electric energy from the Facility at wholesale.

*Comment date:* May 19, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice. The Commission will limit its consideration of comments to those that concern the adequacy or accuracy of the application.

# 7. Southwestern Public Service Company

[Docket No. ER85-477-018]

Take notice that on April 23, 1999, Southwestern Public Service Company tendered for filing an amended compliance filing in Docket No. ER85– 477–010.

*Comment date:* May 13, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

8. Northern States Power Company (Minnesota) and Northern States Power Company (Wisconsin); NRG Power Marketing, Inc.; Cabrillo Power I LLC; Cabrillo Power II LLC; El Segundo Power, LLC; Energy Masters Int'l, Inc.; Long Beach Generation LLC; Somerset Power LLC; Cadillac Renewable Energy LLC; NRG Generating (Parlin) Cogeneration Inc.; Arthur Kill Power LLC; Huntley Power LLC; Astoria Power LLC; Dunkirk Power LLC

[Docket Nos. ER98–2640–002; ER97–4281– 006; ER99–1115–002; ER99–1116–002; ER98–1127–003; ER94–1402–021; ER98– 1796–002; ER99–1712–001; ER98–4515–001; ER96–1679–001; ER96–1680–001; ER99– 2161–001; ER99–2162–001; ER99–2160–001; and ER99–2168–001]

Take notice that on April 20, 1999, Northern States Power Company (Minnesota) and its affiliates Northern States Power Company (Wisconsin), NRG Power Marketing, Inc., Cabrillo Power I LLC, Cabrillo Power II LLC, El Segundo Power, LLC, Energy Masters Int'l, Inc., Long Beach Generation LLC, Somerset Power LLC, Cadillac Renewable Energy LLC, NRG Generating (Parlin) Cogeneration Inc., Arthur Kill Power LLC, Huntley Power LLC, Astoria Power LLC, and Dunkirk Power LLC tendered for filing notification of a change in status to reflect certain departures from the facts the Commission relied upon in granting market-based rate authority. The companies informed the Commission of a planned merger between Northern States Power Company (Minnesota) and New Century Energies, Inc.

*Comment date:* May 10, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 9. Duquesne Light Company

[Docket No. ER99-1132-001]

Take notice that on April 23, 1999, Duquesne Light Company tendered for filing an amendment to its proposed changes to Duquesne's Open Access Transmission Tariff (OATT) and for an order accepting its proposed changes.

Duquesne has requested an effective date of April 23, 1999.

A copy of this filing was served on the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission and customers presently taking service under Duquesne's OATT.

*Comment date:* May 13, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# **10. Somerset POWERS LLC**

[Docket No. ER99-1712-002]

Take notice that on April 22, 1999, Somerset Power LLC, with its principal office at 1221 Nicollet Mall, Suite 700, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55403, tendered for filing with the Commission its modified rate schedule, pursuant to the Commission's March 31, 1999, Order requiring a compliance filing.

*Comment date:* May 12, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 11. California Independent System Operator Corporation

[Docket No. ER99-2563-000]

Take notice that on April 22, 1999, the California Independent System Operator Corporation (ISO), tendered for filing amendments to its Employees Code of Conduct and Governors Code of Conduct.

The ISO states that this filing has been served upon the Public Utilities Commission of California, the California Energy Commission, the California Electricity Oversight Board, and all parties with effective Scheduling Coordinator Service Agreements under the ISO Tariff.

*Comment date:* May 12, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 12. Puget Sound Energy, Inc.

[Docket No. ER99-2564-000]

Take notice that on April 22, 1999, Puget Sound Energy, Inc., as Transmission Provider, tendered for filing a Service Agreement for Firm Point-To-Point Transmission Service (Firm Point-To-Point Service Agreement) and a Service Agreement for Non-Firm Point-To-Point Transmission Service (Non-Firm Point-To-Point Service Agreement) with Reliant Energy Services, Inc. (Reliant), as Transmission Customer.

A copy of the filing was served upon Reliant.

*Comment date:* May 12, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

### 13. Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation

[Docket No. ER99-2565-000]

Take notice that on April 22, 1999, Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation (Niagara Mohawk), tendered for filing with Federal Energy Regulatory Commission an executed Transmission Service Agreement between Niagara Mohawk and Merchant Energy Group of the Americas, Inc., (MEGA). This Transmission Service Agreement specifies that MEGA has signed on to and has agreed to the terms and conditions of Niagara Mohawk's Open Access Transmission Tariff as filed in Docket No. OA96-194-000. This Tariff, filed with FERC on July 9, 1996, will allow Niagara Mohawk and MEGA to enter into separately scheduled transactions under which Niagara Mohawk will provide transmission service for MEGA as the parties may mutually agree.

Niagara Mohawk requests an effective date of April 15, 1999, Niagara Mohawk has requested waiver of the notice requirements for good cause shown.

Niagara Mohawk has served copies of the filing upon the New York State Public Service Commission and MEGA.

*Comment date:* May 12, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 14. Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation

[Docket No. ER99-2566-000]

Take notice that on April 21, 1999, Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation (Niagara Mohawk), tendered for filing with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission an executed Transmission Service Agreement between Niagara Mohawk and Merchant Energy Group of the Americas, Inc., (MEGA). This Transmission Service Agreement specifies that MEGA has signed on to and has agreed to the terms and conditions of Niagara Mohawk's Open Access Transmission Tariff as filed in Docket No. OA96-194-000. This Tariff, filed with FERC on July 9, 1996, will allow Niagara Mohawk and MEGA to enter into separately scheduled transactions under which Niagara Mohawk will provide transmission service for MEGA as the parties may mutually agree.

Niagara Mohawk requests an effective date of April 15, 1999. Niagara Mohawk has requested waiver of the notice requirements for good cause shown.

Niagara Mohawk has served copies of the filing upon the New York State Public Service Commission and MEGA.

*Comment date:* May 11, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 15. Kansas City Power & Light Company

[Docket No. ER99-2567-000]

Take notice that on April 22, 1999, Kansas City Power & Light Company (KCPL), tendered for filing a Service Agreement dated April 15, 1999, between KCPL and Kansas City, KS Board of Public Utilities. In its filing, KCPL states that the rates included in the above-mentioned Service Agreement are KCPL's rates and charges in the compliance filing to FERC Order No. 888–A in Docket No. OA97–636.

KCPL proposes an effective date of April 21, 1999 and requests waiver of the Commission's notice requirement. This Agreement provides for the rates and charges for Non-Firm Transmission Service.

*Comment date:* May 12, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 16. Kansas City Power & Light Company

[Docket No. ER99-2568-000]

Take notice that on April 22, 1999, Kansas City Power & Light Company (KCPL), tendered for filing a Service Agreement dated April 15, 1999, between KCPL and Kansas City, KS Board of Public Utilities. In its filing, KCPL states that the rates included in the above-mentioned Service Agreement are KCPL's rates and charges in the compliance filing to FERC Order No. 888–A in Docket No. OA97–636–000.

KCPL proposes an effective date of March 27, 1999 and requests a waiver of the Commission's notice requirement to allow the requested effective date. This Agreement provides for the rates and charges for Short-term Firm Transmission Service.

*Comment date:* May 12, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 17. UtiliCorp United Inc.

[Docket No. ER99-2569-000]

Take notice that on April 21, 1999, UtiliCorp United Inc., tendered for filing, a Service Agreement under its Market-Based Power Sales Tariff, FERC Electric Tariff Original Volume No. 28, with CMMPA/Utilities Plus. The Service Agreement provides for the sale of capacity and energy by UtiliCorp United Inc., to CMMPA/Utilities Plus pursuant to the tariff.

UtiliCorp requests waiver of the Commission's Regulations to permit the Service Agreement to become effective in accordance with its terms.

*Comment date:* May 11, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 18. PacifiCorp

[Docket No. ER99-2570-000]

Take notice that on April 21, 1999, PacifiCorp tendered for filing in accordance with 18 CFR 35 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations, Revisions to the Point-to-Point Transmission Service Agreement between PacifiCorp's Transmission Function and PacifiCorp's Merchant Function.

Copies of this filing were supplied to the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission and the Public Utility Commission of Oregon.

*Comment date:* May 11, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### **19. Illinois Power Company**

[Docket No. ER99-2571-000]

Take notice that on April 22, 1999, Illinois Power Company (Illinois Power), 500 South 27th Street, Decatur, Illinois 62526, tendered for filing a Power Sales Tariff, Service Agreement under which Omaha Public Power District will take service under Illinois Power Company's Power Sales Tariff. The agreements are based on the Form of Service Agreement in Illinois Power's tariff.

Illinois Power has requested an effective date of March 23, 1999.

*Comment date:* May 12, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 20. UtiliCorp United Inc.

[Docket No. ER99-2573-000]

Take notice that on April 21, 1999, UtiliCorp United Inc., tendered for filing, a Service Agreement under its Market-Based Power Sales Tariff, FERC Electric Tariff Original Volume No. 28, with Minnesota Power, Inc. The Service Agreement provides for the sale of capacity and energy by UtiliCorp United Inc. to Minnesota Power, Inc., pursuant to the tariff.

UtiliCorp requests waiver of the Commission's regulations to permit the Service Agreement to become effective in accordance with its terms.

*Comment date:* May 11, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 21. Carolina Power & Light Company

[Docket No. ER99-2574-000]

Take notice that on April 22, 1999, Carolina Power & Light Company (CP&L), tendered for filing an executed Service Agreement with Duke Energy Trading and Marketing, L.L.C., under the provisions of CP&L's Market-Based Rates Tariff, FERC Electric Tariff No. 4. This Service Agreement supersedes the un-executed Agreement originally filed in Docket No. ER98–3385–000 and approved effective May 18, 1998.

Copies of the filing were served upon the North Carolina Utilities Commission and the South Carolina Public Service Commission.

*Comment date:* May 12, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 22. Florida Power Corporation

[Docket No. ER99-2575-000]

Take notice that on April 22, 1999, Florida Power Corporation (FPC), tendered for filing an amendment to its Open Access Transmission Tariff that provides for the establishment of a charge for redispatch for network integration transmission service and network contract demand transmission service.

FPC requests that the Commission waive its notice requirements to allow the amendment to become effective on May 10, 1999.

*Comment date:* May 12, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 23. Peco Energy Company

[Docket No. ER99-2576-000]

Take notice that on April 21, 1999, PECO Energy Company (PECO), tendered a Service Agreement dated April 9, 1999 with Cinergy Capital & Trading, Inc. (CCT), under PECO's FERC Electric Tariff Original Volume No. 1 (Tariff). The Service Agreement adds CCT as a customer under the Tariff.

PECO requests an effective date of April 9, 1999, for the Service Agreement.

PECO states that copies of this filing have been supplied to CCT and to the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission.

*Comment date:* May 11, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 24. Public Service Company of New Mexico

[Docket No. ER99-2577-000]

Take notice that on April 22, 1999, Public Service Company of New Mexico (PNM), tendered for filing a mutual netting/close-out agreement between PNM and Avista Energy, Inc., (Avista).

PNM requested waiver of the Commission's notice requirement so that service under the PNM/Avista netting agreement may be effective as of April 1, 1999.

Copies of the filing were served on Avista and the New Mexico Public Regulation Commission.

*Comment date:* May 12, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 25. CSW Power Marketing, Inc.

[Docket No. ER99-2579-000]

Take notice that on April 22, 1999, the above-mentioned Affiliated Power Producer filed a quarterly report for the quarter ending March 31, 1999.

*Comment date:* May 12, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 26. Duke Energy Corporation

[Docket No. ER99-2580-000]

Take notice that on April 22, 1999, Duke Energy Corporation (Duke), tendered for filing a revised true-up filing for Calendar Year 1997, under Article II.3 of the Settlement Agreement approved by Commission's Letter Order issued October 9, 1991 in Docket No. ER90–315–000.

*Comment date:* May 12, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 27. New Century Services, Inc.

[Docket No. ER99-2581-000]

Take notice that on April 23, 1999, New Century Services, Inc., on behalf of Cheyenne Light, Fuel and Power Company, Public Service Company of Colorado, and Southwestern Public Service Company (collectively Companies), tendered for filing a Service Agreement under their Joint Open Access Transmission Service Tariff for Non-Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Service between the Companies and Statoil Energy Trading, Inc.

*Comment date:* May 13, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 28. Jersey Central Power & Light Company, Metropolitan Edison Company, Pennsylvania Electric Company

[Docket No. ER99-2584-000]

Take notice that on April 23, 1999, Jersey Central Power & Light Company, Metropolitan Edison Company and Pennsylvania Electric Company (d/b/a GPU Energy), tendered for filing an executed Service Agreement between GPU Energy and Florida Power & Light Company (FP&L), dated April 22, 1999. This Service Agreement specifies that FP&L has agreed to the rates, terms and conditions of GPU Energy's Market-Based Sales Tariff (Sales Tariff) designated as FERC Electric Rate Schedule, Second Revised Volume No. 5. The Sales Tariff allows GPU Energy and FP&L to enter into separately scheduled transactions under which GPU Energy will make available for sale, surplus capacity and/or energy.

GPU Energy requests a waiver of the Commission's notice requirements for good cause shown and an effective date of April 22, 1999, for the Service Agreement.

GPU Energy has served copies of the filing on regulatory agencies in New Jersey and Pennsylvania.

*Comment date:* May 13, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 29. Jersey Central Power & Light Company, Metropolitan Edison Company, Pennsylvania Electric Company

[Docket No. ER99-2586-000]

Take notice that on April 23, 1999, Jersey Central Power & Light Company, Metropolitan Edison Company and Pennsylvania Electric Company (d/b/a GPU Energy), tendered for filing an executed Service Agreement between GPU Energy and Morgan Stanley Capital Group Inc. (MORGAN), dated April 14, 1999. This Service Agreement specifies that MORGAN has agreed to the rates, terms and conditions of GPU Energy's Market-Based Sales Tariff (Sales Tariff) designated as FERC Electric Rate Schedule, Second Revised Volume No. 5. The Sales Tariff allows GPU Energy and MORGAN to enter into separately scheduled transactions under which GPU Energy will make available for sale, surplus capacity and/or energy.

GPU Energy requests a waiver of the Commission's notice requirements for good cause shown and an effective date of April 14, 1999, for the Service Agreement.

GPU Energy has served copies of the filing on regulatory agencies in New Jersey and Pennsylvania.

*Comment date*: May 13, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 30. Jersey Central Power & Light Company, Metropolitan Edison Company, Pennsylvania Electric Company

[Docket No. ER99-2587-000]

Take notice that on April 23, 1999, Jersey Central Power & Light Company, Metropolitan Edison Company and Pennsylvania Electric Company (d/b/a GPU Energy), tendered for filing an executed Service Agreement between GPU Energy and DTE Energy Trading, Inc. (DET), dated March 1, 1999. This Service Agreement specifies that DET has agreed to the rates, terms and conditions of GPU Energy's Market-Based Sales Tariff (Sales Tariff) designated as FERC Electric Rate Schedule, Second Revised Volume No. 5. The Sales Tariff allows GPU Energy and DET to enter into separately scheduled transactions under which GPU Energy will make available for sale, surplus capacity and/or energy.

GPU Energy requests a waiver of the Commission's notice requirements for good cause shown and an effective date of March 1, 1999, for the Service Agreement.

GPU Energy has served copies of the filing on regulatory agencies in New Jersey and Pennsylvania.

*Comment date:* May 13, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### Standard Paragraphs

E. Any person desiring to be heard or to protest such filing should file a motion to intervene or protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE, Washington, DC 20426, in accordance with Rules 211 and 214 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 385.211 and 385.214). All such motions or protests should be filed on or before the comment date. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party must file a motion to intervene. Copies of these filings are on file with the Commission and are available for public inspection. This filing may also be viewed on the Internet at http:// www.ferc.fed.us/online/rims.htm (call 202-208-222 for assistance).

#### Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

#### Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99–11466 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

# DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

#### Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. ER97-3729-001, et al.]

**PJM Interconnection, L.L.C., et al.**; Electric Rate and Corporate Regulation Filings

April 30, 1999.

Take notice that the following filings have been made with the Commission:

#### 1. PJM Interconnection, L.L.C.

[Docket No. ER97-3729-001]

Take notice that on April 27, 1999, in accordance with a letter order issued by the Commission on March 19, 1999 in the above captioned docket, PJM Interconnection, L.L.C. (PJM), tendered for filing revised pages to the Amended and Restated Operating Agreement of PJM Interconnection, L.L.C., and the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff.

PJM requests an effective date of April 1, 1999, for the compliance amendments, the date previously set by the Commission for implementation of market based rates in the PJM Interchange Market.

Copies of this filing were served upon all PJM Members, the state electric regulatory commissions in the PJM Control Area, and all parties to this docket.

*Comment date:* May 17, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

2. PJM Interconnection, L.L.C. [Docket No. ER98–3527–003]

Take notice that on April 27, 1999, in compliance with PJM Interconnection, L.L.C., 86 FERC ¶ 61,247 (1999), PJM Interconnection, L.L.C. (PJM), tendered for filing revised pages to the PJM Open Access Transmission Tariff, modifying the PJM Market Monitoring Plan (Plan).

PJM requests an effective date of April 1, 1999, for the compliance amendments as previously set by the Commission for the Plan.

Copies of this filing were served upon all PJM Members, each state electric utility regulatory commission in the PJM control area, and all parties to this docket.

*Comment date:* May 17, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 3. Carolina Power & Light Company

[Docket No. ER99-2275-000]

Take notice that on April 27, 1999, Carolina Power & Light Company requested withdrawal of the Service Agreement filed with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission in the abovereferenced docket on March 26, 1999. Copies of the filing were served upon the North Carolina Utilities Commission and the South Carolina Public Service Commission.

*Comment date:* May 17, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 4. Green Mountain Energy Resources Inc.

[Docket No. ER99-2489-000]

Take notice that on April 27, 1999, Green Mountain Energy Resources Inc. (Green Mountain), tendered for filing an amendment to its filing of a Petition For Acceptance of Initial Rate Schedule, Waivers And Blanket Authority, dated April 13, 1999 and filed with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission on April 14, 1999. The intent of the amendment is to expand on Section II of the Petition titled "Description of the Applicant."

*Comment date:* May 17, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 5. Duke Energy Corporation

[Docket No. ER99-2611-000]

Take notice that on April 27, 1999, Duke Energy Corporation (Duke), tendered for filing Service Agreements with Carolina Power & Light Company (CP&L), for Firm Transmission Service under Duke's Open Access Transmission Tariff.

Duke requests that the proposed Service Agreement for OASIS #73500 be permitted to become effective on October 1, 2000. Duke also requests that the proposed Service Agreement for OASIS #75469 be permitted to become effective July 1, 1999.

Duke states that this filing is in accordance with Part 35 of the Commission's Regulations and a copy has been served on the North Carolina Utilities Commission.

*Comment date:* May 17, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 6. West Texas Utilities Company

[Docket No. ER99-2612-000]

Take notice that on April 27, 1999, West Texas Utilities Company (WTU), tendered for filing an Assignment of Service Agreements between WTU, Midwest Electric Cooperative, Inc. (Midwest) and Big Country Electric Cooperative, Inc. (Big Country), an Assignment of Service Agreement between WTU, Stamford Electric Cooperative, Inc. (Stamford) and Big Country, two Service Agreement between WTU and Big Country under WTU's Wholesale Power Choice (WPC) Tariff and Exhibit A's describing points of delivery for service to Big Country. Pursuant to the Assignment Agreements, Midwest and Stamford have agreed to assign to Big Country their existing Service Agreements with WTU under WTU's WPC Tariff.

WTU requests an effective date of January 1, 1999, for the agreements and Exhibit A's to the Big Country Service Agreements. Accordingly, WTU requests waiver of the Commission's notice requirements.

WTU states that copies of this filing have been served on the affected customers and the Public Utility Commission of Texas.

*Comment date:* May 17, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 7. Carolina Power & Light Company

[Docket No. ER99-2617-000]

Take notice that on April 27, 1999, Carolina Power & Light Company (CP&L), tendered for filing a quarterly report of transaction summaries for service under the provisions of CP&L's Market-Based Rates Tariff, FERC Electric Tariff No. 4, for the quarter ending March 31, 1999.

*Comment date:* May 17, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 8. Consumers Energy Company

[Docket No. ER99-2618-000]

Take notice that on April 27, 1999, Consumers Energy Company (Consumers), tendered for filing an executed service agreement for Non-Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Service with Columbia Energy Power Marketing Corporation (Customer), pursuant to the Joint Open Access Transmission Service Tariff filed on December 31, 1996 by Consumers and The Detroit Edison Company (Detroit Edison).

The agreement has an effective date of April 12, 1999.

Copies of the filed agreement were served upon the Michigan Public Service Commission, Detroit Edison, and the Customer.

*Comment date:* May 17, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 9. Commonwealth Electric Company and Cambridge Electric Light Company

[Docket No. ER99-2619-000]

Take notice that on April 27, 1999, Commonwealth Electric Company (Commonwealth) and Cambridge Electric Light Company (Cambridge), collectively referred to as the Companies, tendered for filing with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission their quarterly reports under Commonwealth's Market-Based Power Sales Tariff (FERC Electric Tariff Original Volume No. 7) and Cambridge's Market-Based Power Sales Tariff (FERC Electric Tariff Original Volume No. 9) for the period of January 1, 1999 to March 31, 1999.

*Comment date:* May 17, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 10. Allegheny Power Service Corp., on Behalf of Monongahela Power Co. The Potomac Edison Company, and West Penn Power Company (Allegheny Power)

[Docket No. ER99-2620-000]

Take notice that on April 27, 1999, Allegheny Power Service Corporation on behalf of Monongahela Power Company, The Potomac Edison Company and West Penn Power Company (Allegheny Power), tendered for filing Supplement No. 52 to add Illinois Power Company to Allegheny Power Open Access Transmission Service Tariff which has been accepted for filing by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission in Docket No. ER96–58–000.

The proposed effective date under the Service Agreement is April 26, 1999.

Copies of the filing have been provided to the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio, the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, the Maryland Public Service Commission, the Virginia State Corporation Commission, and the West Virginia Public Service Commission.

*Comment date:* May 17, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 11. Allegheny Power Service Corp., on Behalf of Monongahela Power Co., The Potomac Edison Company and West Penn Power Company (Allegheny Power)

[Docket No. ER99-2621-000]

Take notice that on April 27, 1999, Allegheny Power Service Corporation on behalf of Monongahela Power Company, The Potomac Edison Company and West Penn Power Company (Allegheny Power), tendered for filing Supplement No. 45 to add one (1) new Customer to the Standard Generation Service Rate Schedule under which Allegheny Power offers standard generation and emergency service on an hourly, daily, weekly, monthly or yearly basis. Allegheny Power requests a waiver of notice requirements to make service available as of April 26, 1999, to Nicole Energy Services, Inc.

Copies of the filing have been provided to the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio, the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, the Maryland Public Service Commission, the Virginia State Corporation Commission, the West Virginia Public Service Commission, and all parties of record.

*Comment date:* May 17, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

### 12. Allegheny Power Service Corp., on Behalf of Monongahela Power Co., The Potomac Edison Company and West Penn Power Company (Allegheny Power)

[Docket No. ER99-2622-000]

Take notice that on April 27, 1999, Allegheny Power Service Corporation on behalf of Monongahela Power Company, The Potomac Edison Company and West Penn Power Company (Allegheny Power) tendered for filing Supplement No. 21 to add two (2) new Customers to the Market Rate Tariff under which Allegheny Power offers generation services.

Allegheny Power requests a waiver of notice requirements to make service available as of April 26, 1999, to Nicole Energy Services, Inc., and Tennessee Valley Authority.

Copies of the filing have been provided to the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio, the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, the Maryland Public Service Commission, the Virginia State Corporation Commission, the West Virginia Public Service Commission, and all parties of record.

*Comment date:* May 17, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 13. Florida Power & Light Company

[Docket No. ER99-2623-000]

Take notice that on April 27, 1999, Florida Power & Light Company (FPL), tendered for filing a Service Agreement with PP&L, Inc., for service pursuant to FPL's Market Based Rates Tariff.

FPL requests that the Service Agreement be made effective on April 1, 1999.

*Comment date:* May 17, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 14. Indeck Pepperell Power Associates Inc.

[Docket No. ER99-2624-000]

Take notice that on April 27, 1999, Indeck Pepperell Power Associates, Inc. (Indeck Pepperell), tendered for filing with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission a Power Purchase and Sale Agreement (Service Agreement) between Indeck Pepperell and PG&E Energy Trading Power, L.P., (PG&E Energy Trading), dated March 26, 1999, for service under Rate Schedule FERC No. 1.

Indeck Pepperell requests that the Service Agreement be made effective as of April 1, 1999.

*Comment date:* May 17, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

### **15. Florida Power Corporation**

[Docket No. ER99-2625-000]

Take notice that on April 27, 1999, Florida Power Corporation (FPC), tendered for filing a service agreement between Koch Energy Trading, Inc., and FPC for service under FPC's Market-Based Wholesale Power Sales Tariff (MR–1), FERC Electric Tariff, Volume Number No. 8, as amended. This Tariff was accepted for filing by the Commission on June 26, 1997, in Docket No. ER97–2846–000.

The service agreement is proposed to be effective April 16, 1999.

*Comment date:* May 17, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 16. Florida Power Corporation

[Docket No. ER99-2626-000]

Take notice that on April 27, 1999, Florida Power Corporation (FPC), tendered for filing a report of short-term transactions that occurred under its Market-Based Rate Wholesale Power Sales Tariff (FERC Electric Tariff No. 8) during the quarter ending March 31, 1999.

*Comment date:* May 17, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# **Standard Paragraphs**

E. Any person desiring to be heard or to protest such filing should file a motion to intervene or protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20426, in accordance with Rules 211 and 214 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 385.211 and 385.214). All such motions or protests should be filed on or before the comment date. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party must file a motion to intervene. Copies of these filings are on file with the Commission and are available for public inspection. This filing may also be viewed on the Internet at http://

www.ferc.fed.us/ online/rims.htm (call 202–208–222 for assistance).

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99–11467 Filed 05–06–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

# DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. EC99-67-000, et al.]

# Portland General Electric Company, et al.; Electric Rate and Corporate Regulation Filings

April 29, 1999.

Take notice that the following filings have been made with the Commission:

#### 1. Portland General Electric Company

[Docket No. EC99-67-000]

Take notice that on April 23, 1999, Portland General Electric Company (PGE) submitted an application pursuant to section 203 of the Federal Power Act for authority to sell certain jurisdictional transmission facilities, as more fully set forth in the application, to PP&L Montana, LLC, or, in part and in the alternative, to Montana Power Company.

A copy of this application has been served upon the Oregon Public Utility Commission.

*Comment date:* May 24, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 2. Coastal Technology Nicaragua, S.A.

[Docket No. EG99-125-000]

Take notice that on April 27, 1999, Coastal Technology Nicaragua, S.A. (Applicant), West Wind Building, P.O. Box 1111, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands, BWI, filed with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission an application for determination of exempt wholesale generator status pursuant to part 365 of the Commission's Regulations.

Applicant, a Nicaragua Corporation intends to operate certain power generating facilities in Nicaragua. These facilities will include a 50.9 MW fuel oil fired power plant near Managua, Nicaragua.

*Comment date:* May 20, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice. The Commission will limit its consideration of comments to those that concern the adequacy or accuracy of the application.

#### 3. Coastal Technology Pakistan (Private) Limited

[Docket No. EG99-126-000]

Take notice that on April 27, 1999, Coastal Technology Pakistan (Private) Limited, (Applicant), 73–E, G.D. Arcade, Fazal-ul-Haq Road, Islamabad, Pakistan, filed with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission an application for determination of exempt wholesale generator status pursuant to part 365 of the Commission's Regulations.

Applicant, a Pakistan limited liability corporation intends to operate certain generating facilities in Pakistan. These facilities will include a 124.7 MW oil fired thermal electric generating facility located near Farouqabad, Pakistan.

*Comment date:* May 5, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice. The Commission will limit its consideration of comments to those that concern the adequacy or accuracy of the application.

# 4. PG&E Energy Services Corporation; Morgan Stanley Capital Group Inc.; Merchant Energy Group of the Americas, Inc.; Williams Energy Marketing & Trading Company

[Docket Nos. ER95–1614–019; ER94–1384– 023; ER98–1055–005; ER95–305–020]

Take notice that on April 27, 1999, the above-mentioned power marketers filed quarterly reports with the Commission in the above-mentioned proceedings for information only. These filings are available for public inspection and copying in the Public Reference Room or on the web at www.ferc.fed.us/online/rims.htm for viewing and downloading (call 202– 208–2222 for assistance).

### 5. Energy2, Inc.; Energy Atlantic, LLC; Questar Energy Trading Company; Brennan Power, Inc.; ENMAR Corporation; Preferred Energy Services, Inc.; Conoco Power Marketing, Inc.; California Polar Power Brokers, LLC; Brooklyn Navy Yard Cogeneration, L.P.

[Docket Nos. ER96–3086–009; ER98–4381– 002; ER96–404–014; ER97–1630–003; ER99– 254–002; ER96–2141–011; ER95–1441–017; ER98–701–002; ER97–886–005]

Take notice that on April 26, 1999, the above-mentioned power marketers filed quarterly reports with the Commission in the above-mentioned proceedings for information only. These filings are available for public inspection and copying in the Public Reference Room or on the web at www.ferc.fed.us/online/rims.htm for viewing and downloading (call 202– 208–2222 for assistance).

# 6. American Energy Trading, Inc.

[Docket No. ER97-360-010]

Take notice that on April 23, 1999, the above-mentioned power marketer filed a quarterly report with the Commission in the above-mentioned proceeding for information only. This filing is available for public inspection and copying in the Public Reference Room or on the web at www.ferc.fed.us/ online/rims.htm for viewing and downloading (call 202–208–2222 for assistance).

# 7. ProLiance Energy, LLC and Atlanta Gas Light Services, Inc.

[Docket Nos. ER97-420-009 and ER97-542-007]

Take notice that on April 28, 1999, the above-mentioned power marketers filed quarterly reports with the Commission in the above-mentioned proceedings for information only. These filings are available for public inspection and copying in the Public Reference Room or on the web at www.ferc.fed.us/online/rims.htm for viewing and downloading (call 202– 208–2222 for assistance).

# 8. Sempra Energy Trading Corp.

[Docket No. ER99-1473-000]

Take notice that on April 26, 1999, Sempra Energy Trading Corp. (SET), tendered for filing an amendment to its filing of January 26, 1999. In that filing, SET sought authorization to make sales of certain ancillary services in southern Nevada and Arizona at market-based rates.

*Comment date:* May 14, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 9. Carolina Power & Light Company

[Docket No. ER99-1871-000]

Take notice that on April 22, 1999, Carolina Power & Light Company amended the original filing made in this docket on February 18, 1999.

Copies of the filing were served upon the North Carolina Utilities Commission and the South Carolina Public Service Commission.

*Comment date:* May 12, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 10. New Century Services, Inc.

[Docket No. ER99-2582-000]

Take notice that on April 23, 1999, New Century Services, Inc., on behalf of Cheyenne Light, Fuel and Power Company, Public Service Company of Colorado, and Southwestern Public Service Company (collectively Companies), tendered for filing a Service Agreement under their Joint Open Access Transmission Service Tariff for Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Service between the Companies and Statoil Energy Trading, Inc.

The Companies request that the Agreement be made effective on March 29, 1999.

*Comment date:* May 13, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 11. Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc. and Delmarva Power & Light Company

[Docket Nos. ER99-2585-000 and ER99-2588-000]

Take notice that on April 23, 1999 the above-mentioned public utilities filed their quarterly transaction report for the first quarter ending March 31, 1999.

*Comment date:* May 13, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 12. Commonwealth Electric Company and Cambridge Electric Light Company

[Docket No. ER99-2589-000]

Take notice that on April 26, 1999, Commonwealth Electric Company (Commonwealth) and Cambridge Electric Light Company (Cambridge), (collectively referred to as the Companies), tendered for filing with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission executed Service Agreements between the Companies and the following Market-Based Power Sales Customers (collectively referred to herein as the Customers):

# Select Energy, Inc. and Sithe Power Marketing, Inc.

These Service Agreements specify that the Customer has signed on to and has agreed to the terms and conditions of the Companies' Market-Based Power Sales Tariffs designated as Commonwealth's Market-Based Power Sales Tariff (FERC Electric Tariff Original Volume No. 7) and Cambridge's Market-Based Power Sales Tariff (FERC Electric Tariff Original Volume No. 9). These Tariffs, accepted by the FERC on February 27, 1997, and which have an effective date of February 28, 1997, will allow the Companies and the Customers to enter into separately scheduled shortterm transactions under which the Companies will sell to the Customers capacity and/or energy as the parties may mutually agree.

The Companies request an effective date as specified on each Service Agreement.

*Comment date:* May 14, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 13. Tampa Electric Company

[Docket No. ER99-2592-000]

Take notice that on April 26, 1999, Tampa Electric Company (Tampa Electric), tendered for filing an updated weekly capacity charge for short term power service provided under its interchange service contract with Alabama Power Company, Georgia Power Company, Gulf Power Company, Mississippi Power Company, and Savannah Electric and Power Company (collectively, Southern Companies). Tampa Electric also tendered for filing updated caps on energy charges for emergency assistance and short term power service under the contract.

Tampa Electric requests that the updated capacity charge and caps on charges be made effective as of May 1, 1999, and therefore requests waiver of the Commission's notice requirement.

Tampa Electric states that a copy of the filing has been served upon Southern Companies and the Florida Public Service Commission.

*Comment date:* May 14, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 14. Tampa Electric Company

[Docket No. ER99-2593-000]

Take notice that on April 26, 1999, Tampa Electric Company (Tampa Electric), tendered for filing cost support schedules showing an updated daily capacity charge for its scheduled/shortterm firm interchange service provided under interchange contracts with each of 17 other utilities. Tampa Electric also tendered for filing updated caps on the charges for emergency and scheduled/ short-term firm interchange transactions under the same contracts.

Tampa Electric requests that the updated daily capacity charge and caps on charges be made effective as of May 1, 1999, and therefore requests waiver of the Commission's notice requirement.

Tampa Electric states that a copy of the filing has been served upon each of the parties to the affected interchange contracts with Tampa Electric, as well as the Florida and Georgia Public Service Commissions.

*Comment date:* May 14, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 15. Tampa Electric Company

[Docket No. ER99-2594-000]

Take notice that on April 26, 1999, Tampa Electric Company (Tampa Electric), tendered for filing updated transmission service rates under its agreements to provide qualifying facility transmission service for Mulberry Phosphates, Inc. (Mulberry), Cargill Fertilizer, Inc. (Cargill), and Auburndale Power Partners, Limited Partnership (Auburndale).

Tampa Electric proposes that the updated transmission service rates be made effective as of May 1, 1999, and therefore requests waiver of the Commission's notice requirement.

Copies of the filing have been served on Mulberry, Cargill, Auburndale, and the Florida Public Service Commission.

*Comment date:* May 14, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 16. Boston Edison Company

[Docket No. ER99-2598-000]

Take notice that on April 23, 1999, Boston Edison Company (BECo), tendered for filing an Interconnection Agreement between BECo and ANP Blackstone Energy Company (ANP). The agreement provides for the payment for the construction of transmission facilities necessary to connect ANP's generation in Blackstone, Massachusetts to BECo's 345 kV Line No. 336.

BECo requests an effective date of June 1, 1999.

*Comment date:* May 13, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 17. Northeast Utilities Service Company

[Docket No. ER99-2601-000]

Take notice that on April 26, 1999, Northeast Utilities Service Company (NUSCO) on behalf of its affiliates, The Connecticut Light and Power Company, Western Massachusetts Electric Company, and Public Service Company of New Hampshire, tendered for filing pursuant to Section 205 of the Federal Power Act and section 35.13 of the Commission's Regulations, a rate schedule change for sales of electric energy to Middleton Municipal Electric Department (Middleton).

NUSCO states that a copy of this filing was mailed to Middleton.

*Comment date:* May 14, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 18. LSP-Kendall Energy, LLC

[Docket No. ER99-2602-000]

Take notice that on April 26, 1999, LSP-Kendall Energy, LLC (LSP-Kendall), tendered for filing an initial rate schedule and request for certain waivers and authorizations pursuant to section 35.12 of the Regulations of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (the Commission). The initial rate schedule provides for the sale to wholesale purchasers of the output of an electric power generation facility to be developed by LSP-Kendall in Kendall County, Illinois. LSP-Kendall requests that the Commission set an effective date for the rate schedule on the date which is sixty (60) days from the date of this filing, or the date the Commission issues an order accepting the rate schedule, whichever first occurs.

A copy of the filing was served upon the Illinois Commerce Commission.

*Comment date:* May 14, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E

# at the end of this notice.

# **19. Consumers Energy Company**

[Docket No. ER99-2605-000]

Take notice that on April 26, 1999, Consumers Energy Company (Consumers), tendered for filing 19 executed service agreements for unbundled wholesale power service at cost-based rates pursuant to Consumers' Power Sales Tariff accepted for filing in Docket No. ER97–964–000. The service agreements all have effective dates of April 14, 1999 and are with the following customers:

1. Amoco Energy Trading Corporation

- 2. Cargill-Alliant, L.L.C.
- 3. Columbia Power Marketing Corporation
- 4. DTE Energy Trading, Inc.
- 5. Duke Power
- 6. DukeSolutions, Inc.
- 7. e prime, Inc.
- 8. The Energy Authority, Inc.
- 9. Entergy Power Marketing Corporation
- 10. FirstEnergy Trading and Power Marketing Inc.
- 11. Griffin Energy Marketing, L.L.C.
- 12. Merchant Energy Group of the Americas, Inc.
- 13. NorAm Energy Services, Inc.
- 14. PacifiCorp Power Marketing, Inc.
- 15. Plum Street Energy Marketing, Inc.
- 16. SCANA Energy Marketing, Inc.
- 17. Southern Company Services, Inc.
- 18. Tenaska Power Services Co.

19. Tennessee Valley Authority

Copies of the filing have been served on the Michigan Public Service Commission and the customers listed above.

*Comment date:* May 14, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 20. Genessee Power Station L.P. and Grayling Generating Station L.P.

[Docket Nos. ER99–2607–000 and ER99– 2608–000]

Take notice that on April 26, 1999 the above-mentioned Affiliated Power Producers filed quarterly reports for the quarter ending March 31, 1999.

*Comment date:* May 17, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 21. FirstEnergy Operating Companies

[Docket No. ER99-2609-000]

Take notice that on April 26, 1999, the FirstEnergy Operating Companies tendered for filing an application to increase the rates charged for transmission service under the FirstEnergy Open Access Tariff. This filing is made pursuant to section 205 of the Federal Power Act.

*Comment date:* May 14, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 22. Western Kentucky Energy Corp. and WKE Station Two Inc.

Docket Nos. ER99-2627-000 and ER99-2628-000]

Take notice that on April 27, 1999, the above-mentioned Affiliated Power Producers filed quarterly reports for the quarter ending March 31, 1999.

*Comment date:* May 17, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 23. Williams Generation Company-Hazelton; Consolidated Water Power Company; Potomac Electric Power Company

Docket Nos. ER99–2629–000; ER99–2630– 000; ER99–2590–000]

Take notice that on April 27, 1999, the above-mentioned public utilities filed their quarterly transaction report for the first quarter ending March 31, 1999.

*Comment date:* May 17, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### **Standard Paragraphs**

E. Any person desiring to be heard or to protest such filing should file a motion to intervene or protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE, Washington, DC 20426, in accordance with Rules 211 and 214 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 385.211 and 385.214). All such motions or protests should be filed on or before the comment date. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party must file a motion to intervene. Copies of these filings are on file with the Commission and are available for public inspection. This filing may also be viewed on the Internet at http://

www.ferc.fed.us/online/rims.htm (call 202–208–222 for assistance).

# Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99–11463 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

# DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

#### Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. EG99-94-000, et al.]

# Westwood Operating Company, L.L.C., et al.; Electric Rate and Corporate Regulation Filings

April 27, 1999.

Take notice that the following filings have been made with the Commission:

# 1. Westwood Operating Company, L.L.C.

[Docket No. EG99-94-000]

Take notice that on April 26, 1999, Westwood Operating Company, L.L.C. (Applicant), 139 East Fourth Street, P.O. Box 960, Cincinnati, Ohio 45201, filed with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission an amended application for determination of exempt wholesale generator status pursuant to Part 365 of the Commission's Regulations.

Applicant, a Delaware Limited Liability Company, is a wholly owned subsidiary of Cinergy Capital & Trading, Inc., an Indiana Corporation. Applicant will be engaged directly and exclusively in the business of operating a 30 MW waste coal-fired generating facility located in Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania. Äpplicant will operate and maintain the facility pursuant to an agency relationship with the owner of the eligible facility. Applicant further states that all material facts set forth in its previous application for exempt wholesale generator status remain true, except as amended by this application.

*Comment date:* May 12, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice. The Commission will limit its consideration of comments to those that concern the adequacy or accuracy of the application.

#### 2. Energy Services, Inc., Exact Power Co., Inc., CMS Marketing Services and Trading Company, Illinova Energy Partners, Inc., Coral Power, L.L.C. and Unicom Power Marketing, Inc.

[Docket Nos. ER95–1021–015 ER97–382–009 ER96–2350–017 ER94–1475–016 ER96–25– 015 ER97–3954–007]

Take notice that on April 26, 1999, the above-mentioned power marketers filed quarterly reports with the Commission in the above-mentioned proceedings for information only. These filings are available for public inspection and copying in the Public Reference Room or on the web at www.ferc.fed.us/ online/rims.htm for viewing and downloading (call 202– 208–2222 for assistance).

# 3. Montaup Electric Company

[Docket No. ER99-1663-000]

Take notice that on April 21, 1999, Montaup Electric Company (Montaup), tendered for filing a corrected amendment to its April 15, 1999, filing in the above-referenced docket.

*Comment date:* May 11, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 4. New York State Electric & Gas Corporation

[Docket No. ER99-2556-000]

Take notice that on April 21, 1999, New York State Electric & Gas Corporation (NYSEG), tendered for filing pursuant to Part 35 of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, 18 CFR 35, a service agreement (the Service Agreement) under which NYSEG may provide capacity and/or energy to Enserch Energy Services (New York), Inc. (Enserch NY) in accordance with NYSEG's FERC Electric Tariff, Original Volume No. 3.

NYSEG has requested waiver of the notice requirements so that the Service Agreement with Enserch NY becomes effective as of April 12, 1999.

NYSEG has served copies of the filing upon the New York State Public Service Commission and Enserch NY.

*Comment date:* May 11, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 5. Virginia Electric and Power Company

[Docket No. ER99-2557-000]

Take notice that on April 21, 1999, Virginia Electric and Power Company (Virginia Power), tendered for filing a Service Agreement for Long Term Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Service with PECO Energy Company under the Open Access Transmission Tariff to Eligible Purchasers dated July 14, 1997. Under the tendered Service Agreement, Virginia Power will provide Long Term Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Service to the Transmission Customer under the rates, terms and conditions of the Open Access Transmission Tariff.

Virginia Power requests an effective date of June 1, 1999.

Copies of the filing were served upon PECO Energy Company, the Virginia State Corporation Commission and the North Carolina Utilities Commission. *Comment date:* May 11, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 6. Virginia Electric and Power Company

[Docket No. ER99-2558-000]

Take notice that on April 21, 1999, Virginia Electric and Power Company (Virginia Power), tendered for filing an Amendment to the Service Agreement for Network Integration Transmission Service and an Amendment to the Network Operating Agreement between Virginia Power and the towns of Stantonsburgh, Black Creek and Lucama, North Carolina. Under the tendered Amended Agreements, Virginia Power's Wholesale Power Group will be substituted for the towns of Stantonsburgh, Black Creek and Lucama as the transmission customer while all other provisions of the filed agreements remain in effect.

Virginia Power requests an effective date of August 1, 1998.

Copies of the filing were served upon The Wholesale Power Group, the Virginia State Corporation Commission and the North Carolina Utilities Commission.

Comment date: May 11, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 7. Allegheny Power Service Corp., on behalf of Monongahela Power Co., The Potomac Edison Company, and West Penn Power Company (Allegheny Power)

[Docket No. ER99-2559-000]

Take notice that on April 21, 1999, Allegheny Power Service Corporation on behalf of Monongahela Power Company, The Potomac Edison Company and West Penn Power Company (Allegheny Power), filed Supplement No. 51 to add Duke Power to Allegheny Power's Open Access Transmission Service Tariff which has been accepted for filing by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission in Docket No. ER96–58–000.

The proposed effective date under the Service Agreement is April 20, 1999.

Copies of the filing have been provided to the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio, the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, the Maryland Public Service Commission, the Virginia State Corporation Commission, and the West Virginia Public Service Commission.

*Comment date:* May 11, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# 8. Northern Indiana Public Service Company

[Docket No. ER99-2560-000]

Take notice that on April 21, 1999, Northern Indiana Public Service Company (Northern Indiana), tendered for filing a Service Agreement pursuant to its Power Sales Tariff with Minnesota Power, Inc., (MP).

Northern Indiana has requested an effective date of April 19, 1999.

Copies of this filing have been sent to MP, to the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission, and to the Indiana Office of Utility Consumer Counselor.

*Comment date:* May 11, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### 9. Dayton Power and Light Company

[Docket No. ER99-2561-000]

Take notice that on April 21, 1999, Dayton Power and Light Company (Dayton), tendered for filing service agreements establishing NorAm Energy Services, Inc., as a customer under the terms of Dayton's Market-Based Sales Tariff.

Dayton requests an effective date of one day subsequent to this filing for the service agreements. Accordingly, Dayton requests waiver of the Commission's notice requirements.

Copies of this filing were served upon NorAm Energy Services, Inc., and the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio.

*Comment date:* May 11, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

### 10. Allegheny Power Service Corp., on behalf of Monongahela Power Co., The Potomac Edison Company, and West Penn Power Company (Allegheny Power)

[Docket No. ER99-2583-000]

Take notice that on April 21, 1999, Allegheny Power Service Corporation on behalf of Monongahela Power Company, The Potomac Edison Company and West Penn Power Company (Allegheny Power), filed Supplement No. 50 to add PECO Energy Company—Power Team to Allegheny Power's Open Access Transmission Service Tariff which has been accepted for filing by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

The proposed effective date under the Service Agreement is April 20, 1999.

Copies of the filing have been provided to the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio, the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, the Maryland Public Service Commission, the Virginia State Corporation Commission, the West Virginia Public Service Commission. *Comment date:* May 11, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

# **11. Geysers Power Company LLC**

[Docket No. QF95-61-002]

Take notice that on April 21, 1999, Geysers Power Company, LLC, 50 West San Fernando Street, San Jose, California 95113 (Geysers Power), tendered for filing with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission an application for recertification of a facility as a qualifying small power production facility pursuant to § 292.207(b) of the Commission's Regulations. No determination has been made that the submittal constitutes a complete filing.

The facility is a 63 MW geothermal small power production facility located in The Geysers area of Sonoma County, California, and known as Calpine Geothermal Unit 9/10 (Facility). The Facility is being acquired by Geysers Power from Pacific Gas & Electric Company (PG&E). Geysers Power states that the purpose of this Application is to reflect proposed changes in the ownership of the Facility and to confirm the status of the Facility as a qualifying small power production facility and an eligible facility under the Solar, Wind, Waste And Geothermal Power Production Incentives Act of 1990.

The Facility is interconnected with PG&E. Geysers Power expects to sell power into the deregulated California electricity market. Standby, back-up and/or interruptible power will be purchased from PG&E.

*Comment date:* May 21, 1999, in accordance with Standard Paragraph E at the end of this notice.

#### **Standard Paragraphs**

E. Any person desiring to be heard or to protest such filing should file a motion to intervene or protest with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street, NE, Washington, DC 20426, in accordance with Rules 211 and 214 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (18 CFR 385.211 and 385.214). All such motions or protests should be filed on or before the comment date. Protests will be considered by the Commission in determining the appropriate action to be taken, but will not serve to make protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party must file a motion to intervene. Copies of these filings are on file with the Commission and are available for public inspection. This filing may also be viewed on the Internet at http://

www.ferc.fed.us/online/rims.htm (call 202–208–222 for assistance).

Linwood A. Watson, Jr.,

Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99–11465 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6717–01–P

#### ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-6337-7]

# Air Pollution Control; Proposed Action on Clean Air Act Grant to the Santa Barbara County Air Pollution Control District

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Notice; proposed determination with request for comments and notice of opportunity for public hearing.

SUMMARY: The U.S. EPA has made a proposed determination under section 105(c) of the Clean Air Act (CAA) that a reduction in expenditures of non-Federal funds for the Santa Barbara **County Air Pollution Control District** (SBAPCD, or "District") in Santa Barbara, California is the result of a nonselective reduction in expenditures. This determination, when final, will permit the SBAPCD to be awarded financial assistance for FY-99 by EPA, under section 105(c) of the CAA. DATES: Comments and/or requests for a public hearing must be received by EPA at the address stated below by June 7, 1999.

ADDRESSES: All comments and/or requests for a public hearing should be mailed to: Sara Bartholomew, Grants and Program Integration Office (AIR–8), Air Division, U.S. EPA Region 9, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, California 94105–3901; FAX (415) 744– 1076.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sara Bartholomew, Grants and Program Integration Office (AIR–8), Air Division, U.S. EPA Region 9, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, California 94105– 3901 at (415) 744–1250.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Under the authority of section 105 of the CAA, EPA provides financial assistance (grants) to the SBAPCD to aid in the operation of its air pollution control programs. In FY–98, EPA awarded the SBAPCD \$422,000, which represented approximately 10% of the District's budget.

Section 105(c)(1) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. 7405(c)(1), provides that "[n]o agency shall receive any grant under this section during any fiscal year when its expenditures of non-Federal funds for recurrent expenditures for air pollution control programs will be less than its expenditures were for such programs during the preceding fiscal year. In order for [EPA] to award grants under this section in a timely manner each fiscal year, [EPA] shall compare an agency's prospective expenditure level to that of its second preceding year.' EPA may still award financial assistance to an agency not meeting this requirement, however, if EPA, "after notice and opportunity for public hearing, determines that a reduction in expenditures is attributable to a nonselective reduction in the expenditures in the programs of all Executive branch agencies of the applicable unit of Government." CAA section 105(c)(2). These statutory requirements are repeated in EPA's implementing regulations at 40 CFR 35.210(a).

In its FY–99 section 105 application, SBAPCD projected expenditures of non-Federal funds for recurrent expenditures (or its maintenance of effort (MOE)) of \$3,285,988. This amount represents a shortfall of \$133,552 from the actual FY–98 MOE of \$3,419,540. In order for the District to be eligible to be awarded its FY–99 grant, EPA must make a determination under § 105(c)(2).

The SBAPCD is a single-purpose agency whose primary source of funding is permit fee revenue. Fees associated with permits issued by the SBAPCD go directly to the district to fund its operations. It is the "unit of Government" for section 105(c)(2)purposes. The SBAPCD submitted documentation to EPA which shows that air permit fee revenues have continued to decrease due to emission reductions from permitted sources and a decline in oil and gas activity. As a result, the SBAPCD's overall budget and its MOE decreased. The SBAPCD also submitted documentation to EPA which shows that the District lost 12.75 staff positions since FY97. These reductions in fees and staff have been non-selective in that all programs within SBAPCD have been impacted.

In summary, the SBAPCD's MOE reductions resulted from budget cuts stemming from a loss of fee revenues due to circumstances beyond the District's control. EPA proposes to determine that the SBAPCD's lower FY– 99 MOE level meets the section 105(c)(2) criteria as resulting from a non-selective reduction of expenditures. Pursuant to 40 CFR 35.210, this determination will allow the SBAPCD to be awarded financial assistance for FY– 99.

This document constitutes a request for public comment and an opportunity

for public hearing as required by the Clean Air Act. All written comments received by June 7, 1999 on this proposal will be considered. EPA will conduct a public hearing on this proposal only if a written request for such is received by EPA at the address above by June 7, 1999.

If no written request for a hearing is received, EPA will proceed to the final determination. While notice of the final determination will not be published in the **Federal Register**, copies of the determination can be obtained by sending a written request to Sara Bartholomew at the above address.

Dated: April 23, 1999.

#### David P. Howekamp,

*Director, Air Division, Region 9.* [FR Doc. 99–11563 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

#### [ER-FRL-6242-4]

# Environmental Impact Statements and Regulations; Availability of EPA Comments

Availability of EPA comments prepared April 12, 1999 Through April 16, 1999 pursuant to the Environmental Review Process (ERP), under section 309 of the Clean Air Act and section 102(2)(c) of the National Environmental Policy Act as amended. Requests for copies of EPA comments can be directed to the Office of Federal Activities at (202) 564–7167.

An explanation of the ratings assigned to draft environmental impact statements (EISs) was published in FR dated April 9, 1999 (64 FR 17362).

# **Draft EISs**

ERP No. D–DOA–F36162–MN, Rating EC2, Snake River Watershed Plan, Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention, NPDES Permit and COE section 404 Permit, Marshall Pennington and Polk Counties, MN.

Summary: EPA expressed environmental concerns regarding alternatives, characterization of the affected environment, impacts to wetlands and waters of the United States, and mitigation. EPA requested that those issues be addressed in the final document.

ERP No. D–USA–G11036–AR, Rating EC2, Fort Chaffee Disposal and Reuse, Implementation, Ozark Mountains, Sebastian, Crawford, Franklin, Smith, Barling and Greenwood Counties, AR.

Summary: EPA had environmental concerns regarding potential wetland,

and landfill expansion impact. EPA requested that the final document provide additional information on these issues.

ERP No. DA–NOA–K91007–00, Rating EC2, Pacific Coast Salmon Plan (1997) for Amendment 14, Fishery Management Plan, Comprehensive Updating, Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ), Off the Coasts of WA, OR and CA.

*Summary:* EPA requested addition information on hook-and release mortality assumptions, misidentification of harvestable fish and modelling limits.

# **Final EISs**

ERP No. F–COE–K01008–CA, Santa Maria and Sisquoc Rivers Specific Plan, Mining and Reclamantion Plans, (MRPs), Coast Rock Site and S.P. Milling Site, Conditional Use Permits, Approval of Reclamantion Plans, and Section 404 Permits, Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo County, CA.

*Summary:* The FEIS satisfactorily addressed EPA's previous objections. EPA requested that the mitigation measures described in the FEIS be included in the Corps' Record of Decision and as permit conditions in the Clean Water Act Section 404 permits for the proposed mining activities.

ERP No. F–SFW–K65115–CA, Headwaters Forest Acquisition and the Palco Sustained Yield Plan and Habitat Conservation Plan, Implementation, Humboldt, Del Norte and Mendocino Counties, CA.

Summary: EPA supports the proposed HCP, EPA remains concerned with the ability of the lead agencies to fully implement all commitments and with the precedent of permitting timber harvest at a level that exceeds growth for the first two decades. Since these watersheds are already over the cumulative effects threshold, EPA recommended reduced harvest levels or limitations on clearcutting.

ERP No. FC–NOA–L64015–AK, Groundfish Fishery of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Area and Groundfish of the Gulf of Alaska, Implementation of Groundfish Total Allowable Catch Specifications and Prohibited Species Catch Limits Under the Authority of the Fishery Management Plans, AK.

Summary: EPA believes that NMFS was generally responsive to EPA's concerns at the DEIS stage. However, EPA continue to be concerned with the range of alternatives related to the "Total Allowable Catch" and the depth of discussion on impacts to Sensitive Species and Native Subsistence need. ERP No. FS–NOA–A91054–00, Atlantic, Gulf and Caribean Exclusive Economic Zones (EEZ) Billfish Fishery Management Plan, White and Blue Marlin, Sailfish, and the Longbill Spearfish, Implementation.

*Summary:* EPA had not objections to the proposed regulations.

Dated: May 4, 1999.

# William A. Dickerson,

Director, NEPA Compliance Division, Office of Federal Activities.

[FR Doc. 99–11558 Filed 05–06–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–U

# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[ER-FRL-6242-3]

# Environmental Impact Statements; Notice of Availability

*Responsible Agency:* Office of Federal Activities, General Information (202) 564–7167 or (202) 564–7153.

- Weekly receipt of Environmental Impact Statements
- Filed April 26, 1999 Through April 30, 1999

Pursuant to 40 CFR 1506.9.

- EIS No. 990144, FINAL EIS, AFS, FL, Florida National Forests, Revised Land and Resource Management Plan, Implementation, Apalachicola, Choctowhatchee, Ocala and Osceola National Forests, Several Counties, FL, Due: June 07, 1999, Contact: Marsha Kearney (850) 942–9300.
- EIS No. 990145, DRAFT EIS, AFS, UT, South Manti Timber Salvage, To address Ecological and Economic Values affected by Spruce Beetle Activity in the South Manti Project, Manti-La National Forest, Ferron-Price and Sanpeter Ranger Districts, Sanpete and Sevier Counties, UT, Due: June 21, 1999, Contact: Don Fullmer (435) 637–2817.
- EIS No. 990146, DRAFT EIS, FHW, NV, US-95 Improvements, Along Summerlin Parkway to the Local and Arterial Road Network in the Northwest Region of Las Vegas, Construction and Operation, Clark County, NV, Due: July 09, 1999, Contact: Daryl James (775) 888-7013.
- EIS No. 990147, DRAFT EIS, SFW, WA, Little Pend Oreille National Wildlife Refuge, Implementation, Comprehensive Conservation Plan, Stevens and Pend Oreille Counties, WA, Due: June 30, 1999, Contact: Mike Marxen (503) 590–6596.

#### **Amended Notices**

EIS No. 990071, DRAFT EIS, FHW, CT, CT 82/85/11 Corridor Transportation Improvements, Funding and COE Section 404 Permit, In the Towns of Salem, Montville, East Lyme and Waterford, CT, Due: May 21, 1999, Contact: Donald J. West (860) 659– 6703.

- Published FR 03–19–99—Review Period extended.
- EIS No. 990075, FINAL EIS, COE, TX, Dallas Floodway Extension, Implementation, Trinity River Basin, Flood Damage Reduction and Environmental Restoration, Dallas County, TX, Due: May 19, 1999, Contact: Gene T. Rice, Jr. (817) 978– 2110.
- Published FR—12–04–98—Review Period Extended.
- EIS No. 990101, DRAFT EIS, COE, IL, WI, Upper Des Plaines River Flood Damage Reduction Project, Recommended Plan to Construction of a Lateral Storage Area, National Economic Development (NED), Lake County, IL and Kenosha and Racine Counties, WI, Due: June 04, 1999, Contact: Keith Ryder (312) 353–6400. Published FR 04–09–99 Review Period
- Extended. EIS No. 990115, DRAFT EIS, SFW, WI, Karner Blue Butterfly Habitat Conservation Plan State-wide, Application for an Incidental Take
- Permit, several counties, WI, Due: June 15, 1999, Contact: Lisa Mandell (612) 713–5343.
- Published FR-04-16-99 Due Date Correction.
- Dated: May 4, 1999.

William D. Dickerson,

Director, Office of Federal Activities. [FR Doc. 99–11557 Filed 05–06–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–U

# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-6337-6]

# Meeting of the Ozone Transport Commission for the Northeast United States

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

**SUMMARY:** The United States Environmental Protection Agency is announcing the Annual meeting of the Ozone Transport Commission to be held on June 16, 1999.

This meeting is for the Ozone Transport Commission to deal with appropriate matters within the transport region, as provided for under the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990. This meeting is not subject to the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, Public Law 92–463, as amended. DATES: The meeting will be held on June 16, 1999 from 9:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held at: The Gideon Putnam Hotel and Conference Center, 24 Gideon Putnam Road, Saratoga Springs, NY 12866, (518) 584–3000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: EPA: Susan Studlien, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency— Region I, John F. Kennedy Federal Building, Boston, MA 02203, (617) 918– 1510.

FOR DOCUMENTS AND PRESS INQUIRIES CONTACT: Stephanie A. Cooper, Ozone Transport Commission, 444 North Capitol Street, N.W., Suite 638, Washington, DC 20001, (202) 508–3840, e-mail: ozone@sso.org, website: http:// www.sso.org/otc.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 contain at Section 184 provisions for the "Control of Interstate Ozone Air Pollution." Section 184(a) establishes an ozone transport region comprised of the States of Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, parts of Virginia and the District of Columbia.

The Assistant Administrator for Air and Radiation of the Environmental Protection Agency convened the first meeting of the commission in New York City on May 7, 1991. The purpose of the Transport Commission is to deal with ground level oxone formation, transport, and control within the transport region.

The purpose of this notice is to announce that this Commission will meet on June 16, 1999. The meeting will be held at the address noted earlier in this notice.

Section 176A(b)(2) of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 specifies that the meetings of the Ozone Transport Commission are not subject to the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act. This meeting will be open to the public as space permits.

TYPE OF MEETING: Open.

AGENDA: Copies of the final agenda will be available from Stephanie Cooper of the OTC office (202) 508–3840 (by email: ozone@sso.org or via our website at http://www.sso.org/otc) on Wednesday, June 9, 1999. The purpose of this meeting is to review air quality needs within the Northeast and Mid-Atlantic States, including reduction of motor vehicle and stationary source air pollution. The OTC is also expected to address issues related to the transport of ozone into its region, including actions by EPA under sections 110 of the Clean Air Act, to evaluate the potential for additional emission reductions through new motor vehicle emission standards, and to discuss market-based programs to reduce pollutants that cause ozone.

Dated: April 30, 1999.

# John DeVillars,

Regional Administrator, Region I. [FR Doc. 99–11564 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

# FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

#### [FEMA-3139-EM]

# Florida; Amendment No. 1 to Notice of an Emergency Declaration

**AGENCY:** Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

#### **ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** This notice amends the notice of an emergency for the State of Florida, (FEMA–3139–EM), dated April 27, 1999, and related determinations.

EFFECTIVE DATE: April 28, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Madge Dale, Response and Recovery Directorate, Federal Emergency Management Agency, Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–3772.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The notice of an emergency for the State of Florida is hereby amended to include the following area among those areas determined to have been adversely affected by the catastrophe declared an emergency by the President in his declaration of April 27, 1999:

Martin County for appropriate assistance for required emergency protective measures as authorized under Title V of the Stafford Act.

(The following Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers (CFDA) are to be used for reporting and drawing funds: 83.537, Community Disaster Loans; 83.538, Cora Brown Fund Program; 83.539, Crisis Counseling; 83.540, Disaster Legal Services Program; 83.541, Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA); 83.542, Fire Suppression Assistance; 83.543, Individual and Family Grant (IFG) Program; 83.544, Public Assistance Grants; 83.545, Disaster Housing Program; 83.548, Hazard Mitigation Grant Program.)

#### Laurence W. Zensinger,

Human Services Division Director, Response and Recovery Directorate.

[FR Doc. 99–11530 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6718–02–P

# FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

[FEMA-1271-DR]

# Georgia; Amendment No. 1 to Notice of a Major Disaster Declaration

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). ACTION: Notice.

**SUMMARY:** This notice amends the notice of a major disaster for the State of Georgia, (FEMA–1271–DR), dated April 20, 1999, and related determinations.

EFFECTIVE DATE: April 26, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Madge Dale, Response and Recovery Directorate, Federal Emergency Management Agency, Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646–3772.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The notice of a major disaster for the State of Georgia is hereby amended to include the following areas among those areas determined to have been adversely affected by the catastrophe declared a major disaster by the President in his declaration of April 20, 1999:

Candler County for Individual Assistance. (The following Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers (CFDA) are to be used for reporting and drawing funds: 83.537, Community Disaster Loans; 83.538, Cora Brown Fund Program; 83.539, Crisis Counseling; 83.540, Disaster Legal Services Program; 83.541, Disaster Unemployment Assistance (DUA); 83.542, Fire Suppression Assistance; 83.543, Individual and Family Grant (IFG) Program; 83.544, Public Assistance Grants; 83.545, Disaster Housing Program; 83.548, Hazard Mitigation Grant Program.)

# Lacy E. Suiter,

*Executive Associate Director, Response and Recovery Directorate.* 

[FR Doc. 99–11528 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6718–02–P

# FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

# Open Meeting, Technical Mapping Advisory Council

**AGENCY:** Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). **ACTION:** Notice of meeting.

**SUMMARY:** In accordance with § 10(a)(2) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, 5 U.S.C. App. 1, the Federal Emergency Management Agency gives notice that the following meeting will be held:

*Name:* Technical Mapping Advisory Council.

Date of Meeting: May 27-28, 1999.

*Place:* Portland Marriott Downtown; 1401 SW Naito Parkway; Portland, Oregon.

*Times:* May 27: 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.; May 28: 9:00 a.m. to 12 noon.

Proposed Agenda:

1. Call to Order and Announcements.

- 2. Action on Minutes of Previous Meeting.
- 3. Review Revised Draft Standards for Base Maps and DFIRM Products.
- 4. Discuss Federal/State/Local Partnerships and Cooperation.
- 5. Discuss Challenges of Unique Flood Hazards.
- 6. Establish Guidelines for Invited Guests.
- 7. Discuss the Role of the Council's Technical Advisors.
- 8. New Business.
- 9. Adjournment.

**STATUS:** This meeting is open to the public.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Michael K. Buckley, P.E., Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., room 421, Washington, DC 20472, telephone (202) 646–2756 or by facsimile at (202) 646–4596.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This meeting is open to the public with limited seating available on a first-come, first-served basis. Members of the general public who plan to attend the meeting should contact Sally Magee, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., room 444, Washington, DC 20472, telephone (202) 646–8242 or by facsimile at (202) 646– 4596 on or before May 14, 1999.

Minutes of the meeting will be prepared and will be available upon request 30 days after they have been approved by the next Technical Mapping Advisory Council meeting.

Dated: April 29, 1999.

# Michael J. Armstrong,

Associate Director for Mitigation. [FR Doc. 99–11531 Filed 05–06–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6718–04–P

# FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

# Agency Information Collection Activities: Announcement of Board Approval Under Delegated Authority and Submission to OMB

# SUMMARY

*Background*. Notice is hereby given of the final approval of a proposed information collection by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (Board) under OMB delegated authority, as per 5 CFR 1320.16 (OMB Regulations on Controlling Paperwork Burdens on the Public). Board-approved collections of information are incorporated into the official OMB inventory of currently approved collections of information. Copies of the OMB 83-Is and supporting statements and approved collection of information instrument(s) are placed into OMB's public docket files. The Federal Reserve may not conduct or sponsor, and the respondent is not required to respond to, an information collection that has been extended, revised, or implemented on or after October 1, 1995, unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Chief, Financial Reports Section—Mary M. West—Division of Research and Statistics, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, DC 20551 (202-452-3829)

OMB Desk Officer—Alexander T. Hunt—Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, New Executive Office Building, Room 3208, Washington, DC 20503 (202-395-7860)

#### Final approval under OMB delegated authority of the extension for three years, with revision, of the following report:

- 1. Report title: The Ongoing Intermittent Survey of Households
- Agency form number: FR 3016 OMB Control number: 7100-0150 Effective Date: [Insert date 30 days
- from publication in Federal Register] *Frequency*: on occasion *Reporters*: households and
- individuals

Annual reporting hours: 405 burden hours

*Estimated average hours per response*: 4.2 minutes

*Number of respondents*: 500 Small businesses are not affected.

*General description of report*: This information collection is voluntary (12 U.S.C. 225a, 263, and 15 U.S.C. 1691b) and is given confidential treatment ( 5 U.S.C. 552(b)(6)).

Abstract: The Federal Reserve uses this voluntary telephone survey to obtain household-based information specifically tailored to the Federal Reserve's policy, regulatory, and operational responsibilities, and the survey is necessary to provide information on developing events in the financial markets. Intermittently, on request, the University of Michigan's Survey Research Center includes survey questions on behalf of the Federal Reserve in an addendum to their regular monthly Survey of Consumer Attitudes and Expectations. The frequency and content of the questions depends on changing economic, regulatory,

legislative, and consumer developments. Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, May 3, 1999. Jennifer J. Johnson, Secretary of the Board. [FR Doc. 99-11489 Filed 5-6-99; 8:45AM]

# Billing Code 6210-01-F

# FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

# Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisitions of Shares of Banks or Bank Holding Companies

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the notices are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The notices are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The notices also will be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing to the Reserve Bank indicated for that notice or to the offices of the Board of Governors. Comments must be received not later than May 21, 1999.

**A. Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta** (Lois Berthaume, Vice President) 104 Marietta Street, N.W., Atlanta, Georgia 30303-2713:

1. Stoinoff Investments, L.P., Hiawassee, Georgia, and James M. Stoinoff and Elizabeth S. Stoinoff, as general partners, both of Hiawassee, Georgia; to retain voting shares of Chatuge Bank Shares, Inc., Hiawassee, Georgia, and thereby indirectly retain voting shares of Bank of Hiawassee, Hiawassee, Georgia.

**B. Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis** (Randall C. Sumner, Vice President) 411 Locust Street, St. Louis, Missouri 63102-2034:

1. Scherrie Viola Giamanco, Mt. Vernon, Illinois; to retain voting shares of First Nokomis Bancorp, Inc., Nokomis, Illinois, and thereby indirectly retain voting shares of Ayars State bank, Moweaqua, Illinois, and First National Bank of Nokomis, Nokomis, Illinois.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, May 3, 1999.

#### Robert deV. Frierson,

Associate Secretary of the Board. [FR Doc. 99–11452 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6210–01–F

#### FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

#### Formations of, Acquisitions by, and Mergers of Bank Holding Companies

The companies listed in this notice have applied to the Board for approval, pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841 *et seq.*) (BHC Act), Regulation Y (12 CFR Part 225), and all other applicable statutes and regulations to become a bank holding company and/or to acquire the assets or the ownership of, control of, or the power to vote shares of a bank or bank holding company and all of the banks and nonbanking companies owned by the bank holding company, including the companies listed below.

The applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The application also will be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1842(c)). If the proposal also involves the acquisition of a nonbanking company, the review also includes whether the acquisition of the nonbanking company complies with the standards in section 4 of the BHC Act. Unless otherwise noted, nonbanking activities will be conducted throughout the United States.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors not later than June 1, 1999.

**A. Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta** (Lois Berthaume, Vice President) 104 Marietta Street, N.W., Atlanta, Georgia 30303-2713:

*1. BancTenn Corp.*, Kingsport, Tennessee; to acquire up to 8.75 percent of the voting shares of Independence Bank, Kernersville, North Carolina.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, May 3, 1999.

#### Robert deV. Frierson,

Associate Secretary of the Board. [FR Doc. 99–11451 Filed 5–6–9; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6210–01–F

#### FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

#### **Sunshine Act Meeting Notice**

**AGENCY HOLDING THE MEETING:** Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

**TIME AND DATE:** 10:00 a.m., Wednesday, May 12, 1999.

**PLACE:** Marriner S. Eccles Federal Reserve Board Building, 20th and C Streets, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20551. **STATUS:** Closed.

### MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED:

1. Personnel actions (appointments, promotions, assignments, reassignments, and salary actions) involving individual Federal Reserve System employees.

2. Any matters carried forward from a previously announced meeting.

**CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFORMATION:** Lynn S. Fox, Assistant to the Board; 202–452–3204.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: You may call 202–452–3206 beginning at approximately 5 p.m. two business days before the meeting for a recorded announcement of bank and bank holding company applications scheduled for the meeting; or you may contact the Board's Web site at http:// www.federalreserve.gov for an electronic announcement that not only lists applications, but also indicates procedural and other information about the meeting.

Dated: May 5, 1999.

#### Robert deV. Frierson,

Associate Secretary of the Board. [FR Doc. 99–11679 Filed 5–5–99; 11:54 am] BILLING CODE 6210–01–P

#### FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

# [File No. 9723149]

# LS Enterprises, LLC et al.; Analysis To Aid Public Comment

**AGENCY:** Federal Trade Commission. **ACTION:** Proposed consent agreement.

**SUMMARY:** The consent agreement in this matter settles alleged violations of federal law prohibiting unfair or deceptive acts or practices or unfair methods of competition. The attached Analysis to Aid Public Comment describes both the allegations in the draft complaint that accompanies the consent agreement and the terms of the consent order—embodied in the consent agreement—that would settle these allegations.

**DATES:** Comments must be received on or before July 6, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be directed to: FTC/Office of the Secretary, Room 159, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20580.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John Dugan and Andrew Caverly, Boston Regional Office, Federal Trade Commission, 101 Merrimac Street, Suite 810, Boston, MA 02114–4719, (617) 424–5960.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Pursuant to Section 6(f) of the Federal Trade Commission Act, 38 Stat. 721, 15 U.S.C. 46, and Section 2.34 of the Commission's Rules of Practice, 16 CFR 2.34, notice is hereby given that the above-captioned consent agreement containing a consent order to cease and desist, having been filed with and accepted, subject to final approval, by the Commission, has been placed on the public record for a period of sixty (60) days. The following Analysis to Aid Public Comment describes the terms of the consent agreement, and the allegations in the complaint. An electronic copy of the full text of the consent agreement package can be obtained from the FTC Home Page (for April 21, 1999), on the World Wide Web, at "http://www.ftc.gov/os/ actions97.htm." A paper copy can be obtained from the FTC Public Reference Room, Room H-130, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20580, either in person or by calling (202) 326-3627.

Public comment is invited. Comments should be directed to: FTC/Office of the Secretary, Room 159, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20580. Two paper copies of each comment should be filed, and should be accompanied, if possible, by a 3½ inch diskette containing an electronic copy of the comment. Such comments or views will be considered by the Commission and will be available for inspection and copying at its principal office in accordance with Section 4.9(b)(6)(ii) of the Commission's Rules of Practice (16 CFR 4.9(b)(6)(ii)).

#### Analysis of Proposed Consent Order To Aid Public Comment

The Federal Trade Commission has accepted an agreement to a proposed consent order from LS Enterprises, LLC, Internet Promotions, LLC, and Louis Salatto. The proposed respondents promoted and sold various products and services through the Internet via unsolicited commercial E-Mail ("UCE). In particular, the proposed respondents promoted and sold UCE products and services, whereby the proposed respondents offered to assist in sending bulk UCE on behalf of other companies or individuals who were selling products or services, and sold UCE software and mailing lists so that other companies or individuals could send their own bulk UCE. The proposed respondents also promoted and sold various work-at-home and business opportunities via UCE.

The proposed consent order has been placed on the public record for sixty (60) days for reception of comments by interested persons. Comments received during this period will become part of the public record. After sixty (60) days, the Commission will again review the agreement and the comments received and will decide whether it should withdraw from the agreement and take other appropriate action or make final the agreement's proposed order.

The Commission's complaint alleges several unfair or deceptive acts or practices related to the proposed respondents' promotion and sale of various products and services via UCE. The complaint charges that, with respect to the promotion and sale of UCE products and services, the proposed respondents: falsely represented that they acted as an E-Mail Internet Service Provider; falsely represented their experience in providing UCE services; made false and unsubstantiated earnings claims for purchasers of their UCE products and services; and made false and unsubstantiated claims about the receptivity of consumers on their E-Mail recipient lists towards receiving UCE.

The complaint further charges that the proposed respondents made several false or unsubstantiated claims in the promotion and sale of various work-athome and business opportunities via UCE. The complaint charges that in a promotion concerning setting consumers up with jobs as "mystery shoppers," the proposed respondents: falsely represented that they acted as contractors for major corporations to hire consumers to work as "mystery shoppers," have hired thousands of consumers to work as "mystery shoppers," have actual job openings for "mystery shoppers" all over the country, and will give consumers as many "mystery shopper" assignments from the proposed respondents as they want or need; and made false and unsubstantiated earnings and free merchandise claims. The complaint also charges that in a general work-at-home promotion, the proposed respondents: falsely claimed that they have helped thousands of consumers to find homebased work; and made false and unsubstantiated claims about earnings, when consumers can begin work, and when and for how long they can receive paychecks. Finally, in a promotion concerning the sale of reproduction and distribution rights for various consumer manuals, the complaint charges that the proposed respondents: falsely related their experience in selling consumer manuals; and made false and unsubstantiated earnings claims

associated with the sale of these manuals.

The proposed consent order contains provisions designed to remedy the violations charged and to prevent the proposed respondents from engaging in similar acts in the future. Parts I and II of the proposed order apply to the promotion of any UCE product or service, or any product or service concerning business opportunities or work-at-home opportunities. Part I prohibits the proposed respondents from misrepresenting in any manner, expressly or by implication: (A) Their ability to provide any such product or service; (B) their experience in providing any such product or service; (C) that they act as contractors for other companies to hire consumers for any type of work; or (D) the availability of actual job openings or any other type of employment opportunities, or the level of assistance provided by them in securing any job or other type of employment opportunity. Part II prohibits the proposed respondents from making any claim about: (A) The amount of earnings, income, or sales that a prospective purchaser could reasonably expect to attain; (B) the amount of time within which a prospective purchaser could reasonably expect to: (1) begin earning money; (2) continue earning money; (3) attain any amount of earnings, income, or sales; or (4) recoup his or her investment; (C) the availability of free merchandise; or (D) the receptivity of persons on any type of mailing list towards receiving commercial solicitations, unless the representation is true and, at the time it is made, the proposed respondents possess and rely upon competent and reliable evidence that substantiates the representation.

Part III of the proposed order prohibits misrepresentations in UCEs, including, but not limited to, misrepresentations in the subject line or the text of the UCE. Part IV applies to the sale of any product or service, and prohibits the proposed respondents from making any representation, in any manner, expressly or by implication, about the benefits, performance, efficacy, or success rate of such product, unless such representation is true and, at the time the representation is made, the proposed respondents possess and rely upon competent and reliable evidence, which when appropriate must be competent and reliable scientific evidence, that substantiates the representation.

Part V of the proposed order contains a bond provision requiring the proposed respondents to post a \$100,000 bond before advertising, promoting, offering for sale, selling, or distributing any UCE product or service via any media, or any other product or service via UCE.

Part VI of the proposed order contains record-keeping requirements for materials that demonstrate the compliance of the proposed respondents with the proposed order. Part VII requires distribution of a copy of the consent decree to certain current and future personnel who have responsibilities related to the subject matter of the order. Part VIII provides for Commission notification upon any change in the corporate respondents affecting compliance obligations arising under the order. Part IX provides for Commission notification upon any change in the individual respondent's employment status. Part X requires the filing of compliance report(s). Finally, Part XI provides for the termination of the order after twenty years under certain circumstances.

The purpose of this analysis is to facilitate public comment on the proposed order, and it is not intended to constitute an official interpretation of the agreement and proposed order or to modify in any way their terms.

By direction of the Commission.

# Donald S. Clark, Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99–11492 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6750–01–M

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

# Notice of a Meeting of the National Bioethics Advisory Commission (NBAC)

**SUMMARY:** Pursuant to section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. Appendix 2), notice is given of a meeting of the National Bioethics Advisory Commission. The Commission will address religious views on research involving human embryonic stem cells. Some Commission members may participate by telephone conference. The meeting is open to the public and opportunities for statements by the public will be provided on May 7, 1999 from 1:00 pm– 1:30 pm.

Dates/times	Location
May 7, 1999 8:30 am–2:30 pm.	Riggs Library, Healy Hall, Georgetown University, 37th and O Streets, NW Washington, DC 20057.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The President established the National Bioethics Advisory Commission (NBAC)

on October 3, 1995 by Executive Order 12975 as amended. The mission of the NBAC is to advise and make recommendations to the National Science and Technology Council, its Chair, the President, and other entities on bioethical issues arising from the research on human biology and behavior, and from the applications of that research. NBAC is aware of the requirement to publish notices 15 calendar days prior to a meeting. However, this meeting has a short lead time due to it being a special addition to NBAC's meeting schedule.

#### **Public Participation**

The meeting is open to the public with attendance limited by the availability of space on a first come, first serve basis. Members of the public who wish to present oral statements should contact Ms. Patricia Norris by telephone, fax machine, or mail as shown below and as soon as possible at least 4 days before the meeting. The Chair will reserve time for presentations by persons requesting to speak and asks that oral statements be limited to five minutes. The order of persons wanting to make a statement will be assigned in the order in which requests are received. Individuals unable to make oral presentations can mail or fax their written comments to the NBAC staff office at least five business days prior to the meeting for distribution to the Commission and inclusion in the public record. The Commission also accepts general comments at its website at bioethics.gov. Persons needing special assistance, such as sign language interpretation or other special accommodations, should contact NBAC staff at the address or telephone number listed below as soon as possible.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Patricia Norris, National Bioethics Advisory Commission, 6100 Executive Boulevard, Suite 5B01, Rockville, Maryland 20892–7508, telephone 301– 402–4242, fax number 301–480–6900.

Dated: April 29, 1999.

#### Eric M. Meslin,

Executive Director, National Bioethics Advisory Commission. [FR Doc. 99–11481 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160–17–P

#### DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

# Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry

[Program Announcement 99083]

# Program To Build Capacity To Develop, Implement, and Evaluate Health Education and Promotion Activities in Tribal Communities; Notice of Availability of Funds

#### A. Purpose

The Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) announces the availability of fiscal year (FY) 1999 funds for a cooperative agreement program to build capacity in tribal communities to develop, implement, and evaluate health education and health promotion activities in tribal communities. This program addresses the "Healthy People 2000" priority areas of educational and communitybased programs, and environmental health. This five-year cooperative agreement program is designed to assist American Indian and Alaska Native Nations and consortia of Indian tribes in dealing with present and potential environmental health challenges related to National Priorities List (NPL) and CERCLA hazardous substances waste sites and releases on or adjacent to Indian lands. Specifically, cooperative agreement funds will be used to assist tribal and village governments in addressing community health concerns related to environmental toxins. This will be accomplished by increasing tribal capacity to develop, implement, and evaluate culturally relevant and appropriate environmental health education and promotion activities for American Indian and Alaska Native communities and for the health professionals and para-professionals serving these communities.

### **B. Eligible Applicants**

This program is directed only to federally-recognized Indian tribes or consortia of Indian tribes. Indian tribes are defined in section 101(36) (42 U.S.C. 9601 (36)) as "any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other organized group or community, including any Alaska Native Village but not including any Alaska Native regional or village corporation, which is recognized as eligible for the special programs and services provided by the United States to Indians because of their status as Indians."

# C. Availability of Funds

Approximately \$170,000 is available in FY 1999 to fund 3–4 awards. The

average award is anticipated to be approximately \$50,000, ranging from \$35,000 to \$75,000. It is expected the awards will begin on or about September 30, 1999, and will be made for a 12-month budget period within a project period of up to five years. Funding estimates may change.

Continuation awards within the approved project period will be made on the basis of satisfactory progress as evidenced by required reports and the availability of funds.

# **Use of Funds**

The funding awarded may be expended for reasonable program purposes, such as personnel, travel, supplies and services, including contractual services. ATSDR funding is generally not to be used for the purchase of furniture or equipment. Any equipment purchased will be forwarded to ATSDR at the end of the funding period. The awardees shall serve as the direct recipients in this grant program and must perform a substantive role in carrying out project activities. They cannot merely serve as a conduit for an award to another party or provide funds to an ineligible party.

#### **D. Program Requirements**

In conducting activities related to NPL sites and hazardous substance releases to achieve the purpose of the program, the recipient shall be responsible for conducting activities under 1, below, and ATSDR will be responsible for conducting activities under 2, below:

#### 1. Recipient Activities

a. Conduct community-based health education and promotion needs assessment(s) and asset inventory(ies), and develop project period and budget period workplans based on these identified needs and resources. Children should be recognized as a susceptible population of special interest and concern.

b. Develop environmental health education materials for American Indian and Alaska Native communities and the health professionals and paraprofessionals serving them, including materials in appropriate languages, literacy levels, and agegroups.

c. Implement methods to disseminate educational materials to American Indian and Alaska Native communities and the health professionals and paraprofessionals serving them. These materials should also be made available to other tribes and audiences as feasible and appropriate. d. Develop and implement health education and promotion activities related to preventing and managing environmental health problems related to NPL sites or hazardous substances releases on or adjacent to tribal lands. These activities should be designed to improve the knowledge and skills of community members and health professionals and paraprofessionals concerning such topics as:

(1) Health conditions possibly related to hazardous substances at sites, including prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of exposure-related conditions in adults and children;

(2) Health studies being done by ATSDR concerning acute or chronic exposure of American Indian/Alaska Natives to hazardous substances;

(3) Chemical-specific and site-specific information resources;

(4) American Indian and Alaska Native community risk communication and outreach;

(5) Environmental health guidelines and policy, and health-based environmental standards.

e. Evaluate the effectiveness and impact of project activities and the overall health education and promotion program.

f. Attend and participate in annual ATSDR Partners' Meetings held in Atlanta, Georgia, or other locations, including assisting in planning meeting and presenting program activities and evaluation results.

#### 2. ATSDR Activities

a. Assist in development of a needs assessment process, the identification of education and training needs of target audiences, and the development of work plans.

b. Assist in the design, implementation, and evaluation of community environmental health education materials, including providing examples of materials developed by other tribes under cooperative agreement.

c. Provide assistance in the dissemination of educational materials developed under cooperative agreement to the attention of State, regional, or national audiences.

d. Assist in the design and implementation of community and health professional education and promotion activities and training activities for tribal staff and others serving the environmental health needs of American Indian and Alaska Native communities. This assistance could include providing current information and instructional resources about the possible health effects related to exposure to hazardous substances in the environment.

e. Assist in development of an overall evaluation plan to determine the effectiveness and impact of the project on the knowledge, skills, attitudes, and behaviors of target audiences.

f. Provide site-specific assistance and direction on possible cost recovery activities.

#### E. Application Content

Use the information in the Program Requirements, Other Requirements, and Evaluation Criteria sections to develop the application content. Your application will be evaluated on the criteria listed, so it is important to follow them in laying out your program plan. The narrative should be no more than 20 double-spaced pages, excluding appendices, printed on one side, oneinch margins, and unreduced font.

# F. Submission and Deadline

Submit the original and two copies of PHS 5161 (OMB Number 0937-0189). Forms are in the application kit. On or before July 15, 1999, submit the application to: Nelda Godfrey, Grants Management Specialist, Grants Management Branch, Procurement and Grants Office, Announcement #99083, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2920 Brandywine Road, Suite 3000, Atlanta, GA 30341– 4146.

Deadline: Applications shall be considered as meeting the deadline if they are either:

(a) Received on or before the deadline date; or

(b) Sent on or before the deadline date and received in time for orderly processing. (Applicants must request a legibly dated U.S. Postal Service postmark or obtain a legibly dated receipt from a commercial carrier or the U. S. Postal Service. Private metered postmarks shall not be acceptable as proof of timely mailing.)

Late Applications: Applications which do not meet the criteria in (a) or (b) above are considered late applications, will not be considered, and will be returned to the applicant.

#### G. Evaluation Criteria

Each application will be evaluated individually against the following criteria by an independent review group appointed by ATSDR.

# 1. Proposed Program—50 percent

a. Clearly stated understanding of environmental health problem(s) to be addressed, including the proximity of NPL sites and any special risks to children as a susceptible population. b. Clear and reasonable project goals. c. Extent to which stated project objectives are realistic, measurable, and related to program requirements.

d. Identification of specific target audiences and their environmental health education and promotion needs.

e. Specificity and feasibility of the proposed timeline for implementing project activities.

### 2. Proposed Personnel—20 percent

a. Ability of the applicant to provide adequate program staff and support staff, including any proposed consultants or contractors. Award should support at least 1 full-time employee.

b. Experience of proposed staff in conducting needs assessments, developing materials, implementing activities, and conducting program evaluation related to community health education and promotion.

c. Experience of staff in conducting culturally appropriate activities for tribal communities.

# 3. Capability-30 percent

a. Cultural-appropriateness of the health education and promotion activities proposed for the proposed target groups—including collaboration with tribal colleges and universities in the development of the activities.

b. Thoroughness of the health education and promotion activities proposed.

c. Extent to which the evaluation plan includes measures of program outcome and effectiveness, such as changes in participants' knowledge, attitudes, and behaviors.

d. Plans for collaborative efforts and appropriate letters of support, including coordination with tribal colleges and universities.

#### 4. Proposed Budget—(not scored)

The extent to which the proposed budget is reasonable, clearly justified with a budget narrative, and consistent with the intended use of cooperative agreement funds.

#### **H.** Other Requirements

#### Technical Reporting

Provide CDC with the original plus two copies of:

1. Quarterly progress reports;

2. financial status report, no more than 90 days after the end of the budget period, and

3. final financial report and performance report, no more than 90 days after the end of the project.

Šend all reports to: Neĺda Godfrey, Grants Management Specialist, Grants Management Branch, Procurement and Grants Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2920 Brandywine Road, Suite 3000, Atlanta, GA 30341–4146.

The following additional requirements are applicable to this program. For a complete description of each see Attachment 1, in the application kit. Additional ATSDR requirements are also included in Attachment 1.

- AR-7 Executive Order 12372 Review
- AR–8 Public Health System Reporting Requirements
- AR–9 Paperwork Reduction Act Requirements
- AR–10 Smoke-Free Workplace Requirements
- AR-11 Healthy People 2000
- AR-18 Cost Recovery-ATSDR
- AR–19 Third Party Agreements— ATSDR
- AR-20 Conference Support

# I. Authority and Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number

This program is authorized under Sections 104(i)(14) and (15) and 126 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA), as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) [42 U.S.C. 9604 (i)(14), (15) and 9626]. The Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number is 93.161.

# J. Where To Obtain Additional Information

To receive additional written information, and to request an application kit, call 1–888-GRANTS4 (1–888–472–6874). You will be asked to leave your name and address and will be instructed to identify the Announcement Number of interest (Announcement 99083). You will receive a complete program description, information on application procedures, and application forms. See also the CDC home page on the Internet for a complete copy of the announcement: http://www.cdc.gov

If you have questions after reviewing the contents of all the documents, business management technical assistance may be obtained from: Nelda Godfrey, Grants Management Specialist, Grants Management Branch, Procurement and Grants Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2920 Brandywine Road, Suite 3000, Atlanta, GA 30341–4146, telephone (770) 488–2722, e-mail address: nag9@cdc.gov.

Programmatic technical assistance may be obtained from: Christine Rosheim, D.D.S., M.P.H., Health Education Specialist, Division of Health Education and Promotion, Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, 1600 Clifton Road, Mailstop E–33, Atlanta, GA 30333, Telephone (404) 639–6351.

Dated: May 3, 1999.

#### Georgi Jones,

Director, Office of Policy and External Affairs, Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.

[FR Doc. 99–11482 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4163–70–P

#### DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

#### Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry

# Bunker Hill Workshop on Early Detection of Nephropathy

The Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry announces the following meeting:

**NAME:** Bunker Hill Workshop on Early Detection of Nephropathy.

TIMES AND DATES: 9 a.m.-5 p.m., May 25, 1999, 9 a.m.-5 p.m., May 26, 1999. PLACE: Sheraton Buckhead Hotel, 3405 Lenox Road, NE, Atlanta, Georgia 30326, telephone 404/848–7308. STATUS: Open to the public, limited only by the space available. The meeting room accommodates approximately 100 people.

**PURPOSE:** The Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) is developing a Medical Monitoring for Disorders of the Kidney Associated with the Bunker Hill Site. In order to assure that the program is based on the latest scientific findings in this field, the Agency is convening a workshop of experts to provide guidance and input.

MATTER TO BE CONSIDERED: As a result of contamination by the Bunker Hill Mining site in Kellog, Idaho, the workers and surrounding population were exposed to nephrotoxic heavy metals, primarily lead and cadmium. This workshop will bring together international experts to provide ATSDR information and individual input on the latest scientific findings in this field and how they may be applied to the medical monitoring program at the Bunker Hill location. Of special interest to ATSDR is the availability of biomarkers to screen for early signs of reversible nephropathy before progressive renal dysfunction occurs.

**CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFORMATION:** Erik Auf der Heide, M.D., MPH., Division of Health Education and Promotion, Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, 1600 Clifton Rd, NE, M/S E–33, Atlanta, Georgia 30333, telephone 404/639–6252, e-mail: eaa9@cdc.gov.

Dated: May 3, 1999.

#### Georgi Jones,

Director, Office of Policy and External Affairs, Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.

[FR Doc. 99–11483 Filed 05–06–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4163–70–P

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# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

# Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[Program Announcement 99113]

# Cooperative Agreement for a National Poison Prevention and Control Program; Availability of Funds

#### A. Purpose

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and Health Resources Services Administration (HRSA) announce the availability of fiscal year 1999 funds for a cooperative agreement program for a National Poison Prevention and Control Program.

The purpose of the program is to support an integrated system of poison prevention and control services including; coordination of all poison control centers (PCCs) through development, implementation and evaluation of standardized public education, development of a plan to improve national toxicosurveillance and development of a single, nationwide toll-free telephone number and related public service media campaign.

For additional background see: Addendum 2 in the application kit.

# **B. Eligible Applicants**

Applications may be submitted by public and private nonprofit organizations and by governments and their agencies; that is, universities, colleges, research institutions, hospitals, other public and private nonprofit organizations, State and local governments or their bona fide agents, and Federally recognized Indian tribal governments, Indian tribes, or Indian tribal organizations.

# **C. Availability of Funds**

Approximately \$1,050,000 is available in FY 1999 to fund one award. It is expected that the award will begin on or about September 30, 1999, and will be made for a 12-month budget period within a project period of up to 3 years. Funding estimates may change. Continuation awards within an approved project period will be made on the basis of satisfactory progress as evidenced by required reports and the availability of funds.

# **D.** Cooperative Activities

In conducting the activities to achieve the purpose of this program, the recipient will be responsible for the activities under 1 (Recipient Activities) and CDC, in consultation with HRSA, will be responsible for the activities under 2 (CDC Activities).

# 1. Recipient Activities

(a) Develop a plan and begin implementation to assess and improve the current national toxicosurveillance system.

(b) Develop and coordinate a plan with poison control centers, State health departments, and voluntary organizations to provide standardized public education for poison control services.

(c) Develop a plan and begin implementation of a national public service media campaign to familiarize the public with poison control services.

(d) Develop a plan for and begin implementation of a national poison prevention and control program including a nationwide toll-free number with 24 hour capability that provides nationwide access by all U.S. residents to poison prevention and control information.

#### 2. CDC Activities

(a) Provide technical advice and consultation, in conjunction with HRSA, on all aspects of recipient activities.

(b) Assist in the development and implementation of the public service media campaign to familiarize the public with poison control services.

(c) Assist in the assessment of the national toxicosurveillance system and related improvement plan.

# **E.** Application Content

Use the information in the Cooperative Activities, Other Requirements, and Evaluation Criteria sections to develop the application content. Your application will be evaluated on the criteria listed, so it is important to follow them in laying out your program plan. The narrative should be no more than [30] doublespaced pages, printed on one side, with one inch margins, and unreduced font.

The application must include: 1. Abstract:

A one page abstract and summary of the proposed effort.

2. Background and Need:

Application should describe the background and need for an integrated program of poison prevention and control services including; development, implementation and evaluation of standardized public education, development of a plan to improve national toxicosurveillance and coordination of all poison control centers (PCCs) through the development of a single, nationwide toll-free telephone number and related public service media campaign.

3. Methods:

Describe activities required to implement an integrated system of poison prevention and control services, (refer to purpose). Provide (a) goals and objectives for implementation; (b) timeline for implementation of activities that is logically sequenced. Describe the coordination of the poison control centers and other organizations who will participate and how this will occur. Include letters of support from all involved individuals and organizations.

4. Evaluation:

Provide and describe how the proposed evaluation system will document program process and effectiveness and the impact on delivering poison prevention and control services. Document staff availability and expertise and capacity to perform the evaluations. Indicate willingness to participate in a process of continuous improvement which may require frequent review of progress and process utilized, remidiation of identified barriers, and adoption of modified methods and measures.

5. Staff and Resources:

Describe the responsibilities of a program coordinator and each of the other staff members responsible for carrying out the national poison prevention and control program. Description should include: experience, professional education and the time devoted to program. Curriculum Vitae should be included for each critical staff member.

6. Budget:

A detailed budget with accompanying narrative justifying all individual budget items which make up the total amount of funds requested. The budget should be consistent with the stated goals and objectives.

# F. Submission and Deadline

#### Application

Submit the original and two copies of PHS 5161–1 (OMB Number 0937–0189) Forms are in the application kit. On or before July 7, 1999, submit the application to the Grants Management Specialist identified in the "Where To Obtain Additional Information'' Section of this announcement.

Deadline: Applications shall be considered as meeting the deadline if they are either:

(a) Received on or before the deadline date; or

(b) Sent on or before the deadline date and received in time for orderly processing. (Applicants must request a legibly dated U.S. Postal Service postmark or obtain a legibly dated receipt from a commercial carrier or U.S. Postal Service. Private metered postmarks shall not be acceptable as proof of timely mailing.)

Late Applications: Applications which do not meet the criteria in (a) or (b) above are considered late applications, will not be considered, and will be returned to the applicant.

#### **G. Evaluation Criteria**

Each application will be evaluated individually against the following criteria by an independent review group appointed by CDC.

### 1. Background and Need (25 Percent)

The extent to which the applicant presents an understanding of the need for a national poison prevention and control program and demonstrates experience in this area, especially the ability to work with poison control centers and their key issues, and describes the likely impact of their activities on this problem.

#### 2. Methods (30 Percent)

The extent to which the applicant provides a detailed description of all proposed activities and collaboration needed to achieve each objective and the overall program goal(s). The extent to which the applicant provides a reasonable logically sequenced and complete schedule for implementing all activities. The extent to which position descriptions, lines of command, and collaborations are appropriate to accomplishing the program goal(s) and objectives.

#### 3. Evaluation (10 Percent)

The extent to which the proposed evaluation plan is detailed and capable of documenting program process and outcome measures. The extent to which the applicant demonstrates staff and/or collaborator availability, expertise, and capacity to perform the evaluation.

# 4. Staff and Resources (35 Percent)

The extent to which the applicant can provide adequate facilities, staff and/or collaborators, including a full-time coordinator and resources to accomplish the proposed goal(s)and objectives during the project period. The extent to which the applicant demonstrates staff and/or collaborator availability, expertise, previous experience, and capacity to perform the undertaking successfully.

#### 5. Budget and Justification (Not scored)

The extent to which the applicant provides a detailed budget and narrative justification consistent with the stated objectives and planned program activities.

#### **H.** Other Requirements

#### Technical Reporting Requirements

Provide CDC with original plus two copies of

1. semiannual progress reports;

2. financial status report, no more than 90 days after the end of the budget period; and

3. final financial status and performance reports, no more than 90 days after the end of the project period.

Send all reports to the Grants Management Specialist identified in the "Where To Obtain Additional Information" Section of this

announcement.

The following additional requirements are applicable to this program. For a complete description of each, see Attachment I. (List all applicable requirements by number and title. The Grants Management Branch will include the applicable descriptions in the application kit.)

- AR-7 Executive Order 12372 Review
- AR-8 Public Health System Reporting Requirements
- AR–9 Paperwork Reduction Act Requirements
- AR-10 Smoke-Free Workplace Requirements
- AR-11 Healthy People 2000
- AR-12 Lobbying Restrictions
- AR-13 Prohibition on Use of CDC Funds for Certain Gun Control Activities
- AR-14 Accounting System Requirements
- AR-15 Proof of Non-Profit Status

### I. Authority and Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number

This program is authorized under section 301(a), 317(k)(2), 391, 392, 394, and 394A [42 U.S.C. 241(a), 247b(k)(2), 280b, 280b–1, 280b–2, 280b–3] of the Public Health Service Act, as amended. The Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance number is 93.136.

# J. Where To Obtain Additional Information

See also the CDC home page on the Internet: http://www.cdc.gov for this and other program announcements.

To receive additional written information and to request an application kit, call 1-888-GRANTS4 (1-888-472-6874). You will be asked to leave your name and address and will be instructed to identify the Announcement number of interest. Please refer to Program Announcement 99113 when you request information. After reviewing the Program Announcement, for business management assistance, contact: Joanne Wojick, Grants Management Specialist Grants Management Branch, Procurement and Grants Office, Announcement 99113, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2920 Brandywine Road, Suite 3000, Atlanta, GA 30341-4146, Telephone (404) 488-2717, Email address jcw6@cdc.gov.

For program technical assistance, contact: Paul Burlack, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Injury Prevention and Control, 4770 Buford Highway N.E., Mailstop F41, Atlanta, GA 30341–3724, Telephone (770) 488–4031, pab5@cdc.gov.

Dated: May 3, 1999.

# John L. Williams,

Director, Procurement and Grants Office, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

[FR Doc. 99–11484 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4163–18–P

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

# Collection of Fees at United States Ports Designated To Conduct Rodent Infestation Inspections and Issue Deratting and Deratting Exemption Certificates

**AGENCY:** Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS). **ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) is adopting a requirement for collection of user fees for conducting rodent infestation inspection of ships, and issuing Deratting and Deratting Exemption Certificates. While the United States does not require these certificates for ships to enter its seaports, the United States conducts inspections and issues certificates in accordance with 42 CFR 71.46 and Article 17 of the International Health Regulations. DATES: Effective date is June 6, 1999. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: James E. Barrow, Chief, Program Operations Branch, Division of Quarantine, National Center for Infectious Diseases, CDC, Mailstop E– 03, Atlanta, Georgia 30333, telephone: (404) 639–8107, fax (404) 639–2599, email: jeb1@cdc.gov.

**Authority:** 42 U.S.C. 264–271, 42 CFR 71.46, IHR Articles 17 and 53.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** A proposal to charge fees for rodent infestation inspections of ships, and issuance of Deratting and Deratting Exemption Certificates, where these services are provided directly by employees or vendors of the CDC was published in the **Federal Register** on November 24, 1998 (63 FR 64967).

#### **Comments Received**

Interested parties were afforded an opportunity to comment on the proposal. One media inquiry and no comments were received during the comment period.

# Conclusion

CDC has determined that in the interest of defraying the cost of inspection and certificate issuance, user fees will be implemented for rodent infestation of ships, and issuance of **Deratting and Deratting Exemption** Certificates. Rodent infestation inspections for ships will be conducted at 11 major ports upon request, including: Baltimore, Maryland; Honolulu, Hawaii; Houston, Texas; Jacksonville, Florida; Los Angeles, California; Miami, Florida; New Orleans, Louisiana; New York, New York; San Francisco, California; Savannah, Georgia; and Seattle, Washington.

# **Cost Impact**

The United States does not require a Rodent Infestation Inspection, or a Deratting or Deratting Exemption Certificate, for ships to enter its seaports. Article 17 of the International Health Regulations, published by the World Health Organization, Geneva, Switzerland, requires that each Health Administration provide these services, and Article 82 outlines the criteria for charging fees. 42 CFR 71.46 authorizes the performance of these services by the Public Health Service as carried out by CDC. CDC has for many years offered these services at no cost to the owners or agents of ships requesting them. These user fees will, in a manner consistent with most other countries, pass the cost of conducting these services along as a charge to those

receiving and benefitting from the inspections and certificates.

#### **Regulatory Impact**

The requirements adopted herein will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this action does not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

This action (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act; and (3) does not impose additional costs upon any State or local government as a result of a mandate imposed upon them as a government agency, as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act.

# **Collection of Information**

This final rule contains no new collection-of-information requirements under the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*).

#### **User Fee Administration**

1. Effective June 6, 1999, user fees will be collected for all rodent infestation inspections of ships, and the associated issuance of Deratting and Deratting Exemption Certificates, by CDC and its vendors.

2. Rodent infestation inspections for ships will be conducted at 11 ports upon request, including: Baltimore, Maryland; Honolulu, Hawaii; Houston, Texas; Jacksonville, Florida; Los Angeles, California; Miami, Florida; New Orleans, Louisiana; New York, New York; San Francisco, California; Savannah, Georgia; and Seattle, Washington.

3. Costs are determined by taking into consideration such items as salaries, benefits, vendor services, printing, supplies, and agency overhead. The charge for the first full year during which fees for rodent infestation inspections and issuance of Deratting and Deratting Exemption Certificates are assessed is \$150 for each inspection conducted. Shipping companies will be provided by mail instructions for submitting fees. The fees will be due at the address specified in the bill, not later than 30 days following the inspection. Arrangements may also be made to prepay user fees and draw against those prepayments.

# Dated: May 3, 1999.

### Joseph R. Carter,

Acting Associate Director for Management and Operation, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

[FR Doc. 99–11485 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4163–18–P

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

# Administration for Children and Families

#### Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

*Title:* Quarterly Performance Report, ORR–6.

OMB No.: 0970–0036. Description: Data gathered from the Quarterly Performance Report (Form ORR–6) are used by ORR to estimate the

# ANNUAL BURDEN ESTIMATES

number of months of Refugee Cash Assistance (RCA) and Refugee Medical Assistance (RMA) that ORR can provide based on appropriations; to determine priorities; and standards, budget requests, and assistance policies; to analyze data on service caseloads and program outcomes in order to monitor performance; and to compute refuge medical assistance (RMA) utilization rates.

*Respondents:* State, Local or Tribal Governments.

Instrument	Number of re- spondents	Number of re- sponses per respondent	Average bur- den hours per response	Total burden hours
Program Estimates (CMA)	48	4	3.875	744

#### Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 744.

Additional Information: Copies of the proposed collection may be writing to the Administration for Children and Families, Office of Information Services, 370 L'Enfant Promenade, SW, Washington, DC 20447, Attn: ACF Reports Clearance Officer.

*OMB Comment:* OMB is required to make a decision concerning the collection of information between 30 to 60 days after publication of this document in the **Federal Register**. Therefore, a comment is best assured of having its full effect if OMB receives it within 30 days of publication. Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent directly to the following: Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project, 725 17th Street, NW, Washington, DC 20503, Attn: Ms. Lori Schack.

Dated: May 3, 1999.

# Bob Sargis,

Acting Reports Clearance Officer. [FR Doc. 99–11536 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4184–01–M

#### DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

#### Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. 99N-0123]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request; Food Labeling; Notification Procedures for Statements on Dietary Supplements

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

#### ACTION: Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing that the proposed collection of information listed below has been submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and clearance under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (the PRA). **DATES:** Submit written comments on the collection of information by June 7, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Submit written comments on the collection of information to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, OMB, New Executive Office Bldg., 725 17th St. NW., rm. 10235, Washington, DC 20503, Attn: Desk Officer for FDA.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Peggy Schlosburg, Office of Information Resources Management (HFA–250), Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857, 301–827–1223.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** In compliance with section 3507 of the PRA (44 U.S.C. 3507), FDA has submitted the following proposed collection of information to OMB for review and clearance.

# Food Labeling; Notification Procedures for Statements on Dietary Supplements—21 CFR 101.93 (OMB Control Number 0910-0331—Extension)

Section 403(r)(6) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the act) (21 U.S.C. 343(r)(6)) requires that the agency be notified by manufacturers, packers, and distributors of dietary supplements that they are marketing a dietary supplement product that bears on its label or in its labeling a statement

provided for in section 403(r)(6) of the act. Section 403(r)(6) of the act requires that the agency be notified, with a submission about such statements, no later than 30 days after the first marketing of the dietary supplement. Information that is required in the submission includes: (1) The name and address of the manufacturer, packer, or distributor of the dietary supplement product; (2) the text of the statement that is being made; (3) the name of the dietary ingredient or supplement that is the subject of the statement; (4) the name of the dietary supplement (including the brand name); and (5) a signature of a responsible individual who can certify the accuracy of the information presented.

The agency established § 101.93 (21 CFR 101.93) as the procedural regulation for this program. Section 101.93 provides details of the procedures associated with the submission and identifies the information that must be included in order to meet the requirements of section 403 of the act.

*Description of Respondents:* Businesses or other for-profit organizations.

In the **Federal Register** of February 4, 1999 (64 FR 5664), the agency requested comments on the proposed collections of information. No comments were received.

FDA estimates the burden of this collection of information as follows:

# TABLE 1.—ESTIMATED ANNUAL REPORTING BURDEN<sup>1</sup>

21 CFR Section	No. of Respondents	Annual Frequency per Response	Total Annual Responses	Hours per Response	Total Hours
101.93	700	1	700	0.5 to 1	350 to 700

<sup>1</sup> There are no capital costs or operating and maintenance costs associated with this collection of information.

The agency believes that there will be minimal burden on the industry to generate information to meet the requirements of section 403 of the act in submitting information regarding section 403(r)(6) of the act statements on labels or labeling of dietary supplements. The agency is requesting only information that is immediately available to the manufacturer, packer, or distributor of the dietary supplement that bears such a statement on its label or in its labeling. This estimate is based on the average number of notification submissions received by the agency in the last 3 years.

Dated: April 29, 1999.

#### William K. Hubbard,

Associate Commissioner for Policy Coordination. [FR Doc. 99–11453 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160–01–F

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

#### Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. 99N-0124]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request and Correction; Premarket Notification for a New Dietary Ingredient

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

#### **ACTION:** Notice; correction.

**SUMMARY:** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing that the proposed collection of information listed below has been submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and clearance under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (the PRA). In addition, this document is correcting the information collection notice that appeared in the **Federal Register** of February 9, 1999 (64 FR 6364). **DATES:** Submit written comments on the collection of information by June 7, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Submit written comments on the collection of information to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, OMB, New Executive Office Bldg., 725 17th St. NW., rm. 10235, Washington, DC 20503, Attn: Desk Officer for FDA.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Peggy Schlosburg, Office of Information Resources Management (HFA–250), Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857, 301–827–1223.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** In compliance with section 3507 of the PRA (44 U.S.C. 3507), FDA has submitted the following proposed collection of information to OMB for review and clearance. **Premarket Notification for a New** 

# Dietary Ingredient—21 CFR 190.6

# (OMB Control Number 0910-0330— Extension)

Description: Section 413(a) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the act) (21 U.S.C. 350b(a)) provides for the notification of the Secretary of Health and Human Services (the Secretary) (and by delegation FDA) at least 75 days before the introduction or delivery for introduction into interstate commerce of a dietary supplement that contains a new dietary ingredient. The agency established 21 CFR 190.6 as the procedural regulation for this program. This regulation provides details of the administrative procedures associated with the submission and identifies the information that must be included in the submission in order to meet the requirements of section 413(a) of the act and to show the basis on which a manufacturer or distributor of a new dietary ingredient or a dietary supplement containing a new dietary ingredient has concluded that the dietary supplement containing such dietary ingredient will reasonably be expected to be safe.

*Description of Respondents:* Businesses or other for-profit organizations.

In the **Federal Register** of February 9, 1999 (64 FR 6364), the agency requested comments on the proposed collections of information. No comments were received.

TABLE 1.—ESTIMATED ANNUAL REPORTING BURDEN<sup>1</sup>

21 CFR Section	No. of Respondents	Annual Frequency per Response	Total Annual Responses	Hours per Response	Total Hours
190.6	11	1	11	20	220

<sup>1</sup> There are no capital costs or operating and maintenance costs associated with this collection of information

The agency believes that there will be a minimal burden on the industry to generate data to meet the requirements of the premarket notification program because the agency is requesting only that information that the manufacturer or distributor should already have developed to satisfy itself that a dietary supplement containing a new dietary ingredient is in full compliance with the act. However, the agency estimates that extracting and summarizing the relevant information from the company's files, and presenting it in a format that will meet the requirements of section 413 of the act, will require a burden of approximately 20 hours of work per submission. This estimate is based on the average number of premarket notifications received by the agency in the last 3 years.

Additionally, in FR Doc. 99–3014, appearing on page 6364 in the **Federal Register** of Tuesday, February 9, 1999, the following correction is made:

1. On page 6365, in the first column, the title "New Dietary Ingredient Premarket Notification—21 CFR 190.6 (OMB Control Number 0910–0330Extension)'' is corrected to read "Premarket Notification for a New Dietary Ingredient—21 CFR 190.6 (OMB Control Number 0910–0330— Extension)''

Dated: April 29, 1999.

William K. Hubbard, Associate Commissioner for Policy Coordination. [FR Doc. 99–11454 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160–01–F

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

# Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. 99N-1076]

### Risk Assessment of the Public Health Impact of Foodborne Listeria Monocytogenes; Request for Comments and for Scientific Data and Information

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**ACTION:** Notice; request for comments and for scientific data and information.

**SUMMARY:** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA), in consultation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Food Safety and Inspection Service (USDA/FSIS), is announcing plans to conduct a risk assessment (RA) to determine the prevalence and extent of exposure of consumers to foodborne Listeria monocytogenes and to assess the resulting public health impact of such exposure. The agencies request comments on certain aspects of their approach to the RA and request that scientific data and information relevant to the conduct of the RA be submitted. DATES: Written comments and scientific data and information by July 6, 1999. **ADDRESSES:** Submit written comments and scientific data and information to the Dockets Management Branch (HFA-305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Richard C. Whiting, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition (HFS– 300), Food and Drug Administration, rm. 3822, 200 C St. SW., Washington, DC 20204, 202–260–0511, FAX 202– 260–9653, or e-mail "rwhiting@bangate.fda.gov". SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### I. Background

*L. monocytogenes* is a bacterium that occurs widely in both the agricultural (soil, plants, and water) and food processing environment. The bacterium

is resistant to various environmental conditions such as high salt or acidity (Ref. 1). L. monocytogenes grows at low oxygen conditions and refrigeration temperatures, and survives for long periods of time in the environment, on foods, in processing plants, and in household refrigerators. Although frequently present in raw foods of both plant and animal origin, it also can be present in cooked foods due to postprocessing contamination. L. monocytogenes has been isolated in such foods as: Raw and pasteurized fluid milk, cheeses (particularly softripened varieties), ice cream, raw vegetables, fermented raw meat sausages, raw and cooked poultry, raw meats (all types), and raw and smoked fish (Refs. 1, 2, and 3). Even when L. monocytogenes is initially present at a low level in a contaminated food, the organism can multiply during storage, including storage at refrigeration temperatures. A survey of a wide variety of foods from the refrigerators of listeriosis patients in the United States found 11 percent of the samples contained L. monocytogenes (Ref. 4).

It is well established that ingestion of *L. monocytogenes* can cause serious human illness, listeriosis (Refs. 1, 2, 5, 6, and 7). In 1997, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet) showed that of all foodborne illnesses, the rate of hospitalization was highest for persons infected with L. monocytogenes (88 percent). Similarly, of all of the foodborne pathogens tracked by CDC, L. monocytogenes had the highest case fatality rate in that 20 percent of persons infected died. CDC also found that the incidence of listeriosis is 0.5 per 100,000 population, compared to a combined rate of 51.2 per 100,000 for all 9 of the foodborne illnesses surveyed (Ref. 8). Thus, although serious, listeriosis is a relatively rare foodborne illness. Most cases of listeriosis occur in pregnant women or individuals with a predisposing disease (such as alcoholism, diabetes, or cirrhosis of the liver) or an impaired immune system resulting from either a disease (such as AIDS) or immunosuppressive treatment for a malignancy or an organ transplant. (Refs. 1 and 6).

Listeriosis has a long incubation time (up to 5 weeks) and a range of symptoms. Infection of a pregnant woman may result in flu-like symptoms with fever, muscular pain, or headache, or the listeriosis infection may be asymptomatic. Importantly, however, when a pregnant woman contracts listeriosis, the fetus or newborn infant is likely to suffer severe consequences from the maternal infection, including: Spontaneous abortion, fetal death, stillbirth, neonatal septicemia, or meningitis. In nonpregnant adults, septicemia and meningitis are the most common result of a listeriosis infection, although organ infections and mild gastroenteritis can also occur.

Although the consequences of listeriosis may be severe, an estimated 2 to 6 percent of the healthy population harbors *L. monocytogenes* in their intestinal tract without signs of illness (Refs. 1 and 6). Because the documented prevalence of *L. monocytogenes* in people and in commonly eaten foods is much higher than the documented incidence of listeriosis, some experts believe that the ingestion of low levels of *L. monocytogenes* may not result in illness and thus, may not constitute a general public health hazard (Refs. 9 and 10).

Since 1990, CDC has documented a decrease in the incidence of listeriosis. Although not certain, this decrease may be attributed to government and industry programs directed at improved sanitation and process control. Listeriosis is typically characterized by sporadic cases. However, a recent multi-State listeriosis outbreak associated with the consumption of processed meats, with at least 73 illnesses and 16 deaths, has reaffirmed concerns that more preventative efforts are needed.

Historically, FDA has had a policy of "zero tolerance" for L. monocytogenes based on the absence of the microorganism in a 25-gram sample of a given production lot. In other words, FDA's position has been that the detection of any L. monocytogene in a 25-gram sample renders the food adulterated within the meaning of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 342(a)(1)). As recently as 1995, FDA affirmed this policy, as reflected in the decision in United States v. Union Cheese Co., 902 F. Supp. 778, 784, 786 (N.D. Ohio 1995). In that litigation, FDA's expert witness testified that the L. monocytogenes bacterium grows at refrigerator temperatures and that the level of L. monocytogenes required to cause illness is unknown (902 F. Supp at 784). FSIS (which regulates meat and poultry) likewise has historically had a zero tolerance policy for L. monocytogenes.

Other countries, including certain major trading partners of the United States, take a slightly different approach to *L. monocytogenes* contamination. Relying upon their interpretation of the existing scientific data, countries such as Canada and Denmark have a "nonzero tolerance" for *L. monocytogenes* for some classes of foods (Refs. 10 and 11). For example, in Canada, ready-to-eat foods that have not been associated with an outbreak and do not allow any growth of L. monocytogenes during a 10day period of refrigerated storage may contain up to 100 L. monocytogenes organisms per gram without being considered unlawful (Ref. 12). Denmark has six classes of foods that have to meet various criteria for L. monocytogenes. In raw, ready to eat foods, for example, 2 of 5 samples can contain between 10 and 100 organisms per gram, and no sample can exceed 100 organisms per gram. Although the course taken by other countries concerning L. monocytogenes contamination is not determinative of the U.S. approach, the policies of certain major trading partners provides further context to any reexamination of current U.S. policy.

Quantitative RA has recently been identified as a useful tool for evaluating the public health impact of microbial contamination. USDA/FSIS and FDA recently completed a quantitative RA of *Salmonella* Enteritidis in shell eggs and egg products (Ref. 13). This RA is being used to review and evaluate Federal regulatory approaches to ensuring the safety of these products.

As noted, although the incidence of listeriosis is relatively low, the consequences of such infection are quite serious. A quantitative RA of the prevalence and extent of exposure of *L. monocytogenes* will provide a structured approach to synthesize and evaluate the available data and information. To the extent that U.S. policy regarding *L. monocytogenes* contamination requires reexamination, such a RA can serve as a foundation for such reconsideration.

#### II. Objectives of the Risk Assessment

As noted previously, FDA and USDA/ FSIS are jointly planning to conduct an assessment of the risk posed by L. monocytogenes to American consumers. A RA is a systematic and comprehensive collection of information and analysis of such information that promotes an understanding of the interactions of various factors in a complex situation and provides a basis for making decisions. The goal of this RA is to provide FDA and FSIS with the information needed to review current programs relating to the regulation of L. *monocytogenes* contamination in foods to ensure that such programs provide maximum public health protection.

# III. Risk Assessment Plan

The RA will seek and analyze three types of information: Information

concerning the epidemiology of foodborne listeriosis, information concerning the level of *L. monocytogenes* contamination of foods and consumption levels of such foods (i.e., an exposure assessment), and information regarding the human health consequences of such exposure (i.e., a dose-response analysis).

1. The RA will analyze epidemiological evidence concerning the foods implicated both in documented outbreaks and in sporadic cases of listeriosis, the numbers of *L. monocytogenes* consumed, the populations which became ill, and the severity of their illnesses.

2. The exposure assessment component of the RA will determine the frequency of occurrence of L. monocytogenes in different classes of foods, particularly the ready-to-eat foods that are intended for consumption without additional heating. Ready-to-eat foods are represented by numerous types of dairy, seafood, meat, and plant products. The RA also will collect and analyze information on the number of viable organisms associated with these foods at the time of consumption. When data are collected at processing stages prior to consumption, the RA will utilize models for growth, survival, or thermal inactivation to estimate actual exposure of the consumer to L. monocytogenes. The RA also will utilize food consumption databases to assess the amount of these foods that are consumed. The RA will use the information about the frequency of occurrence and numbers of L. monocytogenes and food consumption to estimate the number of L. monocytogenes cells consumed.

3. The RA will include an evaluation of the dose-response relationship, which will describe the health effects from consuming specific numbers of *L. monocytogenes* organisms. The information that will form the basis of the dose-response relationship element of the RA may come from epidemiological, animal, or in vitro studies. FDA and FSIS recognize that the frequency and severity of illness may be affected by the food matrix, characteristics of specific strains of the organism, and variability in human susceptibility.

The RA will examine a number of issues, including: What foods contribute most to the consumption of *L. monocytogenes*, what are the numbers of organisms when a food is contaminated, how frequently are foods heavily contaminated, are some strains of *L. monocytogenes* more virulent that others, what is the extent of organism growth during storage (including storage at refrigeration temperatures), and what is the likelihood of illness to various subpopulations from consuming different numbers of *L. monocytogenes*. All assumptions and uncertainties in the RA will be identified and documented. The RA process will also include an evaluation of the adequacy of current scientific knowledge, data, and information. This will suggest where future research could be directed to reduce any uncertainty in the risk estimate that prevents a clear understanding of the causes and impact of listeriosis.

#### **IV. Data and Information Requested**

FDA and FSIS request comments on the risk assessment approach outlined previously and the submission of any information relevant to this RA. The agencies specifically request scientifically valid data on the quantitative levels of *L. monocytogenes* in foods and data relating to rate of consumption of foods likely to contain high levels of *L. monocytogenes*.

FDA believes that the credibility and validity of the RA require that the process for the conduct of the RA be transparent, and thus, all the data and information evaluated in the context of the RA and utilized in the RA must be publically available. Accordingly, any data or information submitted in response to this notice should be in a form that permits public disclosure. Submitters of data and information should not mark any information as "Confidential" and should fully expect that any data or information submitted will be made available to the public. Questions regarding the public availability of data and information submitted in response to this notice should be directed to the contact person above

As noted, the purpose of this request for data is to gather relevant information to facilitate a valid RA of L. *monocytogenes* with the larger goal of providing a sound scientific basis for the agencies' policies regarding the regulation of L. monocytogenes contamination in food. Although FDA would seek to remove from the market any existing food product known to be adulterated, FDA does not intend to utilize the submitted data and information to support future enforcement activity against the manufacturers submitting the data. Accordingly, it is acceptable that data submitted in response to this notice be "blinded" in the sense that the data need not identify the particular manufacturer or processor that was the source of the samples underlying the results.

The RA team plans to present a summary of available literature to the National Advisory Committee on Microbiological Criteria for Foods at a meeting scheduled for May 26 through 28, 1999, in Chicago, IL. A copy of the literature summary will be available prior to that meeting on the Internet at "http://vm.cfsan.fda.gov". Comments and data submitted in response to this notice or at that meeting will be incorporated into the RA process, and the completed RA will be publically presented in September 1999.

Two copies of comments and scientific data and information are to be submitted, except that individuals may submit one copy. Comments and scientific data and information should be addressed to the Dockets Management Branch (address above) and identified with the docket number found in brackets in the heading of this document. Received materials may be seen in the Dockets Management Branch between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

#### V. References

The following references have been placed on display in the Dockets Management Branch (address above) and may be seen by interested persons between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

1. Ryser, E. T. and E. H. Marth, *Listeria, listeriosis, and food safety*, Dekker, NY, 1991. 2. Farber, J. M. and P. I. Peterkin, "Listeria

monocytogenes, a Food-borne Pathogen," *Microbiology Review*, 55:476–511, 1991.

3. FDA, *Bad Bug Book* (Foodborne Pathogenic Microorganisms and Natural Toxins), 1999, Internet address: "http:// vm.cfsan.fda.gov/mow/intro.html".

4. Pinner, R. W., A. Schuchat, B. Swaminathan, P. S. Hayes, K. A. Deaver, R. E. Weaver, B. D. Plikaytis, M. Reeves, C. V. Broome, and J. D. Wenger, "Role of Foods in Sporadic Listeriosis. 2. Microbiologic and Epidemiologic Investigation," *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 267:2046– 2050, 1992.

5. CAST, "Foodborne Pathogens," Council for Agricultural Science and Technology, Task Force Report 122, Ames, IA, 1994.

6. Rocourt, J. and P. Cossart, "Listeria monocytogenes," In *Food Microbiology, Fundamentals and Frontiers*, edited by M. P. Doyle, L. R. Beuchat, and T. J. Montville, ASM Press, Washington, DC, 1997.

7. Miller, A. L., J. L. Smith, and G. A. Somkuti, "Foodborne Listeriosis," Soc. Indust. Microbiol., Elsevier, NY, 1990.

8. CDC, *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, "Incidence and Foodborne Illnesses– Foodnet," 47(37);782, 1997.

9. Farber, J. M., W. H. Ross, and J. Harwig, "Health Risk Assessment of *Listeria* monocytogenes in Canada," *International Journal of Food Microbiology*, 30:145–156, 1996. 10. ICMSF, "Choice of Sampling Plan and Criteria for Listeria monocytogenes," *International Journal of Food Microbiology*, 22:83–96, 1994.

11. IFST, Microbiological Criteria for Retail Foods, Professional Food Microbiology Group, Inst. Food Science and Technology, Lett. Appl. Microbiol, 20:331–332, 1995.

12. Health Canada, Compliance Guide/ Policy on *Listeria monocytogenes* in Readyto-Eat Foods, 1994.

13. FSIS, *Salmonella* Enteritidis Risk Assessment, Shell Eggs and Egg Products, USDA, FSIS, Washington, DC, 1998.

Dated: April 29, 1999.

#### William K. Hubbard,

Acting Director Commissioner for Policy. [FR Doc. 99–11319 Filed 05–06–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160–01–F

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

#### Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. 99N-1168]

### Public Health Impact of Foodborne Listeria Monocytogenes

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**ACTION:** Notice of public meeting; request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA), Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition, in conjunction with the Risk Assessment Working Group of the National Advisory Committee on Microbiological Criteria for Foods, and in cooperation with the Food Safety and Inspection Service, the U.S. Department of Agriculture, is announcing a public meeting to discuss issues related to risk assessment models being developed to examine the relationship between Listeria monocytogenes and human health. The agency invites comments on issues related to the public meeting.

**DATES:** The public meeting will be held on Thursday, May 27, 1999, from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Registration must be submitted by May 20, 1999. Submit written comments by June 30, 1999.

ADDRESSES: The public meeting will be held at the Ambassador West Hotel, 1300 North State Pkwy., Chicago, IL. Submit written comments to the Dockets Management Branch (HFA– 305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852. Two copies of any comments are to be submitted, except that individuals may submit one copy. Comments are to be identified with the docket number found in brackets in the heading of this document.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Catherine M. DeRoever, Executive Operations Staff (HFS–22), Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition, Food and Drug Administration, 200 C St. SW., Washington, DC 20204, 202– 205–4251, FAX 202–205–4970, or email "cderoeve@bangate.fda.gov".

Interested persons should send registration information (including name, title, firm name, address, telephone number, and fax number), written material with an outline of their presentation, and requests to make oral presentations to the contact person by May 20, 1999.

There is no registration fee for this public meeting, but advance registration is suggested because space may be limited.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This purpose of the public meeting is to provide an opportunity for an open discussion on the issues related to risk assessment models under development that will be used to examine the relationship between *L. monocytogenes* and human health.

The agenda will include presentations on such topics as: (1) Introduction to the risk assessment, (2) epidemiology of *L. monocytogenes* outbreaks, (3) presence of *L. monocytogenes* in foods, (4) consumption patterns of foods containing *L. monocytogenes*, and (5) characteristics of *L. monocytogenes* dose-response.

The sponsoring agencies encourage individuals with relevant scientific data or information, (i.e., information concerning the epidemiology, exposure, and dose-response relationship of *L. monocytogenes*) to present such information at the meeting or in written comments.

Transcripts of the public meeting may be requested in writing from the Freedom of Information Office (HFI–35), Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, rm. 12A–16, Rockville, MD 20857, approximately 15 working days after the meeting at 10 cents per page. The transcript of the public meeting and submitted comments will be available for public examination at the Dockets Management Branch (address above) between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

Dated: April 29, 1999.

#### William K. Hubbard,

Acting Deputy Commissioner for Policy. [FR Doc. 99–11317 Filed 05–06–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160–01–F

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

# Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. 99N-1075]

# Public Health Impact of Vibrio Parahaemolyticus in Molluscan Shellfish

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**ACTION:** Notice of public meeting.

**SUMMARY:** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA), Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition, in conjunction with the Risk Assessment Working Group of the National Advisory Committee on Microbiological Criteria for Foods, in cooperation with the Food Safety and Inspection Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture (FSIS/ USDA) is announcing a public meeting to discuss issues related to risk assessment models being developed to examine the relationship between Vibrio parahaemolyticus and human health. DATE: The public meeting will be held on Wednesday, May 26, 1999, from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Submit written notices of participation by May 20, 1999. Written comments will be accepted until June 30, 1999.

ADDRESSES: The public meeting will be held at the Ambassador West Hotel. 1300 North State Parkway, Chicago, IL. Submit registration and written notices of participation to Catherine M. DeRoever (address below). Submit written comments to the Dockets Management Branch (HFA-305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852. Two copies of any comments are to be submitted, except that individuals may submit one copy. Comments are to be identified with the docket number found in brackets in the heading of this document.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Catherine M. DeRoever, Executive Operations Staff (HFS–22), Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition, Food and Drug Administration, 200 C St., SW., Washington, DC 20204, 202– 205–4251, FAX 202–205–4970, or email "cderoeve@bangate.fda.gov".

Those persons interested in attending the public meeting should, by May 20, 1999, fax their name, title, firm name, address, and telephone number to Catherine M. DeRoever (fax number above).

Those persons interested in presenting information at the meeting should, by May 20, 1999, fax their name, title, firm name, address, telephone number, and an outline of their presentation to Catherine M. DeRoever (fax number above).

There is no registration fee for this public meeting, but advance registration is suggested. Interested persons are encouraged to register early because space may be limited.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This public meeting will provide an opportunity for an open discussion of the issues related to risk assessment models under development that will be used to examine the relationship between *V. parahaemolyticus* and human health.

The agenda will include presentations on such topics as: (1) Introduction to the risk assessment, (2) preharvest and harvest, (3) postharvest, (4) epidemiology of *V. parahaemolyticus* outbreaks, (5) consumption patterns, and (6) characteristics of *V. parahaemolyticus* dose-response.

The sponsoring agencies encourage individuals with relevant scientific data or information, i.e., information concerning preharvesting, harvesting and postharvesting, epidemiology, exposure, and dose-response relationship of *V. parahaemolyticus*, to present such information at the meeting or in written comments to this record.

A transcript of the public meeting will be prepared. Copies of the transcript may be requested in writing from the Freedom of Information Office (HFI–35), Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, rm. 12A–16, Rockville, MD 20857, approximately 15 working days after the meeting. The transcript of the public meeting and submitted comments will be available for public examination at the Dockets Mnagement Branch (address above) between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

Dated: April 29, 1999. William K. Hubbard, Acting Deputy Commissioner for Policy.

[FR Doc. 99–11316 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160–01–F

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

#### Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. 99N-1075]

Risk Assessment on the Potential Public Health Impact of Vibrio Parahaemolyticus in Molluscan Shellfish; Request for Scientific Data and Information

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**ACTION:** Notice; request for scientific data and information.

**SUMMARY:** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing a call for scientific data and information relevant to the agency's planned risk assessment on the potential public health impact of pathogenic Vibrio parahaemolyticus infections resulting from the consumption of raw molluscan shellfish. The risk assessment will assist FDA by providing a scientific framework for developing food safety policies relating to raw molluscan shellfish contaminated with pathogenic V. parahaemolyticus. FDA plans to hold public meetings to present the process of the risk assessment, to present information collected, and to allow interested parties additional opportunities to present data to facilitate this effort.

**DATES:** Submit scientific data and information by July 6, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Submit scientific data and information to the Dockets Management Branch (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Marianna D. Miliotis, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition (HFS– 327), Food and Drug Administration, 200 C St., SW., rm. 3472, Washington, DC 20204, 202–205–4824, FAX 202– 205–4939, or e-mail

"mmilioti@bangate.fda.gov." SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# I. Background

#### A. Vibrio parahaemolyticus

V. parahaemolyticus is a gramnegative, halophilic bacterium that occurs naturally in estuarine environments and, therefore, can be present in many fishery products, including molluscan shellfish (Ref. 1). The organism can cause acute gastroenteritis in consumers (Refs. 2, 3, and 4), and in some individuals can also cause septicemia (Ref. 5) and even death (Ref. 6), though such cases have been reported only rarely. Worldwide, this organism is one of the leading causes of foodborne illnesses (Ref. 7). In the United States, the outbreaks caused by this organism usually have been associated with cooked crabs (Ref. 8), and illnesses transmitted by raw molluscan shellfish generally have been limited to sporadic cases (Ref. 9). However, in 1997 V. parahaemolyticus from molluscan shellfish caused a large outbreak of illness involving a total of 209 individuals in the Pacific Northwest region, from California to British Columbia (Ref. 10). Many of these cases implicated oysters from specific growing areas, and the magnitude of this outbreak was considerably larger than

any previously caused by shellfish in the United States. In 1998, outbreaks caused by molluscan shellfish-borne *V. parahaemolyticus* occurred again, this time in three different coastal regions of the United States. Overall, more than 500 individuals from the Gulf Coast (Ref. 11), the Northeast (Ref. 12), and the Pacific Northwest (Ref. 13) reportedly became ill after consuming raw molluscan shellfish, and many of these cases were culture confirmed as attributable to *V. parahaemolyticus*.

V. parahaemolyticus has been widely studied for years, and many of the factors influencing its pathogenicity and natural occurrence have been reported. For example, the organism is mesophilic, halophilic, grows optimally in alkaline pH, and causes illnesses and outbreaks principally during warmer weather months (Refs. 2, 5, and 14). However, those environmental factors and production practices that influence the incidence and prevalence of the organism and which would enable reliable estimates of risks associated with the consumption of seafood, especially molluscan shellfish, remain unknown.

Investigations of both the 1997 and the June 1998 outbreaks demonstrated both epidemiological and direct relationships between illness and raw oyster consumption (Refs. 10 and 11). Moreover, accounts from some patients indicated that illness may result from the consumption of a single infected oyster, which suggests the possibility of a highly virulent strain, or a low infectious dose. A single serotype of V. parahaemolyticus, that being O3:K6, was identified as predominant in the June 1998 outbreak (Ref. 11). In September 1998, the same serotype of V. parahaemolyticus again was identified in a U.S. outbreak caused by raw oysters, this time in the Northeast region (Ref. 12). Prior to 1998, with the exception of one isolated case in 1972 (Ref. 15), serotype O3:K6 had been associated only with outbreaks in Asian countries (Japan, Bangladesh, Laos, and Taiwan) (Ref. 16). Notably, this serotype has repeatedly been associated with outbreaks, whereas most other serotypes are primarily associated with sporadic cases. For example, in Japan there were 43 V. parahaemolyticus outbreaks involving 1,131 patients during the summer of 1998. Thirty of the outbreaks (70 percent) were due to serotype O3:K6 (Ref. 16). Based on all information available, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) have described the O3:K6 serotype as "an outbreak strain" of V. parahaemolyticus, and FDA concurs

with this current assessment. Other

serotypes of the organism, such as O4:K8 currently seen predominantly in Japan (Ref. 17), may also merit special concern. FDA therefore believes that the U.S. outbreaks of illness in 1997 and 1998 have identified certain serotypes of *V. parahaemolyticus* as important emerging pathogens linked to the consumption of raw molluscan shellfish, particularly oysters.

However, since not all V. parahaemolyticus strains are enteropathogenic as determined by their ability to produce a thermostable direct hemolysin (TDH) (Ref. 18), FDA is concerned that determining the total concentration of this species in shellfish is unlikely to be useful for evaluating the risk of illness posed by V. parahaemolyticus. Other strain characteristics, such as invasion of the enterocytes (Ref. 19) and production of an enterotoxin (Ref. 20) may also be important to pathogenicity and thus useful in identification of pathogenic V. *parahaemolyticus*, other than the production of TDH.

#### B. Current Efforts

FDA and the States share responsibility for the safety of molluscan shellfish for human consumption through the National Shellfish Sanitation Program (NSSP), a long-standing Federal/State cooperative program recognized by FDA for the sanitary control of molluscan shellfish produced and sold for human consumption. To promote safety, the NSSP has developed and maintained recommended shellfish sanitation control practices for adoption by member States. These control practices or guidelines are set out in the "NSSP Guide for the Control of Molluscan Shellfish" (Ref. 21) which also includes State growing area classification and dealer certification programs, and FDA evaluation of State shellfish control programs.

In 1984, FDA entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the Interstate Shellfish Sanitation Conference (ISSC) recognizing the ISSC as the primary voluntary national organization of State shellfish regulatory officials that provides guidance and counsel on matters for the sanitary control of shellfish. The purpose of the ISSC is to provide a formal structure for State regulatory authorities to participate in establishing updated regulatory guidelines and procedures for uniform State application of the program. The ISSC has adopted formal procedures for State representatives to review shellfish sanitation issues and develop regulatory guidelines. Following FDA concurrence, these

guidelines are published in revision of the NSSP guidelines mentioned above (Ref. 21).

Historically, most illness caused by consumption of molluscan shellfish can be traced back to pathogens resulting from sewage contaminated water, and the NSSP has focused on control measures to prevent illnesses caused by pathogens that may occur in fecal material (Ref. 22). *V. parahaemolyticus*, however, occurs naturally in estuarine environments. Thus, there is uncertainty about the effectiveness of current NSSP measures to control *V. parahaemolyticus* in molluscan shellfish.

In addition, FDA has previously indicated that V. parahaemolyticus in raw molluscan shellfish should not exceed a level of 10,000 cells per gram. This limit was based on data and reports from human volunteer studies (Refs. 2, 3, 14 and 23) conducted more than 25 years ago, and on investigations of U.S. outbreaks caused predominantly by cross contamination of cooked crabs (Ref. 8), which supported an estimation of minimum infectious dose of about 10<sup>5</sup> cells. However, the overall levels of V. parahaemolyticus found in oysters from harvest sites implicated during the 1997 and 1998 U.S. outbreaks suggest that the number of pathogenic cells required to cause illness is probably far less than previously believed, and it may be as low as 100 and 1,000 cells. FDA now believes the 10,000 cells per gram level may be inadequate to protect the public health and did not rely on this level during the recent outbreaks. Instead, during the recent U.S. outbreaks, closing shellfish waters to harvesting was based on the occurrence of human illness. Reopening was based primarily on two factors: (1) Change in a season and/or conditions, particularly temperature, to those which historically have not been associated with illness, and (2) absence of the particular strains of V. parahaemolyticus associated with the outbreak. However, it is not certain that these measures are the most appropriate or effective.

# II. Questions to be Considered by the Risk Assessment

FDA is requesting scientific data and information that will allow it to respond to the following questions:

1. What is the frequency of occurrence of pathogenic strains of *V. parahaemolyticus* in the shellfish waters? What parameters (e.g., water temperature, salinity, turbidity, and nutrient profiles) can be used as indicators of the presence of the organism in growing waters?

2. What is the frequency of occurrence of pathogenic strains of *V. parahaemolyticus* in molluscan shellfish, and what are the numbers of viable pathogenic organisms at time of consumption? How are levels present in the bivalves at the time of consumption related to the initial levels in the growing waters?

3. What is known about the doseresponse relationship from outbreak, epidemiological, animal and other studies? What are the differences in dose-response relations among different strains and serotypes of *V. parahaemolyticus*, and among the different human susceptible subpopulations?

4. What is the role of postharvest handling that may be influencing the numbers of *V. parahaemolyticus* in oysters? What reductions in risks can be achieved by intervention strategies such as depuration or relaying?

5. What is the adequacy of current scientific knowledge, and where should future research be focused to reduce the uncertainty in the risk estimate?

# III. Scope of the Risk Assessment

Risk assessment is separate from risk management and risk communication. Thus, FDA's risk assessment will determine the relationships between molluscan shellfish, *V. parahaemolyticus* and illnesses; it will not determine an acceptable level of pathogenic *V. parahaemolyticus*.

To accurately assess the exposure to pathogenic *V. parahaemolyticus*, the consumption of raw molluscan shellfish, especially oysters, will be considered. Exposure is a function of the *V. parahaemolyticus* prevalence in the shellfish and the consumption patterns of the population. The number of pathogenic *V. parahaemolyticus* in raw molluscan shellfish at consumption is the critical exposure information. Modeling will be used when *V. parahaemolyticus* data are collected during outbreaks, and at retail outlets to estimate actual exposure.

The risk assessment will produce estimates of illness for levels of pathogenic *V. parahaemolyticus* likely to be consumed by different subpopulations. All assumptions and uncertainties will be identified and documented.

FDA expects the risk assessment to provide the scientific underpinnings FDA needs to develop food safety policies that reduce the risk of disease resulting from ingestion of *V. parahaemolyticus* in molluscan shellfish, and other seafood consumed raw. Among other things, FDA anticipates that the data from the risk assessment will assist in determining the principal factors that should be considered in developing criteria for closing of shellfish waters to harvest in order to prevent illness and reopening waters after outbreaks of *V. parahaemolyticus* are over.

#### **IV. Request for Data and Information**

FDA is requesting scientific data and information that will allow it to respond to the questions under section II of this document. The purpose of this request for data is to gather relevant information to facilitate a valid risk assessment of V. parahaemolyticus with the larger goal of providing a sound scientific basis for the food safety policies relating to raw molluscan shellfish contaminated with V. parahaemolyticus. FDA does not intend to utilize the submitted data and information to support future enforcement activity against seafood producers submitting the data. Accordingly, it is acceptable that data submitted in response to this notice be "blinded" in the sense that the data need not identify the particular seafood producer or processor that was the source of the samples underlying the results.

Two copies of the scientific data and information are to be submitted, except that individuals may submit one copy. Scientific data and information should be addressed to the Dockets Management Branch (address above) and be identified with the docket number found in brackets in the heading of this document. Received materials may be seen in the Dockets Management Branch between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

#### V. References

The following references have been placed on display in the Dockets Management Branch (address above) and may be seen by interested persons between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

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14:1028-1033, 1976.

21. ISSC and FDA, *Guide for the Control of Molluscan Shellfish*, U.S. DHHS,

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23. Doyle, M. P., *Lancet*, 336:1111–1115, 1990.

Dated: April 29, 1999.

#### William K. Hubbard,

Acting Deputy Commissioner for Policy. [FR Doc. 99–11318 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160–01–F

### DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

#### **Health Care Financing Administration**

[Document Identifier: HCFA-R-194]

#### Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

AGENCY: Health Care Financing Administration, HHS.

In compliance with the requirement of section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA), Department of Health and Human Services, is publishing the following summary of proposed collections for public comment. Interested persons are invited to send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including any of the following subjects: (1) The necessity and utility of the proposed information collection for the proper performance of the agency's functions; (2) the accuracy of the estimated burden; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology to minimize the information collection burden.

Type of Information Collection Request: Extension of a currently approved collection;

Title of Information Collection: Medicare Disproportionate Share Adjustment Procedure and Criteria and Supporting Regulations in 42 CFR, Section 412.106:

Form No.: HCFA R-194;

Use: Regulation sets up an alternative process for hospitals that choose to have their disproportionate share adjustment statistics calculated based on their cost reporting periods rather than the Federal fiscal year.

Frequency: On occasion;

Affected Public: Business or other forprofit, and Not-for-profit institutions;

Number of Respondents: 100; Total Annual Responses: 100;

Total Annual Hours Requested: 100. To obtain copies of the supporting statement and any related forms for the proposed paperwork collections referenced above, access HCFA's Web Site address at http://www.hcfa.gov/ regs/prdact95.htm, or E-mail your request, including your address, phone number, OMB number, and HCFA document identifier, to Paperwork@hcfa.gov, or call the Reports Clearance Office on (410) 786-1326. Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collections must be mailed within 60 days of this notice directly to the HCFA Paperwork Clearance Officer designated at the following address: HCFA, Office of Information Services, Security and Standards Group, Division of HCFA Enterprise Standards, Attention: Dawn Willinghan, Room N2-14-26, 7500 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.

Dated: April 28, 1999.

John P. Burke III,

HCFA Reports Clearance Officer, HCFA Office of Information Services. Security and Standards Group, Division of HCFA Enterprise Standards.

[FR Doc. 99-11461 Filed 5-6-99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4120-03-P

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

# National Institutes of Health

#### National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism; Notice of Meeting

Pursuant to section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. Appendix 2), notice is hereby given of a meeting of the Board of Scientific Counselors, NIAAA.

The meeting will be open to the public as indicated below, with attendance limited to space available. Individuals who plan to attend and need special assistance, such as sign language interpretation or other reasonable accommodations, should notify the Contact Person listed below in advance of the meeting.

The meeting will be closed to the public as indicated below in accordance with the provisions set forth in section 552b(c)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., as amended for the review, discussion, and evaluation of individual intramural programs and projects conducted by the NATIONAL INSTITUTE ON ALCOHOL ABUSE AND ALCOHOLISM, including consideration of personnel qualifications and performance, and the competence of individual investigators, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

Name of Committee: Board of Scientific Counselors, NIAAA.

Date: June 4, 1999.

Open: 8:30 a.m. to 8:45 a.m. Agenda: To discuss administrative details.

Place: National Institutes of Health, Building 1, Wilson Hall, 9000 Rockville Pike,

Bethesda, MD 20892. Closed: 8:45 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

Agenda: To review and evaluate the laboratory of clinical studies.

Place: National Institutes of Health. Building 1, Wilson Hall, 9000 Rockville Pike, Bethesda, MD 20892.

Contact Person: Benedict J. Latteri, Acting Deputy Director, Division of Intramural Clinical and Biological Research, National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism, 9000 Rockville Pike, Room 1B58, Building 31-MSC 2088, Bethesda, MD 20892-2088, 301-402-1227.

(Catalogue of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Nos. 93.271. Alcohol Research Career Development Awards for Scientists and Clinicians; 93.272, Alcohol National Research Service Awards for Research Training; 93.273, Alcohol Research Programs: 93.891, Alcohol Research Center Grants, National Institutes of Health, HHS)

Dated: May 3, 1999. LaVerne Y. Stringfield, Director, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy, National Institutes of Health. [FR Doc. 99-11539 Filed 5-6-99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4140-01-M

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND **HUMAN SERVICES**

#### National Institutes of Health

# National Institute on Aging; Notice of **Closed Meeting**

Pursuant to section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. Appendix 2), notice is hereby given of the following meeting.

The meeting will be closed to the public in accordance with the provisions set forth in sections 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., as amended. The contract proposals and the discussions could disclose confidential trade secrets or commercial property such as patentable material, and personal information concerning individuals associated with the contract proposals, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

Name of Committee: National Institute on Aging Special Emphasis Panel.

Date: May 13, 1999.

Time: 1 p.m. to Adjournment.

Agenda: To review and evaluate contract proposals.

Place: National Institutes of Health, 7201 Wisconsin Avenue, Bethesda, MD 20814, (Telephone Conference Call).

Contact Person: Arthur Schaerdel, DVM, The Bethesda Gateway Building, 7201 Wisconsin Avenue/suite 2C212, Bethesda, MD 20892, (301) 496-9666.

This notice is being published less than 15 days prior to the meeting due to the timing limitations imposed by the review and funding cycle.

(Catalogue of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Nos. 93.866, Aging Research, National Institutes of Health, HHS).

Dated: May 3, 1999.

# LaVerne Y. Stringfield,

Director, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy. [FR Doc. 99-11540 Filed 5-6-99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4140-01-M

# DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

[Docket No. FR-4281-N-09]

#### Notice of Designation of Urban Empowerment Zones

**AGENCY:** Office of the Assistant Secretary for Community Planning and Development, HUD.

ACTION: Notice of designation of Urban Empowerment Zones.

**SUMMARY:** On April 16, 1998, HUD published a notice inviting applications for designation of Empowerment Zones, which receive special tax benefits for area businesses. This notice announces the fifteen urban areas designated as Empowerment Zones in response to the applications submitted. This notice also announces the names of fifteen other communities, called Strategic Planning Communities, that were finalists in the competition.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Elaine Braverman, Empowerment Zone/ Enterprise Community Initiative, Department of Housing and Urban Development, Room 7130, 451 Seventh Street, SW, Washington, DC 20410, telephone (202) 708–6339. (This telephone number is not toll-free.) For persons with hearing or speech disabilities, this telephone number may be accessed via TTY (text telephone) by calling the Federal Information Relay Service at 1–800–877–8339 (toll-free).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The rule that governs the selection of this second round of urban Empowerment Zones (published on April 16, 1998 at 63 FR 19151) is based on section 1391 of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. 1391), as amended by sections 952-954 of the Taxpayer Relief Act of 1997 (Pub. L. 105-34, 111 Stat. 788, enacted on August 5, 1997) (the 1997 Act). Section 952 of the Taxpayer Relief Act of 1997 added a new section 1391(g), which changed the eligibility criteria for this second round of 20 Empowerment Zones. Fifteen of the new zones were to be in urban areas, designated by the Secretary of HUD, and five of them were to be in rural areas, designated by the Secretary of Agriculture. The Act expanded the eligibility criteria slightly, provided different tax incentives applicable to the new EZs, and made other changes affecting EZs, thus necessitating changes to the implementing regulations.

The notice inviting applications from States and local governments for nomination of urban areas as Empowerment Zones also was published on April 16, 1998. That notice provided for an application deadline of October 9, 1998. HUD carefully considered all applications, and on January 13, 1999, Vice President Al Gore announced the urban areas that were designated by HUD as Empowerment Zones and the rural areas that were designated by the Department of Agriculture as rural Empowerment Zones. On that date, Vice President Gore also announced the fifteen communities, called Strategic Planning Communities, that were finalists in the competition.

Appendix A to this notice lists the urban areas that HUD designated as urban Empowerment Zones. Appendix A to this notice also lists the communities, called Strategic Planning Communities, that were finalists in the competition.

Authority: 26 U.S.C. 1391.

# Dated: April 30, 1999.

#### **Cardell Cooper**,

Assistant Secretary for Community Planning and Development.

APPENDIX A

State	City		
Empowerment Zones			
California Connecticut Florida Indiana Massachusetts Minnesota Missouri New Jersey Ohio Ohio Ohio Ohio South Carolina Tennessee Texas Virginia West Virginia	Santa Ana. New Haven. Miami. Gary/E. Chicago, Indiana. Boston. Minneapolis. St. Louis/E. St. Louis, Illi- nois. Cumberland County. Cincinnati. Columbus. Columbus. Columbia/Sumter. Knoxville. El Paso. Norfolk/Portsmouth. Huntington, West Virginia/ Ironton, Ohio.		

#### Strategic Planning Communities

Alabama Alaska Arkansas	Birmingham. Anchorage. Little Rock/North Little Rock.
Kentucky	Louisville.
Louisiana	New Orleans.
Mississippi	Jackson.
Missouri	Kansas City/Kansas City Kansas.
New Jersey	Newark/Elizabeth.
New York	New York City/Brooklyn.
Nevada	Las Vegas/North Las Vegas.
Rhode Island	Providence
South Carolina	Charleston/North Charles- ton.
Texas	San Antonio.
Vermont	Burlington/Plattsburgh, New York.

# APPENDIX A—Continued

State	City
Washington	Tacoma/Lakewood.

[FR Doc. 99–11506 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4210–29–P

### DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

[Docket No. FR-4432-N-18]

#### Federal Property Suitable as Facilities To Assist the Homeless

AGENCY: Office of the Assistant Secretary for Community Planning and Development, HUD. ACTION: Notice.

**SUMMARY:** This Notice identifies unutilized, underutilized, excess, and surplus Federal property reviewed by HUD for suitability for possible use to assist the homeless.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mark Johnston, room 7256, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 Seventh Street SW, Washington, DC 20410; telephone (202) 708–1226; TTY number for the hearing- and speechimpaired (202) 708–2565 (these telephone numbers are not toll-free), or call the toll-free Title V information line at 1–800–927–7588.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with 24 CFR part 581 and section 501 of the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11411), as amended, HUD is publishing this Notice to identify Federal buildings and other real property that HUD has reviewed for suitability for use to assist the homeless. The properties were reviewed using information provided to HUD by Federal landholding agencies regarding unutilized and underutilized buildings and real property controlled by such agencies or by GSA regarding its inventory of excess or surplus Federal property. this Notice is also published in order to comply with the December 12, 1988 Court Order in National Coalition for the Homeless v, Veterans Administration, No. 88-2503-OG (D.D.C.).

Propoerties reviewed are listed in this Notice according to the following categories: Suitable/available, suitable/ unavailable, suitable/to be excess, and unsuitable. The properties listed in the three suitable categories have been reviewed by the landholding agencies, and each agency has transmitted to HUD: (1) Its intention to make the property available for use to assist the homeless, (2) its intention to declare the property excess to the agency's needs, or (3) a statement of the reasons that the property cannot be declared excess or make available for use as facilities to assist the homeless.

Properties listed as suitable/available will be available exclusively for homeless use for a period of 60 days from the date of this Notice. Homeless assistance providers interested in any such property should send a written expression of interest to HHS, addressed to Brian Rooney, Division of Property Management, Program Support Center, HHS, room 5B-41, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857; (301) 443-2265. (This is not a toll-free number.) HHS will mail to the interested provider an application packet, which will include instructions for completing the application. In order to maximize the opportunity to utilize a suitable property, providers should submit their written expressions of interest as soon as possible. For complete details concerning the processing of applications, the reader is encouraged to refer to the interim rule governing this program, 24 CFR part 581.

For properties listed as suitable/to be excess, that property may, if subsequently accepted as excess by GSA, be made available for use by the homeless in accordance with applicable law, subject to screening for other Federal use. At the appropriate time, HUD will publish the property in a Notice showing it as either suitable/ available or suitable/unavailable.

For properties listed as suitable/ unavailable, the landholding agency has decided that the property cannot be declared excess or made available for use to assist the homeless, and the property will not be available.

Properties listed as unsuitable will not be made available for any other purpose for 20 days from the date of this Notice. Homeless assistance providers interested in a review by HUD of the determination of unsuitability should call the toll free information line at 1-800-927-7588 for detailed instructions or write a letter to Mack Johnston at the address listed at the beginning of this Notice. Included in the request for review should be the property address (including zip code), the date of publication in the Federal Register, the landholding agency, and the property number.

For more information regarding particular properties identified in this Notice (*i.e.*, acreage, floor plan, existing sanitary facilities, exact street address), providers should contact the appropriate landholding agencies at the following addresses: AIR FORCE: Ms. Barbara Jenkins, Air Force Real Estate

Agency, (Area-MI), Bolling Air Force Base, 112 Luke Avenue, Suite 104, Building 5683, Washington, DC 20332-8020; (202) 767-4184; ENERGY: Ms. Marsha Penhaker, Department of Energy, Facilities Planning and Acquisition Branch, FM-20, Room 6H-058, Washington, DC 20585; (202) 586-0426; GSA: Mr. Brian K. Polly, Assistant Commissioner, General Services Administration, Office of Property Disposal, 18th and F Streets, NW, Washington, DC 20405; (202) 501-0052; NAVY: Mr. Charles C. Cocks, Department of the Navy, Director, Real Estate Policy Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Washington Navy Yard, 1322 Patterson Ave., SE, Suite 1000, Washington, DC 20374-5056; (202) 685-9200; (These are not toll-free numbers).

Dated: April 29, 1999.

#### Fred Karnas, Jr.,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Economic Development. TITLE V, FEDERAL SURPLUS PROPERTY

# PROGRAM FEDERAL REGISTER REPORT FOR 5/7/99

#### Suitable/Available Properties

Buildings (by State) New Hampshire Bldg. 97 Portsmouth Naval Shipyard Portsmouth Co: NH 03804-5000 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920064 Status: Unutilized Comment: 573 sq. ft., most recent use-scale house/storage, off-site use only. Rhode Island Bldg. 118 Naval Undersea Warfare Center Middletown Co: Newport RI 02841-1708 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920065 Status: Excess Comment: 1604 sq ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-offices/ storage, off-site use only. Bldg. 136 Naval Undersea Warfare Center Middletown Co: Newport RI 02841-1708 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920066 Status: Excess Comment: 882 sq. ft., presence of asbestos/ lead paint, most recent use-operations office, off-site use only. **Unsuitable Properties** Buildings (by State)

Alaska Bldg. 32–189 Elmendorf Air Force Base Anchorage Co: AK 99506–3230 Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 18199920001 Status: Unutilized

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material; Secured Area; Extensive deterioration. California Bldg. 739 Naval Air Weapons Station, Point Mugu Oxnard Co: Ventura CA 93042-5001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920028 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 703 Naval Air Weapons Station, Point Mugu Oxnard Co: Ventura CA 93042-5001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920029 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 870 Naval Air Weapons Station, Point Mugu Oxnard Co: Ventura CA 93042-5001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920030 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 871 Naval Air Weapons Station, Point Mugu Oxnard Co: Ventura CA 93042-5001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920031 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 00431 Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake Co: CA 93555-6001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920032 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 00483 Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake Co: CA 93555-6001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920033 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 00484 Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake Co: CA 93555-6001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920034 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldgs. 00491, 00493 Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake Co: CA 93555-6001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920035 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 00669 Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake Co: CA 93555-6001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920036 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 00929 Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake Co: CA 93555-6001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920037

Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 00955 Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake Co: CA 93555-6001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920038 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 02032 Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake Co: CA 93555-6001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920039 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldgs. 02294-02297 Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake Co: CA 93555-6001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920040 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 02309 Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake Co: CA 93555-6001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920041 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 02330 Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake Co: CA 93555-6001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920042 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 02338 Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake Co: CA 93555-6001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920043 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 91065 Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake Co: CA 93555-6001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920044 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 00032 Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake Co: CA 93555-6001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920045 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldgs. 00352-00355 Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake Co: CA 93555-6001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920046 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 00652 Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake Co: CA 93555-6001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920047 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 01026

Naval Air Weapons Station

China Lake Co: CA 93555-6001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920048 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldgs. 02299, 02300 Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake Co: CA 93555–6001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920049 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldgs. 02328, 92331 Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake Co: CA 93555-6001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920050 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 02332 Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake Co: CA 93555-6001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920051 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldgs. 02336, 02337 Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake Co: CA 93555-6001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920052 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 30702 Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake Co: CA 93555-6001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920053 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldgs. 30713, 30745 Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake Co: CA 93555-6001 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920054 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Florida Facility 1737 Cape Čanaveral Air Station Cape Canaveral Co: Brevard FL 32907-Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 1819992002 Status: Underutilized Reason: Secured Area. Facility 5200 Cape Čanaveral Air Station Cape Canaveral Co: Brevard FL 32907-Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 18199920003 Status: Underutilized Reason: Secured Area. Facility 49950 Cape Canaveral Air Station Cape Canaveral Co: Brevard FL 32907-Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 1819992004 Status: Underutilized Reason: Secured Area. Illinois Bldg. 996 Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory

Batavia Co: Dupage IL 60510-Landholding Agency: Energy Property Number: 41199920001 Status: Excess Reason: Extension deterioration. Bldg. 910 Naval Training Center Great Leakes Co: IL 60088-5000 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920055 Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area. Bldg. 800 Naval Training Center Great Lakes Co: IL 60088-5000 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920056 Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area. Bldg. 1000 Naval Training Center Great Lakes Co: IL 60088-5000 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920057 Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area. Bldg. 1200 Naval Training Center Great Lakes Co: IL 60088-5000 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920058 Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area. Bldg. 1400 Naval Training Center Great Lakes Co: IL 60088-5000 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920059 Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area. Bldg. 1600 Naval Training Center Great Lakes Co: IL 60088-5000 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920060 Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area. Bldg. 2600 Naval Training Center Great Lakes Co: IL 60088-5000 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920061 Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area. Montana Bldgs. 1218, 1220 Malmstrom Air Force Base Malmstrom AFB: Cascade, MT 59402-Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 18199920005 Status: Unutilized Reason: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area. Bldgs. 1210, 1212, 1214, 1216 Malmstrom Air Force Base Malmstrom AFB Co: Cascade, MT 59402-Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 18199920006 Status: Unutilized Reason: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area. Bldg. 1701 Malmstrom Air Force Base Malmstrom AFB Co: Cascade, MT 59402-

Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 18199920007 Status: Unutilized Reason: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area. Bldg. 117 New Boston Air Force Station Amherst Co: Hillsborough, NH 03031-1514 Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 18199920008 Status: Unutilized Reason: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area. Bldg. 129 New Boston Air Force Station Amherst Co: Hillsborough, NH 03031-1514 Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 18199920009 Status: Unutilized Reason: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Secured Area. Bldg. 5210 Newington POL DFS Newington Co: Rockingham, NH 03801-Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 18199920010 Status: Excess Reason: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material. New York Facility 1200 Verona Test Annex Town of Verona Co: Oneida NY 13478-Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 18199920011 Status: Unutilized Reason: no public access. Facility 1202 Verona Test Annex Town of Verona Co: Oneida NY 13478-Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 18199920012 Status: Unutilized Reason: no public access. Facility 1203 Verona Test Annex Town of Verona Co: Oneida NY 13478-Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 18199920013 Status: Unutilized Reason: no public access. Facility 1204 Verona Test Annex Town of Verona Co: Oneida NY 13478-Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 18199920014 Status: Unutilized Reason: no public access. Facility 1205 Verona Test Annex Town of Verona Co: Oneida NY 13478-Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 18199920015 Status: Unutilized Reason: no public access. Facility 1206 Verona Test Annex Town of Verona Co: Oneida NY 13478-Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 18199920016 Status: Unutilized Reason: no public access. Facility 1207

Verona Test Annex Town of Verona Co: Oneida NY 13478-Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 18199920017 Status: Unutilized Reason: no public access. Facility 1208 Verona Test Annex Town of Verona Co: Oneida NY 13478-Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 18199920018 Status: Unutilized Reason: no public access. Facility 1209 Verona Test Annex Town of Verona Co: Oneida NY 13478-Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 18199920019 Status: Unutilized Reason: no public access. Facility 1210 Verona Test Annex Town of Verona Co: Oneida NY 13478-Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 18199920020 Status: Unutilized Reason: no public access. Facility 1259 Verona Test Annex Town of Verona Co: Oneida NY 13478-Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 18199920021 Status: Unutilized Reason: no public access. Facility 1260 Verona Test Annex Town of Verona Co: Oneida NY 13478-Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 18199920022 Status: Unutilized Reason: no public access. Peconic "H" Facility Brookhaven Co: Suffolk NY 00000– Landholding Agency: GSA Property Number: 54199920002 Status: Excess Reason: no public access GSA Number: 1-U-NY-641B. North Carolina Bldg. TC-849 Camp Lejeune Camp Lejeune Co: Onslow NC 28542-0004 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920062 Status: Unutilized Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration. Bldg. TC-852 Camp Lejeune Camp Lejeune Co: Onslow NC 28542-0004 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920063 Status: Unutilized Reasons: Secured Area, Extensive deterioration. South Dakota Bldg. 608 Ellsworth Air Force Base Ellsworth AFB Co: Pennington SD 57706-Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 18199920023 Status: Unutilized

Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material, Within airport runway clear zone, Secured Area. Bldg. 3501 Ellsworth Air Force Base Ellsworth AFB Co: Pennington SD 57706 Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 181999200024 Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area. 5 Bldgs. Ellsworth Air Force Base 6926, 6928, 6929, 6930, 6931 Ellsworth AFB Co: Pennington SD 57706-Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 18199920025 Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area. Bldg. 8001 Ellsworth Air Force Base Ellsworth AFB Co: Pennington SD 57706-Landholding Agency: Air Force Property Number: 18199920026 Status: Unutilized Reason: Secured Area. Virginia Bldg. SC-319 Armed Forces Staff College Norfolk Naval Base Norfolk Co: VA 23511-1702 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920067 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 449 Naval Shipyard Portsmouth Co: VA 23709-Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920068 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 450 Norfolk Naval Shipyard Portsmouth Co: VA 23709-Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920069 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 451 Norfolk Naval Shipyard Portsmouth Co: VA 23709-Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920070 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 453 Norfolk Naval Shipyard Portsmouth Co: VA 23709-Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920071 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 454 Norfolk Naval Shipyard Portsmouth Co: VA 23709-Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920072 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 708 Norfolk Naval Shipyard Portsmouth Co: VA 23709-Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920073

Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 709 Norfolk Naval Shipyard Portsmouth Co: VA 23709-Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920074 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 710 Norfolk Naval Shipyard Portsmouth Co: VA 23709-Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920075 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 711 Norfolk Naval Shipyard Portsmouth Co: VA 23709-Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920076 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 712 Norfolk Naval Shipyard Portsmouth Co: VA 23709-Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920077 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 713 Norfolk Naval Shipvard Portsmouth Co: VA 23709-Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920078 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 714 Norfolk Naval Shipyard Portsmouth Co: VA 23709-Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920079 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 715 Norfolk Naval Shipyard Portsmouth Co: VA 23709-Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920080 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 716 Norfolk Naval Shipyard Portsmouth Co: VA 23709-Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920081 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 717 Norfolk Naval Shipyard Portsmouth Co: VA 23709-Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920082 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 718 Norfolk Naval Shipyard Portsmouth Co: VA 23709-Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920083 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Bldg. 1454

Norfolk Naval Shipyard

Portsmouth Co: VA 23709– Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920084 Status: Excess Reason: Extensive deterioration. Washington Bldg. 894 Naval Undersea Warfare Center Keyport Co: Kitsap WA 98345–7610 Landholding Agency: Navy Property Number: 77199920085 Status: Underutilized Reasons: Within 2000 ft. of flammable or explosive material; Secured Area.

[FR Doc. 99–11214 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4210–29–M

#### DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

#### **Fish and Wildlife Service**

# Notice of Receipt of Applications for Permit

The following applicants have applied for a permit to conduct certain activities with endangered species. This notice is provided pursuant to Section 10(c) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531, et seq.):

#### PRT-011288

Applicant: H. Allen Netherland, Escatawpa, MS

The applicant requests a permit to import the sport-hunted trophy of one male bontebok (*Damaliscus pygargus dorcas*) culled from a captive herd maintained under the management program of the Republic of South Africa, for the purpose of enhancement of the survival of the species.

# PRT-008520

Applicant: Edward Louis, Henry Doorly Zoo, Omaha, NE

The applicant has requested amendment of an application originally published March 4, 1999. The revised application requests a permit to import biological samples of all species of lemur collected from animals in the wild on Madagascar for the purpose of scientific research in lemur genetics. This notification covers activities conducted by this applicant for a period of five years

# PRT-834015

Applicant: NIH/National Cancer Institute, Frederick, MD

The applicant requests to have their permit re-issued for the import of hair, tissue, and blood samples from Vicuna (*Vicugna vicugna*) from Bolivia and Argentina, Chile, and Peru for the purpose of enhancement of the survival of the species through scientific research over a five year period.

#### PRT-011262

Applicant: Douglas Yajko, Glenwood Springs, CO

The applicant requests a permit to import a sport-hunted trophy of a cheetah (*Acinonyx jubatus*) from Namibia for the purpose of enhancement to the survival of the species.

#### PRT-011261

Applicant: Robert Senter, Sr., Plaistow, NH

The applicant requests a permit to import a sport-hunted trophy of a cheetah (*Acinonyx jubatus*) from Zimbabwe for the purpose of enhancement to the survival of the species.

#### PRT-011260

Applicant: Clifford Senter, Plaistow, NH

The applicant requests a permit to import a sport-hunted trophy of a cheetah (*Acinonyx jubatus*) from Zimbabwe for the purpose of enhancement to the survival of the species.

Written data or comments should be submitted to the Director, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Management Authority, 4401 North Fairfax Drive, Room 700, Arlington, Virginia 22203 and must be received by the Director within 30 days of the date of this publication.

The public is invited to comment on the following application for a permit to conduct certain activities with marine mammals. The application was submitted to satisfy requirements of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972, *as amended* (16 U.S.C. 1361 *et seq.*) and the regulations governing marine mammals (50 CFR 18).

# PRT-010370

Applicant: Monterey Bay Aquarium, Monterey, CA

*Permit Type:* Take for scientific research.

Name and Number of Animals: Southern sea otter (*Enhydra lutris nereis*), up to 10.

Summary of Activity to be Authorized: The applicant requests a permit to develop and test an enhanced radio tagging technique for Southern sea otters.

Source of Marine Mammals: Captive sea otters held by Monterey Bay Aquarium under Section 109(h) of the Marine Mammal Protection Act. Period of Activity: Up to 5 years, if issued. Applicant: Renee Snider, Elk Grove, CA.

#### PRT-011107

The applicant requests a permit to import a polar bear (*Ursus maritimus*) sport-hunted from the Lancaster Sound polar bear population, Canada for personal use.

Applicant: Terry Michael Marshall, Wildwood, MO.

#### PRT-011106

The applicant requests a permit to import a polar bear (*Ursus maritimus*) sport-hunted from the Lancaster Sound polar bear population, Canada for personal use.

Applicant: Ray Richard Fisher, II, Charlotte, NC.

# PRT-011105

The applicant requests a permit to import a polar bear (*Ursus maritimus*) sport-hunted from the Southern Beaufort Sea polar bear population, Canada for personal use. *Applicant*: Allen L. Ebnet, Aitkin, MN.

#### PRT-MA-011207

The applicant requests a permit to import a polar bear (*Ursus maritimus*) sport-hunted from the McClintock Channel polar bear population, Canada for personal use.

Applicant: Michael J. Boyce, Reno, NV.

#### PRT-011282

The applicant requests a permit to import a polar bear (*Ursus maritimus*) sport-hunted from the Lancaster Sound polar bear population, Canada for personal use.

Applicant: William F. Chesley, Crofton, MD.

#### PRT-011279

The applicant requests a permit to import a polar bear (*Ursus maritimus*) sport-hunted from the Lancaster Sound polar bear population, Canada for personal use.

*Applicant*: Warren F. Florkiewicz, Scottsdale, AZ.

#### PRT-011278

The applicant requests a permit to import a polar bear (*Ursus maritimus*) sport-hunted from the Lancaster Sound polar bear population, Canada for personal use.

Written data or comments, requests for copies of the complete application, or requests for a public hearing on this application should be sent to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Management Authority, 4401 N. Fairfax Drive, Room 700, Arlington, Virginia 22203, telephone 703/358–2104 or fax 703/358–2281 and must be received within 30 days of the date of publication of this notice. Anyone requesting a hearing should give specific reasons why a hearing would be appropriate. The holding of such a hearing is at the discretion of the Director.

Documents and other information submitted with these applications are available for review, *subject to the*  requirements of the Privacy Act and Freedom of Information Act, by any party who submits a written request for a copy of such documents to the following office within 30 days of the date of publication of this notice: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Management Authority, 4401 North Fairfax Drive, Room 700, Arlington, Virginia 22203. Phone: (703/358–2104); FAX: (703/358–2281).

Dated: May 3, 1999.

#### **MaryEllen Amtower**,

Acting Chief, Branch of Permits, Office of Management Authority. [FR Doc. 99–11472 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–55–P

#### DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

#### Fish and Wildlife Service.

#### Endangered Species Permit Applications

**AGENCY:** Fish and Wildlife Service. **ACTION:** Notice of receipt of permit applications.

**SUMMARY:** The following applicants have applied for a scientific research permit to conduct certain activities with endangered species pursuant to section 10 (a)(1)(A) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*).

Permit No. TE-001075

Applicant: Marc Blain, Pasadena, California

The applicant requests a permit amendment to take (harass by survey) the southwestern willow flycatcher (*Empidonax traillil extimus*) in conjunction with presence or absence surveys throughout Los Angeles, San Bernardino, Orange, Riverside, and San Diego Counties, California, for the purpose of enhancing its survival. Permit No. TE–011021

Applicant: U.S. Bureau of Reclamation, Denver, Colorado

The applicant requests a permit to take (capture, mark, and collect) the desert pupfish (*Cyprinodon macularius*) in conjunction with presence or absence surveys and scientific research throughout the shoreline pools, irrigation drains, and tributaries of the Salton Sea, California, for the purpose of enhancing its survival.

Permit No. TE–010350 Applicant: Lisa Edgington, Los

Angeles, California

The applicant requests a permit to take (remove and reduce to possession) specimens of Lyon's pentachaeta (*Pentachaeta lyonii*) in conjunction with scientific research throughout the species' range for the purpose of enhancing its survival. Permit No. TE–009396

Applicant: Zay Denise Ebsen, El Cajon, California

The applicant requests a permit to take (harass by survey, collect, and sacrifice) the San Diego fairy shrimp (*Brachinecta sandiegonensis*) and the Riverside fairy shrimp (*Streptocephalus woottoni*) in conjunction with surveys in Riverside, San Diego, and Orange Counties, California for the purpose of enhancing their survival. Permit No. TE-009838

Applicant: Siskiyou Resource

Geographic, Ashland, Oregon

The applicant requests a permit to take (harass by survey, collect, and sacrifice) the Conservancy fairy shrimp (*Branchinecta conservatio*), longhorn fairy shrimp (*Branchinecta longiantenna*), vernal pool tadpole shrimp (*Lepidurus packardi*), San Diego fairy shrimp (*Brachinecta sandiegonensis*), and the Riverside fairy shrimp (*Streptocephalus woottoni*) throughout the species range in conjunction with surveys for the purpose of enhancing their survival. Permit No. TE–009396

Applicant: Mary Anne Pentis, Ramona, California

The applicant requests a permit to take (collect and reduce to possession) the San Diego mesa mint (*Pogogyne abramsii*), Otay mesa mint (*Pogogyne nudiuscula*), button celery (*Eryngium aristualtum parishii*), and spreading Navarretia (*Navarretia fossalis*), and take (survey, collect, and sacrifice) the San Diego fairy shrimp (*Brachinecta sandiegonensis*) and the Riverside fairy shrimp (*Streptocephalus woottoni*) in San Diego County, California, in conjunction with surveys and scientific research for the purpose of enhancing their survival.

Permit No. TE-010897

Applicant: Ricardo Montijo, Santa Barbara, California

The applicant requests a permit to take (harass by survey, collect, and sacrifice) the Conservancy fairy shrimp (*Branchinecta conservatio*), longhorn fairy shrimp (*Branchinecta longiantenna*), vernal pool tadpole shrimp (*Lepidurus packardi*), San Diego fairy shrimp (*Brachinecta sandiegonensis*), and the Riverside fairy shrimp (*Streptocephalus woottoni*) throughout the species range in California, in conjunction with surveys for the purpose of enhancing their survival.

Permit No. TE-797999

Applicant: Merkel & Associates, San

Diego, California The applicant requests a permit to take (harass by survey, collect, and sacrifice) the Conservancy fairy shrimp (Branchinecta conservatio), longhorn fairy shrimp (Branchinecta longiantenna), vernal pool tadpole shrimp (Lepidurus packardi), San Diego fairy shrimp (Brachinecta sandiegonensis), and the Riverside fairy shrimp (Streptocephalus woottoni) throughout the species range in California, in conjunction with surveys for the purpose of enhancing their survival.

**DATES:** Written comments on these permit applications must be received by June 7, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Written data or comments should be submitted to the Chief, Division of Recovery, Planning and Permits, Ecological Services, Fish and Wildlife Service, 911 N.E. 11th Avenue, Portland, Oregon 97232-4181; Fax: (503) 231-6243. Please refer to the respective permit number for each application when submitting comments. All comments received, including names and addresses, will become part of the official administrative record and may be made available to the public. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Documents and other information submitted with these applications are available for review, subject to the requirements of the Privacy Act and

Freedom of Information Act, by any party who submits a written request for a copy of such documents within 20 days of the date of publication of this notice to the address above; telephone: (503) 231–2063. Please refer to the respective permit number for each application when requesting copies of documents.

Dated: April 29, 1999.

#### Thomas Dwyer,

Acting Regional Director, Region 1, Portland, Oregon.

[FR Doc. 99–11486 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–55–P

## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

# **Geological Survey**

## Land Processes Distributed Active Archive Center (DAAC) Science Advisory Panel Meeting; Advisory Panel Meeting

**AGENCY:** U.S. Geological Survey. **ACTION:** Notice of meeting.

**SUMMARY:** The Land Processes Distributed Active Archive Center (DAAC) Science Advisory Panel will meet at the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) Earth Resources Observation Systems (EROS) Data Center (EDC) near Sioux Falls, South Dakota, on May 25– 27, 1999. The Committee, comprised of 12 members from academia, government, and private industry provide Land Process DAAC management and staff with advice and guidance in development, implementation, and operation of DAAC data processing, archiving, and distribution systems and related science support capabilities.

Topics to be reviewed and discussed by the Panel include Landsat 7 flight and ground systems status, data and product distribution and pricing policies, Earth Observing System (EOS) Data Gateway devleopment and implementation status, validation science support, systems test activities, EOS Core System (ECS) maintenance and operations status and plans, and FY 1999 budget and activities update. DATES: May 25–27, 1999, beginning at 8:30 a.m. on Tuesday, May 25 and adjourning at 2:00 p.m. on Thursday, May 27.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. G. Bryan Bailey, Land Processes DAAC Project Scientist, U.S. Geological Survey, EROS Data Center, Sioux Falls, South Dakota 57198 at (605) 594–6001 or e-mail at gbbailey@usgs.gov SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Meetings of the Land Processes DAAC Science Advisory Panel are open to the public.

Dated: April 27, 1999.

Richard E. Witmer,

Chief, National Mapping Division. [FR Doc. 99–11460 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–Y7–M

#### DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

## **Bureau of Indian Affairs**

## Irrigation Operation and Maintenance Rate Adjustment for San Carlos Irrigation Project, Arizona

**AGENCY:** Bureau of Indian Affairs, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice of Irrigation Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Rate Adjustment.

**SUMMARY:** The Bureau of Indian Affairs is adjusting the irrigation assessment rates for operating and maintaining the San Carlos Irrigation Project for the 1999 season.

**DATES:** The new irrigation assessment rate for 1999 will become effective May 7, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Wayne Nordwall, Area Director, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Phoenix Area Office, P.O. Box 10, Phoenix, AZ 85001, telephone (602) 379–6956.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The authority to issue this document is vested in the Secretary of the Interior by 5 U.S.C. 301 and the Act of August 15, 1914 (38 Stat. 583, 25 U.S.C. 385). The Secretary has delegated this authority to the Assistant Secretary-Indian Affairs under part 209 Departmental Manual, Chapter 8.1A and Memorandum dated January 25, 1994, from Chief of Staff, Department of the Interior, to Assistant Secretaries, and Heads of Bureaus and Offices.

This notice is given in accordance with Section 171.1(e) of part 171, Subchapter H, Chapter 1, of Title 25 of the Code of Federal Regulations, which provides for fixing and announcing the rates for annual operation and maintenance assessments and related information for BIA operated and owned irrigation projects.

The assessment rates are based on an estimate of the cost of normal operation and maintenance of the irrigation project. Normal operation and maintenance means the expenses we incur to provide direct support or benefit to the project's activities for administration, operation, maintenance, and rehabilitation. We must include at least:

(a) Personnel salary and benefits for the project engineer/manager and our employees under his/her management control,

(b) Materials and supplies,(c) Major and minor vehicle and

equipment repairs, (d) Equipment, including

transportation, fuel, oil, grease, lease and replacement,

(e) Capitalization expenses,

(f) Acquisition expenses, and

(g) Other expenses we determine necessary to properly perform the activities and functions characteristic of an irrigation project

#### **Payments**

The irrigation operation and maintenance assessments become due based on locally established payment requirements. No water shall be delivered to any of these lands until all irrigation charges have been paid.

#### **Interest and Penalty Fees**

Interest, penalty, and administrative fees will be assessed, where required by law, on all delinquent operation and maintenance assessment charges as prescribed in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 4, Part 102, Federal Claims Collection Standards; and 42 BIAM Supplement 3, part 3.8 Debt **Collection Procedures. Beginning 30** days after the due date interest will be assessed at the rate of the current value of funds to the U.S. Treasury. An administrative fee of \$12.50 will be assessed each time an effort is made to collect a delinquent debt; a penalty charge of 6 percent per year will be charged on delinquent debts over 90 days old and will accrue from the date the debt became delinquent. After 180 days a delinquent debt will be forwarded to the United States Treasury for further action in accordance with the Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996 (Pub. L. 104-134).

Comments: On September 17, 1997, the Bureau of Indian Affairs published a notice in the Federal Register, 62 FR 44992, proposing to adjust the irrigation assessment rates for operating and maintaining SCIP for 1998, 1999, and subsequent years. The notice of proposed rate adjustment provided a 30day public comment period. No comments were received for the 1998 irrigation season and a Federal Register notice was published on March 16, 1998, 62 FR 12818-12819, for the 1998 irrigation season only. Comments were received for the proposed adjustment to the assessment for 1999.

The San Carlos Irrigation and Drainage District (SCIDD) commented on the proposed 1999 irrigation assessment increase of \$6.00 per acre to a \$26.00 per acre assessment. Their comment questioned the inclusion in the assessment of the cost for future repair of the spillway gates at Coolidge Dam. Coolidge Dam is part of the infrastructure of the San Carlos Irrigation Project (SCIP). Subsequent to correspondence and meetings between BIA and SCIDD to review the proposed rate increase of \$6.00 per acre, the BIA has decided not to increase the assessment to \$26.00 at this time. The irrigation assessment for SCIP will remain at \$20.00 per acre until further notice. The BIA has initiated a study of the spillway gates at Coolidge Dam to analyze the benefits of their repairing. Upon completion of the study, SCIP will review its possible impact on any future irrigation rate assessment.

## **Executive Order 12988**

The Department has certified to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) that this rate adjustment meets the applicable standards provided in sections 3(a) and 3(b)(2) of Executive Order 12988.

## **Executive Order 12866**

This rate adjustment is not a significant regulatory action and has been reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Order 12866.

#### **Regulatory Flexibility Act**

This rate making is not a rule for the purposes of the Regulatory Flexibility Act because it is "a rule of particular applicability relating to rates." 5 U.S.C. 601(2).

# **Executive Order 12630**

The Department has determined that this rate adjustment does not have significant "takings" implications.

## **Executive Order 12612**

The Department has determined that this rate adjustment does not have significant Federalism effects because it pertains solely to Federal-tribal relations and will not interfere with the roles, rights, and responsibilities of states.

# **NEPA Compliance**

The Department has determined that this rate adjustment does not constitute a major Federal action significantly affecting the quality of the human environment and that no detailed statement is required under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969.

#### **Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995**

This rate adjustment does not contain collections of information requiring approval under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

#### **Unfunded Mandates Act of 1995**

This rate adjustment imposes no unfunded mandates on any governmental or private entity and is in compliance with the provisions of the Unfunded Mandates Act of 1995.

*Rate Adjustment:* The following table illustrates the rate adjustment:

SAN CARLOS IRRIGATION PROJECT IR-RIGATION RATE PER ASSESSABLE ACRE

	1998	1999
Rate	\$20.00	\$20.00

#### Dated: April 29, 1999.

Kevin Gover,

Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs. [FR Doc. 99–11456 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–02–P

## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

## **Bureau of Land Management**

[AK-962-1410-00-P] [AA-9288, AA-9330, and AA-10424]

## Alaska Native Claims Selection

In accordance with Departmental regulations 43 CFR 2650.7(d), notice is hereby given that decisions to issue conveyance under the provisions of Sec. 14(h)(1) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of December 18, 1971, (ANCSA), 43 U.S.C. 1601, 1613(h)(1), will be issued to the Calista Corporation for three sites aggregating approximately 529 acres. The lands involved are in the vicinity of Nunivak Island, Alaska.

#### Seward Meridian, Alaska

- T. 1 N., R. 103 W.,
- T. 2 S., R. 103 W.,

A notice of the decisions will be published once a week, for four (4) consecutive weeks, in the *Anchorage Daily News*. Copies of the decisions may be obtained by contacting the Alaska State Office of the Bureau of Land Management, 222 West Seventh Avenue, #13, Anchorage, Alaska 99513– 7599 ((907) 271–5960).

Any party claiming a property interest which is adversely affected by the decisions, shall have until June 7, 1999 to file an appeal. However, parties receiving service by certified mail shall have 30 days from the date of receipt to file an appeal. Appeals must be filed in the Bureau of Land Management at the address identified above, where the requirements for filing an appeal may be obtained. Parties who do not file an appeal in accordance with the requirements in 43 CFR Part 4, Subpart E, shall be deemed to have waived their rights.

### Patricia A. Baker,

Land Law Examiner Branch of ANCSA Adjudication. [FR Doc. 99–11488 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–01–P

## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

#### **Bureau of Land Management**

[NM-910-08-1020-00]

## New Mexico Resource Advisory Council Meeting

**AGENCY:** Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice of new member orientation meeting and council meeting.

**SUMMARY:** In accordance with the Federal Land Policy and Management

Act and the Federal Advisory Committee Act of 1972 (FACA), 5 U.S.C. Appendix 1, The Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (BLM), announces an orientation meeting of the New Mexico Resource Advisory Council (RAC). This meeting is focused toward the new RAC members. Existing RAC members may also attend.

The one day orientation meeting will be held on Wednesday June 16, 1999 at the Amberley Suite Hotel, 7620 Pan American NE, Albuquerque, NM 87109. This meeting starts at 8 a.m. The draft agenda for the orientation meeting includes presentation and discussion on the regulations and laws under which the RAC functions, the RAC Charter, travel voucher procedures, summaries of recent RAC recommendations, Southwest Strategy, the BLM/New Mexico Strategic Plan and minutes from previous RAC meetings. Agenda items may be change depending on the needs of the RAC. This RAC meetings is open to the public. The end time of 4:30 p.m. for the orientation meeting may be changed depending on the needs of the RAC.

The regular RAC meeting will be held on Thursday, June 17 and Friday, June 18, 1999 at the Amberly Suite Hotel, 7620 Pan American NE, Albuquerque, NM 87109. The meeting on June 17 and 18, 1999 starts at 8 a.m. both days. The draft agenda for the RAC meeting includes getting acquainted and welcome, agreement on the meeting agenda, any RAC comments on the draft summary minutes of the last RAC meeting on November 19 and 20, 1998 in Las Cruces, NM., check in with RAC members, presentation and discussion on Standard and Guidelines Resource Management Plan Amendment/ Environmental Impact Statement, public comment to the RAC, facilitated dialogue on RAC Standards and Guidelines, BLM Field Managers presentations, RAC selection of draft agenda items and location for next RAC meeting, presentation and discussion on Rio Grand Corridor proposed plan and final EIS and RAC assessment of this meeting. Specific agenda items, dates, times and locations may be adjusted with approval of the RAC.

The time for the public to address the RAC is 3 p.m. to 5 p.m. Thursday, June 17, 1999. The RAC may reduce or extend the end time of 5 p.m. depending on the number of people wishing to address the RAC. The length of time available for each person to address the RAC will be established at the start of the public comment period and will depend on how many people there are that wish to address the RAC. At the

completion of the public comments the RAC may continue discussion on its Agenda items. The meeting on June 18, 1999, is planned to end at 5 p.m. The end time of 5 p.m. for the meeting may be changed depending on the work remaining for the RAC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Bob Armstrong, New Mexico State Office, Planning and Policy Team, Bureau of Land Management, 1474 Rodeo Road, PO Box 27115, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87502–0115, telephone (505) 438–7436. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The purpose of the Resource Advisory Council is to advise the Secretary of the Interior, through the BLM, on a variety of planning and management issues associated with the management of public lands. The Council's responsibilities include providing advice on long-range planning, establishing resource management priorities and assisting the BLM to identify State and regional standards for public land health and guidelines for livestock grazing management.

Dated: April 30, 1999.

M.J. Chávez,

State Director.

[FR Doc. 99–11487 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–FB–M

# INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation Nos. 701–TA–384 (Final) and 731–TA–806–808 (Final)]

## Certain Hot-Rolled Steel Products From Brazil, Japan, and Russia; Notice of Commission Determination to Conduct a Portion of the Hearing In Camera

AGENCY: International Trade Commission. ACTION: Closure of a portion of a Commission hearing to the public.

SUMMARY: Upon request of Japanese respondents (Nippon Steel Corporation, NKK Corporation, Kobe Steel, Ltd., Kawasaki Steel Corporation, Sumitomo Metal Industries, Ltd., and Nisshin Steel Co., Ltd.) and Brazilian respondents (USIMINAS, COSIPA, and CSN), the Commission has determined to conduct a portion of its hearing in the abovecaptioned investigations scheduled for May 4, 1999, in camera. See Commission rules 207.24(d), 201.13(m) and 201.36(b)(4) (19 CFR 207.24(d), 201.13(m) and 201.36(b)(4)). The remainder of the hearing will be open to the public. The Commission has determined that the seven-day advance notice of the change to a meeting was

not possible. See Commission rule 201.35(a), (c)(1) (19 CFR 201.35(a), (c)(1)).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Aaron Fishman, Office of General Counsel, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street, SW, Washington, DC 20436, telephone 202– 205–3115, e-mail afishman@usitc.gov. Hearing-impaired individuals are advised that information on this matter may be obtained by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on 202– 205–1810.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Commission believes that the Japanese and Brazilian respondents have justified the need for a closed session. The Japanese and Brazilian respondents seek a closed session to allow for a company by company analysis of certain domestic producers' valuation and cost allocation of internal transfers of certain hot-rolled steel products. Because such discussions will necessitate disclosure of business proprietary information (BPI), they can only occur if a portion of the hearing is held in camera. In making this decision, the Commission nevertheless reaffirms its belief that whenever possible its business should be conducted in public.

The hearing will include the usual public presentations by petitioners and by respondents, with questions from the Commission. In addition, the hearing will include an in camera session for a confidential presentation by the Japanese and Brazilian respondents and for questions from the Commission relating to the BPI, followed by an in camera rebuttal presentation by petitioners. For any in camera session the room will be cleared of all persons except those who have been granted access to BPI under a Commission administrative protective order (APO) and are included on the Commission's APO service list in this investigation. See 19 CFR 201.35(b)(1), (2). The time for the parties' presentations and rebuttals in the in camera session will be taken from their respective overall allotments for the hearing. All persons planning to attend the in camera portions of the hearing should be prepared to present proper identification.

**Authority:** The General Counsel has certified, pursuant to Commission Rule 201.39 (19 CFR 201.39) that, in her opinion, a portion of the Commission's hearing in *Certain Hot-Rolled Steel Products from Brazil, Japan, and Russia,* Inv. Nos. 701–TA– 384 (Final) and 731–TA–806–808 (Final), may be closed to the public to prevent the disclosure of BPI.

Issued: May 4, 1999.

By order of the Commission. **Donna R. Koehnke**, *Secretary.* [FR Doc. 99–11538 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7020–02–P

#### INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 332–345]

#### **Recent Trends in U.S. Services Trade**

**AGENCY:** United States International Trade Commission. **ACTION:** Scheduling of 2000 report on Recent Trends in U.S. Services Trade and the opportunity for the public to submit information.

EFFECTIVE DATE: April 27, 1999. SUMMARY: The Commission has prepared and published annual reports on U.S. trade in selected industries/ commodity areas in conjunction with Commission investigation No. 332-345, U.S. Trade Shifts in Selected Industries, since 1993. Under the investigation the Commission publishes two annual reports, Shifts in U.S. Merchandise Trade, and Recent Trends in U.S. Services Trade. The latest version of the Recent Trends report may be obtained from the ITC's Internet server (http:// www.usitc.gov). A printed report may be requested by contacting the Office of the Secretary at 202-205-2000 or by fax at 202-205-2104. The Commission plans to publish its 1999 report on services trade in May 1999. The 2000 report, scheduled to be published in May 2000, will cover cross-border trade for the period ending in 1998 and transactions by affiliates based outside the country of their parent firm for the period ending in 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Questions about the Recent Trends report may be directed to the project leader, Dennis Luther, Office of Industries (202-205-3497). For information on the legal aspects, please contact Mr. William Gearhart, Office of General Counsel (202-205-3091). The media should contact Ms. Margaret O'Laughlin, Public Affairs Officer (202-205–1819). Hearing impaired individuals are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the TDD terminal on (202-205–1810). Inquiries or suggestions from the public regarding the report are welcome and should be addressed to the Secretary to the Commission, at (202-205-2000), U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436. General information concerning the Commission

may also be obtained by accessing its Internet server (http://www.usitc.gov).

#### Background

The initial notice of institution of this investigation was published in the **Federal Register** of September 8, 1993 (58 FR 47287). The Commission expanded the scope of this investigation to cover services trade in a separate report, which it announced in a notice published in the **Federal Register** of December 28, 1994 (59 FR 66974). The services trade report has been published annually since June 1996 under investigation No. 332–345, while the merchandise trade report has been published under the same investigation annually since September 1993.

As in past years, the report will summarize trade in services in the aggregate and provide analyses of trends and developments in trade in selected service industries that occurred in the latest period for which data are published by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

#### Written Submission

No public hearing is planned. However, interested persons are invited to submit written information relating to trade in service industries for the May 2000 report. Commercial or financial information which a submitter desires the Commission to treat as confidential must be provided on separate sheets of paper, each clearly marked 'Confidential Business Information'' at the top. All submissions requesting confidential treatment must conform with the requirements of § 201.6 of the Commission's rules and practice and procedure (19 CFR 201.6). All written submissions, except for confidential business information, will be made available in the Office of the Secretary of the Commission for inspection by interested persons. To be assured of consideration by the Commission, written statements relating to the Commission's report should be submitted to the Commission in accordance with § 201.8 at the earliest practical date and should be received no later than the close of business on August 31, 1999. All submissions should be addressed to the Secretary, United States International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436. The Commission's rules do not authorize filing of submissions with the Secretary by facsimile or electronic means. Issued: May 3, 1999.

By order of the Commission. **Donna R. Koehnke,**  *Secretary.* [FR Doc. 99–11537 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7020–02–P

## DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### **Drug Enforcement Administration**

## Importer of Controlled Substances; Notice of Registration

By Notice dated December 17, 1998 and published in the **Federal Register** on December 29, 1998 (63 FR 71655), B.I. Chemicals, Inc., 2820 N. Normandy Drive, Petersburg, Virginia 23805, made application to the Drug Enforcement Administration to be registered as an importer of phenylacetone (8501), a basic class of controlled substance listed in Schedule II.

The firm plans to import the phenylacetone for the bulk manufacture of amphetamine.

No comments or objections have been received. DEA has considered the factors in Title 21, United States Code, Section 823(a) and determined that the registration of B.I. Chemicals, Inc. to import phenylacetone is consistent with the public interest and with United States obligations under international treaties, conventions, or protocols in effect on May 1, 1971, at this time. DEA has investigated B.I. Chemicals, Inc. to ensure that the company's registration is consistent with the public interest. Therefore, pursuant to Section 1008(a) of the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act and in accordance with Title 21, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1301.34, the above firm is granted registration as an importer of the basic class of controlled substance listed above.

Dated: April 26, 1999.

# John H. King,

Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration. [FR Doc. 99–11444 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–09–M

#### DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### **Drug Enforcement Administration**

#### Manufacturer of Controlled Substances; Notice of Registration

By Notice dated December 14, 1998, and published in the **Federal Register** on December 23, 1998 (63 FR 71154), B.I. Chemicals, Inc., 2820 N. Normandy Drive, Petersburg, Virginia 23805, made application by letter to the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) to be registered as a bulk manufacturer of amphetamine (1100), a basic class of controlled substance listed in Schedule II.

The firms plans to bulk manufacture amphetamine for distribution to its customers.

DEA has considered the factors in Title 21. United States Code. Section 823(a) and determined that the registration of B.I. Chemicals, Inc. to manufacture the listed controlled substance is consistent with the public interest at this time. DEA has investigated B.I. Chemicals, Inc. on a regular basis to ensure that the company's continued registration is consistent with the public interest. These investigations have included inspection and testing of the company's physical security systems, audits of the company's records, verification of the company's compliance with state and local laws, and a review of the company's background and history. Therefore, pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 823 and 28 CFR 0.100 and 0.104, the Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, hereby orders that the application submitted by the above firm for registration as a bulk manufacturer of the basic class of controlled substance listed above is granted.

Dated: April 26, 1999.

#### John H. King,

Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration.

[FR Doc. 99–11445 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–09–M

## DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

# **Drug Enforcement Administration**

## Manufacturer of Controlled Substances; Notice of Registration

By Notice dated December 2, 1998, and published in the **Federal Register** on December 11, 1998, (63 FR 68473), Cauldron Inc., DBA Cauldron Process Chemistry, 383 Phoenixville Pike, Malvern, Pennsylvania 19355, made application by renewal to the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) to be registered as a bulk manufacturer of amphetamine, a basic class of controlled substance listed in Schedule II.

The firm plans to bulk manufacture amphetamine for the purpose of performing bioequivalency studies.

DEA has considered the factors in Title 21, United States Code, Section 823(a) and determined that the

registration of Cauldron Inc. to manufacture the listed controlled substance is consistent with the public interest at this time. DEA has investigated the firm on a regular basis to ensure that the company's continued registration is consistent with the public interest. These investigations have included inspection and testing of the company's physical security systems, audits of the company's records, verification of the company's compliance with state and local laws, and a review of the company's background and history. Therefore, pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 823 and 28 CFR 0.100 and 0.104, the Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, hereby orders that the application submitted by the above firm for registration as a bulk manufacturer of the basic class of controlled substance listed above is granted.

Dated: April 26, 1999.

#### John H. King,

Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration.

[FR Doc. 99–11446 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–09–M

### DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### **Drug Enforcement Administration**

## Importer of Controlled Substances; Notice of Registration

By Notice dated December 28, 1998, and published in the **Federal Register** on January 4, 1999, (64 FR 181), Cauldron Inc., DBA Cauldron Process Chemistry, 383 Phoenixville Pike, Malvern, Pennsylvania 19355, made application by letter to the Drug Enforcement Administration to be registered as an importer of phenylacetone (8501), a basic class of controlled substance listed in Schedule II.

The firm plans to import the phenylacetone for the bulk manufacture of amphetamine basic class.

No comments or objections have been received. DEA has considered the factors in Title 21, United States Code, Section 823(a) and determined that the registration of Cauldron Inc. to import phenylacetone is consistent with the public interest and with United States obligations under international treaties, conventions, or protocols in effect on May 1, 1971, at this time. DEA has investigated Cauldron Inc. to ensure that the company's registration is consistent with the public interest. Therefore, pursuant to Section 1008(a) of the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act and in accordance with Title 21, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1301.34, the above firm is granted registration as an importer of the basic class of controlled substance listed above.

Dated: April 26, 1999.

#### John H. King,

Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration. [FR Doc. 99–11447 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–09–M

## DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

## **Drug Enforcement Administration**

# Manufacturer of Controlled Substances; Notice of Application

Pursuant to Section 1301.33(a) of Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), this is notice that on March 15, 1999, Dupont Pharmaceuticals, 1000 Stewart Avenue, Garden City, New York 11530, made application by renewal to the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) for registration as a bulk manufacturer of the basic classes of controlled substances listed below:

Drug	Schedule
Oxycodone (9143) Hydrocodone (9193) Oxymorphone (9652)	П

The firm plans to manufacture the listed controlled substances to make finished products.

Any other such applicant and any person who is presently registered with DEA to manufacture such substances may file comments or objections to the issuance of the proposed registration.

Any such comments or objections may be addressed, in quintuplicate, to the Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration, United States Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. 20537, Attention: DEA Federal Register Representative (CCR), and must be filed no later than July 6, 1999.

Dated: April 26, 1999.

#### John H. King,

Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration. [FR Doc. 99–11449 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-09-M

# DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### **Drug Enforcement Administration**

## Importation of Controlled Substances; Notice of Application

Purusant to Section 1008 of the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 958(i)), the Attorney General shall, prior to issuing a registration under this Section to a bulk manufacturer of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II and prior to issuing a regulation under Section 1002(a) authorizing the importation of such a substance, provide manufacturers holding registrations for the bulk manufacture of the substance an opportunity for a hearing.

Therefore, in accordance with Section 1301.34 of Title 21, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), notice is hereby given that on March 19, 1999, Noramco of Delaware, Inc., Division of McNeilab, Inc., 500 Old Swedes Landing Road, Wilmington, Delaware 19801, made application by renewal to the Drug Enforcement Administration to be registered as an importer of the basic classes of controlled substances listed below:

Drug	Schedule
Opium, raw (9600) Opium granulated (9640)	=

The firm plans to import the listed controlled substances for the bulk manufacture of other controlled substances.

Any manufacturer holding, or applying for, registration as a bulk manufacturer of these basic classes of controlled substances may file written comments on or objections to the application described above and may, at the same time, file a written request for a hearing on such application in accordance with 21 CFR 1301.43 in such form as prescribed by 21 CFR 1316.47.

Any such comments, objections or requests for a hearing may be addressed, in quintuplicate, to the Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration, United States Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. 20537, Attention: DEA Federal Register Representative (CCR), and must be filed no later than June 7, 1999.

This procedure is to be conducted simultaneously with and independent of the procedures described in 21 CFR 1301.34(b), (c), (d), (e), and (f). As noted in a previous notice at 40 FR 43745–46 (September 23, 1975), all applicants for registration to import a basic class of any controlled substance in Schedule I or II are and will continue to be required to demonstrate to the Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration that the requirements for such registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 958(a), 21 U.S.C. 823(a), and 21 CFR 1301.34(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), and (f) are satisfied.

Dated: April 26, 1999.

John H. King,

Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration.

[FR Doc. 99–11450 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–09–M

#### DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### **Drug Enforcement Administration**

## Manufacturer of Controlled Substances; Notice of Registration

By Notice dated January 27, 1999, and published in the **Federal Register** on February 4, 1999, (64 FR 5689), Orpharm, Inc., 4815 Dacoma, Houston, Texas 77072, made application by renewal to the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) to be registered as a bulk manufacturer of the basic classes of controlled substances listed below:

Drug	Schedule
Methadone (9250) Methadone-intermediate (9254) levo-alphacetylmethadol (9648)	

The firm plans to manufacture methadone and methadone-intermediate for production of LAAM.

DEA has considered the factors in 21 U.S.C. §823(a) and determined that the registration of Orpharm, Inc. to manufacture the listed controlled substances is consistent with the public interest at this time. DEA has investigated Orpharm, Inc. on a regular basis to ensure that the company's continued registration is consistent with the public interest. These investigations have included inspection and testing of the company's physical security systems, audits of the company's records, verification of the company's compliance with state and local laws, and a review of the company's background and history. Therefore, pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 823 and 28 C.F.R. 0.100 and 0.104, the Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, hereby orders that the application submitted by the above firm for registration as a bulk manufacturer of the basic classes of controlled substances listed above is granted.

Dated: April 26, 1999. John H. King, Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration. [FR Doc. 99–11448 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–09–M

#### DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### Immigration and Naturalization Service

[INS No. 1990-99]

## Announcement of District Advisory Council on Immigration Matters Sixth Meeting

**AGENCY:** Immigration and Naturalization Service, Justice.

**ACTION:** Notice of meeting.

**SUMMARY:** The Immigration and Naturalization Service (Service) has established a District Advisory Council on Immigration Matters (DACOIM) to provide the New York District Director of the Service with recommendations on ways to improve the response and reaction to customers in the local jurisdiction, and to develop new partnerships with local officials and community organizations to build and enhance a broader understanding of immigration policies and practices. The purpose of this notice is to announce the forthcoming meeting.

**DATES AND TIMES:** The Sixth meeting of the DACOIM is scheduled for May 27, 1999, at 1 p.m.

**ADDRESSES:** The meeting will be held at Orange County Community College, 115 South Street, Middletown, New York, 10940, in the Biotech Building (between Ramview and South Street), Room 207.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Susan Young, Designated Federal Officer, Immigration and Naturalization Service, 26 Federal Plaza, Room 14–100, New York, New York, 10278, telephone: (212) 264–0736.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Meetings will be held tri-annually on the fourth Thursday during the months of January, May, and September 1999.

#### Summary of Agenda

The purpose of the meeting will be to conduct general business, review subcommittee reports, and facilitate public participation. The DACOIM will be chaired by Charles Troy, Assistant District Director for Management, New York District, Immigration and Naturalization Service.

#### **Public Participation**

The DACOIM meeting is open to the public, but advance notice of attendance

is requested to ensure adequate seating. Persons planning to attend should notify the contact person at least two (2) days prior to the meeting. Members of the public may submit written statements at any time before or after the meeting for consideration by the DACOIM. Written statements should be sent to Susan Young, Designated Federal Officer, Immigration and Naturalization Service, 26 Federal Plaza, Room 14–100, New York, New York, 10278, telephone: (212) 264-0736. Only written statements received by 5 p.m. on May 24, 1999, will be considered for presentation at the meeting. Minutes of the meeting will be available upon request.

Dated: April 30, 1999.

#### Doris Meissner

Commissioner, Immigration and Naturalization Service. [FR Doc. 99-11512 Filed 5-6-99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410-10-M

# DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

# Office of the Secretary

# Submission for OMB Review; **Comment Request**

May 3, 1999.

The Department of Labor (DOL) has submitted the following public information collection requests (ICRs) to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104-13, 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). A copy of each individual ICR, with applicable supporting documentation, may be obtained by calling the Department of Labor, Departmental Clearance Officer, Ira Mills (202) 219-5096 ext. 143) or by E-Mail to Mills-Ira@dol.gov.

Comments should be sent to office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attn: OMB Desk Officer for BLS, DM, ESA, ETA, MSHA, OSHA, PWBA, or VETS, Office of Management and Budget, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503 (202) 395-7316), within 30 days from the date of this publication in the Federal Register.

The OMB is particularly interested in comments which:

 Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

 Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection if information,

including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

 Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

 Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Agency: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

Title: Construction Roofing Industry Partnership Pilot Program.

OMB Number: 1218–0NEW.

Frequency: On occasion. Affected Public: Business or other forprofit.

Number of Respondents: 24.

Estimated Time Per Respondent: 16 hours (applications) and 8 hours (report).

Total Burden Hours: 404 hours. Total Annualized capital/startup costs: \$0.

Total annual costs (operating/ maintaining systems or purchasing services): \$0.

Description: In OSHA's construction standards that address roofing work, employers are required to protect employees from hazards such as falls from roofs and burns from hot asphalt. The Construction Industry Partnership Pilot Program fosters compliance with these standards through outreach efforts and incentives that reward voluntary compliance.

#### Ira L. Mills,

Departmental Clearance Officer. [FR Doc. 99-11554 Filed 5-6-99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510-26-M

## DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

#### Office of The Secretary

## Submission for OMB Emergency **Review; Comment Request**

May 1, 1999.

The Department of Labor has submitted the following information collection request (ICR), utilizing emergency review procedures, to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and clearance in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 Pub. L. 104-13, 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). OMB approval has been requested by May 10, 1999. A copy of this ICR, with applicable supporting documentation, may be obtained by calling the Department of

Labor Departmental Clearance Officer, Ira Mills ((202) 219-5096 x143)

Comments and questions about the ICR listed below should be forwarded to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attn: OMB Desk Officer for Employment and Training, Office of Management and Budget, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503 ((202) 395-7316).

The Office of Management and Budget is particularly interested in comments which:

 Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

• Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

• Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

• Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses.

Agency: Employment and Training Administration.

Title: Welfare-to-Work Census **Employment Project: Solicitation for** Grant Applications.

OMB Number: 1205–0new.

Frequency: One-time only. Affected Public: Private non-profit entities.

Number of Respondents: 10. Estimated Time Per Respondent: 100 hours

Total Burden Hours: 1,000.

Total Burden Cost (capital/startup): \$40,000.

Total Burden Cost (operating/ maintaining): 0.

Description: The Balanced Budget Act of 1997, signed by the President on August 5, 1997, authorized the Department of Labor to provide Welfareto-Work (WtW) grants to States and local communities to provide transitional employment assistance to move Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) recipients with significant employment barriers into unsubsidized jobs providing long-term employment opportunities. The Department of Labor seeks applicants who have a nationwide network of nonprofit affiliate organizations to facilitate the employment of WtW program

participants as enumerators for Census 2000 in local areas across the country. **Ira Mills.** 

Departmental Clearance Officer. [FR Doc. 99–11555 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

## DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

## Employment Standards Administration; Wage and Hour Division

## Minimum Wages for Federal and Federally Assisted Construction; General Wage Determination Decisions

General wage determination decisions of the Secretary of Labor are issued in accordance with applicable law and are based on the information obtained by the Department of Labor from its study of local wage conditions and data made available from other sources. They specify the basic hourly wage rates and fringe benefits which are determined to be prevailing for the described classes of laborers and mechanics employed on construction projects of a similar character and in the localities specified therein.

The determinations in these decisions of prevailing rates and fringe benefits have been made in accordance with 29 CFR Part 1, by authority of the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Stat. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in 29 CFR Part 1, Appendix, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits determined in these decision shall, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

Good cause is hereby found for not utilizing notice and public comment procedure thereon prior to the issuance of these determination as prescribed in 5 U.S.C. 553 and not providing for delay in the effective date as prescribed in that section, because the necessity to issue current construction industry wage determinations frequently and in large volume causes procedures to be impractical and contrary to the public interest.

General wage determination decisions, and modifications and supersedes decisions thereto, contain no expiration dates and are effective from their date of notice in the Federal Register, or on the date written notice is received by the agency, whichever is earlier. These decision are to be used in accordance with the provisions of 29 CFR Parts 1 and 5. Accordingly, the applicable decision, together with any modifications issued, must be made a part of every contract for performance of the described work within the geographic area indicated as required by an applicable Federal prevailing wage law and 29 CFR Part 5. The wage rates and fringe benefits, notice of which is published herein, and which are contained in the Government Printing Office (GPO) document entitled "General Wage Determination Issued Under The Davis-Bacon And Related Acts," shall be the minimum paid by contractors and subcontractors to laborers and mechanics.

Any person, organization, or governmental agency having an interest in the rates determined as prevailing is encouraged to submit wage rate and fringe benefit information for consideration by the Department. Further information and selfexplanatory forms for the purpose of submitting this data maybe obtained by writing to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment Standards Administration, Wage and Hour Division, Division of Wage Determinations, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Room S–3014, Washington, D.C. 20210.

#### Modifications to General Wage Determination Decisions

The number of decisions listed in the Government Printing Office document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts" being modified are listed by Volume and State. Dates of publication in the **Federal Register** are in parentheses following the decisions being modified.

#### Connecticut CT990001 (Mar. 12, 1999) CT990003 (Mar. 12, 1999) CT990004 (Mar. 12, 1999)

Volume I

CT990004 (Mar. 12, 1999) New Jersey NJ990002 (Mar. 12, 1999) NJ990005 (Mar. 12, 1999) NJ990007 (Mar. 12, 1999) New York NY990002 (Mar. 12, 1999) NY990003 (Mar. 12, 1999) NY990005 (Mar. 12, 1999) NY990006 (Mar. 12, 1999) NY990007 (Mar. 12, 1999) NY990008 (Mar. 12, 1999)

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NY990072 (Mar. 12, 1999)
NY990074 (Mar. 12, 1999)
NY990076 (Mar. 12, 1999)
NY990077 (Mar. 12, 1999)
Rhode Island
RI990001 (Mar. 12, 1999)
Volume II
District of Columbia

District of Columbia DC990001 (Mar. 12, 1999) NY990003 (Mar. 12, 1999) Maryland MD990001 (Mar. 12, 1999) MD990002 (Mar. 12, 1999) MD990006 (Mar. 12, 1999) MD990010 (Mar. 12, 1999) MD990016 (Mar. 12, 1999) MD990017 (Mar. 12, 1999) MD990021 (Mar. 12, 1999) MD990031 (Mar. 12, 1999) MD990037 (Mar. 12, 1999) MD990039 (Mar. 12, 1999) MD990042 (Mar. 12, 1999) MD990048 (Mar. 12, 1999) MD990055 (Mar. 12, 1999) MD990056 (Mar. 12, 1999) MD990058 (Mar. 12, 1999) Pennsylvania PA990025 (Mar. 12, 1999) Virginia VA990003 (Mar. 12, 1999) VA990009 (Mar. 12, 1999) VA990013 (Mar. 12, 1999) VA990015 (Mar. 12, 1999) VA990017 (Mar. 12, 1999) VA990018 (Mar. 12, 1999) VA990022 (Mar. 12, 1999) VA990035 (Mar. 12, 1999) VA990036 (Mar. 12, 1999) VA990046 (Mar. 12, 1999) VA990048 (Mar. 12, 1999) VA990049 (Mar. 12, 1999) VA990054 (Mar. 12, 1999)

VA990055 (Mar. 12, 1999) VA990079 (Mar. 12, 1999) VA990080 (Mar. 12, 1999) VA990081 (Mar. 12, 1999) VA990084 (Mar. 12, 1999) VA990085 (Mar. 12, 1999) VA990092 (Mar. 12, 1999) VA990099 (Mar. 12, 1999) VA990103 (Mar. 12, 1999) West Virginia WV990001 (Mar. 12, 1999) WV990002 (Mar. 12, 1999) WV990003 (Mar. 12, 1999) WV990006 (Mar. 12, 1999) WV990009 (Mar. 12, 1999) Volume III Alabama AL990034 (Mar. 12, 1999) Tennessee TN990001 (Mar. 12, 1999) TN990002 (Mar. 12, 1999) TN990003 (Mar. 12, 1999) TN990005 (Mar. 12, 1999) TN990018 (Mar. 12, 1999) TN990038 (Mar. 12, 1999) TN990039 (Mar. 12, 1999) TN990042 (Mar. 12, 1999) TN990043 (Mar. 12, 1999) TN990044 (Mar. 12, 1999) TN990045 (Mar. 12, 1999) TN990046 (Mar. 12, 1999) TN990048 (Mar. 12, 1999) TN990062 (Mar. 12, 1999) Volume IV Illinois IL990001 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990002 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990003 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990004 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990005 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990006 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990007 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990008 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990009 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990011 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990012 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990013 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990014 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990015 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990016 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990017 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990020 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990023 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990025 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990026 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990028 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990039 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990040 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990041 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990044 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990047 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990049 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990055 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990056 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990059 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990060 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990062 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990063 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990064 (Mar. 12, 1999) IL990068 (Mar. 12, 1999) Indiana

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IN990006 (Mar. 12, 1999) IN990016 (Mar. 12, 1999) IN990059 (Mar. 12, 1999) Volume V Iowa IA990002 (Mar. 12, 1999) IA990004 (Mar. 12, 1999) IA990005 (Mar. 12, 1999) IA990006 (Mar. 12, 1999) IA990009 (Mar. 12, 1999) IA990014 (Mar. 12, 1999) IA990019 (Mar. 12, 1999) IA990032 (Mar. 12, 1999) Missouri MO990001 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990002 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990003 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990004 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990006 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990009 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990010 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990011 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990013 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990014 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990015 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990016 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990019 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990020 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990041 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990042 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990045 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990046 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990049 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990050 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990053 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990054 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990055 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990056 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990057 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990058 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990059 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990060 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990064 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990065 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990066 (Mar. 12, 1999) MO990072 (Mar. 12, 1999)

## Volume VI

Oregon
OR990001 (Mar. 12, 1999)
Washington
WA990001 (Mar. 12, 1999)
WA990005 (Mar. 12, 1999)
WA990008 (Mar. 12, 1999)

#### Volume VII

Hawaii HI990001 (Mar. 12, 1999)

#### General Wage Determination Publication

General wage determination issued under the Davis-Bacon and related Acts, including those noted above, may be found in the Government Printing Office (GPO) document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under The Davis-Bacon and Related Acts." This publication is available at each of the 50 Regional Government Depository Libraries and many of the 1,400 Government Depository Libraries across the country. The general wage determinations issued under the Davis-Bacon and related Acts are available electronically by subscription to the FedWorld Bulletin Board System of the National Technical Information Service (NTIS) of the U.S. Department of Commerce at 1– 800–363–2068

Hard-copy subscriptions may be purchased from: Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402, (202) 512–1800.

When ordering hard-copy subscription(s), be sure to specify the State(s) of interest, since subscriptions may be ordered for any or all of the seven separate volumes, arranged by State. Subscriptions include an annual edition (issued in January or February) which includes all current general wage determinations for the States covered by each volume. Throughout the remainder of the year, regular weekly updates are distributed to subscribers.

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 28th day of April 1999.

#### Carl J. Poleskey,

Chief, Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. [FR Doc. 99–11108 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510-27–M

## DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

# Occupational Safety and Health Administration

#### Advisory Committee on Construction Safety and Health; Notice of Cancellation of Public Meeting

AGENCY: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Labor. SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the public meeting scheduled for the Advisory Committee on Construction Safety and Health (ACCSH) on May 6 and 7 is being canceled.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Theresa Berry, Office of Public Affairs, Room N–3647, telephone (202) 693– 1999 at the Occupational Safety and Health Administration, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20210.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Due to the absence of quorum of the ACCSH members the meeting is being canceled. The Occupational Safety and Health Administration will reschedule the meeting for the near future.

An official record of past meetings is available for public inspection at the OSHA Docket Office, Room N–2625, telephone 202–693–2350.

ACCSH was established under section 107(e)(1) of the Contact Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 333) and section 7(b) of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 656).

Signed at Washington, DC this 3rd day of May, 1999.

Charles N. Jeffress,

Assistant Secretary of Labor. [FR Doc. 99–11553 Filed 05–06–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–26–M

## NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

## [Notice (99-065)]

NASA Advisory Council (NAC), Space Science Advisory Committee (SScAC), Astronomical Search for Origins and Planetary Systems (ORIGINS); Subcommittee Meeting

**AGENCY:** National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

**SUMMARY:** In accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act, Public Law 92–463, as amended, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration announces a forthcoming meeting of the NASA Advisory Council, Space Science Advisory Committee, ORIGINS Subcommittee.

**DATES:** Monday, May 24, 1999, 8:30 a.m. to 5 p.m.; Tuesday, May 25, 1999, 8:30 a.m. to 5 p.m.

ADDRESSES: NASA Headquarters, Conference Room MIC–7 West, Room 7H46, 300 E Street, SW, Washington, DC 20546.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Harley Thronson, Code SR, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Washington, DC 20546, 202/358–0362.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The meeting will be open to the public up to the capacity of the room. The agenda for the meeting includes the following topics:

- -Response from Origins Theme Director to Actions from last OS Meeting
- -Report from Origins Theme Director
- —Astrobiology Laboratory at Ames Research Center
- —SIM Science Team Announcement of Opportunity
- -SIM Architecture Downselect Process -Evaluation of Future Mission
- Concepts for the OSS Strategic Plan. It is imperative that the meeting be held on these dates to accommodate the scheduling priorities of the key participants. Visitors will be requested to sign a visitor's register.

Dated: April 29, 1999. **Matthew M. Crouch,**  *Advisory Committee Management Officer, National Aeronautics and Space Administration.* [FR Doc. 99–11547 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7510–01–U

# NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

[Notice 99-064]

#### NASA Advisory Council; meeting

AGENCY: National Aeronautics and Space Administration. ACTION: Notice of meeting.

**SUMMARY:** In accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act, Pub. L. 92–463, as amended, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration announces a meeting of the NASA Advisory Council.

**DATES:** Thursday, May 20, 1999, 8:30 a.m. to 4:15 p.m. and Friday, May 21, 1999, 8:00 a.m. to 10:00 a.m. and 1:30 p.m. to 3:00 p.m., except, if launch of the NASA Space Shuttle Mission STS– 96, occurs on Thursday, May 20, 1999, then the Thursday meeting start time will be 11:00 a.m.; and if that launch occurs on May 21st, then the Friday meeting time will be 10:00 a.m. to 12:00 Noon.

ADDRESSES: NASA Visitors Center, Center for Space Education, Building M6–306, Kennedy Space Center, FL 32899.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Kathy Dakon, Code Z, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Washington, DC 20546, 202/358–0732. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The meeting will be open to the public up to the seating capacity of the room. The agenda for the meeting is as follows:

- -International Space Station Update
- -ISS Probability Risk Assessment
- —ISS Research Štatus
- —Space Transportation Architecture Studies and Faster, Better, Cheaper Update
- —Committee/TaskForce/Working Group Reports
- —Discussion of Findings and Recommendations

A detailed agenda and further information about the NASA Advisory Council is available on the world wide web at:

http://www.hq.nasa.gov/office/codez/ nac.htm

It is imperative that the meeting be held on these dates to accommodate the scheduling priorities of the key participants. Visitors will be requested to sign a visitor's register. Dated: April 29, 1999. **Matthew M. Crouch,** Advisory Committee Management Officer, National Aeronautics and Space Administration. [FR Doc. 99–11546 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7510–01–P

## NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket Nos. 50-275 and 50-323]

## Pacific Gas and Electric Company (Diablo Canyon Nuclear Power Plant, Units 1 and 2); Exemption

Ι

Pacific Gas and Electric Company, et al. (the licensee) is the holder of Facility Operating License Nos. DPR–80 and DPR–82, which authorize operation of the Diablo Canyon Nuclear Power Plant (DCNPP), Units 1 and 2. The license provides, among other things, that the licensee is subject to all rules, regulations, and Orders of the Commission now or hereafter in effect.

The facility consists of two pressurized-water reactors at the licensee's site located in San Luis Obispo County, California.

# II

Section 50.60 of Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations (10 CFR), "Acceptance criteria for fracture prevention measures for lightwater nuclear power reactors for normal operation," paragraph (a) states, in part, that "all light-water nuclear power reactors, \* \* \* must meet the fracture toughness and material surveillance program requirements for the reactor coolant pressure boundary set forth in appendices G and H to this part.' Pressurized water reactor licensees have installed cold overpressure mitigation systems/low temperature overpressure protection systems (LTOP) in order to protect the reactor coolant pressure boundary from being operated outside of the boundaries established by the pressure temperature (P/T) limit curves and to provide pressure relief of the reactor coolant pressure boundaries during low temperature overpressurization events.

#### III

Section 50.12(a) of 10 CFR, "Specific exemption," states that \* \* \*

The Commission may, upon application by any interested person, or upon its own initiative, grant exemptions from the requirements of the regulations of this part, which are: (1) Authorized by law, will not present an undue risk to the public health and safety, and are consistent with the common defense and security. (2) The Commission will not consider granting an exemption unless special circumstances are present.

Section 50.12(a)(2)(ii) of 10 CFR states that special circumstances are present when "Application of the regulation in the particular circumstances would not serve the underlying purpose of the rule or is not necessary to achieve the underlying purpose of the rule.\* \* \*" The licensee's proposed use of Code Case N-514 will be used as an alternative method for establishing the setpoints for the LTOP systems. Based on the conservatism that is incorporated into the methods of Appendix G of Section XI to the ASME Code for calculating P/T limit curves, it is concluded that permitting the LTOP setpoints to be established in accordance with the Code Case (e.g., at a level  $\leq 110\%$  of the limit defined by the P/T limit curves) would provide an adequate margin of safety against brittle fracture failure of the reactor pressure vessels. Accordingly, the Commission has determined that special circumstances as defined in 10 CFR 50.12(a)(2)(ii) exist.

## IV

The Commission has determined that. pursuant to 10 CFR 50.12, the exemption is authorized by law, will not present an undue risk to the public health and safety and is consistent with the common defense and security, and is otherwise in the public interest. Therefore, the Commission hereby grants Pacific Gas and Electric Company an exemption from the requirements of 10 CFR 50.60 and 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix G, to establish LTOP setpoints. The licensee will be allowed to use Code Case N-514 to establish LTOP setpoints to be used in their P/T limit curves.

Pursuant to 10 CFR 51.32, the Commission has determined that granting of this exemption will have no significant effect on the environment (64 FR 23688).

This exemption is effective upon issuance.

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 3rd day of May 1999.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

#### John A. Zwolinski,

Director, Division of Licensing Project Management, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation.

[FR Doc. 99–11515 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7590–01–P

## NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

## Regulatory Oversight Process Pilot Workshop

AGENCY: Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

**SUMMARY:** The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) will hold an additional session to the Regulatory **Oversight Process Pilot Workshop on** May 20, 1999 (April 23, 1999; 64 R 20025). This session will provide an overview of the regulatory oversight processes and is intended for those who cannot attend the entire workshop. Topics to be covered are an overview of the pilot program, performance indicator, baseline inspection program, significance determination process, enforcement, and assessment. This meeting is open to the public. DATES: The additional session will be held on May 20, 1999, from 2:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m.

**ADDRESSES:** The workshop will be held at the Philadelphia Airport Ramada Inn, 76 Industrial Highway (Rt. 291), Essington, PA 19029. The hotel phone number is (610) 521–9600 or (800) 277– 3900.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: August Spector at 301–415–2140 or Lee Miller at 301–415–1361, Mail Stop: O– 5H4, Inspection Program Branch, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555–0001.

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 4th day of May 1999.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. Cornelius F. Holden,

Acting Chief, Inspection Program Branch, Division of Inspection Program Management, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation. [FR Doc. 99–11516 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7590–01–P

### OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

#### **Excepted Service**

AGENCY: Office of Personnel Management. ACTION: Notice.

**SUMMARY:** This gives notice of positions placed or revoked under Schedules A and B, and placed under Schedule C in the excepted service, as required by Civil Service Rule VI, Exceptions from the Competitive Service.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Patricia H. Paige, Staffing Reinvention Office, Employment Service (202) 606–0830.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Office of Personnel Management published its last monthly notice updating appointing authorities established or revoked under the Excepted Service provisions of 5 CFR part 213 on March 26, 1996 (64 FR 14772). Individual authorities established or revoked under Schedules A and B and established under Schedule C between February 1, 1999, and March 31, 1999, appear in the listing below. Future notices will be published on the fourth Tuesday of each month, or as soon as possible thereafter. A consolidated listing of all authorities as of June 30 will also be published.

## **Schedule** A

No Schedule A authorities were established or revoked during February 1999.

One Schedule A authorities was established:

Department of Health and Human Services

Intermittent positions, at GS–15 and below and WG–10 and below, on teams under the National Disaster Medical System including Disaster Medical Assistance Teams and specialty teams, to respond to disasters, emergencies, and incidents/events involving medical, mortuary and public health needs. Effective March 3, 1999.

No Schedule A authorities were revoked during March 1999.

## **Schedule B**

No Schedule B authorities were established or revoked during February 1999.

No Schedule B authorities were established or revoked during March 1999.

#### **Schedule C**

The following Schedule C authorities were established during February and March 1999:

Council on Environmental Quality

Special Assistant to the Chair, Council on Environmental Quality. Effective March 8, 1999.

## Commodity Futures Trading Commission

Administrative Assistant to the Commissioner. Effective February 4, 1999.

#### Department of Agriculture

Confidential Assistant to the Administrator, Food and Nutrition Service. Effective February 3, 1999.

Regional Director, Outreach to the Associate Chief, Natural Resources

Conservation Service. Effective February 3, 1999.

Staff Assistant to the Confidential Assistant, Office of the Secretary. Effective February 3, 1999.

Confidential Assistant to the Administrator, Rural Utilities Service.

Effective February 18, 1999. Confidential Assistant to the Chief,

Forest Service. Effective March 4, 1999. Deputy Chief of Staff to the Chief of

Staff. Effective March 4, 1999. Speech Writer to the Director, Office of Communications. Effective March 4, 1999.

Confidential Assistant to the Assistant Secretary for Congressional Relations. Effective March 8, 1999.

Special Assistant to the Director, Civil Rights. Effective March 16, 1999.

Confidential Assistant to the Deputy Administrator, Office of Community Development, Effective March 25, 1999.

Confidential Assistant to the Administrator, Economic Research

Service. Effective March 25, 1999.

Regional Director, Davis, California, to the Administrator, Farm Service Agency. Effective March 25, 1999.

Staff Assistant to the Administrator, Farm Service Agency. Effective March 25, 1999.

Confidential Assistant to the Administrator, Risk Management Agency. Effective March 29, 1999.

#### Department of Commerce

Special Assistant to the Assistant Secretary for Legislative and Intergovernmental Affairs. Effective February 9, 1999.

Confidential Assistant to the Assistant Secretary and Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks. Effective February 22, 1999.

Assistant Director for Public Affairs to the Director of Public Affairs and Press Secretary. Effective February 26, 1999.

Congressional Affairs Officer to the Associate Director for Communications. Effective February 26, 1999.

Special Assistant to the Assistant to the Secretary and Director, Office of Policy and Strategic Planning. Effective March 4, 1999.

Senior Advisor to the Assistant Secretary for Market Access and Compliance. Effective March 11, 1999. Department of Defense

Director, Cooperative Threat Reduction to the Assistant Secretary for Strategy and Threat Reduction. Effective February 24, 1999.

Speechwriter to the Assistant Secretary for Public Affairs. Effective February 24, 1999.

Staff Specialist to the Special Assistant to the President/Senior Director for Intelligence Programs. Effective March 9, 1999. Assistant for Anti-Terrorism Policy to the Deputy Assistant Secretary (Policy and Missions). Effective March 11, 1999. Department of Education

Confidential Assistant to the Chief of Staff. Effective February 3, 1999.

Confidential Assistant to the Director, Office of Bilingual Education and Minority Languages Affairs. Effective February 12, 1999.

Director, Intergovernmental and Interagency Affairs Coordination to the Deputy Assistant Secretary, Intergovernmental and Interagency Affairs Coordination. Effective February 12, 1999.

Confidential Assistant to the Assistant Secretary, Office of Elementary and Secondary Education. Effective February 17, 1999.

Confidential Assistant to the Special Assistant to the Secretary, Office of the Secretary. Effective February 26, 1999.

Special Assistant to the Director, Scheduling and Briefing. Effective March 2, 1999.

Confidential Assistant to the Assistant Secretary, Office of Postsecondary Education. Effective March 8, 1999.

Special Assistant to the Assistant Secretary, Office of Postseconadry

Education. Effective March 11, 1999. Special Assistant to the Director,

White House Initiative on Hispanic Education. Effective March 15, 1999.

Special Assistant to the Counselor to the Secretary. Effective March 15, 1999. Department of Energy

Director of Communications to the Assistant Secretary for Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy. Effective February 3, 1999.

Scheduler to the Assistant Secretary for Human Resources and Administration. Effective February 5,

1999. Deputy Assistant Secretary for House

Liaison to the Assistant Secretary for Congressional and Intergovernmental Affairs. Effective February 17, 1999.

Senior Advisor for Scheduling and Advance to the Director of Scheduling. Effective February 22, 1999.

Senior Advisor for Community and Intergovernmental Involvement to the Assistant Secretary for Environmental Management. Effective March 2, 1999.

Special Projects Officer to the Director, Office of Public Affairs. Effective March 2, 1999.

Special Projects Officer to the Director, Office of Public Affairs. Effective March 4, 1999.

Special Assistant for Community Outreach to the Assistant Secretary for Environment, Safety and Health. Effective March 5, 1999.

Special Assistant to the Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary for Environmental Management. Effective March 8, 1999.

Special Assistant to the Director of Field Management. Effective March 8, 1999.

Department of Health and Human Services

Special Assistant (Speechwriter) to the Director of Speechwriting. Effective February 22, 1999.

Confidential Assistant (Scheduling) to the Director of Scheduling. Effective February 24, 1999.

Special Assistant to the Director of Communications. Effective March 5, 1999.

Special Assistant to the Assistant Secretary, Administration for Aging. Effective March 5, 1999.

Department of Housing and Urban Development

Special Assistant (Advance) to the Director, Executive Services. Effective February 1, 1999.

Scheduling Assistant to the Director of Executive Scheduling. Effective February 1, 1999.

Special Counsel to the General Counsel. Effective February 9, 1999.

Special Counsel to the General Counsel. Effective February 12, 1999.

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy, Program and Legislative Initiatives to the Assistant Secretary for Public and Indian Housing. Effective February 26, 1999.

Assistant for Congressional Relations to the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Congressional Relations. Effective March 4, 1999.

Special Assistant to the Secretary's Representative, Office of the Secretary's Representative, Southeast/Caribbean. Effective March 23, 1999.

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Strategic Planning to the Assistant Secretary for Congressional and Intergovernmental Relations. Effective March 25, 1999.

Deputy General Counsel for Programs and Regulations to the General Counsel. Effective March 30, 1999.

#### Department of the Interior

Deputy Scheduler (Outreach) to the Deputy Chief of Staff. Effective March 9, 1999.

#### Department of Justice

Deputy Director, Office of Public Affairs to the Director, Office of Public Affairs. Effective March 15, 1999.

#### Department of Labor

Legislative Officer to the Assistant Secretary for Congressional and Intergovernmental Affairs. Effective March 19, 1999. Director of Communications and Public Information to the Assistant Secretary of Labor. Effective March 23, 1999.

#### Department of State

Legislative Management Officer to the Deputy Assistant Secretary. Effective February 3, 1999.

Legislative Management Officer to the Assistant Secretary, Bureau of Legislative Affairs. Effective February 17, 1999.

Staff Assistant to the Assistant Secretary, Bureau of Legislative Affairs. Effective February 17, 1999.

Staff Assistant to the Deputy Assistant Secretary, Bureau of Legislative Affairs. Effective February 22, 1999.

Special Advisor to the Deputy Assistant Secretary, Bureau of International Narcotics and Law Enforcement. Effective February 22, 1999.

Foreign Affairs Officer to the Under Secretary for Global Affairs. Effective February 22, 1999.

Legislative Management Officer to the Assistant Secretary, Bureau of Legislative Affairs. Effective February 24, 1999.

Foreign Affairs Officer to the Deputy Director, Office of Policy Planning. Effective March 17, 1999.

#### Department of the Treasury

Special Assistant to the Assistant Secretary, Legislative Affairs and Public Liaison. Effective February 22, 1999.

Director, Public and Business Liaison to the Deputy Assistant Secretary Public Liaison, Office of Legislative Affairs and Public Liaison. Effective March 11, 1999.

Senior Deputy to the Assistant Secretary, Legislative Affairs and Public Liaison. Effective March 12, 1999.

Director, Public and Business Liaison to the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Public Liaison. Effective March 12, 1999.

Legislative Analyst to the Assistant Secretary for Legislative Affairs. Effective March 15, 1999.

Senior Advisor to the Assistant Secretary (Financial Markets). Effective March 17, 1999.

#### Department of Veterans Affairs

Executive Assistant to the Deputy Secretary of Veterans Affairs. Effective February 23, 1999.

Executive Assistant to the Secretary of Veterans Affairs. Effective March 8, 1999.

Special Assistant to the Assistant Secretary for Public and Intergovernmental Affairs. Effective March 23, 1999.

#### Environmental Protection Agency

Congressional Liaison Specialist to the Assistant Administrator, Office of Congressional and Intergovernmental Relations. Effective March 4, 1999.

#### Equal Employment Opportunity Commission

Attorney-Advisor (Civil Rights) to the Chairman. Effective February 12, 1999.

#### Farm Credit Administration

Public and Congressional Affairs Specialist to the Director, Office of Congressional and Public Affairs. Effective February 8, 1999.

Secretary of the Board to the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. Effective February 9, 1999.

Special Assistant to the Member, Farm Credit Administration Board. Effective February 23, 1999.

## Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

Confidential Assistant to the Deputy to the Chairman. Effective February 10, 1999.

#### Federal Maritime Commission

Special Advisor to the Commissioner. Effective February 5, 1999.

#### Office of National Drug Control Policy

Staff Assistant to the Director, Office of the National Drug Control Policy. Effective February 24, 1999.

Staff Assistant to the Director, Office of the National Drug Control Policy. Effective March 1, 1999.

## Office of Personnel Management

Special Assistant to the Director of Communications. Effective February 12, 1999.

Office of Science and Technology Policy

Public Affairs Specialist to the Chief of Staff, Office of the Director. Effective February 12, 1999.

Securities and Exchange Commission

Legislative Affairs Specialist to the Director, Legislative Affairs. Effective February 9, 1999.

## Small Business Administration

Regional Administrator, Region III, Philadelphia, PA to the Administrator, Small Business Administration. Effective February 22, 1999.

# U.S. Arms Control and Disarmament Agency

Confidential Assistant to the Assistant Director, Multilateral Affairs Bureau. Effective February 9, 1999.

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 3301 and 3302; E.O. 10577, 3 CFR 1954—1958 Comp., P.218

Office of Personnel Management. Janice R. Lachance, Director. [FR Doc. 99–11514 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6325–01–U

# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. IC-23821]

#### Notice of Applications for Deregistration Under Section 8(f) of the Investment Company Act of 1940

April 30, 1999.

The following is a notice of applications for deregistration under section 8(f) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 for the month of April, 1999. A copy of each application may be obtained for a fee at the SEC's Public Reference Branch, 450 Fifth St., N.W. Washington, DC 20549-0102 (tel. 202-942-8090). An order granting each application will be issued unless the SEC orders a hearing. Interested persons may request a hearing on any application by writing to the SEC's Secretary at the address below and serving the relevant applicant with a copy of the request, personally or by mail. Hearing requests should be received by the SEC by 5:30 p.m. on May 25, 1999, and should be accompanied by proof of service on the applicant, in the form of an affidavit or, for lawyers, a certificate of service. Hearing requests should state the nature of the writer's interest, the reason for the request, and the issues contested. Persons who wish to be notified of a hearing may request notification by writing to the Secretary, SEC, 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20549-0609. For Further Information Contact: Diane L. Titus, at (202) 942-0564, SEC, Division of Investment Management, Office of Investment Company Regulation, Mail Stop 5–6, 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20549-0506.

## Paragon Portfolio [File No. 811-5879]

Summary: Applicant seeks an order declaring that it has ceased to be an investment company. On March 26, 1996, seven of applicant's series, Treasury Money Market Fund, Short-Term Government Fund, Intermediate-Term Bond Fund, Value Equity Income Fund, Louisiana Tax-Free Fund, Value Growth Fund, and Gulf South Growth Fund (collectively, the "Paragon Funds"), transferred their assets to a corresponding series of The One Group®, in exchange for shares of the corresponding series of The One Group® based on net asset value. On April 29, 1996, the sole shareholder of the remaining series of applicant, Power Intermediate-Term Bond Portfolio, Power Value Growth Portfolio, Power Value Equity Income Portfolio, and Power Gulf South Growth Portfolio (collectively, the "Power Portfolios"), redeemed its interest in each Power Portfolio at net asset value. The Paragon Funds paid approximately \$71,000 in expenses incurred in connection with the reorganization. All other expense related to the reorganization were paid by Banc One Investment Advisors Corporation applicant's investment adviser, and The One Group®

*Filing Dates:* The application was filed on February 3, 1999, and amended on March 31, 1999.

Applicant's Address: 4900 Sears Tower, Chicago, Illinois 60606.

#### DEM, Inc. [File No. 811-9118]

Summary: Applicant seeks an order declaring that it has ceased to be an investment company. By April 7, 1999, applicant will have completed a liquidating distribution to its stockholders at net asset value. Applicant incurred approximately \$49,123 in expenses in connection with the liquidation.

*Filing Dates:* The application was filed on December 21, 1998 and amended on March 26, 1999.

Applicant's Address: World Trade Center—Baltimore, 28th floor, 401 East Pratt Street, Baltimore, Maryland 21202.

## Tax-Exempt Money Market Fund [811– 3442]

Summary: Applicant seeks an order declaring that it has ceased to be an investment company. On October 14, 1988, applicant transferred all of its assets, subject to liabilities, to the Tax-Exempt Portfolio of Cash Equivalent Fund in exchange for share based on net asset value per share. Expenses incurred in connection with the merger were \$28,000 and were borne by applicant.

*Filing Dates:* The application was filed on December 10, 1997, and amended on February 16, 1999.

Applicant's Address: 222 South Riverside Plaza, Chicago, IL 60606– 5808.

#### Kemper Short-Term Global Income Fund [811-6147]

Summary: Applicant seeks an order declaring that it has ceased to be an investment company. On August 26, 1994, applicant transferred all of its assets, less reserves for debt, to the Kemper Global Income Fund in exchange for Class A shares based on net asset value per share. Expenses incurred in connection with the merger were \$32,000 and were borne by applicant.

*Filing Dates:* the application was filed on December 10, 1997, and amended on February 16, 1999.

Applicant's Address: 222 South Riverside Plaza, Chicago, IL 60606– 5808.

# Zazove Convertible Fund, L.P. [File No. 811–8324]

Summary: Appplicant seeks an order declaring that it has ceased to be an investment company. On January 1, 1999, applicant transferred all of its assets to Zazove Convertible Securities Fund, Inc. ("Convertible Securities Fund") in exchange for shares of the Convertible Securities Fund based on net asset value. The Convertible Securities Fund will pay approximately \$40,000 in expenses in connection with the merger.

*Filing Dates:* The application was filed on January 27, 1999, and amended on April 21, 1999.

*Applicant's Address:* 4801 West Peterson Avenue, Suite 615, Chicago, Illinois 60646.

For the Commission, by the Division of Investment Management, pursuant to delegated authority.

## Margaret H. McFarland,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99–11458 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8010–01–M

# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 27015]

## Filings Under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, as Amended ("Act")

April 30, 1999.

Notice is hereby given that the following filing(s) has/have been made with the Commission pursuant to provisions of the Act and rules promulgated under the Act. All interested persons are referred to the application(s) and/or declaration(s) for complete statements of the proposed transaction(s) summarized below. The application(s) and/or declaration(s) and any amendments is/are available for public inspection through the Commission's Branch of Public Reference.

Interested persons wishing to comment or request a hearing on the application(s) and/or declaration(s) should submit their views in writing by May 24, 1999, to the Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission,

Washington, D.C. 20549-0609, and serve a copy on the relevant applicant(s) and/or declarant(s) at the address(es) specified below. Proof of service (by affidavit or, in case of an attorney at law, by certificate) should be filed with the request. Any request for hearing should identify specifically the issues of facts or law that are disputed. A person who so requests will be notified of any hearing, if ordered, and will receive a copy of any notice or order issued in the matter. After May 24, 1999, the application(s) and/or declaration(s), as filed or as amended, may be granted and/or permitted to become effective.

#### Columbia Energy Group (70-9421)

Columbia Energy Group ("Columbia"), 13880 Dulles Corner Lane, Herndon, Virginia 20171–4600, a registered holding company, has filed an application-declaration under sections 6(a), 7, 9(a), 10 and 12(f) of the Act.

Columbia proposes to engage in the business of factoring accounts receivable ("Receivables") through one or more, existing or newly formed or acquired, direct or indirect subsidiaries ("Factoring Subsidiaries"). Factoring Subsidiaries would factor Receivables of associate and nonassociate companies.

Factoring Subsidiaries also propose to enter into agreements to purchase and sell Receivables with third-party financial institutions ("Purchasers"). Columbia states that the Factoring Subsidiaries will require no additional financing to acquire associate or nonassociate Receivables, because they will sell the Receivables to Purchasers the day the Receivables are acquired. Columbia will report the acquisition and sale of all Receivables as sales under generally accepted accounting principles.

Factoring Subsidiaries would purchase Receivables from an associate company at a discounted rate that, among other things, reflects its cost of capital and the collection histories of the associates generating the Receivables. Columbia expects that Purchasers of associate Receivables will elect to maintain current collection procedures, which are managed by associate companies. Accordingly, the discounting of Receivables acquired by both Factoring Subsidiaries and Purchasers would incorporate a collection fee component attributable to the collection services rendered by associate companies. The acquisition of Receivables from associate and nonassociate companies would be limited so that the trailing twelve-month average amount of nonassociate company Receivables held as of the end

of any calendar month would be less than the trailing twelve-month average amount of any Receivables acquired from associate companies held as of the end of the same calendar month.

For the Commission by the Division of Investment Management, under delegated authority.

#### Margaret H. McFarland,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99–11457 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8010–01–M

## SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

## Privacy Act of 1974; Computer Matching Program (SSA/Department of Labor (DOL)—SSA Match Number 1013

**AGENCY:** Social Security Administration (SSA).

**ACTION:** Notice of computer matching program.

**SUMMARY:** In accordance with the provisions of the Privacy Act, as amended, this notice announces a computer matching program that SSA plans to conduct with DOL.

**DATES:** SSA will file a report of the subject matching program with the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate, the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight of the House of Representatives and the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget (OMB). The matching program will be effective as indicated below.

ADDRESSES: Interested parties may comment on this notice by either telefax to (410) 966–0869 or writing to the Associate Commissioner for Program Support, 4400 West High Rise Building, 6401 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, MD 21235. All comments received will be available for public inspection at this address.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: The Associate Commissioner for Program Support as shown above.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### A. General

The Computer Matching and Privacy Protection Act of 1988 (Public Law (Pub. L.) 100–503) amended the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a) by establishing the conditions under which computer matching involving the Federal Government could be performed and adding certain protections for individuals applying for and receiving Federal benefits. Section 7201 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990 (Pub. L. 101–508) further amended the Privacy Act regarding protections for such individuals.

The Privacy Act, as amended, regulates the use of computer matching by Federal agencies when records in a system of records are matched with other Federal, State, or local government records. Among other things, it requires Federal agencies involved in computer matching programs to:

(1) Negotiate written agreements with the other agency or agencies participating in the matching programs;

(2) Obtain the approval of the matching agreement by the Data Integrity Boards (DIB) of the participating Federal Agencies;

(3) Furnish detailed reports about matching programs to Congress and OMB;

(4) Notify applicants and beneficiaries that their records are subject to matching; and

(5) Verify match findings before reducing, suspending, terminating or denying an individual's benefits or payments.

## **B. SSA Computer Matches Subject to the Privacy Act**

We have taken action to ensure that this computer matching program complies with the requirements of the Privacy Act, as amended.

Dated: April 16, 1999.

#### Kenneth S. Apfel,

Commissioner of Social Security.

## Notice of Computer Matching Program, Social Security Administration (SSA) With the Department of Labor (DOL)

A. Participating Agencies

#### SSA and DOL.

## B. Purpose of the Matching Program

The purpose of this matching program is to establish conditions and procedures for DOL's disclosure of certain Federal Employee Compensation Act benefit data to SSA. The data is needed by SSA in the process of verifying the eligibility of, and the amount of benefits payable to individuals under the Disability Insurance Program administered by SSA under title II of the Social Security Act (the Act), and in verifying eligibility and payment amounts of individuals under the Supplemental Security Income (SSI) program. The SSI program was created under title XVI of the Act to provide benefits to individuals with income and resources below levels established by law and regulations.

# C. Authority for Conducting the Matching Program

Sections 224, 1631(e)(1)(B) and 1631(f) of the Act (42 U.S.C. 424a, 1383(e)(1)(B) and 1383(f)).

## D. Categories of Records and Individuals Covered by the Match

DOL will provide SSA with an electronic or magnetic tape file extracted from the Office of Workers' **Compensation Programs Federal** Employees' Compensation Act File, DOL(GOVT-1). The extracted file will contain certain workers' compensation payment information. Each record on the DOL file will be matched to SSA's Supplemental Security Income Record, SSA/OSR 09-60-0103; Master Files of Social Security Number (SSN) Holders and SSN Applications, SSA/OSR 09-60-0058; and Master Beneficiary Record, SSA/OSR 09-60-0090, to identify individuals potentially subject to benefit reductions or termination of payment eligibility under applicable requirements of the above described benefit programs.

#### E. Inclusive Dates of the Match

The matching program shall become effective upon signing of the agreement by both parties to the agreement and approval of the agreement by the Data Integrity Boards of the respective agencies, but no sooner than 40 days after notice of this matching program is sent to Congress and the Office of Management and Budget, or 30 days after publication of this notice in the Federal Register, whichever date is later. The matching program will continue for 18 months from the effective date and may be extended for an additional 12 months thereafter. if certain conditions are met.

[FR Doc. 99–11508 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4190–29–P

## DEPARTMENT OF STATE

#### [Public Notice No. 3032]

### Advisory Committee on Historical Diplomatic Documentation; Notice of Meeting

The Advisory Committee on Historical Diplomatic Documentation will meet in the Department of State, 2201 "C" Street NW, Washington, DC, May 24–25, 1999, in Conference Room 1406. Prior notification and a valid photo are mandatory for entrance into the building. One week before the meeting prospective public attendees must notify Gloria Walker, Office of Historian (202–663–1124) providing relevant date(s) of birth, social security number(s) and telephone number(s).

The Committee will meet in open session from 1:30 p.m. through 4:30 p.m. on the afternoon of Monday, May 24, 1999. The remainder of the Committee's sessions from 9 a.m. until 5 p.m. on Tuesday, May 25, 1999, will be closed in accordance with section 10(d) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (Pub. L. 92–463). The agenda calls for discussions involving consideration of matters not subject to public disclosure under 5 U.S.C. 552b(c)(1), and that the public interest requires that such activities be withheld from disclosure.

Questions concerning the meeting should be directed to William Z. Slany, Executive Secretary, Advisory Committee on Historical Diplomatic Documentation, Department of State, Office of the Historian, Washington, DC 20520, telephone (202) 663–1123, (email pahistoff@panet.us-state.gov).

Dated: April 28, 1999.

William Z. Slany, Executive Secretary. [FR Doc. 99–11551 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4710–45–U

#### DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice 3049]

Office of the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Energy, Sanctions, and Commodities; Receipt of Application for a Presidential Permit for Pipeline Facilities To Be Constructed and Maintained on the Borders of the United States

AGENCY: Department of State.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of State has received an application from the Penn Octane Corporation requesting a permit, pursuant to Executive Order 11423 of August 16, 1968, as amended by Executive Order 12847 of May 17, 1993, authorizing Penn Octane to construct and maintain two pipelines to transport liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) and refined product (motor gasoline and diesel fuel) crossing the international boundary between the United States and Mexico at a point in El Paso County, Texas. Penn Octane Corporation is a publicly held company having its principal office in Los Angeles, California. The project consists of two pipelines of approximately 21 miles in length crossing beneath the Rio Grande River.

**DATES:** Interested parties are invited to submit, in duplicate, comments relative to this proposal on or before June 3, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Matthew McManus, Division Chief, Energy Producing Countries, Department of State, Washington, D.C., 20520. (202) 647–4557.

Dated: May 4, 1999.

## Matthew McManus,

Division Chief, Energy Producing Countries, Bureau of Economic and Business Affairs. [FR Doc. 99–11552 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4710–07–U

## OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES TRADE REPRESENTATIVE

## Notice With Respect To List of Countries Denying Fair Market Opportunities for Government-Funded Airport Construction Projects

AGENCY: Office of the United States Trade Representative. ACTION: Notice with respect to a list of counties denying fair market opportunities for products and suppliers of the United States in airport construction procurements.

**SUMMARY:** Pursuant to section 533 of the Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982, as amended (49 U.S.C. 50104), the United States Trade Representative ("USTR") has determined not to include any countries on the list of countries that deny fair market opportunities for U.S. products, suppliers, or bidders in foreign government-funded airport construction projects. DATES: Effective May 1, 1999. ADDRESSES: Office of the United States Trade Representative, 600 17th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20508. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John Ellis. Director of Government Procurement Issues, (202) 395-3063; or

Stephen Kho, Assistant General Counsel, (202) 395–3581.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 533 of the Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982, as amended by section 115 of the Airport and Airway safety and Capacity Expansion Act of 1987, Pub. L. 100-223 (codified at 49 U.S.C. 50104) ("the Act"), requires USTR to decide by May 1, 1999, whether any foreign countries have denied fair market opportunities to U.S. products, suppliers, or bidders in connection with airport construction projects of \$500,000 or more that are funded in whole or in part by the governments of such countries. The list of such countries must be published in the Federal Register. For the purposes of the Act, USTR has decided not to include any countries on the list of countries that deny fair market

opportunities for U.S. products, suppliers, or bidders in foreign government-funded airport construction projects.

### Charlene Barshefsky,

United States Trade Representative. [FR Doc. 99–11480 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3190–01–M

#### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### Office of the Secretary

**AGENCY:** Office of the Secretary, DOT. **ACTION:** Announcement of public forum on economic analysis in rulemaking.

**TIME AND DATE:** 1:00 p.m.-4:00 p.m., May 17, 1999.

**PLACE:** Nassif Building, Room 2230, Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street, SW, Washington, DC 20590.

**STATUS:** Open to public with attendance limited to space available. **PURPOSE:** The purpose of the forum is to have an exchange of ideas and to start a dialogue that will better enable the Department to analyze its rules. We do not want comments on specific rules or proposals, although it would be appropriate to use an existing rule to illustrate a point.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of Transportation will be hosting a public forum on economic analysis in rulemaking. Expert panelists from the Air Transport Association (David Swierenga), American Trucking Association (Bob Castello), Association of American Railroads (Peter French), International Brotherhood of Teamsters (Mike Conyingham), National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (Larry Blincoe), Public Citizen (Joan Claybrook), and U.S. Coast Guard (Fred Scheer) will give their perspective on the Department's economic analysis of rules. The moderator of the forum will present a series of issues to the panel for discussion: the audience will also be encouraged to ask questions or make comments. The forum will address various issues such as problems with data, valuation of costs and benefits, and the basis of assumptions in DOT's analysis. This forum is one of three-the other two will be on risk assessment and small entities-the Department will be sponsoring before October 1, 1999, in which we will ask the public to join us. **REGISTRATION:** Participants are requested to register their intent to attend this forum meeting by pointing their web browser to the following URL: http:// course.ost.dot.gov. Also, remember to use the buttons provided on the web

pages to navigate from screen to screen, rather than the browser controls, whenever possible. If you do not have internet access, you can register by calling 202–366–4723 or by writing to the contact person below. Please include your name, address, and phone number in your letter/postcard. Also, remember that space is limited and registration is on a first-come-firstserved basis.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Blane Workie, Office of General Counsel (C–50), Department of Transportation, Room 10424, 400 Seventh Street, SW, Washington, DC 20590. Phone: (202) 366–4723 (voice), (202) 755–7687 (TDD); Email: blane.workie@ost.dot.gov.

Issued in Washington, DC., this 3rd day of May, 1999.

# Robert C. Ashby,

Deputy Assistant General Counsel for Regulation and Enforcement. [FR Doc. 99–11494 Filed 05–06–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–62–P

#### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

### **Federal Aviation Administration**

## Index of Administrator's Decisions and Orders in Civil Penalty Actions; Publication

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. **ACTION:** Notice of publication.

**SUMMARY:** This notice constitutes the required quarterly publication of an index of the Administrator's decisions and orders in civil penalty cases. This publication represents the quarter ending on March 31, 1999. This publication ensures that the agency is in compliance with statutory indexing requirements.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: James S. Dillman, Assistant Chief Counsel for Litigation (AGC–400), Federal Aviation Administration, 400 7th Street, SW, Suite PL 200–A, Washington, DC 20590; telephone (202) 366–4118.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The Administrative Procedure Act requires Federal agencies to maintain and make available for public inspection and copying current indexes containing identifying information regarding materials required to be made available or published. 5 U.S.C. 552(a)(2). In a notice issued on July 11, 1990, and published in the **Federal Register** (55 FR 29148; July 17, 1990), the FAA announced the public availability of several indexes and summaries that provide identifying information about the decisions and orders issued by the Administrator under the FAA's civil penalty assessment authority and the rules of practice governing hearings and appeals of civil penalty actions. 14 CFR part 13, subpart G.

The FAA maintains an index of the Administrator's decisions and orders in civil penalty actions organized by order number and containing identifying information about each decision or order. The FAA also maintains a cumulative subject-matter index and digests organized by order number.

The indexes are published on a quarterly basis (*i.e.,* January, April, July, and October.) This publication represents the quarter ending on March 31, 1999.

The FAA first published these indexes and digests for all decisions and orders issued by the Administrator through September 30, 1990. 55 FR 35984; October 31, 1990. The FAA announced in that notice that only the subject-matter index would be published cumulatively and that the order number index would be noncumulative. The FAA announced in a later notice that the order number indexes published in January would reflect all of the civil penalty decisions for the previous year. 58 FR 5044; 1/19/93.

The previous quarterly publications of these indexes have appeared in the **Federal Register** as follows:

Dates of quarter	Federal register publica- tion
11/1/89–9/30/90           10/1/90–12/31/90           1/1/91–3/31/91           4/1/91–6/30/91           7/1/91–9/30/91           10/1/91–12/31/91           10/1/91–12/31/91           10/1/91–6/30/92           10/1/92–3/31/92           10/1/92–6/30/92           10/1/92–12/31/92           10/1/92–12/31/92           10/1/92–12/31/92           10/1/92–6/30/93           10/1/93–3/31/93	tion 55 FR 45984; 10/31/90. 56 FR 44886; 2/6/91. 56 FR 20250; 5/2/91. 56 FR 31984; 7/12/91. 56 FR 51735; 10/15/91. 57 FR 12359; 4/9/92. 57 FR 32825; 7/23/92. 57 FR 48255; 10/22/92. 58 FR 5044; 1/19/93. 58 FR 21199; 4/19/93. 58 FR 42120; 8/6/93. 58 FR 58218; 10/29/93.
10/1/93-12/31/93	59 FR 5466; 2/4/94.
1/1/94–3/31/94	59 FR 22196; 4/29/94.
4/1/94-6/30/94	59 FR 39618; 8/3/94.
7/1/94–12/31/94	60 FR 4454; 1/23/95.
1/1/95–3/31/95	60 FR 19318; 4/17/95.

Dates of quarter	Federal register publica- tion
4/1/95-6/30/95           7/1/95-9/30/95           10/1/95-12/31/95           10/1/95-12/31/95           1/1/96-3/31/96           4/1/96-6/30/96           10/1/96-12/31/96           10/1/97-3/31/97           4/1/97-6/30/97           10/1/97-12/31/97           10/1/97-9/30/97           10/1/97-9/30/97           10/1/97-9/30/97           10/1/97-9/30/97           10/1/97-9/30/97           10/1/98-3/31/98           4/1/98-6/30/98           10/1/98-12/31/98	60 FR 36854; 7/18/95. 60 FR 53228; 10/12/95. 61 FR 1972; 1/24/96. 61 FR 16955; 4/18/96. 61 FR 37526; 7/18/96. 61 FR 54833; 10/22/96. 62 FR 2434; 1/16/97. 62 FR 24533; 5/2/97. 62 FR 38339; 7/17/97. 62 FR 53856; 10/16/97. 63 FR 3373; 1/22/98. 63 FR 19559; 4/20/98. 63 FR 37914; 7/14/98. 63 FR 57729; 10/28/98. 64 FR 1855; 1/12/99.

The civil penalty decisions and orders, and the indexes and digests are available in FAA offices. In addition, the Administrator's civil penalty decisions have been published by commercial publishers (Hawkins Publishing Company and Clark Boardman Callaghan) and are available on computer on-line services (Westlaw. LEXIS, Compuserve and FedWorld). (A list of the addresses of the FAA offices where the civil penalty decisions may be reviewed and information regarding these commercial publications and computer databases are provided at the end of this notice.)

Information regarding the accessibility of materials filed in recently initiated civil penalty cases in FAA civil penalty cases at the DOT Docket and over the Internet is also set forth at the end of this notice.

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- 90–23 Broyles; 90–26 Waddell; 91–3 Lewis; 92–46 Sutton-Sautter, 94–44 American Airlines.
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- 90-18 Continental Airlines.
- 92–48 & 92–70 USAir; 95–11 Horizon; 96–3 America West Airlines; 96–24 Horizon; 96–25 USAir; 97–21 Delta; 97–30 Emery Worldwide Airlines.
- 97-30 Emery Worldwide Airlines.
- 92-37 Giuffrida; 94-18 Luxemburg.
- 92–37 Giuffrida;

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121.577	98–11 TWA.
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	nental Airlines; 90–23 Broyles; 90–26 & 90–43 Waddell; 90–33 Cato; 90–37 Northwest Airlines; 90–39 Hart; 91–2 Continental				
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## **Civil Penalty Actions—Orders Issued by the Administrator**

## Digests

(Current as of March 31, 1999)

The digests of the Administrator's final decisions and orders are arranged by order number, and briefly summarize key points of the decision. The following compilation of digests includes all final decisions and orders issued by the Administrator from January 1, 1999, to March 31, 1999. The FAA will publish non-cumulative supplements to this compilation on a quarterly basis (*e.g.*, April, July, October, and January of each year).

These digests do not constitute legal authority, and should not be cited or relied upon as such. The digests are not intended to serve as a substitute for proper legal research. Parties, attorneys, and other interested persons should always consult the full text of the Administrator's decisions before citing them in any context.

In the Matter of American Airlines

## Order No. 99-1 (3/2/99)

Badge Display Requirement. This appeal involved 23 related security cases and 51 alleged violations of the badge display requirement at Dallas/ Fort Worth Airport by American employees. Under the Air Carrier Standard Security Program, the employees' badges were not adequately displayed when they were hidden inside a shirt or pants pocket or under an outer garment. American knew or should have known that the FAA intended continuous display. Before the FAA initiated the instant cases, it repeatedly provided American notice that the security program required continuous display. It did so first when the FAA provided American a copy of the proposed change, again when it actually promulgated the change, and finally when it initiated each of the hundreds of Dallas-Fort Worth badge display cases that the agency ultimately closed administratively prior to the instant cases.

*Due Process.* Due process does not require an evidentiary hearing where there are no factual issues to resolve. The law judge ordered American to outline, in its prehearing brief, its anticipated factual presentation and any justification for lowering the sanctions, but American failed to comply. Later, when Complainant FAA filed its motion for decision, American again had the opportunity, as well as the obligation, to show that a hearing was necessary, but once again American filed no affidavits or other evidence.

American has never denied that the badges of its employees and contractors were hidden. For example, it stated in its appeal brief that "[t]he 23 badge cases pending before [the Administrator] involve circumstances where an American employee wore his identification media \* \* \* attached to a work shirt or placed in a pocket [so that] it was covered by an outer garment \* \* \* "

Work on Particular Flight. An airline employee's work on a particular flight is not an element of a violation of 14 CFR 108.5. The badge display requirement applies to all portions of the Security Identification Display Area. American does not dispute that the American employees were inside the Security Identification Display Area, or that American conducts operations subject to Part 108 at the Dallas-Fort Worth Airport.

*Conclusion.* American's appeal is denied and American is assessed civil penalties of \$250,500.

#### In the Matter of Oxygen Systems, Inc.

#### Order No. 99-2 (3/4/99)

Appeal Dismissed for Failure to Perfect. Respondent Oxygen Systems filed a timely notice of appeal from the law judge's written initial decision. However, Oxygen Systems failed to file an appeal brief or request for an extension of time. In addition, Oxygen Systems failed to reply to Complainant FAA's motion to dismiss the appeal for failure to perfect. Accordingly, Oxygen Systems' appeal is dismissed under 14 CFR 13.233(D)(2).

#### **Commercial Reporting Services of the Administrator's Civil Penalty Decisions and Orders**

1. *Commercial Publications:* The Administrator's decisions and orders in civil penalty cases are available in the following commercial publications:

*Civil Penalty Cases Digest Service,* published by Hawkins Publishing Company, Inc., P.O. Box 480, Mayo, MD, 21106, (410) 798–1677;

Federal Aviation Decisions, Clark Boardman Callaghan, a subsidiary of West Information Publishing Company, 50 Broad Street East, Rochester, NY 14694, 1–800–221–9428.

2. *CD–ROM.* The Administrator's orders and decisions are available on CD–ROM through Aeroflight Publications, P.O. Box 854, 433 Main Street, Gruver, TX 79040, (806) 733–2483.

3. *On-Line Services.* The Administrator's decisions and orders in civil penalty cases are available through the following on-lien services:

• Westlaw (the Database ID is FTRAN–FAA)

• LEXIS [Transportation (TRANS)

- Library, FAA file.]
  - Compuserve
- FedŴorld

#### Docket

The FAA Hearing Docket is located at FAA Headquarters, 800 Independence Avenue, SW, Room 926A, Washington, DC, 20591 (tel. no. 202–267–3641.) The clerk of the FAA Hearing Docket is Ms. Stephanie McClain. All documents required to be filed in civil penalty proceedings must be filed with the FAA Hearing Docket Clerk at the FAA Hearing Docket. (See 14 CFR 13.210.) Materials contained in the dockets of any case not containing sensitive security information (protected by 14 CFR part 191) may be viewed at the FAA Hearing Docket.

In addition, materials filed in the FAA Hearing Docket in non-security cases in which the complaints were filed on or after December 1, 1997, are available for inspection at the Department of Transportation Docket, located at 400 7th Street, SW, Room PL–401, Washington, DC, 20590, (tel. no. 202– 366–9329.) While the originals will be retained in the FAA Hearing Docket, the DOT Docket will scan copies of documents in non-security cases in which the complaint was filed after December 1, 1997, into their computer database. Individuals who have access to the Internet can view the materials in these dockets using the following Internet address: http://dms.dot.gov.

# **FAA Offices**

The Administrator's decisions and orders, indexes, and digests are available for public inspection and copying at the following location in FAA headquarters; FAA Hearing Docket, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue, SW, Room 924A, Washington, DC 20591; (202) 267–3641.

These materials are also available at all FAA regional and center legal offices at the following locations:

- Office of the Regional Counsel for the Aeronautical Center (AMC–7), Mike Monroney Aeronautical Center, 6500 South MacArthur Blvd., Oklahoma City, OK 73125: (405) 954–3296.
- Office of the Regional Counsel for the Alaskan Region (AAL–7), Alaskan Region Headquarters 222 West 7th Avenue, Anchorage, AL 99513; (907) 271–5269.
- Office of the Regional Counsel for the Central Region (ACE–7), Central Region Headquarters, 601 East 12th Street, Federal Building, Kansas City, MO 64106; (816) 426–5446.
- Office of the Regional Counsel for the Eastern Region (AEA–7), Eastern Region Headquarters, JFK International Airport, Federal Building, Jamaica, NY 11430; (718) 553–3285.
- Office of the Regional Counsel for the Great Lakes Region (AGL–7), 2300 East Devon Avenue, Suite 419, Des Plaines, IL 60018; (708) 294–7108.
- Office of the Regional Counsel for the New England Region (ANE-7), New England Region Headquarters, 12 New England Executive Park, Room 401, Burlington, MA 01803–5299; (617) 238–7050.
- Office of the Regional Counsel for the Northwest Mountain Region (ANM– 7), Northwest Mountain Region Headquarters, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW, Renton, WA 98055–4056; (425) 227– 2007.
- Office of the Regional Counsel for the Southern Region (ASO–7), Southern Region Headquarters, 1701 Columbia Avenue, College Park, GA 30337; (404) 305–5200.
- Office of the Regional Counsel for the Southwest Region (ASW–7), Southwest Region Headquarters, 2601 Meacham Blvd., Fort Worth, TX 76137–4298; (817) 222–5087.
- Office of the Regional Counsel for the Technical Center (ACT–7), Federal Aviation Administration Technical Center, Atlantic City International

Airport, Atlantic City, NJ 08405; (609) 485–7087.

Office of the Regional Counsel for the Western-Pacific Region (AWP–7), Western-Pacific Region Headquarters, 15000 Aviation Boulevard, Lawndale, CA 90261; (310) 725–7100.

Issued in Washington, DC on April 26, 1999.

#### James S. Dillman,

Assistant Chief Counsel for Litigation. [FR Doc. 99–11178 Filed 05–06–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

#### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### Federal Aviation Administration

## Notice of Intent To Rule on Application 99–02–C–00–CID To Impose and Use the Revenue From a Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) at the Eastern Iowa Airport, Cedar Rapids, IA

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration, (FAA), DOT. **ACTION:** Notice of intent to rule on application.

**SUMMARY:** The FAA proposes to rule and invites public comment on the application to impose and use the revenue from a PFC at the Eastern Iowa Airport under the provisions of the Aviation Safety and Capacity Expansion Act of 1990 (Title IX of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990) (Pub. L. 101–508) and part 158 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 158).

**DATES:** Commentst must be received on or before June 7, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Comments on this application may be mailed or delivered in triplicate to the FAA at the following address: Federal Aviation Administration, Central Region, Airports Division, 601 E. 12th Street, Kansas City, MO 64106

In addition, one copy of any comments submitted to the FAA must be mailed or delivered to Mr. Lawrence K. Mullendore, Airport Director, The Eastern Iowa Airport, at the following address: Cedar Rapids Airport Commission, 2515 Wright Brothers Boulevard, Cedar Rapids, IA 52404.

Air carriers and foreign air carriers may submit copies of written comments previously provided to the Cedar Rapids Airport Commission under section 158.23 of Part 158.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lorna Sandridge, PFC Program Manager, FAA, Central Region, 601 E. 12th Street, Kansas City, MO 64106, (816) 426–4730. The application may be reviewed in person at this same location.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The FAA proposes to rule and invites public comment on the application to impose and use the revenue from a PFC at the Eastern Iowa Airport under the provisions of the Aviation Safety and Capacity Expansion Act of 1990 (Title IX of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990) (Pub. L. 101–508) and part 158 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 158).

On January 13, 1999, the FAA determined that the application to impose and use the revenue from a PFC submitted by the Eastern Iowa Airport, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, was not substantially complete within the requirements of § 158.25 of part 158. The Cedar Rapids Airport Commission submitted supplemental information on April 14, 1999. The FAA will approve or disapprove the supplemental application, in whole or in part, no later than August 16, 1999.

The following is a brief overview of the application.

Level of the proposed PFC: \$3.00.

Proposed charge effective date: July, 2000.

*Proposed charge expiration date:* June, 2004.

*Total estimated PFC revenue:* \$4,303,003.

Brief description of proposed project(s): Construct snow removal equipment and deicing material building; acquire snow removal multipurpose unit broom, snow blower, and snow plow, acquire two snow plow trucks, two each snow plow, dump box, and spreader; acquire high-rise turret with penetrating nozzle; acquire disabled passenger lift; replace multiple user flight information display system; renovate terminal public-use corridor and waiting areas near the airline ticketing areas; and construct new loading bridge.

Any person may inspect the application in person at the FAA office listed above under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTRACT.

In addition, any person may, upon request, inspect the application, notice and other documents germane to the application in person at the Eastern Iowa Airport.

Issued in Kansas City, Missouri on April 23, 1999.

#### Gerorge A. Hendon,

Manager, Airports Division, Central Region. [FR Doc. 99–11544 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

## DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### Federal Transit Administration

# Customer Service Survey of FTA Circular 4220.1D, Third Party Contracting Requirements

**AGENCY:** Federal Transit Administration, DOT.

## **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: The Federal Transit Administration ("FTA") is publishing a notice of its Customer Service Survey for FTA Circular 4220.1D. The objective of this survey is to assess the degree to which the changes implemented in FTA Circular 4220.1D ("Circular") have met the needs of grant recipients and contractors (including Disadvantaged Business Enterprises) in accomplishing their procurement function. Many of your comments may also provide useful information for the preparation of a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking on Third Party Procurement Requirements, which will be issued by FTA later this year. In addition, suggestions and ideas are being sought for improvement in the Circular and other procurement related documents such as the Best Practices Procurement Manual.

**DATES:** Survey responses due by May 14, 1999.

ADDRESSES: All responses to the survey should be mailed to: Leon Snead & Company, P.C.; 416 Hungerford Drive, Suite 400; Rockville, Maryland 20850.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Lucy Jackson, (202) 366–4980 or Mr. Reginald Lovelace, (202) 366–2654, Office of Procurement.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This Customer Service Survey should take no more than thirty (30) minutes to complete. Your prompt response will insure that you play a meaningful role in the maintenance and continual updating of the Best Practices Procurement Manual and the administrative and regulatory requirements imposed in FTA Circular 4220.1D. FTA's goal is to reduce the unnecessarily burdensome requirements imposed upon our customers while providing an enhanced level of technical assistance. You are encouraged to distribute copies of the survey to other individuals who are directly and/or indirectly involved in the procurement process. It will be helpful to FTA to hear all of their perspectives. The responses to the survey will remain confidential. The information provided and the resultant findings will not be associated with any individual or organization.

Issued on May 3, 1999. Gordon J. Linton,

Administrator.

BILLING CODE 4910-57-U

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	ATTACHMENT				
CUSTOMER SURVEY IMPLEMENTATION OF FTA CIRCULAR 4220.1D AND BEST PROCUREMENT PRACTICES					
1.	Select your organization's size/type from the choices below:         LT100 veh.       FTA         100-500 veh.       Vendor/Certified DBE         500 veh.+       Vendor         State DOT       Other				
3.	<ul> <li>Indicate your occupation (i.e. General Manager, Procurement Specialist, etc.)</li> <li>3. What is the most convenient medium for you to receive the Best Practices</li> <li>Procurement Manual?</li> <li>Internet by itself</li> <li>Other media</li></ul>				
3 <b>a</b> .	If other media, please explain:				
4.	ls the five (5) year contract period of performance limitation in FTA C4220.1D appropriate for all contracts? Yes No				
4a.	If no, please explain:				
<b>5</b> .	Is the current FTA C4220.1D more or less useful than FTA C4220.1B?				
5a.	Please explain:				
6.	<ul> <li>Have revisions contained in FTA C4220.1D expedited your procurement process?</li> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>N/A</li> </ul>				
6a.	Please explain:				
7.	The advance payment prohibition in FTA C4220.1D is clear and easily implemented.				

	(3) Neutral	□ N/A	
7a.	Please explain:		
8.	Which requirements can b	e waived under the Circular? (Write in below.)	
	Don't Know		
9.	Are the FTA sponsored co Yes No N/A	ourses beneficial?	
9a.	If no, please explain:		
10.	Are current types and leve Yes No N/A	els of technical assistance (TA) adequate?	
10a.	If no, what TA would addr	ress your needs:	
11.	Do your contract solicitation Yes No N/A	ons provide for assignment of Contract Rights?	
12.	Are income generating co competitive basis? Yes No	ontracts (such as advertising) normally awarded on a	
12a.	If no, please explain:		
13.	Are there specific provisions in the circular that are unclear and need to be rewritten? If yes, please cite each provision by paragraph number and state the nature of the problem.		
14.	Are there any provisions i other provisions that shou Yes No	in the circular that you feel are inappropriate or are there uld be included?	
14a.	lf yes, please explain:		

15. Comments:

# DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### National Highway Traffic Safety Administration

[Docket No. NHTSA-99-5101; Notice 1]

## Comments on Truck Splash and Spray Reduction for a Report to Congress

**AGENCY:** National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA), DOT. **ACTION:** Notice requesting comments.

**SUMMARY:** The Senate Appropriations Committee has directed NHTSA to provide Congress with a report updating the agency's research on truck splash and spray by conducting a comprehensive review and evaluation of spray suppression measures that can be employed on heavy duty vehicles to provide clearer highway visibility and safety during periods of adverse weather conditions. The report is due to Congress by October 21, 1999. This notice invites any interested person to provide NHTSA with any information or data in this area that the person believes NHTSA should consider in preparing this report to Congress. DATES: All comments received by NHTSA no later than June 21, 1999 will be considered in preparing this report to Congress on progress in heavy vehicle splash and spray suppression. ADDRESSES: All comments should refer to Docket No. NHTSA-99-5101; Notice 7 and be submitted to: Docket Management, Room PL-401, 400 Seventh Street, SW, Washington, D.C. 20590. Docket hours are from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Monday through Friday.

For public comments and other information related to previous notices on this subject, please refer to Docket No. 83–005, NHTSA Docket, Room 5111, 400 Seventh Street, SW, Washington, DC 20590. NHTSA Docket hours are from 9:30 am to 4:00 pm Monday through Friday.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Jere Medlin, Office of Crash Avoidance Standards, NPS–20, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, 400 Seventh Street, SW, Washington, DC 20590, telephone (202) 366–5276, fax (202) 366–4329.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The terms "splash and spray" are commonly used to describe the adverse effects on driver visibility caused by other vehicles when traveling on wet roads. While spray clouds are produced by all vehicles traveling on wet roads, those produced by large trucks and buses are much larger than the clouds produced by passenger cars and light trucks. This can result in reduced driver visibility for adjacent motorists and for the driver of the large truck or bus.

NHTSA and others have studied the subject of splash and spray for more than 30 years. The most recent time the agency evaluated this subject was in late 1993, in response to a request from the Senate Appropriations Committee. In its report on NHTSA's FY94 appropriation, the Committee asked that the agency report "\* \* \* on the status of recent technological progress in the design and testing of splash and spray suppression devices [for large commercial vehicles] and NHTSA's view on the need for regulation in this safety area." In response, NHTSA submitted a report to Congress in March 1994, "Splash and Spray Suppression, Technological Developments in the Design and Testing of Spray Reduction Devices for Heavy Trucks'' (DOT HS 808 085), copies of which are available from the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, Virginia 22161. The report provided a comprehensive evaluation and summary of available data and studies conducted before and after NHTSA terminated rulemaking on splash and spray in 1988. The 1994 report concluded the following about developments in splash and spray reduction for heavy trucks:

1. There are no data available to support the position that heavy truck splash and spray presents a major safety problem, in terms of crashes caused and injuries in those crashes. The greatest involvement ever found for splash and spray was that it was a factor in 0.41% of crashes studied according to a 1959 British study. A more recent study in Indiana found that splash and spray could not be documented as a cause of any crash studied, and a North Carolina study found that splash and spray was a factor in 0.0055% of 450,000 crashes evaluated. No information has become available since 1988 suggesting that splash and spray is a larger safety problem than was previously known.

2. No study or other information has become available since 1988 that would cause the Agency to change its previous determination that no technology or combination of technologies has been demonstrated that will consistently and significantly reduce splash and spray from tractors, semi-trailers, and trailers to the extent that driver visibility will be significantly improved.

3. Several manufacturers of large trucks believe that aerodynamic improvements, which were made to their vehicles in an effort to improve fuel economy and reduce operating costs, will also serve to reduce splash and spray. This belief is based on very limited testing under controlled conditions. More extensive testing conducted in connection with NHTSA's previous rulemaking indicated that aerodynamic devices are not as effective at suppressing spray in the presence of crosswinds. Previous engineering analysis suggested that aerodynamic devices on truck tractors would not be effective at reducing spray when the tractor was connected to a trailer or semitrailer that was not a van. The testing done to date by truck manufacturers of more aerodynamic tractors has not examined these previously identified concerns to see if they are still valid.

4. The truck manufacturers appear to be working to reduce the splash and spray generated by their vehicles in the absence of any government requirement for them to do so. In addition to the efforts of Freightliner and Paccar in testing more aerodynamic truck tractors, the SAE has worked for years to develop a consensus test procedure that can be used to evaluate the performance of spray suppression devices.

Given these circumstances and the information available to it, the Agency has no plans to initiate a new rulemaking action on heavy truck splash and spray reduction.

More recently, in its report on NHTSA's appropriation for fiscal year 1999, the Senate Committee on Appropriations has again asked the agency to review this matter as follows:

Spray suppression research.-The Committee acknowledges the work previously undertaken by NHTSA in the area of spray suppression research and evaluation of abatement technologies and continues to support further research by NHTSA in this area to make travel on the Nation's highways safer and less stressful. The Committee is aware of the progress made in the European Union in designing beneficial performance standards and implementing roadway spray suppression regulations to improve highway visibility. The Committee directs NHTSA to update its research by conducting a comprehensive review and evaluation of spray suppression measures that can be employed on heavy duty vehicles (over 8,500 pounds gross vehicle weight rating) to provide clearer highway visibility and safety during periods of adverse weather conditions. NHTSA shall publish and report its findings to Congress within 12 months of enactment.

The agency has begun gathering the information it will need to respond to this request. NHTSA will conduct a comprehensive review and evaluation of spray suppression measures that can be employed on heavy duty vehicles to update its research since 1993. However, to ensure that the agency is aware of and considers all relevant information on this subject when preparing the Report to Congress, NHTSA is publishing this notice to invite public comment. All interested persons are invited to provide data and other relevant information which has become available since 1993, particularly developments that were not included in NHTSA's 1994 Report to Congress, concerning spray suppression measures that can be employed on heavy duty vehicles.

The agency will consider all public comments it has received by June 21, 1999, when preparing the report to Congress. While NHTSA is interested in any splash and spray information the public may have to offer, the agency is especially interested in responses to the following questions.

#### Questions

1. Please provide information and data on any technological improvements made since 1993 in the design and/or testing of splash and spray devices for use on heavy duty vehicles. NHTSA is especially interested in supporting data that are the basis for the commenter's conclusion that the device represents a technological improvement that will consistently and significantly reduce splash and spray to the extent that driver visibility will be significantly improved. 2. Please provide information on any

2. Please provide information on any data bases that NHTSA should examine or consider to estimate the extent to which splash and spray from heavy duty vehicles contributes to crashes on the public roads.

3. In the agency's rulemaking on this subject that was terminated in 1988, NHTSA indicated that aerodynamic improvements, made by large truck manufacturers to their vehicles to improve fuel economy and reduce operating costs, had shown promise for reducing splash and spray in some situations. That is, if such aerodynamic devices were attached to a truck tractor pulling a van-type semitrailer and if there were little or no crosswind present, the devices could improve visibility to a level that would be helpful to other motorists. In its March 1994 report to Congress, the agency indicated that several large truck manufacturers believed that aerodynamic improvements made since 1988 would reduce splash and spray. However, this was based on very limited testing under controlled conditions. The testing done by truck manufacturers did not examine whether the previously identified concerns were still valid.

Please provide information on any aerodynamic improvements to truck tractors since 1993, and data showing to what extent, if any, such improvements have lessened the amount of splash and spray generated by tractor/vansemitrailer combinations with crosswinds present. NHTSA had found in its testing that a crosswind of 8 miles per hour or more significantly diminished the benefits of the splash and spray countermeasures that were tested. In a 1987 rulemaking notice on this subject, NHTSA cited National Weather Service data indicating the mean wind velocity for the vast majority of the United States is 8 mph or greater. Similarly, please provide information and supporting data on other solutions that have been developed since 1993, which lessen the amount of splash and spray generated by other tractor/trailer combinations, such as tanks or flatbeds, or other types of heavy duty vehicles with crosswinds present.

4. Please provide information on any aftermarket devices introduced since 1993 that are intended to reduce the amount of splash and spray generated by heavy duty vehicles. Include a specific description of the devices, a brief explanation of how they reduce splash and spray, and all tests and other data that demonstrate the devices are effective in reducing splash and spray across a range of heavy vehicles under representative weather conditions.

5. If a person believes that some means would be effective at reducing splash and spray from tractor-single trailer combinations, please provide any information and data on whether that means would also work to reduce spray from tractors combined with double or triple trailers.

6. In its March 1994 report to Congress, NHTSA provided a comprehensive summary of the data and studies that were conducted before and after the agency terminated its rulemaking on splash and spray in 1988. This included all relevant information of which the agency was aware. NHTSA would like commenters to provide information on any study or testing of splash and spray suppression measures that was not considered in the 1994 report to Congress but should be considered in preparing this report to Congress.

7. Please provide information on the costs associated with splash and spray devices introduced since 1993, both original equipment and aftermarket, along with data on how effective the devices are at reducing splash and spray across a range of heavy duty vehicles and representative weather conditions.

8. In its current request that NHTSA again review this matter, the Senate Appropriations Committee stated that "The Committee is aware of the progress made in the European Union in designing beneficial performance standards and implementing roadway spray suppression regulations to improve highway visibility." NHTSA is aware of European Economic Community (EEC) Directive 91–226, 'Spray Suppression Systems," issued in April 1991. The Directive applies to heavy duty vehicles and involves EEC member component type-approval addressing two types of spray

suppression devices: (1) energy absorption and (2) air/water separator. The Directive includes laboratory performance tests of the devices along with vehicle location and component marking requirements.

Please provide any information along with supporting data on how effective EEC Directive 91–226 has been at reducing splash and spray across a range of heavy duty vehicles and representative weather conditions, to what extent driver visibility is improved, and whether U.S. trucks would need additional equipment, like fenders, to achieve the same visibility benefits from the spray suppression equipment.

9. In 1994 the Society of Automotive Engineers published a "Recommended Practice For Splash and Spray Evaluation," J2245. It provides general guidelines for measuring splash and spray from vehicles operating over wet pavements. The guidelines describe two methods of analysis: (1) video-digitizing and (2) laser. The video-digitizing method uses video images and contrast measurements between black and white checkerboards when a spray cloud is superimposed on them as a means of measuring the obscuring spray. The laser method uses laser transmittance through the spray cloud as the means of measurement. The test procedures involve actual test vehicles fitted with splash and spray devices, and include measurements under various wind conditions.

NHTSA is interested in any information along with supporting data on the use of these two test procedures by manufacturers and others. Specifically, the agency would like to know whether one method is preferred over the other, and why, along with information on the extent to which each method represents real world conditions. In addition, please provide any information on how well reductions in splash and spray through either method correlate to improvements in actual driver visibility.

The agency invites written comments from all interested persons. It is requested that two copies of each written comment be submitted. As always, NHTSA will try to consider comments that it receives after the comment closing date. However, in this case, the deadline imposed by the Senate Appropriations Committee means that comments submitted after the closing date of June 21, 1999 are less likely to be considered.

All comments must not exceed 15 pages in length (49 CFR 553.21). Necessary attachments may be appended to these submissions without regard to the 15 page limit. This limitation is intended to encourage commenters to detail their primary arguments in concise fashion.

If a commenter wishes to submit specified information under a claim of confidentiality, three copies of the complete submission, including purportedly confidential business information, should be submitted to the Chief Counsel, NHTSA, at the street address given above, and two copies from which the purportedly confidential information has been deleted should be submitted to the Docket Section. A request for confidentiality should be accompanied by a cover letter setting forth the information specified in the agency's confidential business information regulation, 49 CFR Part 512.

Comments on this notice will be available for inspection in the docket. NHTSA will continue to file relevant information as it becomes available in the docket after the closing date. Those persons desiring to be notified upon receipt of their written comments in the Docket Section should enclose, in the envelope with their comments, a selfaddressed stamped postcard. Upon receipt, the docket supervisor will return the postcard by mail.

Issued on: May 4, 1999.

#### L. Robert Shelton,

Associate Administrator for Safety Performance Standards. [FR Doc. 99–11545 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–59–P

# DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### Surface Transportation Board

[STB Finance Docket No. 33733 (Sub-No. 1)]

# CSX Transportation, Inc.—Trackage Rights Exemption—Consolidated Rail Corporation

**AGENCY:** Surface Transportation Board. **ACTION:** Notice of exemption.

**SUMMARY:** The Board, under 49 U.S.C. 10502, exempts the trackage rights described in STB Finance Docket No. 33733 to permit the trackage rights to expire on the Split Date (as described in this decision) or June 30, 1999, whichever occurs first, in accordance with the agreement of the parties. <sup>1</sup>

The Conrail trackage that is the subject of the trackage rights is to be allocated to Conrail's subsidiary, New York Central Lines LLC, and operated by CSXT, after what is referred to as the "Split Date," or the date of the division of Conrail's assets, as authorized by the Board in CSX Corporation and CSX Transportation. Inc., Norfolk Southern Corporation and Norfolk Southern Railway Company-Control and Operating Leases/Agreements—Conrail Inc., and Consolidated Rail Corporation, STB Finance Docket No. 33388 (STB served July 23, 1998). CSXT states that it expects the Split Date to occur on June 1, 1999. The parties intend for the trackage rights to terminate on the Split Date, but if the Split Date does not occur before June 30, 1999, the parties' agreement provides for termination of the trackage rights on June 30, 1999.

**DATES:** This exemption will be effective on June 1, 1999.

Petitions to reopen must be filed by May 25, 1999.

ADDRESSES: An original and 10 copies of all pleadings referring to STB Finance Docket No. 33733 (Sub-No. 1) must be filed with the Office of the Secretary, Surface Transportation Board, Case Control Unit, 1925 K Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20423-0001. In addition, a copy of all pleadings must be served on petitioner's representative Charles M. Rosenberger, Senior Counsel, CSX Transportation, Inc., 500 Water Street, J–150, Jacksonville, FL 32202.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Joseph H. Dettmar (202) 565–1600. [TDD for the hearing impaired (202) 565– 1695.]

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Additional information is contained in the Board's decision. To purchase a copy of the full decision, write to, call, or pick up in person from: DC NEWS & DATA, INC., Suite 210, 1925 K Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20006. Telephone: (202) 289–4357. [Assistance for the hearing impaired is available through TDD services (202) 565–1695.]

Board decisions and notices are available on our website at "WWW.STB.DOT.GOV."

Decided: May 3, 1999.

By the Board, Chairman Morgan, Vice Chairman Clyburn and Commissioner Burkes.

#### Vernon A. Williams,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 99–11567 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4915–00–P

# DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

# Advisory Committee on Minority Veterans, Notice of Meeting

The Department of Veterans Affairs (VA), in accordance with Public Law 103–446, gives notice that a meeting of the Advisory Committee on Minority Veterans will be held from Wednesday, May 12 through Friday, May 14, 1999, in Washington, DC. The purpose of the Advisory Committee on Minority Veterans is to advise the Secretary of Veterans Affairs on the administration of VA benefits and services for minority veterans, to assess the needs of minority veterans and to evaluate whether VA compensation, medical and rehabilitation services, outreach, and other programs are meeting those needs. The Committee will make recommendations to the Secretary regarding such activities.

The meeting will convene in room 430, VA Central Office (VACO) Building, 810 Vermont Avenue, NW, Washington, DC, from 8:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. On May 12, the meeting will focus on the findings of the committee's site visit to VA facilities in the Caribbean. The Committee will also review reports of the four subcommittees. On Thursday, May 13, the Committee will concentrate on VA programs and facilities located in the mid-western states to include Michigan, Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky, Iowa, and Kansas as well as receive a briefing from the Director, Center for Women Veterans. On Friday, May 14, the Committee will begin drafting the annual report for Fiscal Year 1999. These sessions will be open to the public. For those wishing to attend, please contact Mr. Anthony T. Hawkins, Department of Veterans Affairs at (202) 273–6708, prior to May 10, 1999. The Committee will accept written comments from interested parties on issues affecting minority veterans. Comments should be referred to the Committee at the following address: Advisory Committee on Minority Veterans, Center for Minority Veterans (OOM), U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, 810 Vermont Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20420.

Dated: April 29, 1999.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> On March 25, 1999, CSX Transportation, Inc. (CSXT) filed a notice of exemption under the Board's class exemption procedures at 49 CFR 1180.2(d)(7). The notice covered the agreement by Consolidated Rail Corporation (Conrail) to grant temporary overhead trackage rights to CSXT, to operate its trains, locomotives, cars and equipment with CSXT's own crews, over Conrail's Porter

Branch between milepost 246.7± at Willow Creek, IN, and milepost 259.5± at Gibson, IN (CP Ivanhoe), a total distance of approximately 12.8 miles. See CSX Transportation, Inc.—Trackage Rights Exemption— Consolidated Rail Corporation, STB Finance Docket No. 33733 (STB served Apr. 13, 1999). The trackage rights operations under the exemption became effective on April 1, 1999, and are subject to standard labor protective conditions.

By Direction of the Secretary. **Heyward Bannister,**  *Committee Management Officer.* [FR Doc. 99–11505 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8320–01–M

# DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

#### Research and Development Cooperative Studies Evaluation Committee; Notice of Meeting

The Department of Veterans Affairs gives notice under Public Law 92-463 (Federal Advisory Committee Act) as amended, by section 5(c) of Pub. L. 94-409, that a meeting of the Research and **Development Cooperative Studies** Evaluation Committee will be held at the Marriott Residence Inn, 500 Army Navy Drive, Arlington, VA 22202, May 11-13, 1999. The session on May 11 will begin at 7:30 a.m. until 5:45 p.m., on May 12 from 7:30 a.m. until 5:00 p.m. and on May 13 from 7:30 a.m. until 12:00 noon. The meeting will be for the purpose of reviewing the following six new proposals: treatment of knee osteoarthritis, Type II Diabetes, statins in reducing the risk of stroke, Pallidal

procedure for Parkinson's disease, homocysteinemia in kidney and end stage renal disease, and genetic tissue banking in clinical research. The Committee will also review the progress of four on going studies on Antiarrhythmic Therapy, group treatment of PTSD, computer-assisted neuropsychological screening battery and Naltrexone treatment of alcoholism.

The Committee advises the Chief Research and Development Officer through the Chief of the Cooperative Studies Program on the relevance and feasibility of the studies, the adequacy of the protocols, and the scientific validity and propriety of technical details, including protection of human subjects.

The meeting will be open to the public from 7:30 a.m. to 8:00 a.m. on all three days to discuss the general status of the program. Those who plan to attend should contact Dr. Ping Huang, Coordinator, Research and Development Cooperative Studies Evaluation Committee, Department of Veterans Affairs, Washington, DC, (202–273– 8295).

The meeting will be closed during the following portions: on May 11, from

8:15 a.m. until 5:45 p.m., on May 12, from 8:00 a.m. until 5:00 p.m. and on May 13 from 8:00 a.m. until 12:00 noon. These portions of the meeting involve consideration of specific proposals in accordance with provisions set forth in section 10(d) of Pub. L. 92-463, as amended by Pub. L. 94-409, and 5 U.S.C. 552b(c)(6) and (9)(B). During the closed sessions of the meeting, discussions and recommendations will deal with qualifications of personnel conducting the studies (the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy), as well as staff and consultant critiques of research protocols, and similar documents, and the medical records of patients who are study subjects (the premature disclosure of which would significantly frustrate implementation of proposed agency action regarding such research projects).

Dated: May 3, 1990.

By Direction of the Secretary.

#### Heyward Bannister,

Committee Management Officer. [FR Doc. 99–11504 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8320–01–M

# Corrections

Federal Register Vol. 64, No. 88 Friday, May 7, 1999

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains editorial corrections of previously published Presidential, Rule, Proposed Rule, and Notice documents. These corrections are prepared by the Office of the Federal Register. Agency prepared corrections are issued as signed documents and appear in the appropriate document categories elsewhere in the issue.

# DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

#### Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

[Docket No. CP99-320-000]

# Sumas Energy 2, Inc.; Notice of Application for Section 3 Authorization and Request for a Presidential Permit

#### Correction

In notice document 99–11082, appearing on page 23832, in the issue of Tuesday, May 4, 1999, make the following correction:

On page 23832, in the second column, the docket number is corrected to read as set forth above.

[FR Doc. C9–11082 Filed 5-6-99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 1505–01–D

# DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

#### [NM-930-1430-01; NMNM-102308]

Notice of Proposed Withdrawal; New Mexico

# Correction

In notice document 99–9556, beginning on page 18932, in the issue of Friday, April 16, 1999, make the following corrections:

1. On page 18932, in the third column, in the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** section, in the last line, "Geoplogy" should read "Geology".

2. On page 18933, in the first column, under the first heading **New Mexico Principal Meridian, New Mexico**, in the fifth line, "E<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>, NW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" should read "E<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>, NW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>".

2. On the same page, in the same column, under the same heading, in the seventh line, " $E^{1/2}$ ,SW<sup>1/4</sup>" should read " $E^{1/2}$ SW<sup>1/4</sup>".

3. On the same page, in the same column, under the same heading, in the 20th line, " $W^{1/2}NE^{1/4}$ ,  $SE^{1/4}$ ,  $NE^{1/4}$ ,  $W^{1/2}$ " should read " $W^{1/2}NE^{1/4}$ ,  $SE^{1/4}NE^{1/4}$ ,  $W^{1/2}$ ".

[FR Doc. C9–9556 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 1505–01–D

# DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

#### National Park Service

Notice of Intent to Repatriate Cultural Items in the Possession of Bandelier National Monument, National Park Service, Los Alamos, NM

# Correction

In notice document 99–10209 beginning on page 20020 in the issue of Friday, April 23, 1999, make the following correction(s):

On page 20021, in the first column, in the fourth line from the bottom, "[*thirty days after publication in the Federal Register*]" should read "May 24, 1999". [FR Doc. C9–10209 Filed 5-6-99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 1505–01–D

# DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

### Federal Aviation Administration

### 14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 99-AGL-7]

# Modification of Class E Airspace; Flint, MI

#### Correction

In rule document 99–10432 beginning on page 20162 in the issue of Monday, April 26, 1999, make the following correction(s):

On page 20163, in the second column, in the eighth line, "long.  $83^{\circ}46'39''W$ ." should read "long.  $83^{\circ}46'29''W$ .". [FR Doc. C9–10432 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 1505–01–D



Friday May 7, 1999

# Part II

# Department of Health and Human Services

Health Care Financing Administration

42 CFR Parts 412, 413, 483, and 485 Medicare Program; Changes to the Hospital Inpatient Prospective Payment Systems and Fiscal Year 2000 Rates; Proposed Rule

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Health Care Financing Administration

42 CFR Parts 412, 413, 483, and 485

[HCFA-1053-P]

RIN 0938-AJ50

# Medicare Program; Changes to the Hospital Inpatient Prospective Payment Systems and Fiscal Year 2000 Rates

**AGENCY:** Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA), HHS. **ACTION:** Proposed rule.

**SUMMARY:** We are proposing to revise the Medicare hospital inpatient prospective payment systems for operating costs and capital-related costs to implement changes arising from our continuing experience with the systems. In addition, in the addendum to this proposed rule, we are describing proposed changes in the amounts and factors necessary to determine rates for Medicare hospital inpatient services for operating costs and capital-related costs. These changes would be applicable to discharges occurring on or after October 1, 1999. We also are setting forth proposed rate-of-increase limits as well as proposed policy changes for hospitals and hospital units excluded from the prospective payment systems. Finally, we are proposing changes to the policies governing payment to hospitals for the direct costs of graduate medical education.

**DATES:** Comments will be considered if received at the appropriate address, as provided below, no later than 5 p.m. on July 6, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Mail written comments (an original and three copies) to the following address: Health Care Financing Administration, Department of Health and Human Services, Attention: HCFA–1053–P P.O. Box 7517, Baltimore, MD 21207.

If you prefer, you may deliver your written comments (an original and three copies) to one of the following addresses:

- Room 445–G, Hubert H. Humphrey Building, 200 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20201, or
- Room C5–11–03, Central Building, 7500 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, MD 21244–1850

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

- Steve Phillips, (410) 786–4531, Operating Prospective Payment, DRG, and Wage Index Issues
- Tzvi Hefter, (410) 786–4487, Capital Prospective Payment, Excluded

Hospitals, and Graduate Medical Education Issues

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Comments, Procedures, Availability of Copies, and Electronic Access

Because of staffing and resource limitations, we cannot accept comments by facsimile (FAX) transmission. In commenting, please refer to file code HCFA–1053–P. Comments received timely will be available for public inspection as they are received, generally beginning approximately 3 weeks after publication of a document, in Room 445–G of the Department's offices at 200 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC, on Monday through Friday of each week from 8:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. (phone: (202) 690–7890).

For comments that relate to information collection requirements, mail a copy of comments to:

- Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Room 10235, New Executive Office Building, Washington, DC 20503, Attn: Allison Herron Eydt, HCFA Desk Officer: and
- Health Care Financing Administration, Office of Information Services, Security Standards Group, Division of HCFA Enterprise Standards, Room N2–14–26, 7500 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, Maryland 21244–1850. Attn: John Burke HCFA–1053–P.

*Copies*: To order copies of the **Federal Register** containing this document, send your request to: New Orders, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250-7954. Specify the date of the issue requested and enclose a check or money order payable to the Superintendent of Documents, or enclose your Visa or Master Card number and expiration date. Credit card orders can also be placed by calling the order desk at (202) 512-1800 or by faxing to (202) 512-2250. The cost for each copy is \$8.00. As an alternative, you can view and photocopy the Federal Register document at most libraries designated as Federal Depository Libraries and at many other public and academic libraries throughout the country that receive the Federal Register.

This **Federal Register** document is also available from the **Federal Register** online database through GPO Access, a service of the U.S. Government Printing Office. Free public access is available on a Wide Area Information Server (WAIS) through the Internet and via asynchronous dial-in. Internet users can access the database by using the World Wide Web; the Superintendent of Documents home page address is http:// /www.access.gpo.gov/nara\_docs/, by using local WAIS client software, or by telnet to swais.access.gpo.gov, then login as guest (no password required). Dial-in users should use communications software and modem to call (202) 512–1661; type swais, then login as guest (no password required).

#### I. Background

#### A. Summary

Section 1886(d) of the Social Security Act (the Act) sets forth a system of payment for the operating costs of acute care hospital inpatient stays under Medicare Part A (Hospital Insurance) based on prospectively set rates. Section 1886(g) of the Act requires the Secretary to pay for the capital-related costs of hospital inpatient stays under a prospective payment system. Under these prospective payment systems, Medicare payment for hospital inpatient operating and capital-related costs is made at predetermined, specific rates for each hospital discharge. Discharges are classified according to a list of diagnosis-related groups (DRGs).

Certain specialty hospitals are excluded from the prospective payment systems. Under section 1886(d)(1)(B) of the Act, the following hospitals and hospital units are excluded from the prospective payment system: psychiatric hospitals or units, rehabilitation hospitals or units, children's hospitals, long-term care hospitals, and cancer hospitals. For these hospitals and units, Medicare payment for operating costs is based on reasonable costs subject to a hospitalspecific annual limit.

Under section 1886(a)(4) of the Act, costs incurred in connection with approved graduate medical education (GME) programs are excluded from the operating costs of inpatient hospital services. Hospitals with approved GME programs are paid for the direct costs of GME in accordance with section 1886(h) of the Act; the amount of payment for direct GME costs for a cost reporting period is based on the hospital's number of residents in that period and the hospital's costs per resident in a base year.

The regulations governing the hospital inpatient prospective payment system are located in 42 CFR part 412. The regulations governing excluded hospitals and hospital units are located in parts 412 and 413, and the GME regulations are located in part 413.

On July 31, 1998, we published a final rule in the **Federal Register** (63 FR 40954) that implemented both statutory requirements and other changes to the Medicare hospital inpatient prospective payment systems for both operating costs and capital-related costs, as well as changes addressing payment for excluded hospitals and payments for GME costs. Generally, these changes were effective for discharges occurring on or after October 1, 1998.

In addition, on February 25, 1999, we published in the **Federal Register** (64 FR 9378) a final rule that implemented revised wage index values, geographic adjustment factors, operating standardized amounts, and capital Federal rates for hospitals subject to the inpatient hospital prospective payment system. These changes are effective for discharges occurring on or after March 1, 1999.

#### B. Major Contents of This Proposed Rule

In this proposed rule, we are setting forth proposed changes to the Medicare hospital inpatient prospective payment systems for both operating costs and capital-related costs. We also are proposing changes concerning GME costs and excluded hospitals and units, including critical access hospitals (CAHs). This proposed rule would be effective for discharges occurring on or after October 1, 1999.

We note that the efforts that we are undertaking to make the Medicare computer systems compliant on January 1, 2000, will not delay our ability to make timely and updated payments to hospitals under the FY 2000 prospective payment system final rule that will follow this proposed rule. The following is a summary of the major changes that we are proposing to make.

1. Proposed Changes to the DRG Reclassifications and Recalibrations of Relative Weights

Section 1886(d)(4)(C) of the Act requires us to adjust the DRG classifications and relative weights at least annually. In order to avoid compromising our ability to process and pay hospital claims during the period leading up to and immediately following January 1, 2000, we are not implementing any revisions to the International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) coding system. The changes that we are proposing to make relating to DRG reclassifications and recalibrations for FY 2000 are set forth in section II of is preamble.

2. Proposed Changes to the Hospital Wage Index

In section III of this preamble, we discuss proposed revisions to the wage index and the annual update of the wage data. Specific issues addressed in this section include the following: • The FY 2000 wage index update, using FY 1996 wage data.

• The exclusion from the wage index of Part A physician wage costs that are teaching-related, as well as resident and Part A certified registered nurse anesthetist (CRNA) costs.

• Revisions to the wage index based on hospital redesignations.

3. Other Decisions and Proposed Changes to the Prospective Payment System for Inpatient Operating and Graduate Medical Education Costs

In section IV of this preamble, we discuss several provisions of the regulations in 42 CFR Parts 412 and 413 and set forth proposed changes concerning the following:

• Sole community hospitals.

Rural referral centers.

• Indirect medical education adjustment.

• Medicare Geographic Classification Review Board (MGCRB) decisions.

• Direct GME programs.

4. Proposed Changes to the Prospective Payment System for Capital-Related Costs

In section V of this preamble, we discuss the special exceptions process for certain eligible hospitals to receive additional payments for major construction or renovation projects that began soon after the start of the capital prospective payment system.

5. Proposed Changes for Hospitals and Hospital Units Excluded From the Prospective Payment Systems

In section VI of this preamble, we discuss the following proposals concerning excluded hospital and hospital units and CAHs:

 Limits on and adjustments to the proposed target amounts for FY 2000.

• Changes in bed size or status of excluded hospitals or hospital units.

• Payment for services furnished at satellite hospital locations.

• Responsibility for care of patients in hospitals within hospitals.

• The allowable emergency response time for CAHs located in frontier or other specifically defined remote areas.

• Compliance with minimum data set requirements by CAHs with swing bed approval.

6. Determining Prospective Payment Operating and Capital Rates and Rate-of-Increase Limits

In the addendum to this proposed rule, we set forth proposed changes to the amounts and factors for determining the FY 2000 prospective payment rates for operating costs and capital-related costs. We also address update factors for determining the rate-of-increase limits for cost reporting periods beginning in FY 2000 for hospitals and hospital units excluded from the prospective payment system.

# 7. Impact Analysis

In Appendix A, we set forth an analysis of the impact that the proposed changes described in this proposed rule would have on affected entities.

8. Capital Acquisition Model

Appendix B contains the technical appendix on the proposed FY 2000 capital cost model.

9. Report to Congress on the Update Factor for Hospitals under the Prospective Payment System and Hospitals and Units Excluded From the Prospective Payment System

Section 1886(e)(3)(B) of the Act requires the Secretary to report to Congress on our initial estimate of a recommended update factor for FY 2000 for both hospitals included in and hospitals excluded from the prospective payment systems. This report is included as Appendix C to this proposed rule.

10. Proposed Recommendation of Update Factor for Hospital Inpatient Operating Costs

As required by sections 1886(e)(4) and (e)(5) of the Act, Appendix D provides our recommendation of the appropriate percentage change for FY 2000 for the following:

• Large urban area and other area average standardized amounts (and hospital-specific rates applicable to sole community and Medicare-dependent, small rural hospitals) for hospital inpatient services paid for under the prospective payment system for operating costs.

• Target rate-of-increase limits to the allowable operating costs of hospital inpatient services furnished by hospitals and hospital units excluded from the prospective payment system.

11. Discussion of Medicare Payment Advisory Commission Recommendations

Under section 1805(b) of the Act, the Medicare Payment Advisory Commission (MedPAC) is required to submit a report to Congress, not later than March 1 of each year, that reviews and makes recommendations on Medicare payment policies. The March 1, 1999 report made several recommendations concerning hospital inpatient payment policies. These recommendations, and the action we are proposing to take with regard to them (when an action is recommended) are discussed in detail in this document. See section VII of this preamble for specific information. For further information relating specifically to the MedPAC March 1 report or to obtain a copy of the report, contact MedPAC at (202) 653–7220.

# II. Proposed Changes to DRG Reclassifications and Recalibrations of Relative Weights

# A. Background

Under the prospective payment system, we pay for inpatient hospital services on the basis of a rate per discharge that varies by the DRG to which a beneficiary's stay is assigned. The formula used to calculate payment for a specific case takes an individual hospital's payment rate per case and multiplies it by the weight of the DRG to which the case is assigned. Each DRG weight represents the average resources required to care for cases in that particular DRG relative to the average resources used to treat cases in all DRGs.

Congress recognized that it would be necessary to recalculate the DRG relative weights periodically to account for changes in resource consumption. Accordingly, section 1886(d)(4)(C) of the Act requires that the Secretary adjust the DRG classifications and relative weights at least annually. These adjustments are made to reflect changes in treatment patterns, technology, and any other factors that may change the relative use of hospital resources.

As discussed in more detail in section II.B.8 of this preamble, we are not implementing any revisions to the ICD-9-CM codes. We have undertaken, and continue to undertake, major efforts to ensure that all of the Medicare computer systems are ready to function on January 1, 2000. If we were to implement changes to the ICD-9-CM codes on October 1, 1999, we would endanger the functioning of the Medicare computer systems, and, specifically, we might compromise our ability to process hospital bills. We can, however, reclassify existing codes into different DRGs, if appropriate. The proposed changes to the DRG classification system, and the proposed recalibration of the DRG weights for discharges occurring on or after October 1, 1999, are discussed below.

#### B. DRG Reclassification

# 1. General

Cases are classified into DRGs for payment under the prospective payment system based on the principal diagnosis, up to eight additional diagnoses, and up to six procedures performed during the stay, as well as age, sex, and discharge status of the patient. The diagnosis and procedure information is reported by the hospital using ICD–9–CM codes. The Medicare fiscal intermediary enters the information into its claims processing system and subjects it to a series of automated screens called the Medicare Code Editor (MCE). These screens are designed to identify cases that require further review before classification into a DRG can be accomplished.

After screening through the MCE and any further development of the claims, cases are classified by the GROUPER software program into the appropriate DRG. The GROUPER program was developed as a means of classifying each case into a DRG on the basis of the diagnosis and procedure codes and demographic information (that is, sex, age, and discharge status). It is used both to classify past cases in order to measure relative hospital resource consumption to establish the DRG weights and to classify current cases for purposes of determining payment. The records for all Medicare hospital inpatient discharges are maintained in the Medicare Provider Analysis and Review (MedPAR) file. The data in this file are used to evaluate possible DRG classification changes and to recalibrate the DRG weights.

Currently, cases are assigned to one of 499 DRGs in 25 major diagnostic categories (MDCs). Most MDCs are based on a particular organ system of the body (for example, MDC 6, Diseases and Disorders of the Digestive System); however, some MDCs are not constructed on this basis since they involve multiple organ systems (for example, MDC 22, Burns).

In general, cases are assigned to an MDC based on the principal diagnosis, before assignment to a DRG. However, there are five DRGs to which cases are directly assigned on the basis of procedure codes. These are the DRGs for liver, bone marrow, and lung transplants (DRGs 480, 481, and 495, respectively) and the two DRGs for tracheostomies (DRGs 482 and 483). Cases are assigned to these DRGs before classification to an MDC.

Within most MDCs, cases are then divided into surgical DRGs (based on a surgical hierarchy that orders individual procedures or groups of procedures by resource intensity) and medical DRGs. Medical DRGs generally are differentiated on the basis of diagnosis and age. Some surgical and medical DRGs are further differentiated based on the presence or absence of complications or comorbidities (CC). Generally, GROUPER does not consider other procedures; that is, nonsurgical procedures or minor surgical procedures generally not performed in an operating room are not listed as operating room (OR) procedures in the GROUPER decision tables. However, there are a few non-OR procedures that do affect DRG assignment for certain principal diagnoses, such as extracorporeal shock wave lithotripsy for patients with a principal diagnosis of urinary stones.

The changes we are proposing to make to the DRG classification system for FY 2000 and other decisions concerning DRGs are set forth below.

2. MDC 15 (Newborns and Other Neonates with Conditions Originating in the Perinatal Period)

Based on inquiries we have received, we reviewed the appropriateness of including diagnosis codes V29.2 (Newborn observation for suspected respiratory condition) and V29.3 (Newborn observation for other genetic problem) in the list of allowable secondary diagnoses under DRG 391 (Normal Newborn). Currently, when one of these codes is the only secondary diagnosis for an otherwise healthy newborn, the case is assigned to DRG 390 (Neonate with Other Significant Problems).

Diagnosis codes V29.2 and V29.3 are used to indicate that the newborn was observed for a suspected condition but none was found. Other newborn observation codes in this series (V29.0, V29.1, V29.8, and V29.9) are included in the allowable secondary diagnoses under DRG 391. We believe that the presence of diagnosis code V29.2 or V29.3 should not exclude a newborn from being classified as normal. Therefore, we are proposing to include diagnosis codes V29.2 and V29.3 in the list of allowable secondary diagnosis under DRG 391.

# 3. MDC 19 (Mental Diseases and Disorders)

We have received correspondence about the title of DRG 425, "Acute Adjustment Reaction and Disturbances of Psychosocial Dysfunction" under MDC 19. The correspondents state that the use of the terms "disturbances" and "dysfunction" is redundant since the terms have similar meanings. They suggested that we remove the term "disturbances."

We agree with the correspondents and are proposing to revise the title of DRG 425 to read "Acute Adjustment Reaction and Psychological Dysfunction."

#### 4. MDC 22 (Burns)

In the FY 1999 final prospective payment system rule that was effective October 1, 1998 (63 FR 40957), we implemented an extensive redesign of the DRGs for burns to more appropriately capture the variation in resource use associated with different classes of burn patients. The redesigned DRGs, 504 through 511, are split on such factors as whether there is an extensive burn, a full-thickness burn, or an inhalation injury, as well as other factors such as skin graft, trauma, or presence of a CC. DRGs 504 and 505 are assigned to cases with extensive third degree burns; that is, cases in which the burns cover at least 20 percent of body surface area combined with a third degree burn covering at least 10 percent of body surface area. DRGs 506 through 509 are assigned to all other cases with full-thickness burns (that is, a third degree burn). Finally, DRGs 510 and 511 are assigned to cases with nonextensive burns (that is, only first and second degree burns).

After these DRGs went into effect on October 1, 1998, we were contacted by several hospitals about our inclusion of the following codes as full-thickness burns:

- 948.00 Body burn involving less than 10 percent of body surface, third degree less than 10 percent or unspecified
- 948.10 Body burn involving 10 to 19 percent of body surface, third degree less than 10 percent or unspecified
- 948.20 Body burn involving 20 to 29 percent of body surface, third degree less than 10 percent or unspecified
- 948.30 Body burn involving 30 to 39 percent of body surface, third degree less than 10 percent or unspecified
- 948.40 Body burn involving 40 to 49 percent of body surface, third degree less than 10 percent or unspecified
- 948.50 Body burn involving 50 to 59 percent of body surface, third degree less than 10 percent or unspecified
- 948.60 Body burn involving 60 to 69 percent of body surface, third degree less than 10 percent or unspecified
- 948.70 Body burn involving 70 to 79 percent of body surface, third degree less than 10 percent or unspecified
- 948.80 Body burn involving 80 to 89 percent of body surface, third degree less than 10 percent or unspecified
- 948.90 Body burn involving 90 percent or more of body surface, third degree less than 10 percent or unspecified

The hospitals are concerned that the use of the fifth digit "0" on codes 948.10 through 948.90 can capture cases in which there actually is no third degree burn. The hospitals requested that we consider removing from the fullthickness burn DRGs 506 through 509 all codes in the 948 category with a fifth digit of "0".

We agree that the codes in category 948 with a fifth digit of "0" should not be assigned to DRGs 506 through 509 as full-thickness burns since not all of these cases will have a third degree burn. Therefore, we are proposing to remove these codes from DRGs 506 through 509 and to add them to DRG 510 (Nonextensive Burns with CC or Significant Trauma) and DRG 511 (Nonextensive Burns without CC or Significant Trauma).

If a case with a code of 948.10 is a full-thickness burn, this information would be captured in the burn code for the site of the burn (for example, 943.35 (Third degree burn of shoulder)) and the case would be correctly assigned to a full-thickness burn DRG. Hospitals have been instructed in Coding Clinic for ICD-9-CM, Fourth Quarter, 1994 (pages 22 through 28) to code the site of the burn first (940 through 947), when known. Codes from category 948 may be used as a principal diagnosis only when the site of the burn is not specified. Category 948 is used as an additional code to provide information on the percentage of total body that is burned or to show the percentage of burn that was third degree. When hospitals report codes properly, full-thickness burns will be assigned to a code for burn of the specific site (940 through 947). This site code also shows the degree of the burn. Furthermore, for those rare cases where the site is not provided, but it is known that 10 percent or more of the body has a third degree burn, hospitals may report this information through the use of category 948 with a fifth digit of "1" through "9". All of these cases will be classified as full-thickness burns in DRGs 506 through 509. Therefore, our proposal to remove codes 948.1 through 948.9 with a fifth digit of "0" will not prevent cases from being assigned to one of the full-thickness DRGs when there is a third degree burn and the case is correctly coded.

#### 5. Surgical Hierarchies

Some inpatient stays entail multiple surgical procedures, each one of which, occurring by itself, could result in assignment of the case to a different DRG within the MDC to which the principal diagnosis is assigned. It is, therefore, necessary to have a decision rule by which these cases are assigned to a single DRG. The surgical hierarchy, an ordering of surgical classes from most to least resource intensive, performs that function. Its application ensures that cases involving multiple surgical procedures are assigned to the DRG associated with the most resourceintensive surgical class.

Because the relative resource intensity of surgical classes can shift as a function of DRG reclassification and recalibration, we reviewed the surgical hierarchy of each MDC, as we have for previous reclassifications, to determine if the ordering of classes coincided with the intensity of resource utilization, as measured by the same billing data used to compute the DRG relative weights.

A surgical class can be composed of one or more DRGs. For example, in MDC 5, the surgical class "heart transplant" consists of a single DRG (DRG 103) and the class "major cardiovascular procedures" consists of two DRGs (DRGs 110 and 111). Consequently, in many cases, the surgical hierarchy has an impact on more than one DRG. The methodology for determining the most resourceintensive surgical class involves weighting each DRG for frequency to determine the average resources for each surgical class.

For example, assume surgical class A includes DRGs 1 and 2 and surgical class B includes DRGs 3, 4, and 5. Assume also that the average charge of DRG 1 is higher than that of DRG 3, but the average charges of DRGs 4 and 5 are higher than the average charge of DRG 2. To determine whether surgical class A should be higher or lower than surgical class B in the surgical hierarchy, we would weight the average charge of each DRG by frequency (that is, by the number of cases in the DRG) to determine average resource consumption for the surgical class. The surgical classes would then be ordered from the class with the highest average resource utilization to that with the lowest, with the exception of "other OR procedures" as discussed below.

This methodology may occasionally result in a case involving multiple procedures being assigned to the lowerweighted DRG (in the highest, most resource-intensive surgical class) of the available alternatives. However, given that the logic underlying the surgical hierarchy provides that the GROUPER searches for the procedure in the most resource-intensive surgical class, this result is unavoidable.

We note that, notwithstanding the foregoing discussion, there are a few instances when a surgical class with a lower average relative weight is ordered above a surgical class with a higher average relative weight. For example, the "other OR procedures" surgical class is uniformly ordered last in the surgical hierarchy of each MDC in which it occurs, regardless of the fact that the relative weight for the DRG or DRGs in that surgical class may be higher than that for other surgical classes in the MDC. The "other OR procedures" class is a group of procedures that are least likely to be related to the diagnoses in the MDC but are occasionally performed on patients with these diagnoses. Therefore, these procedures should only be considered if no other procedure more closely related to the diagnoses in the MDC has been performed.

A second example occurs when the difference between the average weights for two surgical classes is very small. We have found that small differences generally do not warrant reordering of the hierarchy since, by virtue of the hierarchy change, the relative weights are likely to shift such that the higherordered surgical class has a lower average weight than the class ordered below it.

Based on the preliminary recalibration of the DRGs, we are proposing to modify the surgical hierarchy as set forth below. As we stated in the September 1, 1989 final rule (54 FR 36457), we are unable to test the effects of proposed revisions to the surgical hierarchy and to reflect these changes in the proposed relative weights due to the unavailability of revised GROUPER software at the time the proposed rule is prepared. Rather, we simulate most major classification changes to approximate the placement of cases under the proposed reclassification and then determine the average charge for each DRG. These average charges then serve as our best estimate of relative resource use for each surgical class. We test the proposed surgical hierarchy changes after the revised GROUPER is received and reflect the final changes in the DRG relative weights in the final rule. Further, as discussed in section II.C of this preamble, we anticipate that the final recalibrated weights will be somewhat different from those proposed, since they will be based on more complete data. Consequently, further revision of the hierarchy, using the above principles, may be necessary in the final rule.

At this time, we propose to revise the surgical hierarchy for the Pre-MDC DRGs and MDC 3 (Diseases and Disorders of the Ear, Nose, Mouth and Throat) as follows:

• In the Pre-MDC DRGs, we would reorder Lung Transplant (DRG 495) above Bone Marrow Transplant (DRG 481).

• In MDC 3, we would reorder Tonsil and Adenoid Procedure Except Tonsillectomy and/or Adenoidectomy Only (DRGs 57 and 58) above Cleft Lip and Palate Repair (DRG 52). 6. Refinement of Complications and

Comorbidities (CC) List

There is a standard list of diagnoses that are considered CCs. We developed this list using physician panels to include those diagnoses that, when present as a secondary condition, would be considered a substantial complication or comorbidity. In previous years, we have made changes to the standard list of CCs, either by adding new CCs or deleting CCs already on the list. At this time, we do not propose to delete any of the diagnosis codes on the CC list.

In the September 1, 1987 final notice concerning changes to the DRG classification system (52 FR 33143), we modified the GROUPER logic so that certain diagnoses included on the standard list of CCs would not be considered a valid CC in combination with a particular principal diagnosis. Thus, we created the CC Exclusions List. We made these changes to preclude coding of CCs for closely related conditions, to preclude duplicative coding or inconsistent coding from being treated as CCs, and to ensure that cases are appropriately classified between the complicated and uncomplicated DRGs in a pair.

In the May 19, 1987 proposed notice concerning changes to the DRG classification system (52 FR 18877), we explained that the excluded secondary diagnoses were established using the following five principles:

• Chronic and acute manifestations of the same condition should not be considered CCs for one another (as subsequently corrected in the September 1, 1987 final notice (52 FR 33154)).

• Specific and nonspecific (that is, not otherwise specified (NOS)) diagnosis codes for a condition should not be considered CCs for one another.

• Conditions that may not co-exist, such as partial/total, unilateral/bilateral, obstructed/unobstructed, and benign/ malignant, should not be considered CCs for one another.

• The same condition in anatomically proximal sites should not be considered CCs for one another.

• Closely related conditions should not be considered CCs for one another.

The creation of the CC Exclusions List was a major project involving hundreds of codes. The FY 1988 revisions were intended to be only a first step toward refinement of the CC list in that the criteria used for eliminating certain diagnoses from consideration as CCs were intended to identify only the most obvious diagnoses that should not be

considered complications or comorbidities of another diagnosis. For that reason, and in light of comments and questions on the CC list, we have continued to review the remaining CCs to identify additional exclusions and to remove diagnoses from the master list that have been shown not to meet the definition of a CC. (See the September 30, 1988 final rule for the revision made for the discharges occurring in FY 1989 (53 FR 38485); the September 1, 1989 final rule for the FY 1990 revision (54 FR 36552); the September 4, 1990 final rule for the FY 1991 revision (55 FR 36126); the August 30, 1991 final rule for the FY 1992 revision (56 FR 43209); the September 1, 1992 final rule for the FY 1993 revision (57 FR 39753); the September 1, 1993 final rule for the FY 1994 revisions (58 FR 46278); the September 1, 1994 final rule for the FY 1995 revisions (59 FR 45334); the September 1, 1995 final rule for the FY 1996 revisions (60 FR 45782); the August 30, 1996 final rule for the FY 1997 revisions (61 FR 46171); the August 29, 1997 final rule for the FY 1998 revisions (62 FR 45966); and the July 31, 1998 final rule for the FY 1999 revisions (63 FR 40954)). We are not proposing to add or delete any codes from the CC list.

In addition, as discussed in detail in section II.B.8 of this preamble, because we are not making changes to the ICD– 9–CM codes for FY 2000, we do not need to modify the current list for new or deleted codes. Therefore, there are no proposed revisions to the CC Exclusions List for FY 2000.

7. Review of Procedure Codes in DRGs 468, 476, and 477

Each year, we review cases assigned to DRG 468 (Extensive OR Procedure Unrelated to Principal Diagnosis), DRG 476 (Prostatic OR Procedure Unrelated to Principal Diagnosis), and DRG 477 (Nonextensive OR Procedure Unrelated to Principal Diagnosis) in order to determine whether it would be appropriate to change the procedures assigned among these DRGs.

DRGs 468, 476, and 477 are reserved for those cases in which none of the OR procedures performed is related to the principal diagnosis. These DRGs are intended to capture atypical cases, that is, those cases not occurring with sufficient frequency to represent a distinct, recognizable clinical group. DRG 476 is assigned to those discharges in which one or more of the following prostatic procedures are performed and are unrelated to the principal diagnosis:

60.0 Incision of prostate

60.12 Open biopsy of prostate

60.15 Biopsy of periprostatic tissue

- 60.18 Other diagnostic procedures on prostate and periprostatic tissue
- 60.21 Transurethral prostatectomy
- 60.29 Other transurethral prostatectomy
- 60.61 Local excision of lesion of prostate
- 60.69 Prostatectomy NEC
- 60.81 Incision of periprostatic tissue60.82 Excision of periprostatic tissue
- 60.93 Repair of prostate
- 60.94 Control of (postoperative) hemorrhage
- of prostate 60.95 Transurethral balloon dilation of the
- prostatic urethra 60.99 Other operations on prostate

All remaining OR procedures are assigned to DRGs 468 and 477, with DRG 477 assigned to those discharges in which the only procedures performed are nonextensive procedures that are unrelated to the principal diagnosis. The original list of the ICD-9-CM procedure codes for the procedures we consider nonextensive procedures, if performed with an unrelated principal diagnosis, was published in Table 6C in section IV. of the Addendum to the September 30, 1988 final rule (53 FR 38591). As part of the final rules published on September 4, 1990, August 30, 1991, September 1, 1992, September 1, 1993, September 1, 1994, September 1, 1995, August 30, 1996, and August 29, 1997, we moved several other procedures from DRG 468 to 477, and some procedures from DRG 477 to 468. (See 55 FR 36135, 56 FR 43212, 57 FR 23625, 58 FR 46279, 59 FR 45336, 60 FR 45783, 61 FR 46173, and 62 FR 45981, respectively.) No procedures were moved in FY 1999, as noted in the July 31, 1998 final rule (63 FR 40962)

a. Adding Procedure Codes to MDCs. We annually conduct a review of procedures producing DRG 468 or 477 assignments on the basis of volume of cases in these DRGs with each procedure. Our medical consultants then identify those procedures occurring in conjunction with certain principal diagnoses with sufficient frequency to justify adding them to one of the surgical DRGs for the MDC in which the diagnosis falls. Based on this year's review, we identified several procedures that we are proposing to move from DRG 468 to one of the surgical DRGs. We did not identify any necessary changes in procedures under DRG 477 and are, therefore, not proposing to move any procedures from DRG 477 to one of the surgical DRGs.

First, we are proposing to move three codes from DRG 468 to MDC 1 (Diseases and Disorders of the Nervous System), all of which would be assigned to DRGs 7 and 8 (Peripheral and Cranial Nerve and Other Nervous System Procedure).<sup>1</sup>

Procedure code 38.7 (Interruption of the vena cava) is sometimes performed in conjunction with treatment for the principal diagnosis 434.11 (Cerebral embolism with infarction), which is assigned to MDC 1. Under the current configuration, procedure code 38.7 is not assigned to MDC 1. Therefore when this procedure is performed by a neurological condition, such as a cerebral embolism with infarction, the discharge does not group to one of the surgical DRGs within MDC 1. It is assigned instead to DRG 468 as an unrelated procedure. Since our medical advisors tell us that procedure code 38.7 is appropriately performed for neurological conditions, we are proposing to add it to DRGs 7 and 8.

Second, we are also proposing that procedure codes 83.92 (Insertion or replacement of skeletal muscle stimulator) and 83.93 (Removal of skeletal muscle stimulator) both be categorized with other procedures on the nervous system. These procedures can be performed on patients with a principal diagnosis in MDC 1, such as 344.00 (Quadriplegia unspecified) or 344.31 (Monoplegia of lower limb, affecting dominant side). Therefore, these two codes would also be assigned to DRGs 7 and 8.

Third, procedure code 39.50 (Angioplasty or atherectomy of noncoronary vessel) is not currently assigned to MDC 4 (Diseases and Disorders of the Respiratory System). This procedure can be performed for patients who develop pulmonary embolism. The principal diagnosis for pulmonary embolism is in MDC 4, and, to increase clinical coherence, we propose to add procedure code 39.50 to that MDC in DRGs 76 and 77 (Other Respiratory System OR Procedures).

Fourth, insertion of totally implantable infusion pump (procedure code 86.06) is not assigned to MDC 5 (Diseases and Disorders of the Circulatory System) in the current DRG configuration. Infusion pumps should be assigned to all MDCs where subcutaneous insertion of the pump is appropriate. Procedure code 86.06 may be performed on patients with a principal diagnosis in MDC 5 such as 451.83 (Phlebitis and thrombophlebitis of the deep veins of other extremities). Therefore, we are proposing to add procedure code 86.06 to DRG 120 (Other Circulatory System OR Procedures) in MDC 5.

b. Reassignment of Procedures Among DRGs 468, 476, and 477. We also reviewed the list of procedures that produce assignments to DRGs 468, 476, and 477 to ascertain if any of those procedures should be moved from one of these DRGs to another based on average charges and length of stay. Generally, we move only those procedures for which we have an adequate number of discharges to analyze the data. Based on our review this year, we are not proposing to move any procedures from DRG 468 to DRGs 476 or 477, from DRG 476 to DRGs 468 or 477, or from DRG 477 to DRGS 468 or 476.

8. Changes to the ICD–9–CM Coding System

As described in section II.B.1 of this preamble, the ICD-9-CM is a coding system that is used for the reporting of diagnoses and procedures performed on a patient. In September 1985, the ICD-9-CM Coordination and Maintenance Committee was formed. This is a Federal interdepartmental committee, co-chaired by the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) and HCFA, that is charged with the mission of maintaining and updating the ICD-9-CM system. That mission includes approving coding changes, and developing errata, addenda, and other modifications to the ICD-9-CM to reflect newly developed procedures and technologies and newly identified diseases. The Committee is also responsible for promoting the use of Federal and non-Federal educational programs and other communication techniques with a view toward standardizing coding applications and upgrading the quality of the classification system.

The NCHS has lead responsibility for the ICD–9–CM diagnosis codes included in the *Tabular List* and *Alphabetic Index for Diseases*, while HCFA has lead responsibility for the ICD–9–CM procedure codes included in the *Tabular List and Alphabetic Index for Procedures.* 

The Committee encourages participation in the above process by health-related organizations. In this regard, the Committee holds public meetings for discussion of educational issues and proposed coding changes. These meetings provide an opportunity for representatives of recognized organizations in the coding field, such as the American Health Information Management Association (AHIMA) (formerly American Medical Record Association (AMRA)), the American Hospital Association (AHA), and various physician specialty groups as

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A single title combined with two DRG numbers is used to signify pairs. Generally, the first DRG is

for cases with CC and the second DRG is for cases without CC. If a third number is included, it represents cases with patients who are age 0–17. Occasionally, a pair of DRGs is split between age >17 and age 0–17.

the public meetings and in writing, the Committee formulates recommendations, which then must be approved by the agencies.

The Committee presented proposals for coding changes for FY 2000 at public meetings held on June 14 and November 2, 1998. Even though the Committee conducted public meetings and considered approval of coding changes for FY 2000 implementation, we are not implementing any changes to ICD-9-CM codes for FY 2000. We have undertaken, and continue to undertake, major efforts to ensure that all of the Medicare computer systems are ready to function on January 1, 2000. If we were to make system changes to capture additions, deletions, and modifications to ICD-9-CM codes for FY 2000, we would endanger the functioning of the Medicare computer systems, and, specifically, we might compromise our ability to process hospital bills. Therefore, the code proposals presented at the public meetings held on June 14 and November 2, 1998, that (if approved) ordinarily would have been included as new codes for October 1, 1999. will not be included in this proposed rule. These code changes to ICD-9-CM will be considered for inclusion in the next annual update for FY 2001. The initial meeting for consideration of coding changes for implementation in FY 2001 will be held on May 13, 1999.

Copies of the minutes of the 1998 meetings can be obtained from the HCFA Home Page at http:// www.hcfa.gov/pubaffr.htm, under the "What's New" listing. Paper copies of these minutes are no longer available and the mailing list has been discontinued. We encourage commenters to address suggestions on coding issues involving diagnosis codes to: Donna Pickett, Co-Chairperson; ICD-9-CM Coordination and Maintenance Committee; NCHS; Room 1100; 6525 Belcrest Road; Hyattsville, Maryland 20782. Comments may be sent by E-mail to: dfp4@cdc.gov.

Questions and comments concerning the procedure codes should be addressed to: Patricia E. Brooks, Co-Chairperson; ICD–9–CM Coordination and Maintenance Committee; HCFA, Center for Health Plans and Providers, Plan and Provider Purchasing Policy Group, Division of Acute Care; C4–07– 07; 7500 Security Boulevard; Baltimore, Maryland 21244–1850. Comments may be sent by E-mail to: pbrooks@hcfa.gov.

9. Other Issue: Implantation of Muscle Stimulator

In the July 31, 1998 final rule, we responded to a comment on the DRG assignment for implantation of a muscle stimulator (63 FR 40964). In that document, we stated that we would readdress this issue after reviewing the FY 1998 MedPAR file.

There is concern in the manufacturing industry that the current DRG assignment for the implantation of a muscle stimulator and the associated tendon transfer for quadriplegics is inappropriate. When the procedures are performed during two separate admissions, the tendon transfer (procedure code 82.56 (Other hand tendon transfer or transplantation)) is assigned to DRGs 7 and 8 and the insertion of the muscle stimulator (procedure code 83.92 (Insertion or replacement of skeletal muscle stimulator)) is assigned to DRG 468. However, when both procedures are performed in the same admission, the case is assigned to DRGs 7 and 8.

As discussed in section II.B.7.a of this preamble, we are proposing to assign code 83.92 to DRGs 7 and 8 in MDC 1. Therefore, if a case involves either procedure code 82.56 or 83.92, or both procedure codes, the case would be assigned to DRGs 7 and 8.

A presentation on one type of muscle stimulator was made by a device manufacturer before the ICD-9-CM Coordination and Maintenance Committee on November 2, 1998. The manufacturer strongly suggested that a new code assignment be made for the procedure for insertion of this stimulator and that it be placed in category 04.9 (Other operations on cranial and peripheral nerves). However, based on comments received by the Committee, there was an overwhelming response from the coding community that a new code should not be created. The commenters believe that these codes (82.56 and 83.92) adequately described the procedures since the patient receives a tendon transfer in addition to the skeletal muscle stimulator insertion. This is done so that the quadriplegic patient can achieve some hand grasping ability where there was none before. Some quadriplegic patients receive the tendon transfer on one admission and the stimulator insertion on a subsequent admission. Others have both procedures performed on the same admission. Since the tendon transfer and stimulator insertion are being performed on quadriplegic patients, a condition found

# in MDC 1, we propose to add procedure codes 82.56 and 83.92 to DRGs 7 and 8.

#### C. Recalibration of DRG Weights

We are proposing to use the same basic methodology for the FY 2000 recalibration as we did for FY 1999. (See the July 31, 1998 final rule (63 FR 40965).) That is, we would recalibrate the weights based on charge data for Medicare discharges. However, we propose to use the most current charge information available, the FY 1998 MedPAR file. (For the FY 1999 recalibration, we used the FY 1997 MedPAR file.) The MedPAR file is based on fully-coded diagnostic and surgical procedure data for all Medicare inpatient hospital bills.

The proposed recalibrated DRG relative weights are constructed from FY 1998 MedPAR data, based on bills received by HCFA through December 1998, from all hospitals subject to the prospective payment system and shortterm acute care hospitals in waiver States. The FY 1998 MedPAR file includes data for approximately 11.2 million Medicare discharges.

The methodology used to calculate the proposed DRG relative weights from the FY 1998 MedPAR file is as follows:

• To the extent possible, all the claims were regrouped using the proposed DRG classification revisions discussed above in section II.B of this preamble. As noted in section II.B.5, due to the unavailability of revised GROUPER software, we simulate most major classification changes to approximate the placement of cases under the proposed reclassification. However, there are some changes that cannot be modeled.

• Charges were standardized to remove the effects of differences in area wage levels, indirect medical education and disproportionate share payments, and, for hospitals in Alaska and Hawaii, the applicable cost-of-living adjustment.

• The average standardized charge per DRG was calculated by summing the standardized charges for all cases in the DRG and dividing that amount by the number of cases classified in the DRG.

• We then eliminated statistical outliers, using the same criteria as was used in computing the current weights. That is, all cases that are outside of 3.0 standard deviations from the mean of the log distribution of both the charges per case and the charges per day for each DRG.

• The average charge for each DRG was then recomputed (excluding the statistical outliers) and divided by the national average standardized charge per case to determine the relative weight. A transfer case is counted as a fraction of a case based on the ratio of its length of stay to the geometric mean length of stay of the cases assigned to the DRG. That is, a 5-day length of stay transfer case assigned to a DRG with a geometric mean length of stay of 10 days is counted as 0.5 of a total case.

• We established the relative weight for heart and heart-lung, liver, and lung transplants (DRGs 103, 480, and 495) in a manner consistent with the methodology for all other DRGs except that the transplant cases that were used to establish the weights were limited to those Medicare-approved heart, heartlung, liver, and lung transplant centers that have cases in the FY 1998 MedPAR file. (Medicare coverage for heart, heartlung, liver, and lung transplants is limited to those facilities that have received approval from HCFA as transplant centers.)

• Acquisition costs for kidney, heart. heart-lung, liver, and lung transplants continue to be paid on a reasonable cost basis. Unlike other excluded costs, the acquisition costs are concentrated in specific DRGs (DRG 302 (Kidney Transplant); DRG 103 (Heart Transplant for heart and heart-lung transplants); DRG 480 (Liver Transplant); and DRG 495 (Lung Transplant). Because these costs are paid separately from the prospective payment rate, it is necessary to make an adjustment to prevent the relative weights for these DRGs from including the effect of the acquisition costs. Therefore, we subtracted the acquisition charges from the total charges on each transplant bill that showed acquisition charges before computing the average charge for the DRG and before eliminating statistical outliers.

When we recalibrated the DRG weights for previous years, we set a threshold of 10 cases as the minimum number of cases required to compute a reasonable weight. We propose to use that same case threshold in recalibrating the DRG weights for FY 2000. Using the FY 1998 MedPAR data set, there are 39 DRGs that contain fewer than 10 cases. We computed the weights for the 39 low-volume DRGs by adjusting the FY 1999 weights of these DRGs by the percentage change in the average weight of the cases in the other DRGs.

The weights developed according to the methodology described above, using the proposed DRG classification changes, result in an average case weight that is different from the average case weight before recalibration. Therefore, the new weights are normalized by an adjustment factor, so that the average case weight after recalibration is equal to the average case weight before recalibration. This adjustment is intended to ensure that recalibration by itself neither increases nor decreases total payments under the prospective payment system.

Section 1886(d)(4)(Č)(iii) of the Act requires that beginning with FY 1991, reclassification and recalibration changes be made in a manner that assures that the aggregate payments are neither greater than nor less than the aggregate payments that would have been made without the changes. Although normalization is intended to achieve this effect, equating the average case weight after recalibration to the average case weight before recalibration does not necessarily achieve budget neutrality with respect to aggregate payments to hospitals because payment to hospitals is affected by factors other than average case weight. Therefore, as we have done in past years and as discussed in section II.A.4.b of the Addendum to this proposed rule, we are proposing to make a budget neutrality adjustment to assure that the requirement of section 1886(d)(4)(C)(iii) of the Act is met.

*D. Use of Non-MedPAR Data for Reclassification and Recalibration of the DRGs* 

#### 1. Introduction

As in past years, in the DRG reclassification and recalibration process for the FY 2000 proposed rule, we used the MedPAR file, which consists of data for approximately 11 million Medicare discharges. In the FY 1999 rulemaking process, we used the FY 1997 MedPAR file to recalibrate DRGs and evaluate possible changes to DRG classifications; for this FY 2000 proposed rule, we used the FY 1998 MedPAR file. The Conference Report that accompanied the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 stated that "in order to ensure that Medicare beneficiaries have access to innovative new drug therapies, the conferees believe that HCFA should consider, to the extent feasible, reliable, validated data other than Medicare Provider Analysis and Review (MedPAR) data in annually recalibrating and reclassifying the DRGs." (H. R. Conf. Rep. No. 105-217 at 734 (1997)).

Consistent with that language, we considered non-MedPAR data both in the rulemaking process for FY 1999 and in developing this proposed rule. We received non-MedPAR data from entities on behalf of the manufacturer of a specific drug, platelet inhibitors; the manufacturer is seeking to obtain a new DRG assignment for cases involving platelet inhibitors. The non-MedPAR data purported to show cases involving platelet inhibitors. As discussed further below, we concluded it was not feasible to use the non-MedPAR data submitted to us because, among other things, we did not have information to verify that the cases actually involved the drug, nor did we have information to verify that the cases reflected a representative sample (and did not simply reflect high cost cases).

Effective October 1, 1998, we implemented a code for platelet inhibitors, but until we receive bills for Medicare discharges occurring during FY 1999, the MedPAR data do not enable us to distinguish between cases with platelet inhibitors and cases without platelet inhibitors (63 FR 40963). Representatives of the pharmaceutical company first presented us with non-MedPAR data during the rulemaking process for FY 1999. The data was compiled by a health information company, and purported to show, for cases from a sample of hospitals, the average standardized charges (as calculated by the health information company) for different classes of patients.

In the FY 1999 final rule, we stated a number of reasons why we rejected the non-MedPAR data we had received. First, we could not validate whether the data reflected Medicare beneficiaries. Second, the data came from a limited number of hospitals (83) having an information sharing contract with the health information company that compiled the database; the company failed to provide us with information that would enable us to verify whether the data reflected a representative sample of hospitals or claims. Third, for over 90 percent of the cases, the company failed to provide us with information on which hospital furnished the treatment. This means that we could not validate the data on standardized charges nor could we use the data to determine an appropriate DRG weight for the DRG *from which* the cases would be reclassified. For these reasons (and others), we concluded in the July 31, 1998 final rule that we could not use the data to change the DRG assignment of cases involving platelet inhibitor drug therapy from DRG 112 (Percutaneous Cardiovascular Pacemaker Procedures) to DRG 116 (Other Permanent Cardiac Pacemaker Implant or PTCA with Coronary Artery Stent Implant).

After publication of the July 31, 1998 final rule, we met and corresponded on several occasions with the manufacturers, vendors, and legal representatives of the pharmaceutical company in an effort to resolve data issues. We reiterated that, among other things, we needed to know for each case the hospital that furnished the services. We have not received information necessary to validate the data itself or its representativeness.

We remain open to considering non-MedPAR data in the DRG reclassification and recalibration process, but, consistent with the Conference Report, as well as our longstanding policies, the data must be "reliable" and "validated." The July 31, 1998 final rule reflects the major factors that we consider in evaluating whether data are feasible, reliable, and validated, but we believe it might be useful to discuss these issues in greater detail.

# 2. The DRG Reclassification and Recalibration Process

In order to understand whether it is feasible to use non-MedPAR data, and whether the data are reliable and validated, it is critical to understand the DRG recalibration and reclassification process. As described earlier, one of the first steps in the annual DRG recalibration is that the Medicare hospital inpatient claims (in the MedPAR file) from the preceding Federal fiscal year are classified using the DRG classification system (proposed or final) for the upcoming year. Cases are classified into DRGs based on the principal diagnosis, up to eight additional diagnoses, and up to six procedures performed during the stay, as well as age, sex, and discharge status of the patient. Each case is classified into one and only one DRG.

As the term suggests, the relative weight for each DRG reflects relative resource use. The recalibration process requires data that enable us to compare resource use across DRGs. As explained earlier, as part of the recalibration process, we standardize the charges reflected on each Medicare claim to remove the effects of area wage differences, the IME adjustment, and the DSH adjustment; in order to standardize charges, we need to know which hospital furnished the service. For each DRG, we calculate the average of the standardized charges for the cases classified to the DRG. To calculate DRG relative weights, we compare average standardized charges across DRGs.

In evaluating whether it is appropriate to reclassify cases from one DRG to another, we examine the average standardized charges for those cases. The recalibration process and the reclassification process are integrally related; to evaluate whether cases involving a certain procedure should be reclassified, we need to have information that (1) enables us to identify cases that involve the procedure and cases that do not involve the procedure, and (2) enables us to determine appropriate DRG relative weights if certain cases are reclassified.

### 3. Feasible, Reliable, Validated Data

As indicated earlier, the Conference Report reflected the conferees' belief that, "to the extent feasible," HCFA should consider "reliable, validated data" in recalibrating and reclassifying DRGs. The concepts of reliability and validation are closely related. In order for us to use non-MedPAR data, the non-MedPAR data must be reliable in and of itself in that the data must be independently validated. When an entity submits non-MedPAR data, we must be able to independently review the medical records and verify that a particular procedure was performed for each of the cases that purportedly involved the procedure. This verification requires the identification of a particular Medicare beneficiary and the hospital where the beneficiary was treated, as well as the dates involved. Although it is unlikely that we would review 100 percent of thousands of cases submitted for review, at a minimum, we must be able to validate data through a random sampling methodology. We must also be able to verify the charges that are reflected in the data.

Independent validation is particularly critical in part because the non-MedPAR data might be submitted by (or on behalf of) entities that have a financial interest in obtaining a new DRG assignment and in obtaining the highest possible DRG relative weight. If we receive non-MedPAR data that purport to reflect cases involving a certain procedure and a certain level of charges, we must have some way to verify the data.

Even if non-MedPAR data are reliable and verifiable, that does not mean it is necessarily "feasible" to use the data for purposes of recalibration and reclassification. In order to be feasible for these purposes, the non-MedPAR data must enable us to appropriately measure relative resource use across DRGs. It is critical that cases are classified into one and only one DRG in the recalibration process, and that we have information that enables us to standardize charges for each case and determine appropriate DRG relative weights. Moreover, the data must reflect a complete set of cases or, at a minimum, a representative sample of hospitals and claims.

If cases are classified into more than one DRG (or into the incorrect DRG) in the recalibration process, or if the non-MedPAR data reflect an unrepresentative sample of cases, the measure of relative resource would be

distorted. For example, cases of percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA) treated with GPIIb/ IIIa platelet inhibitors (procedure code 99.20) are currently classified to DRG 112. The drug manufacturer has provided us with information on the average charges for a sample of cases that purportedly involve PTCA, for the purpose of evaluating whether these cases should be moved to the higherweighted DRG 116. However, without adequate identification of the cases to allow us to specifically identify all of the cases treated with platelet inhibitors, the relative weight for DRG 112 would reflect the costs of platelet inhibitor cases. This distortion would result in excessive payments under DRG 112, and thus undermine the integrity of the recalibration process.

Therefore, in order for the use of non-MedPAR data to be feasible, generally we must be able to accurately and completely identify all of the cases to be reclassified from one DRG to another. At a minimum, we must have some mechanism for ensuring that DRG weights are not inappropriately inflated (or deflated) to the extent that a DRG weight reflects cases that would be reclassified to a different DRG.

In short, then, for use of non-MedPAR data to be feasible for purposes of DRG recalibration and reclassification, the data must, among other things (1) be independently verifiable, (2) reflect a complete set of cases (or a representative sample of cases), and (3) enable us to calculate appropriate DRG relative weights and ensure that cases are classified to the "correct" DRG, and to one DRG only, in the recalibration process.

Applying this analysis, the non-MEDPAR data we have received with respect to platelet inhibitors are unreliable and its use is not feasible. The health information company, on behalf of the pharmaceutical company, has provided us with a sample of cases that purported to reflect platelet inhibitors, and also purported to reflect the standardized charges for those cases, but the company has failed to provide us with information that would enable us to verify that the cases actually involved platelet inhibitors or verify the level of charges.

Moreover, the data are not useful for purposes of measuring relative resource use. We have not received sufficient information to verify whether the hospitals are representative of all hospitals in the country and whether the non-MedPAR data reflects a representative sample of all cases involving platelet inhibitors. Also, we have not received sufficient information to use the non-MedPAR data to calculate appropriate DRG relative weights.

#### 4. Submission of Data

Finally, in order for use of non-MEDPAR data to be feasible, we must have sufficient time to evaluate and test the data. The time necessary to do so depends upon the nature and quality of the data submitted. Generally, however, a significant sample of the data should be submitted by August 1, approximately 8 months prior to the publication of the proposed rule, so that we can test the data and make a preliminary assessment as to the feasibility of its use. Subsequently, a complete database should be submitted no later than December 1 for consideration in conjunction with the next year's proposed rule.

5. How the Prospective Payment System Ensures Access to New Technologies

As noted at the outset of this discussion, the Conference Report that accompanied the BBA indicated that we should consider non-MEDPAR data. to the extent feasible, "in order to ensure that Medicare beneficiaries have access to innovative new drug therapies." (H. R. Conf. Rep. No. 105-217 at 734 (1997)) There seems to be a concern that, if a new technology is introduced, and if the new technology is costly, then Medicare would not make adequate payment if the new technology is not immediately placed in a new DRG. This concern is unfounded. As explained below, the Medicare hospital inpatient prospective payment does ensure access to new drug therapies, and new technologies in general.

First, to the extent a case involving a new technology is extremely costly relative to the cases reflected in the DRG relative weight, the hospital might qualify for outlier payments, additional payments over and above the standard PPS payment.

Second, Medicare promotes access to new technologies by making payments under the propsective payment system that are designed to ensure that Medicare payments for a hospital's cases *as a whole* are adequate. We establish DRGs based on factors such as clinical coherence and resource utilization. Each diagnosis-related group encompasses a variety of cases, reflecting a range of services and a range of resources. Generally, then, each DRG reflects some higher cost cases and some lower cost cases.

For some cases, the hospital's costs might be higher than the payment under the propsective payment system; this does not mean that the DRG classifications are "inappropriate." For other cases, the hospital's costs will be lower than the payment under the prospective payment system. We believe that Medicare makes appropriate payments for a hospital's cases as a whole.

Each year we examine the best data available to assess whether DRG changes are appropriate and to recalibrate DRG relative weights. As we have indicated on numerous occasions, it usually takes 2 years from the time a procedure is assigned a code to collect the appropriate MedPAR data and then make an assessment as to whether a DRG change is appropriate. This timetable applies to reclassifications that would lead to decreased payment as well as those that would increase payment. In fact, the introduction of new technologies itself might lead to either higher than average costs or lower costs.

Our ability to evaluate and implement potential DRG changes depends on the availability of validated, representative data. We believe that our policies ensure access to new technologies and are critical to the integrity of the recalibration process. As explained above, we remain open to using non-MedPAR data if the data are reliable and validated and enable us to appropriately measure relative resource use.

# III. Proposed Changes to the Hospital Wage Index

#### A. Background

Section 1886(d)(3)(E) of the Act requires that, as part of the methodology for determining prospective payments to hospitals, the Secretary must adjust the standardized amounts "for area" differences in hospital wage levels by a factor (established by the Secretary) reflecting the relative hospital wage level in the geographic area of the hospital compared to the national average hospital wage level." In accordance with the broad discretion conferred under the Act, we currently define hospital labor market areas based on the definitions of Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs), Primary MSAs (PMSAs), and New England County Metropolitan Areas (NECMAs) issued by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB). OMB also designates Consolidated MSAs (CMSAs). A CMSA is a metropolitan area with a population of one million or more, comprised of two or more PMSAs (identified by their separate economic and social character). For purposes of the hospital wage index, we use the PMSAs rather than CMSAs since they allow a more precise breakdown of labor costs. If a

metropolitan area is not designated as part of a PMSA, we use the applicable MSA. Rural areas are areas outside a designated MSA, PMSA, or NECMA.

We note that effective April 1, 1990, the term Metropolitan Area (MA) replaced the term Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) (which had been used since June 30, 1983) to describe the set of metropolitan areas comprised of MSAs, PMSAs, and CMSAs. The terminology was changed by OMB in the March 30, 1990 Federal Register to distinguish between the individual metropolitan areas known as MSAs and the set of all metropolitan areas (MSAs, PMSAs, and CMSAs) (55 FR 12154). For purposes of the prospective payment system, we will continue to refer to these areas as MSAs.

Beginning October 1, 1993, section 1886(d)(3)(E) of the Act requires that we update the wage index annually. Furthermore, this section provides that the Secretary base the update on a survey of wages and wage-related costs of short-term, acute care hospitals. The survey should measure, to the extent feasible, the earnings and paid hours of employment by occupational category, and must exclude the wages and wagerelated costs incurred in furnishing skilled nursing services. As discussed below in section III.F of this preamble, we also take into account the geographic reclassification of hospitals in accordance with sections 1886(d)(8)(B) and 1886(d)(10) of the Act when calculating the wage index.

#### B. FY 2000 Wage Index Update

The proposed FY 2000 wage index values in section VI of the Addendum to this proposed rule (effective for hospital discharges occurring on or after October 1, 1999 and before October 1, 2000) are based on the data collected from the Medicare cost reports submitted by hospitals for cost reporting periods beginning in FY 1996 (the FY 1999 wage index was based on FY 1995 wage data).

We note that the FY 1999 wage index published in the July 31, 1998 final rule was further revised on February 25, 1999 (64 FR 9378) to reflect approved revisions to the hospital wage data used to compute the wage index. In that final rule, we implemented revised wage index values, geographic adjustment factors, operating standardized amounts, and capital Federal rates for hospitals subject to the inpatient hospital prospective payment system. These changes are effective for discharges occurring on or after March 1, 1999.

The proposed FY 2000 wage index includes the following categories of data associated with costs paid under the hospital inpatient prospective payment system (as well as outpatient costs), which were also included in the FY 1999 wage index:

• Salaries and hours from short-term, acute care hospitals.

Home office costs and hours.
Certain contract labor costs and hours.

• Wage-related costs.

Consistent with the wage index methodology for FY 1999, the proposed wage index for FY 2000 also continues to exclude the direct and overhead salaries and hours for services not paid through the inpatient prospective payment system such as skilled nursing facility services, home health services, or other subprovider components that are not subject to the prospective payment system.

We calculate a separate Puerto Ricospecific wage index and apply it to the Puerto Rico standardized amount. (See 62 FR 45984 and 46041.) This wage index is based solely on Puerto Rico's data. Finally, section 4410 of the BBA provides that, for discharges on or after October 1, 1997, the area wage index applicable to any hospital that is not located in a rural area may not be less than the area wage index applicable to hospitals located in rural areas in that State.

#### C. FY 2000 Wage Index Proposals

In the July 31, 1998 final rule, we reiterated our position that, to the greatest degree possible, the hospital wage index should reflect the wage costs associated with the areas of the hospital included under the hospital inpatient prospective payment system (63 FR 40970). That final rule contained a detailed discussion concerning the costs related to teaching physicians, residents, and CRNAs, all of which are paid by Medicare separately from the prospective payment system. For reasons outlined in detail in that final rule, we decided not to remove those costs from the calculation of the FY 1999 wage index, but to review updated data and consider removing them in developing the FY 2000 wage index.

In response to concerns within the hospital industry related to the removal of these costs from the wage index calculation, the American Hospital Association (AHA) convened a workgroup to develop a consensus recommendation. The workgroup, which consisted of representatives from national and state hospital associations, recommended that costs related to teaching physicians, residents, and CRNAs should be phased out of the wage index calculation over a 5-year period. As discussed in more detail below, based upon our analysis of hospitals' FY 1996 wage data, and consistent with the AHA workgroup's recommendation, we are proposing to phase out these costs from the calculation of the wage index over a 5year period. The proposed FY 2000 wage index is based on a blend of 80 percent of an average hourly wage including these costs, and 20 percent of an average hourly wage excluding these costs.

#### 1. Teaching Physician Costs

Before FY 1999, we included direct physician Part A costs and excluded contract physician Part A costs from the wage index calculation. Since some States prohibit hospitals from directly employing physicians, hospitals in these States were unable to include physician Part A costs because they were incurred under contract rather than directly. Therefore, for cost reporting periods beginning in 1995, we began separately collecting physician Part A costs (both direct and contract) so we could evaluate how to best handle these costs in the wage index calculation. Based on our analysis of the 1995 wage data, we decided to include the contract physician salaries in the wage index beginning with FY 1999.

In the July 31, 1998 final rule, in response to comments regarding the inclusion in physician Part A costs of teaching physician costs for which teaching hospitals are already compensated through the Medicare GME payment, we stated that we would collect teaching physician data "as expeditiously as possible in order to analyze whether it is feasible to separate teaching physician costs from other physician Part A costs" (63 FR 40968). Excluding teaching physician costs from the wage index calculation is consistent with our general policy to exclude from that calculation those costs that are paid separately from the prospective payment system.

Because the FY 1996 cost reports did not identify teaching physician salaries and hours separately from physician Part A costs, we instructed our fiscal intermediaries to collect, through a survey, teaching physician costs and hours from the teaching hospitals they service. Specifically, we requested collection of data on the costs and hours related to teaching physicians that were included in Line 4 (salaried), Line 10 (contracted), Line 12 (home office and related organizations), and Line 18 (wage-related costs) of the Worksheet S-3, Part II. In our instructions accompanying the survey, we indicated that these teaching-related costs are those payable under the per resident

amounts (§ 413.86) and reported on Worksheet A, Line 23 of the hospital's cost report.

The survey data collected as of the last week of January 1999 are included in the preliminary public use file made available on the Internet on February 5, 1999. At that time, we had received completed surveys for over one-half of teaching hospitals reporting physician Part A costs on their Worksheet S-3, Part II (372 out of 700). In early February 1999, we instructed intermediaries to review the survey data for consistency with the Supplemental Worksheet A-8-2 of the hospitals' cost reports. Supplemental Worksheet A-8-2 is used to apply the reasonable compensation equivalency limits to the costs of provider-based physicians, itemizing these costs by the corresponding line number on Worksheet A.

When we notified the fiscal intermediaries (and the fiscal intermediaries notified the hospitals) of the availability to review the survey data on the Internet, we also established deadlines of March 5, 1999 for hospitals to request changes to the teaching survey data, and April 5, 1999, for the fiscal intermediaries to submit the data to HCRIS. The additional data collected from the hospitals through the fiscal intermediaries by April 5 will be included in the final wage data file released in May 1999.

Due to the extraordinary effort needed to collect these data and the importance of accurately removing teaching physician costs, we will consider requests from a hospital to revise its teaching survey data as reflected on the final wage data file released in May 1999. (We are not extending the deadline for requests for revisions to cost report data.) Requests must be received by HCFA and the hospital's fiscal intermediary no later than June 7, 1999, and must include all necessary supporting documentation. As described above, these data were not originally collected on the FY 1996 cost report. The deadlines established under our annual process for editing and verifying the wage data reflect the fact that hospitals prepare and submit their cost reports at least 1 year, and generally more than 1 year, before the deadline for requesting changes. Because the timeframe in which the survey data were collected was considerably shorter, we have extended the deadline for revising those data.

Since we published the July 31, 1998 final rule, we have received a recommendation from the hospital industry concerning the methodology that could be used to exclude physician teaching-related costs from the wage index. The industry recommended that we implement a 5-year phase-out of all physician Part A wage costs that are teaching-related, as well as all resident and Part A CRNA costs. In FY 2000, the first year of the phase-out, the applicable wage index would be based on a blend of 80 percent of the current policy, which would include all physician Part A costs, and 20 percent of the new policy, which would exclude teaching physician Part A, resident, and CRNA costs. The percentages would be adjusted 20 percent each year until FY 2004, when all teaching physician, resident, and CRNA costs would be eliminated from the wage index calculation.

The workgroup also recommended that if the teaching data collected by the intermediaries are not accurate or reliable, HCFA would include only 20 percent of reported physician Part A costs in the calculation, based on the assumption that 80 percent of total physician Part A costs are related to teaching physicians.

We appreciate the industry's willingness to work with us on this issue and recommend a reasonable and practical solution. In developing our proposed FY 2000 wage index, we have adopted most of the components of this recommendation.

In developing the proposed FY 2000 wage index, we calculated the teaching costs to be removed from the wage index as follow. If we had complete survey data for a hospital, that amount was subtracted from the amount reported on the Worksheet S–3 for physician Part A costs. However, relying solely on the survey data would have resulted in the removal of no teaching physician costs for many hospitals.

As noted above, the hospital industry recommended that if HCFA believes the survey data are not reliable or accurate. it should remove 80 percent of the total physician Part A costs and hours. Although we considered this option, we believe that removing 80 percent of the total physician Part A costs and hours across the board would not recognize the variations among hospitals in terms of the percentage of their physician Part A costs consisting of teaching physician costs. Of the hospitals for which we have survey data, teaching physician costs, as reflected on the survey, amount to, on average, approximately 68 percent. If we adopted the recommended methodology, we would not only negate the efforts of those hospitals and their fiscal intermediaries that did complete the teaching physician survey, we would also actually penalize hospitals that

cooperated in completing the survey by removing an amount in excess of actual teaching physician Part A costs they reported.

Therefore, under our proposal, for any hospital that completed the survey, we removed from the wage data the physician Part A teaching costs and hours reported on the survey form. These data had been verified by the fiscal intermediary before submission to HCFA. If we did not have survey data for a teaching hospital as of February 22, 1999, we removed 80 percent of the hospital's reported total physician Part A costs and hours for the proposed wage index. Based upon our communications with fiscal intermediaries, we believe we will have a substantially higher response rate for the survey data by the time we calculate the final FY 2000 wage index values. As discussed above, we have instructed the fiscal intermediaries to undertake a further attempt to collect these data for those hospitals that initially did not report survey data. We believe that since the average percentage of teaching costs compared to total physician Part A costs is less than 80 percent, it would be an advantage to a hospital to complete the survey.

Although removing 80 percent from the amount reported on the Worksheet S-3 for physician Part A costs allows an estimate of teaching physician costs to be removed in the majority of cases in which survey data are not available, there are instances in which a teaching hospital did not report either survey data or any physician Part A costs on its Worksheet  $\hat{S}$ – $\hat{3}$ . We have identified 72 such teaching hospitals in our database. For purposes of calculating the proposed FY 2000 wage index for these 72 hospitals, we subtracted the costs reported on Line 23 of the Worksheet A, Column 1 (Resident and Other Program Costs) from Line 1 of the Worksheet S-3. These costs (from Line 23, Column 1 of Worksheet A) are included in Line 1 of the Worksheet S-3, which is the sum of Column 1, Worksheet A. They also represent costs for which the hospital is paid through the per resident amount under the direct GME payment. Therefore, we believe it is appropriate to remove these costs from the wage index calculation in situations in which hospitals have failed to otherwise identify their teaching physician costs. To determine the hours to be removed, we divided the costs reported on Line 23 of the Worksheet A, Column 1 by the national average hourly wage for physician Part A costs based upon Line 4 of the Worksheet S-3 (the national average hourly wage is \$54.48). We have indicated these 72 hospitals by an

asterisk in Table 3C of this proposed rule.

We invite comments as to whether the proposed method we have used to remove teaching-related costs based on the amount included in Line 23, Column 1 of Worksheet A would be an appropriate method for removing GME costs in the future (and perhaps other excluded area costs as well). We are especially concerned that the earliest cost report on which we will be able to make the necessary changes to capture the separate reporting of teaching physician Part A costs would be cost reports that would be submitted for cost reporting periods beginning during FY 1998. Therefore, we are considering the potential for subtracting the costs in Lines 20, 22, and 23 of Worksheet A from Line 1 of Worksheet S-3, Part II, in calculating the FY 2001 wage index. The current Worksheet S-3 is not designed to net out of Line 1 costs that are otherwise included in Column 1 of Worksheet A, but it would be possible to use data from the Worksheet A in a manner similar to that described above.

# 2. Resident and CRNA Part A Costs

The wage index presently includes salaries and wage-related costs for residents in approved medical education programs and for CRNAs employed by hospitals under the rural pass-through provision (§ 412.113(c)). Because Medicare pays for these costs outside the prospective payment system, removing these costs from the wage index calculation would be consistent with our general policy to exclude costs that are not paid through the prospective payment system. However, because these costs were not separately identifiable before the FY 1995 wage data, we could not remove them.

We began collecting the resident and CRNA wage data separately on the FY 1995 cost report. However, there were data reporting problems associated with these costs. For example, the original FY 1995 cost report instructions for reporting resident costs on Line 6 of Worksheet S-3, Part III, erroneously included teaching physician salaries and other teaching program costs. Also, the FY 1995 Worksheet S-3 did not provide for separate reporting of CRNA wage-related costs. These problems were corrected in the reporting instructions for the FY 1996 cost report, and we are now proposing to remove CRNA and resident costs over a 5-year period.

#### 3. Transition Period

The proposed FY 2000 wage index is based on a blend of 80 percent of

hospitals' average hourly wages without removing the costs and hours associated with teaching physician Part A, residents, and CRNAs, and 20 percent of the average hourly wage after removing these costs and hours from the wage index calculation. This methodology is consistent with the recommendation of the industry workgroup for a 5-year phase-out of these costs. The transition methodology is discussed in detail in section III.E of this preamble.

# D. Verification of Wage Data From the Medicare Cost Report

The data for the proposed FY 2000 wage index were obtained from Worksheet S–3, Parts II and III of the FY 1996 Medicare cost reports. The data file used to construct the proposed wage index includes FY 1996 data submitted to the Health Care Provider Cost Report Information System (HCRIS) as of early February 1999. As in past years, we performed an intensive review of the wage data, mostly through the use of edits designed to identify aberrant data.

From mid-January to mid-February 1999, we asked our fiscal intermediaries to revise or verify data elements that resulted in specific edit failures. Some unresolved data elements are included in the calculation of the proposed FY 2000 wage index pending their resolution before calculation of the final FY 2000 wage index. We have instructed the intermediaries to complete their verification of questionable data elements and to transmit any changes to the wage data (through HCRIS) no later than April 5, 1999. We expect that all unresolved data elements will be resolved by that date. The revised data will be reflected in the final rule.

Also, as part of our editing process, we removed data for eight hospitals that failed edits. For four of these hospitals, we were unable to obtain sufficient documentation to verify or revise the data because the hospitals are no longer participating in the Medicare program or are in bankruptcy status. Two hospitals had negative average hourly wages after allocating overhead to their excluded areas, and were therefore removed from the calculation. The data from the remaining two hospitals were removed because inclusion of their data would have significantly distorted the wage index values. The data for these hospitals will be included in the final wage index if we receive corrected data that pass our edits. As a result, the proposed FY 2000 wage index is calculated based on FY 1996 wage data for 5,035 hospitals.

#### E. Computation of the Wage Index

The method used to compute the proposed FY 2000 wage index is as follows:

Step 1—As noted above, we are proposing to base the FY 2000 wage index on wage data reported on the FY 1996 Medicare cost reports. We gathered data from each of the non-Federal, short-term, acute care hospitals for which data were reported on the Worksheet S-3, Parts II and III of the Medicare cost report for the hospital's cost reporting period beginning on or after October 1, 1995 and before October 1, 1996. In addition, we included data from a few hospitals that had cost reporting periods beginning in September 1995 and reported a cost reporting period exceeding 52 weeks. These data were included because no other data from these hospitals would be available for the cost reporting period described above, and because particular labor market areas might be affected due to the omission of these hospitals. However, we generally describe these wage data as FY 1996 data.

Step 2—Salaries—The method used to compute a hospital's average hourly wage is a blend of 80 percent of the hospital's average hourly wage including all teaching physician Part A, resident, and CRNA costs, and 20 percent of the hospital's average hourly wage after eliminating all teaching physician, resident, and CRNA costs.

In calculating a hospital's average salaries plus wage-related costs, including all teaching physician Part A, resident, and CRNA costs, we subtracted from Line 1 (total salaries) the Part B salaries reported on Lines 3 and 5, home office salaries reported on Line 7, and excluded salaries reported on Lines 8 and 8.01 (that is, direct salaries attributable to skilled nursing facility services, home health services, and other subprovider components not subject to the prospective payment system). We also subtracted from Line 1 the salaries for which no hours were reported on Lines 2, 4, and 6. To determine total salaries plus wagerelated costs, we added to the net hospital salaries the costs of contract labor for direct patient care, certain top management, and physician Part A services (Lines 9 and 10), home office salaries and wage-related costs reported by the hospital on Lines 11 and 12, and nonexcluded area wage-related costs (Lines 13, 14, 16, 18, and 20). We note that contract labor and home office salaries for which no corresponding hours are reported were not included.

We then calculated a hospital's salaries plus wage-related costs by

subtracting from total salaries the salaries plus wage-related costs for teaching physicians (see section III.C.1 of this preamble for a detail discussion of this policy), Part A CRNAs (Lines 2 and 16), and residents (Lines 6 and 20).

Step 3—Hours—With the exception of wage-related costs, for which there are no associated hours, we computed total hours using the same methods as described for salaries in Step 2.

Step 4—For each hospital reporting both total overhead salaries and total overhead hours greater than zero, we then allocated overhead costs. First, we determined the ratio of excluded area hours (sum of Lines 8 and 8.01 of Worksheet S-3, Part II) to revised total hours (Line 1 minus Lines 3. 5. and 7 of Worksheet S-3, Part II). We then computed the amounts of overhead salaries and hours to be allocated to excluded areas by multiplying the above ratio by the total overhead salaries and hours reported on Line 13 of Worksheet S-3, Part III. Finally, we subtracted the computed overhead salaries and hours associated with excluded areas from the total salaries and hours derived in Steps 2 and 3.

Step 5—For each hospital, we adjusted the total salaries plus wagerelated costs to a common period to determine total adjusted salaries plus wage-related costs. To make the wage adjustment, we estimated the percentage change in the employment cost index (ECI) for compensation for each 30-day increment from October 14, 1995 through April 15, 1997 for private industry hospital workers from the Bureau of Labor Statistics' Compensation and Working Conditions. We use the ECI because it reflects the price increase associated with total compensation (salaries plus fringes) rather than just the increase in salaries. In addition, the ECI includes managers as well as other hospital workers. This methodology to compute the monthly update factors uses actual quarterly ECI data and assures that the update factors match the actual quarterly and annual percent changes. The factors used to adjust the hospital's data were based on the midpoint of the cost reporting period, as indicated below.

# MIDPOINT OF COST REPORTING PERIOD

After	Before	Adjustment factor
10/14/95	11/15/95	1.023163
11/14/95	12/15/95	1.021153
12/14/95	01/15/96	1.019151
01/14/96	02/15/96	1.017157
02/14/96	03/15/96	1.015246
03/14/96	04/15/96	1.013489

After	Before	Adjustment factor
04/14/96	05/15/96	1.011888
05/14/96	06/15/96	1.010428
06/14/96	07/15/96	1.009099
07/14/96	08/15/96	1.007900
08/14/96	09/15/96	1.006788
09/14/96	10/15/96	1.005719
10/14/96	11/15/96	1.004695
11/14/96	12/15/96	1.003653
12/14/96	01/15/97	1.002529
01/14/97	02/15/97	1.001325
02/14/97	03/15/97	1.000000
03/14/97	04/15/97	0.998514

For example, the midpoint of a cost reporting period beginning January 1, 1996 and ending December 31, 1996 is June 30, 1996. An adjustment factor of 1.009099 would be applied to the wages of a hospital with such a cost reporting period. In addition, for the data for any cost reporting period that began in FY 1996 and covers a period of less than 360 days or more than 370 days, we annualized the data to reflect a 1-year cost report. Annualization is accomplished by dividing the data by the number of days in the cost report and then multiplying the results by 365.

Step 6—Each hospital was assigned to its appropriate urban or rural labor market area before any reclassifications under sections 1886(d)(8)(B) or 1886(d)(10) of the Act. Within each urban or rural labor market area, we added the total adjusted salaries plus wage-related costs obtained in Step 5 for all hospitals in that area to determine the total adjusted salaries plus wagerelated costs for the labor market area.

Step 7—We divided the total adjusted salaries plus wage-related costs obtained under both methods in Step 6 by the sum of the corresponding total hours (from Step 4) for all hospitals in each labor market area to determine an average hourly wage for the area.

Because the proposed FY 2000 wage index is based on a blend of average hourly wages, we then added 80 percent of the average hourly wage calculated without removing teaching physician Part A, residents, and CRNA costs, and 20 percent of the average hourly wage calculated with these costs removed.

Step 8—We added the total adjusted salaries plus wage-related costs obtained in Step 5 for all hospitals in the nation and then divided the sum by the national sum of total hours from Step 4 to arrive at a national average hourly wage (using the same blending methodology described in Step 7). Using the data as described above, the national average hourly wage is \$20.9675. Step 9—For each urban or rural labor market area, we calculated the hospital wage index value by dividing the area average hourly wage obtained in Step 7 by the national average hourly wage computed in Step 8.

Step 10—Following the process set forth above, we developed a separate Puerto Rico-specific wage index for purposes of adjusting the Puerto Rico standardized amounts. (The national Puerto Rico standardized amount is adjusted by a wage index calculated for all Puerto Rico labor market areas based on the national average hourly wage as described above.) We added the total adjusted salaries plus wage-related costs (as calculated in Step 5) for all hospitals in Puerto Rico and divided the sum by the total hours for Puerto Rico (as calculated in Step 4) to arrive at an overall average hourly wage of \$9.96607 for Puerto Rico. For each labor market area in Puerto Rico, we calculated the hospital wage index value by dividing the area average hourly wage (as calculated in Step 7) by the overall Puerto Rico average hourly wage.

Step 11-Section 4410 of the BBA provides that, for discharges on or after October 1, 1997, the area wage index applicable to any hospital that is not located in a rural area may not be less than the area wage index applicable to hospitals located in rural areas in that State. Furthermore, this wage index floor is to be implemented in such a manner as to assure that aggregate prospective payment system payments are not greater or less than those that would have been made in the year if this section did not apply. For FY 2000, this change affects 185 hospitals in 39 MSAs. The MSAs affected by this provision are identified in Table 4A by a footnote.

# *F. Revisions to the Wage Index Based on Hospital Redesignation*

Under section 1886(d)(8)(B) of the Act, hospitals in certain rural counties adjacent to one or more MSAs are considered to be located in one of the adjacent MSAs if certain standards are met. Under section 1886(d)(10) of the Act, the Medicare Geographic Classification Review Board (MGCRB) considers applications by hospitals for geographic reclassification for purposes of payment under the prospective payment system.

The methodology for determining the wage index values for redesignated hospitals is applied jointly to the hospitals located in those rural counties that were deemed urban under section 1886(d)(8)(B) of the Act and those hospitals that were reclassified as a result of the MGCRB decisions under section 1886(d)(10) of the Act. Section 1886(d)(8)(C) of the Act provides that the application of the wage index to redesignated hospitals is dependent on the hypothetical impact that the wage data from these hospitals would have on the wage index value for the area to which they have been redesignated. Therefore, as provided in section 1886(d)(8)(C) of the Act, the wage index values were determined by considering the following:

• If including the wage data for the redesignated hospitals would reduce the wage index value for the area to which the hospitals are redesignated by 1 percentage point or less, the area wage index value determined exclusive of the wage data for the redesignated hospitals applies to the redesignated hospitals.

• If including the wage data for the redesignated hospitals reduces the wage index value for the area to which the hospitals are redesignated by more than 1 percentage point, the hospitals that are redesignated are subject to that combined wage index value.

• If including the wage data for the redesignated hospitals increases the wage index value for the area to which the hospitals are redesignated, both the area and the redesignated hospitals receive the combined wage index value.

• The wage index value for a redesignated urban or rural hospital cannot be reduced below the wage index value for the rural areas of the State in which the hospital is located.

• Rural areas whose wage index values would be reduced by excluding the wage data for hospitals that have been redesignated to another area continue to have their wage index values calculated as if no redesignation had occurred.

• Rural areas whose wage index values increase as a result of excluding the wage data for the hospitals that have been redesignated to another area have their wage index values calculated exclusive of the wage data of the redesignated hospitals.

• The wage index value for an urban area is calculated exclusive of the wage data for hospitals that have been reclassified to another area. However, geographic reclassification may not reduce the wage index value for an urban area below the statewide rural wage index value.

We note that, except for those rural areas in which redesignation would reduce the rural wage index value, the wage index value for each area is computed exclusive of the wage data for hospitals that have been redesignated from the area for purposes of their wage index. As a result, several urban areas listed in Table 4A have no hospitals remaining in the area. This is because all the hospitals originally in these urban areas have been reclassified to another area by the MGCRB. These areas with no remaining hospitals receive the prereclassified wage index value. The prereclassified wage index value will apply as long as the area remains empty.

The proposed revised wage index values for FY 2000 are shown in Tables 4A, 4B, 4C, and 4F in the Addendum to this proposed rule. Hospitals that are redesignated should use the wage index values shown in Table 4C. Areas in Table 4C may have more than one wage index value because the wage index value for a redesignated urban or rural hospital cannot be reduced below the wage index value for the rural areas of the State in which the hospital is located. When the wage index value of the area to which a hospital is redesignated is lower than the wage index value for the rural areas of the State in which the hospital is located, the redesignated hospital receives the higher wage index value, that is, the wage index value for the rural areas of the State in which it is located, rather than the wage index value otherwise applicable to the redesignated hospitals.

Tables 4D and 4E list the average hourly wage for each labor market area, before the redesignation of hospitals, based on the FY 1996 wage data. In addition, Table 3C in the Addendum to this proposed rule includes the adjusted average hourly wage for each hospital based on the preliminary FY 1996 data as of February 22, 1999. The MGCRB will use the average hourly wage published in the final rule to evaluate a hospital's application for reclassification for FY 2001, unless that average hourly wage is later revised in accordance with the wage data correction policy described in § 412.63(w)(2). In such cases, the MGCRB will use the most recent revised data used for purposes of the hospital wage index. We note that in adjudicating these wage index reclassification requests during FY 2000, the MGCRB will use the average hourly wages for each hospital and labor market area that are reflected in the final FY 2000 wage index.

At the time this proposed wage index was constructed, the MGCRB had completed its review of FY 2000 reclassification requests. The proposed FY 2000 wage index values incorporate all 441 hospitals redesignated for purposes of the wage index (hospitals redesignated under section 1886(d)(8)(B) or 1886(d)(10) of the Act) for FY 2000. The final number of reclassifications may be different because some MGCRB decisions are still under review by the Administrator and because some hospitals may withdraw their requests for reclassification.

Any changes to the wage index that result from withdrawals of requests for reclassification, wage index corrections, appeals, and the Administrator's review process will be incorporated into the wage index values published in the final rule following this proposed rule. The changes may affect not only the wage index value for specific geographic areas, but also the wage index value redesignated hospitals receive, that is, whether they receive the wage index value for the area to which they are redesignated, or a wage index value that includes the data for both the hospitals already in the area and the redesignated hospitals. Further, the wage index value for the area from which the hospitals are redesignated may be affected.

Under § 412.273, hospitals that have been reclassified by the MGCRB are permitted to withdraw their applications within 45 days of the publication of this **Federal Register** document. The request for withdrawal of an application for reclassification that would be effective in FY 2000 must be received by the MGCRB by June 21, 1999. A hospital that requests to withdraw its application may not later request that the MGCRB decision be reinstated.

#### G. Requests for Wage Data Corrections

To allow hospitals time to evaluate the wage data used to construct the proposed FY 2000 hospital wage index, we made available to the public a data file containing the FY 1996 hospital wage data. As stated in section II.D of this preamble, the data file used to construct the proposed wage index includes FY 1996 data submitted to HCRIS as of early February 1999. In a memorandum dated February 1, 1999, we instructed all Medicare intermediaries to inform the prospective payment hospitals that they serve of the availability of the wage data file and the process and timeframe for requesting revisions. The wage data file was made available February 5, 1999 through the Internet at HCFA's home page (http:// www.hcfa.gov). We also instructed the intermediaries to advise hospitals of the availability of these data either through their representative hospital organizations or directly from HCFA. Additional details on ordering this data file are discussed in section IX.A of this preamble, "Requests for Data from the Public.

In addition, Table 3C in the Addendum to this proposed rule contains each hospital's adjusted average hourly wage used to construct the proposed wage index values. It should be noted that the hospital average hourly wages shown in Table 3C do not reflect any changes made to a hospital's data after February 22, 1999. Changes approved by a hospital's fiscal intermediary and forwarded to HCRIS by April 5, 1999 will be reflected on the final public use wage data file scheduled to be made available May 7, 1999.

We believe hospitals have had ample time to ensure the accuracy of their FY 1996 wage data. Moreover, the ultimate responsibility for accurately completing the cost report rests with the hospital, which must attest to the accuracy of the data at the time the cost report is filed. However, if, after review of the wage data file released February 5, 1999, a hospital believed that its FY 1996 wage data were incorrectly reported, the hospital was to submit corrections along with complete, detailed supporting documentation to its intermediary by March 5, 1999. Hospitals were notified of this deadline, and of all other possible deadlines and requirements, through written communications from their fiscal intermediaries in early February 1999.

Any wage data corrections to be reflected in the final wage index must have been reviewed and verified by the intermediary and transmitted to HCFA on or before April 5, 1999. (The deadline for hospitals to request changes from their fiscal intermediaries was March 5, 1999.) These deadlines are necessary to allow sufficient time to review and process the data so that the final wage index calculation can be completed for development of the final prospective payment rates to be published by August 1, 1999. We cannot guarantee that corrections transmitted to HCFA after April 5, 1999 will be reflected in the final wage index.

After reviewing requested changes submitted by hospitals, intermediaries transmitted any revised cost reports to HCRIS and forwarded a copy of the revised Worksheet S–3, Parts II and III to the hospitals. In addition, fiscal intermediaries were to notify hospitals of the changes or the reasons that changes were not accepted.

This procedure ensures that hospitals have every opportunity to verify the data that will be used to construct their wage index values. We believe that fiscal intermediaries are generally in the best position to make evaluations regarding the appropriateness of a particular cost and whether it should be included in the wage index data. However, if a hospital disagrees with the intermediary's resolution of a requested change, the hospital may contact HCFA in an effort to resolve policy disputes. We note that the April 5 deadline also applies to these requested changes. We will not consider factual determinations at this time, as these should have been resolved earlier in the process.

We have created the process described above to resolve all substantive wage data correction disputes before we finalize the wage data for the FY 2000 payment rates. Accordingly, hospitals that do not meet the procedural deadlines set forth above will not be afforded a later opportunity to submit wage data corrections or to dispute the intermediary's decision with respect to requested changes.

The final wage data public use file will be released by May 7, 1999. Hospitals should examine both Table 3C of this proposed rule and the May 7 final public use wage data file (which reflects revisions to the data used to calculate the values in Table 3C) to verify the data HCFA is using to calculate the wage index. Hospitals will have until June 7, 1999 to submit requests to correct errors in the final wage data due to data entry or tabulation errors by the intermediary or HCFA. The correction requests that will be considered at that time will be limited to errors in the entry or tabulation of the final wage data that the hospital could not have known about before the release of the final wage data public use file.

The final wage data file released on May 7, 1999 will contain the wage data that will be used to construct the wage index values in the final rule. As noted above in section III.C of this preamble, this file will include hospitals' teaching survey data as well as cost report data. As with the file made available in February 1999, HCFA will make the final wage data file released in May 1999 available to hospital associations and the public (on the Internet). However, with the exception of the teaching survey data, this file is being made available only for the limited purpose of identifying any potential errors made by HČFA or the intermediary in the entry of the final wage data that result from the correction process described above (with the March 5 deadline), not for the initiation of new wage data correction requests. Hospitals are encouraged to review their hospital wage data promptly after the release of the final file.

If, after reviewing the final file, a hospital believes that its wage data are incorrect due to a fiscal intermediary or HCFA error in the entry or tabulation of the final wage data, it should send a letter to both its fiscal intermediary and HCFA. The letters should outline why the hospital believes an error exists and provide all supporting information, including dates. These requests must be received by HCFA and the intermediaries no later than June 7. 1999. Requests mailed to HCFA should be sent to: Health Care Financing Administration; Center for Health Plans and Providers; Attention: Stephen Phillips, Technical Advisor; Division of Acute Care; C4–07–07; 7500 Security Boulevard; Baltimore, MD 21244-1850. Each request must also be sent to the hospital's fiscal intermediary. The intermediary will review requests upon receipt and contact HCFA immediately to discuss its findings.

At this point in the process, changes to the hospital wage data will be made only in those very limited situations involving an error by the intermediary or HCFA that the hospital could not have known about before its review of the final wage data file. (As noted above, however, we are also allowing hospitals to request changes to their teaching survey data. These requests must comply with all of the documentation and deadline requirements as otherwise specified in this proposed rule.) Specifically, neither the intermediary nor HCFA will accept the following types of requests at this stage of the process:

• Requests for wage data corrections that were submitted too late to be included in the data transmitted to HCRIS on or before April 5, 1999.

• Requests for correction of errors that were not, but could have been, identified during the hospital's review of the February 1999 wage data file.

• Requests to revisit factual determinations or policy interpretations made by the intermediary or HCFA during the wage data correction process.

Verified corrections to the wage index received timely (that is, by June 7, 1999) will be incorporated into the final wage index to be published by July 30, 1999 and effective October 1, 1999.

Again, we believe the wage data correction process described above provides hospitals with sufficient opportunity to bring errors in their wage data to the intermediary's attention. Moreover, because hospitals will have access to the final wage data by early May 1999, they will have the opportunity to detect any data entry or tabulation errors made by the intermediary or HCFA before the development and publication of the FY 2000 wage index by July 30, 1999 and the implementation of the FY 2000 wage index on October 1, 1999. If hospitals avail themselves of this opportunity, the wage index implemented on October 1

should be free of these errors. Nevertheless, in the unlikely event that errors should occur after that date, we retain the right to make midyear changes to the wage index under very limited circumstances.

Specifically, in accordance with §412.63(w)(2), we may make midyear corrections to the wage index only in those limited circumstances in which a hospital can show (1) that the intermediary or HCFA made an error in tabulating its data; and (2) that the hospital could not have known about the error, or did not have an opportunity to correct the error, before the beginning of FY 2000 (that is, by the June 7, 1999 deadline). As indicated earlier, since a hospital will have the opportunity to verify its data, and the intermediary will notify the hospital of any changes, we do not foresee any specific circumstances under which midyear corrections would be made. However, should a midyear correction be necessary, the wage index change for the affected area will be effective prospectively from the date the correction is made.

In the September 1, 1994 Federal Register, we stated that we did not believe that a "formal appeals process" regarding intermediary decisions denying hospital requests for wage data revisions was necessary, given the numerous opportunities provided to hospitals to verify and revise their data (59 FR 45351). We continue to believe that the process described above provides hospitals more than adequate opportunity to ensure that their data are correct. Nevertheless, we wish to clarify that, while there is no formal appeals process that culminates before the publication of the final rule and that is described above, hospitals may later seek formal review of denials of requests for wage data revisions made as a result of that process.

Once the final wage index values are calculated and published in the Federal **Register**, the last opportunity for a hospital to seek to have its wage data revised is under the limited circumstances described in § 412.63(w)(2). As we noted in the September 1, 1995 Federal Register, however, hospitals are entitled to appeal any denial of a request for a wage data revision made as a result of HCFA's wage data correction process to the Provider Reimbursement Review Board (PRRB), consistent with the rules for PRRB appeals found at 42 CFR part 405, Subpart R (60 FR 45795). As we also stated in the 1995 Federal Register, and as the regulation at \$412.63(w)(5)provides, any subsequent reversal of a denial of a wage revision request that

results from a hospital's appeal to the PRRB or beyond will be given effect by paying the hospital under a revised wage index that reflects the revised wage data at issue. The revised wage data will not, however, be used for purposes of revisiting past adjudications of requests for geographic reclassification.

### IV. Other Decisions and Proposed Changes to the Prospective Payment System for Inpatient Operating Costs and Graduate Medical Education Costs

# A. Sole Community Hospitals (SCHs)(§ 412.92)

If a hospital is classified as a SCH because, by reason of certain factors, it is the sole source of inpatient hospital services reasonably available to Medicare beneficiaries in a geographic area, the hospital is paid based on the highest of the following: the applicable adjusted Federal rate; the updated hospital-specific rate based on a 1982 base period; or the updated hospitalspecific rate based on a 1987 base period. Under our existing rules, urban hospitals within 35 miles of another hospital cannot qualify as SCHs. Since 1983, we have consistently defined an "urban" area for purposes of determining if a hospital qualifies for SCH status as a MSA or NECMA as defined by OMB.

In the past, we have considered and rejected two alternatives to the MSA definitions of an urban area for SCH purposes. These alternatives were the urbanized areas as defined by the Census Bureau and the health facility planning areas (HFPAs) as used by the Health Resource Services Administration. We have concluded that the MSA definition continues to be the most appropriate geographic delimiter available at this time. Therefore, we propose to continue to apply the MSA definition of an urban area for SCH status purposes.

We propose to continue our current policy for several reasons. First, as we have previously noted, since OMB considers local commuting patterns in establishing urban definitions, we believe that residents in urban areas have access to hospital services either by living in close proximity to a hospital or by establishing a heavy commuting pattern to an area in which a hospital is located (48 FR 39780, September 1, 1983). We do not believe that either Census Bureau urbanized areas or HFPAs take commuting patterns into account in the way that OMB's MSAs do. We believe commuting patterns serve as an important indicia of whether a hospital is the sole hospital reasonably

accessible by Medicare beneficiaries in an area.

In addition, we note that our use of MSAs to define urban areas for SCH status purposes has direct statutory support. Section 1886(d)(2)(D) of the Act specifically authorizes us to use OMB's MSA definition of urban areas for purposes of calculating the prospective payment system standardized amounts. SCH status represents an adjustment to the usual prospective payment that a hospital would receive, and since that prospective payment is based on the standardized amount, among other factors, we believe it would be anomalous to employ one definition of urban area for purposes of calculating the standardized amount and another for purposes of determining if the hospital qualified as a SCH. To do so would be to use one set of geographic delimiters in applying the general rule (payment under the prospective payment system based on the standardized amount) but a different set in determining exceptions to the rule (payment under the prospective payment system adjusted to take into account SCH status). We do not think this would be appropriate. For this reason, also, we propose to continue to define "urban" for SCH purposes as meaning MSAs as defined by OMB, not as meaning either Census Bureau urbanized areas or HFPAs.

# B. Rural Referral Centers (§ 412.96)

Under the authority of section 1886(d)(5)(C)(i) of the Act, §412.96 sets forth the criteria a hospital must meet in order to receive special treatment under the prospective payment system as a rural referral center. For discharges occurring before October 1, 1994, rural referral centers received the benefit of payment based on the other urban rather than the rural standardized amount. As of that date. the other urban and rural standardized amounts were the same. However, rural referral centers continue to receive special treatment under both the disproportionate share hospital (DSH) payment adjustment and the criteria for geographic reclassification.

One of the criteria under which a rural hospital may qualify as a rural referral center is to have 275 or more beds available for use. A rural hospital that does not meet the bed size criterion can qualify as a rural referral center if the hospital meets two mandatory criteria (specifying a minimum case-mix index and a minimum number of discharges) and at least one of the three optional criteria (relating to specialty composition of medical staff, source of inpatients, or volume of referrals). With respect to the two mandatory criteria, a hospital may be classified as a rural referral center if its—

• Case-mix index is at least equal to the lower of the median case-mix index for urban hospitals in its census region, excluding hospitals with approved teaching programs, or the median casemix index for all urban hospitals nationally; and

• Number of discharges is at least 5,000 discharges per year or, if fewer, the median number of discharges for urban hospitals in the census region in which the hospital is located. (The number of discharges criterion for an osteopathic hospital is at least 3,000 discharges per year.)

#### 1. Case-Mix Index

Section 412.96(c)(1) provides that HCFA will establish updated national and regional case-mix index values in each year's annual notice of prospective payment rates for purposes of determining rural referral center status. The methodology we use to determine the proposed national and regional casemix index values is set forth in regulations at §412.96(c)(1)(ii). The proposed national case-mix index value includes all urban hospitals nationwide, and the proposed regional values are the median values of urban hospitals within each census region, excluding those with approved teaching programs (that is, those hospitals receiving indirect medical education payments as provided in §412.105).

These values are based on discharges occurring during FY 1998 (October 1, 1997 through September 30, 1998) and include bills posted to HCFA's records through December 1998. Therefore, we are proposing that, in addition to meeting other criteria, hospitals with fewer than 275 beds, if they are to qualify for initial rural referral center status for cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 1999, must have a case-mix index value for FY 1998 that is at least—

• 1.3438; or

• The median case-mix index value for urban hospitals (excluding hospitals with approved teaching programs as identified in § 412.105) calculated by HCFA for the census region in which the hospital is located.

The median case-mix values by region are set forth in the following table:

Region	Case-mix index value
<ol> <li>New England (CT, ME, MA,</li></ol>	1.2480
NH, RI, VT) <li>Middle Atlantic (PA, NJ, NY)</li>	1.2504

Region	Case-mix index value	Region	Number of dis- charges
<ol> <li>South Atlantic (DE, DC, FL, GA, MD, NC, SC, VA, WV)</li> <li>East North Central (IL, IN, MI,</li> </ol>		<ol> <li>New England (CT, ME, MA, NH, RI, VT)</li> <li>Middle Atlantic (PA, NJ, NY)</li> </ol>	6672 8635
OH, WI) 5. East South Central (AL, KY,	1.2593	GA, MD, NC, SC, VA, WV)	7753
MS, TN) 6. West North Central (IA, KS,		4. East North Central (IL, IN, MI, OH, WI)	7390
MN, MO, NE, ND, SD) 7. West South Central (AR, LA,		5. East South Central (AL, KY, MS, TN)	6741
OK, TX) 8. Mountain (AZ, CO, ID, MT, NV,	1.3003	MN, MO, NE, ND, SD)	5662
NM, UT, WY) 9. Pacific (AK, CA, HI, OR, WA)	1.3280	<ol> <li>West South Central (AR, LA, OK, TX)</li> <li>Mountain (AZ, CO, ID, MT, NV,</li> </ol>	5344
		o. Mountain ( $Az$ , CO, ID, MIT, NV,	

The preceding numbers will be revised in the final rule to the extent required to reflect the updated FY 1998 MedPAR file, which will contain data from additional bills received through March 31, 1999.

For the benefit of hospitals seeking to qualify as referral centers or those wishing to know how their case-mix index value compares to the criteria, we are publishing each hospital's FY 1998 case-mix index value in Table 3C in section IV of the Addendum to this proposed rule. In keeping with our policy on discharges, these case-mix index values are computed based on all Medicare patient discharges subject to DRG-based payment.

#### 2. Discharges

Section 412.96(c)(2)(i) provides that HCFA will set forth the national and regional numbers of discharges in each year's annual notice of prospective payment rates for purposes of determining referral center status. As specified in section 1886(d)(5)(C)(ii) of the Act, the national standard is set at 5,000 discharges. We are proposing to update the regional standards. The proposed regional standards are based on discharges for urban hospitals' cost reporting periods that began during FY 1997 (that is, October 1, 1996 through September 30, 1997). That is the latest year for which we have complete discharge data available.

Therefore, we are proposing that, in addition to meeting other criteria, a hospital, if it is to qualify for initial rural referral center status for cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 1999, must have as the number of discharges for its cost reporting period that began during FY 1998 a figure that is at least-

5,000; or

 The median number of discharges for urban hospitals in the census region in which the hospital is located, as indicated in the following table.

5662 5344 NM, UT, WY) ..... 7993 9. Pacific (AK, CA, HI, OR, WA) .. 5993 We note that the number of discharges for hospitals in each census region is greater than the national standard of 5,000 discharges. Therefore, 5,000 discharges is the minimum criterion for all hospitals. These numbers will be revised in the final rule based on the

We reiterate that an osteopathic hospital, if it is to qualify for rural referral center status for cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 1999, must have at least 3,000 discharges for its cost reporting period that began during FY 1997.

# C. Changes to the Indirect Medical Education Adjustment (§ 412.105)

latest FY 1997 cost report data.

Section 1886(d)(5)(B) of the Act provides that prospective payment hospitals that have residents in an approved graduate medical education (GME) program receive an additional payment to reflect the higher indirect operating costs associated with GME. The regulations regarding the calculation of this additional payment, known as the indirect medical education (IME) adjustment, are located at § 412.105.

In the August 29, 1997 final rule (62 FR 46029), we redesignated the previous § 412.105(g) as § 412.105(f), and added a new paragraph (g) to implement section 1886(d)(5)(B) of the Act as revised by section 4621 of the Balanced Budget Act of 1997. However, when we redesignated paragraph (g) as paragraph (f), we inadvertently did not revise all of the relevant cross-references to reflect this redesignation. Specifically, at § 412.105(f)(1)(iii), there are three crossreferences to paragraph (g)(1)(ii). These cross-references are incorrect in light of the redesignation of previous paragraph (g) as paragraph (f). We are proposing to revise §412.105(f)(1)(iii) to correct these cross-references.

### D. Medicare Geographic Classification Review Board: Conforming Changes §§ 412.256 and 412.276

In the May 12, 1998 final rule (63 FR 26321), we revised the regulations governing the timeframes for submittal of applications by hospitals to the MGCRB for geographic reclassifications and for MGCRB decisions to take into consideration the revised statutory publication schedule for the annual prospective payment policies and rates (that is, August 1 instead of September 1) implemented by the BBA. In making those changes, we inadvertently omitted conforming changes to two other sections of the regulations that also specify timeframes that are affected by the change to an August 1 publication date-§§ 412.256 and 412.276. We

propose to revise § 412.256(c)(2) to specify that at the request of the hospital, the MGCRB may, for good cause, grant a hospital that has submitted an application by September 1 (instead of October 1) an extension beyond September 1 (instead of October 1) to complete its application. In addition, we propose to revise § 412.276(a) to specify that the MGCRB notifies the parties in writing, with a copy to HCFA, and issues a decision within 180 days after the "first day of the 13-month period preceding the Federal fiscal year for which the hospital had filed a completed application" for reclassification, to make the language consistent with the statute and the May 1998 changes made to the application deadline in § 412.256(a)(2).

# E. Payment for Direct Costs of Graduate Medical Education (§ 413.86)

Under section 1886(h) of the Act, Medicare pays hospitals for the direct costs of graduate medical education (GME). The payments are based on the number of residents trained by the hospital. The BBA revised section 1886(h) of the Act to cap the number of residents that hospitals may count for direct GME. We have issued rules to implement the caps for GME (62 FR 46002, August 29, 1997; 63 FR 26327, May 12, 1998; and 63 FR 40986, July 31, 1998). Since the publication of these rules we have received a number of questions relating to GME. In addition, we have received information related to other aspects of our GME policies. In response to these questions and information, we are clarifying certain GME policies and also making some technical changes to the regulations text. In addition, we are proposing certain changes in GME policy.

# 1. Approved Geriatric Programs

Under sections 1886(h)(5)(F) and (G) of the Act and §413.86(g), Medicare counts each resident within an initial residency period as a 1.0 full-time equivalent (FTE) for purposes of determining GME payments. Each resident beyond the initial residency period is counted as 0.5 full-time equivalent. Section 1886(h)(5)(F) of the Act extends the initial residency period by up to 2 years if an individual is in a geriatric or preventive medicine residency or fellowship. At § 413.86(b), we specify that an "approved geriatric program" is "a fellowship program of one or more years in length that is approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education (ACGME) under the ACGME's criteria for geriatric fellowship programs." In recent years, geriatric programs have been approved by other national organizations. Consistent with the statute, we are proposing to clarify the definition of approved geriatric programs at § 413.86(b) to include fellowship programs approved by the American Osteopathic Association, the Commission on Dental Accreditation, and the Council on Podiatric Medical Education. These organizations, in addition to ACGME, are recognized by HCFA as the accrediting bodies for determining approved educational activities. We also would make a conforming change to § 413.86(g)(1)(iii) to recognize approved geriatric programs accredited by all national approving organizations.

2. Hospital Payment for Resident Training in Nonhospital Settings

Under sections 1886(d)(5)(B)(iv) and 1886(h)(4)(E) of the Act, hospitals may count residents working in nonhospital sites for indirect and direct medical education respectively if the hospital incurs "all or substantially all" of these education costs. The requirements for counting the time residents spend training in nonhospital settings are addressed at § 413.86(f)(4). Currently, the requirements for hospital payment under this provision are that the resident spend his or her time in patient care activities and that a written agreement exist between the hospital and the nonhospital site. This written agreement must indicate that the hospital will incur the cost of the residents' salaries and fringe benefits while the residents are training in the nonhospital site and that the hospital is providing reasonable compensation to the nonhospital site for supervisory teaching activities. In addition, the written agreement must indicate the

compensation the hospital is providing to the nonhospital site for supervisory teaching activities.

Under the statute, the time residents spend at nonhospital sites may be counted "if the hospital incurs all, or substantially all, of the costs of the training program in that setting." The existing regulations text, however, is framed in terms of the hospital having an agreement that it "will incur" the costs in the nonhospital setting. We are proposing to make a technical change to the regulations text by adding a new § 413.86(f)(4)(iii), to clarify that in order to count residents at a nonhospital site, the hospital must actually incur all or substantially all of the costs for the training program, as defined in § 413.86(b), in the nonhospital site. This definition of all or substantially all requires the hospital to incur the expenses of the residents' salaries and fringe benefits (including travel and lodging where applicable) and the portion of the cost of teaching physicians' salaries and fringe benefits attributable to direct GME.

# 3. New Residency Programs

In the regulations we published on August 29, 1997 and May 12, 1998, we established special rules for adjusting the full-time equivalent (FTE) resident caps for indirect and direct GME for new medical residency programs. In general, the special rules allow for adjustments to the caps based on a number of residents participating in the program in its third year of existence. In §§ 413.86(g)(6)(i) and 413.86(g)(6)(ii), we set forth a methodology for adjusting hospital FTE caps for new medical residency training programs established on or after January 1, 1995. We are proposing the following clarifications, technical changes, and policy changes:

a. In § 413.86(g)(6)(i), we specify that, if a hospital had no residents before January 1, 1995, the adjustments for new programs are based on the highest number of residents in any program year during the third year of the newly established program. However, § 413.86(g)(6)(ii) does not explicitly state the methodology for adjusting caps for hospitals that did have residents in the most recent cost reporting period ending before January 1, 1995. The adjustments of the caps for programs established on or after January 1, 1995 and on or before August 5, 1997, also are made based on the number of residents in the third year of the new program. We are proposing to revise §413.86(g)(6)(ii) to clarify that, for a hospital that did have residents in the most recent cost reporting period ending on or before December 31, 1996 (the

proposed revised date described in section IV.E.3.d. of this preamble), the adjustment is based on the highest number of residents in any program year in the third year of the new program.

b. Sections 413.86(g)(6)(i) and 413.86(g)(6)(ii) specify that the adjustment to the cap is also based on the number of years in which residents are expected to complete each program based on the minimum accredited length for the type of program. We are proposing to add language to clarify how to account for situations in which the residents spend an entire program year (or years) at one hospital and the remaining year (or years) of the program at another hospital. In this situation, the adjustment to the FTE cap is based on the number of years the residents are training at each hospital, not the minimum accredited length for the type of program. If we were to use the minimum accredited length for the program in this case, the total adjustment to the cap might exceed the total accredited slots available to the hospitals participating in the program. In the May 12, 1998 final rule (63 FR 26334), we specified that the adjustment to the FTE cap may not exceed the number of accredited resident slots available.

c. It was brought to our attention that the regulations do not explicitly address how to apply the cap during the first 3 years of a new program before the adjustments to the cap are established. We are proposing to clarify our policy on new residency programs by adding language in §§ 413.86(g)(6)(i) and 413.86(g)(6)(ii) to specify how to determine the hospital's cap in the first 3 years of a new residency program, before the implementation of the hospital's permanent adjustment to its FTE cap effective beginning with the fourth year of the program. We are proposing to specify that the cap may be adjusted during each year of the first 3 years of the hospital's new residency program, using the actual number of residents participating in the new program. The adjustment may not exceed the number of accredited slots available to the hospital for each program year.

d. As discussed above, on August 29, 1997, we implemented the hospitalspecific caps on the number of residents that a hospital can count for purposes of GME payments in a final rule with comment period (62 FR 46002). In both the May 12, 1998 and July 31, 1998 final rules (63 FR 26327 and 63 FR 40954), we responded to comments we received on this provision. We did not receive any comments about hospitals that participated in residency training in the past, had terminated their participation prior to the hospitals' cost reporting period ending in calendar year 1996, and have now again begun a new residency program. After publication of the July 31, 1998 final rule, we were contacted by representatives of some hospitals that had a resident cap of zero because they had temporarily terminated their GME programs in the past and had no residents training during the cost reporting period ending in 1996. Based on the existing regulations, these hospitals have FTE caps of zero. There is no provision in the existing regulations for making adjustments to the cap to allow these hospitals to receive payment for indirect and direct GME for allopathic and osteopathic residents.

To address this issue, we are proposing to revise § 413.86(g)(6)(i) to allow for an adjustment to a hospital's FTE cap if the hospital had no allopathic and osteopathic residents in its cost reporting period ending during calendar year 1996. This change would allow all hospitals that did not participate in allopathic and osteopathic resident training in the cost reporting period ending in calendar year 1996 to receive adjustments to the indirect and direct GME FTE caps for new residency programs. We believe it is appropriate to revise the regulations to allow for payment during the first 3 years of the new program and for an adjustment to the FTE cap 3 years after these hospitals restart participation in residency training, similar to the existing adjustment for hospitals that never participated in residency training. We propose to revise § 413.86(g)(6)(i) to allow a hospital that has zero residents for the cost reporting period ending during the calendar year 1996 to receive an adjustment. This change would be effective for discharges occurring on or after October 1, 1999, for purposes of the IME adjustment and for cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 1999, for purposes of direct GME.

In addition, we are proposing to make a change in § 413.86(g)(6)(ii) to make the language similar to that in § 413.86(g)(6)(i) to specify that hospitals that did have residents in the cost reporting period ending on or before December 31, 1996, are allowed adjustments to the cap for new programs begun on or after January 1, 1995, and on or before August 5, 1997. Currently, § 413.86(g)(6)(ii) refers to a hospital that did have residents in its most recent cost reporting period ending on or before January 1, 1995. The regulation states that these hospitals also may qualify for an adjustment to the caps,

but only for medical residency programs created on or after January 1, 1995, and on or before August 5, 1997. Since we are proposing to revise § 413.86(g)(6)(i) to indicate that a hospital may qualify for an adjustment to the cap under that paragraph if it did not have residents in the cost reporting period ending during calendar year 1996, we are proposing to make a similar change in § 413.86(g)(6)(ii) to indicate that this paragraph provides for an adjustment to the cap for hospitals that did have residents in its most recent reporting period ending on or before December 31, 1996. We are proposing this revision to make the language of these two paragraphs consistent. Hospitals may qualify either under § 413.86(g)(6)(i) or §413.86(g)(6)(ii). For hospitals that qualify under § 413.86(g)(6)(i), the FTE caps are established 3 years after the hospital either begins or restarts participation in residency training for programs that began on or after January 1, 1995. However, for hospitals that qualify under § 413.86(g)(6)(ii), adjustments to the cap are limited to those programs that began on or after January 1, 1995 and on or before August 5, 1997.

e. We are proposing to make technical changes to §§ 413.86(g)(6)(i) and 413.86(g)(6)(ii), which refer to whether a hospital had residents in its most recent cost reporting period on or before December 31, 1996. Instead of simply specifying "residents," we are proposing to reference "allopathic and osteopathic residents," because the FTE cap applies only to allopathic and osteopathy residents. There is no FTE cap on the number of podiatry and dentistry residents. Therefore, we are proposing to add the words "allopathic and osteopathic" in \$\$413.86(g)(6)(i)and 413.86(g)(6)(ii) before the word "resident".

4. Adjustment to GME Caps for Certain Hospitals To Account for Residents in New Medical Residency Training Programs

Section 4623 of the BBA amended section 1886(h) of the Act to provide for 'special rules'' in applying FTE caps for medical residency training programs established on or after January 1, 1995. In the August 29, 1997 and May 12, 1998 final rules (62 FR 46002 and 63 FR 26327), we implemented special rules to account for residents in new medical residency training programs. We are proposing to implement another special rule to permit an adjustment to the FTE cap for a hospital if the entire facility was under construction prior to August 5, 1997 (the date of enactment of the BBA) and if the hospital sponsored a

new medical residency training program but the residents temporarily trained at another hospital.

Under current policies, if a new medical residency training was established on or after January 1, 1995, a hospital may receive an adjustment to its FTE cap to account for residents in the new program. If the residents in the new program begin training in one hospital and are subsequently "transferred" to another hospital, the second hospital does *not* receive an adjustment to its FTE cap; if we made an adjustment for the second hospital, then two hospitals would receive an adjustment for the same resident.

We believe, however, that an adjustment for the second hospital might be appropriate in certain limited circumstances. If the second hospital sponsored a new medical residency training program but the residents in the new program temporarily trained at the first hospital because the second hospital was still being built, then we believe it might be appropriate to permit an adjustment for the second hospital. Otherwise, the second hospital's FTE cap would be zero, and the hospital would not receive any GME or IME payments.

We are proposing to permit an adjustment under this policy only if the second hospital (the sponsor of the new program) began construction of its entire facility prior to the date of enactment of the BBA. Prior to August 5, 1997, a hospital would not have had knowledge of the provisions of the BBA and thus would not have known that a decision to temporarily train residents at another hospital might have resulted in the hospital being unable to receive GME and IME payments in the future. In contrast, a hospital that began construction of an entirely new facility on or after August 5, 1997 would have had notice of changes in the law prior to making a decision to temporarily train residents at another hospital.

Thus, we are proposing to add a new § 413.86(g)(7) (existing § 413.86(g)(7) would be redesignated as § 413.86(g)(9)) to address application of the FTE caps with regard to a hospital that began construction of an entire facility prior to August 5, 1997, sponsored medical residency training programs, and temporarily trained those residents at another hospital(s) until the new facility was completed. For hospitals that meet these criteria, we propose that the FTE caps will be determined in a manner similar to those hospitals that qualify for an adjustment to the FTE cap under §413.86(g)(6)(i). That is, the hospital's cap would equal the lesser of (a) the product of the highest number of

constructed facility or the temporary training site and the number of years in which residents are expected to complete the programs based on the minimum accredited length for each type of program; or (b) the number of accredited slots available for each year of the program. If the medical residency training programs sponsored by the newly constructed hospital have been in existence for 3 years or more by the time the residents begin training at the newly constructed hospital, the newly constructed hospital's cap would be the number of residents training in the third year of the first of those programs begun at the a temporary training site. If the medical residency training programs sponsored by the newly constructed hospital have been in existence for less than 3 years when the residents begin training at the newly constructed hospital, the hospital's cap would be based on the number of residents training at the newly constructed hospital in the third year of the first of those programs (including the years at the temporary training site). This provision would be effective for portions of cost reporting periods occurring on or after October 1, 1999.

#### 5. Temporary Adjustments to FTE Cap To Reflect Residents Affected by Hospital Closure

In the May 12, 1998 prospective payment system final rule (63 FR 26330), we indicated that we would allow a temporary adjustment to a hospital's resident cap under limited circumstances and if certain criteria are met when a hospital assumes the training of additional residents because of another hospital's closure. The temporary adjustment to the FTE cap is available to the hospital only for the period of time necessary to train those displaced residents. Once the residents leave the hospital or complete their programs, the hospital cap would be based solely on the statutory base year (with any applicable adjustments for new medical residency training programs or affiliated group arrangements).

Under current policies, we permit a temporary adjustment to the FTE cap for a hospital only if it assumed additional medical residents from a hospital that closed in the July 1996–June 1997 residency training year. We are proposing to allow adjustments to address hospital closures after this period. Thus, we would allow an adjustment for a hospital if it takes on

additional residents from a hospital that closes at any time on or after July 1. 1996. This adjustment is intended to account for residents who may have partially completed a medical residency training program and would be unable to complete their training without a residency position at another hospital.

We are proposing this change because hospitals have indicated a reluctance to accept additional residents from a closed hospital without a temporary adjustment to their caps. Therefore, we are proposing to add a new § 413.86(g)(8) to allow a temporary adjustment to a hospital's FTE cap to reflect residents added because of a hospital's closure at any time on or after July 1, 1996. We would allow an adjustment to a hospital's FTE cap if the hospital meets the following criteria: (a) the hospital is training additional residents from a hospital that closed on or after July 1, 1996; and (b) the hospital that is training the additional residents who are assumed from the closed hospital submits a request to its fiscal intermediary at least 60 days before the beginning of training of the residents for a temporary adjustment to its FTE cap, documents that the hospital is eligible for this temporary adjustment to its FTE cap by identifying the residents who have come from the closed hospital and have caused the hospital to exceed its cap, and specifies the length of time that the adjustment is needed. After the displaced residents leave the hospital's training program or complete their residency program, the hospital's cap would be based solely on the statutory base year (with any applicable adjustments for new medical residency training programs or affiliated group arrangements).

6. Determining the Weighted Number of FTE Residents

Section 413.86(g)(1)(ii) states that for residency programs in osteopathy, dentistry, and podiatry, the minimum requirement for certification in a specialty or subspecialty is the minimum number of years of formal training necessary to satisfy the requirements of the appropriate approving body listed in §415.200(a). This reference is incorrect. The correct section in which approving bodies for residency programs are listed is § 415.152. We propose to make this correction.

Section 413.86(g)(1)(i) specifies that the initial residency period is the minimum number of years of formal training necessary to satisfy board eligibility in the particular specialty for which the resident is training, as specified in the 1985-1986 Directory of **Residency Training Programs. Section** 1886(h)(5)(G)(iii) of the Act allows the Secretary to increase or decrease the initial residency period if the minimum number of years of formal training specified in a later edition of the directory is different from the period specified in the 1985–1986 Directory of Residency Training Programs. We are proposing to revise the regulations text to state that the initial residency period is determined using the most recently published edition of the Graduate Medical Education Directory, not the 1985-1986 Directory.

7. Clarification of a Statement in the Preamble of the May 12, 1998 Final Rule **Relating to Affiliated Groups** 

In the May 12, 1998 final rule (63 FR 26341), in the third column of page 26341, in the sentence prior to section "O. Payment to Managed Care Plans for Graduate Medical Education," we stated, "If the combined FTE counts for the individual hospitals that are members of the same affiliated group do not exceed the aggregate cap, we will pay each hospital based on its FTE cap as adjusted per agreements." The phrase "do not exceed" should have read "exceed." Thus, the sentence should have read, "If the combined FTE counts for individual hospitals that are members of the same affiliated group exceed the aggregate cap, we will pay each hospital based on its FTE cap as adjusted per agreements." We regret any confusion that resulted from this misstatement.

#### V. Proposed Changes to the Prospective Payment System for Capital-Related **Costs: Special Exceptions Process**

Section 1886(g) of the Act requires the Secretary to pay for hospital capitalrelated costs "in accordance with a prospective payment system established by the Secretary." Under the statute, the Secretary has broad authority in establishing and implementing the capital prospective payment system. We initially implemented the capital prospective payment system in an August 30, 1991 final rule (56 FR 43409), in which we established a 10year transition period to change the payment methodology for Medicare inpatient capital-related costs from a reasonable cost-based methodology to a prospective methodology (based fully on the Federal rate).

Generally, during the transition period, inpatient capital-related costs will be paid on a per discharge basis, and the amount of payment depends on the relationship between the hospitalspecific rate and the Federal rate during the hospital's base year. A hospital with a base year hospital-specific rate less than the Federal rate will be paid under the fully prospective payment methodology during the transition period. This method is based on a dynamic blend percentage of the hospital's hospital-specific rate and the applicable Federal rate for each year during the transition period. A hospital with a base period hospital-specific rate greater than the Federal rate will be paid under the hold harmless payment methodology during the transition period. A hospital paid under the hold harmless payment methodology receives the higher of (1) a blended payment of 85 percent of reasonable cost for old capital plus an amount for new capital based on a portion of the Federal rate or (2) a payment based on 100 percent of the adjusted Federal rate. The amount recognized as old capital is generally limited to the allowable Medicare capital-related costs that were in use for patient care as of December 31, 1990. Under limited circumstances, capitalrelated costs for assets obligated prior to December 31, 1990, but put in use for patient care after December 31, 1990 may also be recognized as old capital if certain conditions are met. These costs are known as obligated capital costs. New capital costs are generally defined as allowable Medicare capital-related costs for assets put in use for patient care after December 31, 1990. Beginning in FY 2001, at the conclusion of the transition period for the capital prospective payment system, capital payments will be based solely on the Federal rate for most hospitals.

In the August 30, 1991 final rule, we also established a capital exceptions policy, which provides for exceptions payments during the transition period (§ 412.348). We also indicated that we would carefully monitor the impact of the capital prospective payment system in order to determine whether some type of permanent exceptions process was necessary and the circumstances under which additional payments would be made.

In the Conference Report that accompanied the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (OBRA) of 1993 (Pub. L. 103–66), Congress addressed obligated capital criteria for hospitals in States with a lengthy certificate of need (CON) process. The language states, "The conferees note that in the proposed rule for fiscal year 1994 changes to the hospital inpatient prospective payment system that was published in the Federal Register on May 26, 1993, the Secretary indicated that insufficient information was available to complete a systematic evaluation of the obligated capital

criteria for hospitals in states with a lengthy Certificate-of-Need process in time to consider appropriate changes during the fiscal year 1994 rulemaking process. The conferees expect the Secretary to complete the assessment in time for consideration in the fiscal year 1995 rulemaking process and that appropriate changes in payment policy will be made to address the problems of hospitals subject to a lengthy Certificateof-Need review process or subject to other circumstances which are not fully addressed in the current rules. In addition, the conferees believe the Secretary should evaluate whether current policies provide adequate protection to sole community hospitals and hospitals that serve a disproportionate share of low income patients." (H.R. Conf. Rep. No. 103-66, at 744 (1993))

In the May 27, 1994 proposed hospital inpatient prospective payment rule (59 FR 27744), we described our analysis of provisions related to obligated capital for hospitals subject to lengthy CON processes and proposed a change to the deadline for putting an asset into use for patient care (§ 412.302(c)(2)(i)(D)). We proposed changing the deadline from "the earlier of" September 30, 1996, or 4 years from the date of CON approval to "the later of" September 30, 1996, or 4 years from the date of CON approval.

In addition, in the May 27, 1994 proposed rule, we noted that the same hospitals that had asked for changes in the obligated capital provisions had also recommended changes to the capital exceptions policy, which would provide exceptions payments after the conclusion of the capital prospective payment transition period. These hospitals had asked that the minimum payment level for urban hospitals with at least 100 beds and a DSH percentage of at least 20.2 percent be guaranteed through the rest of the transition and extended for at least 10 years after the transition. We noted that we had tried to address the concerns of these hospitals in developing the proposed special exceptions process that was discussed in the same proposed rule.

In the September 1, 1994 final rule (59 FR 45376), we adopted the proposed change to the deadline for putting an asset into use in the obligated capital regulations (§ 412.348). We also implemented the capital special exceptions process and adopted qualifying criteria for the classes of eligible hospitals. The classes of eligible hospitals include urban hospitals with a DSH percentage of 20.2 percent and at least 100 beds and sole community hospitals.

Under the special exceptions provision at § 412.348(g), an additional payment may be made for up to 10 years beyond the end of the capital prospective payment system transition period for eligible hospitals that meet (1) a project need requirement, (2) a project size requirement, and (3) in the case of certain urban hospitals, an excess capacity test. In the September 1, 1994 final rule, we described the special exceptions process as "\* \* \* narrowly defined, focusing on a small group of hospitals who found themselves in a disadvantaged position. The target hospitals were those who had an immediate and imperative need to begin major renovations or replacements just after the beginning of the capital prospective payment system. These hospitals would not be eligible for protection under the old capital and obligated capital provisions, and would not have been allowed any time to accrue excess capital prospective payments to fund these projects." (59 FR 45385)

In addition to sole community hospitals and urban hospitals with at least 100 beds that have a DSH percentage of at least 20.2 percent, hospitals eligible for special exceptions include urban hospitals with at least 100 beds that receive at least 30 percent of their revenue from State or local funds for indigent care, and hospitals with a combined inpatient Medicare and Medicaid utilization of at least 70 percent.

To qualify for a special exceptions payment, a hospital must satisfy a project need requirement as described at § 412.348(g)(2) and a project size requirement as described at § 412.348(g)(5). For hospitals in States with CON requirements, the project need requirement is satisfied by obtaining a CON approval. For other hospitals, the project need requirement is satisfied by meeting an age of assets test. The project size requirement is satisfied if the hospital completes the qualifying project between the period beginning on or after its first cost reporting period beginning on or after October 1, 1991, and the end of its last cost reporting period beginning before October 1, 2001, and the project costs are (1) at least \$200 million or (2) at least 100 percent of the hospital's operating cost during the first 12-month cost reporting period beginning on or after October 1, 1991. The minimum payment level under special exceptions for all qualifying hospitals is 70 percent of allowable capital-related costs. Special exception payments are offset against positive Medicare capital and operating margins.

When we established the special exceptions process, we selected the hospital's cost reporting period beginning before October 1, 2001, as the project completion date in order to limit cost-based exceptions payments to a period of not more than 10 years beyond the end of the transition to the fully Federal capital prospective payment system. Because hospitals are eligible to receive special exceptions payments for up to 10 years from the year in which they complete their project (but for not more than 10 years after September 30, 2001, the end of the capital prospective payment transition), if a project is completed by September 30, 2001, exceptions payments could continue up to September 30, 2011. In addition, we believed that for projects completed after the September 30, 2001, hospitals would have had the opportunity to reserve their prior years' capital prospective payment system payments for financing projects.

In the July 31, 1998 final rule (63 FR 40999), we stated that a few hospitals had expressed concern with the required completion date of October 1, 2001, and other qualifying criteria for the special exceptions payment. Therefore, we solicited certain information from hospitals on major capital construction projects that might qualify for the capital special exceptions payments so we could determine if any changes in the special exceptions criteria or process were necessary.

Four hospitals responded timely with information on their major capital construction projects. The hospitals submitted information about their location, the cost of the project, the date that the certificate of need approval was received, the start date of the project, and the anticipated completion date.

Some hospitals suggested that we change the existing project completion date criterion, that is, the criterion that the qualifying projects must be completed between the hospital's first cost reporting period beginning on or after October 1, 1991, and the end of its last cost reporting period beginning before October 1, 2001. They proposed that, as an alternative, a hospital be eligible for the special exceptions payment if the hospital had received its CON approval for the qualifying project by September 1, 1995, and had spent \$750,000 or 10 percent of total project cost by that date, and that the project completion date be changed to December 31, 2005 (which would be well beyond the 10 years we have established for the capital prospective payment system transition). However, other hospitals recommended that we

not institute a date by which a hospital must have received its CON approval.

In addition, some hospitals have suggested other ways in which the special exceptions process could be revised. Some of these hospitals expressed concern about the project size requirement and stated that small community-based institutions were unlikely to be able to support debt in the range of \$200 million.

We understand that a few hospitals may not meet the DSH percentage requirement of at least 20.2 percent. Some of these hospitals suggested lowering the qualifying percentage to 15 percent. They also suggested changing the payment level for special exceptions from 70 percent to 85 percent and changing the requirement at § 412.348(g)(8)(ii)(B) that special exception payments be offset against positive Medicare operating and capital margins. They suggested limiting the offset provision to capital margins. In addition, some of these hospitals suggested capping special exceptions payments that result from changes to the current special exceptions process at \$40 million annually.

While we have no specific proposal at this time to revise the special exceptions process, we specifically invite comments from hospitals and other interested parties on the suggestions and recommendations discussed above. We note that, since the capital special exceptions process is budget neutral, any liberalization of the policy would require a commensurate reduction in the capital rate paid to all hospitals. Even after the end of the capital prospective payment system transition, we will continue to make an adjustment to the capital Federal rate in a budget neutral manner to pay for exceptions, as long as an exceptions policy is in force. Currently, the limited special exceptions policy will allow for exceptions payments through September 30, 2011

We have little information about the impact of any of the recommended changes, since no hospitals are currently being paid under the special exceptions process. Until FY 2001, the special exceptions provision pays either the same as the regular exceptions process or less for high DSH and sole community hospitals. We will attempt to obtain information on projects that may qualify for special exceptions payments through our fiscal intermediaries during the comment period. However, we are reluctant to place a significant data gathering burden on fiscal intermediaries at this time because of their current workload resulting from the major efforts to make

the Medicare computer systems compliant on January 1, 2000. Based on comments that we receive from hospitals and any data received from the fiscal intermediaries, we may address changes to the special exceptions criteria in the final rule, or we may propose changes in the criteria in the FY 2001 hospital inpatient prospective payment system proposed rule.

#### VI. Proposed Changes for Hospitals and Hospital Units Excluded From the Prospective Payment System

### A. Limits on and Adjustments to the Target Amounts for Excluded Hospitals and Units (§§ 413.40(b)(4) and (g))

# 1. Updated Caps

Section 1886(b)(3) of the Act (as amended by section 4414 of the BBA) establishes caps on the target amounts for certain excluded hospitals and units for cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 1997 through September 30, 2002. The caps on the target amounts apply to the following three categories of excluded hospitals: psychiatric hospitals and units, rehabilitation hospitals and units, and long-term care hospitals.

A discussion of how the caps on the target amounts were calculated can be found in the August 29, 1997 final rule with comment period (62 FR 46018); the May 12, 1998 final rule (63 FR 26344); and the July 31, 1998 final rule (64 FR 41000). For purposes of calculating the caps, the statute requires us to calculate the 75th percentile of the target amounts for each class of hospital (psychiatric, rehabilitation, or long-term care) for cost reporting periods ending during FY 1996. The resulting amounts are updated by the market basket percentage to the applicable fiscal year.

The current estimate of the market basket increase for excluded hospitals and units for FY 2000 is 2.6 percent. Accordingly, the proposed caps on target amounts for cost reporting periods beginning in FY 2000 are as follows:

- Psychiatric hospitals and units: \$11,067
- Rehabilitation hospitals and units: \$20,071
- Long-term care hospitals: \$39,596

2. New Excluded Hospitals and Units (§ 413.40(f))

a. Updated Caps for New Hospitals and Units. Section 1886(b)(7) of the Act establishes a payment methodology for new psychiatric hospitals and units, rehabilitation hospitals and units, and long-term care hospitals. Under the statutory methodology, for a hospital that is within a class of hospitals specified in the statute and that first receives payments as a hospital or unit excluded from the prospective payment system on or after October 1, 1997, the amount of payment will be determined as follows. For the first two 12-month cost reporting periods, the amount of payment is the lesser of (1) the operating costs per case, or (2) 110 percent of the national median of target amounts for the same class of hospitals for cost reporting periods ending during FY 1996, updated to the first cost reporting period in which the hospital receives payments and adjusted for differences in area wage levels.

The proposed amounts included in the following table reflect the updated 110 percent of the wage neutral national median target amounts for each class of excluded hospitals and units for cost reporting periods beginning during FY 2000. These figures are updates to the final FY 1999 figures by the estimated market basket increase of 2.6 percent. For a new provider, the labor-related share of the target amount is multiplied by the appropriate geographic area wage index and added to the nonlabor-related share in order to determine the per case limit on payment under the statutory payment methodology for new providers.

Class of excluded hospital or unit	Labor- related share	Nonlabor- related share
Psychiatric	\$6,376	\$2,536
Rehabilitation	12,537	4,984
Long-Term Care	16,158	6,424

b. Multicampus Excluded Hospitals. Section 1886(b) of the Act, as amended by the BBA, provides for caps on target amounts for certain classes of excluded hospitals, and also provides a statutory payment methodology for new excluded hospitals. A question has arisen regarding the appropriate target amount to be used for an excluded hospital or unit that was part of a multicampus hospital but alters its organizational structure so that it is no longer part of that multicampus hospital. The question was raised by long-term care hospitals that are seeking alternate structures due to the application of the cap on hospitalspecific target amounts specified in §413.40(c)(4)(iii).

In these cases, to determine the appropriate target amount, we must determine whether the excluded hospital or unit established under the organizational restructure is a new provider. Under § 413.40(f)(1), a new excluded hospital or unit is a provider of hospital inpatient services that (1) has operated as the type of hospital or unit for which HCFA granted it approval to participate in the Medicare program,

under present or previous ownership (or both), for less than 1 full year; and (2) has provided the type of hospital inpatient services for which HCFA granted it approval to participate for less than 2 full years. For a new children's hospital, a 2-year exemption from the application of the target amount is permitted ( $\S413.40(f)(2)(i)$ ). For the first two 12-month cost reporting periods, a new psychiatric or rehabilitation hospital or unit or a long-term care hospital receives the lower of its new inpatient operating cost per case or 110 percent of a national median of target amounts for the class of hospital, updated and adjusted for area wages (§ 413.40(f)(2)(ii)).

If the entity that separated itself from the multicampus hospital provides inpatient services of a different type than it had when it was part of the multicampus hospital so that it qualifies as a different class of excluded hospital or unit (for example, from long-term care to rehabilitation), we would calculate a new target amount per discharge for the newly created hospital or unit. However, if the entity does not operate as a different class of hospital or unit, it does not meet the criteria at §413.40(f)(1) to qualify as a new provider. Instead, if the entity replaces a hospital or unit that had been excluded from the prospective payment system (for example, the entity had previously been a long-term care hospital before becoming part of the multicampus hospital), the previously established hospital-specific target amount for the hospital prior to becoming part of the multicampus hospital would again be applicable. This is consistent with our current policy for a hospital or unit excluded from the prospective payment system that has periods in which the hospital or unit is not subject to the target amount, as specified at § 413.40(b)(1)(i). The target amount established earlier for the hospital or unit is again applicable despite intervening cost reporting periods during which the hospital or unit was not subject to that target amount due to other provisions of the law or regulations that applied while it was part of the multicampus hospital. In contrast, we propose to revise § 413.40(b)(1)(iii) to specify that if the entity continues to operate as the same class of hospital that is excluded from the prospective payment system, but does not replace a provider that existed prior to being part of a multicampus hospital (for example, a newly created long-term care hospital became part of a multicampus hospital and subsequently separates from the

multicampus hospital to operate separately), the base period for calculating a hospital-specific target amount for the newly separated hospital is the first cost reporting period of at least 12 months effective with the revised Medicare certification.

#### 3. Exceptions

The August 29, 1997 final rule with comment period (62 FR 46018) specified that a hospital that has a hospitalspecific target amount that is capped at the 75th percentile of target amounts for hospitals in the same class (psychiatric, rehabilitation, or long-term care) would not be granted an adjustment payment (also referred to as an exception payment) based solely on a comparison of its costs or patient mix in its base year to its costs or patient mix in the payment year. Since the hospital's target amount would not be determined based on its own experience in a base year, any comparison of costs or patient mix in its base year to costs or patient mix in the payment year would be irrelevant.

In addition, the July 31, 1998 final rule (63 FR 41001) revised § 413.40(g)(1) to specify, under paragraph (g)(1)(iv), that in the case of a psychiatric hospital or unit, rehabilitation hospital or unit, or long-term care hospital, the amount of the adjustment payment may not exceed the applicable limit amounts for hospitals of the same class.

Similarly, for hospitals and units with a FY 1998 hospital-specific revised target amount established under the rebasing provision at § 413.40(b)(1)(iv), in determining whether the hospital qualifies for an adjustment and the amount of the adjustment, we compare the hospital's operating costs to the average costs and statistics for the cost reporting periods used to determine the FY 1998 revised target amount. Since the rebased FY 1998 target amount is an average of three cost reporting periods, as described in § 413.40(b)(1)(iv), comparisons of costs from the cost year to the FY 1998 cost period would be inaccurate. Therefore, as specified in the August 29, 1997 final rule with comment period (62 FR 46018), a determination of whether the hospital qualifies for an adjustment and the amount of an adjustment is based on a comparison of the hospital's operating costs and its costs used to calculate the FY 1998 rebased target amount.

The conditions that must be met to qualify for an adjustment remain unchanged, as specified in Chapter 30 of the Provider Reimbursement Manual. Making comparisons between the base year and the cost year requires that each particular inpatient service be compared. For example, to determine whether the hospital qualifies for an adjustment and the amount of an adjustment for increased routine services or an increase in a particular ancillary service, we compare the costs incurred by the hospital in the cost year to the hospital's routine services or ancillary services in the base year. Therefore, for hospitals that have been rebased under the provisions of § 413.40(b)(1)(iv) and qualify for an adjustment under the provisions of § 413.40(g), the base year figures used for costs, utilization, length-of-stay, etc., are determined based on the average of the costs and utilization statistics from the same 3 cost reporting years used in calculating the FY 1998 rebased target amount. While we recognize that additional calculations are necessary to prepare an adjustment payment request in this manner, we believe it is the most equitable means of determining an adjustment payment. We also point out that the averaging calculation for the various cost centers and utilization statistics must only be performed the first year a provider requests an adjustment after FY 1998, and thereafter those averaged calculations may be utilized for subsequent years' adjustment requests.

Therefore, once these averages are calculated, the same values will be used for determining the amount of any subsequent year adjustments.

We propose to revise § 413.40(g)(1) to clarify these limitations on the adjustment payments.

4. Development of Case-Mix Adjusted Prospective Payment System for Rehabilitation Hospitals and Units

Section 4421 of the BBA added a new section 1886(j) to the Act which mandates the phase-in of a case-mix adjusted prospective payment system for inpatient rehabilitation services (freestanding hospitals and units) for cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 2000 and before October 1, 2002. The prospective payment system will be fully implemented for cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 2002.

As provided in section 1886(j)(3)(A) of the Act, the prospective payment rates will be based on the inpatient operating and capital costs of rehabilitation facilities. Payments will be adjusted for case-mix using patient classification groups, area wages, inflation, and outlier and any other factors the Secretary determines necessary. We will set prospective payment amounts so that total payments under the system during FY 2001 and FY 2002 are projected to equal 98 percent of the amount of payments that would have been made under the current payment system. Outlier payments in a fiscal year may not be projected or estimated to exceed 5 percent of the total payments based on the rates for that fiscal year.

#### *B. Changes in Bed Size or Status of Hospital Units Excluded Under the Prospective Payment System*

Existing regulations (§§ 412.25(b) and (c)) specify that, for purposes of payment to a psychiatric or rehabilitation unit that is excluded from the prospective payment system, changes in the bed size or the status of excluded hospital units will be recognized only at the beginning of a cost reporting period. These regulations have been in effect since the inception of the inpatient hospital prospective payment system and were intended to simplify administration of the exclusion provisions of the prospective payment systems by establishing clear rules for the timing of changes in these excluded units.

Recently, a number of hospitals have suggested that we consider a change in our policy to recognize, for purposes of exclusion from the prospective payment system, reductions in number of beds in, or entire closure of, units at any time during a cost reporting period. They indicated that the bed capacity made available as a result of these changes could be used, as they need them, to provide additional services to meet patient needs in the acute care part of the hospital that is paid under the prospective payment system.

We have evaluated the concerns of the hospitals and the effect on the administration of the Medicare program and the health care of beneficiaries of making these payment changes. As a result of this evaluation, we believe it is reasonable to adopt a more flexible policy on recognition of hospitals' changes in the use of their facilities. However, we note that whenever a hospital establishes an excluded unit within the hospital, our Medicare fiscal intermediary must be able to determine costs of the unit separately from costs of the part of the hospital paid under the prospective payment system. The proper determination of costs ensures that the hospital is paid the correct amount for services in each part of the facility, and that payments under the prospective payment system do not duplicate payments made under the rules applicable to excluded hospitals and units, or vice versa. For this reason, we do not believe it would be appropriate to recognize, for purposes of exclusion from the prospective payment

system, changes in the bed size or status of an excluded unit that are so frequent that they interfere with the ability of the intermediary to accurately determine costs.

Moreover, section 1886(d)(1)(B) of the Act authorizes exclusion from the prospective payment system of specific types of hospitals and units, but not of specific admissions or stays, such as admissions for rehabilitation or psychiatric care, in a hospital paid under the prospective payment system. Without limits on the frequency of changes in excluded units for purposes of proper Medicare payment, there is the potential for some hospitals to adjust the status or size of their excluded units so frequently that the units would no longer be distinct entities and the exclusion would effectively apply only to certain types of care.

To provide more flexibility to hospitals while not recognizing changes that undermine statutory requirements and principles, we propose to revise §§ 412.25(b) and (c) to provide that, for purposes of exclusion from the prospective payment system, the number of beds and square footage of an excluded unit may be decreased, or an excluded unit may be closed in its entirety, at any time during a cost reporting period under certain conditions. The hospital would be required to give the fiscal intermediary and the HCFA Regional Office a 30-day advance written notice of the intended change and to maintain all information needed to accurately determine costs attributable to the excluded unit and proper payments. However, any unit that is closed during a cost reporting period could not be paid again as a unit excluded from the prospective payment system until the start of the next cost reporting period. If the number of beds or square footage of a unit excluded from the prospective payment system is decreased during a cost reporting period, that decrease would remain in effect for the remainder of that period.

We note that the number of beds and square footage of the part of the hospital paid under the prospective payment system may also be affected by a change in the size or status of a unit that is excluded from the prospective payment system. If the bed capacity and square footage were previously part of the excluded unit and are then included in the part of the hospital paid under the prospective payment system and are used to treat acute patients rather than excluded unit patients, the additional bed capacity and square footage would, starting with the effective date of the change, be counted as part of the

hospital paid under the prospective payment system. We would count the bed capacity and square footage for purposes of calculating available beddays and the number of beds under §§ 412.105 and 412.106, relating to payments for the indirect costs of GME and service to a disproportionate share of low-income patients. On the other hand, if the bed capacity and square footage are taken out of service or added to another Medicare provider, such as a distinct-part SNF, they would not be counted as part of the hospital paid under the prospective payment system.

#### C. Payment for Services Furnished at Satellite Hospital Locations

Under Medicare, each hospital is treated, for purposes of certification, coverage, and payment, as a single institution. That is, each entity that is approved to participate in Medicare as a "hospital" must separately comply with applicable health and safety requirements as a condition of participation under regulations at Part 482, with provider agreement requirements specified in regulations at Part 489, and with requirements relating to the scope of benefits under Medicare Part A and B specified in parts 409 and 410. Our policies that involve the movement of patients from one hospital to another, or from outpatient to inpatient status at a same hospital, are premised on the assumption that each hospital is organized and operated as a separate institution.

Section 412.22(e) of the regulations permits an entity that is located in the same building or in separate buildings on the same campus as another hospital to be treated, for purposes of exclusion under the prospective payment systems, as a "hospital within a hospital." This status is available, however, only when the entity meets specific, stringent criteria designed to ensure that the hospital-within-a-hospital is organized as a separate entity and operates as a separate entity.

Recently, we have received several requests for approval of "satellite" arrangements, under which an existing hospital that is excluded under the prospective payment system, and that is either a freestanding hospital or a hospital-within-a-hospital under § 412.22(e), wishes to lease space in a building or on a campus occupied by another hospital, and, in some cases, to have most or all services to patients furnished by the other hospital under contractual agreements, including arrangements permitted under section 1861(w)(1) of the Act. In most cases, a hospital intends to have several of these satellite locations so that the hospital

would not exist at any single location, but only as an aggregation of beds located at several sites. Generally, the excluded hospital seeks to have the satellite facility treated as if the satellite facility were "part of" the excluded hospital.

The fundamental problem with satellite arrangements is that the satellite facility might be "part of" the excluded hospital only on a nominal basis (that is, only on paper). The satellite facility might not operate as part of the excluded hospital, but instead might effectively be a "part of" the hospital within which it is located, or might effectively be its own separate entity. From a payment perspective, if the satellite facility is effectively not part of the excluded hospital, then Medicare would make inappropriately high payments if Medicare treats the satellite facility as part of the excluded hospital.

Perhaps most significantly, if Medicare treated the satellite facility as part of the excluded hospital, the services in the satellite facility might inappropriately be paid by Medicare on the basis of reasonable costs (subject to limits) when they should be paid on the basis of prospective payment. If the satellite facility operates as "part of" the prospective payment system hospital in which it is located, and not as part of the excluded hospital with which it is affiliated, then the considerations underlying exclusion from the prospective payment system do not apply to the services furnished in satellite facilities. Thus, if the satellite facility is effectively part of the prospective payment system hospital, then the services should be paid under the prospective payment system.

Satellite arrangements can lead to inappropriate Medicare payments in a number of ways. For example, an excluded long-term care hospital might set up a satellite facility within an acute care hospital paid under the prospective payment system. Such a configuration could make it relatively easy for the prospective payment hospital to discharge a patient prematurely to the excluded long-term care hospital satellite location that is in its building or on its campus. The result could be inappropriate duplication of payment, in that the prospective payment system hospital would receive full payment under the DRG system even if it did not complete the acute treatment of the patient, and the hospital excluded under the prospective payment systems would receive payment for some services that should have been furnished in the prospective payment system hospital and paid under the

prospective payment system. While the discharge and transfer regulations at § 412.4 provide disincentives to these inappropriate transfers in some 10 DRGs, there are many other cases not assigned to these DRGs in which such transfers could occur.

Another potential abuse related to duplication of Medicare payment could occur with respect to the preadmission payment window provisions of section 1886(a)(4) of the Act (implemented under regulations at §§ 412.2(c)(5) and 413.40(c)(2)). Under the regulations, services provided by the hospital or by an entity wholly owned or operated by the hospital within the 3 calendar days before admission to a prospective payment system hospital, or within 1 calendar day before admission to a hospital excluded from the prospective payment system, are treated for payment purposes as if they had been furnished during the inpatient stay. For prospective payment system hospitals, the provision is designed to prevent services historically furnished by hospitals during the early parts of inpatient stays from being "unbundled" and furnished just prior to admission and billed on an outpatient basis. If this situation were to occur, the result would be that outpatient payment under Medicare Part B would be made for services for which Part A payment is provided under the prospective payment system, that is, duplication of payments for outpatient and inpatient services. For hospitals excluded from the prospective payment system, the payment window provision is intended to minimize beneficiary liability for Part B deductible and coinsurance amounts while encouraging use of outpatient facilities rather than inpatient facilities when appropriate.

If excluded hospitals were able to set up satellite facilities within hospitals paid under the prospective payment system and obtain exclusion from the prospective payment system for the satellite facilities, the two hospitals could easily circumvent the preadmission payment window requirements by setting up outpatient departments of both hospitals at each site where both have inpatient facilities, and scheduling patients who are to be admitted to one hospital to receive preadmission care at the outpatient department of the other hospital. Thus, exclusion of satellite facilities could result in payments that are inconsistent with the purpose of the payment window. (We note that this abuse could also occur, at least theoretically, if the satellite facilities were not excluded from the prospective payment system. However, allowing exclusion from the

prospective payment system of satellites increases the likelihood that such arrangements will actually be set up.)

There also is a potential for satellite facilities to be used as a means to avoid the effects of section 4416 of the BBA. which is implemented in regulations at § 413.40(f)(2)(ii). This section limits the target amounts for psychiatric and rehabilitation hospitals and units and long-term care hospitals that are first paid as hospitals excluded from the prospective payment system on or after October 1, 1997, to 110 percent of the national median of the target amounts of similarly classified hospitals. This limitation applies to the hospital's first two 12-month cost reporting periods. Section 413.40(c)(4)(iii), which implements provisions of section 4414 of the BBA, sets the 75th percentile of the target amounts of similarly classified hospitals as a limit on costs for psychiatric and rehabilitation hospitals and units and long-term care hospitals excluded from the prospective payment system before October 1, 1997. If we permitted exclusion of satellite facilities, a hospital chain could set up new locations and avoid the limits applicable to new providers by characterizing the new locations as satellites of existing hospitals. This result would effectively nullify the anticipated budgetary savings of section 4416 of the BBA in such situations.

While many hospitals furnish care to cancer patients, exclusion from the prospective payment system as a cancer hospital is not available to a facility unless it was classified as such on or before December 31, 1991 (section 1886(d)(10)(B)(v) of the act and regulations at § 412.23(f)). The statute effectively prohibits recognition of newly established hospitals as cancer hospitals. If we were to permit satellite locations of excluded hospitals to be set up within prospective payment system hospitals and to be excluded from the prospective payment system, existing cancer hospitals might set up satellite locations in prospective payment hospitals, thus avoiding the prohibition on new cancer hospitals. This practice would be inconsistent with section 1886(d)(10)(B)(v) and its implementing regulations. It also could potentially allow a hospital under the prospective payment system to admit or transfer all high-cost cancer patients to the "cancer hospital satellite" while making a profit on the low-cost cancer patients remaining at the prospective payment system hospital.

Finally, we note that rehabilitation units that are excluded from the prospective payment system are required to have a medical director of rehabilitation who furnishes services to the unit or its patients at least 20 hours per week (§ 412.29(f)(1)). However, this requirement presumably would not apply if the facility is described not as a unit of the hospital in which it is based, but as a satellite of an existing rehabilitation hospital, since that hospital would already have its medical director. The existence of a high level of physician oversight of rehabilitation is a key identifier of the kind of unit that provides inpatient hospital-level rehabilitation care as its primary activity, not merely as an adjunct or extension of acute care. We believe allowing satellites of rehabilitation hospitals to be set up in prospective payment system hospitals and excluded from the prospective payment system would undermine the requirement for that level of physician oversight, and limit our ability to exclude only those units providing the appropriate level of rehabilitation services.

We believe that a number of excluded hospitals are seeking satellite arrangements so that the services furnished in the satellite facility are inappropriately paid on an excluded basis when they should be paid on a prospective basis. We also believe that a number of excluded hospitals are seeking satellite arrangements in order to avoid the effect of the payment caps that apply to new hospitals and would apply to the satellite facility if the satellite facility received separate certification. And, as discussed above, satellite arrangements can lead to other problems. To prevent inappropriate Medicare payment for services furnished in satellite facilities, we propose to revise §§ 412.22 and 412.25 to provide for payment to satellite facilities of hospitals and units that are excluded from the prospective payment system under specific rules. With respect to both hospitals and units, we would define "satellite facility" as a part of a hospital that provides inpatient services in a building also used by another hospital, or in one or more buildings on the same campus as buildings also used by another hospital, but is not a "hospital-within-ahospital," since it is also part of another hospital. If the satellite facility is located in a hospital that is paid under the prospective payment system, Medicare would pay for services furnished at the satellite facility by using the same rates that apply to the prospective payment hospital within which the satellite is located. As explained earlier, we believe that, if the satellite facility is effectively "part of" the prospective payment system

hospital, then it should be paid under the prospective payment system.

If the satellite facility is located in a hospital excluded from the prospective payment system, then Medicare would pay for the services furnished in the satellite facility as follows: we would examine the discharges of the satellite facility and we would apply the target amount for the excluded hospital in which the hospital is located, subject to the applicable cap for the hospital of which the satellite is a part. Also, when the satellite facility is established, we would treat the satellite facility as a new hospital for payment purposes. That is, for the satellite's first two 12-month cost reporting periods, the satellite would be subject to the cap that applies to new hospitals of the same class as the hospital of which the satellite is a part. We believe that application of the cap for new hospitals is appropriate because we believe that a number of hospitals are attempting to avoid the new hospital caps by characterizing entities as satellites rather than new hospitals.

Under our proposal, satellite facilities excluded from the prospective payment system prior to the effective date of the revised regulations (October 1, 1999) would not be subject to those new regulations as long as they operate under the same terms and conditions in effect on September 30, 1999. We would make this exception available only to those facilities that can document to the HCFA regional offices that they are operating as satellite facilities excluded from the prospective payment system as of that date, not to facilities that might be excluded from the prospective payment system as of that date and at some later time enter into satellite arrangements. The proposed rules for payments to satellite facilities would not apply to multicampus arrangements, that is, those in which a hospital has several locations but does not share a building or a campus with any other hospital at any location.

We also solicit comment on a possible further exception. In section 4417 of the BBA, Congress extended the long-term care hospital exclusion to a hospital "that first received payment under this subsection [subsection 1886(d)(1)(B)(iv) of the Act] in 1986 which has an average inpatient length of stay (as determined by the Secretary) of greater than 20 days and that has 80 percent or more of its annual Medicare inpatient discharges with a principal diagnosis of neoplastic disease in the 12-month cost reporting period ending in fiscal year 1997." In view of the specific provision made for a hospital meeting these requirements, we are considering whether a satellite facility opened by such a hospital

should be exempt from the proposed rules on satellites on this preamble. We welcome comment on this issue and on whether such an exclusion could be implemented without compromising the effectiveness of the proposed changes.

We recognize that there may be some operational difficulties differentiating services, costs, and discharges of the satellite facilities from those of the existing hospital that is excluded from the prospective payment system. If these operational problems cannot be overcome, we might, in the final rule, revise §§ 412.22 and 412.25 to prohibit exclusion of any hospital or hospital unit from the prospective payment system that is structured, entirely or in part, as a satellite facility in a hospital paid under the prospective payment system. The effect of this change would be that all Medicare payments to such a hospital or hospital unit with a satellite facility would be made under the prospective payment system.

Before deciding to propose these changes, we considered whether the hospital-within-a-hospital rules in § 412.22(e) provide adequate protection against abuses of the prospective payment system exclusion by satellite facilities. For the reasons described below, we concluded that they do not.

The current hospital-within-a-hospital criteria were issued through proposed rules published in the Federal Register on May 27, 1994 (59 FR 27708) and final rules published on September 1, 1994 (59 FR 45330). In those documents, we explained that the DRG system is based on an averaging concept that provides appropriate payment for the type and mix of cases treated by acute care hospitals, but that the averaging concept underlying the DRG system does not apply to long-stay hospitals, which have few short-stay or low-cost cases and might be systematically underpaid if the prospective payment system were applied to them. We explained that it would not be appropriate to make prospective payment system exclusion available to long-stay units of acute hospitals, since those units account for only part of the hospital's patient load and the principles underlying the prospective payment system do apply to the larger hospital. We also stated that the hospital-within-a-hospital criteria, now codified at § 412.22(e), ensure that facilities structured as hospitals-withinhospitals are sufficiently separate from the host hospitals to warrant exclusion from the prospective payment system as separate hospitals.

The considerations that make it inappropriate to exclude long-stay units of general hospitals from the prospective payment system also make

it inappropriate, in our view, to allow exclusion from prospective payment system of facilities that treat only a part of the patient load of the larger prospective payment system hospitals in which they are located, but are presented as satellites of another facility. In responding to a comment in the September 1, 1994 final rule, we stated that we believe that the hospitalwithin-a-hospital criteria should have application in all cases involving joint occupancy of a building or campus by an applicant long-term hospital and another hospital (59 FR 45330). After further review of the issue, however, we have now concluded that while the hospital-within-a-hospital criteria are designed to prevent potential abuses similar to those posed by satellites, the criteria themselves cannot be effectively applied to satellite arrangements. This is because the criteria are designed to apply to hospitals that exist only in one location. For example, under §412.22(e)(5)(ii), one criterion for showing separate operation of a hospital-within-a-hospital is that the hospital's costs of services obtained under contracts or other arrangements from the host hospital (or from a controlling third entity) be no more than 15 percent of the hospital's total inpatient operating cost. Because a satellite facility would integrate its costs with those of the hospital with which it is affiliated, it is possible that the entire hospital could meet this test even though all costs of the satellite facility were incurred under contracts or arrangements. Likewise, the criterion regarding the source of inpatient referrals (§ 412.22(e)(5)(iii)) could be met by an entire hospital, even though most or all patients treated at a satellite facility were referred from the hospital in which the satellite is located. Thus, existing hospital-within-a-hospital criteria are not adequate to deal with satellite issues.

#### D. Responsibility for Care of Patients in Hospitals Within Hospitals

Normally, hospitals that admit patients, including hospitals subject to the prospective payment system and "hospitals-within-hospitals" that are excluded from the prospective payment system, accept overall responsibility for the patients' care and furnish all services they require. In accordance with section 1886(d)(5)(I) of the Act and implementing regulations at § 412.4, for payment purposes, the prospective payment system distinguishes between 'discharges'' (situations in which a patient leaves an acute care hospital paid under the prospective payment system after receiving complete acute

care treatment) and "transfers" (situations in which acute care treatment is not completed at the first hospital and the patient is transferred to another acute care hospital for continued, related care). The payment rules at § 413.30, which apply to hospitals excluded from the prospective payment system, also are premised on the assumption that discharges occur only when the excluded hospital's care of the patient is complete.

It has come to our attention that, given the co-location of prospective payment system facilities and facilities excluded from the prospective payment system in a hospital-within-a-hospital, and the absence of clinical constraints on the movement of patients, there may be situations where, in such settings, patients appear to have been moved from one facility to another for financial rather than clinical reasons. The excluded hospital-within-a-hospital might have incentives to inappropriately discharge patients early (to the prospective payment system hospital within which it is located) in order to minimize its overall costs and in turn to minimize its cost per discharge. If the excluded hospitalwithin-a-hospital inappropriately discharges patients to the prospective payment system hospital without providing a complete episode of the type of care furnished by the excluded hospital, then Medicare would make inappropriate payments to the hospitalwithin-a-hospital. This is the case because payments made to an excluded hospital are made on a per-stay basis, up to the hospital's per discharge target amount, and any artificial decrease in the hospital's cost per stay could lead to the hospital inappropriately avoiding its target amount cap mandated by section 4414 of the BBA and receiving inappropriate bonus and relief payments under section 4415 of the BBA.

For example, if a long-term care hospital has an average length of stay of 30 days and incurs a cost per patientday of \$1,500, its average cost per stay is \$45,000 ( $$1,500 \times 30$ ). If that hospital discharged 20 percent of its patients to a prospective payment system hospital before the 30th day of their stay at the long-term care hospital, the patients might still stay, on average, a total of 30 days at the two hospitals. However, by transferring an increased number of patients early during the period, the long-term care hospital would be able to reduce its cost per discharge.

If the hospital's cap on its target amount is \$38,593 and the hospital's cost per discharge is \$45,000, then the hospital's payments would be based on a target amount of \$38,593. If, as a result of the inappropriate discharges, the cost per stay is \$37,500, Medicare payment to the hospital would be based on a target amount of \$37,500, plus an additional amount under the bonus provisions of § 413.40(d)(2). In addition, a separate DRG payment would be made to the prospective payment system hospital that completed the treatment at the satellite location. Thus, Medicare payments for a 30-day period of inpatient care would increase without any additional quality of care or benefit to the patient. The additional payment would merely be a result of artificially decreasing the long-term care hospital's cost per discharge and adding a second payment to the prospective payment system hospital.

We believe it is important to address possible financial incentives for inappropriate early discharges from excluded hospitals-within-hospitals to prospective payment system hospitals. Therefore, we considered several approaches for preventing inappropriate Medicare payments to an excluded hospital-within-a-hospital for inappropriate discharges to the prospective payment system hospital in which it is located. One approach would be to provide that, if an excluded hospital-within-a-hospital transfers patients from its beds to beds of the prospective payment system hospital with which it is located, the hospitalwithin-a-hospital would not qualify for exclusion in the next cost reporting period. We recognize that this approach might "penalize" hospitals for transfers that are medically appropriate. However, we need to balance (1) our concern with preventing inappropriate Medicare payment and (2) our need to have a rule that is administratively feasible.

A second possible approach would be to provide that the hospital-within-ahospital would qualify for exclusion only if it transfers patients to the prospective payment system hospital only when the services the patients require cannot be furnished by the hospital-within-a-hospital. This approach has the advantage of specifically targeting inappropriate early discharges, but it has the significant disadvantage of being difficult if not impossible to administer because of the extent of case review that would be required to implement it.

Âfter considering these options, we have decided to propose a third approach. Under this approach, we would deny exclusion to a hospitalwithin-a-hospital for a cost reporting period if, during the most recent cost reporting period for which information is available, the excluded hospitalwithin-a-hospital transferred more than 5 percent of its inpatients to the prospective payment system hospital in which it is located. We believe that a 5percent allowance of transfers under this approach would (1) avoid the need for administratively burdensome case review, (2) provide adequate flexibility for transfers in those cases where the hospital-within-a-hospital is not equipped or staffed to provide the services required by the patient, and (3) limit the extent to which patients may be transferred inappropriately.

We welcome comments on our proposed approach as well as suggestions on other ways to address the possible incentives for inappropriate transfers in a manner that is administratively feasible.

### E. Critical Access Hospitals (CAHS)

1. Emergency Response Time Requirements for CAHs in Frontier and Remote Areas

Because of the high cost of staffing rural hospital emergency rooms and the low volume of services in those facilities, we do not require CAHs to have emergency personnel on site at all times. Thus, for CAHs, the regulations at §485.618(d) require a doctor of medicine or a doctor of osteopathy, a physician assistant, or a nurse practitioner with training and experience in emergency care to be on call and immediately available by telephone or radio contact, and available on site within 30 minutes, on a 24-hour basis. We included this requirement because we recognize the need of rural residents to have reasonable access to emergency care in their local communities.

Section 1820(h) of the Act, as added by section 4201 of the BBA, states that any medical assistance facility (MAF) in Montana shall be deemed to have been certified by the Secretary as a CAH if that facility is otherwise eligible to be designated by the State as a CAH. However, under the current requirements, following the initial transition of a MAF to CAH status, the former MAF would be subject to the CAH requirements during any subsequent review, one of which is the 30-minute emergency response time for emergency services currently required under § 485.518(d).

Recently, some facilities have suggested that in many "frontier" areas (that is, those having fewer than six residents per square mile), the requirement of a 30-minute response might be too restrictive for CAHs, especially those MAFs transitioning to CAH status.

We are aware it is costly and difficult to recruit and train the personnel needed to operate emergency rooms in the most remote, sparsely populated rural areas. On the other hand, in contemplating any changes to the emergency response timeframe for CAHs, we must ensure that the response time is not extended to the point that patient health and safety are jeopardized.

In order to recognize the special needs of sparsely populated rural areas in meeting beneficiaries' health needs, and at the same time to protect patients health and safety, we are proposing to revise §485.618(d) to allow a response time of up to 60 minutes for a CAH if (1) it is located in an area of the State that is defined as a frontier area (that is, having fewer than six residents per square mile based on the latest population data published by the Bureau of the Census) or meets other criteria for a remote location adopted by the State and approved by HCFA under criteria specified in its rural health care plan under section 1820(b) of the Act; (2) the State determines that, under its rural health care plan, allowing the longer emergency response time is the only feasible method of providing emergency care to residents of the area; and (3) the State maintains documentation showing that a response time up to 60 minutes at a particular CAH it designates is justified because other available alternatives would increase the time required to stabilize the patient in an emergency. The criteria for remote location would, like other parts of the rural health care plan, be subject to review and approval by the HCFA Regional Office, as would the State's documentation regarding the emergency response time.

We note that, under the terms of the Montana State Code applicable to MAFs, at times when no emergency response person is available to come to the facility, a MAF's director of nursing is permitted to come to the facility and authorize the transfer of a patient seeking emergency services to another facility. Under one possible reading of the State requirement, this activity could be seen as an alternative way of complying with the emergency services requirement and the MAF's (and CAH's) responsibilities under section 1867 of the Act (the Emergency Medical Treatment and Active Labor Amendments Provision) to provide emergency medical screening and stabilization services to patients who come to the hospital seeking emergency treatment. We request comments on

whether the Medicare regulations in §§ 485.618(d) and 489.24 should be further revised to explicitly permit this practice to continue following the transition of a MAF to CAH status. We are particularly interested in obtaining comment from practitioners on the risks and benefits involved in adoption of this practice.

#### 2. Compliance With Minimum Data Set (MDS) Requirements by CAHs With Swing-Bed Approval

Existing regulations allow CAHs to obtain approval from HCFA to use their inpatient beds to provide posthospital SNF care (§ 485.645). To obtain such approval, however, the CAH must agree to meet specific requirements that also apply to SNFs, including the comprehensive assessment requirements at § 483.20(b) of the SNF conditions of participation.

conditions of participation. Section 483.20(b)(1) specifies that a SNF must make a comprehensive assessment of a resident's needs, using the resident assessment instrument specified by the State. Section 483.20(b)(2) further specifies that, subject to the timeframes in § 413.343(b), the assessments must be conducted within 14 calendar days after the patient is admitted; within 14 days after the facility determines, or should have determined, that there is a significant change in the patient's physical or mental condition; and at least once every 12 months. Section 413.343(b) specifies that in accordance with the methodology in §413.337(c) related to the adjustment of the Federal rates for case-mix (the SNF prospective payment system), patient assessments must be performed on the 5th, 14th, 30th, 60th, and 90th days following admission.

It is clear that the timeframes for patient assessments required under §413.343(b) are linked to the prospective payment system for SNFs. The methodology specifically referenced in § 413.337(c) refers to the SNF prospective payment system. Therefore, it is apparent that the patient assessments and concomitant timeframes for performing such assessments are inextricably intertwined with the case-mix adjustment under the SNF prospective payment system. CAHs with swing-bed approval are not paid for their services to SNF-level patients under that SNF prospective payment system but are paid under the payment method described in §413.114, which does not include a case-mix adjustment. Therefore, the timeframes for patient assessments as dictated by §413.343(b) are not applicable to CAHs and are not required to be met by CAHs.

Nevertheless, to make it explicit that the patient assessment timeframes required under § 413.343(b) do not apply, we propose to revise § 485.645 to state that the requirements in § 413.343(b), and the timeframes specified in § 483.20, do not apply to CAHs.

# **VII. MedPAC Recommendations**

We have reviewed the March 1, 1999 report submitted by MedPAC to Congress and have given its recommendations careful consideration in conjunction with the proposals set forth in this document. Recommendations 3A and 3B concerning the update factors for inpatient hospital operating costs and for hospitals and hospital distinct-part units excluded from the prospective payment system are discussed in Appendix D to this proposed rule. Other recommendations are discussed below.

### *A. Excluded Hospitals and Hospital Units (Recommendations 4B and 4C)*

*Recommendation*: The Congress should adjust the wage-related portion of the excluded hospital target amount caps (the 75th percentile of target amounts for hospitals in the same class (psychiatric hospital or unit, rehabilitation hospital or unit, or longterm care hospitals)) to account for geographic differences in labor costs. The Commission presumes legislation would be necessary to adjust the caps for wages.

*Response*: We previously addressed this issue in the May 12, 1998 final rule (63 FR 26345). In that discussion, we explain why we believe the statutory language, the statutory scheme, and the legislative history, viewed together, strongly argue against making a wage adjustment in applying the target amount caps under the current statute.

*Recommendation*: Additional research in case-mix classification systems for psychiatric patients should be encouraged, with the aim of developing a case-mix adjusted prospective payment system for psychiatric patients in the future.

*Response*: As MedPAC indicated in its recommendation discussion, prior research has indicated substantial difficulties in developing a psychiatric case-mix classification system. Another issue is the adequate identification of a system that reflects the unique characteristics of psychiatric care for the Medicare population, primarily the elderly. During the past year, we have met with industry representatives to discuss further research efforts on this issue as well as understand the initial impacts of the recent legislative changes to excluded hospital payment system on psychiatric hospitals and units. We will continue these efforts in FY 2000.

*B. Disproportionate Share Hospitals* (*DSH*) (Recommendations 3C, 3D, and 3E)

Recommendations: The Congress should require that disproportionate share payments be distributed according to each hospital's share of low-income patient costs, defined broadly to include all care to the poor. The measure of lowincome costs should reflect: (1) Medicare patients eligible for Supplemental Security Income, Medicaid patients, patients sponsored by other indigent care programs, and uninsured and underinsured patients as represented by uncompensated care (both charity and bad debts); and (2) services provided in both inpatient and outpatient settings.

As under current policy, disproportionate share payment should be made in the form of an adjustment to the per-case payment rate. In this way, the total payment each hospital receives will reflect its volume of Medicare patients.

Through a minimum threshold for low-income share, the formula for distributing disproportionate share payments should concentrate payments among hospitals with the highest shares of poor patients. A reasonable range for this threshold would be levels that make between 50 percent and 60 percent of hospitals eligible for a payment. The size of the payment adjustment, however, should increase gradually from zero at the threshold. The same distribution formula should apply to all hospitals covered by prospective payment.

The Secretary should collect the data necessary to revise the disproportionate share payment system from all hospitals paid under prospective payment system.

*Response*: We continue to give careful consideration to MedPAC's recommendations concerning the DSH adjustment made to operating payments under the prospective payment system.

We are in the process of preparing a report to Congress on the Medicare DSH adjustment that includes several options for amending the statutory disproportionate share adjustment formula. We believe that any adjustment to the DSH formula or data sources should be directed and supported by the Congress.

The MedPAC option involves collecting data on uncompensated care, that is, charity and bad debts. Ideally, this would be a direct measure of a hospital's indigent care burden. However, there are problems associated with verification of such data and consistency of reporting nationally. We appreciate the Commission's recommendations about and assistance with the Medicare DSH adjustment as we formulate our legislative proposal and await Congressional action.

#### VIII. Other Required Information

#### A. Requests for Data From the Public

In order to respond promptly to public requests for data related to the prospective payment system, we have set up a process under which commenters can gain access to the raw data on an expedited basis. Generally, the data are available in computer tape or cartridge format; however, some files are available on diskette as well as on the Internet at HTTP:// WWW.HCFA.GOV/STATS/ PUBFILES.HTML. Data files are listed below with the cost of each. Anyone wishing to purchase data tapes, cartridges, or diskettes should submit a written request along with a company check or money order (payable to HCFA-PUF) to cover the cost to the following address: Health Care Financing Administration, Public Use Files, Accounting Division, P.O. Box 7520, Baltimore, Maryland 21207-0520, (410) 786-3691. Files on the Internet may be downloaded without charge.

1. Expanded Modified MEDPAR-Hospital (National)

The Medicare Provider Analysis and Review (MedPAR) file contains records for 100 percent of Medicare beneficiaries using hospital inpatient services in the United States. (The file is a Federal fiscal year file, that is, discharges occurring October 1 through September 30 of the requested year.) The records are stripped of most data elements that will permit identification of beneficiaries. The hospital is identified by the 6-position Medicare billing number. The file is available to persons qualifying under the terms of the Notice of Proposed New Routine Uses for an Existing System of Records published in the **Federal Register** on December 24, 1984 (49 FR 49941), and amended by the July 2, 1985 notice (50 FR 27361). The national file consists of approximately 11 million records. Under the requirements of these notices, an agreement for use of HCFA Beneficiary Encrypted Files must be signed by the purchaser before release of these data. For all files requiring a signed agreement, please write or call to obtain a blank agreement form before placing an order. Two versions of this file are created each year. They support the following:

• Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) published in the **Federal Register**. This file, scheduled to be available by the end of April, is derived from the MedPAR file with a cutoff of 3 months after the end of the fiscal year (December file).

• Final Rule published in the **Federal Register**. The FY 1998 MedPAR file used for the FY 2000 final rule will be cutoff 6 months after the end of the fiscal year (March file) and is scheduled to be available by the end of April. Media: Tape/Cartridge File Cost: \$3,655.00 per fiscal year Periods Available: FY 1988 through FY 1998

2. Expanded Modified MedPAR-Hospital (State)

The State MedPAR file contains records for 100 percent of Medicare beneficiaries using hospital inpatient services in a particular State. The records are stripped of most data elements that will permit identification of beneficiaries. The hospital is identified by the 6-position Medicare billing number. The file is available to persons qualifying under the terms of the Notice of Proposed New Routine Uses for an Existing System of Records published in the December 24, 1984 Federal Register notice, and amended by the July 2, 1985 notice. This file is a subset of the Expanded Modified MedPAR-Hospital (National) as described above. Under the requirements of these notices, an agreement for use of HCFA Beneficiary Encrypted Files must be signed by the purchaser before release of these data. Two versions of this file are created each year. They support the following:

• NPRM published in the **Federal Register**. This file, scheduled to be available by the end of April, is derived from the MedPAR file with a cutoff of 3 months after the end of the fiscal year (December file).

• Final Rule published in the **Federal Register**. The FY 1998 MedPAR file used for the FY 2000 final rule will be cutoff 6 months after the end of the fiscal year (March file) and is scheduled to be available by the end of April. Media: Tape/Cartridge File Cost: \$1,130.00 per State per year Periods Available: FY 1988 through FY 1998

# 3. HCFA Wage Data

This file contains the hospital hours and salaries for 1996 used to create the proposed FY 2000 prospective payment system wage index. The file will be available by the beginning of February for the NPRM and the beginning of May for the final rule.

Processing year	Wage data year	PPS fiscal year
1999	1996	2000
1998	1995	1999
1997	1994	1998
1996	1993	1997
1995	1992	1996
1994	1991	1995
1993	1990	1994
1992	1989	1993
1991	1988	1992

These files support the following:NPRM published in the Federal

Register.

• Final Rule published in the **Federal Register**.

Media: Diskette/most recent year on the Internet

File Cost: \$165.00 per year

Periods Available: FY 2000 PPS Update

4. HCFA Hospital Wages Indices (Formerly: Urban and Rural Wage Index Values Only)

This file contains a history of all wage indices since October 1, 1983.

Media: Diskette/most recent year on the Internet

File Cost: \$165.00 per year Periods Available: FY 2000 PPS Update

5. PPS SSA/FIPS MSA State and County Crosswalk

This file contains a crosswalk of State and county codes used by the Social Security Administration (SSA) and the Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS), county name, and a historical list of Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)

Media: Diskette/Internet File Cost: \$165.00 per year Periods Available: FY 2000 PPS Update

6. Reclassified Hospitals New Wage Index (Formerly: Reclassified Hospitals by Provider Only)

This file contains a list of hospitals that were reclassified for the purpose of assigning a new wage index. Two versions of these files are created each year. They support the following:

• NPRM published in the **Federal Register**.

• Final Rule published in the **Federal Register**.

Media: Diskette/Internet File Cost: \$165.00 per year Periods Available: FY 2000 PPS Update

# 7. PPS–IV to PPS–XII Minimum Data Sets

The Minimum Data Set contains cost, statistical, financial, and other information from Medicare hospital cost reports. The data set includes only the most current cost report (as submitted, final settled, or reopened) submitted for a Medicare participating hospital by the Medicare fiscal intermediary to HCFA. This data set is updated at the end of each calendar quarter and is available on the last day of the following month.

MEDIA: TAPE/CARTRIDGE

	Periods be- ginning on or after	and before
PPS-IV	10/01/86	10/01/87
PPS-V	10/01/87	10/01/88
PPS-VI	10/01/88	10/01/89
PPS-VII	10/01/89	10/01/90
PPS-VIII	10/01/90	10/01/91
PPS-IX	10/01/91	10/01/92
PPS-X	10/01/92	10/01/93
PPS-XI	10/01/93	10/01/94
PPS-XII	10/01/94	10/01/95

(Note: The PPS–XIII and PPS–XIV Minimum Data Sets are part of the PPS–XIII and PPS– XIV Hospital Data Set Files.)

File Cost: \$770.00 per year

#### 8. PPS-IX to PPS-XII Capital Data Set

The Capital Data Set contains selected data for capital-related costs, interest expense and related information and complete balance sheet data from the Medicare hospital cost report. The data set includes only the most current cost report (as submitted, final settled or reopened) submitted for a Medicare certified hospital by the Medicare fiscal intermediary to HCFA. This data set is updated at the end of each calendar quarter and is available on the last day of the following month.

MEDIA: TAPE/CARTRIDGE

	Periods be- ginning on or after	and before
PPS-IX	10/01/91	10/01/92
PPS-X	10/01/92	10/01/93
PPS-XI	10/01/93	10/01/94
PPS-XII	10/01/94	10/01/95

(Note: The PPS–XIII and PPS–XIV Capital Data Sets are part of the PPS–XIII and PPS– XIV Hospital Data Set Files.)

#### File Cost: \$770.00 per year

9. PPS-XIII and PPS-XIV Hospital Data Set

The file contains cost, statistical, financial, and other data from the Medicare Hospital Cost Report. The data set includes only the most current cost (as submitted, final settled, or reopened) submitted for a Medicare Certified Hospital by the Medicare Fiscal Intermediary to HCFA. The data set are updated at the end of each calendar quarter and is available on the last day of the following month. Media: Diskette/Internet File Cost: \$2,500.00

	Periods be- ginning on or after	and before
PPS-XIII	10/01/95	10/01/96
PPS-XIV	10/01/96	10/01/97

# 10. Provider-Specific File

This file is a component of the PRICER program used in the fiscal intermediary's system to compute DRG payments for individual bills. The file contains records for all prospective payment system eligible hospitals, including hospitals in waiver States, and data elements used in the prospective payment system recalibration processes and related activities. Beginning with December 1988, the individual records were enlarged to include pass-through per diems and other elements. Media: Diskette/Internet

File Cost: \$265.00

Periods Available: FY 2000 PPS Update

11. HCFA Medicare Case-Mix Index File

This file contains the Medicare casemix index by provider number as published in each year's update of the Medicare hospital inpatient prospective payment system. The case-mix index is a measure of the costliness of cases treated by a hospital relative to the cost of the national average of all Medicare hospital cases, using DRG weights as a measure of relative costliness of cases. Two versions of this file are created each year. They support the following:

 NPRM published in the Federal Register.

• Final rule published in the **Federal Register**.

Media: Diskette/most recent year on Internet

Price: \$165.00 per year/per file

Periods Available: FY 1985 through FY 1998

12. DRG Relative Weights (Formerly Table 5 DRG)

This file contains a listing of DRGs, DRG narrative description, relative weights, and geometric and arithmetic mean lengths of stay as published in the **Federal Register**. The hardcopy image has been copied to diskette. There are two versions of this file as published in the **Federal Register**:

• NPRM.

Final rule.

Media: Diskette/Internet File Cost: \$165.00 Periods Available: FY 2000 PPS Update

13. PPS Payment Impact File

This file contains data used to estimate payments under Medicare's hospital inpatient prospective payment systems for operating and capital-related costs. The data are taken from various sources, including the Provider-Specific File, Minimum Data Sets, and prior impact files. The data set is abstracted from an internal file used for the impact analysis of the changes to the prospective payment systems published in the **Federal Register**. This file is available for release 1 month after the proposed and final rules are published in the **Federal Register**.

Media: Diskette/Internet File Cost: \$165.00 Periods Available: FY 2000 PPS Update

# 14. AOR/BOR Tables

This file contains data used to develop the DRG relative weights. It contains mean, maximum, minimum, standard deviation, and coefficient of variation statistics by DRG for length of stay and standardized charges. The BOR tables are "Before Outliers Removed" and the AOR is "After Outliers Removed." (Outliers refers to statistical outliers, not payment outliers.) Two versions of this file are created each year. They support the following:

• NPRM published in the **Federal Register**.

• Final rule published in the **Federal Register**.

Media: Diskette/Internet

File Cost: \$165.00

Periods Available: FY 2000 PPS Update

For further information concerning these data tapes, contact The HCFA Public Use Files Hotline at (410) 786–3691.

Commenters interested in obtaining or discussing any other data used in constructing this rule should contact Stephen Phillips at (410) 786–4531.

## B. Public Comments

Because of the large number of items of correspondence we normally receive on a proposed rule, we are not able to acknowledge or respond to them individually. However, in preparing the final rule, we will consider all comments concerning the provisions of this proposed rule that we receive by the date and time specified in the DATES section of this preamble and respond to those comments in the preamble to that rule. We emphasize that, given the statutory requirement under section 1886(e)(5) of the Act that our final rule for FY 2000 be published by August 1, 1999, we will consider only those

comments that deal specifically with the matters discussed in this proposed rule.

## List of Subjects

# 42 CFR Part 412

Administrative practice and procedure, Health facilities, Medicare, Puerto Rico, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

# 42 CFR Part 413

Health facilities, Kidney diseases, Medicare, Puerto Rico, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

#### 42 CFR Part 483

Grant programs-health, Health facilities, Health professions, Health records, Medicaid, Medicare, Nursing homes, Nutrition, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Safety.

# 42 CFR Part 485

Grant programs-health, Health facilities, Medicaid, Medicare, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

42 CFR Chapter IV is amended as set forth below:

# PART 412—PROSPECTIVE PAYMENT SYSTEMS FOR INPATIENT HOSPITAL SERVICES

A. Part 412 is amended as follows: 1. The authority citation for Part 412 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 1102 and 1871 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1302 and 1395hh).

2. Section 412.22 is amended by adding new paragraphs (e)(6) and (h) to read as follows:

# § 412.22 Excluded hospitals and hospital units: General rules.

(e) Hospitals-within-hospitals. \* \* \* (6) Responsibility for care of patients. During the most recent cost reporting period for which information is available, the hospital transferred no more than 5 percent of its inpatients to the prospective payment system hospital within which it is located.

\* \* \* \*

(h) Satellite facilities. (1) For purposes of paragraphs (h)(2) through (h)(5) of this section, a satellite facility is a part of a hospital that provides inpatient services in a building also used by another hospital, or in one or more entire buildings located on the same campus as buildings used by another hospital.

(2) Effective for cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 1999, payment for services furnished in satellite facilities of hospitals excluded from the prospective payment systems is made in accordance with the rules specified in paragraphs (h)(3) and (h)(4) of this section.

(3) If the satellite facility occupies space in the same building or on the same campus as a hospital paid under the prospective payment system, payment for services furnished at the satellite facility is based on the same rates that apply to the prospective payment system hospital within which the satellite is located.

(4) If the satellite facility occupies space in the same building or on the same campus as a hospital excluded from the prospective payment systems, payment for services furnished at the satellite facility is made as follows:

(i) For the first two 12-month cost reporting periods during which the satellite facility treats patients, payment for services furnished at the satellite facility is made in accordance with the provisions of § 413.40(f)(2) of this subchapter.

(ii) For subsequent cost reporting periods, payment for services furnished at the satellite facility is made based on the target amount of the excluded hospital in which the satellite is located, but is subject to the cap at the hospital of which the satellite is a part.

(5) The provisions of paragraphs (h)(2) through (h)(4) of this section do not apply to any hospital or entity structured as a satellite facility on September 30, 1999, and excluded from the prospective payment systems on that date, to the extent the hospital continues operating under the same terms and conditions, including the number of beds and square footage considered, for purposes of Medicare participation and payment, to be part of the hospital, in effect on September 30, 1999.

3. Section 412.25 is amended by revising paragraphs (b) and (c) and adding a new paragraph (e) to read as follows:

# §412.25 Excluded hospital units: common requirements.

\*

\*

(b) Changes in the size of excluded units. For purposes of exclusions from the prospective payment systems under this section, changes in the number of beds and square footage considered to be part of each excluded unit are allowed as specified in paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2) of this section.

(1) *Increase in size.* The number of beds and square footage of an excluded unit may be increased only at the start of a cost reporting period.

(2) *Decrease in size.* The number of beds and square footage of an excluded

unit may be decreased at any time during a cost reporting period if the hospital notifies the fiscal intermediary and the HCFA Regional Office in writing of the planned decrease at least 30 days before the date of the decrease, and maintains the information needed to accurately determine costs that are attributable to the excluded unit. Any decrease in the number of beds or square footage considered to be part of an excluded unit made during a cost reporting period continues in effect for the remainder of that period.

(c) Changes in the status of hospital units. For purposes of exclusions from the prospective payment systems under this section, the status of each hospital unit (excluded or not excluded) is determined as specified in paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this section.

(1) The status of a hospital unit may be changed from not excluded to excluded only at the start of a cost reporting period. If a unit is added to a hospital after the start of a cost reporting period, it cannot be excluded from the prospective payment systems before the start of a hospital's next cost reporting period.

(2) The status of a hospital unit may be changed from excluded to not excluded at any time during a cost reporting period, but only if the hospital notifies the fiscal intermediary and the HCFA Regional Office in writing of the change at least 30 days before the date of the change, and maintains the information needed to accurately determine costs that are or are not attributable to the excluded unit. A change in the status of a unit from excluded to not excluded that is made during a cost reporting period continues in effect for the remainder of that period.

\* \*

(e) Satellite facilities. (1) For purposes of paragraphs (e)(2) through (e)(5) of this section, a satellite facility is a part of a hospital that provides inpatient services in a building also used by another hospital, or in one or more entire buildings located on the same campus as buildings used by another hospital.

(2) Effective for cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 1999, payment for services furnished in psychiatric or rehabilitation units that are structured, entirely or in part, as satellite facilities are made in accordance with the rules specified in paragraphs (e)(3) and (e)(4) of this section.

(3) If the satellite facility occupies space in the same building or on the same campus as a hospital paid under the prospective payment systems, payment for services furnished at the satellite facility is based on same rates that apply to the prospective payment system hospital within which the satellite is located.

(4) If the satellite facility occupies space in the same building or on the same campus as a hospital excluded from the prospective payment systems, payment for services furnished at the satellite facility is made as follows:

(i) For the first two 12-month cost reporting periods during which the satellite facility treats patients, payment for services furnished at the satellite facility is made in accordance with the provisions of § 413.40(f)(2) of this subchapter.

(ii) For subsequent cost reporting periods, payment for services furnished at the satellite facility is made based on the target amount of the excluded hospital in which the satellite is located, but is subject to the cap of the hospital of which the satellite is a part.

(5) The provisions of paragraph (e)(2) through (e)(4) of this section do not apply to any unit structured as a satellite facility on September 30, 1999, and excluded from the prospective payment systems on that date, to the extent the unit continues operating under the same terms and conditions, including the number of beds and square footage considered to be part of the unit, in effect on September 30, 1999.

# §412.105 [Amended]

4. Section 412.105 is amended by revising the cross reference "paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of this section" in paragraphs (f)(1)(iii) (three times) and (f)(2)(v) to read "paragraph (f)(1)(ii) of this section".

# §412.256 [Amended]

5. In § 412.256, paragraph (c)(2), the date "October 1", appearing in two places, is revised to read "September 1".

6. Section 412.276 is amended by revising paragraph (a) to read as follows:

# § 412.276 Timing of MGCRB decision and its appeal.

(a) *Timing.* The MGCRB notifies the parties in writing, with a copy to HCFA, and issues a decision within 180 days after the first day of the 13-month period preceding the Federal fiscal year for which a hospital has filed a complete application. The hospital has 15 days from the date of the decision to request Administrator review.

\* \* \* \* \*

# PART 413—PRINCIPLES OF REASONABLE COST REIMBURSEMENT; PAYMENT FOR END-STAGE RENAL DISEASE SERVICES; OPTIONAL PROSPECTIVELY DETERMINED PAYMENT RATES FOR SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES

B. Part 413 is amended as follows:

1. The authority citation for Part 413 is revised to read as follows:

**Authority:** Secs. 1102, 1812(d), 1814(b), 1815, 1833(a), (i), and (n), 1871, 1881, 1883, and 1886 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1302, 1395f(b), 1395g, 13951, 13951(a), (i), and (n), 1395x(v), 1395hh, 1395rr, 1395tt, and 1395ww).

2. Section 413.40 is amended by revising paragraphs (b)(1)(iii) and (g)(1) to read as follows:

# §413.40 Ceiling on the rate-of-increase in hospital inpatient costs.

(b) Cost reporting periods subject to the rate-of-increase ceiling. (1) Base period. \* \* \*

\*

\*

\*

(iii) When the operational structure of a hospital or unit changes (that is, a freestanding hospital becomes a unit or vice versa, or an entity of a multicampus hospital becomes a newly created hospital or unit or vice versa), the base period for the hospital or unit that changed its operational structure is the first cost reporting period of at least 12 months effective with the revised Medicare certification classification.

(g) Adjustment. (1) General rules. (i) HCFA may adjust the amount of the operating costs considered in establishing the rate-of-increase ceiling for one or more cost reporting periods, including both periods subject to the ceiling and the hospital's base period, under the circumstances specified in paragraphs (g)(2), (g)(3), and (g)(4) of this section.

(ii) When an adjustment is requested by the hospital, HCFA makes an adjustment only to the extent that the hospital's operating costs are reasonable, attributable to the circumstances specified separately, identified by the hospital and verified by the intermediary.

(iii) When an adjustment is requested by the hospital, HCFA makes an adjustment only if the hospital's operating costs exceed the rate-ofincrease ceiling imposed under this section.

(iv) In the case of a psychiatric hospital or unit, rehabilitation hospital or unit, or long-term care hospital, the amount of payment under paragraph (g)(3) of this section may not exceed the payment amount based on the target amount determined under paragraph (c)(4)(iii) of this section.

(v) In the case of a hospital or unit that received a revised FY 1998 target amount under the rebasing provisions of paragraph (b)(1)(iv) of this section, the amount of an adjustment payment for a cost reporting period is based on a comparison of the hospital's operating costs for the cost reporting period to the average costs and statistics for the cost reporting periods used to determine the FY 1998 rebased target amount.

#### §413.86 [Amended]

3. Section 413.86 is amended as follows:

a. In paragraph (b), the definition of "approved geriatric program" is revised to read: "*Approved geriatric program* means a fellowship program of one or more years in length that is approved by one of the national organizations listed in § 415.152 of this chapter under that respective organization's criteria for geriatric fellowship programs."

b. In paragraph (b), under paragraph (1) of the definition of "approved medical residency program", the reference "§ 415.200(a) of this chapter" is revised to read "§ 415.152 of this chapter".

c. In paragraph (e)(1)(ii)(C), the reference "paragraph (j)(2) of this section" is revised to read "paragraph (k)(1) of this section".

d. In paragraph (e)(1)(iv), the reference, "paragraph (j)(1) of this section", is revised to read "paragraph (k)(1) of this section".

e. A new paragraph (f)(4)(iii) is added, paragraphs (g)(1) (i), (ii), and (iii), (g)(6)introductory text and (g)(6) (i) and (ii)are revised, paragraph (g)(7) is redesignated as paragraph (g)(9), and new paragraphs (g)(7) and (g)(8) are added to read as follows:

# § 413.86 Direct graduate medical education payments.

\*

(f) Determining the total number of FTE residents. \* \* \*

\*

(iii) The hospital must incur all or substantially all of the costs for the training program in the nonhospital setting in accordance with the definition in paragraph (b) of this section.

(g) Determining the weighted number of FTE residents. \* \* \*

(1) \* \* \*

(i) For residency programs other than those specified in paragraphs (g)(1)(ii)and (g)(1)(iii) of this section, the initial residency period is the minimum

<sup>(4) \* \* \*</sup> 

number of years of formal training necessary to satisfy the requirements for initial board eligibility in the particular specialty for which the resident is training, as specified in the most recently published edition of the Graduate Medical Education Directory.

(ii) For residency programs in osteopathy, dentistry, and podiatry, the minimum requirement for certification in a specialty or subspecialty is the minimum number of years of formal training necessary to satisfy the requirements of the appropriate approving body listed in § 415.152 of this chapter.

(iii) For residency programs in geriatric medicine accredited by the appropriate approving body listed in § 415.152 of this chapter, these programs are considered approved programs on the later of—

(Å) The starting date of the program within a hospital; or

(B) The hospital's cost reporting periods beginning on or after July 1, 1985.

(6) If a hospital establishes a new medical residency training program as defined in paragraph (g)(9) of this section on or after January 1, 1995, the hospital's FTE cap described under paragraph (g)(4) of this section may be adjusted as follows:

(i) If a hospital had no allopathic or osteopathic residents in its most recent cost reporting period ending on or before December 31, 1996, and it establishes a new medical residency training program on or after January 1, 1995, the hospital's unweighted FTE resident cap under paragraph (g)(4) of this section may be adjusted based on the product of the highest number of residents in any program year during the third year of the first program's existence for all new residency training programs and the number of years in which residents are expected to complete the program based on the minimum accredited length for the type of program. The adjustment to the cap may not exceed the number of accredited slots available to the hospital for the new program.

(A) If the residents are spending an entire program year (or years) at one hospital and the remainder of the program at another hospital, the adjustment to each respective hospital's cap is equal to the product of the highest number of residents in any program year during the third year of the first program's existence and the number of years the residents are training at each respective hospital.

(B) Prior to the implementation of the hospital's adjustment to its FTE cap

beginning with the fourth year of the hospital's residency program(s), the hospital's cap may be adjusted during each of the first 3 years of the hospital's new residency program using the actual number of residents participating in the new program. The adjustment may not exceed the number of accredited slots available to the hospital for each program year.

(Č) Except for rural hospitals, the cap will not be adjusted for new programs established more than 3 years after the first program begins training residents.

(D) Rural hospitals that qualify for an adjustment to its FTE cap under paragraph (g)(6)(i) of this section are permitted to be part of the same affiliated group for purposes of an aggregate FTE limit.

(ii) If a hospital had allopathic or osteopathic residents in its most recent cost reporting period ending on or before December 31, 1996, the hospital's unweighted FTE cap may be adjusted for new medical residency training programs established on or after January 1, 1995 and on or before August 5, 1997. The adjustment to the hospital's FTE resident limit for the new program is based on the product of the highest number of residents in any program year during the third year of the newly established program and the number of years in which residents are expected to complete each program based on the minimum accredited length for the type of program.

(A) If the residents are spending an entire program year (or years) at one hospital and the remainder of the program at another hospital, the adjustment to each respective hospital's cap is equal to the product of the highest number of residents in any program year during the third year of the first program's existence and the number of years the residents are training at each respective hospital.

(B) Prior to the implementation of the hospital's adjustment to its FTE cap beginning with the fourth year of the hospital's residency program, the hospital's cap may be adjusted during each of the first 3 years of the hospital's new residency program, using the actual number of residents in the new programs. The adjustment may not exceed the number of accredited slots available to the hospital for each program year.

(7) A hospital that began construction of its facility prior to August 5, 1997, sponsored new medical residency training programs, and temporarily trained those residents at another hospital(s) until the facility was completed may receive an adjustment to its FTE cap.

(i) The newly constructed hospital's FTE cap is equal to the lesser of:

(A) The product of the highest number of residents in any program year during the third year of the first program's existence for all new residency training programs and the number of years in which residents are expected to complete the programs based on the minimum accredited length for each type of program; or

(B) The number of accredited slots available to the hospital for each year of the programs.

(ii) If the medical residency training programs sponsored by the newly constructed hospital have been in existence for 3 years or more by the time the residents begin training at the newly constructed hospital, the newly constructed hospital's cap will be based on the number of residents training in the third year of the first of those programs begun at the temporary training site.

(iii) If the medical residency training programs sponsored by the newly constructed hospital have been in existence for less than 3 years by the time the residents begin training at the newly constructed hospital, the newly constructed hospital's cap will be based on the number of residents training at the newly constructed hospital in the third year of the first of those programs (including the years at the temporary training site).

(iv) The provisions of this paragraph (g)(7) are applicable during portions of cost reporting periods occurring on or after October 1, 1999.

(8) A hospital may receive a temporary adjustment to its FTE cap to reflect residents added because of another hospital's closure if the hospital meets the following criteria:

(i) The hospital is training additional residents from a hospital that closed on or after July 1, 1996.

(ii) At least 60 days before the hospital begins to train the residents, the hospital submits a request to its fiscal intermediary for a temporary adjustment to its FTE cap, documents that the hospital is eligible for this temporary adjustment by identifying the residents who have come from the closed hospital and have caused the hospital to exceed its cap, and specifies the length of time the adjustment is needed.

\* \* \* \* \*

# PART 483—REQUIREMENTS FOR STATES AND LONG-TERM CARE FACILITIES

C. Part 483 is amended as set forth below:

1. The authority citation for Part 483 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 1102 and 1871 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1302 and 1395hh).

2. In § 483.20, the introductory text of paragraph (b)(2) is revised to read as follows:

#### §483.20 Resident assessment.

\* \* \* \* \* \*
(b) Comprehensive assessments.
\* \* \*

(2) When required. Subject to the timeframes prescribed in § 413.343(b) of this chapter, a facility must conduct a comprehensive assessment of a resident in accordance with the timeframes specified in paragraphs (b)(2)(i) through (iii). However, the timeframes prescribed in § 413.343(b) of this chapter do not apply to CAHs.

\* \* \* \* \*

# PART 485—CONDITIONS OF PARTICIPATION: SPECIALIZED PROVIDERS

D. Part 485 is amended as follows: 1. The authority citation for Part 485 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 1102 and 1871 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1302 and 1395hh).

2. Section 485.618 is amended by revising paragraph (d) to read as follows:

#### §485.618 Conditions of participation: Emergency services.

(d) *Standard: Personnel.* There must be a doctor of medicine or osteopathy, a physician assistant, or a nurse practitioner with training or experience in emergency care on call and immediately available by telephone or radio contact, and available on site within the following timeframes:

(1) Within 30 minutes, on a 24-hour a day basis, if the CAH is located in an area other than an area described in paragraph (d)(2) of this section; or

(2) Within 60 minutes, on a 24-hour a day basis, if the following requirements are met:

(i) The CAH is located in an area designated as frontier (that is, an area having fewer than six residents per square mile based on the latest population data published by the Bureau of the Census) or in an area that meets criteria for a remote location adopted by the State in its rural health care plan, and approved by HCFA, under section 1820(b) of the Act;

(ii) The State has determined under criteria in its rural health care plan that allowing an emergency response time longer than 30 minutes is the only feasible method of providing emergency care to residents of the area served by the CAH; and

(iii) The State maintains documentation showing that the response time of up to 60 minutes at a particular CAH it designates are justified because other available alternatives would increase the time needed to stabilize a patient in an emergency.

\* \* \* \* \*

3. In § 485.645, the introductory text of paragraph (d) is republished and paragraph (d)(6) is revised to read as follows:

# §485.645 Special requirements for CAH providers of long-term care services ("swing beds").

\* \* \* \* \*

\*

\*

(d) *SNF services*. CAH is substantially in compliance with the following SNF requirements contained in subpart B of part 483 of this chapter:

(6) Comprehensive assessment, comprehensive care plan, and discharge planning (§ 483.20(b), (d), and (e) of this chapter, except that the CAH is not required to comply with the requirements for frequency, scope and number of assessments prescribed in § 413.343(b)).

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program No. 93.773, Medicare—Hospital Insurance)

Dated: April 9, 1999.

#### Nancy Ann DeParle,

Administrator, Health Care Financing Administration.

Dated: April 26, 1999.

# Donna E. Shalala,

Secretary.

**(Editorial Note:** The following addendum and appendixes will not appear in the Code of Federal Regulations.)

Addendum—Proposed Schedule of Standardized Amounts Effective With Discharges Occurring On or After October 1, 1999; Payment Amounts for Blood Clotting Factor Effective for Discharges Occurring On or After October 1, 1999; and Update Factors and Rate-of-Increase Percentages Effective With Cost Reporting Periods Beginning On or After October 1, 1999

# I. Summary and Background

In this addendum, we are setting forth the proposed amounts and factors for determining prospective payment rates for Medicare inpatient operating costs and Medicare inpatient capital-related costs. We are also setting forth proposed rate-of-increase percentages for updating the target amounts for hospitals and hospital units excluded from the prospective payment system.

For discharges occurring on or after October 1, 1999, except for sole community hospitals, Medicaredependent, small rural hospitals, and hospitals located in Puerto Rico, each hospital's payment per discharge under the prospective payment system will be based on 100 percent of the Federal national rate.

Sole community hospitals are paid based on whichever of the following rates yields the greatest aggregate payment: the Federal national rate, the updated hospital-specific rate based on FY 1982 cost per discharge, or the updated hospital-specific rate based on FY 1987 cost per discharge. Medicaredependent, small rural hospitals are paid based on the Federal national rate or, if higher, the Federal national rate plus 50 percent of the difference between the Federal national rate and the updated hospital-specific rate based on FY 1982 or FY 1987 cost per discharge, whichever is higher. For hospitals in Puerto Rico, the payment per discharge is based on the sum of 50 percent of a Puerto Rico rate and 50 percent of a national rate.

As discussed below in section II, we are proposing to make changes in the determination of the prospective payment rates for Medicare inpatient operating costs for FY 2000. The changes, to be applied prospectively, would affect the calculation of the Federal rates. In section III of this addendum, we are proposing updates to the payments per unit for blood clotting factor provided to hospital inpatients who have hemophilia. We also are proposing to add another product (clotting factor, porcine (HCPCS code J7191)) to the list of clotting factors that would be paid under this benefit.

In section IV of this addendum, we discuss our proposed changes for

determining the prospective payment rates for Medicare inpatient capitalrelated costs for FY 2000. Section V of this addendum sets forth our proposed changes for determining the rate-ofincrease limits for hospitals excluded from the prospective payment system for FY 2000. The tables to which we refer in the preamble to the proposed rule are presented at the end of this addendum in section VI.

# II. Proposed Changes to Prospective Payment Rates for Inpatient Operating Costs for FY 2000

The basic methodology for determining prospective payment rates for inpatient operating costs is set forth at § 412.63 for hospitals located outside of Puerto Rico. The basic methodology for determining the prospective payment rates for inpatient operating costs for hospitals located in Puerto Rico is set forth at §§ 412.210 and 412.212. Below, we discuss the proposed factors used for determining the prospective payment rates. The Federal and Puerto Rico rate changes, once issued as final, would be effective with discharges occurring on or after October 1, 1999. As required by section 1886(d)(4)(C) of the Act, we must also adjust the DRG classifications and weighting factors for discharges in FY 2000.

In summary, the proposed standardized amounts set forth in Tables 1A and 1C of section VI of this addendum reflect—

• Updates of 0.9 percent for all areas (that is, the market basket percentage increase of 2.7 percent minus 1.8 percentage points);

• An adjustment to ensure budget neutrality as provided for in sections 1886(d)(4)(C)(iii) and (d)(3)(E) of the Act by applying new budget neutrality adjustment factors to the large urban and other standardized amounts;

• An adjustment to ensure budget neutrality as provided for in section 1886(d)(8)(D) of the Act by removing the FY 1999 budget neutrality factor and applying a revised factor;

• An adjustment to apply the revised outlier offset by removing the FY 1999 outlier offsets and applying a new offset; and

• An adjustment in the Puerto Rico standardized amounts to reflect the application of a Puerto Rico-specific wage index.

# A. Calculation of Adjusted Standardized Amounts

1. Standardization of Base-Year Costs or Target Amounts

Section 1886(d)(2)(A) of the Act required the establishment of base-year

cost data containing allowable operating costs per discharge of inpatient hospital services for each hospital. The preamble to the September 1, 1983 interim final rule (48 FR 39763) contains a detailed explanation of how base-year cost data were established in the initial development of standardized amounts for the prospective payment system and how they are used in computing the Federal rates.

Section 1886(d)(9)(B)(i) of the Act required us to determine the Medicare target amounts for each hospital located in Puerto Rico for its cost reporting period beginning in FY 1987. The September 1, 1987 final rule contains a detailed explanation of how the target amounts were determined and how they are used in computing the Puerto Rico rates (52 FR 33043, 33066).

The standardized amounts are based on per discharge averages of adjusted hospital costs from a base period or, for Puerto Rico, adjusted target amounts from a base period, updated and otherwise adjusted in accordance with the provisions of section 1886(d) of the Act. Sections 1886(d)(2)(B) and (C) of the Act required us to update base-year per discharge costs for FY 1984 and then standardize the cost data in order to remove the effects of certain sources of variation in cost among hospitals. These effects include case mix, differences in area wage levels, cost-ofliving adjustments for Alaska and Hawaii, indirect medical education costs, and payments to hospitals serving a disproportionate share of low-income patients.

Under sections 1886(d)(2)(H) and (d)(3)(E) of the Act, in making payments under the prospective payment system, the Secretary estimates from time to time the proportion of costs that are wages and wage-related costs. Since October 1, 1997, when the market basket was last revised, we have considered 71.1 percent of costs to be labor-related for purposes of the prospective payment system. The average labor share in Puerto Rico is 71.3 percent. We are proposing to revise the dischargeweighted national standardized amount for Puerto Rico to reflect the proportion of discharges in large urban and other areas from the FY 1998 MedPAR file.

2. Computing Large Urban and Other Area Averages

Sections 1886(d)(2)(D) and (3) of the Act require the Secretary to compute two average standardized amounts for discharges occurring in a fiscal year: one for hospitals located in large urban areas and one for hospitals located in other areas. In addition, under sections 1886(d)(9)(B)(iii) and (C)(i) of the Act, the average standardized amount per discharge must be determined for hospitals located in urban and other areas in Puerto Rico. Hospitals in Puerto Rico are paid a blend of 50 percent of the applicable Puerto Rico standardized amount and 50 percent of a national standardized payment amount.

Section 1886(d)(2)(D) of the Act defines "urban area" as those areas within a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA). A "large urban area" is defined as an urban area with a population of more than 1,000,000. In addition, section 4009(i) of Public Law 100-203 provides that a New England County Metropolitan Area (NECMA) with a population of more than 970,000 is classified as a large urban area. As required by section 1886(d)(2)(D) of the Act, population size is determined by the Secretary based on the latest population data published by the Bureau of the Census. Urban areas that do not meet the definition of a "large urban area" are referred to as "other urban areas." Areas that are not included in MSAs are considered "rural areas" under section 1886(d)(2)(D) of the Act. Payment for discharges from hospitals located in large urban areas will be based on the large urban standardized amount. Payment for discharges from hospitals located in other urban and rural areas will be based on the other standardized amount.

Based on 1997 population estimates published by the Bureau of the Census, 61 areas meet the criteria to be defined as large urban areas for FY 2000. These areas are identified by a footnote in Table 4A.

3. Updating the Average Standardized Amounts

Under section 1886(d)(3)(A) of the Act, we update the area average standardized amounts each year. In accordance with section 1886(d)(3)(A)(iv) of the Act, we are proposing to update the large urban areas' and the other areas' average standardized amounts for FY 2000 using the applicable percentage increases specified in section 1886(b)(3)(B)(i) of the Act. Section 1886(b)(3)(B)(i)(XV) of the Act specifies that, for hospitals in all areas, the update factor for the standardized amounts for FY 2000 is equal to the market basket percentage increase minus 1.8 percentage points.

The percentage change in the market basket reflects the average change in the price of goods and services purchased by hospitals to furnish inpatient care. The most recent forecast of the proposed hospital market basket increase for FY 2000 is 2.7 percent. Thus, for FY 2000, the proposed update to the average standardized amounts equals 0.9 percent.

As in the past, we are adjusting the FY 1999 standardized amounts to remove the effects of the FY 1999 geographic reclassifications and outlier payments before applying the FY 2000 updates. That is, we are increasing the standardized amounts to restore the reductions that were made for the effects of geographic reclassification and outliers. We then apply the new offsets to the standardized amounts for outliers and geographic reclassifications for FY 2000.

Although the update factor for FY 2000 is set by law, we are required by section 1886(e)(3) of the Act to report to the Congress on our initial recommendation of update factors for FY 2000 for both prospective payment hospitals and hospitals excluded from the prospective payment system. For general information purposes, we have included the report to Congress as Appendix C to this proposed rule. Our proposed recommendation on the update factors (which is required by sections 1886(e)(4)(A) and (e)(5)(A) of the Act), as well as our responses to MedPAC's recommendation concerning the update factor, are set forth as Appendix D to this proposed rule.

# 4. Other Adjustments to the Average Standardized Amounts

a. Recalibration of DRG Weights and Updated Wage Index—Budget Neutrality Adjustment. Section  $1886(d)(\check{4})(C)\check{(}iii)$  of the Act specifies that beginning in FY 1991, the annual DRG reclassification and recalibration of the relative weights must be made in a manner that ensures that aggregate payments to hospitals are not affected. As discussed in section II of the preamble, we normalized the recalibrated DRG weights by an adjustment factor, so that the average case weight after recalibration is equal to the average case weight prior to recalibration.

Section 1886(d)(3)(E) of the Act requires us to update the hospital wage index on an annual basis beginning October 1, 1993. This provision also requires us to make any updates or adjustments to the wage index in a manner that ensures that aggregate payments to hospitals are not affected by the change in the wage index.

To comply with the requirement of section 1886(d)(4)(C)(iii) of the Act that DRG reclassification and recalibration of the relative weights be budget neutral, and the requirement in section 1886(d)(3)(E) of the Act that the updated wage index be budget neutral, we used

historical discharge data to simulate payments and compared aggregate payments using the FY 1999 relative weights and wage index to aggregate payments using the proposed FY 2000 relative weights and wage index. The same methodology was used for the FY 1999 budget neutrality adjustment. (See the discussion in the September 1, 1992 final rule (57 FR 39832).) Based on this comparison, we computed a budget neutrality adjustment factor equal to 0.997393. We also adjust the Puerto Rico-specific standardized amounts for the effect of DRG reclassification and recalibration. We computed a budget neutrality adjustment factor for Puerto **Rico-specific standardized amounts** equal to 0.999910. These budget neutrality adjustment factors are applied to the standardized amounts without removing the effects of the FY 1999 budget neutrality adjustments. We do not remove the prior budget neutrality adjustment because estimated aggregate payments after the changes in the DRG relative weights and wage index should equal estimated aggregate payments prior to the changes. If we removed the prior year adjustment, we would not satisfy this condition.

In addition, we are proposing to apply these same adjustment factors to the hospital-specific rates that are effective for cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 1999. (See the discussion in the September 4, 1990 final rule (55 FR 36073).)

b. Reclassified Hospitals—Budget Neutrality Adjustment. Section 1886(d)(8)(B) of the Act provides that certain rural hospitals are deemed urban effective with discharges occurring on or after October 1, 1988. In addition, section 1886(d)(10) of the Act provides for the reclassification of hospitals based on determinations by the Medicare Geographic Classification Review Board (MGCRB). Under section 1886(d)(10) of the Act, a hospital may be reclassified for purposes of the standardized amount or the wage index, or both.

Under section 1886(d)(8)(D) of the Act, the Secretary is required to adjust the standardized amounts so as to ensure that total aggregate payments under the prospective payment system after implementation of the provisions of sections 1886(d)(8)(B) and (C) and 1886(d)(10) of the Act are equal to the aggregate prospective payments that would have been made absent these provisions. To calculate this budget neutrality factor, we used historical discharge data to simulate payments, and compared total prospective payments (including IME and DSH payments) prior to any reclassifications to total prospective payments after reclassifications. Based on these simulations, we are applying an adjustment factor of 0.994453 to ensure that the effects of reclassification are budget neutral.

The adjustment factor is applied to the standardized amounts after removing the effects of the FY 1999 budget neutrality adjustment factor. We note that the proposed FY 2000 adjustment reflects wage index and standardized amount reclassifications approved by the MGCRB or the Administrator as of February 26, 1999. The effects of any additional reclassification changes resulting from appeals and reviews of the MGCRB decisions for FY 2000 or from a hospital's request for the withdrawal of a reclassification request will be reflected in the final budget neutrality adjustment required under section 1886(d)(8)(D) of the Act and published in the final rule for FY 2000

c. Outliers. Section 1886(d)(5)(A) of the Act provides for payments in addition to the basic prospective payments for "outlier" cases, cases involving extraordinarily high costs (cost outliers). Section 1886(d)(3)(B) of the Act requires the Secretary to adjust both the large urban and other area national standardized amounts by the same factor to account for the estimated proportion of total DRG payments made to outlier cases. Similarly, section 1886(d)(9)(B)(iv) of the Act requires the Secretary to adjust the large urban and other standardized amounts applicable to hospitals in Puerto Rico to account for the estimated proportion of total DRG payments made to outlier cases. Furthermore, under section 1886(d)(5)(A)(iv) of the Act, outlier payments for any year must be projected to be not less than 5 percent nor more than 6 percent of total payments based on DRG prospective payment rates.

For FY 1999, the fixed loss cost outlier threshold is equal to the prospective payment for the DRG plus \$11,100 (\$10,129 for hospitals that have not yet entered the prospective payment system for capital-related costs). The marginal cost factor for cost outliers (the percent of costs paid after costs for the case exceed the threshold) is 80 percent. We applied an outlier adjustment to the FY 1999 standardized amounts of 0.948740 for the large urban and other areas rates and 0.9392 for the capital Federal rate.

In accordance with section 1886(d)(5)(A)(iv) of the Act, we calculated proposed outlier thresholds for FY 2000 so that outlier payments are projected to equal 5.1 percent of total payments based on DRG prospective

payment rates. In accordance with section 1886(d)(3)(E), we reduced the proposed FY 2000 standardized amounts by the same percentage to account for the projected proportion of payments paid to outliers. To calculate FY 2000 outlier thresholds, we simulated payments by applying FY 2000 rates and policies to the December 1998 update of the FY 1998 MedPAR file and the December 1998 update of the provider-specific file. As we have explained in the past, to calculate outlier thresholds we apply a cost inflation factor to update costs for the cases used to simulate payments. For FY 1998, we used a cost inflation factor of minus 2.005 percent (a cost per case decrease of 2.005 percent). For FY 1999, we used a cost inflation factor of minus 1.724 percent. To set the proposed FY 2000 outlier thresholds, we used a cost inflation factor (or cost adjustment factor) of zero percent. This factor reflects our analysis of the best available cost report data as well as calculations (using the best available data) indicating that the percentage of actual outlier payments for FY 1998, is higher than we projected before the beginning of FY 1998, and that the percentage of actual outlier payments for FY 1999 will likely be higher than we projected before the beginning of FY 1999. The calculations of "actual" outlier payments are discussed further below. Based on these simulations, we are proposing a fixed loss cost outlier threshold in FY 2000 equal to the prospective payment rate for the DRG plus \$14,575 (\$13,309 for hospitals that have not yet entered the prospective payment system for capitalrelated costs). In addition, we are proposing to maintain the marginal cost factor for cost outliers at 80 percent.

As stated in the September 1, 1993 final rule (58 FR 46348), we establish outlier thresholds that are applicable to both inpatient operating costs and inpatient capital-related costs. When we modeled the combined operating and capital outlier payments, we found that using a common set of thresholds resulted in a higher percentage of outlier payments for capital-related costs than for operating costs. We project that the proposed thresholds for FY 2000 will result in outlier payments equal to 5.1 percent of operating DRG payments and 6.0 percent of capital payments based on the Federal rate.

The proposed outlier adjustment factors applied to the standardized amounts for FY 2000 are as follows:

	Operating standard- ized amounts	Capital Fed- eral rate
National	0.948934	0.9397
Puerto Rico	0.969184	0.9334

We apply the proposed outlier adjustment factors after removing the effects of the FY 1999 outlier adjustment factors on the standardized amounts.

Table 8A in section VI of this addendum contains the updated Statewide average operating cost-tocharge ratios for urban hospitals and for rural hospitals to be used in calculating cost outlier payments for those hospitals for which the intermediary is unable to compute a reasonable hospital-specific cost-to-charge ratio. These Statewide average ratios would replace the ratios published in the July 31, 1998 final rule (63 FR 41099), effective October 1, 1999. Table 8B contains comparable Statewide average capital cost-to-charge ratios. These average ratios would be used to calculate cost outlier payments for those hospitals for which the intermediary computes operating cost-to-charge ratios lower than 0.212473 greater than 1.280336 and capital cost-to-charge ratios lower than 0.0130310 or greater than 0.17166. This range represents 3.0 standard deviations (plus or minus) from the mean of the log distribution of cost-to-charge ratios for all hospitals. We note that the cost-to-charge ratios in Tables 8A and 8B would be used during FY 2000 when hospital-specific cost-tocharge ratios based on the latest settled cost report are either not available or outside the three standard deviations range.

In the July 31, 1998 final rule (63 FR 41009), we stated that, based on available data, we estimated that actual FY 1998 outlier payments would be approximately 5.4 percent of actual total DRG payments. This was computed by simulating payments using actual FY 1997 bill data available at the time. That is, the estimate of actual outlier payments did not reflect actual FY 1998 bills but instead reflected the application of FY 1998 rates and policies to available FY 1997 bills. Our current estimate, using available FY 1998 bills, is that actual outlier payments for FY 1998 were approximately 6.5 percent of actual total DRG payments. We note that the MedPAR file for FY 1998 discharges continues to be updated. Thus, the data indicate that, for FY 1998, the percentage of actual outlier payments relative to actual total payments is higher than we projected before FY 1998 (and thus exceeds the percentage by

which we reduced the standardized amounts for FY 1998). In fact, the data indicate that the proportion of actual outlier payments for FY 1998 exceeds 6 percent. Nevertheless, consistent with the policy and statutory interpretation we have maintained since the inception of the prospective payment system, we do not plan to recoup money and make retroactive adjustments to outlier payments for FY 1998.

We currently estimate that actual outlier payments for FY 1999 will be approximately 6.2 percent of actual total DRG payments, higher than the 5.1 percent we projected in setting outlier policies for FY 1999. This estimate is based on simulations using the December 1998 update of the providerspecific file and the December 1998 update of the FY 1998 MedPAR file (discharge data for FY 1998 bills). We used these data to calculate an estimate of the actual outlier percentage for FY 1999 by applying FY 1999 rates and policies to available FY 1998 bills.

#### 5. FY 2000 Standardized Amounts

The adjusted standardized amounts are divided into labor and nonlabor portions. Table 1A contains the two national standardized amounts that we are proposing to be applicable to all hospitals, except for hospitals in Puerto Rico. Under section 1886(d)(9)(A)(ii) of the Act, the Federal portion of the Puerto Rico payment rate is based on the discharge-weighted average of the national large urban standardized amount and the national other standardized amount (as set forth in Table 1A). The labor and nonlabor portions of the national average standardized amounts for Puerto Rico hospitals are set forth in Table 1C. This table also includes the Puerto Rico standardized amounts.

# B. Adjustments for Area Wage Levels and Cost of Living

Tables 1A and 1C, as set forth in this addendum, contain the proposed laborrelated and nonlabor-related shares that would be used to calculate the prospective payment rates for hospitals located in the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. This section addresses two types of adjustments to the standardized amounts that are made in determining the prospective payment rates as described in this addendum.

#### 1. Adjustment for Area Wage Levels

Sections 1886(d)(3)(E) and 1886(d)(9)(C)(iv) of the Act requires that we make an adjustment to the labor-related portion of the prospective payment rates to account for area differences in hospital wage levels. This

adjustment is made by multiplying the labor-related portion of the adjusted standardized amounts by the appropriate wage index for the area in which the hospital is located. In section III of this preamble, we discuss the data and methodology for the proposed wage index. The proposed wage index is set forth in Tables 4A through 4F of this addendum.

# 2. Adjustment for Cost-of-Living in Alaska and Hawaii

Section 1886(d)(5)(H) of the Act authorizes an adjustment to take into account the unique circumstances of hospitals in Alaska and Hawaii. Higher labor-related costs for these two States are taken into account in the adjustment for area wages described above. For FY 2000, we propose to adjust the payments for hospitals in Alaska and Hawaii by multiplying the nonlabor portion of the standardized amounts by the appropriate adjustment factor contained in the table below. If the Office of Personnel Management releases revised cost-of-living adjustment factors before July 1, 1999, we will publish them in the final rule and use them in determining FY 2000 payments.

# TABLE OF COST-OF-LIVING ADJUST-MENT FACTORS, ALASKA AND HAWAII HOSPITALS

1.25
1.25
1.15
1.225
1.225
1.225

(The above factors are based on data obtained from the U.S. Office of Personnel Management.)

#### C. DRG Relative Weights

As discussed in section II of the preamble, we have developed a classification system for all hospital discharges, assigning them into DRGs, and have developed relative weights for each DRG that reflect the resource utilization of cases in each DRG relative to Medicare cases in other DRGs. Table 5 of section VI of this addendum contains the relative weights that we propose to use for discharges occurring in FY 2000. These factors have been recalibrated as explained in section II of the preamble.

## D. Calculation of Prospective Payment Rates for FY 2000

General Formula for Calculation of Prospective Payment Rates for FY 2000

Prospective payment rate for all hospitals located outside of Puerto Rico except sole community hospitals and Medicare-dependent, small rural hospitals = Federal rate.

Prospective payment rate for sole community hospitals = Whichever of the following rates yields the greatest aggregate payment: 100 percent of the Federal rate, 100 percent of the updated FY 1982 hospital-specific rate, or 100 percent of the updated FY 1987 hospital-specific rate.

Prospective payment rate for Medicare-dependent, small rural hospitals = 100 percent of the Federal rate, or, if the greater of the updated FY 1982 hospital-specific rate or the updated FY 1987 hospital-specific rate is higher than the Federal rate, 100 percent of the Federal rate plus 50 percent of the difference between the applicable hospital-specific rate and the Federal rate.

Prospective payment rate for Puerto Rico = 50 percent of the Puerto Rico rate + 50 percent of a discharge-weighted average of the national large urban standardized amount and the national other standardized amount.

# 1. Federal Rate

For discharges occurring on or after October 1, 1999 and before October 1, 2000, except for sole community hospitals, Medicare-dependent, small rural hospitals, and hospitals in Puerto Rico, the hospital's payment is based exclusively on the Federal national rate.

The payment amount is determined as follows:

Step 1—Select the appropriate national standardized amount considering the type of hospital and designation of the hospital as large urban or other (see Table 1A in section VI of this addendum).

Step 2—Multiply the labor-related portion of the standardized amount by the applicable wage index for the geographic area in which the hospital is located (see Tables 4A, 4B, and 4C of section VI of this addendum).

Step 3—For hospitals in Alaska and Hawaii, multiply the nonlabor-related portion of the standardized amount by the appropriate cost-of-living adjustment factor.

Step 4—Add the amount from Step 2 and the nonlabor-related portion of the standardized amount (adjusted, if appropriate, under Step 3).

Step 5—Multiply the final amount from Step 4 by the relative weight

corresponding to the appropriate DRG (see Table 5 of section VI of this addendum).

2. Hospital-Specific Rate (Applicable Only to Sole Community Hospitals and Medicare-Dependent, Small Rural Hospitals)

Sections 1886(d)(5)(D)(i) and (b)(3)(C) of the Act provide that sole community hospitals are paid based on whichever of the following rates yields the greatest aggregate payment: the Federal rate, the updated hospital-specific rate based on FY 1982 cost per discharge, or the updated hospital-specific rate based on FY 1987 cost per discharge.

Sections 1886(d)(5)(G) and (b)(3)(D) of the Act provide that Medicaredependent, small rural hospitals are paid based on whichever of the following rates yields the greatest aggregate payment: the Federal rate or the Federal rate plus 50 percent of the difference between the Federal rate and the greater of the updated hospitalspecific rate based on FY 1982 and FY 1987 cost per discharge.

Hospital-specific rates have been determined for each of these hospitals based on both the FY 1982 cost per discharge and the FY 1987 cost per discharge. For a more detailed discussion of the calculation of the FY 1982 hospital-specific rate and the FY 1987 hospital-specific rate, we refer the reader to the September 1, 1983 interim final rule (48 FR 39772); the April 20, 1990 final rule with comment (55 FR 15150); and the September 4, 1990 final rule (55 FR 35994).

a. Updating the FY 1982 and FY 1987 Hospital-Specific Rates for FY 2000. We are proposing to increase the hospitalspecific rates by 0.9 percent (the hospital market basket percentage increase of 2.7 percent minus 1.8 percentage points) for sole community hospitals and Medicare-dependent, small rural hospitals located in all areas for FY 2000. Section 1886(b)(3)(C)(iv) of the Act provides that the update factor applicable to the hospital-specific rates for sole community hospitals equals the update factor provided under section 1886(b)(3)(B)(iv) of the Act, which, for FY 2000, is the market basket rate of increase minus 1.8 percentage points. Section 1886(b)(3)(D) of the Act provides that the update factor applicable to the hospital-specific rates for Medicare-dependent, small rural hospitals equals the update factor provided under section 1886(b)(3)(B)(iv) of the Act, which, for FY 2000, is the market basket rate of increase minus 1.8 percentage points.

*b. Calculation of Hospital-Specific Rate.* For sole community hospitals and Medicare-dependent, small rural hospitals, the applicable FY 2000 hospital-specific rate would be calculated by increasing the hospital's hospital-specific rate for the preceding fiscal year by the applicable update factor (0.9 percent), which is the same as the update for all prospective payment hospitals. In addition, the hospital-specific rate would be adjusted by the budget neutrality adjustment factor (that is, 0.997393) as discussed in section II.A.4.a of this Addendum. This resulting rate would be used in determining under which rate a sole community hospital or Medicaredependent, small rural hospital is paid for its discharges beginning on or after October 1, 1999, based on the formula

3. General Formula for Calculation of Prospective Payment Rates for Hospitals Located in Puerto Rico Beginning On or After October 1, 1999 and Before October 1, 2000.

set forth above.

*a. Puerto Rico Rate.* The Puerto Rico prospective payment rate is determined as follows:

Step 1—Select the appropriate adjusted average standardized amount considering the large urban or other designation of the hospital (see Table 1C of section VI of the addendum).

Step 2—Multiply the labor-related portion of the standardized amount by the appropriate Puerto Rico-specific wage index (see Table 4F of section VI of the addendum).

Step 3—Add the amount from Step 2 and the nonlabor-related portion of the standardized amount.

Step 4—Multiply the result in Step 3 by 50 percent.

Step 5—Multiply the amount from Step 4 by the appropriate DRG relative weight (see Table 5 of section VI of the addendum).

*b. National Rate.* The national prospective payment rate is determined as follows:

Step 1—Multiply the labor-related portion of the national average standardized amount (see Table 1C of section VI of the addendum) by the appropriate national wage index (see Tables 4A and 4B of section VI of the addendum).

Step 2—Add the amount from Step 1 and the nonlabor-related portion of the national average standardized amount.

Step 3—Multiply the result in Step 2 by 50 percent.

Step 4—Multiply the amount from Step 3 by the appropriate DRG relative weight (see Table 5 of section VI of the addendum).

The sum of the Puerto Rico rate and the national rate computed above equals the prospective payment for a given discharge for a hospital located in Puerto Rico.

# III. Proposed Changes to the Payment Rates for Blood Clotting Factor for Hemophilia Inpatients

As discussed in our August 29, 1997 final rule with comment period (62 FR 46002) and our May 12, 1998 final rule (63 FR 26327), section 4452 of Public Law 105–33 amended section 6011(d) of Public Law 101–239 to reinstate the add-on payment for the costs of administering blood clotting factor to Medicare beneficiaries who have hemophilia and who are hospital inpatients for discharges occurring on or after October 1, 1997.

We are proposing to calculate the addon payment for FY 2000 using the same methodology we described in the August 29, 1997 and May 12, 1998 final rules. That is, we are proposing to establish a price per unit of clotting factor based on the average wholesale price (AWP). To identify the AWP, we are using the most recent data available from First DataBank, a commercial source of AWPs in electronic format. The add-on payment amount for each clotting factor, as described by HCFA's Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS), is based on the median AWP of the several products available in that category of factor, discounted by 15 percent.

We also are proposing to add HCPCS code J7191 (clotting factor, porcine) to the list of clotting factors that will be paid under this benefit. This code was recently reestablished in the HCPCS coding system because it represents a unique product that is different from the other clotting factors listed.

J7191 Factor VIII (antihemophilic factor, porcine) ..... 1.87 J7192 Factor VIII (antihemophilic factor, recombinant) ..... 1.03 J7194 Factor IX (complex) ..... 0.45 J7196 Other hemophilia clotting factors (for example, anti-inhibitors) ... 1.43 Q0160 Factor IX (antihemophilic factor, purified, nonrecombinant) ... 0.97 Q0161 Factor IX (antihemophilic factor, purified, recombinant) ...... 1.00 These prices for blood clotting factor administered to inpatients who have hemophilia would be effective for discharges beginning on or after October

discharges beginning on or after October 1, 1999 through September 30, 2000. Payment will be made for blood clotting factor only if there is an ICD–9–CM diagnosis code for hemophilia included on the bill.

# IV. Proposed Changes to Payment Rates for Inpatient Capital-Related Costs for FY 2000

The prospective payment system for hospital inpatient capital-related costs was implemented for cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 1991. Effective with that cost reporting period and during a 10-year transition period extending through FY 2001, hospital inpatient capital-related costs are paid on the basis of an increasing proportion of the capital prospective payment system Federal rate and a decreasing proportion of a hospital's historical costs for capital.

The basic methodology for determining Federal capital prospective rates is set forth at §§ 412.308 through 412.352. Below we discuss the factors that we used to determine the proposed Federal rate and the hospital-specific rates for FY 2000. The rates would be effective for discharges occurring on or after October 1, 1999.

For FY 1992, we computed the standard Federal payment rate for capital-related costs under the prospective payment system by updating the FY 1989 Medicare inpatient capital cost per case by an actuarial estimate of the increase in Medicare inpatient capital costs per case. Each year after FY 1992, we update the standard Federal rate, as provided in §412.308(c)(1), to account for capital input price increases and other factors. Also, §412.308(c)(2) provides that the Federal rate is adjusted annually by a factor equal to the estimated proportion of outlier payments under the Federal rate to total capital payments under the Federal rate. In addition, §412.308(c)(3) requires that the Federal rate be reduced by an adjustment factor equal to the estimated proportion of payments for exceptions under §412.348. Furthermore, §412.308(c)(4)(ii) requires that the Federal rate be adjusted so that the annual DRG reclassification and the recalibration of DRG weights and changes in the geographic adjustment factor are budget neutral. For FYs 1992 through 1995, § 412.352 required that the Federal rate also be adjusted by a budget neutrality factor so that aggregate payments for inpatient hospital capital costs were projected to equal 90 percent of the payments that would have been made for capital-related costs on a reasonable cost basis during the fiscal year. That provision expired in FY 1996. Section 412.308(b)(2) describes the 7.4 percent reduction to the rate that was made in FY 1994, and § 412.308(b)(3) describes the 0.28 percent reduction to the rate made in FY 1996 as a result of

the revised policy of paying for transfers. In the FY 1998 final rule with comment period (62 FR 45966) we implemented section 4402 of the BBA, which requires that for discharges occurring on or after October 1, 1997, and before October 1, 2002, the unadjusted standard Federal rate is reduced by 17.78 percent. A small part of that reduction will be restored effective October 1, 2002. As a result of the February 25, 1999 final rule (64 FR 9378), the Federal rate changed effective March 1, 1999, because of revisions to the GAF.

For each hospital, the hospitalspecific rate was calculated by dividing the hospital's Medicare inpatient capital-related costs for a specified base year by its Medicare discharges (adjusted for transfers), and dividing the result by the hospital's case mix index (also adjusted for transfers). The resulting case-mix adjusted average cost per discharge was then updated to FY 1992 based on the national average increase in Medicare's inpatient capital cost per discharge and adjusted by the exceptions payment adjustment factor and the budget neutrality adjustment factor to yield the FY 1992 hospitalspecific rate. Since FY 1992, the hospital-specific rate has been updated annually for inflation and for changes in the exceptions payment adjustment factor. For FYs 1992 through 1995, the hospital-specific rate was also adjusted by a budget neutrality adjustment factor. For discharges occurring on or after October 1, 1997, and before October 1, 2002, the unadjusted hospital-specific rate is reduced by 17.78 percent. A small part of this reduction will be restored effective October 1, 2002.

To determine the appropriate budget neutrality adjustment factor and the exceptions payment adjustment factor, we developed a dynamic model of Medicare inpatient capital-related costs, that is, a model that projects changes in Medicare inpatient capital-related costs over time. With the expiration of the budget neutrality provision, the model is still used to estimate the exceptions payment adjustment and other factors. The model and its application are described in greater detail in Appendix B of this proposed rule.

In accordance with section 1886(d)(9)(A) of the Act, under the prospective payment system for inpatient operating costs, hospitals located in Puerto Rico are paid for operating costs under a special payment formula. Prior to FY 1998, hospitals in Puerto Rico were paid a blended rate that consisted of 75 percent of the applicable standardized amount specific to Puerto Rico hospitals and 25 percent

of the applicable national average standardized amount. However, effective October 1, 1998, as a result of section 4406 of the BBA, operating payments to hospitals in Puerto Rico are based on a blend of 50 percent of the applicable standardized amount specific to Puerto Rico hospitals and 50 percent of the applicable national average standardized amount. In conjunction with this change to the operating blend percentage, effective with discharges on or after October 1, 1997, we compute capital payments to hospitals in Puerto Rico based on a blend of 50 percent of the Puerto Rico rate and 50 percent of the Federal rate. Section 412.374 provides for the use of this blended payment system for payments to Puerto Rico hospitals under the prospective payment system for inpatient capitalrelated costs. Accordingly, for capitalrelated costs we compute a separate payment rate specific to Puerto Rico hospitals using the same methodology used to compute the national Federal rate for capital.

## A. Determination of Federal Inpatient Capital-Related Prospective Payment Rate Update

In the July 31, 1998 final rule (63 FR 41011) we established a capital Federal rate of \$378.05 for FY 1999. As of the March 1, 1999 revision, the Federal rate for FY 1999 is \$378.10. As a result of the changes we are proposing to the factors used to establish the Federal rate in this preamble, the proposed FY 2000 Federal rate is \$374.31.

In the discussion that follows, we explain the factors that were used to determine the proposed FY 2000 capital Federal rate. In particular, we explain why the proposed FY 2000 Federal rate has decreased 1.00 percent compared to the FY 1999 Federal rate. Even though the proposed FY 2000 Federal capital rate is less than the FY 1999 Federal rate, we estimate aggregate capital payments will increase by 2.66 percent during this same period. This increase is primarily due to the increase in the Federal blend percentage from 80 to 90 percent for fully prospective payment hospitals.

Total payments to hospitals under the prospective payment system are relatively unaffected by changes in the capital prospective payments. Since capital payments constitute about 10 percent of hospital payments, a 1 percent change in the capital Federal rate yields only about 0.1 percent change in actual payments to hospitals. Aggregate payments under the capital prospective payment transition system are estimated to increase in FY 2000 compared to FY 1999.

# 1. Standard Federal Rate Update

a. Description of the Update Framework. Under section 412.308(c)(1), the standard Federal rate is updated on the basis of an analytical framework that takes into account changes in a capital input price index and other factors. The update framework consists of a capital input price index (CIPI) and several policy adjustment factors. Specifically, we have adjusted the projected CIPI rate of increase as appropriate each year for case-mix index related changes, for intensity, and for errors in previous CIPI forecasts. The proposed update factor for FY 2000 under that framework is -0.6 percent. This proposal is based on a projected 0.5 percent increase in the CIPI, a -0.7 percent adjustment for the FY 1998 DRG reclassification and recalibration, and a forecast error correction of -0.4 percent. We explain the basis for the FY 2000 CIPI projection in section II.D of this addendum. Here we describe the policy adjustments that have been applied.

The case-mix index is the measure of the average DRG weight for cases paid under the prospective payment system. Because the DRG weight determines the prospective payment for each case, any percentage increase in the case-mix index corresponds to an equal percentage increase in hospital payments.

The case-mix index can change for any of several reasons:

• The average resource use of Medicare patients changes ("real" casemix change);

• Changes in hospital coding of patient records result in higher weight DRG assignments ("coding effects"); and

• The annual DRG reclassification and recalibration changes may not be budget neutral ("reclassification effect").

We define real case-mix change as actual changes in the mix (and resource requirements) of Medicare patients as opposed to changes in coding behavior that result in assignment of cases to higher-weighted DRGs but do not reflect higher resource requirements. In the update framework for the prospective payment system for operating costs, we adjust the update upwards to allow for real case-mix change, but remove the effects of coding changes on the casemix index. We also remove the effect on total payments of prior changes to the DRG classifications and relative weights, in order to retain budget neutrality for all case-mix index-related changes other than patient severity. (For example, we adjusted for the effects of the FY 1998 DRG reclassification and

recalibration as part of our FY 2000 update recommendation.) We have adopted this case-mix index adjustment in the capital update framework as well.

For FY 2000, we are projecting a 0.5 percent increase in the case-mix index. We estimate that real case-mix increase will equal 0.5 percent in FY 2000. Therefore, the proposed net adjustment for case-mix change in FY 2000 is 0.0 percentage points.

We estimate that FY 1998 DRG reclassification and recalibration resulted in a 0.7 percent change in the case mix when compared with the casemix index that would have resulted if we had not made the reclassification and recalibration changes to the DRGs. Therefore, we are making a -0.7percent adjustment for DRG reclassification and recalibration in the proposed update for FY 2000.

The capital update framework contains an adjustment for forecast error. The input price index forecast is based on historical trends and relationships ascertainable at the time the update factor is established for the upcoming year. In any given year there may be unanticipated price fluctuations that may result in differences between the actual increase in prices and the forecast used in calculating the update factors. In setting a prospective payment rate under the framework, we make an adjustment for forecast error only if our estimate of the change in the capital input price index for any year is off by 0.25 percentage points or more. There is a 2-year lag between the forecast and the measurement of the forecast error. A forecast error of -0.4 percentage points was calculated for the FY 1998 update. That is, current historical data indicate that the FY 1998 CIPI used in calculating the forecasted FY 1998 update factor overstated realized price increases by 0.4 percent. Therefore, we are making a -0.4 percent adjustment for forecast error in the proposed update for FY 2000.

Under the capital prospective payment system update framework, we also make an adjustment for changes in intensity. We calculate this adjustment using the same methodology and data as in the framework for the operating prospective payment system. The intensity factor for the operating update framework reflects how hospital services are utilized to produce the final product, that is, the discharge. This component accounts for changes in the use of quality-enhancing services, changes in within-DRG severity, and expected modification of practice patterns to remove cost-ineffective services.

We calculate case-mix constant intensity as the change in total charges per admission, adjusted for price level changes (the CPI hospital component), and changes in real case mix. The use of total charges in the calculation of the proposed intensity factor makes it a total intensity factor, that is, charges for capital services are already built into the calculation of the factor. Therefore, we have incorporated the intensity adjustment from the operating update framework into the capital update framework. Without reliable estimates of the proportions of the overall annual intensity increases that are due, respectively, to ineffective practice patterns and to the combination of quality-enhancing new technologies and within-DRG complexity, we assume, as in the revised operating update framework, that one-half of the annual increase is due to each of these factors. The capital update framework thus provides an add-on to the input price index rate of increase of one-half of the estimated annual increase in intensity to allow for within-DRG severity increases and the adoption of quality-enhancing technology.

For FY 2000, we have developed a Medicare-specific intensity measure based on a 5-year average using FY 1994–1998 data. In determining casemix constant intensity, we found that observed case-mix increase was 0.8 percent in FY 1994, 1.7 percent in FY 1995, 1.6 percent in FY 1996, 0.3 percent in FY 1997, and -0.4 percent in FY 1998. For FY 1995 and FY 1996, we estimate that real case-mix increase was 1.0 to 1.4 percent each year. The estimate for those years is supported by past studies of case-mix change by the RAND Corporation. The most recent study was "Has DRG Creep Crept Up? Decomposing the Case Mix Index Change Between 1987 and 1988" by G. M. Carter, J.P. Newhouse, and D.A. Relles, R-4098-HCFA/ProPAC (1991). The study suggested that real case-mix change was not dependent on total change, but was usually a fairly steady 1.0 to 1.5 percent per year. We use 1.4 percent as the upper bound because the RAND study did not take into account that hospitals may have induced doctors to document medical records more completely in order to improve payment. Following that study, we consider up to 1.4 percent of observed case-mix change as real for FY 1994 through FY 1998. Based on this analysis, we believe that all of the observed case-mix increase for FY 1994, FY 1997 and FY 1998 is real. The increases for FY 1995 and FY 1996 were

in excess of our estimate of real case mix increase.

We calculate case-mix constant intensity as the change in total charges per admission, adjusted for price level changes (the CPI hospital component), and changes in real case-mix. Given estimates of real case mix of 0.8 percent for FY 1994, 1.0 percent for FY 1995, 1.0 percent for FY 1996, 0.3 percent for FY 1997, and -0.4 for FY 1998, we estimate that case-mix constant intensity declined by an average 1.3 percent during FYs 1994 through 1998, for a cumulative decrease of 6.3 percent. If we assume that real case-mix increase was 0.8 percent for FY 1994, 1.4 percent for FY 1995, 1.4 percent for FY 1996, 0.3 percent for FY 1997, and -0.4 for FY 1998, we estimate that case-mix constant intensity declined by an average 1.5 percent during FYs 1994 through 1998, for a cumulative decrease of 7.1 percent. Since we estimate that intensity has declined during that period, we are recommending a 0.0 percent intensity adjustment for FY 2000

b. Comparison of HCFA and MedPAC Update Recommendations. MedPAC recommends a -1.1 to 1.8 percent update to the standard capital Federal rate and we are recommending a -0.6percent update. There are some significant differences between the HCFA and MedPAC update frameworks, which account for the difference in the respective update recommendations. A major difference is the input price index that each framework uses as a beginning point to estimate the change in input prices since the previous year. The HCFA capital input price index (the CIPI) includes price measures for interest expense, which are an indicator of the interest rates facing hospitals during their capital purchasing decisions. The MedPAC capital market basket does not include interest expense; instead the MedPAC update framework includes a financing policy adjustment when necessary to account for the prolonged changes in interest rates. HCFA's CIPI is vintage-weighted, meaning that it takes into account price changes from past purchases of capital when determining the current period update. MedPAC's capital market basket is not vintage-weighted, accounting only for the current year price changes. This year, due to the difference between HCFA's and MedPAC's input price index, the percentage change in HCFA's CIPI is 0.5 percent, and the percentage change in MedPAC's market basket is 1.9 percent.

MedPAC and HCFA also differ in the adjustments they make to their price indices. (See Table 1 for a comparison of HCFA and MedPAC's update recommendations.) MedPAC makes an adjustment for productivity, while HČFA has not adopted an adjustment for capital productivity or efficiency. MedPAC employs the same productivity adjustment in its operating and capital framework. We have identified a total intensity factor but have not identified an adequate total productivity measure. For the FY 2000 update, the Commission is also including a site-ofcare substitution adjustment to account for the decline in the average length of Medicare acute inpatient stays. This adjustment is designed to shift funding along with associated costs when Medicare patients are discharged to postacute settings that replace acute impatient days. Other factors, such as technological advances that allow for a decreased need in follow-up care and BBA mandated policy on payment for transfer cases that limits payments within certain DRGs, are reflected in the site-of-care substitution adjustment as well. A negative intensity adjustment would capture the site of care substitution accounted for in MedPAC's update framework. However, we did not make a negative adjustment for intensity this year. We may examine the appropriateness of adopting a negative intensity adjustment at a later date.

MedPAC recommends a -1.8 to a -0.9 adjustment for site-of-care substitutions for FY 2000. For FY 2000, MedPAC recommends a -1.0 to a 0.0 adjustment for productivity. We recommend a 0.0 intensity adjustment. Additionally, since long-term interest rates are low by historical standards,

MedPAC recommends a -0.3 to a 0.0 adjustment to the update for FY 2000, to reflect changes in the real interest rates.

We recommend a 0.0 total case mix adjustment since we are projecting a 0.5 percent increase in the case mix index and we estimate that real case-mix increase will equal 0.5 percent in FY 2000. MedPAC makes a two-part adjustment for case mix changes, which takes into account changes in case mix in the past year. They recommend a 0.0 adjustment for coding change and an 0.0 to 0.2 adjustment for within-DRG complexity change. We recommend a -0.4 adjustment for forecast error correction, and MedPAC recommends a -0.4 adjustment for forecast error correction.

The net result of these adjustments is that MedPAC has recommended a -1.1to 1.8 percent update to the capital Federal rate for FY 2000. MedPAC believes that the annual updates to the capital and operating payments under the prospective payment system should not differ substantially, even though they are determined separately, since they correspond to costs generated by providing the same inpatient hospital services to the same Medicare patients. This range for the capital update is consistent with the prospective payment system operating update range of 0.0 to 2.6 recommended by the Commission. We describe the basis for our proposed -0.6 percent total update in the preceding section. Our recommendation is within the range recommended by MedPAC.

Also, MedPAC argued that the distinction between inpatient operating and capital payment rates is arbitrary and does not foster efficient overall decision making about the allocation of resources. Accordingly, MedPAC recommended that once the transition to fully perspective capital payment is completed, a single PPS payment rate should be developed for hospital inpatient services to Medicare beneficiaries. MedPAC indicated that a single PPS payment rate for both operating and capital PPS costs would be consistent with the way that hospitals purchase a majority of goods and services.

We responded to a similar comment in the July 31, 1998 final rule (63 FR 41013) and in the September 1, 1995 final rule (60 FR 45816). In those rules, we stated that our long-term goal was to develop a single update framework for operating and capital prospective payments and that we would begin development of a unified framework. We indicated that, in the meantime, we would maintain as much consistency as possible between the current operating and capital frameworks in order to facilitate the eventual development of a unified framework. In addition, we stated that because of the similarity of the update frameworks, the update frameworks could be combined without too much difficulty. We maintain our goal of combining the update frameworks at the end of the capital transition period and may examine combining the payment systems after the conclusion of the capital prospective payment transition period.

# TABLE 1.—HCFA'S FY 2000 UPDATE FACTOR AND MEDPAC'S RECOMMENDATION

	HCFA's update factor	MedPAC's recommenda- tion
Capital Input Price Index Financing Policy Adjustment	0.5	1.9
Capital Input Price Index Financing Policy Adjustment Financing Policy Adjustment		-0.3 to 0.0
Policy Adjustment Factors:		
Productivity		- 1.0 to 0.0
Intensity	0.0	
Science and Technology		0.5 to 1.0
Intensity		(1)
Real within DRG Change		(2)
Site-of-Care Substitution		-1.8 to -0.9
Subtotal Case-Mix Adjustment Factors:	0.0	-2.3 to 0.1
Projected Case-Mix Change	-0.5	
Real Across DRG Change		
Coding Change	0.0	0.0
Real within DRG Change	(3)	0.0 to 0.2
Subtotal	0.0	0.0 to 0.2
Effect of FY 1998 Reclassification and Recalibration	0.7	
Forecast Error Correction	-0.4	-0.4

# TABLE 1.—HCFA'S FY 2000 UPDATE FACTOR AND MEDPAC'S RECOMMENDATION—Continued

	HCFA's update factor	MedPAC's recommenda- tion
Total Update	-0.6	-1.1 to 1.8

<sup>1</sup> Included in MedPAC's productivity measure. <sup>2</sup> Included in MedPAC's case-mix adjustment.

<sup>3</sup> Included in HCFA's intensity factor.

# 2. Outlier Payment Adjustment Factor

Section 412.312(c) establishes a unified outlier methodology for inpatient operating and inpatient capital-related costs. A single set of thresholds is used to identify outlier cases for both inpatient operating and inpatient capital-related payments. Outlier payments are made only on the portion of the Federal rate that is used to calculate the hospital's inpatient capital-related payments (for example, 90 percent for cost reporting periods beginning in FY 2000 for hospitals paid under the fully prospective payment methodology). Section 412.308(c)(2) provides that the standard Federal rate for inpatient capital-related costs be reduced by an adjustment factor equal to the estimated proportion of outlier payments under the Federal rate to total inpatient capital-related payments under the Federal rate. The outlier thresholds are set so that operating outlier payments are projected to be 5.1 percent of total operating DRG payments. The inpatient capital-related outlier reduction factor reflects the inpatient capital-related outlier payments that would be made if all hospitals were paid 100 percent of the Federal rate. For purposes of calculating the outlier thresholds and the outlier reduction factor, we model payments as if all hospitals were paid 100 percent of the Federal rate because, as explained above, outlier payments are made only on the portion of the Federal rate that is included in the hospital's inpatient capital-related payments.

În the July 31, 1998 final rule, we estimated that outlier payments for capital in FY 1999 would equal 6.08 percent of inpatient capital-related payments based on the Federal rate (63 FR 41013). Accordingly, we applied an outlier adjustment factor of 0.9392 to the Federal rate. Based on the thresholds as set forth in section II.A.4.d of this Addendum, we estimate that outlier payments for capital will equal 6.03 percent of inpatient capital-related payments based on the Federal rate in FY 2000. Therefore, we are proposing an outlier adjustment factor of 0.9397 to the Federal rate. Thus, estimated capital outlier payments for FY 2000 represent

a lower percentage of total capital standard payments than in FY 1999.

The outlier reduction factors are not built permanently into the rates; that is, they are not applied cumulatively in determining the Federal rate. Therefore, the proposed net change in the outlier adjustment to the Federal rate for FY 2000 is 1.0005 (0.9397/0.9392). The outlier adjustment increases the FY 2000 Federal rate by 0.05 percent compared with the FY 1999 outlier adjustment.

3. Budget Neutrality Adjustment Factor for Changes in DRG Classifications and Weights and the Geographic Adjustment Factor

Section 412.308(c)(4)(ii) requires that the Federal rate be adjusted so that aggregate payments for the fiscal year based on the Federal rate after any changes resulting from the annual DRG reclassification and recalibration and changes in the GAF are projected to equal aggregate payments that would have been made on the basis of the Federal rate without such changes. We use the actuarial model, described in Appendix B of this proposed rule, to estimate the aggregate payments that would have been made on the basis of the Federal rate without changes in the DRG classifications and weights and in the GAF. We also use the model to estimate aggregate payments that would be made on the basis of the Federal rate as a result of those changes. We then use these figures to compute the adjustment required to maintain budget neutrality for changes in DRG weights and in the GAF.

For FY 1999, we calculated a GAF/ DRG budget neutrality factor of 1.0027. In the February 25, 1999 final rule (64 FR 9381), we adopted an incremental GAF/DRG budget neutrality factor of 1.0028 for discharges on or after March 1, 1999. For FY 2000, we are proposing a GAF/DRG budget neutrality factor of 0.9986. The GAF/DRG budget neutrality factors are built permanently into the rates; that is, they are applied cumulatively in determining the Federal rate. This follows from the requirement that estimated aggregate payments each year be no more than they would have

been in the absence of the annual DRG reclassification and recalibration and changes in the GAF. The proposed incremental change in the adjustment from FY 1999 to FY 2000 is 0.9986. The proposed cumulative change in the rate due to this adjustment is 1.0015 (the product of the incremental factors for FY 1993, FY 1994, FY 1995, FY 1996, FY 1997, FY 1998, FY 1999, and the proposed incremental factor for FY  $2000: 0.9980 \times 1.0053 \times 0.9998 \times 0.9994$  $\times 0.9987 \times 0.9989 \times 1.0028 \times 0.9986 =$ 1.0015).

This proposed factor accounts for DRG reclassifications and recalibration and for changes in the GAF. It also incorporates the effects on the GAF of FY 2000 geographic reclassification decisions made by the MGCRB compared to FY 1999 decisions. However, it does not account for changes in payments due to changes in the DSH and IME adjustment factors or in the large urban add-on.

4. Exceptions Payment Adjustment Factor

Section 412.308(c)(3) requires that the standard Federal rate for inpatient capital-related costs be reduced by an adjustment factor equal to the estimated proportion of additional payments for exceptions under § 412.348 relative to total payments under the hospitalspecific rate and Federal rate. We use the model originally developed for determining the budget neutrality adjustment factor to determine the exceptions payment adjustment factor. We describe that model in Appendix B to this proposed rule.

For FY 1999, we estimated that exceptions payments would equal 2.17 percent of aggregate payments based on the Federal rate and the hospitalspecific rate. Therefore, we applied an exceptions reduction factor of 0.9783 (1-0.0217) in determining the Federal rate. For this proposed rule, we estimate that exceptions payments for FY 2000 will equal 2.48 percent of aggregate payments based on the Federal rate and the hospital-specific rate. Therefore, we are proposing an exceptions payment reduction factor of 0.9752 to the Federal rate for FY 2000. The proposed

exceptions reduction factor for FY 2000 is 0.32 percent lower than the factor for FY 1999.

The exceptions reduction factors are not built permanently into the rates; that is, the factors are not applied cumulatively in determining the Federal rate. Therefore, the proposed net adjustment to the FY 2000 Federal rate is 0.9752/0.9783, or 0.9968.

5. Standard Capital Federal Rate for FY 2000

For FY 1999 (effective March 1, 1999), the capital Federal rate was \$378.10. As a result of changes we are proposing to the factors used to establish the Federal rate, the proposed FY 2000 Federal rate is \$374.31. The proposed Federal rate for FY 2000 was calculated as follows:

• The proposed FY 2000 update factor is 0.9940; that is, the proposed update is -0.60 percent.

• The proposed FY 2000 budget neutrality adjustment factor that is applied to the standard Federal payment rate for changes in the DRG relative weights and in the GAF is 0.9986.

The proposed FY 2000 outlier adjustment factor is 0.9397.
The proposed FY 2000 exceptions payments adjustment factor is 0.9752.

Since the Federal rate has already been adjusted for differences in case mix, wages, cost of living, indirect medical education costs, and payments to hospitals serving a disproportionate share of low-income patients, we propose to make no additional adjustments in the standard Federal rate for these factors other than the budget neutrality factor for changes in the DRG relative weights and the GAF.

We are providing a chart that shows how each of the factors and adjustments for FY 2000 affected the computation of

the proposed FY 2000 Federal rate in comparison to the FY 1999 Federal rate. The proposed FY 2000 update factor has the effect of decreasing the Federal rate by 0.60 percent compared to the rate in FY 1999, while the proposed geographic and DRG budget neutrality factor has the effect of decreasing the Federal rate by 0.14 percent. The proposed FY 2000 outlier adjustment factor has the effect of increasing the Federal rate by 0.05 percent compared to FY 1999. The proposed FY 2000 exceptions reduction factor has the effect of decreasing the Federal rate by 0.32 percent compared to the exceptions reduction for FY 1999. The combined effect of all the proposed changes is to decrease the proposed Federal rate by 1.00 percent compared to the Federal rate for FY 1999.

COMPARISON OF FACTORS AND ADJUSTMENTS: FY 1999 FEDERAL RATE AND PROPOSED FY 2000 FEDERAL RATE

	FY 1999	Proposed FY 2000	Change	Percent change
Update factor <sup>1</sup>	1.0010	0.9940	0.9940	-0.60
GAF/DRG Adjustment Factor <sup>1</sup>	1.0028	0.9986	0.9986	-0.14
Outlier Adjustment Factor <sup>2</sup>	0.9392	0.9397	1.0005	0.05
Exceptions Adjustment Factor <sup>2</sup>	0.9783	0.9752	0.9968	-0.32
Federal Rate	\$378.10	\$374.31	0.9900	-1.00

<sup>1</sup> The update factor and the GAF/DRG budget neutrality factors are built permanently into the rates. Thus, for example, the incremental change from FY 1999 to FY 2000 resulting from the application of the 0.9986 GAF/DRG budget neutrality factor for FY 2000 is 0.9986.

<sup>2</sup> The outlier reduction factor and the exceptions reduction factor are not built permanently into the rates; that is, these factors are not applied cumulatively in determining the rates. Thus, for example, the net change resulting from the application of the FY 2000 outlier reduction factor is 0.9397/0.9392, or 1.0005.

#### 6. Special Rate for Puerto Rico Hospitals

As explained at the beginning of section IV of this Addendum, hospitals in Puerto Rico are paid based on 50 percent of the Puerto Rico rate and 50 percent of the Federal rate. The Puerto Rico rate is derived from the costs of Puerto Rico hospitals only, while the Federal rate is derived from the costs of all acute care hospitals participating in the prospective payment system (including Puerto Rico). To adjust hospitals' capital payments for geographic variations in capital costs, we apply a geographic adjustment factor (GAF) to both portions of the blended rate. The GAF is calculated using the operating PPS wage index and varies depending on the MSA or rural area in which the hospital is located. We use the Puerto Rico wage index to determine the GAF for the Puerto Rico part of the capital blended rate and the national wage index to determine the GAF for the national part of the blended rate.

Since we implemented a separate GAF for Puerto Rico in 1998, we also propose to apply separate budget neutrality adjustments for the national GAF and for the Puerto Rico GAF. We apply the same budget neutrality factor for DRG reclassifications and recalibration nationally and for Puerto Rico. The Puerto Rico GAF budget neutrality factor is 1.0015, while the DRG adjustment is 1.0001, for a combined cumulative adjustment of 1.0016.

In computing the payment for a particular Puerto Rico hospital, the Puerto Rico portion of the rate (50 percent) is multiplied by the Puerto Rico-specific GAF for the MSA in which the hospital is located, and the national portion of the rate (50 percent) is multiplied by the national GAF for the MSA in which the hospital is located (which is computed from national data for all hospitals in the United States and Puerto Rico). In FY 1998, we implemented a 17.78 percent reduction to the Puerto Rico rate as a result of the BBA. For FY 1999, before application of the GAF, the special rate for Puerto Rico hospitals was \$181.10. With the changes we are proposing to the factors used to determine the rate, the proposed FY

2000 special rate for Puerto Rico is \$174.15.

# *B. Determination of Hospital-Specific Rate Update*

Section 412.328(e) of the regulations provides that the hospital-specific rate for FY 2000 be determined by adjusting the FY 1999 hospital-specific rate by the following factors:

1. Hospital-Specific Rate Update Factor

The hospital-specific rate is updated in accordance with the update factor for the standard Federal rate determined under § 412.308(c)(1). For FY 2000, we are proposing that the hospital-specific rate be updated by a factor of 0.9940.

2. Exceptions Payment Adjustment Factor

For FYs 1992 through FY 2001, the updated hospital-specific rate is multiplied by an adjustment factor to account for estimated exceptions payments for capital-related costs under § 412.348, determined as a proportion of the total amount of payments under the hospital-specific rate and the Federal rate. For FY 2000, we estimate that exceptions payments will be 2.48 percent of aggregate payments based on the Federal rate and the hospitalspecific rate. Therefore, we propose that the updated hospital-specific rate be reduced by a factor of 0.9752. The exceptions reduction factors are not built permanently into the rates; that is, the factors are not applied cumulatively in determining the hospital-specific rate. The proposed net adjustment to the FY 2000 hospital-specific rate is 0.9752/0.9783, or 0.9968.

3. Net Change to Hospital-Specific Rate

We are providing a chart to show the net change to the hospital-specific rate. The chart shows the factors for FY 1999 and FY 2000 and the net adjustment for each factor. It also shows that the proposed cumulative net adjustment from FY 1999 to FY 2000 is 0.9908, which represents a proposed decrease of 0.92 percent to the hospital-specific rate. For each hospital, the proposed FY 2000 hospital-specific rate is determined by multiplying the FY 1999 hospital-specific rate by the cumulative net adjustment of 0.9908.

PROPOSED FY 2000 UPDATE AND ADJUSTMENTS TO HOSPITAL-SPECIFIC RATE
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	FY 1999	Proposed FY 2000	Net adjust- ment	Percent change
Update Factor	1.0010	0.9940	0.9940	$-0.60 \\ -0.32 \\ -0.92$
Exceptions Payment Adjustment Factor	0.9783	0.9752	0.9968	
Cumulative Adjustments	0.9793	0.9703	0.9908	

Note: The update factor for the hospital-specific rate is applied cumulatively in determining the rates. Thus, the incremental increase in the update factor from FY 1999 to FY 2000 is 0.9940. In contrast, the exceptions payment adjustment factor is not applied cumulatively. Thus, for example, the incremental increase in the exceptions reduction factor from FY 1999 to FY 2000 is 0.9752/0.9783, or 0.9968.

## *C. Calculation of Inpatient Capital-Related Prospective Payments for FY* 2000

During the capital prospective payment system transition period, a hospital is paid for the inpatient capitalrelated costs under one of two payment methodologies-the fully prospective payment methodology or the holdharmless methodology. The payment methodology applicable to a particular hospital is determined when a hospital comes under the prospective payment system for capital-related costs by comparing its hospital-specific rate to the Federal rate applicable to the hospital's first cost reporting period under the prospective payment system. The applicable Federal rate was determined by making adjustments as follows:

• For outliers by dividing the standard Federal rate by the outlier reduction factor for that fiscal year; and,

• For the payment adjustment factors applicable to the hospital (that is, the hospital's GAF, the disproportionate share adjustment factor, and the indirect medical education adjustment factor, when appropriate).

If the hospital-specific rate is above the applicable Federal rate, the hospital is paid under the hold-harmless methodology. If the hospital-specific rate is below the applicable Federal rate, the hospital is paid under the fully prospective methodology.

For purposes of calculating payments for each discharge under both the holdharmless payment methodology and the fully prospective payment methodology, the standard Federal rate is adjusted as follows:

- (Standard Federal Rate)  $\times$  (DRG weight)  $\times$  (GAF)  $\times$  (Large Urban Add-on, if applicable)  $\times$
- (COLA adjustment for hospitals located in Alaska and Hawaii) × (1 + Disproportionate Share Adjustment Factor + IME Adjustment Factor, if applicable).

The result is the adjusted Federal rate. Payments under the hold-harmless

methodology are determined under one of two formulas. A hold-harmless hospital is paid the higher of the following:

 100 percent of the adjusted Federal rate for each discharge; or

• An old capital payment equal to 85 percent (100 percent for sole community hospitals) of the hospital's allowable Medicare inpatient old capital costs per discharge for the cost reporting period plus a new capital payment based on a percentage of the adjusted Federal rate for each discharge. The percentage of the adjusted Federal rate equals the ratio of the hospital's allowable Medicare new capital costs to its total Medicare inpatient capital-related costs in the cost reporting period.

Once a hospital receives payment based on 100 percent of the adjusted Federal rate in a cost reporting period beginning on or after October 1, 1994 (or the first cost reporting period after obligated capital that is recognized as old capital under § 412.302(c) is put in use for patient care, if later), the hospital continues to receive capital prospective payment system payments on that basis for the remainder of the transition period.

Payment for each discharge under the fully prospective methodology is the sum of the following:

• The hospital-specific rate multiplied by the DRG relative weight

for the discharge and by the applicable hospital-specific transition blend percentage for the cost reporting period; and

• The adjusted Federal rate multiplied by the Federal transition blend percentage.

The blend percentages for cost reporting periods beginning in FY 2000 are 90 percent of the adjusted Federal rate and 10 percent of the hospitalspecific rate.

Hospitals may also receive outlier payments for those cases that qualify under the thresholds established for each fiscal year. Section 412.312(c) provides for a single set of thresholds to identify outlier cases for both inpatient operating and inpatient capital-related payments. Outlier payments are made only on that portion of the Federal rate that is used to calculate the hospital's inpatient capital-related payments. For fully prospective hospitals, that portion is 90 percent of the Federal rate for discharges occurring in cost reporting periods beginning during FY 2000. Thus, a fully prospective hospital will receive 90 percent of the capital-related outlier payment calculated for the case for discharges occurring in cost reporting periods beginning in FY 2000. For hold-harmless hospitals paid 85 percent of their reasonable costs for old inpatient capital, the portion of the Federal rate that is included in the hospital's outlier payments is based on the hospital's ratio of Medicare inpatient costs for new capital to total Medicare inpatient capital costs. For hold-harmless hospitals that are paid 100 percent of the Federal rate, 100 percent of the Federal rate is included in the hospital's outlier payments.

The proposed outlier thresholds for FY 2000 are in section II.A.4.c of this

Addendum. For FY 2000, a case qualifies as a cost outlier if the cost for the case (after standardization for the indirect teaching adjustment and disproportionate share adjustment) is greater than the prospective payment rate for the DRG plus \$14,575.

During the capital prospective payment system transition period, a hospital may also receive an additional payment under an exceptions process if its total inpatient capital-related payments are less than a minimum percentage of its allowable Medicare inpatient capital-related costs. The minimum payment level is established by class of hospital under § 412.348. The proposed minimum payment levels for portions of cost reporting periods occurring in FY 2000 are:

• Sole community hospitals (located in either an urban or rural area), 90 percent;

• Urban hospitals with at least 100 beds and a disproportionate share patient percentage of at least 20.2 percent; and

• Urban hospitals with at least 100 beds that qualify for disproportionate share payments under § 412.106(c)(2), 80 percent; and

• All other hospitals, 70 percent.

Under § 412.348(d), the amount of the exceptions payment is determined by comparing the cumulative payments made to the hospital under the capital prospective payment system to the cumulative minimum payment levels applicable to the hospital for each cost reporting period subject to that system. Any amount by which the hospital's cumulative minimum payment is deducted from the additional payment that would otherwise be payable for a cost reporting period.

New hospitals are exempted from the capital prospective payment system for their first 2 years of operation and are paid 85 percent of their reasonable costs during that period. A new hospital's old capital costs are its allowable costs for capital assets that were put in use for patient care on or before the later of December 31, 1990 or the last day of the hospital's base year cost reporting period, and are subject to the rules pertaining to old capital and obligated capital as of the applicable date. Effective with the third year of operation, we will pay the hospital under either the fully prospective methodology, using the appropriate transition blend in that Federal fiscal year, or the hold-harmless methodology. If the hold-harmless methodology is applicable, the hold-harmless payment for assets in use during the base period would extend for 8 years, even if the

hold-harmless payments extend beyond the normal transition period.

## D. Capital Input Price Index

#### 1. Background

Like the prospective payment hospital operating input price index, the Capital Input Price Index (CIPI) is a fixedweight price index that measures the price changes associated with costs during a given year. The CIPI differs from the operating input price index in one important aspect-the CIPI reflects the vintage nature of capital, which is the acquisition and use of capital over time. Capital expenses in any given year are determined by the stock of capital in that year (that is, capital that remains on hand from all current and prior capital acquisitions). An index measuring capital price changes needs to reflect this vintage nature of capital. Therefore, the CIPI was developed to capture the vintage nature of capital by using a weighted-average of past capital purchase prices up to and including the current vear.

Using Medicare cost reports, AHA data, and Securities Data Corporation data, a vintage-weighted price index was developed to measure price increases associated with capital expenses. We periodically update the base year for the operating and capital input prices to reflect the changing composition of inputs for operating and capital expenses. Currently, the CIPI is based to FY 1992 and was last rebased in 1997. The most recent explanation of the CIPI was discussed in the final rule with comment period for FY 1998 published in the August 29, 1997 Federal Register (62 FR 46050). The following Federal Register documents also describe development and revisions of the methodology involved with the construction of the CIPI: September 1, 1992 (57 FR 40016), May 26, 1993 (58 FR 30448), September 1, 1993 (58 FR 46490), May 27, 1994 (59 FR 27876), September 1, 1994 (59 FR 45517), June 2, 1995 (60 FR 29229), and September 1, 1995 (60 FR 45815), May 31, 1996 (61 FR 27466), August 30, 1996 (61 FR 46196), June 2, 1997 (62 FR 29953), August 29, 1997 (62 FR 46050), May 8, 1998 (63 FR 25619), and July 31, 1998 (63 FR 41017).

# 2. Forecast of the CIPI for Federal Fiscal Year 2000

We are forecasting the CIPI to increase 0.5 percent for FY 2000. This reflects a projected 1.6 percent increase in vintage-weighted depreciation prices (building and fixed equipment, and movable equipment) and a 3.2 percent increase in other capital expense prices in FY 2000, partially offset by a 3.2 percent decline in vintage-weighted interest rates in FY 2000. The weighted average of these three factors produces the 0.5 percent increase for the CIPI as a whole.

# V. Proposed Changes to Payment Rates for Excluded Hospitals and Hospital Units: Rate-of-Increase Percentages

# A. Rate-of-Increase Percentages for Excluded Hospitals and Hospital Units

The inpatient operating costs of hospitals and hospital units excluded from the prospective payment system are subject to rate-of-increase limits established under the authority of section 1886(b) of the Act, which is implemented in regulations at §413.40. Under these limits, a hospital-specific target amount (expressed in terms of the inpatient operating cost per discharge) is set for each hospital, based on the hospital's own historical cost experience trended forward by the applicable rate-of-increase percentages (update factors). In the case of a psychiatric hospital or hospital unit, rehabilitation hospital or hospital unit, or long-term care hospital, the target amount may not exceed the updated figure for the 75th percentile of target amounts for hospitals and units in the same class (psychiatric, rehabilitation, and long-term care) for cost reporting periods ending during FY 1996. The target amount is multiplied by the number of Medicare discharges in a hospital's cost reporting period, yielding the ceiling on aggregate Medicare inpatient operating costs for the cost reporting period.

Each hospital-specific target amount is adjusted annually, at the beginning of each hospital's cost reporting period, by an applicable update factor.

Section 1886(b)(3)(B) of the Act, which is implemented in regulations at §413.40(c)(3)(vii), provides that for cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 1999 and before October 1, 2000, the update factor depends on the hospital's or hospital unit's costs in relation to the ceiling. For hospitals with costs exceeding the ceiling by 10 percent or more, the update factor is the market basket increase. For hospitals with costs exceeding the ceiling by less than 10 percent, the update factor is the market basket minus .25 percent for each percentage point by which costs are less than 10 percent over the ceiling. For hospitals with costs equal to or less than the ceiling but greater than 66.7 percent of the ceiling, the update factor is the greater of 0 percent or the market basket minus 2.5 percent. For hospitals with costs that do not exceed 66.7

percent of the ceiling, the update factor is 0.

The most recent forecast of the market basket increase for FY 2000 for hospitals and hospital units excluded from the prospective payment system is 2.6 percent. Therefore, the update to a hospital's target amount for its cost reporting period beginning in FY 2000 would be between 0 and 2.6 percent.

In addition, §413.40(c)(4)(iii) requires that for cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 1999 and before October 1, 2000, the target amount for each psychiatric hospital or hospital unit, rehabilitation hospital or hospital unit, and long-term care hospital cannot exceed a cap on the target amounts for hospitals in the same class. For cost reporting periods beginning in FY 2000, the proposed caps are \$11,076 for psychiatric hospitals and hospital units, \$20,071 for rehabilitation hospitals and hospital units, and \$39,596 for longterm care hospitals. Regulations at § 413.40(d) specify the formulas for determining bonus and relief payments for excluded hospitals and specify established criteria for an additional bonus payment for continuous improvement. Regulations at § 413.40(f)(2)(ii) specify the payment methodology for new hospitals and

hospital units (psychiatric, rehabilitation, and long-term care) effective October 1, 1997.

# VI. Tables

This section contains the tables referred to throughout the preamble to this proposed rule and in this Addendum. For purposes of this proposed rule, and to avoid confusion, we have retained the designations of Tables 1 through 5 that were first used in the September 1, 1983 initial prospective payment final rule (48 FR 39844). Tables 1A, 1C, 1D, 3C, 4A, 4B, 4C, 4D, 4E, 4F, 5, 7A, 7B, 8A, and 8B are presented below. The tables presented below are as follows:

- Table 1A—National Adjusted Operating Standardized Amounts, Labor/ Nonlabor
- Table 1C—Adjusted Operating Standardized Amounts for Puerto Rico, Labor/Nonlabor
- Table 1D—Capital Standard Federal Payment Rate
- Table 3C—Hospital Case Mix Indexes for Discharges Occurring in Federal Fiscal Year 1998 and Hospital Average Hourly Wage for Federal Fiscal Year 2000 Wage Index
- Table 4A—Wage Index and Capital Geographic Adjustment Factor (GAF) for Urban Areas

- Table 4B—Wage Index and Capital Geographic Adjustment Factor (GAF) for Rural Areas
- Table 4C—Wage Index and Capital Geographic Adjustment Factor (GAF) for Hospitals That Are Reclassified
- Table 4D—Average Hourly Wage for Urban Areas
- Table 4E—Average Hourly Wage for Rural Areas
- Table 4F—Puerto Rico Wage Index and Capital Geographic Adjustment Factor (GAF)
- Table 5—List of Diagnosis Related Groups (DRGs), Relative Weighting Factors, Geometric Mean Length of Stay, and Arithmetic Mean Length of Stay Points Used in the Prospective Payment System
- Table 7A—Medicare Prospective Payment System Selected Percentile Lengths of Stay FY 98 MEDPAR Update 12/98 GROUPER V16.0
- Table 7B—Medicare Prospective Payment System Selected Percentile Lengths of Stay FY 98 MEDPAR Update 12/98 GROUPER V17.0
- Table 8A—Statewide Average Operating Cost-to-Charge Ratios for Urban and Rural Hospitals (Case Weighted) March 1999

TABLE 1A.—NATIONAL ADJUSTED OPERATING STANDARDIZED AMOUNTS, LABOR/NONLABOR

Large urban areas		Other	areas
Labor-related	Nonlabor-related	Labor-related	Nonlabor-related
2,804.51	1,139.95	2,760.12	1,121.90

# TABLE 1C.—ADJUSTED OPERATING STANDARDIZED AMOUNTS FOR PUERTO RICO, LABOR/NONLABOR

	Large urb	an areas	Other areas		
	Labor	Nonlabor	Labor	Nonlabor	
National Puerto Rico	2,780.77 1,335.82	1,130.30 537.70	2,780.77 1,314.67	1,130.30 529.19	

# TABLE 1D.—CAPITAL STANDARD FEDERAL PAYMENT RATE

	Rate
National	374.31
Puerto Rico	174.15

TABLE 3C .- HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C .- HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C .- HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
010001	1.4554	15.85	010086	1.0101	14.93	020014	1.4452	18.50
010004	0.9916	15.02	010087	1.7240	18.39	020017	1.4913	24.97
010005	1.1743	16.26	010089	1.2016	16.61	020018	0.9175	
010006	1.4464	17.31	010090	1.6543	18.11	020019	0.7991	
010007	1.1415	14.80	010091	0.9852	16.36	020021	0.7833	
010008	1.1818	17.65	010092	1.4229	16.25	020024	1.1070	22.73
010009	1.0947	17.53	010094	1.1553	18.56	020025	0.8911	27.15
010010	1.0813	15.91	010095	1.0478	11.90	020026	1.2510	
010011	1.5845	20.63	010097	0.8658	12.90	020027	0.9446	
010012	1.2638	19.30	010098	0.9903	14.28	030001	1.2609	19.47
010015	1.0478	18.35	010099	1.1704	15.93	030002	1.8047	21.41
010016 010018	1.2449	18.96	010100 010101	1.2946 1.0189	15.48	030003 030004	2.2773 0.9879	23.68
010019	1.2752	15.49	010102	0.9304	12.73	030006	1.5274	17.64
010021	1.2478	14.63	010103	1.8373	19.09	030007	1.2554	18.56
010022	0.9572	20.51	010104	1.6940	17.84	030008	2.1835	
010023	1.6841	16.26	010108	1.1487	8.43	030009	1.2480	17.93
010024	1.4253	16.03	010109	1.0505	14.09	030010	1.3865	18.80
010025	1.3495	14.53	010110	0.9677	15.91	030011	1.4370	20.08
010027	0.8128	14.93	010112	1.1430	15.11	030012	1.2400	19.28
010029	1.5973	16.41	010113	1.6124	17.24	030012	1.3439	17.62
010031	1.4197	18.02	010114	1.2547	17.26	030013	1.2707	21.02
010032	0.8709	12.65	010115	0.8486	13.75	030014	1.5090	19.47
010033	1.9994	19.23	010118	1.2460	17.93	030016	1.2344	20.56
010034	1.0469	14.73	010119	0.8454	18.17	030017	1.4184	19.80
010035	1.2391	17.48	010120	0.9887	17.03	030018	1.8588	18.91
010036	1.0924	22.58	010121	1.2837	15.18	030019	1.2360	19.91
010038	1.2343	18.33	010123	1.1677	18.16	030022	1.4920	15.79
010039*	1.6327	18.81	010124	1.2293	16.27	030023	1.4956	22.44
010040	1.4992	19.10	010125	1.0592	14.42	030024*	1.7461	21.86
010043	1.0500	16.20	010126	1.1226	17.64	030025	0.9555	17.67
010044	1.0251	17.02	010127	1.3140	19.61	030027	0.9637	17.56
010045	1.1784	15.01	010128	0.9181	12.57	030030	1.6444	21.62
010046	1.4732	17.18	010129	1.0657	14.43	030033	1.2359	16.84
010047	0.9281	16.38	010130	1.0438	16.35	030034	0.9867	19.09
010049	1.1802	14.48	010131	1.3316 0.8091	17.91	030035	1.1565	19.72 18.94
010050 010051	0.8974	9.94	010134 010138	0.8091	12.13	030036 030037	1.2807 2.0840	21.43
010052	1.0154	13.86	010138	1.6352	12.13	030038	1.6154	21.43
010052	1.0510	13.18	010133	1.2331	15.67	030040	1.0766	17.97
010054	1.1343	17.12	010144	1.4122	17.12	030041	0.8876	17.44
010055	1.4214	18.19	010145	1.3320	19.99	030043	1.2210	20.58
010056	1.3310	19.08	010146	1.1893	18.86	030044	0.8783	16.47
010058	1.0341	12.78	010148	0.9793	14.64	030047	0.8953	19.69
010059	1.0571	18.19	010149	1.2499	17.08	030049	0.8732	19.09
010061	1.1108	15.92	010150	1.0444	16.87	030054	0.8646	14.49
010062	1.0103	13.57	010152	1.2458	15.08	030055	1.2321	18.28
010064	1.7507	20.90	010155	1.0820	16.70	030059	1.2861	21.05
010065	1.3275	15.64	020001	1.5225	27.97	030060	1.1438	16.77
010066	0.8966	12.07	020001	0.8749		030061	1.6876	17.35
010068	1.3058	18.74	020002	1.0518	26.91	030062	1.1773	17.48
010069	1.1341	13.57	020004	1.1822	26.40	030064	1.7545	18.54
010072	1.0767	14.35	020005	0.8955	29.01	030065	1.8106	19.93
010073	0.8779	12.83	020006	1.1279	26.77	030067	1.0273	15.62
010078	1.2917	17.71	020007	0.8238	24.96	030068	1.0198	17.35
010079	1.1849	16.87	020009	0.8160	23.18	030069	1.3658	19.00
010080	4 6252	13.85	020010	0.9401	18.64	030071	0.9615	
010081 010083	1.6352	10.92	020011	0.9160	29.47	030073	1.0330	
010083	1.0573	16.21 18.78	020012 020013	1.2784 0.9595	23.92 26.82	030074 030075	0.8723 0.8002	
010085	1.5014		020013	1.1175		030076	0.8839	
	1.3174	20.43	020014	1.11/3	24.09	030070	0.0039	

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
030077	0.8563		040060	0.9756	11.47	050042	1.2702	22.23
030078	1.1466		040062	1.6588	17.28	050043	1.4929	33.51
030079	0.9065		040064	1.0572	12.40	050045	1.2651	20.73
030080	1.3765	19.99	040066	1.0456	17.64	050046	1.1767	26.35
030083	1.2782	23.64	040067	1.0993	13.49	050047	1.5561	29.44
030084	1.1334		040069	1.0282	16.11	050051	1.1204	17.84
030085	1.4665	17.84	040070	0.9322	15.48	050054	1.1916	19.37
030087	1.6818	20.39	040071	1.6635	16.12	050055	1.2420	29.09
030088	1.3654	19.58	040072	1.0381	15.84	050056	1.3412	23.82
030089	1.6757	19.50	040074	1.2312	17.38	050057	1.6051	21.27
030092	1.5829	21.56	040075	1.0116	12.75	050058	1.4966	25.37
030093	1.4182	19.47	040076	1.0811	18.55	050060	1.5503	20.92
030094	1.2704	19.78	040077	1.0517	12.46	050061	1.4118	23.74
030095	1.1383	14.25	040078	1.5208	17.86	050063*	1.3493	23.07
030099	0.9405	18.07	040080	1.0062	15.74	050065	1.6823	21.18
030100	2.0377		040081	0.8665	10.68	050066	1.3020	21.42
030101	1.4091		040082	1.0845	16.51	050067	1.2472	21.30
030102	2.6049		040082	1.1071	17.25	050068	1.1039	28.48
040001	1.0898	15.57	040085	1.1521	15.78	050069	1.6089	29.30
040001	1.1548	14.09	040088	1.3888	15.67	050070	1.2353	32.60
	1.1009			0.8936			1.3248	
040003	1.6240	14.00	040090		17.55 17.04	050071	1.3246	33.14
040004		-	040091	1.1718	-	050072		32.97
040005	1.0392	12.88	040093	0.9205	12.90	050073	1.2629	34.61
040007	1.6923	19.52	040100	1.1466	14.97	050074	0.8073	
040008	1.0369	12.70	040105	0.9914	14.24	050075	1.3484	33.52
040011	0.9437	12.27	040106	0.9670	15.40	050076	2.0314	33.88
040014	1.3239	15.39	040107	1.0684	19.62	050077	1.5621	23.22
040015	1.2153	14.60	040109	1.1501	13.98	050078	1.2974	25.98
040016	1.6757	17.54	040114	1.8323	18.31	050079	1.4850	30.03
040017	1.1681	14.95	040116	1.1343	19.57	050082	1.6712	21.70
040018	1.2213	17.56	040118	1.4187	17.43	050084	1.6107	23.10
040019	1.0343	25.71	040119	1.1546	14.62	050088	0.9686	24.06
040020	1.6155	14.81	040124	1.0493	17.25	050089	1.3384	19.12
040021	1.1803	16.28	040126	0.9485	11.68	050090	1.2640	23.81
040022	1.4732	16.00	040132		13.18	050091	1.0925	22.22
040024	0.9967	15.73	040134	2.7108		050092	0.8469	15.38
040025	0.9089	10.95	040135	2.3711		050093	1.5659	24.08
040026	1.5803	18.24	050002	1.4958	27.60	050095		33.38
040027	1.2533	14.54	050006	1.4137	19.53	050096	1.1356	21.67
040028	1.0058	12.84	050007	1.4826	29.54	050097	1.5113	22.61
040029	1.2994	17.78	050008	1.4218	25.86	050099	1.4590	23.66
040030	0.8774	14.15	050009	1.6817	26.25	050100	1.6407	30.06
040032	0.9640	13.33	050013	1.9898	24.85	050101	1.3575	30.01
040035	0.9449	11.21	050014	1.2086	24.53	050102	1.3583	21.29
040036	1.4553	17.91	050015	1.4488	25.38	050103*	1.5762	25.38
040037	1.0573	13.48	050016	1.1530	20.15	050104	1.4490	25.44
040039	1.2280	13.84	050017*	2.0931	23.63	050107	1.4605	21.76
040040	0.9016	17.43	050018	1.3662	14.66	050108	1.8355	26.46
040041	1.2600	13.36	050021		28.50	050109		26.48
040041	1.3395	22.59	050022	1.6635	22.55	050110	1.2159	20.18
040042	1.1970	14.66	050024	1.3224	20.34	050111	1.2944	21.74
040044	1.0388	11.44	050025*	1.7835	20.30	050112	1.3623	26.31
040045	1.0120	18.77	050026*	1.5148	28.57	050113	1.3163	27.73
040047	1.0272	16.39	050028	1.3534	16.45	050114	1.3788	25.91
040048		15.82	050029	1.4007	23.29	050115	1.4961	20.94
040050	1.1538	11.79	050030	1.3133	21.01	050116	1.5241	24.81
040051	1.0863	16.28	050033	1.4634	24.56	050117	1.3978	20.44
040053	1.0741	15.82	050036	1.7263	20.47	050118	1.1846	23.94
040054	0.9793	15.02	050038	1.3484	27.83	050121	1.2928	18.94
040055	1.4239	16.10	050039	1.6233	22.25	050121	1.5685	
040058	1.0515		050039	1.1965		050122	1.2796	23.02
0+0000	1.0010	10.07		1.1303	00.07	000127	1.2130	20.02

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
050405	1 2662	24.04	050228	1.3089	20.46	050320	1 2001	10.54
050125	1.3663 1.4556	24.04 23.84	050228	1.4112	30.16 25.30	050329	1.2991 1.3646	19.54 25.53
050126			050230			050331		
050127	1.2518	19.76	050231	1.6440	25.63	050334	1.7493	32.02
050128	1.6084	24.18	050232	1.5636	23.38	050335	1.4570	21.04
050129	1.7494	13.86	050233		31.40	050336	1.3561	20.10
050131	1.2640	29.06	050234	1.1512	27.98	050342	1.2512	21.90
050132	1.3640	22.91	050235	1.5544	25.86	050343	0.9711	17.24
050133	1.2704	24.40	050236	1.5146	26.27	050348	1.7865	20.71
050135	1.4808	27.03	050238	1.5288	24.00	050349	0.8866	15.05
050136	1.3536	24.43	050239*	1.5967	20.55	050350	1.4046	23.77
050137	1.2990	30.07	050240	1.5246	25.18	050351	1.4821	24.94
050138	2.0444	37.41	050241	1.1378	27.22	050352	1.3151	23.59
050139	1.2535	31.38	050242	1.4446	30.14	050353	1.6183	23.25
050140	1.3204	33.66	050243	1.5312	22.91	050355	0.8385	17.16
050144	1.4207	25.75	050245	1.5041	22.10	050357	1.3583	23.64
050145	1.3756	33.06	050248	1.2054	25.99	050359	1.2481	20.40
050146	1.5841		050251	1.1113	18.50	050360	1.4309	31.76
050148	1.1044	21.06	050253	1.4184	19.76	050366	1.3334	21.40
				-				-
050149	1.4969	21.91	050254	1.1991	19.69	050367	1.2586	29.48
050150	1.2679	23.48	050256	1.7681	21.74	050369	1.3031	19.87
050152	1.3293	28.42	050257	0.9509	19.59	050373	1.4037	21.92
050153	1.6402	29.59	050260	0.9690	23.52	050376	1.4260	25.30
050155	1.0988	22.94	050261	1.2103	20.45	050377	1.0300	25.64
050158	1.2998	27.67	050262	1.8148	28.30	050377	0.8258	
050159	1.3323	25.21	050264	1.3466	29.45	050378	1.0916	22.24
050167	1.3726	21.68	050267	1.6936	24.75	050379	1.0223	16.90
050168	1.5375	24.56	050270	1.3630	23.83	050380	1.6105	30.58
050169	1.4739	24.64	050272	1.3986	21.44	050382	1.3610	21.00
050170	1.4500	22.20	050274	0.9467	21.19	050385	1.3408	25.92
050172	1.2520	17.70	050276	1.1725	28.51	050388	0.8708	13.20
050173	1.3744	23.33	050276	1.4351	23.14	050390	1.1966	22.39
050174	1.7008	31.21	050277	1.4815	22.31	050391	1.3438	22.42
050175	1.2719	27.38	050278	1.5070	23.84	050392	0.9321	21.93
	1.1869	20.25		1.2886	21.04		1.5689	21.33
050177			050279			050394		
050179	1.2306	19.29	050280	1.6534	24.46	050396	1.6448	23.63
050180	1.5813	32.19	050282	1.3492	23.98	050397	0.9378	20.77
050183	1.2743	19.98	050286	0.9172	17.80	050401	1.1055	17.78
050186	1.3455	21.91	050289	1.7279	28.87	050404	1.0623	19.28
050188	1.4391	27.44	050290	1.6741	26.37	050406	1.0266	17.12
050189	0.9661	23.24	050291	1.1709	26.49	050407	1.2842	30.12
050191	1.4683	19.96	050292	1.1236	22.38	050410	1.0721	16.47
050193	1.1582	23.73	050293	1.0656	19.18	050411	1.3571	32.24
050194	1.2312	28.27	050295	1.4569	20.28	050414	1.3002	24.34
050195	1.5639	34.54	050296	1.2171	25.32	050417	1.3224	21.89
050196	1.2815	16.69	050298	1.3268	20.52	050419	1.3788	23.12
050197	1.9562	31.26	050299	1.3252	25.26	050420	1.3048	22.68
050204	1.5299	24.39	050300	1.4143	22.46	050421	1.2343	
050205	1.2841	24.02	050301	1.2326	26.03	050423	1.0115	22.33
050203			050302		29.19	050424	1.8351	23.78
	1.3183	31.15		4 5060		050424		
050213	1.5713	20.73	050305	1.5862	32.71		1.2290	33.69
050214	1.5448	20.87	050307	1.2747	24.39	050426	1.3912	23.71
050215	1.5700	29.63	050308	1.5099	28.40	050427	0.9378	20.07
050215	1.2334	23.00	050309	1.2834	24.40	050430	1.0036	21.14
050217	1.2876	19.89	050310		20.62	050432	1.5223	21.50
050219	1.1425	25.47	050312	1.9696	23.79	050433	0.9711	16.80
050219		26.32	050313	1.1560	23.10	050434	1.0630	15.63
050222	1.5157	27.04	050315	1.3473	21.92	050435	1.1647	32.99
050224	1.5832	23.79	050317		19.45	050436	1.0075	16.36
050225	1.5625	20.93	050320	1.2371	30.56	050436	0.9233	18.33
050225	1.0612	20.15	050324	2.0030	26.27	050438	1.7365	24.08
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.3274	24.24	050327	1.6651	22.32	050440	1.2718	30.82

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
050441	1.9387	29.05	050552	1.2749	22.87	050680	1.1161	27.32
050443	0.8693	16.43	050557	1.5186	21.92	050682	0.9235	17.97
050444	1.3199	24.67	050559	1.2852	24.67	050684	1.2411	21.81
050446	0.8088	20.54	050561	1.2134	33.93	050685	1.1904	32.13
050447	1.0794	18.34	050564	1.3221	24.51	050686	1.2873	33.25
050448	1.1060	20.08	050565	1.3123	22.88	050688	1.1889	30.00
050449	1.2885	22.13	050567	1.5510	24.23	050689	1.4877	34.19
050454*	1.7746	28.69	050568	1.3424	20.73	050690	1.4194	33.83
050455	1.7950	19.92	050569	1.2039	24.94	050693	1.3143	33.30
050455	1.2816	23.39	050570	1.6495	24.50	050694	1.3869	22.23
050456	1.2213	17.62	050571	1.3940	24.37	050695	1.0637	23.52
050457	1.9135	31.18	050573	1.5642	25.14	050696	2.1089	26.41
050459	1.5161	37.09	050575	1.1445		050697	1.3282	21.47
050464	1.7086	22.31	050577	1.3610	20.52	050699	0.5913	28.48
050468	1.5610	23.17	050578	1.2810	30.24	050700		28.45
050469	1.1462	19.84	050579	1.4312	30.07	050701	1.3166	27.62
050470	1.1450	17.03	050581	1.4505	23.58	050702		12.25
050470	1.2419	24.35	050583	1.6150	23.36	050704	1.0850	20.76
050471	1.8998	24.29	050584	1.2149	23.16	050707	0.9714	27.51
050476	1.3673	23.14	050585	1.2567	26.50	050708	1.4521	21.91
050477	1.4363	27.71	050586	1.3530	23.84	050709	1.2542	19.42
050478	0.9815	23.05	050588	1.2804	30.39	050710	1.3382	26.81
050481	1.3946	22.95	050590	1.3223		050713	0.7909	15.30
050482	1.0697	16.93	050591	1.3152	22.29	050714	1.3545	
050483	2.2575	21.60	050592	1.2657	26.05	050715		19.12
050483	1.5954	26.32	050594	1.6258	22.78	050717	1.2615	
050485	1.6061	23.70	050597	1.2269	22.78	050718	0.7586	
050486		24.50	050598	1.3408	28.11	050719	3.1984	
050488	1.3254	32.86	050601	1.6473	32.87	050720	0.9144	
050491	1.1970	24.15	050603	1.4112	22.61	060001	1.6827	19.81
050492	1.4174	21.42	050604	1.4593	33.32	060003	1.2712	19.32
050494	1.2385	25.41	050607		24.10	060004	1.2022	21.79
050496	1.7580	33.02	050608	1.2805	16.15	060006	1.2559	17.86
050498	1.2265	24.87	050609	1.4876	31.93	060007	1.1616	16.38
050502	1.7255	22.63	050613	1.1408	22.73	060008	1.0845	17.09
050503	1.3465	23.59	050615	1.5445	23.61	060009	1.5000	21.18
050506	1.3628	21.22	050616	1.3408	22.80	060010	1.6680	22.72
050510	1.2780	33.46	050618	1.0867	21.70	060011	1.3912	22.01
050512	1.4414	34.31	050623	1.6040	30.32	060012	1.3799	19.77
050515	1.3431	35.04	050624	1.3287	20.88	060013	1.3198	19.14
050516	1.5018	25.14	050625	1.6313	24.43	060014	1.8158	20.45
050517	1.2038	20.37	050630	1.2732	24.10	060015	1.6295	23.57
050522	1.1580	31.73	050633	1.2945	21.98	060016	1.1644	15.96
050523	1.2445	28.42	050635		37.85	060018	1.2890	22.76
050526	1.2949	23.19	050636	1.4342	20.83	060020	1.6161	17.73
050528	1.1896	18.69	050638	1.1056	23.63	060022	1.5680	19.65
050531	1.1101	20.73	050641	1.2985	21.30	060023	1.6349	19.68
050534	1.2830	23.31	050643	0.9493		060024	1.7013	21.98
050535	1.5228	24.23	050644	1.0737	23.12	060027	1.6853	21.67
050537	1.3702	22.21	050660	1.4981		060028	1.5673	22.25
050539	1.3242	22.78	050661	0.0150	20.48	060029	0.8934	21.41
050541	1.5636	34.62	050662	0.8152	28.29	060030	1.3522	20.03
050542	0.9778	19.06	050663	1.1713	23.71	060031	1.5399	19.40
050543	0.8445	20.38	050667	1.0811	24.11	060032	1.4830	22.37
050545	0.7605	27.57	050668	1.1187	39.90	060033	1.1419	13.82
050546	0.6961	27.76	050670	0.7555	21.88	060034	1.5815	21.41
050547	0.9021	27.08	050674	1.2384	36.24	060036	1.1374	19.24
050548	1 6004	26.59 27.34	050675 050676	2.2195	15.84	060037	1.0041	14.05
050549 050550	1.6004	27.34		1.0018	17.53 33.71	060038 060041	0.9494	14.31
050550	1.3528		050677 050678		19.79	060041	0.9290	14.83
000001	1.3020	24.05	000070	1.2889	19.19	000042	1.0390	20.08

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

Asterisk denotes teaching physician costs removed based on costs reported on worksheet a, col. 1, line 23 of FY 1996 cost report.

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- DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued
- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
	0.0705					400054		
060043	0.8765	13.05	070033	1.4104	28.06	100051	1.2376	18.84
060044	1.1677	18.54	070034	1.3899	27.67	100052	1.3877	16.19
060046	1.0277	20.44	070035	1.4195	23.06	100053	1.2157	18.71
060047	0.9573	15.12	070036	1.7249	28.95	100054	1.2782	18.19
060049	1.3269	20.83	070038	0.7820		100055	1.3757	17.62
060050	1.2499	16.80	070039	0.9541	29.07	100056	1.4971	23.65
060052		12.55	080001 080001	1.7050 1.3001	25.28	100057	1.3578	18.92
060053 060054	1.0148	19.39	080001		15.60	100060 100060	1.8350 1.5612	22.39
	0.9009	19.39		1.3859	22.40	100060		21.03
060056 060057	1.0271	23.38	080003	1.2655	19.76		1.4669	17.96
	0.9425	16.91	080004		14.43	100062	1.7286	16.23
060058			080005	1.2940		100063	1.1599	
060058	1.3708	24.88	080006		22.26	100067	1.3589	17.40
060060	0.9192	14.89 14.94	080007	1.4146 1.6063	20.38 25.97	100068	1.3616 1.4351	18.65
060062 060063		15.09	090001	1.3508	19.70	100070	1.2326	20.33
	1.4858		090002		28.74	100071		16.48
060064		20.93	090003*	1.3694	-	100072 100073	1.2524	19.22
060065	1.2927	24.30	090004	1.7901	24.54		1.7197	18.16
060066	0.9930	14.07	090006	1.3157	20.08	100075	1.5968	18.05
060068		19.64	090007	1.3060	21.66	100076	1.3003	16.25
060070	1.1240	16.58	090008	1.5079	21.25	100077	1.3909	19.62
060071	1.2070	16.95	090010	1.0721	15.87	100078	1.0296	18.15
060073	0.9583	15.84	090011	2.1212	27.37	100079	1.3325	
060075	1.2386	22.85	100001*	1.5321	17.59	100080	1.6003	21.16
060076	1.4334	19.29	100002	1.4384	21.32	100081	1.1021	13.83
060087	4.005.4	21.03	100004	1.0139	15.25	100082	1.4970	19.80
060088	1.0054	16.67	100006	1.6140	20.63	100084	1.3481	20.40
060090	0.9024	14.51	100007	1.8868	21.89	100085	1.4397	21.08
060096	1.1102	23.11	100008	1.6004	20.72	100086	1.2342	21.16
060100	1.5342	22.00	100009	1.4674	24.29	100087	1.8333	22.84
060103	1.3190	22.34	100010	1.5057	21.91	100088	1.6475	19.90
060104	1.2281	22.30	100012	1.6358	18.17	100088	1.3183	18.47
060107	1.1971	13.64	100014	1.4840	19.83	100090	1.3787	17.88
060109	1.0979		100015	1.4801	18.24	100092	1.5757	18.19
070001	1.7556	26.51	100017	1.5926	17.77	100093	1.5959	16.63
070002	1.8370	25.46	100018	1.5487	21.46	100098	1.0984	19.03
070003	1.1151	26.09	100019	1.5570	19.81	100099	1.2201	15.30
070004	1.2021	17.57	100020	1.3913	26.18	100102	1.0153	19.33
070005	1.4405	25.57	100022*	1.7896	25.89	100103	0.9381	18.10
070006 070007	1.3841 1.3504	28.71 20.38	100023	1.3582 1.3508	21.11 20.78	100105	1.4533 1.0265	21.50
070008	1.2547	26.03	100024	1.7579	19.12	100106		
	1.6964	25.94	100025	1.5828	20.78	100107 100108	1.3135 0.9981	18.01
070010	1.3837	18.74	100026 100027	1.0140	12.94	100108	1.3849	22.76
070012	1.1748	23.84	100027	1.2109	12.94	100109	1.3691	19.64
070012	1.3856	23.64	100028	1.3427	19.75	100112	0.9729	9.77
070016	1.4249	26.23	100029	1.2532	18.82	100112	1.9447	22.26
070018	1.3692	25.33	100030	1.2532	19.32	100113	1.3410	22.26
						100114		
070018 070019	1.3688	28.88 24.70	100034 100035	1.7609 1.5876	18.23 19.58	100117	1.1881 1.2985	18.73
070019	1.1852	24.70	100035	1.6639	24.78	100118	1.1822	19.76 19.34
070020	1.2354	25.66	100038	1.5294	24.78	100121	1.1822	19.34
070021		27.20		1.7522			1.2062	18.95
	1.8624		100040		18.37	100124		
070024 070025*	1.3266	24.98	100043	1.3301	17.46	100125	1.2698	17.33
	1.8697	21.03	100044	1.3902		100126	1.4687	17.90
070026	1 3110	18.79	100045	1.3907	20.04	100127 100128	1.6571	19.87 21.37
070027	1.3119	23.11	100046	1.4313	10.00		2.2008	
070028	1.5539	24.76	100047	1.8501	18.89	100129	1.2934	18.57
070029	1.3338	22.75	100048	0.9391	13.50	100130	1.1799	19.10
11/10/201	1.2872	25.55	100049	1.2657	18.57	100131	1.3441	22.17

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
100134	0.9749	13.47	100231	1.6807	17.40	110025	1.3797	18.65
100135	1.5663	18.14	100232	1.2520	17.32	110026	1.1361	16.14
100137	1.2769	19.05	100234	1.2585	21.58	110027	1.1146	14.83
100138	1.0055	11.01	100235		17.66	110028	1.7778	19.89
100139	1.0923	15.64	100236	1.3919	15.54	110029	1.3534	20.05
100140	1.2176	17.39	100237	2.1914	22.93	110030	1.2999	17.68
100142	1.2184	18.68	100238	1.5456	17.63	110031	1.2251	21.58
100144	-	15.02	100239	1.4273	19.76	110032	1.2506	16.19
100145		19.11	100240	1.0888	17.93	110033	1.4221	22.19
100146	0.9700	17.87	100241	0.8966	13.83	110034	1.5852	18.24
100146		19.02	100242	1.4285	17.12	110035	1.3916	20.98
100147		14.68	100243	1.4081	20.24	110036	1.8560	23.78
100150	1.3244	21.02	100244	1.3741	17.41	110038	1.4425	16.38
100151	1.7633	19.41	100246	1.3684	21.10	110039	1.4188	20.77
100154	1.5916	19.85	100248	1.5873	31.86	110040	1.0642	16.40
100156	1.1116	17.13	100252	1.2004	17.87	110041	1.1822	16.69
100159	0.9604	16.38	100253	1.4328	20.60	110042	1.1544	20.55
100160	1.2033	21.63	100254	1.5393	20.91	110043	1.8078	17.16
100161	1.7011	21.50 19.52	100255	1.2547 2.0100	21.02 24.26	110044	1.1887 1.1386	19.60 19.94
100162 100165	1.1517	15.32	100256 100258	1.6900	24.20	110045 110046		19.94
100165	1.4343	19.96	100258	1.3406	19.86	110048	1.2456 1.2374	19.23
100167	1.3554	21.81	100259	1.4566	21.20	110048	1.0998	14.21
100168	1.3364	20.13	100260	1.3401	19.59	110050	1.1806	14.21
100169	1.7635	20.13	100262	1.5401	16.90	110050	1.0250	15.75
100170*	1.4176	15.12	100263	1.3627	17.61	110052	1.0250	15.06
100172	1.4427	15.18	100265	1.2933	19.80	110054	1.3606	19.32
100173	1.6517	17.34	100266	1.3562	17.73	110056	1.0843	16.50
100174	1.3757	20.51	100267	1.3062	17.10	110059	1.2164	17.70
100175	1.1552	16.74	100268	1.1954	23.59	110061	1.0960	13.72
100176	2.0762	24.70	100269	1.4338	21.20	110062	0.9058	12.21
100177	1.2940	22.00	100270	1.0126	19.86	110063	1.0542	17.97
100179	1.7112	20.91	100271	1.7709	19.92	110064	1.4839	18.24
100180	1.4416	18.48	100275	1.3951	21.33	110065	1.0322	13.32
100181		24.57	100276	1.2359	21.98	110066	1.4496	20.65
100183	1.1925	20.84	100277	1.0352	16.14	110069	1.2569	18.35
100187	1.4354	20.69	100279	1.2735	21.84	110070	1.1398	18.23
100189	1.3293	21.01	100280	1.2949	16.58	110071	1.0981	14.83
100199		23.37	100281	1.2798	22.02	110072	0.9722	12.43
100200	1.2394	22.26	100282	1.0837	18.66	110073	1.1437	15.14
100203		18.86	100284	1.0788		110074	1.4973	20.04
100204		19.93	110001	1.2556	17.87	110075	1.3226	17.01
100206		20.31	110002	1.2532	17.37	110076	1.4639	20.40
100207	1	15.92	110003	1.3668	16.02	110078	1.7586	24.70
100208		20.83	110004	1.3570	20.11	110079	1.4465	20.14
100209		19.73	110005	1.1963	19.26	110080	1.3579	23.43
100210	1.5725	19.18	110006	1.4200	20.13	110082	2.0915	22.01
100211	1.3995	25.53	110007	1.6126	14.39	110083*	1.7615	21.27
100212 100213	1.6223	25.34	110008	1.2429	18.26	110086	1.2837	14.98
100213	1.5101	19.12	110009	1.1330	14.82	110087	1.3551	20.54
100217	1.2750	19.87 19.82	110010 110011	2.1782 1.1632	24.55 18.28	110089 110091	1.2041 1.2791	18.58 21.38
100220	1.8123	27.48	110013	1.0596	16.03	110092	1.0878	15.09
100222	0.9440	21.20	110013	0.9440	16.12	110092	0.9920	13.87
100222	1.4649	18.76	110015	1.1403	19.48	110095	1.3537	15.95
100223	1.3348	24.70	110016	1.2276	15.77	110095	1.0806	16.32
100225	1.3371	20.64	110017	0.9321	10.54	110097	1.0653	15.62
100226	1.3524	24.83	110018	1.1960	21.04	110098	0.9870	14.04
100228	1.2825	23.70	110020	1.1927	18.44	110100	1.0558	20.38
100229	1.3301	18.21	110023	1.3373	18.54	110101	1.1014	11.73
100230		20.60	110024	1.3655	19.75	110103	0.9309	11.94

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date. Asterisk denotes teaching physician costs removed based on costs reported on worksheet a, col. 1, line 23 of FY 1996 cost report.

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- DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued
- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
110104	1 0000	15.00	110101	1 0070	10.11	120015	0.0007	15.07
110104	1.0963	15.32	110191	1.3076	19.11	130015	0.8827	15.27
110105	1.2997	16.52	110192	1.4458	20.77	130016	1.0155	17.00
110107	1.8897	17.41	110193	1.2436	18.78	130017	1.1012	16.88
110108	0.9511	15.14	110194	0.8938	15.09	130018	1.6256	17.97
110109	1.1080	20.99	110195	1.0992	10.52	130019	1.1193	17.23
110111	1.2038	17.37	110198	1.2884	26.19	130021	0.9513	12.26
110112	0.9917	19.13	110200	1.8855	17.14	130022	1.2324	19.50
110113	1.0478	15.19	110201	1.5094	19.24	130024	1.1558	18.38
110114	1.0441	15.13	110203	0.9314	20.30	130025	1.0970	15.27
110115	1.7526	24.79	110204	0.8249	20.57	130026	1.1726	20.55
110118	1.1376	15.40	110205	1.0578	26.12	130027	0.9243	20.70
		16.08			12.87			18.21
110120	1.0386		110207	1.0103	-	130028	1.2865	1
110121	1.2784	15.58	110208	0.9617	14.89	130029	1.0707	19.87
110122	1.3818	18.82	110209	0.7100	20.46	130030	0.8409	18.40
110124	1.2091	17.13	110209	0.9560	17.78	130031	1.0121	17.65
110125	1.2562	17.33	110210		11.07	130034	1.0325	18.82
110127	0.8873	13.76	110211	0.9611	21.82	130034	1.8152	18.40
110128	1.1933	18.97	110212	1.0043	12.66	130035	1.1048	20.47
110130	1.0064	13.08	110213		13.20	130036	1.3946	13.79
110132	1.1478	15.02	110215	1.0941		130037	1.3076	17.74
110134	0.9656	11.56	110216	2.1653		130043	0.9605	16.07
110135	1.3363	17.07	110217	2.8336		130044	0.9724	13.18
				1.8196	26.74			
110136	1.0986	16.17	120001*			130045	0.9752	16.47
110140	1.0445	17.88	120002	1.2037	24.38	130048	0.9815	15.09
110141	0.9996	12.51	120003	1.1393	23.85	130049	1.2325	20.05
110142	0.9525	12.30	120004	1.2630	24.05	130049	1.5824	20.72
110142	0.9525	12.30	120005	1.2464	20.54	130056	0.8528	15.66
110142	1.0382	12.54	120006	1.2735	23.72	130058		17.75
110143	1.4339	21.45	120007	1.7320	23.27	130060	1.2796	20.85
110144	1.0712	17.98	120009	0.9632	19.02	130061	1.2950	16.78
110146	1.0854	17.61	120010*	1.8265	25.40	130061	1.1145	17.32
110150	1.4073	18.77	120011	1.3581	33.55	130062	0.6352	15.11
110152	1.0430	14.77	120012	0.8391	22.52	130063	1.3116	
	1.0912	18.69			24.05		1.2277	
110153			120014	1.2760		140001		15.44
110154	0.9773	14.81	120016	1.0574	29.41	140002	1.2578	19.26
110155	1.1399	17.14	120018		25.61	140003	1.0026	16.59
110156	1.0511	15.14	120019	1.3200	21.92	140004	1.1657	17.52
110161	1.3149	20.87	120019	0.9579	14.67	140005	0.9695	10.87
110162	0.7514		120021	0.9290	19.42	140007	1.4700	22.40
110163	1.4628	18.99	120022*	1.6850	17.94	140007	1.4015	21.54
110164	1.4190	19.40	120022*	1.6850	17.94	140008	1.4683	20.79
110165	1.4270	19.00	120022*	1.2230	15.96	140010	1.3722	24.43
110166	1.4482	19.85	120022*	1.2230	15.96	140011	1.2029	17.28
110168	1.6676	19.82	120024	1.0727	22.28	140012	1.2779	20.11
110169	1.2028	18.72	120025		19.02	140012	1.5702	17.35
110171		20.18	120025	4.0644	23.22	140013		
	1.6118			1.2644			1.1734	20.76
110172	1.3576	25.44	120027	1.4120	24.55	140015	1.2861	15.02
110174	0.9161	14.30	120028	1.2471	22.84	140018	1.2551	20.84
110176	3.7291	22.39	130001	0.9699	24.95	140019	1.1122	15.34
110177	1.5099	19.66	130002	1.3252	16.19	140025	1.0822	16.43
110178		16.92	130003	1.3332	19.97	140027	1.2700	17.50
110179	1.1507	20.38	130005	1.4390	20.19	140027	1.3076	18.47
110181	0.9038	13.72	130006	1.8346	18.87	140029	1.3389	21.03
110183	1.3120	21.44	130007	1.6708	19.84	140030	1.8231	22.44
	1.2434		130008					
110184		20.72		0.9590	12.92	140031	1.2022	15.82
110185	1.1874	16.25	130009	0.9294	18.30	140032	1.3343	17.34
110186	1.2548	17.21	130010	0.8911	21.43	140033	1.2879	22.56
110187	1.2728	21.45	130011	1.2864	19.08	140034	1.1842	18.96
110188	1.3549	19.95	130012	0.9929	22.62	140035	0.9867	13.00
110189	1.1692	18.84	130013	1.3310	19.22	140036	1.2425	17.04
110190	1.0644	19.43	130014	1.3257	17.98	140036	1.1031	25.40

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
140037	1.0365	12.50	140122	1.5424	23.75	140208	1.7189	23.94
140038	1.1040	16.59	140125	1.3486	17.10	140209	1.6299	17.79
140040	1.2582	16.25	140127	1.4176	19.42	140210	1.1139	12.66
140041	1.1609	17.28	140128	1.0297	17.67	140211	1.2088	21.49
140042	1.0170	15.61	140129	1.1653	15.25	140213	1.2799	26.20
140043	1.1892	18.95	140130	1.2502	23.77	140215	0.9874	14.45
140045	1.0337	20.65	140132	1.4907	22.86	140217	1.3239	22.26
140046	1.3056	16.46	140133	1.4008	19.88	140218	0.9885	15.08
140047	1.0942	15.68	140135	1.2769	17.69	140220	1.1219	16.73
140048	1.3053	20.58	140137	1.0216	16.51	140223	1.5500	21.28
140049	1.6549	18.31	140138	1.0656	14.59	140224	1.4304	22.99
140051	1.5123	21.59	140139	1.1054	16.58	140228	1.6774	18.67
140052	1.3010	19.60	140140	1.1358	15.30	140230	0.9389	16.60
140053	2.0144	17.82	140141	1.2625	15.18	140231	1.5601	21.61
140054	1.3340	26.64	140143	1.0965	18.76	140233	1.7821	18.39
140055	1.0128	14.80	140144	0.9972	20.02	140234	1.2228	18.72
140058	1.2361	17.27	140145	1.1515	16.61	140236	1.0843	13.13
140059	1.1346	15.39	140146	1.0726	23.74	140239	1.7286	18.88
140059	1.0918	15.96	140140	1.2513	24.82	140239	1.3944	21.83
140062	1.2453	27.09	140147	1.8284	19.50	140240	1.6388	21.63
	1.4369	22.39		1.6430		140242		
140063	1.3182		140150	1.0430	27.88		1.0612 1.3284	12.82
140064		19.26	140151		19.30	140250		23.41
140065	1.4623	22.75	140152	1.1938	20.67	140251	1.3090	20.54
140066	1.1771	16.14	140155	1.3261	17.52	140252	1.4991	24.55
140068	1.2906	18.87	140158	1.3600	22.27	140253	1.1636	16.74
140069	1.0478	17.29	140160	1.1729	17.88	140258	1.5756	16.51
140070	1.2528	19.30	140161	1.2205	19.04	140271	0.9729	15.36
140074	1.0760	19.01	140162	1.6991	18.42	140275	1.2733	17.96
140075	1.3678	22.51	140164	1.4369	18.09	140276	2.0648	25.46
140077	1.2460	16.64	140165	1.0868	15.42	140280	1.3777	18.84
140079	1.2649	24.08	140166	1.1672	17.58	140285	1.2740	14.71
140081	1.0822	15.51	140167	1.0995	16.17	140286	1.1868	19.84
140082	1.3677	22.62	140168	1.1300	16.46	140288	1.6194	20.59
140083	1.2487	18.13	140170	1.1305	14.14	140289	1.3449	16.45
140084	1.2530	19.97	140171	0.9892	14.73	140290	1.3397	25.88
140087	1.3481	18.36	140172	1.5894	20.07	140291	1.3337	22.44
140088	1.7061	24.19	140173	0.8708	18.48	140292	1.2935	22.71
140089	1.2734	17.21	140174	1.6068	19.89	140297		21.47
140090*	1.5241	22.31	140176	1.2498	21.41	140300	1.4604	23.46
140091	1.9064	20.70	140177	1.2111	18.17	150001	1.1062	21.70
140093	1.1684	19.15	140179	1.3636	20.88	150002	1.4495	18.66
140094	1.3427	19.89	140180	1.4489	23.25	150003	1.7952	19.31
140097	0.9518	16.90	140181	1.4225	19.95	150004	1.5197	19.70
140100	1.3290	19.06	140182	1.3614	20.48	150005	1.1497	19.00
140101	1.2258	26.09	140184	1.2130	15.88	150006	1.2614	20.04
140102	1.0431	15.13	140185	1.4938	17.36	150007	1.1968	19.53
140103	1.4249	17.86	140186	1.3433	17.49	150009	1.3657	17.53
140105	1.2912	22.56	140187	1.5860	17.72	150010	1.3618	18.48
140107	1.0115	12.76	140188	0.9891	14.84	150011	1.2157	19.19
140108	1.3343	30.11	140189	1.2539	19.08	150012	1.6189	20.52
140109	1.1455	15.47	140190	1.0732	15.88	150013	1.1006	16.00
140110	1.2406	18.68	140191	1.4402	24.74	150014	1.6067	21.28
140112	1.1571	16.24	140193	1.0284	15.52	150015	1.2931	22.06
140113	1.5610	17.92	140197	1.2538	17.98	150017	1.9040	18.89
140114	1.3330	20.11	140199	1.0796	18.83	150018	1.4570	18.62
140116	1.2349	21.83	140200	1.4770	21.65	150019	1.0936	15.29
140117	1.5621	19.72	140202	1.3288	22.18	150020	1.1517	14.46
140118	1.7257	23.06	140203	1.1563	20.78	150021	1.6877	
140119	1.7733	26.00	140205	0.9505	17.24	150022	1.0903	17.92
140120	1.3738	14.84	140206	1.2043	20.39	150023	1.5766	18.71
140121	1.3603	9.53	140207	1.2975	20.20	150024	1.3391	17.83

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date. Asterisk denotes teaching physician costs removed based on costs reported on worksheet a, col. 1, line 23 of FY 1996 cost report.

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- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued
- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
150025	1.4398	18.15	150097	1.0922	18.31	160040	1.2661	16.83
150026	1.2090	20.51	150098	1.1583	14.30	160041	1.0648	15.58
150029	1.3389	21.74	150099		19.05	160043	0.9893	15.63
150030	1.2446	17.33	150100	1.6560	17.45	160044	1.2182	16.04
150031	1.0811	18.01	150101	1.0932	17.56	160045	1.8186	20.12
150032		20.64	150102	1.0786	11.50	160046	1.0239	14.77
150033	1.5737	21.69	150103	0.9709	17.31	160047	1.3703	16.93
150034	1.4854	21.29	150104	1.1262	17.26	160048	1.2473	13.14
150035	1.4921	19.82	150105	1.3363	19.17	160049	0.9262	13.36
150036	0.9960	20.38	150106	1.0512	18.91	160050	1.0709	16.42
150037	1.2881	17.79	150109	1.3950	18.23	160051	0.8978	14.27
150039	1.0016	17.42	150109	0.9960	14.44	160052	0.9936	17.55
150042	1.2830	17.12	150110	0.9833	18.58	160054	1.0281	15.71
150043	1.1042	17.98	150111	1.1623	16.17	160055	0.9846	14.06
150044	1.2625	17.64	150112	1.2432	19.82	160056	1.0679	15.38
150044	1.2486	18.32	150113	1.2363	19.30	160057	1.2435	17.41
150045	1.0927	17.04	150114	0.9759	16.96	160058	1.8383	20.34
150046	1.3943	17.32	150115	1.3380	17.06	160060	1.0430	15.95
150047	1.5983	20.57	150122	1.1564	19.35	160061	1.0815	17.57
150048	1.1912	16.96	150123	1.1155	15.16	160063	1.1620	16.30
150049	1.2166	16.85	150124	1.0883	15.07	160064	1.5348	19.94
150050	1.1659	17.14	150125	1.4626	20.31	160065	1.0510	16.51
150051	1.5099	18.20	150126	1.4875	20.33	160066	1.1016	16.26
150052	1.0909	15.36	150126	1.0382	15.85	160067	1.4226	17.85
150053	0.9867	18.75	150127	1.0281	22.81	160068	1.0237	15.85
150054	1.1350	17.33	150129	1.1879	23.39	160069	1.5362	18.49
150054	1.0816	15.23	150130	1.3446	16.19	160070	0.9937	15.66
150056	1.8874	23.30	150132	1.4200	19.37	160072	1.0339	14.19
150057	2.2401	16.86	150132	1.4200	19.37	160073	0.9954	15.05
150058	1.7056	20.94	150133	1.1908	16.49	160075	1.0796	17.89
150059	1.3586	20.80	150134	1.1980	17.06	160076	1.0993	17.31
150060	1.1860	16.01	150136	0.9556	19.28	160077	1.1152	11.40
150061	1.2108	17.21	160001	1.2605	19.03	160079	1.4125	17.71
150062	1.1076	18.41	160002	1.0936	15.37	160079	1.4017	16.15
150063	1.0891	21.09	160003	0.9983	15.77	160081	1.1531	16.51
150064	1.1810	16.88	160007	1.0218	15.66	160082	1.9254	18.80
150065	1.1695	19.01	160008	1.1414	14.97	160083	1.6684	18.41
150066	1.0226	14.60	160009	1.2218	16.09	160085	1.0030	18.55
150067	1.1260	17.08	160012	1.0466	16.54	160086	0.9493	16.46
150069	1.2233	17.39	160013	1.1370	17.06	160088	1.1546	17.53
150070	0.9579	17.20	160014	1.0250	15.09	160089	1.1915	16.74
150071	1.0955	14.73	160014	1.0321	14.26	160090	1.0124	16.60
150072	1.1997	16.11	160016	1.1679	18.37	160091	1.0383	12.19
150073	1.0623	19.03	160018	0.9632	14.16	160092	1.0124	15.80
150074	1.6321	18.80	160020	1.0694	13.91	160093	1.0155	15.95
150075	1.1204	14.98	160021	1.1170	15.49	160094	1.1043	16.56
150076	1.1815	22.34	160023	1.0888	14.20	160097	1.0774	15.21
150077	0.8126	17.58	160024	1.6094	18.95	160098	0.9397	15.54
150078	1.0515	19.01	160026	1.0266	18.66	160099	0.9650	13.79
150079	1.1737	15.45	160027	1.0851	15.74	160101	1.0852	17.87
150082	1.5261	17.88	160028	1.2340	20.44	160102	1.3435	18.36
150084	1.9911	22.92	160029	1.5289	20.40	160103	0.9416	17.15
150086	1.2506	17.34	160030	1.3882	17.99	160104	1.3010	19.76
150088	1.3443	19.45	160031	1.1181	15.28	160106	1.1089	16.66
150089	1.4584	22.79	160032	1.1544	16.18	160107	1.1508	16.56
150090	1.3311	19.06	160033	1.9173	18.37	160108	1.0237	15.42
150091	1.0358	19.89	160034	1.1493	14.51	160109	1.0167	16.49
150092	1.0071	15.92	160035	0.8438	15.92	160110	1.5117	19.93
150094	0.9754	18.34	160036	1.0544	18.91	160111	0.9983	13.17
150095	1.0873	17.12	160037	1.0584	18.40	160112	1.3773	16.28
150096	1.0067	20.03	160039	1.0389	17.63	160113	1.0930	14.58
						-		

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Avg. hourly wage
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	13.28
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
160120       0.9938       12.56       170060       1.0218       17.23       170146       1.4429         160122       1.1131       18.52       170061       1.1583       14.14       170147       1.1969         160124       1.2998       17.16       170063       0.8974       11.49       170148       1.370         160126       0.9654       17.74       170064       12.42       170150       1.1488         160129       0.9727       15.89       170066       0.9451       14.48       170151       0.938'         160130       1.1286       15.45       170067       0.9987       12.71       170152       1.0039         160131       1.0444       14.69       170070       1.0543       13.37       170164       0.9987         160135       1.0170       16.33       170072       0.9012       13.34       170166       1.1076         160138       1.0149       15.71       170073       1.0447       16.47       170171       1.0543         160140       1.324       18.80       170074       0.912       13.34       170166       1.1076         160143       1.0149       15.71       170076       0.9266       1	3 16.09
160122       1.1131       18.52       170061       1.1583       14.14       170147       1.1965         160124       1.2998       17.16       170063       0.8974       11.49       170148       1.3707         160126       0.9654       17.74       170064       12.42       170150       1.1488         160129       0.9727       15.89       170066       0.9451       14.48       170151       0.9383         160130       1.1286       15.45       170067       0.9987       12.71       170152       1.0035         160131       1.0444       14.69       170068       1.2647       15.82       170160       0.9957         160134       0.9506       13.32       170070       1.0543       13.37       170160       0.9957         160135       1.0170       16.33       170072       0.9012       13.34       170166       1.1075         160140       1.1324       18.80       170074       1.2016       14.40       170175       1.3046         160142       1.0194       16.14       170075       0.9266       11.26       170176       1.6707         160143       1.242       15.92       170076       0.9266 <td< td=""><td>3 16.75</td></td<>	3 16.75
160124       1.2998       17.16       170063       0.8974       11.49       170148       1.3707         160126       0.9654       17.74       170064       12.42       170150       1.1486         160129       0.9727       15.89       170066       0.9451       14.48       170151       0.9384         160130       1.1286       15.45       170067       0.9987       12.71       170152       1.0033         160131       1.0444       14.69       170068       1.2647       15.82       170160       0.9957         160134       0.9506       13.32       170070       1.0543       13.37       170166       0.9957         160135       1.0170       16.33       170072       0.9012       13.34       170166       0.9957         160138       1.0149       15.71       170073       1.0417       16.47       170171       1.0548         160140       1.1324       18.80       170074       1.2016       14.40       170175       1.3044         160142       1.0194       16.14       170075       0.9266       11.26       170176       1.6707         160143       1.1242       15.92       170076       0.9266 <t< td=""><td>9 19.97</td></t<>	9 19.97
160126       0.9654       17.74       170064       12.42       170150       1.1486         160129       0.9727       15.89       170066       0.9451       14.48       170151       0.9381         160130       1.1286       15.45       170067       0.9987       12.71       170152       1.0033         160131       1.0444       14.69       170068       1.2647       15.82       170160       0.9955         160134       0.9506       13.32       170070       1.0543       13.37       170164       0.9925         160135       1.0170       16.33       170072       0.9012       13.34       170164       0.9925         160138       1.0149       15.71       170073       1.0417       16.47       170171       1.0544         160140       1.1324       18.80       170074       1.2016       14.40       170175       1.3044         160142       1.0194       16.14       170075       0.9266       11.26       170176       1.6707         160143       1.1242       15.92       170076       0.9266       11.26       170176       1.6707         160143       1.2045       1.0697       15.17       170077 <t< td=""><td>5 16.28</td></t<>	5 16.28
160129       0.9727       15.89       170066       0.9451       14.48       170151       0.938         160130       1.1286       15.45       170067       0.9987       12.71       170152       1.0033         160131       1.0444       14.69       170068       1.2647       15.82       170160       0.9955         160134       0.9506       13.32       170070       1.0543       13.37       170164       0.9827         160135       1.0170       16.33       170072       0.9012       13.34       170164       0.9827         160138       1.0149       15.71       170073       1.0417       16.47       170171       1.0548         160140       1.1324       18.80       170074       1.2016       14.40       170175       1.3044         160142       1.0194       16.14       170075       0.9266       11.26       170176       1.6707         160143       1.1242       15.92       170076       0.9266       13.58       170182       1.4297         160145       1.0697       15.17       170077       0.9136       13.11       170183       1.9808	7 17.25
160130       1.1286       15.45       170067       0.9987       12.71       170152       1.0039         160131       1.0444       14.69       170068       1.2647       15.82       170160       0.9955         160134       0.9506       13.32       170070       1.0543       13.37       170164       0.9822         160135       1.0170       16.33       170072       0.9012       13.34       170161       1.1079         160138       1.0149       15.71       170073       1.0417       16.47       170171       1.0544         160140       1.1324       18.80       170074       1.2016       14.40       170175       1.3044         160142       1.0194       16.14       170075       0.9266       11.26       170176       1.6707         160143       1.1242       15.92       170076       0.9266       11.26       170176       1.4297         160145       1.0697       15.17       170077       0.9136       13.11       170183       1.9808	
160131       1.0444       14.69       170068       1.2647       15.82       170160       0.9556         160134       0.9506       13.32       170070       1.0543       13.37       170164       0.9827         160135       1.0170       16.33       170072       0.9012       13.34       170166       1.1079         160138       1.0149       15.71       170073       1.0417       16.47       170171       1.0543         160140       1.1324       18.80       170074       1.2016       14.40       170175       1.3046         160142       1.0194       16.14       170075       0.9266       11.26       170176       1.6707         160143       1.1242       15.92       170076       1.0220       13.58       170182       1.4297         160145       1.0697       15.17       170077       0.9136       13.11       170183       1.9808	
160134       0.9506       13.32       170070       1.0543       13.37       170164       0.9827         160135       1.0170       16.33       170072       0.9012       13.34       170166       1.1079         160138       1.0149       15.71       170073       1.0417       16.47       170171       1.0543         160140       1.1324       18.80       170074       1.2016       14.40       170175       1.3046         160142       1.0194       16.14       170075       0.9266       11.26       170176       1.6707         160143       1.1242       15.92       170076       1.0220       13.58       170182       1.4297         160145       1.0697       15.17       170077       0.9136       13.11       170183       1.9808	
160135       1.0170       16.33       170072       0.9012       13.34       170166       1.1079         160138       1.0149       15.71       170073       1.0417       16.47       170171       1.0549         160140       1.1324       18.80       170074       1.2016       14.40       170175       1.304         160142       1.0194       16.14       170075       0.9266       11.26       170176       1.6707         160143       1.1242       15.92       170076       1.0220       13.58       170182       1.4297         160145       1.0697       15.17       170077       0.9136       13.11       170183       1.9808	
160138         1.0149         15.71         170073         1.0417         16.47         170171         1.0545           160140         1.1324         18.80         170074         1.2016         14.40         170175         1.3046           160142         1.0194         16.14         170075         0.9266         11.26         170176         1.6707           160143         1.1242         15.92         170076         1.0220         13.58         170182         1.4297           160145         1.0697         15.17         170077         0.9136         13.11         170183         1.9808	
160140         1.1324         18.80         170074         1.2016         14.40         170175         1.3046           160142         1.0194         16.14         170075         0.9266         11.26         170176         1.6707           160143         1.1242         15.92         170076         1.0220         13.58         170182         1.4297           160145         1.0697         15.17         170077         0.9136         13.11         170183         1.9808	
160142         1.0194         16.14         170075         0.9266         11.26         170176         1.6707           160143         1.1242         15.92         170076         1.0220         13.58         170182         1.4297           160145         1.0697         15.17         170077         0.9136         13.11         170183         1.9808	
160143         1.1242         15.92         170076         1.0220         13.58         170182         1.4297           160145         1.0697         15.17         170077         0.9136         13.11         170183         1.9808	
160145 1.0697 15.17 170077 0.9136 13.11 170183 1.9808	
100140   1.4409   13.50 170079   0.9000   14.21 170184	
160147         1.2762         18.39         170080         0.9657         12.20         180001         1.3847           160151         1.0545         15.74         170081         0.9118         12.51         180002         1.0822	
160151         1.0545         15.74         170081         0.9118         12.51         180002         1.0822           160152         0.9384         15.22         170082         0.9428         12.39         180004         1.1128	
160153	
170001	
170004	
170006	
170008	
170009	
170010 1.3587 17.90 170092 12.85 180012 1.4400	
170012	
170013	
170014 1.0333 17.34 170095 1.0123 15.75 180014 1.6943	
170015	2 18.84
170016 1.7067 18.60 170098 1.1366 14.10 180017 1.3056	5 15.17
170017 1.2014 17.87 170099 1.1582 13.55 180018 1.2982	2 18.92
170018 14.47 180019 1.1012 14.36 170100 1.1910	16.76
170019 1.2360 16.56 170101 0.9709 13.16 180020 1.1105	5 17.78
170022 1.0526 17.85 170102 0.9675 13.35 180021 1.0495	
170023 1.4684 19.36 170103 1.3238 16.66 180023 0.9502	
170024 1.0663 13.06 170104 1.4841 19.76 180024 1.4092	
170025 1.1917 16.37 170105 1.0598 15.93 180025 1.2023	
170026	
170027 1.3172 16.39 170109 0.9347 16.87 180027 1.2506	
170030	
170031 0.8922 13.47 170112 1.1373 13.39 180030 1.1726	
170032 1.0128 14.48 170113 1.0737 13.25 180031 1.1189	
170033 1.4150 16.05 170114 0.9511 14.51 180032 1.0597	
170034	
170035	
170036	
170038         0.8998         14.21         170119         0.9547         13.97         180036         1.1569           170039         1.0943         14.30         170120         1.2724         15.91         180037         1.3126	
170040         1.5837         17.97         170122         1.7580         18.62         180038         1.4604           170041         1.0521         11.47         170124         0.9913         10.21         180040*         1.9257	
170044	
170044	
170049	
170049	
170052	
170053 0.9336 9.03 170137 1.1809 17.42 180046 1.0438	

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

Asterisk denotes teaching physician costs removed based on costs reported on worksheet a, col. 1, line 23 of FY 1996 cost report.

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- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued
- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
180047	0.9987	15.04	180141	1.1972	12.59	190109	1.2494	14.53
180048	1.2470	19.58	180142	1.7800		190110	0.9774	11.08
180049	1.3488	16.08	190001	0.8866	16.91	190111*	1.5870	20.05
180050	1.2186	18.48	190002	1.6874	18.84	190112	1.6970	19.21
180051	1.3835	15.68	190003	1.3295	22.15	190113	1.3935	18.99
180053	1.0555	14.63	190004	1.4230	17.54	190114	1.0147	12.91
180054	1.0903	16.39	190005	1.5174	16.71	190115	1.2775	20.49
180055	1.2207	14.64	190006	1.4666	17.73	190118	0.9963	12.95
180056	1.1035	16.62	190007	1.0552	13.60	190120	0.9962	13.69
180058	1.0460	14.36	190008	1.6186	16.89	190122*	1.2965	14.84
180059	0.8719	14.26	190009	1.2882	14.21	190124	1.6278	22.38
180060		7.21	190010	1.2081	17.02	190125	1.4991	18.63
180063	1.0712	11.91	190011	1.1424	15.17	190128	1.1982	19.71
180064	1.1788	14.49	190013	1.3002	16.57	190130	0.9925	12.43
180065	1.0766	14.41	190014	1.1875	17.02	190131	1.2614	19.60
180066	1.0776	18.56	190014	0.9519	12.03	190133	1.0847	13.48
180067	1.8904	18.53	190015	1.2666	17.44	190134	1.0023	12.68
180069	1.1224	17.30	190017	1.3398	15.79	190135	1.4331	20.93
180070	1.1057	13.84	190018	1.1056	16.98	190136	0.9971	11.33
180070	1.1158	17.85	190018	1.7887	17.40	190138		22.71
					-	190138	0 0 2 2 2	
180075	4 0700	15.07	190020	1.1956	17.31		0.9232	14.98
180078	1.0782	19.16	190025	1.3076	16.07	190144	1.1836	16.84
180079	1.1805	13.41	190026	1.5552	17.21	190145	0.9751	13.99
180080	1.0799	16.48	190027	1.5165	16.19	190146	1.5262	20.09
180087	1.2301	14.97	190029	1.1492	17.11	190147	0.9769	14.32
180088	1.6075	21.86	190033	0.9722	10.74	190148	0.9448	14.02
180088	1.4138	21.69	190034	1.1705	16.68	190149	0.9966	15.19
180092	1.2224	16.31	190036*	1.6847	19.96	190151	1.0782	11.92
180093	1.4101	16.70	190037	0.9649	12.02	190152	1.5096	20.40
180094	1.0268	12.51	190039	1.4112	17.17	190155		11.08
180095	1.1318	13.40	190040	1.3287	20.32	190156	0.9565	12.48
180099	1.0392	13.29	190041	1.6088	17.90	190158	1.2674	19.62
180101	1.1741	19.56	190043	1.0328	12.57	190160	1.2596	18.47
180102	1.4371	17.88	190044	1.1661	17.20	190161	1.0853	12.58
180103	2.3154	19.79	190046	1.4251	19.35	190162	1.2971	17.97
180104	1.5469	19.20	190048	1.1957	16.34	190164	1.1850	16.33
180105	0.8827	14.00	190049	0.9392	16.42	190167	1.1284	16.29
180108	0.8257	14.62	190050	1.0736	15.38	190170	0.9050	13.58
180115	0.9594	17.11	190053	1.1486	12.50	190173	1.3272	18.83
180116	1.2331	16.94	190054	1.2942	16.47	190175	1.4238	20.69
180117	1.1147	18.38	190059	0.8905	15.84	190176	1.6021	16.67
180118	0.9643	12.15	190060	1.3931	18.37	190177	1.7143	20.32
180120	1.0167	17.81	190064	1.5246	19.90	190178	0.9276	10.49
180121	1.1698	14.51	190065	1.4989	19.39	190182	1.3004	20.03
180122	1.0642	16.97	190071	0.8369	13.59	190183	1.1923	16.11
180123	1.3539	18.53	190077	0.8858	12.83	190184	0.9965	14.86
180124	1.3287	18.41	190078	1.1110	13.50	190185	1.3089	19.37
180125	1.1259	19.73	190079	1.3557	17.29	190186	0.9403	16.36
180126	1.1152	12.40	190081	0.8865	12.02	190189		26.54
180127	1.2902	17.35	190083	1.0658	16.14	190190	0.9141	18.68
180128	1.0669	17.05	190086	1.3284	14.93	190191	1.1473	18.14
180129	0.9818	17.86	190088	1.2141	19.63	190196	0.9516	14.87
180130	1.4359	19.11	190089	1.1099	12.79	190197	1.1818	17.92
180132	1.2721	17.26	190090	1.0416	16.56	190199	1.0597	12.58
180133	1.3322	21.66	190092		18.07	190200	1.4899	12.30
180133	1.0885	13.63	190092	0.9939	15.73	190200	1.0997	19.41
180136	1.8166			1.5397			1.1256	
		17.71	190098		19.22	190202		17.90
180138	1.1992	18.51	190099	1.1795	18.92	190203	1.4061	21.43
180139	1.0560	18.77	190102	1.6352	15.80	190204	1.4939	21.21
180140	0.9768	20.40	190103	0.9074	15.57	190205	1.9208	18.10
180141	1.8575	19.04	190106	1.1251	17.75	190206	1.6291	19.82

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
190207	1.2579	17.67	210011	1.3632	21.24	220033	1.2602	20.83
190208	0.8059	14.61	210012	1.6193	23.43	220035	1.3063	22.00
190218	1.0606	18.16	210013	1.3591	18.85	220036	1.6289	24.16
190223		19.26	210015	1.3063	16.69	220038	1.3130	23.31
190227	1.0049	12.11	210016	1.8523	22.01	220041	1.1893	22.83
190231	1.5614	16.89	210017	1.2499	17.17	220042	1.2662	25.28
190235		16.80	210018	1.2636	21.41	220046	1.3199	23.90
190236	1.4216	22.18	210019	1.6163	19.09	220049	1.2823	17.27
190237	2.4934		210022	1.4875	21.32	220050	1.1667	20.83
190238	1.6330		210023	1.4502	21.80	220051	1.1784	20.48
190239	1.1544		210024	1.6941	19.56	220052	1.2993	23.01
190240	0.9642		210025	1.3279	19.57	220053	1.1637	21.27
200001	1.3472	17.49	210026	1.3217	11.64	220055	1.2850	21.57
200002	1.1142	18.77	210027	1.2802	18.49	220055	1.2703	19.76
200003	1.0982	16.74	210028	1.1693	18.86	220057	1.3594	21.93
200006	1.0868	16.34	210029	1.2777	21.43	220060	1.2295	26.98
200007	1.0197	17.62	210030	1.2555	21.02	220062	0.5638	20.06
200008	1.2216	20.50	210031	1.3110	15.59	220063	1.2671	20.91
200009	1.8812	20.62	210032	1.1730	18.50	220064	1.2833	17.90
200012	1.1783	17.01	210033	1.2407	19.91	220065	1.3711	20.10
200013	1.1139	16.49	210034	1.3165	16.12	220066	1.3459	19.43
200015		20.11	210035	1.3414	20.61	220067	1.2869	25.74
200016	1.0407	17.66	210037	1.2643	18.74	220068		6.45
200017		19.70	210038	1.4181	23.26	220070	1.2165	16.72
200018	1.2072	17.24	210039	1.1915	20.73	220071	1.9239	24.67
200019	1.2519	18.48	210040	1.3180	25.08	220073	1.3015	26.08
200020	1.1541	20.60	210043	1.2815	40.60	220074	1.3358	15.22
200021	1.1958	18.88	210044	1.3645	22.24	220075	1.7972	19.96
200023	0.8402	14.92	210045	1.0892	9.88	220076	1.2501	20.83
200024	1.4798	18.65	210048	1.2893	22.39	220077	1.8283	24.48
200025	1.2493	19.07	210049	1.1702	17.67	220079	1.0997	21.01
200026	0.9915	17.28	210051	1.4024	20.76	220080	1.3044	17.16
200027	1.2369	18.28	210054	1.3673	23.51	220081	0.9163	25.77
200028	0.9205	16.93	210055	1.3658	20.09	220082	1.2658	20.02
200031	1.2258	15.90	210056	1.3928	20.94	220083	1.1887	20.93
200032	1.3282	17.92	210057	1.3587	22.57	220084	1.2481	24.66
200033	1.7813	21.40	210058	1.5007	21.37	220086	1.7933	30.00
200034	1.2763	19.13	210059	1.1847	23.13	220088	1.6455	22.71
200037	1.2272	18.24	210060	1.2753		220089	1.2583	21.81
200038	1.1414	19.21	210061	1.1313	20.02	220090	1.2260	21.42
200039	1.2559	20.29	220001	1.2879	26.32	220092	1.1838	17.04
200040	1.1170	19.13	220002	1.4678	22.58	220094		21.99
200041	1.1252	17.66	220003	1.1104	19.14	220095	1.1894	21.45
200043	0.8031	16.54	220004		20.01	220098	1.3175	20.34
200050	1.2072	18.08	220006	1.3867	22.04	220098	1.2347	20.43
200051	0.9896	19.48	220008	1.2973	21.89	220100	1.3674	25.39
200052	0.9958	15.12	220010	1.3481	22.06	220101	1.4449	24.15
200055	1.0875	17.13	220011	1.0947	23.85	220104	1.4666	26.76
200062	0.9507	16.51	220012	1.3117	28.24	220105	1.2706	21.69
200063	1.2430	19.67	220015	1.1691	21.73	220106	1.2167	24.34
200066	1.1419	16.32	220016	1.3445	21.30	220107		20.14
210001	1.4438	18.73	220017	1.3512	24.90	220108	1.1915	22.52
210002	2.0439	22.84	220019	1.1561	19.13	220110	2.1015	29.15
210003	1.6821	25.37	220020	1.2448	20.00	220111	1.2455	23.07
210004	1.3607	23.44	220023	0.6351	18.76	220116	1.9143	27.64
210005	1.2933	19.62	220024	1.2167	21.59	220118		30.02
210006	1.1140	17.77	220025	1.1442	19.94	220119	1.2616	22.78
210007	1.8016	21.54	220028*	1.4573	22.18	220123	1.0317	17.74
210008	1.3069	19.50	220029	1.1595	21.19	220126	1.2498	20.96
210009	1.8548	21.81	220030	1.1073	14.54	220128		21.92
210010	1.1378		220031	1.9074		220133	0.7187	24.34

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
220425	4 000 4	05.00	222225	4 0050	47.54	220100	4 4 4 0 7	45.50
220135	1.2824	25.08	230085	1.2359	17.54	230188	1.1197	15.56
220153	1.0071	15.97	230086	0.9482	16.98	230189	0.9464	15.91
220154	0.9023	14.84	230087	1.0847	15.77	230190	0.8801	23.71
220162	1.4831		230089	1.2859	21.39	230191	0.9321	17.12
220163	2.0302	27.35	230092	1.3590	18.96	230193	1.3023	20.18
220171	1.6811	23.43	230093	1.2299	19.99	230195	1.3569	22.37
230001	1.1539	19.20	230095	1.1731	16.78	230197	1.4043	21.62
230002	1.2731	21.91	230096	1.1072	22.56	230199	1.0833	18.40
230003	1.1409	19.61	230097	1.6199	20.10	230201	1.2527	15.32
230004	1.6874	22.42	230099	1.1231	20.25	230204	1.3728	21.89
230005	1.2532	19.40	230100	1.1427	13.11	230205	0.9894	13.89
230006	1.0501	18.47	230101	1.0672	18.61	230207	1.2522	20.46
230007		19.43	230103	1.0527	20.76	230208	1.3046	17.15
230012	0.9650	18.67	230104	1.5554	23.47	230211	0.9159	17.51
230012	1.9036	23.94	230105	1.7966	20.88	230212	1.0559	22.18
230013	1.3748	20.12	230106	1.1826	18.35	230213	0.9300	15.32
230015	1.0768	20.43	230107	0.9423	14.67	230216	1.5737	19.59
230017	1.6133	20.40	230108	1.2079	17.42	230217	1.2657	20.95
230019	1.5299	19.05	230110	1.3163	17.65	230219	0.8632	20.70
230020	1.7464	21.04	230113	0.8490	11.17	230221*		21.55
230021	1.5000	18.57	230115	1.0580	16.87	230222	1.3904	20.79
230021	1.1691	18.89	230116	0.8654	16.36	230223	1.2692	21.50
230024	1.4282	27.96	230118	1.1403	21.71	230227	1.4208	21.21
230027	1.0357	18.03	230119	1.3594	23.96	230230	1.5877	22.53
230029	1.5743	21.12	230120	1.1248	19.64	230232		12.64
230030	1.3405	17.29	230121	1.2279	19.37	230235	1.0880	15.95
230031	1.4291	17.00	230122	1.3518	18.09	230236*	1.3245	23.22
230032*	1.7456	20.08	230125		15.35	230239	1.1705	19.23
230034	1.2673	17.23	230128	1.4028	23.58	230241	1.1942	18.85
230035	1.0750	17.56	230130	1.6932	22.52	230244	1.4114	21.08
230035	1.6288	23.05	230132	1.3334	26.17	230253	0.9600	21.95
230036	1.2559	21.76	230133	1.2298	17.57	230254	1.2928	21.28
230037	1.1615	19.07	230134		15.32	230257	0.9141	20.47
230038	1.7574	23.40	230135	1.2320	22.74	230259	1.1398	21.15
230040	1.1346	20.39	230137		18.34	230264	1.6552	15.18
230041	1.2536	19.03	230142	1.2837	20.04	230269	1.3095	22.81
230042	1.2327	19.49	230143	1.2803	16.45	230270	1.2029	20.08
230046	1.9231	25.91	230144	1.1223	21.00	230273	1.5232	23.40
230047	1.3568	20.64	230145	1.1219	16.60	230275	0.5244	17.60
230053	1.5887	22.22	230146	1.2603	18.63	230276	0.5657	18.55
230054	1.8405	19.54	230140	1.4098	20.40	230277	1.2488	22.50
230055	1.1698	19.84	230149	1.1317	14.17	230278		16.66
230056	0.8968	16.41		1.4140	20.89		0 6529	
230058	1.1023	18.23	230151 230153	1.0658	17.33	230279 230280	0.6538 1.0995	16.04
230059	1.4582	18.96	230153	0.8898	14.58	230280	2.2297	
230059	1.4562	17.87	230154	1.0298	14.56	230283	2.2297	22.84
						2.000.		
230062	0.9642	16.30	230156	1.7470	23.28	240002	1.7570	23.02
230063	1.2587	20.22	230157	1.1677	19.72	240004*	1.5922	16.53
230065	1.3139	21.28	230159	1.0227	18.61	240005	0.8861	16.98
230066	1.3669	21.51	230162	0.9532	17.77	240006	1.1644	27.11
230069	1.1982	22.49	230165	1.9359	23.23	240007	1.0673	16.98
230070	1.6490	20.06	230167	1.7502	20.32	240008	1.1466	21.81
230071	1.1156	22.16	230169	1.3613	22.75	240009	0.9419	16.69
230075	1.5045	19.43	230171	1.0817	14.96	240010	1.9784	22.62
230076	1.4082	23.82	230172	1.1873	20.22	240011	1.1515	18.96
230077	2.0553	20.39	230174	1.3724	20.85	240013	1.2854	18.97
230078	1.1150	16.25	230175	2.3801	21.81	240014	1.0968	21.86
230078	1.1358	15.56	230176	1.2168	21.86	240016	1.3901	19.86
230080	1.2452	18.91	230178	0.9485	16.08	240017	1.1526	17.23
230081	1.2102	18.04	230180	1.1229	15.48	240018	1.2687	19.07
230082	1.1207	17.74	230184	1.2534	17.29	240019	1.1859	21.13

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
240020	1.1172	19.57	240100	1.2887	19.19	240187	1.2492	17.51
240021	0.9884	17.40	240101	1.2099	17.75	240193	1.0038	16.30
240022	1.1049	19.16	240102	0.9273	15.56	240200	0.8955	14.73
240023	0.9789	20.39	240103	1.2125	16.88	240205	0.9180	
240025	1.0980	17.25	240103	1.2125	16.88	240206	0.8312	
240027	1.0711	16.25	240103	1.2687	16.60	240210*	1.2515	24.03
240028	1.1581	19.38	240104	1.1691	24.02	240211	0.9639	20.55
240029	1.1501	17.99	240105		14.79	250002	0.8834	15.58
240030	1.2802	18.44	240106	1.3931	25.05	250003	0.9935	15.66
240031	0.9276	18.07	240107	0.9756	19.03	250004	1.5311	16.96
240036	1.5871	20.12	240108	0.9778	16.46	250006	0.9628	15.70
240037	1.0154	18.46	240109	0.9814	13.15	250007	1.2280	19.16
240038	1.5017	26.35	240110	0.9389	17.28	250008	1.0292	13.32
240040	1.2684	19.90	240111	0.9906	17.04	250009	1.2659	16.18
240041	1.1728	19.21	240112	0.9763	15.31	250010	1.0112	13.34
240043	1.2228	17.31	240114	0.9379	15.49	250012	0.9335	18.48
240044	1.1357	18.92	240115	1.6118	22.16	250015	1.0386	11.07
240045	1.1584	20.99	240116	0.9248	15.18	250017	1.0281	17.30
240047*	1.5726	21.86	240117	1.1441	17.57	250018	0.9366	13.47
240048		23.31	240119	0.8604	22.50	250019	1.4832	17.15
240049		22.13	240121	0.9071	21.37	250020	0.9513	13.88
240050	1.2114	24.50	240122	1.0827	18.04	250021	0.8379	9.08
240051	0.9654	18.23	240123	1.0205	15.60	250023	0.8948	13.54
240052	1.3024	19.22	240124	0.9613	19.05	250024	0.8937	11.59
240053	1.4855	21.29	240125	0.9698	13.15	250025	1.1497	17.72
240056	1.2541	22.29	240127	1.0079	14.77	250027	0.9761	12.42
240057	1.8364	23.24	240128	1.1138	16.08	250029	0.8705	14.85
240058	0.9292	14.91	240129	0.9949	15.42	250030	0.9210	13.63
240059	1.0456	21.96	240130	0.9322	15.65	250031	1.2477	18.77
240061	1.7666	24.44	240132	1.2724	24.50	250032	1.2190	17.26
240063	1.4484	23.54	240133	1.2207	18.52	250033	1.0137	15.76
240064	1.3259	20.76	240135	0.9181	13.60	250034	1.5454	18.13
240065	1.1496	12.55	240137	1.1748	19.18	250035	0.8365	17.41
240066	1.2838	22.05	240138	0.9322	13.74	250036	0.9962	13.79
240069	1.1917	19.18	240139	0.9615	17.02	250037	0.8845	10.32
240071	1.1069	19.19	240141	1.1553	21.99	250038	0.9382	13.62
240072	1.0236	18.00	240142	1.0125	20.61	250039	0.9970	16.51
240073	0.9003	15.63	240142	0.9881	16.75	250040	1.3147	15.64
240075	1.2015	21.19	240143	0.9663	14.28	250042	1.2629	16.47
240076	1.0725	21.07	240144	1.0451	15.87	250043	0.8997	13.65
240077	0.9002	14.95	240145	0.9125	15.00	250045	1.2675	19.48
240078	1.5426	22.71	240145	1.5277	15.71	250045	1.6478	19.71
240079	0.9545	17.82	240146*	0.9085	16.79	250047	0.9058	31.60
240080*	1.6152	23.73	240148	1.0240	11.48	250049	0.8840	10.76
240082	1.1235	18.03	240150	0.8795	12.83	250050	1.2669	13.92
240083	1.2898	19.29	240152	1.0247	20.20	250051	0.9264	9.60
240084	1.3236	19.61	240153	1.0015	15.61	250057	1.1777	13.76
240085	1.0306	18.02	240154	1.0211	17.06	250058	1.1857	15.42
240086	1.0482	15.33	240155	0.9166	20.42	250059	1.0828	14.23
240087	1.1607	17.06	240157	1.0227	14.69	250060	0.7514	7.99
240088	1.4006	21.02	240160	1.0601	16.60	250061	0.8571	13.97
240089	0.9225	18.42	240161	1.0376	15.42	250063	0.8311	14.97
240090	1.1288	18.05	240163	0.9706	17.87	250065	0.8934	12.68
240093	1.2970	18.62	240166	1.1526	16.39	250066	0.9138	14.33
240094	0.9639	20.57	240169	0.9599	18.62	250067	1.1596	15.29
240096	0.9900	18.34	240170	1.1056	17.65	250068	0.8244	11.43
240096	1.2640	23.33	240171	1.0083	16.72	250069	1.2682	15.77
240097	1.1145	23.62	240172	0.9741	14.91	250071	0.8972	11.21
240098	0.9270	20.60	240173	0.9979	16.74	250072	1.4321	16.93
240099	1.0725	14.36	240179	1.0343	16.65	250077	0.9343	11.41
240099	1.6247	18.12	240184	0.9677	14.40	250078	1.5470	15.50

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
250079	0.8546	19.06	260022	1.2556	19.35	260422	1.0917	14.54
250079	1.2791	28.31	260022 260023	1.4179	15.82	260122 260123	1.0482	14.00
				0.9716				
250082	1.4189	13.84	260024		13.47	260127	1.0625	15.95
250083	0.9426	9.20	260025	1.3037	14.94	260129		14.64
250084	1.0988	19.74	260027	1.6145	21.01	260131	1.2658	19.75
250085	0.9829	13.85	260029	1.1888	17.47	260134	1.1709	16.58
250088	0.9803	16.69	260030	1.1362	11.24	260137	1.7105	15.22
250089	1.0904	13.05	260031	1.5358	18.30	260138	1.9075	21.41
250093	1.1718	15.09	260032	1.7220	20.92	260141	1.9978	17.96
250094	1.3373	17.85	260034	1.0233	17.22	260142	1.1255	16.03
250095	0.9932	16.36	260035	1.0045	12.59	260143	0.9900	11.94
250096	1.2105	17.07	260036	1.0042	18.31	260147	0.9530	13.66
250097	1.2848	18.41	260039	1.0672	14.20	260148	0.9021	10.34
250098	0.9421	14.30	260040	1.6796	15.08	260158	1.0544	12.40
250099	1.2923	14.41	260042	1.2519	17.44	260159	1.0116	18.22
250101	0.8831	16.31	260044	1.0069	17.12	260160	1.1476	16.19
250102	1.5195	20.02	260047	1.6390	17.28	260162	1.5659	20.71
250104	1.4439	17.54	260048	1.2487	21.43	260163	1.2449	14.81
250105	0.9369	14.60	260050	1.0545	18.74	260164	0.9182	14.31
250107	0.8803	13.63	260052	1.3663	17.86	260166	1.2191	19.53
250109	0.8900	14.55	260053	1.1247	12.01	260172	0.9615	12.49
250109	1.7757	18.47	260054	1.3540	17.37	260173	1.0061	11.98
250112	0.9912	14.20	260055	0.9667	17.76	260175	1.1279	16.29
250117	1.0628	14.52	260057	1.0072	15.33	260176*	1.7243	19.59
250119	1.0603	12.74	260059	1.2431	15.79	260177	1.3381	20.75
250120	1.0638	14.41	260061	1.1196	15.01	260178	1.4663	21.20
250122	1.1763	17.72	260062	1.1845	20.26	260179	1.6090	20.76
250122	1.2209	17.41	260063	1.0723	16.85	260180	1.6591	18.54
250123	0.9344	12.67	260064	1.3319	16.50	260183	1.6570	17.65
250125	1.2793	14.49	260066	1.0139	14.42	260186	1.5847	18.06
250126	0.9351	14.71	260067	0.8926	12.16	260188	1.2749	18.58
250120	0.9230		260068	1.6802	19.83	260189	0.9425	10.75
250127	1.0367	13.00	260070	1.0377	21.69	260109	1.1964	18.16
250120	1.0826	10.28	260073	1.0843	13.01	260191	1.2874	19.34
250134	0.9667	17.98	260074	1.2962	15.42	260193	1.2224	20.51
250136	0.9182	18.05	260074	1.7288	18.26	260195	1.2469	15.95
250138	1.2054	17.60	260078	1.1814	15.48	260193	1.0913	16.37
250141	1.2067	17.12	260079	1.0620	14.83	260198	1.2980	17.64
	0.8696	11.40		0.9887	12.56	260200	1.2300	18.88
250145	0.8890		260080	1.6619				
250146	1.2354	13.28 11.98	260081		18.96 15.79	260205	1.1102	
250148		12.98	260082	1.1478		260206	2.6705	17.10
250149	0.9690		260085	1.5799	19.51	270002	1.2837	17.19
250150	1.2560	47.55	260086	0.9285	14.87	270003	1.2133	22.13
260001	1.6327	17.55	260091	1.6909	19.61	270004	1.6933	29.28
260002	1.4385	20.59	260094	1.1873	15.87	270006	0.8808	16.19
260003	1.1303	14.33	260095	1.3659	19.77	270007	1.0011	13.17
260004	0.9725	13.75	260096	1.5613	21.72	270009	1.0272	17.75
260004	1.4534	18.46	260097	1.1415	15.79	270011	1.0451	19.82
260006	1.5184	18.53	260100	1.0128	15.73	270012	1.6015	23.08
260008	0.9887	16.25	260102	0.9990	16.37	270013		20.40
260009	1.2916	17.94	260103	1.3189	17.35	270014	1.8492	18.48
260011	1.5348	18.32	260104	1.7127	19.02	270016	0.9184	19.77
260012	1.0036	14.46	260105	1.8623	20.80	270017	1.2649	19.58
260013	1.1872	15.54	260108	1.8507	20.92	270019	1.0264	12.78
260015	1.1793	21.33	260109	0.9915	13.44	270021	1.1688	16.65
260017	1.1724	15.80	260110	1.6688	15.72	270023	1.2657	20.40
260018	0.8885	12.23	260113	1.2254	14.79	270026	0.9058	16.07
260019	1.1438	23.67	260115	1.2279	17.90	270027	1.0591	9.78
260020	1.8100	21.86	260116	1.1034	14.57	270028	1.1731	17.21
260020	1.0367	11.27	260119	1.2149	16.20	270029	0.9220	17.89
260021	1.4386	17.57	260120	1.1954	17.13	270032	1.1300	17.03

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

270033       0.8642       16.46       280045       1.0415       14.23       290003         270035       1.0008       17.65       280046       1.0475       13.72       290005         270036       0.9192       14.08       280046       0.9996       17.09       290006         270039       1.0442       15.35       280047       1.1206       18.37       290007         270040       1.1242       19.19       280048       1.1137       14.07       290008	1.6685 1.3281 1.2282 1.6911 1.2553 1.6213 1.1253 1.0959 1.3501 1.0289	23.40 17.80 19.88 29.69 20.25 22.74 14.48 16.44
270035       1.0008       17.65       280046       1.0475       13.72       290005         270036       0.9192       14.08       280046       0.9996       17.09       290006         270039       1.0442       15.35       280047       1.1206       18.37       290007	1.3281 1.2282 1.6911 1.2553 1.6213 1.1253 1.0959 1.3501 1.0289	17.80 19.88 29.69 20.25 22.74 14.48
270036         0.9192         14.08         280046         0.9996         17.09         290006           270039         1.0442         15.35         280047         1.1206         18.37         290007	1.2282 1.6911 1.2553 1.6213 1.1253 1.0959 1.3501 1.0289	19.88 29.69 20.25 22.74 14.48
270039 1.0442 15.35 280047 1.1206 18.37 290007	1.6911 1.2553 1.6213 1.1253 1.0959 1.3501 1.0289	29.69 20.25 22.74 14.48
	1.6213 1.1253 1.0959 1.3501 1.0289	22.74 14.48
	1.6213 1.1253 1.0959 1.3501 1.0289	14.48
270041	1.1253 1.0959 1.3501 1.0289	14.48
270044	1.0959 1.3501 1.0289	16.44
270046	1.3501 1.0289	
270048 1.0107 15.84 280054 1.2488 17.58 290012		21.17
270049		18.38
270050	0.9745	17.83
270051	1.1219	12.81
270052 1.0056 14.80 280058 1.2363 17.88 290019	1.3294	20.93
270057	0.9828	26.15
270058	1.6752	21.13
270059	1.5923	24.08
270060	0.8876	16.43
270063	0.9227	
270073 1.0809 15.53 280066 1.0217 11.64 290032	1.4102	22.79
270074	0.5760	18.61
270075	0.9313	23.14
270079	1.3278	25.80
270080	1.2669	
270081	1.4837	21.40
270082 1.1020 16.13 280076 1.0343 13.92 300003	2.0054	23.25
270083	1.3435	19.99
270084	1.1762	18.93
280001	1.0889	19.34
280003	1.2468	16.46
280005	1.0545	20.01
280009	1.2618	19.38
280010	1.3250	21.24
280011		19.27
280012 16.41 280085 0.8186 21.58 300013	1.1145	18.97
280013 1.7249 22.18 280088 21.64 300014	1.2417	19.80
280014	1.1214	19.92
280015	1.2108	18.50
280017	1.3267	22.34
280020	1.3658	20.89
280021	1.2426	20.61
280022	1.3820	21.65
280023	1.0741	17.35
280024	1.1274	17.19
280025	1.3989	20.39
280025	1.2859	18.05
280026	1.3196	20.90
280028	1.0986	19.85
280029 1.2096 19.46 280106 1.0160 15.54 300034	2.1601	23.52
280030* 1.7665 33.26 280107 1.1351 13.46 310001	1.7852	26.81
280031	1.8508	26.61
280032	1.2974	26.83
280033 1.0807 14.93 280110 0.9845 12.30 310005	1.2946	23.05
280034 15.28 280111 1.2660 23.10 310006	1.2111	21.50
280035	1.3295	24.95
280037	1.3229	23.19
280038	1.2488	21.11
280039	1.2569	23.22
280040 1.7299 18.97 280123 20.77 310012	1.6481	26.32
280041	1.3697	22.11
280042	1.6478	28.70
280043 0.9752 15.79 290002 0.9418 16.63 310015	2.0223	27.58

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued
- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
310016	1.2886	25.72	310093	1.1947	21.23	330009	1.3308	30.42
310017	1.3522	26.07	310096	1.9874	26.30	330010	1.2833	14.74
310018	1.0775	24.53	310105	1.2351	24.49	330011	1.2963	17.63
310019	1.6742	22.82	310108	1.4307	23.23	330012	1.7216	29.82
310020	1.3766	19.27	310110	1.2698	20.05	330013	2.0344	19.11
310021	1.5395	14.69	310111	1.2535	21.72	330014	1.3868	27.44
310022	1.3224	20.73	310112	1.3035	22.52	330016	0.9933	17.41
310024	1.3248	22.78	310113	1.2899	22.95	330019	1.3623	32.45
310025	1.1869	22.58	310115	1.2997	20.07	330020	1.0286	14.55
310026	1.2370	23.87	310116	1.2877	25.24	330023	1.3016	24.27
310027	1.3153	21.77	310118	1.2498	23.69	330024	1.8309	33.55
310028	1.2506	23.52	310120	1.2025	21.69	330025	1.1142	16.03
310029	1.9412	23.20	310121		18.74	330027	1.4665	32.50
310031	2.7731	25.18	320001	1.5282	17.85	330028	1.4110	27.08
310032	1.3215	23.30	320002	1.3475	18.74	330029	1.1574	16.56
310034	1.2861	21.69	320003	1.0738	15.35	330030	1.4176	15.06
310036	1.1416	19.82	320004	1.2912	17.12	330033	1.3126	16.75
310037	1.3994	27.44	320005	1.3136	19.87	330034	0.5350	30.78
310038*	2.0125	25.33	320006*	1.3522	19.34	330036	1.2759	24.32
310038*	2.0125	25.33	320009	1.5961	17.68	330037	1.2231	16.00
310038*	1.5187	17.94	320011	1.1434	21.09	330038	1.1805	16.01
310038*	1.5187	17.94	320012	1.0462	16.00	330039		12.47
310039	1.2510	22.03	320013	1.1399	22.59	330041	1.2877	30.42
310040	1.2033	24.30	320014	1.0829	15.97	330043	1.3072	27.15
310041	1.3451	23.78	320016	1.1832	18.78	330044	1.2664	18.70
310042	1.2924	24.27	320017	1.1293	18.15	330045	1.3750	27.17
310043	1.1890	22.09	320019	1.5028	19.26	330046	1.4572	31.91
310044	1.3276	20.43	320021	1.8076	15.29	330047	1.1976	17.53
310045	1.4835	28.21	320022	1.2332	17.66	330048	1.2590	17.62
310047	1.3317	24.52	320023	1.0237	16.42	330049	1.2689	19.31
310048	1.2890	23.33	320030	1.1556	13.86	330053	1.2232	15.67
310049	1.2304	24.76	320031	0.9451	13.99	330055	1.5716	28.99
310050	1.2126	22.59	320032	0.9020	16.45	330056	1.4640	30.21
310051	1.3939	25.27	320033	1.1699	20.31	330057	1.6852	18.34
310052	1.3013	22.58	320035	1.0266	24.07	330058	1.3123	16.98
310054	1.3465	24.38	320037	1.1663	17.08	330059	1.6000	31.58
310057	1.3027	20.45	320038	1.2324	16.29	330061	1.2766	25.07
310058	1.1447	26.10	320046	1.4430	20.43	330062	1.0980	15.28
310060	1.1968	19.11	320048	1.4178	19.17	330064	1.4278	32.87
310061	1.2042	20.80	320057	0.9720		330065	1.2356	18.37
310063*	1.3466	21.90	320058	0.8862		330066	1.2664	19.12
310064	1.3576	22.05	320059	1.0641		330067	1.3300	20.94
310067	1.3003	22.27	320060	0.9268		330072	1.4065	30.35
310069	1.2634	24.17	320061	1.1304		330073	1.1715	15.88
310070	1.4213	25.04	320062	0.8542		330074	1.2824	18.18
310072	1.3710	22.22	320063	1.2511	19.83	330075	1.0926	17.26
310073	1.6733	25.62	320065	1.2158	16.10	330078	1.4535	17.49
310074	1.3502	24.46	320067	0.8657	57.24	330079	1.2821	16.76
310075	1.4191	26.46	320068	0.8982	18.60	330080	1.2129	24.70
310076	1.4966	28.90	320069	0.9785	11.31	330084	1.0650	23.03
310077	1.6653	25.06	320070	0.9556		330085	1.2897	18.78
310078	1.4152	23.48	320074	1.0897	18.65	330086	1.2267	30.69
310081	1.3497	23.89	320079	1.2128	19.42	330088	1.0497	25.62
310083	1.2748	23.68	330001	1.1867	25.21	330090	1.5603	18.68
310084	1.3299	24.09	330002	1.4494	28.92	330091	1.3782	18.53
310086	1.2171	21.44	330003	1.3431	17.65	330092	0.9905	12.65
310087	1.3363	20.89	330004	1.2951	19.59	330094	1.2369	17.72
310088	1.1986	22.34	330005	1.6834	24.28	330095	1.3277	18.34
310090	1.3887	24.24	330006	1.3333	25.46	330096	1.1197	16.60
310091	1.2672	21.64	330007	1.3686	18.65	330097	1.2448	16.96
310092	1.3184	22.34	330008	1.1791	17.76	330100	0.9996	28.11

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
330101	1.7924	29.22	330203*	1.3894	19.24	330327	0.8784	16.97
330102	1.2990	17.25	330204	1.3574	26.81	330331	1.3609	31.04
330103	1.2013	16.48	330205	1.2183	19.46	330332	1.2164	27.16
330104	1.4136	28.77	330208	1.2533	25.82	330333	1.2125	36.77
330106	1.7000	35.87	330209	1.2122	24.88	330333	1.1649	18.57
330106	1.2141	17.58	330211	1.1003	19.10	330336	1.3036	30.17
330107	1.2746	28.08	330212	1.1260	21.18	330338	1.2490	22.14
330108	1.2381	17.08	330213	1.1307	18.51	330339	0.9024	19.67
330111	1.0714	15.20	330214	1.8224	32.20	330340	1.1793	26.92
330114	0.9051	18.24	330218	1.0787	21.71	330350	1.7306	30.38
330115	1.1308	16.56	330219	1.6427	20.48	330353	1.3031	33.55
330116	0.8461	24.23	330221	1.2963	30.00	330354	1.5849	
330118	1.6337	20.76	330222	1.2742	17.71	330357	1.3385	34.68
330119	1.7045 1.0146	34.75	330223	1.0460	17.28 20.89	330359	1.2176	29.29
330121 330122	1.0140	21.20	330224 330225	1.1993	20.89	330372 330381	1.2997	22.50 29.24
330125	1.8884	21.20	330226	1.2803	17.67	330385	1.1314	29.24
330126	1.1356	22.37	330229	1.2988	16.25	330386	1.1741	20.39
330127	1.3758	28.67	330230	1.3375	28.86	330387	0.7617	24.07
330128	1.3080	26.63	330230	1.3883	30.32	330389	1.7689	30.82
330132	1.1999	14.70	330231	1.0207	26.61	330390	1.3621	29.79
330133	1.3624	32.28	330232	1.2609	19.50	330393	1.7194	27.99
330135	1.1989	18.33	330233	1.4708	33.48	330394	1.5580	18.54
330136	1.3313	17.26	330234	2.3386	32.95	330395	1.3507	36.12
330140	1.8200	19.50	330235	1.1656	19.45	330396	1.1230	28.11
330140	1.3693	29.22	330236	1.3899	29.54	330397	1.3749	31.00
330144	0.9879	12.52	330238	1.2178	14.80	330399	1.2641	35.55
330148	1.0686	15.04	330239	1.2090	17.28	330400	0.8760	
330151	1.0943	13.97	330241	2.0171	22.60	340001	1.4552	18.47
330152	1.4603	29.48	330242	1.2839	24.74	340002	1.8350	18.79
330153	1.7146	17.40	330245	1.4700	17.28	340002	1.6766	19.97
330154	1.7635		330245	1.3066	17.65	340003	1.1378	21.97
330157	1.3770	20.82	330246	1.3232	26.51	340004	1.5051	17.89
330159	1.2596	17.87	330247*	0.8513	27.71	340005	1.1264	14.09
330160	1.4253	30.17	330249	1.1964	16.48	340006	1.0454	15.57
330162	1.2101	27.72	330250	1.2370	19.20	340007	1.1632	17.17
330163	1.2553	20.46	330252		17.04	340008	1.1038	18.38
330164	1.3684	19.48	330254	1.1706	16.73	340009		20.50
330166	1.0688	14.18	330258	1.2649	30.47	340011	1.1008	14.92
330167	1.7206	30.07	330259	1.4768	23.87	340012	1.1768	16.66
330169	1.4402	25.15	330261	1.3026	26.17	340013	1.2426	17.43
330171 330177	1.3082 0.9538	25.43 14.54	330263 330264	1.0017	19.64 23.14	340014 340015	1.5356 1.2423	19.86 19.01
330179	0.9536	12.69	330265	1.3296	15.62	340016	1.1688	16.40
330180	1.2145	14.94	330267	1.3404	23.56	340017	1.2562	19.22
330181	1.3234	32.47	330268	0.9562	14.62	340018	1.1436	15.16
330182	2.5161	31.33	330270	2.0235	28.24	340019	0.9955	11.80
330184	1.3694	27.49	330273	1.2927	25.89	340020	1.2435	16.75
330185	1.2686	26.89	330275	1.3100	17.41	340021	1.2560	19.67
330188	1.2751	18.72	330275	1.5329	17.72	340022	1.1245	16.72
330189	1.1706	17.66	330276	1.1583	17.75	340023	1.3399	15.75
330191	1.3142	18.85	330277	1.1061	17.16	340024	1.1416	16.64
330193	1.3060	29.82	330279	1.2903	19.91	340025	1.2473	16.82
330194	1.8125	35.57	330285	1.8644	22.47	340027	1.2113	17.30
330194	1.3303	24.74	330286	1.3310	25.09	340030	2.0492	20.05
330196	1.2593	26.62	330290	1.7051	31.84	340031	0.9575	12.39
330197	1.1217	17.00	330293	1.1270	15.38	340031	1.2347	19.73
330198	1.3920	23.63	330304	1.2324	29.51	340032	1.3541	20.47
330199	1.3788	27.66	330306	1.3441	27.62	340035	1.0956	18.10
330201	1.6461	30.33	330307	1.3062	20.74	340036	1.1309	16.97
330202	1.3273	31.24	330308		36.84	340037	1.0053	15.53

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
340038	1.1024	17.01	340127	1.3001	17.28	350044	0.9036	10.53
340039	1.2595	20.01	340127	1.3606	19.40	350044	1.1408	17.93
340040	1.7834	20.01	340131	1.5381	18.94	350047	1.2037	14.53
340041	1.2546	18.97	340132	1.2828	16.94	350050	0.9242	10.57
340042	1.1890	16.63	340132	1.0724	14.35	350050	0.9242	17.53
340044	1.1030	16.37	340137	1.2697		350053	1.0058	13.94
340045	1.0223	12.42	340138	1.0673	19.28	350055	0.9910	12.37
340047*	1.8843	19.30	340141	1.7101	22.23	350056	0.9210	14.67
340048	0.6134	13.11	340142	1.1894	16.09	350058	0.9553	14.35
340049	0.7590	16.50	340143	1.4503	20.95	350060	0.8626	9.60
340051	1.2900	18.60	340144	1.2523	15.98	350061	1.0444	14.59
340051	1.8432	20.66	340145	1.3242	19.20	350063	0.8913	
340052	0.9876	20.00	340146	1.0434	13.01	350064	0.8650	
340053	1.6323	19.49	340147	1.2397	19.11		2.5336	
340054	1.1763	14.47	340148	1.3626	19.61	350068 350069	1.1398	
340055	1.2604	18.18		1.2105	16.57	360001	1.3040	17.61
	1.2604	17.83	340151	1.3964	20.42			17.61
340060 340061	1.7099	20.76	340155	0.7272	-	360002 360003	1.1823 1.7502	17.40
			340156		47.06			
340063	1.0057	17.19	340158	1.0734	17.26	360006	1.9071	22.09
340064	1.1560	17.26	340159	1.1779	16.80	360007	1.0921	17.10
340065	1.3378	18.32	340160	1.1654	15.53	360008	1.2559	18.28
340067	1.0061	18.61	340162		16.64	360009	1.5436	17.53
340068	1.2336	16.70	340164	1.3649	19.68	360010	1.2815	18.09
340069	1.8138	20.05	340166	1.3051	19.22	360011	1.2938	18.95
340070	1.2544	18.38	340168	0.4822	14.75	360012	1.3003	19.22
340071	1.1438	16.37	340171	1.1342	20.05	360013	1.1471	20.81
340072	1.1338	15.60	340173	1.2028	20.21	360014	1.1215	19.88
340073	1.3879	20.69	350001	0.9646	15.10	360016	1.6714	18.71
340075	1.2367	18.21	350002	1.8458	17.28	360017	1.9258	22.50
340080	0.9831	16.85	350003	1.2077	17.43	360018*	1.6881	21.13
340084	1.1281	21.78	350004	1.9288	17.90	360019	1.2251	20.17
340085	1.1702	16.24	350005	1.0897	16.03	360020	1.4563	22.96
340087	1.1121	16.70	350006	1.3848	16.62	360024	1.3152	18.54
340088	1.2513	19.83	350007	0.9036	13.28	360025	1.3536	19.19
340089	0.9805	13.86	350008	0.9721	21.70	360026	1.3138	17.04
340090	1.1718	17.47	350009	1.1842	18.28	360027	1.4730	20.43
340093	1.0391	15.16	350010	1.1308	15.28	360028	1.4907	17.27
340094	1.3870	18.39	350011	1.9255	18.49	360029	1.1938	18.22
340096	1.1754	17.98	350012	1.0794	12.73	360030	1.3469	15.35
340097	1.1310	18.42	350013	1.0590	16.68	360031	1.1971	19.90
340098	1.5829	20.17	350014	1.0303	15.79	360032	1.1591	17.93
340099	1.1295	15.09	350015	1.7237	15.87	360034	1.3273	15.56
340101	1.0709	15.36	350016		11.63	360035	1.6456	18.97
340104	0.8681	15.87	350017	1.3344	17.78	360036	1.3111	19.14
340105	1.3491	18.91	350018	1.0338	13.64	360037*	2.1426	22.52
340106	1.1393	18.08	350019	1.7223	19.40	360038	1.6235	19.09
340107	1.2314	16.95	350021	0.9859	12.69	360039	1.2937	17.52
340109	1.3469	17.96	350023	0.9505	13.34	360040	1.2913	18.12
340111	1.1160	14.49	350024	1.0054	14.37	360041	1.2871	18.42
340112	0.9984	14.52	350025	0.9807	16.24	360042	1.1662	16.12
340113	1.8531	21.03	350027	1.0099	17.12	360044	1.1478	16.79
340114	1.6133	20.82	350029	0.8409	12.80	360045	1.4244	21.18
340115	1.5465	18.67	350030	1.0670	17.35	360046	1.1481	19.32
340116	1.8578	19.23	350033	0.9292	14.90	360047	1.1315	15.34
340119	1.2151	16.85	350034	0.9296	18.32	360048*	1.8813	21.29
340120	1.1381	14.38	350035	0.8734	10.16	360049	1.2245	18.81
340121	1.0491	15.97	350038	1.0785	18.74	360050	1.2304	12.89
340123	1.1262	16.22	350039	1.0406	17.31	360051	1.6220	20.71
340124	1.1113	14.05	350041	0.9448	14.68	360052*	1.6960	19.75
340125	1.4577	19.63	350042	1.0516	16.75	360054	1.2429	16.19
			350043	1.6090	17.16	360055		23.27

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
360056	1.3960	18.36	360128	1.1568	15.58	360213	1.2562	18.33
360057	1.0590	13.81	360129	0.9446	15.42	360218	1.3312	18.41
360058	1.1936	17.92	360130	1.0122	15.34	360230	1.5295	21.44
360059	1.6088	20.39	360131	1.3308	18.29	360231	1.1521	13.56
360062	1.4087	20.31	360132	1.4132	18.27	360234	1.3657	22.06
360063	1.1347	22.79	360133	1.6508	19.03	360236	1.2693	19.57
360064	1.6113	20.64	360134	1.7520	20.24	360239	1.2655	19.86
360065	1.2531	19.45	360136	1.0180	17.85	360241	0.4070	22.08
360066	1.6390	20.03	360137	1.7424	20.26	360243	0.6871	13.58
360067	1.1463	14.57	360140	0.9460	19.13	360244		10.55
360068	1.7916	21.92	360141	1.6432	22.85	360245	0.7435	15.06
360069	1.1347	17.88	360142	1.0527	17.32	360247	0.4015	18.11
360070	1.7820	17.55	360143	1.3343	20.44	360248		21.65
360071	1.4177	23.80	360144	1.2946	21.92	370001	1.7396	21.23
360072	1.2731	17.97	360145	1.6897	19.39	370002	1.2252	14.08
360074*	1.2996	18.32	360147	1.2436	16.59	370004	1.1874	16.77
360075	1.3460	19.25	360148	1.1482	18.89	370005	0.9385	17.38
360076	1.3579	19.59	360149	1.2611	18.79	370006	1.1866	12.54
360077	1.6157	20.82	360150	1.3025	20.63	370007	1.1476	17.00
360078	1.2427	20.79	360150	1.3486	14.24	370008	1.3755	17.30
360079*	1.8438	22.00	360151	1.3908	17.49	370011	1.0368	14.64
360080	1.1427	16.66	360152	1.5270	22.00	370012	0.8370	10.80
360081	1.3387	19.64	360153	1.1281	14.89	370013	1.8507	18.04
360082	1.2779	22.86	360154	1.0435	13.78	370014	1.1884	19.63
360083		18.46	360155	1.3677	20.90	370015	1.1919	17.91
360084	1.6077	20.09	360156	1.2714	17.92	370016	1.3306	16.64
360085	1.8767	20.73	360159	1.1769	20.71	370017	1.1140	12.98
360086	1.4308	17.04	360161*	1.3552	19.43	370019	1.3158	16.88
360087	1.4296	20.04	360162	1.0718	18.32	370020	1.2742	13.48
360088	1.3224	22.31	360163	1.8472	20.38	370021	0.8613	11.26
360089	1.1349	20.56	360164		16.16	370022	1.3170	17.90
360090	1.2682	20.40	360165	1.1740	19.48	370023	1.2564	16.82
360091	1.3213	21.03	360166		16.98	370025	1.3094	16.40
360092	1.1373	15.91	360170	1.4424	17.18	370026	1.4938	16.90
360093	1.1774	18.57	360172	1.3450	18.47	370028	1.8978	19.71
360094	1.3412	18.31	360172	1.0594	11.46	370029	1.1615	13.89
360095	1.2596	18.71	360174	1.2393	19.09	370030	1.1993	15.47
360096	1.0736	17.16	360175	1.1888	20.41	370032	1.5960	16.70
360098	1.4620	18.34	360176	1.1416	15.55	370033	1.0434	12.39
360099	0.9911	16.43	360177	1.3276	19.41	370034	1.2300	14.51
360100	1.2362	17.66	360178	1.3155	17.40	370034	1.1035	13.64
360101	1.3303	22.31	360179	1.4147	18.82	370035	1.7244	18.96
360102	1.2046	16.41	360180	2.1660	22.09	370037	1.7347	17.75
360103		22.66	360184	0.5560	19.35	370038	0.9601	12.81
360104	1.1889		360185	1.2279	18.67	370039	1.1556	16.27
360106	1.1909	16.18	360186	1.0613	20.86	370040	1.0121	14.34
360107	1.2449	14.54	360187	1.4008	18.02	370041	0.9415	17.41
360108	1.0519	16.51	360188	0.9300	17.53	370042	0.8490	14.61
360109	1.1015	19.52	360188	1.3145	19.84	370043	0.9307	16.08
360112	1.9154	22.68	360189	1.0999	17.37	370045	1.0379	12.44
360113	1.3257	22.27	360192	1.3351	21.00	370046	0.9834	18.15
360114	1.0880	17.13	360193		17.67	370047	1.4255	15.67
360115	1.3591	18.19	360194	1.1660	17.69	370048	1.2037	17.44
360116	1.1091	18.08	360195	1.1446	19.02	370051	0.9449	12.18
360118	1.3515	18.60	360197	1.1572	19.42	370054	1.3630	16.56
360121	1.2071	21.42	360200	0.9136	17.76	370056	1.5715	18.88
360123	1.2382	19.13	360203	1.1642	15.61	370057	1.0250	14.66
360125	1.1479	18.17	360204	1.2012	19.35	370059	1.1266	16.46
360126	1.2125	20.46	360210	1.1861	20.28	370060	1.0540	15.12
360126	1.8377		360211	1.2583	19.58	370063	1.1044	17.06
360127	1.1473	16.92	360212	1.3502	20.23	370064	0.9378	9.78

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

Asterisk denotes teaching physician costs removed based on costs reported on worksheet a, col. 1, line 23 of FY 1996 cost report.

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TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
270065	0.9995	10.50	270402	1 0202	7.60	200075	1 4240	22.47
370065 370071	1.0274	16.56 14.95	370183 370186	1.0383 0.9785	7.62 13.35	380075 380078	1.4249 1.1368	22.17
370072	0.8645	26.05	370190	1.4695	13.70	380081	1.0229	20.59
370076	1.2553	12.86	370192	1.4803	16.74	380082	1.2627	22.58
370077	4 6057	17.62	370196	0.8822		380083	1.1660	21.81
370078	1.6857	17.24	370197	4 4266	21.57	380084	1.2367	23.64
370079	0.9312	13.60	370198	1.4366		380087	1.2347	16.75
370080	0.9515	14.34	370199	1.0307		380088	1.0722	19.52
370082	0.8548	13.57	370200	1.1673		380089	1.2780	23.74
370083	0.9662	11.49	380001	1.3046	22.03	380090	1.2983	27.09
370084	1.0191	21.75	380002	1.2175	19.48	380091	1.2616	22.83
370085	0.8886	11.88	380003	1.1750	24.74	390001	1.5197	16.39
370086	1.1148	13.56	380004	1.7385	23.16	390002	1.3158	18.08
370089	1.2157	14.50	380005	1.1745	23.24	390003	1.2403	17.24
370091	1.6647	17.58	380006	1.2246	20.54	390004	1.3978	18.82
370092	0.9950	14.68	380007	1.6509	24.16	390005	1.0949	15.36
370093	1.7953	18.57	380008	1.0680	21.19	390006*	1.8485	18.13
370094	1.4453	18.38	380009	1.7977	25.28	390009*	1.7387	20.16
370095	0.9872	14.13	380010	1.0413	19.75	390010	1.2504	17.42
370097	1.3458	15.72	380011	1.1006	21.14	390011	1.2787	18.07
370099	1.1231	16.17	380013	1.1883	20.10	390012	1.2197	20.00
370100	0.9784	17.10	380014	1.6527	23.48	390013	1.2401	19.33
370103	0.9071	15.90	380017	1.9295	23.68	390015	1.1331	12.94
370105	1.9589	21.06	380018	1.8300	22.08	390016	1.2482	17.95
370106	1.5282	18.62	380019	1.2442	20.77	390017	1.1848	16.22
370108	0.9670	12.24	380020	1.4525	21.35	390018	1.2431	18.98
370112	1.0284	15.25	380021	1.2077	20.64	390019	1.0762	16.40
370113	1.2334	16.20	380022	1.1107	21.61	390022	1.3535	22.86
370114	1.6444	15.98	380023	1.1378	19.24	390024	1.1793	25.03
370121	1.0409	19.55	380025	1.2975	24.67	390026	1.2757	22.18
370122	1.0400	12.15	380026	1.1414	19.27	390027	1.7878	27.37
370123	1.4513	16.36	380027	1.2810	20.16	390028*	1.8892	18.48
370125	0.9024	13.55	380029	1.1411	18.57	390020	1.2187	18.40
370126	0.9646	18.24	380031	0.9370	22.83	390030	1.2151	18.69
	0.9040	16.24		1.7968	22.63	390031		
370131			380033				1.2603	
370133	1.0621	10.47	380035	1.3525	21.65	390035	1.2652	18.51
370138	1.0490	16.02	380036	1.0858	19.33	390036	1.5396	
370139	1.0965	13.30	380037	1.2271	21.23	390039	1.1414	16.54
370140	1.0464	15.23	380038	1.2457	25.58	390040	0.9484	15.12
370141	1.3716	6.09	380039	1.2601	22.12	390041	1.2691	19.58
370146	1.0935	12.56	380040	1.2922	21.64	390042	1.5798	21.10
370148	1.4521		380042	1.0121	19.81	390043	1.1762	16.36
370149	1.3479	16.72	380047	1.6765	21.95	390044	1.6420	19.50
370153	1.1151	15.32	380048	1.0418	18.38	390045	1.7171	18.75
370154	1.0475	16.29	380050	1.4266	18.25	390046	1.6108	20.42
370158	1.0197	15.09	380051	1.6342	21.24	390047*	1.7435	23.61
370159	1.2547	15.49	380052	1.2506	17.77	390048	1.1520	18.38
370163	0.9790	14.56	380055		21.25	390049	1.6125	21.02
370165	1.2623	13.22	380056	1.0970	17.16	390049	1.7948	24.39
370166	1.0457	17.82	380060	1.4584	23.48	390050	2.1150	21.43
370169	1.0462	11.80	380061	1.5207	22.63	390050	1.2393	20.86
370170	1.0246		380062	1.2197	18.52	390051	2.1342	26.05
370171	1.0343		380063		19.36	390052	1.1532	17.10
370172	0.8992		380064	1.3207	19.87	390054	1.2344	17.50
370173	1.0625		380065	1.3101	22.17	390055	1.8882	25.85
370174	0.7213		380066	1.3211	20.42	390056	1.1202	17.17
370176	1.2190	16.03	380068	1.0211	22.76	390057	1.3145	19.74
370177	0.9910			1.0679		390057	1.2840	19.74
370178	0.9910	11.88	380069 380070	1.3454	19.58	390058	1.2088	13.63
370179	0.9838	11.64			24.71			
	0.9496	19.27	380071	1.2327	20.47	390061	1.4935	16.95

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
390063	1.8347	19.51	390145	1.3880	20.34	390228	1.2976	19.81
390065	1.2323	20.00	390146	1.2154	17.70	390231	1.5675	22.40
390066	1.2608	18.70	390147	1.2654	21.11	390231	1.1916	9.56
390067	1.8041	20.18	390150	1.1815	19.66	390233	1.3507	18.20
390068	1.3029	17.55	390151	1.2305	20.51	390235	1.4144	23.54
390069	1.2663	19.76	390152	1.1114	19.15	390236	1.2254	17.03
390070	1.4168	20.07	390153	1.2214	23.14	390237	1.5705	19.89
390071	1.1082	16.23	390154	1.2689	15.85	390238	1.2725	1.27
390072	1.0501	15.56	390156	1.4094	20.88	390238	1.1545	10.04
390073	1.6668	20.64	390157	1.3940	19.83	390242		18.10
390074	1.2477	16.60	390158		21.69	390244	0.9245	14.41
390075	1.3927	17.27	390160	1.2380	20.67	390245	1.3199	20.15
390076	1.2793	21.43	390161	1.1893	12.37	390246	1.1920	17.75
390078	1.1506	18.23	390162	1.5191	21.01	390247	1.0511	20.67
390079	1.7570	17.76	390163	1.2262	15.64	390249	0.9293	10.73
390080	1.2902	18.82	390164*	2.1709	21.74	390256	1.8901	23.84
390081	1.2995	23.99	390166	1.1125	19.96	390258	1.4575	21.36
390083	1.2055		390166	1.1125	19.96	390258	1.3348	22.53
390084	1.2684	16.35	390167		22.91	390260	1.0990	21.19
390086	1.1376	17.25	390168	1.2596	18.99	390262	1.9276	18.62
390088	1.3701	22.85	390169	1.3383	18.99	390263	1.4224	23.62
390090	1.8017	20.68	390170	1.8481	22.99	390265	1.2935	19.51
390091	1.1279	18.36	390173	1.2222	17.82	390266	1.2118	16.24
390093	1.1549	16.61	390174*	1.6754	23.61	390267	1.2589	20.79
390095	1.2035	13.05	390176	1.1817	17.36	390268	1.3375	21.02
390096	1.4931	19.25	390178	1.3114	17.47	390270	1.3851	17.83
390097	1.2755	21.52	390179	1.3111	21.16	390272	0.4768	
390100	1.6536	19.89	390180	1.4554	25.02	390277	0.4015	27.10
390101	1.2027	17.10	390181	1.0732	17.09	390278	0.6660	18.99
390102	1.3963	19.51	390183	1.1620	18.28	390283	1.2887	
390103	1.0916	17.71	390184	1.1309	20.75	390284	1.3639	
390104	1.0666	16.17	390185	1.2171	17.65	400001	1.2182	9.86
390106	1.1160	16.28	390189	1.1411	18.67	400002	1.6803	9.31
390107	1.3258	19.18	390191	1.1707	16.20	400003	1.3589	10.13
390108	1.4022	21.43	390192	1.1740	16.32	400004	1.1421	8.48
390109	1.2016	14.66	390193	1.1938	16.50	400005	1.1211	7.85
390110	1.5961	19.51	390194	1.1395	20.15	400006	1.1593	8.22
390111	1.9406	26.03	390195	1.8245	23.69	400007	1.2021	7.86
390112	1.2965	14.04	390196	1.5792		400009	1.0530	8.37
390113	1.2515	17.53	390197	1.2825	18.99	400010	0.8902	11.66
390114	1.2347	23.03	390197	1.3365	11.12	400011	1.0733	7.44
390115	1.3973	24.42	390198*	1.2667	15.51	400012	1.3428	7.81
390116	1.2899	20.60	390199	1.2670	16.66	400013	1.2616	8.21
390117	1.1722	16.90	390200	0.9701	13.59	400014	1.3935	9.54
390118	1.2135	16.90	390201	1.2646	20.50	400015	1.3307	10.33
390119*	1.3898	18.48	390203	1.3562	22.06	400016	1.3663	12.07
390121	1.3957	18.64	390204	1.2728	20.85	400017	1.1570	8.57
390122	1.0603	17.46	390206	1.4000	16.78	400018	1.2817	9.45
390123	1.2758	20.44	390206	1.4000	16.78	400019	1.6576	10.13
390125	1.2067	15.94	390209	1.0811	16.96	400021	1.4432	11.68
390126	1.2899	20.94	390211	1.2184	17.88	400024	0.9500	7.56
390127	1.2286	21.88	390213	1.1284	17.17	400026	0.9640	7.12
390128	1.2202	19.99	390215	1.2563	20.84	400027	1.1026	8.49
390130	1.1343	17.33	390217	1.2232	19.29	400028	1.2500	8.40
390131	1.3302	16.83	390219	1.3072	22.71	400031	1.2515	9.78
390132	1.2935	21.10	390220	1.1652	18.52	400032	1.2212	9.42
390136	1.1431	17.61	390222	1.3140	20.91	400048	1.0249	9.47
390137	1.5156	16.54	390223	1.7334	22.13	400061	1.7094	16.08
390138	1.3212	18.86	390224	0.8802	15.91	400079	1.2218	
390139	1.5084	22.94	390225	1.1951	18.17	400087	1.4156	9.83
390142*	1.6088	27.22	390226	1.6039	22.46	400094	0.9947	5.15

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
400098	1.3998	8.17	420056	1.1158	14.85	430049	0.8812	14.44
400102	1.1591	7.73	420057	1.1156	14.50	430051	0.9318	17.03
400103	1.3870	10.59	420059	0.9738	19.13	430054	0.9648	13.50
400104	1.2767	9.68	420061	1.1761	17.78	430056	0.8301	10.74
400105	1.2171	10.06	420062	1.1904	18.92	430057	0.8972	15.15
400106	1.2574	8.51	420064	1.1038	16.15	430060	1.0902	8.64
400109	1.4773	10.18	420065	1.3912	19.06	430062		10.89
400110	1.1292	10.52	420066	0.9834	15.52	430064	1.0191	12.74
400112	1.0540	9.97	420067	1.2163	18.30	430065		12.77
400113	1.1575	9.48	420068	1.3854	17.21	430066	0.9635	13.44
400114	1.0784	6.41	420069	1.0602	16.40	430073	1.0646	14.98
400115	1.0386	9.13	420070	1.2331	17.45	430076	0.9475	12.25
400118	1.2392	8.70	420071	1.3510	18.29	430076	1.3562	15.61
400120	1.2554	9.74	420072	0.9129	12.34	430077	1.6605	17.72
400121	0.9964	7.11	420073	1.2802	19.20	430079	1.0029	12.98
400122	1.0235	8.48	420074	1.0257	13.80	430081	0.8954	
400123	1.2031	9.00	420075	0.9395	16.29	430082	0.8549	
400124	2.8358	11.16	420078*	1.8578	20.68	430083	0.9273	
400125	1.0022		420079	1.5179	18.77	430084	0.8155	
410004	1.2575	22.06	420080	1.3722	24.83	430085	0.7910	
410005	1.3735	21.26	420082	1.5853	18.88	430087		10.45
410006	1.3057	21.68	420083	1.3596	20.41	430089	0.8333	17.01
410007	1.6365	20.98	420085	1.4116	18.33	430090	1.3320	
410008	1.2136	22.62	420086	1.4340	19.31	430091	1.4528	
410009	1.2941	24.08	420087	1.5959	17.43	430092	2.2007	
410010	1.1611	27.14	420088	1.0878	17.09	430093	0.9966	
410011	1.2705	24.37	420089	1.2941	21.66	440001	1.1722	15.01
410012	1.9068	21.33	420091	1.2732	18.57	440002	1.6649	24.36
410013	1.2981	25.01	420093	1.0353	16.77	440003	1.2128	17.47
420002	1.5015	20.20	420094		32.68	440006	1.4058	20.39
420004	1.8164	19.41	430004	0.9973	17.85	440007	1.0032	7.77
420005	1.1323	15.99	430005	1.3588	15.92	440008	0.9784	14.04
420006	1.1199	18.24	430007	1.0895	14.06	440009	1.1552	15.46
420007	1.5710	17.43	430008	1.0971	16.54	440010	0.9307	13.59
420009	1.1697	17.25	430010	1.1605	16.11	440011	1.3832	17.16
420010	1.1774	17.91	430011	1.2930	16.42	440012	1.7143	18.79
420011	1.2438	14.99	430012	1.3230	17.56	440014	1.0046	14.61
420014	1.0197	16.72	430013	1.2073	17.24	440015	1.7923	21.09
420015	1.3348	17.18	430014	1.3653	18.56	440016	1.0334	14.94
420016	0.9571	18.15	430015	1.2134	16.41	440017	1.7422	20.93
420018	1.8110	19.73	430016	1.8711	18.97	440018	1.2965	18.21
420019	1.2145	15.55	430018	0.8815	15.15	440019	1.7372	28.22
420020	1.1846	20.16	430022	0.8616	12.95	440020	1.1314	14.70
420023	1.4298	20.97	430023	0.8729	11.64	440022		19.02
420026	1.8901	21.90	430024	0.9364	13.99	440023	1.1030	14.14
420027	1.3308	18.08	430026	4 7004	10.85	440024	1.2947	18.10
420030	1.2081	17.82	430027	1.7681	18.32	440025	1.1538	15.28
420031	0.8622	13.07	430028	1.0724	16.78	440026	0.8073	22.92
420033	1.1653	21.09	430029	0.9602	15.10	440029	1.2585	18.52
420036	1.2907	19.80	430031	0.9138	12.46	440030	1.2098	15.57
420037	1.1948	21.96	430033	0.9935	14.64	440031	1.0300	14.30
420038	1.3155	16.15	430034	0.9461	12.85	440031	1.5024	19.61
420039	1.0701	16.96	430036	0.9551	13.78	440032	1.0048	13.60
420042	1 1 9 6 7	14.66	430037	0.9633	15.95	440033	1.1602	14.04
420043	1.1867	18.36	430038	1.0095	11.94	440034	1.5621	17.93
420048	1.2366	29.62	430040	1.0511	13.37	440035	1.2301	18.16
420049	1.2046	19.23	430041	0.9140	12.62	440039	1.8871	16.52
420051	1.6466	18.25	430043	1.1323	13.43	440040	0.9687	17.50
420053 420054	1.1427	16.48	430044	0.9084	16.45	440041	1.0284	13.63
4/11/34	1.2398	16.55	430047	1.0274	17.06	440046	1.2336	16.83

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
440048	1.8710	18.14	440162		14.41	450052	1.0002	13.53
440049	1.6635	15.23	440166	1.6849	18.14	450053	1.1028	17.31
440050	1.3867	16.76	440168	1.0561	17.15	450054*	1.6343	21.98
440051	0.9145	14.91	440173	1.6008	18.47	450055	1.1125	14.81
440052	1.0633	16.27	440174	1.0302	17.01	450056	1.6257	19.22
440053	1.3201	17.69	440175	1.0716	17.29	450058	1.6338	16.98
440054	1.1349	12.31	440176	1.3816	18.75	450059	1.3021	14.21
440056	1.1422	14.25	440180	1.2237	17.01	450063	0.9097	13.81
440057	1.0340	12.72	440181	0.9662	11.85	450064	1.4200	15.43
440058	1.2124	18.86	440182	0.9596	18.91	450065	1.0265	19.61
440059	1.4182	17.53	440183	1.5917	19.43	450068	1.9331	22.90
440060	1.1653	15.86	440184	1.2536	18.06	450072	1.1764	17.34
440061	1.1496	16.48	440185	1.1857	18.73	450073	1.1207	16.62
440063	1.6724	18.29	440186	1.0479	18.28	450076	1.7329	
440064	1.0863	17.38	440187	1.1048	14.46	450078	0.8770	13.49
440065	1.2816	18.69	440189	1.4799	16.19	450079	1.5311	19.49
440067	1.2422	28.28	440192	1.0810	19.97	450080	1.1778	16.19
440068	1.2251	17.45	440193	1.2265	18.40	450081	1.0574	16.17
440070	1.0077	15.04	440194	1.2532	19.21	450082	0.9688	13.30
440071	1.3615	16.17	440197	1.3616	23.08	450083	1.8071	20.18
440073	1.2785	18.56	440200	1.0421	15.85	450085	1.0524	14.22
440078	1.0266	13.09	440203	0.9727	16.61	450087	1.4467	21.44
440081	1.0950	17.97	440206	0.9468	13.75	450090	1.1231	13.91
440082	2.0471	19.61	440209		14.75	450092	1.2254	15.68
440083	0.9670	59.16	440210	0.8584	12.33	450094	1.3268	19.20
440084	1.2064	13.37	440211	0.7073	12.00	450096	1.4156	16.63
440091	1.6371	19.72	440212	1.3679		450097	1.3392	18.27
440100	1.0065	13.95	440213	2.6309		450098	1.0981	15.48
440102	1.1313	13.96	440214	1.3295		450099	1.1515	22.88
440103	1.1144	19.21	450002*	1.5334	19.92	450101	1.4797	15.29
440104	1.7388	22.39	450004	1.1433	15.28	450102	1.7275	17.15
440105	1.7270	16.03	450005	1.1877	15.66	450104	1.1833	15.96
440109	1.0889	14.25	450007	1.2689	15.75	450107	1.5329	20.74
440110	1.1002	15.92	450008	1.2584	15.75	450108	1.0388	13.53
440111*	1.4426	21.12	450010	1.4340	16.08	450109	0.9217	12.77
440114	1.0554	13.61	450011	1.5214	17.66	450110		21.44
440115	1.0675	12.97	450014	1.1172	18.22	450111	1.2306	19.27
440115	1.4538	16.64	450015*	1.6355	16.44	450112	1.2588	12.04
440120	1.6404	18.30	450016	1.6644	17.31	450113	1.3241	15.15
440125	1.5584	16.11	450018	1.4434	19.81	450118	1.6610	15.83
440130	1.1384	16.67	450020	0.9601	16.97	450119	1.4076	18.32
440131	1.1174	14.68	450021	1.8595	22.03	450121	1.5363	17.37
440132	1.1314	15.91	450024	1.4525	16.10	450123	1.1893	19.19
440133	1.5479	21.70	450024	1.6146	15.16	450124	1.6632	20.61
440135	1.2196	35.34	450025	1.7316	16.44	450126	1.3278	17.45
440137	1.0844	14.70	450028	1.5003	18.28	450128	1.1963	15.62
440141	0.9706	12.48	450029	1.6807	17.69	450130	1.5006	17.86
440142	1.0003	13.01	450031	1.4829	20.90	450131	1.2640	17.62
440143	1.0461	17.33	450032	1.3571	15.24	450132	1.6184	14.38
440144	1.2139	16.67	450033	1.7144	20.86	450133	1.6016	19.64
440145	0.9559	13.66	450034	1.5651	18.91	450137	1.5728	23.96
440147	1.7001	22.01	450035	1.4731	16.91	450140	0.9222	18.07
440148	1.1231	17.64	450037	1.5577	18.65	450143	1.0314	13.28
440149	1.0945	13.89	450039*	1.4262	18.83	450144	1.0945	16.30
440149	1.3319	13.04	450040	1.5483	17.52	450145	0.8669	14.84
440150	1.1148	15.43	450040	1.7715	17.01	450145	0.8609	13.75
440152	2.0165	17.84	450042	1.6187	17.61	450147	1.3039	14.90
440152	1.1547	16.10	450046*	1.3251	16.99	450147	1.2199	16.91
440153	1.0819	9.02	450040	1.1488	12.50	450148	1.4914	24.00
440159	1.1218	17.62	450050	0.9407	13.00	450150	0.9050	12.56
440139	1.8684	20.39	450050	1.5714		450150	1.1034	14.84
	1.0004	20.00		1.5714	20.00		1.1034	17.04

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
450450	1 0007	17.00	450000	1 5015	10.01	450464	0 0220	10.07
450152 450153	1.2307 1.5443	17.33 24.00	450280 450283	1.5815 1.0413	19.01 13.89	450464 450465	0.9328 1.3057	10.87
450153					12.12			
	1.1796 1.0303	11.36	450286	1 1566		450467	1.0766	15.02
450155		23.77	450288	1.1566	15.67	450469	1.3918	22.10
450157	1.0679	14.62	450289	1.4681	18.08	450473	1.0190	14.19
450160	0.9623	8.75	450293	0.9461	14.43	450475 450484	1.0903	16.25
450162	1.2163	22.12	450296	1.3456	20.66		1.4886	19.59
450163	1.0057	16.98	450299	1.5412	17.97	450488	1.3273	18.73
450164	1.1844	19.21	450303	0.9624	11.59	450489	0.9699	12.93
450165	1.0389	15.16	450306	1.0914	13.32	450497	1.1188	11.89
450166	0.9373	10.28	450307	0.7995	16.23	450498	0.9736	0.87
450169		15.88	450309	1.0981	11.91	450508	1.3853	19.37
450170	0.9628	13.96	450315	0.9788	20.80	450514	1.0764	22.28
450176	1.2927	16.30	450320	1.2431	19.63	450517	0.9583	12.86
450177	1.2044	15.38	450321	0.9220	13.09	450518	1.5216	18.98
450178	1.0248	16.76	450322	0.5973	12.33	450523	1.4806	20.26
450181	1.0084	14.02	450324	1.5343	17.87	450530	1.1943	22.91
450184	1.4589	19.47	450327	0.9680	15.98	450534	0.9671	22.77
450185	1.0264	13.06	450330	1.1267	18.42	450535	1.2284	21.26
450187	1.1969	17.14	450334	0.9752	12.27	450537	1.3420	20.83
450188	0.9950	13.78	450337	0.9932	17.42	450538		19.69
450191	1.0176	18.80	450340	1.4589	15.85	450539	1.2651	14.25
450192	1.1764	21.53	450341	1.0144	19.27	450544*	1.1442	19.38
450193	2.0194	22.73	450346	1.5017	14.22	450545	1.3928	16.97
450194	1.3017	19.15	450347	1.2197	17.54	450547	1.0633	13.81
450196	1.4365	16.49	450348	1.1296	12.94	450551	1.1045	24.23
450200	1.4455	17.38	450352	1.1887	17.50	450558	1.7912	20.15
450201	1.0178	17.05	450353	1.1374	15.00	450559		11.50
450203	1.1592	18.66	450355	1.0444	14.32	450561		16.82
450209	1.5655	18.66	450358	2.0739	18.73	450563	1.2647	30.37
450210	1.0520	14.23	450362	1.0903	14.71	450565	1.2567	16.45
450211	1.3626	16.69	450369	1.0535	15.17	450570	1.1346	17.71
450213	1.7288	17.44	450370	1.2082	15.44	450571	1.4908	16.80
450214	1.3280	17.25	450371	1.2448	11.90	450573	0.9885	15.61
450217	0.9354	11.69	450372	1.2359	18.76	450574	0.9302	14.24
450219	1.0891	15.42	450373	1.1042	17.60	450575	1.1445	19.06
450221	1.1920	16.99	450374	0.8698	12.69	450578	0.9365	16.87
450222	1.4941	18.38	450378	1.1823	23.06	450580	1.1534	15.36
450224	1.3678	22.83	450379	1.5578	20.28	450583	1.0350	15.50
450229	1.5725	16.39	450381	0.9504	13.57	450583	1.1976	21.38
450223	1.6282	13.25	450388	1.7801	17.56	450584	1.1771	12.42
450234	1.0202	13.26	450389	1.2887	18.15	450586	1.0584	12.79
450235	1.0430	13.42	450393	1.2516	15.73	450587	1.1745	17.11
450236	1.1453	15.68	450395	1.0414	13.48	450591	1.1460	17.92
450237	1.5262	17.40	450400	1.3751	11.53	450596	1.2182	14.82
450237			450400			450597		
	1.0080	13.64		0.9314	13.56		0.9687	16.18
450241	0.9562	13.66	450417	1.0236	13.85	450603	0.7880	12.77
450243	0.9422	12.31	450418	1.3841	20.58	450604	1.3023	
450246	1.0110	18.31	450419	1.2162	14.50	450605	1.1873	20.15
450249	1.0667	11.63	450422	1.0412	24.33	450609	0.8938	10.73
450250	0.9906	14.91	450423	1.5371	19.44	450610	1.4674	16.49
450253	1.1234	15.35	450424	1.2463	17.09	450614	0.9889	13.25
450258	1.0358	13.23	450429	1.1179	10.12	450615	1.0755	14.75
450259		17.85	450431	1.5626	34.88	450617	1.3306	19.54
450264	0.8807	13.89	450438	1.1330	14.95	450620	1.1230	12.27
450269	0.9963	14.16	450446	0.7612	21.97	450623	1.1390	21.83
450270	1.0793	9.86	450447	1.3910	16.35	450626	1.0109	18.56
450271	1.2394	15.39	450451	1.1844	18.35	450628	1.0152	16.83
450272	1.2614	17.91	450457	1.8463	19.35	450630	1.5199	19.19
450276	1.0966	12.71	450460	1.0034	16.62	450631	1.6593	17.56
450278	0.8254	13.79	450462	1.7354	19.83	450632	0.9391	11.63

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
450633	1.5493	19.26	450725		19.56	460015	1.2389	19.99
450633	1.5955	20.29	450725 450727	1.0735	17.75	460015	0.9921	18.08
450638	1.5280	20.29	450728	0.8255	12.93	460017	1.4000	6.88
450639	1.4800	20.14	450730	1.3987	20.88	460017	0.9273	16.86
				1.3907			1.0515	
450639 450641	1.1078 1.0511	14.71	450733	0.8297	20.37 8.00	460019 460020		16.83
450643	1.2200	17.43	450735 450742	1.2724	20.74	460020	0.9556 1.3838	20.26
					-			
450643	1.8171 1.4350	18.65	450743	1.4594	14.65	460022	0.9569	18.21
450644		20.79	450746	0.9226	18.45	460023	1.1748	21.33
450644	1.2078	17.67	450747	1.3312	17.38	460024		13.03
450646	1.4571	19.99	450749	1.0333	12.95	460025	0.8253	12.51
450647	1.8915	22.10	450750	1.0162	14.72	460026	1.0648	17.34
450648	1.0015	12.59	450751	1.2148	22.25	460027	0.9545	20.85
450649	1.0322	15.37	450754	0.9405	14.89	460029	1.0958	17.45
450651	1.6801	20.31	450757	0.8760	13.96	460030	1.1965	17.22
450652	0.9063	15.24	450761	0.9449	11.14	460032	0.9812	19.55
450653	1.0888	19.28	450763	1.0029	17.56	460033	0.9710	15.72
450654	0.9486	13.41	450766	2.0829	18.19	460035	0.9482	10.14
450656	1.3894	18.56	450769	0.8529	13.62	460036	1.0012	22.38
450658	0.9605	15.15	450770	0.9940	15.51	460037	0.9093	18.77
450659	1.4874	20.56	450771	1.9141	17.74	460039	1.0603	24.48
450661	1.1066	20.22	450774	1.6697	16.52	460041	1.3034	21.69
450662	1.4702	18.42	450775	1.3635	19.97	460042	1.3720	17.85
450665	0.8639	13.60	450776	1.0096	10.19	460043	0.9896	23.90
450666	1.3180	19.35	450777	0.9775	19.59	460044	1.1363	20.69
450668	1.6257	18.50	450779	1.2926	22.97	460046		17.11
450669	1.3474	22.28	450780	1.7465	15.28	460047	1.6725	20.94
450670	1.3446	18.20	450785	0.9897	18.55	460049	1.9835	18.82
450672	1.5857	21.04	450788	1.5030	20.78	460051	1.1533	20.98
450673	1.0157	13.84	450794		18.40	460052	1.4619	
450674	1.1515	20.62	450795	0.9920	14.17	470001	1.3024	19.61
450675	1.3677	23.26	450796	3.3883		470003	1.8178	22.10
450677	1.3317	18.71	450797	0.7701	18.59	470004	1.0690	18.10
450678	1.4729	20.75	450798	0.7662	9.22	470005	1.2301	21.51
450681	1.3177		450801	1.4574	16.35	470006	1.2402	18.39
450683	1.2745	19.95	450802	1.4444	18.90	470008	1.2583	19.41
450684	1.2398	22.85	450803	1.0998	16.20	470010	1.0674	19.47
450686	1.5933	14.85	450804	1.7558	20.19	470010	1.1523	21.20
450688	1.3163	20.90		0.8919	13.23	470012		
			450807				1.2771	18.52
450690	1.3862 1.1409	16.37	450808	1.9103 1.5476	45.47 12.09	470015	1.2008 1.2257	19.26
450694	1.3358	17.57	450809	0.9739		470018	0.9900	
450696			450810		40.00	470020		18.99
450697	1.3692	15.93	450811	2.4111	18.38	470023	1.3178	20.34
450698	0.9124	14.40	450812	0.0700	20.74	470024	1.1530	20.41
450700	0.9465	15.12	450813	0.9720		490001	1.1947	24.76
450702	1.5056	21.01	450815	2.5623		490002	1.0751	12.74
450703	1.1321	18.80	450817	0.6826		490003	0.6419	18.00
450704	1.2418	21.62	450818	1.1788		490004	1.2734	18.67
450705	0.8800	22.32	450819	1.2321		490005	1.5964	16.91
450705	1.7726	20.82	450820	1.0337		490006	1.2135	15.23
450709	1.1858	17.96	450822	1.2194		490007	2.0980	18.43
450711	1.6329	17.93	460001	1.7791	20.63	490009	1.9433	22.95
450712	0.5447	16.89	460003	1.6039	20.60	490010	1.0335	18.58
450713	1.4868	23.11	460005	1.6610	17.58	490011	1.4669	18.20
450715	1.4311	19.11	460006	1.3361	19.65	490012	1.1951	13.78
450716	1.2675	19.99	460007	1.3066	20.57	490013	1.2469	16.93
450716	1.3205	16.71	460008	1.3692	23.97	490014	1.5363	24.56
450717	1.2910	19.45	460009*	1.8478	21.14	490015	1.5153	19.36
450718	1.1993	19.07	460010	2.0938	21.25	490017	1.3909	15.07
450723	1.4195	20.55	460013	1.4314	18.21	490018	1.3011	17.67
··· —• ······	1.2576		460014	1.2150		490019	1.1928	16.93

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued
- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
490020	1.2250	17.67	490111	1.2008	17.34	500061	1.0038	20.40
490021	1.3802	19.45	490112	1.6550	20.52	500062	1.0655	19.46
490022	1.5525	21.01	490112	0.9491	21.43	500064	1.6399	24.53
490023	1.2187	18.87	490113	1.3260	23.08	500068	1.0553	18.70
490024	1.6719	16.89	490114	1.1579	16.91	500069	1.1143	20.63
490027	1.1135	14.46	490115	1.1607	17.10	500071	1.2830	19.38
490030	1.1907	10.50	490116	1.1694	16.44	500072	1.2022	24.46
490031	1.0746	15.82	490117	1.1533	13.84	500074	1.1040	17.83
490032*	1.7258	25.58	490119	1.3405	17.87	500077	1.3318	22.93
490033	1.1993	18.33	490122	1.3606	23.62	500079	1.3197	22.98
490037	1.2001	15.97	490123	1.1354	16.85	500080	0.8124	13.80
490038	1.2145	15.71	490124	1.0889	19.36	500084	1.2783	17.76
490040	1.4731	22.35	490126	1.3233	17.07	500085	0.9278	28.61
490041	1.2784	16.55	490127	1.0414	14.48	500086	1.2605	22.31
490042	1.2285	15.27	490129	1.0562	27.47	500088	1.2964	23.71
490043	1.3526	20.68	490130	1.3109	16.28	500089	1.0388	17.94
490044	1.3206	17.63	490132	1.0184	17.02	500090	0.8380	16.33
490045	1.2191	19.63	500001	1.4839	21.30	500092	1.0142	17.40
490046	1.5460	18.61	500002	1.4064	21.04	500094	0.8826	18.11
490047	1.1059	17.16	500003	1.3996	24.31	500096	0.9385	20.96
490048	1.5709	17.89	500005	1.7494	23.48	500097	1.0798	19.71
490050	1.4272	22.71	500007	1.3375	22.43	500098	1.0464	16.38
490052	1.6374	16.94	500007	1.7377	27.24	500101	1.0138	19.45
490053	1.3173	15.69	500008	1.9429	24.19	500102	0.9022	20.33
490054	1.0322	15.55	500011	1.3347	25.18	500104	1.2658	22.58
490057	1.5692	19.07	500012	1.5545	22.28	500106	0.9351	18.71
490059	1.5895	20.22	500014	1.5643	23.93	500107	1.2050	17.30
490060	1.0646	19.20	500015	1.3297	23.24	500107	1.2050	17.30
490063	1.7720	27.25	500016	1.4969	23.90	500107	1.4730	20.61
490066	1.3206	17.88	500019	1.3825	22.37	500110	1.2039	21.41
490067	1.2570	17.19	500019	1.0542	16.63	500118	1.1500	22.92
490069	1.4162	13.29	500021	1.4811	24.46	500118	1.2716	18.35
490071	1.4080	19.47	500023	1.2084	27.19	500119	1.3565	21.57
490074		13.34	500024	1.6908	28.85	500122	1.2754	21.91
490075	1.3803	19.19	500025	1.9076	23.96	500123	0.9512	19.58
490077	1.2281	19.79	500026	1.4496	23.35	500124	1.3682	24.15
490079	1.3125	16.44	500027*	1.6837	25.11	500129	1.6395	23.60
490079	1.3236	23.38	500028	1.0717	18.86	500132	0.9695	19.42
490083		16.64	500029	0.9116	17.15	500134	0.6470	20.96
490084	1.1288	16.38	500030	1.4523	24.13	500138	3.6799	
490085	1.1577	16.40	500031	1.2466	23.37	500139	1.4685	20.88
490088	1.1207	20.76	500033	1.3324	21.39	500140		1.00
490089	1.0686	15.86	500036	1.3903	21.89	500141	1.3697	22.94
490090	1.1204	16.35	500037	1.1389	19.69	500143	0.5986	17.60
490091	1.2337	19.83	500039	1.3777	23.32	500146		17.85
490092	1.2211	12.97	500042	1.4121	22.13	510001	1.9505	17.87
490093	1.4392	16.48	500043	1.0020	20.25		1.2866	17.34
490094	1.0907	16.79	500044	1.9366	23.11	510005	1.0195	14.43
490097	1.2114	15.86	500045	1.0116	22.10	510006	1.2718	17.53
490098	1.2065	14.70	500048	0.9588	19.01	510007*	1.5744	20.25
490099	0.9562	16.88	500049	1.4726	22.95	510008	1.2176	17.29
490100	4.0000	17.22	500050	1.3485	20.97	510012	1.0090	20.21
490101	1.2299	24.85	500051	1.6734	24.48	510013	1.1010	16.62
490104	0.6981	28.49	500052	1.1378		510015	0.9623	14.56
490105	0.5822	18.25	500053	1.3294	22.05	510016	1 0667	14.52
490106	0.8713	16.91	500054	1.8773	22.90	510018	1.0667	16.48
490107	1.3325	22.41	500055	1.1299	22.88	510020	1.0824	12.65
490107	1.2448	21.42	500057	1.3026	18.04	510022	1.8964	19.84
490108	0.8976	19.75	500058	1.4858	23.40	510023	1.2383	15.94
490109	0.8779	21.16	500059	1.0767	22.54	510024 510026	1.5822	18.80
490110	1.3090	10.04	500060	1.3734	23.58	010020	1.0565	13.46

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN-DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

DEXES FOR DISCHARGES OCCUR-RING IN FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 1998; HOSPITAL AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEAR 2000 WAGE INDEX—Continued

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage	Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
510027	0.9592	17.58	520031	1.0727	18.71	520118	0.9267	12.44
510028	1.0482	20.73	520032	1.2635	17.84	520120	0.9639	15.62
510029	1.2825	17.05	520033	1.2390	18.77	520121	0.9809	17.58
510029	1.1570	15.37	520034	1.1068	16.69	520122	0.9984	16.76
510030	1.0525	18.31	520035	1.3242	17.10	520123	0.9687	17.41
510030	1.1257	17.66	520037	1.7020	20.05	520124	1.0565	16.39
510031	1.4148	18.49	520038	1.3352	17.71	520130	1.0658	14.49
510033	1.2896	18.81	520039	0.9971	19.60	520131	1.0212	18.80
510035	1.2262	18.65	520040	1.5273	20.48	520132	1.2099	17.28
510036	0.9851	13.20	520044	1.4160	17.79	520134	1.1056	17.61
510038	1.0644	14.34	520045	1.6446	19.67	520135	0.9696	14.47
510039	1.3991	16.04	520047	0.9370	17.87	520136*	1.5145	19.85
510043	0.9349	14.29	520048	1.4946	18.61	520138	1.8811	20.56
510046	1.2728	17.73	520049	2.0474	19.57	520139	1.2600	21.28
510047	1.2608	19.12	520051*	1.8401	19.06	520140	1.6657	20.99
510048	1.1326	20.37	520053	1.1887	16.49	520141		16.95
510050	1.7469	16.57	520054	1.0540	15.99	520142	0.8561	17.70
510053	1.0811	15.59	520057	1.1966	18.32	520144	1.0159	16.62
510055	1.2272	22.84	520058	1.1064	18.13	520145	0.9104	17.24
510058	1.2791	17.98	520059	1.4353	19.85	520146	1.0606	15.73
510059	1.9378	16.77	520060	1.4753	17.05	520148	1.1740	16.93
510060	1.0503	15.66	520062	1.2495	17.80	520149	0.8682	13.30
510061	1.0234	14.22	520063	1.1851	20.77	520151	1.0569	18.08
510062	1.2784	17.63	520064	1.5705	21.46	520152	1.1284	21.33
510065	1.2704	13.72	520066	1.4668	22.24	520153	0.9014	15.45
510066		12.72	520068	0.9622	18.08	520154	1.1279	17.92
510067	1.2058	18.11	520069	1.2302	17.00	520156	1.1295	19.84
510068	1.2030	16.29	520009	1.5249	17.82	520157	1.1386	17.28
510070	1.2966	16.36	520070	1.2534	18.75	520159	0.9313	18.74
510070	1.3310	16.24	520074	1.0579	19.57	520160	1.7788	18.84
510072	1.0568	17.66	520075	1.4850	19.09	520161	0.9970	18.57
510072	1.1382	16.41	520076	1.1802	16.51	520170	1.1959	22.45
510080	1.1488	14.80	520077	0.9304	15.54	520170	0.9550	15.73
510081	1.0777	13.00	520078	1.6347	20.13	520173	1.1310	19.81
510082	1.1599	13.38	520082	1.1943	16.74	520177	1.7167	21.29
510084	1.0387	12.48	520083	1.7211	25.85	520178	1.0405	17.04
510086	1.1038	13.79	520084	1.0805	18.95	520187	0.6853	
510088	1.0373		520087	1.6998	19.39	530002	1.1871	17.59
520003	1.0889	16.43	520088	1.2750	20.15	530003	0.8651	15.78
520004	1.1781	18.17	520090	1.2589	18.00	530004	0.9408	16.19
520004	1.0164	20.44	520091	1.2781	20.07	530005	1.1117	15.15
520007	1.0498	13.11	520092	1.0851	17.56	530006	1.1073	19.34
520008	1.6388	23.11	520094	0.7814	19.78	530007	1.0694	18.06
520009	1.6963	18.51	520095	1.2912	18.51	530008	1.2168	19.71
520010	1.1567	20.34	520096	1.3837	19.30	530009	0.9868	19.45
520010	1.1930	20.34	520097	1.3186	19.57	530010	1.2449	18.93
520013	1.3708	21.64	520098*	1.7679	20.03	530011	1.1582	17.44
520014	1.1081	16.40	520100	1.2558	18.38	530012	1.6193	19.48
520015	1.1985	18.32	520101	1.0673	17.85	530014	1.4152	17.32
520016	0.9785	13.29	520102	1.1747	19.83	530015	1.2824	22.65
520017	1.1935	19.32	520103	1.3291	21.23	530016	1.2295	17.71
520018	1.1169	18.64	520107	1.2651	20.54	530017	0.9391	13.71
520019	1.3094	18.31	520107	1.0080	18.63	530018	0.9886	17.87
520019	1.4602	19.46	520109	1.2429	20.03	530019	0.9000	16.76
520021	1.0420	14.61	520110	1.0771	17.24	530022	1.1517	17.88
520024	1.0420	18.11	520112	1.1370	17.24	530022	0.8312	20.75
520025	1.0000	19.81	520112	1.2753	20.59	530025	1.3777	20.73
520028	1.2629	18.86	520113	1.0715	17.38	530026	1.1298	18.92
520027	1.3300	19.14	520114	1.2443	17.38	530027	0.8284	29.77
520029	0.8925	16.75	520116	1.2746	18.57	530029	1.0012	17.97
520029	1.7397		520117	1.0104		530031	0.8249	13.38
	1.7537	20.01	020111	1.0104	17.42		0.0249	10.00

Average hourly wage based on data on file as of February 22, 1999. It does not reflect any changes processed after that date.

Prov.	Case mix index	Avg. hourly wage
530032	0.9898	20.21

TABLE 4A.—WAGE INDEX A **GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMEN** (GAF) - FOR URBAN ARE

Urban area (constituent counties)	Wage index	GAF	Ocor 0520 Barro
0040 Abilene, TX	0.8269	0.8780	Barto
Taylor, TX 0060 Aguadilla, PR Aguada, PR Aguadilla, PR	0.4559	0.5840	Cher Clay Cobl
Moca, PR 0080 Akron, OH Portage, OH	1.0277	1.0189	Cow DeK Doug Faye
Summit, OH 0120 <sup>2</sup> Albany, GA Dougherty, GA Lee, GA	0.8189	0.8721	Fors Fulto Gwir
0160 <sup>2</sup> Albany-Sche- nectady-Troy, NY Albany, NY	0.8633	0.9042	Heni New Paul Pick
Montgomery, NY Rensselaer, NY Saratoga, NY Schenectady, NY			Rock Spal Walt 0560
Schoharie, NY 0200 <sup>2</sup> Albuquerque, NM Bernalillo, NM	0.8613	0.9028	May Atlar Cape
Sandoval, NM Valencia, NM 0220 Alexandria, LA	0.7988	0.8574	0600 GA– Colu McD
Rapides, LA 0240 Allentown-Beth- lehem-Easton, PA	0.9754	0.9831	Rich Aike Edge
Carbon, PA Lehigh, PA Northampton, PA 0280 Altoona, PA	0.9422	0.9600	0640 Marc Bast Cald
Blair, PA 0320 Amarillo, TX Potter, TX	0.8150	0.8693	Hays Trav Willia
Randall, TX 0380 Anchorage, AK	1.3143	1.2058	0680 Kern
Anchorage, AK 0440 Ann Arbor, MI Lenawee, MI Livingston, MI	1.1565	1.1047	0720 Anne Balti Balti
Washtenaw, MI 0450 Anniston, AL Calhoun, AL	0.8548	0.8981	Carr Harf How
0460 Appleton-Osh- kosh-Neenah, WI Calumet, WI Outagamie, WI	0.8944	0.9264	Que 0733 Penc 0743
Winnebago, WI			Yarn

TABLE 3C.-HOSPITAL CASE MIX IN- TABLE 4A.-WAGE INDEX AND CAPITAL TABLE 4A.-WAGE INDEX AND CAPITAL GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTOR (GAF) - FOR URBAN AREAS-Continued

GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTOR (GAF) - FOR URBAN AREAS-Continued

		unueu			linued		
ntinu	l YEAR	Urban area (constituent counties)	Wage index	GAF	Urban area (constituent counties)	Wage index	GAF
Case mix ndex	Avg. hourly wage	0470 Arecibo, PR Arecibo, PR Camuy, PR	0.4737	0.5995	Barnstable, MA 0760 Baton Rouge, LA Ascension, LA	0.8796	0.9159
0.9898	8 20.21	Hatillo, PR 0480 Asheville, NC	0.8978	0.9288	East Baton Rouge, LA		
	CAPITAL FACTOR	Buncombe, NC Madison, NC 0500 Athens, GA Clarke, GA Madison, GA	0.9556	0.9694	Livingston, LA West Baton Rouge, LA 0840 Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX	0.8555	0.8986
ge ex	GAF	Oconee, GA 0520 <sup>1</sup> Atlanta, GA Barrow, GA	1.0119	1.0081	Hardin, TX Jefferson, TX Orange, TX		
269	0.8780	Bartow, GA Carroll, GA Cherokee, GA			0860 Bellingham, WA Whatcom, WA 0870 <sup>2</sup> Benton Harbor,	1.1509	1.1010
559	0.5840	Clayton, GA Cobb, GA Coweta, GA			MI Berrien, MI 0875 <sup>1</sup> Bergen-Pas-	0.8904	0.9236
277	1.0189	DeKalb, GA Douglas, GA Fayette, GA			saic, NJ Bergen, NJ Passaic, NJ	1.1861	1.1240
189	0.8721	Forsyth, GA Fulton, GA Gwinnett, GA			0880 Billings, MT Yellowstone, MT 0920 Biloxi-Gulfport-	1.1802	1.1201
633	0.9042	Henry, GA Newton, GA Paulding, GA Pickens, GA			Pascagoula, MS Hancock, MS Harrison, MS	0.8030	0.8605
		Rockdale, GA Spalding, GA Walton, GA			Jackson, MS 0960 Binghamton, NY Broome, NY Tioga, NY	0.8701	0.9091
613	0.9028	0560 Atlantic-Cape May, NJ Atlantic, NJ Cape May, NJ 0600 Augusta-Aiken,	1.1076	1.0725	1000 Birmingham, AL Blount, AL Jefferson, AL St. Clair, AL	0.9010	0.9311
988	0.8574	GA–SC Columbia, GA McDuffie, GA	0.9117	0.9387	Shelby, AL 1010 Bismarck, ND Burleigh, ND Morton, ND	0.7973	0.8563
754	0.9831	Richmond, GA Aiken, SC Edgefield, SC 0640 <sup>2</sup> Austin-San			1020 Bloomington, IN Monroe, IN 1040 Bloomington-	0.8680	0.9076
		Marcos, TX Bastrop, TX	0.9511	0.9663	Normal, IL McLean, IL	0.9084	0.9363
422	0.9600	Caldwell, TX Hays, TX			1080 Boise City, ID Ada, ID	0.9178	0.9430
150	0.8693	Travis, TX Williamson, TX 0680 <sup>2</sup> Bakersfield, CA	1.0153	1.0105	Canyon, ID 1123 <sup>1</sup> Boston- Worcester-Lawrence-		
143	1.2058	Kern, CA 0720 <sup>1</sup> Baltimore, MD	1.0176	1.0120	Lowell-Brockton, MA– NH	1.1247	1.0838
565	1.1047	Anne Arundel, MD Baltimore, MD Baltimore City, MD Carroll, MD	1.0170	1.0120	Bristol, MA Essex, MA Middlesex, MA Norfolk, MA		1.0000
548	0.8981	Harford, MD Howard, MD Queen Anne's, MD			Plymouth, MA Suffolk, MA Worcester, MA		
944	0.9264	0733 Bangor, ME Penobscot, ME 0743 Barnstable-	0.9706	0.9798	Hillsborough, NH Merrimack, NH Rockingham, NH		
		Yarmouth, MA	1.3013	1.1976	Strafford, NH		

TABLE 4A.—WAGE INDEX AND CAPITAL TABLE 4A.—WAGE INDEX AND CAPITAL TABLE 4A.—WAGE INDEX AND CAPITAL GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTOR (GAF) - FOR URBAN AREAS-Continued

GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTOR (GAF) - FOR URBAN AREAS-Continued

GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTOR (GAF) - FOR URBAN AREAS-Continued

Urban area (constituent counties)	Wage index	GAF	Urban area (constituent counties)	Wage index	GAF	Urban area (constituent counties)	Wage index	GAF
1125 Boulder- Longmont, CO	1.0045	1.0031	1560 Chattanooga, TN–GA	0.9892	0.9926	Fairfield, OH Franklin, OH		
Boulder, CO	1.0045	1.0031	Catoosa, GA	0.9092	0.9920	Licking, OH		
1145 Brazoria, TX Brazoria, TX	0.8592	0.9013	Dade, GA Walker, GA			Madison, OH Pickaway, OH		
1150 Bremerton, WA	1.1122	1.0755	Hamilton, TN			1880 Corpus Christi,		
Kitsap, WA 1240 Brownsville-Har-			Marion, TN 1580 <sup>2</sup> Cheyenne, WY	0.8891	0.9227	TX Nueces, TX	0.9318	0.9528
lingen-San Benito, TX	0.9243	0.9475	Laramie, WY			San Patricio, TX		
Cameron, TX 1260 Bryan-College			1600 <sup>1</sup> Chicago, IL Cook, IL	1.0858	1.0580	1900 <sup>2</sup> Cumberland, MD–WV (Maryland		
Station, TX	0.8453	0.8913	DeKalb, IL			Hospitals)	0.9096	0.9372
Brazos, TX 1280 <sup>1</sup> Buffalo-Niagara			DuPage, IL Grundy, IL			Allegany, MD Mineral, WV		
Falls, NY	0.9586	0.9715	Kane, IL Kandall, II			1900 Cumberland,		
Erie, NY Niagara, NY			Kendall, IL Lake, IL			MD–WV (West Vir- ginia Hospitals)	0.8890	0.9226
1303 Burlington, VT Chittenden, VT	1.0455	1.0309	McHenry, IL Will, IL			Allegany, MD Mineral, WV		
Franklin, VT			1620 Chico-Paradise,			1920 <sup>1</sup> Dallas, TX	0.9230	0.9466
Grand Isle, VT 1310 Caguas, PR	0.4555	0.5836	CA Butte, CA	1.0381	1.0259	Collin, TX Dallas, TX		
Caguas, PR			1640 <sup>1</sup> Cincinnati, OH-	0.0477		Denton, TX		
Cayey, PR Cidra, PR			KY–IN Dearborn, IN	0.9477	0.9639	Ellis, TX Henderson, TX		
Gurabo, PR			Ohio, IN			Hunt, TX Kaufman, TX		
San Lorenzo, PR 1320 Canton-			Boone, KY Campbell, KY			Rockwall, TX		
Massillon, OH Carroll, OH	0.8722	0.9106	Gallatin, KY Grant, KY			1950 Danville, VA Danville City, VA	0.9153	0.9412
Stark, OH			Kenton, KY			Pittsylvania, VA		
1350 Casper, WY Natrona, WY	0.9292	0.9510	Pendleton, KY Brown, OH			1960 Davenport-Mo- line-Rock Island, IA-		
1360 Cedar Rapids, IA	0.9110	0.9382	Clermont, OH			IL	0.8795	0.9158
Linn, IA 1400 Champaign-Ur-			Hamilton, OH Warren, OH			Scott, IA Henry, IL		
bana, IL Champaign, IL	0.9255	0.9484	1660 Clarksville-Hop- kinsville, TN–KY	0.8413	0.8884	Rock Island, IL 2000 Dayton-Spring-		
1440 Charleston-North			Christian, KY	0.0415	0.0004	field, OH	0.9388	0.9577
Charleston, SC Berkeley, SC	0.8997	0.9302	Montgomery, TN 1680 <sup>1</sup> Cleveland-Lo-			Clark, OH Greene, OH		
Charleston, SC			rain-Elyria, OH	0.9724	0.9810	Miami, OH		
Dorchester, SC 1480 Charleston, WV	0.9187	0.9436	Ashtabula, OH Cuyahoga, OH			Montgomery, OH 2020 <sup>2</sup> Daytona		
Kanawha, WV			Geauga, OH			Beach, FĹ	0.9074	0.9356
Putnam, WV 1520 <sup>1</sup> Charlotte-Gas-			Lake, OH Lorain, OH			Flagler, FL Volusia, FL		
tonia-Rock Hill, NC– SC	0.9522	0.9670	Medina, OH 1720 Colorado			2030 Decatur, AL Lawrence, AL	0.9983	0.9988
Cabarrus, NC	0.0022	0.5070	Springs, CO	0.9311	0.9523	Morgan, AL		
Gaston, NC Lincoln, NC			El Paso, CO 1740 Columbia, MO	0.8982	0.9291	2040 Decatur, IL Macon, IL	0.8413	0.8884
Mecklenburg, NC			Boone, MO			2080 <sup>1</sup> Denver, CO	1.0247	1.0168
Rowan, NC Stanly, NC			1760 Columbia, SC Lexington, SC	0.9452	0.9621	Adams, CO Arapahoe, CO		
Union, NC York, SC			Richland, SC			Denver, CO		
1540 Charlottesville,			1800 Columbus, GA– AL	0.8565	0.8994	Douglas, CO Jefferson, CO		
VA Albemarle, VA	1.0681	1.0461	Russell, AL Chattahoochee, GA			2120 Des Moines, IA Dallas, IA	0.8849	0.9197
Charlottesville City,			Harris, GA			Polk, IA		
VA Fluvanna, VA			Muscogee, GA 1840 <sup>1</sup> Columbus, OH	0.9802	0.9864	Warren, IA 2160 <sup>1</sup> Detroit, MI	1.0463	1.0315
Greene, VA			Delaware, OH	0.0002	0.0004	Lapeer, MI	1.0400	1.0010

TABLE 4A.—WAGE INDEX AND CAPITAL TABLE 4A.—WAGE INDEX AND CAPITAL GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTOR (GAF) - FOR URBAN AREAS-Continued

GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTOR (GAF) - FOR URBAN AREAS-Continued

Urban area (constituent counties)	Wage index	GAF	Urban area (constituent counties)	Wage index	GAF	Urban area (constituent counties)	Wage index	GAF
Macomb, MI			2640 Flint, MI	1.1132	1.0762	2995 Grand Junction,		
Monroe, MI			Genesee, MI		0.0500	CO	0.9291	0.9509
Oakland, MI			2650 Florence, AL	0.8007	0.8588	Mesa, CO		
St. Clair, MI Wayne, MI			Colbert, AL			3000 <sup>1</sup> Grand Rapids- Muskegon-Holland,		
2180 Dothan, AL	0.7916	0.8521	Lauderdale, AL 2655 Florence, SC	0.9706	0.0005	MI	1.0169	1.0115
Dale, AL	0.7310	0.0021	-	0.8706	0.9095	Allegan, MI	1.0103	1.0115
Houston, AL			Florence, SC 2670 Fort Collins-			Kent, MI		
2190 Dover, DE	0.9426	0.9603	Loveland, CO	1.0406	1.0276	Muskegon, MI		
Kent, DE			Larimer, CO	1.0100	1.0270	Ottawa, MI		
2200 Dubuque, IA	0.8606	0.9023	2680 <sup>1</sup> Ft. Lauderdale,			3040 Great Falls, MT	1.0626	1.0425
Dubuque, IA			FL	1.0239	1.0163	Cascade, MT		
2240 Duluth-Superior,			Broward, FL			3060 Greeley, CO	0.9449	0.9619
MN–WI	1.0278	1.0190	2700 <sup>2</sup> Fort Myers-			Weld, CO		
St. Louis, MN			Cape Coral, FL	0.9074	0.9356	3080 Green Bay, WI	0.9305	0.9519
Douglas, WI			Lee, FL			Brown, WI		
2281 Dutchess Coun-	0.9837	0.9888	2710 Fort Pierce-Port			3120 <sup>1</sup> Greensboro-		
ty, NY Dutchess, NY	0.9037	0.9000	St. Lucie, FL	1.0240	1.0164	Winston-Salem-High Point, NC	0.9122	0.9390
2290 Eau Claire, WI	0.9049	0.9339	Martin, FL			Alamance, NC	0.9122	0.9390
Chippewa, WI	0.0040	0.0000	St. Lucie, FL			Davidson, NC		
Eau Claire, WI			2720 Fort Smith, AR-	0 7000	0.0500	Davie, NC		
2320 El Paso, TX	0.8983	0.9292	OK	0.7923	0.8526	Forsyth, NC		
El Paso, TX			Crawford, AR Sebastian, AR			Guilford, NC		
2330 Elkhart-Goshen,			Sequoyah, OK			Randolph, NC		
IN	0.9142	0.9404	2750 <sup>2</sup> Fort Walton			Stokes, NC		
Elkhart, IN			Beach, FL	0.9074	0.9356	Yadkin, NC		
2335 <sup>2</sup> Elmira, NY	0.8633	0.9042	Okaloosa, FL	0.0074	0.0000	3150 Greenville, NC	0.9570	0.9704
Chemung, NY	0.000.4	0.0000	2760 Fort Wayne, IN	0.8941	0.9262	Pitt, NC		
2340 Enid, OK Garfield, OK	0.8034	0.8608	Adams, IN			3160 Greenville-		
2360 Erie, PA	0.9078	0.9359	Allen, IN			Spartanburg-Ander- son, SC	0.9199	0.9444
Erie, PA	0.5070	0.0000	De Kalb, IN			Anderson, SC	0.9199	0.9444
2400 Eugene-Spring-			Huntington, IN			Cherokee, SC		
field, OR	1.0761	1.0515	Wells, IN			Greenville, SC		
Lane, OR			Whitley, IN			Pickens, SC		
2440 <sup>2</sup> Evansville-Hen-			2800 <sup>1</sup> Forth Worth-Ar-	0.0000	0.0000	Spartanburg, SC		
derson, IN–KY (IN			lington, TX	0.9003	0.9306	3180 <sup>2</sup> Hagerstown,		
Hospitals)	0.8480	0.8932	Hood, TX Johnson, TX			MD	0.9096	0.9372
Posey, IN			Parker, TX			Washington, MD		
Vanderburgh, IN			Tarrant, TX			3200 Hamilton-Middle-	0.0000	0 0000
Warrick, IN Henderson, KY			2840 Fresno, CA	1.0371	1.0253	town, OH Butler, OH	0.9080	0.9360
2440 Evansville-Hen-			Fresno, CA			3240 Harrisburg-Leb-		
derson, IN–KY (KY			Madera, CA			anon-Carlisle, PA	0.9896	0.9929
Hospital)	0.8380	0.8860	2880 Gadsden, AL	0.8842	0.9192	Cumberland, PA	0.0000	0.0020
Posey, IN			Etowah, AL			Dauphin, PA		
Vanderburgh, IN			2900 Gainesville, FL	1.0181	1.0124	Lebanon, PA		
Warrick, IN			Alachua, FL			Perry, PA		
Henderson, KY			2920 Galveston-Texas			3283 <sup>12</sup> Hartford, CT	1.2692	1.1773
2520 Fargo-Moorhead,			City, TX	0.9569	0.9703	Hartford, CT		
ND-MN	0.8707	0.9095	Galveston, TX		0.0040	Litchfield, CT		
Clay, MN			2960 Gary, IN	0.9449	0.9619	Middlesex, CT		
Cass, ND	0.9672	0.0074	Lake, IN			Tolland, CT	0 7450	0.0477
2560 Fayetteville, NC Cumberland, NC	0.8673	0.9071	Porter, IN 2975 Glens Falls, NY	0.8693	0.9085	3285 Hattiesburg, MS	0.7453	0.8177
2580 Fayetteville-			Warren, NY	0.0093	0.9005	Forrest, MS Lamar, MS		
Springdale-Rogers,			Washington, NY			3290 Hickory-Mor-		
AR	0.7852	0.8474	2980 Goldsboro, NC	0.8418	0.8888	ganton-Lenoir, NC	0.9255	0.9484
Benton, AR	0.1002	0.0414	Wayne, NC	0.0410	0.0000	Alexander, NC	0.0200	0.0-10-1
Washington, AR			2985 Grand Forks,			Burke, NC		
2620 Flagstaff, AZ–UT	1.0453	1.0308	ND-MN	0.9190	0.9438	Caldwell, NC		
Coconino, AZ			Polk, MN			Catawba, NC		
Kane, UT			Grand Forks, ND			3320 Honolulu, HI	1.1600	1.1070
	I			ı I			1.1000	1.10/0

TABLE 4A.—WAGE INDEX AND CAPITAL TABLE 4A.—WAGE INDEX AND CAPITAL GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTOR (GAF) - FOR URBAN AREAS-Continued

GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTOR (GAF) - FOR URBAN AREAS-Continued

Urban area (constituent counties)	Wage index	GAF	Urban area (constituent counties)	Wage index	GAF	Urban area (constituent counties)	Wage index	GAF
Honolulu, HI			Sullivan, TN			Calcasieu, LA		
3350 Houma, LA Lafourche, LA	0.7916	0.8521	Unicoi, TN Washington, TN			3980 <sup>2</sup> Lakeland-Win- ter Haven, FL	0.9074	0.9356
Terrebonne, LA	0.0000	0.0505	Bristol City, VA			Polk, FL		
3360 <sup>1</sup> Houston, TX Chambers, TX	0.9286	0.9505	Scott, VA Washington, VA			4000 Lancaster, PA Lancaster, PA	0.8944	0.9264
Fort Bend, TX			3680 <sup>2</sup> Johnstown, PA	0.8488	0.8938	4040 Lansing-East	1 0001	1 0060
Harris, TX Liberty, TX			Cambria, PA Somerset, PA			Lansing, MI	1.0091	1.0062
Montgomery, TX Waller, TX			3700 Jonesboro, AR Craighead, AR	0.7324	0.8079	Eaton, MI Ingham, MI		
3400 Huntington-Ash-			3710 Joplin, MO	0.7756	0.8403	4080 Laredo, TX	0.8407	0.8880
land, WV–KY–OH Boyd, KY	0.9851	0.9898	Jasper, MO Newton, MO			Webb, TX 4100 <sup>2</sup> Las Cruces,		
Carter, KY			3720 Kalamazoo-	4 0005	4 0005	NM	0.8613	0.9028
Greenup, KY Lawrence, OH			Battlecreek, MI	1.0095	1.0065	Dona Ana, NM 4120 1 Las Vegas,		
Cabell, WV			Kalamazoo, MI			NV–AZ	1.1182	1.0795
Wayne, WV 3440 Huntsville, AL	0.8912	0.9242	Van Buren, MI 3740 Kankakee, IL	0.8349	0.8838	Mohave, AZ Clark, NV		
Limestone, AL Madison, AL			Kankakee, IL 3760 <sup>1</sup> Kansas City,			Nye, NV 4150 Lawrence, KS	0.8306	0.8806
3480 <sup>1</sup> Indianapolis, IN	0.9876	0.9915	KS-MO	0.9301	0.9516	Douglas, KS	0.0300	0.0000
Boone, IN Hamilton, IN			Johnson, KS Leavenworth, KS			4200 Lawton, OK Comanche, OK	0.8475	0.8929
Hancock, IN			Miami, KS			4243 Lewiston-Au-		
Hendricks, IN Johnson, IN			Wyandotte, KS Cass, MO			burn, ME Androscoggin, ME	0.8971	0.9283
Madison, IN			Clay, MO			4280 Lexington, KY	0.8683	0.9078
Marion, IN Morgan, IN			Clinton, MO Jackson, MO			Bourbon, KY Clark, KY		
Shelby, IN 3500 Iowa City, IA	0.9705	0.9797	Lafayette, MO Platte, MO			Fayette, KY Jessamine, KY		
Johnson, IA			Ray, MO			Madison, KY		
3520 Jackson, MI Jackson, MI	0.8930	0.9254	3800 <sup>2</sup> Kenosha, WI Kenosha, WI	0.8842	0.9192	Scott, KY Woodford, KY		
3560 Jackson, MS	0.8519	0.8960	3810 Killeen-Temple,	1 0021	1 0001	4320 Lima, OH	0.8995	0.9300
Hinds, MS Madison, MS			TX Bell, TX	1.0031	1.0021	Allen, OH Auglaize, OH		
Rankin, MS 3580 Jackson, TN	1.0953	1.0643	Coryell, TX 3840 Knoxville, TN	0.9315	0.9526	4360 Lincoln, NE Lancaster, NE	0.9768	0.9841
Madison, TN	1.0000	1.0040	Anderson, TN	0.0010	0.0020	4400 Little Rock-North		
Chester, TN 3600 <sup>12</sup> Jacksonville,			Blount, TN Knox, TN			Little Rock, AR	0.8698	0.9089
FL	0.9074	0.9356	Loudon, TN			Lonoke, AR		
Clay, FL Duval, FL			Sevier, TN Union, TN			Pulaski, AR Saline, AR		
Nassau, FL St. Johns, FL			3850 Kokomo, IN Howard, IN	0.9075	0.9357	4420 Longview-Mar- shall, TX	0.8828	0.9182
3605 <sup>2</sup> Jacksonville,			Tipton, IN			Gregg, TX	0.0020	0.9102
NC Onslow, NC	0.8349	0.8838	3870 La Crosse, WI– MN	0.9024	0.9321	Harrison, TX Upshur, TX		
3610 <sup>2</sup> Jamestown, NY	0.8633	0.9042	Houston, MN	0.0024	0.0021	4480 <sup>1</sup> Los Angeles-		
Chautauqua, NY 3620 Janesville-Beloit,			La Crosse, WI 3880 Lafayette, LA	0.8160	0.8700	Long Beach, CA Los Angeles, CA	1.1903	1.1267
WI	0.9703	0.9796	Acadia, LA			4520 Louisville, KY-IN	0.9296	0.9512
Rock, WI 3640 Jersey City, NJ	1.1718	1.1147	Lafayette, LA St. Landry, LA			Clark, IN Floyd, IN		
Hudson, NJ			St. Martin, LA	0 0000	0 0000	Harrison, IN		
3660 Johnson City- Kingsport-Bristol, TN–			3920 Lafayette, IN Clinton, IN	0.8898	0.9232	Scott, IN Bullitt, KY		
VA Carter, TN	0.8935	0.9258	Tippecanoe, IN 3960 Lake Charles,			Jefferson, KY Oldham, KY		
Hawkins, TN			LA	0.7901	0.8510	4600 Lubbock, TX	0.8438	0.8902
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TABLE 4A.—WAGE INDEX AND CAPITAL TABLE 4A.—WAGE INDEX AND CAPITAL GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTOR (GAF) - FOR URBAN AREAS-Continued

GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTOR (GAF) - FOR URBAN AREAS-Continued

Urban area (constituent counties)	Wage index	GAF	Urban area (constituent counties)	Wage index	GAF	Urban area (constituent counties)	Wage index	GAF
Lubbock, TX 4640 Lynchburg, VA Amherst, VA	0.9048	0.9338	Hennepin, MN Isanti, MN Ramsey, MN			St. John The Baptist, LA St. Tammany, LA		
Bedford, VA Bedford City, VA Campbell, VA Lynchburg City, VA			Scott, MN Sherburne, MN Washington, MN Wright, MN			5600 <sup>1</sup> New York, NY Bronx, NY Kings, NY New York, NY	1.4302	1.2777
4680 Macon, GA Bibb, GA Houston, GA Jones, GA	0.8615	0.9029	Pierce, WI St. Croix, WI 5140 Missoula, MT Missoula, MT	0.9281	0.9502	Putnam, NY Queens, NY Richmond, NY Rockland, NY		
Peach, GA Twiggs, GA 4720 Madison, WI	1.0096	1.0066	5160 Mobile, AL Baldwin, AL Mobile, AL	0.8301	0.8803	Westchester, NY 5640 <sup>1</sup> Newark, NJ Essex, NJ	1.0873	1.0590
Dane, WI 4800 <sup>2</sup> Mansfield, OH Crawford, OH	0.8722	0.9106	5170 Modesto, CA Stanislaus, CA 5190 <sup>1</sup> Monmouth-	1.0183	1.0125	Morris, NJ Sussex, NJ Union, NJ		
Richland, OH 4840 Mayaguez, PR Anasco, PR	0.4862	0.6103	Ocean, NJ Monmouth, NJ Ocean, NJ	1.1371	1.0920	Warren, NJ 5660 Newburgh, NY– PA	1.1019	1.0687
Cabo Rojo, PR Hormigueros, PR Mayaguez, PR Sabana Grande, PR			5200 Monroe, LA Ouachita, LA 5240 <sup>2</sup> Montgomery, AL	0.8304 0.7542	0.8805	Orange, NY Pike, PA 5720 <sup>1</sup> Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport		
San German, PR 4880 McAllen-Edin- burg-Mission, TX	0.8152	0.8694	Autauga, AL Elmore, AL Montgomery, AL	0.1012	0.0210	News, VA–NC Currituck, NC Chesapeake City, VA	0.8378	0.8859
Hidalgo, TX 4890 Medford-Ash- land, OR	1.0600	1.0407	5280 Muncie, IN Delaware, IN 5330 Myrtle Beach,	1.0869	1.0587	Gloucester, VA Hampton City, VA Isle of Wight, VA		
Jackson, OR 4900 Melbourne- Titusville-Palm Bay,			SC Horry, SC 5345 Naples, FL	0.8647 1.0234	0.9052 1.0160	James City, VA Mathews, VA Newport News City,		
FL Brevard, Fl 4920 <sup>1</sup> Memphis, TN–	0.9390	0.9578	Collier, FL 5360 <sup>1</sup> Nashville, TN Cheatham, TN	0.9140	0.9403	VA Norfolk City, VA Poquoson City, VA		
AR-MS Crittenden, AR DeSoto, MS Fayette, TN	0.8070	0.8634	Davidson, TN Dickson, TN Robertson, TN Rutherford TN Sumpor, TN			Portsmouth City, VA Suffolk City, VA Virginia Beach City VA		
Shelby, TN Tipton, TN 4940 Merced, CA. Merced, CA	1.0615	1.0417	Sumner, TN Williamson, TN Wilson, TN 5380 <sup>1</sup> Nassau-Suffolk,			Williamsburg City, VA York, VA 5775 <sup>1</sup> Oakland, CA Alameda, CA	1.5199	1.3320
5000 <sup>1</sup> Miami, FL Dade, FL 5015 <sup>1</sup> Middlesex-	1.0314	1.0214	NY Nassau, NY Suffolk, NY	1.3274	1.2140	Contra Costa, CA 5790 Ocala, FL Marion, FL	0.9712	0.9802
Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ Hunterdon, NJ	1.1028	1.0693	5483 <sup>12</sup> New Haven- Bridgeport-Stamford- Waterbury-Danbury,			5800 Odessa-Midland, TX Ector, TX	0.8016	0.8595
Middlesex, NJ Somerset, NJ 5080 <sup>1</sup> Milwaukee-	0.0840	0.0800	CT Fairfield, CT New Haven, CT	1.2692	1.1773	Midland, TX 5880 <sup>1</sup> Oklahoma City, OK	0.8705	0.9094
Waukesha, WI Milwaukee, WI Ozaukee, WI Washington, WI Waukesha, WI	0.9840	0.9890	5523 <sup>2</sup> New London- Norwich, CT New London, CT 5560 <sup>1</sup> New Orleans, LA	1.2692 0.9073	1.1773 0.9356	Canadian, OK Cleveland, OK Logan, OK McClain, OK Oklahoma, OK		
5120 <sup>1</sup> Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN–WI Anoka, MN	1.0630	1.0427	Jefferson, LA Orleans, LA Plaquemines, LA	0.3073	0.3330	Pottawatomie, OK 5910 Olympia, WA Thurston, WA	1.2750	1.1810
Carver, MN Chicago, MN Dakota, MN			St. Bernard, LA St. Charles, LA St. James, LA			5920 Omaha, NE–IA Pottawattamie, IA Cass, NE	1.0722	1.0489

TABLE 4A.—WAGE INDEX AND CAPITAL TABLE 4A.—WAGE INDEX AND CAPITAL GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTOR (GAF) - FOR URBAN AREAS-Continued

GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTOR (GAF) - FOR URBAN AREAS-Continued

Urban area (constituent counties)	Wage index	GAF	Urban area (constituent counties)	Wage index	GAF	Urban area (constituent counties)	Wage index	GAF
Douglas, NE			Penuelas, PR			Henrico, VA		
Sarpy, NE			Ponce, PR			Hopewell City, VA		
Washington, NE			Villalba, PR			New Kent, VA		
5945 <sup>1</sup> Orange County,			Yauco, PR			Petersburg City, VA		
CA	1.1539	1.1030	6403 Portland, ME	0.9552	0.9691	Powhatan, VA		
Orange, CA	0.9997	0.9998	Cumberland, ME Sagadahoc, ME			Prince George, VA Richmond City, VA		
5960 <sup>1</sup> Orlando, FL Lake, FL	0.9997	0.9990	York. ME			6780 <sup>1</sup> Riverside-San		
Orange, FL			6440 <sup>1</sup> Portland-Van-			Bernardino, CA	1.0622	1.0422
Osceola, FL			couver, OR–WA	1.1091	1.0735	Riverside, CA		
Seminole, FL			Clackamas, OR			San Bernardino, CA		
5990 <sup>2</sup> Owensboro, KY	0.8129	0.8677	Columbia, OR			6800 Roanoke, VA	0.8224	0.8747
Daviess, KY	0.0000	0.0404	Multnomah, OR			Botetourt, VA		
6015 Panama City, FL Bay, FL	0.9266	0.9491	Washington, OR Yamhill, OR			Roanoke, VA Roanoke City, VA		
6020 Parkersburg-			Clark, WA			Salem City, VA		
Marietta, WV–OH			6483 <sup>1</sup> Providence-			6820 Rochester, MN	1.1056	1.0712
(West Virginia Hos-			Warwick-Pawtucket,			Olmsted, MN		
pitals)	0.8500	0.8947	RI	1.0789	1.0534	6840 <sup>1</sup> Rochester, NY	0.9448	0.9619
Washington, OH			Bristol, RI			Genesee, NY		
Wood, WV			Kent, RI			Livingston, NY		
6020 <sup>2</sup> Parkersburg- Marietta, WV–OH			Newport, RI Providence, RI			Monroe, NY Ontario, NY		
(Ohio Hospitals)	0.8722	0.9106	Washington, RI			Orleans, NY		
Washington, OH	0.01 22	0.0100	6520 Provo-Orem, UT	0.9786	0.9853	Wayne, NY		
Wood, WV			Utah, UT			6880 Rockford, IL	0.8861	0.9205
6080 <sup>2</sup> Pensacola, FL	0.9074	0.9356	6560 Pueblo, CO	0.8943	0.9264	Boone, IL		
Escambia, FL			Pueblo, CO			Ogle, IL		
Santa Rosa, FL	0.0405	0.0040	6580 <sup>2</sup> Punta Gorda,	0.0074	0.0256	Winnebago, IL 6895 Rocky Mount,		
6120 Peoria-Pekin, IL Peoria, IL	0.8495	0.8943	FL Charlotte, FL	0.9074	0.9356	NC	0.8823	0.9178
Tazewell, IL			6600 Racine, WI	0.9310	0.9522	Edgecombe, NC	0.0020	0.0170
Woodford, IL			Racine, WI	0.00.0	0.0022	Nash, NC		
6160 <sup>1</sup> Philadelphia,			6640 <sup>1</sup> Raleigh-Dur-			6920 <sup>1</sup> Sacramento,		
PANJ	1.1077	1.0726	ham-Chapel Hill, NC	0.9631	0.9746	CA	1.2482	1.1640
Burlington, NJ			Chatham, NC			El Dorado, CA		
Camden, NJ Gloucester, NJ			Durham, NC Franklin, NC			Placer, CA Sacramento, CA		
Salem, NJ			Johnston, NC			6960 Saginaw-Bay		
Bucks, PA			Orange, NC			City-Midland, MI	0.9422	0.9600
Chester, PA			Wake, NC			Bay, MI		
Delaware, PA			6660 Rapid City, SD	0.8449	0.8910	Midland, MI		
Montgomery, PA			Pennington, SD			Saginaw, MI		
Philadelphia, PA			6680 Reading, PA Berks, PA	0.9526	0.9673	6980 St. Cloud, MN Benton, MN	0.9650	0.9759
6200 <sup>1</sup> Phoenix-Mesa, AZ	0.9546	0.9687	6690 Redding, CA	1.1392	1.0934	Stearns, MN		
Maricopa, AZ	0.0040	0.5007	Shasta, CA	1.1002	1.0004	7000 St. Joseph, MO	0.8836	0.9187
Pinal, AZ			6720 Reno, NV	1.0763	1.0516	Andrew, MO		
6240 Pine Bluff, AR	0.7689	0.8353	Washoe, NV			Buchanan, MO		
Jefferson, AR			6740 Richland-			7040 <sup>1</sup> St. Louis, MO–		
6280 <sup>1</sup> Pittsburgh, PA	0.9537	0.9681	Kennewick-Pasco,	4 4000	4 0000	Cliaton II	0.9186	0.9435
Allegheny, PA Beaver, PA			WA Benton, WA	1.1338	1.0898	Clinton, IL Jersey, IL		
Butler, PA			Franklin, WA			Madison, IL		
Fayette, PA			6760 Richmond-Pe-			Monroe, IL		
Washington, PA			tersburg, VA	1.0053	1.0036	St. Clair, IL		
Westmoreland, PA			Charles City County,			Franklin, MO		
6323 Pittsfield, MA	1.0767	1.0519	VA			Jefferson, MO		
Berkshire, MA	0.0000	0.00-5	Chesterfield, VA			Lincoln, MO		
6340 Pocatello, ID	0.9068	0.9352	Colonial Heights City,			St. Charles, MO		
Bannock, ID	0 5026	0.6243	VA Dipwiddie VA			St. Louis, MO		
6360 Ponce, PR Guayanilla, PR	0.5026	0.0243	Dinwiddie, VA Goochland, VA			St. Louis City, MO Warren, MO		
Juana Diaz, PR			Hanover, VA			7080 <sup>2</sup> Salem, OR	1.0071	1.0049
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TABLE 4A.—WAGE INDEX AND CAPITAL TABLE 4A.—WAGE INDEX AND CAPITAL TABLE 4A.—WAGE INDEX AND CAPITAL GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTOR (GAF) - FOR URBAN AREAS-Continued

GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTOR (GAF) - FOR URBAN AREAS-Continued

GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTOR (GAF) - FOR URBAN AREAS-Continued

Urban area (constituent counties)	Wage index	GAF	Urban area (constituent counties)	Wage index	GAF	Urban area (constituent counties)	Wage index	GAF
Marion, OR Polk, OR			7480 Santa Barbara- Santa Maria-Lompoc,			Hampshire, MA 8050 State College,		
7120 Salinas, CA Monterey, CA	1.4706	1.3023	CA Santa Barbara, CA	1.0927	1.0626	PA Centre, PA	0.9249	0.9479
7160 <sup>1</sup> Salt Lake City- Ogden, UT Davis, UT	0.9884	0.9920	7485 Santa Cruz- Watsonville, CA Santa Cruz, CA	1.4068	1.2633	8080 <sup>2</sup> Steubenville- Weirton, OH–WV (Ohio Hospitals)	0.8722	0.9106
Salt Lake, UT Weber, UT			7490 Santa Fe, NM Los Alamos, NM	0.9115	0.9385	Jefferson, OH Brooke, WV		
7200 San Angelo, TX Tom Green, TX	0.7870	0.8487	Santa Fe, NM 7500 Santa Rosa, CA Sonoma, CA	1.3127	1.2048	Hancock, WV 8080 Steubenville- Weirton, OH–WV		
7240 <sup>1</sup> San Antonio, TX Bexar, TX	0.8271	0.8781	7510 Sarasota-Bra- denton, FL	0.9928	0.9951	(West Virginia Hos- pitals)	0.8702	0.9092
Comal, TX Guadalupe, TX			Manatee, FL Sarasota, FL 7520 Savannah, GA	0.9892	0.9926	Jefferson, OH Brooke, WV Hancock, WV		
Wilson, TX 7320 <sup>1</sup> San Diego, CA	1.1943	1.1293	Bryan, GA Chatham, GA	0.0002	0.0020	8120 Stockton-Lodi, CA	1.0623	1.0423
San Diego, CA 7360 <sup>1</sup> San Francisco, CA	1.3976	1.2576	Effingham, GA 7560 <sup>2</sup> Scranton- Wilkes-Barre-Hazle-			San Joaquin, CA 8140 <sup>2</sup> Sumter, SC Sumter, SC	0.8541	0.8976
Marin, CA San Francisco, CA			ton, PA Columbia, PA	0.8488	0.8938	8160 Syracuse, NY Cayuga, NY	0.9527	0.9674
San Mateo, CA 7400 <sup>1</sup> San Jose, CA Santa Clara, CA	1.3714	1.2415	Lackawanna, PA Luzerne, PA Wyoming, PA			Madison, NY Onondaga, NY Oswego, NY		
7440 <sup>1</sup> San Juan-Ba- yamon, PR	0.4740	0.5998	7600 <sup>1</sup> Seattle-Belle- vue-Everett, WA	1.1390	1.0932	8200 Tacoma, WA Pierce, WA	1.1755	1.1171
Aguas Buenas, PR Barceloneta, PR			Island, WA King, WA Spekamish, WA			8240 <sup>2</sup> Tallahassee, FL	0.9074	0.9356
Bayamon, PR Canovanas, PR Carolina, PR			Snohomish, WA 7610 <sup>2</sup> Sharon, PA Mercer, PA	0.8488	0.8938	Gadsden, FL Leon, FL 8280 1 Tampa-St. Pe-		
Catano, PR Ceiba, PR			7620 <sup>2</sup> Sheboygan, WI Sheboygan, WI	0.8842	0.9192	tersburg-Clearwater, FL	0.9260	0.9487
Comerio, PR Corozal, PR Dorado, PR			7640 Sherman- Denison, TX Grayson, TX	0.9213	0.9454	Hernando, FL Hillsborough, FL Pasco, FL		
Fajardo, PR Florida, PR			7680 Shreveport-Bos- sier City, LA Bossier, LA	0.9142	0.9404	Pinellas, FL 8320 Terre Haute, IN Clay, IN	0.8673	0.9071
Guaynabo, PR Humacao, PR Juncos, PR			Caddo, LA Webster, LA			Vermillion, IN Vigo, IN		
Los Piedras, PR Loiza, PR			7720 Sioux City, IA– NE Woodbury, IA	0.8051	0.8620	8360 Texarkana, AR- Texarkana, TX Miller, AR	0.8206	0.8734
Luguillo, PR Manati, PR Morovis, PR			Dakota, NE 7760 Sioux Falls, SD	0.8778	0.9146	Bowie, TX 8400 Toledo, OH	0.9810	0.9870
Naguabo, PR Naguabo, PR Naranjito, PR			Lincoln, SD Minnehaha, SD 7800 South Bend, IN	0.9893	0.9927	Fulton, OH Lucas, OH Wood, OH		
Rio Grande, PR San Juan, PR			St. Joseph, IN 7840 Spokane, WA	1.0891	1.0602	8440 Topeka, KS Shawnee, KS	0.9195	0.9441
Toa Alta, PR Toa Baja, PR Trujillo Alto, PR			Spokane, WA 7880 Springfield, IL	0.8772	0.9142	8480 Trenton, NJ Mercer, NJ	1.0051 0.8831	1.0035
Vega Alta, PR Vega Baja, PR			Menard, IL Sangamon, IL 7920 Springfield, MO	0.8003	0.8585	8520 Tucson, AZ Pima, AZ 8560 Tulsa, OK	0.8831	0.9184 0.8474
Yabucoa, PR 7460 San Luis			Christian, MO Greene, MO		-	Creek, OK Osage, OK		
Obispo-Atascadero- Paso Robles, CA San Luis Obispo, CA	1.0576	1.0391	Webster, MO 8003 Springfield, MA Hampden, MA	0.9914	0.9941	Rogers, OK Tulsa, OK Wagoner, OK		

TABLE 4A.—WAGE INDEX AND CAPITAL GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTOR (GAF) - FOR URBAN AREAS-Continued

TABLE 4A.—WAGE INDEX AND CAPITAL **GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTOR** (GAF) - FOR URBAN AREAS-Continued

TABLE 4B.—WAGE INDEX AND CAPITAL **GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTOR** (GAF) FOR RURAL AREAS-Continued

Urban area (constituent counties)	Wage index	GAF	Urban area (constituent counties)
8600 Tuscaloosa, AL Tuscaloosa, AL	0.7994	0.8579	9000 <sup>2</sup> Wheeling, WV– OH (West Virginia
8640 Tyler, TX Smith, TX	0.8572	0.8999	Hospitals) Belmont, OH
8680 <sup>2</sup> Utica-Rome, NY	0.8633	0.9042	Marshall, WV Ohio, WV
Herkimer, NY Oneida, NY			9000 <sup>2</sup> Wheeling, WV– OH (Ohio Hospitals) Belmont, OH
8720 Vallejo-Fairfield- Napa, CA Napa, CA	1.2783	1.1831	Marshall, WV Ohio, WV
Solano, CA 8735 Ventura, CA	1.0983	1.0663	9040 Wichita, KS Butler, KS
Ventura, CA 8750 Victoria, TX	0.8062	0.8628	Harvey, KS Sedgwick, KS
Victoria, TX 8760 Vineland-Mill-	0.0002	0.0020	9080 Wichita Falls, TX Archer, TX
ville-Bridgeton, NJ	1.0623	1.0423	Wichita, TX 9140 Williamsport, PA
Cumberland, NJ 8780 Visalia-Tulare-			Lycoming, PA
Porterville, CA	1.0409	1.0278	9160 Wilmington-New- ark, DE-MD
8800 Waco, TX McLennan, TX	0.7561	0.8258	New Castle, DE Cecil, MD
8840 <sup>1</sup> Washington, DC–MD–VA–WV	1.1118	1.0753	9200 Wilmington, NC New Hanover, NC
District of Columbia,	1.1110	1.0700	Brunswick, NC 9260 <sup>2</sup> Yakima, WA
DC Calvert, MD			Yakima, WA 9270 Yolo, CA
Charles, MD Frederick, MD			Yolo, CA 9280 York, PA
Montgomery, MD Prince Georges, MD			York, PA 9320 Youngstown-
Alexandria City, VA Arlington, VA			Warren, OH
Clarke, VA Culpeper, VA			Columbiana, OH Mahoning, OH
Fairfax, VA			Trumbull, OH 9340 Yuba City, CA
Fairfax City, VA Falls Church City, VA			Sutter, CA Yuba, CA
Fauquier, VA Fredericksburg City, VA			9360 Yuma, AZ Yuma, AZ
King George, VA			<sup>1</sup> Large Urban Area. <sup>2</sup> Hospitals geographic
Loudoun, VA Manassas City, VA Manassas Park City,			area are assigned the s index for FY 2000.
VA Prince William, VA			TABLE 4B.—WAGE IN
Spotsylvania, VA Stafford, VA			GEOGRAPHIC ADJU (GAF) FOR RURAL
Warren, VA Berkeley, WV Jefferson, WV			Nonurban area
8920 Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA	0.9039	0.9332	Alabama
Black Hawk, IA 8940 Wausau, WI	0.9545	0.9686	Alaska Arizona
Marathon, WI 8960 <sup>1</sup> West Palm Beach-Boca Raton,			Arkansas California Colorado
FL Palm Beach, FL	1.0167	1.0114	Connecticut Delaware

Urban area (constituent counties)	Wage index	GAF
9000 <sup>2</sup> Wheeling, WV– OH (West Virginia Hospitals) Belmont, OH Marshall, WV Ohio, WV	0.8206	0.873
9000 <sup>2</sup> Wheeling, WV– OH (Ohio Hospitals) Belmont, OH Marshall, WV	0.8722	0.910
Ohio, WV 9040 Wichita, KS Butler, KS Harvey, KS	0.9117	0.938
Sedgwick, KS 9080 Wichita Falls, TX Archer, TX Wichita, TX	0.7730	0.838
9140 Williamsport, PA Lycoming, PA	0.8611	0.902
9160 Wilmington-New- ark, DE–MD New Castle, DE Cecil, MD	1.1388	1.093
9200 Wilmington, NC New Hanover, NC Brunswick, NC	0.9962	0.997
9260 <sup>2</sup> Yakima, WA	1.0474	1.032
Yakima, WA 9270 Yolo, CA	1.0591	1.040
Yolo, CA 9280 York, PA	0.9348	0.954

GAF	Nonurban area	Wage index	GAF
0.8734	Florida	0.9074	0.9356
	Georgia	0.8189	0.8721
	Hawaii	1.0812	1.0549
	Idaho	0.8715	0.9101
	Illinois	0.8121	0.8672
0.9106	Indiana	0.8480	0.8932
	Iowa	0.8000	0.8583
	Kansas	0.7512	0.8221
	Kentucky	0.8129	0.8677
	Louisiana	0.7519	0.8226
0.9387	Maine	0.8706	0.9095
	Maryland	0.9096	0.9372
	Massachusetts	0.9914	0.9941
	Michigan	0.8904	0.9236
0.8384	Minnesota	0.8753	0.9128
	Mississippi	0.7453	0.8177
	Missouri	0.7701	0.8362
	Montana	0.8528	0.8967
0.9027	Nebraska	0.8075	0.8638
	Nevada	0.9633	0.9747
	New Hampshire	0.9978	0.9985
1.0931	New Jersey <sup>1</sup> New Mexico New York	0.8613	0.9028
0.9974	North Carolina	0.8349	0.8838
	North Dakota	0.7750	0.8398
	Ohio	0.8722	0.9106
1.0322	Oklahoma Oregon	0.7345	0.8095
1.0401	Pennsylvania	0.8488	0.8938
	Puerto Rico	0.4379	0.5681
0.9549	Rhode Island <sup>1</sup> South Carolina	0.8541	0.8976
1.0067	South Dakota	0.7663	0.8334
	Tennessee	0.7743	0.8393
	Texas	0.7008	0.7839
	Utah	0.8219	0.8743
1.0521	Vermont	0.9524	0.9672
	Virginia	0.7938	0.8537
	Washington	1.0474	1.0322
1.0016	West Virginia	0.8206	0.8734
	Wisconsin	0.8842	0.9192
	Wyoming	0.8891	0.9227

geographically located in the igned the statewide rural wage 000.

1.0098

1.0770

1.0024

### -WAGE INDEX AND CAPITAL PHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTOR R RURAL AREAS

	Nonurban area	Wage index	GAF
2	Alabama	0.7542	0.8243
	Alaska	1.2181	1.1447
6	Arizona	0.8610	0.9026
	Arkansas	0.7290	0.8054
	California	1.0153	1.0105
	Colorado	0.8852	0.9199
4	Connecticut	1.2692	1.1773
	Delaware	0.9259	0.9486

<sup>1</sup>All counties within the State are classified as urban.

#### TABLE 4C .--- WAGE INDEX AND CAP-GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT ITAL FACTOR (GAF) FOR HOSPITALS THAT ARE RECLASSIFIED

Area	Wage index	GAF
Abilene, TX	0.8269	0.8780
Akron, OH	1.0091	1.0062
Albany, GA	0.8189	0.8721
Alexandria, LA	0.7988	0.8574
Amarillo, TX	0.8150	0.8693
Anchorage, AK	1.3143	1.2058
Ann Arbor, MI	1.1437	1.0963
Atlanta, GA	1.0119	1.0081
Austin-San Marcos, TX	0.9511	0.9663

- GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT ITAL FACTOR (GAF) FOR HOSPITALS THAT ARE RECLASSIFIED-Continued
- TABLE 4C .-- WAGE INDEX AND CAP- TABLE 4C .-- WAGE INDEX AND CAP- TABLE 4C .-- WAGE INDEX AND CAP-ADJUSTMENT ITAL GEOGRAPHIC FACTOR (GAF) FOR HOSPITALS THAT ARE RECLASSIFIED-Continued
  - ITAL GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTOR (GAF) FOR HOSPITALS THAT ARE RECLASSIFIED-Continued

Area	Wage index	GAF	Area	Wage index	GAF	Area	Wage index	GAF
Baltimore, MD	1.0176	1.0120	Forth Worth-Arlington,			Monmouth-Ocean, NJ	1.0829	1.0561
Baton Rouge, LA	0.8796	0.9159	TX	0.9003	0.9306	Monroe, LA	0.8143	0.8688
Beaumont-Port Arthur,	0.01.00	0.0100	Fresno, CA	1.0371	1.0253	Montgomery, AL	0.7542	0.8243
TX	0.8555	0.8986	Gadsden, AL	0.8842	0.9192	Myrtle Beach, SC	0.8465	0.8922
Bergen-Passaic, NJ	1.1861	1.1240	Gainesville, FL	1.0042	1.0029	Nashville, TN	0.9008	0.9310
Billings, MT	1.1496	1.1002	Goldsboro, NC	0.8418	0.8888	New Haven-Bridgeport-	0.3000	0.3510
Biloxi-Gulfport-			Grand Forks, ND-MN	0.9190	0.9438	Stamford-Waterbury-		
Pascagoula, MS	0.8030	0.8605	Grand Rapids-Mus-			Danbury, CT	1.2692	1.1773
Binghamton, NY	0.8701	0.9091	kegon-Holland, MI	1.0062	1.0042	New London-Norwich,	1.2032	1.1775
Birmingham, AL	0.9010	0.9311	Great Falls, MT	1.0626	1.0425	CT	1.0860	1.0581
Bismarck, ND	0.7973	0.8563	Greeley, CO	0.9292	0.9510	New Orleans, LA	0.9073	0.9356
Boise City, ID	0.9178	0.9430	Green Bay, WI	0.9305	0.9519	New York, NY	1.4302	1.2777
Boston-Worcester-Law-			Greensboro-Winston-			Newark, NJ	1.0873	1.0590
rence-Lowell-Brock-			Salem-High Point, NC	0.9122	0.9390	Newburgh, NY–PA	1.0875	1.0545
ton, MA–NH	1.1247	1.0838	Greenville, NC	0.9313	0.9524		1.0605	1.0545
Burlington, VT	1.0046	1.0031	Greenville-Spartanburg-			Norfolk-Virginia Beach-		
Caguas, PR	0.4555	0.5836	Anderson, SC	0.9199	0.9444	Newport News, VA–	0 0070	0.0050
Champaign-Urbana, IL	0.9255	0.9484	Hagerstown, MD	0.8943	0.9264		0.8378	0.8859
Charleston-North			Harrisburg-Lebanon-			Oakland, CA	1.5199	1.3320
Charleston, SC	0.8997	0.9302	Carlisle, PA	0.9787	0.9854	Oklahoma City, OK	0.8705	0.9094
Charleston, WV	0.8950	0.9268	Hartford, CT	1.1220	1.0820	Omaha, NE–IA	1.0722	1.0489
Charlotte-Gastonia-			Hickory-Morganton-			Orange County, CA	1.1539	1.1030
Rock Hill, NC-SC	0.9522	0.9670	Lenoir, NC	0.9255	0.9484	Orlando, FL	0.9997	0.9998
Chattanooga, TN-GA	0.9586	0.9715	Honolulu, HI	1.1600	1.1070	Peoria-Pekin, IL	0.8495	0.8943
Chicago, IL	1.0858	1.0580	Houston, TX	0.9286	0.9505	Philadelphia, PA-NJ	1.1077	1.0726
Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN	0.9477	0.9639	Huntington-Ashland,			Phoenix-Mesa, AZ	0.9546	0.9687
Clarksville-Hopkinsville,			WV-KY-OH	0.9563	0.9699	Pittsburgh, PA	0.9537	0.9681
TN–KY	0.8413	0.8884	Huntsville, AL	0.8912	0.9242	Pocatello, ID	0.8715	0.9101
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria,			Indianapolis, IN	0.9876	0.9915	Portland, ME	0.9552	0.9691
OH	0.9724	0.9810	Iowa City, IA	0.9556	0.9694	Portland-Vancouver,		
Columbia, MO	0.8815	0.9173	Jackson, MS	0.8519	0.8960	OR–WA	1.1091	1.0735
Columbia, SC	0.9308	0.9521	Jackson, TN	1.0339	1.0231	Provo-Orem, UT	0.9786	0.9853
Columbus, GA-AL	0.8379	0.8859	Jacksonville, FL	0.8993	0.9299	Raleigh-Durham-Chapel		
Columbus, OH	0.9660	0.9766	Johnson City-Kingsport-			Hill, NC	0.9631	0.9746
Corpus Christi, TX	0.9172	0.9425	Bristol, TN–VA	0.8935	0.9258	Roanoke, VA	0.8224	0.8747
Dallas, TX	0.9230	0.9466	Jonesboro, AR	0.7324	0.8079	Rockford, IL	0.8861	0.9205
Danville, VA	0.8795	0.9158	Joplin, MO	0.7756	0.8403	Sacramento, CA	1.2482	1.1640
Davenport-Moline-Rock			Kalamazoo-Battlecreek,			Saginaw-Bay City-Mid-		
Island,			MI	1.0095	1.0065	land, MI	0.9422	0.9600
IA–IL	0.8694	0.9086	Kansas City, KS-MO	0.9301	0.9516	St. Cloud, MN	0.9650	0.9759
Dayton-Springfield, OH	0.9284	0.9504	Knoxville, TN	0.9315	0.9526	St. Louis, MO–IL	0.9186	0.9435
Denver, CO	1.0247	1.0168	Kokomo, IN	0.9075	0.9357	Salt Lake City-Ogden,		
Des Moines, IA	0.8849	0.9197	Lafayette, LA	0.8160	0.8700	UT	0.9884	0.9920
Dothan, AL	0.7916	0.8521	Lansing-East Lansing,			San Diego, CA	1.1943	1.1293
Dover, DE	1.0618	1.0419	MI	0.9980	0.9986	Santa Fe, NM	0.9115	0.9385
Duluth-Superior, MN–WI	1.0278	1.0190	Las Vegas, NV-AZ	1.1182	1.0795	Santa Rosa, CA	1.3127	1.2048
Elkhart-Goshen, IN	0.9142	0.9404	Lexington, KY	0.8683	0.9078	Seattle-Bellevue-Ever-		
Eugene-Springfield, OR	1.0761	1.0515	Lincoln, NE	0.9535	0.9679	ett, WA	1.1390	1.0932
Evansville-Henderson,			Little Rock-North Little			Sharon, PA	0.8488	0.8938
IN–KY	0.8480	0.8932	Rock, AR	0.8498	0.8945	Sherman-Denison, TX	0.8782	0.9149
Fargo-Moorhead, ND-			Longview-Marshall, TX	0.8618	0.9032	Sioux City, IA–NE	0.8051	0.8620
MN (ND and SD Hos-			Los Angeles-Long			South Bend, IN	0.9791	0.9856
pitals)	0.8707	0.9095	Beach, CA	1.1903	1.1267	Springfield, MO	0.8003	0.8585
Fargo-Moorhead, ND-			Louisville, KY–IN	0.9296	0.9512	Syracuse, NY	0.9527	0.9674
MN (MN Hospital)	0.8753	0.9128	Macon, GA	0.8615	0.9029	Tallahassee, FL	0.8545	0.8979
Fayetteville, NC	0.8673	0.9071	Madison, WI	1.0096	1.0066	Tampa-St. Petersburg-		
Flagstaff, AZ–UT	0.9960	0.9973	Memphis, TN-AR-MS	0.8070	0.8634	Clearwater, FL	0.9260	0.9487
Fort Collins-Loveland,			Merced, CA	1.0615	1.0417	Texarkana, AR-Tex-		
CO	1.0301	1.0205	Milwaukee-Waukesha,			arkana, TX	0.8206	0.8734
Fort Pierce-Port St.			WI	0.9840	0.9890	Toledo, OH	0.9810	0.9870
Lucie, FL	1.0240	1.0164	Minneapolis-St. Paul,			Tulsa, OK	0.7852	0.8474
Fort Smith, AR–OK	0.7774	0.8416	MN–WI	1.0630	1.0427	Tuscaloosa, AL	0.7994	0.8579
Fort Walton Beach, FL	0.9005	0.9307	Missoula, MT	0.9281	0.9502	Tyler, TX	0.8572	0.8999
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TABLE 4C.-WAGE INDEX AND CAP-GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT ITAL FACTOR (GAF) FOR HOSPITALS THAT ARE RECLASSIFIED-Contin-

#### TABLE 4D.—AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR URBAN AREAS—Continued

Urban area

#### TABLE 4D.—AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR URBAN AREAS—Continued

Area	Wage index	GAF
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa,		
CA	1.2291	1.1517
Victoria, TX	0.8062	0.8628
Waco, TX	0.7561	0.8258
Washington, DC-MD-		
VA–WV	1.1118	1.0753
Waterloo-Cedar Falls,		
IA	0.9039	0.9332
Wausau, WI	0.9545	0.9686
West Palm Beach-Boca		
Raton, FL	1.0167	1.0114
Wichita, KS	0.8857	0.9202
Rural Colorado	0.8852	0.9199
Rural Florida	0.9074	0.9356
Rural Illinois	0.8121	0.8672
Rural Louisiana	0.7519	0.8226
Rural Michigan	0.8904	0.9236
Rural Minnesota	0.8753	0.9128
Rural Missouri	0.7701	0.8362
Rural Montana	0.8528	0.8967
Rural Oregon	1.0071	1.0049
Rural Pennsylvania (NY		0 00 40
Hospital)	0.8633	0.9042
Rural Tennessee	0.7743	0.8393
Rural Texas (OK Hos-	0 70 45	
pital)	0.7345	0.8095
Rural Virginia (KY Hos-		
pital)	0.8129	0.8677
Rural Washington	1.0370	1.0252
Rural Wyoming	0.8891	0.9227

### Т FOR URBAN AREAS

Urban area	Average hourly wage
Abilene, TX Aguadilla, PR	17.3384 9.5600
Akron, OH	21.5487
Albany, GA	15.2742
Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY	18.0615
Albuquerque, NM	17.5627
Alexandria, LA	16.6620
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA	21.7512
Altoona, PA	19.7557
Amarillo, TX	16.8825
Anchorage, AK	27.2347
Ann Arbor, MI	24.2486
Anniston, AL	17.9235
Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah, WI	18.7525
Arecibo, PR	9.9315
Asheville, NC	18.8257
Athens, GA	20.0661
Atlanta, GA	21.2165
Atlantic-Cape May, NJ	22.9089
Augusta-Aiken, GA-SC	19.1161
Austin-San Marcos, TX	19.9429
Bakersfield, CA	20.3276
Baltimore, MD	21.3358
Bangor, ME	20.3521

	Urban area	hourly wage
٩F	Barnstable-Yarmouth, MA	27.2846
1	Baton Rouge, LA	18.4438
	Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX	17.9374
	Bellingham, WA	24.132 <sup>,</sup>
1517	Benton Harbor, MI	17.9119
3628	Bergen-Passaic, NJ	25.271
3258	Billings, MT	24.7467
	Biloxi-Gulfport-Pascagoula, MS	16.6634
0753	Binghamton, NY	18.2442
	Birmingham, AL	18.8910
9332	Bismarck, ND	16.4329
9686	Bloomington, IN	18.1990
0000		
111	Bloomington-Normal, IL	19.0474
)114	Boise City, ID	19.1898
9202	Boston-Worcester-Lawrence-Low-	~~
9199	ell-Brockton, MA–NH	23.5756
9356	Boulder-Longmont, CO	21.0610
3672	Brazoria, TX	18.0160
3226	Bremerton, WA	23.321
9236	Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito,	
9128	ТХ	19.3812
3362	Bryan-College Station, TX	17.7233
3967	Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY	20.0987
0049	Burlington, VT	21.9214
5043		9.5514
040	Caguas, PR	
9042	Canton-Massillon, OH	18.5824
3393	Casper, WY	19.4829
	Cedar Rapids, IA	19.1010
3095	Champaign-Urbana, IL	19.4065
	Charleston-North Charleston, SC	18.7959
3677	Charleston, WV	19.2624
0252	Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill, NC-	
9227	SC	19.9662
	Charlottesville, VA	22.394
	Chattanooga, TN–GA	20.7419
GE	Chauanooga, TN-OA	
UL.	Cheyenne, WY	17.3158
	Chicago, IL	22.767
	Chico-Paradise, CA	21.766
age	Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN	19.870 <sup>,</sup>
rly	Clarksville-Hopkinsville, TN–KY	17.133
gé	Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria, OH	20.388
	Colorado Springs, CO	19.5228
3384	Columbia, MO	18.8334
5600	Columbia, SC	19.8182
5487	Columbus, GA–AL	17.958
2742	Columbus, OH	20.5518
0615	Corpus Christi, TX	19.5374
5627	Cumberland, MD–WV	18.640
		19.3512
5620	Dallas, TX	
7512	Danville, VA	19.1906
7557	Davenport-Moline-Rock Island,	
3825	IA–IL	18.4412
2347	Dayton-Springfield, OH	19.9120
2486	Daytona Beach, FL	18.952
9235	Decatur, AL	20.932
7525	Decatur, IL	17.6402
9315	Denver, CO	21.4632
3257	Des Moines, IA	18.5542
		21.939
2165	Detroit, MI	
2165	Dothan, AL	16.5159
9089	Dover, DE	19.764
1161	Dubuque, IA	18.045 <sup>,</sup>
9429	Duluth-Superior, MN-WI	21.5499
3276	Dutchess County, NY	22.204
3358	Eau Claire, WI	18.973
3521	El Paso, TX	18.8348

lueu	FOR ORBAN AREAS-CON	inueu
Average hourly wage	Urban area	Average hourly wage
27.2846	Elkhart-Goshen, IN	19.1690
18.4438	Elmira, NY	18.0730
17.9374	Enid, OK	16.8452
24.1321	Erie, PA	
	Eugene-Springfield, OR	19.0352
17.9119	Eugene-Springheid, OR	22.0108
25.2711	Evansville, Henderson, IN–KY	17.5709
24.7467	Fargo-Moorhead, ND-MN	18.2572
16.6634	Fayetteville, NC	17.9896
18.2442	Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers,	10 10 11
18.8910	AR	16.4641
16.4329	Flagstaff, AZ–UT	21.9164
18.1990	Flint, MI	23.3401
19.0474	Florence, AL	16.7894
19.1895	Florence, SC	18.2544
~~ ~~~~	Fort Collins-Loveland, CO	21.8189
23.5756	Fort Lauderdale, FL	21.5452
21.0610	Fort Myers-Cape Coral, FL	18.6973
18.0160	Fort Pierce-Port St. Lucie, FL	21.1349
23.3211	Fort Smith, AR–OK	16.6129
40.00.0	Fort Walton Beach, FL	18.4550
19.3812	Fort Wayne, IN	18.7461
17.7233	Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	18.8776
20.0987	Fresno, CA	21.7462
21.9214	Gadsden, AL	18.4020
9.5514	Gainesville, FL	21.3475
18.5824	Galveston-Texas City, TX	20.0636
19.4829	Gary, IN	19.8645
19.1010	Glens Falls, NY	18.2269
19.4065	Goldsboro, NC	17.6500
18.7959	Grand Forks, ND-MN	19.2683
19.2624	Grand Junction, CO	19.4809
10.0660	Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland,	04 0040
19.9662	MI	21.3218
22.3946	Great Falls, MT	22.2802
20.7419	Greeley, CO	19.8126 19.3280
17.3158 22.7675	Green Bay, WI Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High	19.5200
21.7666	Point, NC	19.1271
19.8701	Greenville, NC	20.0665
17.1337	Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson,	20.0005
20.3885	SC	19.2880
19.5228	Hagerstown, MD	18.7266
18.8334	Hamilton-Middletown, OH	18.8172
19.8182	Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle, PA	20.7504
17.9587	Hartford, CT	23.2800
20.5518	Hattiesburg, MS	16.1993
19.5374	Hickory-Morganton-Lenoir, NC	19.3688
18.6405	Honolulu, HI	24.3141
19.3512	Houma, LA	16.5978
19.1906	Houston, TX	19.4711
13.1300	Huntington-Ashland, WV–KY–OH	20.6552
18.4412	Huntsville, AL	18.6863
19.9120	Indianapolis, IN	20.7074
18.9525	Iowa City, IA	20.3481
20.9325	Jackson, MI	18.7230
17.6402	Jackson, MS	17.7577
21.4632	Jackson, TN	22.9654
18.5542	Jacksonville, FL	18.8568
21.9391	Jacksonville, NC	16.6300
16.5159	Jamestown, NY	16.6418
19.7645	Janesville-Beloit, WI	20.3455
18.0451	Jersey City, NJ	24.5703
21.5499	Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol,	
22.2045	TN-VA	18.6209
18.9735	Johnstown, PA	17.5658
18.8348	Jonesboro, AR	

TABLE 4D.—AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR URBAN AREAS—Continued TABLE 4D.—AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR URBAN AREAS—Continued

#### TABLE 4D.—AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR URBAN AREAS—Continued

Urban area	Average hourly wage
Joplin, MO	16.2618
Kalamazoo-Battlecreek, MI	21.1395
Kankakee, IL	17.5067
Kansas City, KS–MO Kenosha, WI	19.5015
Kellosha, Wi Killeen-Temple, TX	18.4010 21.0317
Knoxville, TN	19.4838
Kokomo, IN	18.8885
La Crosse, WI-MN	18.9205
Lafayette, LA	16.9163
Lafayette, IN	18.6572
Lake Charles, LA Lakeland-Winter Haven, FL	16.5668 18.6713
Lancaster, PA	18.7531
Lansing-East Lansing, MI	21.1588
Laredo, TX	17.6272
Las Cruces, NM	17.9392
Las Vegas, NV–AZ	23.4456
Lawrence, KS	17.4151 17.7694
Lewiston-Auburn, ME	18.8110
Lexington, KY	18.1825
Lima, OH	18.8613
Lincoln, NE	20.4820
Little Rock-North Little Rock, AR	18.2375
Longview-Marshall, TX	18.5109
Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA Louisville, KY–IN	24.8769 19.4923
Louisville, KY–IN	19.4923
Lynchburg, VA	18.9720
Macon, GA	18.0637
Madison, WI	21.1696
Mansfield, OH	17.9415
Mayaguez, PR	10.1946
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX Medford-Ashland, OR	17.0929 22.2257
Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay, FL	19.6889
Memphis, TN–AR–MS	16.9175
Merced, CA	21.7673
Miami, FL	21.6256
Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon,	
NJ	23.6066
Milwaukee-Waukesha, WI Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN–WI	20.6321 22.2877
Missoula, MT	19.1769
Mobile, AL	17.4061
Modesto, CA	21.3504
Monmouth-Ocean, NJ	23.8424
Monroe, LA	17.4115
Montgomery, AL	14.6992
Muncie, IN Myrtle Beach, SC	22.7904 18.1305
Naples, FL	21.4581
Nashville, TN	19.1647
Nassau-Suffolk, NY	29.6122
New Haven-Bridgeport-Stamford-	
Waterbury-Danbury, CT	26.1133
New London-Norwich, CT	22.3392
New Orleans, LA New York, NY	19.0247 29.8414
Newark NJ	25.1990
Newburah. NY-PA	23.1000
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport	
News, VA–NC	17.5474
Oakland, CA	31.7590
Ocala, FL	20.3639

е	Urban area	Average hourly wage
18	Odessa-Midland, TX	16.8070
95	Oklahoma City, OK	18.2516
67	Olympia, WA	26.7328
15	Omaha, NE-IA	22.4822
10	Orange County, CA	24.1961
17	Orlando, Fl	20.9377
38	Owensboro, KY Panama City, FL	16.1873
35	Panama City, FL	19.4291
)5	Parkersburg-Marietta, WV-OH	17.8217
53	Pensacola, FL	17.8744
72	Peoria-Pekin, IL	17.6840
68	Philadelphia, PA-NJ	23.1971
13	Phoenix-Mesa, AZ	20.0149
31	Pine Bluff, AR	16.1227
38	Pittsburgh, PA	19.9963
72	Pittsfield, MA	22.5755
92	Pocatello, ID	19.0128 10.5379
56 51	Ponce, PR	
31 94	Portland, ME Portland-Vancouver, OR–WA	19.9935 23.2544
94 10	Providence-Warwick, RI	23.2544
25		
13	Provo-Orem, UT Pueblo, CO	20.5053 18.7505
20	Punta Gorda, FL	17.9293
20 75	Racine, WI	19.5201
)9	Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill, NC	20.1948
59 59	Rapid City, SD	17.7159
23	Rapid City, 3D	19.9741
23 26	Reading, PA Redding, CA	23.8872
20	Reno, NV	22.5678
20 37	Richland-Kennewick-Pasco, WA	22.5678
96	Richmond-Petersburg, VA	23.7721
90 15	Riverside-San Bernardino, CA	21.0784
46	Roanoke, VA	17.2365
+0 29	Rochester, MN	23.1823
29 57	Rochester, NY	19.8100
39	Rockford, IL	18.5789
75	Rocky Mount, NC	18.4997
73	Sacramento, CA	26.1722
56	Saginaw-Bay City-Midland, MI	19.6590
50	St. Cloud, MN	19.7777
66	St. Joseph, MO	18.5272
21	St. Louis, MO–IL	19.2606
77	Salem, OR	21.0721
59	Salena, CA	30.8347
55 51	Salt Lake City-Ogden, UT	20.7240
)4	San Angelo, TX	16.5012
24	San Antonio, TX	17.3414
15	San Diego, CA	24.9816
92	San Francisco, CA	29.7441
)4	San Jose, CA	28.9924
)5 )5	San Juan-Bayamon, PR	9.9392
31	San Luis Obispo-Atascadero-	0.0002
47	Paso Robles, CA	22.1746
22	Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-	
	Lompoc, CA	22.9107
33	Santa Cruz-Watsonville, CA	29.4979
92	Santa Fe, NM	19.0044
47	Santa Rosa, CA	27.5249
14	Sarasota-Bradenton, FL	20.8165
90	Savannah, GA	20.7408
41	Scranton-Wilkes Barre-Hazleton.	20.1400
••	PA	17.2531
74	Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA	23.8788
90	Sharon, PA	17.4261
39	Sheboygan, WI	17.3719

Average hourly wage	Urban area	Average hourly wage
16.8070	Sherman-Denison, TX	19.3180
18.2516	Shreveport-Bossier City, LA	19.1689
26.7328	Sioux City, IA–NE	16.7521
22.4822		18.4052
22.4622	Sioux Falls, SD South Bend, IN	20.7423
		20.7423
20.9377 16.1873	Spokane, WA	22.8349
19.4291	Springfield, IL Springfield, MO	
19.4291	Springfield, MA	16.7813
17.8744	Springfield, MA State College, PA	22.2268
-	State College, PA	19.3927
17.6840	Steubenville-Weirton, OH–WV	18.2449
23.1971	Stockton-Lodi, CA	22.2735
20.0149	Sumter, SC	17.4486
16.1227	Syracuse, NY Tacoma, WA	19.9107
19.9963		24.3185
22.5755	Tallahassee, FL	18.5118
19.0128	Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater,	40.0004
10.5379	FL	19.2631
19.9935	Terre Haute, IN	18.1855
23.2544	Texarkana, AR-Texarkana, TX	17.1104
22.6214	Toledo, OH	21.0109
20.5053	Topeka, KS	19.2788
18.7505	Trenton, NJ	19.2422
17.9293	Tucson, AZ	18.5156
19.5201	Tulsa, OK	16.4631
20.1948	Tuscaloosa, AL	16.7614
17.7159	Tyler, TX	17.6966
19.9741	Utica-Rome, NY	17.5752
23.8872	Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa, CA	28.2652
22.5678	Ventura, CA	24.0627
23.7721	Victoria, TX	16.7918
21.0784	Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ	22.2740
22.6264	Visalia-Tulare-Porterville, CA	21.8242
17.2365	Waco, TX	15.8347
23.1823	Washington, DC-MD-VA-WV	23.3111
19.8100	Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA	18.3856
18.5789	Wausau, WI	20.0138
18.4997	West Palm Beach-Boca Raton,	
26.1722	FL	21.2057
19.6590	Wheeling, OH–WV	16.1880
19.7777	Wichita, KS	19.1154
18.5272	Wichita Falls, TX	16.2079
19.2606	Williamsport, PA	18.0547
21.0721	Wilmington-Newark, DE-MD	23.8786
30.8347	Wilmington, NC	20.8870
20.7240	Yakima, WA	21.8824
16.5012	Yolo, CA	20.5840
17.3414	York, PA	19.5997
24.9816	Youngstown-Warren, OH	21.1722
29.7441	Yuba City, CA	22.5818
28.9924	Yuma, AZ	21.0182
9.9392		21.0102
0.0002		

### TABLE 4E.—AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR RURAL AREAS

22.0101		
29.4979		Average
19.0044	Nonurban area	hourly
27.5249		wage
20.8165		
20.7408	Alabama	15.8142
	Alaska	25.5400
17.2531	Arizona	18.0528
23.8788	Arkansas	15.2856
17.4261	California	21.2880
17.3719	Colorado	18.5603

### TABLE 4E.—AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE TABLE 4E.—AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR RURAL AREAS—Continued

FOR RURAL AREAS—Continued

### TABLE 4E.—AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE FOR RURAL AREAS—Continued

Nonurban area	Average hourly wage	Nonurban area	Average hourly wage	Nonurban area	Average hourly wage
Connecticut	26.6122	Minnesota	18.3523	Puerto Rico	9.1814
Delaware	19.4135	Mississippi	15.6269	Rhode Island <sup>1</sup>	
Florida	19.0250	Missouri	16.1473	South Carolina	17.9076
Georgia	17.1694	Montana	17.8810	South Dakota	16.0683
Hawaii	22.6698	Nebraska	16.9308	Tennessee	16.2348
Idaho	18.2722	Nevada	20.1989	Texas	14.6891
Illinois	17.0275	New Hampshire	20.9206	Utah	17.2326
Indiana	17.7798	New Jersey <sup>1</sup>		Vermont	19.9290
lowa	16.7742	New Mexico	18.0601	Virginia	16.6151
Kansas	15.7503	New York	18.1015	Washington	21.9605
Kentucky	17.0443	North Carolina	17.5057	West Virginia	17.2069
Louisiana	15.5331	North Dakota	16.2498	Wisconsin	18.5387
Maine	18.2533	Ohio	18.2882	Wyoming	18.6424
Maryland	19.0722	Oklahoma	15.4011		
Massachusetts	20.7873	Oregon	21.1083	<sup>1</sup> All counties within the State are	e classified
Michigan	18.6349	Pennsylvania	17.7969	as urban.	

### TABLE 4F.—PUERTO RICO WAGE INDEX AND CAPITAL GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTOR (GAF)

Area	Wage index	GAF	Wage index— reclassified hospitals	GAF—reclas- sified hospitals
Aguadilla, PR Arecibo, PR Caguas, PR Mayaguez, PR Ponce, PR San Juan-Bayamon, PR Rural Puerto Rico	0.9593 0.9965 0.9584 1.0229 1.0574 0.9973 0.9213	0.9719 0.9976 0.9713 1.0156 1.0390 0.9982 0.9454	0.9584	0.9713

DRG	MDC	Type of DRG	DRG title	Relative weights	Geometric mean LOS	Arithmetic mean LOS
1	01	SURG	CRANIOTOMY AGE >17 EXCEPT FOR TRAUMA	3.0845	6.5	9.3
2	01	SURG	CRANIOTOMY FOR TRAUMA AGE >17	3.0989	7.4	9.9
3	01	SURG	*CRANIOTOMY AGE 0–17	1.9619	12.7	12.7
4	01	SURG	SPINAL PROCEDURES	2.3104	4.9	7.5
5	01	SURG	EXTRACRANIAL VASCULAR PROCEDURES	1.4462	2.5	3.4
6	01	SURG	CARPAL TUNNEL RELEASE	.8119	2.2	3.1
7	01	SURG	PERIPH & CRANIAL NERVE & OTHER NERV SYST PROC W CC	2.3667	6.6	9.8
8	01	SURG	PERIPH & CRANIAL NERVE & OTHER NERV SYST PROC W/O CC.	1.3303	2.2	3.1
9	01	MED	SPINAL DISORDERS & INJURIES	1.1785	4.6	6.2
10	01	MED	NERVOUS SYSTEM NEOPLASMS W CC	1.2044	4.9	6.7
11	01	MED	NERVOUS SYSTEM NEOPLASMS W/O CC	.8277	3.0	4.1
12	01	MED	DEGENERATIVE NERVOUS SYSTEM DISORDERS	.8908	4.6	6.3
13	01	MED	MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS & CEREBELLAR ATAXIA	.7585	4.2	5.2
14	01	MED	SPECIFIC CEREBROVASCULAR DISORDERS EXCEPT TIA	1.1924	4.7	6.1
15	01	MED	TRANSIENT ISCHEMIC ATTACK & PRECEREBRAL OCCLU- SIONS.	.7405	3.0	3.7
16	01	MED	NONSPECIFIC CEREBROVASCULAR DISORDERS W CC	1.0998	4.6	5.9
17	01	MED	NONSPECIFIC CEREBROVASCULAR DISORDERS W/O CC	.6405	2.6	3.4
18	01	MED	CRANIAL & PERIPHERAL NERVE DISORDERS W CC	.9365	4.2	5.5
19	01	MED	CRANIAL & PERIPHERAL NERVE DISORDERS W/O CC	.6504	3.0	3.8
20	01	MED	NERVOUS SYSTEM INFECTION EXCEPT VIRAL MENINGITIS	2.6065	7.7	10.2
21	01	MED	VIRAL MENINGITIS	1.5010	5.0	6.8
22	01	MED	HYPERTENSIVE ENCEPHALOPATHY	.9637	3.8	4.9
23	01	MED	NONTRAUMATIC STUPOR & COMA	.7756	3.1	4.2
24	01	MED	SEIZURE & HEADACHE AGE >17 W CC	.9782	3.7	5.1
25	01	MED	SEIZURE & HEADACHE AGE >17 W/O CC		2.6	3.4
26	01	MED	SEIZURE & HEADACHE AGE 0–17	.6296	2.8	3.6

DRG	MDC	Type of DRG	DRG title	Relative weights	Geometric mean LOS	Arithmetic mean LOS
27	01	MED	TRAUMATIC STUPOR & COMA, COMA >1 HR	1.3532	3.3	5.3
28	01	MED	TRAUMATIC STUPOR & COMA, COMA <1 HR AGE >17 W CC	1.2680	4.5	6.2
29	01	MED	TRAUMATIC STUPOR & COMA, COMA <1 HR AGE >17 W/O CC	.6844	2.8	3.6
30	01	MED	* TRAUMATIC STUPOR & COMA, COMA <1 HR AGE 0-17	.3318	2.0	2.0
31	01	MED	CONCUSSION AGE >17 W CC	.8463	3.2	4.3
32	01	MED	CONCUSSION AGE >17 W/O CC	.5282	2.1	2.7
33	01	MED	*CONCUSSION AGE 0–17	.2085	1.6	1.6
34	01	MED	OTHER DISORDERS OF NERVOUS SYSTEM W CC	1.0267	4.0	5.3
35	01	MED	OTHER DISORDERS OF NERVOUS SYSTEM W/O CC	.5931	2.7	3.5
36	02	SURG	RETINAL PROCEDURES	.6804	1.2	1.4
37	02		ORBITAL PROCEDURES	1.0261	2.6	3.9
38	02	SURG	PRIMARY IRIS PROCEDURES	.4871	1.9	2.6
39	02		LENS PROCEDURES WITH OR WITHOUT VITRECTOMY	.5682	1.4	1.9
40	02		EXTRAOCULAR PROCEDURES EXCEPT ORBIT AGE >17	.8131	2.2	3.3
41	02		*EXTRAOCULAR PROCEDURES EXCEPT ORBIT AGE 0-17	.3378	1.6	1.6
42	02		INTRAOCULAR PROCEDURES EXCEPT RETINA, IRIS & LENS	.6222	1.6	2.1
43	02			.4416	2.5	4.1
44	02	MED	ACUTE MAJOR EYE INFECTIONS	.6449	4.1	5.0
45	02		NEUROLOGICAL EYE DISORDERS	.6946	2.8	3.4
46	02	MED	OTHER DISORDERS OF THE EYE AGE >17 W CC	.7524	3.5	4.6
47	02		OTHER DISORDERS OF THE EYE AGE >17 W/O CC	.4795	2.5	3.2
48	02	MED	*OTHER DISORDERS OF THE EYE AGE 0–17	.2975	2.9	2.9
49	03		MAJOR HEAD & NECK PROCEDURES	1.8471	3.7	5.0
50	03			.8390	1.6	2.0
51	03		SALIVARY GLAND PROCEDURES EXCEPT SIALOADEN- ECTOMY.	.8486	1.9	2.9
52	03		CLEFT LIP & PALATE REPAIR	.7954	1.6	2.0
53	03		SINUS & MASTOID PROCEDURES AGE >17	1.1767	2.3	3.6
54	03		*SINUS & MASTOID PROCEDURES AGE 0-17	.4823	3.2	3.2
55	03	SURG	MISCELLANEOUS EAR, NOSE, MOUTH & THROAT PROCE- DURES.	.8648	1.9	2.8
56	03		RHINOPLASTY	.8881	2.1	2.8
57	03	SURG	T&A PROC, EXCEPT TONSILLECTOMY &/OR ADENOIDECTOMY ONLY, AGE >17.	1.1571	3.0	4.8
58	03	SURG	*T&A PROC, EXCEPT TONSILLECTOMY &/OR ADENOIDECTOMY ONLY, AGE 0–17.	.2739	1.5	1.5
59	03	SURG	TONSILLECTOMY &/OR ADENOIDECTOMY ONLY, AGE >17	.6700	1.9	2.6
60	03	SURG	*TONSILLECTOMY &/OR ADENOIDECTOMY ONLY, AGE 0-17	.2086	1.5	1.5
61	03	SURG	MYRINGOTOMY W TUBE INSERTION AGE >17	1.2529	2.9	4.8
62	03	SURG	*MYRINGOTOMY W TUBE INSERTION AGE 0-17	.2953	1.3	1.3
63	03	SURG	OTHER EAR, NOSE, MOUTH & THROAT O.R. PROCEDURES	1.3078	3.0	4.5
64	03	MED	EAR, NOSE, MOUTH & THROAT MALIGNANCY	1.2517	4.4	6.7
65	03	MED	DYSEQUILIBRIUM	.5270	2.3	2.9
66	03	MED	EPISTAXIS	.5551	2.6	3.2
67	03	MED	EPIGLOTTITIS	.8059	2.9	3.7
68	03	MED	OTITIS MEDIA & URI AGE >17 W CC	.6764	3.4	4.2
69	03	MED	OTITIS MEDIA & URI AGE >17 W/O CC	.5210	2.7	3.3
70	03	MED	OTITIS MEDIA & URI AGE 0–17	.3989	2.3	2.7
71	03	MED	LARYNGOTRACHEITIS	.6206	2.8	3.4
72	03	MED	NASAL TRAUMA & DEFORMITY	.6464	2.6	3.4
73	03	MED	OTHER EAR, NOSE, MOUTH & THROAT DIAGNOSES AGE >17	.7671	3.3	4.3
74	03	MED	*OTHER EAR, NOSE, MOUTH & THROAT DIAGNOSES AGE 0- 17.	.3356	2.1	2.1
75	04	SURG	MAJOR CHEST PROCEDURES	3.1078	7.8	9.9
76	04	SURG	OTHER RESP SYSTEM O.R. PROCEDURES W CC	2.6947	8.3	11.1
77	04	SURG	OTHER RESP SYSTEM O.R. PROCEDURES W/O CC	1.2105	3.6	5.1
78	04	MED	PULMONARY EMBOLISM	1.3898	6.1	7.1
79	04	MED	RESPIRATORY INFECTIONS & INFLAMMATIONS AGE >17 W CC.	1.6472	6.6	8.4
80	04	MED	RESPIRATORY INFECTIONS & INFLAMMATIONS AGE >17 W/O CC.	.9030	4.5	5.6
81	04	MED	*RESPIRATORY INFECTIONS & INFLAMMATIONS AGE 0-17	1.5196	6.1	6.1
82	04	MED	RESPIRATORY NEOPLASMS	1.3674	5.2	7.0
83	04	MED	MAJOR CHEST TRAUMA W CC	.9723	4.3	5.5
84	04		MAJOR CHEST TRAUMA W/O CC	.5250	2.6	3.2
85	04	MED	PLEURAL EFFUSION W CC	1.2450	5.0	6.5

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DRG	MDC	Type of DRG	DRG title	Relative weights	Geometric mean LOS	Arithmetic mean LOS
86	04	MED	PLEURAL EFFUSION W/O CC	.6706	2.8	3.8
87	04	MED	PULMONARY EDEMA & RESPIRATORY FAILURE	1.3741	4.8	6.3
88	04	MED	CHRONIC OBSTRUCTIVE PULMONARY DISEASE	.9431	4.3	5.3
89	04	MED	SIMPLE PNEUMONIA & PLEURISY AGE >17 W CC	1.0887	5.1	6.1
90	04	MED	SIMPLE PNEUMONIA & PLEURISY AGE >17 W/O CC	.6753	3.7	4.3
91	04	MED	SIMPLE PNEUMONIA & PLEURISY AGE 0–17	.6245	3.3	4.0
92	04	MED	INTERSTITIAL LUNG DISEASE W CC	1.1783	5.0	6.2
93	04	MED	INTERSTITIAL LUNG DISEASE W/O CC	.7624	3.5	4.3
94	04	MED	PNEUMOTHORAX W CC	1.1942	4.8	6.4
95	04	MED	PNEUMOTHORAX W/O CC	.5973	3.0	3.6
96	04	MED	BRONCHITIS & ASTHMA AGE >17 W CC	.7963	3.9	4.8
97	04	MED	BRONCHITIS & ASTHMA AGE >17 W/O CC	.5974	3.1	3.7
98	04	MED	BRONCHITIS & ASTHMA AGE 0–17	.6783	3.3	4.5
99	04	MED	RESPIRATORY SIGNS & SYMPTOMS W CC	.6842	2.4	3.1
100	04	MED	RESPIRATORY SIGNS & SYMPTOMS W/O CC	.5289	1.8	2.2
101	04	MED	OTHER RESPIRATORY SYSTEM DIAGNOSES W CC	.8502	3.3	4.4
102	04	MED	OTHER RESPIRATORY SYSTEM DIAGNOSES W/O CC	.5426	2.1	2.7
103	05	SURG	HEART TRANSPLANT	19.0801	35.2	56.0
104	05	SURG	CARDIAC VALVE & OTHER MAJOR CARDIOTHORACIC PROC W CARDIAC CATH.	7.2220	9.3	11.9
105	05	SURG	CARDIAC VALVE & OTHER MAJOR CARDIOTHORACIC PROC W/O CARDIAC CATH.	5.6426	7.6	9.4
106	05	SURG	CORONARY BYPASS W PTCA	7.3332	9.1	10.9
107	05	SURG	CORONARY BYPASS W CARDIAC CATH	5.4624	9.3	10.5
108	05	SURG	OTHER CARDIOTHORACIC PROCEDURES	5.7505	8.3	11.0
109	05	SURG	CORONARY BYPASS W/O PTCA OR CARDIAC CATH	4.0337	6.9	7.8
110	05	SURG	MAJOR CARDIOVASCULAR PROCEDURES W CC	4.1531	7.3	9.6
111	05	SURG	MAJOR CARDIOVASCULAR PROCEDURES W/O CC	2.2236	4.9	5.7
112	05	SURG	PERCUTANEOUS CARDIOVASCULAR PROCEDURES	1.9200	2.7	3.8
113	05	SURG	AMPUTATION FOR CIRC SYSTEM DISORDERS EXCEPT UPPER LIMB & TOE.	2.7188	9.5	12.5
114	05	SURG	UPPER LIMB & TOE AMPUTATION FOR CIRC SYSTEM DIS- ORDERS.	1.5531	6.0	8.2
115	05	SURG	PRM CARD PACEM IMPL W AMI, HRT FAIL OR SHK, OR AICD LEAD OR GNRTR PR.	3.4736	6.2	8.4
116	05	SURG	OTH PERM CARD PACEMAK IMPL OR PTCA W CORONARY ARTERY STENT IMPLNT.	2.4635	2.8	3.9
117	05	SURG	CARDIAC PACEMAKER REVISION EXCEPT DEVICE REPLACE- MENT.	1.2942	2.7	4.1
118	05	SURG	CARDIAC PACEMAKER DEVICE REPLACEMENT	1.5475	2.0	2.9
119	05	SURG	VEIN LIGATION & STRIPPING	1.2288	3.0	4.9
120	05	SURG	OTHER CIRCULATORY SYSTEM O.R. PROCEDURES	2.0093	5.0	8.2
121	05	MED	CIRCULATORY DISORDERS W AMI & MAJOR COMP, DIS- CHARGED ALIVE.	1.6318	5.6	6.8
122	05	MED	CIRCULATORY DISORDERS W AMI W/O MAJOR COMP, DIS- CHARGED ALIVE.	1.1091	3.4	4.2
123 124	05 05	MED MED	CIRCULATORY DISORDERS W AMI, EXPIRED CIRCULATORY DISORDERS EXCEPT AMI, W CARD CATH &	1.5135 1.4018	2.7 3.4	4.4 4.5
125	05	MED	COMPLEX DIAG. CIRCULATORY DISORDERS EXCEPT AMI, W CARD CATH W/O COMPLEX DIAG.	1.0436	2.2	2.9
126	05	MED	ACUTE & SUBACUTE ENDOCARDITIS	2.5151	9.3	12.1
120	05	MED	HEART FAILURE & SHOCK	1.0156	9.3 4.2	5.4
127		MED	DEEP VEIN THROMBOPHLEBITIS	.7656	4.2 5.1	
120	05	MED	CARDIAC ARREST, UNEXPLAINED			5.9
-	05		PERIPHERAL VASCULAR DISORDERS W CC	1.0799	1.8	2.8
130 131	05 05	MED MED	PERIPHERAL VASCULAR DISORDERS W CC	.9475 .6057	4.7 3.7	5.9 4.5
	05					
132	05	MED		.6723	2.5	3.1
133	05	MED	ATHEROSCLEROSIS W/O CC	.5656	1.9	2.4
134	05	MED		.5857	2.6	3.3
135	05	MED	CARDIAC CONGENITAL & VALVULAR DISORDERS AGE >17 W CC.	.8643	3.3	4.4
136	05	MED	CARDIAC CONGENITAL & VALVULAR DISORDERS AGE >17 W/ O CC.	.6011	2.3	2.9
137 138	05 05	MED MED	*CARDIAC CONGENITAL & VALVULAR DISORDERS AGE 0–17 CARDIAC ARRHYTHMIA & CONDUCTION DISORDERS W CC	.8188 .8164	3.3 3.1	3.3 4.0

		Type of		Relative	Geometric	Arithmetic
DRG	MDC	DRG	DRG title	weights	mean LOS	mean LOS
139	05	MED	CARDIAC ARRHYTHMIA & CONDUCTION DISORDERS W/O CC	.5087	2.1	2.5
140	05	MED	ANGINA PECTORIS	.5840	2.3	2.8
141	05	MED	SYNCOPE & COLLAPSE W CC	.7094	2.9	3.7
142	05	MED	SYNCOPE & COLLAPSE W/O CC	.5426	2.2	2.7
143	05	MED	CHEST PAIN	.5348	1.8	2.2
144	05	MED	OTHER CIRCULATORY SYSTEM DIAGNOSES W CC	1.1513	3.8	5.3
145	05	MED	OTHER CIRCULATORY SYSTEM DIAGNOSES W/O CC	.6502	2.2	2.8
146	06	SURG	RECTAL RESECTION W CC	2.7908	9.1	10.3
147	06	SURG	RECTAL RESECTION W/O CC	1.6377	6.1	6.7
148	06	SURG	MAJOR SMALL & LARGE BOWEL PROCEDURES W CC	3.4324	10.1	12.1
149	06	SURG	MAJOR SMALL & LARGE BOWEL PROCEDURES W/O CC	1.5743	6.2	6.7
150	06	SURG	PERITONEAL ADHESIOLYSIS W CC	2.8115	9.1	11.0
151	06	SURG	PERITONEAL ADHESIOLYSIS W/O CC	1.3464	4.9	6.0
152 153	06	SURG SURG	MINOR SMALL & LARGE BOWEL PROCEDURES W CC MINOR SMALL & LARGE BOWEL PROCEDURES W/O CC	1.9571	6.9 5.0	8.3 5.6
153	06 06	SURG	STOMACH, ESOPHAGEAL & DUODENAL PROCEDURES AGE	1.2162 4.1380	10.1	13.2
			>17 W CC.			
155	06	SURG	STOMACH, ESOPHAGEAL & DUODENAL PROCEDURES AGE >17 W/O CC.	1.3793	3.5	4.5
156	06	SURG	*STOMACH, ESOPHAGEAL & DUODENAL PROCEDURES AGE 0–17.	.8432	6.0	6.0
157	06	SURG	ANAL & STOMAL PROCEDURES W CC	1.2385	4.0	5.6
158	06	SURG	ANAL & STOMAL PROCEDURES W/O CC	.6580	2.1	2.6
159	06	SURG	HERNIA PROCEDURES EXCEPT INGUINAL & FEMORAL AGE >17 W CC.	1.3127	3.7	5.0
160	06	SURG	HERNIA PROCEDURES EXCEPT INGUINAL & FEMORAL AGE >17 W/O CC.	.7817	2.2	2.7
161	06	SURG	INGUINAL & FEMORAL HERNIA PROCEDURES AGE >17 W CC	1.1002	2.9	4.2
162	06	SURG	INGUINAL & FEMORAL HERNIA PROCEDURES AGE >17 W/O CC.	.6292	1.6	2.0
163	06	SURG	*HERNIA PROCEDURES AGE 0–17	.8720	2.1	2.1
164	06	SURG	APPENDECTOMY W COMPLICATED PRINCIPAL DIAG W CC	2.3538	7.3	8.5
165	06	SURG	APPENDECTOMY W COMPLICATED PRINCIPAL DIAG W/O CC	1.2706	4.4	4.9
166	06	SURG	APPENDECTOMY W/O COMPLICATED PRINCIPAL DIAG W CC	1.4861	4.1	5.2
167	06	SURG	APPENDECTOMY W/O COMPLICATED PRINCIPAL DIAG W/O CC.	.9038	2.4	2.8
168	03	SURG	MOUTH PROCEDURES W CC	1.2131	3.3	4.7
169	03	SURG	MOUTH PROCEDURES W/O CC	.7494	1.9	2.5
170	06	SURG	OTHER DIGESTIVE SYSTEM O.R. PROCEDURES W CC	2.8361	7.8	11.2
171	06	SURG	OTHER DIGESTIVE SYSTEM O.R. PROCEDURES W/O CC	1.2561	3.6	4.8
172	06	MED	DIGESTIVE MALIGNANCY W CC	1.3135	5.1	6.9
173	06	MED	DIGESTIVE MALIGNANCY W/O CC	.7110	2.7	3.8
174	06	MED	G.I. HEMORRHAGE W CC	.9997	3.9	4.9
175	06	MED	G.I. HEMORRHAGE W/O CC	.5466	2.5	2.9
176	06	MED	COMPLICATED PEPTIC ULCER	1.0992	4.1	5.3
177	06	MED	UNCOMPLICATED PEPTIC ULCER W CC	.8823	3.7	4.5
178	06	MED	UNCOMPLICATED PEPTIC ULCER W/O CC	.6525	2.7	3.2
179	06	MED	INFLAMMATORY BOWEL DISEASE	1.0909	4.8	6.2
180	06	MED	G.I. OBSTRUCTION W CC	.9229	4.2	5.4
181	06	MED	G.I. OBSTRUCTION W/O CC	.5285	2.8	3.4
182	06	MED	ESOPHAGITIS, GASTROENT & MISC DIGEST DISORDERS AGE >17 W CC.	.7834	3.4	4.3
183	06	MED	ESOPHAGITIS, GASTROENT & MISC DIGEST DISORDERS AGE >17 W/O CC.	.5726	2.4	3.0
184	06	MED	ESOPHAGITIS, GASTROENT & MISC DIGEST DISORDERS AGE 0–17.	.5266	2.3	3.0
185	03	MED	DENTAL & ORAL DIS EXCEPT EXTRACTIONS & RESTORA- TIONS, AGE >17.	.8560	3.3	4.5
186	03	MED	*DENTAL & ORAL DIS EXCEPT EXTRACTIONS & RESTORA- TIONS, AGE 0–17.	.3214	2.9	2.9
187	03	MED	DENTAL EXTRACTIONS & RESTORATIONS	.7772	2.9	3.9
188	06	MED	OTHER DIGESTIVE SYSTEM DIAGNOSES AGE >17 W CC	1.0941	4.1	5.6
189	06	MED	OTHER DIGESTIVE SYSTEM DIAGNOSES AGE >17 W/O CC	.5841	2.4	3.2
190	06	MED	OTHER DIGESTIVE SYSTEM DIAGNOSES AGE 0–17	.9681	3.8	5.6
191	07	SURG	PANCREAS, LIVER & SHUNT PROCEDURES W CC	4.3647	10.6	14.2
192		SURG	PANCREAS, LIVER & SHUNT PROCEDURES W/O CC	1.8479	5.7	7.0

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DRG	MDC	Type of DRG	DRG title	Relative weights	Geometric mean LOS	Arithmetic mean LOS
193	07	SURG	BILIARY TRACT PROC EXCEPT ONLY CHOLECYST W OR W/O C.D.E. W CC.	3.4150	10.3	12.7
194	07	SURG	BILIARY TRACT PROC EXCEPT ONLY CHOLECYST W OR W/O C.D.E. W/O CC.	1.6394	5.4	6.6
195	07	SURG	CHOLECYSTECTOMY W C.D.E. W CC	2.9468	8.4	10.0
196	07		CHOLECYSTECTOMY W C.D.E. W/O CC	1.6603	4.9	5.7
197	07	SURG	CHOLECYSTECTOMY EXCEPT BY LAPAROSCOPE W/O C.D.E. W CC.	2.4209	7.1	8.6
198	07	SURG	CHOLECYSTECTOMY EXCEPT BY LAPAROSCOPE W/O C.D.E. W/O CC.	1.2360	3.9	4.5
199	07	SURG	HEPATOBILIARY DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR MALIG- NANCY.	2.3278	7.2	9.7
200	07	SURG	HEPATOBILIARY DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR NON-MALIG- NANCY.	3.0720	7.2	11.1
201	07	SURG	OTHER HEPATOBILIARY OR PANCREAS O.R. PROCEDURES	3.5771	10.3	14.2
202	07	MED	CIRRHOSIS & ALCOHOLIC HEPATITIS	1.3202	5.0	6.6
203	07	MED	MALIGNANCY OF HEPATOBILIARY SYSTEM OR PANCREAS	1.3042	5.0	6.7
204	07	MED	DISORDERS OF PANCREAS EXCEPT MALIGNANCY	1.2186	4.6	6.0
205	07	MED	DISORDERS OF LIVER EXCEPT MALIG, CIRR, ALC HEPA W CC	1.1831	4.7	6.4
206	07	MED	DISORDERS OF LIVER EXCEPT MALIG, CIRR, ALC HEPA W/O CC.	.7257	3.1	4.1
207	07	MED	DISORDERS OF THE BILIARY TRACT W CC	1.1049	4.0	5.2
208	07	MED	DISORDERS OF THE BILIARY TRACT W/O CC	.6473	2.3	2.9
209	08	SURG	MAJOR JOINT & LIMB REATTACHMENT PROCEDURES OF LOWER EXTREMITY.	2.1217	4.6	5.2
210	08	SURG	HIP & FEMUR PROCEDURES EXCEPT MAJOR JOINT AGE >17 W CC.	1.8053	5.9	6.8
211	08	SURG	HIP & FEMUR PROCEDURES EXCEPT MAJOR JOINT AGE >17 W/O CC.	1.2625	4.5	4.9
212	08	SURG	*HIP & FEMUR PROCEDURES EXCEPT MAJOR JOINT AGE 0- 17.	.8468	11.1	11.1
213	08	SURG	AMPUTATION FOR MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM & CONN TIS- SUE DISORDERS.	1.7128	6.1	8.3
214	08		NO LONGER VALID	.0000	.0	.0
215	08		NO LONGER VALID	.0000	.0	.0
216	08	SURG	BIOPSIES OF MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM & CONNECTIVE TISSUE.	2.1374	6.9	9.5
217	08	SURG	WND DEBRID & SKN GRFT EXCEPT HAND, FOR MUSCSKELET & CONN TISS DIS.	2.7842	8.6	12.6
218	08		LOWER EXTREM & HUMER PROC EXCEPT HIP, FOOT, FEMUR AGE >17 W CC.	1.4902	4.2	5.3
219	08		LOWER EXTREM & HUMER PROC EXCEPT HIP, FOOT, FEMUR AGE >17 W/O CC.	1.0127	2.7	3.2
220	08		*LOWER EXTREM & HUMER PROC EXCEPT HIP, FOOT, FEMUR AGE 0–17.	.5841	5.3	5.3
221		SURG	NO LONGER VALID	.0000	.0	.0
222 223	08 08	SURG SURG	NO LONGER VALID	.0000 .9394	.0 2.0	.0 2.6
224	08	SURG	TREMITY PROC W CC. SHOULDER, ELBOW OR FOREARM PROC, EXC MAJOR JOINT	.8046	1.7	2.0
225	00	SURG	PROC, W/O CC. FOOT PROCEDURES	1 0500	2.0	A F
225	08			1.0528	3.2	4.5
	08		SOFT TISSUE PROCEDURES W CC	1.4373	4.1	6.0
227	08			.8175	2.1	2.8
228 229	08		MAJOR THUMB OR JOINT PROC, OR OTH HAND OR WRIST PROC W CC. HAND OR WRIST PROC, EXCEPT MAJOR JOINT PROC, W/O	1.0502	2.4	3.6
-	08		CC.	.7328	1.9	2.4
230	08		LOCAL EXCISION & REMOVAL OF INT FIX DEVICES OF HIP & FEMUR.	1.1609	3.2	4.7
231	08		LOCAL EXCISION & REMOVAL OF INT FIX DEVICES EXCEPT HIP & FEMUR.	1.3614	3.1	4.6
232		SURG		1.1675	2.4	4.1
233	08 08		OTHER MUSCULOSKELET SYS & CONN TISS O.R. PROC W CC OTHER MUSCULOSKELET SYS & CONN TISS O.R. PROC W/O	2.0314	5.3	7.5
234				1.2439	2.7	3.4

DRG	MDC	Type of DRG	DRG title	Relative weights	Geometric mean LOS	Arithmetic mean LOS
235	08	MED	FRACTURES OF FEMUR	.7475	3.8	5.1
236	08	MED	FRACTURES OF HIP & PELVIS	.7167	3.9	5.0
237	08	MED	SPRAINS, STRAINS, & DISLOCATIONS OF HIP, PELVIS & THIGH.	.5445	2.9	3.6
238	08		OSTEOMYELITIS	1.2827	6.4	8.4
239	08	MED	PATHOLOGICAL FRACTURES & MUSCULOSKELETAL & CONN TISS MALIGNANCY.	.9657	4.9	6.3
240	08		CONNECTIVE TISSUE DISORDERS W CC	1.2316	5.0	6.7
241	08		CONNECTIVE TISSUE DISORDERS W/O CC	.6066	3.2	4.0
242	08		SEPTIC ARTHRITIS	1.0152	5.1	6.6
243	08		MEDICAL BACK PROBLEMS	.7170	3.8	4.7
244	08		BONE DISEASES & SPECIFIC ARTHROPATHIES W CC	.7014	3.8	4.8
245	08		BONE DISEASES & SPECIFIC ARTHROPATHIES W/O CC	.4801	2.8	3.6
246 247	08 08		NON-SPECIFIC ARTHROPATHIES SIGNS & SYMPTOMS OF MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM & CONN TISSUE.	.5573 .5564	3.0 2.6	3.7 3.4
248	08	MED	TENDONITIS, MYOSITIS & BURSITIS	.7566	3.6	4.6
249	08	MED	AFTERCARE, MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM & CONNECTIVE TISSUE.	.6508	2.5	3.5
250	08	MED	FX, SPRN, STRN & DISL OF FOREARM, HAND, FOOT AGE >17 W CC.	.6705	3.2	4.1
251	08	MED	FX, SPRN, STRN & DISL OF FOREARM, HAND, FOOT AGE >17 W/O CC.	.4615	2.3	2.9
252	08	MED	*FX, SPRN, STRN & DISL OF FOREARM, HAND, FOOT AGE 0-	.2537	1.8	1.8
253	08	MED	FX, SPRN, STRN & DISL OF UPARM, LOWLEG EX FOOT AGE	.7273	3.7	4.8
254	08	MED	FX, SPRN, STRN & DISL OF UPARM, LOWLEG EX FOOT AGE >17 W/O CC.	.4344	2.6	3.2
255	08	MED	*FX, SPRN, STRN & DISL OF UPARM, LOWLEG EX FOOT AGE 0-17.	.2954	2.9	2.9
256	08	MED	OTHER MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM & CONNECTIVE TISSUE DIAGNOSES.	.7645	3.8	5.1
257	09	SURG	TOTAL MASTECTOMY FOR MALIGNANCY W CC	.9153	2.3	2.9
258	09	SURG	TOTAL MASTECTOMY FOR MALIGNANCY W/O CC	.7242	1.8	2.1
259	09	SURG	SUBTOTAL MASTECTOMY FOR MALIGNANCY W CC	.8671	1.9	2.8
260	09	SURG	SUBTOTAL MASTECTOMY FOR MALIGNANCY W/O CC	.6428	1.3	1.5
261	09	SURG	BREAST PROC FOR NON-MALIGNANCY EXCEPT BIOPSY & LOCAL EXCISION.	.9205	1.7	2.2
262	09	SURG	BREAST BIOPSY & LOCAL EXCISION FOR NON-MALIGNANCY	.8409	2.7	3.9
263	09	SURG	SKIN GRAFT &/OR DEBRID FOR SKN ULCER OR CELLULITIS W CC.	2.0527	8.6	11.8
264	09	SURG	SKIN GRAFT &/OR DEBRID FOR SKN ULCER OR CELLULITIS W/O CC.	1.1213	5.3	7.1
265	09	SURG	SKIN GRAFT &/OR DEBRID EXCEPT FOR SKIN ULCER OR CELLULITIS W CC.	1.5630	4.4	7.0
266	09	SURG	SKIN GRAFT &/OR DEBRID EXCEPT FOR SKIN ULCER OR CELLULITIS W/O CC.	.8479	2.4	3.3
267	09	SURG	PERIANAL & PILONIDAL PROCEDURES	.9756	2.9	4.1
268	09	SURG	SKIN, SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE & BREAST PLASTIC PROCE- DURES.	1.1919	2.4	3.8
269	09	SURG	OTHER SKIN, SUBCUT TISS & BREAST PROC W CC	1.6213	5.6	7.9
270	09	SURG	OTHER SKIN, SUBCUT TISS & BREAST PROC W/O CC	.7435	2.2	3.1
271	09	MED	SKIN ULCERS	.9921	5.6	7.1
272	09	MED	MAJOR SKIN DISORDERS W CC	.9989	4.8	6.3
273	09	MED	MAJOR SKIN DISORDERS W/O CC	.6270	3.3	4.4
274	09	MED	MALIGNANT BREAST DISORDERS W CC	1.1271	4.7	6.5
275	09	MED	MALIGNANT BREAST DISORDERS W/O CC	.6269	2.5	3.8
276	09	MED	NON-MALIGANT BREAST DISORDERS	.6538	3.5	4.4
277	09	MED	CELLULITIS AGE >17 W CC	.8323	4.7	5.8
278	09	MED	CELLULITIS AGE >17 W/O CC	.5628	3.7	4.4
279 280	09 09	MED MED	CELLULITIS AGE 0-17 TRAUMA TO THE SKIN, SUBCUT TISS & BREAST AGE >17 W	.6722 .6740	4.1 3.3	5.1 4.2
281	09	MED	CC. TRAUMA TO THE SKIN, SUBCUT TISS & BREAST AGE >17 W/O CC.	.4577	2.4	3.1

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DRG	MDC	Type of DRG	DRG title	Relative weights	Geometric mean LOS	Arithmetic mean LOS
282	09	MED	*TRAUMA TO THE SKIN, SUBCUT TISS & BREAST AGE 0-17	.2569	2.2	2.2
283	09	MED	MINOR SKIN DISORDERS W CC	.7141	3.6	4.7
284	09	MED	MINOR SKIN DISORDERS W/O CC	.4375	2.5	3.2
285	10	SURG	AMPUTAT OF LOWER LIMB FOR ENDOCRINE, NUTRIT, & METABOL DISORDERS.	2.0096	7.7	10.6
286 287	10 10		ADRENAL & PITUITARY PROCEDURES SKIN GRAFTS & WOUND DEBRID FOR ENDOC, NUTRIT &	2.2196 1.8074	5.2 7.4	6.6 10.4
207	10	SUKG	METAB DISORDERS.	1.0074	7.4	10.4
288	10		O.R. PROCEDURES FOR OBESITY	2.0819	4.6	5.7
289	10		PARATHYROID PROCEDURES	.9714	2.0	3.0
290	10		THYROID PROCEDURES	.9187	1.9	2.4
291	10		THYROGLOSSAL PROCEDURES	.6730	1.6	2.0
292	10		OTHER ENDOCRINE, NUTRIT & METAB O.R. PROC W CC	2.4603	7.1	10.4
293	10		OTHER ENDOCRINE, NUTRIT & METAB O.R. PROC W/O CC	1.1770	3.5	4.9
294	10		DIABETES AGE >35	.7528	3.7	4.8
295	10		DIABETES AGE 0-35	.7460	3.0	3.9
296	10		NUTRITIONAL & MISC METABOLIC DISORDERS AGE >17 W CC	.8567	4.0	5.3
297	10	MED	NUTRITIONAL & MISC METABOLIC DISORDERS AGE >17 W/O CC.	.5213	2.8	3.5
298	10	MED	NUTRITIONAL & MISC METABOLIC DISORDERS AGE 0-17	.4976	2.4	3.5
299	10	MED	INBORN ERRORS OF METABOLISM	.9448	3.8	5.4
300	10	MED	ENDOCRINE DISORDERS W CC	1.0797	4.8	6.2
301	10	MED	ENDOCRINE DISORDERS W/O CC	.5883	2.8	3.6
302	11	SURG	KIDNEY TRANSPLANT	3.5315	8.2	9.7
303	11	SURG	KIDNEY, URETER & MAJOR BLADDER PROCEDURES FOR NEOPLASM.	2.5381	7.2	8.7
304	11	SURG	KIDNEY, URETER & MAJOR BLADDER PROC FOR NON-NEOPL W CC.	2.3395	6.5	8.9
305	11	SURG	KIDNEY, URETER & MAJOR BLADDER PROC FOR NON-NEOPL W/O CC.	1.1790	3.2	3.9
306	11		PROSTATECTOMY W CC	1.2476	3.7	5.4
307	11		PROSTATECTOMY W/O CC	.6587	2.0	2.4
308	11	SURG	MINOR BLADDER PROCEDURES W CC	1.5880	4.1	6.1
309	11	SURG	MINOR BLADDER PROCEDURES W/O CC	.9430	2.0	2.5
310	11		TRANSURETHRAL PROCEDURES W CC	1.0881	3.0	4.3
311	11		TRANSURETHRAL PROCEDURES W/O CC	.6130	1.6	1.9
312	11		URETHRAL PROCEDURES, AGE >17 W CC	1.0283	3.1	4.6
313	11		URETHRAL PROCEDURES, AGE >17 W/O CC	.6653	1.8	2.4
314	11	SURG	*URETHRAL PROCEDURES, AGE 0–17	.4950	2.3	2.3
315	11	SURG	OTHER KIDNEY & URINARY TRACT O.R. PROCEDURES	2.0624	4.5	7.8
316	11	MED	RENAL FAILURE	1.3389	4.9	6.7
317	11	MED	ADMIT FOR RENAL DIALYSIS	.6906	2.1	3.2
318	11	MED	KIDNEY & URINARY TRACT NEOPLASMS W CC	1.1406	4.4	6.0
319	11	MED	KIDNEY & URINARY TRACT NEOPLASMS W/O CC	.6201	2.1	2.9
320	11	MED	KIDNEY & URINARY TRACT INFECTIONS AGE >17 W CC	.8664	4.4	5.4
321	11	MED	KIDNEY & URINARY TRACT INFECTIONS AGE >17 W/O CC	.5797	3.3	3.9
322	11	MED	KIDNEY & URINARY TRACT INFECTIONS AGE 0-17	.5653	3.0	3.8
323	11	MED	URINARY STONES W CC, &/OR ESW LITHOTRIPSY	.7851	2.4	3.2
324	11	MED	URINARY STONES W/O CC	.4491	1.6	1.9
325	11	MED	KIDNEY & URINARY TRACT SIGNS & SYMPTOMS AGE >17 W CC.	.6292	3.0	3.9
326	11	MED	KIDNEY & URINARY TRACT SIGNS & SYMPTOMS AGE >17 W/O CC.	.4193	2.2	2.7
327	11	MED	*KIDNEY & URINARY TRACT SIGNS & SYMPTOMS AGE 0-17	.3541	3.1	3.1
328	11	MED	URETHRAL STRICTURE AGE >17 W CC	.7043	2.7	3.7
329	11	MED	URETHRAL STRICTURE AGE >17 W/O CC	.5215	1.7	2.5
330	11	MED	*URETHRAL STRICTURE AGE 0–17	.3189	1.6	1.6
331	11	MED	OTHER KIDNEY & URINARY TRACT DIAGNOSES AGE >17 W CC.	1.0149	4.1	5.5
332	11	MED	OTHER KIDNEY & URINARY TRACT DIAGNOSES AGE >17 W/O CC.	.6079	2.6	3.4
333	11	MED	OTHER KIDNEY & URINARY TRACT DIAGNOSES AGE 0-17	.7660	3.3	4.4
334	12		MAJOR MALE PELVIC PROCEDURES W CC	1.5888	4.3	5.0
335	12		MAJOR MALE PELVIC PROCEDURES W/O CC	1.1891	3.3	3.5
336	12		TRANSURETHRAL PROSTATECTOMY W CC	.8981	2.8	3.6
337	12	SURG	TRANSURETHRAL PROSTATECTOMY W/O CC	.6235	2.0	2.2

DRG	MDC	Type of DRG	DRG title	Relative weights	Geometric mean LOS	Arithmetic mean LOS
338	12	SURG	TESTES PROCEDURES, FOR MALIGNANCY	1.1598	3.3	5.1
339	12		TESTES PROCEDURES, NON-MALIGNANCY AGE >17	1.0637	2.9	4.5
340	12		*TESTES PROCEDURES, NON-MALIGNANCY AGE 0–17	.2834	2.5	2.4
340						
• • • • • •	12			1.1125	2.1	3.2
342	12		CIRCUMCISION AGE >17	.8606	2.6	3.5
343	12		*CIRCUMCISION AGE 0–17	.1540	1.7	1.7
344	12	SURG	OTHER MALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM O.R. PROCEDURES FOR MALIGNANCY.	1.0994	1.6	2.4
345	12	SURG	OTHER MALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM O.R. PROC EXCEPT FOR MALIGNANCY.	.8850	2.5	3.7
346	12	MED	MALIGNANCY, MALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM, W CC	.9669	4.2	5.7
347	12	MED	MALIGNANCY, MALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM, W/O CC	.5868	2.3	3.1
348	12	MED	BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERTROPHY W CC	.6994	3.2	4.2
349	12	MED	BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERTROPHY W/O CC	.4393	2.0	2.5
350	12		INFLAMMATION OF THE MALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM	.6962	3.6	4.4
351	12		*STERILIZATION, MALE	.2363	1.3	1.3
352	12		OTHER MALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM DIAGNOSES	.6762	2.7	3.9
353	13	SURG	PELVIC EVISCERATION, RADICAL HYSTERECTOMY & RAD- ICAL VULVECTOMY.	1.9662	5.4	7.1
354	13		UTERINE, ADNEXA PROC FOR NON-OVARIAN/ADNEXAL MALIG	1.5142	4.8	5.8
355	13	SURG	UTERINE, ADNEXA PROC FOR NON-OVARIAN/ADNEXAL MALIG	.9471	3.2	3.4
356	13		FEMALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM RECONSTRUCTIVE PROCE- DURES.	.7930	2.2	2.6
357	13	SURG	UTERINE & ADNEXA PROC FOR OVARIAN OR ADNEXAL MA- LIGNANCY.	2.3678	7.0	8.7
358	13	SURG	UTERINE & ADNEXA PROC FOR NON-MALIGNANCY W CC	1.2377	3.7	4.4
359	13	SURG	UTERINE & ADNEXA PROC FOR NON-MALIGNANCY W/O CC	.8724	2.7	2.9
360	13	SURG	VAGINA, CERVIX & VULVA PROCEDURES	.8832	2.5	3.0
361	13	SURG	LAPAROSCOPY & INCISIONAL TUBAL INTERRUPTION	1.1850	2.4	3.4
362	13		*ENDOSCOPIC TUBAL INTERRUPTION	.3020	1.4	1.4
363	13		D&C, CONIZATION & RADIO-IMPLANT, FOR MALIGNANCY	.7775	2.5	3.3
364	13		D&C, CONIZATION EXCEPT FOR MALIGNANCY	.7605	2.6	3.5
365	13		OTHER FEMALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM O.R. PROCEDURES	1.8299	4.9	7.1
366	13		MALIGNANCY, FEMALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM W CC	1.2435	4.7	6.7
367	13		MALIGNANCY, FEMALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM W/O CC	.5558	2.2	3.0
368	13	MED	INFECTIONS, FEMALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM	1.0486	4.8	6.2
369	13		MENSTRUAL & OTHER FEMALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM DIS- ORDERS.	.5540	2.4	3.2
370	14	SURG	CESAREAN SECTION W CC	1.1037	4.5	6.0
371	14	SURG	CESAREAN SECTION W/O CC	.7226	3.3	3.6
372	14	MED	VAGINAL DELIVERY W COMPLICATING DIAGNOSES	.5785	2.6	3.3
373	14	MED	VAGINAL DELIVERY W/O COMPLICATING DIAGNOSES	.4018	1.9	2.1
374	14	SURG	VAGINAL DELIVERY W STERILIZATION &/OR D&C	.7118	2.5	3.2
375	14		*VAGINAL DELIVERY W O.R. PROC EXCEPT STERIL &/OR D&C	.6856	4.4	4.4
376	14		POSTPARTUM & POST ABORTION DIAGNOSES W/O O.R. PRO- CEDURE.	.5246	2.4	3.5
377	14	SURG	POSTPARTUM & POST ABORTION DIAGNOSES W O.R. PRO- CEDURE.	1.3418	3.1	5.4
378	14	MED	ECTOPIC PREGNANCY	.9321	2.3	2.8
379	14		THREATENED ABORTION	.4438	2.1	3.1
380	14		ABORTION W/O D&C	.3447	1.6	1.9
381	14		ABORTION W D&C, ASPIRATION CURETTAGE OR	.5785	1.0	2.3
			HYSTEROTOMY.	0007	4.0	10
382 383	14 14		FALSE LABOR OTHER ANTEPARTUM DIAGNOSES W MEDICAL COMPLICA-	.2097 .5250	1.2 2.8	1.3 4.0
384	14	MED	TIONS. OTHER ANTEPARTUM DIAGNOSES W/O MEDICAL COMPLICA- TIONS.	.3457	1.8	2.4
385	15		*NEONATES, DIED OR TRANSFERRED TO ANOTHER ACUTE CARE FACILITY.	1.3760	1.8	1.8
386	15		*EXTREME IMMATURITY OR RESPIRATORY DISTRESS SYN- DROME, NEONATE.	4.5376	17.9	17.9
387 388	15 15		*PREMATURITY W MAJOR PROBLEMS *PREMATURITY W/O MAJOR PROBLEMS	3.0991 1.8699	13.3 8.6	13.3 8.6

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DRG	MDC	Type of DRG	DRG title	Relative weights	Geometric mean LOS	Arithmetic mean LOS
389	15		*FULL TERM NEONATE W MAJOR PROBLEMS	1.8398	4.7	4.7
390	15		*NEONATE W OTHER SIGNIFICANT PROBLEMS	1.6011	3.4	3.4
391	15		*NORMAL NEWBORN	.1526	3.1	3.1
392	16	SURG	SPLENECTOMY AGE >17	3.1400	7.2	9.7
393	16		*SPLENECTOMY AGE 0–17	1.3479	9.1	9.1
394	16	SURG	OTHER O.R. PROCEDURES OF THE BLOOD AND BLOOD FORMING ORGANS.	1.6743	4.1	6.8
395	16	MED	RED BLOOD CELL DISORDERS AGE >17	.8170	3.3	4.6
396	16		RED BLOOD CELL DISORDERS AGE 0–17	1.0895	2.1	3.2
397	16		COAGULATION DISORDERS	1.2145	3.9	5.4
398	16		RETICULOENDOTHELIAL & IMMUNITY DISORDERS W CC	1.2525	4.7	6.0
399	16		RETICULOENDOTHELIAL & IMMUNITY DISORDERS W/O CC	.7076	3.0	3.7
400	17		LYMPHOMA & LEUKEMIA W MAJOR O.R. PROCEDURE	2.6450	5.9	9.1
400	17	SURG	LYMPHOMA & NON-ACUTE LEUKEMIA W OTHER O.R. PROC W CC.	2.6136	7.8	11.0
402	17	SURG	LYMPHOMA & NON-ACUTE LEUKEMIA W OTHER O.R. PROC W/O CC.	1.0641	2.8	4.2
403	17	MED	LYMPHOMA & NON-ACUTE LEUKEMIA W CC	1.7141	5.7	8.0
404	17	MED	LYMPHOMA & NON-ACUTE LEUKEMIA W/O CC	.8541	3.2	4.3
405	17		*ACUTE LEUKEMIA W/O MAJOR O.R. PROCEDURE AGE 0-17	1.9110	4.9	4.9
406	17	SURG	MYELOPROLIF DISORD OR POORLY DIFF NEOPL W MAJ O.R. PROC W CC.	2.7825	7.5	10.1
407	17	SURG	MYELOPROLIF DISORD OR POORLY DIFF NEOPL W MAJ O.R. PROC W/O CC.	1.2467	3.4	4.2
408	17	SURG	MYELOPROLIF DISORD OR POORLY DIFF NEOPL W OTHER O.R. PROC.	1.9957	4.7	7.8
409	17	MED	RADIOTHERAPY	1.0593	4.5	6.1
410	17	MED	CHEMOTHERAPY W/O ACUTE LEUKEMIA AS SECONDARY DI- AGNOSIS.	.8997	2.8	3.6
411	17	MED	HISTORY OF MALIGNANCY W/O ENDOSCOPY	.4177	1.8	2.3
412	17		HISTORY OF MALIGNANCY W ENDOSCOPY	.4028	1.5	2.0
413	17	MED	OTHER MYELOPROLIF DIS OR POORLY DIFF NEOPL DIAG W	1.3970	5.5	7.5
414	17	MED	OTHER MYELOPROLIF DIS OR POORLY DIFF NEOPL DIAG W/ O CC.	.7882	3.1	4.2
415	18	SURG	O.R. PROCEDURE FOR INFECTIOUS & PARASITIC DISEASES	3.5467	10.3	14.1
416	18	MED	SEPTICEMIA AGE >17	1.5004	5.6	7.3
417	18	MED	SEPTICEMIA AGE 0–17	.8818	3.6	4.9
418	18	MED	POSTOPERATIVE & POST-TRAUMATIC INFECTIONS	.9925	4.8	6.1
419	18	MED	FEVER OF UNKNOWN ORIGIN AGE >17 W CC	.8892	3.9	4.9
420	18	MED	FEVER OF UNKNOWN ORIGIN AGE >17 W/O CC	.6151	3.0	3.7
421	18	MED	VIRAL ILLNESS AGE >17	.6676	3.1	3.9
422	18		VIRAL ILLNESS & FEVER OF UNKNOWN ORIGIN AGE 0-17	.4797	2.4	3.0
423	18		OTHER INFECTIOUS & PARASITIC DISEASES DIAGNOSES	1.6009	5.7	7.7
424	19		O.R. PROCEDURE W PRINCIPAL DIAGNOSES OF MENTAL ILL- NESS.	2.3807	8.7	14.0
425	19	MED	ACUTE ADJUSTMENT REACTION & PSYCHOLOGICAL DYS- FUNCTION.	.6802	3.0	4.1
426	19	MED	DEPRESSIVE NEUROSES	.5384	3.4	4.7
427	19		NEUROSES EXCEPT DEPRESSIVE	.5750	3.4	5.0
428	19		DISORDERS OF PERSONALITY & IMPULSE CONTROL	.6910	4.4	6.8
429	19		ORGANIC DISTURBANCES & MENTAL RETARDATION	.8447	4.9	6.7
430	19		PSYCHOSES	.7925	6.0	8.4
431	19	MED	CHILDHOOD MENTAL DISORDERS	.7467	4.7	7.0
432	19	MED	OTHER MENTAL DISORDER DIAGNOSES	.7113	3.3	5.2
433	20	MED	ALCOHOL/DRUG ABUSE OR DEPENDENCE, LEFT AMA	.2974	2.3	3.1
434	20		ALC/DRUG ABUSE OR DEPEND, DETOX OR OTH SYMPT TREAT W CC.	.7290	3.9	5.2
435	20		ALC/DRUG ABUSE OR DEPEND, DETOX OR OTH SYMPT TREAT W/O CC.	.4270	3.4	4.4
436	20		ALC/DRUG DEPENDENCE W REHABILITATION THERAPY	.7934	10.7	13.6
437	20		ALC/DRUG DEPENDENCE, COMBINED REHAB & DETOX THER-	.6899	7.5	9.0
438			NO LONGER VALID	.0000	.0	.0
439	21	SURG	SKIN GRAFTS FOR INJURIES	1.6217	5.0	7.4
440	21	SURG	WOUND DEBRIDEMENTS FOR INJURIES	1.9196	5.7	8.9

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DRG	MDC	Type of DRG	DRG title	Relative weights	Geometric mean LOS	Arithmetic mean LOS
441	21	SURG	HAND PROCEDURES FOR INJURIES	.9185	2.2	3.1
442	21	SURG	OTHER O.R. PROCEDURES FOR INJURIES W CC	2.2447	5.2	7.9
443	21	SURG	OTHER O.R. PROCEDURES FOR INJURIES W/O CC	.9604	2.5	3.3
444	21	MED	TRAUMATIC INJURY AGE >17 W CC	.7068	3.3	4.3
445	21	MED	TRAUMATIC INJURY AGE >17 W/O CC	.4796	2.4	3.0
446	21	MED	*TRAUMATIC INJURY AGE 0–17	.2962	2.4	2.4
447	21	MED	ALLERGIC REACTIONS AGE >17	.5218	1.9	2.5
448	21	MED	*ALLERGIC REACTIONS AGE 0–17	.0210	2.9	2.0
449	21	MED	POISONING & TOXIC EFFECTS OF DRUGS AGE >17 W CC	.8140	2.6	3.7
450	21	MED	POISONING & TOXIC EFFECTS OF DRUGS AGE >17 W/O CC	.4356	1.6	2.0
450	21	MED	*POISONING & TOXIC EFFECTS OF DRUGS AGE 0-17	.2631	2.1	2.0
451	21	MED	COMPLICATIONS OF TREATMENT W CC	.9922	3.5	4.9
452						
	21	MED	COMPLICATIONS OF TREATMENT W/O CC	.5065	2.2	2.9
454	21	MED	OTHER INJURY, POISONING & TOXIC EFFECT DIAG W CC	.8161	3.2	4.5
455	21	MED	OTHER INJURY, POISONING & TOXIC EFFECT DIAG W/O CC	.4661	1.9	2.6
456			NO LONGER VALID	.0000	.0	.0
457			NO LONGER VALID	.0000	.0	.0
458			NO LONGER VALID	.0000	.0	.0
459			NO LONGER VALID	.0000	.0	.0
460			NO LONGER VALID	.0000	.0	.0
461	23	SURG	O.R. PROC W DIAGNOSES OF OTHER CONTACT W HEALTH SERVICES.	1.1304	2.4	4.5
462	23	MED	REHABILITATION	1.3558	9.8	12.4
462	-	MED	SIGNS & SYMPTOMS W CC			
	23			.6814	3.3	4.3
464	23	MED	SIGNS & SYMPTOMS W/O CC	.4953	2.5	3.2
465	23	MED	AFTERCARE W HISTORY OF MALIGNANCY AS SECONDARY DIAGNOSIS.	.6710	2.0	3.6
466	23	MED	AFTERCARE W/O HISTORY OF MALIGNANCY AS SECONDARY DIAGNOSIS.	.6995	2.3	3.9
467	23	MED	OTHER FACTORS INFLUENCING HEALTH STATUS	.5054	2.1	3.3
468			EXTENSIVE O.R. PROCEDURE UNRELATED TO PRINCIPAL DI-	3.6495	9.4	13.3
100				0000	0	0
469			**PRINCIPAL DIAGNOSIS INVALID AS DISCHARGE DIAGNOSIS	.0000	.0	.0
470		0.150	**UNGROUPABLE	.0000	.0	.0
471	08	SURG	BILATERAL OR MULTIPLE MAJOR JOINT PROCS OF LOWER EXTREMITY.	3.2312	4.9	5.6
472			NO LONGER VALID	.0000	.0	.0
473	17		ACUTE LEUKEMIA W/O MAJOR O.R. PROCEDURE AGE >17	3.7175	7.8	13.4
474			NO LONGER VALID	.0000	.0	.0
475	04	MED	RESPIRATORY SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS WITH VENTILATOR SUP- PORT.	3.7064	8.0	11.2
476		SURG	PROSTATIC O.R. PROCEDURE UNRELATED TO PRINCIPAL DI- AGNOSIS.	2.2619	8.6	11.7
477		SURG	NON-EXTENSIVE O.R. PROCEDURE UNRELATED TO PRIN-	1.7659	5.3	8.0
470	~~	SUDO		0.0400	<b>F A</b>	7.0
478	05		OTHER VASCULAR PROCEDURES W CC	2.3493	5.0	7.3
479	05	SURG	OTHER VASCULAR PROCEDURES W/O CC	1.4604	2.9	3.8
480		SURG	LIVER TRANSPLANT	10.7204	17.6	23.1
481		SURG	BONE MARROW TRANSPLANT	8.6480	22.2	25.1
482		SURG	TRACHEOSTOMY FOR FACE, MOUTH & NECK DIAGNOSES	3.6326	9.9	12.9
483		SURG	TRACHEOSTOMY EXCEPT FOR FACE, MOUTH & NECK DIAG- NOSES.	15.9802	32.9	40.6
484	24	SURG	CRANIOTOMY FOR MULTIPLE SIGNIFICANT TRAUMA	5.5399	9.0	13.3
485	24	SURG	LIMB REATTACHMENT, HIP AND FEMUR PROC FOR MULTIPLE SIGNIFICANT TRA.	3.0215	7.4	9.1
486	24	SURG	OTHER O.R. PROCEDURES FOR MULTIPLE SIGNIFICANT TRAUMA.	4.8710	8.4	12.3
487	24	MED	OTHER MULTIPLE SIGNIFICANT TRAUMA	1.9497	5.3	7.4
488	25	SURG	HIV W EXTENSIVE O.R. PROCEDURE	4.7592	12.0	18.2
489	25	MED	HIV W MAJOR RELATED CONDITION	1.7870	6.1	8.7
490	25	MED	HIV W OR W/O OTHER RELATED CONDITION	.9616	3.8	5.3
491	08	SURG	MAJOR JOINT & LIMB REATTACHMENT PROCEDURES OF	1.6696	3.0	3.5
492	17	MED	UPPER EXTREMITY. CHEMOTHERAPY W ACUTE LEUKEMIA AS SECONDARY DIAG- NOSIS.	4.4339	11.4	16.8
493	07	SURG	LAPAROSCOPIC CHOLECYSTECTOMY W/O C.D.E. W CC	1.8341	4.3	5.7

### TABLE 5.—LIST OF DIAGNOSIS RELATED GROUPS (DRGS), RELATIVE WEIGHTING FACTORS, GEOMETRIC AND ARITHMETIC MEAN LENGTH OF STAY-Continued

DRG	MDC	Type of DRG	DRG title	Relative weights	Geometric mean LOS	Arithmetic mean LOS
494	07	SURG	LAPAROSCOPIC CHOLECYSTECTOMY W/O C.D.E. W/O CC	1.0276	2.0	2.5
495		SURG	LUNG TRANSPLANT	9.1249	13.1	15.9
496	08	SURG	COMBINED ANTERIOR/POSTERIOR SPINAL FUSION	5.6734	8.4	10.8
497	08	SURG	SPINAL FUSION W CC	2.8425	4.9	6.3
498	08	SURG	SPINAL FUSION W/O CC	1.7943	2.8	3.4
499	08	SURG	BACK & NECK PROCEDURES EXCEPT SPINAL FUSION W CC	1.4487	3.6	4.8
500	08	SURG	BACK & NECK PROCEDURES EXCEPT SPINAL FUSION W/O	.9837	2.3	2.8
			CC.			
501	08	SURG	KNEE PROCEDURES W PDX OF INFECTION W CC	2.5446	8.0	10.0
502	08	SURG	KNEE PROCEDURES W PDX OF INFECTION W/O CC	1.5591	5.2	6.3
503	08	SURG	KNEE PROCEDURES W/O PDX OF INFECTION	1.2047	3.1	4.0
504	22	SURG	EXTENSIVE 3RD DEGREE BURNS W SKIN GRAFT	12.8853	23.5	31.1
505	22	MED	EXTENSIVE 3RD DEGREE BURNS W/O SKIN GRAFT	2.1552	2.6	5.1
506	22	SURG	FULL THICKNESS BURN W SKIN GRAFT OR INHAL INJ W CC	4.1711	12.5	16.8
			OR SIG TRAUMA.			
507	22	SURG	FULL THICKNESS BURN W SKIN GRFT OR INHAL INJ W/O CC	1.8963	6.8	9.5
			OR SIG TRAUMA.			
508	22	MED	FULL THICKNESS BURN W/O SKIN GRFT OR INHAL INJ W CC	1.5807	5.8	8.6
			OR SIG TRAUMA.			
509	22	MED	FULL THICKNESS BURN W/O SKIN GRFT OR INH INJ W/O CC	.8575	3.9	5.4
			OR SIG TRAUMA.		0.0	0.1
510	22	MED	NON-EXTENSIVE BURNS W CC OR SIGNIFICANT TRAUMA	1.3433	5.1	7.4
511	22	MED	NON-EXTENSIVE BURNS W/O CC OR SIGNIFICANT TRAUMA	.8283	3.5	5.2

\* Medicare data have been supplemented by data from 19 states for low volume DRGS. \*\* DRGS 469 and 470 contain cases which could not be assigned to valid DRGS. Note: Geometric mean is used only to determine payment for transfer cases. Note: Arithmetic mean is presented for informational purposes only.

Note: Relative weights are based on medicare patient data and may not be appropriate for other patients.

### TABLE 7A.—MEDICARE PROSPECTIVE PAYMENT SYSTEM, SELECTED PERCENTILE LENGTHS OF STAY

[FY98 MEDPAR Update 12/98 Grouper V16.0]

DRG	Number discharges	Arithmetic mean LOS	10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile	75th percentile	90th percentile
1	36506	9.2605	2	4	7	12	19
2	7109	9.8658	3	5	7	12	20
3	7	10.5714	1	4	12	12	14
4	6015	7.4519	1	3	5	9	16
5	98703	3.4164	1	1	2	4	7
6	377	3.1326	1	1	2	4	7
7	11683	9.7496	2	4	7	12	19
8	3373	3.1254	1	1	2	4	7
9	1698	6.1143	1	3	5	8	12
10	19098	6.5697	2	3	5	8	13
11	3155	4.0396	1	2	3	5	8
12	44239	6.2732	2	3	4	7	12
13	6486	5.1576	2	3	4	6	9
14	354618	6.0040	2	3	5	7	11
15	143996	3.7354	1	2	3	5	7
16	12049	5.9114	2	3	5	7	11
17	3303	3.3657	1	2	3	4	6
18	27014	5.4748	2	3	4	7	10
19	7911	3.7895	1	2	3	5	7
20	6115	9.9243	2	5	8	13	19
21	1409	6.8027	2	3	5	9	13
22	2567	4.9003	2	2	4	6	9
23	7637	4.1747	1	2	3	5	8
24	54321	5.0362	1	2	4	6	10
25	24173	3.3500	1	2	3	4	6
26	29	3.5862	1	1	3	4	6
27	3593	5.2931	1	1	3	7	12
28	11084	6.0999	1	3	5	8	12
29	3704	3.6126	1	2	3	5	7
30	1	13.0000	13	13	13	13	13
31	3126	4.3349	1	2	3	5	8

DRG	Number discharges	Arithmetic mean LOS	10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile	75th percentile	90th percentile
2	1388	2.6981	1	1	2	3	
4	19926	5.3284	1	2	4	6	1
5	4860	3.4829	1	2	3	4	
6	4637	1.4238	1	1	1	1	
7	1545	3.8460	1	1	3	5	
8	106	2.6415	1	1	2	3	
9	1458	1.8759	1	1	1	2	
0	1967	3.3421	1	1	2	4	
2	3287	2.1150	1	1	1	2	
3	84	4.0476	1	2	2	4	
4	1346	4.9562	2	3	4	6	
5	2489	3.4339	1	2	3	4	
5	3035	4.5519	1	2	3	6	
7	1196	3.1304	1	1	2	4	
3	1	6.0000	6	6	6	6	
9	2268	5.0004	1	2	4	6	1
))	2816	1.9950	1	1		2	
				1	1	23	
	275	2.8873	1	1	1	-	
	242	1.9463	1	1	1	2	
	2676	3.6214	1	1	2	4	
	1	1.0000	1	1	1	1	
	1548	2.8443	1	1	2	3	
	583	2.8405	1	1	2	3	
	496	4.7702	1	1	3	5	
	76	2.5921	1	1	2	3	
	4	1.2500	1	1	1	1	
	236	4.8051	1	1	3	6	
	2	2.5000	2	2	3	3	
	3257	4.4473	1	2	3	5	
	3255	6.6224	1	2	3	8	
	31668	2.9110	1	1	2	4	
			1			4	
	6943	3.2093	1	2	3	4	
	510	3.7118	1	2	3	4	
	13096	4.1846	2	2	3	5	
	4070	3.3174	1	2	3	4	
	38	2.7368	1	2	2	3	
	108	3.4259	1	2	3	4	
	789	3.5349	1	2	3	4	
	6418	4.3408	1	2	3	5	
	1	2.0000	2	2	2	2	
	40117	9.9090	3	5	7	12	
	40189	11.0696	3	5	9	14	
	2189	5.1092	1	2	4	7	
	29868	7.0817	3	5	6	9	
	203034	8.4200	3	4	7	10	
	8367	5.5711	2	2	7 5	7	
	9	6.1111	1	4	6	7	
	-						
	67396	6.9696	2	3	5	9	
	6816	5.4608	2	3	4	7	
	1499	3.2115	1	2	3	4	
	21440	6.5169	2	3	5	8	
	1715	3.7638	1	2	3	5	
	67211	6.2429	1	3	5	8	
	395665	5.2571	2	3	4	7	
	507777	6.1138	2	3	5	8	
	46106	4.3389	2	3	4	5	
	63	3.9683	1	2	3	5	
	14068	6.2258	2	3	5	8	
		4.2851	2		5	-	
	1431			2	-	6	
	12904	6.3868	2	3	5	8	
	1503	3.6334	1	2	3	4	
	63347	4.7647	2	3	4	6	
	28210	3.7386	1	2	3	5	
	18	4.5000	2	2	3	4	
	19288	3.1362	1	1	2	4	
	7679	2.1705	1	1	2	3	

DRG	Number discharges	Arithmetic mean LOS	10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile	75th percentile	90th percentile
101	19908	4.4001	1	2	3	6	8
102	4712	2.7177	1	1	2	3	5
103	526	55.9620	9	15	38	81	125
104	32469	11.8910	3	6	10	15	22
105	28435	9.4345	4	6	7	11	17
106	3874	10.9174	5	7	9	13	18
107	96633	10.4780	5	7	9	12	17
108	5213	10.9714	3	6	9	14	21
109	66066	7.8103	4	5	7	9	13
110 111	58950 6548	9.5307 5.6188	2 2	5	8	11 7	18 8
111 112	80275	3.8243	2	4	3	5	8
113	45999	11.8933	3	5	9	15	23
114	8660	8.1865	2	4	7	10	16
115	14332	8.4104	2	4	7	11	16
116	270327	3.9279	1	1	3	5	8
117	3493	4.1457	1	1	3	5	9
118	6394	2.8907	1	1	2	4	6
119	1547	4.8946	1	1	3	6	11
120	36472	8.2124	1	2	5	11	18
121	168411	6.5102	2	4	5	8	12
122	83057	3.9825	1	2	4	5	7
123	41857	4.4094	1	1	2	6	10
124	144199	4.4338	1	2	3	6	8
125	69258	2.8460	1	1	2	4	6
126	5245	11.8471	3	6	9	15	23
127	720949	5.3848	2	3	4	7	10
128	13882	5.8857	3	4	5	7	9
129	4476	2.8132	1	1	1	3	7
130	93152	5.8377	2	3	5	7	10
131	26175	4.4798	1	3	4	6	7
132	166567	3.0916	1	2	2	4	6 4
133	7046 32604	2.3686 3.3402	1	1	2 3	3	46
134 135	7501	4.3393	1	2	3	4 5	8
136	1134	2.9365	1	1	2	4	6
138	203034	3.9942	1	2	3	5	8
139	74491	2.5373	1	1	2	3	5
140	89482	2.8042	1	1	2	3	5
141	85001	3.7313	1	2	3	5	7
142	40519	2.7087	1	1	2	3	5
143	173003	2.1910	1	1	2	3	4
144	77203	5.3186	1	2	4	7	11
145	6725	2.8174	1	1	2	4	5
146	12161	10.3049	5	7	9	12	17
147	2295	6.7115	3	5	7	8	10
148	142496	12.0975	5	7	10	14	21
149	16260	6.7259	4	5	6	8	10
150	22047	11.0292	4	6	9	14	19
151	4378	5.9826	2	3	6	8	11
152	4733	8.2766	3	5	7	10	14
153	1785	5.6112	3	4	5	7	8
154 155	32146 5559	13.1977 4.4970	4	7 2	10 4	16 6	25 8
155	5 5	10.6000	2	2	4 11	13	o 22
157	8532	5.5772	2	2	4	7	11
158	4386	2.6423	1	1	4	3	5
159	17279	4.9647	1	2	4	6	10
160	10447	2.7383	1	1	2	4	5
161	12543	4.1562	1	2	3	5	g
162	6726	1.9967	1	1	1	2	4
163	6	3.3333	1	3	3	5	5
164	5059	8.5274	4	5	7	10	14
165	1803	4.9434	2	3	5	6	8
166	3401	5.1541	2	3	4	6	10
167	2666	2.7817	1	2	2	3	5

DRG         Number discharges         Arithmetic mean LOS         10th percentile         25th percentile         50th percentile         75th percentile           168         1649         4.6731         1         2         3         3           169         857         2.4982         1         1         2         3           170         12092         11.1993         2         5         8           171         1053         4.7673         1         2         4           172         31897         6.9143         2         3         5           173         2312         3.7855         1         1         3	e 90th percentile 6 10 3 5 14 22 6 9 9 14 5 8 6 9 4 5 6 10 6 8
169         857         2.4982         1         1         2           170         12092         11.1993         2         5         8           171         1053         4.7673         1         2         4           172         31897         6.9143         2         3         5	3         5           14         22           6         9           9         14           5         8           6         9           4         5           6         10
169         857         2.4982         1         1         2           170         12092         11.1993         2         5         8           171         1053         4.7673         1         2         4           172         31897         6.9143         2         3         5	3         5           14         22           6         9           9         14           5         8           6         9           4         5           6         10
171         1053         4.7673         1         2         4           172         31897         6.9143         2         3         5	6         9           9         14           5         8           6         9           4         5           6         10
171         1053         4.7673         1         2         4           172         31897         6.9143         2         3         5	9 14 5 8 6 9 4 5 6 10
	5 8 6 9 4 5 6 10
173 2312 3.7855 1 1 3	6 9 4 5 6 10
	4 5 6 10
174 249000 4.8426 2 3 4	6 10
175	
176 17587 5.2799 2 3 4	6 8
177 10522 4.4893 2 2 4	
178	4 6
179 12330 6.1658 2 3 5	8 12
180	7 10
181         24379         3.4107         1         2         3	4 6
182 234882 4.3349 1 2 3	5 8
183 76735 2.9911 1 1 2	4 6
184	3 7
185         4222         4.5246         1         2         3	6 9
186         7         3.2857         1         2         3	4 4
187         838         3.9224         1         2         3	5 8
188         75482         5.5481         1         2         4	7 11
189         9623         3.2219         1         1         2	4 6
190	7 9
191	17 28
<u>192</u> <u>834</u> 7.0432 2 4 6	9 12
193 6497 12.6191 5 7 10	15 23
194	8 11
195	12 17
196 1262 5.6830 2 4 5	7 9
197         22829         8.6119         3         5         7	10 15
198 6333 4.5173 2 3 4	6 8
199         1863         9.6334         2         5         7	13 19
200 1177 11.0110 2 4 8	14 22
201 1502 14.0752 4 6 11	18 28
202 27309 6.5861 2 3 5	8 13
203 29813 6.7010 2 3 5	9 13
204	7   11
205         23086         6.3271         2         3         5	8 12
206 1713 4.1004 1 2 3	5 8
207 32550 5.1222 1 2 4	6 10
208         9792         2.9086         1         1         2	4 6
209         353744         5.1342         3         3         4	6 8
210 133786 6.7558 3 4 6	8 11
<u>211</u> <u>29098</u> <u>4.9011</u> <u>3</u> <u>3</u> <u>4</u>	6 7
212         8         3.6250         1         2         4	5 5
213         7866         8.3354         2         4         6           210         2000         2014         2         4         6	10 17
216         6023         9.5177         2         4         7           217         10.5767         2         4         7         0	12 19
217         19595         12.5727         3         5         9           240         20504         5         20         4	15 26
218         22521         5.2767         2         3         4           200         24005         24005         2         3         4	6 9
219         19288         3.1965         1         2         3	4 5
220 4 9.2500 1 1 6	12 18
223 17769 2.5644 1 1 2	3 5
224         7897         2.0380         1         1         2           757         7497         2.0380         1         1         2	3 4
225 5773 4.4653 1 2 3	6 9
226         5252         5.9842         1         2         4           207         4000         57404         4         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         3         4         5         5         5         5         3         4         5         5         5         3         4         5         5         5         3         4         5         5         5         3         4         5         5         5         3         4         5         5         5         3         4         5         5         5         3         4         5         5         5         3         4         5         5         5         5         3         4         5         5         5         3         4         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5         5	8 12
227 4296 2.7491 1 1 2	3 5
228 2550 3.5910 1 1 2	4 8
229 1137 2.4450 1 1 2	3 5
230 2280 4.7487 1 2 3	6 10
231 10903 4.6309 1 2 3	6 10
232 527 4.0892 1 1 2	5 9
233 4814 7.4909 2 3 5	9 16
234 2558 3.4461 1 2 3	4 7
235 5355 5.0045 1 2 4	6 9
236         39188         4.9057         1         3         4           237         4000         5004         4         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004         5004	6 9
237 1699 3.5621 1 2 3	4 6

	DRG	Number discharges	Arithmetic mean LOS	10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile	75th percentile	90th percentile
238		7684	8.2965	3	4	6	10	16
239		55608	6.2447	2	3	5	8	12
		12878	6.6378	2	3	5	8	13
		3005	4.0090	1	2	3	5	7
		2655 83845	6.5646 4.7270	2	3	5 4	8	13 9
-		12628	4.7270	1	3	4	6	9
		4919	3.5727	1	2	3	4	7
		1343	3.7312	1	2	3	5	7
247		14016	3.4163	1	2	3	4	7
248		8925	4.6222	1	2	4	6	9
		10902	3.5356	1	1	2	4	7
		3601	4.1172	1	2	3	5	8
		2274	2.9081	1	1	2	4	5 9
		18995 9941	4.7535 3.2011	1	3	4 3	6 4	9
		5904	5.0899	1	2	3	6	10
		19379	2.9197	1	2	2	3	5
		16797	2.0623	1	1	2	2	3
		3704	2.7608	1	1	2	3	6
		4700	1.4715	1	1	1	2	2
261		1775	2.1808	1	1	1	3	4
		645	3.9271	1	1	3	5	8
		25880	11.3104	3	5	8	14	22
		3815	7.0029	2	3	5	8	13
		4082	6.9581	1	2	4	8	14
		2523	3.3436 4.0833	1	1	2 3	4 5	7 9
		240 873	3.7537	1	1	2	4	8
		8758	7.8451	2	3	6	10	16
		2727	3.0983	1	1	2	4	7
		22440	7.0501	3	4	6	8	13
		5622	6.2757	2	3	5	7	12
273		1342	4.3644	1	2	3	5	8
274		2431	6.4825	1	3	5	8	13
		201	3.7612	1	1	2	5	8
		989	4.4034	1	2	4	5	8
		83986	5.7562	2	3	5	7	10
		27530 11	4.4238 5.0909	2	3	4	5 5	8 8
		14848	4.2196	1	2	3	5	8
		6385	3.0641	1	1	3	4	6
		1	3.0000	3	3	3	3	3
283		5325	4.7213	1	2	4	6	9
284		1773	3.1985	1	1	3	4	6
		5979	10.5514	3	5	8	13	21
		2145	6.6112	2	3	5	8	13
-		5999	10.4182	3	5	7	12	20
		1972 4787	5.7221 3.0171	2	3	4 2	6 3	9 6
		8532	2.4319	1	1	2	3	4
		76	2.0132	1	1	1	2	3
		4798	10.3558	2	4	8	13	21
		318	4.9119	1	2	4	6	10
		83797	4.7445	1	2	4	6	9
295		3416	3.8662	1	2	3	5	7
		232852	5.2808	2	3	4	6	10
		36465	3.5335	1	2	3	4	6
		86	3.5116	1	1	2	4	7
		1113	5.3998	1	2	4	7	11
		16055	6.2361	2	3	5 3	8	12 7
		2798 7788	3.5647 9.7017	1	2 6	3	4 11	7 17
		19947	8.7442	5	5	7	10	17
		12267	8.8996	2	4	7	11	18
		2771	3.8964	1	2	3	5	7

	DRG	Number discharges	Arithmetic mean LOS	10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile	75th percentile	90th percentile
306		9087	5.4264	1	2	3	7	12
307		2172	2.3596	1	1	2	3	4
308		8237	6.1412	1	2	4	8	13
309		4040	2.5252	1	1	2	3	5
310		25234	4.3353	1	2	3	5	ç
		7913	1.9368	1	1	1	2	4
312		1652	4.5745	1	1	3	6	10
313		636	2.4009	1	1	2	3	5
314		1	2.0000	2	2	2	2	2
315		28095	7.8214	1	2	5	10	17
316		93946	6.6586	2	3	5	8	13
		787	3.1525	1	1	2	3	6
		6040	5.9818	1	3	4	8	12
		452	2.8496	1	1	2	4	6
		182629	5.4053	2	3	4	7	10
		26785	3.8728	2	2	3	5	7
		66	3.7273	1	2	3	4	6
		16620	3.2068	1	1	2	4	6
-		7588	1.9258	1	1	1	2	2
		7746	3.8615	1	2	3	5	7
326		2359	2.6880	1	1	2	3	5
327		9	3.4444	1	2	3	6	6
328		682	3.7097	1	2	3	5	7
329		107	2.4579	1	1	1	3	5
331		44791	5.5053	1	3	4	7	11
332		4640	3.4358	1	1	3	4	7
333		264	4.4356	1	2	3	5	10
		14143	5.0008	3	3	4	6	8
335		10325	3.5485	2	3	3	4	5
336		46390	3.6056	1	2	3	4	7
337		30864	2.2143	1	1	2	3	3
		2138	5.1300	1	2	3	7	12
339		1797	4.5042	1	1	3	6	10
340		2	1.0000	1	1	1	1	1
341		4067	3.1913	1	1	2	3	6
342		874	3.4748	1	2	2	4	7
		4100	2.3539	1	1	1	2	5
		1230	3.7195	1	1	2	4	8
		4931	5.7175	1	3	4	7	11
		370	3.1595	1	1	2	4	7
		3080	4.1844	1	2	3	5	8
349		591	2.5296	1	1	2	3	5
350		6519	4.3806	2	2	4	5	8
352		692	3.9263	1	1	3	5	7
353		2693	7.0791	3	4	5	8	13
354		8980	5.7827	3	3	4	7	10
355		5919	3.4087	2	3	3	4	5
		28210	2.5548	1	2	2	3	2
357		6046	8.6508	3	5	7	10	16
		24803	4.4161	2	3	3	5	7
		29406	2.8913	2	2	3	3	4
		17303	3.0327	1	2	3	3	5
		473	3.3742	1	1	2	4	7
		1	1.0000	1	1	1	1	1
		3572	3.2900	1	2	2	3	7
		1811	3.5400	1	1	2	4	
		2008	7.1116	2	3	5	9	15
		4324	6.6751	1	3	5	8	14
		466	3.0193	1	1	2	4	
		2756	6.2144	2	3	5	8	12
		2740	3.2281	1	1	2	4	6
		1120	5.9848	3	3	4	5	9
		1120	3.6460	2	3	3	4	5
		847	3.2621	1	2	2	3	E
		3838	2.1449	1	2	2	2	
JIJ		5050	3.1716	1	2	2	3	

	DRG	Number discharges	Arithmetic mean LOS	10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile	75th percentile	90th percentile
375		5	4.4000	1	1	5	5	:
		199	3.4472	1	1	2	3	
		35	5.4000	1	1	3	5	1:
		173	2.7746	1	2	2	3	
		350 87	3.0914 1.8851	1	1	2	3	
		183	2.3005	1	1	1	3	
		54	1.2963	1	1	1	1	
		1486	3.9711	1	2	3	5	
384		121	2.4132	1	1	2	3	
385		1	2.0000	2	2	2	2	
		6	5.8333	1	5	5	7	
		9	3.3333	1	1	4	4	
		2630	9.6696	3	4	7	12	2
		1779 77187	6.8375	1	2	4	8	1
		17	4.5508 3.1765	1	1	2	4	
		19143	5.3427	1	2	4	7	1
		18492	5.9583	2	3	5	7	1
		1493	3.7173	1	2	3	5	
		7294	9.1058	2	3	6	11	2
101		6217	11.0227	2	5	8	14	2
102		1452	4.1887	1	1	3	5	
		36218	8.0041	2	3	6	10	1
-		4103	4.3359	1	2	3	6	_
		2824	10.1331	3	5	8	13	2
		667	4.1829	1	2	3	5	
		2404	7.7417	1	2	5	10	1
		3746 49872	6.1030 3.5697	2	3 2	4	6 4	1
		49072	2.2857	1	1	2	3	
		28	2.0000	1	1	1	2	
		7391	7.4619	2	3	6	10	1
		687	4.1499	1	2	3	5	
115		42535	14.0456	4	6	11	17	2
116		213568	7.3051	2	4	6	9	1
		41	4.7805	1	2	4	6	1
		22297	6.0470	2	3	5	7	1
		15835	4.9039	2	2	4	6 5	
		3029 13089	3.6524 3.9185	1	2 2	3 3	5	
		91	2.9890	1	1	2	4	
		9072	7.7017	2	3	6	9	1
		1385	14.0072	2	5	10	17	2
		15534	4.0610	1	2	3	5	_
126		4568	4.6421	1	2	3	6	
		1659	4.9458	1	2	3	6	1
		855	6.7766	1	2	4	8	1
		29447	6.5176	2	3	5	8	1
		58875	8.3608	2	3	6	11	1
		306	6.9869	1	3	5	8	1
		438 6312	5.2283 3.1039	1	2	3 2	5	1
		21675	5.1476	1	2	2	6	1
		14502	4.3431	1	2	4	5	
		3279	13.5166	4	7	12	21	2
		11570	8.9775	3	5	8	11	1
		1183	7.4480	1	3	5	9	1
		5298	8.9332	2	3	6	11	1
		562	3.0498	1	1	2	4	
		15691	7.9084	1	3	6	10	1
		3343	3.2767	1	1	2	4	
		5016	4.2845	1	2	3	5	
		2198	3.0100	1	1	2	4	
141		4686	2.5378	1	1	2	3	

# TABLE 7A.—MEDICARE PROSPECTIVE PAYMENT SYSTEM, SELECTED PERCENTILE LENGTHS OF STAY—Continued [FY98 MEDPAR Update 12/98 Grouper V16.0]

DRG	Number discharges	Arithmetic mean LOS	10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile	75th percentile	90th percentile
49	25965	3.6989	1	1	3	4	-
150	6281	2.0492	1	1	1	2	4
151	4	3.7500	1	1	2	4	ł
152	22264	4.9182	1	2	3	6	10
153	4242	2.8868	1	1	2	4	:
54	5953	4.4749	1	2	3	5	1
155	974	2.6078	1	1	2	3	4
61	3446	4.5133	1	1	2	5	1
62	10911	12.2067	4	6	10	16	2
63	16562	4.2876	1	2	3	5	
64	4467	3.1842	1	2	3	4	
65	202	3.5693	1	1	1	4	
66	1753	3.9395	1	1	2	4	
67	1206	3.2629	1	1	2	4	
68	59861	13.2552	3	6	10	17	2
71	11866	5.6302	3	3	5	6	2
73	7998	13.1317	2	3	7	19	3
75	109305	11.0583	2	5	9	15	2
76	5166	11.6465	2	6	10	15	2
77	26937	8.0048	1	3	6	10	1
	118559	7.2875	1	3	5	9	1
78	21234	3.7671	1	2	3	-	1
			•		-	5	
.80	446	23.0807	7	11	16	28	4
81	269	25.0632	11	19	23	30	4
.82	6415	12.8803	4	7	10	15	2
83	42782	38.7045	14	21	32	48	7
184	392	13.2219	1	6	10	18	2
185	3148	9.0886	4	5	7	11	1
l86	2027	12.1722	1	5	10	16	24
87	3604	7.3047	1	3	6	9	1
88	784	18.0982	3	7	13	23	3
89	14037	8.7084	2	3	6	11	1
l90	4768	5.2685	1	2	4	7	1
91	11583	3.5480	2	2	3	4	(
92	2575	16.8287	4	5	12	27	3
93	55018	5.7173	1	3	5	7	1
94	26030	2.5108	1	1	2	3	
195	130	15.9154	6	8	13	22	2
96	1095	10.7826	4	5	8	13	2
97	23026	6.2674	2	3	5	7	1
98	16601	3.4126	1	2	3	4	
.99	33369	4.8049	1	2	4	6	
00	40659	2.7628	1	1	2	3	
01	1974	10.0172	4	5	8	12	1
02	544	6.2702	3	4	5	7	1
03	5860	3.9602	1	2	3	5	, i
04	121	31.1488	9	15	26	40	6
04	157	5.0446	9	10	20	40	1
06	1107	16.4625	4	7	13	22	3
07	410	9.4780	2	4	8	13	2
08	1102	7.4093	2	3	5	9	1
09	493	4.9270	1	2	3	6	1
10	1017	6.9646	2	3	5	8	1
11	301	4.7176	1	2	3	6	
-	11177104						

DRG	Number	Arithmetic	10th	25th	50th	75th	90th
	discharges	mean LOS	percentile	percentile	percentile	percentile	percentile
1	36506 7109	9.2605 9.8658	23	4 5	7	12 12	19 20

	DRG	Number discharges	Arithmetic mean LOS	10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile	75th percentile	90th percentile
3		7	10.5714	1	4	12	12	14
		6015	7.4519	1	3	5	9	16
5		98703	3.4164	1	1	2	4	7
6		377	3.1326	1	1	2	4	7
7		11683	9.7496	2	4	7	12	19
		3373	3.1254	1	1	2	4	7
		1698	6.1143	1	3	5	8	12
-		19098	6.5697	2	3	5	8	13
		3155	4.0396	1	2	3	5	8
		44239	6.2732	2	3	4	7	12
13		6486	5.1576	2	3	4	6	9
14		354510 143996	6.0035	2	3	5 3	7	11 7
15		12049	3.7354 5.9114	2	2	3 5	5	/ 11
17		3303	3.3657	2	2	3	4	6
18		27014	5.4748	2	3	4	7	10
		7911	3.7895	1	2	3	5	7
20		6115	9.9243	2	5	8	13	19
20		1409	6.8027	2	3	5	9	13
22		2567	4.9003	2	2	4	6	
		7637	4.1747	1	2	3	5	8
		54321	5.0362	1	2	4	6	10
25		24173	3.3500	1	2	3	4	6
26		29	3.5862	i	1	3	4	6
		3593	5.2931	1	1	3	7	12
28		11084	6.0999	1	3	5	8	12
29		3704	3.6126	1	2	3	5	7
30		1	13.0000	13	13	13	13	13
31		3126	4.3349	1	2	3	5	8
		1388	2.6981	1	1	2	3	5
34		19926	5.3284	1	2	4	6	10
35		4860	3.4829	1	2	3	4	7
36		4637	1.4238	1	1	1	1	2
		1545	3.8460	1	1	3	5	8
38		106	2.6415	1	1	2	3	5
39		1458	1.8759	1	1	1	2	4
40		1967	3.3421	1	1	2	4	7
42		3287	2.1150	1	1	1	2	۷
43		84	4.0476	1	2	2	4	7
44		1346	4.9562	2	3	4	6	ç
45		2489	3.4339	1	2	3	4	6
46		3035	4.5519	1	2	3	6	9
47		1196	3.1304	1	1	2	4	e
48		1	6.0000	6	6	6	6	6
		2268	5.0004	1	2	4	6	10
50		2816	1.9950	1	1	1	2	3
51		275	2.8873	1	1	1	3	7
		242	1.9463	1	1	1	2	3
		2676	3.6214	1	1	2	4	8
		1	1.0000	1	1	1	1	1
		1548	2.8443	1	1	2	3	6
		583	2.8405	1	1	2	3	6
		496	4.7702	1	1	3	5	12
		76	2.5921 1.2500	1	1	2	3	6
		4		1	1	1	1	2
		236	4.8051		1		6	1(
		2	2.5000	2	2	3	3 5	3
		3257	4.4473	1	2			
		3255	6.6224	1	2	4	8	14 5
		31668	2.9110	1	1	2	4	
		6943 510	3.2093	1	2	3 3	4	6
		510	3.7118	1	2		4	
		13096	4.1846	2	2	3	5	
		4070	3.3174	1	2	3	4 3	6
70		38	2.7368 3.4259	1	2	2 3	3	5

DRG	Number discharges	Arithmetic mean LOS	10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile	75th percentile	90th percentile
72	789	3.5349	1	2	3	4	7
73	6418	4.3408	1	2	3	5	8
74	1	2.0000	2	2	2	2	2
75	40117	9.9090	3	5	7	12	19
76	40189	11.0696	3	5	9	14	21
77	2189	5.1092	1	2	4	7	10
78	29868	7.0817	3	5	6	9	12
79	203034	8.4200	3	4	7	10	16
80	8367	5.5711	2	3	5	7	10
81	9	6.1111	1	4	6	7	
82	67396	6.9696	2	3	5	9	14
83	6816	5.4608	2	3	4	7	10
84	1499	3.2115	1	2	3	4	6
85	21440	6.5169	2	3	5	8	13
86	1715	3.7638	1	2	3	5	7
87	67211	6.2429	1	3	5	8	12
88	395665	5.2571	2	3	4	7	9
89	507777	6.1138	2	3	5	8	11
90	46106	4.3389	2	3	4	5	7
91	63	3.9683	1	2	3	5	7
92	14068	6.2258	2	3	5	8	12
93	1431	4.2851	1	2	4	6	8
94	12904	6.3868	2	3	5	8	13
95	1503	3.6334	1	2	3	4	7
96	63347	4.7647	2	3	4	6	8
97	28210	3.7386	2	2	3	5	7
98	18	4.5000	2	2	3	4	5
	19288	3.1362	2	1	2	4	6
	7679		1	1	2	4	4
100		2.1705	1		2	5	4 8
101	19908	4.4001	1	2	2	3	o 5
102	4712	2.7177	1	1		-	-
103	526	55.9620	9	15	38	81	125
104	32469	11.8910	3	6	10	15	22
105	28435	9.4345	4	6	7	11	17
106	3874	10.9174	5	7	9	13	18
107	96633	10.4780	5	7	9	12	17
108	5213	10.9714	3	6	9	14	21
109	66066	7.8103	4	5	7	9	13
110	58950	9.5307	2	5	8	11	18
111	6548	5.6188	2	4	6	7	8
112	80275	3.8243	1	1	3	5	8
113	45978	11.8914	3	5	9	15	23
114	8660	8.1865	2	4	7	10	16
115	14332	8.4104	2	4	7	11	16
116	270327	3.9279	1	1	3	5	8
117	3493	4.1457	1	1	3	5	9
118	6394	2.8907	1	1	2	4	6
119	1547	4.8946	1	1	3	6	11
120	36569	8.2082	1	2	5	11	18
121	168411	6.5102	2	4	5	8	12
122	83057	3.9825	1	2	4	5	7
123	41857	4.4094	1	1	2	6	10
124	144199	4.4338	1	2	3	6	8
125	69258	2.8460	1	1	2	4	6
126	5245	11.8471	3	6	9	15	23
127	720949	5.3848	2	3	4	7	10
128	13882	5.8857	3	4	5	7	9
129	4476	2.8132	1	1	1	3	7
130	93152	5.8377	2	3	5	7	10
131	26175	4.4798	1	3	4	6	7
132	166567	3.0916	1	2	2	4	6
133	7046	2.3686	1	1	2	3	4
134	32604	3.3402	1	2	3	4	6
135	7501	4.3393	1	2	3	5	8
136	1134	2.9365	1	1	2	4	6
138	203034	3.9942	1	2	3	5	8

	DRG	Number discharges	Arithmetic mean LOS	10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile	75th percentile	90th percentile
139		74491	2.5373	1	1	2	3	5
140		89482	2.8042	1	1	2	3	5
		85001	3.7313	1	2	3	5	7
		40519	2.7087	1	1	2	3	5
		173003	2.1910	1	1	2	3	4
		77203	5.3186	1	2	4	7	11
		6725	2.8174	1	1	2	4	5
		12161	10.3049	5	7	9 7	12	17
		2295 142496	6.7115 12.0975	3 5	5 7	10	8 14	10 21
-		16260	6.7259	4	5	6	8	10
		22047	11.0292	4	6	9	14	19
		4378	5.9826	2	3	6	8	11
		4733	8.2766	3	5	7	10	14
		1785	5.6112	3	4	5	7	8
		32146	13.1977	4	7	10	16	25
		5559	4.4970	1	2	4	6	8
		5	10.6000	2	2	11	13	22
		8532	5.5772	1	2	4	7	11
		4386	2.6423	1	1	2	3	5
159		17279	4.9647	1	2	4	6	10
		10447	2.7383	1	1	2	4	5
		12543	4.1562	1	2	3	5	g
162		6726	1.9967	1	1	1	2	4
163		6	3.3333	1	3	3	5	5
164		5059	8.5274	4	5	7	10	14
165		1803	4.9434	2	3	5	6	8
166		3401	5.1541	2	3	4	6	10
167		2666	2.7817	1	2	2	3	5
168		1649	4.6731	1	2	3	6	10
169		857	2.4982	1	1	2	3	5
170		12092	11.1993	2	5	8	14	22
171		1053	4.7673	1	2	4	6	ç
172		31897	6.9143	2	3	5	9	14
		2312	3.7855	1	1	3	5	8
		249000	4.8426	2	3	4	6	9
		25202	2.9397	1	2	3	4	5
		17587	5.2799	2	3	4	6	10
		10522	4.4893	2	2	4	6	8
		3593	3.1795	1	2	3	4	6
		12330	6.1658	2	3	5	8	12
		90227	5.3446	2	3	4	7	10
		24379	3.4107	1	2	3	4	6 8
		234882	4.3349	1	2	3 2	5	
		76735 89	2.9911 3.0225	1	1	2	4	6
		69 4222	4.5246	1	2	2	6	g
		4222	3.2857	1	2	3	4	4
		838	3.9224	1	2	3	5	8
-		75482	5.5481	1	2	3	7	11
		9623	3.2219	1	1	2	4	6
		66	5.5909	1	2	4	7	g
		9649	14.1563	4	7	10	17	28
-		834	7.0432	2	4	6	9	12
-		6497	12.6191	5	7	10	15	23
		742	6.5660	2	4	6	8	11
-		5896	9.9910	4	6	8	12	17
		1262	5.6830	2	4	5	7	g
		22829	8.6119	3	5	7	10	15
-		6333	4.5173	2	3	4	6	
		1863	9.6334	2	5	7	13	19
		1177	11.0110	2	4	8	14	22
		1502	14.0752	4	6	11	18	28
		27309	6.5861	2	3	5	8	13
		29813	6.7010	2	3	5	9	13
		20010	5.9723	2	3	5	7	11

	DRG	Number discharges	Arithmetic mean LOS	10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile	75th percentile	90th percentile
		0				•	•	·
		23086	6.3271	2	3	5	8	12
		1713	4.1004	1	2	3	5	8
		32550	5.1222	1	2	4	6	10
		9792	2.9086	1	1	2	4	6
		353674	5.1341	3	3	•	6	8
		133764	6.7556	3	4	6 4	8	11
		29096	4.9012	3 1	3	•	6	7 5
		8	3.6250		2	4	5	5 17
		7866	8.3354	2 2		6 7	10	
		6023 19595	9.5177 12.5727	23	4 5	9	12 15	19 26
		22521	5.2767	2	3	4	6	20
		19288	3.1965	1	2	3	4	5
		4	9.2500	1	1	6	12	18
-		17769	2.5644	1	1	2	3	5
		7897	2.0380	1	1	2	3	4
		5773	4.4653	1	2	3	6	9
		5252	5.9842	1	2	4	8	12
		4296	2.7491	1	1	2	3	5
		2550	3.5910	1	1	2	4	8
-		1137	2.4450	1	1	2	3	5
		2280	4.7487	1	2	3	6	10
		10903	4.6309	1	2	3	6	10
		527	4.0892	1	1	2	5	9
		4814	7.4909	2	3	5	9	16
		2558	3.4461	1	2	3	4	7
		5355	5.0045	1	2	4	6	9
		39179	4.9058	1	3	4	6	9
		1699	3.5621	1	2	3	4	6
		7684	8.2965	3	4	6	10	16
		55608	6.2447	2	3	5	8	12
		12878	6.6378	2	3	5	8	13
-		3005	4.0090	1	2	3	5	.0
		2655	6.5646	2	3	5	8	13
		83845	4.7270	1	3	4	6	9
		12628	4.8210	1	3	4	6	9
		4919	3.5727	1	2	3	4	7
246		1343	3.7312	1	2	3	5	7
		14016	3.4163	1	2	3	4	7
248 .		8925	4.6222	1	2	4	6	9
249 .		10902	3.5356	1	1	2	4	7
250 .		3601	4.1172	1	2	3	5	8
251 .		2274	2.9081	1	1	2	4	5
253 .		18995	4.7535	1	3	4	6	9
254 .		9941	3.2011	1	2	3	4	6
256 .		5904	5.0899	1	2	4	6	10
257 .		19379	2.9197	1	2	2	3	5
258 .		16797	2.0623	1	1	2	2	3
		3704	2.7608	1	1	2	3	6
		4700	1.4715	1	1	1	2	2
		1775	2.1808	1	1	1	3	4
		645	3.9271	1	1	3	5	8
263 .		25866	11.3105	3	5	8	14	22
264 .		3810	7.0034	2	3	5	8	13
		4082	6.9581	1	2	4	8	14
		2523	3.3436	1	1	2	4	7
		240	4.0833	1	1	3	5	9
		873	3.7537	1	1	2	4	8
		8758	7.8451	2	3	6	10	16
		2727	3.0983	1	1	2	4	7
		22440	7.0501	3	4	6	8	13
		5622	6.2757	2	3	5	7	12
		1342	4.3644	1	2	3	5	8
		2431	6.4825	1	3	5	8	13
		201	3.7612	1	1	2	5	8
070		989	4.4034	1	2	4	5	8

277         278         279         280         281         282         283         284         285         286         287         288         289         290         291         292	83986 27530 11 14848 6385 1 5325 1773	5.7562 4.4238 5.0909 4.2196 3.0641 3.0000	2 2 1 1	3 3	5 4	7	10
279	11 14848 6385 1 5325 1773	5.0909 4.2196 3.0641	1		4		
280	14848 6385 1 5325 1773	4.2196 3.0641		0		5	8
281	6385 1 5325 1773	3.0641	1	3	4	5	8
282	1 5325 1773			2	3	5	8
283	5325 1773	3.0000	1	1	3	4	6
284	1773	4.7213	3	3	3	3	3 9
285		3.1985	1	1	3	4	6
286 287 288 289 290 291	5979	10.5514	3	5	8	13	21
288 289 290 291	2145	6.6112	2	3	5	8	13
289 290 291	5999	10.4182	3	5	7	12	20
290 291	1972	5.7221	2	3	4	6	9
291	4787	3.0171	1	1	2	3	e
	8532	2.4319	1	1	2	3	4
	76	2.0132 10.3558	1	1	1	2 13	3 21
292	4798 318	4.9119	2	2	o 4	6	10
293	83797	4.7445	1	2	4	6	g
295	3416	3.8662	1	2	3	5	7
296	232852	5.2808	2	3	4	6	10
297	36465	3.5335	1	2	3	4	6
298	86	3.5116	1	1	2	4	7
299	1113	5.3998	1	2	4	7	11
300	16055	6.2361	2	3	5	8	12
301	2798	3.5647	1	2	3	4	7
302 303	7788 19947	9.7017 8.7442	5	6 5	7 7	11 10	17 15
304	12267	8.8996	2	4	7	11	18
305	2771	3.8964	1	2	3	5	7
306	9087	5.4264	1	2	3	7	12
307	2172	2.3596	1	1	2	3	4
308	8237	6.1412	1	2	4	8	13
309	4040	2.5252	1	1	2	3	5
310	25234	4.3353	1	2	3	5	9
311	7913	1.9368	1	1	1	2	4
312 313	1652 636	4.5745 2.4009	1	1	3 2	6 3	10 5
314	1	2.0000	2	2	2	2	2
315	28095	7.8214	1	2	5	10	17
316	93946	6.6586	2	3	5	8	13
317	787	3.1525	1	1	2	3	6
318	6040	5.9818	1	3	4	8	12
319	452	2.8496	1	1	2	4	6
320	182629	5.4053	2	3	4	7	10
321 322	26785 66	3.8728 3.7273	2	2	3	5	7
322	16620	3.2068	1	2 1	3	4	6
324	7588	1.9258	1	1	1	2	4
325	7746	3.8615	1	2	3	5	7
326	2359	2.6880	1	1	2	3	5
327	9	3.4444	1	2	3	6	6
328	682	3.7097	1	2	3	5	7
329	107	2.4579	1	1	1	3	5
331	44791	5.5053	1	3	4	7	11
332	4640	3.4358	1	1	3	4	7 10
333 334	264 14143	4.4356 5.0008	1	2 3	3 4	5	8
335	10325	3.5485	2	3	4	4	5
336	46390	3.6056	1	2	3	4	7
337	30864	2.2143	1	1	2	3	3
338	2138	5.1300	1	2	3	7	12
339	1797	4.5042	1	1	3	6	10
340	2	1.0000	1	1	1	1	1
341	4067	3.1913	1	1	2	3	6
342 344	874 4100	3.4748 2.3539	1	2	2 1	4	7 5

	DRG	Number discharges	Arithmetic mean LOS	10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile	75th percentile	90th percentile
345		1230	3.7195	1	1	2	4	8
346		4931	5.7175	1	3	4	7	11
		370	3.1595	1	1	2	4	7
	••••••	3080	4.1844	1	2	3	5	8
	••••••	591	2.5296	1	1	2	3	5
		6519	4.3806	2	2	4	5	8 7
	••••••	692	3.9263	3	1	3 5	5 8	13
		2693 8980	7.0791 5.7827	3	4 3	5	8 7	10
		5919	3.4087	2	3	3	4	5
		28210	2.5548	1	2	2	3	4
		6046	8.6508	3	5	7	10	16
		24803	4.4161	2	3	3	5	7
359		29406	2.8913	2	2	3	3	4
360		17303	3.0327	1	2	3	3	5
361		473	3.3742	1	1	2	4	7
362		1	1.0000	1	1	1	1	1
		3572	3.2900	1	2	2	3	7
		1811	3.5400	1	1	2	4	7
		2008	7.1116	2	3	5	9	15
		4324	6.6751	1	3	5	8	14
		466	3.0193	1	1	2	4	6
	••••••	2756	6.2144	2	3	5	8	12
	••••••	2740	3.2281	1	1	2	4	6
	••••••	1120	5.9848	3	3	4	5	9
	••••••	1192	3.6460	2	3	3	4	5
		847 3838	3.2621	1	2 2	2 2	3	5
		3030 134	2.1449 3.1716	1	2	2	2	3
		5	4.4000	1	2	5	5	9
		199	3.4472	1	1	2	3	7
		35	5.4000	1	1	3	5	13
		173	2.7746	i	2	2	3	4
		350	3.0914	1	1	2	3	6
		87	1.8851	1	1	1	2	3
		183	2.3005	1	1	1	3	5
382		54	1.2963	1	1	1	1	2
383		1486	3.9711	1	2	3	5	8
		121	2.4132	1	1	2	3	5
		1	2.0000	2	2	2	2	2
		6	5.8333	1	5	5	7	7
	••••••	9	3.3333	1	1	4	4	5
		2630	9.6696	3	4	7	12	20
	••••••	1779	6.8375	1	2	4	8	15
395 396		77187 17	4.5508 3.1765	1	2	3	6	9
		19143	5.3427	1	2	4	7	11
		18492	5.9583	2	3	5	7	11
		1493	3.7173	1	2	3	5	7
		7294	9.1058	2	3	6	11	20
		6217	11.0227	2	5	8	14	22
		1452	4.1887	1	1	3	5	9
		36218	8.0041	2	3	6	10	16
		4103	4.3359	1	2	3	6	9
		2824	10.1331	3	5	8	13	21
407		667	4.1829	1	2	3	5	7
		2404	7.7417	1	2	5	10	18
		3746	6.1030	2	3	4	6	12
		49872	3.5697	1	2	3	4	6
		21	2.2857	1	1	2	3	4
		28	2.0000	1	1	1	2	4
		7391	7.4619	2	3	6	10	15
	••••••	687	4.1499	1	2	3	5	9
		42535	14.0456	4	6	11	17	28
410		213568	7.3051 4.7805	2 1	4 2	6 4	9	14 10

	DRG	Number discharges	Arithmetic mean LOS	10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile	75th percentile	90th percentile
418		22297	6.0470	2	3	5	7	11
		15835	4.9039	2	2	4	6	9
		3029	3.6524	1	2	3	5	7
		13089	3.9185	1	2	3	5	7
		91 9072	2.9890 7.7017	2	1	2 6	4   9	6 16
		1385	14.0072	2	5	10	17	27
		15534	4.0610	1	2	3	5	21
		4568	4.6421	1	2	3	6	g
427		1659	4.9458	1	2	3	6	11
428		855	6.7766	1	2	4	8	14
		29435	6.5167	2	3	5	8	13
		58875	8.3608	2	3	6	11	17
		306	6.9869	1	3	5	8	13
		438	5.2283	1	2	3 2	5	10
		6312 21675	3.1039 5.1476	1	1 2	2	4	6 1(
		14502	4.3431	1	2	4	5	8
		3279	13.5166	4	7	12	21	27
		11570	8.9775	3	5	8	11	15
		1183	7.4480	1	3	5	9	15
		5298	8.9332	2	3	6	11	19
441		562	3.0498	1	1	2	4	7
442		15691	7.9084	1	3	6	10	16
443		3343	3.2767	1	1	2	4	7
		5016	4.2845	1	2	3	5	8
		2198	3.0100	1	1	2	4	6
		4686	2.5378	1	1	2	3	Ę
		2	1.5000	1	1	2	2	2
		25965	3.6989	1	1	3 1	4 2	7
		6281 4	2.0492 3.7500	1	1	2	4	8
		22264	4.9182	1	2	3	6	10
		4242	2.8868	i	1	2	4	5
		5953	4.4749	1	2	3	5	ç
455		974	2.6078	1	1	2	3	5
461		3446	4.5133	1	1	2	5	11
462		10911	12.2067	4	6	10	16	23
		16562	4.2876	1	2	3	5	3
		4467	3.1842	1	2	3	4	6
		202	3.5693	1	1	1	4	7
		1753 1206	3.9395 3.2629	1	1	2	4	8
		59764	13.2659	3	6	10	17	26
		11866	5.6302	3	3	5	6	20
		7998	13.1317	2	3	7	19	33
		109305	11.0583	2	5	9	15	22
476		5166	11.6465	2	6	10	15	21
477		26937	8.0048	1	3	6	10	17
		118559	7.2875	1	3	5	9	15
		21234	3.7671	1	2	3	5	7
		446	23.0807	7	11	16	28	47
		269	25.0632	11	19	23	30	40
		6415	12.8803	4	7	10	15	23
		42777	38.7018	14	21	32 10	48	7( 27
		392 3148	13.2219 9.0886	1	6 5	10	18   11	17
		2027	12.1722	4	5	10	16	24
		3604	7.3047	1	3	6	9	
		784	18.0982	3	7	13	23	3
		14037	8.7084	2	3	6	11	11
		4768	5.2685	1	2	4	7	1(
		11583	3.5480	2	2	3	4	6
		2575	16.8287	4	5	12	27	35
		55018	5.7173	1	3	5	7	11
		26030	2.5108	1	1	2	3	5

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TABLE 7B.—MEDICARE PROSPECTIVE PAYMENT SYSTEM, SELECTED PERCENTILE LENGTHS OF STAY—Continued [FY98 MEDPAR Update 12/98 Grouper V17.0]

DRG	Number discharges	Arithmetic mean LOS	10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile	75th percentile	90th percentile
495	130	15.9154	6	8	13	22	29
496	1095	10.7826	4	5	8	13	21
497	23026	6.2674	2	3	5	7	11
498	16601	3.4126	1	2	3	4	6
499	33369	4.8049	1	2	4	6	9
500	40659	2.7628	1	1	2	3	5
501	1974	10.0172	4	5	8	12	19
502	544	6.2702	3	4	5	7	11
503	5860	3.9602	1	2	3	5	7
504	121	31.1488	9	15	26	40	62
505	157	5.0446	1	1	2	6	11
506	966	16.7598	4	8	13	22	33
507	349	9.4413	2	4	8	13	19
508	599	8.5192	2	3	6	9	17
509	210	5.3000	1	2	4	7	10
510	1661	7.3323	2	3	5	9	16
511	645	5.1581	1	2	3	6	11
	11176836						

### TABLE 8A.—STATEWIDE AVERAGE OP TABLE 8A.—STATEWIDE AVERAGE OP TABLE ERATING COST-TO-CHARGE RATIOS FOR URBAN AND RURAL HOSPITALS (CASE WEIGHTED) MARCH 1999

State	Urban	Rural
ALABAMA	0.373	0.377
ALASKA	0.507	0.732
ARIZONA	0.368	0.536
ARKANSAS	0.478	0.452
CALFORNIA	0.369	0.472
COLORADO	0.449	0.559
CONNECTICUT	0.500	0.505
DELAWARE	0.495	0.453
DISTRICT OF COLUM-		
BIA	0.519	
FLORIDA	0.378	0.387
GEORGIA	0.486	0.487
HAWAII	0.492	0.556
IDAHO	0.548	0.576
ILLINOIS	0.443	0.543
INDIANA	0.559	0.596
IOWA	0.506	0.629
KANSAS	0.420	0.627
KENTUCKY	0.491	0.515
LOUISIANA	0.430	0.495
MAINE	0.615	0.570
MARYLAND	0.764	0.821
MASSACHUSETTS	0.528	0.559
MICHIGAN	0.469	0.580
MINNESOTA	0.518	0.591
MISSISSIPPI	0.472	0.488
MISSOURI	0.423	0.506
MONTANA	0.501	0.559
NEBRASKA	0.488	0.626
NEVADA	0.296	0.474
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0.575	0.595
NEW JERSEY	0.412	
NEW MEXICO	0.477	0.510
NEW YORK	0.545	0.620
NORTH CAROLINA	0.536	0.506
NORTH DAKOTA	0.616	0.662
	0.521	0.565
OKLAHOMA	0.438	0.531

ERATING COST-TO-CHARGE RATIOS FOR URBAN AND RURAL HOSPITALS (CASE WEIGHTED) MARCH 1999-Continued

State	Urban	Rural
OREGON	0.545	0.593
PENNSYLVANIA	0.407	0.531
PUERTO RICO	0.488	0.589
RHODE ISLAND	0.590	
SOUTH CAROLINA	0.453	0.455
SOUTH DAKOTA	0.536	0.617
TENNESSEE	0.465	0.495
TEXAS	0.415	0.517
UTAH	0.529	0.654
VERMONT	0.644	0.603
VIRGINA	0.473	0.494
WASHINGTON	0.590	0.660
WEST VIRGINIA	0.592	0.574
WISCONSIN	0.562	0.634
WYOMING	0.475	0.677

TABLE 8B.—STATEWIDE Average CAPITAL COST-TO-CHARGE RATIOS (CASE WEIGHTED) MARCH 1999

State	Ratio
ALABAMA	0.047
ALASKA	0.066
ARIZONA	0.042
ARKANSAS	0.051
CALIFORNIA	0.039
COLORADO	0.050
CONNECTICUT	0.039
DELAWARE	0.054
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	0.039
FLORIDA	0.046
GEORGIA	0.056
HAWAII	0.046
IDAHO	0.060
	ALABAMAALASKAARIZONAARIZONAARIZONAARKANSASCALIFORNIACOLORADOCONNECTICUTDELAWAREDISTRICT OF COLUMBIADISTRICT OF COLUMBIABISTRICT OF COLUMABISTRICT OF COLUMABISTRICT OF COLUM

#### 8B.—STATEWIDE AVERAGE CAPITAL COST-TO-CHARGE RATIOS (CASE WEIGHTED) MARCH 1999-Continued

State	Ratio
ILLINOIS	0.043
INDIANA	0.059
IOWA	0.054
KANSAS	0.049
KENTUCKY	0.051
LOUISIANA	0.053
MAINE	0.040
MARYLAND	0.013
MASSACHUSETTS	0.056
MICHIGAN	0.045
MINNESOTA	0.049
MISSISSIPPI	0.048
MISSOURI	0.048
	0.051
NEBRASKA NEVADA	0.057 0.031
NEVADA NEW HAMPSHIRE	0.031
NEW JERSEY	0.066
NEW JERSET	0.037
NEW YORK	0.043
NORTH CAROLINA	0.052
NORTH DAKOTA	0.075
OHIO	0.052
OKLAHOMA	0.052
OREGON	0.050
PENNSYLVANIA	0.042
PUERTO RICO	0.049
RHODE ISLAND	0.035
SOUTH CAROLINA	0.047
SOUTH DAKOTA	0.060
TENNESSEE	0.055
TEXAS	0.051
UTAH	0.054
VERMONT	0.051
VIRGINIA	0.060
WASHINGTON	0.066
WEST VIRGINIA	0.056
WISCONSIN	0.056

TABLE	8B.—STATE	NIDE A	VERAGE
CAPITA	AL COST-TO-	CHARGE	RATIOS
(CASE	Weighted)	MARCH	1999—
Contin	lued		

State	Ratio
WYOMING	0.054

#### **Appendix A: Regulatory Impact Analysis**

#### I. Introduction

We generally prepare a regulatory flexibility analysis that is consistent with the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA) (5 U.S.C. 601 through 612), unless we certify that a proposed rule would not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. For purposes of the RFA, we consider all hospitals to be small entities.

Also, section 1102(b) of the Act requires us to prepare a regulatory impact analysis for any proposed rule that may have a significant impact on the operations of a substantial number of small rural hospitals. Such an analysis must conform to the provisions of section 603 of the RFA. With the exception of hospitals located in certain New England counties, for purposes of section 1102(b) of the Act, we define a small rural hospital as a hospital with fewer than 100 beds that is located outside of a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) or New England County Metropolitan Area (NECMA). Section 601(g) of the Social Security Amendments of 1983 (Pub. L. 98-21) designated hospitals in certain New England counties as belonging to the adjacent NECMA. Thus, for purposes of the hospital inpatient prospective payment system, we classify these hospitals as urban hospitals.

It is clear that the changes being proposed in this document would affect both a substantial number of small rural hospitals as well as other classes of hospitals, and the effects on some may be significant. Therefore, the discussion below, in combination with the rest of this proposed rule, constitutes a combined regulatory impact analysis and regulatory flexibility analysis.

In accordance with the provisions of Executive Order 12866, this proposed rule was reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget.

#### **II. Objectives**

The primary objective of the hospital inpatient prospective payment system is to create incentives for hospitals to operate efficiently and minimize unnecessary costs while at the same time ensuring that payments are sufficient to adequately compensate hospitals for their legitimate costs. In addition, we share national goals of preserving the Medicare Trust Fund.

We believe the proposed changes would further each of these goals while maintaining the financial viability of the hospital industry and ensuring access to high quality health care for Medicare beneficiaries. We expect that these proposed changes would ensure that the outcomes of this payment system are reasonable and equitable while avoiding or minimizing unintended adverse consequences.

#### **III. Limitations of Our Analysis**

As has been the case in our previously published regulatory impact analyses, the following quantitative analysis presents the projected effects of our proposed policy changes, as well as statutory changes effective for FY 2000, on various hospital groups. We estimate the effects of individual policy changes by estimating payments per case while holding all other payment policies constant. We use the best data available, but we do not attempt to predict behavioral responses to our policy changes, and we do not make adjustments for future changes in such variables as admissions, lengths of stay, or case mix. As we have done in previous proposed rules, we are soliciting comments and information about the anticipated effects of these changes on hospitals and our methodology for estimating them.

#### IV. Hospitals Included in and Excluded From the Prospective Payment System

The prospective payment systems for hospital inpatient operating and capitalrelated costs encompass nearly all general, short-term, acute care hospitals that participate in the Medicare program. There were 45 Indian Health Service hospitals in our database, which we excluded from the analysis due to the special characteristics of the prospective payment method for these hospitals. Among other short-term, acute care hospitals, only the 50 such hospitals in Maryland remain excluded from the prospective payment system under the waiver at section 1814(b)(3) of the Act. Thus, as of February 1999, we have included 4,874 hospitals in our analysis. This represents about 82 percent of all Medicareparticipating hospitals. The majority of this impact analysis focuses on this set of hospitals.

The remaining 18 percent are specialty hospitals that are excluded from the prospective payment system and continue to be paid on the basis of their reasonable costs (subject to a rate-of-increase ceiling on their inpatient operating costs per discharge). These hospitals include psychiatric, rehabilitation, long-term care, children's, and cancer hospitals. The impacts of our final policy changes on these hospitals are discussed below.

#### V. Impact on Excluded Hospitals and Units

As of February 1999, there were 1,085 specialty hospitals excluded from the prospective payment system and instead paid on a reasonable cost basis subject to the rateof-increase ceiling under § 413.40. Broken down by speciality, there were 587 psychiatric, 191 rehabilitation, 208 long-term care, 70 childrens', 19 Christian Science Sanatoria, and 10 cancer hospitals. In addition, there were 1,494 psychiatric and 901 rehabilitation units in hospitals otherwise subject to the prospective payment system. These excluded units are also paid in accordance with § 413.40. Under § 413.40(a)(2)(i)(A), the target rate-of-increase ceiling is not applicable to the 36 specialty hospitals and units in Maryland that are paid in accordance with the waiver at section 1814(b)(3) of the Act.

As required by section 1886(b)(3)(B) of the Act, the update factor applicable to the rateof-increase limit for excluded hospitals and units for FY 2000 would be between 0 and 2.6 percent, depending on the hospital's or unit's costs in relation to its limit for the most recent cost reporting period for which information is available.

The impact on excluded hospitals and units of the update in the rate-of-increase limit depends on the cumulative cost increases experienced by each excluded hospital or unit since its applicable base period. For excluded hospitals and units that have maintained their cost increases at a level below the percentage increases in the rate-of-increase limits since their base period, the major effect will be on the level of incentive payments these hospitals and units receive. Conversely, for excluded hospitals and units with per-case cost increases above the cumulative update in their rate-ofincrease limits, the major effect will be the amount of excess costs that would not be reimbursed.

We note that, under § 413.40(d)(3), an excluded hospital or unit whose costs exceed 110 percent of its rate-of-increase limit receives its rate-of-increase limit plus 50 percent of the difference between its reasonable costs and 110 percent of the limit, not to exceed 110 percent of its limit. In addition, under the various provisions set forth in §413.40, certain excluded hospitals and units can obtain payment adjustments for justifiable increases in operating costs that exceed the limit. At the same time, however, by generally limiting payment increases, we continue to provide an incentive for excluded hospitals and units to restrain the growth in their spending for patient services.

#### VI. Quantitative Impact Analysis of the Proposed Policy Changes Under the Prospective Payment System for Operating Costs

#### A. Basis and Methodology of Estimates

In this proposed rule, we are announcing policy changes and payment rate updates for the prospective payment systems for operating and capital-related costs. We estimate the total impact of these changes for FY 2000 payments compared to FY 1999 payments to be approximately a \$250 million reduction. We have prepared separate impact analyses of the proposed changes to each system. This section deals with changes to the operating prospective payment system.

The data used in developing the quantitative analyses presented below are taken from the FY 1998 MedPAR file and the most current provider-specific file that is used for payment purposes. Although the analyses of the changes to the operating prospective payment system do not incorporate cost data, the most recently available hospital cost report data were used to categorize hospitals. Our analysis has several qualifications. First, we do not make adjustments for behavioral changes that hospitals may adopt in response to these proposed policy changes. Second, due to the interdependent nature of the prospective payment system, it is very difficult to precisely quantify the impact associated with each proposed change. Third, we draw upon various sources for the data used to categorize hospitals in the tables. In some cases, particularly the number of beds, there is a fair degree of variation in the data from different sources. We have attempted to construct these variables with the best available source overall. For individual hospitals, however, some miscategorizations are possible.

Using cases in the FY 1998 MedPAR file, we simulated payments under the operating prospective payment system given various combinations of payment parameters. Any short-term, acute care hospitals not paid under the general prospective payment systems (Indian Health Service hospitals and hospitals in Maryland) are excluded from the simulations. Payments under the capital prospective payment system, or payments for costs other than inpatient operating costs, are not analyzed here. Estimated payment impacts of proposed FY 2000 changes to the capital prospective payment system are discussed below in section VII of this Appendix.

The proposed changes discussed separately below are the following:

• The effects of the annual reclassification of diagnoses and procedures and the recalibration of the DRG relative weights required by section 1886(d)(4)(C) of the Act.

• The effects of changes in hospitals' wage index values reflecting the wage index update (FY 1996 data).

• The effects of fully removing from the wage index the costs and hours associated with teaching physicians Part A, residents, and CRNAs; and the effects of our proposal to implement the first year of a 5-year phaseout of these costs, by calculating a wage index based on 20 percent of hospitals' average hourly wages after removing the costs and hours associated with teaching physicians, residents, and CRNAs, and 80 percent of hospitals' average hourly wages with these costs included.

• The effects of geographic

reclassifications by the MGCRB that will be effective in FY 2000.

• The total change in payments based on FY 2000 policies relative to payments based on FY 1999 policies.

To illustrate the impacts of the FY 2000 proposed changes, our analysis begins with a FY 2000 baseline simulation model using: the FY 1999 GROUPER (version 16.0); the FY 1999 wage index; and no MGCRB reclassifications. Outlier payments are set at 5.1 percent of total DRG plus outlier payments.

Each proposed and statutory policy change is then added incrementally to this baseline model, finally arriving at an FY 2000 model incorporating all of the changes. This allows us to isolate the effects of each change.

Our final comparison illustrates the percent change in payments per case from FY 1999 to FY 2000. Four factors have significant impacts here. The first is the update to the standardized amounts. In accordance with section 1886(d)(3)(A)(iv) of the Act, we are proposing to update the large urban and the other areas average standardized amounts for FY 2000 using the most recently forecasted hospital market basket increase for FY 2000 of 2.7 percent minus 1.8 percentage points. Similarly, section 1886(b)(3)(C)(ii) of the Act provides that the update factor applicable to the hospital-specific rates for sole community hospitals (SCHs), essential access community hospitals (EACHs) (which are treated as SCHs for payment purposes), and Medicare dependent, small rural hospitals (MDHs) is equal to the market basket increase of 2.7 percent minus 1.8 percentage points (for an update of 0.9 percent).

A second significant factor that impacts changes in hospitals' payments per case from FY 1999 to FY 2000 is a change in MGCRB reclassification status from one year to the next. That is, hospitals reclassified in FY 1999 that are no longer reclassified in FY 2000 may have a negative payment impact going from FY 1999 to FY 2000; conversely, hospitals not reclassified in FY 1999 that are reclassified in FY 2000 may have a positive impact. In some cases, these impacts can be quite substantial, so if a relatively small number of hospitals in a particular category lose their reclassification status, the percentage increase in payments for the category may be below the national mean.

A third significant factor is that we currently estimate that actual outlier payments during FY 1999 will be 6.2 percent of actual total DRG payments. When the FY 1999 final rule was published, we projected FY 1999 outlier payments would be 5.1 percent of total DRG plus outlier payments, and the standardized amounts were reduced correspondingly. The effects of the higher than expected outlier payments during FY 1999 (as discussed in the Addendum to this proposed rule) are reflected in the analyses below comparing our current estimates of FY 1999 payments per case to estimated FY 2000 payments per case.

Fourth, payments per case in FY 1999 are reduced from FY 1999 for hospitals that receive the IME or the DSH adjustments. Section 1886(d)(5)(B)(ii) of the Act provides that the IME adjustment is reduced from approximately a 6.5 percent increase for every 10 percent increase in a hospital's resident-to-bed ratio in FY 1999, to a 6.0 percent increase in FY 2000. Similarly, in accordance with section 1886(d)(5)(F)(ix) of the Act, the DSH adjustment for FY 2000 is reduced by 3 percent from what would otherwise have been paid, compared to a 2 percent reduction for FY 1999.

Table I demonstrates the results of our analysis. The table categorizes hospitals by various geographic and special payment consideration groups to illustrate the varying impacts on different types of hospitals. The top row of the table shows the overall impact on the 4,874 hospitals included in the analysis. This is 100 fewer hospitals than were included in the impact analysis in the FY 1999 final rule with comment period (63 FR 41106).

The next four rows of Table I contain hospitals categorized according to their geographic location (all urban, which is further divided into large urban and other urban, or rural). There are 2,712 hospitals located in urban areas (MSAs or NECMAs) included in our analysis. Among these, there are 1,553 hospitals located in large urban areas (populations over 1 million), and 1,160 hospitals in other urban areas (populations of 1 million or fewer). In addition, there are 2,162 hospitals in rural areas. The next two groupings are by bed-size categories, shown separately for urban and rural hospitals. The final groupings by geographic location are by census divisions, also shown separately for urban and rural hospitals.

The second part of Table I shows hospital groups based on hospitals' FY 2000 payment classifications, including any reclassifications under section 1886(d)(10) of the Act. For example, the rows labeled urban, large urban, other urban, and rural show that the number of hospitals paid based on these categorizations (after consideration of geographic reclassifications) are 2,790, 1,628, 1,161, and 2,085, respectively.

The next three groupings examine the impacts of the proposed changes on hospitals grouped by whether or not they have residency programs (teaching hospitals that receive an IME adjustment) or receive DSH payments, or some combination of these two adjustments. There are 3,772 nonteaching hospitals in our analysis, 868 teaching hospitals with fewer than 100 residents, and 234 teaching hospitals with 100 or more residents.

In the DSH categories, hospitals are grouped according to their DSH payment status, and whether they are considered urban or rural after MGCRB reclassifications. Hospitals in the rural DSH categories, therefore, represent hospitals that were not reclassified for purposes of the standardized amount or for purposes of the DSH adjustment. (They may, however, have been reclassified for purposes of the wage index.) The next category groups hospitals considered urban after geographic reclassification, in terms of whether they receive the IME adjustment, the DSH adjustment, both, or neither.

The next five rows examine the impacts of the proposed changes on rural hospitals by special payment groups (SCHs, rural referral centers (RRCs), and MDHs), as well as rural hospitals not receiving a special payment designation. The RRCs (151), SCHs (639), MDHs (353), and SCH and RRCs (58) shown here were not reclassified for purposes of the standardized amount. There are three SCHs that will be reclassified for the standardized amount in FY 2000 that, therefore, are not included in these rows. The next two groupings are based on type of ownership and the hospital's Medicare utilization expressed as a percent of total patient days. These data are taken primarily from the FY 1997 Medicare cost report files, if available (otherwise FY 1996 data are used). Data needed to determine ownership status or Medicare utilization percentages were unavailable for 37 hospitals. For the most part, these are new hospitals.

The next series of groupings concern the geographic reclassification status of hospitals. The first three groupings display hospitals that were reclassified by the MGCRB for both FY 1999 and FY 2000, or for either of those 2 years, by urban and rural status. The next rows illustrate the overall number of FY 2000 reclassifications, as well as the numbers of reclassified hospitals grouped by urban and rural location. The final row in Table I contains hospitals located in rural counties but deemed to be urban under section 1886(d)(8)(B) of the Act.

### TABLE I.—IMPACT ANALYSIS OF CHANGES FOR FY 2000 OPERATING PROSPECTIVE PAYMENT SYSTEM

[Percent Changes in Payments Per Case]

	Number of hosps. <sup>1</sup>	Drg recalib.²	New wage date <sup>3</sup>	Remove GME and CRNA costs <sup>4</sup>	Blended wage index costs <sup>5</sup>	DRG & WI changes <sup>6</sup>	MGCRB reclassi- fication <sup>7</sup>	All FY 2000 changes <sup>8</sup>
	(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
(BY GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION):								
ALL HOSPITALS	4,875	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	- 0.6
URBAN HOSPITALS	2,712	-0.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	-0.2	-0.4	-0.8
LARGE URBAN	1,552	-0.1	-0.1	0.1	0.0	-0.4	-0.5	- 1.0
OTHER URBAN	1,160	-0.1	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.1	-0.3	-0.3
RURAL HOSPITALS	2,162	0.2	0.8	0.4	0.1	0.9	2.5	0.9
BED SIZE (URBAN):	070							
0- 99 BEDS		0.2	-0.1	0.3	0.1	-0.1	-0.5	-0.3
100–199 BEDS	918 553	0.1	0.1 0.2	0.3	0.1 0.1	0.0	-0.5	-0.3
300–499 BEDS	423	0.0	0.2	0.3 0.3	0.1	0.0 -0.2	-0.4	-0.8
500 OR MORE BEDS	139	-0.2	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	-0.2	-0.3	-2.0
BED SIZE (RURAL):	100	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.4	2.0
0–49 BEDS	1,194	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.1	0.9	0.2	1.5
50–99 BEDS	581	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.1	0.8	0.9	1.1
100–149 BEDS		0.2	0.8	0.5	0.1	0.8	3.8	0.8
150–199 BEDS	85	0.1	1.0	0.4	0.1	1.0	4.3	1.1
200 OR MORE BEDS	70	0.0	0.9	0.4	0.1	0.8	4.2	0.0
URBAN BY CENSUS DIVISION:								
NEW ENGLAND		0.0	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.3	-0.3	-0.6
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	416	0.0	-0.5	-0.3	-0.1	-0.8	-0.4	-2.0
SOUTH ATLANTIC		-0.1	0.8	0.5	0.1	0.6	-0.4	0.2
EAST NORTH CENTRAL		-0.1	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.4	-0.4	-0.3
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL WEST NORTH CENTRAL		-0.1	0.8 - 0.2	0.4	0.1	0.6	-0.4	0.1
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	183 343	-0.1	-0.2 -1.2	0.1	0.0 0.1	-0.5	-0.4	-1.0
MOUNTAIN	126	0.0	- 1.2	0.5	0.1	- 1.4 0.0	-0.4	-0.3
PACIFIC		-0.1	-0.3	0.2	0.0	-0.4	-0.4	-0.9
PUERTO RICO	47	0.2	0.9	0.3	0.1	0.9	-0.5	0.5
RURAL BY CENSUS DIVISION:		0.2	0.0	0.0	011	0.0		
NEW ENGLAND	52	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.2	2.3	0.2
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	81	0.2	-0.5	0.2	0.0	-0.5	2.2	0.0
SOUTH ATLANTIC		0.2	1.7	0.6	0.1	1.8	2.7	0.8
EAST NORTH CENTRAL		0.2	0.8	0.5	0.1	0.8	2.0	0.8
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	270	0.3	1.6	0.6	0.1	1.8	2.5	1.8
WEST NORTH CENTRAL		0.2	1.2	0.2	0.0	1.2	2.3	1.6
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL		0.3	-1.1	0.5	0.1	-0.9	3.5	-0.2
MOUNTAIN	201	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.5	2.0	1.4
PACIFIC PUERTO RICO	139 5	0.2 0.2	0.4 3.2	0.5 0.4	0.1 0.1	0.4 3.2	1.9 0.7	0.4 2.5
(BY PAYMENT CATEGORIES):	5	0.2	5.2	0.4	0.1	5.2	0.7	2.5
URBAN HOSPITALS	2,790	-0.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	-0.1	-0.3	-0.8
LARGE URBAN	1,628	-0.1	-0.1	0.1	0.0	-0.3	-0.4	- 1.0
OTHER URBAN	1,161	-0.1	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.2	-0.3	-0.2
RURAL HOSPITALS	2,085	0.2	0.8	0.4	0.1	0.8	2.2	0.9
TEACHING STATUS:								
NON-TEACHING	3,772	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1
LESS THAN 100 RESIDENTS	868	-0.1	0.2	0.2	0.0	-0.1	-0.3	-0.6
	234	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	-0.4	-0.2	-2.0
DISPROPORTIONATE SHARE HOSPITALS (DSH):	2.040		0.0		0.1	0.1		
NON-DSHURBAN DSH	3,048	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	-0.3
100 BEDS OR MORE	1,365	-0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	-0.2	-0.3	-0.9
FEWER THAN 100 BEDS	1,365	0.2	- 0.3	0.2	0.0	-0.2	-0.3	-0.9
RURAL DSH	00	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.5
SOLE COMMUNITY (SCH)	153	0.4	0.8	0.4	0.1	1.0	-0.1	1.5
REFERRAL CENTERS (RRC)	55	0.2	1.4	0.6	0.1	1.4	4.7	1.0
OTHER RURAL DSH HOSPITALS								
100 BEDS OR MORE	57	0.3	1.4	0.6	0.1	1.6	1.1	-0.1
FEWER THAN 100 BEDS	110	0.5	1.7	0.6	0.1	2.0	0.2	2.7
URBAN TEACHING AND DSH:								
BOTH TEACHING AND DSH	703	-0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	-0.3	-0.4	- 1.0

#### TABLE I.—IMPACT ANALYSIS OF CHANGES FOR FY 2000 OPERATING PROSPECTIVE PAYMENT SYSTEM—Continued [Percent Changes in Payments Per Case]

	in enangee	in ayments						
	Number of hosps. <sup>1</sup>	Drg recalib. <sup>2</sup>	New wage date <sup>3</sup>	Remove GME and CRNA costs <sup>4</sup>	Blended wage index costs <sup>5</sup>	DRG & WI changes <sup>6</sup>	MGCRB reclassi- fication 7	All FY 2000 changes <sup>8</sup>
	(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
TEACHING AND NO DSH	337	-0.1	0.2	0.1	0.0	-0.1	-0.3	-1.0
NO TEACHING AND DSH	748	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.0	-0.2	-0.1
NO TEACHING AND NO DSH	1,002	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	- 0.5	-0.3
RURAL HOSPITAL TYPES:	004					10		
NONSPECIAL STATUS HOSPITALS	884 151	0.3 0.1	1.1 0.9	0.6 0.5	0.1 0.1	1.3 0.9	1.1 5.6	0.9
RRCSCH	639	0.1	0.9	0.5	0.1	0.9	0.3	1.2
MDH	353	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.3	1.2
SCH AND RRC	58	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.3	2.2	1.0
TYPE OF OWNERSHIP:	00	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2		
VOLUNTARY	2.838	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	-0.1	-0.1	-0.7
PROPRIETARY	743	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	-0.3
GOVERNMENT	1,256	0.1	0.6	0.4	0.1	0.5	0.2	-0.2
UNKNOWN	37	-0.1	-0.3	-0.4	-0.1	-0.6	-0.2	-2.0
MEDICARE UTILIZATION AS A PERCENT OF INPATIENT								
DAYS:								
0–25	372	0.0	-0.4	0.6	0.1	-0.5	-0.1	-2.0
25–50	1,745	-0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	-0.3	-0.2	-1.0
50-65	1,893	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.1	-0.2
OVER 65	822	0.1	0.7	0.3	0.1	0.6	0.3	0.2
UNKNOWN HOSPITALS RECLASSIFIED BY THE MEDICARE GEOGRAPHIC REVIEW BOARD:	42	-0.1	-0.3	-0.4	-0.1	-0.6	-0.2	-2.0
RECLASSIFICATION STATUS DURING FY 1999 AND FY 2000:								
RECLASSIFIED DURING BOTH FY 1999 AND FY 2000	373	0.1	0.6	0.4	0.1	0.5	5.6	-0.3
URBAN	55	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.0	4.1	-2.0
RURAL	318	0.1	0.8	0.4	0.1	0.7	6.3	0.5
RECLASSIFIED DURING FY 2000 ONLY	131	0.0	1.2	0.3	0.1	1.0	3.3	4.5
URBAN	30	-0.2	1.2	0.2	0.0	0.8	2.2	2.9
RURAL	101	0.2	1.1	0.4	0.1	1.2	5.4	7.3
RECLASSIFIED DURING FY 1999 ONLY	136	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.4	-0.7	-6.0
URBAN	32	-0.1	-0.1	0.4	0.1	-0.3	-0.9	-6.0
	104	0.3	1.0	0.5	0.1	1.1	-0.4	-5.0
FY 2000 RECLASSIFICATIONS: ALL RECLASSIFIED HOSPITALS	504	0.0	0.7	0.4	0.1	0.6	5.1	0.8
STANDARDIZED AMOUNT ONLY	65	0.0	0.7	0.4	0.1	0.8	2.7	-0.7
WAGE INDEX ONLY	393	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.7	5.5	1.0
BOTH	46	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.0	3.8	0.2
NONRECLASSIFIED	4.344	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	-0.1	-0.5	-0.7
ALL URBAN RECLASSIFIED	85	-0.1	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.3	3.4	-0.1
STANDARDIZED AMOUNT ONLY	13	0.1	-0.4	0.5	0.1	-0.3	0.9	-4.0
WAGE INDEX ONLY	49	-0.2	0.8	0.3	0.1	0.5	4.3	0.5
BOTH	23	0.1	-0.2	0.4	0.1	-0.2	0.4	-0.9
NONRECLASSIFIED	2,627	-0.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	-0.2	-0.6	-0.9
ALL RURAL RECLASSIFIED	419	0.1	0.8	0.4	0.1	0.8	6.1	1.4
STANDARDIZED AMOUNT ONLY	52	0.2	1.3	0.6	0.1	1.4	4.0	1.9
WAGE INDEX ONLY	344	0.1	0.7	0.4	0.1	0.7	6.0	1.3
BOTH	23	0.1	1.4	0.4	0.1	1.3	9.3	1.8
	1,717	0.3	0.8	0.4	0.1	0.9	-0.4	0.9
OTHER RECLASSIFIED HOSPITALS (SECTION 1886(d)(8)(B))	26	0.2	0.7	0.6	0.1	0.8	-0.5	- 9.0

<sup>1</sup>Because data necessary to classify some hospitals by category were missing, the total number of hospitals in each category may not equal the national total. Dis-charge data are from FY 1998, and hospital cost report data are from reporting periods beginning in FY 1996 and FY 1997. <sup>2</sup>This column displays the payment impact of the recalibration of the DRG weights based on FY 1998 MedPAR data and the DRG reclassification changes, in ac-cordance with section 1886(d)(4)(C) of the Act.

<sup>a</sup> This column shows the payment effects of updating the data used to calculate the wage index with data from the FY 1996 cost reports. <sup>4</sup> This column displays the impact of completely removing the costs and hours associated with teaching physicians Part A, residents, and CRNAs from the wage index calculation.

<sup>5</sup> This column illustrates the payment impact of phasing out the costs and hours associated with teaching physicians Part A, residents, and CRNAs, by calculating the wage index by blending 20 percent of an average hourly wage after removing these costs with 80 percent of an average hourly wage without removing these

<sup>6</sup>This column displays the combined impact of the reclassification and recalibration of the DRGs, the updated and revised wage data used to calculate the wage index, and the budget neutrality adjustment factor for these two changes, in accordance with sections 1886(d)(4)(C)(iii) and 1886(d)(3)(E) of the Act. Thus, it rep-resents the combined impacts shown in columns 1, 2, 3, and 4, and the FY 2000 budget neutrality factor of 0.997393. <sup>7</sup> Shown here are the effects of geographic reclassifications by the Medicare Geographic Classification Review Board (MGCRB). The effects demonstrate the FY 2000 payment impact of going from no reclassifications to the reclassifications scheduled to be in effect for FY 2000. Reclassification for prior years has no bearing

2000 payment impacts of going norm to reclassing auons to the reclassing auons scheduled to be in one to the reclassing auons to the reclassing auons of the payment impact of going norm here. <sup>8</sup> This column shows changes in payments from FY 1999 to FY 2000. It incorporates all of the changes displayed in columns 5 and 6 (the changes displayed in columns 1, 2, and 4 are included in column 5). It also displays the impact of the FY 2000 update, changes in hospitals' reclassification status in FY 2000 compared to FY 1999, the difference in outlier payments from FY 1999 to FY 2000, and the reductions to payments through the IME and DSH adjustments taking effect during FY 2000. The sum of these columns may be different from the percentage changes shown here due to rounding and interactive effects.

# *B.* Impact of the Proposed Changes to the DRG Reclassifications and Recalibration of Relative Weights (Column 1)

In column 1 of Table I, we present the combined effects of the DRG reclassifications and recalibration, as discussed in section II of the preamble to this proposed rule. Section 1886(d)(4)(C)(i) of the Act requires us to annually make appropriate classification changes and to recalibrate the DRG weights in order to reflect changes in treatment patterns, technology, and any other factors that may change the relative use of hospital resources.

We compared aggregate payments using the FY 1999 DRG relative weights (GROUPER version 16) to aggregate payments using the proposed FY 2000 DRG relative weights (GROUPER version 17). Overall payments are unaffected by the DRG reclassification and recalibration. Consistent with the minor changes we are proposing for the FY 2000 GROUPER, the redistributional impacts of DRG reclassifications and recalibration across hospital groups are very small (a 0.1 percent decrease for large and other urban hospitals; a 0.2 percent increase for rural hospitals). Within hospital categories, the net effects for urban hospitals are small positive changes for small hospitals (a 0.2 percent increase for hospitals with fewer than 100 beds), and small decreases for larger hospitals (a 0.2 percent decrease for hospitals with more than 500 beds). Among rural hospitals, small hospital categories experience the largest increases, a 0.5 percent increase for hospitals with fewer than 50 beds.

The breakdown by urban census division shows that the decrease among urban hospitals is spread across most census categories. Payments to urban hospitals in New England, the Middle Atlantic, and the West South Central census divisions are unchanged, while payments to urban hospitals in Puerto Rico rise by 0.2 percent. All rural hospital census divisions experience payment increases ranging from 0.1 percent for hospitals in New England, to 0.3 percent for hospitals in the East South Central, West South Central, and Mountain census divisions. All other divisions experience a 0.2 percent increase.

This pattern of payment increases for small hospitals and decreases for larger hospitals persists among other categories. Declines in the relative weights of several specific DRGs likely contribute to this trend. Among these DRGs, the relative weight for DRG 108 (Other Cardiothoracic Procedures), declined from 5.9764 in FY 1999 to 5.7505 in this proposed rule for FY 2000. Also, the relative weight for DRG 112 (Percutaneous Cardiovascular Procedures) declined from 1.9893 in FY 1999 to 1.9200 in this proposed rule for FY 2000. Although these cardiovascular procedures are not necessarily limited to very large hospitals, we would expect they are more likely to occur in larger hospitals. As the relative weights of DRGs predominantly occurring in large hospitals decline, the relative weights of other DRGs rise, leading to the small payment increases in hospitals

less likely to be affected by the declines in the DRGs noted above.

# *C.* Impact of Updating the Wage Data (Column 2)

Section 1886(d)(3)(E) of the Act requires that, beginning October 1, 1993, we annually update the wage data used to calculate the wage index. In accordance with this requirement, the proposed wage index for FY 2000 is based on data submitted for hospital cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 1995 and before October 1, 1996. As with the previous column, the impact of the new data on hospital payments is isolated by holding the other payment parameters constant in the two simulations. That is, column 2 shows the percentage changes in payments when going from a model using the FY 1999 wage index (effective for discharges on or after March 1, 1999 (64 FR 9378)) based on FY 1995 wage data before geographic reclassifications to a model using the FY 2000 prereclassification wage index based on FY 1996 wage data.

The wage data collected on the FY 1996 cost reports is similar to the data used in the calculation of the FY 1999 wage index. For example, the wage index values used here include all physician Part A costs (direct and contracted), resident costs, and CRNA costs. Also, as in the calculation for the FY 1999 wage index, contract labor costs and hours for top management positions are included, and the overhead costs allocated to patient care areas excluded from the calculation of the wage index are excluded as well.

The results indicate that the new wage data have an overall impact of a 0.2 percent increase in hospital payments (prior to applying the budget neutrality factor, see column 5). Rural hospitals especially appear to benefit from the update. Their payments increase by 0.8 percent. These increases are attributable to relatively large increases in the wage index values for the rural areas of particular States; Arizona, Puerto Rico, and South Carolina all had increases greater than 6 percent in their prereclassification wage index values. At the same time, several States experience large declines due to moving to the FY 1996 wage data; Massachusetts, Texas, and Utah all had decreases greater than 6 percent.

Urban hospitals as a group are not significantly affected by the updated wage data. The gains of hospitals in other urban areas (0.4 percent increase) are offset by decreases among hospitals in large urban areas (0.1 percent decrease). Urban West South Central hospitals experience a 1.0 percent decrease, largely due to a number of MSAs in Texas with prereclassified FY 2000 wage indexes that fall by 6 percent or more. We note that the wage data used for the proposed wage index are based upon the data available as of February 22, 1999, and therefore, do not reflect revision requests received by the fiscal intermediaries after February 22, 1999. To the extent these requests are granted by hospitals' fiscal intermediaries, these revisions are likely to affect the impacts shown in the final rule. In

addition, we continue to verify the accuracy of the data for hospitals with extraordinary changes in their data from the prior year.

The largest increases are seen in the rural census divisions. Rural Puerto Rico experiences the greatest positive impact, 3.2 percent. Hospitals in three other census divisions receive positive impacts over 1.0 percent; South Atlantic at 1.7 percent, East South Central at 1.6 percent, and West North Central at 1.2 percent.

#### D. Impact of Removing Teaching Physicians' Part A, Residents', and CRNAs' Costs (Column 3)

As discussed in section III.C of the preamble, we are proposing to revise the calculation of the wage index by phasing out the costs and hours associated with teaching physicians Part A, residents, and CRNAs. Although the proposed FY 2000 wage index is based upon a blend of 20 percent of hospitals' average hourly wages after removing these costs and 80 percent of average hourly wages calculated without removing these costs, this column displays the impacts on payments per case of completely removing these costs from the wage index calculation.

As described above in section III.C.1 of the preamble, we determined teaching physician costs by first subtracting the costs and hours attributable to teaching physicians based upon the special survey data we collected for this purpose. If these data were not available from the survey for a particular teaching hospital, 80 percent of the total physician Part A costs and hours for that hospital were removed, consistent with the recommendation of hospital (see discussion in section III.C.1 of the preamble). If a teaching hospital did not separately report its physician Part A costs on the cost report, the amount reported on Line 23, Column 1, of the Worksheet A was removed from the total wage data (as was an associated amount for hours). Resident and CRNA costs and hours were removed in their entirety, based upon the data separately attributed to these employees on the Worksheet S-3.

Column 3 shows the payment impacts of completely removing these costs, relative to wage index values calculated based on the FY 1996 wage data without removing these costs. The overall payment impact of completely removing these costs and hours from the wage index calculation would be a 0.2 percent increase in total payments (prior to applying budget neutrality). The FY 2000 proposed wage index is, however, based on a blended average hourly wage. The impacts of this blended approach are shown in column 4.

The impact of removing these costs from the wage index calculation are generally positive across the majority of hospital categories. However, examining the impacts across urban and rural census divisions indicate that urban Middle Atlantic hospitals experience a 0.3 percent decrease. This effect is attributable to the concentration of teaching hospitals in this census division. The largest positive impact occurs in the urban Pacific census division, a 0.7 percent payment increase.

As noted above, the data used to prepare the proposed FY 2000 wage index are subject to revision. In particular, in early February 1999, we instructed the fiscal intermediaries to review the survey data on collected teaching physician costs. We have also extended the deadline for teaching hospitals to request revisions to their teaching physician survey data until June 7, 1999. The extent of these requests and the number of changes that are approved by the fiscal intermediaries may change the impacts in the final rule.

#### E. Impact of 5-Year Phase-Out of Teaching Physicians', Residents', and CRNA Costs (Column 4)

As described above in section III.E of this preamble, the proposed FY 2000 wage index is calculated by blending 80 percent of hospitals' average hourly wages calculated without removing teaching physician Part A, residents, or CRNA costs (and hours); and 20 percent of average hourly wages calculated after removing these costs (and hours). This constitutes the first year of a 5-year phase-out of these costs, where the proportion of the calculation based upon average hourly wages after removing these costs increases by 20 percentage points per year.

This column shows the impact of the blended wage index relative to a wage index using FY 1996 wage data without removing costs or hours of teaching physicians Part A, residents, or CRNAs. The impacts in column 4 are minimal (an increase or decrease of 0.1 percent). As expected, the hospital categories experiencing negative payment impacts in column 3 experience either negative 0.1 percent changes or no change here. The overall impact is 0.0 percent.

The combined wage index changes in Table I are determined by summing the

individual impacts in columns 2 and 4. For example, the urban West South Central census division loses 1.2 percent from the new wage data, and gains 0.1 percent from the blended wage index. Therefore, the combined impact of the proposed FY 2000 wage index for these hospitals is a 1.1 percent decrease.

The following chart compares the shifts in wage index values for labor market areas for FY 2000 relative to FY 1999. This chart demonstrates the impact of the proposed changes for the FY 2000 wage index relative to the FY 1999 wage index. The majority of labor market areas (299) experience less than a 5 percent change. A total of 47 labor market areas experience an increase of more than 5 percent with 14 having an increase greater than 10 percent. A total of 28 areas experience decreases of more than 5 percent. Of those, 7 decline by 10 percent or more.

Percentage change in area wage index values		Number of labor market areas			
		FY 2000			
Increase more than 10 percent	9	14			
Increase more than 5 percent and less than 10 percent	29	33			
Increase or decrease less than 5 percent	305	299			
Decrease more than 5 percent and less than 10 percent	28	21			
Decrease more than 10 percent	0	7			

Among urban hospitals, 169 would experience an increase of between 5 and 10 percent and 40 more than 10 percent. A total of 139 rural hospitals have increases greater than 5 percent, but none greater than 10 percent. On the negative side, 130 urban hospitals and 187 rural hospitals have decreases in their wage index values of at least 5 percent but less than 10 percent. There are no rural hospitals with decreases greater than 10 percent, and 21 urban hospitals in this category. The following chart shows the projected impact for urban and rural hospitals.

Percentage change in area wage index values		Number of hospitals		
		Rural		
Increase more than 10 percent Increase more than 5 percent and less than 10 percent	40 169 2352	0 139 1836		
Increase or decrease less than 5 percent Decrease more than 5 percent and less than 10 percent Decrease more than 10 percent		1830 187 0		

#### F. Combined Impact of DRG and Wage Index Changes—Including Budget Neutrality Adjustment (Column 5)

The impact of DRG reclassifications and recalibration on aggregate payments is required by section 1886(d)(4)(C)(iii) of the Act to be budget neutral. In addition, section 1886(d)(3)(E) of the Act specifies that any updates or adjustments to the wage index are to be budget neutral. As noted in the Addendum to this proposed rule, we compared simulated aggregate payments using the FY 1999 DRG relative weights and wage index to simulated aggregate payments using the proposed FY 2000 DRG relative weights and blended wage index. Based on this comparison, we computed a wage and recalibration budget neutrality factor of 0.997393. In Table I, the combined overall impacts of the effects of both the DRG reclassifications and recalibration and the

updated wage index are shown in column 5. The 0.0 percent impact for All Hospitals demonstrates that these changes, in combination with the budget neutrality factor, are budget neutral.

For the most part, the changes in this column are the sum of the changes in columns 1, 2, and 4, minus approximately 0.3 percent attributable to the budget neutrality factor. There may be some variation of plus or minus 0.1 percent due to rounding.

# *G.* Impact of MGCRB Reclassifications (Column 6)

Our impact analysis to this point has assumed hospitals are paid on the basis of their actual geographic location (with the exception of ongoing policies that provide that certain hospitals receive payments on bases other than where they are geographically located, such as hospitals in rural counties that are deemed urban under section 1886(d)(8)(B) of the Act). The changes in column 6 reflect the per case payment impact of moving from this baseline to a simulation incorporating the MGCRB decisions for FY 2000. As noted below, these decisions affect hospitals' standardized amount and wage index area assignments. In addition, rural hospitals reclassified for purposes of the standardized amount qualify to be treated as urban for purposes of the DSH adjustment.

Beginning in 1998, by February 28 of each year, the MGCRB makes reclassification determinations that will be effective for the next fiscal year, which begins on October 1. (In previous years, these determinations were made by March 30.) The MGCRB may approve a hospital's reclassification request for the purpose of using the other area's standardized amount, wage index value, or both or for FYs 1999–2001 for purposes of qualifying for a DSH adjustment or to receive a higher DSH payment.

The proposed FY 2000 wage index values incorporate all of the MGCRB's reclassification decisions for FY 2000. The wage index values also reflect any decisions made by the HCFA Administrator through the appeals and review process for MGCRB decisions as of February 27, 1999. Additional changes that result from the Administrator's review of MGCRB decisions or a request by a hospital to withdraw its application will be reflected in the final rule for FY 2000.

The overall effect of geographic reclassification is required by section 1886(d)(8)(D) of the Act to be budget neutral. Therefore, we applied an adjustment of 0.994453 to ensure that the effects of reclassification are budget neutral. (See section II.A.4.b. of the Addendum to this proposed rule.)

As a group, rural hospitals benefit from geographic reclassification. Their payments rise 2.5 percent, while payments to urban hospitals decline 0.4 percent. Hospitals in other urban areas see a decrease in payments of 0.3 percent, while large urban hospitals lose 0.5 percent. Among urban hospital groups (that is, bed size, census division, and special payment status), payments generally decline.

A positive impact is evident among all rural hospital groups. The smallest increases among the rural census divisions is 0.7 percent for Puerto Rico and 1.9 percent for Pacific. The largest increase is in rural West South Central, with an increase of 3.5 percent.

Among rural hospitals designated as RRCs, 127 hospitals are reclassified for purposes of the wage index only, leading to the 5.6 percent increase in payments among RRCs overall. This positive impact on RRCs is also reflected in the category of rural hospitals with 200 or more beds, which has a 4.2 percent increase in payments.

Rural hospitals reclassified for FY 1999 and FY 2000 experience a 6.3 percent increase in payments. This may be due to the fact that these hospitals have the most to gain from reclassification and have been reclassified for a period of years. Rural hospitals reclassified for FY 2000 only experience a 5.4 percent increase in payments, while rural hospitals reclassified for FY 1999 only experience a 0.4 percent decrease in payments. Urban hospitals reclassified for FY 1999 but not FY 2000 experience a 0.9 percent decline in payments overall. Urban hospitals reclassified for FY 2000 but not for FY 1999 experience a 3.3 percent increase in payments.

The FY 2000 Reclassification rows of Table I show the changes in payments per case for all FY 2000 reclassified and nonreclassified hospitals in urban and rural locations for each of the three reclassification categories (standardized amount only, wage index only, or both). The table illustrates that the largest impact for reclassified rural hospitals is for those hospitals reclassified for both the standardized amount and the wage index. These hospitals receive a 9.3 percent increase

in payments. In addition, rural hospitals reclassified just for the wage index receive a 6.0 percent payment increase. The overall impact on reclassified hospitals is to increase their payments per case by an average of 5.1 percent for FY 2000.

The reclassification of hospitals primarily affects payment to nonreclassified hospitals through changes in the wage index and the geographic reclassification budget neutrality adjustment required by section 1886(d)(8)(D) of the Act. Among hospitals that are not reclassified, the overall impact of hospital reclassifications is an average decrease in payments per case of about 0.5 percent. Rural nonreclassified hospitals decrease by 0.4 percent, and urban nonreclassified hospitals lose 0.6 percent (the amount of the budget neutrality offset).

The foregoing analysis was based on MGCRB and HCFA Administrator decisions made by February 27, 1999. As previously noted, there may be changes to some MGCRB decisions through the appeals, review, and applicant withdrawal process. The outcome of these cases will be reflected in the analysis presented in the final rule.

#### H. All Changes (Column 7)

Column 7 compares our estimate of payments per case, incorporating all changes reflected in this proposed rule for FY 2000 (including statutory changes), to our estimate of payments per case in FY 1999. It includes the effects of the 0.9 percent update to the standardized amounts and the hospitalspecific rates for SCHs and MDHs. It also reflects the 1.1 percentage point difference between the projected outlier payments in FY 2000 (5.1 percent of total DRG payments) and the current estimate of the percentage of actual outlier payments in FY 1999 (6.2 percent), as described in the introduction to this Appendix and the Addendum to this proposed rule.

Additional changes affecting the difference between FY 1999 and FY 2000 payments are the reductions to the IME and DSH adjustments enacted by the Balanced Budget Act of 1997. These changes initially went into effect during FY 1998 and include additional decreases in payment for each of several succeeding years. As noted in the introduction to this impact analysis, for FY 2000, IME is reduced to approximately a 6.0 percent rate of increase, and DSH is reduced by 3 percent from what hospitals otherwise would receive. We estimate the overall effect of these statutory changes to be a 0.5 percent reduction in FY 2000 payments. For hospitals receiving both IME and DSH, the impact is estimated to be a 0.8 percent reduction in payments per case.

We also note that column 8 includes the impacts of FY 2000 MGCRB reclassifications compared to the payment impacts of FY 1999 reclassifications. Therefore, when comparing FY 2000 payments to FY 1999, the percent changes due to FY 2000 reclassifications shown in column 6 need to be offset by the effects of reclassification on hospitals' FY 1999 payments (column 7 of Table 1, July 31, 1998 final rule (63 FR 41106)). For example, the impact of MGCRB reclassifications on rural hospitals' FY 1999 payments was approximately a 2.7 percent increase, more than offsetting the 2.5 percent increase in column 6 for FY 2000. Therefore, the net change in FY 2000 payments due to reclassification for rural hospitals is actually a decrease of 0.2 percent relative to FY 1999. However, last year's analysis contained a somewhat different set of hospitals, so this might affect the numbers slightly.

There might also be interactive effects among the various factors comprising the payment system that we are not able to isolate. For these reasons, the values in column 7 may not equal the sum of the changes in columns 5 and 6, plus the other impacts that we are able to identify.

The overall payment change from FY 1999 to FY 2000 for all hospitals is a 0.6 percent decrease. This reflects the 0.9 percent update for FY 2000, the 1.1 percent lower outlier payments in FY 1999 compared to FY 1999 (5.1 percent compared to 6.2 percent); and the 0.5 percent reduction due to lower IME and DSH payments.

Hospitals in urban areas experience a 0.8 percent drop in payments per case compared to FY 1999. The 0.4 percent negative impact due to reclassification is offset by an identical negative impact for FY 1999. The impact of reducing IME and DSH is a 0.6 percent reduction in FY 2000 payments per case. Payment to hospitals in large urban areas are expected to fall 1.0 percent per case compared to 0.3 percent per case for hospitals in other urban areas.

Hospitals in rural areas, meanwhile, experience a 0.9 percent payment increase. As discussed previously, this is primarily due to the positive effect due to the wage index and DRG changes (0.9 percent increase).

Among census divisions, urban Middle Atlantic and the West South Central display the largest negative impacts, 2.0 percent decrease in payments per case for hospitals in these two divisions. These negative impacts are primarily related to the relatively large decreases attributable to the proposed wage index. Hospitals in the South Atlantic and East South Central census divisions, along with Puerto Rico, are the only urban categories grouped by census division exhibiting increases in payments per case for FY 2000. Again, this appears to be related to the proposed FY 2000 wage index.

The only rural census division to experience a negative payment impact is West South Central (0.2 percent fall), and as is generally the case, this appears to be related to a negative payment impact related to their FY 1996 wage data. The largest increases by rural hospitals are in Puerto Rico at 2.5 percent. Among rural census divisions, the largest increases are in the East South Central and West North Central, with 1.8 percent and 1.6 percent increases in their FY 2000 payments per case, respectively. As with the other impacts discussed above, this is generally due to updating the wage data. One rural census division that did not experience an increase in payments as large

as suggested by the positive impact of updating the wage data was the South Atlantic. This census division experienced a 3.8 percent payment increase due to geographic reclassification in FY 1999, but the effect of geographic reclassification in FY 2000 was only 2.7 percent.

Among special categories of rural hospitals, those hospitals receiving payment under the hospital-specific methodology (SCHs, MDHs, and SCH/RRCs) experience payment increases of 1.2 percent, 1.3 percent, and 1.4 percent, respectively. This outcome is primarily related to the fact that, for hospitals receiving payments under the hospital-specific methodology, there are no outlier payments. Therefore, these hospitals do not experience negative payment impacts from the decline in outlier payments from FY 1999 to FY 2000 (from 6.2 of total DRG plus outlier payments to 5.1 percent) as do hospitals paid based on the national standardized amounts.

The largest negative payment impacts from FY 1999 to FY 2000 are among hospitals that were reclassified for FY 1999 and are not reclassified for FY 2000. Overall, these hospitals lose 6.0 percent. The urban hospitals in this category lose 6.0 percent, while the rural hospitals lose 5.0 percent. On the other hand, hospitals reclassified for FY 2000 that were not reclassified for FY 1999 would experience the greatest payment increases: 4.5 percent overall; 7.3 percent for 101 rural hospitals in this category and 2.9 percent for 32 urban hospitals.

### TABLE II-IMPACT ANALYSIS OF CHANGES FOR FY 2000 OPERATING PROSPECTIVE PAYMENT SYSTEM

[Payments Per Case]

	Number of hospitals	Average FY1999 pay- ment per case	Average FY 2000 payment per case	All changes
	(1)	(2) 1	(3) 1	(4)
(BY GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION):				
ALL HOSPITALS	4,875	6,770	6,730	-0.6
URBAN HOSPITALS	2,712	7,346	7,285	-0.8
LARGE URBAN AREAS	1,552	7,879	7,787	-1.2
OTHER URBAN AREAS	1,160	6,623	6,604	-0.3
RURAL HOSPITALS	2,162	4,505	4,546	0.9
BED SIZE (URBAN):	2,102	1,000	1,010	0.0
0–99 BEDS	679	4,973	4,957	-0.3
100–199 BEDS	918	6,165	6,147	-0.3
200–299 BEDS	553	6,998	6,958	- 0.6
300–499 BEDS	423	7,803	7,741	-0.8
500 OR MORE BEDS	139	9,912	9,733	- 1.8
BED SIZE (RURAL):	100	5,512	5,755	1.0
0-49 BEDS	1,194	3,725	3.779	1.5
50–99 BEDS	581	4,226	4.274	1.5
100–149 BEDS	232	4,605	4,643	0.8
150–149 BEDS	85	4,005	4,983	0.8 1.1
			,	0.0
200 OR MORE BEDS URBAN BY CENSUS DIVISION:	70	5,734	5,733	0.0
	149	7 700	7 677	-0.6
		7,723	7,677	•••
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	416	8,278	8,110	-2.0
	401	6,990	7,001	0.2
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	446	6,994	6,973	-0.3
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	157	6,579	6,586	0.1
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	183	7,053	6,981	-1.0
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	343	6,785	6,660	- 1.8
MOUNTAIN	126	7,016	6,996	-0.3
PACIFIC	444	8,460	8,388	-0.9
PUERTO RICO	47	3,108	3,124	0.5
RURAL BY CENSUS DIVISION:				
NEW ENGLAND	52	5,356	5,369	0.2
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	81	4,862	4,860	0.0
SOUTH ATLANTIC	285	4,681	4,721	0.8
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	301	4,559	4,596	0.8
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	270	4,162	4,239	1.8
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	490	4,279	4,349	1.6
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	338	4,002	3,993	-0.2
MOUNTAIN	201	4,751	4,817	1.4
PACIFIC	139	5,600	5,625	0.4
PUERTO RICO	5	2,334	2,392	2.5
(BY PAYMENT CATEGORIES):				
URBAN HOSPITALS	2,790	7,310	7,251	-0.8
LARGE URBAN	1,628	7,806	7,715	-1.2
OTHER URBAN	1,161	6,610	6,596	-0.2
RURAL HOSPITALS	2,085	4,480	4,519	0.9
TEACHING STATUS:	,	,	,	
NON-TEACHING	3,772	5,473	5,477	0.1
FEWER THAN 100 RESIDENTS	868	7,184	7,138	-0.6
100 OR MORE RESIDENTS	234	10,858	10,658	-1.8
DISPROPORTIONATE SHARE HOSPITALS (DSH):		10,000	10,000	
	-			

# TABLE II—IMPACT ANALYSIS OF CHANGES FOR FY 2000 OPERATING PROSPECTIVE PAYMENT SYSTEM—Continued [Payments Per Case]

	Number of hospitals			All changes
	(1)	(2) <sup>1</sup>	(3) 1	(4)
NON-DSH	3,048	5,792	5,775	-0.3
URBAN DSH: 100 BEDS OR MORE	1,365	7,972	7,900	-0.9
FEWER THAN 100 BEDS	1,305	5,193	5,180	-0.9 -0.3
RURAL DSH:		0,100	0,100	0.0
SOLE COMMUNITY (SCH):	153	4,205	4,266	1.5
REFERRAL CENTERS (RRC)	55	5,357	5,408	1.0
OTHER RURAL DSH HOSPITALS: 100 BEDS OR MORE	57	4.186	4,183	-0.1
FEWER THAN 100 BEDS	110	3,597	3,692	-0.1 2.7
URBAN TEACHING AND DSH:		0,001	0,002	
BOTH TEACHING AND DSH	703	8,936	8,826	-1.2
TEACHING AND NO DSH	337	7,281	7,211	-1.0
NO TEACHING AND DSH NO TEACHING AND NO DSH	748	6,371	6,362	-0.1 -0.3
RURAL HOSPITAL TYPES:	1,002	5,646	5,630	-0.3
NONSPECIAL STATUS HOSPITALS	884	3,964	3,997	0.9
RRC	151	5,225	5,243	0.3
SCH	639	4,470	4,524	1.2
	353	3,757	3,805	1.3
SCH AND RRC	58	5,368	5,442	1.4
VOLUNTARY	2,838	6,943	6.895	-0.7
PROPRIETARY	743	6,202	6,181	-0.3
GOVERNMENT	1,256	6,286	6,273	-0.2
	37	9,806	9,626	- 1.8
MEDICARE UTILIZATION AS A PERCENT OF INPATIENT DAYS: 0-25	372	8,826	8,692	- 1.5
25–50	1,745	7,924	7,844	-1.0
50–65	1,893	5,997	5,986	-0.2
OVER 65	822	5,272	5,285	0.2
UNKNOWN HOSPITALS RECLASSIFIED BY THE MEDICARE GEOGRAPHIC RE- VIEW BOARD:	42	9,716	9,539	-1.8
RECLASSIFICATION STATUS DURING FY 1999 AND FY 2000:				
RECLASSIFIED DURING BOTH FY 1999 AND FY 2000	373	5,819	5,803	-0.3
URBAN	55	8,004	7,849	- 1.9
RURAL RECLASSIFIED DURING FY 2000 ONLY	318 131	5,202 6,183	5,226 6,459	0.5 4.5
URBAN	30	8,096	8,327	2.9
RURAL	101	4,362	4,682	7.3
RECLASSIFIED DURING FY 1999 ONLY	136	5,577	5,267	-5.6
URBAN	32	6,976	6,568	-5.8
RURALFY 2000 RECLASSIFICATIONS:	104	4,611	4,369	-5.3
ALL RECLASSIFIED HOSPITALS	504	5,896	5,943	0.8
STANDARDIZED AMOUNT ONLY	65	4,764	4,732	-0.7
WAGE INDEX ONLY	393	5,981	6,041	1.0
	46	6,156	6,168	0.2
NONRECLASSIFIED ALL URBAN RECLASSIFIED	4,344 85	6,889 8,039	6,839 8,028	-0.7 -0.1
STANDARDIZED AMOUNT ONLY	13	5,253	5,032	-4.2
WAGE INDEX ONLY	49	8,867	8,908	0.5
BOTH	23	6,894	6,834	-0.9
	2,627	7,318	7,255	-0.9
ALL RURAL RECLASSIFIED STANDARDIZED AMOUNT ONLY	419 52	5,075 4,468	5,144 4,551	1.4 1.9
WAGE INDEX ONLY	344	5,110	5,175	1.9
BOTH	23	5,281	5,379	1.8
NONRECLASSIFIED	1,717	4,108	4,143	0.9
OTHER RECLASSIFIED HOSPITALS (SECTION 1886(d)(8)(B))	26	4,781	4,361	-8.8

<sup>1</sup> These payment amounts per case do not reflect any estimates of annual case-mix increase.

Table II presents the projected impact of the proposed changes for FY 2000 for urban and rural hospitals and for the different categories of hospitals shown in Table I. It compares the projected payments per case for FY 2000 with the average estimated per case payments for FY 1999, as calculated under our models. Thus, this table presents, in terms of the average dollar amounts paid per discharge, the combined effects of the changes presented in Table I. The percentage changes shown in the last column of Table II equal the percentage changes in average payments from column 7 of Table I.

#### VII. Impact of Proposed Changes in the Capital Prospective Payment System

#### A. General Considerations

We now have cost report data for the 5th and 6th years of the capital prospective payment system (cost reports beginning in FY 1996 and in FY 1997) available through the December 1998 update of the HCRIS. We also have updated information on the projected aggregate amount of obligated capital approved by the fiscal intermediaries. However, our impact analysis of payment changes for capital-related costs is still limited by the lack of hospital-specific data on several items. These are the hospital's projected new capital costs for each year, its projected old capital costs for each year, and the actual amounts of obligated capital that will be put in use for patient care and recognized as Medicare old capital costs in each year. The lack of this information affects our impact analysis in the following ways:

• Major investment in hospital capital assets (for example, in building and major fixed equipment) occurs at irregular intervals. As a result, there can be significant variation in the growth rates of Medicare capital-related costs per case among hospitals. We do not have the necessary hospital-specific budget data to project the hospital capital growth rate for individual hospitals.

• Our policy of recognizing certain obligated capital as old capital makes it difficult to project future capital-related costs for individual hospitals. Under §412.302(c), a hospital is required to notify its intermediary that it has obligated capital by the later of October 1, 1992, or 90 days after the beginning of the hospital's first cost reporting period under the capital prospective payment system. The intermediary must then notify the hospital of its determination whether the criteria for recognition of obligated capital have been met by the later of the end of the hospital's first cost reporting period subject to the capital prospective payment system or 9 months after the receipt of the hospital's notification. The amount that is recognized

as old capital is limited to the lesser of the actual allowable costs when the asset is put in use for patient care or the estimated costs of the capital expenditure at the time it was obligated. We have substantial information regarding intermediary determinations of projected aggregate obligated capital amounts. However, we still do not know when these projects will actually be put into use for patient care, the actual amount that will be recognized as obligated capital when the project is put into use, or the Medicare share of the recognized costs. Therefore, we do not know actual obligated capital commitments for purposes of the FY 2000 capital cost projections. In Appendix B of this proposed rule, we discuss the assumptions and computations that we employ to generate the amount of obligated capital commitments for use in the FY 2000 capital cost projections.

In Table III of this section, we present the redistributive effects that are expected to occur between "hold-harmless" hospitals and "fully prospective" hospitals in FY 2000. In addition, we have integrated sufficient hospital-specific information into our actuarial model to project the impact of the proposed FY 2000 capital payment policies by the standard prospective payment system hospital groupings. While we now have actual information on the effects of the transition payment methodology and interim payments under the capital prospective payment system and cost report data for most hospitals, we still need to randomly generate numbers for the change in old capital costs, new capital costs for each year, and obligated amounts that will be put in use for patient care services and recognized as old capital each year. We continue to be unable to predict accurately FY 2000 capital costs for individual hospitals, but with the most recent data hospitals' experience under the capital prospective payment system, there is adequate information to estimate the aggregate impact on most hospital groupings.

# B. Projected Impact Based on the Proposed FY 2000 Actuarial Model

#### 1. Assumptions

In this impact analysis, we model dynamically the impact of the capital prospective payment system from FY 1999 to FY 2000 using a capital cost model. The FY 2000 model, as described in Appendix B of this proposed rule, integrates actual data from individual hospitals with randomly generated capital cost amounts. We have capital cost data from cost reports beginning in FY 1989 through FY 1997 as reported on the December 1998 update of HCRIS, interim payment data for hospitals already receiving capital prospective payments through PRICER, and data reported by the intermediaries that include the hospitalspecific rate determinations that have been made through January 1, 1999 in the provider-specific file. We used these data to determine the proposed FY 2000 capital rates. However, we do not have individual hospital data on old capital changes, new capital formation, and actual obligated capital costs. We have data on costs for capital in use in FY 1997, and we age that capital by a formula described in Appendix B. Therefore, we need to randomly generate only new capital acquisitions for any year after FY 1997. All Federal rate payment parameters are assigned to the applicable hospital.

For purposes of this impact analysis, the proposed FY 2000 actuarial model includes the following assumptions:

• Medicare inpatient capital costs per discharge will change at the following rates during these periods:

### AVERAGE PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN CAPITAL COSTS PER DISCHARGE

Fiscal year	Percent- age change
1998	-0.71
1999	-0.15
2000	0.75

• The Medicare case-mix index will increase by 1.0 percent in FY 1999 and 0.5 percent in FY 2000.

• The Federal capital rate and hospitalspecific rate were updated in FY 1996 by an analytical framework that considers changes in the prices associated with capital-related costs, and adjustments to account for forecast error, changes in the case-mix index, allowable changes in intensity, and other factors. The proposed FY 2000 update is -0.6 percent (see section IV of the Addendum to this proposed rule).

#### 2. Results

We have used the actuarial model to estimate the change in payment for capitalrelated costs from FY 1999 to FY 2000. Table III shows the effect of the capital prospective payment system on low capital cost hospitals and high capital cost hospitals. We consider a hospital to be a low capital cost hospital if, based on a comparison of its initial hospital-specific rate and the applicable Federal rate, it will be paid under the fully prospective payment methodology. A high capital cost hospital is a hospital that, based on its initial hospital-specific rate and the applicable Federal rate, will be paid under the hold-harmless payment methodology. Based on our actuarial model, the breakdown of hospitals is as follows:

Type of Hospital	Percent of hospitals	Percent of dis- charges	Percent of capital costs	Percent of capital pay- ments	
Low Cost Hospital	66	61	54	59	
High Cost Hospital	34	39	46	41	

# CAPITAL TRANSITION PAYMENT METHODOLOGY FOR FY 2000

A low capital cost hospital may request to have its hospital-specific rate redetermined based on old capital costs in the current year, through the later of the hospital's cost reporting period beginning in FY 1994 or the first cost reporting period beginning after obligated capital comes into use (within the limits established in § 412.302(e) for putting obligated capital into use for patient care). If the redetermined hospital-specific rate is greater than the adjusted Federal rate, these hospitals will be paid under the holdharmless payment methodology. Regardless of whether the hospital became a holdharmless payment hospital as a result of a redetermination, we continue to show these hospitals as low capital cost hospitals in Table III. Assuming no behavioral changes in capital expenditures, Table III displays the percentage change in payments from FY 1999 to FY 2000 using the above described actuarial model. With the proposed Federal rate, we estimate aggregate Medicare capital payments will increase by 2.66 percent in FY 2000.

	Number of hos- pitals	Discharges	Adjusted Federal payment	Average Federal percent	Hospital specific payment	Hold harmless payment	Excep- tions pay- ment	Total pay- ment	Percent change over FY 1999
FY 1999 Payments per Dis-									
charge:								•	
Low Cost Hospitals	3,200	6,737,171	\$521.48	81.42	\$58.83	\$3.46	\$8.72	\$592.49	
Fully Prospective	2,977	6,138,720	511.78	80.00	64.57		8.44	584.79	
100% Federal Rate	193	538,418	642.90	100.00			4.44	647.34	
Hold Harmless	30	60,033	423.55	60.65		388.55	75.12	887.21	
High Cost Hospitals	1,634	4,248,111	658.19	97.70		22.81	14.66	695.65	
100% Federal Rate	1,424	3,876,299	677.27	100.00			7.26	684.53	
Hold Harmless	210	371,812	459.27	72.18		260.63	91.71	811.60	
Total Hospitals FY 2000 Payments per Dis- charge:	4,834	10,985,282	574.34	87.91	36.08	10.94	11.01	632.38	
Low Cost Hospitals	3,200	6,785,508	573.45	90.60	29.15	2.91	10.29	615.79	3.93
Fully Prospective	2,977	6,182,772	569.26	90.00	31.99		9.24	610.48	4.39
100% Federal Rate	194	543,519	632.85	100.00			4.51	637.36	- 1.54
Hold Harmless	29	59,217	465.60	68.51		333.70	173.36	972.66	9.63
High Cost Hospitals	1,634	4,278,443	649.22	98.47		16.61	24.44	690.27	-0.77
100% Federal Rate	1,442	3,951,867	663.34	100.00			11.28	674.62	- 1.45
Hold Harmless	192	326,576	478.35	78.33		217.65	183.66	879.66	8.38
Total Hospitals	4,834	11,063,951	602.75	93.72	17.87	8.21	15.76	644.59	1.93

We project that low capital cost hospitals paid under the fully prospective payment methodology will experience an average increase in payments per case of 4.39 percent, and high capital cost hospitals will experience an average decrease of 0.77 percent. These results are due to the change in the blended percentages to the payment system to 90 percent adjusted Federal rate and 10 percent hospital-specific rate.

For hospitals paid under the fully prospective payment methodology, the Federal rate payment percentage will increase from 80 percent to 90 percent and the hospital-specific rate payment percentage will decrease from 20 to 10 percent in FY 2000. The Federal rate payment percentage for hospitals paid under the hold-harmless payment methodology is based on the

hospital's ratio of new capital costs to total capital costs. The average Federal rate payment percentage for high cost hospitals receiving a hold-harmless payment for old capital will increase from 72.18 percent to 78.83 percent. We estimate the percentage of hold-harmless hospitals paid based on 100 percent of the Federal rate will increase from 87.1 percent to 88.2 percent. We estimate that the few remaining high cost hold-harmless hospitals (192) will experience an increase in payments of 8.38 percent from FY 1999 to FY 2000. The increase occurs because we estimate that exception payments per discharge will increase 50.1 percent from FY 1999 to FY 2000 for high cost hold-harmless hospitals. While we estimate that this group's regular hold-harmless payments for old capital will decline by 16.5 percent due to

the retirement of old capital, we estimate that its high overall capital costs will cause an increase in these hospitals' exceptions payments from \$91.71 per discharge in FY 1999 to \$183.66 per discharge in FY 2000. This is primarily due to the estimated decrease in outlier payments, which will cause an estimated increase in exceptions payments to cover unmet capital costs.

We expect that the average hospitalspecific rate payment per discharge will decrease from \$64.57 in FY 1999 to \$31.99 in FY 2000. This is mostly due to the decrease in the hospital-specific rate payment percentage from 20 percent in FY 1999 to 10 percent in FY 2000.

We are proposing no changes in our exceptions policies for FY 2000. As a result, the minimum payment levels would be—

90 percent for sole community hospitals;
80 percent for urban hospitals with 100 or more beds and a disproportionate share

patient percentage of 20.2 percent or more; or70 percent for all other hospitals.

We estimate that exceptions payments will increase from 1.74 percent of total capital payments in FY 1999 to 2.45 percent of payments in FY 2000. The projected distribution of the exception payments is shown in the chart below:

## ESTIMATED FY 2000 EXCEPTIONS PAYMENTS

Type of hospital	Number of hospitals	Percent of exceptions payments
Low Capital Cost High Capital	180	40
Cost	208	60
Total	388	100

#### C. Cross-Sectional Comparison of Capital Prospective Payment Methodologies

Table IV presents a cross-sectional summary of hospital groupings by capital prospective payment methodology. This distribution is generated by our actuarial model.

## TABLE IV.—DISTRIBUTION BY METHOD OF PAYMENT (HOLD-HARMLESS/FULLY PROSPECTIVE) OF HOSPITALS RECEIVING CAPITAL PAYMENTS

	(1)	(2) Hold-harmle		(3)
	(1) Total number of hospitals	Percentage paid hold- harmless (A)	Percentage paid fully federal (B)	Percentage paid fully pro- spective rate
By Geographic Location:				
All hospitals	4,834	4.6	33.8	61.6
Large urban areas (populations over 1 million)	1,531	4.8	41.7	53.4
Other urban areas (populations of 1 million of fewer)	1,146	5.7	42.0	52.4
Rural areas	2,157	3.8	23.9	72.3
Urban hospitals	2,677	5.2	41.8	53.0
0–99 beds	650	6.5	34.3	59.2
100–199 beds	912	7.2	48.5	44.3
200–299 beds	553	4.2	42.3	53.5
300–499 beds	423	1.4	39.2	59.3
500 or more beds	139	1.4	39.6	59.0
Rural hospitals	2,157	3.8	23.9	72.3
0–49 beds	1,190	3.4	16.8	79.7
50–99 beds	580	4.5	29.5	66.0
100–149 beds	232	4.7	36.6	58.6
150–199 beds	85	3.5	30.6	65.9
200 or more beds	70	1.4	48.6	50.0
By Region:				
Urban by Region	2,677	5.2	41.8	53.0
New England	148	0.7	28.4	70.9
Middle Atlantic	412	2.7	36.4	60.9
South Atlantic	399	5.3	52.9	41.9
East North Central	444	6.1	31.8	62.2
East South Central	154	10.4	46.8	42.9
West North Central	179	3.4	40.2	56.4
West South Central	331	10.3	59.2	30.5
Mountain	123	5.7	50.4	43.9
Pacific	440	3.4	36.6	60.0
Puerto Rico	47	2.1	27.7	70.2
Rural by Region	2,157	3.8	23.9	72.3
New England	52	1.9	23.1	75.0
Middle Atlantic	80	6.3	20.0	73.8
South Atlantic	285	1.4	34.7	63.9
East North Central	300	3.3	18.3	78.3
East South Central	270	2.6	34.1	63.3
West North Central	490	3.7	15.9	80.4
West South Central	337	3.9	27.9	68.2
Mountain	200	8.5	18.0	73.5
Pacific	138	5.1	23.9	71.0
By Payment Classification:				
Large urban areas (populations over 1 million)	1,607	4.7	41.8	53.6
Other urban areas (populations of 1 million of fewer)	1,147	5.8	41.3	52.9
Rural areas	2,080	3.8	23.6	72.5
Teaching Status:				
Non-teaching	3,732	5.0	33.1	61.9
Fewer than 100 Residents	868	3.8	37.0	59.2
100 or more Residents	234	1.3	33.3	65.4

### TABLE IV.—DISTRIBUTION BY METHOD OF PAYMENT (HOLD-HARMLESS/FULLY PROSPECTIVE) OF HOSPITALS RECEIVING CAPITAL PAYMENTS—Continued

	(1)	(2 Hold-ha	(3)	
	Total number of hospitals	Percentage paid hold- harmless (A)	Percentage paid fully federal (B)	Percentage paid fully pro- spective rate
Disproportionate share hospitals (DSH):.				
Non-DSH	3,014	4.6	29.9	65.5
Urban DSH:				
100 or more beds	1,362	4.4	44.6	51.0
Less than 100 beds	84	8.3	23.8	67.9
Rural DSH:				
Sole Community (SCH)	153	5.9	20.9	73.2
Referral Center (RRC)	55	3.6	43.6	52.7
Other Rural:				
100 or more beds	57	1.8	43.9	54.4
Less than 100 beds	109	2.8	25.7	71.6
Urban teaching and DSH:				
Both teaching and DSH	703	2.7	37.7	59.6
Teaching and no DSH	337	4.5	33.8	61.7
No teaching and DSH	743	6.5	48.7	44.8
No teaching and no DSH	971	6.1	41.6	52.3
Rural Hospital Types:				
Non special status hospitals	881	1.7	25.0	73.3
RRC/EACH	151	0.7	43.0	56.3
SCH/EACH	638	7.7	21.0	71.3
Medicare-dependent hospitals (MDH)	352	2.3	16.2	81.5
SCH, RRC and EACH	58	12.1	25.9	62.1
Type of Ownership:				
Voluntary	2,826	4.0	33.4	62.6
Proprietary	721	7.6	59.1	33.3
Government	1,255	3.8	20.8	75.4
Medicare Utilization as a Percent of Inpatient Days:				
0–25	360	4.4	27.8	67.8
25–50	1,739	4.8	36.6	58.7
50–65	1,885	4.2	33.3	62.5
Over 65	817	4.7	32.9	62.4

As we explain in Appendix B of this proposed rule, we were not able to determine a hospital-specific rate for 40 of the 4,874 hospitals in our database. Consequently, the payment methodology distribution is based on 4,834 hospitals. These data should be fully representative of the payment methodologies that will be applicable to hospitals.

The cross-sectional distribution of hospital by payment methodology is presented by: (1) Geographic location; (2) region; and (3) payment classification. This provides an indication of the percentage of hospitals within a particular hospital grouping that will be paid under the fully prospective payment methodology and the hold-harmless payment methodology.

The percentage of hospitals paid fully Federal (100 percent of the Federal rate) as hold-harmless hospitals is expected to increase to 33.8 percent in FY 2000.

Table IV indicates that 61.6 percent of hospitals will be paid under the fully prospective payment methodology. (This figure, unlike the figure of 66 percent for low cost capital hospitals in the chart on "Capital Transition Payment Methodology for FY

2000," in section VII.B.2. of this preamble takes into account the effects of redeterminations. In other words, this figure does not include low cost hospitals that, following a hospital-specific rate redetermination, are now paid under the hold-harmless methodology.) As expected, a relatively higher percentage of rural and governmental hospitals (72.5 percent and 75.4 percent, respectively by payment classification) are being paid under the fully prospective payment methodology. This is a reflection of their lower than average capital costs per case. In contrast, only 33.3 percent of proprietary hospitals are being paid under the fully prospective methodology. This is a reflection of their higher than average capital costs per case. (We found at the time of the August 30, 1991 final rule (56 FR 43430) that 62.7 percent of proprietary hospitals had a capital cost per case above the national average cost per case.)

# D. Cross-Sectional Analysis of Changes in Aggregate Payments

We used our FY 2000 actuarial model to estimate the potential impact of our proposed changes for FY 2000 on total capital

payments per case, using a universe of 4,834 hospitals. The individual hospital payment parameters are taken from the best available data, including: the January 1, 1999 update to the provider-specific file, cost report data, and audit information supplied by intermediaries. In Table V we present the results of the cross-sectional analysis using the results of our actuarial model and the aggregate impact of the proposed FY 2000 payment policies. Columns 3 and 4 show estimates of payments per case under our model for FY 1999 and FY 2000. Column 5 shows the total percentage change in payments from FY 1999 to FY 2000. Column 6 presents the percentage change in payments that can be attributed to Federal rate changes alone.

Federal rate changes represented in Column 6 include the 1.0 percent decrease in the Federal rate, a 0.5 percent increase in case mix, changes in the adjustments to the Federal rate (for example, the effect of the new hospital wage index on the geographic adjustment factor), and reclassifications by the MGCRB. Column 5 includes the effects of the Federal rate changes represented in Column 6. Column 5 also reflects the effects of all other changes, including the change from 80 percent to 90 percent in the portion of the Federal rate for fully prospective hospitals, the hospital-specific rate update, changes in the proportion of new to total capital for hold-harmless hospitals, changes in old capital (for example, obligated capital put in use), hospital-specific rate redeterminations, and exceptions. The comparisons are provided by: (1) Geographic location, (2) region, and (3) payment classification.

The simulation results show that, on average, capital payments per case can be expected to increase 1.9 percent in FY 2000, despite the effect of the 1.4 percent decrease attributable to the reduction in the Federal rate and other factors (which include changes in the adjustment to the Federal rate, the increase in case mix, and the other components of column 6 of table V).

Our comparison by geographic location shows that urban and rural hospitals will experience slightly different rates of increase in capital payments per case (1.8 percent and 2.8 percent, respectively). This difference is due to the higher rate of decrease for urban hospitals relative to rural hospitals (1.6 percent and 0.4 percent, respectively) from the Federal rate changes alone. Urban hospitals will gain approximately the same as rural hospitals (3.4 percent versus 3.2 percent) from the effects of all other changes.

Most regions are estimated to receive increases in total capital payments per case,

partly due to the increased share of payments that are based on the Federal rate (from 80 to 90 percent). Changes by region vary from a low of 1.1 percent decrease (West South Central urban region) to a high of 5.9 percent increase (West North Central rural region).

By type of ownership, government hospitals are projected to have the largest rate of increase of total payment changes (3.1 percent, a 3.9 percent increase from the effects of all other changes and a 0.8 percent decrease due to Federal rate changes). Payments to voluntary hospitals will increase 1.9 percent (a 3.3 percent increase from the effects of all other changes and a 1.4 percent decrease due to Federal rate changes), and payments to proprietary hospitals will increase 1.1 percent (a 3.1 percent increase from the effects of all other changes and a 2.0 percent decrease due to Federal rate changes).

Section 1886(d)(10) of the Act established the MGCRB. Hospitals may apply for reclassification for purposes of the standardized amount, wage index, or both and for purposes of DSH, for FY 1999–2001. Although the Federal capital rate is not affected, a hospital's geographic classification for purposes of the operating standardized amount does affect a hospital's capital payments as a result of the large urban adjustment factor and the disproportionate share adjustment for urban hospitals with 100 or more beds. Reclassification for wage index purposes affects the geographic adjustment factor, since that factor is constructed from the hospital wage index.

To present the effects of the hospitals being reclassified for FY 2000 compared to the effects of reclassification for FY 1999, we show the average payment percentage increase for hospitals reclassified in each fiscal year and in total. For FY 2000 reclassifications, we indicate those hospitals reclassified for standardized amount purposes only, for wage index purposes only, and for both purposes. The reclassified groups are compared to all other nonreclassified hospitals. These categories are further identified by urban and rural designation.

Hospitals reclassified for FY 2000 as a whole are projected to experience a 2.8 percent increase in payments (a 3.1 percent increase attributable to the effects of all other changes and a 0.3 percent decrease attributable to Federal rate changes). Payments to nonreclassified hospitals will increase slightly less (1.9 percent) than reclassified hospitals (2.8 percent) overall. Payments to nonreclassified hospitals will decrease more than reclassified hospitals from the Federal rate changes (1.5 percent compared to 0.3 percent), but they will gain about the same from the effects of all other changes (3.4 percent compared to 3.1 percent).

# TABLE V.—COMPARISON OF TOTAL PAYMENTS PER CASE

[FY 1999 Compared to FY 2000]

	Number of hospitals	Average FY 1999 pay- ments/case	Average FY 2000 pay- ments/case	All changes	Portion attrib- utable to Fed- eral rate change
By Geographic Location:					
All hospitals	4,834	632	645	1.9	-1.4
Large urban areas (populations over 1 million)	1,531	731	742	1.5	- 1.8
Other urban areas (populations of 1 million or fewer)	1,146	622	636	2.3	- 1.3
Rural areas	2,157	426	438	2.8	-0.4
Urban hospitals	2,677	684	697	1.8	- 1.6
0–99 beds	650	501	507	1.1	- 1.6
100–199 beds	912	602	609	1.2	- 1.5
200–299 beds	553	660	673	2.0	- 1.6
300–499 beds	423	704	720	2.3	- 1.5
500 or more beds	139	892	906	1.5	- 1.9
Rural hospitals	2,157	426	438	2.8	-0.4
0–49 beds	1,190	346	359	3.9	0.2
50–99 beds	580	400	413	3.4	-0.1
100–149 beds	232	439	451	2.7	-0.4
150–199 beds	85	459	479	4.3	-0.4
200 or more beds	70	549	550	0.1	-1.1
By Region:					
Urban by Region	2,677	684	697	1.8	-1.6
New England	148	693	715	3.1	-1.0
Middle Atlantic	412	751	759	1.1	-2.2
South Atlantic	399	671	692	3.1	-1.0
East North Central	444	645	663	2.7	-0.9
East South Central	154	642	662	3.1	-1.3
West North Central	179	664	672	1.3	-1.8
West South Central	331	664	657	-1.1	-2.9
Mountain	123	657	667	1.6	-1.2
Pacific	440	762	773	1.5	-1.9
Puerto Rico	47	298	295	-1.0	- 1.4

# TABLE V.—COMPARISON OF TOTAL PAYMENTS PER CASE—Continued

[FY 1999 Compared to FY 2000]

	Number of hospitals	Average FY 1999 pay- ments/case	Average FY 2000 pay- ments/case	All changes	Portion attrib- utable to Fed- eral rate change
Rural by Region	2,157	426	438	2.8	-0.4
New England	52	507	515	1.6	-0.6
Middle Atlantic	80	446	458	2.7	-1.3
South Atlantic	285	439	451	2.6	-0.4
East North Central	300	441	449	1.8	-0.4
East South Central	270	391	403	3.2	0.4
West North Central	490	417	442	5.9	0.6
West South Central	337	380	381	0.3	-1.7
Mountain	200	447	466	4.3	0.5
Pacific	138	498	512	2.8	-0.7
By Payment Classification:					
All hospitals	4,834	632	645	1.9	-1.4
Large urban areas (populations over 1 million)	1,607	724	735	1.5	- 1.8
Other urban areas (populations of 1 million or fewer)	1,147	620	635	2.3	-1.3
Rural areas	2,080	423	435	2.9	-0.4
Teaching Status:					
Non-teaching	3,732	532	541	1.7	-1.2
Fewer than 100 Residents	868	664	679	2.1	- 1.6
100 or more Residents	234	946	967	2.2	- 1.8
Urban DSH:					
100 or more beds	1,362	724	737	1.8	- 1.6
Less than 100 beds	84	505	500	-0.9	-1.2
Rural DSH:	-				
Sole Community (SCH/EACH)	153	390	418	7.3	0.1
Referral Center (RRC/EACH)	55	484	492	1.8	-0.5
Other Rural:	00	-0-	-102	1.0	0.0
100 or more beds	57	392	396	1.1	-0.6
Less than 100 beds	109	331	348	5.3	1.4
Urban teaching and DSH:	100	001	0+0	0.0	1.7
Both teaching and DSH	703	794	811	2.1	-1.7
Teaching and no DSH	337	681	696	2.1	-1.6
No teaching and DSH	743	607	614	1.3	- 1.5
No teaching and no DSH	971	573	580	1.3	- 1.5
Rural Hospital Types:	5/1	575	500	1.5	- 1.5
Non special status hospitals	881	378	387	2.6	-0.4
RRC/EACH	151	490	500	1.9	-0.4
	638	430	446		0.0
SCH/EACH	352	420 345	357	4.4	
Medicare-dependent hospitals (MDH)		498	511	3.5	0.0
SCH, RRC and EACH Hospitals Reclassified by the Medicare Geographic	58	490	511	2.4	0.2
Classification Review Board:					
Reclassification Status During FY1999 and FY2000:					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	272	550	561	1.2	10
FY2000	373	553	561	1.3	- 1.3
Reclassified During FY2000 Only Reclassified During FY1999 Only	131	594	642	8.1	3.1
	136	531	513	-3.4	-6.3
FY2000 Reclassifications:	504	500	570	0.0	0.0
All Reclassified Hospitals	504	562	578	2.8	-0.3
All Nonreclassified Hospitals	4,304	642	654	1.9	- 1.5
All Urban Reclassified Hospitals	85	751	775	3.2	-1.1
Urban Nonreclassified Hospitals	2,592	682	694	1.7	- 1.6
All Reclassified Rural Hospitals	419	489	502	2.6	0.1
Rural Nonreclassified Hospitals	1,712	381	394	3.4	-0.4
Other Reclassified Hospitals (Section 1886(D)(8)(B))	26	463	429	-7.3	-8.8
Type of Ownership:		<b>.</b>			
Voluntary	2,826	646	658	1.9	-1.4
Proprietary	721	634	641	1.1	-2.0
Government	1,255	555	572	3.1	-0.8
Medicare Utilization as a Percent of Inpatient Days:					
0–25	360	768	789	2.8	-2.1
25–50	1,739 1,885	726	737	1.5	-1.7
50–65		575	588	2.2	-1.2

#### Appendix B: Technical Appendix on the Capital Cost Model and Required Adjustments

Under section 1886(g)(1)(A) of the Act, we set capital prospective payment rates for FY 1992 through FY 1995 so that aggregate prospective payments for capital costs were projected to be 10 percent lower than the amount that would have been payable on a reasonable cost basis for capital-related costs in that year. To implement this requirement, we developed the capital acquisition model to determine the budget neutrality adjustment factor. Even though the budget neutrality requirement expired effective with FY 1996, we must continue to determine the recalibration and geographic reclassification budget neutrality adjustment factor and the reduction in the Federal and hospital-specific rates for exceptions payments. To determine these factors, we must continue to project capital costs and payments.

We used the capital acquisition model from the start of prospective payments for capital costs through FY 1997. We now have 6 years of cost reports under the capital prospective payment system. For FY 1998, we developed a new capital cost model to replace the capital acquisition model. This revised model makes use of the data from these cost reports.

The following cost reports are used in the capital cost model for this proposed rule: the December 31, 1998 update of the cost reports for PPS–IX (cost reporting periods beginning in FY 1992), PPS–X (cost reporting periods beginning in FY 1993), PPS–XI (cost reporting periods beginning in FY 1995), PPS–XIII (cost reporting periods beginning in FY 1995), PPS–XIII (cost reporting periods beginning in FY 1996), and PPS–XIV (cost reporting periods beginning in FY 1996), and PPS–XIV (cost reporting periods beginning in FY 1997). In addition, to model payments, we use the January 1, 1999 update of the provider-specific file, and the March 1994 update of the intermediary audit file.

Since hospitals under alternative payment system waivers (that is, hospitals in Maryland) are currently not paid under the capital prospective payment system, we excluded these hospitals from our model.

We developed FY 1992 through FY 1999 hospital-specific rates using the providerspecific file and the intermediary audit file. (We used the cumulative provider-specific file, which includes all updates to each hospital's records, and chose the latest record for each fiscal year.) We checked the consistency between the provider-specific file and the intermediary audit file. We ensured that increases in the hospitalspecific rates were at least as large as the published updates (increases) for the hospital-specific rates each year. We were able to match hospitals to the files as shown in the following table:

Source	Number of hospitals
Neither File	1
Audit File only	53
Provider-Specific File Only	103

Source	Number of hospitals
Provider-Specific and Audit File	4717
Total	4874

Sixty-three of the 4,874 hospitals had unusable or missing data, or had no cost reports available. For 21 of the 63 hospitals, we were unable to determine a hospitalspecific rate from the available cost reports. However, there was adequate cost information to determine that these hospitals were paid under the hold-harmless methodology. Since the hospital-specific rate is not used to determine payments for hospitals paid under the hold-harmless methodology, there was sufficient cost report information available to include these 21 hospitals in the analysis. We were able to estimate hospital-specific amounts from the PPS-IX cost report data for an additional 2 hospitals. Hence, we were able to use 23 of the 63 hospitals. We used 4,834 hospitals for the analysis. Forty hospitals could not be used in the analysis because of insufficient information. These hospitals account for less than 0.2 percent of admissions. Therefore, any effects from the elimination of their cost report data should be minimal.

We analyzed changes in capital-related costs (depreciation, interest, rent, leases, insurance, and taxes) reported in the cost reports. We found a wide variance among hospitals in the growth of these costs. For hospitals with more than 100 beds, the distribution and mean of these cost increases were different for large changes in bed-size (greater than ±20 percent). We also analyzed changes in the growth in old capital and new capital for cost reports that provided this information. For old capital, we limited the analysis to decreases in old capital. We did this since the opportunity for most hospitals to treat "obligated" capital put into service as old capital has expired. Old capital costs should decrease as assets become fully depreciated and as interest costs decrease as the loan is amortized.

The new capital cost model separates the hospitals into three mutually exclusive groups. Hold-harmless hospitals with data on old capital were placed in the first group. Of the remaining hospitals, those hospitals with fewer than 100 beds comprise the second group. The third group consists of all hospitals that did not fit into either of the first two groups. Each of these groups displayed unique patterns of growth in capital costs. We found that the gamma distribution is useful in explaining and describing the patterns of increase in capital costs. A gamma distribution is a statistical distribution that can be used to describe patterns of growth rates, with the greatest proportion of rates being at the low end. We use the gamma distribution to estimate individual hospital rates of increase as follows:

(1) For hold-harmless hospitals, old capital cost changes were fitted to a truncated gamma distribution, that is, a gamma distribution covering only the distribution of cost decreases. New capital costs changes were fitted to the entire gamma distribution, allowing for both decreases and increases.

(2) For hospitals with fewer than 100 beds (small), total capital cost changes were fitted to the gamma distribution, allowing for both decreases and increases.

(3) Other (large) hospitals were further separated into three groups:Bed-size decreases over 20 percent

(decrease).

• Bed-size increases over 20 percent (increase).

• Other (no change).

Capital cost changes for large hospitals were fitted to gamma distributions for each bed-size change group, allowing for both decreases and increases in capital costs. We analyzed the probability distribution of increases and decreases in bed size for large hospitals. We found the probability somewhat dependent on the prior year change in bed size and factored this dependence into the analysis. Probabilities of bed-size change were determined. Separate sets of probability factors were calculated to reflect the dependence on prior year change in bed size (increase, decrease, and no change).

The gamma distributions were fitted to changes in aggregate capital costs for the entire hospital. We checked the relationship between aggregate costs and Medicare per discharge costs. For large hospitals, there was a small variance, but the variance was larger for small hospitals. Since costs are used only for the hold-harmless methodology and to determine exceptions, we decided to use the gamma distributions fitted to aggregate cost increases for estimating distributions of cost per discharge increases.

Capital costs per discharge calculated from the cost reports were increased by random numbers drawn from the gamma distribution to project costs in future years. Old and new capital were projected separately for holdharmless hospitals. Aggregate capital per discharge costs were projected for all other hospitals. Because the distribution of increases in capital costs varies with changes in bed size for large hospitals, we first projected changes in bed size for large hospitals before drawing random numbers from the gamma distribution. Bed-size changes were drawn from the uniform distribution with the probabilities dependent on the previous year bed-size change. The gamma distribution has a shape parameter and a scaling parameter. (We used different parameters for each hospital group, and for old and new capital.)

We used discharge counts from the cost reports to calculate capital cost per discharge. To estimate total capital costs for FY 1998 (the MedPAR data year) and later, we use the number of discharges from the MEDPAR data. Some hospitals have considerably more discharges in FY 1998 than in the years for which we calculated cost per discharge from the cost report data. Consequently, a hospital with few cost report discharges would have a high capital cost per discharge, since fixed costs would be allocated over only a few discharges. If discharges increase substantially, the cost per discharge would decrease because fixed costs would be allocated over more discharges. If the projection of capital cost per discharge is not adjusted for increases in discharges, the projection of exceptions would be overstated. We address this situation by recalculating the cost per discharge with the MedPAR discharges if the MedPAR discharges exceed the cost report discharges by more than 20 percent. We do not adjust for increases of less than 20 percent because we have not received all of the FY 1998 discharges, and we have removed some discharges from the analysis because they are statistical outliers. This adjustment reduces our estimate of exceptions payments, and consequently, the reduction to the Federal rate for exceptions is smaller. We will continue to monitor our modeling of exceptions payments and make adjustments as needed.

The average national capital cost per discharge generated by this model is the combined average of many randomly generated increases. This average must equal the projected average national capital cost per discharge, which we projected separately (outside this model). We adjusted the shape parameter of the gamma distributions so that the modeled average capital cost per discharge matches our projected capital cost per discharge. The shape parameter for old capital was not adjusted since we are modeling the aging of "existing" assets. This model provides a distribution of capital costs among hospitals that is consistent with our aggregate capital projections.

Once each hospital's capital-related costs are generated, the model projects capital payments. We use the actual payment parameters (for example, the case-mix index and the geographic adjustment factor) that are applicable to the specific hospital.

To project capital payments, the model first assigns the applicable payment methodology (fully prospective or holdharmless) to the hospital as determined from

the provider-specific file and the cost reports. The model simulates Federal rate payments using the assigned payment parameters and hospital-specific estimated outlier payments. The case-mix index for a hospital is derived from the FY 1998 MedPAR file using the proposed FY 2000 DRG relative weights included in section VI. of the Addendum to this proposed rule. The case-mix index is increased each year after FY 1998 based on analysis of past experiences in case-mix increases. Based on analysis of recent casemix increases, we estimate that case-mix will increase 0.5 percent in FY 1999 and 0.5 percent in FY 2000. (Since we are using FY 1998 cases for our analysis, the FY 1998 increase in case mix has no effect on projected capital payments.)

Changes in geographic classification and revisions to the hospital wage data used to establish the hospital wage index affect the geographic adjustment factor. Changes in the DRG classification system and the relative weights affect the case-mix index.

Section 412.308(c)(4)(ii) requires that the estimated aggregate payments for the fiscal year, based on the Federal rate after any changes resulting from DRG reclassifications and recalibration and the geographic adjustment factor, equal the estimated aggregate payments based on the Federal rate that would have been made without such changes. For FY 1999, the budget neutrality adjustment factors were 1.00294 for the national rate and 1.00233 for the Puerto Rico rate.

Since we implemented a separate geographic adjustment factor for Puerto Rico, we applied separate budget neutrality adjustments for the national geographic adjustment factor and the Puerto Rico geographic adjustment factor. We applied the same budget neutrality factor for DRG reclassifications and recalibration nationally and for Puerto Rico. Separate adjustments were unnecessary for FY 1998 since the geographic adjustment factor for Puerto Rico was implemented in 1998.

To determine the factors for FY 2000, we first determined the portions of the Federal national and Puerto Rico rates that would be paid for each hospital in FY 2000 based on its applicable payment methodology. Using our model, we then compared, separately for the national rate and the Puerto Rico rate, estimated aggregate Federal rate payments based on the FY 1999 DRG relative weights and the FY 1999 geographic adjustment factor to estimated aggregate Federal rate payments based on the FY 1999 relative weights and the FY 2000 geographic adjustment factor. In making the comparison, we held the FY 2000 Federal rate portion constant and set the other budget neutrality adjustment factor and the exceptions reduction factor to 1.00. We determined that, to achieve budget neutrality for the changes in the national geographic adjustment factor, an incremental budget neutrality adjustment of 0.99845 for FY 2000 should be applied to the previous cumulative FY 1999 adjustment of 1.00294, yielding a cumulative adjustment of 1.00139 through FY 2000. For the Puerto Rico geographic adjustment factor, an incremental budget neutrality adjustment of 1.00151 for FY 2000 should be applied to the previous cumulative FY 1999 adjustment of 1.00233, yielding a cumulative adjustment of 1.00384 through FY 2000. We apply these new adjustments, then compare estimated aggregate Federal rate payments based on the FY 1999 DRG relative weights and the FY 2000 geographic adjustment factors to estimated aggregate Federal rate payments based on the FY 2000 DRG relative weights and the FY 2000 geographic adjustment factors. The incremental adjustment for DRG classifications and changes in relative weights would be 1.00014 nationally and for Puerto Rico. The cumulative adjustments for DRG classifications and changes in relative weights and for changes in the geographic adjustment factors through FY 2000 would be 1.00153 nationally, and 1.00398 for Puerto Rico. The following table summarizes the adjustment factors for each fiscal year:

BUDGET NEUTRALITY ADJUSTMENT FOR DRG RECLASSIFICATIONS AND RECALIBRATION AND THE GEOGRAPHIC ADJUSTMENT FACTORS

	National					Puerto	Rico		
	Incre	emental adjustr	nent		Incre	Incremental adjustment			
Fiscal year	Geographic adjustment factor	DRG reclas- sifications and re- calibration	Combined	Cumulative	Geographic adjustment factor	DRG reclas- sifications and re- calibration	Combined	Cumulative	
1992				1.00000					
1993			0.99800	0.99800					
1994			1.00531	1.00330					
1995			0.99980	1.00310					
1996			0.99940	1.00250					
1997			0.99873	1.00123					
1998			0.99892	1.00015				1.00000	
1999	0.99944	1.00335	1.00279	1.00294	0.99898	1.00335	1.00233	1.00233	
2000	0.99845	1.00014	0.99859	1.00153	1.00151	1.00014	1.00165	1.00398	

The methodology used to determine the recalibration and geographic (DRG/GAF) budget neutrality adjustment factor is similar to that used in establishing budget neutrality adjustments under the prospective payment system for operating costs. One difference is that, under the operating prospective payment system, the budget neutrality adjustments for the effect of geographic reclassifications are determined separately from the effects of other changes in the hospital wage index and the DRG relative weights. Under the capital prospective payment system, there is a single DRG/GAF budget neutrality adjustment factor (the national rate and the Puerto Rico rate are determined separately) for changes in the geographic adjustment factor (including geographic reclassification) and the DRG relative weights. In addition, there is no adjustment for the effects that geographic reclassification has on the other payment parameters, such as the payments for serving

low-income patients or the large urban addon payments.

In addition to computing the DRG/GAF budget neutrality adjustment factor, we used the model to simulate total payments under the prospective payment system.

Additional payments under the exceptions process are accounted for through a reduction in the Federal and hospital-specific rates. Therefore, we used the model to calculate the exceptions reduction factor. This exceptions reduction factor ensures that aggregate payments under the capital prospective payment system, including exceptions payments, are projected to equal the aggregate payments that would have been made under the capital prospective payment system without an exceptions process. Since changes in the level of the payment rates change the level of payments under the exceptions process, the exceptions reduction factor must be determined through iteration.

In the August 30, 1991 final rule (56 FR 43517), we indicated that we would publish each year the estimated payment factors generated by the model to determine payments for the next 5 years. The table below provides the actual factors for FYs 1992 through 1999, the proposed factors for FY 2000, and the estimated factors that would be applicable through FY 2004. We caution that these are estimates for FYs 2000 and later, and are subject to revisions resulting from continued methodological refinements, receipt of additional data, and changes in payment policy changes. We note that in making these projections, we have assumed that the cumulative national DRG/ GAF budget neutrality adjustment factor will remain at 1.00153 (1.00398 for Puerto Rico) for FY 2000 and later because we do not have sufficient information to estimate the change that will occur in the factor for years after FY 2000

The projections are as follows:

Fiscal year	Update fac- tor	Exceptions reduction factor	Budget neu- trality factor	DRG/GAF adjustment factor <sup>1</sup>	Outlier ad- justment factor	Federal rate adjustment	Federal rate (after outlier) re- duction
1992	N/A	0.9813	0.9602		.9497		415.59
1993	6.07	.9756	.9162	.9980	.9496		417.29
1994	3.04	.9485	.8947	1.0053	.9454	<sup>2</sup> .9260	378.34
1995	3.44	.9734	.8432	.9998	.9414		376.83
1996	1.20	.9849	N/A	.9994	.9536	<sup>3</sup> .9972	461.96
1997	0.70	.9358	N/A	.9987	.9481		438.92
1998	0.90	.9659	N/A	.9989	.9382	4.8222	371.51
1999	0.10	.9783	N/A	1.0028	.9392		378.10
2000	-0.60	.9752	N/A	.9986	.9397		374.31
2001	0.50	.9645	N/A	<sup>5</sup> 1.0000	<sup>5</sup> .9397		372.06
2002	0.50	<sup>6</sup> 1.0000	N/A	1.0000	.9397		387.68
2003	0.50	<sup>6</sup> 1.0000	N/A	1.0000	.9397	<sup>4</sup> 1.0255	399.57
2004	0.60	<sup>6</sup> 1.0000	N/A	1.0000	.9397		401.97

<sup>1</sup>Note: The incremental change over the previous year.

<sup>2</sup>Note: OBRA 1993 adjustment.

<sup>3</sup>Note: Adjustment for change in the transfer policy.

<sup>4</sup>Note: Balanced Budget Act of 1997 adjustment.

<sup>5</sup>Note: Future adjustments are, for purposes of this projection, assumed to remain at the same level.

<sup>6</sup>Note: We are unable to estimate exceptions payments for the year under the special exceptions provision (§412.348(g) of the regulations) because the regular exceptions provision (§412.348(e)) expires.

#### **Appendix C: Report to Congress**

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THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES WASHINGTON. D.C. 20201

**APR 1** 1993

The Honorable J. Dennis Hastert Speaker of the House of Representatives Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Mr. Speaker:

Section 1886(e)(3) of the Social Security Act (the Act) requires me to report to Congress the initial estimate of the applicable percentage increase in hospital inpatient payment rates for fiscal year (FY) 2000 that I will recommend for hospitals subject to the Medicare prospective payment system (PPS) and for hospitals and units excluded from PPS. This submission constitutes the required report.

Current law mandates an update for all PPS hospitals equal to the market basket rate of increase (2.7 percent) minus 1.8 percentage points. However, based on the continuing decline in hospital operating costs and the related record levels of hospital Medicare and total operating profit margins, we recommend an update for hospitals in both large urban and other areas of zero percent.

Sole community hospitals (SCHs) are the sole source of care in their area and are afforded special payment protection in order to maintain access to services for Medicare beneficiaries. Medicare-dependent small rural hospitals (MDHs) are a major source of care for Medicare beneficiaries in their area and are afforded special payment protection in order to maintain access to services for beneficiaries. As you know, SCHs and MDHs are PPS hospitals. However, SCHs are paid the higher of a hospital-specific rate or the Federal PPS rate and MDHs are paid the Federal PPS rate, or, if their hospital-specific rate exceeds the Federal PPS rate, the Federal rate plus 50 percent of the difference between the hospital-specific rate and the Federal rate. We also recommend an update of zero percent to the hospital-specific rate.

Hospitals and distinct part hospital units excluded from PPS are paid based on their reasonable costs subject to a limit under the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982 (TEFRA). Current law mandates that the update for all hospitals and distinct part units excluded from PPS equals the rate of increase in the excluded hospital market basket less a percentage between 0 and 2.5 percentage points, depending on the hospital's costs in relation to its limit, or 0 if costs do not exceed two thirds of the limit. The President's FY 2000 budget incorporates an increase to the TEFRA limit using 2.7 percent for the excluded hospital market basket increase. Therefore, depending on the hospital's costs in relation to its limit, the update would be the market basket increase

# Page 2 - The Honorable J. Dennis Hastert

minus a percentage between 0 and 2.5 percentage points, or 0. Thus, we recommend an increase in the TEFRA limits of between 0 and 2.7 percent.

My recommendation for the updates is based on cost projections used in the President's FY 2000 budget. A final recommendation on the appropriate percentage increases for FY 2000 will be made nearer the beginning of the new Federal fiscal year based on the most current market basket projection available at that time. The final recommendation will incorporate the Health Care Financing Administration's analysis of the latest estimates of all relevant factors, including recommendations by the Medicare Payment Advisory Commission.

Section 1886(d)(4)(C)(iv) of the Act also requires that I include in my report recommendations with respect to adjustments to the diagnosis-related group (DRG) weighting factors. At this time I do not anticipate recommending any adjustment to the DRG weighting factors for FY 2000.

I am pleased to provide this recommendation to you. I am also sending a copy of this letter to the President of the Senate.

Sincerely,

Form 58hlol

Donna E. Shalala



THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES WASHINGTON, D.C. 20201

APR 1 1999

The Honorable Albert Gore, Jr. President of the Senate Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Mr. President:

Section 1886(e)(3) of the Social Security Act (the Act) requires me to report to Congress the initial estimate of the applicable percentage increase in hospital inpatient payment rates for fiscal year (FY) 2000 that I will recommend for hospitals subject to the Medicare prospective payment system (PPS) and for hospitals and units excluded from PPS. This submission constitutes the required report.

Current law mandates an update for all PPS hospitals equal to the market basket rate of increase (2.7 percent) minus 1.8 percentage points. However, based on the continuing decline in hospital operating costs and the related record high levels of hospital Medicare and total operating profit margins, we recommend an update for hospitals in both large urban and other areas of zero percent.

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Hospitals and distinct part hospital units excluded from PPS are paid based on their reasonable costs subject to a limit under the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982 (TEFRA). Current law mandates that the update for all hospitals and distinct part units excluded from PPS equals the rate of increase in the excluded hospital market basket less a percentage between 0 and 2.5 percentage points, depending on the hospital's costs in relation to its limit, or 0 if costs do not exceed two thirds of the limit. The President's FY 2000 budget incorporates an increase to the TEFRA limit using 2.7 percent for the excluded hospital market basket increase. Therefore, depending on the hospital's costs in relation to its limit, the update would be the market basket increase

Page 2 - The Honorable Albert Gore, Jr

minus a percentage between 0 and 2.5 percentage points, or 0. Thus, we recommend an increase in the TEFRA limits of between 0 and 2.7 percent.

My recommendation for the updates is based on cost projections used in the President's FY 2000 budget. A final recommendation on the appropriate percentage increases for FY 2000 will be made nearer the beginning of the new Federal fiscal year based on the most current market basket projection available at that time. The final recommendation will incorporate the Health Care Financing Administration's analysis of the latest estimates of all relevant factors, including recommendations by the Medicare Payment Advisory Commission.

Section 1886(d)(4)(C)(iv) of the Act also requires that I include in my report recommendations with respect to adjustments to the diagnosis-related group (DRG) weighting factors. At this time I do not anticipate recommending any adjustment to the DRG weighting factors for FY 2000.

I am pleased to provide this recommendation to you. I am also sending a copy of this letter to the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Sincerely,

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Donna E. Shalala

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#### Appendix D: Recommendation of Update Factors for Operating Cost Rates of Payment for Inpatient Hospital Services

#### I. Background

Several provisions of the Act address the setting of update factors for inpatient services furnished in FY 2000 by hospitals subject to the prospective payment system and those excluded from the prospective payment system. Section 1886(b)(3)(B)(i)(XV) of the Act sets the FY 2000 percentage increase in the operating cost standardized amounts equal to the rate of increase in the hospital market basket minus 1.8 percent for prospective payment hospitals in all areas. Section 1886(b)(3)(B)(iv) of the Act sets the FY 2000 percentage increase in the hospitalspecific rates applicable to sole community and Medicare-dependent, small rural hospitals equal to the rate set forth in section 1886(b)(3)(B)(i) of the Act, that is, the same update factor as all other hospitals subject to the prospective payment system, or the rate of increase in the market basket minus 1.8 percentage points. Under section 1886(b)(3)(B)(ii) of the Act, the FY 2000 percentage increase in the rate of increase limits for hospitals excluded from the prospective payment system ranges from the percentage increase in the excluded hospital market basket to 0 percent, depending on the hospital's costs in relation to its limit for the most recent cost reporting period for which information is available.

In accordance with section 1886(d)(3)(A) of the Act, we are proposing to update the standardized amounts, the hospital-specific rates, and the rate-of-increase limits for hospitals excluded from the prospective payment system as provided in section 1886(b)(3)(B) of the Act. Based on the first guarter 1999 forecast of the FY 2000 market basket increase of 2.7 percent for hospitals subject to the prospective payment system, the proposed updates to the standardized amounts are 0.9 percent (that is, the market basket rate of increase minus 1.8 percent percentage points) for hospitals in both large urban and other areas. The proposed update to the hospital-specific rate applicable to sole community and Medicare-dependent, small rural hospitals is also 0.9 percent. The proposed update for hospitals excluded from the prospective payment system would range from 0 percent to the percentage increase in the excluded hospital market basket (currently estimated at 2.6 percent).

Section 1886(e)(4) of the Act requires that the Secretary, taking into consideration the recommendations of the Medicare Payment Advisory Commission (MedPAC), recommend update factors for each fiscal year that take into account the amounts necessary for the efficient and effective delivery of medically appropriate and necessary care of high quality. Under section 1886(e)(5) of the Act, we are required to publish the update factors recommended under section 1886(e)(4) of the Act. Accordingly, this appendix provides the recommendations of appropriate update factors, the analysis underlying our recommendations, and our responses to the MedPAC recommendations concerning the update factors.

In its March 1, 1999 report, MedPAC stated that the legislated update of market basket increase minus 1.8 percentage points would provide a reasonable level of payment to hospitals. Although MedPAC suggests that a somewhat lower update could be justified in light of changes in the utilization and provision of hospital inpatient care, the Commission does not believe it is necessary to recommend a lower update for FY 2000. MedPAC did not make a separate recommendation for the hospital-specific rates applicable to sole community and Medicare-dependent, small rural hospitals. We discuss MedPAC's recommendations concerning the update factors and our responses to these recommendations below.

## II. Secretary's Recommendations

Under section 1886(e)(4) of the Act, we are recommending that an appropriate update factor for the standardized amounts is 0.0 percentage points for hospitals located in large urban and other areas. We are also recommending an update of 0.0 percentage points to the hospital-specific rate for sole community hospitals and Medicaredependent, small rural hospitals. These figures are consistent with the President's FY 2000 budget recommendations. We believe these recommended update factors would ensure that Medicare acts as a prudent purchaser and provide incentives to hospitals for increased efficiency, thereby contributing to the solvency of the Medicare Part A Trust Fund. When the President's budget was submitted, the market basket rate of increase was projected at 2.7 percent. This proposed recommendation is based on a more recent forecast of the market basket, although still 2.7 percent.

We recommend that hospitals excluded from the prospective payment system receive an update of between 0 and 2.6 percentage points. The update for excluded hospitals and units is equal to the increase in the excluded hospital operating market basket less a percentage between 0 and 2.5 percentage points, or 0 percentage points, depending on the hospital's or unit's costs in relation to its rate-of-increase limit. The market basket rate of increase is currently forecast at 2.6 percent. This recommendation is consistent with the President's FY 2000 budget, although we note that the market basket rate of increase was forecast at 2.7 percent when the budget was submitted.

As required by section 1886(e)(4) of the Act, we have taken into consideration the recommendations of MedPAC in setting these recommended update factors. Our responses to the MedPAC recommendations concerning the update factors are discussed below.

#### III. MedPAC Recommendations for Updating the Prospective Payment System Standardized Amounts

For FY 2000, MedPAC's update framework would support an update to the standardized amounts under the prospective payment system between the increase in the hospital market basket minus 2.5 percentage points and the increase in the hospital market basket plus 0.1 percentage points. MedPAC notes that hospital total revenue margins have continued to increase this decade and the percentage of hospitals with negative total revenue margins remains much lower than it was a decade ago. Thus, MedPAC believes the statutory update of market basket increase minus 1.8 percentage points for FY 2000 is reasonable and appropriate.

MedPAC's estimate of the market basket increase is 2.3 percent, based on the fourth quarter 1998 estimate. MedPAC's market basket estimate focuses on employee compensation changes in the hospital industry and the economy in general, while HCFA's market basket forecast gives less weight to the projected changes in the hospital industry's wages. When MedPAC published its recommendations, HCFA's market basket forecast was 2.5 percent. Thus, MedPAC's update framework reflects a 0.2 percent adjustment for this difference.

*Response:* Our update recommendation of 0.0 percent is within the range of updates MedPAC has suggested for the prospective payment system hospitals, albeit at the low end. Our recommendation is supported by the following analyses that measure changes in hospital productivity, scientific and technological advances, practice pattern changes, and changes in case mix:

a. Productivity. Service level productivity is defined as the ratio of total service output to full-time equivalent employees (FTEs). While we recognize that productivity is a function of many variables (for example, labor, nonlabor material, and capital inputs), we use a labor productivity measure since this update framework applies to operating payment. To recognize that we are apportioning the short run output changes to the labor input and not considering the nonlabor inputs, we weight our productivity measure for operating costs by the share of direct labor services in the market basket rate of increase to determine the expected effect on cost per case.

Our recommendation for the service productivity component is based on historical trends in productivity and total output for both the hospital industry and the general economy, and projected levels of future hospital service output. MedPAC's predecessor, the Prospective Payment Assessment Commission (ProPAC), estimated cumulative service productivity growth to be 4.9 percent from 1985 through 1989, or 1.2 percent annually. At the same time, ProPAC estimated total output growth at 3.4 percent annually, implying a ratio of service productivity growth to output growth of 0.35.

Since it is not possible at this time to develop a productivity measure specific to Medicare patients, we examined productivity (output per hour) and output (gross domestic product) for the economy. Depending on the exact time period, annual changes in productivity range from 0.3 to 0.35 percent of the change in output (that is, a 1.0 percent increase in output would be correlated with a 0.3 to 0.35 percent change in output per hour).

Under our framework, the recommended update is based in part on expected productivity-that is, projected service output during the year, multiplied by the historical ratio of service productivity to total service output, multiplied by the share of labor in total operating inputs, as calculated in the hospital market basket rate of increase. This method estimates an expected labor productivity improvement in the same proportion to expected total service growth that has occurred in the past and assumes that, at a minimum, growth in FTEs changes proportionally to the growth in total service output. Thus, the recommendation allows for unit productivity to be smaller than the historical averages in years that output growth is relatively low and larger in years that output growth is higher than the historical averages. Based on the above estimates from both the hospital industry and the economy, we have chosen to employ the range of ratios of productivity change to output change of 0.30 to 0.35.

The expected change in total hospital service output is the product of projected growth in total admissions (adjusted for outpatient usage), projected real case-mix growth, expected quality enhancing intensity growth, and net of expected decline in intensity due to reduction of cost ineffective practice. Case-mix growth and intensity numbers for Medicare are used as proxies for those of the total hospital, since case-mix increases (used in the intensity measure as well) are unavailable for non-Medicare patients. Thus, expected output growth is simply the sum of the expected change in intensity (0.0 percent), projected admissions change (1.0 percent for FY 2000), and projected real case-mix growth (0.5 percent), or 1.5 percent. The share of direct labor services in the market basket rate of increase (consisting of wages, salaries, and employee benefits) is 61.4 percent.

Multiplying the expected change in total hospital service output (1.5 percent) by the ratio of historical service productivity change to total service growth of 0.30 to 0.35 and by the direct labor share percentage 61.4, provides our productivity standard of 0.3 percent, thus our recommendation includes a – 0.3 percent update for improved productivity.

In past years, MedPAC's recommendation has taken into account product change. This year, while there is not a specific mention of product change in MedPAC's recommendation, similar factors do appear in their discussion of "site of service substitution." HCFA takes this factor into account when measuring change in intensity, as discussed below. In addition, MedPAC's update framework contains a productivity adjustment of between – 1.0 to 0.0 percent, which is slightly more optimistic than our estimate.

b. *Intensity*. We base our intensity standard on the combined effect of three separate factors: changes in the use of quality enhancing services, changes in the use of services due to shifts in within-DRG severity, and changes in the use of services due to reductions of cost-ineffective practices. For FY 2000, we recommend an adjustment of 0.0 percent. The basis of this recommendation is discussed below.

We have no empirical evidence that accurately gauges the level of qualityenhancing technology changes. A study published in the Winter 1992 issue of the *Health Care Financing Review*, "Contributions of case mix and intensity change to hospital cost increases" (pp. 151– 163), suggests that one-third of the intensity change is attributable to high-cost technology. The balance was unexplained but the authors speculated that it is attributable to fixed costs in service delivery.

Typically, a specific new technology increases cost in some uses and decreases cost in other uses. Concurrently, health status is improved in some situations while in other situations it may be unaffected or even worsened using the same technology. It is difficult to separate out the relative significance of each of the cost increasing effects for individual technologies and new technologies.

All things being equal, per-discharge fixed costs tend to fluctuate in inverse proportion to changes in volume. Fixed costs exist whether patients are treated or not. If volume is declining, per-discharge fixed costs will rise, but the reverse is true if volume is increasing.

Following methods developed by HCFA's Office of the Actuary for deriving hospital output estimates from total hospital charges, we have developed Medicare-specific intensity measures based on a 5-year average using FYs 1994 through 1998 MedPAR billing data. Case-mix constant intensity is calculated as the change in total Medicare charges per discharge adjusted for changes in the average charge per unit of service as measured by the Medical CPI hospital component and changes in real case mix. Thus, in order to measure changes in intensity, one must measure changes in real case mix.

For FYs 1994 through 1998, observed casemix index change ranged from a low of -.04 percent to a high of 1.7 percent, with a 5-year average change of 1.0 percent. Based on evidence from past studies of case-mix change, we estimate that real case-mix change fluctuates between 1.0 and 1.4 percent and the observed values generally fall in this range, although some years the figures fall outside this range. The average percentage change in charge per discharge was 2.9 percent and the average annual change in the medical CPI was 4.6 percent. Dividing the change in charge per discharge by the quantity of the real case-mix index change and the medical CPI, yields an average annual change in intensity of -2.9percent. Assuming the technology/fixed cost ratio still holds, technology would account for a -1.0 percent annual decline while fixed costs would account for a -1.9 percent annual decline. The decline in fixed costs per discharge makes intuitive sense as volume,

measured by total discharges, has increased during the period. Since we estimate that intensity has declined during that period, we are recommending a 0.0 percent intensity adjustment for FY 2000.

MedPAC does not make an intensity recommendation per se, but its recommendation for the FY 2000 update includes two categories that we consider to be comparable with our intensity recommendation. MedPAC is recommending a 0.5 to 1.0 update for scientific and technological advances to account for increased costs of systems conversions necessary for computer compliance on January 1, 2000. MedPAC's recommendation also takes into account the increasingly apparent trend of some acute care providers to shift care to a postacute care facility. While this can occur for many reasons, there is good reason to suspect prospective payment system payment limits. Accordingly, MedPAC recommends an adjustment of -1.8to -0.9 for site-of-care substitution.

As we mentioned in last year's final rule, higher input prices that hospitals incur to convert computer systems to be complaint on January 1, 2000, will be accounted for through the market basket. We agree with MedPAC that the site of care substitution effect is real and believe that it is factored into our intensity recommendation.

c. *Change in Case-Mix*. Our analysis takes into account projected changes in case-mix, adjusted for changes attributable to improved coding practices. For our FY 2000 update recommendation, we are projecting a 0.5 percent increase in the case-mix index. Unlike in past years, where we differentiated between "real" case-mix increase and increases attributable to changes in coding behavior, we do not feel changes in coding behavior will impact the overall case-mix in FY 2000. As such, we project the entire change will be "real."

MedPAC also does not expect any case-mix change due to coding changes. MedPAC's estimate of overall case-mix change ranges from 0.0 to 0.2 percentage points for FY 2000.

d. Effect of FY 1998 DRG Reclassification and Recalibration. We estimate that DRG reclassification and recalibration for FY 1998 resulted in a 0.7 percent decrease in the casemix index when compared with the case-mix index that would have resulted if we had not made the reclassification and recalibration changes to the GROUPER. MedPAC does not make an adjustment for DRG reclassification and recalibration in its update recommendation.

We make a forecast error correction if the actual market basket change for a previous fiscal year differs from the forecasted market basket by 0.25 percentage points or more. Our update framework for FY 2000 does not reflect a forecast error correction because, for FY 1998, there was less than a 0.25 percentage point difference between the actual market basket and the forecasted market basket.

	HHS	MedPAC
Market Basket	MB	МВ
Difference between HCFA & MedPAC Market Baskets		-0.4
Subtotal	MB	MB
Policy Adjustments Factors:		
Productivity	–0.3	
Site of Service Substitution	(3)	-1.8 to -0.9
Intensity		
Science & Technology		0.5 to 1.0
Practice Patterns		(1)
Real Within DRG Change		(2)
Subtotal	-0.3	-2.3 to 0.1
Case-Mix Adjustment Factors:		
Projected Case-Mix Change	-0.5.	
Real Across DRG Change	0.5	0.0
Real Within DRG Change	(3)	0.0 to 0.2
Subtotal	0.0	0.0 to 0.2
Effect of 1998 Reclassification & Recalibration		
Forecast Error Correction		0.0
Total Recommended Update		MB -2.7 to MB 0.1

TABLE 1.—COMPARISON OF FY 2000 UPDATE RECOMMENDATIONS

<sup>1</sup> Included in MedPAC's Productivity Measure.

<sup>2</sup> Included in MedPAC's Case-Mix Ádjustment.

<sup>3</sup> Included in HHS' Intensity Factor.

While the above analysis would support a recommendation that the update be no less than the market basket minus 1.0 percentage points, we are recommending an update of 0.0 percentage points. We note that had our framework included the negative intensity adjustment, the framework would have suggested an update in the range of market basket increase minus 3.9 percentage points and market basket increase minus 2.0 percentage points. However, consistent with past update recommendations, we did not make a negative adjustment for intensity this year. A negative intensity adjustment would capture the site of care substitution adjustment in MedPAC's recommendation. In conjunction with our Office of Actuary, we do intend to reexamine our update framework and the appropriateness of a negative intensity adjustment.

For FY 2000, we believe that a 0.0 update factor appropriately reflects current trends in health care delivery, including the recent decreases in the use of hospital inpatient services and the corresponding increase in the use of hospital outpatient and postacute care services. Our recommendation is within the range of MedPAC's recommendation. We also recommend that the hospital-specific rates applicable to sole community hospitals be increased by the same update, 0.0 percentage points.

#### IV. MedPAC Recommendation for Updating the Rate-of-Increase Limits for Excluded Hospitals and Hospital Units (Recommendation 4A)

For hospitals and units excluded from the prospective payment system, MedPAC's recommendation is that the Secretary "should increase the market basket amount in the target amount update formula by 0.4 percentage points for fiscal year 2000." For cost reporting periods beginning in FY 2000, the statute provides that the update to the target amounts for excluded hospitals or units is equal to the increase in the excluded hospital operating market basket less a percentage between 0 and 2.5 percentage points, or 0 percent, depending on the hospital's or unit's costs in relation to its target amount for the most recent cost reporting period for which information is available. MedPAC believes that the update

formula for excluded hospitals should be adjusted upward by 0.4 percentage points, to reflect (1) a -0.1 percent adjustment for differences between HCFA's and MedPAC's market baskets and (2) a 0.5 percent adjustment for scientific and technological advances.

*Response:* We believe that the statutory update is adequate and that an upward adjustment to the statutory formula is unnecessary. Thus, we recommend that hospitals excluded from the prospective payment system receive an update between 0 percent and the increase in the market basket for excluded hospitals. Overall declines in inpatient operating costs and high levels of Medicare profit margins support our recommendation. We believe this update would ensure that Medicare acts as a prudent purchaser and would provide incentives to hospitals for increased efficiency, thereby contributing to the solvency of the Medicare Part A Trust Fund.

[FR Doc. 99–11200 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4120–01–P



Friday May 7, 1999

# Part III

# Department of Justice

Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention

Internet Crimes Against Children Task Force Program; Notice

# DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

# Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention

# [OJP (OJJDP)-1222]

# RIN 1121-ZB55

# Internet Crimes Against Children Task Force Program

**AGENCY:** Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, Office of Justice Programs, Justice.

**ACTION:** Announcement of Discretionary Competitive Assistance Grant.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP), pursuant to Public Law 105-277, October 19, 1998, Making Appropriations for the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies for the Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 1999, is requesting applications from State and local law enforcement agencies interested in participating in the Internet Crimes Against Children Task Force (ICAC Task Force) Program. The ICAC Task Force Program encourages communities to develop regional multidisciplinary, multijurisdictional task forces to prevent, interdict, and investigate sexual exploitation offenses against children by offenders using online technology.

**DATES:** Applications must be received by June 21, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Interested applicants must obtain an application kit from the Juvenile Justice Clearinghouse at 800– 638–8736. The application kit is also available at OJJDP's Web site at www.ojjdp.ncjrs.org.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Michael Medaris, ICAC Task Force Program Manager, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, 202–616–8937. [This is not a toll-free number.]

#### SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:

#### Purpose

The purpose of this program is to assist State and local law enforcement agencies to enhance their investigative response to sexual exploitation of children by offenders using the Internet, online communication systems, or other computer technology. For purposes of this program announcement, "Internet crimes against children (ICAC)" refers to sexual exploitation of children that is facilitated by computers and includes crimes of child pornography and online solicitation for sexual purposes.

# Background

In his 1984 novel, *Neuromancer*, William Gibson created a world he named "Cyberspace." Gibson theorized that online human interaction with computers would create a virtual universe where electronic actions could entail physical repercussions. Fifteen years later, cyberspace is a reality. Started by the Internet, accelerated by the World Wide Web, and fueled by the data demands of the Information Age, today's cyberspace covers the entire world through instantaneous information exchange.

Industry experts estimate that more than 10 million children currently go online and, by the year 2002, 45 million children will use cyberspace to talk with friends, explore the universe, or complete homework assignments. In cyberspace, children are a mouse click away from exploring our greatest museums, libraries, and universities. Unfortunately, they are also a mouse click away from sexual exploitation and victimization.

While providing almost limitless opportunities to learn, the Internet has also become the new schoolyard for predators seeking children to victimize. Yesterday's enticements of puppy dogs and candy bars are augmented in today's chat rooms with anonymity and pornography. Cloaked in the anonymity of cyberspace, sex offenders can capitalize on the natural curiosity of children, seeking victims with little risk of detection. Preferential sex offenders 1 no longer need to lurk in parks and malls. Instead, they can roam from chat room to chat room trolling for children susceptible to victimization. This alarming trend has grave implications for parents, teachers, and law enforcement officers because it circumvents conventional safeguards in place for the physical world and provides sex offenders virtually unlimited opportunities for unsupervised contact with children.

In 1982, New York v. Ferber (458 U.S. 747), the Supreme Court stated: "The distribution of photographs and films depicting sexual activity by juveniles is intrinsically related to the sexual abuse of children \* \* \* the materials produced are a permanent record of the children's participation and the harm to the child is exacerbated by their circulation." There are much more insidious implications to child pornography than the mere depiction of a child's molestation. It not only depicts the sexual assault of a child, but is also

used by child molesters to recruit, seduce, and control future victims. While not all molesters collect pornography and not all child pornography collectors molest children, there is a significant consensus among law enforcement officers about the role pornography plays in recruiting and controlling additional victims. Child pornography is used to break down inhibitions, validate sex between children and adults as normal, and control the victim throughout the molestation. When the offender loses interest, it is often used as blackmail to ensure the child's silence and in these most egregious cases, child pornography allows the molester to go unpunished and what is most important and indeed tragic-the victim untreated. It is clear to OJJDP that this inexorable confluence of the increasing online presence of children, the proliferation of child pornography, and predators ceaselessly searching for unsupervised contact with underage victims presents a significant threat to the health and safety of children and a formidable challenge for law enforcement today and into the foreseeable future.

Many factors complicate law enforcement's response to these challenges. Because the Internet transcends State and local boundaries, very few investigations begin and end within the same jurisdiction. Most investigations involve multiple jurisdictions, which then require close coordination and cooperation between Federal, State, and local law enforcement agencies.

Evidence collection in cases of Internet crimes against children invariably requires specialized knowledge. Many preferential sex offenders tend to be avid recordkeepers, and their computers, magnetic media, and related equipment can be rich sources of evidence. However, routine forensic examination procedures are insufficient for seizing, preserving, and analyzing this information. In addition, specific legal issues regarding property and privacy rights may be triggered with the seizure of computers and related technology.

When appropriate, medical and psychological evaluation of child victims should also be a part of the law enforcement response. While ensuring that injuries or diseases related to the exploitation are treated, forensic medical examinations can also provide crucial corroborative evidence.

Routine interviewing practices are inadequate for collecting evidence from child victims of Internet crimes. Some children deny they are victims because of embarrassment or fear of ridicule

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For the purposes of this program, "preferential sex offenders" are defined as individuals whose primary sexual focus is children.

from their peers or discipline from their parents. Others bond with the offender, remain susceptible to further manipulation, and resent what they perceive as interference from law enforcement. Investigators who lack understanding of the dynamics of juvenile sexual exploitation risk losing information critical for conviction of the perpetrator or identification of additional victims.

The factors cited above almost routinely complicate the investigative process, and while no two cases will raise identical issues of jurisdiction, evidence collection, and victim services, it is logical to presume that investigations characterized by a multijurisdictional, multidisciplinary approach are more likely to result in successful prosecutions.

A variety of Federal activities are assisting and can further assist law enforcement in responding to these offenses. The Innocent Images program, located in the Federal Bureau of Investigation's (FBI's) Baltimore Field Division, works specifically on computer-facilitated child sexual exploitation cases and has developed substantial technical and investigative expertise. Each FBI Field Division has two designated Crimes Against Children coordinators who work with State and local law enforcement agencies to investigate and prosecute child abduction and exploitation cases that transcend jurisdictional boundaries.

The U.S. Customs Service (USCS) and the U.S. Postal Inspection Service (USPIS) have successfully investigated hundreds of child pornography cases and have developed specialized expertise in undercover operations targeting preferential sex offenders and child pornography.

With OJJDP and private sector funding, the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children (NCMEC) serves as the national resource center and clearinghouse for missing and exploited children issues. NCMEC's Exploited Child Unit coordinates a comprehensive training and technical assistance program that includes prevention and awareness activities, and the CyberTipline (www.missingkids.com). The Tipline collects online reports from citizens regarding computer-facilitated sexual exploitation of children and rapidly forwards the information to law enforcement agencies with investigative jurisdiction. Brought online in March 1998, the CyberTipline has provided information that has enabled law enforcement officers to arrest individuals seeking sex with underage victims and safely recover and return

children enticed from home by sex offenders.

NCMEC's law enforcement training and technical assistance program was developed in partnership with the FBI, OJJDP, USCS, USPIS, and the Child Exploitation and Obscenity Section (CEOS) of the Criminal Division, U.S. Department of Justice. NCMEC has also developed a broad-based education and awareness campaign that features the Kids and Company curriculum, Know the Rules teen awareness program, and two pamphlets, Child Safety on the Information Highway and Teen Safety on the Information Highway, that provide information about safe Internet practices for children and youth. These programs and materials are offered free of charge, and OJJDP encourages communities working on child victimization issues to use them. Additional information regarding NCMEC's broad array of services for children, parents, educators, and law enforcement officers can be obtained by calling 800-843-5678 or by accessing NCMEC's Web site at www.missingkids.com.

In fiscal year (FY) 1998, OJJDP awarded funds to 10 State or local law enforcement agencies to develop regional multijurisdictional and multiagency task forces to prevent, interdict, and investigate ICAC offenses. Under the Internet Crimes Against Children Task Force (ICAC Task Force) Program, the following jurisdictions received FY 1998 funding: Bedford County, Virginia, Sheriff's Department; Broward County, Florida, Sheriff's Department; Colorado Springs Colorado, Police Department; Dallas, Texas, Police Department; Illinois State Police; New York State Division of Criminal Justices Services; Portsmouth, New Hampshire, Police Department; Sacramento County, California, Sheriff's Office; South Carolina Office of the Attorney General; and Wisconsin Department of Justice. These agencies have become regional clusters of ICAC technical and investigative expertise and offer prevention and investigative services to children, parents, educators, law enforcement officers, and other individuals working on child sexual exploitation issues.

In the 21st century, law enforcement will be increasingly challenged by sex offenders using computer technology to victimize children. To help meet this challenge, at the direction of Congress, OJJDP is continuing a competitive grant program, the ICAC Task Force Program, which will award cooperative agreements to State and local law enforcement agencies seeking to improve their investigative response to the computer-facilitated sexual exploitation of children.

#### **Program Strategy**

The OJJDP ICAC Task Force Program seeks to enhance the national response by developing a State and local law enforcement network composed of regional task forces. The program encourages communities to develop multijurisdictional and multiagency responses and provides funding to enable State and local law enforcement agencies to acquire the knowledge, personnel resources, and specialized equipment to prevent, interdict, or investigate ICAC offenses. Although the ICAC Task Force Program emphasizes law enforcement investigations, OJJDP encourages jurisdictions to include intervention, prevention, and victim services activities as part of their comprehensive approach.

A total of \$2.4 million is available to fund new ICAC Task Force Program grants in FY 1999. OJJDP intends to award 8 to 10 new cooperative agreement awards of up to \$300,000 each to State or local law enforcement agencies or combinations of State or local law enforcement agencies. Successful applicants will be expected to serve as regional clusters of ICAC technical and investigative expertise, collaborate with existing OJJDP ICAC Task Forces, and become part of a national law enforcement network designed to protect children on the information highway.

Cooperative agreements will be competitively awarded as follows:

• At least two cooperative agreements will be reserved for rural States or rural jurisdictions.<sup>2</sup>

• No more than two cooperative agreements will be awarded to jurisdictions proposing to expand existing ICAC law enforcement programs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>For the purposes of the ICAC Program, a "rural State" means a State that has a population density of 52 or fewer persons per square mile or a State in which the largest county has fewer than 150,000 population based on the decennial census of 1990 through FY 1997. "A rural area or jurisdiction" means one that lies outside a Metropolitan Area (MA) as determined by the Office of Management and Budget as of June 30, 1996, and that has a total population of no more than 100,000, based on the most recent census data. Tribal governments and small towns and cites may be included in this definition, provided they meet the above criteria. In small jurisdictions where the larger surrounding jurisdiction is responsible for providing any of the necessary human services (probation, law enforcement, social services, etc.), a joint application is recommended. To determine if a jurisdiction is within an MA and therefore not considered a rural jurisdiction under the ICAC Task Force Program, visit the Census Web site at www.census.gov/population/www/metroarea.html.

• Applicants from States where there are existing OJJDP ICAC Task Forces, *i.e.*, California, Colorado, Florida, Illinois, New Hampshire, New York, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, and Wisconsin, must clearly indicate protocols or procedures to coordinate their investigations and other activities with existing Task Forces within their States.

Successful applicants will develop or enhance an investigative ICAC response that includes prevention, education, and victim services activities and investigators working in a multiagency, interdisciplinary task force environment.

#### **Eligibility Requirements**

Applicants must be State and/or local law enforcement agencies. Joint applications from two or more eligible applicants are welcome; however, one applicant must be clearly indicated as the primary applicant (for correspondence, award, and management purposes) and the other(s) indicated as coapplicant(s).

Applications should include evidence of multidisciplinary, multijurisdictional partnerships among public agencies, private organizations, community-based groups, and prosecutors' offices. Applications should also include prevention activities.

#### Goal

To enhance State and local law enforcement ICAC investigative response.

#### **Objectives**

Projects must accomplish the following objectives:

• Develop or expand multiagency, multijurisdictional task forces that include, but are not limited to, representatives from law enforcement, prosecution, victim services, and child protective services agencies. Relevant nongovernment organizations may also be included, and OJJDP encourages applicants to invite task force participation by Federal law enforcement.

• Institute policies and procedures that comply with the OJJDP ICAC Task Force Program Operational and Investigative Standards (see "OJJDP Program Management" below). Requests from eligible law enforcement agencies for copies of this document must be faxed on official letterhead to the Juvenile Justice Clearinghouse at 301– 519–5600 (Attention: Corey Mackison).

• Ensure investigative capacity by properly equipping and training ICAC Task Force investigators. Task Force investigators should be computer literate, knowledgeable regarding child exploitation issues, and familiar with Federal and State statutes and caselaw pertaining to ICAC investigations.

• Develop and maintain case management systems to document reported offenses and investigative results and to make or receive outside agency referrals of ICAC cases.

• Develop response protocols or memorandums of understandings that foster collaboration, information sharing, and service integration among public and private organizations to provide services to sexually exploited children.

# **OJJDP Program Management**

On the information highway, conventional law enforcement boundaries are virtually meaningless and the governing factors of time, place, and distance lose their sway. Offenders eagerly adapted the jurisdictional murkiness and metaphysical aspects of the Internet to further their criminal activities. These factors, which are conducive to criminal activity, present unique coordination and communication challenges for State and local law enforcement.

Few ICAC cases start and end within same the jurisdiction, and investigations usually cross town, State, or even international borders. Accordingly, nearly all ICAC investigations involve multiple jurisdictions and require interagency coordination and communication. Absent meaningful case coordination, it is likely that law enforcement will simultaneously investigate identical suspects and organizations or target undercover operatives of other law enforcement agencies. Lack of communication and coordination can also contribute to law enforcement officers inadvertently disrupting clandestine investigations of other agencies.

The obvious need for interagency cooperation and coordination also galvanizes interest in establishing standards for ICAC undercover investigations. Representatives from Federal, State, and local law enforcement agencies have repeatedly expressed concern about initiating investigations that are based on referrals from outside agencies that may be predicated on information acquired through inappropriate officer conduct or investigative techniques.

The clandestine nature of undercover operations along with the Internet's metaphysical aspect significantly exacerbates these concerns. Undercover operations, when executed and documented properly, collect virtually unassailable evidence regarding a suspect's predilection to sexually exploit children. These operations allow law enforcement to go on the offensive and—what is most important—children do not have to be victimized to bring a case. While there is substantial consensus that carefully managed undercover operations by well-trained officers are very effective, they also generate significant concerns regarding legal, coordination, communication, and resource management issues.

To address these concerns, OJJDP's overall ICAC Task Force program management involves:

• Ensuring that ICAC Task Force personnel are adequately trained and equipped.

• Establishing and/or maintaining ICAC Task Force investigative standards to facilitate interagency case referrals.

• Advocating coordination and collaboration among Federal, State, and local law enforcement agencies investigating ICAC offenses.

• Fostering meaningful information sharing to avoid redundant investigations or activities that could disrupt ongoing investigations of other agencies.

• Maintaining a national oversight board composed of local prosecutors and law enforcement executives to review undercover operations proposals and to formulate policy for the operation of the ICAC Task Force Program.

OJJDP has established ICAC Task Force operational and investigative standards through a collaborative process with the 10 original ICAC Task Force agencies and the FBI, NCMEC, USCS, USPIS, CEOS, and the Executive Office for United States Attorneys. The standards were designed by the Task Force agencies to foster information sharing, coordinate investigations, ensure the probative quality of undercover operations, and facilitate interagency case referrals through standardization of investigative practices.

OJJDP has also established an ICAC Task Force Review Board (Board) to assist in the administration of the ICAC Task Force Program. As a condition of award, each grantee designates a policylevel law enforcement official or prosecutor to be a Board member. Although the Board's primary responsibility is to review proposed undercover operations for compliance with the standards, a major focus of the Board is to encourage case coordination and facilitate information sharing on trends, innovative investigative techniques, and prosecution strategies. Technical advice is provided to the

Board by CEOS, the FBI, and other Federal law enforcement agencies.

In addition, each ICAC Task Force member sends at least one investigator and one policy-level official to the ICAC Task Force orientation seminar. The next seminar, scheduled for September 26-30, 1999, at NCMEC's Jimmy Ryce Law Enforcement Training Center, was developed by OJJDP and NCMEC in consultation with Federal law enforcement agencies. The seminar will provide information regarding legal issues, specific investigative techniques, undercover operation documentation requirements, behavioral characteristics of preferential sex offenders, and other topics relevant to child exploitation cases.

Expenses associated with attendance at the orientation seminar will be reimbursed by OJJDP and NCMEC. Expenses associated with Board responsibilities will be covered by grant funds.

#### Selection Criteria

The OJJDP Administrator is committed to the concept of a national network of State and local law enforcement to respond to online enticement and child pornography offenses. Under this concept, the ICAC Task Forces will be positioned throughout the country to serve as regional sources of technical, educational, and investigative expertise to provide assistance to parents, teachers, law enforcement, and other professionals working on child sexual exploitation issues. Therefore, in selecting applicants, consideration will be given to achieving an equitable geographic distribution.

OJJDP will convene a peer review panel to evaluate and rank applications and to make funding recommendations to the OJJDP Administrator. Although peer review recommendations are given weight, they are advisory only and final award decisions will be made by the OJJDP Administrator. OJJDP will negotiate specific terms of the award with applicants being considered for the award. Applicants will be evaluated and rated according to the criteria outlined below.

# Problem(s) To Be Addressed (10 points)

The applicant should clearly identify the need for this project and demonstrate an understanding of the program concept. While OJJDP recognizes that Internet crimes against children are an emerging problem, applicants should include data that illustrate the size and scope of the problem in the State and local jurisdiction, where available. If statistics or other research findings are used to support a statement or position, applicants must include the relevant source information.

# Goals and Objectives (10 points)

Applicants must establish clearly defined, measurable, and attainable goals and objectives for this program.

# Project Design (35 points)

The applicant must present a clear workplan that contains program elements directly linked to the achievement of the project objectives. The workplan must indicate significant project milestones, product due dates, and the nature of the products to be delivered. The applicant must explain in clear terms how the State or local task force will be developed and implemented. In those States currently participating in the OJJDP ICAC Task Force Program, an explanation of how activities will be coordinated with the existing OJJDP ICAC Task Force must be included. In addition, letters of support from State and local prosecution offices and the cognizant United States Attorney should be provided.

# Management and Organizational Capability (30 points)

Applicant's management structure and staffing must be adequate and appropriate for the successful implementation of the project. Applicants must present a workplan that identifies responsible individuals, their time commitment, major tasks, and milestones. Applicants must describe how Internet crimes against children activities will be continued following Federal funding support. In addition, direct letters of support from State and local prosecution offices and the local district United States Attorney should be provided.

#### Budget (15 points)

Applicants must provide a proposed budget that is complete, detailed, reasonable, allowable, and cost effective in relation to the activities to be undertaken. Budgets must allow for required travel, including four trips for one individual to the quarterly ICAC Task Force Board meetings.

#### Format

The narrative must not exceed 35 pages in length (excluding forms, assurances, and appendixes) and must be submitted on 8½- by 11-inch paper, double-spaced on one side of the paper in a standard 12-point font. These requirements are necessary to maintain fair and uniform standards among all applicants. If the narrative does not

conform to these standards, OJJDP will deem the application ineligible for consideration.

# **Award Period**

The project will be for up to an 18month budget and project period. Funding of the project beyond the initial project period will be contingent upon performance of the grantee, and availability of funds.

# **Award Amount**

The total amount available for this program is \$2.4 million. OJJDP intends to award 8 to 10 cooperative agreements of up to \$300,000 each for the 18-month project period.

# Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) Number

For this program, the CFDA number, which is required on Standard Form 424, Application for Federal Assistance, is 16.543. This form is included in OJJDP's Application Kit, which can be obtained by calling the Juvenile Justice Clearinghouse at 800–638–8736 or sending an e-mail request to askncjrs@ncjrs.org. The kit is also available online at www.ojjdp.ncjrs.org.

# **Coordination of Federal Efforts**

To encourage better coordination among Federal agencies in addressing State and local needs, the U.S. Department of Justice is requesting applicants to provide information on the following: (1) active Federal grant award(s) supporting this or related efforts, including awards from the U.S. Department of Justice; (2) any pending application(s) for Federal funds for this or related efforts; and (3) plans for coordinating any funds described in items (1) or (2) with the funding sought by this application. For each Federal award, applicants must include the program or project title, the Federal grantor agency, the amount of the award, and a brief description of its purpose.

"Related efforts" is defined for these purposes as one of the following:

• Efforts for the same purpose (*i.e.*, the proposed award would supplement, expand, complement, or continue activities funded with other Federal grants).

• Another phase or component of the same program or project (*e.g.*, to implement a planning effort funded by other Federal funds or to provide a substance abuse treatment or education component within a criminal justice project).

• Services of some kind (*e.g.,* technical assistance, research, or

evaluation) to the program or project described in the application.

# **Delivery Instructions**

All application packages should be mailed or delivered to the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, c/o Juvenile Justice Resource Center, 2277 Research Boulevard, Mail Stop 2K, Rockville, MD 20850; 301–519–5535. Note: In the lower left-hand corner of the envelope, the applicant must clearly write "Internet Crimes Against Children Task Force Program."

# **Due Date**

Applicants are responsible for ensuring that the original and five copies of the application package are received by 5 p.m. EDT on June 21, 1999.

#### Contact

For further information, call Michael Medaris, ICAC Task Force Program Manager, Missing and Exploited Children's Program, 202–616–3637, or send an e-mail inquiry to medarism@ojp.usdoj.gov.

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Dated: May 3, 1999.

# Shay Bilchik,

Administrator, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention. [FR Doc. 99–11433 Filed 5–6–99: 8:45 am]

[FR Doc. 99–11433 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–18–P



Friday May 7, 1999

# Part IV

# Department of Education

34 CFR Part 300 Assistance to States for the Education of Children With Disabilities; Final Rule

# DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

# 34 CFR Part 300

# RIN 1820-AB40

# Assistance to States for the Education of Children With Disabilities

**AGENCY:** Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services, Department of Education.

**ACTION:** Final regulations; preamble amendment.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of Education published in the **Federal Register** on March 12, 1999 (64 FR 12406), the final regulations for Assistance to States for the Education of Children with Disabilities and Early Intervention Program for Infants and Toddlers with Disabilities. The preamble to the final regulations did not include information concerning the biennial performance report. This document supplements the preamble of that document by adding the necessary information:

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Joleta Reynolds, U.S. Department of Education, 400 Maryland Avenue, SW., Room 3090, Mary E. Switzer Building, Washington, DC 20202. Individuals who use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) may call (202) 205–5465 or the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at 1–800–877–8339 between 8:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m., Eastern time, Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

Individuals with disabilities may obtain this document in an alternate format (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, or computer diskette) on request to the contact person listed in the preceding paragraph.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The following information addresses the biennial performance report:

#### Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995

Sections 300.137–300.139 and 300.146 contain information collection requirements. As required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3507(d)), the Department of Education has submitted a copy of these sections to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for its review.

*Collection of Information:* Biennial Performance Report for Part B of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, §§ 300.137–300.139 and 300.146.

Each State educational agency is required to establish goals for the performance of children with disabilities in that State, and establish performance indicators the State will use to assess progress toward achieving those goals. The statute mandates that States report every two years to the Secretary the progress of the State, and of children with disabilities in the State, toward meeting the State's goals.

State educational agencies are required by statute to make reports available to the public regarding the number of children with disabilities who participate in regular assessments, and the number participating in alternate assessments. In the biennial performance report, State educational agencies are asked to provide the U.S. Department of Education with a copy of these reports.

In addition, the statute requires States to examine data to determine if significant discrepancies are occurring in the rate of long-term suspensions and expulsions of children. Since this information is relevant to drop-out rates for children with disabilities and graduation rates for children with disabilities, this information is included in the biennial performance report.

The statute also requires States to submit data to the Secretary to determine if a significant disproportionality based on race is occurring in the State with respect to the identification of children with disabilities. To reduce the reporting burden for States, this separate reporting requirement is combined with the biennial performance report.

The annual reporting and recordkeeping burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 20 hours biennially for each response for 58 respondents, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection information. Thus, the total annual reporting and recordkeeping burden for this collection is estimated to be 580 hours.

Organizations and individuals desiring to submit comments on the information collection requirements should direct them to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, OMB, room 10235, New Executive Office Building, Washington, DC 20503; Attention: Desk Officer for U.S. Department of Education.

The Department considers comments by the public on these proposed collections of information in—

• Evaluating whether the proposed collections of information are necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Department, including whether the information will have practical utility;

• Evaluating the accuracy of the Department's estimate of the burden of

the proposed collections of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

• Enhancing the quality, usefulness, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

• Minimizing the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology; e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

OMB is required to make a decision concerning the collections of information contained in these proposed regulations between 30 and 60 days after publication of this document in the **Federal Register**. Therefore, a comment to OMB is best assured of having its full effect if OMB receives it within 30 days of publication.

# **Electronic Access to This Document**

You may review this document, as well as all other Department of Education documents published in the **Federal Register**, in text or Adobe Portable Document Format (PDF) on the World Wide Web at either of the following sites:

# http://gcs.ed.gov/fedreg.htm

http://www.ed.gov/news.html

To use the PDF you must have the Adobe Acrobat Reader Program with Search, which is available free at either of the previous sites. If you have questions about using the PDF, call the U.S. Government Printing Office (GPO) at (202) 512–1530 or, toll free at 1–888– 293–6498.

**Note:** The official version of this document is the document published in the **Federal Register**. Free Internet access to the official edition of the **Federal Register** and the Code of Federal Regulations is available on GPO access at:

http://www.access.gpo.gov/nara/index.html

# List of Subjects in 34 CFR Part 300

Administrative practice and procedure, Education of individuals with disabilities, Elementary and secondary education, Equal educational opportunity, Grant programs education, Privacy, Private Schools, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number: 84.027 Assistance to States for the Education of Children with Disabilities) Dated: April 30, 1999. **Judith E. Heumann**, *Assistant Secretary for Special Education and Rehabilitative Services*. [FR Doc. 99–11321 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4000–01–P 

Friday May 7, 1999

# Part V

# Department of Housing and Urban Development

24 CFR Part 888 Fair Market Rents for the Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Program— Fiscal Year 2000; Proposed Rule

# DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

# 24 CFR Part 888

[Docket No. FR-4496-N-01]

# Fair Market Rents for the Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Program—Fiscal Year 2000

**AGENCY:** Office of the Secretary, HUD. **ACTION:** Notice of Proposed Fiscal Year (FY) 2000 Fair Market Rents (FMRs).

**SUMMARY:** Section 8(c)(1) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 requires the Secretary to publish FMRs annually to be effective on October 1 of each year. FMRs are used for the Section 8 Existing certificate and voucher program and the new merged tenant-based certificate and voucher program; the Moderate Rehabilitation Single Room Occupancy program; the project-based voucher program; and any other programs whose regulations specify their use. Today's notice proposes revised FMRs that reflect estimated 40th percentile rent levels trended to April 1, 2000.

**DATES:** Comments Due Date: July 6, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Interested persons are invited to submit comments regarding HUD's estimates of the FMRs as published in this Notice to the Office of the General Counsel, Rules Docket Clerk, Room 10276, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 Seventh Street SW, Washington, DC 20410. Communications should refer to the above docket number and title and should contain the information specified in the "Request for Comments" section. To ensure that the information is fully considered by all of the reviewers, each commenter is requested to submit two copies of its comments, one to the Rules Docket Clerk and the other to the Economic and Market Analysis Staff in the appropriate HUD Field Office. A copy of each communication submitted will be available for public inspection and copying during regular business hours (7:30 a.m.-5:30 p.m. Eastern Time) at the above address.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Gerald Benoit, Operations Division, Office of Rental Assistance, telephone (202) 708–0477. For technical information on the development of schedules for specific areas or the method used for the rent calculations, contact Alan Fox, Economic and Market Analysis Division, Office of Economic Affairs, telephone (202) 708–0590, Extension 5863 (e-mail: alan\_fox@hud.gov). Hearing- or speech-impaired persons may use the Telecommunications Devices for the Deaf (TTY) by contacting the Federal Information Relay Service at 1–800– 877–8339. (Other than the "800" TTY number, telephone numbers are not toll free.)

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (the Act) (42 U.S.C. 1437f) authorizes housing assistance to aid lower income families in obtaining decent, safe, and sanitary housing. Housing assistance payments are limited by FMRs established by HUD for different areas. In general, the FMR for an area is the amount that would be needed to pay the gross rent (shelter rent plus utilities) of privately owned, decent, safe, and sanitary rental housing of a modest (non-luxury) nature with suitable amenities.

# **Publication of FMRs**

Section 8(c) of the Act requires the Secretary of HUD to publish FMRs periodically, but not less frequently than annually. The Department's regulations provide that HUD will develop FMRs by publishing proposed FMRs for public comment and, after evaluating the public comments, publish the final FMRs (see 24 CFR 888.115). Schedule B of the proposed FY 2000 FMR schedules at the end of this document lists the FMR levels for Section 8 existing housing. Schedule D lists FMRs for the rental of manufactured home spaces in the Section 8 Existing certificate and voucher program and the new merged tenant-based certificate and voucher program in areas where modifications based on public comments have been approved for FMRs greater than 30 percent of the 2-bedroom FMR.

# Method Used to Develop FMRs

# FMR Standard

FMRs are gross rent estimates; they include shelter rent and the cost of utilities, except telephone. HUD sets FMRs to assure that a sufficient supply of rental housing is available to program participants. To accomplish this objective, FMRs must be both high enough to permit a selection of units and neighborhoods and low enough to serve as many families as possible. The level at which FMRs are set is expressed as a percentile point within the rent distribution of standard quality rental housing units. The current definition used is the 40th percentile rent, the dollar amount below which 40 percent of the standard quality rental housing units rent. The 40th percentile rent is drawn from the distribution of rents of

units which are occupied by recent movers (renter households who moved into their unit within the past 15 months). Newly built units less than two years old are excluded, and adjustments have been made to correct for the below market rents of public housing units included in the data base.

# Data Sources

HUD used the most accurate and current data available to develop the FMR estimates. The sources of survey data used for the base-year estimates are:

(1) The 1990 Census, which provides statistically reliable rent data for all FMR areas;

(2) The Bureau of the Census' American Housing Surveys (AHSs), which are used to develop between-Census revisions for the largest metropolitan areas and which have accuracy comparable to the decennial Census; and

(3) Random Digit Dialing (RDD) telephone surveys of individual FMR areas, which are based on a sampling procedure that uses computers to select statistically random samples of rental housing.

The base-year FMRs are updated using trending factors based on Consumer Price Index (CPI) data for rents and utilities or HUD regional rent change factors developed from RDD surveys. Annual average CPI data are available individually for 96 metropolitan FMR areas. (Buffalo and New Orleans no longer are surveyed separately in the Consumer Price Index survey.) RDD regional rent change factors are developed annually for the metropolitan and nonmetropolitan parts of each of the 10 HUD regions. The RDD factors are used to update the base year estimates for all FMR areas that do not have their own local CPI survey.

# State Minimum FMRs

FMRs are established at the higher of the local 40th percentile rent level or the Statewide average of nonmetropolitan counties, subject to a ceiling rent cap. The State minimum also affects a small number of metropolitan areas whose rents would otherwise fall below the State minimum.

# Bedroom Size Adjustments

FMRs have been calculated separately for each bedroom size category. For areas whose FMRs are based on the State minimums, the rents for each bedroom size are the higher of the rent for the area or the Statewide average of nonmetropolitan counties for that bedroom size. For all other FMR areas, the bedroom intervals are based on data for the specific area. Exceptions have been made for some areas with local bedroom size rent intervals below an acceptable range. For those areas the intervals selected were the minimums determined after outliers had been excluded from the distribution of bedroom intervals for all metropolitan areas. Higher ratios continue to be used for three-bedroom and larger size units than would result from using the actual market relationships. This is done to assist the largest, most difficult to house families in finding program-eligible units.

# RDD Surveys

RDD surveys are used to obtain statistically-reliable FMR estimates for selected FMR areas. This survey technique involves drawing random samples of renter units occupied by recent movers. RDD surveys exclude public housing units, other assisted units for which the market rent cannot be determined, units built in the past two years, seasonal units, non-cash rental units, and those owned by relatives. A HUD analysis has shown that the slight downward RDD survey bias caused by including some rental units that are in substandard condition is almost exactly offset by the slight upward bias that results from surveying only units with telephones.

Approximately 8,000–12,000 telephone numbers need to be contacted to achieve the target survey sample level of 200 eligible recent mover responses. RDD surveys have a high degree of statistical accuracy; there is a 95 percent likelihood that the recent mover rent estimates developed using this approach are within 3 to 4 percent of the actual rent value. Virtually all of the estimates are within 5 percent of the actual value.

Today's notice proposes FMRs based on RDD surveys conducted in late-1998 and early-1999 for the following areas:

# Proposed FMR increase above normal update factor

Pike County, AL Denver, CO Henry County, IN Wayne County, IN Perry County, MO St. Francois County, MO Kansas City, MO–KS Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill, NC–SC Harnett County, NC Columbus, OH Portland-Vancouver, OR–WA Pittsburgh, PA Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson, SC Knoxville, TN

Proposed FMR decrease

Modesto, CA

Barnstable-Yarmouth, MA Barnstable County, MA Dukes County, MA Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA

Proposed FMR increase by normal update factor

Little Rock-North Little Rock, AR Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc, CA Santa Rosa, CA Wilmington-Newark, DE Fort Lauderdale, FL Miami, FL New Orleans, LA Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland, MI Cape Girardeau County, MO Ste. Genevieve County, MO Albuquerque, NM Akron, OH San Juan-Bayamon, PR Charleston-North Charleston, SC San Antonio, TX

#### AHS Areas

AHSs cover the largest metropolitan areas on a four-year cycle. The 40th percentile rents for these areas are calculated from the distributions of twobedroom units occupied by recent movers. Public housing units, newly constructed units, and units that fail a housing quality test are excluded from the rental housing distributions before the FMRs are calculated.

Detailed rent data from the metropolitan AHSs conducted in 1998 are not yet available. If increases are warranted by data that are processed in time for the 2000 Final FMRs they will be put into effect at that time; any proposed decreases will be delayed until the 2001 proposed FMR publication.

# **Manufactured Home Space FMRs**

FMRs for the rental of manufactured home spaces in the Section 8 Existing certificate and voucher program and the new merged tenant-based certificate and voucher program are 30 percent of the applicable Section 8 existing housing program FMR for a two-bedroom unit. HUD accepts public comments requesting modifications of these FMRs where the 30 percent FMRs are thought to be inadequate. In order to be accepted as a basis for revising the FMRs. comments must contain statistically valid survey data that show the 40th percentile space rent (excluding the cost of utilities) for the entire FMR area. Manufactured home space FMR revisions are published as final FMRs in Schedule D. Once approved, the revised manufactured home space FMRs establish new base year estimates that are updated annually using the same data used to update the other FMRs.

# **Request for Comments**

HUD seeks public comments on FMR levels for specific areas. Comments on FMR levels must include sufficient information (including local data and a full description of the rental housing survey methodology used) to justify any proposed changes. Changes may be proposed in all or any one or more of the bedroom-size categories on the schedule. Recommendations and supporting data must reflect the rent levels that exist within the entire FMR area.

HUD recommends use of professionally-conducted Random Digit Dialing (RDD) telephone surveys to test the accuracy of FMRs for areas where there is a sufficient number of Section 8 units to justify the survey cost of \$10,000-\$12,000. Areas with 500 or more program units usually meet this cost criterion, and areas with fewer units may meet it if actual two-bedroom rents are significantly different from the FMRs proposed by HUD. In addition, HUD has developed a version of the RDD survey methodology for smaller, nonmetropolitan PHAs. This methodology is designed to be simple enough to be done by the PHA itself, rather than by professional survey organizations, at a cost of \$5,000 or less.

PHAs in nonmetropolitan areas may, in certain circumstances, do surveys of groups of counties. All grouped county surveys must be approved in advance by HUD. PHAs are cautioned that the resulting FMRs will not be identical for the counties surveyed; each individual FMR area will have a separate FMR based on the relationship of rents in that area to the combined rents in the cluster of FMR areas. In addition, PHAs are advised that counties whose FMRs are based on the State minimum will not have their FMRs revised unless the grouped survey results show a revised FMR above the State minimum level.

PHAs that plan to use the RDD survey technique should obtain a copy of the appropriate survey guide. Larger PHAs should request HUD's survey guide entitled "Random Digit Dialing Surveys; A Guide to Assist Larger Public Housing Agencies in Preparing Fair Market Rent Comments." Smaller PHAs should obtain a guide entitled "Rental Housing Surveys; A Guide to Assist Smaller Public Housing Agencies in Preparing Fair Market Rent Comments." These guides are available from HUD USER on 1-800-245-2691, or from HUD's Worldwide Web site, in Microsoft Word or Adobe Acrobat format, at the following address:

http://www.huduser.org/datasets/ fmr.html.

HUD prefers, but does not mandate, the use of RDD telephone surveys, or the more traditional method described in the survey guide intended for small PHAs along with the simplified RDD methodology. Other survey methodologies are acceptable as long as the surveys submitted provide statistically reliable, unbiased estimates of the 40th percentile gross rent. Survey samples should preferably be randomly drawn from a complete list of rental units for the FMR area. If this is not feasible, the selected sample must be drawn so as to be statistically representative of the entire rental housing stock of the FMR area. In particular, surveys must include units of all rent levels and be representative by structure type (including single-family, duplex and other small rental properties), age of housing unit, and geographic location. The decennial Census should be used as a starting point and means to verify whether the sample is representative of the FMR area's rental housing stock.

Local rental housing surveys conducted with alternative methods must include the following documentation:

- —Identification of the 40th percentile gross rent (gross rent is rent including the cost of utilities) and the actual distribution (or distributions, if more than one bedroom size is surveyed) of the surveyed units, rank-ordered by gross rent.
- —An explanation of how the rental housing sample was drawn and a copy of the survey questionnaire, transmittal letter, and any publicity materials.
- —An explanation of how the contract rents of the individual units surveyed were converted to gross rents. (For RDD-type surveys, HUD requires use of the Section 8 utility allowance schedule.)
- —An explanation of how the survey excluded units built within two years prior to the survey date.
- The date the rent data were collected so that HUD can apply a trending factor to update the estimate to the midpoint of the applicable fiscal year. If the survey has already been trended to this date, the date the survey was conducted and a description of the trending factor used.
- -Copies of all survey sheets.

Since FMRs are based on standard quality units and units occupied by recent movers, both of which are difficult to identify and survey, HUD will accept surveys of all rental units and apply appropriate adjustments.

Most surveys cover only one- and two-bedroom units, in which case HUD will make the adjustments for other size units consistent with the differentials established on the basis of the 1990 Census data for the FMR area. When three- and four-bedroom units are surveyed separately to determine FMRs for these unit size categories, the commenter should multiply the 40th percentile survey rents by 1.087 and 1.077, respectively, to determine the FMRs. The use of these factors will produce the same upward adjustments in the rent differentials as those used in the HUD methodology.

# **Other Matters**

A Finding of No Significant Impact with respect to the environment as required by the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4321–4374) is unnecessary, since the Section 8 Existing certificate and voucher program and the new merged tenant-based certificate and voucher program are categorically excluded from the Department's National Environmental Policy Act procedures under 24 CFR 50.19(c)(d).

The undersigned, in accordance with the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 605(b)), hereby certifies that this Notice does not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities, because FMRs do not change the rent from that which would be charged if the unit were not in the Section 8 program.

The General Counsel, as the Designated Official under section 6(a) of Executive Order No. 12611, *Federalism*, has determined that this Notice will not involve the preemption of State law by Federal statute or regulation and does not have Federalism implications. The Fair Market Rent schedules do not have any substantial direct impact on States, on the relationship between the Federal government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibility among the various levels of government.

The Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance program number is 14.156, Lower-Income Housing Assistance Program (section 8).

Accordingly, the Fair Market Rent Schedules, which will be codified in 24 CFR part 888, are proposed to be amended as follows: Dated: April 30, 1999. Andrew Cuomo, Secretary.

# Fair Market Rents for the Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Program

Schedules B and D—General Explanatory Notes

#### 1. Geographic Coverage

a. Metropolitan Areas.-FMRs are housing market-wide rent estimates that are intended to provide housing opportunities throughout the geographic area in which rental housing units are in direct competition. The FMRs shown in Schedule B are determined for the same areas as the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) most current definitions of metropolitan areas, with the exceptions discussed in paragraph b. HUD uses the OMB Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) and Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area (PMSA) definitions for FMR areas because they closely correspond to housing market area definitions.

b. Exceptions to OMB Definitions.— The exceptions are counties deleted from several large metropolitan areas whose revised OMB metropolitan area definitions were determined by HUD to be larger than the housing market areas. The FMRs for the following counties (shown by the metropolitan area) are calculated separately and are shown in Schedule B within their respective States under the "Metropolitan FMR Areas" listing:

Metropolitan Area and Counties Deleted

- Chicago, IL: DeKalb, Grundy and Kendall Counties
- Cincinnati-Hamilton, OH–KY–IN: Brown County, Ohio; Gallatin, Grant and Pendleton Counties in Kentucky; and Ohio County, Indiana
- Dallas, TX: Henderson County
- Flagstaff, AZ-UT: Kane County, UT
- New Orleans, LA: St. James Parish
- Washington, DC-MD-VA-WV: Berkeley and Jefferson Counties in West Virginia; and Clarke, Culpeper, King George and Warren counties in Virginia

c. Nonmetropolitan Area FMRs.— FMRs also are established for nonmetropolitan counties and for county equivalents in the United States, for nonmetropolitan parts of counties in the New England states, and for FMR areas in Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and the Pacific Islands. Nonmetropolitan area FMRs are set at the higher of the local 40th percentile rent level or the Statewide average of nonmetropolitan counties. (The State minimum also affects a small number of metropolitan areas whose rents would otherwise fall below the State minimum.)

d. Virginia Independent Cities.— FMRs for the areas in Virginia shown in the table below were established by combining the Census data for the nonmetropolitan counties with the data for the independent cities that are located within the county borders. Because of space limitations, the FMR listing in Schedule B includes only the name of the nonmetropolitan county.

The complete definitions of these areas including the independent cities are as follows:

VIRGINIA	NONME <sup>-</sup>	TROPOLI	TAN C	COUNTY
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ies Inc	LUDED			

County	Cities
Alleghany	Clifton Forge and Cov- ington.
Augusta	Staunton and Waynes- boro.
Carroll	Galax.
Frederick	Winchester.
Greensville	Emporia.
Henry	Martinsville.
Montgomery	Radford.
Rockbridge	Buena Vista and Lex- ington.
Rockingham	Harrisonburg.
Southhampton	Franklin.
Wise	Norton.

2. Bedroom Size Adjustments

Schedule B shows the FMRs for 0bedroom through 4-bedroom units. The FMRs for unit sizes larger than 4 bedrooms are calculated by adding 15 percent to the 4-bedroom FMR for each extra bedroom. For example, the FMR for a 5-bedroom unit is 1.15 times the 4-bedroom FMR, and the FMR for a 6bedroom unit is 1.30 times the 4 bedroom FMR. FMRs for single-roomoccupancy (SRO) units are 0.75 times the 0 bedroom FMR.

# 3. FMRs for Manufactured Home Spaces

FMRs for Section 8 manufactured home spaces in the Section 8 Existing certificate and voucher program and the new merged tenant-based certificate and voucher program are 30 percent of the two-bedroom Section 8 existing housing program FMRs, with the exception of the areas listed in Schedule D whose manufactured home space FMRs have been modified on the basis of public comments. Once approved, the revised manufactured home space FMRs establish new base-year estimates that are updated annually using the same data used to estimate the Section 8 existing housing FMRs. The FMR area definitions used for the rental of manufactured home spaces in the Section 8 Existing certificate and

voucher program and the new merged tenant-based certificate and voucher program are the same as the area definitions used for other FMRs.

4. Arrangement of FMR Areas and Identification of Constituent Parts

a. The FMR areas in Schedule B are listed alphabetically by metropolitan FMR area and by nonmetropolitan county within each State. The exception FMRs for manufactured home spaces in Schedule D are listed alphabetically by State.

b. The constituent counties (and New England towns and cities) included in each metropolitan FMR area are listed immediately following the listings of the FMR dollar amounts. All constituent parts of a metropolitan FMR area that are in more than one State can be identified by consulting the listings for each applicable State.

c. Two nonmetropolitan counties are listed alphabetically on each line of the nonmetropolitan county listings.

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	245 245 2645 2645	291 291 361 361	347 347 347 347 347 463	450 450 602 602	516 516 516 552 761			CT TO T	Franklin Greene Henry Lamar Lowndes.	Franklin	222222 2445 2455 2455 2455	291 291 291	347 347 347 347 347	450 450 450 450	516 516 516 516 516		
Macon	267 245 245 245 245	300 291 291 291	400 347 347 347 347	501 450 450 450	561 516 516 516 516 516			S P P M A	Marengo Marshall Perry Pike	Marengo. Marshall. Perry. Sumter.	245 245 245 245 245	291 291 341 291	347 354 347 347 347	450 450 450 450 450	516 516 515 516 515		
Talladega	245 245 245	291 302 291	347 356 347	450 450 450	516 585 516			T a Kaa	Tallapoosa Washington Winston	Ssa	246 245 245	291 291 291	347 347 347	450 450 450	516 516 516		

For example, 041599

Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% to the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6 BR unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR.

SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING	PAGE	7
A L A S K A		
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS 0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR Counties of FMR AREA within STATE		
Anchorage, AK MSA		
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR		
Aleutian East		
Kodiak Island69476399112391607Lake & Peninsula4176757599471063Matanuska-Susitna4666317109641139Nome68684995313271497North Slope77979898713721599NorthwestArctic825929104214511711Pr.Wales-Outer Ketchikan364579666924976Sitka57468276510651257Skagway-Yakutat-Angoon445453587736825Southeast Fairbanks457480725813		
Valdez-Cordova		
A R I Z O N A		
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS 0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR Counties of FMR AREA within STATE		
Flagstaff, AZ		
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR		
Apache		
A R K A N S A S		
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS 0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR Counties of FMR AREA within STATE		
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, AR MSA		
Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% to the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. F the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6 BR unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR.	For ex	example, 041599

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PAGE

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SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING

ARKANSAS continued																	
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS					0 BR	1 BR	2 BR	3 BR	4 BR	Cou	Counties of FMR	AREA	withi	n STATI	ш		
Pine Bluff, AR MSAAR MSA Texarkana, TX-Texarkana, AR MSA	MSA			•••	289 308	343 376	451 459	569 605	738 642	Jeff Mille	ferson ler						
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O	BR 1 B	R 2 B	к 3	BR 4	BR			NON	NONMETROPOLITAN	POLI	TAN COUNTIES	S O BR	1 BR	2 BR	3 BR	4 BR	
Arkansas	260 28 237 30 237 28 279 30 260 28	82 361 02 401 82 361 82 361 361 82 361	40444	1400 1400 1400 1400 1400 1400 1400 1400	35 35 72 72			Asr Coal Chi	Vshley Soone Calhoun. Chicot	· · · · · ·		2337 2337 2337	282 286 282 282 282 282	361 379 361 361	478 478 478 478	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Cleburne	269 28 237 28 246 31 248 28 248 28	999999 999999	4444 74444 78744	ດ ດ ດ ດ ດ ດ ດ ດ ດ ດ ດ	47 33 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35			Cleve Conwa Dalla Fulto	leveland onway allas ulton	· · · · · ·		237 237 237 237	282 293 307 282	361 392 361 410 361	478 489 478 567 478	535 549 577 535	
Garland       2         Greene       2         Hot Spring       2         Independence       2         Jackson       2	237 30 254 28 237 28 245 28 245 28	882 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36	4 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	, 100000 1000000000000000000000000000000	ល ល ល ល ល ល ល ល ល ល ល			C Hema C How C D	Grant Hempsteac Howard Izard Johnson.	· · · · · ·		246 237 237 237	282 282 282 282 282 282	361 361 361 361	478 478 478 478 478	540 535 535 535 535	
Lafayette	248 28 261 28 237 28 271 28 270 29	80000 88888	4 4 0 4 0 0 4 0 4 4	5478 5478 5478 5178 517 5178 5178 5178 5178 5178 517	33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33			L L M M M O L O M M O L O M M O L O M	Lawrence. Lincoln Logan Marion	· · · · · ·		237 256 248 237 241	282 282 282 282 282 282	361 367 361 361 361	478 490 478 478 478	ភ្លេសល ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស្ត្រ ស ស្ត្ ស ស ស្ត ស ស្ត ស ស ស ស ស ស	
Montgomery	237 28 237 28 237 28 237 28 237 28 237 28	88888 88888 88888 88888 88888 88888 8888	44444 77777	വ വ വ വ വ ന	ឧឧឧឧឧឧ ទទទទ			Podeve	Nevada Ouachita Phillips Poinsett Pope	· · · · · ·		237 237 237 237	282 282 282 310	361 361 361 361	494 498 478 548	535 588 535 535 627	
Prairie	237 28 237 28 237 28 297 28	40080 90000 100000		4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	35 35 35 19			Ran Sco Sco Van Van	Randolph Scott Sevier Stone Van Buren.			237 237 237 237	282 282 282 282 282 282 282	361 361 361 361	478 478 478 478 478	535 535 535 535 535 535	
White2 Vell2	237 28 246 28	2 36 36	1 49.	4 m	35 35			Woo	Woodruff	:	•	237	282	361	478	535	

For example, 041599 Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% to the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6 BR unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR.

SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING	PAGE 4
CALIFORNIA	
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS 0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR Counties	of FMR AREA within STATE
Bakersfield, CA MSA	Madera †es
Modesto, CA MSA	us Contra Costa le, San Bernardino
Sacramento, CA PMSA	El Dorado, Placer, Sacramento Monterey San Diego Marin, San Francisco, San Mateo Santa Clara
A         MSA         514         580         736         1022         1207            624         693         878         1223         1380            642         764         1021         1419         1662            603         684         886         1232         1454            603         684         886         1232         1454            413         467         600         834         984	San Luis Obispo Santa Barbara Santa Cruz Sonoma San Voaquin
Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa, CA PMSA	lano Yuba
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR	OUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR
Alpine	456       622       866       965         335       375       483       673       778         307       375       483       673       778         307       375       483       673       778         307       375       483       673       778         307       375       483       673       778         315       413       516       718       845
345     439     586     739     961     Lassen       331     421     541     709     836     Mendocino.       335     375     483     673     778     Mono       384     525     699     972     1126     Plumas       460     541     677     944     1105     Sierra	375       380       494       673       778         424       511       627       873       879         468       561       746       1037       1226         338       375       483       673       778         307       411       506       703       830
Siskiyou	
Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% to th the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6 BR un	the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. For example, unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR. 041599

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For example, 041599

Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% to the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6 BR unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR.

METROPOLITAX FWG AREA         O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR Counties of FMR AREA WITHIN STATE           Soludar-Jongent, CD MSA.         252 806 1133 Addamar         233 1324 100 Hara           Soludar-Jongent, CD MSA.         243 149 52 87 1333 Addamar         249 123 Ara           Fort COLITIS-LOWANIC, CD MSA.         243 149 52 676 800 Hara         243 149 52 87 133 Addamar           Fort COLITIS-LOWANIC, CD MSA.         243 149 52 676 800 Hara         243 149 52 678 938 1000 Hara           Fort COLITIS-LOWANIC, CD MSA.         243 149 52 676 800 Hara         243 149 52 670 800 Hara           Grand ULTCTION, CD MSA.         238 400 499 673 802 Hara         249 673 802 Hara           MONE FROPOLITAX COUNTIES O BR A ER         240 499 673 802 Hara         240 499 673 802 Hara           MONE FROPOLITAX COUNTIES O BR A ER         240 499 673 802 Hara         240 499 673 802 Hara           MONE FROPOLITAX COUNTIES O BR A ER         241 47 47 90 673 802 Hara         240 499 673 802 Hara           MONE FROPOLITAX COUNTIES O BR A ER         241 47 47 90 700 803 Hara         240 499 673 802 Hara           MONE FROPOLITAX COUNTIES O BR A ER         241 41 40 10 Hara         241 41 40 10 Hara           MONE FROPOLITAX COUNTIES O BR A ER         241 440 49 77 802 Hara         241 440 10 Hara           MONE FROPOLITAX COUNTIES O BR A ER         240 499 673 802 Hara         241 441 47 47 10 Hara           MOR	SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE D L D R A D O	LE FAIR	MA	RKET	RENTS	FOR	EXISTING	ING H	HOUSING	G						٩	PAGE	ស
525       629       806       1123       1324       Boulder         458       534       1668       1034       1193       Adams, Arapahoe.       Denver.       Douglas.         458       517       128       1611       1193       Adams, Arapahoe.       Denver.       Douglas.         458       524       706       840       Mos       Larimer       Arapahoe.       Denver.       Douglas.         458       512       849       1004       Weld       Mela       Mos       Mela	S					8	- 8	Ξ	ß	В	ounties of	AREA	/ithin	STAT	ш			
440       486       512       849       1004       Weld         0       BR       I       BR       2       BR       BR       1       BR       2       BR       3       BR       4       BR       3       BR       1       BR       2       BR       3       BR       4       BR       BR       A       BR       4       BR       4       BR       BR       4       BR       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6       6 </td <td>PMSA MSA</td> <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>04444 04000</td> <td>6400 4472 4472</td> <td>806 634 728 668 524</td> <td>1123 884 1011 928 706</td> <td>1324 1044 1193 1096 840</td> <td>Boulder El Paso Adams, Arapahoe Larimer Mesa</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>uglas</td> <td>•</td> <td>ferson</td> <td></td> <td></td>	PMSA MSA	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				04444 04000	6400 4472 4472	806 634 728 668 524	1123 884 1011 928 706	1324 1044 1193 1096 840	Boulder El Paso Adams, Arapahoe Larimer Mesa			uglas	•	ferson		
0         0         R         1         R         2         R         3         R         4         R         3         R         3         R         3         R         3         R         3         R         3         R         3         R         3         R         3         R         3         R         3         R         3         R         3         R         3         R         3         R         3         R         3         R         3         R         3         R         3         R         3         R         3         R         3         R         3         R         3         R         3         R         4         R         NONMETROPULITAN COUNTIES         O         R         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S         S <td>::</td> <td>::</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>::</td> <td>. 440 . 425</td> <td>44</td> <td>വവ</td> <td></td> <td>100 88</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	::	::			::	. 440 . 425	44	വവ		100 88								
385400499673802Archuleta460504596673385400499673802Conejos385400499673385400499673802Conejos385400499673385400499673802Conejos385400499673385400499673802Conejos385400499673385400499673802Enelut385400499673477479605756990611pin385400499673477479673802Enelut385400499673485400499673802Gilpin385400499673485400499673802Gunnison385400499673485400499673802Gunnison385400499673385400499673802Losa1205Losa385400499673385400499673802Losa802Losa895400499673385400499673802LosaAnimas385400499673385400499673802LosaAnimas385400499 <t< td=""><td>0</td><td>-</td><td>3</td><td>ო</td><td>α</td><td>BR</td><td></td><td></td><td>ION</td><td>NMETRO</td><td>POLITAN COUNTIES</td><td>0</td><td>8</td><td>8</td><td>8</td><td>В</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	0	-	3	ო	α	BR			ION	NMETRO	POLITAN COUNTIES	0	8	8	8	В		
385400499673802Fagle.38540049967342747155356475310471427471584731883617531047471471584731883617531047475563563950673385510499673457461584731885670499673457499673802Huerfano385400499673385400499673802Lake385400499673385400499673802Lake385400499673385400499673802Lake385400499673385400499673802Lake385400499673385400499673802Lake385400499673385400499673802Lake385400499673385400499673802Ditero385400499673385400499673802Ditero385400499673385400499673802Ditero385400499673385400499673802Ditero		ດດວດດວ	44404			802 802 333 302			L D L D L A B U U U U	chulet nt eyenne nejos. owley.		460 385 385 385 385	504 4000 4000 4000	თთთთთ	804 673 673 673 673	956 802 802 802 802		
385       407       499       673       802       Huerfano.       385       400       499       673         385       400       499       673       802       Kiowa.       385       400       499       673         585       400       499       673       802       Lake.       385       411       499       673         585       400       499       673       802       Las Animas.       385       411       499       673         585       400       499       673       802       Las Animas.       385       400       499       673         385       400       499       673       802       Mof fat.       385       400       499       673         385       400       499       673       802       Mof fat.       385       400       499       673         385       400       499       673       802       Mof fat.       385       400       499       673         385       400       499       673       802       Mof fat.       385       400       499       673         385       400       499       673       802			44000		იიი <u>-</u>	802 802 385 385			O H F O O O A F O O	lta gle emont. lpin nnison		385 385 385 385 385	564 564 512 512	00000 00000	673 673 673 859 673	802 1234 802 802 802		
385       400       499       673       802       Monfrat.       385       400       499       673         385       400       499       673       802       Montrose       385       400       595       700         385       400       599       673       802       Montrose       385       400       505       700         385       400       599       673       802       Montrose       385       400       505       700         385       400       599       673       802       Montrose       385       400       599       673         385       400       499       673       802       Routt       385       400       499       673       388       170       1053       1388       1         385       400       499       673       802       Routt       385       400       499       673       388       470       495       615       855       170         385       400       499       673       802       Routt       385       400       499       673       385       400       499       673       470       499       673			44414	-		802 802 302 302			LTTT Deale	erfano owa ke s Anim gan	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3855 3855 3855 3855 3855 3855 3855 3855	44444 00444 1000 1004 100	თთთთთ	673 673 673 673 673	802 802 802 802		
385       400       499       673       802       Rio Blanco       385       400       499       673         385       400       499       673       802       Routt       385       465       615       855       1         385       400       499       673       802       San Juan       385       465       615       855       1         385       400       499       673       802       San Juan       385       400       499       673         708       1023       1124       1404       1812       Sedgwick       385       400       499       673         496       594       761       1059       1303       Teller       385       470       499       673         385       400       491       812       Teller       385       456       608       845         708       1059       1303       Yuma       385       456       608       845         7       385       400       499       673       70       499       673         85       400       499       673       70       499       67		ດເດເດເດ	444104	თთთათ		802 802 317 302			A D D A A	ffat ntrose ero rk tkin		385 385 385 385 385	400 400 426 790	499 505 499 555 1053	673 700 673 770 1388	802 825 802 876 1578		
. 385 400 499 673 802 Yuma			444-2	 ••••		802 802 312 303			H N N N N H N N N N N H N N N N N N N N	o Blan utt n Juan dgwick 1ler		385 385 385 385 385 385 385 385 385 385	400 465 400 456	6 4 9 9 4 9 9 4 9 9 4 9 9 4 9 9 9 6 0 8 6 0 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	673 855 673 673 845	802 802 802 853		
		ß	4	9 6	73	0			'nλ	ma	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	385	400	6	673	802		

SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS	FOR EX	EXISTING HOUSING	DOH 5	SING	PAGE 6
CONNECTICUT					
ME FROPOLITAN FMR AREAS	O BR 1	BR 2	BR 3	BR 4 BR	Components of FMR AREA within STATE
Bridgeport, CT PMSA	462	601	724	905 1129	Fairfield county towns of Bridgeport tow Fairfield town, Monroe town, Shelton to Stratford town, Trumbull town New Haven county towns of Ansonia town
Danbury, CT PMSA	624	747	933 1	1231 1419	Derby town, wilford town, Oxford town, beymour town Fairfield county towns of Bethel town, Brookfield tow Danbury town, New Fairfield town, Newtown town
Hartford, CT PMSA	438	545	697	875 1062	Redding town, kidgerield town, Sherman town Litchfield county towns of Bridgewater town New Milford town, Roxbury town, Washington town 2 Hartford county towns of Avon town, Berlin town Bloomfield town, Bristol town, Burlington town
					Canton town, East Granby town, East Hartford town East Windsor town, Enfield town, Farmington town Glastonbury town, Granby town, Hartford town Manchester town, Marlborough town, New Britain town Newington town, Plainville town, Rocky Hill town
					Simsbury town, Southington town, South Windsor town Suffield town, West Hartford town, Wethersfield town Windsor town, Windsor Locks town Litchfield county towns of Barkhamsted town Harwinton town, New Hartford town, Plymouth town
					Winchester town Middlesex county towns of Cromwell town, Durham town East Haddam town, East Hampton town, Haddam town Middlefield town, Middletown town, Portland town New London county towns of Colchester town, Lebanon town
					Iolland county towns of Andover town, Bolton town Columbia town, Coventry town, Ellington town Hebron town, Mansfield town, Somers town, Stafford town Tolland town, Vernon town, Willington town Windham county towns of Ashford town, Chaplin town
New Haven-Meriden, CT PMSA	233	654 8	809 10	1036 1200	
New London-Norwich, CT-RI MSA	495	200	729	912 1042	Wall Ingrot town, west Haven town, woodbridge town Wall Ingrot towns of Old Saybrook town New London county towns of Bozrah town, East Lyme town Franklin town, Griswold town, Groton town, Ledyard town Lisbon town, Montville town, New London town North Stonington t, Norwich town, Old Lyme town Preston town, Salem town, Sprague town, Stonington town Waterford town sof Canterbury town, Plainfield town
Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs a the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4	are cal 4BR FMR	culate , and	d by the l	adding MR for	calculated by adding 15% to the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. For example, FMR, and the FMR for a 6 BR unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR. 041599

SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR		EXISTING HOUSING	SING	PAGE 7
CONNECTICUT continued				
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS	BR 1 BR	2 BR 3	BR 4 BR	Components of FMR AREA within STATE
Stamford-Norwalk, CT PMSA75	<b>99 935</b>	1141 19	1529 1689	Fairfield county towns of Darien town, Greenwich town New Canaan town, Norwalk town, Stamford town
Waterbury, CT MSA 453	3 612	758	945 1059	Weston town, Westport town, Wilton town Litchfield county towns of Bethlehem town, Thomaston town Watertown town, Woodbury town New Haven county towns of Middlebury town, Naugatuck town Prospect town, Southbury town, Waterbury town
Worcester, MA-CT 434	4 526	656	819 918	woicott town Windham county towns of Thompson town
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES 0 E	BR 1 BR	2 BR 3	BR 4 BR	Towns within non metropolitan counties
Hartford	2 586 1 574	661 765	919 1083 955 1087	Hartland town Canaan town, Colebrook town, Cornwall town, Goshen town Kent town, Litchfield town, Morris town, Norfolk town
Middlesex 624	4 707	944 10	1313 1548	North Canaan town, Salisbury town, Sharon town Torrington town, Warren town Chester town, Deep River town, Essex town
New London	9 647 2 586 7 510	735 661 661	949 1204 919 925 828 1039	Lyme town, Countown town Union town Doklyn town, Eastford town, Hampton town Killingly town, Pomfret town, Putnam town, Scotland town Sterling town, Woodstock town
DELAWARE				
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS	BR 1 BR	2 BR 3	BR 4 BR	Counties of FMR AREA within STATE
Dover, DE MSA	0 542 6 589	618 637 9	801 911 932 1126	Kent New Castle
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR			NONMETRO	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR
Sussex				
DIST OF COLUMBIA				
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS	BR 1 BR	2 BR 3	BR 4 BR	Counties of FMR AREA within STATE
Washington, DC-MD-VA 630	0 716	840 1	1145 1380	District of Columbia
Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR	calcula FMR, an	ted by d the F	calculated by adding 1 FMR, and the FMR for a	15% to the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. For example, a 6 BR unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR. 041599

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SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET F F L 0 R I D A	RENTS FOR		EXISTING HOUSING	ISUOH	0 N			PAGE	ω	
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS	0	BR 1	BR 2 B	BR 3 B	R 4 BR	Counties of FMR AREA wi	within STATE			
Daytona Beach, FL MSA	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	389 4486 4065 4465 4065 4465 4465 4465 4465 446	456 58 572 70 482 58 510 66 543 50	83     774       08     985       08     985       08     985       03     682	4 822 5 1159 2 847 9 926 804	Flagler, Volusia Broward Lee Martin, St. Lucie Okaloosa				
Gainesville, FL MSA		406 389 389 455 59 44 455 59 44 455 55 44 455 55 44 44 55 55 55 55 5	43 539 75 572 26 482 55 569 71 712	9 738 2 756 2 597 2 762 2 978	8 872 6 841 7 652 2 888 8 1133	Alachua Clay, Duval, Nassau, St Polk Brevard Dade	sutob			
Naples, FL MSA	र्षि छे से से  	434 406 406 44 406 44 406 44	612 736 443 503 572 682 443 503 443 503	6 1024 3 661 2 896 3 642 3 673	4 1141 1 775 5 1093 2 688 3 793	Collier Marion Lake. Orange, Osceola, : Bay Escambia, Santa Rosa	Seminole			
	यं यं च चं चं    	406 415 407 408 498 498 498 55 898 498 55	466 620 517 658 460 606 486 602 581 719	0 860 8 846 6 792 9 855 9 955	0 1015 920 954 968 1182	Charlotte Manatee, Sarasota Gadsden, Leon Hernando, Hillsborough, Palm Beach	Pasco, Pinellas			
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 B	BR 4 BR			ž	DNMETRO	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1	BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR			
Baker	91 642 91 642 91 642 91 642 91 642			a Ú Ú Ú Ú Ú Ú Ú Ú Ú Ú Ú Ú	Bradford Citrus Desoto Franklin Glades	ឧល ល ល ល ល ល ១១ ១១ ១១ ១ ១ 	421 476 591 642 421 476 591 642			
385 421 476 385 421 476 385 421 476 385 421 476 385 421 476 385 421 476	591 642 591 642 593 662 774 866 591 642			ĨĨĨŎŬ	Hamilton. Hendry Holmes Jackson Lafayette	3882 3882 3882 3882 3882 3882 3882 3882	421         476         591         642           421         490         615         689           421         476         591         642           421         476         591         642           421         476         591         642           421         476         591         642           421         476         591         642			
385 421 476 5 385 421 476 5	91 642 91 642 91 648 91 648 642 91 643			ŢĸŢŴŢ	Liberty Monroe Putnam Suwannee. Union	385 385 385 385 385 385	421         476         591         642           622         799         1101         1310           421         476         591         642           421         476         591         642           421         476         591         642           421         476         591         642           421         476         591         642			
Wakulla	91 642 91 642			M	Walton	385 4	421 476 613 766			
Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times	BRs are the 4BR		calculated by FMR, and the	by ac he FMF	y adding 1 FMR for a	15% to the 4 BR FMR for ea a 6 BR unit is 1.30 times	each extra bedroom. s the 4 BR FMR.	For e	example, 041599	

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SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING E O R G I A	PAGE 9
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS 0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR Counties	ies of FMR AREA within STATE
Albany, GA MSA	Dougherty, Lee Clarke, Madison, Dconee Barrow, Bartow, Carroll, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, Coweta Dekalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett Henry, Newton, Paulding, Pickens, Rockdale, Spalding
Augusta-Aiken, GA-SC MSA	warton Volumbia, Mcduffie, Richmond Catoosa, Dade, Walker Chattahoochee, Harris, Muscogee Bibb, Houston, Jones, Peach, Twiggs Bryan, Chatham, Effingham
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR NONMETROPOLITAN	N COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR
Appling.       280       337       412       534       607       Atkinson.         Bacon.       280       337       412       534       607       Baker.         Baldwin.       280       337       412       534       607       Baker.         Baldwin.       280       337       412       559       611       Banks.         Ben Hill       280       337       412       534       615       Berrien.         Bleckley.       280       337       412       534       607       Berrien.	280         337         412         534         607           280         337         412         534         607           280         337         412         534         607           280         337         412         534         607           280         337         412         534         607           280         337         412         534         607           280         337         412         534         607           280         337         412         534         607
Brooks.       280       337       412       534       607       Bulloch.         Burke.       280       337       412       534       607       Butts.         Calhoun.       280       337       412       534       607       Camden.         Calhoun.       280       337       412       534       607       Camden.         Candler.       280       337       412       534       607       Camden.         Chattooga       280       337       412       534       607       Charlton.	337       342       440       566       719         280       370       491       657       689         391       443       495       689       814         280       337       412       534       607         280       337       412       534       607
C1inch.       280       337       412       534       607       Coffee.         Colquitt.       280       337       412       534       607       Cook.         Colquitt.       280       337       412       534       607       Cook.         Crawford.       280       337       412       534       607       Crisp.         Dawson.       280       364       484       606       747       Decatur         Dodge.       280       337       412       534       607       Drankon	280         337         412         534         615           280         337         412         534         607           280         337         412         534         607           283         337         412         534         607           280         337         412         534         607           280         337         412         534         607           280         337         412         534         607
Early.       280       337       412       534       607       Echols.         Elbert.       280       337       412       534       607       Emanuel.         Elbert.       280       337       412       534       607       Emanuel.         Evans.       280       337       412       534       607       Fannin.         Floyd.       280       337       413       545       607       Franklin.         Gilmer.       280       337       412       534       607       Franklin.	280         337         412         534         607           280         337         412         534         607           280         337         412         534         607           280         337         412         534         607           280         337         412         534         607           280         337         412         534         607           280         337         412         534         607
Glynn	332         337         420         542         692           280         337         412         534         607           296         450         529         662         739           280         337         412         534         607           296         450         529         662         739           280         337         412         534         607           280         337         412         534         607
Irwin       280       337       412       534       607       Jackson         Jasper       280       337       417       566       607       Jeff Davis         Jefferson       280       337       412       556       607       Jeff Davis	337 423 534 696 280 337 412 534 607 280 337 412 534 607 280 337 412 534 607
Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% to the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6 BR	the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. For example, unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR. 041599

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SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING

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PAGE

GEDRGIA continued

	1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR	346         412         534         653           337         412         534         607           337         412         534         607           337         412         534         607           337         412         534         607           337         412         534         607           337         412         534         607	337         412         534         607           337         412         534         607           337         412         534         607           337         412         543         607           337         412         543         607           337         412         534         607	352         446         621         625           337         412         534         607           337         412         534         607           337         412         534         607           337         412         534         607           337         412         534         607           337         412         534         607	337         412         534         607           342         412         534         607           337         412         534         607           337         412         534         607           337         412         534         607           337         412         534         607           337         412         534         607	337         412         534         607           337         412         534         607           331         412         534         607           381         429         536         607           337         430         539         607           337         412         534         607	337         412         534         607           337         412         534         607           337         412         534         607           337         412         534         607           337         412         534         607           337         412         534         607           337         412         534         607			FMR AREA within STATE	
	O BR	280 286 313 280	280 280 280 280 280	325 280 280 280 280 280	280 280 280 280 280	280 280 309 309 309	280 280 280 280 280			AREA	
	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	Lamar Laurens Lincoln towndes	Marion	Pike Pulaski Quitman Randolph Screven	Stephens	Tift. Towns. Troup.	Washington			BR 4 BR Counties of	1150 1244 Honolulu
										R 1 BR 2 BR 3	723 851
	4 BR	607 607 619 607 696	607 607 607 607 607	607 607 615 607 607	607 607 607 607 607	607 607 607 607 607	607 607 667 665 607	607		O BR	. 604
	3 BR 4	534 534 614 534 567	534 534 534 534 534 534	534 534 534 534 534	534 534 534 534 534	534 534 534 534 534	534 534 534 534 534	534			÷
	2 BR	4444 4444 4424 4424 4444 4444 4444 444	4444 4444 90000	4444 111111	4444 400000	4444 111111 00000	4444 11144 000000	412			:
	1 BR	337 337 388 364 377	337 337 337 337 337	337 337 337 337 337	337 337 337 337 337	347 337 337 337 337	337 337 337 337 337	337			
	0 BR	280 280 348 280 280	280 280 280 280 280	280 280 280 280 280 280	280 280 280 280 280	280 280 280 280 280 280	280 280 280 280 280	280			
GEDRGIA continued	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	Johnson	Macon	Pierce. Polk Putnam Rabun. Schley	Seminole	Thomas	Warren	Worth	ΗΑΨΑΙΙ	METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS	Honolulu, HI MSA

SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR		EXISTING HOUSING	16	PAGE 7
CONNECTICUT continued				
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS 0 BR	R 1 BR 2	BR 3 B	R 4 BR	Components of FMR AREA within STATE
Stamford-Norwalk, CT PMSA79	9 935	1141 1529	9 1689	Fairfield county towns of Darien town, Greenwich town New Canaan town, Norwalk town, Stamford town
Waterbury, CT MSA 453	3 612	758 945	1059	Weston town, Westport town, Wilton town Litchfield county towns of Bethlehem town, Thomaston town Watertown town, Woodbury town New Haven county towns of Middlebury town, Naugatuck town Prospect town, Southbury town, Waterbury town
Worcester, MA-CT 434	4 526	656 819	918	woicott town Windham county towns of Thompson town
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES 0 BR	R 1 BR 2	ER 3 BR	2 4 BR	Towns within non metropolitan counties
Hartford	2 586 1 574	661 919 765 955	0 1083 5 1087	Hartland town Canaan town, Colebrook town, Cornwall town, Goshen town Kent town, Litchfield town, Morris town, Norfolk town North Canaar town Salistering town, change town
Middlesex 624	4 707	944 1313	3 1548	Torrington town, warren town Chester town, Deep River town, Essex town uncertained and River town, Essex town
New London	9 647 2 586 7 510	735 949 661 919 661 828	9 1204 9 925 3 1039	Lyme town, Yoluntown town Union town Brooklyn town, Penfford town, Hampton town Killingly town, Ponfret town, Putnam town, Scotland town Sterling town, Woodstock town
DELAWARE				
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS 0 BR	2 1 BR 2	BR 3 BR	2 4 BR	Counties of FMR AREA within STATE
Dover, DE MSA 490 Wilmington-Newark, DE-MD PMSA	542 589	618 801 687 932	1126 1126	Kent New Castle
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR		N	NMETRO!	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR
Sussex				
DIST OF COLUMBIA				
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS 0 BR	2 1 BR 2	BR 3 BR	2 4 BR	Counties of FMR AREA within STATE
Washington, DC-MD-VA 630	0 716	840 1145	1380	District of Columbia
Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are ( the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR F	calculat MR, and	calculated by adding FMR, and the FMR for		15% to the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. For example, a 6 BR unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR. 041599

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SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING

PAGE

For example, 

bedroom. FMR.

the 4 BR FMR for each extra unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR

BR to

FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6

Moultrie..... Piatt.... Pope....

Note: The F the F

KET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUS R 3 BR 4 BR 5 493 554 5 1 5 87 0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 1 480 639 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5	13 13
Elkhart-Goshen, IN MSA	nderburgh, Warrick len, De Kalb, Huntington, Wells, Whit ter milton, Hancock, Hendricks, Johnson,	Whitley on, Madison
Kokomo, IN MSA	Tipton , Tippecar Floyd, Han e	
South Bend, IN MSA	03 789 St. Joseph 40 603 Clay, Vermillion, Vigo MNNMETEDEDOLITIAN COUNTIES O BD 4 ED 2 ED 2 ED 4 ED	
399         429         518         647         851           281         316         417         522         585           281         316         405         521         573           281         316         405         521         573           281         316         405         521         573           281         343         438         567         617	2         2         3         4         5         5         1         5         5         1         5         5         1         5         5         1         5         1         5         1         5         1         5         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1	
Favette       297       335       428       551       648       F         Franklin       281       316       405       521       641       F         Gibson       281       316       405       521       573       G         Greene       281       316       405       521       573       G         Jackson       281       316       405       521       573       G         Jackson       281       316       405       521       573       H	Fountain       281       316       405       521       573         Fulton       309       324       405       545       573         Grant       296       316       405       523       573         Henry       308       347       444       572       628         Jasper       281       341       405       523       573	
Jay	Jefferson	
Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by an the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FM	' adding 15% to the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. For FMR for a 6 BR unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR.	r example, 041599

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SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING	PAGE	GE 14
INDIANA continued		
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR	
Jennings	Knox	
Newton.         293         316         405         521         573         Noble.           Orange.         281         316         405         521         573         0wen.           Parke.         281         316         405         521         573         0wen.           Parke.         281         316         405         521         599         Perry.           Pike.         281         316         405         521         573         Pursking.           Pike.         281         316         405         521         573         Pursking.           Putnam.         305         356         437         587         592         Randol	Noble.       324       331       411       530       587         Owen.       281       316       405       521       600         Perry.       281       316       405       521       600         Pulaski.       281       316       405       521       573         Randolph.       281       316       405       521       573	
281         316         405         529         600         281         316         405         521         573         344         388         464         580         648         281         316         405         521         573         281         316         405         521         573         281         316         405         521         573         281         316         405         521         573         281         316         405         521         573         281         316         405         521         573           281         316         405         521         571         573         581         571         573	Rush.       289       316       405       521       600         Starke.       281       316       405       521       573         Sullivan.       281       316       405       521       573         Sullivan.       281       316       405       521       573         Union.       281       316       405       521       573         Warren.       281       316       405       521       573	
Washington	ю	
I D W A		
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4	I BR Counties of FMR AREA within STATE	
Cedar Rapids, IA MSA	747 Linn 676 Scott 760 Dallas, Polk, Warren 717 Dubuque 941 Johnson	
Omaha, NE-IA MSA	860 Pottawattamie 734 Woodbury 681 Black Hawk	
3 BR 4 BR	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR	
Adair       265       328       411       522       576       Adams         Allamakee       265       328       411       528       604       Appanoo         Audubon       265       328       411       522       576       Benton.         Boone       265       328       411       522       576       Benton.         Buchanan       265       328       411       522       576       Bremer.	Adams	
Butler         282         328         411         522         576         Calhou           Carroll         265         328         411         522         576         Cass.           Cedar         265         332         411         522         576         Cass.           Cedar         265         332         411         522         576         Carrol           Cherokee         265         328         411         522         576         Cerro	alhoun	
Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for	ng 15% to the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. For or a 6 BR unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR.	r example, 041599

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SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING

IOWA continued												
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	O BR 1	BR	2 BR	3 BR	4 BR	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	O BR	1 BR	2 BR	3 BR	4 BR	
Clarke	272 265 265 265 265 265	328 328 3288 3288 3288 3288 3288 3288 3	411 411 411 435	5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	576 576 576 608	Clay Clinton Davis Delaware	265 265 265 265 265	328 328 328 328 328 328 328 328 328 328	4444 +++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	522 522 522 522 522	576 584 576 576 576	
Emmet	265 288 291 265 303	328 328 34388 3438888	4 4 4 4 4 1 1 1 4 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	222222 222222 222222	608 576 592 583	Fayette Franklin Greene Guthrie	265 272 265 265 265	32888 3288 3288 32888 32888 32888 32888 32888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 328888 3288888 3288888 328888 3288888 3288888 3288888 3288888 3288888 3288888 3288888 3288888 3288888 32888888 3288888888	4444	522 522 522 522 522 522	576 576 576 605 576	
Hardin	265 265 265 265 265	33889 3388 3388 3388 3388 3388 3388 338	411 427 411 426	5322 5322 5322 5322 5322 5322 5322 5322	576 576 576 596	Harrison Howard Ida Jackson	265 265 272 265 265	328 328 328 328 328 328 328 328 328 328	4444 1144 1144 1444 1449	522 522 522 581	576 601 576 580 733	
Jones	274 265 265 265 265	328 328 328 328 328 328 328 328 328 328	44444	522222 52222 52222	576 576 576 576 576	Keokuk Lee Lucas Madison	265 265 265 265 265 265	328 328 328 368 368 368	411 424 428 428 446	522 531 522 548 558	576 595 600 625	
Marshall	292 265 265 265 265	361 328 328 328 328	453 411 411 411 411	575 522 522 522 522	635 576 606 576 576	Mills Monona Montgomery O'Brien	265 265 265 265 265	354 328 328 328 328	44444 1144 1141 114	525 522 522 522 522	586 576 576 576 576	
Palo Alto. Pocahontas. Ringgold Shelby.	265 265 265 345	328 328 328 328 419	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	5222 5222 5222 684	576 576 576 784	Plymouth	265 265 265 265 265	328 328 328 328 328 328	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	5337 558 522 522 522	601 625 576 576 576	
Taylor	265 265 265 265 265 265	328 328 328 328 328 328	4 4 4 4 4 1 1 1 4 1 1 7 1 1 7 1 7	525 522 522 522 522 522	577 576 606 585 576	Union	265 265 265 265 265 265	328 328 333 328 328 328	44444 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 11	522 522 522 522 522 522 522 522 522 522	606 581 576 585 585	

For example, 041599 the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR. FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% to FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6 BR The the Note:

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wr ight.....

SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING

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PAGE

K A N S A S																			
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS					O BR	1 BR	2 BR	3 BR	4 BR	Counties	of	FMR AREA		within S	STATE				
Kansas City, MO-KS MSA Lawrence, KS MSA Topeka, KS MSA		$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			. 379 . 356 . 334	477 426 384 394	574 547 500 527	794 761 676 712	880 876 762 770	Johnson, Leaven Douglas Shawnee Butler, Harvey,	I	3	orth, Mi Sedgwick	ami,	Wyandotte	lotte			
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BF	н Т	BR 2	BR 3	BR 4	BR			ION	UMETRO	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTI	COUNT	IES O	BR 1	BR 2	BR 3	BR 4	BR		
Allen		307 3 307 3 307 3 307 3	000000 000000 000000	507 507 507 507	564 564 564 564				Anderson. Barber Bourbon Chase	Anderson			2700 2700 2700	307 307 307 307	21222323 222323 223323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 233323 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23332 23	507 507 507 507	564 564 564 564		
Cheyenne         270           Clay         270           Coffey         279           Cowley         288           Decatur         270		307 3 307 3 307 3 307 3	000000 000000 000000	507 507 519 507	564 569 564 564			00000	clark cloud comanche crawford	Clark			270 270 270	307 307 307 307	3933 3933 3933 3933 3933 3933 3933 393	507 507 507 507	564 564 564 564		
Don iphan         270           E1k         270           Ford         270           Ford         311           Geary         332		307 307 307 367 367 349 4	393 393 457 437	507 507 576 564	564 564 564 611 611			Edwar E11is Finne Frank Gove.	vards. lis nney anklin /e	Edwards			270 354 270 270	307 307 307 307 307	393 393 484 411 393 393 593 593 593	507 507 507	564 564 798 641 564		
Graham		307 3 307 3 307 3 307 3	000000 000000 000000	507 507 507 507	564 564 564 564			C H H G G	Grant Greeley Hamilton. Haskell Jackson	Grant			280 270 270 270	355 307 307 307 307 307	407 393 393 393 393 393 393 393 393 393 39	557 507 507 507 507	607 564 564 564		
Jefferson		307 4 307 4 307 3 307 3 307 3	440 04000 04000 04000 04000	531 544 507 507	564 564 564 564			O L L L K C	Jewell Kingman Labette Lincoln	Jewell			2270 2700 2700	307 307 307	222222 222222 222222 222222 222222 22222	507 507 507 507	5564 5564 5644 5644		
Lyon		307 307 307 307 329 329 329		507 507 507 507	601 564 564 564			N M M M N	Mcpherso Marshall Mitchell Morris Nemaha	Mcpherson			270 270 270	307 307 307 307		507 507 507	564 564 564 564		
Neosho         270           Norton         270           Osborne         270           Pawnee         270		307 307 307 307 307		507 507 507	564 565 565			Phone	Ness Osage Ottawa Phillips	Ness			270 270 270	307 307 307		507 507 507	564 564 564		
Note: The FMRS for unit sizes the FMR for a 5 BR unit	large is 1.	5	than 4 i times	4 BRs s the	are 4BR	calculated by FMR, and the F	ated Ind th	by ad e FMR	y adding 1 FMR for a	15% to th a 6 BR un	the 4 BR unit is '	FMR 1.30	for e times	for each extra times the 4 BR		bedroom. FMR.		For ex 0	example, 041599

SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING	PAGE 17
KANSAS continued	
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR NONMETROPOL	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR
Pottawatomie	270       307       393       517       564         270       307       393       507       612         270       307       393       507       564         270       307       393       507       564         270       307       393       507       564         270       307       393       507       564
Saline	270       307       393       517       594         270       307       393       507       564         270       307       393       507       564         270       307       393       507       564         270       307       393       507       564         270       307       393       507       564         270       307       393       507       564
Thomas       270       307       393       507       564       Trego         Wabaunsee       270       307       393       507       564       Wallace         Washington       270       307       393       507       564       Wichita         Washington       270       307       393       507       564       Wichita         Wilson       270       307       393       507       564       Wichita	270       307       393       507       564         270       307       393       507       564         270       307       393       507       564         270       307       404       507       629         270       307       393       507       564
K E N T U C K Y	
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR CO	Counties of FMR AREA within STATE
Cincinnati, DH-KY-IN	Boone, Campbell, Kenton Christian Henderson Gallatin Grant
Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-DH MSA	Boyd, Carter, Greenup Bourbon, Clark, Fayette, Jessamine, Madison, Scott Woodford
Louisville, KY-IN MSA	Bullitt. Jefferson, Oldham Daviess Pendleton
3 BR 4 BR NONMETRO	POLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR
Adair       249       304       359       475       522       Allen         Anderson       274       290       376       469       527       Bailard         Barren       249       301       359       464       522       Bath       Bath         Barren       249       301       359       464       522       Bath       Bath         Ball       249       290       362       464       522       Boyle       Boyle         Bracken       249       290       359       464       522       Boyle       Boyle       Boyle	llen
Breckinridge       249       290       359       464       522       Butler         Caldwell       249       290       359       464       522       Calloway         Carlisle       249       290       359       464       522       Calloway         Carlisle       249       290       359       464       522       Carroll         Casey       249       290       359       464       522       Clay         Clasey       249       290       359       464       522       Clay         Clanton       249       290       359       464       522       Clay	249       290       359       464       522         249       290       359       464       522         249       290       359       464       522         249       290       359       464       522         249       290       359       464       522         en       249       290       359       464       522
Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6	to the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. For example, BR unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR. 041599

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SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING

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PAGE

ENTUCKY continued												
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O	0 BR 1	BR 2	BR 3	BR 4	BR	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	0 BR 1	BR 2	BR 3	BR 4	BR	
Cumberland	249 249 249 249	290 290 290 290	3 3 3 3 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	464 464 579 464	522 522 522 522	Edmonson Estill Floyd Fulton	249 262 249 249	290 290 290 290	000000 000000 000000000000000000000000	464 464 468 464 464	522 522 522 522 522	
Grayson	249 249 249 249	290 290 290	359 359 359 359	464 468 462 464	552 555 522 522	Green	249 249 249 249	290 290 290	328 328 328 328 328 328 328 328 328 328	464 464 464 464	522 634 528 527	
Jackson	249 249 249 249 249	2900 2900 2900	88888 8888 9888 9888 9888 9888 9888 98	464 464 464 464 464	522 522 522 522	Johnson	249 249 249 249 249	290 367 290 290	359 359 359 359	464 552 464 464	522 678 522 522	
Lewis Livingston Lyon Mccreary Magoffin	249 249 249	2900 2900 2900	359 359 359 359	464 464 464 464 464	522 542 522 522	Lincoln Logan Mccracken Mclean Marion	249 282 282 249	290 290 290 290	320 320 320 320 320 320 320 320 320 320	464 473 464 464	522 522 522 522 522	
Marshall	2249 249 249 249 249 249	290 290 290 290	88888 8888 8888 8888 8888 8888 8888 8888	464 464 464 464 464 464	558 522 522 522 522	Martin	249 257 249 249	290000 290000 2900000000000000000000000	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	464 486 473 464 464	522 522 522 522	
Muhlenberg Nicholas Owen Perry Powell	249 249 249 249	2900 2900 2900	359 359 359 374	464 464 464 467 467	522 535 535 524 522	Ne I son	273 249 267 273	290 290 290 290	370 359 368 368	464 464 465 465	522 522 548 528 522	
Rober tson	249 249 249 249	290 290 290	000800 000800 000800	464 5464 4644 4644 464	522 542 522 522	Rockcastle Russell Simpson Taylor	249 249 300 249	290 290 290	359 359 394 399	464 464 532 464	522 522 601 522	
Trimble	249 249 249	290 290 290	359 359 359 359	464 537 464 464	522 621 522	Union	249 249 249	290 294 290	320 320 320 320 320	464 464 464	522 522 522	

For example, 041599

the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR.

Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% to the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6 BR

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SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING	PAGE 20
M A I N E continued	
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS 0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR	t Components of FMR AREA within STATE
Lewiston-Auburn, ME MSA	Waldo county towns of Winterport town Androscoggin county towns of Auburn city, Lewiston city, Lisbon town, Mechanic Fal
Portland, ME MSA	
Portsmouth-Rochester, NH-ME PMSA 479 573 737 945 1159	
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES 0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR	ł Towns within non metropolitan counties
Androscoggin	/ Durham town, Leeds town, Livermore town
Aroostook	Baldwin town, Bridgton town, Brur Harpswell town, Harrison town, Na
Franklin.       328       377       483       615       708         Hancock.       346       424       525       661       734         Kennebec.       334       417       501       629       708         Knox.       321       418       537       716       754         Lincoln.       321       418       557       716       754	
Dxford	Alton town, Argyle unorg., Bradford town, Bradley town Burlington town. Carmel town. Carroll plantation Charleston town. Chester town. Clifton town Corinna town. Corinth town. Dexter town. Dixmont town Corinna town. East Central Penob, East Millinocket t Edinburg town. East Central Penob, East Millinocket t Garland town. Greenbush town. Greenfield town Howland town. Margaman unorg. Lagrange town Lakeville town. Newtort town. Nargange town Newburgh town. Newtort town. Margield town Newburgh town. Newtort town. North Penobscot un Passadumkeag town. North Penobscot un Passadumkeag town. North Penobscot un Newburgh town. Stetson town. Throuth town Prentiss Plantatio. Seboeis plantation. Springfield town Webster plantation. Whitney unorg. Winn town Woodville town
Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for	calculated by adding 15% to the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. For example, FMR, and the FMR for a 6 BR unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR. 041599

SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING

M A I N E continued	
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES 0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR TO	Towns within non metropolitan counties
Piscataquis       321       377       433       615       708         Sagadahoc       452       517       638       849       1048         Somerset       336       384       483       615       726         Waldo       321       377       483       615       726         Waldo       321       377       483       615       726         Waldo       321       377       483       615       708	elfast city, Belmont town, Brooks town, Burnham rankfort town, Freedom town, Islesboro town ackson town, Knox town, Liberty town, Lincolnvil onroe town, Montville town, Morrill town ersmont town, Palermo town, Prospect town earsmont town, Stockton Springs
	own, Thorndike town, Tray town, Unity
	Acton town, Alfred town, Arundel town, Biddeford city Cornish town, Dayton town, Kennebunk town Kennebunkport town, Leanon town, Limerick town Lyman town, Newfield town, North Berwick town Ogunquit town, Parsonsfield town, Saco city Sanford town, Shapleigh town, Waterboro town, Wells town
MARYLAND	
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR CO	Counties of FMR AREA within STATE
Baltimore, MD	Anne Arundel, Baltimore, Carroll, Harford, Howard
Columbia, MD       570       766       892       1179       1473       0.0         Cumberland, MD-WV MSA       337       405       501       662       756       Al         Hagerstown, MD PMSA       338       406       507       664       758       Wa         Washington, DC-MD-VA       338       406       507       664       758       Wa         Washington, DC-MD-VA       630       716       840       1145       1380       Ca         Washington-Newark, DE-MD PMSA       446       589       687       932       1126       Ce	
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR NONMETROPOL	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR
Caroline	Dorchester
M A S S A C H U S E T T S	
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS 0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR COI	Components of FMR AREA within STATE
Barnstable-Yarmouth, MA MSA	Barnstable county towns of Barnstable town, Brewster town Chatham town, Dennis town, Eastham town, Harwich town Mashpee town, Orleans town, Sandwich town, Yarmouth town

example, 041599

For

to the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. BR unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR.

Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6

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SCHEDULE B - 40T	- 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS	FOR EXIST	FOR EXISTING HOUSING	PAGE 22
MASSACHUSE	ETTS continued			
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS	REAS	O BR 1 BR	2 BR 3 BR 4	BR Components of FMR AREA within STATE
Boston, MA-NH PMSA.			942 1177	
Brockton, MA PMSA		447 589	722 898 1024	4 Bristol county towns of Easton town, Raynham town Norfolk county towns of Avon town Plymouth county towns of Abington town, Bridgewater town Brockton city, East Bridgewater t, Halifax town

For example, 041599

FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% to the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6 BR unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR.

Note: The I the I

PAGE 23		: Components of FMR AREA within STATE	Hanson town, Lakeville town, Middleborough town Plympton town, West Bridgewater t, Whitman town Middlesex county towns of Ashby town Worcester county towns of Ashburnham town Fitchburg city	Gardner city, Leominster city, Lunenburg town Templeton town, Westminster town, Winchendon town Essex county towns of Andover town, Boxford town Georgetown town Groveland town, Haverhill city Lawrence city. Merrimac town. Methuen town	Σ	89 4	Rochester town Berkshire county towns of Adams town, Cheshire town Dalton town, Hinsdale town, Lanesborough town, Lee town Lenox town, Pittsfield city, Richmond town		щΪ	East Longmeadow to, Hampden town, Holyoke city Longmeadow town, Ludlow town, Monson town Montgomery town, Palmer town, Russell town Southwick town, Springfield city, Westfield city West Springfield t, Wilbraham town Hampshire county towns of Amherst town. Belchertown town Easthampton town, Scanby town, Hadley town Hatfield town, Huntington town, Northampton city Southampton town, South Hadley town, Ware town Williamsburg town Worcester county towns of Holland town Worcester county towns of Auburn town, Barre town Boylston town, Douglas town, Dudley town Clinton town, Douglas town, Northborough town Leicester town, Northbrough town Northbridge town, Southbridge town, Spencer town Sterling town, Sturbridge town, Spencer town
<u>ن</u>		4 BR	891	1130	1073	915	877	1032	1005	9 18 18
NISUC		3 BR	820	919	960	815	708	838	817	8 0
UH DN		2 BR	638	735	766	652	564	667	654	656
EXISTING HOUSING		1 BR	491	584	634	573	458	555	518	526
FOR E		O BR	350	484	491	469	323	408	419	4 9
SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS F	MASSACHUSETTS continued	METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS	Fitchburg-Leominster, MA MSA	Lawrence, MA-NH PMSA	Lowell, Ma-NH PMSA	New Bedford, MA MSA	Pittsfield, MA MSA	Providence-Fall River-Warwick, RI-MA PMSA	Springfield, MA MSA	Worcester, MA-CT

For example, 041599

the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR.

Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% to the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6 BR

SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS	FOR EY	EXISTING HOUSING	C HOUS	SING	PAGE 24
MASSACHUSETTS continued					
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS	O BR	1 BR 2	BR 3	BR 4 BR	<pre>Components of FMR AREA within STATE</pre>
					Uxbridge town, Webster town, Westborough town West Boylston town, West Brookfield to, Worcester city
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	0 BR	1 BR 2	BR 3	BR 4 BR	t Towns within non metropolitan counties
Barnstable	418	574	765	956 1071	Bourne town, Falmouth town, Provincetown town
Berkshire	381	463	546	749 897	
Dukes	566 411	509	766 651 8	957 1074 816 985	Ashfield town, Uown, windsor town Ashfield town, Bernardston town, Buckland town Deerfield town, Erving town, Gollatown, Greenfield Hawley town, Heath town, Leverett town, Leyden town Monroe town, Montague town, New Salem town
	Li T				
Hampden	4 L		10 46/		Granutord town, brimitield town, unes Granville town, Tolland town, Wales
Hampshire	581	588	785	984 1101	
Nantucket	734 462	984 1	1312 16 642 8	1640 1836 804 899	Athol town, Hardw New Braintree town Royalston town, Wa
MICHIGAN					
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS	O BR	1 BR 2	BR 3	BR 4 BR	t Counties of FMR AREA within STATE
Ann Arbor, MI PMSA	480 380 375 396 397	581 384 426 464	717 504 534 566	940 1054 630 707 813 911 682 747 710 794	l Lenawee, Livingston, Washtenaw Berrien I Lapeer, Macomb, Monroe, Dakland, St. Clair, Wayne Genesee Allegan, Kent, Muskegon, Ottawa
Jackson, MI MSA	299 353 398	402 426 468	509 537 605	636 713 673 751 790 913	8 Jackson 1 Calhoun, Kalamazoo, Van Buren 8 Clinton, Eaton, Ingham
Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs a the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 2	are cal 4BR FMF	culate . and	ed by the I	adding MR for	calculated by adding 15% to the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. For example, FMR, and the FMR for a 6 BR unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR.

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PAGE

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For example 041599

Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% to the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6 BR unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR.

SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING

	NOL DUTICITY VOI CI			,
MICHIGAN continued				
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS	0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3	3 BR 4 BR Counties of FMR AREA within STATE		
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland, MI MSA	347 383 509	636 713 Bay, Midland, Saginaw		
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4	4 BR	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4	BR	
Alcona	621 625 621 668 621	Alger.       290       331       419       545         Antrim.       290       348       419       545         Baraga.       290       331       419       545         Baraga.       290       331       419       545         Cass.       290       331       419       545         Baraga.       200       331       419       545         Cass.       203       331       419       563	621 6621 621 621 621	
353         357         452         614           290         331         419         545           317         331         428         585           290         357         440         550           290         331         419         545	636 621 621 621 621	Cheboygan	637 621 621 621 621	
Grand Traverse.       384       411       549       686       7         Hillsdale.       290       331       419       545       6         Huron.       290       331       419       545       6         Ioron.       290       331       419       545       6         Ioron.       290       331       419       545       6         Iosco       290       331       419       545       6         Iosco       290       331       419       545       6         Iosco       324       346       463       625       7	770 621 621 657 759	Gratiot.       303       331       419       545         Houghton.       290       331       419       545         Ionia.       356       360       451       562         Iron.       290       331       419       545         Kalkaska       290       331       419       545         Iron.       290       331       419       545         Kalkaska       290       331       419       545	621 632 632 691	
Keweenaw	621 816 621 621 673	Lake	6221 6221 6221 6221 6221	
Missaukee	621 621 621 621 621	Montcalm	621 621 731 731	
290 331 419 545 290 338 419 547 290 331 419 547 290 331 419 545 315 344 459 573	621 621 621 641	Roscommon         320         331         419         545           Sanilac         290         341         419         547           Shiawassee         290         364         438         610           Wexford         290         335         434         569	621 621 673 673	
M I N N E S O T A Metropolitan FMR Areas	0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3	3 BR 4 BR Counties of FMR AREA within STATE		
Duluth-Superior, MN-WI MSA	281 362 465 337 464 560 348 415 546	621 723 St. Louis 777 832 Clay 753 840 Polk		

26			Ramsey									
PAGE			Isanti,									
					4 BR	603 286 286 286 286 286 286 286 286 286 286	589 589 589 589 589 589 589 589 589 589	630 286 286 286 286 286 286 286 286 286 286	589 757 589 678 589	0 0 0 0 0 8 8 8 8 1 1 1 1	589 589 589 589 589 589 589 589	583 283 283
		ш	Hennepin,	Jugi	3 BR	5337 515 515 515 515	515 515 515 515 515 515 515 515 515 515	562 543 545 545 545 545 545 545 545 545 545	515 515 594 515	ດ ດ ດ ດ ດ ດ ດ ດ ດ ດ ດ ດ ດ ດ	515 555 609 515	515 515 515
		STATE	ota,	₹	2 BR	429 414 411 114 111	4444 11444 11911	450 434 411 411	411 543 411 473 413	4444 111111	411 575 430 487 411	4 4 4 1 1 4 1 1 1
		within	Dako	ngtor	1 BR	324 324 324 324 324	324 324 324 324 324	345 335 324 324 324 324	324 407 324 323 324	324 324 324 324 324	324 431 328 326 326	324 324 324
		AREA W	ri sago		O BR	266 266 266 266 266 266	266 266 266 266 266	341 266 266 266 266	266 316 317 295 295	266 266 296 266 266	266 315 322 315 266	266 266 266
		Counties of FMR A	Houston Anoka, Carver, Ch	scott, snerourne, wasnington, wright Olmsted Benton, Stearns	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES		Cottonwood	Parle		Murray	edwood	
9N1SL		3 BR 4 BR	625 757 925 1048	798 896 629 802	NONMETRO	Becker Big Stone Brown Cass Clearwater.	Cottonwood Dodge Faribault Freeborn	Itasca Kanabec. Kittson. Lac qui Lake of	Lincoln Mcleod Marshall. Meeker Morrison.	Murray Nobles Otter Ta Pine	Redwood Rice Roseau Steele Swift	Traverse Wadena Watonwan
EXISTING HOUSING		2 BR	467 684	577 498								
XISTI		1 BR	367 535	441 421								
FOR		0 BR	285 416	314 326	4 BR	652 638 589 589 589	602 679 589 738	589 589 761 589	635 610 589 676	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	589 636 693
r rents			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		3 BR ,	584 597 515 515	578 541 515 515 672	515 515 632 545 515	515 515 515 515 574	515 515 515 515	515 515 515 515 515 515 515 515 515 515	515 557 606
MARKET					2 BR	466 456 546 411 411	423 432 411 527	411 411 504 411 411	4444 1144 1121 1121	411 475 411 411 411	411 411 411 432	411 444 483
FAIR					+ BR	350 341 324 324 324	324 324 324 324 324	324 324 328 328 328	324 324 324 324 324	324 357 324 324 324	336 324 324 324 383	354 351 381
JTILE	per		VI MSA		O BR	270 266 363 266 266	315 266 266 307	272 266 328 328 266	266 266 266 283 283	266 334 266 266 266	266 266 266 303 303	266 288 347
SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE		METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS	La Crosse, WI-MN MSAWI MSA	Rochester, MN MSA St. Cloud, MN MSA	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	Aitkin	Cook	Hubbard	Le Sueur	Mower	Red Lake	Todd

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SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING

MINNESOTA continued	J																		
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O	BR 1	BR 2	BR 3	BR	4 BR		-	VONMETI	SOPOLIT	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTI	ES	O BR 1	BR 2	BR 3	BR 4	BR			
Wilkin	266 266	324 324	411 411	515 515	589 589		-	Winona	:		i	310	404	512	640	717			
M I S S I S S I D D I																			
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS					O BR	1 BR 2	BR 3 I	BR 4 BI	R Coun	Counties of	FMR A	AREA within	thin	STATE					
Biloxi-Gulfport-Pascagpula, I Hattiesburg, MS MSA Jackson, MS MSA Memphis, TN-AR-MS MSA	S	MSA			357 275 363 389	419 337 454 454 854 854 854 854 854 854 854 854	482 6 413 5 507 6 533 7	672 792 554 660 674 711 740 778			0	n, Jack Rankin	son						
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O	BR 1	BR 2	BR 3	BR	4 BR		-	JONMETE	SOPOLIT	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIE	S	0 BR 1	BR 2	BR 3	BR 4	BR			
Adams	248 248 248 248 248	294 294 294 294	366 364 364 364	4 4 6 8 4 4 6 8 4 6 8 4 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	597 527 527 527			Alcorn Attala Bolivar Carroll Choctaw				248 248 248 248 248	2004 2004 2004 204 204 204	364 364 379 364 364	468 468 473 468 468	527 527 541 527 527			
Claiborne Clay Copiah Franklin	248 248 2548 254	22994 29944 2444	364 364 364 364	4 4 6 8 4 6 8 4 6 8 4 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	527 532 527 527		00000	Clarke Coahoma Covington George Grenada		larke	· · · · · ·	248 248 248 248 248	294 294 294 295	364 388 364 364 364	468 487 468 468 497	527 527 527 527			
Holmes	248 260 248 248 250	294 294 294 294	364 364 364 364	4 6 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	527 666 527 527			Humphreys Itawamba. Jefferson Jones Lafayette	eys Da son	Humphreys	  	248 248 248 251	294 294 294 344 344	364 364 364 458	468 468 468 468 574	527 527 527 642			
Lauderdale Leake Leflore Lowndes	248 248 248 248 248	320 294 294 294 294	402 364 391 364	522 468 490	564 527 553 535		2266	Lawrence. Lee Lincoln Marion		Lawrence	· · · · · ·	248 310 248 248	2004 2004 2004 2004 204 204	364 364 364 364 364	468 468 468 468	527 564 527 527 527			
Montgomery	248 248 304 252	294 294 294 294	364 364 364 364	468 538 468 468	527 527 527 527		~~~~	Neshoba Noxubee Panola Perry			· · · · · ·	248 252 248 248	294 294 294 294	364 364 364 364 364	468 468 468 468	527 527 527 527			
Prentiss	251 248 251	294 294 294	364 364 364	468 468 468	527 527 527		00,0,	uitmar Sharkey Smith	Quitman Sharkey Smith	· · · ·		248 252 248	294 294 294	364 364 462	468 468 468	527 527 527			
Note: The FMRS for unit sizes the FMR for a 5 BR unit		arger s 1.15	than time:	4 BRs s the	are 4BR	calculated by FMR, and the	d by a the FN	adding FMR for	15% to a 6 BR	the unit	4 BR FMR is 1.30	for time	ach the	extra e 4 BR	bedroom. FMR.		For ex	example, 041599	•

MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING			PAGE 28	
P P I continued COUNTIES 0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	0 BR 1 BR 2 BR	3 BR 4 BR		
248       294       364       468       527       Sunflower         248       294       364       468       527       Tate         248       294       364       468       527       Tate         248       294       364       468       527       Tate         248       294       364       468       527         248       294       364       468       527         248       294       364       468       527         248       294       364       468       527         248       294       364       468       527	274         298         364           248         335         387           248         294         364           248         294         364           248         294         364           248         294         364           248         294         364           248         294         364           248         294         364           248         294         364           248         294         364	468 559 485 537 468 537 468 527 468 527 558 669		
268       319       426       550       606       Wayne         250       294       364       468       527       Wilkinson         248       294       364       468       527       Yalobusha         252       294       364       468       527       Yalobusha	248 294 364 248 294 364 250 294 364	468 527 468 527 468 527 468 527		8
0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR Counties of	FMR AREA within STATE	111		
262       369       481       668       787       Boone         256       296       393       517       556       Jasper, Newton         379       477       574       794       880       Cass, Clay, Clint(         246       298       398       502       558       Andrew, Buchanan         323       393       510       664       734       Clay, Clint(         233       393       510       664       734       Stanford-Sullivan         268       340       440       608       633       Christian, Greene.	on, Jackson, (part), Frar cuis, Warrer , Webster	ette, Jeff Loui	. Platte, Ray terson, Lincoln is city	c
BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTI	ES OBR 1BR 2BR 3	3 BR 4 BR		
239       299       396       499       598       Atchison	239         275         354           239         275         354           239         284         354           239         275         354           239         275         354           239         275         354           239         275         354           239         275         354           239         275         354           239         275         354           239         277         373	460 528 460 528 460 528 460 528 466 528 528 528		<i>J</i> , <i>L J L</i>
282       286       381       483       626       Camden	315 318 424 239 275 354 239 275 354 239 275 354 239 275 354	589 460 460 528 460 528 460 528 460 528 528 528 528 528 528		
262     316     355     468     528     Dade       239     275     354     460     528     Davies       247     275     354     465     528     Davies       239     275     354     460     528     Dent       239     275     354     460     528     Dent	239 275 354 239 275 354 239 275 354 239 275 354 239 275 354 239 275 354	460 528 460 528 460 528 460 528 460 528 528 460 528		1
239       275       354       460       528       Harrison         272       277       370       463       608       Hickory         239       275       354       460       528       Howard         239       275       354       460       528       Iron	239 275 354 239 275 354 239 275 354 239 275 354 239 275 354	460 528 460 528 460 528 460 530		
: sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% to the 4 BR R unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6 BR unit is	FMR for each extra 1.30 times the 4 BR	bedroom. FMR.	For example, 041599	ຍົດ

SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE		FAIR N	MARKET	RENT	rs for	EXISTING HOUSING	NG HC	INSING										PAGE	29	
MISSOURI continued																				
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES C	0 BR 1	BR 2	BR 3	BR	4 BR			NON	IMETRO	NONMETROPOLITAN	NN COUN	COUNTIES	O BR	1 BR	2 BR	3 BR 4	4 BR			
Johnson. Laclede. Lewis. Livingston.	287 239 239 239	321 275 275 275	418 3554 3555 3555	5554 463 460 460 460	655 528 528 528 528			Knox Lawr Mcdol Madii	Knox Lawrence. Linn Mcdonald. Madison			· · · · · ·	536 536 536 536 536 536 536 536 536 536	275 282 275 275 275	3354 3354 3554 3554 3554 3554 3554 3554	4 4 6 0 4 4 6 0 4 6 0 4 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	528 528 528 528 528 528 528			
Maries	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	275 275 275 275	3354 3554 3544 3544	460 460 460 460	528 528 528 528 528			Maria Monite New New	Marion Miller Moniteau New Madrid.				239 239 239 239 239 239 239 239 239 239	275 316 275 275 275	354 354 354 354 354 354 354 354 354 354	460 463 460 460	528 548 528 528 528			
Nodaway. Osage. Pemiscot. Pettis.	255 239 239 239 239 239 239 239 239	306 275 301 275	354 354 354 354 354	477 460 506 460	576 528 558 555 555			Dzal Peral Poll	Oregon Ozark Perry Phelps Polk	Dregon		· · · · · ·	239 239 249 239 239	275 275 294 297 297	35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 3	460 460 523 516 460	528 550 550 553			
Pulaski	239 239 239 262 262 262	335 275 275 329	376 354 354 354	498 460 523	555 528 528 528 686 686			Put Rar Ster Sal	Putnam Randolph Ripley Ste. Gen Saline	ev i eve	Putnam		000000 3000 5000 5000 5000 5000 5000 50	275 275 275 284 275	354 3554 366 366 366	460 460 460 460 60 60	528 528 528 528 528			
Schuyler	239 287 239 277 277	275 289 295 295	354 387 354 367 391	460 522 568 528 528	528 601 528 620			Scot Shan Stod Sull Texa	Scotland. Shannon Stoddard. Sullivan. Texas				000000 33333 5757 5757 5757 5757 5757 57	275 275 275 275 275	354 3554 3554 3554 3554	460 460 460 600 600	528 528 528 528 528			
Vernon	239 239 239	275 275 275	354 354 354	471 460 460	528 528 528			wor	Washington Worth	ton	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	279 239	338 275	379 354	473 460	531 528			
ONTANA																				
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS					о, В	R 1 BR	2 BR	3 BR	4 BR	Count ies	ties of	FMR	AREA W	within	STAT	ш				
Billings, MT MSA Great Falls, MT MSA Missoula County. MT PMSA	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · ·	3213	8 381 8 379 8 385	510 500 513	685 651 661	831 775 840	Yellowst Cascade Missoula	ellowstone ascade issoula	d)								
										·										
Note: The FMRS for unit siz the FMR for a 5 BR un	sizes la Cunit is	larger is 1.15	than time	4 BRs s the	are 4BR	calculated by FMR, and the	ited t id the	y adding FMR for	œ	5% to 6 BR	the 4 unit	BR FMR is 1.30	for time	the	extra e 4 BR	bedroom. FMR.	. moc	Fore	example, 041599	је, 99

SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING

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PAGE

M O N T A N'A continued

NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	0 BR	1 BR	2 BR	3 BR	4 BR			NONME	TROPO	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	ES O BR	-	BR 2 B	BR 3 B	BR 4 E	BR	
Beaverhead	298 298 298 298 298	344 344 344 348 348 365	454 454 454 454 454	590 590 590 590 590	689 689 689 689 689			Big H Broad Carte Custe Dawso	Big Horn Broadwater Carter Custer Dawson	Big HornBroadwater Carter	2088 2988 2988 2988 2988 2988 2988 2988	88888 3444 34455 34455 444 444	4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	0 689 0 689 0 689 0 689 0 689	ວ ເລ ວ ວ ວ	
Deer Lodge	298 367 298 298	344 344 344 344 344	454 454 454 454 454	590 590 590 590	689 689 689 689 689			Fallo Flath Garfi Golde Hill.	on head ield en Val	Fallon	298 298 298 298 298	8 344 3 345 3 364 3 364 3 364 3 364 3 364 3 44 3 44	4444 70000	4 590 4 590 4 590 590 590	0 689 0 689 0 689 0 689	ത Ի തതത	
Jefferson Lake Liberty Mccone	314 324 298 298 298	3444 3444 36344 36344	4 4 5 4 4 5 4 5 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4	20000 2000 2000	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			Judit Lewis Linco Madis Miner	udith Bas ewis and incoln adison	Uddith Basin Lewis and Clark Lincoln Madison	298 331 324 324 304	365 365 344 344 344 344 344	5 454 8 5454 4 4546 4 454 4 454 4 454	4 590 6 717 4 590 4 590 4 590	0 689 7 849 0 689 0 689 0 704	თ თ თ თ <del>1</del>	
	303 298 303 298 298 298	344 344 344 344 344	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 5 4 5 4 5 5 4 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 4 5 5 5 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	2900 2900 2900 2900	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			Park. Phill Powde Prair Richl	and	Park Phillips Powder River Prairie. Richland	2008 2008 2008 2008 2008	8 344 8 344 8 344 8 349 8 349 8 349 8 349	4444 80000	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	0 689 689 0 689 0 689 0 689 0 689	<u>ი</u> თთთ	
Roosevelt	311 298 321 304	344 344 344 344	4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5	590 590 590	6839 6839 6839 6839 6839 6839			Rosebud. Sheridan Stillwate Teton Treasure	ud dan water ure	Rosebud	298 298 298 298	800 4 4 8 8 9 4 4 8 9 9 4 4 4 8 8 9 9 4 4 4 8 8 9 9 4 4 4 4	4444 88888	4444 70000 0000000000000000000000000000	6886689 99999 00000	თთით	
ValleyWibaux	298 298	344 365	454 454	590 590	689 689			Wheatland	land.		298	3 344	45	4 0	89 06	თ	
NEBRASKA Metropolitan FMRAREAS					0 BR	1 BR 2	BR 3	BR 4	й ВК	Counties of Fl	FMR AREA	within	in STAT	ATE			
Lincoln, NE MSA		· · · · · · · ·	• • •	· · · · · ·		463 463 413	531 515 515 515	705 8 767 8 642 7	3603 3403 3403	S	. Sarpy	, Was	Washington	u			

SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE		FAIR	MARKE	ET RENT	s For	EXISTING HOUSING	SING						PAGE 31	
NEBRASKA continued	σ													
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	O BR	+ BR	2 BR	3 BR	4 BR		NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	O BR	1 BR	2 BR	3 BR 4	4 BR		
Adams Arthur	248 238 238 258 238 238	332 307 307 307	439 391 391 391 391	550 500 500 500 500	659 569 581 581		Antelope	2388 2388 2388 2388 2388 2388 2388 2388	322 307 320 320 371	391 391 391 465	503 500 581 581	569 569 569 702		
Burt. Cedar Cherry Clay. Cuming	238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238	307 307 322 323	391 391 391 391 391	2003 2003 2003	000000 00000 00000		Butler	238 256 256 256 256 256 256	307 323 307 319 319	391 391 391 391 391 391	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	569 569 591		
Dawes	254 238 238 238 238 267	307 307 307	391 391 391 391	500 500 500 500 500	50000 50000 50000 50000		Dawson	261 265 238 238 238	319 307 307 307	391 391 391 391 391	504 500 500 500 500	2000 2000 2000		
Gage Garfield Grant Hall	238 238 238 238 238 238 238	308 307 376 307	391 391 391 391 391	500 500 501 501	569 569 738 738		Garden	53888 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 538	319 307 307 307 321	391 391 391 391	503 500 500 500 500	594 576 579 569 592		
Hitchcock	238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238	307 321 307 307	391 391 391 391	500 500 500 500	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		Holt. Howard Johnson. Keith. Kimball.	5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388	307 307 307 307	391 391 391 391	500 500 500 500 500	5000 5000 5000 5000		
Khox Logan Mcpherson Merrick	238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238	318 307 307 307	391 391 391 391 391	500 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		Lincoln	244 238 244 238 238 238	319 307 309 309	391 391 391 391 391	500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500	560 560 560 560 560 560 560 560 560 560		
Nuckolls Pawnee Phelps Platte Red Willow	238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238	307 307 307 307	391 391 391 391 391 391	500 504 505 500 500 500	569 569 5794 799		Otoe Perkins Pierce Polk Richardson	238 238 238 238 238 238 238	307 307 307	80000000000000000000000000000000000000	0000000 200000000000000000000000000000	000000 000000 000000		
Rock Saunders Seward Sherman	238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238	314 307 309 307	391 391 391 391 391	0000000 200000000000000000000000000000	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		Sal ine	238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238	320 318 307 307 322	391 391 391 391	000000 20000 2000000000000000000000000	569 570 564		
Note: The FMRS for unit si the FMR for a 5 BR u	zes 1 nit 1	arger s 1.1	than 5 tim	4 BRs es the	are 4BR	calculated by FMR, and the F	adding 15% to the 4 BR FM FMR for a 6 BR unit is 1.30	MR for 30 time	each s the	extra 4 BR	bedroom. FMR.	. moo	For example, 041599	, e

Schedult B - 40th FRACHTLE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING       Net E R A S K a continued       Net E R A S K a continued       Net E R A S K a continued         N E E R A S K a continued       288 3 BR 1 BR       Net FRAFTAPOLITAL COUNTIES       0 BR 1 BR       2 BR 3 BR 4 BR       Net FRAFTAPOLITAL COUNTIES       0 BR 1 BR       2 BR 3 BR 4 BR       Net FRAFTAPOLITAL COUNTIES       0 BR 1 BR       2 BR       3
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SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS F	FOR EXIS	EXISTING HOUSING	51 NG	PAGE 33
NEW HAMPSHIRE continued				
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS	BR 1 B	R 2 BR 3	BR 4 BR	Components of FMR AREA within STATE
				Kensington town, New Castle town, Newfields town Newington town, Newmarket town, North Hampton town Portsmouth city, Rye town, Stratham town Strafford county towns of Barrington town, Dover city Durham town, Farmington town, Lee town, Madbury town Milton town, Rochester city, Rollinsford town 'Somersworth city
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	BR 1 BR	3 2 BR 3	BR 4 BR	Towns within non metropolitan counties
Belknap. Carroll. Cheshire. Coos.	431 498 360 494 447 531 308 377 397 479	655 658 679 483 638	885 1076 825 1029 884 1048 630 746 825 1042	
Hillsborough	423 529	705	932 1122	Antrim town, Bennington town, Deering town Francestown town, Greenfield town, Hancock town Hillsborough town, Lyndeborough town, New Boston town
Merrimack	445 532	663	850 949	Peterbbrough town, Sharon town, Temple town Windsor town Boscawen town, Bow town, Bradford town Andover town, Chichester town, Concord city Canterbury town, Dunbarton town, Epsom town, Evanklin city Henniker town, Hill town, Hopkinton town, Loudon town
Rockingham. Strafford. Sullivan.	462 541 409 555 430 437	724 740 567	1004 1159 928 1040 745 794	Newbury town, New London town, Northfield town Pembroke town, Pittsfield town, Salisbury town Sutton town, Warner town, Webster town, Wilmot town Deerfield town, Northwood town, Nottingham town Middleton town, New Durham town, Strafford town
NEV CERSEY				
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS	O BR 1 BR	2 BR 3	BR 4 BR	Counties of FMR AREA within STATE
Atlantic-Cape May, NJ PMSABergen-Passaic, NJ PMSA Bergen-Passaic, NJ PMSA Jersey City, NJ PMSA Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ PMSA Monmouth-Ocean, NJ PMSA	499 568 634 773 583 687 678 743 596 714	756 906 801 927 906	947 1082 1207 1489 1018 1120 1259 1454 1204 1412	Atlantic, Cape May Bergen, Passaic Hudson Hunterdon, Middlesex, Somerset Monmouth, Ocean
Newark, NJ PMSAPMSA Philadelphia, PA-NJ PMSA Trenton, NJ PMSA Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ PMSA	550 702 486 597 492 686 482 586	846 738 836 707	1066 1347 923 1158 1132 1367 881 991	Essex, Morris, Sussex, Union, Warren Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, Salem Mercer Cumberland
Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR		calculated by adding FMR, and the FMR for		15% to the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. For example, a 6 BR unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR. 041599

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SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING			PAGE	34
NEW MEXICO				
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS 0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR Counties of FMR AREA	Within STAT	TATE		
Albuquerque, NM MSA	l, Valencia e	ũ		
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O	BR 1 BR 2 6	BR 3 BR 4 BR	ĩ	
Catron.       271       317       393       528       596       Chaves.         Cibola.       282       308       393       528       596       Colfax.         Curry.       271       315       412       528       596       Colfax.       271         Eddy.       271       315       412       528       596       Debaca.       271         Guadalupe.       271       307       393       528       614       Grant.       271	271         308         40           271         308         315         39           271         305         36         36           321         366         46         36           271         307         39         39	406         559         596           393         528         596           393         528         596           393         528         596           393         528         596           393         528         596           393         528         596           393         528         596           393         528         596	0.000000	
Hidalgo	271         307         39           298         328         43           271         307         36           271         307         39           271         392         44           271         392         44           271         397         36	393         528         596           420         563         635           393         528         596           393         528         596           393         528         596           393         528         596           393         528         596	10 10 10 50 50 10	
San Juan.       306       328       409       568       673       San Miguel       San Miguel         Sierra.       271       307       393       528       596       Socorro.       Socorro.         Taos.       465       471       628       785       1034       Torrance.       Daname         Union.       271       330       393       528       596       Torrance.       Socorro.	300 307 40 271 307 33 297 321 33	405 528 596 393 528 612 393 528 596 393 528 596	(0 <b>C</b> ) (0	
NEW YORK				
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS 0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR Counties of FMR ARE	AREA within ST/	TATE		
Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY MSA	Rensselaer,	r, Saratoga,	, Schenectady	sctady
Binghamton, NY MSA				
Jamestown, NY MSA	urk, Putnam,	Queens,	R i chmond	_
ter Livingst Madison, , Oneida	Monroe, ndaga, Os	, Ontario, Or Oswego	Orleans, 🖌	Wayne
Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% to the 4 BR FMR f the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6 BR unit is 1.30 t	for each extra times the 4 BR	tra bedroom. BR FMR.	For	example, 041599

HOUSING
EXISTING
FOR
RENTS
MARKET
FAIR
40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING
40TH
I.

NEW YORK continued

SCHEDULE B

NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR	Cattaraugus	Hamilton	Ulster	BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR Counties of FMR AREA within STATE	<ul> <li>415 541 705 760 Buncombe, Madison</li> <li>575 648 854 1023 Cabarrus, Gaston, Lincoln, Mecklenburg, Rowan, Union</li> <li>427 479 663 788 Cumberland</li> <li>355 431 555 648 Wayne</li> <li>464 553 762 775 Alamance, Davidson, Davie, Forsyth, Guilford, Randolph</li> </ul>	Yadkin r, Burke, Caldwell, Catawba k	649 871 431 571 605 828	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR	Anson	Chowan	
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR	Allegany	Greene	Tompkins	NORTH CAROLINA METROPOLITAN FMRAREAS	Asheville, NC MSA343Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill, NC-SC MSA510Fayetteville, NC MSA376Goldsboro, NC MSA308GreensboroWinston-SalemHigh Point, NC MSA407	Greenville, NC MSA		NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR	Alleghany	Cherokee	

For example, 041599

the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR.

Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% to the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6 BR

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SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING

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PAGE

	4 BR	598 675 737 598 745	598 598 628 628 628	598 644 598 598	888888 00888 008888	949 598				4 BR	563 563 563 563	563 563 563
	3 BR	527 598 640 527 666	527 527 529 574	527 527 572 527 527	527 527 527 527	787 527	1	ш		3 BR	501 482 482 491 482	482 482 482
	2 BR	409 462 481 533 533	409 409 409 439 420	409 409 409 409 609	409 409 409 409 409	578 414		STATE		2 BR	383 371 394 371 371	371 373 371
	1 BR	337 381 389 389 337 404	337 337 349 382 352	337 354 337 337 337	337 337 337 337 337	457 337		within		1 BR	296 288 288 288 288 288 288	288 288 288
	O BR	292 330 292 394	29222222222222222222222222222222222222	292222 29222 29222	292 292 292 292 292	381 305		AREA W		O BR	229 229 229 229	229 229 229
	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	Greene	Jones. Lenoir Macon. Mitchell.	Pamlico Pender Person Richmond	Sampson	Wataugawilson		3 BR 4 BR Counties of FMR /	713 843 Burleigh, Morton 777 832 Cass 753 840 Grand Forks	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	Barnes	Eddy
	R 3 BR 4 BR	9 542 613 9 527 598 1 565 615 9 527 598 9 527 598	9 572 748 2 572 620 7 583 691 9 527 598 9 527 598	9 527 598 9 624 630 9 527 598 5 527 598 9 527 598	9 527 598 9 527 598 9 527 598 7 606 648 9 527 598	9 527 598 1 582 654 9 527 617		0 BR 1 BR 2 BR	343         384         512           337         464         560           337         464         560           338         415         546	R 3 BR 4 BR	1 482 563 1 482 563 1 482 563 1 482 563 1 482 563	1 482 563 1 482 563 2 490 563
nued	R 2 BI	7 409 6 421 7 409 7 409	7 409 6 442 7 409 7 409	0 409 0 449 0 415 409	7 409 7 409 1 457 0 409	044 4020 4020 4020			· · · · · · · · · · · ·	R 2 BR	8 371 8 371 8 371 8 371 8 371 8 371	8 371 8 371 5 392
contii	+ 8	8 337 2 337 2 337 2 337 2 337	2 337 2 356 2 356 2 337 2 337	2 337 7 360 2 337 2 344	5 337 2 337 2 337 2 337 3 350	80 84 84			• • •	<b>4</b> B	5 8 8 8 8 5 7 7 5 8 7 8	588 575 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58
A N	O BR	308 304 292 292 292	2922 2922 2922 2922 2922 2922 2922 292	292 292 292 292	295 292 338 309	292 332 292			A	O BR	229 260 249 249	229 229 229
NORTH CAROLII	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	Granville	Jackson Lee Mcdoweil Martin	Northampton Pasquotank Perquimans Polk Robeson	Rutherford	Washington	NORTH DAKOTA	METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS	Bismarck, ND MSA Fargo-Moorhead, ND-MN MSA Grand Forks, ND-MN MSA	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	Adams. Benson. Bottineau. Burke. Dickey.	Dunn

For example, 041599

FMR.

the 4 BR FMR for each extra unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR

BR to 15% a 6

Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for

SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING	PAGE 37
NORTH DAKOTA continued	
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR
Griggs	229       288       371       482       563         249       288       371       482       563         229       288       371       482       563         229       288       371       482       563         229       288       371       482       563         229       288       371       482       563         229       288       371       482       563         229       288       371       482       563
Mountrail         253         288         371         482         563         Nelson           01 iver         229         288         371         482         563         Pembina           01 iver         229         288         371         497         563         Pembina           Pierce         229         288         371         497         563         Ramsey           Ransom         234         288         371         482         563         Renville           Richland         234         288         371         482         563         Renville           Richland         234         288         371         482         563         Renville	229       288       371       482       563         229       288       371       489       581         236       315       420       526       687         265       288       371       485       573         265       288       371       485       573         248       316       381       482       563
Sargent       229       288       371       482       563       Sheridan         Sioux       229       288       371       482       563       Slope       Slope         Stark       229       288       371       482       563       Slope       Slope       Steele       Steele       Steele       Steele       Steele       Tawlin       T	229       288       371       482       563         229       288       371       482       563         229       288       371       482       563         229       288       371       482       563         262       295       392       490       645         305       326       405       507       567
Ward	
0 H I O	
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS 0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR CC	Counties of FMR AREA within STATE
Akron, OH PMSA	Portage, Summit Brown Carroll, Stark Clermont, Hamilton, Warren Ashtabula, Cuyahoga, Geauga, Lake, Lorain, Medina
393     465     597     758     871     D       384     430     549     709     795     C       384     453     580     725     812     B       318     453     580     725     812     B       304     357     440     561     618     L       204     357     454     579     635     A	Delaware, Fairfield, Franklin, Licking, Madison, Pickaway Clark, Greene, Miami, Montgomery Butler Lawrence Allen, Auglaize
Mansfield, OH MSA	crawford, Richland Washington Jefferson Fulton, Lucas, Wood Belmont
301 355 445 559 636	Columbiana, Mahoning, Trumbull
Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6	to the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. For example, BR unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR. 041599

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SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING

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0 H I O continued

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4 8 8	5 609 5 5 609 5 5 8 9 5 8 9 6 8 9 7 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 9 8 9 9	5 589 5 589 6 11 5 589 6 15 6 15	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	5 5 8 9 4 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	635 7 737 5 589 5 589		
3 BR	544 552 556 526 526	526 536 537 578 578	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	645 526 541 526 526 526	566 637 526 526	ТЕ	Mcclain, Wagoner
2 BR	435 442 442 412	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	4 4 4 4 6 3 4 4 6 3 4 4 4 2 4 4 4 2 4 4 4 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	44444 4444 40014	454 509 412 412	N STATE	
1 BR	331 331 331 331	331 331 334 334 331	331 331 335 331 335	412 331 333 337 337	340 386 331 331	within	Logan, Tulsa,
O BR	279 279 291 303	279 279 301 323	328 279 279 279	279 279 2286 323 279	279 279 279 296	AREA W	•
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES (		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				Counties of FMR AF	Garfield Sequoyah Comanche Canadian, Cleveland, Pottawatomie Creek, Osage, Rogers
JMETRO	Ashland Champaign Coshocton Defiance Fayette	Guernsey. Hardin Henry Hocking Huron	Knox Marion Mercer Morgan	6. e . a	Shelby Union Vinton Williams	4 BR	635 568 714 729 855
NON	Ast Char Def Soss	HHELE	MMMM	Ottav Perry Prebl Ross. Scioł		3 BR	5555 541 652 652 725
						2 BR	399 405 470 469 521
						1 BR	301 369 369 362 398
~		~~~~~				0 BR	297 304 3367 332 333
4 BR	589 705 689 589 759	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	597 589 619 647	589 589 589 589 589 589 589 589 589 589	0	· · · · · · ·
3 BR	526 574 683 526 626	526 578 526 526 526	526 526 526 526 526	526 526 525 525 525 585 585	530 541 526 526 526		
2 BR	412 438 490 464	4453 4122 4122 4122 4122 4122 4122 4122 412	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	4444 444 444 464 464 464 464 464 464 46	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		
1 BR	331 373 408 331 331	331 331 331 331 331 331 331	331 331 331 331 331	331 331 331 331 331 331 362	331 335 335 335 335 331		
O BR	279 330 318 306 279	279 279 279 279	279 327 279 279 279	279 279 289 279	280 279 279 279 279		
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	Adams	Gallia Hancock Harrison Highland	Jackson. Logan. Meigs. Monroe.	Noble Paulding Pike Putnam Sandusky	Seneca Tuscarawas Van Wert	OKLAHOMA Metropolitan FMR Areas	Enid, OK MSA Fort Smith, AR-OK MSA Lawton, OK MSA Oklahoma City, OK MSA Tulsa, OK MSA

PAGE

For example, 041599

the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR.

BR to

Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6

SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING

OKLAHOMA continued

4 BR	ភម្ម 5440 5480 5480 548	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	540 540 580 580 580 580	ភមុ ភូមុ 40 40 0 40 0 40	540 540 540 540 540	540 540 540 640	540		
0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR	247         284         354         471           247         288         354         471           247         284         354         471           247         284         354         471           247         284         354         471           259         293         354         471	247         284         354         471           247         284         354         471           247         284         354         471           247         284         353         505           247         284         354         471           284         354         374         471           284         354         374         471           284         354         471         284	247         284         354         471           247         284         354         471           247         284         354         471           247         284         354         471           247         284         354         471           247         284         354         471           247         284         351         514           247         284         354         471           247         284         354         471	247         292         362         474           247         284         354         471           265         284         354         471           265         284         354         471           247         284         354         471           284         354         471           284         354         471           284         354         471           284         354         471           284         354         471           284         354         471	247         288         383         483           268         301         354         489           247         284         354         471           251         284         354         471           251         284         354         471           279         284         367         471	247     284     354     471       247     284     354     471       247     284     354     471       247     284     354     471       247     294     354     472       247     294     354     472       247     294     354     472       247     339     413     548	247 284 354 471	AREA within STATE	
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES C	Alfalfa Beaver Blaine Caddo Cherokee	Cimarron Cotton Custer Dewey Garvin	Grant Harmon Haskell Jackson	Kingfisher Latimer Lincoln Mccurtain	Mayes Muskogee Nowata Okmulgee	Pittsburg Pushmataha Seminole Texas Washington	woods	BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR Counties of FMR AR	461 600 838 968 Lane · 452 604 840 936 Jackson
0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR	247     284     354     471     540       247     284     354     471     540       251     284     354     471     540       247     284     354     471     540       247     284     354     471     540       247     286     357     497     540	247         284         354         471         540           247         284         354         471         540           247         284         354         471         540           247         284         354         483         572           247         284         354         471         550           247         284         354         471         550           247         284         354         471         550           247         284         354         471         540	271 284 367 499 602 247 284 354 471 540 247 284 354 471 540 247 284 354 471 540 247 284 354 471 540 247 284 354 471 540	274         290         381         531         622           247         284         354         471         540           247         284         354         471         540           247         284         354         471         540           247         284         354         471         540           247         284         358         471         540           247         284         358         471         540           247         284         354         471         540           247         284         354         471         540	247     284     354     471     540       247     284     354     471     540       247     284     354     471     540       247     284     354     471     540       247     284     354     471     540       266     284     354     471     540	286         337         432         596         669           247         284         354         471         540           247         284         354         471         540           251         284         354         471         540           251         284         354         471         562           251         284         354         471         562           247         284         354         471         562	247 284 354 471 540 247 284 354 471 540	0 88	OR MSA
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	Adair	Choctaw	Grady Greer Harper Hughes	Kay Kiowa Le Flore Love	Marshall Murray Noble Okfuskee	Payne Pontotoc Roger Mills Stephens Tillman	ta ard	OREGON Metropolitan FMR Areas	Eugene-Springfield, OR MSA Medford-Ashland, OR MSA

SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING	PAGE 40
DREGDN continued	
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS 0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR Counties of	FMR AREA within STATE
Salem, OR PMSA	
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIE	S 0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR
Baker.       313       371       481       662       738       Benton.         Clatsop       361       428       560       764       858       Coos.         Crook.       313       371       481       662       738       Coos.         Crook.       313       371       481       662       738       Curry.         Deschutes.       387       444       595       828       958       Douglas.         Gilliam.       313       395       481       662       738       Grant.	374         485         615         925         983           313         382         507         706         738           313         382         507         706         738           313         426         565         724         890           313         371         481         662         738           313         371         481         662         738
313       371       481       662       738       Hood River         313       371       481       662       738       Josephine         313       371       481       662       738       Laks         313       371       481       662       738       Laks         313       371       481       662       783         380       386       514       715       777         313       371       481       662       738         Morrow       Morrow       Morrow       100	368         414         562         732         865           313         380         489         662         772           313         371         481         662         738           313         371         481         662         738           313         371         481         662         738           313         371         481         662         738           313         371         481         662         738
Sherman.       313       371       481       662       738       Tillamook       1         Umatila.       313       371       481       662       738       Union       1       1         Wallowa       313       371       481       662       738       Union       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1	313 371 481 662 738 313 371 481 662 738 381 472 528 719 808
P E N N S Y L V A N I A	
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS 0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR Counties of 1	FMR AREA within STATE
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA MSA	ehigh, Northampton d, Dauphin, Lebanon, Perry Somerset
Lancaster, PA MSA	ster, Delaware, Montgomery, Philadelphia Beaver, Butler, Fayette, Washington
Reading, PA MSA	Lackawanna, Luzerne, Wyoming
York, PA MSA	
Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% to the 4 BR the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6 BR unit is	R FMR for each extra bedroom. For example, 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR. 041599

24909

SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING

PENNSYLVANIA continued

For example, 041599 the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR. Ва calculated by adding 15% FMR, and the FMR for a 6 Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR

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PAGE

E B - 40TH PERCE
RHDDE ISLAND continued
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES 0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR Towns within non metropolitan counties
Newport
SOUTH CAROLINA
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS 0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR Counties of FMR AREA within STATE
Augusta-Aiken, GA-SC MSA
Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson, SC MSA 388 470 530 668 786 Anderson, Cherokee, Greenville, Pickens, Spartanburg Myrtle Beach, SC MSA
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR
Abbeville
Darlington       287       335       407       523       598         Fairfield       287       385       439       547       613       Georgetown       287       365       410       523       623         Fairfield       287       385       407       523       598       Georgetown       287       365       410       523       623         Greenwood       288       335       407       523       598       Hampton       287       335       407       523       598         Jasper       287       335       407       523       598       Kershaw       287       335       407       523       598         Jasper       287       336       407       523       598       Laurens       287       335       407       523       598
Lee
SOUTH DAKOTA
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS 0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR Counties of FMR AREA within STATE
Rapid City, SD MSA
Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% to the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. For example, the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6 BR unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR.

PAGE

SOUTH DAKOTA continued

BR 4 BR	0 648 0 648 0 648 0 654 0 654 0 648	0 648 648 648 648 648 888 848	0 648 0 648 0 648 0 648 648 1 661	7 695 0 648 0 648 0 648 2 817 2 817	0 648 648 648 648 648 648	0 648 0 648 0 648 0 648 648 648	60 648		
с К			3 560 3 560 3 560 3 560 591	6 587 3 560 3 560 3 560 7 722	000000 222000 232333	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	ß	STATE	
BR 2 B	44444 4444 22222	44444 999999	7 423 446 7 423 3 470	3 446 3 423 0 423 9 527 9 527	7 423 7 423 7 423 7 423 7 423	7 423 7 423 7 423 7 423 7 423	37 423		
А Т	4 337 4 337 4 337 4 337 337	4 337 4 3337 4 3337 4 3337 8 337	84 337 84 337 84 337 84 337 8537 8537	9 337 4 343 7 343 7 3340 4 19	6 4 337 6 337 6 337 7 337 6 337 7 337	4 337 6 337 4 337 4 337 7 337	e	within	
0	2542 2542 2542 2542 2542 2542 2542 2542	2544 2554 2544 2584 2584 2584 2584 2584	255 255 255 255 258 258	279 254 277 291	254 300 254 254	254 254 254 254 267	254	AREA	ج
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES		clark		Hughes				k Counties of FMR	5 Hamilton, Marion 5 Montgomerv
DNMETI	Beadle Bon Homme Brown Buffalo Campbell	clark codington. Custer Day	Edmunds Faulk Gregory Hamlin	Hughes Hyde Jerauld Kingsbury Lawrence	Mccook Marshall. Mellette. Moody	Sanborn. Spink Sully Tripp	ank ton.	2 4 BR	3 755 8 625
Ż	ம்ம்மைய்ப்	UUUU	<i>dú c</i> íťí	ĨÍŎĽĬ	ĕĕźĕd.	000 E E	¥	к 3 ВК	3 663 608
								7 13	7 513 0 446
								R 1 BR	6 427 9 380
4 BR	648 648 762 648 818	648 648 648 648 648	648 648 648 648 648	6 4 8 6 4 8 6 4 8 6 4 8 6 4 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	648 648 648 648 648 648	648 648 648 648 648	648 648	8 0	. 366
3 BR .	560 560 560 560 694 694	560 560 560 560	560 560 560 560	560 560 560 560	560 560 560 560 560	560 560 560 560	560 560		•
2 BR	534423 534423 53428 534	44444 00000 000000	4 4 4 4 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4444 4233 8233 8233 8233 8233 8233 8233	423 537 423 423	423 423 4233 4233	423 423		:
1 BR	340 337 431 337 400	337 337 337 337 337	337 337 345 337	345 337 337 337 337 337 337	337 337 403 337 337	337 345 337 337	345 337		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
O BR	2554 2554 2552 293	2554 2554 2566 2566	282 254 254 254	2554 2554 2554 2554 2554 2554 2554 2554	2554 2554 2554 2554 2554	2554 2554 2580 2580 2580	254 254		TN-KV
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	Aurora	Charles Mix	Douglas Fall River Grant Haakon	Harding Hutchinson Jackson Lake	Lyman	Roberts	wa1worth	T E N N E S S E E Metropolitan FMR Areas	Chattanooga, TN-GA MSA Clarksville-Honkinsville, TN-KV

For example, 041599

Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% to the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6 BR unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR.

CHEDULE B - 40TH		FAIR	MARKET	T RENT	TS FOR	EXISTING HOUSING	OH 9N	USING								PAGE 44	
TENNESSEE continued	ed																
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS					O BR	1 BR	2 BR	3 BR	4 BR	Counties of FMR	AREA	within	1 STATE	ш			
Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol, Knoxville, TN MSA Memphis, TN-AR-MS MSA Nashville, TN MSA	istol, TN-V	TN	A MSA	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	305 305 389	364 375 454 511	450 471 533 630	584 628 740 858	692 754 778 963	Carter, Hawkins, Sulliv, Anderson, Blount, Knox, Fayette, Shelby, Tipton Cheatham, Davidson, Didi Sumner, Williamson, Will	32555	Sullivan, Ur Knox, Loudo Tipton on, Dickson, on, Wilson		- 4 - 6 -	Ξ	ngton Union Rutherford	
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES C	O BR	1 BR	2 BR	3 BR	4 BR			NON	METROF	VONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	5 O BR	1 BR	2 BR	3 BR	4 BR		
Bedford	238 238 238 240 242	306 279 279 289 279	352 352 352 352	463 463 463 463	5224 519 519 519 519			Bento Bradlo Canno Claib Cocke			8888 33888 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 538	292 300 279 279	352 352 352 352 352	463 463 463 463 463 463 463	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		
Coffee Cumberland Dekalb Fentress	238 251 238 238 238 238	332 279 279 279	373 365 352 352 352	519 509 463 463	5 5 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1			Crocke Decatu Dyer Frank Giles			238 2938 24938 24938 238	279 279 301 279 303	352 352 352 352 352 375	463 463 484 484	519 519 525 525		
Grainger	238 238 238 238 238 238 238	279 279 279 279	352 352 352 352	4 4 4 4 6 8 8 8 4 4 4 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			Greene Hamble Hardem Haywoo	Greene Hamblen Hardeman Harwood		238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238	279 279 279 279	352 357 352 352 352	463 488 488 484 463	519 519 519 519 519		
Hickman Humphreys Jeffersch Lake Lawrence	284 238 238 238 238 238	285 290 279 279	378 352 361 352 352	463 463 463 463 463	529 519 519 519			Houst Jacks Johns Laud <b>e</b> Lewis	Houston Jackson Johnson Lauderdale Lewis	Houston	88888 33888 5388 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 5388 5388 53888 53888 53888 5388 53888 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 53888 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 53888 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 53888 5388 5388 5388 5388 53888 5388 53888 53888 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5388 5385 5388 5386 5386	279 279 279 279 279	352 352 355 355 355	463 463 463 463 463	00000000000000000000000000000000000000		
Lincoln	238 238 238 238 238 238	279 279 279 279	356 352 352 352 352	463 463 463 463	519 519 519 519			Mcminn Macon. Moury. Monroe	cminn acon aury onroe organ	Mcminn	238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238	279 279 348 279	352 352 352 352 352	465 463 463 463 463	519 519 519 519		
Ob ion. Perry Polk. Rhea. Scott	276 238 238 238 238 238	280 281 279 279 279	3522 3522 3522 3522 3522 3522 3522 3522	474 463 463 463 463	5 5 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 5 1 5 5 1 5 5 5 5 5 5			Pick Putr Roar Sequ	Overton Pickett Putnam Roane		238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238 238	279 279 279 279	352 352 352 352 352	463 516 473 473	519 555 569 519		
Smith Trousdale	238 238 264	279 292 279	352 388 360	463 487 463	519 638 519			Stewar Van Bu Wayne.	Stewart Van Buren Wayne		238 238 238	279 279 279	352 352 352	463 463 463	519 519		
Note: The FMRS for unit sizes the FMR for a 5 BR unit	res la lit is	larger is 1.15	than 4 times	4 BRs s the	are 4BR	calculated FMR, and th	lated by and the	by adding e FMR for	$-\omega$	5% to the 4 BR F 6 BR unit is 1.	FMR for e 1.30 times	each e ss the	extra 4 BR	bedroom. FMR.	. moo	For example, 041599	

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RR		887 307 350	87 887 887 887	887 887 887 887	5587 587 587 587 587	5587 587 587 587	5587 629 6629 606	587 587 587 587	m. For example,
RR 4	47444 00000	565 514 514 514 516 543 6 543 6 543 6 543 543 543 543 543 543 543 543 543 543	44444 800000	44444 000000	000000 4444 4444	40044 20044	44744 44744	4 4 4 4 4 2 4 4 4 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	bedroom.
RR 3		10 M M <del>4</del> <del>+</del>	ភ្លេញញញ្ញ ស្ត្រីញញ្ញាញ ស្ត្រីញញ្ញាញ្ញ្ញ		00000000000000000000000000000000000000	38333473 3833473 3833473 3833473	4083333 4083333 5359333 5359333 5359333 5359333	ດ ດ ດ ດ ດ ດ ອ ອ ອ ອ ອ ອ ອ ອ ອ ອ ອ ອ ອ ອ	extra be
с 2		888888 9888888 9888888	8888888 8888888 8888888	8888888 8888888 8888888					ach ext
а + В	ບບບບບ ບັບບັບບັບ				5 318 5 318 5 329 5 318 318 318 318 318	000000 000000 000000000000000000000000	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		ũ
C B	22222	22222	275 275 275 275 275	22222	00000	275 275 275 275 275	275 275 275 301	275 275 275 275 275	
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	Andrews Aransas Atascosa Bailey Baylor	Blanco. Bosque. Briscoe Brown. Burnet.	Callahancallahan. Carson Castro Castro Cochran	Coleman. Colorado. Concho. Concho. Cortle. Crockett.	culberson Dawson Delta Dickens	Eastland	Freestone	Hale	adding 15% to the 4 BR FMR
3 BR 4 BR	581 587 544 641 521 587 525 587 521 587	514 587 514 587 514 587 514 587 544 663	530 627 590 659 514 587 514 587 514 587	514 587 514 587 518 587 518 587 514 587 518 587	514 587 514 587 514 596 514 587 514 587	514 587 514 587 514 587 514 587 514 587	530 587 514 587 514 587 514 587 514 587	518 611 514 587 514 602 513 587 553 587	4 BRs are calculated by
2 BR	417 392 383 383	383 383 383 402 203	383 383 383 383 383 383	383 383 383 383 383 383 383	2833 2833 2833 2833 2833 2833 2833 2833	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	38333 8833 8833 8833 8833 8833 8833 88	88333 8833 8833 8833 8833 833 833 833 8	than 4
1 BR	372 348 318 318 318	318 318 318 318 318 318 318 318 318 318	318 377 318 319 324	3 18 3 18 3 18 3 18 3 18 3 18 3 18 3 18	3 18 3 18 3 18 3 18 3 18 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	3 18 8 3 3 18 3 18 8 8 8 8 3 18 8 8 8	3 1 8 8 9 3 9 3 1 8 8 8 8 3 1 8 8 8 8	318 318 354 354	arger
0 BR	330 300 275 295 295	275 275 275 275 275	294 372 275 307 275	275 275 275 298 275	275 275 275 275	275 275 275 275 275	275 275 275 275 275	275 275 275 275	zes 1
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	Anderson Angelina Armstrong Austin Bandera	Bee Borden Breuster Brooks Burleson	calhoun	Coke	Crosby Dallam Deaf Smith Dewitt	Duval. Edwards. Falls. Fayette. Floyd.	Franklin Frio Garza Glasscock Gonzales	Grimes	Note: The FMRS for unit sizes

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NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O	0 BR 1	BR	2 BR	3 BR	4 BR	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	0 BR	1 BR	2 BR	3 BR	4 BR	
Hock ley Houston Hudspeth I rion	281 275 331 275 275	328 318 318 318 319	383 383 383 383 383	519 514 514 514 514 514 514 514 514 514 514	587 587 587 587 587	Hopkins	321 293 275 275 275	345 318 318 318 318	405 383 396 391	565 518 553 521 521	608 587 587 587 639	
Jeff Davis	275 275 275 275 275	318 318 356 358	23333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 283333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333 28333	0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	587 594 587 587 730	Jim Hogg Jones	275 275 275 275 275	318 318 318 318 318	383 383 451 383 383	514 514 627 514 523	587 587 741 587 587	
King Kleberg Lamar Lampasas Lavaca	275 334 275 275 275	318 346 318 318	383 383 383 383	514 590 521 514	587 694 663 615 587	Kinney. Knox Lamb La Salle.	275 275 275 312	318 318 318 350	883 883 383 363 363 363 363 363 363 363	514 514 514 549	587 587 587 587 616	
Leon Lipscomb Llano Kynn Mcmullen	275 275 275 275 275	353 353 318 318 318	395 383 383 383	0000444 000444444444444444444444444444	651 587 774 587 587	Limestone. Live Dak. Loving Madison.	275 275 275 283 275	318 318 318 318 318 318	88888 8888 8888 8888 8888 8888 8888 8888	ចលីបី 1444 1444 1444	587 587 587 587 604	
Marion. Mason. Maverick Menard	275 275 275 275 275	318 318 318 318 318 318 318 318 318 318	0000000 888888 000000	000000 114 144 144 144 144 144	608 587 587 587 587	Martin	275 318 275 275 275	318 347 318 318 318	383 431 383 383 383	514 597 514 514 514	587 602 587 587 587	
Montague	275 275 290 275 275	318 318 318 318 318	383 383 383 383 383 383	00000 014 14 14 14 14 14	587 587 670 587 587	Moore	275 275 329 283 275	323 346 318 318 318	383 383 416 383 383 415	514 514 528 514 521	596 587 587 587 609	
	275 275 307 275 275	318 3356 356 318	383 383 381 381 383	5555 514 517 514 514 514	610 587 637 602 587	Panola Pecos Presidio Reagan Red River	275 275 350 275 275	324 318 356 356	383 383 383 473 396	518 518 518 514 514 514	587 611 587 777 587	
Reeves	275 275 275 288	318 321 318 318 325	888888 8888 8888 8888 8888 8888 8888 8888	លលលលល + + + + + + 4 4 4 4 4	587 587 587 587 600	Refugio Robertson Rusk San Augustine San Saba	275 275 287 287 275	318 364 318 318 318	383 383 383 383 383 383 383 383	000000 44444 44444	587 587 587 587 587	
Note: The FMRS for unit sizes the FMR for a 5 BR unit	- ·-	arger s 1.15	than 4 times	4 BRs is the	s are calculated by adding a 4BR FMR, and the FMR for	y adding 15% to the 4 BR FMR FMR for a 6 BR unit is 1.30	for time	tr	extra e 4 BR	bedroom. FMR.		For example, 041599

SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING

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4 BR	655 587 587 587	587 587 674 587	655 587 587 605 587	653 594 587				4 BR	744 736 736 758	736 736 736 736 736	736 736
3 BR	555 544 5144 144 5144 5144 5144 5144 51	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	5542 5142 514 514 514	553 514 514		ш		3 BR	612 612 612 645	612 612 612 612 612 612 612 612 612 612	612 612
2 BR	383 383 383 383 383 383	383 383 411 383 383	383 383 383 383 383 383 383	396 383 383		STAT		2 BR	451 457 457 457 516	457 457 457 457	457 457
1 BR	318 354 358 318 318	318 363 363 318 318 318 318 318 318 318 318 318 31	3188318 318888 318888	318 318 318		within	۲	1 BR	365 365 365 365 414	365 365 365 365 365 365	379 365
O BR	275 275 315 275 275	275 275 275 275 275	294 275 275 275 275	275 275 275		AREA W	, Weber	O BR	332 320 298 308 308	298 298 298 298 298 298	298 298
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	Scurry.	Swisher Terry. Titus. Uvalde.	Van Zandt Ward Wharton Wilbarter	Wood Young Zavala		1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR Counties of FMR	383 479 642 773 Kane 455 563 780 923 Utah 510 647 900 1055 Davis, Salt Lake	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	Box Elder	Millard Piute San Juan Tooele	Wasatch
4 BR	587 587 587 587 587	587 587 587 587	632 676 763 587 587	587 730 587		O BR	312 431	t BR	736 823 736 736	736 736 736 736	736 982
3 BR 4	55555 144 144 144 144	555555 1444 4444	536 640 514 514	537 556 514				3 BR 4	612 684 612 612 612	6122 6122 916222 916222	612 802
2 BR	33333333 888333 38883333 38883333	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	430 465 383 383 383	385 445 383				2 BR	457 512 588 457 457	457 457 457 457 679	457 600
1 BR	3 1 8 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	3 18 3 18 3 23 3 23 3 23 3 28 3 28 3 28 3 28 3 2	365 394 318 318 318	321 362 318				1 BR	365 408 365 365 365	365 365 365 365 545	365 452
O BR	275 275 275 275 275	275 275 275 286 275	275 371 341 275 275	. 275 275 275			MSA	O BR	298 332 298 298 298	298 298 298 298	298 367
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	Schleicher Shackelford Sherman Starr Sterling	Sutton	val Verde	Wise	υтан	METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS	Kane County, UT	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	Beaver Cache Daggett Grand.	Juab	UintahWashington

For example, 041599 Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% to the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. The FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6 BR unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR.

SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS   V E R M D N T	FOR EX	ISTIN	EXISTING HOUSING	SING		PAGE 49
POLITAN FMR AREAS	0 BR 1	BR 2	BR 3	BR 4	BR	Components of FMR AREA within STATE
Burlington, VT MSA	427	523	6 2.69	20	1 † 4 7	Chittenden county towns of Burlington city Charlotte town, Colchester town, Essex town Hinesburg town, Jericho town, Milton town, Richmond tow St. George town, Shelburne town, South Burlington c Williston town, Winooski city Franklin county towns of Fairfax town, Georgia town Grand Isle county towns of Grand Isle town South Hero town
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	0 BR 1	BR 2	BR 3	BR 4	BR	Towns within non metropolitan counties
Addison	421 331 387	508 471 396 625	591 8 606 7 483 6 705 9	824 9 770 8 609 6 979 11	924 897 699 1154	Bolton town, Buels gore, Huntington town, Underhill tow
Essex Franki in	324 348	390 394	483 6 483 6	609 6 613 7	699 705	westrond town Bakersfield town, Berkshire town, Enosburg town Fairfield town, Fletcher town, Franklin town Highgate town, Montgomery town, Richford town
Grand Isle. Lamoille. Orange. Drieans.	324 326 3249 328 378	4460 4908870 4908870	483 6 557 7 564 7 483 6 599 7	609 6 763 8 745 8 609 6 751 8	699 875 699 841	sheldon town Alburg town, Isle La Motte town, North Hero town
Washington	362 410 441	449 474 498	606 7 629 7 623 8	758 8 798 8 800 9	850 879 948	
VIRGINIA						
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS	0 BR 1	BR 2	BR 3	BR 4	BR	Counties of FMR AREA within STATE
Charlottesville, VA MSA	430 312 305 305	369108 369108 369108	650 8 569 7 652 8 450 5 450 5	864 9 782 7 582 10 584 6	968 798 7032 692	Albemarle, Fluvanna, Greene, Charlottesville city Clarke Culpeper Pittsylvania, Danville city Scott, Washington, Bristol city
King George County, VA	378 349 436	502 384 491	564 7 443 5 580 8	784 582 7 809 9	790 951	King George Amherst, Bedford, Campbell, Bedford city, Lynchburg city Gloucester, Isle of Wight, James City, Mathews, York Chesapeake city, Hampton city, Newport News city Norfolk city, Poquoson city, Portsmouth city
Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs ar the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 46	are cale 4BR FMR	culate , and	calculated by adding FMR, and the FMR for	addin MR fo	tr ø	15% to the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. For example, a 6 BR unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR. 041599

PAGE 50	STATE	Suffolk city, Virginia Beach city, Williamsburg city Charles City, Chesterfield, Dinwiddie, Goochland, Hanover Henrico, New Kent, Powhatan, Prince George Colonial Heights city, Hopewell city, Petersburg city	city, Salem city . Prince William, Spotsylvania Fairfax city . Fredericksburg city k city	2 BR 3 BR 4 BR	425 571 688 425 571 688 425 571 688 425 571 688 425 571 688 425 571 688	425 571 688 425 571 688 425 571 688 425 571 688 425 571 688 541 741 887	425 571 688 425 571 688 425 571 688 441 571 688 441 571 688 425 571 688	425 571 688 425 571 688 456 633 749 425 571 688 425 571 688	425 571 688 425 571 688 531 737 869 425 571 688 425 571 688	425 571 688 425 571 688 425 571 688	extra bedroom. For example, e 4 BR FMR. 041599
	A within	nia Bea Prfield Powhata V, Hope	, Roanoke city , Loudoun, Prii ia city, Fairf Fauquier, Free assas Park cit	BR 1 BR	99 362 87 362 87 362 87 362 87 362	17 362 17 362 17 362 17 362 17 362 0 450	7 362 7 362 7 362 7 362	77 362 362 362 362 362 362 362	2 364 2 364 1 472 362 362 362	7 362 8 362 7 362	for each e times the
	Counties of FMR AREA	Suffolk city, Virgir Charles City, Cheste Henrico, New Kent, F Colonial Heights cit	Kichmond city Botetourt, Roanoke, Roanoke city, Salem city Warren Arlington, Fairfax, Loudoun, Prince William, Stafford, Alexandria city, Fairfax city Falls Church city, Fauquier, Fredericksburg Manassas city, Manassas Park city	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O E	Alleghany	Carroll	Grayson	Lunenburg	Pags	Smy th	to the 4 BR FMR BR unit is 1.30
<b>/</b> 5	4 BR	1026	766 912 1380	METROF	Alleghany Appomattox. Bath Brunswick Buckingham.	Carroll Craig Dickenson Floyd	yson ifax hland. ig will	Lunenburg Mecklenburg Montgomery Northampton	pahanr kbridg sell	Smyth Surry Tazewell.	ing 15% for a 6
ONISNO	3 ER	870	615 730 1145	NON		L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L	Grad HHA Feeral Feeral	LUN Mea Nor Not	Pan Ran Rus Rus Rus Rus Rus Rus Rus Rus Rus Rus	Smy Sur Taz	oy add e FMR
EXISTING HOUSING	BR 2 BR	537 625	369 479 418 557 716 840								calculated by adding FMR, and the FMR for
	0 BR 1	474	295 305 630	ßR	688 688 724 688 688	771 688 688 783 688	688 688 688 738 738		7 8 8 8 6 6	0 0 0	are calc 4BR FMR.
RENTS FOR			· · · · · · ·	BR 4 B				0 688 1 790 688 688 688 688 688 688	7 947 1688 1688 1705 0809	2 752 1 688 1 688	BRs a the 4
MARKET F		:		в В В	5 571 5 571 5 571 5 571 5 571	51 731 255 571 57 571 77 664 25 571	5 571 5 571 5 571 5 571 5 606	+ 640 2 604 5 571 5 571 5 571	0 807 5 571 5 571 9 571 690	8 662 5 571 5 571	than 4 times
R MAR		:	· · · · · · · · · · ·	8R 2 B	4444 00000	04444	4444	4444 98000	00000 00000	444 100	er th .15 t
E FAIR			· · · · · · · · · · ·	R 1 8	1 368 7 362 7 372 7 362 7 362	7 412 7 362 7 394 7 362	7 362 7 372 7 362 7 412 9 403	7 374 3 428 7 364 7 362	9 433 7 362 7 362 7 383 983	3 388 7 362 7 362	larger t is 1.15
ENTIL	þ	MSA	· · · · · · · · ·	0	341 287 287 287 287	407 287 287 287 287	287 287 287 359	287 288 287 287 287 287	319 287 287 287 287	378 287 287	sizes unit
SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE	V I R G I N I A CONTINUED METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS	Richmond-Petersburg, VA	Roanoke, VA MSA	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	Accomack	Caroline Charlotte. Cumberland. Essex Franklin.	Giles	Louisa	Orange Patrick Pulaski Richmond Rockingham	Shenandoah Southampton	Note: The FMRS for unit sizes the FMR for a 5 BR unit

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VIRGINIA continued

SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING	PAGE 52
WEST VIRGINIA continued	
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS 0 BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR Counties of	FMR AREA within STATE
Parkersburg-Marietta, WV-OH MSA	Hancock , Ohio
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR	IES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR
Barbour.       255       324       362       466       542       Boone.         Braxton.       255       311       362       466       542       Calhoun.         Clay.       255       311       362       466       542       Doddridge.         Clay.       255       311       362       466       542       Doddridge.         Fayette.       255       311       362       466       542       Gilmer.         Cash.       255       311       362       466       542       Gilmer.         Cash.       255       311       362       466       542       Gilmer.	255         311         362         466         542           255         311         362         466         542           264         311         362         466         542           264         311         362         466         542           280         311         362         466         542           280         311         362         466         542           283         375         468         542
Hampshire	255         311         362         466         542           255         319         362         495         542           255         319         362         495         542           255         311         362         466         542           255         311         362         466         542           255         311         362         466         542           255         311         362         466         542
Mercer	255 311 362 466 549 255 311 362 466 542 255 311 362 466 542 265 311 362 466 542 263 311 362 466 542 255 327 362 466 542
Raleigh	255         311         362         466         542           255         311         362         466         542           312         337         368         466         542           312         337         368         466         542           312         337         368         466         542           313         381         477         542           311         381         477         542           331         362         466         542
Wetzel	255 311 362 466 542
WISCONSIN	
METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS 0 BK 1 BK 2 BK 3 BK 4 BR Counties of	FMR AREA within STATE
ah, WI MSA	Outagamie, Winnebago Eau Claire
Kenosha, WI PMSA	
Note: The FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% to the 4 the FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6 BR unit i	BR FMR for each extra bedroom. For example, s 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR. 041599

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W I S C O N S I N continued

	sha	4 BR	590 590 634 652	695 590 590 590	671 590 590 590	590 590 590 590	590 590 620 620	599
ш	Washington, Waukesha	3 BR ,	523 523 565 585 585	563 563 523 523 523 523 523	614 523 523 523 523	547 523 523 523	523 523 523 523 523 523	້ອເວີ
STAT	ton,	2 BR	4 10 4 10 4 10 4 10 4 10 4 10 4 10 4 10	4 8 8 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	4 10 4 10 4 10 4 10 4 10 6 10 6 10 6 10 6 10 7 10 7 10 7 10 7 10 7 10 7 10 7 10 7	4444 10144 10101	4 10 5 26 0 10 0 10 0 10 0 10	425
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Counties of FMR AREA within STATE	Milwaukee, Ozaukee, Pierce, St. Croix Racine Sheboygan Marathon	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	Ashland	Dunn				wood
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METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS	Milwaukee-Waukesha, WI PMSA Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI MSA Racine, WI PMSA Sheboygan, WI MSA	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	Adams	Door. Florence. Forest. Green.	Jackson	Menominee	Sauk	Waushara

For example, 041599 the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR. вt 15% a 6 are calculated by adding 4BR FMR, and the FMR for FMRS for unit sizes larger than 4 BRs FMR for a 5 BR unit is 1.15 times the Note: The F the F

SCHEDULE B - 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR EXISTING HOUSING

54

PAGE

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O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR Counties of FMR AREA within STATE		O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR	308       386       515       715       845       Big Horn       293       337       432       573       659         317       337       432       575       679       Carbon       293       337       432       573       659         293       337       432       573       659       Crook       293       337       432       573       659         293       337       432       573       659       Crook       293       337       432       573       659         293       337       432       573       659       Goshen       293       337       432       573       659         293       337       432       573       659       Johnson       293       337       432       573       659	293       337       4,32       573       659       Niobrara       293       337       4,32       573       659         293       337       432       573       666       Platte       293       337       432       573       659         293       337       432       573       666       Sublette       293       337       432       573       659         205       337       432       573       666       Sublette       326       367       432       573       659         305       337       432       575       679       73       659       70         305       337       432       574       694       889       970         307       337       432       574       694       Washakie       293       337       432       573       659	293 337 432 573 659	N D S	O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR	683 821 972 1218 1371		O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR Counties of FMR AREA within STATE	211       257       306       380       428       Aguada Municipio, Aguadilla Municipio, Moca Municipio         228       277       325       408       459       Arecibo Municipio, Camuy Municipio, Hatillo Municipio         228       277       321       379       477       530       Caguas Municipio, Camuy Municipio, Hatillo Municipio         267       321       379       477       530       Caguas Municipio, Cayey Municipio, Gidra Municipio		Sabana Grande Municipio, Sañ German Municipio 249 305 359 449 504 Guayanilla Municipio, Juana Diaz Municipio Penuelas Municipio, Ponce Municipio, Villalba Municipio	A	larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding 15% to the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. Foi is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for a 6 BR unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR.
		BR 1 BR			e		BR 1 BR					•	•		es larger it is 1.15
W Y O M I N G Metropolitan FMR Areas	Casper, WY MSA	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O	Albany. Campbell	Lincoln	Weston	PACIFIC ISLAND	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O	Pacific Islands (	PUERTO RICO	METROPOLITAN FMR AREAS	Aguadilla, PR MSA Arecibo, PR PMSA Caguas, PR PMSA	Mayaguez, PR MSA	Ponce, PR MSA	San Juan-Bayamon, PR PMSA	Note: The FMRS for unit sizes the FMR for a 5 BR unit

PAGE

404

365 365

289 289

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200

San Sebastian Municipio. Utuado Municipio.....

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Lajas Municipio..... Las Marias Municipio.... Maunabo Municipio..... Patillas Municipio..... Rincon Municipio.....

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NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES Johns/St. Thomas....

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st.

EXISTING HOUSING 40TH PERCENTILE FAIR MARKET RENTS FOR ı SCHEDULE B

cont inued RICO UERTO ٩

**METROPOLITAN** 

Counties BR 4 BR ო BR 3 BR -BR 0 AREAS FMR

FMR AREA within STATE

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o pio nicipio	4 BR	404 404 404 404 404
nicipi Aunici Nicipi Ita Mu	3 BR	365 365 365 365 365 365 365 365 365 365
to Mur Juan N ja Mur ega Al oa Mur	2 BR	289 289 289 289 289 289 289 289 289 289
ranji San oa Ba io, Vo Yabuc	1 BR	247 247 247 247
o, Na iipio, T iio, T nicip pio,	O BR	800000 800000 800000000000000000000000
Naguabo Municipio, Naranjito Municipio Rio Grande Municipio, San Juan Municipio Toa Alta Municipio, Toa Baja Municipio Trujillo Alto Municipio, Vega Alta Municipio Vega Baja Municipio, Yabucoa Municipio	NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES O BR 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR	Aibonito Municipio Barranquitas Municipio Coamo Municipio Guanica Municipio Isabela Municipio

NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	0 BR 1	1 BR 2	2 BR	3 BR	<b>4</b> BR
Adjuntas Municipio	200	247	289	365	404
Arroyo Municipio	200	247	289	365	404
Ciales Municipio	200	247	289	365	404
Culebra Municipio	200	247	289	365	404
Guayama Municipio	200	247	289	365	404
Javuva Municipio	200	247	289	365	404
Lares Municipio	200	247	289	365	404
Maricao Municipio	200	247	289	365	404
Drocovis Municipio	200	247	289	365	404
Quebradillas Municipio	200	247	289	365	404
Salinas Municipio	200	247	289	365	404
Santa Isabel Municipio	200	247	289	365	404
Vieques Municipio	200	247	289	365	404
VIRGIN ISLAND	s				
NONMETROPOLITAN COUNTIES	O BR	1 BR 2	BR	3 BR	4 BR

For example, 041599 the 4 BR FMR for each extra bedroom. unit is 1.30 times the 4 BR FMR. BR to 15% a 6 larger than 4 BRs are calculated by adding is 1.15 times the 4BR FMR, and the FMR for FMRS for unit sizes FMR for a 5 BR unit the the Note:

# Schedule D: FY 2000 40th Percentile Fair Market Rents For Manufactured Home Spaces In The Section 8 Choice Housing Program

Area Name	Space <u>Rent</u>
California Los Angeles, CA Orange County, CA Riverside-San Bernardino, CA San Diego, CA San Jose, CA Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa, CA Mendocino County, CA	\$383 \$468 \$304 \$423 \$489 \$321 \$246
<u>Colorado</u> Boulder-Longmont, CO Denver, CO	\$344 \$327
<u>Delaware</u> Dover, DE Sussex County, DE	\$176 \$121
<u>Maryland</u> Hagerstown, MD St. Mary's County, MD	\$220 \$265
<u>Minnesota</u> Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI	\$275
<u>Nevada</u> Reno, NV	\$289
<u>New York</u> Dutchess County, NY Jamestown, NY Newburgh, NY-PA Rochester, NY Utica-Rome, NY Tompkins County, NY	\$371 \$176 \$349 \$245 \$220 \$205
<u>Oregon</u> Salem, OR Portland-Vancouver, OR-WA Benton County, OR Deschutes County, OR Linn County, OR	\$236 \$284 \$209 \$259 \$189
<u>Utah</u> Provo-Orem, UT	\$223
Vermont Washington County, VT	\$211
<u>West Virginia</u> Berkeley County, WV Jefferson County, WV Morgan County, WV	\$143 \$146 \$140

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[FR Doc. 99–11507 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4210–32–C



Friday May 7, 1999

# Part VI

# Department of Education

Hispanic-Serving Institutions Program; Notice

# Department of Education

#### [CFDA No.: 84.031S]

#### Hispanic-Serving Institutions Program; Notice Inviting Applications for New Awards for Fiscal Year 1999

#### **Purpose of Program**

Provide grants and related assistance to eligible Hispanic-Serving institutions of higher education to enable them to improve their academic quality, institutional management, and fiscal stability and thereby increase their selfsufficiency and expand their capacity to serve Hispanic students and other lowincome individuals.

Deadline for Transmittal of Applications: June 25, 1999.

Deadline for Intergovernmental Review: August 25, 1999.

Applications Available: May 10, 1999. Available Funds: Approximately \$16,000.000.

*Estimated Range of Awards:* \$375,000 to \$425,000 per year for development grants.

*Estimated Average Size of Awards:* \$392,000 per year for development grants.

*Estimated Number of Awards:* 40 development grants.

Project Period: 60 months for development grants.

**Note:** The Department is not bound by any estimates in this notice.

Statutory Priorities: Under 34 CFR 75.105(c)(3) and Section 511(d) of the Higher Education Act, as amended (HEA), the Secretary gives an absolute preference to applications that contain satisfactory evidence that the Hispanic-Serving institution has entered into or will enter into a collaborative arrangement with at least one local educational agency or community-based organization to provide that agency or organization with assistance (from funds other than funds provided under Title V of the HEA) in reducing dropout rates for Hispanic students, improving rates of academic achievement for Hispanic students, and increasing the rates at which Hispanic secondary school graduates enroll in higher education. The Secretary will fund under this competition only applications that meet this priority.

As described under Section 514(b), the Secretary also gives an absolute preference to grants for cooperative arrangements that are geographically and economically sound or will benefit the applicant Hispanic-Serving institution. Only applications that meet this priority will be funded.

Special Funding Consideration: In tiebreaking situations described in 34 CFR 607.23 of the Strengthening Institutions Program regulations, the Secretary awards one additional point to an application from an institution that has an endowment fund for which the market value in 1996–1997, per fulltime equivalent (FTE) student, was less than the average per FTE student at similar type institutions; and one additional point to an application from an institution that had expenditures for library materials in 1996–1997, per FTE student, that were less than the average per FTE student, at similar type institutions.

For the purpose of these funding considerations, an applicant must be able to demonstrate that the market value of its endowment fund per FTE student, or expenditures for library materials per FTE student, were less than the following approximated national averages for base year 1996– 1997:

	Average Market Value of En- dowment Fund, Per FTE	Average Li- brary Ex- penditures for Mate- rials, Per FTE
Two-year Public Institutions Two-year Non-	\$1,332	\$45
profit, Private Institutions Four-year Public	11,567	121
Institutions Four-year Non- profit Private	2,829	165
Institutions	42,579	254

If a tie still remains after applying the additional points, the Secretary determines that an institution will receive an award according to a combined ranking of two-year and fouryear institutions. This ranking is established by combining library expenditures and endowment values per FTE student. The institutions with the lowest combined library expenditures per FTE student and endowment values per FTE student are ranked higher in strict numerical order.

Applicable Regulations: (a) The Department of Education General Administrative Regulations (EDGAR) in 34 CFR Parts 74, 75, 77, 79, 82, 85, and 86; and (b) the regulations for the Strengthening Institutions Program in 34 CFR Part 607, except those regulatory sections that have been superseded by the Higher Education Amendments of 1998 (Public Law 105–244).

Supplementary Information: The Higher Education Amendments of 1998 amended the Higher Education Act of 1965 (HEA) regarding the Hispanic-Serving Institutions Program in several respects. First, it moved the program Title V of the HEA. It made specific changes to the eligibility requirements for new grants and authorized uses of grant funds. Key statutory provisions that directly impact the program are:

a. As amended, section 504(a)(2) of the HEA provides that an institution that receives a five-year individual grant under Title V, is not eligible to receive an additional development grant until two years after the date on which the five-year grant terminates.

b. As amended, section 503(b) of the HEA authorizes the use of grant funds for the following activities: (1) Purchase, rental, or lease of scientific or laboratory equipment for educational purposes, including instructional and research purposes. (2) Construction, maintenance, renovation, and improvement in classrooms, libraries, laboratories, and other instructional facilities, including the integration of computer technology into institutional facilities to create smart buildings.

(3) Support of faculty exchanges, faculty development and faculty fellowships to assist in attaining advanced degrees in the field of instruction of the faculty.

(4) Purchase of library books, periodicals, and other educational materials, including

telecommunications program material. (5) Tutoring, counseling, and student service programs designed to improve academic success.

(6) Funds management, administrative management, and acquisition of equipment for use in strengthening funds management.

(7) Joint use of facilities, such as laboratories and libraries.

(8) Establishing or improving a development office to strengthen or improve contributions from alumni and the private sector.

(9) Establishing or improving an endowment fund.

(10) Creating or improving facilities for Internet or other distance learning academic instruction capabilities, including purchase or rental of telecommunications technology equipment or services.

(11) Establishing or enhancing a teacher education program designed to qualify students to teach in public, elementary and secondary schools.

(12) Establishing community outreach programs that will encourage elementary and secondary school students to develop the academic skills and the interest to pursue postsecondary education.

(13) Expanding the number of Hispanic and other underrepresented graduate and professional students that can be served by an institution by expanding courses and institutional resources.

(14) Other activities proposed in the application that contribute to carrying out the purposes of the program and are approved by the Secretary as part of the review and acceptance of the application.

As amended, section 503(c) (1) and (2) of the HEA provides that grantees under the Developing Hispanic-Serving Institutions Program may use up to 20 percent of grant funds to establish or increase an endowment fund. However, the grantee institution must provide matching funds from non-Federal sources in an amount equal to or greater than the grant funds used for the endowment fund.

For Further Information Contact or Applications: Carl Person, U.S. Department of Education, 400 Maryland Avenue, SW, the Portals Building Suite CY–80, Washington, D.C. 20202–5335. Telephone (202) 708–8839 or (202) 708– 8816. The e-mail address for Mr. Person is Carl\_Person@ed.gov. Individuals who use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) may call the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at 1– 888–877–8339.

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**Program Authority:** 20 U.S.C. 1057. Dated: May 3, 1999.

#### David A. Longanecker,

Assistant Secretary, Office of Postsecondary Education.

[FR Doc. 99–11490 Filed 5–6–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4000–01–U

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# **Federal Register**

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Friday, May 7, 1999

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The items in this list were editorially compiled as an aid to Federal Register users. Inclusion or exclusion from this list has no legal significance.

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#### LIST OF PUBLIC LAWS

This is a continuing list of public bills from the current session of Congress which have become Federal laws. It may be used in conjunction with "PLUS" (Public Laws Update Service) on 202–523– 6641. This list is also available online at http:// www.nara.gov/fedreg.

The text of laws is not published in the **Federal Register** but may be ordered in "slip law" (individual pamphlet) form from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402 (phone, 202–512–1808). The text will also be made available on the Internet from GPO Access at http:// www.access.gpo.gov/nara/ index.html. Some laws may not yet be available.

#### S. 531/P.L. 106-26

To authorize the President to award a gold medal on behalf of the Congress to Rosa Parks in recognition of her contributions to the Nation. (May 4, 1999; 113 Stat. 50)

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