

**DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**

**Drug Enforcement Administration**

**Importer of Controlled Substances; Notice of Registration**

By Notice dated June 24, 1998, and published in the **Federal Register** on July 9, 1998, (63 FR 37139), Radian International LLC, 8401 North Mopac Blvd., P.O. Box 201088, Austin, Texas 78720, made application by renewal to the Drug Enforcement Administration to be registered as an importer of the basic classes of controlled substances listed below:

Drug	Schedule
Cathinone (1235) .....	I
Methcathinone (1237) .....	I
N-Ethylamphetamine (1475) .....	I
Ibogaine (7260) .....	I
4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (7391) .....	I
4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (7392) .....	I
4-Methyl-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (7395) .....	I
2,5-Dimethoxyamphetamine (7396) .....	I
2,5-Dimethoxy-4-ethylamphetamine (7399) .....	I
5-Methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine (7401) .....	I
3,4-Methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine (7404) .....	I
3,4-Methylenedioxyamphetamine (7400) .....	I
3,4-Methylenedioxy-methamphetamine (7405) .....	I
4-Methoxyamphetamine (7411) .....	I
Psilocybin (7437) .....	I
Psilocyn (7438) .....	I
Etorphine (except HCL) (9056) .....	I
Heroin (9200) .....	I
Pholcodine (9314) .....	I
Amphetamine (1100) .....	II
Methamphetamine (1105) .....	II
Amobarbital (2125) .....	II
Pentobarbital (2270) .....	II
Cocaine (9041) .....	II
Codeine (9050) .....	II
Dihydrocodeine (9120) .....	II
Oxycodone (9143) .....	II
Hydromorphone (9150) .....	II
Benzoyllecgonine (9180) .....	II
Ethylmorphine (9190) .....	II
Meperidine (9230) .....	II
Dextropropoxyphene, bulk (non-dosage forms) (9273) .....	II
Morphine (9300) .....	II
Thebaine (9333) .....	II
Levo-alphaacetylmethadol (9648) ..	II
Oxymorphone (9652) .....	II

The firm plans to import small quantities of the listed controlled substances for the manufacture of analytical reference standards.

No comments or objections have been received. DEA has considered the factors in Title 21, United States Code, Section 823(a) and determined that the registration of Radian International LLC to import the listed controlled substances is consistent with the public interest and with United States obligations under international treaties, conventions, or protocols in effect on May 1, 1971, at this time. DEA has investigated Radian International LLC on a regular basis to ensure that the company's continued registration is consistent with the public interest. These investigations have included inspection and testing of the company's physical security systems, audits of the company's records, verification of the company's compliance with state and local laws, and a review of the company's background and history. Therefore, pursuant to Section 1008(a) of the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act and in accordance with Title 21, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1311.42, the above firm is granted registration as an importer of the basic classes of controlled substances listed above.

Dated: February 23, 1999.  
**John M. King,**  
*Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration.*  
 [FR Doc. 99-5405 Filed 3-4-99; 8:45 am]  
**BILLING CODE 4410-09-M**

**DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**

**Drug Enforcement Administration**

**Manufacturer of Controlled Substances Notice of Application**

Pursuant to Section 1301.33(a) of Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), this is notice that in a letter dated January 20, 1999, Sigma Aldrich Research Biochemicals, Inc., Attn: Richard Milius, 1-3 Strathmore Road, Natick, Massachusetts 01760, made application to the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) for registration as a bulk manufacturer of fentanyl (9801), a basic class of controlled substance in Schedule II.

The firm's plans to synthesize the fentanyl molecule to produce small quantities of fentanyl free base. Any other such applicant and any person who is presently registered with DEA to manufacture such substance may file comments or objections to the issuance of the proposed registration.

Any such comments or objections may be addressed, in quintuplicate, to the Deputy Assistant Administrator,

Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration, United States Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. 20537, Attention: DEA Federal Register Representative (CCR), and must be filed no later than May 4, 1999.

Dated: February 23, 1999.  
**John H. King,**  
*Deputy Assistant Administrator, Office of Diversion Control, Drug Enforcement Administration.*  
 [FR Doc. 99-5407 Filed 3-4-99; 8:45 am]  
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**DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

**Employment Standards Administration**

**Wage and Hour Division; Minimum Wages for Federal and Federally Assisted Construction; General Wage Determination Decisions**

General wage determination decisions of the Secretary of Labor are issued in accordance with applicable law and are based on the information obtained by the Department of Labor from its study of local wage conditions and data made available from other sources. They specify the basic hourly wage rates and fringe benefits which are determined to be prevailing for the described classes of laborers and mechanics employed on construction projects of a similar character and in the localities specified therein.

The determinations in these decisions of prevailing rates and fringe benefits have been made in accordance with 29 CFR part 1, by authority of the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Stat. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in 29 CFR part 1, appendix, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits determined in these decisions shall, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

Good cause is hereby found for not utilizing notice and public comment procedure thereon prior to the issuance of these determinations as prescribed in 5 U.S.C. 553 and not providing for delay