No. 99–04” and should be addressed to Marie M. Rongone at the above address.

For Further Information Contact:
Marie M. Rongone, Assistant Regional Counsel (ORC-3), Office of Regional Counsel, U.S. EPA Region IX, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA 94105; E-mail: rongone.mari@epamail.epa.gov; Phone: (415) 744–1313.


Keith Takata,
Director, Superfund Division, U.S. EPA, Region IX.
[FR Doc. 99–5238 Filed 3–3–99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

Environmental Protection Agency

[FRL–6237–7]

No Discharge Zone Determinations for Broad Creek, Lake Keowee, Lake Murray, Lake Thurmond, and Lake Wylie

Agency: Environmental Protection Agency.

Action: Notice.

Summary: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Region 4 has received petitions from the State of South Carolina requesting a determination that adequate and reasonably available pump out facilities exist for Broad Creek, Lake Keowee, Lake Murray, Lake Thurmond, and Lake Wylie. The purpose of this petition is to enable these water bodies to qualify for No Discharge Zone (NDZ) designation. The State of Georgia concurs with this determination for Lake Thurmond (known as Clarks Hill Lake in Georgia), and the State of North Carolina concurs with this determination for Lake Wylie.

The EPA Regional Administrator for Region 4 concurs with the State of South Carolina’s determination. This action is taken pursuant to section 312(f)(3) of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and Public Law 95–200 as amended by Public Law 95–217 and Public Law 100–4, that adequate facilities for the safe and sanitary removal of sewage from all vessels are reasonably available for these water bodies to qualify as NDZs.

EPA’s action allows prohibition regarding discharge from vessels to be applied by these States. Specifically, section 312(f)(3) of the CWA states:

After the effective date of the initial standards and regulations promulgated under this section, if any State determines that the protection and enhancement of the quality of some or all of the waters within such States require greater environmental protection, such State may completely prohibit the discharge from all vessels of any sewage, whether treated or not into such waters, except that no such prohibition shall apply until the Administrator determines that adequate facilities for the safe and sanitary removal and treatment of sewage from all vessels are reasonably available for such water to which such prohibition would apply.

According to the State of South Carolina, the following facilities and conditions exist for these five water bodies.

Broad Creek

Broad Creek is located on the Island of Hilton Head just north of Calibogue Sound. It is a shallow estuary extending across much of the island in a northeast to southwest direction, from its headwaters not far from the Atlantic Ocean to the mouth at Calibogue Sound. Its surface waters cover an area of 1.08 square miles (approximately 692 acres) in Beaufort County, South Carolina. The facilities available for pumping out vessel holding tanks, addresses, telephone number, hours of operation, and vessel drafts are as follows:

(1) Palmetto Bay Marina; 164–D Palmetto Bay Road, Hilton Head, South Carolina 29928; 843–785–3910; 8 AM–6:30 PM (summer) 8 AM–5:30 PM (winter); 22’ draft.
(2) Wexford Lock Harbor Marina; Wexford Plantation, Hilton Head, South Carolina 29926; 843–686–8805; 8 AM–5 PM year round; 8’ draft.
(3) Shelter Cove Marina; PO Box 5628, Hilton Head, South Carolina 29938; 843–842–7001; 7:30 AM–7 PM (summer) 7:30 AM–5 PM (winter); 9’ draft.
(4) Night Harbor; 824 Yacht Club Point, PO Box 370, Night Harbor, Robison’s Lakeside Plantation, Hilton Head, South Carolina 29928; 803–443–1380; 9 AM–9 PM (summer) 10 AM–2 PM (winter); 30’ draft.

Lake Murray

Lake Murray is located just north of the City of Columbia, South Carolina. This lake is a reservoir of approximately 78 square miles (50,000 acres) with 520 miles of shoreline. The facilities available for pumping out vessel holding tanks, addresses, telephone number, hours of operation, and vessel drafts are as follows:

(1) Dreher Island State Park; 3677 State Park Road, Prosperity, South Carolina 29127; 803–634–4152; 6 AM–9 PM (summer) 6 AM–6 PM (winter); 12’ draft.
(2) Lakeler Landing; 220 Lakeler Landing Road, Lexington, South Carolina 29072; 803–359–9268; 9 AM–8 PM (summer) 9 AM–5 PM (winter); 8’ draft.
(3) Lake Murray Marina; 1600 Marina Road, Ballentine, South Carolina 29002; 803–781–1585; 8 AM–7 PM (summer) 8 AM–5 PM (winter); 15’ draft.
(4) Lighthouse Marina; 1925 Johnson’s Marina Road, Chapin, South Carolina 29026; 8 AM–8 PM (summer) 8 AM–5 PM (winter); 8’ draft.
(5) Night Harbor; 824 Yacht Club Point, PO Box 370, Night Harbor, South Carolina 29002; hours of operation not available; 13’ draft.
(6) Robison’s Lakeside Marina; 3072 Hwy 378, Leesville, South Carolina 29070; 803–532–4231; 9 AM–6 PM (summer) 9 AM–5 PM (winter); 5’ draft.
(7) Windward Point Yacht Club; PO Box 327, Irmo, South Carolina 29063; 803–781–2285; open 24 hours year round; 5’ draft.

Marine toilet waste from these marinas will be treated as follows: Dreher Island State Park—06 mgd package plant (NPDES Permit SC0026048).

Lake Thurmond

Lake Thurmond (Clarks Hill Lake in Georgia) straddles the Georgia South Carolina Border. The dam is located approximately 10 miles north of Augusta, Georgia. This lake is a reservoir of approximately 70,000 acres with 1,200 miles of shoreline. The facilities available for pumping out vessel holding tanks, addresses, telephone number, hours of operation, and vessel drafts are as follows:

(1) Plum Branch Yacht Club; PO Box 370, Plum Branch, South Carolina 29845; 864–443–1380; 9 AM–9 PM (summer) 10 AM–2 PM (winter); 15’ draft.
(2) Tradewinds Marina; 5577 Marina Parkway, Appling, Georgia 30802; 706–541–1380; 9 AM–5:30 PM year round; 30’ draft.

Lake Wylie

Lake Wylie is located in the northwest corner of South Carolina, approximately 30 miles west of Greenville, South Carolina. The surface
waters of this reservoir/lake cover 18,400 acres and its shoreline is about 300 miles.

The facilities available for pumping out vessel holding tanks, addresses, telephone, hours of operation, and vessel drafts are as follows:

Lake Keowee Marina: 150 Keowee Marina Drive, Seneca, South Carolina 29679; 864-882-2047; 8 AM–8 PM (summer) 9 AM–5 PM (winter) closed Mondays; 20' draft.

Marine toilet waste from this facility is treated in a state approved and regulated septic tank.

It is estimated that there are 92 vessels in this area that are equipped with MSDs.

Lake Wylie

Lake Wylie straddles the North Carolina–South Carolina border near Charlotte, North Carolina. The surface waters of this lake/reservoir cover 12,455 acres and its shoreline is about 327 miles.

The facilities available for pumping out vessel holding tanks, addresses, telephone, hours of operation, and vessel drafts are as follows:

(1) Harbortowne Marina: PO Box 6122, Charlotte, North Carolina 28207; 704–347–4224; 9 AM–7 PM (summer) 10 AM–4 PM (winter); 10' draft.

(2) River Hills Marina Club: 12 Executive Place, Lake Wylie, South Carolina 29710; 803–831–0758; 18' draft.

Marine toilet waste from Harbortowne Marina is treated by a state approved and regulated septic tank. Marine toilet waste from River Hills Marina Club is treated in a public waste treatment system.

It is estimated that there are 188 vessels in this area that are equipped with MSDs. Therefore the ratio of boats with MSDs to pumpout facilities is 94 boats per pump out facility.

Comments concerning this action may be filed on or before 30 days from the date of this document. Such communication should be addressed to Wesley B. Crum, Chief, Coastal Programs and Surface Water Quality Grants Section, EPA, Region 4, Sam Nunn Federal Center, 61 Forsyth Street, Atlanta, Georgia 30303–3104. Telephone 404–562–9352.

A. Stanley Melburg
Acting Regional Administrator, Region 4.

[FR Doc. 99–5381 Filed 3–3–99; 8:45 am]

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Notice of Public Information Collection(s) Submitted to OMB for Review and Approval

February 26, 1999.

SUMMARY: The Federal Communications Commission, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork burden invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on the following information collection(s), as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Public Law 104–13. An agency may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number. No person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) that does not display a valid control number. Comments are requested concerning (a) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the Commission’s burden estimate; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on the respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

DATES: Written comments should be submitted on or before April 5, 1999. If you anticipate that you will be submitting comments, but find it difficult to do so within the period of time allowed by this notice, you should advise the contact listed below as soon as possible.

ADDRESS: Direct all comments to Judy Boley, Federal Communications Commission, Room 1–C804, 445 12th Street, SW, Washington, DC 20554 or via the Internet to jboley@fcc.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For additional information or copies of the information collection(s), contact Judy Boley at 202–418–0214 or via the Internet at jboley@fcc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

OMB Control Number: 3060–XXXX. Title: Section 73.3534, Period of Construction for ITFS Construction Permits and Requests for Extension. Form Number: N/A. Type of Review: New collection. Respondents: Business or other for-profit, state, local or tribal government. Number of Respondents: 610.

Estimated Time Per Response: 1.0 hours per notification.

Frequency of Response: On occasion reporting requirement.

Total Annual Burden: 610 hours.

Total Annual Cost: $18,300.

Needs and Uses: On October 22, 1998, the Commission adopted a Report and Order in MM Docket Nos. 98–43 and 94–149. Among other things, this Report and Order adopted a notification procedures to be used in lieu of the FCC Form 307 for requesting an extension of time to construct an ITFS station. This notification should include a specific and detailed showing that the failure to complete construction was due to causes not under the control of the permittee. An extension of time to construct will be limited to a period of no more than 6 months. Any construction permit for which construction has not been completed shall be automatically forfeited upon expiration of the construction permit. With the adoption of this Report and Order, the Commission has abolished the FCC Form 307.

The data are used by FCC staff to ensure that legitimate obstacles are preventing permittees from the construction of ITFS facilities.

OMB Control Number: 3060–0407. Title: Section 73.3598, Period of Construction. Form Number: N/A. Type of Review: Revision of a currently approved collection.

Respondents: Business or other for-profit, not-for-profit institutions. Number of Respondents: 100. Estimated Time Per Response: 0.5 hours per response. Frequency of Response: On occasion reporting requirement. Total Annual Burden: 38 hours. Total Annual Cost: $28,500.

Needs and Uses: On October 22, 1998, the Commission adopted a Report and Order in MM Docket Nos. 98–43 and 94–149. Among other things, this Report and Order extended the time to complete construction of a new broadcast station or a modification to a licensed station to three years. This new construction period will provide all permittees an adequate and realistic time to construct their facilities and will result in the elimination of requests for additional time to construct. The Commission will toll the construction period only when construction is encumbered due to an act of God, or when a construction permit is the subject of administrative or judicial review. This Report and Order adopted a notification procedure to be used for notifying the Commission that a permit...