

license for the Shearon Harris Nuclear Power Plant. The proposed amendment would modify the plant to increase the spent fuel storage capacity by adding rack modules to spent fuel pools "C" and "D" and placing those pools in service. A notice of the proposed amendment was published in the **Federal Register** at 64 FR 2237 (Jan. 13, 1999).

The Board is comprised of the following administrative judges:

G. Paul Bollwerk, III, Chairman, Atomic Safety and Licensing Board Panel, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20555-0001
 Frederick J. Shon, Atomic Safety and Licensing Board Panel, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20555-0001
 Dr. Peter S. Lam, Atomic Safety and Licensing Board Panel, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20555-0001

All correspondence, documents, and other materials shall be filed with the Judges in accordance with 10 CFR § 2.701.

Issued at Rockville, Maryland, this 24th day of February, 1999.

G. Paul Bollwerk, III,

Acting Chief Administrative Judge, Atomic Safety and Licensing Board Panel.

[FR Doc. 99-5080 Filed 3-1-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7590-01-P

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Sunshine Act Meeting

AGENCY HOLDING THE MEETING: Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

DATE: Weeks of March 1, 8, 15, and 22, 1999.

PLACE: Commissioners' Conference Room, 11555 Rockville Pike, Rockville, Maryland.

STATUS: Public and Closed.

MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED:

Week of March 1

Tuesday, March 2

9:30 a.m.—Meeting with Commonwealth Edison (Public Meeting)
 11:30 a.m.—Affirmation Session (Public Meeting)

(*Please Note: These items will be affirmed immediately following the conclusion of the preceding meeting.)

a: Commonwealth Edison Company—Commission Review of Atomic Safety and Licensing Board Order LBP 98-27 (Nov. 5, 1998).

b: Kansas Gas & Electric Corp., et al., (Wolf Creek Generating Station, Unit 1),

Docket No. 50-482, Draft Commission Memorandum and Order Addressing Intervention Petition and Hearing Request of the Kansas Electric Power Cooperative (tentative).

2:00 p.m.—Briefing on Status of 10 CFR 50.59 Issues (Public Meeting)

Wednesday, March 3

9:00 a.m.—Briefing by Executive Branch (Closed—Ex. 1)

Week of March 8—Tentative

Wednesday, March 10

11:00 a.m.—Affirmation Session (Public Meeting) (If needed)

Week of March 15—Tentative

Tuesday, March 16

1:00 p.m.—Briefing on Status of DOE High Level Waste Viability Assessment (Public Meeting) (Contact: Mike Bell, 301-415-7252)

Wednesday, March 17

9:00 a.m.—Meeting with Advisory Committee on Nuclear Waste and Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board (Public Meeting) (Contact: John Larkins, 301-415-7360)

11:30 a.m.—Affirmation Session (Public Meeting) (If needed)

1:30 p.m.—Briefing on Part 50 Decommissioning Issues (Public Meeting) (Contact: Seymour Weiss, 301-415-2170)

Week of March 22—Tentative

Thursday, March 25

1:00 p.m.—Briefing on Part 35 Rulemaking (Public Meeting)

Friday, March 26

9:00 a.m.—Briefing on Proposed Reactor Oversight Process Improvements & Enforcement (Public Meeting) (Contact: William Dean, 301-415-2240)

12:30 p.m.—Affirmation Session (Public Meeting) (If needed)

* The schedule for Commission meetings is subject to change on short notice. To verify the status of meetings call (Recording)—(301) 415-1292. Contact person for more information: Bill Hill (301) 415-1661.

The NRC Commission Meeting Schedule can be found on the Internet at: <http://www.nrc.gov/SECY/smj/schedule.htm>

This notice is distributed by mail to several hundred subscribers; if you no longer wish to receive it, or would like to be added to it, please contact the Office of the Secretary, Attn: Operations Branch, Washington, D.C. 20555 (301-415-1661). In addition, distribution of

this meeting notice over the Internet system is available. If you are interested in receiving this Commission meeting schedule electronically, please send an electronic message to wmh@nrc.gov or dkw@nrc.gov.

William M. Hill, Jr.,

Secy Tracking Officer, Office of the Secretary, 2/26/99.

[FR Doc 99-5278 Filed 2-26-99; 3:55 pm]

BILLING CODE 7590-01-M

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Standard Review Plan on Foreign Ownership, Control, or Domination

AGENCY: Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

ACTION: Standard Review Plan.

SUMMARY: The NRC is seeking public comment on a Standard Review Plan (SRP) on Foreign Ownership, Control, or Domination. The SRP documents procedures and guidance to be used by the staff to analyze applications for reactor licenses, or applications for the transfer of control of such licenses, with respect to the statutory bar contained in sections 103 and 104 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, against issuing a license to an entity that is owned, controlled, or dominated by foreign interests. Because the SRP describes internal agency procedures and is based on existing Commission guidance in this area, the SRP is being published for interim use. However, the Commission is inviting public comment on the SRP and is interested in possible improvements to it. Public comments will be considered in evaluating the NRC review process in this area.

DATES: The public is invited to submit comments on the SRP by April 1, 1999. Comments received after this date will be considered if it is practical to do so, but assurance of consideration cannot be given except as to comments received on or before this date. On the basis of the submitted comments, the Commission will determine whether to modify the SRP before issuing it in final form.

ADDRESSES: *Mail comments to:* Secretary, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20555, *Attention:* Rulemakings and Adjudications Staff.

Deliver comments to: 11555 Rockville Pike, Rockville, Maryland, between 7:45 a.m. and 4:15 p.m., Federal workdays.

Examine copies of comments received at: The NRC Public Document Room, 2120 L Street, N.W. (lower level), Washington, D.C.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Steven R. Hom, Office of the General Counsel, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20555, telephone (301) 415-1537, e-mail srh@nrc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The SRP on Foreign Ownership, Control, or Domination, attached hereto, contains the review procedures to be used by the staff to evaluate applications against the prohibitions in sections 103d and 104d of the Atomic Energy Act against issuing reactor licenses to entities that the Commission "knows or has reason to believe" are owned, controlled, or dominated by foreign interests. The procedures expressly provide for requests for additional information and consideration of a negation action plan if the information described in 10 C.F.R. § 50.33(d) initially required to be provided in an application indicates that there may be some degree of foreign control of the applicant. The SRP also sets forth substantive guidance consistent with existing Commission precedent on what may constitute foreign control. This SRP supersedes Section III.3 of NUREG-1577, Standard Review Plan on Power Reactor Licensee Financial Qualifications and Decommissioning Funding Assurance (Draft Report for Comment) (containing review procedure regarding foreign ownership) in its entirety.

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 24th day of February, 1999.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.
Annette L. Vietti-Cook,
Secretary of the Commission.

Standard Review Plan on Foreign Ownership, Control and Domination

1. Areas of Review

1.1 General

The NRC is issuing this Standard Review Plan (SRP) to describe the process it uses to review the issue of whether an applicant for a nuclear facility license under sections 103 or 104 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (AEA or Act), is owned, controlled, or dominated by an alien, a foreign corporation or a foreign government. This SRP will be used as the basis for such reviews in connection with license applications for new facilities, or applications for approval of direct or indirect transfers of facility licenses.

Where there are co-applicants, each intending to own an interest in a new facility as co-licensees, each applicant must be reviewed to determine whether it is owned, controlled, or dominated by an alien, foreign corporation or foreign

government. If a co-licensee of an existing facility owns a partial interest in the facility and is transferring that interest, the acquirer must be reviewed to determine whether it is owned, controlled, or dominated by an alien, foreign corporation or foreign government.

The foreign control determination is to be made with an orientation toward the common defense and security. However, this SRP does not address all matters relating to the determination of whether issuance of a license to a person would be inimical to the common defense and security.

This SRP reflects current NRC regulations and policy.

1.2 Relevant Statutory And Regulatory Provisions

Sections 103d and 104d of the Act provide, in relevant part, that no license may be issued to:

any corporation or other entity if the Commission knows or has reason to believe it is owned, controlled, or dominated by an alien, a foreign corporation, or a foreign government. In any event, no license may be issued to any person within the United States if, in the opinion of the Commission, the issuance of a license to such person would be inimical to the common defense and security or to the health and safety of the public.

(Section 103d also states that no license may be issued to an alien.)

Section 184 of the Act provides, in relevant part:

No license granted hereunder and no right to utilize or produce special nuclear material granted hereby shall be transferred, assigned or in any manner disposed of, either voluntarily or involuntarily, directly or indirectly, through transfer of control of any license to any person, unless the Commission shall, after securing full information, find that the transfer is in accordance with the provisions of this Act, and shall give its consent in writing.

10 CFR § 50.33(d), in relevant part, provides:

- Each application shall state:
- (d)(1) If applicant is an individual, state citizenship.
 - (2) If applicant is a partnership, state name, citizenship and address of each partner and the principal location where the partnership does business.
 - (3) If applicant is a corporation or an unincorporated association, state:
 - (i) The state where it is incorporated or organized and the principal location where it does business;
 - (ii) The names, addresses and citizenship of its directors and of its principal officers;
 - (iii) Whether it is owned, controlled, or dominated by an alien, a foreign corporation, or foreign government, and, if so, give details.
 - (4) If the applicant is acting as agent or representative of another person in filing the application, identify the principal and

furnish information required under this paragraph with respect to such principal.

10 CFR § 50.38 provides:

Any person who is a citizen, national, or agent of a foreign country, or any corporation, or other entity which the Commission knows or has reason to believe is owned, controlled, or dominated by an alien, a foreign corporation, or a foreign government, shall be ineligible to apply for and obtain a license.

10 CFR § 50.80 provides, in pertinent part:

(a) No license for a production or utilization facility, or any right thereunder, shall be transferred, assigned, or in any manner disposed of, either voluntarily or involuntarily, directly or indirectly, through transfer of control of the license to any person, unless the Commission shall give its consent in writing.

* * *

(c) * * * [T]he Commission will approve an application for the transfer of a license, if the Commission determines:

* * *

(2) That the transfer of the license is otherwise consistent with applicable provisions of the law, regulations, and orders issued by the Commission pursuant thereto.

2. Information to be Submitted by Applicant

2.1 Information Required By Regulation

At the time the applicant submits its application for a license or for approval of the transfer of a license, the applicant must submit information sufficient to comply with 10 CFR § 50.33(d).

2.2 Additional Information

If the reviewer, based on the information required to be submitted by 10 C.F.R. § 50.33(d), has reason to believe that the applicant may be owned, controlled, or dominated by foreign interests, the reviewer should request and obtain the following additional information:

1. If the applicant's equity securities are of a class which is registered pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, copies of all current Securities and Exchange Commission Schedules 13D and 13G, which are required to be filed by owners of more than 5% of such a class with the Securities and Exchange Commission, the security issuer (applicant), and the exchange on which the issuer's securities are traded.

2. Management positions held by non-U.S. citizens.

3. The ability of foreign entities to control the appointment of management personnel.

2.3 Negation Action Plan

If applicable under Section 4.4 *infra*, the applicant should also submit a Negation Action Plan, which is described in detail in Section 4.4.

3. Acceptance Criteria

3.1 Basic Statutory and Regulatory Limitations

License applications for new facilities or applications for approval of transfers of licenses required in the case of proposed new ownership of existing facilities may involve foreign entities proposing to own all or part of a reactor facility. Sections 103d and 104d of the AEA prohibit the NRC from issuing a license to an applicant if the NRC knows or has reason to believe that the applicant is owned, controlled, or dominated by an alien, a foreign corporation, or a foreign government (or is an alien, in the case of section 103d).

Likewise, under 10 CFR 50.38,

Any person who is a citizen, national, or agent of a foreign country, or any corporation, or other entity which the Commission knows or has reason to believe is owned, controlled or dominated by an alien, a foreign corporation, or a foreign government, shall be ineligible to apply for and obtain a license.

3.2 Guidance On Applying Basic Limitations

The Commission has not determined a specific threshold above which it would be conclusive that an applicant is controlled by foreign interests through ownership of a percentage of the applicant's stock. Percentages held of outstanding shares must be interpreted in light of all the information that bears on who in the corporate structure exercises control over what issues and what rights may be associated with certain types of shares.

An applicant is considered to be foreign owned, controlled, or dominated whenever a foreign interest has the "power," direct or indirect, whether or not exercised, to direct or decide matters affecting the management or operations of the applicant. The Commission has stated that the words "owned, controlled, or dominated" mean relationships where the will of one party is subjugated to the will of another. *General Electric Co.*, 3 AEC at 101.

A foreign interest is defined as any foreign government, agency of a foreign government, or representative of a foreign government; any form of business enterprise or legal entity organized, chartered, or incorporated under the laws of any country other than the U.S. or its possessions and trust territories; any person who is not a citizen or national of the U.S.; and any U.S. interest effectively controlled by one of the above foreign entities.

The Commission has stated that in context with the other provisions of

Section 104d, the foreign control limitation should be given an orientation toward safeguarding the national defense and security. Thus, an applicant that may pose a risk to national security by reason of even limited foreign ownership would be ineligible for a license.

Even though a foreign entity contributes 50%, or more, of the costs of constructing a reactor, participates in the project review, is consulted on policy and cost issues, and is entitled to designate personnel to design and construct the reactor, subject to the approval and direction of the non-foreign applicant, these facts alone do not require a finding that the applicant is under foreign control.

An applicant that is partially owned by a foreign entity, for example, partial ownership of 50% or greater, may still be eligible for a license if certain conditions are imposed, such as requiring that officers and employees of the applicant responsible for special nuclear material must be U.S. citizens.

Where an applicant that is seeking to acquire a 100% interest in the facility is wholly owned by a U.S. company that is wholly owned by a foreign corporation, the applicant will not be eligible for a license, unless the Commission knows that the foreign parent's stock is "largely" owned by U.S. citizens. If the foreign parent's stock is owned by U.S. citizens, and certain conditions are imposed, such as requiring that only U.S. citizens within the applicant organization be responsible for special nuclear material, the applicant may still be eligible for a license, notwithstanding the foreign control limitation. If the applicant is seeking to acquire less than a 100% interest, further consideration is required.

4. Review Procedures

4.1 Threshold Review and Determination

The reviewer should first analyze all of the information submitted by the applicant sufficient to comply with 10 C.F.R. § 50.33(d), as well as other relevant information of which the reviewer is aware, to determine whether there is any reason to believe that the applicant is an alien or citizen, national, or agent of a foreign country, or an entity that is owned, controlled, or dominated by an alien, a foreign corporation, or foreign government. If there is no such reason to believe based on the foregoing information, no further review is required and the reviewer should proceed to make a recommendation regarding whether

there is any foreign control obstacle to granting the application. On the other hand, if there is any reason to believe that the applicant may be owned, controlled, or dominated by foreign interests, the reviewer should request and obtain the additional information specified in Section 2.2.

4.2 Supplementary Review

If it is necessary to obtain the additional information specified in Section 2.2, the reviewer should consider the acceptance criteria above, and consult with the Office of the General Counsel on Commission precedent. Information related to the items listed below may be sought and may be taken into consideration in determining whether the applicant is foreign owned, controlled, or dominated. The fact that some of the below listed conditions may apply does not necessarily render the applicant ineligible for a license.

1. Whether any foreign interests have management positions such as directors, officers, or executive personnel in the applicant's organization.

2. Whether any foreign interest controls, or is in a position to control the election, appointment, or tenure of any of the applicant's directors, officers, or executive personnel. If the reviewer knows that a domestic corporation applicant is held in part by foreign stockholders, the percentage of outstanding voting stock so held should be quantified. However, recognizing that shares change hands rapidly in the international equity markets, the staff usually does not evaluate power reactor licensees to determine the degree to which foreign entities or individuals own relatively small numbers of shares of the licensees' voting stock. The Commission has not determined a specific threshold above which it would be conclusive that an applicant is controlled by foreign interests.

3. Whether the applicant is indebted to foreign interests or has contractual or other agreements with foreign entities that may affect control of the applicant.

4. Whether the applicant has interlocking directors or officers with foreign corporations.

5. Whether the applicant has foreign involvement not otherwise covered by items 1-4 above.

4.3 Supplementary Determination

After reviewing the additional information specified in Section 2.2, if the reviewer continues to conclude that the applicant may be an alien or owned, controlled, or dominated by foreign interests, or has some reason to believe

that may be the case, the reviewer shall determine:

1. The nature and extent of foreign ownership, control, or domination, to include whether a foreign interest has a controlling or dominant minority position.

2. The source of foreign ownership, control, or domination, to include identification of immediate, intermediate, and ultimate parent organizations.

3. The type of actions, if any, that would be necessary to negate the effects of foreign ownership, control, or domination to a level consistent with the Atomic Energy Act and NRC regulations.

On the other hand, if the reviewer determines after reviewing the additional information specified in Section 2.2 that there is no further reason to believe that the applicant is an alien or owned, controlled, or dominated by a foreign person or entity, no additional review is necessary.

4.4 Negation Action Plan

If the reviewer continues to conclude following the Supplementary Determination that an applicant may be considered to be foreign owned, controlled, or dominated, or that additional action would be necessary to negate the foreign ownership, control, or domination, the applicant shall be promptly advised and requested to submit a negation action plan. When factors not related to ownership are present, the plan shall provide positive measures that assure that the foreign interest can be effectively denied control or domination. Examples of such measures that may be sufficient to negate foreign control or domination include:

1. Modification or termination of loan agreements, contracts, and other understandings with foreign interests.

2. Diversification or reduction of foreign source income.

3. Demonstration of financial viability independent of foreign interests.

4. Elimination or resolution of problem debt.

5. Assignment of specific oversight duties and responsibilities to board members.

6. Adoption of special board resolutions.

5. Evaluation Findings

The reviewer should verify that sufficient information has been provided to satisfy the regulations and this Standard Review Plan. In consideration of the guidance of this Standard Review Plan, the reviewer should then draft an analysis and

recommendation, based on the applicable information specified in Sections 2 and 4 above, concerning whether the reviewer knows, or has reason to believe that the applicant is an alien, or is a corporation or other entity that is owned, controlled, or dominated by an alien, a foreign corporation, or foreign government, and whether there are conditions that should be imposed before granting the application so as to effectively deny foreign control of the applicant.

6. References

1. Sections 103, 104, and 184 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (42 USC 2133, 2134, and 2234).

2. Part 50 "Domestic Licensing of Production and Utilization Facilities" of Title 10 of the *Code of Federal Regulations* (10 CFR Part 50).

3. *General Electric Co. and Southwest Atomic Energy Associates*, Docket No. 50-231, 3 AEC 99 (1966).

4. Letter from W. Dircks to J. MacMillan (Dec. 17, 1982) (Re: Babcock & Wilcox/McDermott).

5. Letter from N. Palladino to A. Simpson (Sept. 22, 1983) w/attachment (Re: Union Carbide/Cintichem).

[FR Doc. 99-5079 Filed 3-1-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7590-01-P

PEACE CORPS

Information Collection Requests Under OMB Review

AGENCY: The Peace Corps.

ACTION: Notice of public use form review request to the Office of Management and Budget. (0420-0513).

SUMMARY: The Associate Director for Management invites comments on information collection requests as required pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). This notice announces that the Peace Corps has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget a request to approve the continued use of the Peace Corps World Wise Schools enrollment form. A copy of the information collection may be obtained from Betsi Shays, Director of World Wise Schools, Peace Corps, 1111 20th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20526. Mrs. Shays may be contacted by telephone at 202-692-1455. The Peace Corps invites comments on whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for proper performance of the functions of the Peace Corps, including whether the information will have practical use; the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected; and, ways to minimize the burden the collection of information those who are to respond, including through the use of automated collection techniques, when appropriate, and other forms of information technology. Comments on these forms should be addressed to Victoria Becker Wassmer, Desk Officer, Office of Management and Budget, NEOB, Washington, DC 20503.

Information Collection Abstract

Title: Educator Information Enrollment Form.

Need for and Use of this Information: The Peace Corps needs this information to officially enroll educators in the World Wise Schools Global Education Program. The information is used to match Educators with currently serving Peace Corps Volunteers.

Respondents: Educators interested in bringing the awareness of Global Education to the classroom.

Respondents Obligation to Reply: Voluntary.

Burden on the Public:

a. *Annual reporting burden:* 833

hours.
b. *Annual record keeping burden:* 250

hours.
c. *Estimated average burden per*

response: 10 min.

d. *Frequency of response:* annually.

e. *Estimated number of likely*

respondents: 10,000.

f. *Estimated cost to respondents:*

\$4,466.

This notice is issued in Washington, DC,

on February 22, 1999.

Doug Greene,

Associate Director for Management.

[FR Doc. 99-5102 Filed 3-1-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6051-01-M

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File No. 1-12799]

Issuer Delisting; Notice of Application To Withdraw From Listing and Registration; (InfoCure Corporation, Common Stock, \$.001 Par Value)

February 23, 1999.

InfoCure Corporation ("Company") has filed an application with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission"), pursuant to Section 12(d) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act") and Rule 12d2-2(d) promulgated thereunder, to withdraw the above specified security ("Security") from listing and registration on the American Stock Exchange LLC ("Amex" or "Exchange").