3. A right-of-way for ditches and canals constructed by the authority of the United States.

4. All minerals shall be reserved to the United States, together with the right to prospect for, mine and remove the minerals.

5. The patentee shall comply with all Federal and State laws applicable to the disposal, placement or release of hazardous substances.

6. The patentee, its successors or assigns, assumes all liability for and shall defend, indemnify and save harmless the United States and its officers, agents, representatives and employees (hereinafter referred to in this clause as the United States), from all claims, loss, damage, actions, causes of action, expense and liability (hereinafter referred to in this clause as claims) resulting from, brought for or on account of, any personal injury, threat of personal injury or property damage received or sustained by any person or persons (including the patentee’s employees) or property growing out of, occurring or attributable, directly or indirectly, to the disposal of solid waste on, or the release of hazardous substances from (on or on the disposal site). Records describing the disposal site. Records describing the location of cells and other information about the solid waste disposal site are available from the patentee. Solid waste commonly includes small quantities of commercial and household hazardous waste as determined in the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, as amended (42 U.S.C. 6901), and defined in 40 CFR 261.4 and 261.5. Although there is no indication these materials pose any significant risk to human health or the environment, future land uses should be limited to those which do not penetrate the liner or final cover of the landfill unless excavation is conducted subject to applicable State and Federal requirements.

Detailed information concerning this action is available for review at the offices of the Bureau of Land Management, Pocatello Resource Area, 1111 N. 8th Avenue, Pocatello, Idaho or Snake River Resource Area, Burley Field Office, 15 E. 200 S., Burley, Idaho.

7. Provided, that the title shall revert to the United States upon a finding, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, that the patentee has not substantially developed the lands in accordance with the approved plan of development on or before the date five years after the date of conveyance. No portion of the land shall, under any circumstance, revert to the United States if any such portion has been used for solid waste disposal or for any other purpose which may result in the disposal, placement or release of any hazardous substance.

8. If, at any time, the patentee transfers to another party ownership of any portion of the land not used for the purpose specified in the application and approved plan of development, the patentee shall pay the Bureau of Land Management the fair market value, as determined by the authorized officer, of the transferred portion as of the date of transfer, including the value of any improvements thereon.

9. The above-described land has been converted for use as a solid waste disposal site. Records describing location of cells and other information about the solid waste disposal site are available from the patentee. Solid waste commonly includes small quantities of commercial and household hazardous waste as determined in the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, as amended (42 U.S.C. 6901), and defined in 40 CFR 261.4 and 261.5. Although there is no indication these materials pose any significant risk to human health or the environment, future land uses should be limited to those which do not penetrate the liner or final cover of the landfill unless excavation is conducted subject to applicable State and Federal requirements.

Application comments: Interested parties may submit comments regarding the specific use proposed in the application and plan of development, whether the BLM followed proper administrative procedures in reaching the decision, or any other factor not directly related to the suitability of the land for landfill purposes.

Any adverse comments will be reviewed by the State Director. In the absence of any adverse comments, the classification will become effective 60 days from the date of publication of this notice in the Federal Register.


Scott D. Barker,
Realty Specialist.
[FR Doc. 99–4208 Filed 2–19–99; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4310–GG–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement

Notice of Proposed Information Collection

AGENCY: Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement.

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: In compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement (OSM) is announcing its intention to request approval for the collections of information under 30 CFR Part 872, Abandoned mine reclamation funds; and 30 CFR Part 955 and the Form OSM–74, Certification of Blasters in Federal program States and on Indian lands.

DATES: Comments on the proposed information collection must be received by April 23, 1999, to be assured of consideration.

ADRESSES: Comments may be mailed to John A. Trelease, Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement, 1951 Constitution Ave, NW, Room 210–SIB, Washington, DC 20240. Comments may also be submitted electronically to jtrelease@osmre.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
To request a copy of the information collection request, explanatory information and related forms, contact John A. Trelease, at (202) 288–2783.
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) regulations at 5 CFR 1320, which implement provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–13), require that interested members of the public and affected agencies have an opportunity to comment on information collection and recordkeeping activities (see 5 CFR 1320.8(d)). This notice identifies information collections that OSM will be submitting to OMB for approval. These collections are contained in (1) 30 CFR Part 872, Abandoned mine reclamation funds; and (2) Form OSM–74 which incorporates the requirements of 30 CFR 955, Certification of Blasters in Federal program States and on Indian lands. OSM will request a 3-year term of approval for each information collection activity.

Comments are invited on: (1) The need for the collection of information for the performance of the functions of the agency; (2) the accuracy of the agency’s burden estimates; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information collection; and (4) ways to minimize the information collection burden on respondents, such as use of automated means of collection of the information. A summary of the public comments will accompany OSM’s submission of the information collection request to OMB.

The following information is provided for the information collection: (1) title of the information collection; (2) OMB control number; (3) summary of the information collection activity; and (4) frequency of collection, description of the respondents, estimated total annual responses, and the total annual reporting and recordkeeping burden for the collection of information.

Title: Abandoned mine reclamation funds, 30 CFR Part 872.
OMB Control Number: 1029–0054.
Summary: 30 CFR 872 establishes a procedure whereby States and Indian tribes submit written statements announcing the State/Tribes' decision not to submit reclamation plans, and therefore, will not be granted AML funds.

Bureau Form Number: None.
Frequency of Collection: Once.
Description of Respondents: State and Tribal abandoned mine land reclamation agencies.
Total Annual Responses: 1.
Total Annual Burden Hours: 1.
Title: Certification of blasters in Federal program States and on Indian lands—30 CFR 955.
OMB Control Number: 1029–0083.
Summary: This information is being collected to ensure that the applicants for blaster certification are qualified. This information, with blasting tests, will be used to determine the eligibility of the applicant. The affected public will be blasters who want to be certified by the Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement to conduct blasting on Indian lands or in Federal primary States.

Bureau Form Number: OSM–74.
Frequency of Collection: On occasion.
Description of Respondents: Individuals intent on being certified as blasters in Federal program States and on Indian lands.
Total Annual Responses: 33.
Total Annual Burden Hours: 57.

Richard G. Bryson,
Chief, Division of Regulatory Support.

BILLING CODE 4310–05–M

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION
[Investigation No. 731–TA–814 (Preliminary)]

Creative Monohydrate From The People's Republic of China


ACTION: Institution of antidumping investigation and scheduling of a preliminary phase investigation.

SUMMARY: The Commission hereby gives notice of the institution of an investigation and commencement of preliminary phase antidumping investigation No. 731–TA–814 (Preliminary) under section 733(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1673b(a)) (the Act) to determine whether there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is materially injured or threatened with material injury, or the establishment of an industry in the United States is materially retarded, by reason of imports from the People's Republic of China (China) of creatine monohydrate (createine), provided for in subheading 2925.20.90 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, that are sold in the United States at less than fair value. Unless the Department of Commerce extends the time for initiation pursuant to section 733(c) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1673c(c)1188), the Commission must reach a preliminary determination in antidumping investigations in 45 days, or in this case by March 29, 1999. The Commission's views are due at the Department of Commerce within five business days thereafter, or by April 5, 1999.

For further information concerning the conduct of this investigation and rules of general application, consult the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, part 201, subparts A through E (19 CFR part 201), and part 207, subparts A and B (19 CFR part 207).


General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its Internet server (http://www.usitc.gov).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

This investigation is being instituted in response to a petition filed on February 12, 1999, by Pfanzehl Laboratories, Inc., Waukegan, Illinois.

Participation in the Investigation and Public Service List

Persons (other than petitioners) wishing to participate in the investigation as parties must file an entry of appearance with the Secretary to the Commission, as provided in sections 201.11 and 207.10 of the Commission's rules, not later than seven days after publication of this notice in the Federal Register. Industrial users and (if the merchandise under investigation is sold at the retail level) representative consumer organizations have the right to appear as parties in Commission antidumping investigations. The Secretary will prepare a public service list containing the names and addresses of all persons, or their representatives, who are parties to this investigation upon the expiration of the period for filing entries of appearance.

Limited Disclosure of Business Proprietary Information (BPI) Under an Administrative Protective Order (APO) and BPI Service List

Pursuant to section 207.7(a) of the Commission's rules, the Secretary will make BPI gathered in this investigation available to authorized applicants representing interested parties (as