

Wurtz, Senior Education Associate at NEGP which begins to characterize the Panel's Message 2000; and (3) Dr. David Grissmer, Rand Corporation, will describe his methods of calculating value-added measurements of educational performance.

Dated: February 3, 1999.

Ken Nelson,

Executive Director, National Education Goals Panel.

[FR Doc. 99-3082 Filed 2-8-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4010-01-M

NATIONAL FOUNDATION FOR THE ARTS AND HUMANITIES

Institute of Museum and Library Services, Office of Museum Services; Submission for OMB Review, Comment Request; Conservation Assessment Program (CAP) Evaluation

AGENCY: Institute of Museum and Library Services.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Institute of Museum Services has submitted the following public information request to the Office of Management and Budget for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104-13, 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). Currently, the Institute of Museum and Library Services is soliciting comment concerning a new collection entitled, Conservation Assessment Program (CAP) Evaluation.

A copy of this proposed form, with applicable supporting documentation, may be obtained by calling the Institute of Museum and Library Services, Director of Research and Technology, Rebecca Danvers (202) 606-2478. Individuals who use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TTY/TDD) may call (202) 606-8636.

Comments should be sent to Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attn.: OMB Desk Officer for Education, Office of Management and Budget, Room 10235, Washington, DC 20503 (202) 395-7316, by 30 days from publication date.

The OMB is particularly interested in comments which:

- Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
- Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

- Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

- Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

BACKGROUND: The Institute of Museum and Library Services (IMLS) is seeking to collect and analyze information related to the Conservation Assessment Program (CAP), which provides small-to-mid-size museums with a source for general conservation survey grants. The research evaluation will help IMLS evaluate the outcomes for museums that participated in CAP, evaluate the effectiveness and efficiency of CAP, identify potential areas for improvement, determine the level of need/interest for the program within the key stakeholder groups, and to assess the overall effectiveness of CAP in meeting its goals. From this evaluation, IMLS will be able to assess the strengths, weaknesses, and overall success of the CAP program, and make improvements to the program.

Type of Review: New collection.

Agency: Institute of Museum and Library Services.

Title: Conservation Assessment Program (CAP) Evaluation.

OMB Number: N/A.

Affected Publics: Museums and conservation assessors.

Total Respondents: 3,674.

Frequency: One time.

Total Responses: 3,674.

Average Time per Response: 20 minutes.

Estimated Total Burden Hours: 1,255.

Total Burden Cost (capital/startup): \$0.

Total Burden Cost (operating/maintenance): \$0.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mamie Bittner, Director Public and Legislative Affairs, Institute of Museum and Library Services, 1100 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W. Washington, DC 20506.

Dated: February 3, 1999.

Mamie Bittner,

Director Public and Legislative Affairs.

[FR Doc. 99-3147 Filed 2-8-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7036-01-M

NORTHEAST DAIRY COMPACT COMMISSION

Notice of Meeting

AGENCY: Northeast Dairy Compact Commission.

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: The Compact Commission will hold its Annual Meeting and Regular Monthly Meeting as provided under Article V of the Commission's Bylaws. The Monthly Meeting will immediately follow the Annual Meeting to consider matters relating to administration and the price regulation. The Annual Meeting and Regular Monthly Meeting will follow the Public Hearing as previously noticed for this time and place.

DATES: The Annual Meeting is scheduled for Wednesday, March 3, 1999 to commence at the close of the public hearing for a proposed rule beginning at 9:00 a.m. as previously noticed at 64 FR 4353 (January 28, 1999).

ADDRESSES: The Annual Meeting and Regular Monthly Meeting will be held at the Tuck Library Building, Chubb Auditorium, 30 Park Street, Concord, NH (exit 14 off I-93).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kenneth Becker, Executive Director, Northeast Dairy Compact Commission, 34 Barre Street, Suite 2, Montpelier, VT 05602. Telephone (802) 229-1941.

Authority: U.S.C. 7256.

Dixie Henry,

General Counsel.

[FR Doc. 99-3091 Filed 2-8-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 1650-01-P

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[IA 98-061]

Randall W. Allmon; Confirmatory Order Prohibiting Involvement in NRC-Licensed Activities (Effective Immediately)

I

Randall W. Allmon is employed by March Metalfab, Inc. (MMI) as a Project Manager. MMI is a subcontractor of Sierra Nuclear Corporation (SNC), which holds NRC Certificate of Compliance 72-1007 for the VSC-24 cask, used by general licensees, Palisades Nuclear Plant (PNP) and Arkansas Nuclear One (ANO). The general license (10 CFR 72.210) relied on by PNP and ANO is for the storage of spent nuclear fuel under 10 CFR Part 72.

II

In March 1995, PNP loaded spent fuel into a multi-assembly sealed basket (MSB) spent fuel cask that had been supplied by SNC and fabricated by MMI. When the cask was pressurized with helium, two leaks were identified in the wall of the MSB adjacent to the closure weld. Subsequent analysis by PNP metallurgical personnel determined that the defects were caused by underbead or hydrogen cracking, resulting from a base metal weld repair to the MSB shell inner wall that was performed during MSB manufacturing. The NRC staff learned of the problem experienced by PNP as a result of inspection activities following a similar closure weld failure at ANO. The staff became concerned that undetected cracks in other MSBs, produced by SNC that were already loaded with spent fuel, could propagate while the casks were in storage, affecting the integrity of the cask confinement boundary. As a result, during the week of March 17–21, 1997, a special inspection was conducted at SNC and MMI.

During the special inspection, five MMI employees who were considered most likely to have been aware of the fabrication activities during the manufacture of the MSBs that failed were interviewed. In his interview at this time, regarding temporary attachments and weld repairs, Mr. Allmon stated that there was no reason to use temporary attachments and the only weld repairs would be those for repair of lifting clamp marks and the lifting clamp area was within approximately the first 2.5 inches from the top of the cask. Mr. Allmon stated that no welding was done on the inside of the top area of the MSB where the "tear" occurred during the closure welding at PNP.

In July 1997, the NRC conducted a further inspection of MMI and SNC. During that inspection, employees of both companies acknowledged that undocumented welds had been made on casks sold to ANO and PNP. In the course of this inspection, both Mr. Allmon, the Project Manager and the Quality Assurance Manager for MMI admitted that they were aware that repair welding had been performed on the inside of the MSBs during fabrication and that they had not informed the NRC inspectors of those welds during the March 1997 inspection interviews. The NRC continued to investigate the matter and the Office of Investigations issued its report on October 16, 1998.

The NRC has concluded that because Mr. Allmon was knowledgeable about

the fabrication process and was aware that welding had been done on the insides of the MSBs, he deliberately made statements in March 1997 to SNC and to the NRC that were inaccurate concerning the internal welding. The information involved was material to the NRC's understanding as to the quality of the MSBs and delayed the NRC's action to ensure integrity of MSBs. As a result, the NRC has further concluded that in providing the information, Mr. Allmon violated 10 CFR 72.11, "Completeness and Accuracy of Information" and 10 CFR 72.12, "Deliberate Misconduct." The NRC believes that the circumstances of this matter raise questions as to Mr. Allmon's willingness to comply with Commission requirements. Mr. Allmon has not admitted that a violation occurred.

III

In a telephone call on December 7, 1998, Mr. Allmon agreed to issuance of a Confirmatory Order prohibiting him from engaging in NRC-licensed activities for a period of five years from the date that the Order is issued. The staff believes that this will adequately protect the public health and safety and, therefore, finds this acceptable. MMI and Mr. Allmon requested that if the Order is issued, they be allowed to complete work on one small existing contract to supply 10 plug assemblies for a NUHOMS cask. This provision is acceptable, as the assemblies have a limited safety function that can be verified by measurement at the time of use. On January 6, 1999, the staff forwarded to Mr. Allmon a copy of the factual basis of the proposed order and the implementation paragraph. On January 11, 1999, Mr. Allmon consented to the issuance of the order with those provisions and waived his rights to a hearing on this action.

I find that Mr. Allmon's commitments as set forth in Section IV are acceptable and necessary and conclude that with these commitments the public health and safety are reasonably assured. In view of the foregoing, I have determined that the public health and safety require that Mr. Allmon's commitments be confirmed by this Order. Based on the above and Mr. Allmon's consent to this action, this Order is immediately effective upon issuance.

IV

Accordingly, pursuant to sections 53, 161b, 161i, 161o, 182 and 186 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and the Commission's regulations in 10 CFR 2.202, 10 CFR part 72, and 10 CFR

72.12, *it is hereby ordered, effective immediately, as follows:*

A. Except as noted in paragraph B, Mr. Allmon is prohibited for five years from the date of this Order from any involvement in NRC-licensed activities. For purposes of this Order, licensed activities include providing or supplying, whether directly to NRC licensees or Certificate of Compliance holders, or as a contractor or subcontractor to a licensee or Certificate of Compliance holder, structures, systems, or components, subject to a procurement contract specifying compliance with 10 CFR Ch. I.

B. Mr. Allmon may complete work on the contract that MMI entered into prior to the date of this order to fabricate a total of 10 plug assemblies for a NUHOMS cask.

The Director, Office of Enforcement, may relax or rescind, in writing, any of the above conditions upon a showing by Mr. Allmon of good cause.

V

Any person adversely affected by this Confirmatory Order, other than Mr. Allmon, may request a hearing within 20 days of its issuance. Where good cause is shown, consideration will be given to extending the time to request a hearing. A request for extension of time must be made in writing to the Director, Office of Enforcement, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555, and include a statement of good cause for the extension. Any request for a hearing shall be submitted to the Secretary, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, ATTN: Rulemakings and Adjudications Staff, Washington, DC 20555. Copies also shall be sent to the Director, Office of Enforcement, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555, to the Deputy Assistant General Counsel for Enforcement, and to the Director, Office of Nuclear Materials Safety and Safeguards, at the same address, and to Sierra Nuclear Corporation. If such a person requests a hearing, that person shall set forth with particularity the manner in which his or her interest is adversely affected by this Order and shall address the criteria set forth in 10 CFR 2.714(d).

If a hearing is requested by a person whose interest is adversely affected, the Commission will issue an Order designating the time and place of any hearing. If a hearing is held, the issue to be considered at such hearing shall be whether this Confirmatory Order should be sustained.

In the absence of any request for hearing, or written approval of an extension of time in which to request a

hearing, the provisions specified in Section IV above shall be final 20 days from the date of this Order without further order or proceedings. If an extension of time for requesting a hearing has been approved, the provisions specified in Section IV shall be final when the extension expires if a hearing request has not been received.

Dated this 27th day of January 1999.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

James Lieberman,

Director, Office of Enforcement.

[FR Doc. 99-3095 Filed 2-8-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7590-01-P

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Receipt of Petition for U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Action

Notice is hereby given that, by petition dated December 30, 1998, Mr. Thomas B. Cochran of the Natural Resources Defense Council has requested that the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) take action with regard to Khosrow B. Semnani, former President, Envirocare of Utah, Inc. (Envirocare). The Petitioner requests that NRC issue an order to show cause why Mr. Semnani should not be prohibited permanently from participating in any NRC-licensed activity.

As basis for this request, the Petitioner asserts that Mr. Semnani has been convicted of a federal crime—aiding and abetting in the filing of a false income tax return and fined \$100,000. The Petitioner further asserts that this federal crime was committed in direct relation to the facilitation of a license authorized by the Atomic Energy Act. The Petitioner asserts that Mr. Semnani admitted under oath that: (1) He paid Mr. Larry F. Anderson, the Director of the Utah Bureau of Radiation Control and the Agreement State official responsible for radiological safety, cash, gold coins, and the deed to a ski condo in order to facilitate the first disposal license and the issuance of other favorable license actions, and (2) he knew these actions were inappropriate, but informed no governmental authorities of the payments.

As further basis the Petitioner states that “independent of the results of any criminal or civil proceeding against Mr. Semnani it is incumbent upon the NRC to take appropriate action to ensure the integrity of its own licensing process.” In stating that a licensee’s character is fundamental in the protection of public health the Petitioner cites several cases involving nuclear power reactor

licensees where the character of the licensee was allegedly brought into question.

The request has been referred to the Director of the Office of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards. As provided by section 2.206, action will be taken on this petition within a reasonable time.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Harold Lefevre, Uranium Recovery Branch, Division of Waste Management, Office of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Mail Stop T7-J9, Washington, DC 20555. Telephone 301/415-6678. A copy of the petition is available for inspection at the Commission’s Public Document Room at 2121 L Street, NW, Washington, DC 20555.

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 2nd day of February 1999.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

Carl J. Paperiello,

Director, Office of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards.

[FR Doc. 99-3094 Filed 2-8-99; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7590-01-P

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket No. 72-1007, EA 98-529]

March Metalfab, Inc., Hayward, California; Confirmatory Order Prohibiting Involvement in NRC-Licensed Activities (Effective Immediately)

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performed during MSB manufacturing. The NRC staff learned of the problem experienced by PNP as a result of inspection activities following a similar closure weld failure at ANO. The staff became concerned that undetected cracks in other MSBs, produced by SNC that were already loaded with spent fuel, could propagate while the casks were in storage, affecting the integrity of the cask confinement boundary. As a result, during the week of March 17-21, 1997, a special inspection was conducted at SNC and MMI.

During the special inspection, five MMI employees who were considered most likely to have been aware of the fabrication activities during the manufacture of the MSBs that failed were interviewed. They included two managers, the Project Manager and the Quality Assurance (QA) Manager. All of the individuals interviewed denied having any knowledge of any undocumented or unauthorized welds or weld repairs during the manufacture of the MSBs.

In July 1997, the NRC conducted a further inspection of MMI and SNC. During that inspection, employees of both companies acknowledged that undocumented welds had been made on casks sold to ANO and PNP. In the course of this inspection, both the Project Manager and the QA Manager for MMI admitted that they were aware that repair welding had been performed on the inside of the MSBs during fabrication and that they had not informed the NRC inspectors of those welds during the March 1997 inspection interviews. The NRC continued to investigate the matter and the Office of Investigations issued its report on October 16, 1998.

The NRC has concluded that because the two managers were knowledgeable about the fabrication process and were aware that welding had been done on the insides of the MSBs, they deliberately made statements in March 1997 to SNC and to the NRC that were inaccurate concerning the internal welding. The information involved was material to the NRC’s understanding as to the quality of the MSBs and delayed the NRC’s action to ensure integrity of MSBs. As a result, the NRC has further concluded that in providing the information, MMI violated 10 CFR 72.11, “Completeness and Accuracy of Information” and 10 CFR 72.12, “Deliberate Misconduct.” The NRC believes that the circumstances of this matter raise questions as to MMI’s willingness to comply with Commission requirements. MMI has not admitted that a violation occurred.